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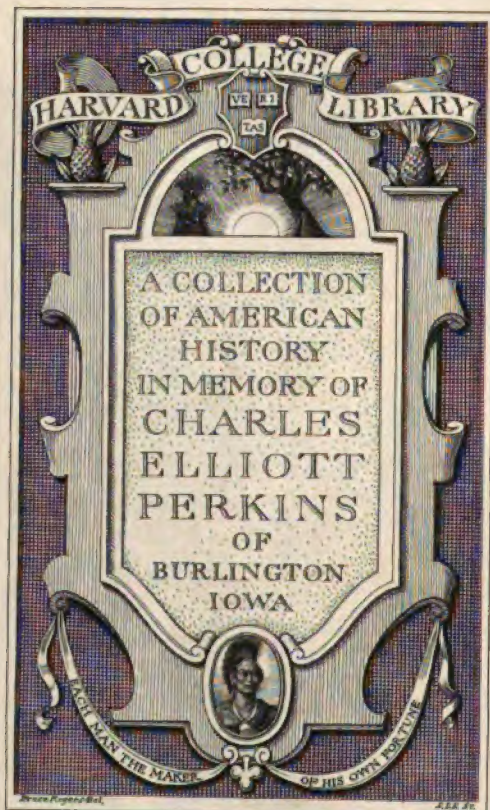
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# THE DAILY NEWS ALMANAC

AND  
POLITICAL REGISTER

FOR  
1898.

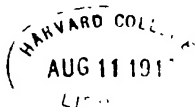
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FOURTEENTH YEAR.

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W. B. Burleigh,  
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**PREFACE.**

There are no longer off years in American politics. The variety of issues, the multiplicity of parties, the frequency of elections, all combine to keep up the general interest in political affairs that culminates in the presidential elections. While only a small number of states held elections in 1897 they were of unusual interest as indicating any change in public sentiment since 1896 upon which estimates may be based as to the congressional elections of the present year.

A new feature is incorporated into the present issue of the Almanac and that is the chapter showing the movements of political parties during the year 1897. While they have not been numerous they have been important and significant. Some space has been devoted to the war in the east, from the fact that it excited very considerable interest in the United States and may have an important bearing on the history of Europe.

Especially care has been taken in treating the Cuban revolt, annexation of Hawaii, the monetary commission and Alaska, with its gold fields and disputed boundary. The statistics upon education, the tariff, agriculture, forestry, domestic commerce, gold and silver, pensions and other subjects of immediate importance and interest are full, impartial and as accurate as possible. The article on the ship canal from the great lakes to the Atlantic seaboard is of interest to the entire country between the Mississippi valley and eastern tide-water.

The aim has been to give facts and figures from a strictly nonpartisan standpoint according to their value and importance.

Chicago, January 1, 1898.

# Chicago Daily News Almanac 1898.

NOTE.—The time given in this Almanac is local mean time, except when otherwise indicated.

## ECLIPSES.

In the year 1898 there will be six eclipses, three of the Sun and three of the Moon.

I.—A Partial Eclipse of the Moon, January 7. Visible generally in the Eastern portions of North America, in South America, Europe, Asia and Africa. Occurring as follows:

STANDARD	EASTERN	CENTRAL	MOUNTAIN	PACIFIC
Moon enters Penumbra.....	7d. 4h. 59m. A.	7d. 3h. 59m. A.	7d. 2h. 59m. A.	7d. 1h. 59m. A.
Moon enters Shadow.....	7d. 6h. 48m. A.	7d. 5h. 48m. A.	7d. 4h. 48m. A.	7d. 3h. 48m. A.
Middle of Eclipse.....	7d. 7h. 35m. A.	7d. 6h. 35m. A.	7d. 5h. 35m. A.	7d. 4h. 35m. A.
Moon leaves Shadow.....	7d. 8h. 23m. A.	7d. 7h. 23m. A.	7d. 6h. 23m. A.	7d. 5h. 23m. A.
Moon leaves Penumbra.....	7d. 10h. 11m. A.	7d. 9h. 11m. A.	7d. 8h. 11m. A.	7d. 7h. 11m. A.

First contact of shadow 133 degrees from North point of the Moon's limb toward the East.  
Magnitude of Eclipse = 0.157. (Moon's diameter = 1.0.)

II.—A Total Eclipse of the Sun, January 22. Invisible to America. Visible to Eastern Europe, the greater part of Asia and Africa, and to the Northern part of the Indian Ocean. The line of totality running through the Chinese Empire, India, and Eastern Africa.

III.—A Partial Eclipse of the Moon, July 3. Invisible to North America. Visible generally in Europe, Asia and Africa.

IV.—An Annular Eclipse of the Sun, July 18. Invisible to North America. Visible to the South Pacific Ocean, and the extreme Southern part of South America. The line of Annulus passing through the South Pacific Ocean.

V.—A Partial Eclipse of the Sun, December 13. Invisible here.

VI.—A Total Eclipse of the Moon, December 27. Visible generally throughout North and South America, Europe, Asia and Africa. Occurring as follows:

STANDARD	EASTERN	CENTRAL	MOUNTAIN	PACIFIC
Moon enters Penumbra.....	27d. 3h. 33m. A.	27d. 2h. 33m. A.	27d. 1h. 33m. A.	27d. 0h. 33m. A.
Moon enters Shadow.....	27d. 4h. 49m. A.	27d. 3h. 49m. A.	27d. 2h. 49m. A.	27d. 1h. 49m. A.
Total Eclipse begins.....	27d. 5h. 59m. A.	27d. 4h. 59m. A.	27d. 3h. 59m. A.	27d. 2h. 59m. A.
Middle of Eclipse.....	27d. 6h. 42m. A.	27d. 5h. 42m. A.	27d. 4h. 42m. A.	27d. 3h. 42m. A.
Total Eclipse ends.....	27d. 7h. 27m. A.	27d. 6h. 27m. A.	27d. 5h. 27m. A.	27d. 4h. 27m. A.
Moon leaves Shadow.....	27d. 8h. 36m. A.	27d. 7h. 36m. A.	27d. 6h. 36m. A.	27d. 5h. 36m. A.
Moon leaves Penumbra.....	27d. 9h. 51m. A.	27d. 8h. 51m. A.	27d. 7h. 51m. A.	27d. 6h. 51m. A.

First contact of shadow 112 degrees from North point of the Moon's limb toward the East.  
Magnitude of Eclipse = 1.884 (Moon's diameter = 1.0).

## THE FOUR SEASONS.

SEASON.	Begins.	Lasts.
Winter.....	December 21, 1897, 7:12 A.M.	D. H. M. 39 0 54
Spring.....	March 20, 1898, 8:08 A.M.	92 20 01
Summer.....	June 21, 1898, 4:07 A.M.	93 14 28
Autumn.....	September 22, 1898, 6:35 P.M.	80 18 24
Winter.....	December 21, 1898, 0:59 P.M.	Common Year, 305 5 47

## EMBER DAYS.

March.....	2, 4, 5	September.....	21, 23, 24
June.....	1, 3, 4	December.....	14, 16, 17

## MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

MERCURY will be Morning Star about January 29, May 23, and September 21; and Evening Star about April 10, August 9, and December 3.

MARS will be Morning Star all through this year.

VENUS will be Morning Star until February 15; then Evening Star until December 1; and then Morning Star the rest of the year.

JUPITER will be Morning Star till March 25; then Evening Star till October 13; and then Morning Star the rest of the year.

## CHURCH DAYS AND CYCLES OF TIME.

Epiphany.....	Jan. 6	Whit Sunday.....	May 29
Septuagesima Sunday.....	Feb. 6	Trinity Sunday.....	June 6
Sexagesima Sunday.....	Feb. 13	Corpus Christi.....	June 9
Quinquagesima Sunday.....	Feb. 20	Hebrew New Year (5659).....	Sept. 17
Ash Wednesday.....	Feb. 25	First Sunday in Advent.....	Nov. 27
Quadragesima Sunday.....	Feb. 27	Christmas.....	Dec. 25
Purim.....	Mar. 8	Dominical Letter.....	B
Mid-Lent Sunday.....	Mar. 20	Solar Cycle.....	3
Palm Sunday.....	Apr. 3	Lunar Cycle (or Golden Number).....	18
Good Friday.....	Apr. 8	Roman Indiction.....	11
Easter Sunday.....	Apr. 10	Epact (Moon's Age, Jan. 1).....	7
Low Sunday.....	Apr. 17	Julian Period.....	6611
Ascension Day.....	May 15	Year of the World (Septuagint).....	7406-7407
Ascension Day.....	May 19	Dionysian Period.....	227

# Moon's Phases.

1898.		D.	EASTERN TIME.	CENTRAL TIME.	MOUNTAIN TIME.	PACIFIC TIME.
January.	Full Moon....	7	H. M. 7 24 eve.	H. M. 6 24 eve.	H. M. 5 24 eve.	H. M. 4 24 eve.
	Last Quarter...	15	10 44 morn.	9 44 morn.	8 44 morn.	7 44 morn.
	New Moon....	22	2 25 morn.	1 25 morn.	0 25 morn.	11 25 eve.*
	First Quarter...	29	9 33 morn.	8 33 morn.	7 33 morn.	6 33 morn. *21st.
February	Full Moon....	6	1 24 eve.	0 24 eve.	11 24 morn.	10 24 morn.
	Last Quarter...	13	7 35 eve.	6 35 eve.	5 35 eve.	4 35 eve.
	New Moon....	20	2 41 eve.	1 41 eve.	0 41 eve.	11 41 morn.
	First Quarter...	28	6 13 morn.	5 13 morn.	4 13 morn.	3 13 morn.
March.	Full Moon....	8	4 29 morn.	3 29 morn.	2 29 morn.	1 29 morn.
	Last Quarter...	15	2 48 morn.	1 48 morn.	0 48 morn.	11 48 eve*
	New Moon....	22	8 37 morn.	2 37 morn.	1 37 morn.	0 37 morn.
	First Quarter...	30	2 40 morn.	1 40 morn.	0 40 morn.	11 40 eve.† *14th. †29th.
April.	Full Moon....	6	4 20 eve.	3 20 eve.	2 20 eve.	1 20 eve.
	Last Quarter...	13	9 23 morn.	8 23 morn.	7 23 morn.	6 23 morn.
	New Moon....	20	5 21 eve.	4 21 eve.	3 21 eve.	2 21 eve.
	First Quarter...	28	9 5 eve.	8 5 eve.	7 5 eve.	6 5 eve.
May.	Full Moon....	6	1 34 morn.	0 34 morn.	11 34 eve.*	10 34 eve.*
	Last Quarter...	12	4 36 eve.	3 36 eve.	2 36 eve.	1 36 eve.
	New Moon....	20	7 58 morn.	6 58 morn.	5 58 morn.	4 58 morn.
	First Quarter...	28	0 14 eve.	11 14 morn.	10 14 morn. *5th.	9 14 morn. *5th.
June.	Full Moon....	4	9 11 morn.	8 11 morn.	7 11 morn.	6 11 morn.
	Last Quarter...	11	4 4 morn.	0 4 morn.	11 4 eve.*	10 4 eve.*
	New Moon....	18	11 19 eve.	10 19 eve.	9 19 eve.	8 19 eve.
	First Quarter...	26	11 54 eve.	10 54 eve.	9 54 eve. *10th.	8 54 eve. *10th.
July.	Full Moon....	3	4 12 eve.	3 12 eve.	2 12 eve.	1 12 eve.
	Last Quarter...	10	11 43 morn.	10 43 morn.	9 43 morn.	8 43 morn.
	New Moon....	18	2 47 eve.	1 47 eve.	0 47 eve.	11 47 morn.
	First Quarter...	26	8 40 morn.	7 40 morn.	6 40 morn.	5 40 morn.
August.	Full Moon....	1	11 29 eve.	10 29 eve.	9 29 eve.	8 29 eve.
	Last Quarter...	9	1 13 morn.	0 13 morn.	11 13 eve.*	10 13 eve.*
	New Moon....	17	5 34 morn.	4 34 morn.	3 34 morn.	2 34 morn.
	First Quarter...	24	3 32 eve.	2 32 eve.	1 32 eve.	0 32 eve.
	Full Moon....	31	7 51 morn.	6 51 morn.	5 51 morn. *8th.	4 51 morn. *8th.
September	Last Quarter...	7	5 51 eve.	4 51 eve.	3 51 eve.	2 51 eve.
	New Moon....	15	7 10 eve.	6 10 eve.	5 10 eve.	4 10 eve.
	First Quarter...	22	9 39 eve.	8 39 eve.	7 39 eve.	6 39 eve.
	Full Moon....	29	6 10 eve.	5 10 eve.	4 10 eve.	3 10 eve.
October.	Last Quarter...	7	1 5 eve.	0 5 eve.	11 5 morn.	10 5 morn.
	New Moon....	15	7 37 morn.	6 37 morn.	5 37 morn.	4 37 morn.
	First Quarter...	22	4 9 morn.	3 9 morn.	2 9 morn.	1 9 morn.
	Full Moon....	29	7 18 morn.	6 18 morn.	5 18 morn.	4 18 morn.
November.	Last Quarter...	6	9 28 morn.	8 28 morn.	7 28 morn.	6 28 morn.
	New Moon....	13	7 20 eve.	6 20 eve.	5 20 eve.	4 20 eve.
	First Quarter...	20	0 5 eve.	11 5 morn.	10 5 morn.	9 5 morn.
	Full Moon....	27	11 39 eve.	10 39 eve.	9 39 eve.	8 39 eve.
December	Last Quarter...	6	5 6 morn.	4 6 morn.	3 6 morn.	2 6 morn.
	New Moon....	13	6 49 morn.	5 49 morn.	4 49 morn.	3 49 morn.
	First Quarter...	20	10 22 eve.	9 22 eve.	8 22 eve.	7 22 eve.
	Full Moon....	27	6 39 eve.	5 39 eve.	4 39 eve.	3 39 eve.

1st MONTH.

JANUARY.

31 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY MO.	DAY OF WEEK.	January is named from Janus, an ancient Roman divinity, and was added to the Roman Calendar 713 a. c.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N.Y., Pa., S.Wis., S. Mich., N. Ill., Ind., O.			St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.			St. Paul, N.E. Wis. and Mich., N.E. New York Minn., Or.		
				Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R.A.S.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R.A.S.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R.A.S.
1	1	Sat.	Slaves emancipated, 1863	7 29	4 38	1 54	7 19	4 48	1 49	7 40	4 26	2 2
2	2	Sun.	Bragg defeated, 1862.	7 29	4 39	2 56	7 19	4 49	2 50	7 40	4 27	3 2
3	3	Mo.	Battle of Princeton, 1777.	7 29	4 40	3 58	7 19	4 50	3 50	7 40	4 28	4 14
4	4	Tu.	Battle of Stone River, 1863.	7 29	4 41	4 56	7 19	4 51	4 48	7 40	4 29	5 1
5	5	We.	Arnold burns Richmond, 1781.	7 29	4 42	5 52	7 19	4 52	5 45	7 40	4 30	6 1
6	6	Th.	Great earthquake in S.E. 1863.	7 29	4 43	6 41	7 19	4 53	6 32	7 40	4 31	6 56
7	7	Fri.	Battle Springfield, Mo., 1863.	7 29	4 44	7 38	7 19	4 54	7 28	7 40	4 32	7 56
8	8	Sat.	Battle of New Orleans, 1815.	7 29	4 45	8 30	7 19	4 55	8 27	7 40	4 33	8 52
9	9	Sun.	Ft. Sanbury, Ga., captured, 1779.	7 29	4 46	9 23	7 19	4 56	9 20	7 40	4 35	9 48
10	10	Mo.	Florida seceded, 1861.	7 28	4 47	10 15	7 19	4 57	10 11	7 40	4 36	10 44
11	11	Tu.	Alabama seceded, 1861	7 28	4 48	11 7	7 19	4 58	11 5	7 40	4 37	11 40
12	12	We.	Lincoln's 1st speech in Congress, 1848.	7 28	4 50	9 53	7 18	4 59	9 53	7 38	4 39	9 5
13	13	Th.	Battle of Phila. attacked, 1863.	7 28	4 51	11 2	7 18	5 0	10 50	7 38	4 40	11 1
14	14	Fri.	Gen. Braddock kills, 1755.	7 28	4 52	12 10	7 18	5 1	11 40	7 37	4 42	11 57
15	15	Sat.	Ft. Fisher captured, 1865.	7 28	4 53	0 15	7 18	5 2	0 10	7 37	4 43	0 1
16	16	Sun.	Amnesty bill passed, 1872.	7 28	4 55	1 30	7 18	5 3	1 23	7 36	4 43	1 28
17	17	Mo.	Morgan defeats Tarleton, 1781.	7 28	4 56	2 45	7 18	5 4	2 38	7 35	4 44	2 50
18	18	Tu.	Battle of Fredericksburg, 1863.	7 28	4 57	3 41	7 18	5 5	3 51	7 35	4 45	3 41
19	19	We.	Battle of Mill Springs, 1862.	7 28	4 59	5 13	7 18	5 6	5 3	7 34	4 46	5 29
20	20	Th.	Battle of Somerset, N. J., 1777.	7 28	5 0	6 12	7 18	5 6	6 3	7 34	4 48	6 20
21	21	Fri.	Jackson enters N. Orleans, 1813.	7 28	5 1	7 2	7 18	5 8	6 55	7 33	4 49	7 15
22	22	Sat.	Stone fleet sunk Chert's n, 1861	7 28	5 2	8 1	7 18	5 10	8 1	7 32	4 51	8 1
23	23	Sun.	Massacre Silver Run, 1813.	7 28	5 3	9 0	7 18	5 11	9 0	7 31	4 52	9 0
24	24	Mo.	Rhuddy driven from Tenn., 1864.	7 28	5 6	8 15	7 18	5 12	8 18	7 30	4 53	8 1
25	25	Tu.	Ozarkia taken, 1863.	7 28	5 7	9 23	7 18	5 13	9 23	7 29	4 55	9 23
26	26	We.	Webster's reply to Hayne, 1830.	7 28	5 8	10 33	7 18	5 14	10 33	7 28	4 56	10 33
27	27	Th.	New Providence taken, 1780.	7 28	5 9	11 40	7 18	5 15	11 40	7 27	4 57	11 40
28	28	Fri.	First nat'l bank at Phila., 1783.	7 28	5 11	12 40	7 18	5 16	12 40	7 26	4 58	12 40
29	29	Sat.	British take Augusta, Ga., 1779.	7 28	5 12	0 46	7 18	5 17	0 48	7 25	5 0	1 0
30	30	Sun.	Constitution amended, 1850.	7 28	5 13	1 49	7 18	5 19	1 41	7 24	5 1	1 56
31	31	Mo.	Naval battle off Chert's n, 1863.	7 28	5 14	2 48	7 18	5 20	2 39	7 23	5 3	2 56

2d MONTH.

FEBRUARY.

28 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY MO.	DAY OF WEEK.	February is named from Roman divinity Februus, Phobos, or Februa (June), and was added to Roman Calendar about 713 a. c.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N.Y., Pa., S.Wis., S. Mich., N. Ill., Ind., O.			St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.			St. Paul, N.E. Wis. and Mich., N.E. New York Minn., Or.		
				Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R.A.S.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R.A.S.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R.A.S.
32	1	Tu.	Battle of Cowan's Ford, 1781.	7 13	5 15	3 44	7 0	5 21	3 36	7 20	5 11	4 57
33	2	We.	Mexican cession of 1848.	7 12	5 16	4 37	7 0	5 22	4 27	7 20	5 8	4 45
34	3	Th.	Battle of Dover, 1862	7 10	5 17	5 22	7 0	5 23	5 13	7 18	5 10	5 3
35	4	Fri.	Citron reaches N. Y., 1776.	7 9	5 19	6 2	7 0	5 24	6 5	7 17	5 11	6 1
36	5	Sat.	Medding w/ht's nry illgal, 1830	7 8	5 20	6 35	7 0	5 25	6 28	7 16	5 13	6 41
37	6	Sun.	Treaty with France, 1788.	7 7	5 21	7 38	7 0	5 27	7 38	7 15	5 14	7 38
38	7	Mo.	Jeff Davis' case dismissed, 1860.	7 6	5 23	8 37	7 0	5 28	8 31	7 13	5 16	8 31
39	8	Tu.	Confederate gov't formed, 1861.	7 5	5 24	9 47	7 0	5 29	9 47	7 11	5 17	9 47
40	9	We.	Confederate congress met, 1861	7 4	5 26	10 52	7 0	5 30	10 50	7 10	5 19	10 50
41	10	Th.	Battle of Hornet & Resolute, 1815.	7 3	5 27	12 0	7 0	5 31	12 0	7 8	5 20	12 0
42	11	Fri.	Lincoln left for Wash'n, 1861.	7 2	5 28	11 26	7 0	5 32	11 13	7 7	5 21	11 28
43	12	Sat.	First fugitive slave law, 1793.	7 1	5 30	12 30	7 0	5 34	12 30	7 6	5 23	12 30
44	13	Sun.	Massacre of Glencoe, 1620.	6 59	5 31	0 34	6 59	5 35	0 27	7 5	5 24	0 41
45	14	Mo.	Pickens routs the British, 1778.	6 58	5 32	1 47	6 58	5 36	1 39	7 5	5 26	1 54
46	15	Tu.	Battle of Ft. Donelson, 1862.	6 56	5 33	2 59	6 56	5 37	2 50	7 5	5 27	3 12
47	16	We.	Hessian troops lifted, 1776	6 53	5 34	4 1	6 53	5 38	3 52	6 50	5 29	4 12
48	17	Th.	Treaty of Ghent ratified, 1815.	6 53	5 36	5 52	6 53	5 39	4 44	6 49	5 30	5 3
49	18	Fri.	Lee com.-in-chief, 1864.	6 51	5 37	6 35	6 51	5 40	6 28	6 50	5 32	6 16
50	19	Sat.	First nat'l Thanksgiving, 1796.	6 50	5 39	7 8	6 50	5 42	6 2	6 50	5 33	7 16
51	20	Sun.	Braddock arrives in Va., 1755.	6 49	5 40	8 15	6 49	5 43	8 15	6 50	5 35	8 15
52	21	Mo.	Silver remonetized, 1878.	6 47	5 41	9 0	6 47	5 45	8 8	6 49	5 36	9 0
53	22	Tu.	Battle of Ogdenburg, 1813.	6 46	5 43	8 10	6 46	5 47	8 10	6 48	5 39	8 10
54	23	We.	Battle of Buena Vista, 1847.	6 45	5 44	9 20	6 45	5 49	9 16	6 48	5 39	9 25
55	24	Th.	Johnson impeached, 1868.	6 43	5 45	10 20	6 43	5 47	10 22	6 46	5 41	10 27
56	25	Fri.	Conscription bill passed, 1863.	6 41	5 47	11 33	6 41	5 48	11 26	6 45	5 42	11 43
57	26	Sat.	Nashville surrendered, 1862.	6 40	5 48	12 38	6 40	5 49	12 30	6 44	5 43	12 38
58	27	Sun.	Battle of Morris Neck, 1776.	6 38	5 49	0 35	6 38	5 50	0 27	6 43	5 45	0 47
59	28	Mo.	Private'r Nashville deat'd, 1863.	6 36	5 51	1 33	6 36	5 51	1 26	6 40	5 46	1 46

3d MONTH.

MARCH.

31 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY OF WEEK.	DAY OF WEEK.	March was named from Mars, the god of war. It was the first month of the Roman year.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N.Y., Pa., S. Wis., S. Mich., N. Ill., Ind., O.	St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.	St. Paul, N.E. Wls. and Mich., N.E. New York, Minn., Or.
DAY OF YEAR.	DAY OF WEEK.	DAY OF WEEK.	AMERICAN HISTORY.	Sun Sun Moon rises sets. H. & S.	Sun Sun Moon rises sets. H. & S.	Sun Sun Moon rises sets. H. & S.
60	1 Tu.	1 Tu.	Article of confed. ratified, 1789	6 36 5 50	6 33 5 53	6 39 5 47
61	2 We.	1 We.	Grant made lieut.-gen., 1864.	6 35 5 51	6 31 5 54	6 37 5 49
62	3 Th.	2 Th.	Battle of Briar Creek, 1778.	6 34 5 52	6 29 5 55	6 35 5 51
63	4 Fri.	3 Fri.	First congress meets, 1789.	6 32 5 54	6 28 5 56	6 33 5 52
64	5 Sat.	4 Sat.	Boston massacre, 1770.	6 30 5 55	6 27 5 57	6 31 5 54
65	6 Su.	5 Su.	Battle of Pea Ridge, 1862.	6 29 5 56	6 25 5 58	6 29 5 55
66	7 Mo.	6 Mo.	Bible society formed, 1804.	6 27 5 58	6 24 5 60	6 27 5 56
67	8 Tu.	7 Tu.	Stamp act passed, 1765.	6 26 5 59	6 22 5 6	6 25 5 58
68	9 We.	8 We.	Monitor-Merrimack battle, 1862.	6 24 5 6	6 21 5 2	6 23 5 59
69	10 Th.	9 Th.	M'Clellan crosses Potomac, 1862.	6 23 5 1	6 19 5 3	6 21 5 1
70	11 Fri.	10 Fri.	Confed. const'n adopted, 1861.	6 21 5 2	6 17 5 4	6 19 5 2
71	12 Sat.	11 Sat.	Grant made com.-in-chief, 1864.	6 19 5 3	6 16 5 5	6 17 5 4
72	13 Su.	12 Su.	Red river expedition, 1864.	6 17 5 4	6 14 5 6	6 15 5 5
73	14 Mo.	13 Mo.	Newbern captured, 1862.	6 15 5 5	6 13 5 7	6 14 5 6
74	15 Tu.	14 Tu.	Island No. 10 bombarded, 1861.	6 13 5 7	6 11 5 8	6 12 5 7
75	16 We.	15 We.	Battle of Guilford, 1781.	6 11 5 8	6 10 5 9	6 10 5 8
76	17 Th.	16 Th.	Boston evacuated, 1776.	6 10 5 9	6 8 5 9	6 8 5 8
77	18 Fri.	17 Fri.	Stamp act repealed, 1766.	6 9 5 10	6 6 5 10	6 6 5 11
78	19 Sat.	18 Sat.	Patent for Cotton, issued, 1831.	6 8 5 11	6 5 5 11	6 4 5 12
79	20 Su.	19 Su.	Washington enters Boston, 1775.	6 7 5 12	6 3 5 12	6 2 5 13
80	21 Mo.	20 Mo.	Battle of Henderson, 1864.	6 6 5 14	5 20 5 13	6 0 5 15
81	22 Tu.	21 Tu.	Stamp act signed, 1765.	5 59 5 15	5 16 5 14	5 58 5 16
82	23 We.	22 We.	Battle of Winchester, 1862.	5 57 5 16	5 15 5 15	5 56 5 17
83	24 Th.	23 Th.	Attack on Peckskill, 1777.	5 55 5 17	5 13 5 16	5 54 5 18
84	25 Fri.	24 Fri.	Hudson river discovered, 1609.	5 53 5 18	5 10 5 17	5 52 5 20
85	26 Sat.	25 Sat.	Fortress built at Paducah, 1861.	5 51 5 20	5 8 5 18	5 50 5 21
86	27 Su.	26 Su.	Tanning, Tex., massacre, 1858.	5 50 5 21	5 6 5 19	5 49 5 22
87	28 Mo.	27 Mo.	Seaside treaty, 1853.	5 48 5 22	5 4 5 19	5 47 5 23
88	29 Tu.	28 Tu.	Vera Cruz capitulates, 1847.	5 46 5 23	5 3 5 20	5 45 5 24
89	30 We.	29 We.	Battle of Somerset, Ky., 1862.	5 45 5 24	5 2 5 21	5 44 5 25
90	31 Th.	30 Th.	Treasury bldg. burned, 1837.	5 43 5 25	5 0 5 22	5 42 5 26

4th MONTH.

APRIL.

30 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY OF WEEK.	DAY OF WEEK.	April was named from aprtēre (to open), the season when buds open.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N.Y., Pa., S. Wis., S. Mich., N. Ill., Ind., O.	St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.	St. Paul, N.E. Wls. and Mich., N.E. New York, Minn., Or.
DAY OF YEAR.	DAY OF WEEK.	DAY OF WEEK.	AMERICAN HISTORY.	Sun Sun Moon rises sets. H. & S.	Sun Sun Moon rises sets. H. & S.	Sun Sun Moon rises sets. H. & S.
91	1 Fri.	1 Fri.	Battle Five Forks, 1865.	5 44 5 26	5 44 5 24	5 40 5 29
92	2 Sat.	2 Sat.	Battle at Selma, Ala., 1865.	5 43 5 28	5 43 5 25	5 38 5 30
93	3 Su.	3 Su.	Richmond evacuated, 1865.	5 41 5 29	5 41 5 26	5 37 5 32
94	4 Mo.	4 Mo.	First newspaper in U. S., 1704.	5 39 5 30	5 40 5 27	5 35 5 33
95	5 Tu.	5 Tu.	Yorktown besieged, 1862.	5 37 5 31	5 38 5 28	5 33 5 34
96	6 We.	6 We.	1st house of rep. organiz'd, 1789.	5 35 5 32	5 37 5 29	5 31 5 35
97	7 Th.	7 Th.	Battle of Shiloh, 1862.	5 33 5 33	5 35 5 30	5 29 5 37
98	8 Fri.	8 Fri.	Island No. 10 taken, 1862.	5 32 5 34	5 34 5 31	5 28 5 38
99	9 Sat.	9 Sat.	Civil rights bill passed, 1966.	5 30 5 35	5 32 5 32	5 26 5 39
100	10 Su.	10 Su.	Battle of Ft. Palauki, 1862.	5 28 5 36	5 30 5 33	5 24 5 40
101	11 Mo.	11 Mo.	Ft. Sumter bombarded, 1861.	5 27 5 37	5 29 5 34	5 22 5 41
102	12 Tu.	12 Tu.	Lee surrenders, 1863.	5 25 5 38	5 27 5 35	5 19 5 42
103	13 We.	13 We.	Civil war begins, 1861.	5 24 5 40	5 26 5 36	5 18 5 41
104	14 Th.	14 Th.	Battle of Monks' Corners, 1780.	5 22 5 41	5 24 5 36	5 17 5 46
105	15 Fri.	15 Fri.	Lincoln dies, 1865.	5 20 5 42	5 23 5 37	5 15 5 47
106	16 Sat.	16 Sat.	Porter passed Vicksburg, 1863.	5 19 5 43	5 22 5 38	5 13 5 48
107	17 Su.	17 Su.	Death of Franklin, 1790.	5 17 5 44	5 20 5 39	5 11 5 49
108	18 Mo.	18 Mo.	Ride of Paul Revere, 1775.	5 15 5 45	5 19 5 40	5 10 5 51
109	19 Tu.	19 Tu.	Battle of Lexington, 1775.	5 14 5 47	5 17 5 41	5 8 5 52
110	20 We.	20 We.	Gen. Lee resigns U. S. A., 1861.	5 12 5 48	5 16 5 42	5 6 5 53
111	21 Th.	21 Th.	Battle of San Jacinto, 1836.	5 11 5 49	5 15 5 43	5 4 5 54
112	22 Fri.	22 Fri.	Paul Jones at Whitehav'n, 1778.	5 9 5 50	5 13 5 44	5 2 5 55
113	23 Sat.	23 Sat.	Battle bet. Lee & Marion, 1781.	5 7 5 51	5 12 5 45	5 0 5 56
114	24 Su.	24 Su.	Ranger takes the Drake, 1778.	5 6 5 52	5 11 5 46	5 0 5 57
115	25 Mo.	25 Mo.	U. S. and office estab'd, 1812.	5 4 5 53	5 9 5 47	5 58 5 58
116	26 Tu.	26 Tu.	New Orleans taken, 1822.	5 3 5 54	5 8 5 48	5 56 5 59
117	27 We.	27 We.	Habeas corpus suspend'd, 1861.	5 2 5 55	5 7 5 49	5 54 5 60
118	28 Th.	28 Th.	Battle of Saugatuck riv'r, 1777.	5 0 5 56	5 5 5 50	5 52 5 61
119	29 Fri.	29 Fri.	Md. d'clares ag't slaveholders, 1861.	4 59 5 58	4 56 5 51	5 49 5 62
120	30 Sat.	30 Sat.	Washington inaugurated, 1789.	4 57 5 59	4 54 5 52	5 47 5 63

## 5th MONTH.

## MAY.

31 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY OF WEEK.	May is from the Latin <i>Matius</i> , the growing month.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N. Y., Pa., Wis., Mich., Ill., Ind., O.	St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.	St. Paul, N. E. Wis. and Mich., N. E. New York, Minn., Or.
DAY OF YEAR.	DAY OF WEEK.	AMERICAN HISTORY.	Sun rises sets. H. & S.	Sun rises sets. H. & S.	Sun rises sets. H. & S.
121 1	SEC.	Battle of Port Gibson, 1863.	H. M. H. M. H. M.	H. M. H. M. H. M.	H. M. H. M. H. M.
122 2	Mo.	Battle of Chancellorsville, 1863.	4 51 7 33	4 52 8 53	4 47 7 12
123 3	Tu.	First call for 3-year men, 1861.	4 53 7 1	4 50 6 55	4 46 7 8
124 4	We.	Grant crosses the Rapid'n, 1864.	4 51 7 2	4 58 6 56	4 45 7 10
125 5	Th.	Yorktown evacuated, 1862.	4 50 7 3	4 57 6 57	4 43 7 11
126 6	Fr.	Ark. and Tenn. secede, 1861.	4 49 7 4	4 56 6 58	4 42 7 12
127 7	Sat.	Baton Rouge, La., capt'd, 1862.	4 48 7 5	4 55 6 59	4 40 7 13
128 8	SUN.	Battle of Palo Alto, 1846.	4 47 7 6	4 54 7 0	4 39 7 15
129 9	Mo.	Battle of Resaca, Mex., 1846.	4 46 7 7	4 53 7 1	4 37 7 16
130 10	Tu.	Jeff Davis captured, 1865.	4 45 7 8	4 52 7 2	4 36 7 17
131 11	We.	Battle of Char'l's Neck, 1779.	4 44 7 9	4 51 7 3	4 35 7 18
132 12	Th.	Crown Point taken, 1775.	4 43 7 10	4 50 7 4	4 34 7 19
133 13	Fr.	War declar'd ag'tst Mex., 1846.	4 42 7 11	4 49 7 5	4 33 7 21
134 14	Sat.	Cape Cod discovered, 1862.	4 41 7 12	4 48 7 6	4 31 7 22
135 15	SUN.	Ft. Granby taken, 1781.	4 40 7 13	4 47 7 6	4 30 7 23
136 16	Mo.	Lincoln nominated, 1860.	4 39 7 14	4 46 7 7	4 29 7 24
137 17	Tu.	First national fair, 1776.	4 38 7 15	4 45 7 8	4 28 7 25
138 18	We.	Grant invests Vicksburg, 1863.	4 37 7 16	4 44 7 9	4 27 7 26
139 19	Th.	The "dark day," 1780.	4 36 7 18	4 44 7 10	4 26 7 28
140 20	Fr.	Mecklenburg declaration, 1777.	4 35 7 19	4 43 7 11	4 25 7 28
141 21	Sat.	Ft. Galphin taken, 1781.	4 34 7 20	4 42 7 12	4 24 7 29
142 22	SUN.	Brooks assaults Sumner, 1860.	4 33 7 21	4 42 7 12	4 24 7 30
143 23	Mo.	Settlem't at Jamestown, 1607.	4 32 7 22	4 41 7 13	4 23 7 31
144 24	Tu.	Bank's evac's Saratoga, 1862.	4 31 7 23	4 41 7 14	4 22 7 32
145 25	We.	Battle of Spottsylvania, 1864.	4 31 7 24	4 40 7 14	4 21 7 33
146 26	Th.	Last confeds. surrender, 1865.	4 30 7 25	4 39 7 15	4 20 7 34
147 27	Fr.	Fts. Erie & George abandon'd, 1813.	4 30 7 26	4 39 7 16	4 20 7 35
148 28	Sat.	Battle of Dallas, Ga., 1864.	4 29 7 26	4 38 7 16	4 19 7 36
149 29	SUN.	Battle of Waxhaw, 1780.	4 28 7 27	4 37 7 17	4 18 7 37
150 30	Mo.	Corinth taken, 1862.	4 28 7 28	4 37 7 18	4 17 7 38
151 31	Tu.	Battle of Fair Oaks, 1862.	4 27 7 28	4 36 7 19	4 16 7 39

## 6th MONTH.

## JUNE.

30 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY OF WEEK.	June traced to Juno, the queen of heaven, who was thought to preside over marriages.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N. Y., Pa., Wis., Mich., Ill., Ind., O.	St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.	St. Paul, N. E. Wis. and Mich., N. E. New York, Minn., Or.
DAY OF YEAR.	DAY OF WEEK.	AMERICAN HISTORY.	Sun rises sets. H. & S.	Sun rises sets. H. & S.	Sun rises sets. H. & S.
152 1	We.	Battle of Cold Harbor, 1864.	H. M. H. M. H. M.	H. M. H. M. H. M.	H. M. H. M. H. M.
153 2	Th.	Battle Lake Champlain, 1813.	4 27 7 29	4 36 7 19	4 16 7 40
154 3	Fr.	Lee assumes command, 1862.	4 26 7 30	4 36 7 20	4 15 7 40
155 4	Sat.	War declar'd ag'tst Mex., 1842.	4 25 7 31	4 35 7 21	4 15 7 41
156 5	SUN.	Battle of Piedmont, 1864.	4 25 7 31	4 35 7 21	4 15 7 42
157 6	Mo.	Confeds. surr. Memphis, 1862.	4 24 7 32	4 35 7 22	4 14 7 43
158 7	Tu.	Fenians raid Canada, 1865.	4 24 7 33	4 34 7 23	4 14 7 43
159 8	We.	Battle of Chautauque, 1862.	4 23 7 34	4 34 7 23	4 13 7 44
160 9	Th.	Battle of Big Bethel, 1861.	4 23 7 35	4 34 7 24	4 13 7 45
161 10	Fr.	War decl'd ag'tst Tripoli, 1801.	4 23 7 36	4 34 7 25	4 13 7 46
162 11	Sat.	Walker lands in Nicar'ga, 1865.	4 23 7 36	4 34 7 25	4 12 7 47
163 12	SUN.	Grant crosses C'k'n'miny, 1864.	4 23 7 37	4 34 7 26	4 12 7 47
164 13	Mo.	Fugitive slave law rep'd, 1863.	4 23 7 37	4 34 7 26	4 12 7 47
165 14	Tu.	National flag adopted, 1777.	4 23 7 37	4 34 7 26	4 12 7 48
166 15	We.	Wash'n takes command, 1775.	4 23 7 38	4 34 7 27	4 12 7 48
167 16	Th.	Mississippi discovered, 1685.	4 23 7 38	4 34 7 27	4 12 7 49
168 17	Fr.	Battle of Bunker Hill, 1775.	4 23 7 38	4 34 7 27	4 12 7 49
169 18	Sat.	Can. evac'd by Am'ie'n's, 1776.	4 23 7 38	4 34 7 28	4 12 7 49
170 19	SUN.	War decl'd ag'tst Eng'l'd, 1812.	4 23 7 38	4 34 7 28	4 12 7 50
171 20	Mo.	Battle of Stony Ferry, 1779.	4 23 7 38	4 34 7 28	4 12 7 50
172 21	Tu.	Petersburg captured, 1864.	4 23 7 39	4 34 7 28	4 12 7 50
173 22	We.	Ewell crosses Potomac, 1863.	4 24 7 39	4 35 7 29	4 13 7 51
174 23	Th.	Great Eastern at N. Y., 1880.	4 24 7 39	4 35 7 29	4 13 7 51
175 24	Fr.	Harrison warns Tecum's'h, 1811.	4 24 7 39	4 35 7 29	4 13 7 51
176 25	Sat.	Custer massacre, 1876.	4 24 7 39	4 35 7 29	4 13 7 51
177 26	SUN.	Seven days' battles began, 1862.	4 24 7 39	4 36 7 29	4 14 7 51
178 27	Mo.	Morm's mobb'd, Car'l'ge, 1867.	4 23 7 39	4 36 7 29	4 13 7 51
179 28	Tu.	1st colon'l assembly in Is., 1619.	4 23 7 39	4 37 7 29	4 13 7 51
180 29	We.	Howe reaches Sandy Ho'k, 1776.	4 23 7 39	4 37 7 29	4 13 7 51
181 30	Th.	Guineau hanged, 1862.	4 23 7 39	4 38 7 29	4 16 7 51

## 7th MONTH.

## JULY.

31 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY Mo.	DAY WEEK.	July named in honor of Julius Caesar, who was born on the 12th of July.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N. Y. Pa., S. Wis., S. Mich., N. Ill., Ind., O.	St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.	St. Paul, N. E. Wis. and Mich., N. E. New York Minn., Or.
DAY OF YEAR.	DAY Mo.	DAY WEEK.	AMERICAN HISTORY.	Sun rises sets. H. M. Moon rises sets. H. M.	Sun rises sets. H. M. Moon rises sets. H. M.	Sun rises sets. H. M. Moon rises sets. H. M.
182	1	Fri.	Battle of Gettysburg beg'n. 1863.	4 26 7 39	4 28 7 39	4 17 7 50
183	2	Sat.	Garfield assassinated. 1881.	4 27 7 39	4 29 7 39	4 17 7 50
184	3	SUN.	Massacre of Wyoming. 1878.	4 28 7 39	4 30 7 39	4 18 7 50
185	4	Mo.	Vicksburg surrendered. 1863.	4 28 7 38	4 30 7 38	4 19 7 49
186	5	Tu.	Battle of Carthage. Mo. 1861.	4 29 7 38	4 31 7 38	4 19 7 49
187	6	We.	Battle of Janesstown. 1851.	4 30 7 38	4 31 7 38	4 20 7 48
188	7	Th.	Lincoln's murder's hung. 1865.	4 30 7 38	4 31 7 38	4 21 7 48
189	8	Fri.	Wash'n chosen as capital. 1792.	4 31 7 37	4 32 7 37	4 21 7 47
190	9	Sat.	Surrender of Ft. Hudson. 1853.	4 32 7 37	4 33 7 37	4 22 7 47
191	10	SUN.	French allies land. N. port. 1783.	4 33 7 37	4 34 7 37	4 23 7 46
192	11	Mo.	Battle of Rich Mountain. 1861.	4 34 7 36	4 35 7 36	4 24 7 45
193	12	Tu.	Norwalk. Conn., burned. 1779.	4 34 7 36	4 35 7 36	4 25 7 45
194	13	We.	Draft riots in N. Y. 1863.	4 35 7 35	4 36 7 35	4 26 7 44
195	14	Th.	Second great fire. Chicago. 1875.	4 36 7 35	4 37 7 35	4 27 7 44
196	15	Fri.	Battle of Haylor's Farm. 1864.	4 37 7 35	4 38 7 35	4 28 7 43
197	16	Sat.	Wayne takes Stony Point. 1759.	4 38 7 34	4 39 7 34	4 29 7 42
198	17	SUN.	Emancipation bill signed. 1862.	4 38 7 33	4 40 7 33	4 30 7 42
199	18	Mo.	Maximilian shot. 1867.	4 39 7 33	4 41 7 33	4 31 7 41
200	19	Tu.	Morgan defeated. 1863.	4 40 7 33	4 42 7 33	4 32 7 40
201	20	We.	Confed. cong. Richmond. 1861.	4 41 7 33	4 43 7 33	4 33 7 39
202	21	Th.	Battle of Bull Run. 1861.	4 42 7 33	4 44 7 33	4 34 7 38
203	22	Fri.	Gen. McClellan takes com. 1861.	4 43 7 32	4 45 7 32	4 35 7 37
204	23	Sat.	Gen. Grant dies. 1885.	4 44 7 32	4 46 7 32	4 36 7 36
205	24	SUN.	Mormons arrive in Utah. 1847.	4 45 7 32	4 47 7 32	4 37 7 35
206	25	Mo.	Battle of Lundy's Lane. 1814.	4 46 7 32	4 48 7 32	4 38 7 34
207	26	Tu.	Halleck sup's McClellan. 1862.	4 47 7 32	4 49 7 32	4 39 7 33
208	27	We.	Atlantic cable laid. 1866.	4 48 7 32	4 50 7 32	4 40 7 32
209	28	Th.	Battle at Atlanta. 1864.	4 49 7 32	4 51 7 32	4 41 7 32
210	29	Fri.	The Alabama starts out. 1862.	4 50 7 32	4 52 7 32	4 42 7 31
211	30	Sat.	Petersburg mine exploded. 1861.	4 51 7 31	4 53 7 31	4 43 7 30
212	31	SUN.	Lafayette made maj.-gen. 1777.	4 52 7 31	4 54 7 31	4 44 7 29

## 8th MONTH.

## AUGUST.

31 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY Mo.	DAY WEEK.	August was named in honor of Augustus Caesar, he having been made consul in this month.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N. Y. Pa., S. Wis., S. Mich., N. Ill., Ind., O.	St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.	St. Paul, N. E. Wis. and Mich., N. E. New York Minn., Or.
DAY OF YEAR.	DAY Mo.	DAY WEEK.	AMERICAN HISTORY.	Sun rises sets. H. M. Moon rises sets. H. M.	Sun rises sets. H. M. Moon rises sets. H. M.	Sun rises sets. H. M. Moon rises sets. H. M.
213	1	Mo.	Clermont's trip on Hudson. 1807.	4 53 7 19	4 55 7 19	4 45 7 27
214	2	Tu.	Battle of Ft. Stephenson. 1815.	4 54 7 18	4 56 7 18	4 46 7 26
215	3	We.	Col. Massacres from Sp'n. 1892.	4 55 7 17	4 57 7 17	4 47 7 25
216	4	Th.	Col. Isaac Hayne hang'd. 1781.	4 56 7 16	4 58 7 16	4 48 7 24
217	5	Fri.	Farragut enters Mobile bay. 1864.	4 57 7 15	4 59 7 15	4 49 7 23
218	6	Sat.	Rhe. Arkansas exploded. 1862.	4 58 7 14	4 60 7 14	4 50 7 22
219	7	SUN.	Lafayette departs. 1825.	4 59 7 13	4 61 7 13	4 51 7 21
220	8	Mo.	Battle of Mackinaw. 1814.	5 0 7 12	4 62 7 12	4 52 7 19
221	9	Tu.	Battle of Cedar Mount. 1862.	5 1 7 11	4 63 7 11	4 53 7 18
222	10	We.	Battle of Wilson Creek. 1861.	5 2 7 10	4 64 7 10	4 54 7 17
223	11	Th.	Bat. Sulphur Bridge Spks. 1864.	5 3 7 9	4 65 7 9	4 55 7 16
224	12	Fri.	King Philip shot. 1675.	5 4 7 8	4 66 7 8	4 56 7 15
225	13	Sat.	Mosby's attack on Sheridan. 1864.	5 5 7 7	4 67 7 7	4 57 7 14
226	14	SUN.	Death of Farragut. 1870.	5 6 7 6	4 68 7 6	4 58 7 13
227	15	Mo.	Lafayette visits the U. S. 1824.	5 7 7 5	4 69 7 5	4 59 7 12
228	16	Tu.	Anti-Bennington. 1777.	5 8 7 4	4 70 7 4	5 0 7 11
229	17	We.	Anti-Neb. con. Seneca. 1854.	5 9 7 3	4 71 7 3	5 1 7 10
230	18	Th.	Panic of 1853 began.	5 10 7 2	4 72 7 2	5 2 7 9
231	19	Fri.	Battle of Bluebecks. Ky. 1782.	5 11 7 1	4 73 7 1	5 3 7 8
232	20	Sat.	Battle of Fallen Timbers. 1794.	5 12 7 0	4 74 7 0	5 4 7 7
233	21	SUN.	Lawrence, Kas., sucked. 1863.	5 13 7 0	4 75 7 0	5 5 7 6
234	22	Mo.	Att'ck on Ft. Sumter rep. 1863.	5 14 7 0	4 76 7 0	5 6 7 5
235	23	Tu.	Ft. Morgan surrenders. 1864.	5 15 7 0	4 77 7 0	5 7 7 4
236	24	We.	British capture Washington. 1814.	5 16 7 0	4 78 7 0	5 8 7 3
237	25	Th.	Battle Ream's Station. 1864.	5 17 7 0	4 79 7 0	5 9 7 2
238	26	Fri.	Stamp-act riot Boston. 1768.	5 18 7 0	4 80 7 0	5 10 7 1
239	27	Sat.	Post-carriers C. & N. W. July. 1894.	5 19 7 0	4 81 7 0	5 11 7 0
240	28	SUN.	Second Battle Bull Run. 1862.	5 20 7 0	4 82 7 0	5 12 7 0
241	29	Mo.	America's evacuation R. I. 1778.	5 21 7 0	4 83 7 0	5 13 7 0
242	30	Tu.	French fleet arrives. 1781.	5 22 7 0	4 84 7 0	5 14 7 0
243	31	We.		5 23 7 0	4 85 7 0	5 15 7 0

9th MONTH.

## SEPTEMBER.

30 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY NO.	DAY OF WEEK.	September, from <i>Septem</i> (seventh), as it was the seventh Roman month.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N.Y., Pa., S. Wis., S. Mich., Ill., Ind., O.	St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Cal., Ind., Ohio.	St. Paul, N.E. Wis. and Mich., N.E. New York, Minn., Or.
DAY OF YEAR.	DAY NO.	DAY OF WEEK.	AMERICAN HISTORY.	Sun rises sets. H. M. H. M.	Sun rises sets. H. M. H. M.	Sun rises sets. H. M. H. M.
244	1	Th.	Battle of Chantilly, 1862.	5 21 6 35	5 20 6 30	5 21 6 30
245	2	Fri.	Atlanta surrenders, 1864.	5 26 6 33	5 30 6 28	5 23 6 36
246	3	Sat.	Treaty of peace, U.S. & G. R., 1863.	5 27 6 32	5 31 6 27	5 23 6 34
247	4	SUN.	Chicago lighted with gas, 1860.	5 28 6 30	5 32 6 25	5 23 6 33
248	5	Mo.	Lee invades Maryland, 1862.	5 29 6 28	5 33 6 22	5 27 6 30
249	6	Tu.	Mayflower sails, 1620.	5 30 6 26	5 33 6 20	5 28 6 28
250	7	We.	Fort Wayne captured, 1863.	5 31 6 25	5 34 6 20	5 29 6 26
251	8	Th.	Battle of Molino del Rey, 1847.	5 32 6 23	5 35 6 19	5 30 6 24
252	9	Fri.	Geneva award paid, 1874.	5 33 6 22	5 36 6 17	5 31 6 22
253	10	Sat.	Perry's vict. in Lake Erie, 1813.	5 35 6 19	5 37 6 10	5 33 6 20
254	11	SUN.	Battle of Brandywine, 1777.	5 36 6 17	5 38 6 14	5 34 6 18
255	12	Mo.	Battle of Chapultepec, 1841.	5 37 6 15	5 39 6 13	5 35 6 16
256	13	Tu.	Gen. Wolf killed, 1530.	5 38 6 14	5 40 6 11	5 36 6 14
257	14	We.	City of Mexico taken, 1847.	5 39 6 12	5 40 6 10	5 37 6 12
258	15	Th.	Delegates adopt const'n., 1787.	5 40 6 10	5 41 6 8	5 38 6 11
259	16	Fri.	Battle of Winchester, 1864.	5 41 6 8	5 42 6 6	5 40 6 9
260	17	Sat.	Slave law signed, 1850.	5 42 6 6	5 43 6 5	5 41 6 7
261	18	SUN.	Battle of luka, 1862.	5 43 6 5	5 44 6 3	5 42 6 6
262	19	Mo.	Battle of Lexington, Va., 1863.	5 44 6 3	5 45 6 1	5 43 6 3
263	20	Tu.	Battle of Fisher's Hill, 1864.	5 45 6 1	5 46 6 0	5 44 6 1
264	21	We.	Arnold's treason, 1780.	5 46 6 0	5 47 5 58	5 45 6 5
265	22	Th.	Paul Jones' victory, 1779.	5 47 5 58	5 48 5 57	5 47 5 57
266	23	Fri.	Monterey captured, 1846.	5 48 5 56	5 49 5 55	5 48 5 59
267	24	Sat.	Philadelphia captured, 1777.	5 50 5 54	5 50 5 53	5 49 5 53
268	25	SUN.	Harrison leaves Vincennes, 1811.	5 51 5 52	5 50 5 52	5 50 5 51
269	26	Mo.	Battle of Pilot Knob, 1864.	5 52 5 50	5 51 5 50	5 51 5 49
270	27	Tu.	Detroit retaken, 1835.	5 53 5 49	5 53 5 49	5 51 5 47
271	28	We.	Andre convicted, 1780.	5 54 5 47	5 53 5 47	5 51 5 45
272	29	Th.	Congress meets at York, 1777.	5 55 5 46	5 54 5 45	5 52 5 43
273	30	Fri.		5 56 5 44	5 55 5 44	5 53 5 42

10th MONTH.

## OCTOBER.

31 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY NO.	DAY OF WEEK.	October was formerly the eighth month, and hence the name from <i>Octem</i> (eighth).	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N.Y., Pa., S. Wis., S. Mich., Ill., Ind., O.	St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Cal., Ind., Ohio.	St. Paul, N.E. Wis. and Mich., N.E. New York, Minn., Or.
DAY OF YEAR.	DAY NO.	DAY OF WEEK.	AMERICAN HISTORY.	Sun rises sets. H. M. H. M.	Sun rises sets. H. M. H. M.	Sun rises sets. H. M. H. M.
274	1	Sat.	Jacks'n removes U.S. depts, 1833.	5 56 5 42	5 56 5 42	5 58 5 40
275	2	SUN.	Andre hung as a spy, 1780.	5 57 5 40	5 57 5 41	5 59 5 38
276	3	Mo.	Harrison at Terre Haute, 1811.	5 58 5 39	5 58 5 39	5 60 5 36
277	4	Tu.	Battle of Germantown, 1777.	6 0 5 37	5 59 5 38	5 61 5 34
278	5	We.	Teumseh killed, 1813.	6 1 5 36	6 0 5 35	5 62 5 32
279	6	Th.	Peace proclaimed, 1783.	6 2 5 34	6 1 5 34	5 63 5 30
280	7	Fri.	Bristol, R. L. bombarded, 1775.	6 3 5 32	6 2 5 33	5 64 5 28
281	8	Sat.	First great Chicago fire, 1871.	6 4 5 31	6 3 5 32	5 65 5 26
282	9	SUN.	Battle of Strasburg, Va., 1864.	6 5 5 29	6 4 5 30	5 66 5 24
283	10	Mo.	Naval academy opened, 1845.	6 6 5 27	6 5 5 29	5 67 5 23
284	11	Tu.	Battle Lake Champlain, 1776.	6 7 5 26	6 6 5 27	5 68 5 21
285	12	We.	Battle of Resaca, Ga., 1864.	6 8 5 24	6 7 5 26	5 69 5 19
286	13	Th.	Battle of Queenstown, 1812.	6 10 5 22	6 8 5 25	5 70 5 17
287	14	Fri.	Declaration of rights, 1774.	6 11 5 21	6 9 5 23	5 71 5 15
288	15	Sat.	Great Bank panic, 1857.	6 12 5 19	6 10 5 21	5 72 5 13
289	16	SUN.	Harper's F. arsen'l capt., 1859.	6 13 5 17	6 11 5 20	5 73 5 11
290	17	Mo.	Burgoyne's surrender, 1777.	6 14 5 15	6 12 5 18	5 74 5 10
291	18	Tu.	Treaty with Seminoles, 1820.	6 15 5 14	6 13 5 17	5 75 5 8
292	19	We.	Cornwallis surrenders, 1781.	6 17 5 12	6 15 5 16	5 76 5 7
293	20	Th.	Grant relieves Rosecrans, 1863.	6 18 5 11	6 16 5 14	5 77 5 5
294	21	Fri.	Earthquake at San Fran., 1868.	6 19 5 10	6 17 5 13	5 78 5 4
295	22	Sat.	Hessians arrive, 1776.	6 20 5 8	6 17 5 12	5 79 5 3
296	23	SUN.	Topeka convention meets, 1855.	6 21 5 6	6 18 5 10	5 80 5 2
297	24	Mo.	Zagonyi's charge, Springfield, 1861.	6 22 5 3	6 19 5 9	5 81 5 0
298	25	Tu.	British evacuate R. L., 1779.	6 23 5 2	6 20 5 8	5 82 5 0
299	26	We.	Secession agreed upon, 1860.	6 25 5 0	6 21 5 6	5 83 5 0
300	27	Th.	Ram Albemarle sunk, 1864.	6 26 4 59	6 22 5 5	5 84 5 0
301	28	Fri.	Erie canal completed, 1825.	6 27 4 58	6 23 5 4	5 85 5 0
302	29	Sat.	McClellan dies, 1885.	6 28 4 57	6 24 5 3	5 86 5 0
303	30	SUN.	San Fran. bay discovered, 1769.	6 29 4 56	6 25 5 2	5 87 5 0
304	31	Mo.	Gen. Scott retires, 1861.	6 30 4 55	6 27 5 0	5 88 4 58

11th MONTH.

NOVEMBER.

30 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY MO.	DAY OF WEEK.	November, from <i>Novem</i> (nine), as it was formerly the ninth month.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N. Y., Pa., S. Wis., S. Mich., N. Ill., Ind., O.			St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.			St. Paul, N. E. Wis. and Mich., N. E. New York, Minn., Or.		
				Sun. rises.	Sun. sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun. rises.	Sun. sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun. rises.	Sun. sets.	Moon R. & S.
AMERICAN HISTORY.												
3005	1	Tu.	Bat. French Creek, N. Y., 1813.	6 31	4 55	6 49	6 28	4 59	6 58	6 40	4 47	6 38
3006	2	We.	Washington's farewell, 1783.	6 33	4 54	7 42	6 29	4 58	7 51	6 42	4 46	7 32
3007	3	Th.	Battle of Opelousas, La., 1863.	6 34	4 52	8 37	6 30	4 57	8 46	6 43	4 44	8 28
3008	4	Fri.	George Peabody died, 1863.	6 35	4 51	9 36	6 31	4 56	9 43	6 44	4 43	9 29
3009	5	Sat.	Battle near Nashville, 1862.	6 37	4 50	10 38	6 32	4 55	10 44	6 45	4 41	10 32
3010	6	Sun.	Brownsville, Tex., taken, 1863.	6 38	4 48	11 41	6 33	4 54	11 45	6 47	4 40	11 37
3011	7	Mo.	Battle of Tippecanoe, 1811.	6 39	4 47	morn	6 34	4 53	morn	6 48	4 39	morn
3012	8	Tu.	Confed. envoys taken, 1861.	6 41	4 46	0 43	6 36	4 52	0 47	6 50	4 38	0 43
3013	9	We.	Battle of Talladega, Ga., 1813.	6 42	4 45	1 51	6 37	4 51	1 51	6 52	4 36	1 52
3014	10	Th.	Burnside takes command, 1862.	6 44	4 44	2 52	6 38	4 50	2 51	6 53	4 35	2 55
3015	11	Fri.	Cherry Valley massacre, 1778.	6 45	4 42	4 4	6 39	4 49	4 0	6 54	4 34	4 9
3016	12	Sat.	Montreal taken, 1775.	6 47	4 41	5 19	6 40	4 48	5 12	6 55	4 33	5 27
3017	13	Sun.	Provisional govt. in Tex., 1835.	6 49	4 40	6 34	6 41	4 48	6 26	6 57	4 32	6 43
3018	14	Mo.	U. S. Christian com. org., 1861.	6 51	4 38	sets	6 42	4 47	sets	6 58	4 31	sets
3019	15	Tu.	Articles conf'n adopted, 1777.	6 52	4 37	5 52	6 43	4 46	6 1	7 0	4 30	5 42
3020	16	We.	Manassas lost, 1863.	6 53	4 36	7 1	6 44	4 46	7 10	7 2	4 29	6 51
3021	17	Th.	Battle Knoxville, Tenn., 1863.	6 54	4 35	8 15	6 45	4 45	8 22	7 3	4 28	7 56
3022	18	Fri.	Standard time adopted, 1883.	6 56	4 34	9 30	6 47	4 44	9 37	7 4	4 27	9 24
3023	19	Sat.	Gettysburg cent. dedicated, 1863.	6 57	4 34	10 47	6 48	4 44	10 51	7 5	4 26	10 43
3024	20	Sun.	British take Ft. Lee, 1776.	6 58	4 33	morn	6 49	4 43	morn	7 7	4 25	morn
3025	21	Mo.	Surrender Fredricksburg, 1862.	6 59	4 32	0 2	6 50	4 42	0 3	7 8	4 24	0 12
3026	22	Tu.	Ft. George captured, 1780.	7 0	4 31	1 11	6 51	4 42	1 11	7 9	4 24	1 1
3027	23	We.	Flight at Chattanooga, 1863.	7 1	4 31	2 20	6 52	4 41	2 18	7 11	4 23	2 22
3028	24	Th.	Battle Columbia, Tenn., 1764.	7 2	4 30	3 29	6 53	4 41	3 25	7 12	4 22	3 34
3029	25	Fri.	Ft. Duquesne taken, 1755.	7 3	4 30	4 37	6 54	4 40	4 31	7 13	4 22	4 45
3030	26	Sat.	Sojourner Truth died, 1863.	7 4	4 30	5 43	6 55	4 40	5 36	7 14	4 21	5 52
3031	27	Sun.	Utah declar'd in rebellion, 1857.	7 5	4 30	6 46	6 56	4 39	6 37	7 15	4 20	6 57
3032	28	Mo.	Ft. Rosalie massacre, 1728.	7 6	4 29	rises	6 57	4 39	rises	7 16	4 20	rises
3033	29	Tu.	Savannah, Ga., taken, 1778.	7 7	4 29	5 33	6 58	4 39	5 42	7 17	4 19	5 23
3034	30	We.	Battle of Franklin, Tenn., 1863.	7 8	4 29	6 30	6 59	4 39	6 38	7 18	4 19	6 20

12th MONTH.

DECEMBER.

31 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY MO.	DAY OF WEEK.	December, from <i>Decem</i> (ten), the Roman Calendar terming it the tenth month.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N. Y., Pa., S. Wis., S. Mich., N. Ill., Ind., O.			St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.			St. Paul, N. E. Wis. and Mich., N. E. New York, Minn., Or.		
				Sun. rises.	Sun. sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun. rises.	Sun. sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun. rises.	Sun. sets.	Moon R. & S.
AMERICAN HISTORY.												
335	1	Th.	Habeas corp. re-established, 1865.	7 9	4 29	7 27	7 0	4 30	7 34	7 19	4 18	7 19
336	2	Fri.	Execution John Brown, 1859.	7 10	4 29	8 25	7 1	4 30	8 34	7 20	4 18	8 21
337	3	Sat.	Revolutionary army dies, 1783.	7 11	4 29	9 28	7 2	4 30	9 33	7 22	4 18	9 23
338	4	Sun.	Senate exp'ls Breck'nridge, 1861.	7 12	4 29	10 32	7 3	4 30	10 35	7 23	4 17	10 26
339	5	Mo.	Worcester, Mass., taken, 1783.	7 13	4 29	11 35	7 4	4 30	11 36	7 25	4 17	11 34
340	6	Tu.	Anti-slavery soc. org., 1833.	7 14	4 29	morn	7 5	4 30	morn	7 26	4 17	morn
341	7	We.	Bat. Prairie Grove, Ark., 1862.	7 15	4 29	0 37	7 6	4 30	0 36	7 27	4 17	0 38
342	8	Th.	British take N'port, R. I., 1776.	7 16	4 29	1 43	7 6	4 30	1 39	7 28	4 17	1 45
343	9	Fri.	Battle of Great Bridge, 1775.	7 17	4 29	2 53	7 7	4 30	2 48	7 29	4 17	2 59
344	10	Sat.	Savannah besieged, 1864.	7 18	4 29	4 0	7 8	4 30	3 59	7 30	4 17	4 15
345	11	Sun.	Burnside crosses the Rapp'nock, 1862.	7 19	4 29	5 25	7 9	4 30	5 14	7 31	4 17	5 23
346	12	Mo.	Battle Franklin, Tenn., 1862.	7 20	4 29	6 35	7 10	4 30	6 26	7 32	4 17	6 47
347	13	Tu.	Ft. McAllister taken, 1864.	7 21	4 29	sets	7 10	4 30	sets	7 32	4 17	sets
348	14	We.	Kan.-Neb. bill submitted, 1873.	7 22	4 29	5 52	7 11	4 30	5 59	7 33	4 18	5 42
349	15	Th.	Hartford convent n'g met's, 1814.	7 23	4 30	7 11	7 12	4 40	7 17	7 34	4 18	7 3
350	16	Fri.	Boston "tea party," 1773.	7 23	4 30	8 29	7 12	4 40	8 35	7 35	4 18	8 24
351	17	Sat.	Battle Goldsboro, N. C., 1863.	7 24	4 30	9 47	7 13	4 40	9 51	7 35	4 18	9 46
352	18	Sun.	Battle Mississinewa, Ind., 1812.	7 24	4 30	11 4	7 13	4 40	11 4	7 36	4 19	11 4
353	19	Mo.	Am. army at Vail's Fort's, 1777.	7 25	4 30	morn	7 14	4 41	morn	7 36	4 19	morn
354	20	Tu.	Battle Dranesville, Va., 1861.	7 25	4 31	0 11	7 14	4 41	0 9	7 37	4 19	0 13
355	21	We.	Sherm'n reaches Savannah, 1864.	7 26	4 31	1 21	7 15	4 42	1 17	7 38	4 20	1 26
356	22	Th.	The embargo act passed, 1807.	7 26	4 32	2 30	7 15	4 42	2 24	7 38	4 20	2 38
357	23	Fri.	Washington resigns, 1783.	7 26	4 32	3 35	7 16	4 43	3 28	7 39	4 21	3 44
358	24	Sat.	Treaty of Ghent, 1814.	7 27	4 32	4 37	7 16	4 44	4 30	7 39	4 21	4 46
359	25	Sun.	Amnesty proclaimed, 1868.	7 27	4 33	5 37	7 17	4 44	5 28	7 40	4 22	5 48
360	26	Mo.	Battle of Trenton, 1776.	7 27	4 34	6 32	7 17	4 45	6 23	7 40	4 23	6 44
361	27	Tu.	Washington made dictat'r, 1776.	7 28	4 34	rises	7 18	4 45	rises	7 40	4 24	rises
362	28	We.	Mason and Slidell sur., 1863.	7 28	4 35	5 18	7 18	4 46	5 26	7 40	4 24	5 10
363	29	Th.	Battle Mossy Crek, Tenn., 1863.	7 28	4 36	6 18	7 18	4 46	6 26	7 40	4 25	6 12
364	30	Fri.	Mexican Gadsden cession, 1853.	7 29	4 37	7 19	7 19	4 48	7 24	7 40	4 26	7 13
365	31	Sat.	Battle of Quebec, 1775.	7 29	4 38	8 21	7 19	4 48	8 25	7 40	4 27	8 17

# A Ready-Reference Calendar

11

For ascertaining any day of the week for any given time within two hundred years from the introduction of the New Style, 1752\* to 1952 inclusive.

## YEARS 1753 TO 1952.

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1761 1767 1778 1789 1796	4	7	7	3	5	1	3	6	2	4	7	2
1801 1807 1818 1829 1836	5	1	1	4	6	2	4	7	3	5	1	9
1762 1773 1779 1790 1802	5	1	1	4	6	2	4	7	3	5	1	9
1803 1814 1825 1831 1842	6	2	2	5	7	3	5	1	4	6	2	4
1754 1765 1771 1782 1793 1799	2	5	5	1	3	6	1	4	7	2	5	7
1805 1811 1822 1833 1839 1840	3	6	6	2	4	7	2	5	1	3	6	1
1755 1766 1777 1783 1794 1800	3	6	6	2	4	7	2	5	1	3	6	1
1806 1817 1823 1834 1845 1851	7	3	3	6	1	4	6	2	5	7	3	5
1756 1769 1775 1786 1797 1803	7	3	3	6	1	4	6	2	5	7	3	5
1809 1815 1826 1837 1843 1854	1	4	4	7	2	5	7	3	6	1	4	6
1758 1769 1770 1781 1787 1798	1	4	4	7	2	5	7	3	6	1	4	6
1810 1821 1827 1838 1849 1855	2	5	5	1	3	6	1	4	7	2	5	7
1807 1818 1829 1835 1846 1852	2	5	5	1	3	6	1	4	7	2	5	7
1853 1859 1870 1881 1887 1898	3	6	6	2	4	7	2	5	1	3	6	1
1860 1871 1882 1893 1899 1900	3	6	6	2	4	7	2	5	1	3	6	1
1861 1907 1918 1929 1935 1946	4	7	7	3	5	1	3	6	2	4	7	2
1862 1868 1879 1890 1896 1907	5	1	1	4	6	2	4	7	3	5	1	9
1863 1869 1909 1915 1926 1937	5	1	1	4	6	2	4	7	3	5	1	9
1864 1870 1921 1927 1938 1949	6	2	2	5	7	3	5	1	4	6	2	4
1865 1870 1921 1927 1938 1949	6	2	2	5	7	3	5	1	4	6	2	4
1866 1871 1922 1933 1939 1950	7	3	3	6	1	4	6	2	5	7	3	5
1867 1872 1923 1934 1940 1951	7	3	3	6	1	4	6	2	5	7	3	5
1868 1873 1924 1935 1941 1952	1	4	4	7	2	5	7	3	6	1	4	6
1869 1874 1925 1936 1942 1953	1	4	4	7	2	5	7	3	6	1	4	6

## LEAP YEARS.

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1764 1769 1804 1822 1840 1888 1928	7	3	4	7	2	5	7	3	6	1	4	6
1768 1796 1808 1836 1864 1892 1904 1932	5	1	2	5	7	3	5	1	4	6	2	4
1772 1812 1840 1868 1896 1908 1936	3	6	7	3	5	1	3	6	2	4	7	2
1776 1816 1844 1872 1902 1916 1940	1	4	5	1	3	6	1	4	7	2	5	7
1780 1820 1848 1876 1906 1920 1944	6	2	3	6	1	4	6	2	5	7	3	5
1786 1794 1824 1852 1880 1920 1948	4	7	1	4	6	2	4	7	3	5	1	3
1790 1798 1828 1856 1884 1924 1952	2	5	6	2	4	7	2	5	1	3	6	1

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Monday... 1	Tuesday... 2	Wednesday... 3	Thursday... 4	Friday... 5	Saturday... 6	Sunday... 7
Tuesday... 2	Wednesday... 3	Thursday... 4	Friday... 5	Saturday... 6	Sunday... 7	Monday... 8
Wednesday... 3	Thursday... 4	Friday... 5	Saturday... 6	Sunday... 7	Monday... 8	Tuesday... 9
Thursday... 4	Friday... 5	Saturday... 6	Sunday... 7	Monday... 8	Tuesday... 9	Wednesday... 10
Friday... 5	Saturday... 6	Sunday... 7	Monday... 8	Tuesday... 9	Wednesday... 10	Thursday... 11
Saturday... 6	Sunday... 7	Monday... 8	Tuesday... 9	Wednesday... 10	Thursday... 11	Friday... 12
Sunday... 7	Monday... 8	Tuesday... 9	Wednesday... 10	Thursday... 11	Friday... 12	Saturday... 13
Monday... 8	Tuesday... 9	Wednesday... 10	Thursday... 11	Friday... 12	Saturday... 13	Sunday... 14
Tuesday... 9	Wednesday... 10	Thursday... 11	Friday... 12	Saturday... 13	Sunday... 14	Monday... 15
Wednesday... 10	Thursday... 11	Friday... 12	Saturday... 13	Sunday... 14	Monday... 15	Tuesday... 16
Thursday... 11	Friday... 12	Saturday... 13	Sunday... 14	Monday... 15	Tuesday... 16	Wednesday... 17
Friday... 12	Saturday... 13	Sunday... 14	Monday... 15	Tuesday... 16	Wednesday... 17	Thursday... 18
Saturday... 13	Sunday... 14	Monday... 15	Tuesday... 16	Wednesday... 17	Thursday... 18	Friday... 19
Sunday... 14	Monday... 15	Tuesday... 16	Wednesday... 17	Thursday... 18	Friday... 19	Saturday... 20
Monday... 15	Tuesday... 16	Wednesday... 17	Thursday... 18	Friday... 19	Saturday... 20	Sunday... 21
Tuesday... 16	Wednesday... 17	Thursday... 18	Friday... 19	Saturday... 20	Sunday... 21	Monday... 22
Wednesday... 17	Thursday... 18	Friday... 19	Saturday... 20	Sunday... 21	Monday... 22	Tuesday... 23
Thursday... 18	Friday... 19	Saturday... 20	Sunday... 21	Monday... 22	Tuesday... 23	Wednesday... 24
Friday... 19	Saturday... 20	Sunday... 21	Monday... 22	Tuesday... 23	Wednesday... 24	Thursday... 25
Saturday... 20	Sunday... 21	Monday... 22	Tuesday... 23	Wednesday... 24	Thursday... 25	Friday... 26
Sunday... 21	Monday... 22	Tuesday... 23	Wednesday... 24	Thursday... 25	Friday... 26	Saturday... 27
Monday... 22	Tuesday... 23	Wednesday... 24	Thursday... 25	Friday... 26	Saturday... 27	Sunday... 28
Tuesday... 23	Wednesday... 24	Thursday... 25	Friday... 26	Saturday... 27	Sunday... 28	Monday... 29
Wednesday... 24	Thursday... 25	Friday... 26	Saturday... 27	Sunday... 28	Monday... 29	Tuesday... 30
Thursday... 25	Friday... 26	Saturday... 27	Sunday... 28	Monday... 29	Tuesday... 30	Wednesday... 31
Friday... 26	Saturday... 27	Sunday... 28	Monday... 29	Tuesday... 30	Wednesday... 31	Thursday... 31
Saturday... 27	Sunday... 28	Monday... 29	Tuesday... 30	Wednesday... 31	Thursday... 31	Friday... 31
Sunday... 28	Monday... 29	Tuesday... 30	Wednesday... 31	Thursday... 31	Friday... 31	Saturday... 31
Monday... 29	Tuesday... 30	Wednesday... 31	Thursday... 31	Friday... 31	Saturday... 31	Sunday... 31
Tuesday... 30	Wednesday... 31	Thursday... 31	Friday... 31	Saturday... 31	Sunday... 31	Monday... 31
Wednesday... 31	Thursday... 31	Friday... 31	Saturday... 31	Sunday... 31	Monday... 31	Tuesday... 31

NOTE.—To ascertain any day of the week first look in the table for the year required and under the months are figures which refer to the corresponding figures at the head of the columns of days below. For Example: To know on what day of the week July 4 was in the year 1835, in the table of years look for 1835, and in a parallel line, under July, is figure 1, which directs to column 1, in which it will be seen that July 4 falls on Thursday.

\*1752 same as 1753 from Jan. 1 to Sept. 2. From Sept. 14 to Dec. 31 same as 1750 (Sept. 3-13 were omitted).—This Calendar is from Whitaker's London Almanack, with some revisions.

**IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE, WITH RATE OF DUTY.**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, compared with the corresponding period of 1895.  
[Abbreviation: n. e. s., not elsewhere specified.]

NOTE.—The new arrangement, combining free and dutiable, is made to conform to the tariff classification which took effect Aug. 28, 1891.

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIALE.	1896.		1897.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Agricultural implements..... free.....		\$6,922		\$11,469	
Animals (No.)—Cattle..... free.....		734	16,091	204	24,300
Do..... dut.....	217,084	1,494,765	328,773	2,545,437	20%
Horses..... free.....		1,070	210,081	699	97,059
Do..... dut.....		8,921	452,510	6,299	367,750
Sheep..... free.....		3,950	42,818	2,382	32,640
Do..... dut.....	318,742	810,882	403,251	987,028	20%
All other, including fowls..... free.....		159,087		146,438	
Do..... dut.....		68,413		64,744	20%
Total..... free.....		426,107		300,496	
Do..... dut.....		2,826,370		3,935,018	
Horses (free, No.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	74	82,281	16	20,754	
British North America.....	927	79,467	649	68,639	
Other countries.....	69	48,833	37	7,665	
Total.....	1,070	210,081	699	97,059	
Horses (dut., No.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	48	9,792	16	10,391	
British North America.....	6,511	420,900	4,777	342,720	
Other countries.....	2,802	22,418	1,506	14,639	
Total.....	8,921	452,510	6,299	367,750	
Antimony ore, and regulus or metal..... free..... lbs.	4,087,425	214,290	4,464,608	201,953	
Articles, the growth, product and manufacture of the U. S., returned, n. e. s..... free.....		3,434,790		3,370,047	
Art works..... free.....		4,819,840		4,424,086	
Do..... dut.....				575	15%
Art Works (free)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		1,271,135		1,186,569	
France.....		2,401,258		2,448,713	
Germany.....		271,499		228,024	
Italy.....		299,952		301,083	
Other Europe.....		237,200		156,133	
British North America.....		316,588		98,948	
Other countries.....		22,198		14,568	
Total.....		4,819,840		4,424,086	
Asphaltum or bitumen, crude..... free, tons	83,165	242,704	122,122	386,554	
Bark, hemlock..... free, c'rds	43,966	214,952	28,963	133,061	
Bolting cloths..... free.....		207,461		212,395	
Books, music, maps, engravings, etc..... free.....		2,015,404		1,800,478	
Do..... dut.....		1,477,007		1,373,230	25%
Books, etc. (free)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		772,853		737,795	
France.....		290,430		195,098	
Germany.....		695,317		656,927	
Other Europe.....		161,489		161,974	
British North America.....		84,884		35,675	
Other countries.....		90,230		19,007	
Total.....		2,015,404		1,806,476	
Books, etc. (dut.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		999,593		915,398	
France.....		64,784		52,312	
Germany.....		306,211		295,643	
Other Europe.....		54,413		41,400	
British North America.....		25,232		23,656	
China.....		1,635		2,545	
Japan.....		22,341		38,554	
Other countries.....		4,395		8,727	
Total.....		1,477,007		1,373,230	85%
Brass, and manufactures of..... dut.....		159,840		147,130	
Breadstuffs—Barley..... dut., bu.	837,394	817,209	1,271,787	394,749	30%
Corn..... dut., bu.	4,539	1,877	6,294	2,070	20%
Oats..... dut., bu.	47,506	18,039	40,469	12,071	20%
Oatmeal..... dut., lbs.	343,732	19,389	1,526,469	32,741	15%
Rye..... dut., bu.	164	691	72	150	20%
Wheat..... dut., bu.	2,110,030	1,398,161	1,534,117	1,178,337	24%
Wheat flour..... dut., brls.	1,394	6,848	2,250	9,914	20%

## IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

13

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1896.		1897.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
All other, and preparations of, etc., free.....		\$257.57		\$219,635	
Do.....dut.....		778,126		897,075	20%
Total.....		2,780,814		2,774,763	
Bristles (lbs.)—Crude, not sorted, bunched or prepared.....free.....	726	1,670	690	385	
Sorted, bunched or prepared.....dut.....	1,571,804	1,433,728	1,347,270	1,216,794	7½c lb.
Total.....	1,572,530	1,435,398	1,347,960	1,217,179	
Brushes.....dut.....		753,928		782,102	35%
Buttons and button forms.....dut.....		1,433,910		950,061	10%
Cement, Roman, Portland, etc.....dut..lbs.	119,668,663	3,839,321	109,100,896	2,972,350	8c 100 lbs.
Cement (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	298,807,918	978,390	184,277,053	596,195	
Belgium.....	298,324,633	780,003	255,812,102	749,174	
France.....	10,655,697	45,753	12,818,762	37,467	
Germany.....	548,763,385	1,808,944	464,362,060	1,517,232	
Other Europe.....	38,673,514	194,466	15,788,493	56,966	
British North America.....	4,683,511	19,008	2,749,425	11,451	
Other countries.....	420,000	1,781	802,011	8,372	
Total.....	119,668,663	3,839,321	109,100,896	2,972,350	
Chemicals, Drugs and Dyes—Alizarin and alizarin colors or dyes, etc.....free..lbs.	6,152,776	994,280	6,148,266	1,022,970	
Argal, or argol, or crude tartar.....free..lbs.	26,481,665	2,724,730	23,457,576	1,952,332	
Barks, cinchona, or other, etc.....free..lbs.	2,069,730	165,189	2,532,498	142,512	
Coal-tar colors and dyes.....dut.....		8,075,915		3,196,478	25%
Cochineal.....free..lbs.	161,330	50,968	142,261	41,948	
Dyewoods—Logwood.....free..tons	65,756	1,516,855	33,392	611,010	
All other.....free.....		114,978		119,716	
Extracts and decoctions of.....dut..lbs.	4,899,111	282,689	5,562,261	281,898	10%
Total.....		1,914,522		1,015,594	
Logwood (tons)—Imported from—					
Central America.....	346	8,832	336	7,535	
Mexico.....	1,510	42,754	1,219	32,694	
British West Indies.....	24,238	554,174	7,928	144,740	
Cuba.....	622	28,658			
Other West Indies.....	27,003	398,015	23,241	411,254	
Other countries.....	745	16,422	635	11,697	
Total.....	65,756	1,516,855	33,392	611,010	
Dyewoods, Extracts of (lbs.)—Imp. from—					
United Kingdom.....	1,318,866	75,290	923,897	55,772	
France.....	1,782,040	110,096	1,571,717	90,123	
Germany.....	1,000,310	44,817	1,946,394	63,850	
Switzerland.....	809,727	81,114	557,200	44,112	
Other countries.....	438,129	21,432	563,091	22,011	
Total.....	4,899,111	282,689	5,562,261	281,898	
Glycerin.....dut..lbs.	21,158,829	1,472,302	12,717,068	1,182,069	¼-4½c lb.
Gums (free, lbs.)—Arabic.....	1,550,623	169,300	686,670	85,807	
Camphor, crude.....	945,629	328,457	1,493,601	332,748	
Gambier, or terra japonica.....	22,338,364	1,108,611	31,349,545	969,501	
Shellac.....	6,056,957	1,210,802	7,151,459	1,082,401	
All other.....		4,108,333		8,294,790	
Total.....		6,922,111		6,755,247	
Indigo.....free..lbs.	3,340,001	1,673,170	3,522,076	1,686,641	
Licorice root.....free..lbs.	87,123,461	1,401,749	62,370,337	1,022,660	
Lime, chloride of, or bleaching powder.....free..lbs.	104,053,377	1,579,358	99,274,138	1,375,590	
Mineral waters, all not artificial.....free.gals.	2,190,567	543,744	2,449,334	682,947	
Opium (lbs.) crude or unmanufactured.....free.....	865,514	693,347	1,072,914	2,181,727	
Prepared for smoking, and other, etc. dut.....	98,745	785,134	157,051	1,132,951	86 a lb
Opium, Crude (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	49,196	125,579	175,022	393,579	
Other Europe.....	129,795	253,787	291,750	602,219	
Asia and Oceania.....	186,193	303,539	606,142	1,188,949	
Other countries.....	856	445			
Total.....	385,514	689,347	1,072,914	2,181,727	
Opium, Prepared (lbs.)—Imported from—					
China.....	97,696	729,196	162,684	1,113,310	
Other countries.....	1,047	5,938	4,377	19,551	
Total.....	98,745	735,134	157,051	1,132,951	
Potash (free, lbs.)—Chlorate of.....	5,517,918	453,900	5,985,212	458,006	
Muriate of.....	87,541,770	1,890,939	89,540,418	1,400,608	
Nitrate of, or saltpeter, crude.....	14,758,974	289,524	19,719,876	406,781	
All other.....	31,016,176	802,840	25,888,028	632,208	
Total.....	138,884,963	3,027,302	141,108,639	2,899,602	

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1896.		1897.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Soda—Caustic.....dwt. lbs.	61,713,044	\$1,071,169	66,476,152	\$1,147,769	1½c lb.
Nitrate of.....free. tons	127,557	8,570,734	53,331	2,640,383	
Sol soda.....dwt. lbs.	17,938,969	54,423	18,875,029	52,695	½c lb.
Soda ash.....dwt. lbs.	251,067,856	1,950,981	162,585,074	1,241,331	½c lb.
All other salts of.....dwt. lbs.	9,080,367	149,248	8,919,389	67,084	½c lb.
Total.....		7,126,545		5,179,852	
Quinia, sulphate of, etc.....free. oz.	3,839,818	796,887	3,517,844	642,945	
Sulphur, or brimstone, crude.....free. tons	150,487	1,930,243	130,138	2,183,007	
Sumac, ground.....dwt. lbs.	14,432,041	232,570	15,698,636	248,018	10%
Vanilla beans.....free. lbs.	285,763	1,013,708	165,001	884,863	
All other.....free.....		5,530,717		5,594,434	
Do.....dwt. lbs.		4,728,967		5,057,049	10%
Total chemicals, drugs & dyes } free.....		34,582,468		31,408,867	
Chicory root, raw, unground.....free. lbs.	15,941,955	210,228	16,930,162	232,494	
Clays or earths of all kinds.....dwt. tons	102,094	736,567	99,455	689,456	\$1 ton.
Clocks and Watches and Parts of (dwt.)—		524,322		448,600	25%
Clocks and parts of.....		1,098,900		1,118,394	25%
Watches, and watch materials, etc.....dwt. tons	1,245,835	3,559,283	1,233,829	3,510,945	40c ton
Coal, bituminous.....dwt. tons					
Coal, Bituminous (tons)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	75,129	213,890	54,474	150,919	
Other Europe.....	639	1,598	1,346	3,972	
British North America.....	790,649	2,630,821	898,835	2,641,415	
Mexico.....	72,055	146,813	99,790	218,456	
Japan.....	5,186	10,899	1,575	3,908	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	299,994	554,827	261,949	608,040	
Other countries.....	232	505	4,901	14,137	
Total.....	1,245,835	3,559,283	1,233,829	3,540,848	
Cocoa, or cacao, crude, etc.....free. lbs.	23,376,597	2,387,078	31,406,612	2,997,866	
Cocoa, Etc. (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	1,994,816	237,298	2,095,693	352,286	
Netherlands.....	782,794	101,072	1,074,193	130,149	
Other Europe.....	45,779	5,910	270,384	31,981	
Central America.....	15,084	1,499	2,150	309	
British West Indies.....	7,527,024	767,351	11,498,956	1,077,278	
Other West Indies.....	699,478	54,221	796,134	76,367	
Brazil.....	3,788,394	865,597	4,330,178	832,620	
Other South America.....	8,417,418	840,000	10,689,194	964,563	
East Indies.....	102,890	11,000	66,333	8,243	
Other countries.....	32,929	2,500	42,915	4,226	
Total.....	23,376,597	2,387,078	31,406,612	2,997,866	
Coffee.....free. lbs.	580,597,915	84,793,124	737,833,838	81,544,384	
Coffee (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	5,571,764	895,843	2,936,666	487,808	
France.....	1,054,725	146,708	496,877	70,108	
Germany.....	2,522,148	879,017	5,636,746	716,993	
Netherlands.....	3,217,603	680,478	2,736,032	507,620	
Other Europe.....	1,808,089	247,494	1,852,439	180,504	
Central America.....	40,318,730	6,763,631	40,938,550	6,038,326	
Mexico.....	22,572,336	3,794,540	28,652,358	4,573,865	
West Indies.....	10,515,951	1,686,138	10,643,133	1,394,722	
Brazil.....	401,833,282	55,082,862	542,837,265	62,762,987	
Other South America.....	68,490,181	10,481,601	80,067,960	11,180,239	
East Indies.....	19,501,901	3,778,875	14,051,884	2,517,982	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	4,074,529	762,426	5,241,732	878,002	
Africa.....	89,869	14,605	44,791	7,250	
Other countries.....	1,016,821	191,356	1,301,326	223,115	
Total.....	580,597,915	84,793,124	737,833,838	81,544,384	
Copper and Manufactures of—					
Ore and regulus.....free. tons	7,977	334,637	3,421	544,988	
Pigs, bars, ingots, etc.....free. lbs.	12,569,417	1,123,083	11,504,282	999,824	
Manufactures of.....dwt. lbs.		72,251		80,514	35%
Total, not including ore.....		1,195,314		1,080,638	
Cork wood, or cork bark, unmanufact'd. free.....		1,208,450		1,323,408	
Cotton and Manufactures of—Unman- ufactured.....free. lbs.	55,350,520	6,578,212	51,898,926	5,884,262	
Cotton, Unmanufact'd (lbs.) Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	9,530,252	1,189,070	12,536,086	1,471,086	
Other Europe.....	28,697	2,471	28,460	2,182	
South America.....	1,687,519	211,439	906,650	98,779	
East Indies.....	9,360	548	58,120	5,448	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	458,271	40,174	254,845	17,788	
Africa (Egypt).....	48,574,768	5,128,256	37,023,249	4,277,618	
Other countries.....	61,663	8,254	115,007	11,402	
Total.....	55,350,520	6,578,212	51,898,926	5,884,262	

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1896.		1897.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Manufactures of (dut.)—Cloth (sq. yds.)—					
Not bleached, dyed, colored, etc.	2,136,637	\$179,364	3,177,241	\$273,654	Various
Bleached, dyed, colored, etc.	41,161,822	4,321,000	35,967,375	4,404,025	Various
Total	43,298,459	5,100,424	39,115,216	4,677,679	
Clothing, ready-made, etc.		2,683,315		2,627,222	Various
Knit Goods—Stockings, hose		8,190,672		5,506,703	Various
Laces, edgings, embroideries		10,878,354		12,573,207	Various
Thread (not on spools), yarn, warps, etc., lbs.	2,431,855	872,067	1,864,217	647,388	Various
All other		6,712,072		8,307,164	Various
Total manufactures		32,457,504		34,429,863	Various
Cloths, Etc. (sq. yd.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom	33,795,027	3,855,141	28,845,397	3,283,173	
France	3,796,533	504,354	4,454,219	582,604	
Germany	2,355,800	265,571	2,741,336	415,101	
Switzerland	3,067,252	352,075	2,989,744	389,232	
Other Europe	25,139	4,420	26,513	3,328	
Japan	204,075	16,028	54,296	3,794	
Other countries	26,236	1,532	3,842	412	
Total	43,298,459	5,100,424	39,115,216	4,677,679	
Other Manuf's of Cotton—Imported from—					
United Kingdom		9,858,789		11,176,712	
Belgium		373,701		420,975	
France		2,745,272		3,102,568	
Germany		7,593,519		8,932,847	
Switzerland		6,100,223		5,592,474	
Other Europe		11,707		77,603	
China		34,407		25,630	
Other Asia and Oceania		102,575		73,681	
Other countries		13,130		21,069	
Total		27,337,080		29,751,684	
Earthen, Stone and China Ware (dut.)—China, porcelain, parian, bisque, etc.—					
Not decorated or ornamented		1,804,425		1,513,474	25¢
Decorated or ornamented		5,311,696		8,087,512	30¢
All other		486,440		376,380	Various
Total		10,602,561		9,977,366	
Earthen, Stone and China Ware—Imported from—United Kingdom		4,894,560		4,010,146	
Austria-Hungary		801,775		638,248	
France		1,623,805		1,655,391	
Germany		2,638,453		3,064,040	
Other Europe		62,230		114,181	
Japan		396,733		445,703	
Other countries		198,296		50,547	
Total		10,602,561		9,977,366	
Eggs..... dut., doz.	947,132	88,082	579,681	47,760	3c doz
Feathers and down, crude, not dressed..... free.		2,395,804		2,332,908	
Feathers and down, natur'l, dressed color'd, dut		859,084		712,610	10¢
Feathers, down, etc., artificial, for millinery use..... dut.		1,851,918		2,138,215	35¢
Fertilizers (free, tons)—Guano	4,873	49,089	7,046	91,582	
Phosphates, crude or native	18,923	134,167	9,361	65,123	
All other		906,320		904,530	
Total		1,106,846		1,111,582	
Fibers, Vegetable, etc., and Manufactures of Unmanufactured (tons)—Flax, and tow of..... free	6,538	1,171,693	7,490	1,256,717	
Flax, hackled..... dut.	1,235	432,705	1,710	641,359	
Hemp, and tow of..... free	8,356	1,046,656	5,006	633,298	
Hemp, hackled..... dut.	94	22,847	24	6,520	1c lb
Isle or Tampico fiber..... free	12,207	717,585	6,313	335,811	
Jute and Jute butts..... free	89,022	2,001,206	68,550	1,640,484	
Manilla..... free	47,244	3,604,585	46,260	3,408,322	
Sisal grass..... free	52,130	3,412,760	63,399	3,844,732	
All other..... free	6,380	240,627	8,734	579,206	
Total unmanufactured..... free	221,803	12,215,062	205,696	11,088,580	
Flax (free and dutiable, tons)—Import'd from—United Kingdom		1,886	696,933	2,389	709,065
Other Europe		4,251	876,576	4,653	777,667
British North America		1,456	216,564	2,739	410,227
Other countries		240	14,352	16	1,017
Total		7,833	1,804,428	9,190	1,897,976

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1896.		1897.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
<b>Jute (tons)—Imported from—United Kingdom</b>	2,626	\$154,699	2,179	\$133,906	
East Indies.....	86,281	1,842,065	62,984	1,447,469	
Other countries.....	86	4,642	3,437	50,114	
<b>Total</b> .....	86,992	2,001,206	68,550	1,640,484	
<b>Manilla (tons)—Imported from—</b>					
United Kingdom.....	10,811	1,040,951	7,085	659,820	
Philippine Islands.....	36,554	2,499,494	38,328	2,701,651	
Other countries.....	849	64,140	649	46,831	
<b>Total</b> .....	47,244	3,604,585	46,262	3,408,322	
<b>Sisal Grass (tons)—Imported from Mexico...</b>	51,167	3,339,180	62,839	3,809,415	
Other countries.....	968	73,580	427	26,317	
<b>Total</b> .....	52,135	3,412,760	63,266	3,834,732	
<b>Manufactures of (lbs.)—Bags for grain, made of burlaps..... free</b>		1,551,855		2,019,866	
Bagging, gunny cloth..... free		67,869		394,419	
Burlaps..... free		6,446,616		9,248,025	
Cables, cordage and twine, n.e.s. dut.	898,938	88,506	126,161	20,373	10%
Coil yarn..... free	4,854,098	104,805	4,702,809	118,329	
Twine, binding..... free	1,847,896	109,160	1,374,347	79,356	
Yarns or threads..... dut.	2,380,617	492,580	1,869,373	617,617	35%
All other..... dut.		19,313,249		20,153,379	Various
<b>Total manufactures</b> .....		27,119,640		32,548,942	
<b>Fish (lbs.)—Fresh—Salmon..... free</b>	1,756,714	180,406	1,848,545	168,106	
Do..... dut.	4,700	251	259	27	30%
All other..... free		1,761,122		1,780,079	
Do..... dut.		178,329		180,308	30%
<b>Cured or Preserved—Anchovies and sardines, etc..... dut.</b>		970,347		902,742	2½@10c bx
Cod, haddock, etc., dried, sm'k'd, etc. dut.	12,253,215	467,056	14,321,139	451,854	¾c lb.
Herring—Dried or smoked..... dut.	5,507,862	14,493	4,567,162	88,985	20%
Pickled or salted..... dut.	31,936,580	1,133,593	25,490,568	396,547	1½c lb.
Mackerel, pickled or salted..... dut.	14,906,234	1,063,476	20,516,579	1,161,616	¾c lb.
Salmon, pickled or salted..... dut.	919,377	63,851	954,194	67,175	¾c lb.
All other..... dut.		442,302		444,406	20%
<b>Total</b> .....		6,323,299		6,108,714	
<b>Fruits, Including Nuts (lbs.)—Bananas, free</b>		4,502,746		4,096,820	
Currents..... free	30,269,466	505,497	77,191	3,449	
Do..... dut.	2,781,380	45,575	29,189,570	662,485	20%
Dates..... dut.	13,680,802	278,456	11,847,278	284,056	
Figs..... dut.	11,900,710	689,512	8,940,762	585,390	1½c lb.
Lemons..... dut.		5,040,344		4,043,822	\$1.50 per M
Oranges..... dut.		2,694,131		2,324,907	\$1.50 per M
Plums and prunes..... dut.	483,668	68,562	710,028	73,303	\$1.50 per M
Raisins..... dut.	10,826,094	480,200	12,660,566	567,039	\$1.50 per M
Prepared or preserved fruits..... dut.		598,928		606,053	30%
All other fruits..... free		796,802		672,549	
Do..... dut.		1,331,254		1,138,256	
<b>Total fruits</b> .....		16,957,307		14,926,771	
<b>Bananas—Imported from—</b>					
British North America.....	97,363		91,684		
Central American States.....	1,542,576		1,506,866		
British West Indies.....	1,224,783		1,568,488		
Cuba.....	929,866		147,135		
South America.....	600,614		679,180		
Hawaiian Islands.....	75,822		68,774		
Other countries.....	31,823		29,207		
<b>Total</b> .....	4,502,746		4,096,820		
<b>Lemons—Imported from—Italy.....</b>		4,792,215		8,881,137	
British North America.....		101,228		153,415	
Other countries.....		146,901		59,270	
<b>Total</b> .....		5,040,344		4,043,822	
<b>Oranges—Imported from—United Kingdom.....</b>		527,506		519,517	
Italy.....		1,149,640		967,193	
Mexico.....		212,913		253,540	
British West Indies.....		655,523		73,306	
Cuba.....		66,878		8,780	
Japan.....		3,716		11,788	
Other countries.....		85,966		97,483	
<b>Total</b> .....		2,694,131		2,324,907	
<b>Nuts (dut.)—Almonds.....</b>	7,789,631	763,594	9,644,338	890,363	.3 to 5c lb.
Cocconuts.....		442,739		471,897	20%
All other.....		868,799		848,511	20%
<b>Total fruits and nuts</b> .....		19,032,433		17,126,933	

## IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

17

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1896.		1897.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Furs—Fur skins, undressed; and dressed, suitable only for hatters' furs..... free.....		\$3,545,700		\$3,988,929	2%
Manufactures of..... dut.....		5,757,698		3,076,125	10%
<b>Fur Skins, etc.—Imported from—</b>					
United Kingdom.....	1,136,098		826,162		
France.....	576,513		862,147		
Germany.....	824,516		915,977		
Other Europe.....	41,266		74,586		
British North America.....	392,270		239,710		
South America.....	56,402		16,428		
Japan.....	26,878		2,806		
Other countries.....	591,707		501,128		
<b>Total</b> .....	<b>3,545,700</b>		<b>2,988,929</b>		
<b>Furs—Manufactures of—Imported from—</b>					
United Kingdom.....		2,113,920		1,076,482	
Belgium.....		367,208		180,815	
France.....		1,561,612		917,469	
Germany.....		1,119,759		752,261	
Other Europe.....		17,788		13,999	
China.....		503,259		110,967	
Other countries.....		54,307		24,111	
<b>Total</b> .....		<b>5,757,698</b>		<b>3,076,125</b>	
<b>Glass and Glassware (dut.)—Bottles, etc., empty or filled.....</b>					Various
Cylinder, crown, etc., unpolished..... lbs.	53,182,301	892,101	55,961,818	600,208	Various
Cylinder and crown glass, polished (sq. feet)—unsilvered.....		1,067,909		1,181,696	Various
Silvered.....	749,422	190,704	1,232,849	301,412	Various
Plate glass (sq. ft.)—Fluted, rolled or rough.....	3,329,658	1,163,321	2,632,012	772,236	Various
Cast, polished, unsilvered.....	406,786	23,496	430,119	18,245	Various
Cast, polished, silvered.....	3,339,301	773,250	1,099,786	285,486	Various
All other.....	77,788	54,119	57,989	21,870	Various
<b>Total</b> .....		<b>3,806,812</b>		<b>2,338,514</b>	
<b>Glass—Cylinder, etc. (lbs.)—Imported from—</b>					
United Kingdom.....	3,209,604	167,455	3,633,010	181,863	
Belgium.....	49,101,675	869,879	51,501,609	962,910	
France.....	533,174	14,906	542,406	22,318	
Germany.....	333,779	25,639	337,178	23,228	
Other Europe.....			2,254	77	
Other countries.....	4,069	220	42,982	1,300	
<b>Total</b> .....	<b>53,182,301</b>	<b>1,067,909</b>	<b>55,961,818</b>	<b>1,181,696</b>	
<b>Grease and tallow..... free.....</b>		1,180,308		976,306	
<b>Hair—Unmanufactured..... free.....</b>		1,244,077		1,330,632	Various
<b>Manufactures of..... dut.....</b>		897,736		721,572	
<b>Total</b> .....		<b>2,141,813</b>		<b>2,052,204</b>	
<b>Hats, Bonnets and Hoods—Materials for, etc..... free.....</b>		2,789,998		1,890,735	
<b>Hay..... dut. tons.</b>	302,652	2,773,556	119,842	1,030,497	\$2 a ton
<b>Hides and Skins, Other than Fur Skins (free, lbs.)—Goatskins.....</b>	46,747,029	10,304,396	49,988,020	11,328,162	
<b>All other.....</b>	163,650,952	30,315,732	156,232,324	16,534,964	
<b>Total</b> .....	<b>210,398,011</b>	<b>40,520,177</b>	<b>206,100,344</b>	<b>27,863,026</b>	
<b>Hides and Skins (lbs.)—Imported from—</b>					
United Kingdom.....	29,531,308	3,392,816	37,427,185	4,599,932	
France.....	7,947,997	1,422,676	9,873,797	1,742,890	
Germany.....	7,869,488	1,216,877	6,771,846	1,279,417	
Other Europe.....	13,767,648	2,301,399	13,897,920	2,092,963	
British North America.....	16,791,455	1,186,064	21,467,734	1,555,348	
Central American States.....	1,789,799	240,049	1,823,941	238,429	
Mexico.....	9,983,715	1,518,862	13,744,511	1,827,615	
West Indies.....	3,360,352	343,096	10,105,872	815,490	
South America.....	73,673,915	12,556,489	61,062,241	9,245,180	
East Indies.....	13,522,109	2,562,302	12,423,674	744,397	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	10,142,837	1,795,968	6,250,167	1,154,132	
Africa.....	4,835,463	773,241	4,501,217	639,744	
Other countries.....	5,300,600	631,008	7,268,709	996,159	
<b>Total</b> .....	<b>210,398,011</b>	<b>40,520,177</b>	<b>206,100,344</b>	<b>27,863,026</b>	
<b>Hops..... dut. lbs.</b>		600,419	3,017,821	629,967	\$c lb
<b>Household and personal effects, etc..... free.....</b>		2,586,749		2,437,713	
<b>India rubber &amp; gutta-percha, &amp; manufactures of—Unmanufactured (free, lbs.)—Gutta-percha.....</b>	3,843,854	178,518	1,117,065	100,187	
<b>India rubber.....</b>	36,774,460	16,908,020	36,574,449	17,467,976	
<b>Total unmanufactured.....</b>	<b>40,618,314</b>	<b>16,781,538</b>	<b>36,692,114</b>	<b>17,568,163</b>	

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1896.		1897.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
<b>India rubber, Crude (lbs.)—Imported from—</b>					
United Kingdom.....	7,539,267	\$3,607,326	6,987,119	\$3,265,497	
Germany.....	1,024,911	396,187	998,035	369,760	
Other Europe.....	2,639,514	1,172,898	2,760,543	1,225,755	
Central America.....	1,151,278	463,649	1,078,949	446,314	
Mexico.....	124,343	41,482	106,871	32,675	
West Indies.....	20,669	8,714	47,116	15,162	
Brazil.....	22,094,873	10,225,825	21,856,028	11,400,981	
Other South America.....	1,537,028	564,589	1,284,615	462,371	
East Indies.....	621,542	118,508	491,056	185,277	
Africa.....	15,938	6,820	4,780	1,614	
Other countries.....	15,097	6,008	11,757	3,730	
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>36,774,460</b>	<b>16,608,020</b>	<b>35,574,449</b>	<b>17,457,976</b>	
<b>Manufactures of (dut.)—</b>					
Gutta-percha.....		85,231		97,194	
India rubber.....		294,228		297,953	
<b>Total manufactures.....</b>		<b>379,459</b>		<b>395,147</b>	
<b>Iron and Steel and Manufactures of—Iron ore.....</b>	<b>776,283</b>	<b>1,220,612</b>	<b>543,241</b>	<b>778,064</b>	<b>40c a ton</b>
Pig iron.....	88,125	2,081,437	22,159	520,745	34 a ton
Scrap iron and steel, etc.....	10,747	155,619	3,410	72,258	34 a ton
Bar iron, rolled or hammered.....	48,901,719	861,508	30,148,571	598,382	Various
Bars, railway, of iron or steel.....	1,056	21,693	7,777	205,054	Various
Hoop, band or scroll.....	86,839	6,659	5,694	1,930	Various
Ingot, b'ron, s'bs, bl'ts, of steel, etc., dut.....	68,861,968	1,945,150	89,560,628	1,554,435	Various
Sheet, plate and tangers iron or steel, dut.....	22,547,320	490,256	9,568,236	225,410	Various
Ties for balling cotton.....	7,907,420	102,327	16,265,506	239,496	Various
Tin plates, tinned plates and tag.....					
Wire rods.....	385,128,993	8,960,656	220,073,688	5,344,638	11 b.
Wire rods.....	60,174,602	1,098,765	33,133,178	683,803	Various
Wire, and articles made from.....	10,565,666	616,976	6,228,110	389,462	Various
Manufactures—Anvils.....	1,048,904	63,811	733,482	44,781	15c lb
Chains.....	1,007,042	104,859	603,481	52,695	Various
Cutlery.....		2,155,288		2,389,953	Various
Files, file blanks, rasps and floats.....		64,226		47,407	Various
Firearms.....		617,235		758,112	25 to 30%
Needles, hand sewing and darning.....		812,238		808,754	25%
Machinery.....		2,816,729		1,389,583	35%
Shotgun barrels, forged, rough-bored.....		89,246		83,089	
All other.....		2,850,857		1,389,623	35%
<b>Total, not including ore.....</b>		<b>25,338,103</b>		<b>16,096,681</b>	
<b>Tin Plates, etc. (lbs.)—Imported from—</b>					
United Kingdom.....	383,720,690	8,911,238	229,208,496	5,820,226	
British North America.....	1,255,814	35,499	864,225	24,361	
Other countries.....	162,509	3,918	963	39	
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>385,139,013</b>	<b>8,950,656</b>	<b>230,073,688</b>	<b>5,844,638</b>	
<b>Ivory (free, lbs.)—Animal.....</b>	<b>493,461</b>	<b>538,947</b>	<b>173,490</b>	<b>452,461</b>	
Vegetable.....	8,052,275	80,542	4,445,100	44,618	
<b>Jewelry, manufactures of gold and silver, and precious stones—Diamonds, n. e. s., not set.....</b>				<b>1,935,986</b>	
Precious stones, rough or uncut, etc., free.....		112,888		47,966	
Jewelry, and manufactures of gold and silver.....		1,123,338		886,909	35%
Other precious stones, and imitations of, not set.....		6,568,627		686,789	35%
<b>Precious stones, etc. (free)—Imported from—</b>					
United Kingdom.....		44,597		6,502	
France.....		1,777		1,303	
Netherlands.....		16,983		1,643	
Other Europe.....		49,170		36,785	
Brazil.....				2,318	
Other countries.....		1,381		3	
<b>Total.....</b>		<b>112,888</b>		<b>47,965</b>	
<b>Jewelry, and other precious stones, etc. (dut.)—Imported from—United Kingdom.....</b>		<b>2,501,463</b>		<b>797,519</b>	
France.....		1,764,029		1,074,729	
Germany.....		419,108		319,412	
Netherlands.....		1,516,114		560,571	
Other Europe.....		1,458,238		707,059	
British North America.....		20,117		4,378	
Mexico.....		29,785		3,737	
East Indies.....		297		3,542	
Other countries.....		12,104		8,796	
<b>Total.....</b>		<b>7,721,855</b>		<b>3,509,713</b>	

## IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

19

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1896.		1897.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Lead, and Manufactures of (dut.)—Pigs, bars, old and other in ore..... lbs.	187,522,267	\$2,433,234	168,908,300	\$1,943,700	
Manufactures of.....		14,341		4,525	
Lead, pigs, bars, etc. (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	5,063,457	125,573	1,008,485	32,506	
Germany.....	1,113,148	25,151			
Other Europe.....	28,968,065	533,545	222,169	4,324	
British North America.....	20,073,250	395,730	26,671,077	485,067	
Mexico.....	135,965,897	1,947,540	139,548,154	1,456,320	
Other countries.....	1,333,400	14,397	1,288,315	15,466	
Total.....	187,522,267	2,433,234	168,908,300	1,943,700	
Leather, and Manufactures of—Leather (dut.)					
Bend or belting and sole leather.....		71,702		157,128	10%
Calfskins, tanned, etc.....		498,051		53,395	30%
Skins for morocco.....		3,145,989		3,716,259	10%
Upper leather and skins, dressed, etc.....		2,894,303		2,410,932	30%
Total leather.....		6,068,005		6,337,644	
Manufactures of (dut.)—Gloves, of kid or other leather.....		6,768,082		6,496,813	Various
All other.....		599,055		458,694	Various
Total manufactures.....		7,367,137		6,945,507	
Gloves—Imported from—					
Belgium.....		422,677		372,094	
France.....		2,496,241		2,271,690	
Germany.....		2,861,464		2,610,175	
Other Europe.....		955,422		1,232,699	
Other countries.....		4,172		188	
Total.....		6,768,082		6,496,813	
Malt—Barley..... dut. bu.		5,679	4,774	11,084	40%
Malt Liquors (dut., gals.)—In bottles or jugs.....	1,068,641	1,007,146	1,048,994	1,023,867	30c gal.
In other coverings.....	2,244,768	667,870	1,915,650	534,426	15c gal.
Total.....	3,313,409	1,665,016	2,964,644	1,558,293	
Marble and Stone, and Manufactures of (dut.)—					
Marble, and manufactures of.....		911,949		872,109	45 to 65c a f
Stone, and manufactures of, including slate.....		416,190		325,089	20%
Total.....		1,328,139		1,197,208	
Mating for floors..... free rolls		2,777,417	1,210,891	3,922,008	
Metals, Metal Compositions, and Manufactures of (dut.)—Bronze manufactures.....		519,619		519,458	
All other.....		4,086,236		3,599,169	
Total.....		4,605,855		4,118,627	
Musical instruments..... dut.		1,307,154		1,147,926	Various
Oils (gals.)—Animal or rendered—Whale and fish.....	202,734	223,812	202,068	179,774	25%
Other..... dut.	57,690	12,213	35,334	6,096	25%
Mineral..... free	15,408	11,264	21,940	20,871	
Do..... dut.	1,053,354	27,546	212,206	14,611	25%
Vegetable—Fixed or expressed—					
Olive, salad..... dut.	942,668	1,107,049	928,567	1,134,077	35%
Other..... free		1,923,707		1,627,066	
Do..... dut.		633,319		725,908	
Volatile or essential, and distilled, free.....		1,182,798		1,524,313	
Do..... dut.		371,621		208,975	
Total.....		5,408,546		5,501,771	
Paints, pigments and colors..... free		89,504		110,447	
Do..... dut.		1,219,537		1,376,906	Various
Paper Stock, crude (free; see also wood pulp)					
Rags, other than woolen..... lbs.	42,192,068	730,658	51,180,702	698,885	
All other.....		2,715,000		2,403,330	
Total.....		3,445,723		3,071,705	
Paper Stock, crude—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		1,184,463		1,031,098	
Belgium.....		372,141		301,550	
France.....		302,182		215,312	
Germany.....		545,967		459,647	
Italy.....		268,894		217,712	
Other Europe.....		240,343		147,959	
British North America.....		437,080		587,604	
East Indies.....		12,517		84,353	
Japan.....		77,083		89,994	
Other countries.....		55,123		36,398	
Total.....		3,445,723		3,071,705	

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1896.		1897.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Paper, and manufactures of..... dut.....		\$3,169,480		\$3,118,765	36%
Paper and Manufactures of—Imported from					
United Kingdom.....		555,926		615,163	
Belgium.....		82,908		92,078	
France.....		230,323		196,588	
Germany.....		2,023,396		1,915,699	
Other Europe.....		51,754		60,337	
Japan.....		191,488		205,929	
Other countries.....		83,685		27,577	
Total.....		3,169,480		3,118,765	
Perfumeries, cosmetics, etc..... dut.....		657,302		698,085	40%
Pipes and smokers' articles..... dut.....		334,004		371,073	10 to 50%
Platinum..... free. lbs.	5,731	890,127	6,357	1,049,790	
Plumbago..... free. tons	11,891	884,554	12,459	321,355	
Provisions, Comprising Meat and Dairy Products (dut.)—Meat products—					
Meat and meat extracts.....		498,393		601,808	
All other.....		89,129		49,484	
Dairy Products (lbs.)—Butter.....	53,067	8,533	87,963	6,077	
Cheese.....	10,728,397	1,491,338	12,319,122	1,093,796	
Milk, condensed.....		62,622		56,467	
Total.....		2,096,015		2,384,632	
Cheese (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	126,591	24,944	95,012	18,452	
France.....	867,816	142,513	919,900	150,698	
Germany.....	420,088	53,969	381,900	47,915	
Italy.....	3,177,932	475,925	3,633,249	521,117	
Netherlands.....	917,877	107,848	905,749	99,679	
Switzerland.....	4,942,636	651,841	6,002,544	793,767	
Other Europe.....	234,799	28,037	241,235	41,961	
British North America.....	86,610	4,906	32,190	4,391	
Other countries.....	13,846	1,295	7,349	906	
Total.....	10,728,197	1,491,338	12,319,122	1,093,796	
Rice (lbs.)—					
Rice..... dut.....	73,885,884	1,111,003	128,066,190	2,224,449	10 to 40 lb.
Do..... free.....	4,354,500	163,571	5,881,000	231,511	
Rice flour, rice meal and broken rice.....	68,534,273	911,006	63,875,754	961,200	40 lb.
Total.....	146,724,657	2,185,579	197,815,544	3,517,160	
Salt (lbs.)..... free.....	546,753,181	745,743	583,186,689	734,727	
Salt..... dut..... lbs.	6,526,319	13,953	15,223,837	19,179	
Total.....	553,279,500	759,696	598,410,526	753,906	
Seeds (bu.)—Linseed or flaxseed..... dut.....	754,507	812,940	105,222	104,871	20c bu.
All other..... free.....		1,236,763		339,956	
Do..... dut.....		573,451		475,100	Various
Total.....		2,683,154		1,423,926	
Silk, and Manufactures of—Unmanufactured (free, lbs.)—Cocoons.....	279,067	112,900			
Raw, or as reeled from the cocoon.....	8,000,621	26,246,902	6,513,612	18,496,944	
Waste.....	1,084,299	405,626	1,479,832	421,839	
Total unmanufactured.....	9,363,967	26,763,428	7,993,434	19,918,238	
Silk, Raw (lbs.)—Imported from—					
France.....	881,749	1,465,406	233,005	751,846	
Italy.....	1,116,239	4,587,761	896,972	3,019,515	
China.....	2,803,572	6,582,254	1,800,587	4,364,392	
Japan.....	3,951,390	12,918,590	3,474,875	10,010,885	
Other countries.....	247,681	692,892	139,173	350,306	
Total.....	8,000,621	26,246,902	6,513,612	18,496,944	
Manufactures of (dut.)—Clothing, ready-made, and other wearing apparel.....		3,116,906		2,285,042	50%
Dress and piece goods.....		8,033,380		7,576,001	50%
Laces and embroideries.....		1,991,313		2,157,927	45%
Ribbons.....		1,143,166		983,969	45%
All other.....		12,338,103		12,216,128	40%
Total manufactures.....		26,652,763		25,196,067	
Manufactures of—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		2,509,043		1,907,528	
Austria-Hungary.....		204,280		150,127	
Belgium.....		45,636		27,625	
France.....		10,661,787		11,821,676	
Germany.....		6,211,739		5,198,114	
Italy.....		290,919		295,207	
Switzerland.....		3,591,840		3,276,674	
Other Europe.....		22,245		35,114	

## IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

21

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1898.		1897.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
China.....		\$266,673		\$159,298	
Japan.....		2,456,615		2,758,983	
Other countries.....		411,997		70,741	
Total.....		26,652,768		25,199,087	
Soap (dut. lbs.)—Fancy, perfumed, etc.....	861,906	255,374	1,125,507	354,563	96¢
All other.....		509,509		411,813	10¢
Total.....		824,888		766,376	
Spices—Unground (lbs.)—Nutmegs..... free	1,355,420	433,436	1,069,740	451,614	
Pepper, black or white..... free	16,644,783	650,861	15,093,452	711,453	
All other..... free	19,193,589	969,228	20,411,490	1,076,963	
Do..... dut.	2,618,214	294,946	3,090,021	836,686	3c lb.
Total.....	39,811,996	2,378,519	40,144,708	2,576,816	
Nutmegs, Pepper, etc. (free, lbs.)—Imported from—United Kingdom.....	7,341,087	359,357	8,925,107	473,087	
Netherlands.....	2,151,791	298,169	4,253,246	388,067	
Other Europe.....	278,931	10,285	1,222,114	66,899	
British North America.....	18,189	1,439	116,244	6,731	
British West Indies.....	5,715,565	274,077	8,648,393	184,464	
China.....	3,838,497	159,868	4,089,636	190,873	
East Indies.....	15,236,981	862,781	11,962,327	800,576	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	631,254	66,176	1,159,307	72,377	
Africa.....	1,475,109	72,236	1,033,732	50,872	
Other countries.....	506,904	19,581	124,551	6,061	
Total.....	37,193,772	2,083,628	37,114,082	2,240,080	
Spices, All Other (dut.)—Imported from—United Kingdom.....		242,399		276,084	
Other Europe.....		24,941		20,608	
Mexico.....		14,119		80,123	
Other countries.....		13,048		9,773	
Total.....		294,506		336,688	
Spirits, Distilled (proof gals.)—Of Domestic Manufacture, returned (subject to Internal revenue tax)..... free	1,029,653	940,080	956,780	863,556	
Brandy..... dut.	259,704	600,761	336,692	911,857	\$1.80 gal.
All other..... dut.	1,249,836	1,446,873	1,727,015	2,074,689	Various
Total.....	2,539,252	3,077,694	3,020,467	3,850,114	
Not of Domestic Manufacture (pr. gal.)—Imported from—United Kingdom.....	455,888	562,353	644,585	911,590	
Belgium.....	29,759	82,186	37,182	37,173	
France.....	281,708	773,211	391,459	1,070,336	
Germany.....	99,933	75,551	119,183	119,974	
Italy.....	16,419	28,281	29,752	48,022	
Netherlands.....	230,344	109,042	338,813	153,749	
Other Europe.....	81,230	51,856	41,802	62,714	
British North America.....	176,787	320,962	232,587	438,981	
West Indies.....	44,394	115,436	62,354	95,133	
China.....	102,008	24,073	131,017	23,530	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	80,287	7,371	88,987	9,239	
Other countries.....	11,812	12,256	7,409	11,152	
Total.....	1,509,599	2,137,634	2,063,707	2,995,556	
Sponges..... dut.		499,766		487,143	10¢
Sugar, Molasses and Confectionery—Molasses..... free, gals.	888,318	26,675	284,627	18,376	
Molasses above 40° polariscopic test, dut. gals.	4,239,346	710,590	3,417,844	568,137	20c gal.
Sugar (lbs.)—Not above No. 16 Dutch standard in color—Beet..... dut.	604,686,965	14,048,914	1,835,677,495	38,689,158	40¢
Cane..... free	332,175,269	11,336,796	431,196,900	13,164,379	
Cane and other..... dut.	275,021,212	56,480,490	2,229,969,681	47,284,494	Various
Above No. 16 Dutch standard—Beet, cane and other..... dut.	187,463,791	5,353,573	199,136,109	4,928,150	10¢ & 1c lb.
Total sugar..... free	352,175,269	11,336,796	431,196,900	13,164,379	
..... dut.	3,641,638	77,882,977	1,487,707,533	35,901,802	
Not above No. 16 Dutch standard (lbs.)—Imported from—United Kingdom.....	37,291,438	875,086	74,280,451	1,260,003	
Austria-Hungary.....	40,113,171	939,729	93,547,897	1,683,410	
Belgium.....	72,368,349	1,763,511	130,317,484	2,208,793	
Germany.....	449,921,790	10,404,172	1,110,196,887	27,636,433	
Netherlands.....	7,503,496	159,382	24,906,329	380,843	
Other Europe.....	21,439,732	489,706	65,800,077	1,046,396	
British North America.....	1,217,135	88,143	922,667	66,527	
Central America.....	136,640	2,404			
Mexico.....	5,008,002	86,458	1,412,265	19,111	
West Indies.....					
British.....	233,536,374	5,083,600	232,108,869	5,893,877	

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1896.		1897.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Cuba.....	385,706,340	\$21,456,377	576,261,066	\$11,953,994	
Other West Indies.....	308,361,889	6,898,410	255,008,308	3,966,325	
Brasil.....	191,457,987	3,778,496	140,773,692	2,136,988	
Other South America.....	163,967,694	8,800,174	243,487,721	5,012,422	
China.....	534,794,262	17,348,689	553,086,707	13,264,846	
East Indies.....	352,175,369	11,394,798	381,194,980	13,164,374	
Hawaiian Islands.....	134,943,684	2,181,424	72,463,577	1,199,202	
Philippine Islands.....	31,023,167	728,025	171,841	8,183	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	187,081,002	3,257,812	149,950,690	3,064,278	
Africa.....	609	15			
Other countries.....					
Total.....	3708874766	83,866,200	471976956	94,138,081	
Confectionery.....	dut.	28,979		24,762	35%
Tea.....	free lbs.	93,998,372	12,704,440	113,848,175	14,895,862
Tea (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	2,729,695	571,519	6,212,009	1,165,765	
British North America.....	62,181	2,547,371	7,881,738	1,584,798	
China.....	49,178,277	6,788,302	55,483,924	7,281,931	
East Indies.....	1,261,671	170,629	2,130,003	372,683	
Japan.....	38,179,652	4,863,721	45,465,161	5,651,279	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	2,362,876	255,577	454,111	57,229	
Other countries.....	9,973	2,117	60,597	10,340	
Total.....	free.	93,998,372	12,704,440	113,848,175	14,895,862
Tin in bars, blocks, pigs, etc.....	free lbs.	49,952,957	6,761,716	50,480,122	6,585,862
Tin Bars, etc. (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	16,704,790	2,304,812	30,903,129	2,723,138	
Netherlands.....	9,079,430	1,253,553	3,385,306	473,046	
East Indies.....	20,781,085	2,745,840	23,301,919	2,982,930	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	2,622,997	356,830	1,824,417	236,409	
Other countries.....	701,656	100,691	1,045,452	114,274	
Total.....	49,952,957	6,761,716	50,480,122	6,585,862	
Tobacco and Manufactures of—Leaf (dut., lbs.)					
suitable for cigar wrappers.....	5,169,552	5,586,778	6,130,427	5,719,556	\$.15 lb.
Other.....	27,713,114	10,908,352	7,674,850	3,994,597	Various
Total leaf.....	32,882,666	16,505,130	13,805,277	9,584,155	
Tobacco, Leaf (lbs.)—Imported from—					
Germany.....	163,562	137,426	1,874,119	1,180,523	
Netherlands.....	4,319,288	4,710,022	5,413,448	5,083,102	
Other Europe.....	214,969	71,309	486,614	161,505	
British North America.....	1,180,099	887,214	678,357	508,501	
Mexico.....	93,197	28,025	749,569	297,262	
Cuba.....	26,418,210	10,501,775	4,409,369	2,304,068	
Other countries.....	464,351	167,329	185,830	89,090	
Total.....	32,882,666	16,505,130	13,805,277	9,584,155	
Manufactures of (dut. lbs.)—Cigars, cigarettes, etc.....	500,945	2,141,364	455,737	2,040,441	\$.1 lb & 25%
All other.....	59,448			57,108	\$.1 lb & 25%
Total manufactures.....		2,200,812		2,097,547	
Toys.....		2,516,410		3,295,057	25%
Toys—Imported from—					
France.....	335,242			193,027	
Germany.....	2,059,332			2,970,138	
Other Europe.....	86,450			58,268	
Other countries.....	36,370			24,626	
Total.....	2,516,410			3,295,057	
Vegetables (dut., bu.)—Beans and dried peas.....	613,501	658,320	482,966	469,276	20c bu.
Onions.....			590,138	627,273	
Potatoes.....	175,240	127,686	247,186	145,522	15c bu.
Pickles and sauces.....	324,677			532,243	50%
All Other—in their natural state.....	680,117			265,752	10%
Prepared or preserved.....	727,797			724,922	30%
Total.....	2,521,203			2,571,948	
Wines (dut.)—Champagne and oth'r sparkl'g doz.	246,393	3,628,319	228,028	3,348,004	88 doz qts
Still Wines—in casks.....	2,894,806	1,950,773	2,497,702	2,139,141	50c gal.
In other coverings.....	314,190	1,527,919	308,274	1,475,155	Various
Total.....		7,107,006		6,962,300	
Wines—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		276,876		201,463	
France.....		4,283,445		4,112,307	
Germany.....		1,353,630		1,358,764	
Italy.....		254,050		319,047	
Other Europe.....		957,747		830,897	
Other countries.....		31,267		39,822	
Total.....		7,107,006		6,962,300	

## IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

23

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1896.		1897.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Wood and Manufactures of—Unmanufactured (M ft.)—Cabinet woods—Mahogany free.....	17,367	8818,063	15,129	8656,976	
All other.....free.....		886,108		514,490	
Logs and round timber.....free.....	815,408	2,584,438	886,456	2,818,397	
Timber, hewn, etc.....free.....	8,010	32,022	4,748	96,777	
Do.....duty.....	786,308	8,508,634	883,736	9,072,232	25%
Do.....duty.....	11	941	49	8,719	25%
Other lumber.....duty.....		18,979		18,979	25%
All other unmanufactured.....free.....		4,154,289	21,745	4,702,031	
Do.....duty.....				84	25%
Manufactures of (duty.)—Cabinetware or house-furniture.....		868,822		264,240	25%
Wood pulp.....tons.....	45,148	1,052,829	41,770	800,886	10%
All other.....		2,098,259		1,769,622	25%
Total wood and manufactures of.....		20,568,308		20,548,808	
Mahogany (M ft.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	576	144,848	448	131,251	
Central America.....	2,789	77,018	3,998	116,642	
Mexico.....	10,654	414,817	8,791	321,900	
Cuba.....	2,348	188,387	438	22,777	
Other West Indies.....	84	1,508	328	22,867	
South America.....	427	20,461	942	31,992	
Other countries.....	560	16,968	191	9,647	
Total.....	17,367	818,063	15,129	866,976	
Boards, Planks, etc. (M ft.)—Imported from—					
British North America.....	786,102	8,504,607	873,746	9,072,804	
Other countries.....	107	1,027	10,036	8,177	
Total.....	786,209	8,506,634	883,781	9,075,981	
Wood Pulp (tons)—Imported from—					
Germany.....	6,196	808,781	1,783	94,574	
Other Europe.....	7,839	325,962	6,183	207,608	
British North America.....	29,138	417,116	84,804	486,708	
Other countries.....	1,970				
Total.....	45,148	1,052,829	41,770	800,886	
Wools, hair of the camel, goat, alpaca, etc., and manufactures of—Unmanufactured (free, lbs.)					
Class 1, clothing: In the grease.....	117,233,440	19,448,471	167,350,510	27,824,507	
Scoured.....			24,405,596	6,467,146	
Class 2, combing: In the grease.....	15,756,318	3,509,736	37,637,967	7,119,201	
Scoured.....			828,523	88,419	
Class 3, carpet: In the grease.....	97,921,715	9,493,085	110,865,492	11,569,866	
Scoured.....			1,476,026	174,029	
Total unmanufactured.....	230,911,478	32,461,242	350,862,096	53,248,191	
Wools (lbs.)—Imported from—					
Class 1—United Kingdom.....	56,404,946	9,839,175	107,515,170	18,982,191	
France.....	6,558,387	1,871,604	16,976,281	4,283,677	
South America.....	16,026,847	1,860,397	38,056,981	4,692,068	
Asia and Oceania.....	20,260,828	3,556,626	18,618,721	3,159,935	
Other countries.....	17,967,882	2,437,769	21,591,928	3,162,968	
Total.....	117,233,440	19,448,471	200,759,079	34,281,856	
Class 2—United Kingdom.....	6,505,645	1,597,023	21,011,968	4,297,774	
Other Europe.....	1,400,636	385,013	1,078,903	294,781	
British North America.....	8,817,160	795,907	7,374,463	1,448,137	
South America.....	8,269,840	473,725	8,859,497	1,173,810	
Asia and Oceania.....	694,646	268,130	22,454	3,386	
Other countries.....	98,888	9,572	129,190	14,479	
Total.....	15,756,318	3,509,736	37,951,490	7,187,630	
Class 3—United Kingdom.....	28,022,594	3,274,235	40,073,881	4,939,068	
France.....	6,405,804	604,472	8,799,115	1,146,801	
Germany.....	1,242,212	181,868	2,379,654	293,397	
Other Europe.....	16,967,637	1,853,521	16,214,393	1,818,559	
British North America.....	870	16	38,054	3,016	
South America.....	15,413,029	1,496,821	16,405,044	1,322,814	
China.....	24,238,508	1,579,087	21,449,747	1,553,947	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	5,324,788	492,927	6,725,776	681,584	
Other countries.....	297,389	30,138	57,790	5,684	
Total.....	97,921,715	9,493,085	112,141,457	11,773,915	
Manufactures of Wool—Carbonized duty, lbs.....	203,561	49,111	43,726	18,518	Various
Carpets and carpeting.....duty, sq. yd.....	630,597	896,944	470,757	782,955	Various
Clothing, etc., except shawls and knit goods.....duty.....		1,294,586		984,689	Various
Cloths.....duty.....lbs.....	36,781,572	21,996,528	27,859,811	17,007,276	Various

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1896.		1897.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Dress goods, women's and children's, dut. lbs.	26,356,835	19,929,325	22,048,526	6,787,241	Various
Knit fabrics..... dut.		2,541,672		2,531,068	Various
Rags, rolls and wastes..... free. lbs.	16,770,976	1,968,541	44,142,140	5,220,796	
Shoddy, mungo, flocks, etc..... dut. lbs.	1,900,138	662,694	5,670,592	1,714,895	Various
Shawls..... dut.		452,487		494,856	Various
Yarns..... dut. lbs.	2,023,009	1,050,721	1,842,356	868,543	Various
All other..... dut.		2,742,239		2,699,227	Various
Total manufactures.....		53,494,400		49,162,992	
Carpets (sq. yd.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	521,374	675,053	332,988	545,907	
Other Europe.....	66,241	145,784	78,144	146,642	
Japan.....	8,143	4,430	6,093	5,769	
Other Asia and Oceanica.....	22,539	52,840	22,440	59,914	
Other countries.....	8,301	15,835	11,140	24,783	
Total.....	626,597	893,944	470,757	782,955	
Cloth (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	32,240,264	17,927,006	23,412,241	13,056,678	
Austria-Hungary.....	172,650	157,843	202,782	179,451	
Belgium.....	636,323	547,500	595,244	466,061	
France.....	650,776	630,512	421,165	417,181	
Germany.....	3,031,517	2,584,797	3,230,799	2,837,135	
Other Europe.....	8,015	6,425	13,542	10,049	
Other countries.....	89,994	32,395	13,568	11,717	
Total.....	36,781,573	21,896,528	27,859,311	17,007,273	
Dress Goods (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	11,281,065	7,615,088	8,068,155	5,218,648	
France.....	8,087,033	6,290,127	8,450,972	6,763,955	
Germany.....	6,891,692	5,989,939	5,305,832	4,685,591	
Other Europe.....	94,305	82,697	176,687	165,294	
Other countries.....	2,730	2,182	900	809	
Total.....	26,356,835	19,929,325	22,048,526	16,787,241	
Zinc or Spelter, and Manufactures of (dut.)—In blocks or pigs, and old..... lbs.	688,767	22,755	1,032,356	57,316	25%
Manufactures of.....		13,994		21,061	35%
Total.....		36,749		78,400	
All other articles..... free.....		10,214,173		9,900,494	
Do..... dut.....		8,064,571		8,079,527	
Total value of merchandise..... dut.....		409,967,204		382,779,199	
Total value of merchandise..... free.....		369,757,470		381,398,421	
Total value of imports of merchandise.....		779,724,674		764,177,609	

## EXPORTS OF DOMESTIC MERCHANDISE.

[Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1897.]

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1896.		1897.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Agricultural Implements—Mowers and reapers, and parts of.....		83,212,422		83,127,415
Plows and cultivators, and parts of.....		746,834		580,779
All other, and parts of.....		1,217,748		1,522,482
Total.....		5,176,775		5,240,686
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		598,550		642,317
Germany.....		581,727		710,818
France.....		405,081		623,996
Other Europe.....		1,032,754		1,070,241
British North America.....		358,654		464,589
Mexico.....		119,638		130,835
Central American States and British Honduras.....		14,497		25,923
Cuba.....		36,829		3,624
Puerto Rico.....		6,907		4,239
Santo Domingo.....		2,961		1,428
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		7,069		6,705
Argentina.....		854,067		415,312
Brazil.....		35,067		23,626
Colombia.....		2,740		3,362
Other South America.....		272,114		140,117
British Australasia.....		285,722		490,935
East Indies (British).....		2,057		8,708

## EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

25

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1896.		1897.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Other Asia and Oceania.....		\$30,193		\$46,306
Africa.....		476,318		417,333
Total agricultural implements.....		5,176,775		5,240,686
Animals—Cattle (No.)—Exported to—United Kingdom.....	364,193	33,994,943	378,469	35,374,822
Other Europe.....	2,151	191,950	3,648	23,125
British North America.....	2,763	170,514	6,812	459,089
Mexico.....	1,112	39,509	690	29,193
Central American States and British Honduras.....	249	12,381	397	16,561
West Indies and Bermuda.....	1,854	162,081	1,932	133,306
South America.....	67	4,864	44	3,134
Asia and Oceania.....	55	2,230	167	8,414
Other countries.....	12	2,550	1	260
Total.....	372,461	34,560,672	392,200	36,367,451
Hogs (No.)—Exported to—United Kingdom.....	500	5,960	66	589
British North America.....	1,864	6,354	3,793	17,363
Mexico.....	17,540	206,807	22,164	238,063
West Indies and Bermuda.....	56	1,468	17	160
South America.....	38	991	8	110
Asia and Oceania.....	972	8,703	2,615	13,487
Other countries.....	79	2,034	113	736
Total.....	21,049	227,297	28,751	296,998
Horses.....No.	25,126	8,530,703	29,592	4,799,265
Mules.....No.	5,918	406,161	7,473	545,331
Sheep (No.)—Exported to—United Kingdom.....	397,290	2,617,140	180,304	1,316,104
Other Europe.....	25,609	210,353	3,731	31,406
British North America.....	59,583	142,472	48,437	90,363
Mexico.....	2,182	9,933	4,628	11,877
West Indies and Bermuda.....	5,079	37,003	5,468	39,307
South America.....	1,693	21,028	1,230	14,076
Other countries.....	140	7,586	254	25,022
Total.....	491,565	3,076,334	244,120	1,531,616
All other, and fowls.....		39,752		68,771
Total animals.....		41,810,939		43,598,461
Art Works—Paintings and statuary.....		524,077		801,362
Bark, and extract of, for tanning.....		354,007		241,379
Blacking.....		583,038		384,937
Bones, hoofs, horns and horn tips, strips and waste.....		321,680		220,140
Books, Maps, Engravings, and Other Printed Matter—Exported to—United Kingdom.....		751,361		890,087
Germany.....		119,873		112,153
France.....		54,647		44,613
Other Europe.....		48,628		38,870
British North America.....		594,171		612,548
Mexico.....		107,334		161,345
Central American States and British Honduras.....		81,761		90,564
Cuba.....		19,586		22,251
Puerto Rico.....		2,381		5,250
Santo Domingo.....		1,477		1,336
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		64,617		29,067
Argentina.....		23,769		25,312
Brazil.....		48,936		128,214
Colombia.....		106,706		72,889
Other South America.....		100,905		63,816
China.....		11,368		16,530
British Australasia.....		73,697		67,275
East Indies (British).....		30,843		3,041
Other Asia and Oceania.....		50,264		56,009
Africa.....		41,995		33,819
Other countries.....		35		
Total.....		2,333,722		2,647,548
Brass, and Manufactures of.....		672,398		1,171,431
Breadstuffs—Barley.....bu.	7,690,331	3,100,311	19,080,301	7,646,394
Bread and biscuit.....lbs.	15,426,001	694,323	15,224,619	697,696
Buckwheat.....bu.			1,677,102	678,959
Corn (bu.)—United Kingdom.....	49,110,146	18,719,910	75,439,129	22,952,199
Germany.....	13,692,220	6,121,573	31,784,181	9,990,821
France.....	4,661,219	1,624,054	7,062,156	2,113,628
Other Europe.....	21,383,201	9,011,311	40,455,053	11,933,946
British North America.....	5,381,503	2,063,833	9,490,377	2,537,943
Mexico.....	1,678,544	672,838	8,825,300	3,233,781
Central American States and British Honduras.....	75,540	37,309	107,672	50,421
Cuba.....	139,193	23,201	689,816	247,305
Puerto Rico.....	595	376	1,300	433
Santo Domingo.....	2,281	1,131	1,037	289
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	670,590	317,722	770,819	271,368

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1896.		1897.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
South America.....	107,562	\$53,790	88,235	\$13,921
Asia and Oceania.....	31,475	16,916	278,941	108,149
Africa.....	2,485,121	1,112,639	1,941,267	742,988
Other countries.....	8,464	1,435	4,560	1,452
Total.....	99,992,835	\$7,836,862	176,916,265	\$4,087,152
Cornmeal.....	bbls.	276,835	654,121	475,208
Oats.....	bu.	13,015,560	8,497,611	35,086,736
Oatmeal.....	lbs.	38,562,504	939,592	47,310,251
Rye.....	bu.	888,468	445,075	8,590,271
Rye flour.....	bbls.	3,777	11,163	2,564
Wheat (bu.)—United Kingdom.....		43,618,077	27,906,126	55,742,684
Germany.....		892,414	608,450	3,000,477
France.....		122,069	81,769	264,422
Other Europe.....		8,246,195	5,680,108	8,501,852
British North America.....		8,537,243	2,424,115	5,581,151
Mexico.....		1,196	727	40
Central American States and British Honduras.....		54,441	41,720	80,575
West Indies and Bermuda.....		11,933	8,865	1,589
Other South America.....		4,854	4,121	178,423
British Australasia.....		1,818,116	1,285,720	1,829,501
Other Asia and Oceania.....		17,548	11,309	998,788
Africa.....		2,300,965	1,076,888	3,361,473
Total.....		60,650,080	39,709,868	79,562,020
Wheat Flour (bbls.)—United Kingdom.....		8,211,226	21,108,484	8,266,580
Germany.....		190,844	632,569	169,363
France.....		1,191	4,289	408
Other Europe.....		798,017	2,781,410	808,581
British North America.....		931,968	3,638,083	700,872
Mexico.....		46,819	106,958	24,654
Central American States and British Honduras.....		268,753	951,397	230,590
Cuba.....		175,724	647,057	182,728
Puerto Rico.....		129,021	436,422	126,863
Santo Domingo.....		36,207	135,898	85,968
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		919,447	3,570,178	898,886
Brazil.....		871,473	3,450,129	796,378
Colombia.....		133,405	523,849	133,264
Other South America.....		436,000	1,594,224	878,217
China.....		13,879	46,815	18,270
British Australasia.....		126,562	423,970	818,073
East Indies (British).....		3,942	21,463	7,609
Other Asia and Oceania.....		1,073,332	3,040,003	1,266,070
Africa.....		217,568	744,203	214,402
Other countries.....		10,804	88,743	12,154
Total.....		14,620,864	52,025,217	14,569,546
All other breadstuffs, and preparations of, used as food.....			2,442,940	4,508,086
Total breadstuffs.....			141,356,993	197,857,219
Bricks—Building.....	M.	5,294	83,677	4,735
Fire.....			94,878	118,176
Total.....			128,065	148,589
Broom corn.....			181,853	128,007
Brooms and brushes.....			180,183	126,056
Candles.....	lbs.	2,061,844	230,146	2,672,717
Carriages, Cars, and Parts of—Carriages and vehicles.....				
n. c. s.....			1,884,656	1,985,700
Cars, passenger and freight, for railroads.....			1,002,930	990,950
Total.....			2,887,586	2,976,650
Exported to—United Kingdom.....			427,023	574,800
Germany.....			77,224	64,906
France.....			13,005	26,075
Other Europe.....			32,631	41,507
British North America.....			155,391	126,758
Mexico.....			687,423	615,468
Central American States and British Honduras.....			234,325	155,143
Cuba.....			46,874	12,057
Puerto Rico.....			7,819	10,240
Santo Domingo.....			10,764	20,583
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....			194,147	108,140
Argentina.....			48,938	149,766
Brazil.....			261,918	119,334
Colombia.....			14,329	55,718
Other South America.....			69,778	47,042
China.....			141	1,683
British Australasia.....			256,002	351,896
East Indies (British).....			3,916	7,843
Other Asia and Oceania.....			48,046	46,170
Africa.....			233,508	412,642

EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

27

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1898.		1897.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Other countries.....		\$3,957		\$8
Total carriages, cars, etc.....		2,867,598		2,946,710
Casings for sausages.....		1,771,080		1,514,651
Cement.....		39,500	38,490	1,024,483
Chemicals, Drugs, Dyes and Medicines—Acids.....	brls.	99,874	41,208	102,483
Ashes, pot and pearl.....	lbs.	567,332	511,880	21,727
Dyes and dyestuffs.....	lbs.	110,436	770,673	450,009
Ginseng.....	lbs.	2,479,510	179,673	584,536
Medicines, patent or proprietary.....		153,896		2,287,744
Roots, herbs and barks, n. e. s.....		4,951,219		151,347
All other.....		9,063,358		5,930,582
Total.....		929,895		9,781,428
Clocks and Watches—Clocks, and parts of.....		530,980		904,911
Watches, and parts of.....		1,460,375		801,418
Total.....		1,771,355		1,770,329
Coal and Coke—Coal (tons)—Anthracite.....		1,394,381	5,771,246	5,678,198
Bituminous.....		2,216,284	4,928,816	5,390,445
Total coal.....		3,610,665	10,646,062	11,008,643
Exported to (tons)—United Kingdom.....		344	1,052	54
Germany.....		811	5,120	241
France.....		542	1,988	470
Other Europe.....		6,819	45,009	3,985
British North America.....		3,045,955	8,956,228	48,738
Mexico.....		121,269	377,469	9,076,567
Central American States and British Honduras.....		4,328	16,896	219,111
Cuba.....		246,359	613,411	643,715
Puerto Rico.....		80,861	78,625	28,000
Santo Domingo.....		4,896	15,100	632,898
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		123,878	326,793	56,977
Brazil.....		12,932	70,819	6,415
Colombia.....		28,644	79,821	128,433
Other South America.....		11,290	45,878	16,353
Asia and Oceania.....		3,631	11,748	11,680
Other countries.....		67	249	25,175
Total coal.....		3,610,665	10,646,062	32,548
Coke.....	tons	130,000	500,169	1,114
Coffee and cocoas, ground or prepared, and chocolate.....		107,740	155,972	3,338
Copper, and Manufactures of—Ore (tons)—Exported to—				
United Kingdom.....		15,932	2,083,519	1,889,564
Germany.....		9	845	170,215
Other countries.....		15,935	2,038,858	2,059,779
Total.....		15,935	2,038,858	15,001
Ingot, bars and old (lbs.)—Exported to—United Kingdom.....		85,044,450	8,663,505	76,619,995
Germany.....		22,388,640	2,384,070	28,553,912
France.....		36,106,245	8,898,923	8,267,175
Other Europe.....		81,181,735	8,601,058	56,370,720
British North America.....		467,571	60,504	66,272,952
Mexico.....		161,014	18,670	117,469,132
Other countries.....		231,108	20,677	28,461
Total.....		175,580,762	18,646,407	279,893,907
Manufactures of.....		1,073,647		30,711,597
Total copper and manuf's of, not including ore.....		19,720,104		909,538
Cotton and Manufactures of—Unmanufactured (lbs.)—Sea				
Island.....		19,159,469	8,816,216	21,585,880
Other.....		231,000,616	186,240,244	208,216,686
Total.....		233,223,635	190,056,460	226,812,927
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		113,861,083	93,074,467	220,890,971
Germany.....		513,228,697	41,759,576	117,292,687
France.....		229,132,586	19,506,345	50,264,265
Other Europe.....		338,453,751	29,733,709	29,110,302
British North America.....		54,037,216	2,838,975	408,475,745
Mexico.....		19,406,420	1,643,183	20,491,968
South America.....		59,497	5,281	8,137,880
Asia and Oceania.....		20,282,007	1,488,060	12,334,417
Other countries.....		13,355	861	1,497
Total unmanufactured.....		233,223,635	190,056,460	32,150,430
Manufactures of—Cloths (yds.), colored.....		58,747,729	8,419,158	83,400,441
Uncolored.....		166,391,639	9,580,192	123,033,632
Total.....		225,139,368	12,959,357	12,511,869
Exported to (yds.)—United Kingdom.....		7,869,779	588,476	11,091,345
Germany.....		2,394,732	149,309	890,421
France.....		151,956	8,591	1,568,098
				95,672
				33,223

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1896.		1897.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Other Europe.....	1,229,738	\$91,681	687,603	\$62,287
British North America.....	19,705,804	1,189,615	29,440,860	1,775,483
Mexico.....	7,889,194	494,365	5,577,808	366,758
Central American States and British Honduras.....	11,940,847	648,546	11,591,094	589,126
Cuba.....	210,113	23,552	291,263	25,008
Puerto Rico.....	494,984	20,448	110,698	7,057
Santo Domingo.....	2,166,010	114,749	1,837,047	92,881
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	12,789,249	794,977	13,453,938	794,706
Argentina.....	3,631,684	274,953	3,262,963	270,814
Brazil.....	12,626,551	919,195	8,331,326	607,019
Colombia.....	7,246,321	401,690	6,733,924	382,546
Other South America.....	27,945,871	1,572,683	36,257,078	1,364,903
China.....	73,281,149	3,851,146	133,296,906	7,114,574
British Australasia.....	753,419	67,649	5,556,829	305,848
East Indies (British).....	2,474,936	138,603	3,670,390	199,880
Other Asia and Oceania.....	5,963,692	344,042	33,710,341	1,600,233
Africa.....	15,405,493	793,396	16,284,319	748,236
Other countries.....	9,098,445	467,707	78,674	5,350
Total cloths.....	225,189,368	12,958,357	313,553,044	17,291,620
Other Manufactures of—Wearing apparel.....		708,099		\$78,804
All other.....		3,170,940		2,877,254
Total.....		3,879,089		3,756,058
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		381,675		467,656
Germany.....		171,090		219,089
France.....		16,507		10,492
Other Europe.....		50,429		53,317
British North America.....		1,751,002		1,351,179
Mexico.....		322,729		346,189
Central American States and British Honduras.....		193,310		240,683
Cuba.....		40,282		42,444
Puerto Rico.....		6,096		4,945
Santo Domingo.....		10,119		31,012
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		86,897		83,303
Argentina.....		41,933		66,845
Brazil.....		73,787		67,975
Colombia.....		32,772		54,832
Other South America.....		56,658		56,683
China.....		156,178		92,775
British Australasia.....		119,437		181,387
East Indies (British).....		3,721		4,655
Other Asia and Oceania.....		262,433		371,738
Africa.....		46,321		70,242
Other countries.....		16,803		10,787
Total other manufactures of.....		3,679,089		3,756,058
Cycles, and Parts of—Exported to—United Kingdom.....		613,392		2,375,675
Germany.....		145,892		1,084,248
France.....		108,414		262,006
Other Europe.....		214,697		1,199,214
British North America.....		496,598		730,367
Mexico.....		24,278		73,117
Central American States and British Honduras.....		47,781		53,891
Cuba.....		5,706		4,016
Puerto Rico.....		7,929		4,120
Santo Domingo.....		293		4,908
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		19,913		132,607
Argentina.....		4,065		42,091
Brazil.....		13,592		29,855
Colombia.....		23,012		24,290
Other South America.....		13,401		73,507
China.....		4,693		18,410
British Australasia.....		84,610		692,894
East Indies (British).....		2,392		18,326
Other Asia and Oceania.....		59,834		113,577
Africa.....		7,609		125,979
Other countries.....				217
Total.....		1,898,012		7,006,323
Earthen, Stone and China Ware—Earthen and stone ware.....		125,904		152,272
China ware.....		22,484		25,560
Total.....		149,388		177,832
Eggs..... doz	323,485	48,338	1,300,183	180,351
Fertilizers..... tons	514,143	4,400,588	531,313	5,005,929
Fibers, Vegetable, and Textile Grasses—Manufactures of—				
Bags.....		304,061		493,378
Cordage..... lbs	8,555,333	495,093	10,736,684	533,267
Twine.....		727,535		894,663
All other.....		341,922		381,981
Total.....		1,869,601		2,316,194

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1896.		1897.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
<b>Fish—Fresh, other than salmon.....</b> lbs	1,491,631	\$34,814	1,078,399	\$59,563
Dried, smoked, or cured—Cod, haddock, hake and pollock.....	10,926,998	448,296	10,597,968	396,422
Herring.....	5,002,703	96,462	5,600,570	105,770
Other.....	791,249	87,654	710,994	39,571
Pickled—Mackerel.....	1,030	15,692	8,001	28,990
Other.....	21,655	104,374	22,896	84,978
Salmon—Canned.....	32,823,932	8,094,889	35,306,299	3,215,796
Other, fresh or cured.....		167,091		261,891
Canned fish, other than salmon and shellfish.....		198,198		218,698
Shellfish—Oysters.....		696,778		623,398
Other.....		291,707		309,498
<b>Total.....</b>		5,295,247		5,861,456
<b>Fruits and Nuts—Apples, dried.....</b> lbs	26,091,953	1,940,507	30,883,921	1,356,578
Apples, green or ripe.....		930,289		1,495,461
Fruits, Preserved—Canned.....	390,000	1,378,281		1,696,723
Other.....		70,853		43,376
All other green, ripe or dried fruits.....		1,908,858		2,172,199
Nuts.....		98,288		125,806
<b>Total.....</b>		5,679,006		7,739,906
<b>Exported to—United Kingdom.....</b>		2,169,873		3,683,577
Germany.....		715,251		1,080,304
France.....		174,456		301,380
Other Europe.....		893,727		1,097,909
British North America.....		979,812		750,762
Mexico.....		78,497		72,654
Central American States and British Honduras.....		55,354		56,976
Cuba.....		84,473		46,745
Puerto Rico.....		8,512		4,123
Santo Domingo.....		2,234		2,388
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		55,521		56,891
Argentina.....		1,451		4,610
Brazil.....		12,619		11,528
Colombia.....		7,080		9,472
Other South America.....		88,797		85,496
China.....		14,358		18,119
British Australasia.....		219,618		311,625
East Indies (British).....		14,181		13,178
Other Asia and Oceania.....		97,631		108,134
Africa.....		44,052		79,740
Other countries.....		3,450		204
<b>Total fruits and nuts.....</b>		5,679,006		7,739,906
<b>Furs and Fur Skins—Exported to—United Kingdom.....</b>		2,876,878		2,431,774
Germany.....		551,373		579,899
France.....		84,548		1,025
Other Europe.....		14,962		3,878
British North America.....		261,734		249,116
Other countries.....		11,773		12,693
<b>Total.....</b>		3,800,168		3,394,349
<b>Glass and Glassware—Window glass.....</b>		14,994		13,269
All other.....		1,047,231		1,194,818
<b>Total.....</b>		1,062,225		1,208,187
<b>Glucose or grape sugar.....</b> lbs	71,281,650	2,772,385	194,419,250	2,796,674
Glue.....	1,700,470	106,391	1,400,368	132,581
Grease, grease scraps, and all soap stock.....		1,518,763		2,070,111
<b>Gunpowder and Other Explosives—Gunpowder.....</b> lbs	1,159,985	121,823	1,096,466	118,001
Cartridges and other.....		1,256,279		1,437,317
<b>Total.....</b>		1,381,102		1,555,318
<b>Hair, and manufactures of.....</b>		457,890		517,469
Hay.....	59,062	874,048	61,058	846,570
Hides and skins, other than furs.....	39,546,324	3,858,946	31,119,166	2,398,530
Honey.....		90,960		22,368
<b>Hops (lbs.)—Exported to—United Kingdom.....</b>	15,702,064	1,397,349	9,935,162	1,156,263
Other Europe.....	2,914	246		
British North America.....	808,411	24,067	399,188	31,508
Mexico.....	43,270	8,298	474,133	55,619
Central American States and British Honduras.....	26,792	2,449	22,501	2,655
Cuba.....	2,645	286	2,212	347
Puerto Rico.....	8,929	423	2,506	296
Santo Domingo.....	2,398	249	2,910	297
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	12,153	1,134	7,213	785
South America.....	14,506	1,797	10,525	1,297
British Australasia.....	581,096	43,210	562,445	46,450
East Indies (British).....	71,110	5,680	36,160	2,534
Other Asia and Oceania.....	44,946	3,720	33,368	3,041

## EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.

	1896.		1897.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Other countries.....	1,000	\$47		
Total.....	16,765,254	1,478,919	11,426,241	\$1,304,188
Ice..... tons	23,510	48,376	26,454	51,570
India Rubber and Gutta Percha, manufactures of — Boots and shoes..... pairs	350,713	216,057	305,326	195,499
All other.....		1,542,499		1,611,846
Total.....		1,858,556		1,807,145
Ink, printers' and other		165,238		162,955
Instruments and apparatus for scientific purposes, etc.		2,522,217		3,054,453
Iron and Steel, and Manufactures of—Iron ore..... tons	1,384	6,402	9,770	34,193
Scrap and old, fit only for remanufacture..... tons	1,172	11,389	16,566	193,503
Pig Iron..... tons	29,862	471,803	168,690	2,331,771
Band, hoop and scroll iron..... lbs.	497,225	9,675	890,294	16,964
Bar Iron..... lbs.	7,891,479	175,049	7,764,206	126,646
Car wheels..... No.	14,536	104,215	18,548	112,187
Castings, n. e. s.....		794,314		969,432
Cutlery.....		186,464		178,391
Firearms.....		770,852		644,932
Ingots, bars and rods of steel..... lbs.	5,988,502	125,151	92,496,997	1,121,060
Builders' hardware and saws and tools—Locks, hinges and other builders' hardware		3,311,738		4,152,896
Saws and tools.....		2,197,450		2,474,630
Total.....		5,509,188		6,627,466
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		992,224		1,670,067
Germany.....		448,937		668,448
France.....		122,868		185,506
Other Europe.....		284,708		440,283
British North America.....		557,998		554,441
Mexico.....		546,454		622,488
Central American States and British Honduras.....		178,955		149,211
Cuba.....		103,313		84,072
Puerto Rico.....		21,421		15,249
Santo Domingo.....		12,967		11,238
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		84,330		74,903
Argentina.....		192,393		226,344
Brazil.....		806,254		246,819
Colombia.....		40,696		116,900
Other South America.....		832,916		252,951
China.....		15,309		31,463
British Australasia.....		821,584		969,774
East Indies (British).....		20,033		25,002
Other Asia and Oceania.....		91,806		118,364
Africa.....		276,403		257,256
Other countries.....		3,168		4,036
Total builders' hardware, etc.....		5,509,188		6,627,466
Machinery—Sewing machines and parts of—				
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		998,861		1,074,489
Germany.....		676,644		761,229
France.....		108,024		123,406
Other Europe.....		237,802		194,469
British North America.....		103,340		103,119
Mexico.....		215,359		199,016
Central American States and British Honduras.....		93,997		89,117
Cuba.....		14,426		8,199
Puerto Rico.....		2,953		2,242
Santo Domingo.....		1,380		1,796
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		21,464		17,929
Argentina.....		103,171		101,628
Brazil.....		137,539		114,553
Colombia.....		71,822		113,013
Other South America.....		144,057		117,898
China.....		5,952		9,505
British Australasia.....		215,080		249,510
East Indies (British).....		5,176		2,814
Other Asia and Oceania.....		80,723		42,917
Africa.....		15,483		18,903
Other countries.....		763		264
Total.....		3,139,249		3,340,241
Other Machinery—Printing presses and parts of.....		348,053		649,710
Steam engines, and parts of—Fire engines..... No.	5	10,645	2	6,790
Locomotive engines..... No.	261	2,512,270	338	3,225,831
Stationary engines..... No.	324	216,901	423	323,438
Boilers and parts of engines.....		534,001		671,334
Typewriting machines, and parts of.....				1,438,117
All other.....		14,853,221		19,771,866

**EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.**

**81**

<b>EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.</b>	<b>1896.</b>		<b>1897.</b>	
	<b>Quant's.</b>	<b>Values.</b>	<b>Quant's.</b>	<b>Values.</b>
<b>Exported to—United Kingdom.....</b>		<b>\$3,623,915</b>		<b>\$3,173,648</b>
Germany.....		1,077,402		2,157,730
France.....		471,269		843,951
Other Europe.....		2,130,202		8,870,897
British North America.....		1,464,112		1,708,623
Mexico.....		2,456,400		2,874,283
Central American States and British Honduras.....		554,290		747,300
Cuba.....		861,124		115,570
Puerto Rico.....		51,459		110,428
Santo Domingo.....		115,427		106,352
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		246,052		201,980
Argentina.....		282,472		511,933
Brazil.....		1,201,415		769,681
Colombia.....		174,283		169,699
Other South America.....		824,395		490,904
China.....		23,800		224,292
British Australasia.....		564,533		940,405
East Indies (British).....		89,622		100,759
Other Asia and Oceania.....		1,096,183		2,390,417
Africa.....		1,308,590		1,578,336
Other countries.....		621		
<b>Total other machinery.....</b>		<b>18,127,128</b>		<b>26,102,076</b>
<b>Total machinery.....</b>		<b>21,614,430</b>		<b>29,444,317</b>
<b>Nails and Spikes (lbs.)—Cut.....</b>	<b>20,780,260</b>	<b>428,630</b>	<b>25,476,585</b>	<b>519,471</b>
Wire, wrought, horseshoe, and all other, including tacks.....	8,031,927	321,055	9,941,714	357,541
Plates and Sheets (lbs.)—Iron.....	1,088,407	34,043	4,269,348	92,333
Steel.....	1,808,068	53,291	5,594,423	118,965
Railroad Bars or Rails (tons)—Iron.....	5,382	115,571	4,181	79,498
Steel.....	24,338	510,797	107,591	2,482,208
Scales and balances.....		418,471		325,625
Stoves and ranges, and parts of.....		820,659		881,899
Wire..... lbs.	70,998,846	1,506,885	107,729,155	2,242,617
All other manufactures of iron and steel.....		7,648,845		9,112,403
<b>Total iron and steel, etc., not including ore.....</b>		<b>41,160,577</b>		<b>57,497,306</b>
<b>Jewelry, and manufactures of gold and silver.....</b>		<b>800,851</b>		<b>658,678</b>
Lamps, Chandeliers, etc.....		719,173		710,997
<b>Lead, and Manufactures of—Pigs, bars, and old..... lbs.</b>	<b>7,479,042</b>	<b>215,719</b>	<b>17,632,456</b>	<b>474,690</b>
Manufactures of.....		157,222		181,388
<b>Total.....</b>		<b>372,941</b>		<b>656,038</b>
<b>Leather, and Manufactures of—Leather, sole (lbs.)—</b>				
<b>Exported to—United Kingdom.....</b>	<b>32,769,953</b>	<b>5,665,347</b>	<b>29,737,380</b>	<b>4,908,786</b>
Germany.....	650,029	132,190	230,270	45,101
Other Europe.....	4,941,703	954,356	6,068,132	1,100,189
British North America.....	400,808	74,590	482,037	82,722
West Indies and Bermuda.....	60,761	12,918	44,608	8,826
South America.....	15,684	3,446	15,728	3,000
British Australasia.....	289,775	48,906	187,231	36,589
Other Asia and Oceania.....	2,489,116	524,123	1,825,155	268,172
Africa.....	121,602	22,342	170,781	33,123
Other countries.....	129,063	25,934	118,885	23,906
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>41,818,503</b>	<b>7,474,021</b>	<b>38,384,314</b>	<b>6,510,404</b>
<b>Leather, other—Buff, grain, splits, and all finished upper leather.....</b>		<b>8,908,363</b>		<b>8,798,902</b>
Patent or enameled.....		389,452		813,161
All other.....		1,017,649		813,798
<b>Total.....</b>		<b>10,290,964</b>		<b>9,920,851</b>
<b>Exported to—United Kingdom.....</b>		<b>4,667,186</b>		<b>7,511,770</b>
Germany.....		191,030		317,174
France.....		177,750		173,618
Other Europe.....		589,425		964,165
British North America.....		428,435		654,001
Mexico.....		24,014		16,456
Central American States and British Honduras.....		7,493		6,143
Cuba.....		6,651		1,217
Puerto Rico.....		2,504		839
Santo Domingo.....		721		1,177
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		12,845		16,033
Argentina.....		638		4,055
Brazil.....		13,367		18,914
Colombia.....		2,210		2,388
Other South America.....		15,540		14,242
British Australasia.....		149,471		172,316
Other Asia and Oceania.....		31,295		18,756
Africa.....		27,343		28,186

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1896.		1897.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Other countries.....		\$46		\$403
Total leather, or other.....		10,200,004		9,920,881
Manufactures of—Boots and shoes.....	1,036,235	1,436,686	1,224,478	1,708,234
Harness and saddles.....		224,163		246,499
All other.....		811,020		775,468
Total leather and manufactures of.....		20,242,759		19,161,446
Lime.....	85,480	121,914	78,724	78,311
Malt Liquors—In bottles.....	291,055	580,116	549,910	636,684
Not in bottles.....	220,283	69,759	330,048	87,112
Total.....		659,875		723,796
Marble and Stone, and Manufactures of—Unmanufactured		71,876		66,965
Manufactures of—Roofing slate.....		295,383		780,172
All other.....		635,300		536,705
Total.....		976,465		1,383,480
Matches.....		30,310		70,888
Musical Instruments (No.)—Organs.....	13,000	729,403	13,725	798,152
Pianofortes.....	92	246,083	820	214,849
All other, and parts of.....		254,675		262,736
Total.....		1,271,161		1,275,737
Naval Stores (brls.)—Rosin.....	2,172,391	4,151,748	2,428,176	4,698,163
Tar.....	16,866	34,046	17,540	31,878
Turpentine and pitch.....	18,363	45,644	18,920	44,366
Total.....	2,208,119	4,231,758	2,465,676	4,767,407
Exported to (brls.)—United Kingdom.....	568,761	1,244,100	729,044	1,523,513
Germany.....	555,085	1,034,443	608,672	1,118,140
Other Europe.....	600,851	1,019,522	711,526	1,285,397
British North America.....	54,425	135,550	58,362	136,788
Mexico.....	6,054	16,569	2,323	6,840
Central American States and British Honduras.....	8,438	23,357	9,689	24,151
Cuba.....	6,226	14,437	4,839	9,888
Puerto Rico.....	1,270	2,587	823	1,945
Santo Domingo.....	1,366	4,560	2,082	5,005
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	6,022	16,573	5,322	18,808
Argentina.....	65,067	139,369	34,210	75,851
Brazil.....	128,510	254,658	124,427	294,731
Colombia.....	6,207	12,700	9,039	19,163
Other South America.....	62,779	132,902	53,710	107,289
China.....	1,364	3,642	3,240	6,307
British Australasia.....	32,641	90,220	42,816	83,668
Other Asia and Oceania.....	47,232	75,259	64,127	108,118
Africa.....	461	2,189	1,390	8,042
Other countries.....	68	130	29	72
Total rosin, tar, etc.....	2,338,119	4,231,758	2,465,676	4,767,407
Turpentine, Spirits of Gums—Exp. to—United Kingdom.....	8,585,481	2,191,136	8,478,602	2,111,852
Germany.....	2,498,777	701,390	2,418,796	613,172
Other Europe.....	4,644,779	1,192,563	4,922,718	1,270,186
British North America.....	579,637	161,455	491,040	132,670
Mexico.....	1,022	2,569	7,632	2,697
Central American States and British Honduras.....	11,013	5,493	13,317	4,346
Cuba.....	62,767	19,433	65,616	19,800
Puerto Rico.....	7,232	2,843	8,463	3,184
Santo Domingo.....	1,631	221	950	312
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	27,267	8,818	27,845	8,955
Argentina.....	550,000	81,214	196,350	50,254
Brazil.....	207,147	65,043	152,401	46,792
Colombia.....	15,551	5,721	15,620	5,781
Other South America.....	194,507	65,476	113,151	36,672
China.....	13,789	4,651	11,250	3,701
British Australasia.....	401,920	139,162	294,879	96,845
Other Asia and Oceania.....	32,834	11,653	42,240	12,745
Africa.....	66,969	27,150	70,254	28,187
Other countries.....			101	86
Total.....	17,631,566	4,013,811	17,392,823	4,447,351
Total naval stores.....		8,845,569		9,214,958
Nickel, nickel oxide and matte.....	2,014,388	442,765	2,246,308	725,800
Oil-Cake and Oil-Cake Meal (lbs.)—Cottonseed.....	40,917,291	3,700,233	62,000,636	5,615,840
Flaxseed or linseed.....	303,429,432	8,200,415	351,103,448	4,036,244
Total.....	76,457,724	7,940,647	106,000,082	9,651,044
Exported to (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	3,983,340	8,761,715	6,628,808	8,070,881
Germany.....	190,278,340	1,840,568	31,526,721	2,927,285
France.....	11,950,796	127,743	31,703,258	2,807,749
Other Europe.....	212,760,448	2,224,394	484,152,957	3,198,013

## EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

33

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1896.		1897.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
British North America.....	2,428,882	\$22,806	1,100,497	\$10,870
West Indies and Bermuda.....	12,210,633	128,197	12,594,713	130,100
South America.....	264,274	2,838	50,417	5,619
Other countries.....	127,882	1,832	156,276	1,555
Total oil cake and oil-cake meal.....	798,366,723	7,949,647	1,056,493,095	9,611,014
Oil.—Animal (gals.)—Lard.....	883,965	426,401	961,407	419,808
Whale.....	82,676	32,872	56,129	21,238
Fish.....	761,449	163,829	798,211	155,062
Other.....	100,344	50,839	112,555	47,896
Total animal.....	1,778,994	673,941	1,927,302	643,924
Mineral, crude, including all natural oils, without regard to gravity (gals.)—				
Exported to—France.....	79,242,152	4,318,104	100,168,929	4,584,562
Other Europe.....	19,354,444	1,012,429	18,225,384	795,845
British North America.....			18,390	859
Mexico.....	6,779,056	392,510	7,090,853	349,021
Cuba.....	4,838,657	330,566	4,772,549	296,849
Puerto Rico.....	708,009	68,080	623,968	59,076
Other countries.....	1,300	115	841,140	85,000
Total.....	110,923,620	6,121,836	131,726,243	6,171,852
Mineral, Refined or Manufactured, not including residuum (gals.)—Naphthas, including all lighter products of distillation.....	12,849,319	1,056,542	14,249,028	1,123,347
Illuminating.....	716,456,655	43,690,920	772,020,626	48,543,916
Lubricating and heavy paraffin oil.....	50,525,660	6,556,775	50,191,843	6,619,894
Total.....	779,330,414	56,247,237	936,469,599	56,287,127
Exported to (gals.)—United Kingdom.....	212,555,418	14,489,674	213,627,168	13,240,527
Germany.....	130,648,044	7,896,715	124,261,435	6,617,190
France.....	12,176,143	1,216,922	9,045,114	932,938
Other Europe.....	221,101,840	13,773,506	245,005,464	14,165,611
British North America.....	10,183,132	782,784	10,082,522	727,491
Mexico.....	631,147	142,761	896,628	174,107
Central American States and British Honduras.....	1,425,112	177,149	1,247,764	143,755
Cuba.....	66,089	18,147	68,747	10,047
Puerto Rico.....	251,364	34,294	275,195	33,375
Santo Domingo.....	401,896	45,807	526,671	52,496
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	4,514,398	472,406	4,225,737	576,698
Argentina.....	8,524,325	1,034,576	10,391,716	1,211,214
Brazil.....	19,356,021	1,715,894	20,563,638	1,642,912
Colombia.....	1,125,719	124,652	1,245,176	121,861
Other South America.....	11,831,070	1,243,682	10,213,795	980,070
China.....	25,743,212	2,166,978	42,627,181	3,371,937
British Australasia.....	14,576,529	1,621,291	16,837,914	1,915,339
East Indies (British).....	26,311,456	2,430,475	21,361,346	1,897,651
Other Asia and Oceania.....	66,912,255	5,923,833	83,622,874	7,734,900
Africa.....	10,598,153	1,108,522	10,474,918	1,072,552
Other countries.....	496,249	42,212	63,548	5,777
Total mineral oil (not including residuum).....	779,330,414	56,247,237	936,469,599	56,287,127
Residuum, including tar, and all other, from which the light bodies have been distilled.....	4,880	14,330	162,612	176,058
Total refined or manufactured.....		56,261,567		56,463,185
Vegetable—Cottonseed Oil (gals.) Exported to—United Kingdom.....	2,411,456	631,172	1,147,573	294,611
Germany.....	946,900	271,152	1,792,598	430,535
France.....	4,849,810	1,336,836	10,461,832	2,601,526
Other Europe.....	7,582,541	2,228,858	9,614,594	2,556,614
British North America.....	402,688	109,357	277,630	62,220
Mexico.....	1,568,504	337,892	1,616,407	320,496
Central American States and British Honduras.....	10,825	8,677	16,919	4,855
Cuba.....	101	83	1,000	290
Puerto Rico.....	1,784	449	170	46
Santo Domingo.....	41,283	16,389	46,828	15,616
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	499,053	134,578	737,545	193,708
Argentina.....	87,450	18,615	85,651	11,594
Brazil.....	556,528	173,525	654,555	172,853
Other South America.....	220,077	78,241	230,571	73,379
British Australasia.....	65,795	22,072	62,282	16,823
Other Asia and Oceania.....	6,580	2,104	2,800	870
Africa.....	297,334	91,363	521,319	139,355
Other countries.....	2,500	775		
Total.....	19,445,848	5,476,510	27,196,882	6,897,361
Linseed..... gals.	67,156	83,210	111,982	42,700
Volatile or Essential—Peppermint..... lbs.	85,230	174,810	162,492	267,484

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1896.		1897.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Other.....		\$102,487		\$146,868
All other.....		509,353		1,107,504
Total vegetable.....		6,007,023		8,511,618
Paints, pigments and colors.....		880,941		914,542
Paper, and Manufactures of—Paper hangings.....		181,567		111,146
Writing paper and envelopes.....		108,117		110,323
All other.....		2,523,901		3,116,688
Total.....		2,713,875		3,353,157
Paraffin and Paraffin Wax (lbs.)—Exported to—United Kingdom.....	67,892,720	2,759,112	82,388,081	3,126,641
Germany.....	11,345,716	624,161	16,314,503	638,619
France.....	1,355,715	81,778	1,353,807	66,636
Other Europe.....	11,534,614	480,579	14,268,006	691,131
British North America.....	4,330	210	41,805	1,754
Mexico.....	2,955,176	103,644	2,888,475	144,805
Central American States and British Honduras.....	502,464	25,216	530,342	31,088
West Indies and Bermuda.....	39,194	2,552	101,094	4,969
Brazil.....	240,304	14,658	250,523	13,980
Other South America.....	16,562	1,067	92,957	4,733
British Australasia.....	2,178,576	16,648	2,213,124	16,760
Other Asia and Oceania.....	5,675,701	128,601	4,832,807	174,889
Africa.....	481,630	25,004	1,331,020	52,936
Total.....	105,882,575	4,405,841	128,365,128	4,967,106
Perfumery and cosmetics.....		369,116		316,913
Plated ware.....		69,311		443,632
Provisions, comprising Meat and Dairy Products—Meat products—Beef products—Canned (lbs.)—Exported to—United Kingdom.....	40,002,098	3,629,301	34,714,439	3,019,451
Germany.....	1,569,800	616,546	4,611,748	372,460
France.....	5,387,610	448,070	1,111,143	10,471
Other Europe.....	2,632,539	201,845	3,191,561	284,191
British North America.....	1,526,142	111,201	1,682,336	107,204
Mexico.....	132,765	16,611	117,424	14,288
Central American States and British Honduras.....	245,309	29,118	370,538	37,008
Puerto Rico.....	25,280	1,718	26,696	1,932
Santo Domingo.....	2,112	163	2,485	192
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	601	54	910	72
Argentina.....	457,234	41,482	570,384	32,028
Brazil.....	21,630	1,385	1,750	135
Other South America.....	427,749	33,824	291,240	17,640
Columbia.....	78,155	6,78	76,611	6,667
Other South America.....	204,857	16,878	154,228	12,750
China.....	96,010	13,534	117,034	16,762
British Australasia.....	100,636	8,872	100,074	18,803
East Indies (British).....	15,511	912	6,163	501
Other Asia and Oceania.....	700,507	100,541	1,310,161	145,660
Africa.....	5,482,415	268,666	6,147,045	480,261
Other countries.....	3,740	511	546	43
Total.....	65,628,181	5,936,934	54,010,772	4,656,808
Fresh (lbs.)—Exported to—United Kingdom.....	21,507,746	18,904,714	20,007,772	22,626,778
British North America.....	73,132	5,430	37,103	2,173
West Indies and Bermuda.....	200,293	17,129	350,658	21,725
Other countries.....			1,000	66
Total.....	21,708,032	18,927,107	20,359,330	22,653,742
Salted or Pickled, and other cured (lbs.)—Salted or pickled.....	70,700,109	3,975,114	67,719,480	3,514,186
Other cured.....	614,509	59,671	668,188	33,661
Total.....	71,314,618	4,034,785	68,387,668	3,547,847
Exported to (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	36,416,183	2,750,881	30,000,214	3,127,815
Germany.....	6,579,728	376,148	4,003,383	262,347
France.....	581,500	32,872	290,708	11,371
Other Europe.....	7,084,123	415,787	7,416,361	370,590
British North America.....	5,032,721	282,819	5,763,757	268,000
Mexico.....	509,864	61,103	581,101	28,601
Central American States and British Honduras.....	50,140	1,577	91,048	4,141
Puerto Rico.....	32,162	1,000	147,110	6,200
Santo Domingo.....	38,000	1,001	61,664	2,612
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	7,242,445	592,515	6,486,616	306,904
Brazil.....	50,200	8,705	81,749	4,001
Columbia.....	217,462	10,571	276,687	12,652
Other South America.....	3,723,735	218,448	3,292,811	153,410
Asia and Oceania.....	1,565,193	70,984	794,167	39,715
Africa.....	198,888	10,541	416,253	20,476

## EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

35

## EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.

	1896.		1897.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Other countries.....	40,100	\$2,084	18,900	\$813
Total beef, salted, etc.....	71,223,512	4,031,484	68,652,388	3,597,827
Tallow (lbs.)—Exported to—United Kingdom.....	18,887,338	796,875	24,517,269	888,996
Germany.....	6,983,531	297,873	9,277,703	343,545
France.....	8,589,830	357,547	18,823,183	675,421
Other Europe.....	9,250,130	411,164	14,449,711	534,074
British North America.....	1,169,465	50,905	76,013	2,382
Mexico.....	1,783,788	77,050	997,216	36,591
Central American States and British Honduras.....	2,920,028	146,417	2,724,512	119,156
Cuba.....	618,505	24,245	566,729	20,958
Puerto Rico.....	1,591	411	4,563	256
Santo Domingo.....	699,813	32,580	533,562	21,037
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	1,269,015	73,533	2,323,067	102,079
Brazil.....	29,900	1,735	222,675	9,256
Colombia.....	173,933	9,267	245,644	11,701
Other South America.....	221,808	11,950	310,640	13,124
Asia and Oceania.....	44,162	1,745	29,585	1,078
Other countries.....	8,325	420	1,704	63
Total.....	52,750,212	2,323,764	75,108,834	2,792,566
Hog Products—Bacon (lbs.)—Exp. to—United Kingdom.....	344,271,223	27,746,865	386,437,491	27,564,915
Germany.....	9,086,823	603,022	26,878,269	1,572,231
France.....	3,613,704	231,616	1,979,546	133,086
Other Europe.....	34,492,572	2,388,701	44,925,834	2,642,802
British North America.....	7,042,264	422,457	10,769,240	541,448
Mexico.....	86,355	3,428	8,449	349
Central American States and British Honduras.....	806,798	22,431	281,230	19,248
Cuba.....	6,198,201	386,475	10,581,819	574,402
Puerto Rico.....	295,386	19,186	618,015	33,233
Santo Domingo.....	27,463	1,906	46,906	2,705
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	530,554	42,183	520,376	89,004
Brazil.....	19,003,439	1,482,705	16,770,806	1,013,182
Colombia.....	25,031	1,816	27,781	1,632
Other South America.....	271,746	19,670	321,359	21,563
China.....	23,219	3,153	20,372	2,630
Other Asia and Oceania.....	67,914	9,883	76,208	9,787
Africa.....	88,573	2,599	91,315	5,687
Other countries.....	8,222	74	300	22
Total.....	425,352,187	33,442,847	500,498,448	34,187,147
Hams (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	103,165,961	10,036,718	134,933,063	13,008,512
Germany.....	1,853,798	176,443	2,943,183	268,216
France.....	607,524	60,190	816,624	80,078
Other Europe.....	12,158,879	1,207,376	15,648,739	1,544,715
British North America.....	3,711,607	386,073	3,670,487	301,751
Mexico.....	254,191	29,487	264,049	23,076
Central American States and British Honduras.....	253,076	27,573	312,078	23,654
Cuba.....	8,408,718	848,065	4,012,433	374,185
Puerto Rico.....	985,718	92,549	898,945	79,383
Santo Domingo.....	56,718	6,400	62,944	7,316
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	1,215,839	182,919	1,276,843	123,501
Brazil.....	23,227	2,813	18,378	1,753
Colombia.....	116,743	10,973	172,921	14,980
Other South America.....	873,177	97,481	864,375	94,131
China.....	49,625	6,594	49,233	6,367
British Australasia.....	15,400	2,081	11,864	1,544
Other Asia and Oceania.....	247,388	31,964	276,387	35,846
Africa.....	29,621	3,184	119,956	12,449
Other countries.....	8,124	834	5,209	540
Total.....	129,036,351	12,669,763	165,247,302	15,970,021
Pork (lbs.)—Fresh.....	744,656	43,739	1,306,424	94,816
Pickled.....	69,498,373	3,973,461	66,768,920	3,297,214
Total.....	70,243,029	4,017,200	68,075,341	3,392,030
Exported to (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	12,670,206	790,877	19,006,770	1,088,919
Germany.....	1,261,000	74,992	1,902,137	101,639
France.....	180,200	11,275	131,550	8,037
Other Europe.....	890,505	56,346	2,396,989	170,849
British North America.....	15,397,232	877,015	12,289,839	561,850
Central American States and British Honduras.....	1,473,340	77,995	1,207,265	57,582
Cuba.....	196,600	10,249	222,600	10,006
Puerto Rico.....	4,485,500	243,811	3,450,300	132,411
Santo Domingo.....	100,937	9,192	95,400	4,357
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	20,285,910	1,438,497	21,891,575	905,307
Brazil.....	56,180	36,031	315,400	17,684
Colombia.....	112,380	6,297	133,722	6,840
Other South America.....	6,181,900	358,521	3,907,250	175,566
Asia and Oceania.....	161,872	11,874	276,585	19,047
Africa.....	104,300	6,392	128,900	6,476

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1896.		1897.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Other countries.....	127,207	87,788	107,525	85,331
Total.....	70,243,039	4,017,200	68,075,344	3,302,030
Lard (lbs.)—Exported to—United Kingdom.....	101,924,141	13,521,493	192,116,083	10,010,789
Germany.....	121,983,904	7,788,975	166,132,473	8,317,030
France.....	3,083,211	2,131,390	20,954,560	1,032,296
Other Europe.....	75,745,395	6,075,087	107,780,558	5,485,167
British North America.....	7,035,260	473,221	5,372,193	249,759
Mexico.....	3,440,157	201,727	7,195,787	332,220
Central American States and British Honduras.....	2,213,485	117,378	2,104,781	111,741
Cuba.....	20,218,302	1,551,183	25,717,499	1,255,183
Puerto Rico.....	4,027,501	241,447	4,572,984	239,051
Santo Domingo.....	567,472	37,347	420,544	23,077
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	7,151,285	507,888	6,984,212	408,022
Argentina.....	55,450	3,885	83,943	4,615
Brazil.....	13,131,971	938,515	12,358,584	714,825
Colombia.....	1,920,675	126,896	2,917,290	152,501
Other South America.....	10,977,712	725,404	11,625,901	646,087
Asia and Oceania.....	415,370	32,483	476,403	32,093
Africa.....	672,427	62,539	1,411,038	90,172
Other countries.....	80,675	2,001	51,731	2,774
Total.....	100,534,256	33,589,851	508,315,640	29,136,485
Lard compounds, and substitutes for (cottonseed, lardine, etc., lbs.).....			16,281,991	857,708
Mutton.....lbs.	422,930	31,733	361,153	28,341
Oil and oleomargarine (lbs.)—Oil, the oil.....	103,276,756	8,087,645	115,501,152	6,742,061
Oleomargarine, imitation butter.....	6,063,639	587,239	4,804,351	472,856
Total.....	109,340,455	8,675,174	118,370,503	7,214,917
Exported to (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	8,910,703	688,673	7,661,330	476,172
Germany.....	25,403,039	1,773,454	29,158,449	1,624,233
Other Europe.....	70,463,378	5,787,353	77,001,220	4,719,458
British North America.....	1,547,343	103,591	1,286,100	65,227
Mexico.....	12,101	1,312	6,414	701
Central American States and British Honduras.....	8,407	934	2,610	261
Puerto Rico.....	18,440	1,738	.....	.....
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	2,479,937	267,608	2,573,397	260,225
Colombia.....	87,100	8,806	81,893	7,513
Other South America.....	277,010	30,243	301,373	32,663
Asia and Oceania.....	57,679	6,818	92,768	9,792
Other countries.....	45,650	4,753	181,873	96,622
Total.....	100,340,455	8,675,174	118,370,503	7,214,917
Poultry and game.....		40,647		72,082
All other meat products.....		1,767,437		2,944,486
Dairy Products—Butter (lbs.)—Exp. to—United Kingdom.....	11,216,611	1,768,473	20,022,410	2,905,036
Germany.....	1,162,175	139,732	2,834,147	329,832
Other Europe.....	2,391,508	300,704	2,658,485	297,479
British North America.....	676,341	114,833	1,797,089	276,005
Mexico.....	183,756	33,169	238,585	40,089
Central American States and British Honduras.....	251,788	45,598	238,208	45,757
Cuba.....	40,382	10,080	56,110	10,475
Puerto Rico.....	20,653	2,754	33,525	4,009
Santo Domingo.....	41,582	5,64	31,051	7,331
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	2,052,440	319,343	1,984,709	289,481
Brazil.....	257,400	96,394	318,787	40,303
Colombia.....	109,419	16,39	132,047	17,853
Other South America.....	638,181	39,404	675,236	87,903
China.....	20,277	3,709	25,336	4,621
Other Asia and Oceania.....	261,350	45,316	237,044	42,738
Africa.....	3,693	739	15,820	2,791
Other countries.....	13,612	2,033	11,056	1,566
Total.....	19,373,913	2,937,201	31,345,224	4,493,964
Cheese (lbs.)—Exported to—United Kingdom.....	29,801,354	2,491,088	40,660,737	3,701,536
Germany.....	6,812	623	5,0	76
British North America.....	5,261,881	402,742	8,479,803	716,237
Mexico.....	110,143	12,762	129,622	15,519
Central American States and British Honduras.....	163,947	18,417	172,833	19,707
Cuba.....	42,887	7,508	64,923	11,281
Puerto Rico.....	25,404	2,916	26,178	3,022
Santo Domingo.....	44,939	4,798	40,061	4,711
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	906,703	103,277	851,545	103,718
Brazil.....	2,157	233	1,704	212
Colombia.....	67,475	7,661	91,883	11,244
Other South America.....	153,453	17,304	129,722	16,142
China.....	15,240	3,779	41,030	4,569
Other Asia and Oceania.....	148,164	10,070	228,578	25,389
Other countries.....	8,597	1,111	20,640	2,388
Total.....	36,777,291	3,091,914	50,944,807	4,636,063

## EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

37

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1896.		1897.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Milk.....		\$770,465		\$574,968
Total provisions, etc.....		31,503,590		1,713,184
Quicksilver..... lbs.	1,536.50	628.63	1,131.90	418,938
Rice bran, meal and polish..... lbs.	13,844.68	79,637	3,518.166	20,118
Seeds—Clover..... lbs.	5,539,787	4,748	13,012.99	1,008,157
Cotton..... lbs.	26,980,110	179,621	2,566,021	170,404
Flaxseed or linseed..... bu.	80,468	73,207	4,713.77	3,850,85
Timothy..... lbs.	11,894,539	518,755	16,733,973	574,457
All other.....		832,941		429,379
Total.....		1,592,017		6,028,432
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		485,539		2,985,905
Germany.....		188,614		602,766
France.....		35,201		122,665
Other Europe.....		106,499		1,528,422
British North America.....		636,215		690,553
Mexico.....		10,867		20,085
Central American States and British Honduras.....		11,551		10,074
Cuba.....		3,811		8,458
Puerto Rico.....		133		327
Santo Domingo.....		613		658
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		3,911		3,909
Argentina.....		190		782
Brazil.....		753		1,583
Colombia.....		1,884		2,768
Other South America.....		5,173		4,906
China.....		545		590
British Australasia.....		34,400		52,696
Other Asia and Oceania.....		4,63		4,542
Africa.....		1,920		1,394
Other countries.....		20		
Total seeds.....		1,592,017		6,028,432
Silk, manufactures of.....		300,884		224,600
Soap—Toilet or fancy.....		163,382		201,564
Other..... lbs.	30,673,517	1,115,263	24,662,178	832,316
Total.....		1,278,615		1,136,880
Spermaceti and spermaceti wax..... lbs.	248,168	81,221	238,777	72,568
Spirits, Distilled (proof gals.)—Alcohol, including pure, neutral or cologne spirits.....				
Brandy.....	331,407	85,292	416,725	140,046
Rum.....	89,259	87,234	11,815	12,640
Whisky—Bourbon.....	865,618	1,174,093	808,335	1,102,267
Rye.....	139,893	187,336	569,415	422,451
All other.....	26,630	45,28	21,284	38,40
Total.....	336,121	151,521	500,338	225,307
Total.....	1,789,229	1,730,804	2,377,906	1,911,703
Starch..... lbs.	31,829,435	885,198	79,088,876	1,655,123
Stationery, except of paper.....		774,28		928,374
Stereotype and electrotype plates.....		73,980		69,565
Straw and palm leaf, manufactures of.....		269,311		805,418
Sugar and Molasses—Molasses and sirup..... gals.	6,953,307	737,870	8,918,830	788,423
Sugar, brown..... lbs.	296,265	10,89	1,107,86	35,267
Sugar, Refined (lbs.)—Exported to—United Kingdom.....				
Germany.....	172,438	7,111	491,835	20,127
Other Europe.....	4,913	255	10,630	983
British North America.....	49,907	2,490	17,988	306
Mexico.....	53,914	3,009	45,736	2,834
Central American States and British Honduras.....	566,775	29,459	484,112	23,619
Santo Domingo.....	1,653,616	73,647	1,313,259	69,985
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	59,249	2,895	49,179	2,332
Argentina.....	3,301,494	108,178	2,368,858	115,732
Colombia.....	6,820	280		
Other South America.....	1,677,182	83,819	926,095	44,386
British Australasia.....	69,953	3,373	43,736	2,422
Other Asia and Oceania.....	8,594	400		
Africa.....	997,365	46,40	906,215	44,974
Other countries.....	571,595	28,643	474,657	24,059
Total.....	12,246	639		
Total.....	9,101,250	450,733	7,197,355	811,641
Candy and confectionery.....		515,23		513,631
Total sugar and molasses.....		1,714,275		1,708,392
Tin, manufactures of.....		240,526		300,441
Tobacco, and Manufactures of—Unmanuf'd (lbs.)—Leaf.....	287,700,301	24,405,245	235,819,001	23,983,415
Stems and trimmings.....	7,839,011	106,117	19,112,684	848,031
Total.....	295,539,312	24,571,362	254,931,681	24,711,446

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1896.		1897.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
<b>Exported to (lbs.)—United Kingdom</b> .....	79,456,194	\$8,235,280	89,941,295	\$8,124,884
Germany.....	57,035,937	4,084,342	67,697,957	4,650,021
France.....	31,792,245	2,614,635	25,752,851	1,832, 68
Other Europe.....	103,273,441	7,437,465	105,585,408	7,434,519
British North America.....	10,974,288	1,100,848	15,415,900	1,553,872
Mexico.....	2,195,111	160,685	1,458,871	109,152
Central American States and British Honduras.....	214,208	26,799	138,967	16,777
West Indies and Bermuda.....	3,000,978	301,788	2,720,654	251,428
Argentina.....	108,368	6,996	67,790	5 0 0
Colombia.....	22,290	2,745	18,873	2,405
Other South America.....	1,258,465	109,475	1,113,017	92,570
British Australasia.....	2,128,420	286,788	1,752,035	261 3 2
Other Asia and Oceania.....	249,677	15,918	1,067,264	72,680
Africa.....	1,087,051	142,527	3,178,634	253,719
Other countries.....	58,701	7,707	1,530	179
<b>Total unmanufactured</b> .....	295,539,312	24,571,382	314,581,691	24,711,446
<b>Manufactures of—Cigars</b> ..... M.	1,217	80,113	1,962	41,685
Cigarettes..... M.	633,785	1,408,823	921,316	1,959,232
All other.....		2,911,423		3,021,880
<b>Total</b> .....		4,380,361		5,025,917
<b>Exported to—United Kingdom</b> .....		1,483,161		1,580,960
Germany.....		125,372		199,746
France.....		18,654		16,912
Other Europe.....		277,312		345,756
British North America.....		51,028		61,459
Mexico.....		14,857		13,245
Central American States and British Honduras.....		77,077		67,755
Cuba.....		86,088		116,679
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		176,826		204,642
Argentina.....		89,288		50,467
Brazil.....		1,368		1,355
Colombia.....		14,638		1,359
Other South America.....		57,551		65,412
China.....		191,408		229,456
British Australasia.....		1,023,119		919,245
East Indies (British).....		80,116		125,071
Other Asia and Oceania.....		468,472		632,212
Africa.....		208,704		351,008
Other countries.....		25,818		690
<b>Total manufactures of</b> .....		4,380,361		5,025,917
<b>Toys</b> .....		143,390		133,797
Trunks, valises and traveling bags.....		118,118		100,382
Varnish..... gals.	355,979	362,975	409,569	431,761
<b>Vegetables—Beans and peas</b> ..... bu.	473,975	632,073	900,219	1,110,387
Onions..... bu.	82,016	61,181	73,511	40,088
Potatoes..... bu.	680,049	371,485	926,646	515,067
Vegetables, canned..... bu.		407,500		408,840
All other, including pickles and sauces.....		182,805		243,542
<b>Total</b> .....		1,655,050		2,337,924
<b>Vessels sold to Foreigners (tons)—Steamers</b> .....	529	150,150	1,425	183,413
Sailing vessels.....	132	4,400	144	2,427
<b>Total</b> .....	662	154,610	1,569	191,810
<b>Vinegar</b> ..... gals.	123,163	16,975	34,909	11,572
<b>Whalebone</b> ..... lbs.	282,450	990,395	111,040	383,606
<b>Wine—in bottles</b> ..... doz.	17,147	69,494	16,151	69,499
Not in bottles..... gals.	1,339,090	581,827	1,339,218	629,215
<b>Total</b> .....		651,287		698,714
<b>Wood, and Manufactures of—Timber and unmanufactured wood—Sawed</b> ..... M feet	332,934	8,415,546	391,291	4,086,214
Hewn..... cubic feet	1,160,411	1,160,411	6,404,824	1,236,112
Logs and other.....	5,616,476	2,796,043		3,945,106
<b>Total</b> .....		7,372,030		9,217,432
<b>Exported to—United Kingdom</b> .....		3,108,817		4,332,373
Germany.....		1,014,625		1,306,328
France.....		195,027		229,818
Other Europe.....		918,187		1,135,419
British North America.....		1,182,261		1,185,430
Mexico.....		145,103		260,081
Central American States and British Honduras.....		211,931		142,112
Cuba.....		10,328		26,616
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		63,748		29,144
Argentina.....		19,859		33,799
Brazil.....		1,392		18,454
Colombia.....		13,880		21,294

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1896.		1897.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Other South America.....		\$27,135		\$18,320
British Australasia.....		130,621		194,908
Other Asia and Oceania.....		38,206		63,677
Africa.....		278,672		141,059
Other countries.....		10,481		
Total timber and unmanufactured wood.....		7,372,080		9,217,432
Lumber (M feet)—Boards, deals and planks.....	634,799	10,116,598	876,688	13,076,274
Joists and scantling.....	31,415	361,194	36,253	423,875
Total.....	726,214	10,477,792	912,942	13,500,122
Exported to (M feet)—United Kingdom.....	79,990	1,943,908	153,184	3,214,340
Germany.....	15,899	347,352	28,729	631,189
France.....	22,284	310,257	19,188	279,465
Other Europe.....	73,777	1,042,684	104,358	1,534,670
British North America.....	38,267	588,044	62,434	850,018
Mexico.....	55,784	742,483	76,627	1,158,554
Central American States and British Honduras.....	6,657	81,569	12,289	139,985
Cuba.....	28,548	320,614	27,451	284,387
Puerto Rico.....	8,842	128,949	9,589	124,510
Santo Domingo.....	5,029	69,099	4,025	65,512
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	45,649	683,518	56,446	813,203
Argentina.....	72,194	955,951	81,184	999,491
Brazil.....	62,102	825,722	53,877	700,007
Colombia.....	8,717	48,003	4,853	68,211
Other South America.....	57,638	664,146	60,943	705,474
Cuba.....	15,111	136,785	7,371	60,750
British Australasia.....	49,776	500,832	63,913	636,771
Other Asia and Oceania.....	27,478	289,939	62,353	496,003
Africa.....	55,713	805,315	44,691	726,072
Other countries.....	1,824	18,800	389	7,441
Total boards, deals, etc.....	726,214	10,477,792	912,942	13,500,122
All Other Lumber—Shingles.....	M.	56,047	58,508	100,251
Shooks—Box.....		514,576		629,492
Other.....	No.	643,669	696,858	697,410
Staves and headings.....		3,256,573		3,903,491
All other.....		2,149,891		3,180,710
Total.....		6,670,811		8,314,830
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		2,014,433		2,256,827
Germany.....		710,219		1,234,522
France.....		395,537		580,181
Other Europe.....		1,600,392		2,417,199
British North America.....		139,230		171,355
Mexico.....		339,498		401,574
Central American States and British Honduras.....		91,192		97,575
Cuba.....		71,570		43,845
Puerto Rico.....		133,138		88,901
Santo Domingo.....		9,958		9,544
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		543,105		477,080
Argentina.....		193,167		198,459
Brazil.....		12,719		17,472
Colombia.....		16,243		15,574
Other South America.....		194,679		191,077
British Australasia.....		73,338		91,278
Other Asia and Oceania.....		45,945		65,523
Africa.....		109,785		158,074
Other countries.....		8,722		607
Total all other lumber.....		6,670,811		8,314,830
Manufactures of—Doors, sash and blinds.....		376,980		577,404
Moldings, trimmings and other house finishings.....		177,001		197,931
Hoofheads and barrels, empty.....		28,540		267,375
Household furniture.....		3,261,209		3,785,131
Woodenware.....		458,651		581,480
All other.....		2,865,748		3,253,110
Total.....		7,426,475		8,592,416
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		2,157,514		2,489,427
Germany.....		552,879		584,381
France.....		294,977		305,273
Other Europe.....		429,557		491,551
British North America.....		1,207,448		1,323,604
Mexico.....		383,591		351,880
Central American States and British Honduras.....		268,604		230,522
Cuba.....		87,884		61,782
Puerto Rico.....		22,544		20,506
Santo Domingo.....		15,166		20,692
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		248,096		222,065
Argentina.....		82,417		131,388
Brazil.....		108,648		79,598

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1896.		1897.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Colombia .....		\$47,623		\$54,570
Other South America .....		187,253		181,889
China .....		16,444		41,669
British Australasia .....		466,538		646,087
East Indies (British) .....		8,465		19,364
Other Asia and Oceania .....		148,174		219,040
Africa .....		684,317		756,215
Other countries .....		10,537		8,937
Total manufactures of .....		7,426,475		8,592,416
Total wood, and manufactures of .....		31,947,108		39,624,800
Wool, and Manufactures of—Wool, Raw (lbs.)—Exported to—United Kingdom .....	1,059,797	174,445	1,431,038	162,621
Germany .....	209,397	28,516	28,032	1,600
Other Europe .....	705,319	101,654	131,712	18,520
British North America .....	2,260,470	311,922	1,977,988	286,497
Mexico .....	2,605,154	238,316	1,088,952	190,600
Other countries .....	5,848	1,027	808	85
Total wool, raw .....	6,945,981	855,960	6,271,535	619,932
Manufactures of—Carpets .....	342,468	225,207	217,215	199,579
Flannels and blankets .....		37,055		57,373
Wearing appar. l. .....		845,371		385,845
All other manufactures of .....		283,976		315,011
Total manufactures of .....		913,639		947,808
Zinc, and Manufactures of—Ore .....	30	1,401	5,311	122,765
Manufactures of—Pigs, bars, plates and sheets .....	8,673,466	187,318	35,809,987	1,756,617
All other manufactures of .....		41,281		72,943
Total, not including ore .....		228,605		1,829,560
All other articles .....		3,041,527		4,070,768
Total value of exports of domestic merchandise .....		863,200,487		1,032,001,300

## SUMMARY—IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

(Fiscal years 1896-7.)

GROUPS.	1896.		1897.	
	Values.	Per ct.	Values.	Per ct.
<b>IMPORTS.</b>				
Free of Duty—Articles of food and live animals .....	\$123,674,270	33.45	\$124,012,908	32.45
Articles in a crude condition for domestic industry .....	186,617,181	50.42	194,564,418	50.93
Articles Manufactured—For mechanic arts .....	29,851,940	8.07	29,861,421	7.85
For consumption .....	20,496,034	5.64	21,750,275	6.49
Articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc. ....	9,815,045	2.53	8,746,359	2.28
Total free of duty .....	869,757,470	100.00	881,938,421	100.00
Dutiable—Articles of food and live animals .....	113,350,775	27.64	121,153,211	30.48
Articles in a crude condition for domestic industry .....	22,951,536	5.60	20,339,911	5.51
Articles Manufactured—For mechanic arts .....	64,878,779	15.82	57,300,091	14.97
For consumption .....	124,778,005	30.44	109,624,851	28.14
Articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc. ....	84,008,109	20.50	74,352,124	20.40
Total dutiable .....	409,957,204	100.00	382,779,188	100.00
Free and Dutiable—Articles of food and live animals .....	237,025,045	30.40	245,166,119	32.04
Articles in a crude condition for domestic industry .....	209,368,717	26.95	214,901,329	28.10
Articles Manufactured—For mechanic arts .....	94,783,719	12.15	87,173,512	11.40
For consumption .....	145,274,089	18.63	134,375,126	17.58
Articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc. ....	93,323,154	11.97	85,084,463	10.86
Total imports of merchandise .....	779,724,674	100.00	761,717,608	100.00
Per cent of free .....		47.40		49.90
Duties collected .....	190,534,351		176,316,383	
<b>EXPORTS.</b>				
Domestic—Products of—Agriculture .....	549,879,297	66.02	648,878,930	66.27
Manufactures .....	228,571,178	26.48	276,357,961	26.78
Mining .....	20,045,654	2.32	21,338,129	2.07
Forest .....	33,719,304	3.91	40,489,321	3.92
Fisheries .....	6,850,392	.79	6,131,014	.59
Miscellaneous .....	4,135,762	.48	3,802,985	.37
Total .....	868,200,487	100.00	1,032,001,300	100.00
Foreign—Free of duty .....	9,486,930	48.98	9,746,495	51.31
Dutiable .....	9,919,521	51.12	9,239,458	48.66
Total .....	19,406,451	100.00	18,985,953	100.00

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS—1835 TO 1837.

41

GOLD AND SILVER.			TONNAGE.		
GOLD AND SILVER.	1836.	1837.	VESSELS.		
Gold—Imports.....	\$33,525,065	\$85,014,780	Entered—Sailing.....	tons	4,495,181
Exports.....	112,469,497	46,361,880	Steam.....	tons	16,194,120
Silver—Imports.....	28,777,186	30,533,257	Cleared—Sailing.....	tons	4,550,151
Exports.....	60,641,670	61,946,638	Steam.....	tons	16,864,434
					20,367,900

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE FROM 1835 TO 1837.

(Specie Values.)

YEAR ENDING—	EXPORTS.			IMPORTS.			EXCESS OF—	
	Domestic.	Foreign.	Total.	Free.	Outable.	Total.	Exports.	Imports.
	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
Sept. 30—								
1835.	100,439,481	14,536,321	115,215,802	64,809,046	71,855,249	136,764,295	21,548,493	21,548,493
1836.	105,530,945	17,767,792	123,298,737	78,635,600	97,325,534	175,961,134	57,940,450	57,940,450
1837.	94,280,855	17,164,232	111,445,127	58,735,612	71,729,180	130,475,803	19,023,676	19,023,676
1838.	95,560,884	9,417,479	104,978,370	43,112,880	52,857,309	95,970,288	9,008,382	9,008,382
1839.	101,625,553	10,026,140	111,651,693	70,801,616	48,700,310	119,501,926	44,216,285	44,216,285
1840.	111,660,561	12,088,371	123,748,932	48,313,361	49,945,315	98,258,700	25,490,236	25,490,236
1841.	104,656,206	8,181,253	112,837,471	61,031,088	61,926,446	122,957,534	11,140,073	11,140,073
1842.	91,739,422	8,978,758	99,877,995	26,540,470	66,561,901	96,075,011	3,802,984	3,802,984
June 30—								
1840.	77,686,354	5,130,335	82,825,689	13,254,249	29,179,215	42,433,464	40,593,225	40,593,225
1841.	99,531,774	6,214,008	105,745,832	18,694,452	83,668,154	102,362,606	3,141,216	3,141,216
1842.	98,435,840	7,581,781	106,016,111	18,077,368	80,106,72	98,184,122	7,141,211	7,141,211
1843.	101,718,042	7,832,299	109,550,348	20,000,000	92,408,817	112,408,817	8,330,817	8,330,817
1844.	130,574,844	6,166,554	136,741,398	17,691,345	104,753,002	122,444,347	8,317,249	8,317,249
1845.	130,203,748	7,180,801	137,384,549	16,454,319	132,282,335	158,736,654	10,448,129	10,448,129
1846.	131,710,081	8,641,091	140,351,172	15,736,445	125,479,774	141,216,219	8,650,477	8,650,477
1847.	134,900,283	9,475,494	144,375,777	18,081,580	155,427,589	173,509,169	29,133,800	29,133,800
1848.	178,630,188	10,365,121	188,995,309	19,653,084	191,183,421	210,771,418	21,836,120	21,836,120
1849.	154,001,147	12,063,084	166,064,231	24,187,890	183,255,508	207,443,398	40,436,167	40,436,167
1850.	180,860,129	13,620,130	194,480,259	27,182,152	229,353,311	256,535,463	62,057,203	62,057,203
1851.	215,328,500	21,715,464	237,043,964	25,700,417	272,043,547	297,743,964	60,715,000	60,715,000
1852.	192,751,155	25,138,398	218,889,553	30,430,524	221,378,184	251,808,708	38,927,205	38,927,205
1853.	229,438,631	14,781,373	244,219,124	52,748,074	242,295,310	295,043,384	50,824,260	50,824,260
1854.	278,596,115	11,917,047	290,513,162	54,397,500	294,106,338	348,438,132	57,924,970	57,924,970
1855.	251,351,663	20,090,241	271,441,904	61,044,730	222,387,172	283,426,904	8,367,620	8,367,620
1856.	272,022,186	27,302,071	299,324,257	72,233,325	226,094,914	298,328,239	38,451,902	38,451,902
1857.	316,262,438	17,385,646	333,648,084	75,741,432	258,144,005	333,885,437	20,000,000	20,000,000
1858.	291,809,616	14,884,217	306,693,833	71,180,351	214,514,190	285,694,341	69,706,709	69,706,709
1859.	179,644,024	11,026,177	190,670,201	52,711,658	136,958,542	189,670,201	1,312,824	1,312,824
1860.	185,000,912	17,900,535	202,901,447	35,241,321	148,660,126	183,901,447	30,571,908	30,571,908
1861.	145,904,072	15,353,961	161,258,033	41,136,332	120,121,701	161,258,033	0,000,000	0,000,000
1862.	130,940,248	20,089,055	151,029,303	43,519,116	107,510,187	151,029,303	0,000,000	0,000,000
1863.	337,518,102	11,341,430	348,859,532	50,932,832	297,926,700	348,859,532	0,000,000	0,000,000
1864.	279,784,868	14,719,392	294,504,260	24,143,436	275,360,824	294,504,260	0,000,000	0,000,000
1865.	240,559,000	12,502,019	253,061,019	15,190,718	237,870,301	253,061,019	0,000,000	0,000,000
1866.	215,716,007	10,351,000	226,067,007	11,646,033	214,420,974	226,067,007	0,000,000	0,000,000
1867.	376,616,143	16,155,205	392,771,348	20,144,789	372,626,559	392,771,348	0,000,000	0,000,000
1868.	428,089,008	14,421,270	442,510,278	36,395,737	406,114,541	442,510,278	0,000,000	0,000,000
1869.	428,487,131	13,600,455	442,087,586	47,295,216	394,792,370	442,087,586	0,000,000	0,000,000
1870.	503,033,442	17,416,881	520,450,323	52,247,022	468,203,301	520,450,323	0,000,000	0,000,000
1871.	609,433,421	16,849,119	626,282,540	58,288,100	568,004,440	626,282,540	0,000,000	0,000,000
1872.	499,128,170	14,088,611	513,216,781	146,271,067	366,945,714	513,216,781	0,000,000	0,000,000
1873.	545,582,241	14,802,624	560,384,865	110,361,918	450,022,947	560,384,865	0,000,000	0,000,000
1874.	589,670,224	12,804,904	602,475,128	101,788,435	500,686,693	602,475,128	0,000,000	0,000,000
1875.	680,704,268	11,156,498	691,860,766	111,278,953	579,886,813	691,860,766	0,000,000	0,000,000
1876.	635,340,730	12,688,651	648,029,381	710,439,441	12,589,940	723,029,381	0,000,000	0,000,000
1877.	833,996,333	11,621,305	845,617,638	835,633,638	11,984,000	847,617,638	0,000,000	0,000,000
1878.	853,925,917	18,151,318	872,077,235	902,477,344	69,600,891	972,078,235	0,000,000	0,000,000
1879.	953,238,745	17,302,825	970,541,570	744,943,257	225,598,313	970,541,570	0,000,000	0,000,000
1880.	804,233,332	19,157,707	823,391,039	823,391,039	0,000,000	823,391,039	0,000,000	0,000,000
1881.	724,944,834	15,548,757	740,493,591	740,493,591	0,000,000	740,493,591	0,000,000	0,000,000
1882.	724,189,765	15,507,809	739,697,574	739,697,574	0,000,000	739,697,574	0,000,000	0,000,000
1883.	663,944,523	13,540,091	677,484,614	677,484,614	0,000,000	677,484,614	0,000,000	0,000,000
1884.	715,022,922	13,600,288	728,623,210	728,623,210	0,000,000	728,623,210	0,000,000	0,000,000
1885.	680,822,100	12,009,403	692,831,503	692,831,503	0,000,000	692,831,503	0,000,000	0,000,000
1886.	760,282,643	11,118,794	771,401,437	771,401,437	0,000,000	771,401,437	0,000,000	0,000,000
1887.	845,293,288	12,344,586	857,637,874	857,637,874	0,000,000	857,637,874	0,000,000	0,000,000
1888.	845,293,288	12,344,586	857,637,874	857,637,874	0,000,000	857,637,874	0,000,000	0,000,000
1889.	1,015,732,011	14,460,131	1,030,192,142	1,030,192,142	0,000,000	1,030,192,142	0,000,000	0,000,000
1890.	831,020,785	16,634,403	847,655,188	847,655,188	0,000,000	847,655,188	0,000,000	0,000,000
1891.	831,020,785	16,634,403	847,655,188	847,655,188	0,000,000	847,655,188	0,000,000	0,000,000
1892.	763,302,450	14,445,562	777,748,012	777,748,012	0,000,000	777,748,012	0,000,000	0,000,000
1893.	763,302,450	14,445,562	777,748,012	777,748,012	0,000,000	777,748,012	0,000,000	0,000,000
1894.	1,032,993,381	15,938,211	1,048,931,592	1,048,931,592	0,000,000	1,048,931,592	0,000,000	0,000,000

## EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER COIN AND BULLION--1835-1897.

YEAR ENDING—	GOLD.				SILVER.			
	Exports.	Imports.	Ex. of exports over imports.	Ex. of imports over exports.	Exports.	Imports.	Ex. of exports over imports.	Ex. of imports over exports.
Sept. 30—								
1835	\$1,355,280	\$2,325,198			\$5,122,495	\$10,806,251		
1836	447,453	7,251,862			3,656,881	6,169,019		
1837	3,213,753	2,431,814			2,762,514	3,084,000		
1838	1,313,394	1,157,188			3,432,842	6,074,258		
1839	4,800,928	1,164,309			2,994,842	4,400,586		
1840	3,765,367	3,085,137			7,113,641	6,797,856		
1841	3,589,869	1,329,449			6,441,463	3,719,184		
1842	2,604,766	757,294			2,608,783	3,329,722		
June 30—								
1843 (9 months)	407,687	17,097,437			1,113,101	5,237,898		
1844	1,393,521	1,613,391			4,087,453	4,217,125		
1845	3,655,425	818,840			5,551,070	5,351,352		
1846	2,634,199	910,413			1,82,024	2,867,519		
1847	1,657,621	21,574,733			898,100	2,516,358		
1848	11,071,197	3,408,753			4,770,419	2,561,529		
1849	1,972,213	4,005,947			3,832,415	2,585,529		
1850	4,506,627	1,775,106			2,981,907	2,592,096		
1851	22,820,019	3,362,011			6,045,899	1,884,418		
1852	40,073,179	3,678,069			2,001,156	1,846,955		
1853	25,142,856	2,427,345			2,044,017	1,771,626		
1854	40,470,990	3,691,964			737,000	3,795,635		
1855	55,109,215	1,652,802			1,138,128	2,577,019		
1856	45,000,977	950,305			744,588	3,212,327		
1857	65,237,634	6,651,695			3,904,280	5,807,163		
1858	70,192,501	11,565,068			2,630,345	7,708,428		
1859	31,108,033	3,195,395			2,779,358	5,809,332		
1860	58,446,036	2,408,735			8,100,000	6,011,349		
1861	27,435,576	47,951,691			2,367,107	4,047,681		
1862	35,439,903	13,907,011			1,447,737	2,408,011		
1863	62,142,828	5,530,548			1,996,773	4,653,567		
1864	100,601,631	11,176,769	\$89,424,862		4,734,837	1,688,848	\$2,796,000	
1865	58,381,063	6,438,228	\$51,942,835		9,267,134	3,311,814	\$5,955,320	
1866	71,197,323	8,193,261	\$63,004,062		11,846,762	2,303,831	\$9,542,931	
1867	59,026,627	17,024,866	\$41,991,761		21,841,745	5,016,039	\$16,825,706	
1868	72,298,374	8,737,443	\$63,560,931		21,387,758	5,450,915	\$15,936,843	
1869	96,004,498	14,141,568	\$81,862,930		21,134,892	5,453,308	\$15,681,584	
1870	3,733,362	12,666,950	\$9,933,588		24,119,704	14,362,229	\$10,757,475	
1871	6,498,208	6,883,561	\$3,385,353		31,715,780	14,384,463	\$17,331,317	
1872	49,545,703	8,737,458	\$40,808,245		30,328,774	5,026,231	\$25,302,543	
1873	44,856,714	8,682,447	\$36,174,267		30,751,839	12,798,490	\$17,953,349	
1874	34,012,430	19,233,137	\$14,779,293		32,687,868	8,941,760	\$23,746,108	
1875	66,080,977	18,065,755	\$48,015,222		25,151,165	7,203,162	\$17,947,941	
1876	31,177,060	7,992,709	\$23,184,351		25,324,252	7,916,972	\$17,407,280	
1877	26,590,574	2,646,234	\$23,944,340		20,571,893	15,328,180	\$5,243,713	
1878	9,204,445	13,320,215	\$4,115,770		24,335,610	16,481,019	\$8,044,591	
1879	4,687,614	5,624,948	\$957,334		1,057,354	20,409,837	\$19,352,483	
1880	3,639,025	80,758,396	\$77,119,371		13,065,891	12,275,914	\$1,227,976	
1881	2,265,112	10,031,259	\$7,766,147		37,496,177	18,841,715	\$18,654,462	
1882	32,487,890	34,277,061	\$1,789,171		10,879,520	8,019,330	\$2,860,190	
1883	11,000,888	17,734,149	\$6,733,261		20,212,415	11,575,242	\$8,637,173	
1884	40,081,927	22,831,317	\$17,250,610		26,051,296	14,394,945	\$11,656,351	
1885	8,477,892	26,091,096	\$17,613,204		33,733,631	16,550,627	\$17,182,004	
1886	47,062,191	20,743,969	\$26,318,222		29,811,219	17,850,367	\$11,960,852	
1887	9,701,167	42,910,601	\$33,209,434		26,236,304	17,260,191	\$9,066,113	
1888	18,076,234	46,394,517	\$28,318,283		28,057,940	15,405,069	\$12,652,871	
1889	30,162,385	10,284,858	\$19,877,527		36,659,248	18,678,275	\$18,011,033	
1890	17,474,419	12,948,342	\$4,526,077		31,973,929	17,022,984	\$14,950,945	
1891	86,962,651	18,232,367	\$68,730,284		22,990,988	18,629,880	\$4,361,108	
1892	70,105,327	39,699,454	\$30,405,873		32,810,539	19,655,086	\$13,155,453	
1893	106,289,841	31,174,381	\$75,115,460		40,737,319	23,191,252	\$17,546,067	
1894	51,973,401	72,449,179	\$20,475,778		30,651,265	18,280,529	\$12,370,736	
1895	66,498,181	66,284,740	\$213,441		47,295,290	20,211,779	\$27,083,511	
1896	112,094,947	33,325,065	\$78,769,882		60,541,670	28,777,188	\$31,764,482	
1897*	40,369,780	55,013,575	\$14,643,795		61,216,658	30,333,237	\$30,883,421	

\*Includes gold and silver in ore.

NOTE—Gold and silver cannot be separately stated in domestic exports after 1864, but it is probable that the greater portion of the exports was gold.

## IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER COIN AND BULLION.

## IMPORTS BY COUNTRIES.

COUNTRIES.	GOLD.		SILVER.	
	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.
France.....	\$3,933,491	\$9,444,819	\$8,006	\$2,722
Germany.....	119,006	3,574,627	3,311	12,373
United Kingdom.....	11,361,989	40,360,610	15,328	59,881
Other Europe.....	30,519	28,586	112	1,102
British Honduras.....	19,029	8,015	319,337	333,386
Dominion of Canada—Quebec, Ontario, etc.....	4,854,876	1,316,324	106,172	79,592
British Columbia.....	908,344	340,747	.....	788
Central American States.....	327,378	458,353	712,636	1,058,233
Mexico.....	3,190,354	3,570,049	10,785,380	8,632,194
West Indies—British.....	292,007	167,113	16,426	30,797
Spanish (Cuba).....	5,188,132	4,454,032	12,341	67,632
Other West Indies.....	715,372	822,981	196,424	366,572
Other North America.....	253,206	340,274	6,616	17,497
Colombia.....	434,151	363,962	572,330	220,752
Venezuela.....	621,879	482,568	219	10
Other South America.....	56,062	100,369	46,388	17,635
British Australasia.....	.....	8,400,974	.....	.....
Other Asia and Oceania.....	4,915	178,795	5,370	3,421
Africa.....	.....	12,254	.....	3,949
Total.....	31,720,487	81,411,533	13,947,958	10,980,705
Coin.....	18,006,882	60,657,378	8,658,619	6,954,245
Bullion.....	13,713,605	11,754,155	4,279,339	4,026,460

## EXPORTS BY COUNTRIES.

COUNTRIES.	GOLD.		SILVER.	
	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.
France.....	\$7,334,391	\$12,388,191	\$1,455,729	\$1,622,891
Germany.....	2,000,072	18,355,441	10,179	6,380
United Kingdom.....	61,224,333	788,700	42,704,413	49,252,814
Other Europe.....	.....	790,000	.....	.....
Dominion of Canada—Quebec, Ontario, etc.....	5,330,596	3,629,140	389,083	111,512
British Columbia.....	62,857	174,665	9,813	13,885
Central American States.....	25,500	37,454	702,837	263,089
Mexico.....	56,162	4,062	215,391	166,187
West Indies—Haiti.....	857,165	990,049	22,000	2,640
Santo Domingo.....	173,040	30,261	423,150	236,491
Spanish (Cuba).....	2,319,441	.....	5,910	910
Other West Indies.....	20,400	20,285	12,016	14,420
Other North America.....	96,100	167,000	18,262	7,124
Argentina.....	3,500,000	.....	.....	.....
Colombia.....	19,000	37,900	26,513	49
Venezuela.....	1,237,655	149,050	.....	679
Other South America.....	1,000	9,000	172,160	42,868
China.....	.....	.....	3,339,630	1,854,250
East Indies (British).....	.....	.....	100,000	333,300
Hongkong.....	118,349	77,689	4,678,365	3,827,162
Japan.....	4,450	.....	3,382,712	2,987,561
Hawaiian Islands.....	710,000	823,088	15,300	116,100
All other countries.....	.....	2,762	.....	14,460
Total.....	12,309,196	40,114,722	59,892,936	61,631,906
Coin.....	85,334,567	21,849,445	7,736,469	5,367,263
Bullion.....	30,044,179	18,265,277	52,156,467	56,264,643

## THE TARIFF QUESTION.

Congress convened in extra session on the 15th day of March, 1897. On the opening day of the session a message was read from the president in which he dealt wholly with the tariff question. The same day Mr. Dingley of Maine, chairman of the committee of ways and means, introduced into the house of representatives a new tariff bill which had been for several months in preparation. The bill was a very long one, covering 189 printed pages, and was popularly called after the mover. It was not until the 23d of March that the debate began on the bill. The democratic members of the house strongly

opposed the rule adopted by the house for the conduct of the debate. In brief, the special rule provided that the debate should proceed from 10 o'clock a. m. to 11 o'clock p. m., with a recess from 6 to 8 p. m. The general debate was limited to the time between the 23d and the 25th of March, after which the debate was to be under the five-minute rule. The democrats claimed that the object of this special rule was to cut off debate and prevent the claimed inconsistencies of the bill from being brought out. The only important amendment offered to the bill was one by Gen. Grosvenor of Ohio,

which proposed to make the bill retroactive, so as to apply to all goods imported after April 1, whether the bill should become a law by that time or not. The certainty of the passage by congress of a bill that would increase the duties levied under the law in force greatly stimulated importations and the object of the Grosvenor amendment was to secure to the government the rate of duties on such importations under the new schedule. The amendment was adopted by the house by a vote of 200 to 140. The affirmative vote was made up of the republicans and one silverite (Newlands of Nevada). The negative vote was composed of the democrats and some of the populists. The following did not vote: Hartman (Mont.), Jones (Wash.), Martin (N. C.), Shafroth (Col.), Shuford (N. C.) and Stroud (N. C.).

A vote was taken on the bill on the 31st of March, when it passed by a vote of 205 to 121. Of those who voted in the affirmative 199 were republicans, 5 were democrats and 1 was a populist (Howard of Alabama). The negative vote was made up of 114 democrats and 7 populists. Twenty-one refrained from voting, of whom eighteen were populists and three were silverites.

The bill was sent to the senate, and referred to the finance committee. Upon reaching the committee the entire bill was rewritten and instead of the 169 pages, as it left the house, it became a bill of 230 when it left the senate finance committee. The debate on the bill in the senate was opened by Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island, who gave a general synopsis of its contents, with the reasons for the proposed changes in the law. Several exciting scenes occurred while the bill was before the senate, the most notable being the charges made by Senator Tillman of South Carolina on the 28th of May, when he offered a resolution for investigating "the open charges of corruption" made against senators and the sugar trust regarding the controlling of legislation. The senate did not, however, take any action on the resolution. The rate of duty on raw cotton was the subject of an animated debate.

The senate added the reciprocity, retaliation and stamp tax on bonds, debentures, certificates of stock, etc., clauses. A number of efforts were made to incorporate a clause providing that when any article is manufactured or controlled by a trust it should be placed upon the free list, but nothing further was done than to secure the insertion into the bill of the anti-trust provision of the law of 1894. A vote in the senate was reached on the 7th of July, when the bill was passed by a vote of 38 to 28.

The following senators voted for the bill:

#### REPUBLICANS.

Allison, Iowa.  
Baker, Kan.  
Burrows, Mich.  
Carter, Mont.  
Clark, Wyo.  
Cullom, Ill.  
Davis, Minn.  
Deboe, Ky.  
Elkins, W. Va.  
Fairbanks, Ind.  
Furnaker, O.  
Gallinger, N. H.  
Hale, Me.  
Hanna, O.  
Hawley, Conn.  
Lodge, Mass.  
McClure, Ore.  
McMillan, Mich.

Mason, Ill.  
Morrill, Vt.  
Nelson, Minn.  
Penrose, Pa.  
Perkins, Cal.  
Platt, Conn.  
Platt, N. Y.  
Pritchard, N. C.  
Proctor, Vt.  
Quay, Pa.  
Sewell, N. J.  
Shoup, Idaho.  
Spooner, Wis.  
Warren, Wyo.  
Wellington, Md.  
Westmore, R. I.  
Wilson, Wash.—35.

#### SILVER REPUBLICANS.

Jones, Nev. Mantle, Mont.—2.

#### PROTECTION DEMOCRAT.

McEnery, La.—1. Total .....38

These senators voted against the bill:

#### DEMOCRATS.

Bacon, Ga. Martin, Va.  
Bate, Tenn. Mills, Tex.  
Berry, Ark. Mitchell, Wis.  
Caffery, La. Morgan, Ala.  
Chilton, Tex. Pasco, Fla.  
Clay, Ga. Pettus, Ala.  
Cookrell, Mo. Rawlins, Utah.  
Faulkner, W. Va. Roach, N. D.  
Gray, Del. Turple, Ind.  
Jones, Ark. Vest, Mo.  
Kendrick, Ky. Walthall, Miss.  
Lindsey, Ky. White, Cal.—25.  
Maloney, Fla.

#### POPULISTS.

Harris, Kas. Turner, Wash.—2.

#### SILVER REPUBLICAN.

Cannon, Utah—1. Total .....28

These senators were present, but did not vote:

#### SILVER REPUBLICANS.

Teller, Col. Pettigrew, S. D.—2.

#### POPULISTS.

Allen, Neb. Kyle, S. D.  
Butler, N. C. Stewart, Nev.—5.  
Helfield, Idaho. Total .....7

The following senators were paired, the first named being a republican and the second a democrat:

Aldrich of Rhode Island with Murphy of New York; Chandler of New Hampshire with McLaurin of South Carolina; Frye of Maine with Gorman of Maryland; Gear of Iowa with Smith of New Jersey; Hansbrough of North Dakota with Daniel of Virginia; Hoar of Massachusetts with Harris of Tennessee; Thurston of Nebraska with Tillman of South Carolina; Wolcott of Colorado with George of Mississippi.

The bill then went to a conference committee of the two houses and work was begun on it July 9, 1897. July 17 the conference committee reached an agreement. Among the changes made are the following: The tax on stocks and bonds was abandoned; the house sugar schedule with some important changes was adopted; the schedule now reads in part: "Sugars not above 16 Dutch standard, etc., testing by the polariscope not above 75 degrees, ninety-five one-hundredths of a cent per pound, for every additional degree thirty-five one-hundredths of a cent per pound additional; on sugar above 16 Dutch standard and on refined sugar the duty is 1 cent and ninety-five one-hundredths of a cent per pound." Works of art, excepting books for libraries, were placed on the dutiable list, as were also cotton ties, burlaps, matting, etc.; cotton ties will pay a specific duty of one-half a cent and on the other articles the duty has been slightly decreased from the senate rates; the wool schedule, as agreed to by the conference provides for a duty of 11 cents per pound on first class, 12 cents per pound on second class and on third class wools 4 cents per pound when valued at less than 12 cents per pound and 8 cents per pound when valued above 12 cents; the duty on hides has been reduced from 20 per cent to 15 per cent ad valorem; it is said that a "strong fight" was made to have hides restored to the free list.

The measure finally passed the house July 19 and the senate July 24 and became a law at 4:04 p. m. of that day, when the president affixed his name to the bill.

## GOLD AND SILVER.

## WORLD'S PRODUCT OF GOLD AND SILVER.

(From the Report of the Director of the Mint, 1895.)

CALENDAR YEARS.	Gold.	Silver (counting value).	Per cent gold.	Per cent silver.	CALENDAR YEARS.	Gold.	Silver (counting value).	Per cent gold.	Per cent silver.
1492-1520....	\$107,931,000	\$54,703,000	65.4	34.6	1871-1885....	\$932,526,000	\$184,169,000	78.3	21.7
1521-1544....	114,265,000	58,386,000	55.3	44.1	1886-1890....	751,415,000	188,032,000	78.1	21.9
1545-1569....	93,612,000	26,240,000	30.4	69.6	1891-1895....	614,344,000	238,861,000	71.9	28.1
1570-1594....	90,917,000	24,893,000	26.7	73.3	1896-1899....	648,071,000	278,313,000	70.1	30.0
1595-1619....	59,085,000	348,254,000	22.0	78.0	1871-1875....	577,883,000	409,582,000	58.5	41.5
1620-1644....	113,248,000	351,579,000	24.4	75.6	1876-1880....	572,361,000	509,256,000	53.0	47.0
1645-1669....	110,334,000	327,221,000	25.2	74.8	1881-1885....	495,582,000	594,773,000	45.5	54.5
1670-1694....	116,571,000	301,525,000	27.7	72.3	1886-1890....	105,163,000	120,626,800	46.8	53.2
1695-1699....	123,048,000	280,166,000	30.5	69.5	1887.....	105,774,900	121,281,000	46.8	53.1
1700-1724....	143,088,000	244,249,000	33.5	66.5	1888.....	110,196,900	140,106,400	43.9	56.1
1725-1749....	170,404,000	256,639,000	35.6	64.4	1889.....	125,489,300	155,427,700	44.3	55.7
1750-1774....	253,611,000	358,490,000	41.4	58.6	1890.....	118,848,700	153,042,000	44.1	55.9
1775-1799....	327,165,000	445,293,000	42.5	57.5	1891.....	130,650,000	177,552,300	42.4	57.6
1800-1824....	255,311,000	542,638,000	33.7	66.3	1892.....	146,651,400	198,014,400	42.5	57.5
1825-1849....	236,491,000	739,810,000	24.4	75.6	1893.....	157,491,800	219,914,400	41.4	58.6
1850-1874....	118,157,000	371,677,000	24.1	75.9	1894.....	180,557,800	212,825,000	46.3	53.7
1875-1899....	76,063,000	224,784,000	25.3	74.7	1895.....	200,406,000	217,610,800	47.7	52.3
1840-1849....	94,179,000	191,414,000	33.0	67.0	Total....	8,781,858,700	10,344,561,100	45.9	54.1
1850-1859....	134,841,000	247,940,000	35.2	64.8					
1860-1869....	363,928,000	324,400,000	52.9	47.1					

## PRICE OF BAR SILVER.

Highest, lowest and average price of bar silver in London, per ounce British standard (925), since 1834, and the equivalent in United States gold coin of an ounce 1.00 fine, taken at the average price.

CALENDAR YEAR.	Lowest quotation.	Highest quotation.	Average quotation.	Value of a fine ounce at average quotation.	CALENDAR YEAR.	Lowest quotation.	Highest quotation.	Average quotation.	Value of a fine ounce at average quotation.
1835.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	\$1.297	1865.....	60 3/4	61 3/4	61 1/16	\$1.338
1836.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	59 15/16	1.315	1866.....	60 3/4	61 3/4	61 3/16	1.339
1837.....	59 3/4	60	59 11/16	1.308	1867.....	60 3/4	61 3/4	60 1/16	1.328
1838.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	60	1.315	1868.....	60 3/4	61 3/4	60 3/16	1.335
1839.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	59 9/16	1.305	1869.....	60 3/4	61 3/4	60 7/16	1.325
1840.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	59 5/8	1.301	1870.....	60 3/4	61 3/4	60 5/16	1.328
1841.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	60 3/16	1.323	1871.....	60 3/16	61	60 3/16	1.326
1842.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	60 1/16	1.316	1872.....	59 3/4	61 3/4	60 5/16	1.322
1843.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	59 7/16	1.303	1873.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	59 15/16	1.298
1844.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.297	1874.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 7/16	1.278
1845.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.297	1875.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246
1846.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.298	1876.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246
1847.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.298	1877.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246
1848.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.298	1878.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246
1849.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.298	1879.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246
1850.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.298	1880.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246
1851.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.298	1881.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246
1852.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.298	1882.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246
1853.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.298	1883.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246
1854.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.298	1884.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246
1855.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.298	1885.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246
1856.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.298	1886.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246
1857.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.298	1887.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246
1858.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.298	1888.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246
1859.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.298	1889.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246
1860.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.298	1890.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246
1861.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.298	1891.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246
1862.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.298	1892.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246
1863.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.298	1893.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246
1864.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.298	1894.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246
1865.....	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/16	1.298	1895.....	59 3/4	60 3/4	58 3/16	1.246

## SILVER WITH GOLD.

The following table exhibits the value of the pure silver in the silver dollar, reckoned at the commercial price of silver bullion, from 80 cents to \$1.2929 (parity of our coining rate) per fine ounce. (From report on precious metals in the United States, 1892, and subsequent additional reports by the director of the mint.)

Price of Silver Per Fine Ounce	Value of the Pure Silver in a Silver Dollar.	Price of Silver Per Fine Ounce	Value of the Pure Silver in a Silver Dollar.	Price of Silver Per Fine Ounce	Value of the Pure Silver in a Silver Dollar.	Price of Silver Per Fine Ounce	Value of the Pure Silver in a Silver Dollar.
\$0.60.....	\$0.464	\$0.78.....	\$0.603	\$0.96.....	.742	\$1.14.....	\$0.882
.61.....	.471	.79.....	.611	.97.....	.750	1.15.....	.889
.62.....	.480	.80.....	.619	.98.....	.758	1.16.....	.897
.63.....	.487	.81.....	.626	.99.....	.766	1.17.....	.905
.64.....	.495	.82.....	.634	1.00.....	.773	1.18.....	.913
.65.....	.503	.83.....	.642	1.01.....	.781	1.19.....	.920
.66.....	.510	.84.....	.649	1.02.....	.789	1.20.....	.928
.67.....	.518	.85.....	.657	1.03.....	.797	1.21.....	.936
.68.....	.525	.86.....	.665	1.04.....	.804	1.22.....	.944
.69.....	.534	.87.....	.673	1.05.....	.812	1.23.....	.951
.70.....	.541	.88.....	.681	1.06.....	.820	1.24.....	.959
.71.....	.549	.89.....	.688	1.07.....	.828	1.25.....	.967
.72.....	.557	.90.....	.696	1.08.....	.835	1.26.....	.975
.73.....	.565	.91.....	.704	1.09.....	.843	1.27.....	.982
.74.....	.572	.92.....	.712	1.10.....	.851	1.28.....	.990
.75.....	.580	.93.....	.719	1.11.....	.859	1.29.....	.998
.76.....	.588	.94.....	.727	1.12.....	.866	1.2929.....	1.000
.77.....	.595	.95.....	.735	1.13.....	.874		

## COMMERCIAL RATIO OF SILVER TO GOLD EACH YEAR SINCE 1687.

From 1687 to 1832 the ratios are taken from Dr. A. Soetbeer; from 1833 to 1878 from Pixley and Abell's tables; and from 1879 to 1894 from daily cablegrams from London to the bureau of the mint:

YEAR.	Ratio.	YEAR.	Ratio.	YEAR.	Ratio.	YEAR.	Ratio.	YEAR.	Ratio.	YEAR.	Ratio.
1687.....	14.94	1722.....	15.17	1757.....	14.87	1792.....	15.17	1827.....	15.74	1862.....	15.35
1688.....	14.94	1723.....	15.20	1758.....	14.85	1793.....	15.00	1828.....	15.78	1863.....	15.37
1689.....	15.02	1724.....	15.11	1759.....	14.15	1794.....	15.37	1829.....	15.78	1864.....	15.37
1690.....	15.02	1725.....	15.11	1760.....	14.14	1795.....	15.55	1830.....	15.82	1865.....	15.44
1691.....	11.98	1726.....	15.15	1761.....	14.54	1796.....	15.65	1831.....	15.72	1866.....	15.43
1692.....	14.92	1727.....	15.24	1762.....	15.27	1797.....	15.41	1832.....	15.75	1867.....	15.57
1693.....	14.83	1728.....	15.11	1763.....	14.99	1798.....	15.59	1833.....	15.93	1868.....	15.59
1694.....	14.87	1729.....	14.92	1764.....	14.70	1799.....	15.74	1834.....	15.73	1869.....	15.60
1695.....	15.02	1730.....	14.81	1765.....	14.83	1800.....	15.68	1835.....	15.80	1870.....	15.57
1696.....	15.00	1731.....	14.94	1766.....	14.80	1801.....	15.46	1836.....	15.72	1871.....	15.57
1697.....	15.20	1732.....	15.09	1767.....	14.85	1802.....	15.26	1837.....	15.83	1872.....	15.63
1698.....	15.07	1733.....	15.18	1768.....	14.80	1803.....	15.41	1838.....	15.85	1873.....	15.93
1699.....	14.94	1734.....	15.39	1769.....	14.72	1804.....	15.41	1839.....	15.62	1874.....	16.17
1700.....	14.81	1735.....	15.41	1770.....	14.62	1805.....	15.79	1840.....	15.62	1875.....	16.59
1701.....	15.07	1736.....	15.18	1771.....	14.06	1806.....	15.52	1841.....	15.70	1876.....	17.88
1702.....	15.52	1737.....	15.02	1772.....	14.52	1807.....	15.45	1842.....	15.87	1877.....	17.22
1703.....	15.17	1738.....	14.91	1773.....	14.62	1808.....	15.08	1843.....	15.93	1878.....	17.94
1704.....	15.22	1739.....	14.91	1774.....	14.62	1809.....	15.95	1844.....	15.85	1879.....	18.40
1705.....	15.11	1740.....	14.94	1775.....	14.72	1810.....	15.77	1845.....	15.92	1880.....	18.05
1706.....	15.27	1741.....	14.92	1776.....	14.55	1811.....	15.53	1846.....	15.90	1881.....	18.15
1707.....	15.44	1742.....	14.85	1777.....	14.54	1812.....	16.11	1847.....	15.80	1882.....	18.19
1708.....	15.41	1743.....	14.85	1778.....	14.68	1813.....	16.25	1848.....	15.85	1883.....	18.64
1709.....	15.31	1744.....	14.87	1779.....	14.90	1814.....	15.04	1849.....	15.78	1884.....	18.57
1710.....	15.22	1745.....	14.98	1780.....	14.72	1815.....	15.28	1850.....	15.70	1885.....	19.11
1711.....	15.29	1746.....	15.13	1781.....	14.78	1816.....	15.28	1851.....	15.46	1886.....	20.78
1712.....	15.31	1747.....	15.26	1782.....	14.42	1817.....	15.11	1852.....	15.59	1887.....	21.13
1713.....	15.24	1748.....	15.11	1783.....	14.48	1818.....	15.35	1853.....	15.33	1888.....	21.99
1714.....	15.18	1749.....	14.80	1784.....	14.70	1819.....	15.69	1854.....	15.33	1889.....	22.10
1715.....	15.11	1750.....	14.65	1785.....	14.92	1820.....	15.62	1855.....	15.38	1890.....	19.76
1716.....	15.09	1751.....	14.80	1786.....	14.96	1821.....	15.05	1856.....	15.38	1891.....	20.62
1717.....	15.13	1752.....	14.64	1787.....	14.92	1822.....	15.80	1857.....	15.27	1892.....	23.72
1718.....	15.11	1753.....	14.54	1788.....	14.65	1823.....	15.84	1858.....	15.38	1893.....	26.49
1719.....	15.09	1754.....	14.48	1789.....	14.75	1824.....	15.82	1859.....	15.19	1894.....	32.56
1720.....	15.04	1755.....	14.68	1790.....	15.04	1825.....	15.70	1860.....	15.29	1895.....	31.60
1721.....	15.06	1756.....	14.94	1791.....	15.05	1826.....	15.76	1861.....	15.50		

## MONETARY SYSTEM OF THE UNITED STATES.

[From Muhleman's Monetary Systems of the World.]

	Wgt.	Fine- ness.	Ra- tio to gold.	Limit of issue.	Denomi- nations.	Legal-ten- der qual- ity.	Receiv- able.	Exchange- able.	Redeem- able.
Gold coin..	25.8 gr. to dollar.	900-1000	.....	None.	\$20 10 5 2½	Unlimited	For all dues.	For certifi- cates under limitations.	.....
Gold cer- tificates..				Issue sus- pended so long as free gold in treasury is below \$100,000,000.	\$10,000 5,000 1,000 500 100 50 20	None.	For all public dues.	For gold coin at treasury or any other money.	In gold coin at treasury.
Silver dol- lars.....	412.5 gr. to dollar.	900-1000	15.388 to 1.	Require- ment to redeem treasury notes.	\$1	Unlimited unless otherwise contracted.	For all dues.	For silver certificates or smaller coins at treasury.	Maybe de- posited for silver certifi- cates.
Silver cer- tificates..				Silver dol- lars in use	\$1,000 \$20 500 10 100 5 50 2 20 1	None.	For all public dues.	For dol- lars or smaller coins.	In silver dollars.
U. S. notes.				\$346,681,016.	Same as silver cer- tificates.	Same as silver dol- lars.	*For all dues.	For all kinds of money ex- cept gold certifi- cates.	In coin at sub-treas- ury in N. Y. and San Francisco in sums of \$50 or over
Treasury notes of 1890.....				\$156,014,615.	Same as silver cer- tificates.	Same as silver dol- lars.	For all dues.	For U. S. notes.	In coin at treasury.
Currency certifi- cates.....				Same as U. S. notes.	\$10,000	None.	Not re- ceivable.	For U. S. notes.	In U. S. notes at subtreas- ury where issued.
National bk. notes.				Volume of U. S. bonds and their cost.	\$1,000 500 100 50 20 10 5	None.	For all dues ex- cept du- ties and interest on public debt.	For silver and minor coins.	In lawful money at treasury or bank of issue.
Subsidiary coins.....	385.8 gr. to dollar.	900-1000	14.953 to 1.	Needs of the coun- try.	50c 25c 10c	Not to ex- ceed \$10.	To amo't of \$10 for all dues.	For minor coins.	In lawful money at treasury in sums of \$10 or any multiple.
Minor coins.....	5-ct. pce. 77.16 gr. 1-ct. pce. 48 gr.	5c-¾ copper nick- el. 1c-¾ copper. tin and zinc.	.....	Needs of the coun- try.	5c 1c	Not to ex- ceed 25c.	To amo't of 25c for all dues.	.....	In lawful money at treasury in sums of \$20 or over.

\*Duties on imports by regulation only.

## GOLD AND SILVER COINAGE OF THE UNITED STATES.

Showing history of every kind of gold and silver money, with full purchasing power, now in use, or that has ever been in use, in the United States since 1792. By A. H. Nelson.

## THE ONLY GOLD AND SILVER COINS NOW STRUCK AT THE UNITED STATES MINTS.

DENOMINATION.	Acts of congress directing coinage, changing fineness, weight, or legal-tender power.	Weight of pure metal in each coin, troy grs.	Weight of alloy in each coin, troy grs.	Total weight of each coin, troy grs.	Legal-tender power.	Total value of coinage to 1896, June 30.	Acts of congress discontinuing, prohibiting or limiting coinage		
GOLD.									
Eagle.....	*1792, April 2, directing coin'g.	247.5	22.5	270	Unlimited.		1831, June 23, discontinued.		
Half-eagle....	Ratio 15 to 1.	123.75	11.25	135					
Quart.-eagle..		61.88	5.62	67.5					
Eagle.....	†1834, June 23, changing weight and fineness.	232	26	258	Unlimited.				
Half-eagle....		116	13	129					
Quart.-eagle..		58	6.5	64.5					
Eagle.....	1837, Jan. 18, chang'g fineness.	232.2	25.8	258	Unlimited.				
Half-eagle....	Ratio 15 to 1.	116.1	12.9	129					
Quart.-eagle..		58.5	6.45	61.5					
Double eagle.	1849, March 3.	464.4	51.6	516	Unlimited.	81,277,683.220.00 205,538.2 0.00 220,631,035.00 28,711,015.00			
Double eagle.	1873, Feb. 12, directing coin'g. of double eagles, etc.	464.4	51.6	516	Unlimited.				
Eagle.....		232.2	25.8	258					
Half-eagle....		116.1	12.9	129					
Quart.-eagle..		58.5	6.45	61.5					
SILVER.									
Half-dollar...	1792, April 2, directing coin'g.	185.63	22.37	208	Unlimited.		1837, Jan. 19, discontinued.		
Quart.-dollar.	Ratio 15 to 1.	92.82	11.18	104					
Dime.....		37.13	4.47	41.6					
Dollar.....	†1837, Jan. 18, changing weight but not fineness.	371.25	41.25	412.5	Unlimited.		73, Feb. 12, pro. 53, Feb. 21, dis. 53, Feb. 21, dis. 53, Feb. 21, dis.		
Half-dollar...	Ratio 16 to 1.	185.63	20.62	206.25					
Quart.-dollar.		92.81	10.31	103.12					
Dime.....		37.13	4.12	41.25	Not over \$5.		73, Feb. 12, pro. 73, Feb. 12, pro. 73, Feb. 12, pro.		
Half-dollar...	1853, Feb. 21, changing weight and fineness.	172.8	19.2	192					
Quart.-dollar.		86.4	9.6	96					
Dime.....		34.56	3.84	38.4	Not over \$5.				
Half-dollar...	1873, Feb. 12, changing weight and fineness.	173.61	19.29	192.9					
Quart.-dollar.		86.81	9.64	96.45					
Dime.....		34.73	3.85	38.58	Unlimited unless otherwise contracted.	430,790,041.00	73, Feb. 28, and '80, July 14, ltd; after July 1, '91, only to redeem treasury notes.		
Dollar as provided for in act of 1837...	1873, Feb. 28, restoring dollar to limited coin'g.	371.25	41.25	412.5					
Half-dollar...	1870, June 9, changing legal-tender power.	173.61	19.29	192.9	Not over \$10.	132,682,908.00 51,166,134.75 183,849,042.75			
Quart.-dollar.		86.81	9.64	96.45					
Dime.....		34.73	3.85	38.58					

## GOLD AND SILVER COINS FORMERLY STRUCK AT THE U. S. MINTS.

<b>GOLD.</b>							
Dollar.....	1819, March 3.	23.2	2.6	25.8	Unlimited.		
Three dols....	1853, Feb. 21.	(2) 6	7.8	77.4	Unlimited.	\$1,619,376.00	'90, Sep. 26, pro.
Dollar or unit	1873, Feb. 12.	23.2	2.6	25.8	Unlimited.	19,499,317.00	'90, Sep. 26, pro.

**FOREIGN COINS.**—Before the United States mint could supply the demand for money the gold coins of Great Britain, France, Spain and Portugal and the silver coins of France and Spain were by several acts of congress made legal-tender. All such laws were repealed by the act of 1857, Feb. 21.

\*Section 11 of the act of 1792, April 2, provides "that in all coins which shall be current as money in the United States . . . every fifteen pounds weight of pure silver shall be of equal value in all payments with one pound of pure gold." Ratio 15 to 1.

†The act of 1831, June 23, reduced the weight of pure gold in the gold coins so that the proportion of gold to alloy should be as 899.225 to 100, or nearly .900 fine.

‡The act of 1837, Jan. 18, reduced the weight of the alloy in the silver dollar so that the weight of that coin should be 412.5 grains instead of 416 grains; but the weight of pure silver in that coin has always been the same—namely, 371.25 grains. This act also increased a very little the fineness of the gold coin and so fixed the ratio between gold and silver at 15 to 1.

§Section 14 of the act of 1873, Feb. 12, provides "that the gold coins of the United States shall be a \$1 piece, which at the standard weight, 25.8 grains, shall be the unit of value." The act of 1890, Sep. 26, expressly prohibits the coinage of "the \$1 gold piece."

## GOLD AND SILVER CURRENCY OF THE UNITED STATES.—CONTINUED.

DENOMINATION.	Acts of congress directing coinage, changing fineness, weight, or legal tender power.	Weight of pure metal in each coin, troy grs.	Weight of alloy in each coin, troy grs.	Total weight of each coin, troy grs.	Legal-tender power.	Total value of currency in 1896, June 30.	Acts of congress prescribing or limiting coinage.
<b>SILVER.</b>							
Dollar and unit	1792, April 2.	371.25	44.75	416	Unlimited.	\$8,001,236.00	1873, Feb. 12, prohibition.
Half dime	1857, Jan. 18.	18.36	2.66	20.02	Unlimited.	4,880,210.40	63, Feb. 21, dis.
Three cents	1851, March 3.	9.23	3.69	12.92	Not over \$5.	1,281,057.10	73, Feb. 12, pro.
Trade-dollar.	1874, Feb. 12.	378.	42.	420	Not over \$5.		
Twenty cents	1853, March 3.	69.4	1.72	71.12	Not over \$5.	2,710,000.00	73, May 2, pro.
Trade-dollar.	1874, July 22.	378.	42.	420	None.	35,935,921.00	87, Feb. 19, pro.
Columbian	1892, Aug. 5.	173.61	19.39	193.0	Not over \$10.	2,500,000.00	92, Aug. 5, dis.
Columbian	1893, March 3.	86.81	9.6.	96.41	Not over \$10.	10,005.75	93, March 3, dis.

Section 9 of the act of 1792, April 2, provides "that there shall be from time to time struck and coined at said mint dollars or units, each to be of the value of the Spanish milled dollar as the same is now current, and to contain 371 1/4 parts of pure or 416 parts standard silver."

## GOVERNMENT PAPER CURRENCY IN CIRCULATION.

[From "Gold, Silver and Paper Money,"]

JUNE 30.	Legal-tender notes.	Treasury notes, 1890.	Currency certificates.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Total government paper.
1890.	\$313,600,457		\$11,255,000	87,993,840	35,749,569	\$349,608,866
1891.	316,476,924		11,650,000	5,739,339	35,170,727	379,036,990
1892.	312,010,427		13,349,000	9,029,029	51,506,000	386,894,456
1893.	310,151,177		15,000,000	50,207,510	73,239,885	448,608,572
1894.	306,497,014		12,130,000	71,146,446	93,427,011	483,200,471
1895.	301,033,457		25,585,000	128,722,730	101,530,945	656,872,132
1896.	305,262,000		18,250,000	70,044,375	98,116,225	591,672,600
1897.	317,897,219		8,770,000	91,245,455	142,118,017	660,030,691
1898.	284,283,812		14,415,000	110,897,370	200,386,376	609,972,558
1899.	308,111,501		16,765,000	116,792,750	257,102,415	698,670,666
1900.	325,046,820		11,840,000	131,880,913	207,210,043	775,983,776
1901.	323,714,272	\$40,463,165	21,365,000	120,830,300	307,364,148	814,736,885
1902.	311,331,840	98,051,657	22,800,000	111,235,838	325,890,803	869,310,138
1903.	326,875,063	140,651,601	11,945,000	125,700,019	358,689,145	953,911,591
1904.	298,772,551	131,462,000	56,000,000	96,344,809	327,000,281	869,579,641
1905.	265,100,456	11,756,709	53,400,000	48,680,540	319,791,752	800,485,465
1906.	229,562,755	28,080,346	31,000,000	42,001,940	364,311,480	730,956,826
1907.	246,393,578	8,130,136	61,130,000	37,265,000	368,390,968	764,211,682

## GOLD AND SILVER IN CIRCULATION IN THE UNITED STATES.

The treasury notes of 1890 are not included in the total for silver, although presented in the table, as they are based upon silver:

JUNE 30.	Gold coin.	Gold certificates.	Total.	Silver dollars.	Silver certificates.	Treasury notes of 1890.	Subsidiary silver.	Total silver.	Ratio silver to gold.
1890.	226,085,779	87,203,900	\$313,289,679	\$19,369,465	\$5,803,628		\$51,511,788	\$25,173,610	54.1
1891.	313,124,777	5,739,339	318,864,116	28,822,360	35,170,727		63,993,087	130,773,814	57.0
1892.	308,251,525	5,029,029	313,280,554	31,190,840	51,506,000		82,696,840	133,702,840	58.9
1893.	310,151,177	9,029,029	319,180,206	35,241,800	73,239,885		108,481,685	153,731,565	60.5
1894.	306,497,014	71,146,446	377,643,460	41,779,848	93,427,011		135,206,859	177,196,859	61.4
1895.	301,033,457	128,722,730	429,756,187	408,808,141	101,530,945		514,339,086	920,339,086	67.5
1896.	305,262,000	70,044,375	375,306,375	392,040,112	98,116,225		490,156,337	882,196,337	69.6
1897.	317,897,219	91,245,455	409,142,674	397,644,696	142,118,017		539,762,713	939,902,713	70.7
1898.	284,283,812	110,897,370	395,181,182	365,165,800	200,386,376		565,552,176	930,751,976	74.3
1899.	308,111,501	116,792,750	424,904,251	341,131,967	257,102,415		598,234,382	899,336,382	76.0
1900.	325,046,820	131,880,913	456,927,733	311,331,840	307,364,148		618,695,988	928,735,988	78.5
1901.	323,714,272	120,830,300	444,544,572	311,331,840	307,364,148		618,695,988	928,735,988	78.5
1902.	311,331,840	111,235,838	422,567,678	326,875,063	358,689,145		685,564,208	1,012,464,208	81.7
1903.	326,875,063	125,700,019	452,575,082	358,689,145	358,689,145		717,378,290	1,076,067,290	83.1
1904.	298,772,551	96,344,809	395,117,360	327,000,281	327,000,281		654,000,562	1,029,000,562	83.1
1905.	265,100,456	48,680,540	313,781,000	280,000,000	319,791,752		599,791,752	889,791,752	82.9
1906.	229,562,755	364,311,480	593,874,235	229,562,755	364,311,480		593,874,235	1,187,746,480	81.7
1907.	246,393,578	37,265,000	283,658,578	246,393,578	37,265,000		283,658,578	570,018,578	81.7

## NON-LEGAL-TENDER TREASURY NOTE ISSUES, 1812-61.

Various issues of treasury notes were authorized by acts of congress, down to 1861, but in every case they were merely temporary loans, usually bearing interest and payable only to such persons "as chose to receive them." The various issues of non-legal-tender treasury notes are shown as follows:

AUTHORIZING ACT.	Amount issued.	Length of loan.	Sold at.	Rate of interest.	Remarks.
June 30, 1812..	\$5,000,000	1 year.	Par.	5-5 %	
Feb. 21, 1813..	5,000,000				
Mar. 4, 1814..	10,000,000				
Dec. 26, 1814..	8,318,400.	Pleasure of government.	{ Par. { Par @ 4 % prem.	5-5 % None.	{ Denom- { \$100 & over nations, { under \$100
Feb. 24, 1815..	{ 4,382,400				
Oct. 12, 1837	10,000,000				
May 21, 1838..	5,709,810	1 year	Par.	1-10 to 6 %	Total issue, \$47,002,900.
Mar. 2, 1839	8,857,276				
Mar. 31, 1840..	7,114,251				
Feb. 15, 1841..	7,529,082	2 years.			
Jan. 31, 1842..	7,959,965				
Aug. 31, 1842..	3,025,555				
Mar. 3, 1843..	1,806,950	1 year 1 to 2 years.	Par.	1-10-5-2-5 % 5-2-3-6-6 % 3-6-6 %	
July 22, 1846..	7,087,800				
Jan. 28, 1847..	26,122,100				
Dec. 24, 1857..	62,778,900.	1 year.	{ Par @ 1.27 % premium.	6 %	
Dec. 17, 1860..	10,010,900				
Mar. 2, 1861..	{ 23,498,100 12,896,350				
July 17, 1861..	{ 60,080,000	Demand.	Par.	None.	Old demand notes.
Aug. 5, 1861..					
Feb. 12, 1862..					
July 17, 1861..	139,990,750	3 years.	465,1000 % prem.	73-10 %	"Seven-thirties" of '61

## LEGAL-TENDER NOTES.

For nearly fifty years, from 1812 to 1861, at various times congress had authorized the issue of treasury notes, but not until the latter year was it ever proposed to make such notes a legal tender. A bankrupt treasury, an impaired credit and a civil war of unparalleled proportions made desperate measures necessary, and there was scarcely a financier in 1861 who did not consider the proposed issue of legal-tender notes a desperate undertaking, justified only, if at all, by the law of self-preservation, which operates in behalf of nations as well as individuals. The first "legal-tender" act was approved Feb. 25, 1862. It authorized the issue of \$150,000,000 non-interest-bearing notes, payable to bearer, in denomina-

tions of not less than \$5 and legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, except duties on imports and interest on the public debt. These notes were made exchangeable for 6 per cent bonds and receivable for loans that might thereafter be made by the government. Supplementary acts of July 11, 1862, and Jan. 17, 1863, authorized additional issues of \$150,000,000 each, in denominations of not less than \$1, and the time in which to exchange the notes for bonds was limited to July 1, 1863. It was under these acts that the legal-tender notes known as "greenbacks," now outstanding, were issued. The legal-tender issues during the war period were:

AUTHORIZING ACT.	Amount authorized.	Amount issued.	Length of loan.	Sold at.	Rate of interest.
Feb. 25, 1862.....	\$150,000,000	\$447,300,203*	Indefinite.	Par.	None.
July 11, 1862.....	150,000,000				
March 3, 1863.....	150,000,000				
March 3, 1863.....	400,000,000	{ 44,520,000† 168,440,000† 296,596,440†	1 year. 2 years. 3 years.	Par. Par. Par.	5 % 5 % 6 % compound.

\*Highest amount outstanding at any one time, June 30, 1864. †Includes reissues.

## GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES TREASURY.

The total holdings of gold and silver by the government at the close of each fiscal year since 1878 are shown in the table below. First is given the gross gold, including coin and bullion, and then the net gold, after deducting the amount of gold certificates in circulation. The gross amount of silver dollars and bullion in the treasury is next shown, and then the net, after deducting the silver certifi-

cates outstanding. The treasury notes issued since Aug. 15, 1860, for the purchase of silver bullion are not deducted from the silver in the treasury, as the notes are not certificates of deposit redeemable in silver, the same as the silver certificates, but are treasury notes, the same as the old legal tenders. To the net silver dollars and bullion is added the subsidiary silver in the treasury, which gives the total net silver.

## TREASURY HOLDINGS OF GOLD AND SILVER.

JUNE 30.	Total gold coin and bullion.	Gold less certificates outstanding.	Total silver dollars and bullion.	Silver dollars and bullion less certificates outstanding.	Subsidy silver.	Total net silver.	Ratio silver to gold, Per cent.
1878	\$128,040,203	\$103,562,522	\$15,059,828	\$15,062,718	\$6,930,506	\$21,993,224	21.1
1879	155,255,475	119,069,655	35,285,917	35,285,475	8,000,401	43,285,876	28.8
1880	129,145,422	118,181,557	49,540,851	49,700,282	24,530,482	68,110,764	57.8
1881	163,111,661	127,412,141	68,854,051	67,743,047	27,247,085	94,990,132	58.3
1882	148,005,300	143,477,570	93,884,724	93,878,634	28,018,631	121,897,265	82.3
1883	198,078,566	148,371,128	116,300,245	116,375,549	28,486,001	144,861,550	73.1
1884	201,876,300	143,729,554	139,616,144	143,186,403	20,000,720	163,187,123	81.4
1885	247,128,625	120,228,825	169,451,528	167,921,052	31,235,801	199,156,853	80.7
1886	262,808,124	156,793,749	181,344,704	180,220,339	28,004,682	208,225,021	79.3
1887	278,101,106	186,875,600	222,401,405	221,283,488	26,977,404	248,260,892	89.3
1888	313,783,617	198,865,247	254,430,741	254,111,865	26,051,741	280,163,606	89.3
1889	303,504,349	186,711,561	249,088,574	247,585,329	23,129,703	270,715,032	89.3
1890	321,612,423	190,262,401	321,000,000	320,000,000	22,805,226	342,805,226	106.9
1891	328,618,122	117,697,725	370,705,279	372,311,131	19,666,666	391,977,797	119.5
1892	353,377,706	111,342,596	405,886,402	406,977,300	14,224,714	421,202,014	119.5
1893	388,456,455	165,458,414	480,476,527	481,987,502	16,843,446	498,830,948	128.3
1894	441,217,444	164,843,045	495,400,178	496,314,776	17,800,531	514,115,307	116.5
1895	456,803,363	167,512,363	495,785,300	496,054,154	16,562,815	512,616,969	112.7
1896	415,207,148	108,545,234	496,522,413	497,242,433	15,657,421	512,899,854	122.3
1897	458,076,654	140,790,755	504,583,579	504,247,211	16,210,341	520,457,552	113.5

## PRODUCT OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES FROM 1792 TO 1896.

The estimate for 1792-1873 is by R. W. Raymond, Commissioner, and since by the Director of the Mint.

YEARS.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	YEARS.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
April 2, 1792		Insignificant.	\$14,000,000	1870	\$50,000,000	\$16,000,000	\$66,000,000
July 31, 1834	\$14,000,000			1871	48,500,000	23,000,000	71,500,000
Dec. 31, 1844	7,500,000	\$50,000	7,550,000	1872	46,000,000	28,750,000	74,750,000
1845	1,008,287	50,000	1,058,287	1873	38,000,000	25,750,000	63,750,000
1846	1,150,355	50,000	1,200,355	1874	33,500,000	20,500,000	54,000,000
1847	889,055	50,000	939,055	1875	31,000,000	17,750,000	48,750,000
1848	10,000,000	50,000	10,050,000	1876	29,000,000	18,800,000	47,800,000
1849	40,000,000	50,000	40,050,000	1877	48,000,000	35,000,000	83,000,000
1850	50,000,000	50,000	50,050,000	1878	51,500,000	45,200,000	96,700,000
1851	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000	1879	58,500,000	40,800,000	99,300,000
1852	60,000,000	50,000	60,050,000	1880	59,000,000	32,200,000	91,200,000
1853	65,000,000	50,000	65,050,000	1881	51,000,000	40,000,000	91,000,000
1854	60,000,000	50,000	60,050,000	1882	52,500,000	46,800,000	99,300,000
1855	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000	1883	50,000,000	46,200,000	96,200,000
1856	50,000,000	50,000	50,050,000	1884	50,800,000	48,800,000	99,600,000
1857	5,000,000	50,000	5,050,000	1885	51,800,000	51,000,000	102,800,000
1858	50,000,000	50,000	50,050,000	1886	53,000,000	51,000,000	104,000,000
1859	50,000,000	100,000	50,100,000	1887	53,000,000	54,200,000	107,200,000
1860	40,000,000	150,000	40,150,000	1888	50,175,000	59,165,000	109,340,000
1861	43,000,000	2,000,000	45,000,000	1889	52,800,000	64,605,000	117,405,000
1862	39,000,000	4,500,000	43,500,000	1890	52,800,000	70,465,000	123,265,000
1863	40,000,000	8,500,000	48,500,000	1891	53,175,000	75,415,000	128,590,000
1864	46,100,000	11,000,000	57,100,000	1892	53,000,000	82,100,000	135,100,000
1865	53,235,000	11,250,000	64,485,000	1893	55,255,000	77,555,000	132,810,000
1866	56,500,000	10,000,000	66,500,000	1894	50,500,000	64,000,000	114,500,000
1867	51,750,000	13,500,000	65,250,000	1895	46,610,000	72,051,000	118,661,000
1868	48,000,000	12,000,000	60,000,000	1896	53,088,000	76,000,000	129,088,000
1869	49,500,000	12,500,000	62,000,000	Total	2,113,004,700	1,444,970,000	3,557,974,700

## CONSUMPTION OF TEA, COFFEE, WINES, ETC.

Consumption of tea, coffee, wines, distilled spirits and malt liquors in the United States for the fiscal years 1875 to 1896, per capita of population.

1875-1885					1886-1896						
Tea.	Coffee.	Wines.	Spirits.	Liquors.	Tea.	Coffee.	Wines.	Spirits.	Liquors.		
Lbs.	Lbs.	Gals.	Pr. Tails.	Gallons.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Gals.	Pr. Tails.	Gallons.		
1875.....	1.44	7.98	.45	1.59	6.71	1886.....	1.37	9.36	.45	1.26	11.29
1876.....	1.35	7.33	.45	1.33	6.53	1887.....	1.49	8.53	.55	1.21	11.27
1877.....	1.23	6.94	.47	1.28	6.78	1888.....	1.40	6.81	.61	1.36	12.80
1878.....	1.35	6.24	.47	1.09	6.68	1889.....	1.29	5.16	.66	1.32	12.72
1879.....	1.21	7.42	.50	1.11	7.05	1890.....	1.33	7.82	.46	1.40	13.67
1880.....	1.39	8.78	.56	1.27	8.28	1891.....	1.29	7.99	.45	1.42	15.28
1881.....	1.54	8.25	.47	1.58	8.63	1892.....	1.37	9.61	.44	1.50	15.10
1882.....	1.47	8.30	.49	1.40	10.03	1893.....	1.32	8.24	.48	1.51	16.08
1883.....	1.30	8.91	.46	1.46	10.27	1894.....	1.34	8.01	.51	1.33	15.18
1884.....	1.09	9.26	.37	1.48	10.77	1895.....	1.28	9.27	.28	1.12	14.95
1885.....	1.18	9.60	.39	1.25	11.62	1896.....	1.31	8.94	.26	1.00	15.16

## CIRCULATION OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES.

JULY 1.	Amount of money in United States	Amount in circulation.	Population June 1.	Money per capita.	Circulation per capita.
1877.	\$562,711,500	\$215,389,500	40,000,000	\$15.79	\$15.39
1878.	774,446,000	231,911,000	41,077,000	18.88	18.44
1879.	899,054,750	270,084,000	42,793,000	18.65	18.15
1880.	796,273,000	254,101,000	43,951,000	18.16	17.16
1881.	860,688,250	277,007,000	45,131,000	17.32	16.13
1882.	763,066,800	222,314,880	46,353,000	16.46	15.58
1883.	791,263,500	229,182,600	47,508,000	16.62	15.32
1884.	1,031,521,000	318,631,700	48,895,000	21.50	19.75
1885.	1,235,929,100	373,382,200	50,155,000	24.64	19.41
1886.	1,406,611,920	1,114,536,110	51,416,000	27.41	21.71
1887.	1,480,301,710	1,171,200,410	52,435,000	28.30	22.37
1888.	1,614,482,000	1,240,305,000	53,625,000	29.91	23.19
1889.	1,705,194,180	1,265,925,000	54,911,000	31.46	22.65
1890.	1,817,608,500	1,297,308,000	56,148,000	32.37	23.02
1891.	1,908,569,000	1,252,700,000	57,404,000	31.61	21.82
1892.	1,930,442,670	1,317,687,100	58,680,000	32.90	22.45
1893.	2,002,665,000	1,372,170,500	59,974,000	34.00	22.88
1894.	2,075,540,711	1,380,201,000	61,269,000	34.86	22.82
1895.	2,144,289,100	1,429,251,200	62,622,000	34.24	22.92
1896.	2,176,224,000	1,437,400,700	63,975,000	34.31	23.41
1897.	2,372,599,000	1,601,311,187	65,403,000	36.21	24.44
1898.	2,385,402,200	1,598,501,000	66,429,000	34.79	23.67
1899.	2,442,429,270	1,651,001,000	67,307,000	36.28	24.35
1900.	2,500,215,000	1,700,179,000	68,763,000	31.68	24.02
1901.	2,560,451,000	1,805,031,000	71,300,000	32.86	25.10
1902.	2,508,110,000	1,645,028,000	72,567,000	32.46	23.57

The difference between the amount of money in the country and the amount in circulation represents the money in the treasury. Currency certificates, act of June 8, 1872, are included in the amount of United States notes in circulation in tables for years 1876 to 1891, inclusive; since 1891 they are reported separately.

## MONEY OF THE WORLD.

Monetary systems and approximate stocks of money in the principal countries of the world as reported by the treasury department's bureau of mint.

COUNTRIES.	Monetary system.	Ratio between gold and full legal-tender silver.	Ratio between gold and limited-tender silver.	Population in millions.	Gold in millions.	Silver in millions.	Uncurrent paper in millions.	PER CAPITA.			
								Gold.	Silver.	Paper.	Total.
United States*.	G. & S.	1 to 15.98	1 to 11.95	71.9	\$772.2	\$673.4	\$242.4	\$9.35	\$8.78	\$5.90	\$24.03
United Kingdom	Gold.	1 to 14.28	1 to 14.28	39.3	584	121.7	111.8	14.87	3.10	2.84	20.80
France	G. & S.	1 to 15.60	1 to 14.28	38.4	779	402.2	2.55	20.10	19.82	2.45	55.47
Germany	Gold.	1 to 13.65	1 to 13.65	63.3	675	207	126.1	12.91	3.07	2.41	18.28
Belgium	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	6.3	50	67	72.5	7.93	0.06	11.51	28.49
Italy	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	30.9	100.4	189	108.5	3.25	1.26	5.45	9.96
Switzerland.....	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	3.0	16	2.1	14.3	5.33	1.70	4.77	10.80
Greece	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	2.2	.5	1.5	14.2	.23	.68	6.45	7.36
Spain	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	18.0	38.6	50.3	103	2.14	2.74	5.72	10.60
Portugal.	Gold.	1 to 14.08	1 to 14.08	6.1	5.1	7.4	50.7	1.00	1.45	11.71	14.16
Roumania.	G. & S.	1 to 14.08	1 to 14.08	5.4	28.6	10.6	11.8	7.15	1.95	2.19	11.50
Serbia.	G. & S.	1 to 14.08	1 to 14.08	2.3	1.5	1.7	8	.63	.74	1.90	2.69
Austria-Hungary.	Gold.	1 to 13.69	1 to 13.69	44.5	167.2	465	204.5	8.76	1.46	4.59	9.81
Netherlands.	G. & S.	1 to 15.98	1 to 14.28	1 to 15	8	25.8	32.5	6.58	11.71	0.77	24.06
Norway	Gold.	1 to 14.28	1 to 14.28	2.0	7.5	3.8	8	3.73	1.60	1.90	6.65
Sweden.	Gold.	1 to 14.28	1 to 14.28	4.8	8.5	4.9	8	1.77	1.62	2.00	2.79
Denmark.	Gold.	1 to 14.28	1 to 14.28	2.3	13.5	4.6	7	7.17	2.83	2.00	11.52
Russia & Finland.	Silver.	1 to 15.50	1 to 12.00	26.0	48.6	43.5	407.2	3.84	3.34	3.70	7.93
Turkey.	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 15.50	22.0	50	40	5	2.27	1.92	.....	4.09
Australia.	Gold.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.28	4.9	130	7	.....	25.53	1.43	.....	27.96
Egypt	Gold.	1 to 15.50	1 to 15.50	7.0	120.3	5.2	.....	18.47	1.43	.....	19.21
Mexico.	Silver.	1 to 16.50	1 to 16.50	12.6	5	97	4	.39	7.70	.....	8.41
Cent. Am. states.	Silver.	1 to 15.50	1 to 15.50	5.6	5	12	8	.09	2.14	1.43	3.66
So. Am. states.	Silver.	1 to 15.50	1 to 15.50	90.0	40	55	550	1.11	1.97	15.28	17.86
Japan.	G. & S.	1 to 16.15	1 to 16.15	44.0	79.5	57.7	.....	1.81	3.21	.....	3.80
India.	G. & S.	1 to 15	1 to 15	285.0	.....	24.4	87	.....	.....	12	8.33
China.	Silver.	1 to 15	1 to 15	330.0	.....	7.0	.....	.....	2.48	.....	2.74
Strait Settlements	G. & S.	1 to 15	1 to 15	3.8	.....	24.2	.....	.....	63.68	.....	63.68
Canada.	Gold.	1 to 14.28	1 to 14.28	5.8	16	.....	35	2.75	1.03	6.03	9.82
Cuba.	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 15.50	1.8	15	1.5	.....	8.33	1.83	.....	9.16
Haiti.	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 15.50	1.0	4	4.5	4.1	4.00	4.50	4.10	12.60
Bulgaria.	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	8.3	8	18.8	.....	.24	2.00	.....	2.30
Siam.	Silver.	1 to 14.35	1 to 14.35	5.0	6	103.3	.....	.12	28.66	.....	28.78
Hawaii.	G. & S.	1 to 15.98	1 to 15.98	1	4	1	.....	40.00	10.00	.....	50.00
Total					\$1,143.7	\$4,286.9	\$2,558				

\*Nov. 1, 1896; all other countries Jan. 1, 1896.

## INTERNAL REVENUE.

## RECEIPTS DURING THE LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS.

OBJECTS OF TAXATION.	1896.	1897.	Increase.	Decrease.
<b>SPIRITS.</b>				
*Spirits distilled from apples, peaches, grapes, pears, pineapples, oranges, apricots, berries and prunes.....	\$1,564,879.02	\$1,290,743.74		\$324,135.28
Spirits distilled from other materials.....	173,743,018.00	\$75,706,513.17	\$1,963,494.57	
Rectifiers (special tax).....	227,425.26	209,175.22		18,250.01
Retail liquor dealers (special tax).....	4,099,218.91	4,423,082.16		246,756.75
Wholesale liquor dealers (special tax).....	439,701.81	403,990.05		85,715.75
Manufacturers of stills (special tax).....	1,011.68	842.08		169.60
Stills and worms, manufactured (special tax).....	2,470.00	1,550.00		920.00
Stamps for distilled spirits intended for export.....	1,712.54	2,657.50	945.00	
Total.....	\$1,670,070.77	\$2,008,542.92	1,334,471.15	
<b>TOBACCO.</b>				
Cigars and cheroots weighing over 3 pounds per thousand.....	12,713,267.83	12,189,507.29		523,760.54
Cigarettes weighing not over 3 pounds per thousand.....	2,021,195.82	2,075,834.88	54,639.06	
Cigarettes weighing over 3 pounds per thousand.....	4,221.29	4,748.13	526.84	
Snuff.....	752,915.92	796,118.37	43,202.45	
Tobacco, chewing and smoking.....	15,220,024.25	15,614,088.75	424,064.50	
Total.....	\$1,711,629.11	\$1,710,297.42		1,331.69
<b>FERMENTED LIQUORS.</b>				
Ale, beer, lager beer, porter and other similar fermented liquors.....	\$3,139,141.10	\$1,841,302.40		1,297,778.70
Brewers (special tax).....	163,770.96	190,927.38		2,646.34
Retail dealers in malt liquors (special tax).....	202,777.36	191,071.12		11,706.21
Wholesale dealers in malt liquors (special tax).....	278,545.84	278,801.22	255.38	
Total.....	\$1,794,235.26	\$2,472,102.07	1,312,073.19	
<b>OLEOMARGARINE.</b>				
Oleomargarine, domestic and imported.....	952,475.46	850,091.19		101,784.28
Manufacturers of oleomargarine (special tax).....	15,725.00	7,200.00		8,525.00
Retail dealers in oleomargarine (special tax).....	178,968.00	190,338.42		48,629.38
Wholesale dealers in oleomargarine (special tax).....	72,261.00	45,900.00		26,361.00
Total.....	1,219,430.46	1,094,129.61		125,300.85
<b>FILLED CHEESE.</b>				
Filled cheese, domestic and imported.....		16,661.37	16,661.37	
Manufacturers of filled cheese (special tax).....		1,566.08	1,566.08	
Retail dealers in filled cheese (special tax).....		556.00	556.00	
Wholesale dealers in filled cheese (special tax).....		208.33	208.33	
Total.....		18,992.38	18,992.38	
<b>BANKS, BANKERS, ETC.</b>				
Bank circulation.....				
Notes of persons, state banks, towns, cities, etc., paid out.....	134.85	85.38		49.47
Total.....	134.85	85.38		49.47
<b>MISCELLANEOUS.</b>				
Penalties.....	184,710.57	14,968.17		69,752.40
Opium manufactured for smoking purposes.....	22.50			22.50
Playing cards.....	250,853.78	251,306.52		8,547.24
Collections not otherwise herein provided for.....	526.88	9,119.01	8,592.13	
Total.....	445,113.21	375,383.70		69,729.51
Aggregate receipts.....	146,830,615.09	146,619,383.47		211,231.62

\*Under the authority of an act approved June 3, 1896, distillers of brandy from pears, pineapples, oranges, apricots, berries and prunes have been included in the exemptions applicable to distillers of brandy from apples, peaches or grapes; but no returns from distillers of these additional fruits were made during the fiscal year 1897. †Includes \$54.04, at 90 cents per gallon. ‡Includes \$3,973.57, at 90 cents per gallon. §Includes \$45,185.80, at 90 cents per gallon.

## MATERIALS USED AND SPIRITS PRODUCED.

FISCAL YEAR.	Grain used.	Spirits produced from grain.	Molasses used to produce spirits.	Spirits produced from molasses.	Molasses used to produce rum.	Rum produced.
	<i>Bushels.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>
1888.....	16,112,500	68,388,100	.....	.....	2,519,494	1,291,246
1887.....	20,980,924	87,887,456	.....	.....	1,951,104	1,471,051
1886.....	25,202,901	107,618,120	.....	.....	2,198,538	1,655,809
1885.....	26,347,641	114,178,077	.....	.....	2,368,171	1,789,312
1884.....	26,189,827	112,812,723	.....	.....	2,550,759	1,866,418
1883.....	29,030,109	126,545,017	.....	.....	2,775,752	2,106,765
1882.....	19,716,818	87,340,897	.....	.....	2,509,409	1,940,485
1881.....	18,057,107	78,172,512	.....	.....	2,219,547	1,777,884
1880.....	18,630,618	82,156,153	3,507,600	2,612,322	1,891,356	1,400,224
1879.....	13,131,891	59,134,777	4,441,482	3,310,771	1,711,980	1,284,157
Total.....	213,720,645	921,558,992	7,949,091	5,953,093	22,784,990	17,275,566
Average.....	21,372,064	92,155,899	3,974,545	2,976,546	2,278,499	1,727,556

## PRODUCTION OF FERMENTED LIQUORS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1887.

States and Territories.	Barrels.	States and Territories.	Barrels.
Alabama.....	36,503	Montana.....	132,10
Arkansas.....	.....	Nebraska.....	173,494
California.....	756,768	New Hampshire.....	285,534
Colorado.....	208,838	New Jersey.....	2,401,029
Connecticut.....	571,306	New Mexico.....	3,991
Florida.....	2,480	New York.....	9,190,131
Georgia.....	109,300	North Carolina.....	.....
Illinois.....	3,244,896	Ohio.....	2,631,028
Indiana.....	634,173	Oregon.....	183,274
Iowa.....	142,153	Pennsylvania.....	8,502,280
Kansas.....	6,255	South Carolina.....	8,400
Kentucky.....	578,230	Tennessee.....	111,690
Louisiana.....	249,240	Texas.....	265,578
Maryland.....	916,130	Virginia.....	102,251
Massachusetts.....	1,670,556	West Virginia.....	128,125
Michigan.....	675,184	Wisconsin.....	2,682,019
Minnesota.....	492,814	Total.....	34,423,094
Missouri.....	2,746,477		

## CONSUMPTION PER CAPITA OF DISTILLED SPIRITS

From materials other than fruit, and tax thereon and revenue therefrom.

FISCAL YEARS.	Per cent of tax.	Population.	Aggregate of population.	Aggregate gallons consumed.	Per capita consumed.	Revenue.
1870.....	None.	31,443,371	31,443,371	83,901,785	2.86	None.
1871.....	2.0	31,016,000	31,016,000	85,265,333	2.57	\$17,059,792
1872.....	2.0	31,748,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1873.....	2.0	35,430,000	125,575,875	37,979,104	.30	75,968,208
1874.....	2.0	36,211,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1875.....	2.0	36,973,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1876.....	.50	36,973,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1877.....	.50	37,736,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1878.....	.50	38,538,000	154,652,000	278,009,810	1.79	139,039,905
1879.....	.50	39,555,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1880.....	.50	40,596,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1881.....	.50	40,346,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1882.....	.50	41,077,000	102,000,000	108,444,000	1.65	117,900,800
1883.....	.50	42,708,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1884.....	.50	43,951,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1885.....	.50	43,951,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1886.....	.50	45,137,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1887.....	.50	46,553,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1888.....	.50	47,998,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1889.....	.50	48,946,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1890.....	.50	50,155,783	1,191,336,832	1,412,997,777	1.27	1,271,697,997
1891.....	.50	51,316,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1892.....	.50	52,485,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1893.....	.50	53,633,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1894.....	.50	54,901,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1895.....	.50	56,148,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1896.....	.50	57,404,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1897.....	.50	58,690,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1898.....	.50	59,974,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1899.....	.50	61,289,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1900.....	.50	62,622,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1901.....	.50	63,975,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1902.....	.50	65,403,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1903.....	.50	66,826,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1904.....	.50	68,275,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1905.....	.50	69,754,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
1906.....	1.10	71,283,000	110,615,275	115,104,612	.95	121,676,803
1907.....	1.10	71,283,000	.....	.....	.....	.....

## SPECIAL-TAX PAYERS.

Statement showing by states and territories the actual number of the different kinds of special-tax payers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Rectifiers.	Retail liquor dealers.	Wholesale liquor dealers.	Manufacturers of stills.	Brewers.	Retail dealers in malt liquors.	Wholesale dealers in malt liquors.	Manufacturers of oleomargarine.	Retail dealers in oleomargarine.	Wholesale dealers in oleomargarine.	Manufacturers of filled cheese.	Retail dealers in filled cheese.	Wholesale dealers in filled cheese.	Total.
Alabama.....	5	850	32		3	120	23		12	3				1,045
Alaska.....		147			6	8								162
Arizona.....	1	70	16		2	40	25		2	1				755
Arkansas.....	1	619	35			26			26					719
California.....	145	12,767	414	2	128	221	150		26					13,827
Colorado.....	19	2,402	53		15	133	72		51	2				2,747
Connecticut.....	20	3,212	69		20	121	144		9					3,585
Delaware.....	6	267	5		6	28	10		14					435
District of Columbia.....	13	1,043	29		5	43	27		63			19	1	1,213
Florida.....	4	411	16		1	10	23		89	4				191
Georgia.....	14	1,301	39		6	106	21		14	5				1,665
Idaho.....		61	6		1	21	12							68
Illinois.....	147	17,399	292	8	131	1,160	417	6	1,051	12	7			20,619
Indiana.....	20	7,420	89		50	578	286	1	121			8		8,572
Indian Territory.....		13				234			10	4				284
Iowa.....	11	3,738	67		19	89	338		54					4,583
Kansas.....	6	2,203	12		2	264	46	2	54					2,654
Kentucky.....	131	8,132	223	1	29	216	85		101	1				4,419
Louisiana.....	26	3,991	89		7	58	34		68	4		29		4,308
Maine.....		965	11			132	13		3					1,164
Maryland.....	47	4,273	80	1	2	101	63		29	4				4,726
Massachusetts.....	92	4,371	200		42	184	269		28	1				5,187
Michigan.....	7	6,197	48		91	255	181		235	6				6,800
Minnesota.....	83	4,380	53		150	410	239			1		1		5,243
Mississippi.....	11	328	8			10	13		4					422
Missouri.....	7	7,045	173	1	62	414	235	1	95			2		8,719
Montana.....	2	700	39		19	42	41							1,842
Nebraska.....	7	1,761	30		24	150	139		21					2,132
Nevada.....		509	3		7	1	13							516
New Hampshire.....		1,237	5		5	176	72		5					1,490
New Jersey.....	41	8,643	93	3	47	274	270	1	164	7		2		9,545
New Mexico.....	2	456	16		2	8	25		4					513
New York.....	846	37,191	933		278	689	702		12	2				38,883
North Carolina.....	20	1,282	34	3		49	25		4					1,417
North Dakota.....		654	1		2	247	13		3					932
Ohio.....	108	14,819	847	3	127	374	415	2	371	5				16,991
Oklahoma.....		318	4			35	22							357
Oregon.....	14	1,223	30		27	35	22							1,385
Pennsylvania.....	173	14,519	380	1	243	656	559		303	9		1		16,741
Rhode Island.....	12	1,724	41		5	34	42	3	305	6				2,176
South Carolina.....		322	10		2	7	6		10	2				359
South Dakota.....	2	1,091	5		6	69	50		27	2				1,224
Tennessee.....	18	1,654	50		4	89	30		2					1,844
Texas.....	18	8,376	65		14	2,171	338		45	10				6,058
Utah.....	3	400	8		8	20	13		1					453
Vermont.....		575	2			196	23		73					794
Virginia.....	17	2,365	3		6	70	47		7	3		1		2,847
Washington.....		1,322	29		36	36	24		4					1,438
West Virginia.....	7	1,531	10		8	84	71		67	4		1		1,783
Wisconsin.....	55	8,823	94		180	432	198		17	5				9,829
Wyoming.....		341	5		4	1	24		4					379
Total.....	1,632	194,942	4,368	18	1,830	11,076	5,974	16	3,524	104	7	68	1	223,555
Total for fiscal year ended June 30, 1896.....	1,855	204,294	4,648	26	1,976	12,064	5,749	22	1,339	168				235,091

## INCREASE OF POPULATION--WHITE AND COLORED.

Comparison of ratios of increase of the two races in the former slave states.  
(Compiled by Henry Gannett, United States Geological Survey.)

Period.	White.	Colored.	Period.	White.	Colored.	Period.	White.	Colored.
1790 to 1800.....	34	33	1830 to 1840.....	27	24	1870 to 1870.....	17	8
1800 to 1810.....	30	39	1840 to 1850.....	34	27	1870 to 1880.....	33	34
1810 to 1820.....	28	30	1850 to 1860.....	30	22	1880 to 1890.....	24	13
1820 to 1830.....	29	33						

## PER CENT OF PROPORTIONS OF WHITE TO COLORED POPULATION.

	White.	Colored.		White.	Colored.		White.	Colored.
1790.....	65	35	1830.....	63	37	1870.....	68	32
1800.....	65	35	1840.....	63	37	1880.....	67	33
1810.....	63	37	1850.....	64	34	1890.....	69	31
1820.....	63	37	1860.....	65	34			

## PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

(Dec. 1, 1897.)

## INTEREST-BEARING DEBT.

TITLE OF LOAN.	Authorizing act.	Rate.	Amount issued.	Total outstanding Dec. 1, 1897.
Loan of July 12, 1882.....	July 12, 1882.....	3 per cent.....	\$305,529,000.....	.....
Funded loan of 1891.....	July 11, '70, & Jan. 20, '71.....	4½ per cent.....	250,000,000.....	\$25,361,500
Funded loan of 1907.....	July 11, '70, and Jan. 20, '71.....	Cont'd 4½.....	740,901,450.....	539,641,000
Refunding certificates.....	Feb. 26, 189.....	4 per cent.....	40,012,750.....	44,200
Loan of 1901.....	Jan. 14, 1875.....	5 per cent.....	100,000,000.....	100,000,000
Loan of 1925.....	Jan. 14, 1875.....	4 per cent.....	162,315,000.....	162,315,000
Aggregate of interest-bearing debt, exclusive of United States bonds issued to Pacific railroads.....			\$1,508,758,600.....	\$847,965,600

## DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED SINCE MATURITY.

Funded loan of 1891, matured Sept. 2, 1901.....	\$150,450.00
Old debt matured at various dates prior to Jan. 1, 1891, and other items of debt matured at various dates subsequent to Jan. 1, 1891.....	1,180,830.76
Aggregate of debt on which interest has ceased since maturity.....	\$1,331,280.76

## DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST.

United States notes—Feb. 25, 1862; July 11, 1862; March 3, 1863.....	\$346,681,013.00
Old demand notes—July 17, 1861; Feb. 12, 1862.....	54,375.50
National bank notes—Redemption account—July 14, 1890.....	27,570,824.00
Fractional currency—July 1, 1862; March 3, 1863; June 30, 1864, less \$8,375,364, estimated as lost or destroyed, act of June 21, 1879.....	6,883,037.14
Aggregate of debt bearing no interest.....	\$381,130,125.11

## CERTIFICATES AND NOTES ISSUED ON DEPOSITS OF COIN AND LEGAL-TENDER NOTES AND PURCHASES OF SILVER BULLION.

CLASSIFICATION.	In the treasury.	In circulation.	Amount issued.
Gold certificates—March 3, 1883; July 12, 1882.....	\$1,548,740.....	\$36,735,409.....	\$38,274,149
Silver certificates—Feb. 28, 1878; Aug. 4, 1876; March 3, 1887.....	11,634,537.....	373,288,967.....	384,923,504
Certificates of deposit—June 8, 1872.....	250,000.....	486,000.....	48,800,000
Treasury notes of 1890—July 14, 1890.....	3,116,822.....	101,676,288.....	107,793,280
Aggregate of certificates and treasury notes offset by cash in the treasury.....	\$16,580,159.....	\$533,340,774.....	\$579,920,933

## RECAPITULATION.

Classification.	Nov. 30, 1897.	Oct. 31, 1897.
Interest-bearing debt.....	\$847,965,600.00	\$847,965,600.00
Debt on which interest has ceased since maturity.....	1,331,280.76	1,331,540.76
Debt bearing no interest.....	381,130,125.14	379,623,500.14
Aggregate of interest-bearing and non-interest-bearing debt.....	\$1,229,800,025.40	\$1,228,320,600.40
Certificates and treasury notes offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury.....	579,920,933.00	580,456,933.00
Aggregate of debt, including certificates and treasury notes.....	\$1,409,810,958.40	\$1,808,777,613.40

## CASH IN THE TREASURY DEC. 1, 1897.

Classification.		
Gold—Coin.....	\$151,965,892.23	
Bars.....	42,123,368.12	\$194,089,260.35
Silver—Dollars.....	392,931,031.00	
Subsidiary coin.....	11,191,630.12	
Bars.....	103,531,721.78	507,656,382.00

## PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

57

## PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.—CONTINUED.

Paper—United States notes.....	\$31,498,016.00	
Treasury notes of 1890.....	4,116,882.00	
Gold certificates.....	1,514,740.00	
Silver certificates.....	11,044,567.00	
Certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872.....	2,000,000.00	
National bank notes.....	4,678,006.24	\$105,796,181.04
Other—Bonds, interest and coupons paid, awaiting reimbursement.....	81,788.22	
Minor coin and fractional currency.....	1,000,000.00	
Deposits in national bank depositories—general account.....	34,588,748.85	
Disbursing officers' balances.....	4,406,242.06	48,907,251.15
Aggregate.....		\$846,400,050.01
<b>Demand Liabilities.</b>		
Gold certificate.....	\$8,974,139.00	
Silver certificates.....	38,983,304.00	
Certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872.....	48,988,000.00	
Treasury notes of 1890.....	14,596,870.00	\$101,542,313.00
Fund for redemption of uncurrent national bank notes.....	\$8,445,265.61	
Outstanding checks and drafts.....	3,055,487.77	
Disbursing officers' balances.....	24,908,054.54	
Agency accounts, etc.....	4,880,205.26	45,824,583.20
Gold reserve.....	\$100,000,000.00	
Net cash balance.....	1,206,150.81	220,421,529.81
Aggregate.....		\$846,400,050.01

## PACIFIC RAILROAD BONDS.

Bonds issued in aid of the construction of the Pacific railroads and interest paid thereon by the United States, and condition of the sinking fund, act of May 7, 1868:

Principal outstanding.....	\$61,625,512.00	Balance of interest paid by the United States.....	\$31,382,629.15
Interest accrued and not yet paid.....	1,000,000.00	Sinking fund—Bonds.....	805,000.00
Interest paid by United States.....	11,500,000.00	Cash.....	7,000,750.00
Interest repaid by companies—		Total sinking fund.....	7,443,750.00
By transportation service.....	29,616,893.05		
By cash payments, 5% net earnings.....	1,000,000.00		

## ANALYSIS OF THE PUBLIC DEBT.

JULY 1.	Debt on which interest has ceased.	Debt bearing no interest.	Outstanding principal.	Cash in the Treasury.	Principal of debt less cash in Treasury.	Proportion of the United States.	Debt per capita.	Interest per capita.
1869.....	\$1,197,340.80	\$408,401,782.00	\$2,411,087,851.79	\$10,884,477.26	\$2,400,203,374.53	36,977,000	817.10	\$1.48
1870.....	5,393,191.00	431,101,510.55	2,888,442,213.94	155,680,401.85	2,732,761,812.09	37,156,000	64.45	3.92
1871.....	3,708,541.00	470,305,000.00	2,490,572,427.83	119,580,471.00	2,370,991,956.83	38,588,771	61.40	3.08
1872.....	1,948,916.26	416,965,000.00	2,430,211,332.22	101,117,335.05	2,329,094,000.00	39,801	2.83	1.90
1873.....	7,235,795.26	470,000,000.00	2,254,251,738.78	101,470,788.14	2,152,780,950.64	40,386,000	52.86	3.56
1874.....	51,020,710.26	472,000,000.00	2,244,482,000.00	123,013,000.00	2,121,469,000.00	41,616,000	50.52	3.50
1875.....	3,216,490.26	500,540,178.17	2,251,020,408.43	147,511,314.14	2,103,509,094.29	42,705,000	49.17	3.17
1876.....	11,426,830.26	499,168,411.60	2,253,281,501.26	142,244,361.82	2,111,037,139.44	43,910,000	47.56	3.20
1877.....	3,502,420.26	465,807,136.89	2,180,285,065.15	119,400,736.70	2,060,884,328.45	45,150,000	44.65	2.11
1878.....	16,648,900.26	476,761,001.84	2,205,401,392.10	186,025,000.73	2,019,376,391.37	46,354,000	41.56	2.91
1879.....	5,504,260.26	455,875,682.27	2,256,205,802.26	256,814,012.08	1,999,391,790.18	45,566,000	42.01	1.90
1880.....	37,013,600.26	410,805,714.78	2,241,005,000.00	219,080,107.01	2,021,924,892.99	46,802,000	40.86	1.71
1881.....	7,621,456.26	388,800,815.37	2,130,415,370.63	201,088,622.68	1,929,326,747.95	50,155,788	38.27	1.50
1882.....	6,735,802.26	423,791,560.00	2,089,012,560.83	201,563,415.25	1,887,449,145.58	51,402,000	35.10	1.43
1883.....	16,240,903.26	428,241,588.77	1,918,312,904.43	214,280,510.78	1,704,032,393.65	52,722,000	31.72	1.60
1884.....	3,873,415.26	57,811,162.81	1,884,171,736.07	345,990,002.92	1,538,181,733.15	51,154,000	26.41	1.90
1885.....	10,956,803.26	584,088,988.01	1,891,328,923.57	391,285,938.18	1,499,942,985.39	52,554,000	25.90	1.86
1886.....	4,104,065.26	604,712,932.94	1,801,004,973.14	488,612,420.23	1,312,392,552.91	50,100,000	24.10	1.81
1887.....	9,704,445.26	619,344,468.52	1,775,093,013.74	492,917,153.81	1,282,175,859.93	48,120,000	21.55	1.79
1888.....	6,118,165.26	632,736,077.37	1,657,602,302.420	482,433,917.21	1,175,168,385.21	47,000,000	19.25	1.71
1889.....	2,486,925.26	739,840,189.72	1,632,858,984.38	620,661,089.85	1,012,197,894.53	47,008,000	16.94	1.63
1890.....	1,911,455.26	787,281,446.97	1,610,052,223.21	648,113,122.01	961,939,101.20	47,554,000	15.92	1.62
1891.....	1,816,805.26	875,071,289.47	1,552,140,204.73	661,256,842.26	890,883,362.47	47,222,000	14.25	1.67
1892.....	1,617,706.24	934,562,700.00	1,545,906,504.00	694,000,800.00	851,905,704.00	46,000,000	13.92	1.65
1893.....	2,785,455.26	1,000,000,000.00	1,558,461,144.70	716,367,126.03	842,094,018.67	45,000,000	12.54	1.60
1894.....	2,604,092.26	938,864,825.37	1,545,065,088.14	707,105,210.80	837,959,877.34	45,826,000	12.55	1.61
1895.....	1,551,340.26	958,340,300.42	1,472,553,604.09	732,010,246.13	840,543,357.96	46,275,000	13.11	1.61
1896.....	1,721,590.26	988,197,381.09	1,475,170,986.53	811,097,686.43	844,013,300.10	46,875,000	13.94	1.61
1897.....	1,600,890.26	924,830,543.14	1,700,500,321.40	866,055,000.51	834,445,320.89	47,500,000	11.77	1.60
1898.....	3,346,890.26	968,069,655.64	1,817,672,665.04	871,380,358.76	946,292,306.28	47,500,000	12.08	1.61

## Illinois Civil Lists.

## CITY OF CHICAGO.

## City Government.

Mayor—Carter H. Harrison, Dem.....	\$7,000
City Clerk—William Loeffler, Dem.....	3,500
Deputy City Clerk—James C. Strain, Dem.....	2,500
Chief Clerk to City Clerk—J. J. Brown, Dem.....	
City Treasurer—Ernst Hummel, Dem.....	Int.
City Attorney—Miles J. Devine, Dem.....	5,000
City Comp.roller—Robert A. Waller, Dem.....	5,000
Private Secretary to Comptroller—Edward A. Halsey, Dem.....	3,000
Com'r Public Works—L. E. McGann, Dem.....	5,000
Deputy—A. J. Toole, Dem.....	3,000
Corporation Counsel—C. S. Thornton, Lem.....	6,000
General Superintendent of Police—Joseph Kiple, Dem.....	6,000
Fire Marshal—Denls J. Swenle, Dem.....	6,000
City Collector—Joseph S. Martin, Dem.....	4,000
Com'r of Health—Dr. A. R. Reynolds, Dem.....	4,000
Com'r of Buildings—J. McAndrews, Dem.....	4,000
City Sealer Weights and Measures—Fred E. Eldred, Dem.....	Fees
Prosecuting Attorney—Dr. H. S. Taylor.....	4,000
Pop.....	2,500
City Physician—Dr. D. G. Moore, Dem.....	2,500
Inspector of Gas—Maurice O'Connor, Dem.....	2,400
Inspector of Oils—Robert E. Burke, Dem.....	Fees
Inspector of Steam Boilers—James R. Payne, Dem.....	Fees
Supt. Water Office—Felix Lang, Dem.....	3,000
Sergeant at Arms City Council—John Dular, Dem.....	1,500
Superintendent House of Correction—Adolph Sturm, Dem.....	4,000
City Engineer—John Ericson.....	5,000
Supt. of Streets—M. J. Doherty, Dem.....	3,100
Supt. of Schools—A. G. Lane, Rep.....	4,000
City Electrician—Edw. W. Kilcott, Dem.....	4,500

## Civil Service Commission.

Adolf Kraus, Dem.....	2,000
Hempstead Washburne, Rep.....	2,100
Dudley Winston, Dem.....	2,100
Secretary—John M. Glenn, Rep.....	2,000

## Board of Education.

Edward G. Halle, president; Thomas Cusack, vice-president; W. A. S. Graham, secretary; Thomas Brennan, Daniel R. Cameron, Thomas Cusack, Edward G. Halle, Alfred S. Trade, William R. Harper, Otto C. Schneider, P. E. Pettibone, Mrs. Evelyn A. Frake, Mrs. Ella G. Hull, George E. Adams, H. B. Gross, Clayton Mark, Joseph H. Strong, Mrs. Caroline K. Sherman, John T. Keating, Thomas Gallagher, Bernard F. Rogers, Jesse Sherwood, Graham H. Harris, Otto Graham, Albert G. Lane, superintendent.

## Public Library Board.

Azel F. Hatch, Robert S. McCormick, Severt T. Gunderson, James W. Hedenberg, John M. Van Osdel, John B. Hamilton, Frederick H. Herhold, Jacob Franks, Otto W. Lewke.  
 Secretary—Wm. B. Wickersham.....\$3,000  
 Librarian—Frederick H. Hild.....4,000  
 Regular meetings of the board, second and

fourth Saturdays of each month, at 3 p. m., from Oct. 1 to May 31, and second and fourth Fridays of each month, at 4 p. m., from June 1 to Sept. 30.

## Board of Aldermen.

Republicans, 24; democrats, 85; independents, 9.

1. J. J. Coughlin, D.	18. J. A. Rogers, R.
2. Michael Kenney, D.	19. J. Brennan, D.
3. C. F. Gunther, D.	20. John Powers, D.
4. Patrick J. Cook, D.	21. J. A. Haberker, D.
5. H. S. Fleck, Ind.	22. C. W. Probst, R.
6. C. Alling, Jr., R.	23. F. W. Alwart, D.
7. W. S. Jackson, R.	24. N. M. Plotke, R.
8. A. B. Bullenbergs, D.	25. Wm. Mangler, D.
9. Wm. E. Kent, Ind.	26. J. M. Harlan, R.
10. F. X. Cleary, R.	27. T. J. O'Malley, D.
11. Chas. Martin, D.	28. W. H. Lyman, D.
12. W. J. O'Brien, D.	29. C. M. Walker, D.
13. N. T. Brenner, R.	30. M. E. Barry, D.
14. W. J. Murphy, Ind.	31. A. F. Fortman, R.
15. Frank Meek, D.	32. J. H. Hirsch, Ind.
16. John Bennett, D.	33. W. E. Schlake, D.
17. Vaclav Klenba, R.	34. J. C. Cannon, R.
18. Rudolph Hart, D.	35. H. W. Butler, R.
19. A. W. Miller, R.	36. S. S. Kimbell, R.
20. Peter Biewer, D.	37. C. H. Reister, Ind.
21. F. E. Gaszotic, Ind.	38. E. M. McCarthy, D.
22. G. Buddleston, D.	39. R. Mulachy, D.
23. C. Kahler, R.	40. M. McInerney, D.
24. J. H. Francis, D.	41. E. A. Mowler, D.
25. W. T. Maytole, D.	42. E. Reebart, D.
26. T. F. Little, D.	43. C. T. Northrop, R.
27. A. W. Belfuss, R.	44. E. W. Sproul, R.
28. W. C. L. Ziehn, D.	45. Wm. Mayor, R.
29. J. Anderson, R.	46. W. C. Nelson, Ind.
30. W. A. Tuile, D.	47. C. H. Howell, R.
31. P. Kijobassa, D.	48. Martin Wyora, D.
32. Vacant.	49. J. B. Smith, R.
33. W. C. Knudson, R.	50. F. I. Bennett, R.
34. Jas. Walsh, Ind.	

## Newberry Library.

Board of Trustees—Elphalet W. Blatchford, president; Edward S. Isham, first vice-president; Lambert Tree, second vice-president; George E. Adams, William Harrison Bradley, Franklin B. Head, Bryan Lathrop, Henry J. Willing, Edward E. Ayer, Daniel Goodwin, Alexander C. McClurg, Walter C. Newberry, John P. Wilson.

Librarian—John Vance Cheney.

Secretary—R. B. McConnel.

## John Crerar Library.

Board of Directors—Norman Williams, president; Huntington W. Jackson, first vice-president; Marshall Field, second vice-president; George A. Armour, secretary; E. W. Blatchford, T. B. Blackstone, Robert T. Lincoln, Henry W. Bishop, Albert Keep, Simon J. McPherson, John M. Clark, Frank S. Johnson, Peter S. Grosscup.

Treasurer—William J. Louderback.

Librarian—Clement W. Andrews.

## COUNTY OF COOK.

Probate Judge—C. C. Kohlsaat, R.....	\$7,000
County Judge—O. N. Carter, R.....	7,000

Judges of Superior Court—Joseph E. Gary, R.; Henry M. Shepard, D.; Jonas Hutchinson, D.; A. H. Chetlain, R.; Philip Stein, D.; James Goggin, D.; W. G. Ewing, D.; H. V. Freeman, R.; Theodore Brentano, R.; N. C. Sears, R.; Farlin Q. Ball, R.; J. B. Payne, D.; each.....7,000

(Judges' terms expire as follows: Gary, 1899; Shepard, 1901; Brentano, 1903; Chet-

lain, 1899; Stein, 1899; Goggin, 1899; Ewing, 1899; Freeman, 1899; Sears, 1899; Ball, 1899; Payne, 1899.)

Judges Circuit Court—Murray F. Tuley, chief justice, D.; Thomas G. Windes, D.; E. W. Burke, R.; R. S. Tutbill, R.; R. W. Clifford, D.; O. H. Horton, R.; A. N. Waterman, R.; E. F. Dunne, D.; Francis Adams, D.; Frank Baker, D.; E. Haney, R.; John Gibbons, R.; Abner Smith, R.; C. G. Neely, R.; each.....\$7,000

(Terms expire June, 1903.)

<b>Judges Appellate Court—Adams, Windes and Sears of the Circuit and Superior courts</b> .....	\$7,000
<b>State's Attorney—Charles S. Denoon, R.</b> .....	7,000
<b>County Attorney—Robert S. Iles, R.</b> .....	4,000
<b>Assessors—W. F. Struckmann, F. L. Shipard, W. H. Ward</b> .....	
<b>County Physician—Dr. E. C. Fortner, R.</b> .....	2,000
<b>County Agent—Gus S. Oleson, R.</b> .....	2,000
<b>Superintendent of Schools—O. T. Bright, D.</b> .....	
<b>County Clerk—Philip Knopf, R.</b> .....	2,000
<b>Parson County Hospital—J. H. Graham, R.</b> .....	2,500
<b>Clerk of County Court—Philip Knopf, R.</b> .....	3,000
<b>Superintendent at Danving—A. N. Lange, R.</b> .....	2,500
<b>Overseer of the Criminal Court Building—Chris. Dabnke, R.</b> .....	1,800
<b>Overseer of the County Building—James Kaesda, R.</b> .....	1,800
<b>County Architect—Warren H. Milner, R.</b> .....	Com.
<b>Civil Service Commission—John Morrison, Wm. Kilpatrick, J. A. Quinn, each</b> .....	1,500
<b>Physicians to Jackson Asylum—Dr. Fredrick Tice and Dr. Elizabeth Kenworthy</b> .....	1,200
<b>Physicians to Poorhouse—Dr. G. W. Johnson, Dr. Clara Ferguson, R.</b> .....	1,200
<b>Clerk Superior Court—John A. Linn, R.</b> .....	5,000
<b>Chief Clerk—James J. Healy, R.</b> .....	2,500
<b>Clerk Appellate Court—T. N. Jamieson, R.</b> .....	Fees
<b>Clerk Circuit Court—John A. Cook, R.</b> .....	5,000
<b>Clerk Criminal Court—E. J. Magerstadt, R.</b> .....	5,000
<b>Chief Deputy—Wm. Lawson</b> .....	2,000
<b>Clerk Probate Court—A. D. Capper, R.</b> .....	5,000
<b>Chief Clerk—Frank Farnham, R.</b> .....	2,500
<b>Coverer—George Berg, R.</b> .....	5,000
<b>Chief Deputy—M. R. Mandelbaum, R.</b> .....	2,500
<b>County Surveyor—Louis Enright, R.</b> .....	Fees
<b>Recorder of Deeds—R. M. Simon, R.</b> .....	6,000
<b>Chief Deputy—Walter V. Hoyt</b> .....	2,500

<b>County Treasurer—D. H. Kochersperger, R.</b> .....	\$4,000
<b>Shoef—James Fense, R.</b> .....	6,000
<b>Chief Deputy—Chas. F. Polers, R.</b> .....	3,000
<b>Jailer—J. L. Whitman, R.</b> .....	2,000
<b>Board of County Commissioners—City districts:</b>	
Michael Petrie, E. H. Wright, Thomas Hogan, M. A. Garrett, Addison Ballard, James C. Irwin, Fred Schuen, D. D. Healy, L. H. Mack, Fred E. Erickson	County districts:
George D. Unold, George Struckman, James M. Monn, Oscar D. Allen, Henry J. Bear, Rep., each	8,000
<b>President County Board—D. D. Healy, R.</b> .....	3,000
<b>Clerk County Board and Deputy Comptroller—James L. Monaghan, R.</b> .....	3,600

**Board of Education.**

C. S. Cutting, president; Nelson A. Cool, S. D. Walden, Henry Broth, Daniel D. Healy, John R. Lindgren, Henry F. Donovan.  
**Secretary—O. T. Bright, Fees.**

**Park Commissioners.**

**Lincoln Park—Wm. Penn Nixon, president;**  
 Peter Hand, auditor; Horatio N. May, F. H. Winston, P. M. Woodworth, Joseph E. Dunton, Michael Shields; secretary, I. J. Bryan; office, Lincoln park.  
**West Park—Joseph W. Suddard, president;**  
 William C. Eggert, auditor; F. M. Blount, Andrew J. Graham, Charles B. Pavlicek, Anton Petersen, William J. Wilson; secretary, Ernest G. Schubert; office, Union park.  
**South Park—James W. Ellsworth, president;**  
 Joseph Donnersberger, auditor; William Best, Jefferson Hodgkins, John B. Sherman; secretary, E. G. Shumway; office, Garfield boulevard and South Park.

**STATE OF ILLINOIS.****Executive Department.**

<b>Gov.—John R. Tanner, R., Clay county</b> .....	\$6,000
<b>Lieut.-Gov.—W. A. Northcott, R., Bond county</b> .....	1,000
<b>Sec. of State—James A. Roso, R., Pope county</b> .....	3,500
<b>Auditor—James S. McCullough, R., Champaign county</b> .....	3,500
<b>Treas.—Henry L. Heriz, R., Cook county</b> .....	3,500
<b>Supt. of Pub. Inst'n—S. M. Inglis, R., Jackson county</b> .....	3,500
<b>Att'y-Gen.—Edw. C. Akin, R., Will county</b> .....	3,500
<b>Ins. Supt.—James R. B. Van Cleave, Springfield</b> .....	3,500
<b>Adjutant-Gen'l—Jasper N. Reece, Springfield</b> .....	3,000

**The Supreme Court.**

The Supreme court consists of seven judges, elected for a term of nine years, one from each of the seven districts into which the state is divided. The election is held in June of the year in which any term expires.

The state was formerly divided into three grand divisions which have been consolidated by act of legislature. The three clerks elected from the old divisions hold over until the end of their terms in 1902, after which only one will be elected. One clerk for each of the three grand divisions is elected for a term of six years.

**Justices.**

Dis.	(Salary \$5,000.)	Term Expires.
1. Carroll C. Boggs	Fairfield	June, 1906
2. Jesse J. Phillips	Hillsboro	" 1906
3. Jacob W. Wilkin	Danville	" 1906
4. Joseph N. Carter	Quincy	" 1906
5. Alfred M. Craig	Galesburg	" 1906
6. James H. Cartwright	Oregon	" 1906
7. Benj. D. Magruder	Chicago	" 1906

**Reporter—Isaac N. Phillips.**

**Clerks—Northern grand division, Christopher Mamer.**

**Southern grand division, Jacob O. Chance.**  
**Central grand division, A. D. Cadwallader.**  
 Terms of court are held in Springfield, commencing on the first Tuesday in February, April, June, October and December.

**Illinois State Board of Agriculture.**

(1897-1898.)

**President—J. Irving Pearce, Chicago.**  
**Ex-President—James W. Judy, Tallula.**  
**Secretary—W. C. Garrard, Springfield.**  
**Treasurer—John W. Bunn, Springfield.**  
**Vice-Presidents—**

**Dis.**

1. Charles H. Dolton	Dolton Stat'n.
2. Vacant	
3. Martin Conrad	Chicago.
4. John N. Young	Chicago.
5. J. Harley Bradley	Chicago.
6. Andrew Dunning	Dunning.
7. H. J. Cater	Libertyville.
8. W. D. Stryker	Plainfield.
9. A. J. Lovejoy	Roscoe.
10. E. B. David	Aledo.
11. George H. Madden	Mendota.
12. Len. Small	Kankakee.
13. Lafayette Funk	Shirley.
14. D. W. Vittum	Canton.
15. A. D. Barber	Hamilton.
16. W. H. Fulkerson	Jerseyville.
17. J. F. Prather	Williamsville.
18. W. A. Young	Butler.
19. J. K. Dickson	Lawrenceville.
20. John Landrigan	Albion.
21. B. Pullen	Centralia.
22. J. M. Richart	Carbondale.

**Board of Equalization of Assessments.**

Term of office four years. Present term began August, 1897.

1. George F. McKnight, R.	Chicago.
2. John J. McKenna, R.	Chicago.
3. Solomon Simon, R.	Chicago.
4. Andrew McAnsh, R.	Chicago.
5. Albert Oberndorf, R.	Chicago.
6. Henry Severin, R.	Chicago.
7. Edward S. Taylor, R.	Evansston.
8. Theodore S. Rogers, R.	Downer's Gv.
9. Charles A. Pierce, R.	Rockford.
10. Thomas P. Pierce, R.	Kewanee.
11. Samuel M. Barnes, R.	Fairbury.
12. Frank P. Martin, R.	Watseka.
13. Frank K. Robeson, R.	Champaign.
14. William O. Cadwallader, R.	London Mills.
15. John S. Crutten, R.	Quincy.
16. Louis D. Hirschelmer, D.	Pittsfield.
17. Thomas N. Leavitt, R.	Maroa.
18. Joseph F. Long, D.	New Douglas.
19. Richard Cagle, D.	Charlestown.
20. John B. Boyd, D.	Shawneetown.
21. John W. Larimer, D.	Salem.
22. William A. Wall, R.	Mound City.

**Southern Normal University.**

Located at Carbondale. Term Expires

T. O. Johnston	Oregon	1899
F. A. Prickett	Carbondale	1903
Douglas Helm	Metropolis	1898
S. P. Wheeler	Springfield	1901
A. C. Brookins	Du Quoin	1901

The Superintendent of Public Instruction, *ex officio*.

*President*—S. P. Wheeler, Springfield.  
*Secretary*—F. A. Prickett, Carbondale.  
*Regent*—Harvey W. Everett, A. M., L. L. D.  
*Registrar*—Daniel B. Parkinson, A. M.  
*Librarian*—Minnie J. Fryar.

**Board of Trustees State Normal University.**

Located at Normal. Term Expires

William R. Sandham	Wyoming	1901
Forest F. Cook	Galesburg	1899
M. E. Plaln	Aurora	1899
M. W. Shanahan	Chicago	1899
Jacob L. Bailly	Macomb	1899
George B. Harrington	Princeton	1901
P. R. Walker	Rockford	1901
E. R. E. Kimbrough	Danville	1901
Charles L. Capen	Bloomington	1901
M. P. Brady	Chicago	1901
Mrs. E. F. Young	Chicago	1901
James H. Norton	Ravenswood	1901
E. A. Gastman	Decatur	1901

*President*—William H. Green, Cairo.  
*Secretary*—S. M. Inglis, Springfield.  
*Treasurer*—F. D. Marquis, Bloomington.  
The Superintendent of Public Instruction, *ex officio*, Springfield.

**Board of Education.**

*President*—William H. Green, Cairo.  
*Secretary and Ex-Officio Member*—S. M. Inglis, Springfield.  
*Treasurer*—F. D. Marquis, Bloomington.  
*Chas. A. Capen*, Bloomington.  
*William R. Sandham*, Wyoming.  
*E. R. E. Kimbrough*, Danville.  
*Matthew P. Brady*, Chicago.  
*Mrs. Ella F. Young*, Chicago.  
*Edgar R. Walker*, Rockford.  
*M. E. Plaln*, Aurora.  
*Forest F. Cook*, Galesburg.  
*M. W. Shanahan*, Chicago.  
*James H. Norton*, Ravenswood.  
*Jacob L. Bailly*, Macomb.  
*George B. Harrington*, Princeton.

**Board of Trustees Northern Normal University.**

Located at DeKalb. Term Expires

<i>President</i> —A. A. Goodrich	Chicago	1899
<i>Secretary</i> —W. C. Garrard	Springfield	1901

Isaac L. Ellwood	DeKalb	1899
Charles H. Deere	Moline	1901
R. S. Farrand	Dixon	1899
S. M. Inglis, <i>ex officio</i>	Springfield	

**Board of Trustees Eastern Normal University.**

Located at Charleston. Term Expires

F. M. Youngblood	Carbondale	1901
H. A. Neal	Charleston	1899
A. J. Jones	Robinson	1901
A. P. Wolfe	Peoria	1899
W. H. Hainline	Macomb	1901
S. M. Inglis, <i>ex officio</i>	Springfield	

*Secretary*—H. A. Neal, Charleston.

**University of Illinois.**

*Ex-Officio Members*—The Governor, the President of the State Board of Agriculture, the State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

F. M. McKay	Chicago	1903
Mary Turner Carriel	Jacksonville	1901
Thomas J. Smith	Champaign	1901
N. B. Morrison	Odin	1899
James E. Armstrong	Chicago	1899
Isaac S. Raymond	Sidney	1899
Alex. McLean	Macomb	1901
Samuel A. Bullard	Springfield	1901
Lucy L. Flower	Chicago	1901

(*Ex-officio members as above.*)

*President*—F. M. McKay, Chicago.  
*Secretary*—W. L. Pillsbury, Urbana.  
*Treasurer*—E. G. Keith, Chicago.  
*Business Manager*—Prof. S. W. Shattuck, Champaign.

**Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners.**

Office at Springfield.

Office at Springfield.		Term Expires
(Salary \$3,500 a year.)		
Cicero J. Lindley.....	Greenville.....	1899
C. S. Rannells.....	Jacksonville.....	1899
J. E. Bidwill.....	Chicago.....	1899
Secretary—B. B. Ray, Springfield.		

**Commissioners of Public Charities.**

(No compensation.) Term Expires

J. C. Corbus, M. D.	Mendota	1899
R. D. Lawrence	Springfield	1899
Julia C. Lathrop	Rockford	1901
William J. Calhoun	Danville	1901
Ephraim Banning	Chicago	1899

*Secretary*—Frederick H. Wines, Springfield.

**Canal Commissioners.**

Office at Lockport.

Office at Rockport.		Term Expires
(Salary \$5 a day.)		
Howard O. Holden.....	Rockford.....	1899
C. E. Snively.....	Canton.....	1899
F. M. Ryan.....	Streator.....	1899

**State Board of Pardon.**

Richard Lemon	Clinton	
E. J. Murphy	E. St. Louis	
Ethan Allen Snively	Springfield	
<i>Secretary</i> —R. N. McCauley, Springfield.		

**Commissioners Illinois State Penitentiary.**

Prison located at Joliet.

(Salary \$1,500 a year.)		Term Expires
Thomas O'Shaughnessy	Chicago	1899
John H. Pierce	Kewanee	1901
Homer H. Green	Bloomington	1901
Warden—R. W. McClaughry.		

**Commissioners Southern Illinois Penitentiary.**

Prison located at Chester.

(Salary \$1,500 a year.)		Term Expires
Thomas W. Scott, Pres.	Fairfield	1899
Joseph B. Messick	East St. Louis	1901
James E. Jabe	Harrisburg	1901
Warden—J. Mack Tanner.		

These commissioners also have charge of the Asylum for Insane Criminals at Chester.

**State Board of Health.**

Office at Springfield.

	Term Expires
L. Adelsberger, <i>Pres.</i> .....Waterloo.....	1901
C. B. Johnson.....Champaign.....	1901
Florence W. Hunt.....Moline.....	1901
P. H. Wessel.....Chicago.....	1900
M. Meyerovitz.....Lawrenceville.....	1898
Z. D. French.....Belleville.....	1897
Julius Kohl.....	1897

Secretary—J. A. Egan, Springfield.

**Dental Examiners.**

(Salary \$5 a day.)

	Term Expires
A. C. Barr.....Alton.....	1900
W. C. Jocelyn.....Chicago.....	1899
J. L. Bingham.....Chicago (resigned).....	1902
J. H. Smyser.....Chicago.....	1898
H. W. Pitner.....Fairfield.....	1901

Secretary—J. H. Smyser, southwest corner State and Randolph streets, Chicago.

**Trustees of the Historical Library.**

	Term Expires
Hiram W. Beckwith.....Danville.....	1899
Edward J. James.....Chicago.....	1899
George W. Black.....Springfield.....	1899

Librarian—Josephine P. Cleveland.

**Board of Pharmacy.**

	Term Expires
A. Zimmerman, <i>Pres.</i> .....Peoria.....	Dec. 30, 1897
F. M. Schmitt, <i>V. Pres.</i> .....Chicago.....	1898
A. A. Culver, <i>Treas.</i> .....Moundence.....	1900
H. Lee Hatch.....Jacksonville.....	1900
William C. Simpson.....Vienna.....	1902

Secretary—Frank Fleury, Springfield.

**Commission of Claims.**

(No compensation.)

	Term Expires
J. C. McKenzie.....Elizabeth.....	1901
Walter S. Loudon.....Carlyle.....	1901
W. C. Jones.....Robinson.....	1901

**Live-Stock Commissioners.**

(Salary \$5 a day and expenses.)

	Term Expires
Jas. H. Paddock, <i>Ch'm.</i> .....Springfield.....	Ap. 1, 1900
James P. Lott.....Chicago.....	1898
James R. Goddard.....Galesburg.....	1899
C. P. Johnson, <i>Sec'y.</i> .....Springfield.....	1899

C. P. Lovejoy, *State Veterinarian*.....Princeton.**Fish Commissioners.**

(Headquarters at Havana.)

	Term Expires
S. P. Bartlett.....Quincy.....	July 1, 1899
Nathan H. Cohen.....Urbana.....	1898
Augustus Lenke.....Chicago.....	1897

**State Board of Mine Examiners.**

(Salary \$3 per day and expenses while in service.)

Richard Ramsey, <i>President</i> .....Braceville.....
Wm. Cruickshanks.....Middle Grove.....
Thomas Haddow.....Pana.....
Hugh Murray, <i>M. E.</i> .....Sparta.....
Eben Howells, <i>Secretary</i> .....Braceville.....

**State Inspectors of Mines.**

	(Salary \$1,800 per annum.)
1. Hector McAllister.....Streator.....	
2. Thomas Hudson.....Dunfermline.....	
3. John W. Graham.....Westville.....	
4. John E. Williams.....Alton.....	
5. Walton Rutledge.....Centralla.....	
6. John Dunlop.....Murphysboro.....	
7. Evan D. John.....	

**State Board of Arbitration.**

(Salary \$1,500 per annum.)

	Term Expires
Daniel J. Keefe, <i>Ch'm.</i> .....Chicago.....	Mar. 1, 1901
Horace R. Calef.....Monticello.....	1901
Edward Ridgeley.....Springfield.....	1901
J. McCan Davis, <i>Sec'y.</i> .....Springfield.....	

**Board of Commissioners of Labor.**

(Salary \$5 per day for 30 days.)

	Term Expires
P. H. Donnelly, <i>Pres.</i> .....Chicago.....	1899
James Alexander.....Murphysboro.....	1899
Thos. D. Kelligar.....Pana.....	1897
Samuel M. Dalsell.....Spring Valley.....	1899
David Ross, <i>Secretary</i> .....Springfield.....	

**Factory Inspectors.**

(Office New Era Building, Chicago.)

	Salary
Louis Arrington, Alton.....	\$1,500
Abraham Harris, Chicago.....	1,000

**DEPUTY INSPECTORS.**

Mrs. Sarah Crowley, Chicago.....	750
Mrs. Emma Jameson, Chicago.....	750
Philip Stemmuller, Chicago.....	750
William Elm, Galesburg.....	750
Thomas Devenich, Chicago.....	750
Mrs. Clarinda M. Cope, Chicago.....	750
Mrs. Winnie M. Cressey, Chicago.....	750
Mrs. F. H. Greene, Chicago.....	750
C. P. Yates, Cerro Gordo.....	750
Samuel Keiger, Chicago.....	750

**Board of Examiners of Horsehoers.**

	Term Expires
Mathers Wilson, Jr., Mendota.....	1892
Edward Carter, Chicago.....	1898
Alonzo M. Eager, Chicago.....	1900
J. G. Kirwan, Chicago.....	1901
Thomas Botheroyd, Chicago.....	1899

**Board of Examiners of Architects.**

	Term Expires
N. Clifford Ricker, Champaign.....	1901
Dankman Adler, Chicago.....	89
William Zimmerman, Chicago.....	1901
Peter B. Wright, Chicago.....	1901
William H. Reeves, Peoria.....	1899

**Commissioners to Trans-Mississippi and International Exposition at Omaha, 1898.**

John M. Smyth, Chicago; William H. Harper, Chicago; L. O. Goddard, Chicago; Ferd. W. Peck, Chicago; E. S. Conway, Chicago; James F. Whedon, Chicago; Charles A. Mallory, Chicago; George Wall, Duquoin; Clark E. Carr, Galesburg; William B. Brinton, Tuscola; Edward C. Craig, Mattoon; Lewis H. Miner, Springfield; William H. Stead, Ottawa; Lafayette Funk, Shirley; James A. Black, Carthage; Randolph Smith, Flora; Charles C. Williams, Hoopston; C. H. Keeler, Dixon; Martin Kingman, Peoria.

**Asylum for the Blind.**

	Term Expires
Trustees. Located at Jacksonville.	
N. W. Branson.....Petersburg.....	1899
Augustus Dow.....Pittsfield.....	1901
Edward W. Row.....Chicago.....	1899
Superintendent—Frank H. Hall.	
Treasurer—James P. King.	

**Industrial Home for the Blind.**

	Term Expires
Trustees. Located at Chicago.	
L. L. Smith.....Evanston.....	1899
William Ludewig.....Chicago.....	1899
William Barclay.....	1898
F. S. Peabody.....	1899
Jacob H. Hopkins.....	1898

**Institution for the Deaf.**

Trustees. Located at Jacksonville. Term Expires.  
 George W. Harper—Pres. .... Robinson ..... 1901  
 James R. Smith ..... Taylorville ..... 1899  
 John H. Collier ..... Gibson City ..... 1903  
 Superintendent—  
 Treasurer—

**Eye and Ear Infirmary.**

Trustees. Located at Chicago. Term Expires.  
 J. W. Pettit ..... Ottawa ..... 1901  
 Francis B. Phillips ..... Bloomington ..... 1903  
 L. S. Lambert ..... Galesburg ..... 1899  
 Superintendent—John A. Barr.  
 Treasurer—Arthur B. Fleager.

**Institution for Feeble-Minded Children.**

Trustees. Located at Lincoln. Term Expires.  
 Zeno K. Wood ..... Mt. Pulaski ..... 1899  
 Clarence R. Gittings ..... Terre Haute ..... 1901  
 S. C. Smiley ..... O'Fallon ..... 1903  
 Superintendent—W. L. Athon.  
 Treasurer—Henry C. Quisenberry.

**Central Hospital for the Insane.**

Trustees. Located at Jacksonville. Term Expires.  
 Morris Emmerson ..... Mt. Vernon ..... 1899  
 T. L. Sharp ..... Jacksonville ..... 1903  
 James A. Glenn ..... Ashland ..... 1901  
 Superintendent—F. C. Winslow.  
 Treasurer—John B. Robertson.

**Eastern Hospital for the Insane.**

Trustees. Located at Kankakee. Term Expires.  
 George T. Buckingham ..... Danville ..... 1905  
 Len Small ..... Kankakee ..... 1903  
 John J. Magee ..... Chicago ..... 1903  
 Superintendent—William G. Stearns.  
 Treasurer—E. A. Curtis, Grant Park.

**Northern Hospital for the Insane.**

Trustees. Located at Elgin. Term Expires.  
 A. S. Wright ..... Woodstock ..... 1899  
 Walter S. Frasier ..... Aurora ..... 1903

W. Scott Cowen ..... Shannon ..... 1901  
 Superintendent—John B. Hamilton.  
 Treasurer—A. L. Grossman.

**Southern Hospital for the Insane.**

Trustees. Located at Anna. Term Expires.  
 James Mitchell ..... Marion ..... 1899  
 L. Krughoff ..... Nashville ..... 1903  
 Samuel Hastings ..... Cairo ..... 1901  
 Superintendent—W. A. Stoker.  
 Treasurer—John B. Jackson, Jonesboro.

**Western Hospital for the Insane.**

Trustees. Located at Watertown. Term Expires.  
 John I. McCauley ..... Clay City ..... 1901  
 Frank W. Gould ..... Moline ..... 1903  
 Allen W. Clement ..... Chicago ..... 1899  
 Superintendent—W. E. Taylor.  
 Treasurer—Cornelius F. Lynde, Rock Island.

**Soldiers and Sailors' Home.**

Trustees. Located at Quincy. Term Expires.  
 William O. Wright ..... Freeport ..... 1899  
 John W. Niles ..... Sterling ..... 1903  
 James A. Sexton ..... Chicago ..... 1900  
 Superintendent—Capt. William Somerville.  
 Treasurer—Egbert H. Osborn.

**Soldiers' Orphans' Home.**

Trustees. Located at Normal. Term Expires.  
 Edwin Harlan ..... Marshall ..... 1899  
 J. B. Wolfe ..... Champaign ..... 1901  
 W. R. Page ..... Chicago ..... 1903  
 Superintendent—J. H. Magner.  
 Treasurer—Bert M. Kuhn, Bloomington.

**Soldiers' Widows' Home.**

Trustees. Located at Wilmington. Term Expires.  
 Capt. M. N. M. Stewart ..... Wilmington ..... 1899  
 Walter C. Newberry ..... Chicago ..... 1899  
 Flora Johnson Miller ..... Monticello ..... 1899  
 Mrs. Christian Erickson ..... Chicago ..... 1899  
 Mrs. Derilla Johnson ..... Chicago ..... 1899  
 Superintendent—Margaret R. Wickins.  
 Treasurer—James Whitten.

**OFFICIAL LIST OF ILLINOIS COUNTY OFFICERS FOR 1897.**

COUNTIES.	County seat.	County clerk.	Circuit clerk.	State's attorney.
Adams.....	Quincy.....	Willis Haselwood.....	Joseph L. Sheridan.....	Albert Akers.....
Alexander.....	Cairo.....	John F. Rector.....	Edmund S. Dewey.....	William N. Butler.....
Bond.....	Greenville.....	William D. Matney.....	Ward Reid.....	Fred W. Fritz.....
Boone.....	Belvidere.....	William Bonbey.....	Adelbert C. Fassett.....	Robert H. Wright.....
Brown.....	Mt. Sterling.....	Edward Purcell.....	William S. Badgett.....	Walter I. Manny.....
Bureau.....	Princeton.....	William Wilson.....	Henry Fuller.....	Watts A. Johnson.....
Calhoun.....	Hardin.....	Charles Flamm.....	W. S. Wilson.....	T. J. Selby.....
Carroll.....	Mt. Carroll.....	Andrew D. Adams.....	Reuben R. Watson.....	Ralph E. Eaton.....
Cass.....	Virginia.....	John F. Robinson.....	Henry T. Kors.....	C. A. Schaeffer.....
Champaign.....	Urbana.....	Thos. A. Burt.....	Jasper W. Porter.....	Andrew J. Miller.....
Christian.....	Taylorville.....	Samuel C. Mull.....	Edward J. Rhodes.....	E. A. Humphreys.....
Clark.....	Marshall.....	Wm. B. Hodges, Jr.....	J. O. Snedeker.....	Samuel Schofield.....
Clay.....	Louisville.....	Harrison R. Webster.....	Crawford W. Erwin.....	Harvey W. Sharner.....
Clinton.....	Carlyle.....	John C. Lampen.....	Frank H. Alb.....	Thomas E. Ford.....
Coles.....	Charleston.....	Thos. J. Galbreath.....	William F. Purtillo.....	Emery Andrews.....
Cook.....	Chicago.....	Philip Knopf.....	John A. Cooke.....	Charles S. Deneen.....
Crawford.....	Robinson.....	Charles O. Harper.....	William S. Price.....	Hampton S. Bogard.....
Cumberland.....	Toledo.....	William T. Barnett.....	William T. Deppen.....	Smith Maser.....
DeKalb.....	Sycamore.....	Albert S. Kinsloe.....	S. T. Armstrong.....	Henry S. Early.....
DeWitt.....	Clinton.....	Warren Hickman.....	William O. Rogers.....	John Fuller.....
Douglas.....	Tuscola.....	John W. King.....	Daniel A. Conover.....	John H. Chadwick.....
DuPage.....	Wheaton.....	H. F. Lawrence.....	Albert H. Wiant.....	Mazzini Slusser.....
Edgar.....	Paris.....	Stephen Maddock.....	John L. Vance.....	Harry H. Van Sellar.....
Edwards.....	Aubion.....	Frank Woodham.....	Edwin J. Wilson.....	Joel C. Fitch.....

## ILLINOIS COUNTY OFFICERS.—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	County seat.	County clerk.	Circuit clerk.	State's attorney.
Effingham	Effingham	John H. Martin	Henry Hubrick	Jacob Zimmerman
Fayette	Vandalia	Franklin M. Eckard	Lewis E. Mitchell	E. B. Spurgeon
Ford	Paxton	William B. Flora	T. D. Thompson	A. L. Phillips
Franklin	Benton	W. P. Asa	H. R. Dial	R. H. Flannigan
Fulton	Lewistown	William H. Rorer	Richard E. Griffith	B. M. Chipperfield
Gallatin	Shawneetown	John McKellogg	Thomas M. Croce	George B. Parsons
Greene	Carrollton	William A. Hubbard	Thomas J. Rauberly	Douglas J. Sullivan
Grundy	Morris	W. Scott Pierce	Fred S. Johnson	Samuel C. Sough
Hamilton	McLeansboro	Frank Lockitt	Hiram L. Maulding	Napoleon Sneed
Hancock	Carthage	Elzey McClure	William M. Gordon	Sterling P. Lemmon
Hardin	Elizabethton	Valentine Ferrell	Milas Ferrell	J. Q. A. Ledbetter
Henderson	Oquawka	Sumner H. McMillan	Harry F. McAllister	James W. Gordon
Henry	Cambridge	Frank G. Welton	Philip B. Keeler	Emery C. Graves
Iroquois	Watseka	Benjamin F. Price	Fred Benjamin	James W. Kern
Jackson	Murphysboro	John L. Osborne	Benj. T. Williams	John W. Herbert
Jasper	Newton	H. K. Powell	Isaiah Stewart	H. C. Davidson
Jefferson	Mt. Vernon	Charles D. Reil	Charles R. Keller	William C. Blair
Jenney	Jeffersonville	Daniel J. Murphy	Ludovic Laurant	Ray Blaisdel
Jo Daviess	Galeua	William Ruppel	Richard M. Spensely	John C. Bowers
Johnson	Vienna	Thomas M. Gore	Levi J. Smith	George B. Gillespie
Kane	Geneseo	Chas. W. Raymond	John F. Dewey	Frank W. Joslyn
Kankakee	Kankakee	Fred Mann	Len Sual	B. L. Cooper
Kendall	Yorkville	William Hill	Avery N. Beebe	Albert M. Sweetland
Knox	Galesburg	Moses O. Williamson	Samuel V. Stuckney	Eugene W. Welch
Lake	Waukegan	Albert L. Hindoe	William M. Ragan	C. T. Heydecker
LaSalle	Ottawa	F. A. Hatheway	Henry Phillips	William H. Stead
Lawrence	Lawrenceville	Jesse K. White	Charles F. Eshelman	Noah M. Tobill
Lee	Dixon	Jas. H. Thompson	Archie S. Hyde	Edward H. Brewster
Livingston	Pontiac	Fred Duckett	Erastus Horobler	Ray Blaisdel
Logan	Lincoln	David Gillespie	August B. Kuemmel	Andrew L. Anderson
Macon	Decatur	James M. Dodd	David L. Foster	Isaac B. Mills
Macoupin	Carlinville	Fred G. Oeltjen	John Honier	John B. Vaughn
Madison	Edwardsville	Henry Rinniker	Thos. W. Springer	L. Newton Stolls
Marion	Salem	John W. Johnson	Isaac B. Betts	Charles E. Jennings
Marshall	Lacon	John Hartley	John Heim	John H. Franklin
Mason	Havana	Edward D. Terrell	H. B. Samuelli	S. A. Murdock
Massac	Metropolis	Samuel Atwell	Colfax Morris	Douglas W. Helm
McDonough	Macomb	John E. Lane	William S. Brown	Thomas H. B. Camp
McHenry	Woodstock	George F. Rushton	George B. Richards	Vincent S. Lumley
McLean	Bloomington	Martin H. Newton	James C. Elder	H. L. Fleming
Menard	Petersburg	Harvey M. Levering	Theo. C. Bennett	John M. Smart
Mercer	Aledo	Henry E. Burgess	William McManna	James M. Brock
Monroe	Waterloo	Louis Arrds	Frank Durfee	Joshua Wilson
Montgomery	Hillsboro	William L. Seymour	William H. Leaban	Milton M. Crighton
Morgan	Jacksonville	Frank J. Heim	Charles L. Hayden	J. Marshall Miller
Moultrie	Sullivan	Sims D. Stocks	E. A. Silver	W. K. Whitfield
Ogle	Oregon	James C. Fesler	Charles M. Gale	Solon W. Crowell
Peoria	Peoria	Charles A. Rodel	Thaddeus S. Simpson	John Dailey
Perry	Pineknayville	John G. Taffer	Albert A. Driemeyer	C. R. Hawkins
Platt	Monticello	Andrew L. Rodgers	Robert Hudson	Charles F. Mansfield
Pike	Pittsfield	Virgil A. Grimes	Henry Bowers	E. Clay Williams
Pope	Golconda	H. V. Hesselman	H. Chanaban	William H. Moore
Pulaski	Mound City	E. W. McClelland	Charles S. Britton	S. M. Bradley
Putnam	Hennepin	Amos T. Parvience	Jefferson Durley	James E. Taylor
Randolph	Chester	Isaac C. Beare	William H. Miller	Reuben J. Goddard
Richland	Olney	John D. Edmonston	George A. Keller	H. G. Morris
Rock Island	Rock Island	Hjalmar Kahler	George W. Gamble	Charles J. Searle
Saline	Harrisburg	James H. Pearce	John H. Lee	Serzle Chapel
Sangamon	Springfield	John H. Piper	E. How Matheny	Elbert S. Smith
Schuyler	Rushville	Adolph P. Rodewald	Ell B. Dixon	Thos. E. Hottenberg
Scott	Winchester	Charles Christ	Jackson L. Smithson	Thomas J. Priest
Shelby	Shelbyville	Isaac B. Small	James H. Graham	S. G. Wallace
Stark	Toulon	William W. Fuller	Joseph Chase	James H. Rendeek
St. Clair	Bellefonte	George K. Thomas	Thomas May Jr.	Marlin D. Baker
Stephenson	Freeport	Frederick C. Held	H. W. Bolander	Oscar E. Heard
Tazewell	Pekin	Adolph Fehrman	A. L. Champion	G. W. Cunningham
Union	Jonesboro	J. Henry Hilboldt	William H. Penk	James Lingle
Vermilion	Danville	Thomas J. Dale	Martin J. Berger	S. G. Wilson
Wabash	Mt. Carmel	F. M. Baird	George C. Harvey	George P. Ramsey
Warren	Monmouth	Wm. W. Sexton	L. O. Tourtellott	Lewis H. Hanna
Washington	Nashville	Henry F. Reuter	Thomas J. Vernon	Lewis Bernveuter
Wayne	Fairfield	Anderson L. Wall	James P. Turner	Bernard M. Roler
White	Carmel	John R. Rykendall	John E. Stuart	Isaac F. Simee
Whiteside	Warren	George W. Howe	Lauren E. Tuttle	Walter Stager
Will	Joliet	W. L. Hutchinson	Frank V. Bogart	William D. Helse
Williamson	Marion	James A. Felts	Henry C. Jones	Richmond H. Fowler
Winnebago	Rockford	Marcus A. Norton	Lewis F. Lake	Arthur H. Frost
Woodford	Eureka	Edward C. Engel	George Jeck	George P. Ghl

# Illinois State Legislature. 1897-9.

## LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE FORTIETH GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

### SENATE (by districts).

Republicans, 39.			Democrats, 11.			PEOPLE'S PARTY, 1.		
Dist.	Name.	Postoffice. County.	Dist.	Name.	Postoffice. County.	Dist.	Name.	Postoffice. County.
1.	P. V. Fitzpatrick.	Chicago.....Cook.	27.	L. M. Sawyer.....	Streator.....LaSalle.	49.	J. A. Willoughby.	Bellevue.....St. Clair.
2.	S. I. H. Case.....	Chicago.....Cook.	28.	O. F. Berry.....	Carthage.....Hancock.	50.	Walter Wurder.	Cairo.....Alexander.
3.	Sidney McCloud.....	Chicago.....Cook.	29.	Daniel D. Hunt.....	De Kalb.....De Kalb.	51.	P. T. Chapman.....	Vienna.....Johnson.
4.	D. F. Curley.....	Chicago.....Cook.	30.	H. M. Dunlap.....	Savoy.....Champaign.			
5.	C. H. Crawford.....	Chicago.....Cook.	31.	J. W. Templeton.....	Princeton.....Bureau.			
6.	W. M. Sullivan.....	Chicago.....Cook.	32.	A. A. Leeper.....	Virginia.....Cass.			
7.	John Humphrey.....	Orland.....Cook.	33.	H. V. Fisher.....	Geneseo.....Henry.			
8.	F. K. Granger.....	McHenry.....McHenry.	34.	Ed. McConnell.....	Jacksonville.....Morgan.			
9.	Wm. J. O'Brien.....	Chicago.....Cook.	35.	F. E. Harding.....	Monmouth.....Warren.			
10.	Deos W. Baxter.....	Rochelle.....Ogle.	36.	W. L. Mounts.....	Carlinville.....Macoupin.			
11.	Fred Lundin.....	Chicago.....Cook.	37.	John McAdams.....	Quincy.....Adams.			
12.	H. F. Aspinwall.....	Freeport.....Stephenson.	38.	N. S. Dugger.....	Greenville.....Bond.			
13.	J. P. Mahoney.....	Chicago.....Cook.	39.	David T. Littler.....	Springfield.....Sangamon.			
14.	Henry H. Evans.....	Aurora.....Kane.	40.	S. Pemberton.....	Oakland.....Coles.			
15.	J. J. Morrison.....	Chicago.....Cook.	41.	M. F. Kanan.....	Decatur.....Macon.			
16.	I. M. Hamilton.....	Cisna Park.....Iroquois.	42.	Charles E. Hull.....	Salem.....Marion.			
17.	Edw. J. Dwyer.....	Chicago.....Cook.	43.	R. L. McKinlay.....	Paris.....Kankakee.			
18.	Chas. Hogardus.....	Paxton.....Ford.	44.	J. Landrigan.....	Albion.....Edwards.			
19.	D. A. Campbell.....	Chicago.....Cook.	45.	H. H. Kingsbury.....	Olney.....Richland.			
20.	Robert B. Fort.....	Lacon.....Marshall.	46.	J. T. Payne.....	Mt. Vernon.....Jefferson.			
21.	C. M. Nettles.....	Chicago.....Cook.	47.	D. R. Sparks.....	Alton.....Madison.			
22.	G. Stubbins.....	Bloomington.....McLean.	48.	A. C. Bollinger.....	Waterloo.....Monroe.			
23.	G. D. Anthony.....	Chicago.....Cook.	49.	J. A. Willoughby.....	Bellevue.....St. Clair.			
24.	J. D. Putnam.....	Elmwood.....Peoria.	50.	Walter Wurder.....	Cairo.....Alexander.			
25.	Geo. H. Munroe.....	Joliet.....Will.	51.	P. T. Chapman.....	Vienna.....Johnson.			
26.	W. S. Edwards.....	Lewistown.....Fulton.						

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES (by districts).

Republicans, 83.			Democrats, 63.			PEOPLE'S PARTY, 2.		
Dist.	Name.	Postoffice. County.	Dist.	Name.	Postoffice. County.	Dist.	Name.	Postoffice. County.
1.	William Laub.....	Chicago.....Cook.		H. D. Nichols.....	Chicago.....Cook.		Peter Galligan.....	Chicago.....Cook.
	C. A. Wuthier.....	Chicago.....Cook.		E. C. Curtis.....	Grant Park.....Kankakee.		Abnet Powell.....	Gilman.....Iroquois.
2.	Peter Rowe.....	Chicago.....Cook.		F. P. Morris.....	Watseka.....Iroquois.		Albert Glade.....	Chicago.....Cook.
	Aug. W. Nohe.....	Chicago.....Cook.		D. McDonough.....	Chicago.....Cook.		F. J. Brignello.....	Chicago.....Cook.
	P. J. McGinnis.....	Chicago.....Cook.		Chas. A. Allen.....	Hoopstown.....Vermillion.		M. B. Bailey.....	Danville.....Vermillion.
3.	George W. Miller.....	Chicago.....Cook.		G. W. Salmans.....	Danville.....Vermillion.		Robert C. Busse.....	Chicago.....Cook.
	C. W. Notnagel.....	Chicago.....Cook.		J. F. Quamstrum.....	Chicago.....Cook.		B. M. Mitchell.....	Chicago.....Cook.
	J. P. McGorty.....	Chicago.....Cook.		Oscar F. Avery.....	Pontiac.....Livingston.		I. B. Hammett.....	LaSalle.....Woodford.
4.	C. F. Widmaier.....	Chicago.....Cook.		J. L. McGuire.....	Metamora.....Woodford.		Fred. A. Busse.....	Chicago.....Cook.
	M. J. Butler.....	Chicago.....Cook.		David Rerell.....	Chicago.....Cook.		J. H. Farrell.....	Chicago.....Cook.
	J. Staudacher.....	Chicago.....Cook.		D. M. Funk.....	Bloomington.....McLean.		A. J. Scrogin.....	Lexington.....McLean.
5.	John C. Buckner.....	Chicago.....Cook.		J. F. O'Donnell.....	Bloomington.....McLean.		L. Kilecourse.....	Chicago.....Cook.
	W. O. La Monte.....	Chicago.....Cook.		Albert J. Olson.....	Chicago.....Cook.		D. E. Sullivan.....	Chicago.....Cook.
	Joseph Powell.....	Chicago.....Cook.		A. J. Dougherty.....	Peoria.....Peoria.		Alva Merrill.....	Hallcock.....Peoria.
6.	George M. Boyd.....	Chicago.....Cook.		A. H. Bristol.....	Chillicothe.....Peoria.		John Kohlschmidt.....	Mo. Co.....Will.
	C. M. Eldredge.....	Chicago.....Cook.		Wm. H. Steen.....	Braidwood.....Will.		Joseph Kain.....	Braidwood.....Will.
	H. C. Bartling.....	Chicago.....Cook.		J. Merriam.....	Atlanta.....Locan.		J. W. Johnson.....	Canton.....Fulton.
	W. Thiemann.....	Elk Grove.....Cook.		Simon B. Beer.....	London Mills.....Fulton.		John Wylie.....	Utica.....LaSalle.
	Clark J. Tisdell.....	Evansville.....Cook.		I. H. Troubridge.....	Marseilles.....LaSalle.		J. McLaughlin.....	LaSalle.....LaSalle.
	Ross C. Hall.....	Oak Park.....Cook.		L. Y. Sherman.....	Macomb.....McDonough.		C. A. Wilson.....	Rushville.....Schuyler.
8.	D. A. Fuller.....	Belvidere.....Boone.		Wm. A. Compton.....	Macomb.....McDonough.		Wm. I. Giffin.....	Paw Paw.....Lee.
	George R. Lyon.....	Waukegan.....Lake.		John K. Ely.....	Mazon.....Grundy.			
	J. S. Edelstein.....	Belvidere.....Boone.						
9.	D. E. Shanahan.....	Chicago.....Cook.						
	John O'Shea.....	Chicago.....Cook.						
	C. R. Walleck.....	Chicago.....Cook.						
10.	Lars M. Nolting.....	Rockford.....Winnebago.						
	Victor H. Bovey.....	Pine Creek.....Ogle.						
	Henry Andrus.....	Cherry Valley.....Winnebago.						
11.	E. G. Schubert.....	Chicago.....Cook.						
	Walter Sayler.....	Chicago.....Cook.						
	Jos. S. Schwab.....	Chicago.....Cook.						
12.	J. R. Berryman.....	Scale's Mt. Davis.....						
	David C. Buse.....	Millidgeville.....Carroll.						
	M. Stoskopf.....	Freeport.....Stephenson.						
13.	J. P. Cavanagh.....	Chicago.....Cook.						
	Wm. Carmody.....	Chicago.....Cook.						
	Edw. J. Novak.....	Chicago.....Cook.						
14.	Chas. P. Bryan.....	Elmhurst.....Du Page.						
	Wm. F. Hunter.....	Elgin.....Kane.						
	Sam. Aschuler.....	Aurora.....Kane.						
15.	P. J. Meany.....	Chicago.....Cook.						

## HOUSE.—CONTINUED.

Dist.	Name.	Postoffice.	County.
	James Brauen.	Sycamore	DeKalb.
30.	S. B. Charter.	Farmer City	De Witt.
	S. Marquis.	Deland	Platt.
	H. C. Suttle.	Kenney	De Witt.
31.	George Murray.	Elmhurst	Stark.
	J. W. Duncan.	Albany	Whiteside.
	C. C. Johnson.	Stirling	Whiteside.
	Daniel O. White.	Forest City	Mason.
	Jos. A. Horn.	Mt. Pleasant	Loan.
	Jas. M. Lange.	Athens	Menard.
32.	Wm. Payne.	Ostora	Rock Island.
	E. W. Houghton.	Galva	Rock Island.
	Wm. McEntry.	Rock Island	Rock Island.
34.	John B. Jop.	Concord	Morgan.
	J. D. Hoffman.	Bluffa	Scott.
	Frank L. Hall.	Perry	Pike.
35.	Frank Morlock.	Onida	Knox.
	J. D. Anderson.	Decorah	Henderson.
	Jas. H. Barnett.	Coldbrook	Warren.
36.	Geo. B. McCrell.	Greenfield	Greene.
	Wm. T. Conlee.	Carlinville	Macoupin.
	Wm. V. Rhodes.	Wrightsville	Greene.
37.	C. F. Kitchel.	Jordan	Adams.
	Elmer A. Perry.	Mt. Sterling	Brown.
	G. W. McIntire.	Clayton	Adams.
38.	Thos. P. Morrey.	Greenville	Bond.
	O. E. Lovett.	St. Elmo	Payette.
	Joseph P. Price.	Irving	Montgomery.
39.	Chas. E. Selby.	Springfield	Sangamon.
	A. G. Murray.	Springfield	Sangamon.
	G. Harnsberger.	Springfield	Sangamon.
40.	C. R. Torrence.	Cowden	Shelby.
	I. B. Craig.	Mattoon	Coles.
	J. P. Barricklow.	Arcola	Douglas.
41.	Jas. E. Sharrack.	Taylorville	Christian.
	W. G. Cochran.	Sullivan	Montrie.
	O. T. Atchison.	Livingston	Montrie.
42.	Thos. B. Needles.	Nashville	Washington.
	J. A. Barnes.	Louisville	Chap.
	H. V. Murray.	Carle	Union.
43.	F. W. Booth.	Marshall	Clark.

Dist.	Name.	Postoffice.	County.
	B. L. Hussman.	Effingham	Effingham.
	Ed. Stewart.	Toledo	Cumberland.
44.	S. A. Williams.	Friendville	Wabash.
	B. S. Organ.	Mt. Carmel	Wabash.
	N. D. Bryant.	Omaha	Gallatin.
45.	Wm. Lathrop.	Newton	Jasper.
	Dunne Gaines.	Newton	Jasper.
	William Hart.	Bellair	Crawford.
46.	W. B. Flanagan.	McLeanboro	Hamilton.
	Daniel R. Webb.	Newton	Franklin.
	F. G. Booth.	Mt. Vernon	Jefferson.
47.	C. L. Wood.	Hamburg	Calhoun.
	J. A. Shephard.	Jerseyville	Jersey.
	J. H. Kirby.	Jerseyville	Jersey.
	Harry R. Ward.	DuQuoin	Perry.
	R. C. Brown.	Sparta	Hendolph.
49.	J. A. Allen.	Shiloh Hill	St. Clair.
	J. E. Thomas.	Belleville	St. Clair.
	Louis Perrelet.	Shiloh Valley	St. Clair.
	John C. Jarvis.	Centerville	St. Clair.
50.	E. H. Jackson.	Carle	Union.
	W. D. Deasdy.	Carthage	Williamson.
	Wm. Q. McCrell.	Carthage	Alexander.
51.	Joseph W. King.	Eddyville	Pope.
	Wm. B. Parish.	Harrisburg	Saline.
	F. A. Trousdale.	Metropolis	Massac.

## SENATE.

Republicans	39
Democrats	11
People's Party	1

## HOUSE.

Republicans	88
Democrats	63
People's Party	2

## JOINT ASSEMBLY.

Republicans	127
Democrats	74
People's Party	3

## STATE LEGISLATURE—1897-9. (Alphabetically Arranged.)

## SENATE.

Name.	Dist.	Name.	Dist.	Name.	Dist.
Anthony, George D.	23	Fitzpatrick, Patrick V.	1	McConnell, Edw.	34
Aspinwall, Homer F.	12	Fort, Thomas E.	20	McKinlay, Robert L.	38
Baxter, Delos W.	10	Granger, F. K.	6	Morrison, John J.	15
Berry, O. F.	28	Hamilton, Isaac M.	16	Mounds, W. L.	36
Bogardus, Charles.	18	Harding, Fred E.	35	Munroe, George H.	25
Bollinger, Albert C.	43	Hull, Charles E.	42	Netterstrom, Charles M.	21
Campbell, Daniel A.	19	Humphrey, John.	7	O'Brien, William J.	9
Case, Melon H.	2	Hunt, Daniel D.	29	Payne, Jos. T.	46
Chapman, Pleasant T.	51	Kanan, M. F.	41	Pemberton, S.	40
Crawford, Charles H.	5	Kingsbury, Hiram H.	45	Putnam, James D.	24
Curley, Daniel F.	14	Landrigan, John.	24	Sawyer, Lewis M.	27
Dresser, N. S.	23	Leeper, Arthur A.	30	Sparks, David R.	47
Dunlap, Henry M.	30	Littler, David T.	30	Stubbfield, G. W.	22
Dwyer, Edward J.	17	Lundin, Frederick.	11	Sullivan, William.	6
Edwards, W. S.	26	Mahoney, Joseph P.	13	Templeton, James W.	31
Evans, Henry H.	14	McAdams, John.	57	Warder, Walter.	50
Fisher, Hendrick V.	33	McCloud, Sidney	3	Willoughby, James A.	49

## HOUSE.

Name.	Dist.	Name.	Dist.	Name.	Dist.
Allen, C. A.	18	Booth, F. W.	43	Cavanagh, James P.	13
Allen, R. H.	18	Bovey, Victor H.	10	Cochran, W. G.	26
Alschuler, S. O.	14	Boyd, George M.	6	Compton, W. A.	36
Anderson, S.	35	Brian, James	29	Conlee, W. S.	36
Andrus, Henry.	10	Brignadello, Frank J.	17	Craig, I. G.	40
Atchison, O. T.	41	Bristol, A. H.	24	Curtis, Ed C.	16
Avery, O. F.	20	Brown, R. C.	43	Daugherty, Aquilla J.	24
Bailey, Martin B.	18	Bryan, Charles F.	14	Deasdy, W. D.	50
Barnes, John A.	42	Bryant, N. D.	44	Dickson, E. H.	50
Barnett, J. R.	35	Buckner, John C.	5	Dinnien, J. W.	31
Barricklow, Joseph P.	40	Bussell, D. C.	12	Edelstein, J. S.	8
Bartling, H. C.	6	Busse, Fred A.	21	Eldredge, J. M.	6
Beer, S. B.	26	Busse, Robert C.	19	Ely, John T.	29
Berryman, J. B.	12	Butler, M. J.	41	Farrell, James H.	21
Blood, F. G.	46	Carmony, W.	15	Farrington, W. B.	46

Name.	Dist.	Name.	Dist.	Name.	Dist.
Fuller, D. A.	8	McClintock, P. J.	2	Revell, David.	21
Funk, D. M.	26	McCoarty, J. F.	3	Rhodes, W. V.	36
Gaines, D.	4	McGuire, John L.	20	Rowe, P. A.	2
Galligan, P. F.	15	McLaughlin, John	27	Salmans, G. W.	15
Garver, S. B.	30	Marquiss, S.	30	Saylor, Walter.	11
Glade, Albert.	17	Meaney, P. J.	15	Schubert, Ernest G.	11
Guffin, Washington I.	29	Merriam, Jonathan	26	Schwab, Joseph S.	11
Hall, F. L.	34	Merrill, Alva	24	Scrogin, A. J.	22
Hall, R. C.	7	Metcalfe, G. B.	36	Selby, C. E.	39
Hammers, Isaac B.	20	Miller, George W.	3	Shanahan, David E.	9
Harnsberger, G. L.	39	Mitchell, B. M.	19	Sharrack, James E.	41
Hart, W.	45	Montgomery, G. W.	37	Sheppard, J. A.	47
Horn, J. A.	32	Morey, T. F.	38	Sherman, L. Y.	28
Houghton, E. W.	33	Morris, Free P.	16	Soudacher, John	4
Huffman, John D.	34	Murdoch, Frank A.	35	Steen, William H.	25
Hunter, W. F.	14	Murray, A. G.	39	Sterchie, John C.	1
Hussman, B. L.	43	Murray, George.	31	Stewart, Ed.	43
Jarvis, J. C.	49	Murray, H. V.	42	Stoskopf, Michael.	12
Johnson, C. C.	31	Needles, Thomas B.	43	Sullivan, D. E.	23
Johnson, J. W.	26	Nicholls, H. D.	15	Suttle, H. C.	30
Joy, J. B.	34	Nohe, A. W.	2	Thiemann, William	7
Kain, Joseph.	25	Noling, Lars M.	10	Thomas, J. E.	49
Kilcourse, Lawrence.	23	Nothnagel, C. W.	3	Tisdell, C. J.	7
Kincheloe, Charles F.	37	Novak, Edward J.	15	Torrence, C. R.	40
King, J. W.	51	O'Donnell, James F.	22	Trousdale, F. A.	51
Kirby, J. H.	47	Olson, Albert J.	23	Trowbridge, I. A.	27
Kolstedt, John.	25	Organ, B. S.	44	Walleck, Christian R.	9
La Monte, W. O.	5	O'Shea, John.	9	Ward, H. B.	48
Large, J. W.	32	Parish, W. H.	51	Wather, C. A.	1
Lathrop, W.	45	Payne, William.	33	Webb, D. R.	46
Laub, William.	1	Perrottet, Louis.	49	Wedmaier, C. F.	4
Lovett, O. E.	38	Perry, Elmer A.	37	White, D. C.	32
Lyons, G. R.	8	Powell, Almet.	16	Williams, S. A.	44
McDonough, D. V.	17	Powell, Joseph	5	Wilson, Ulysses A.	27
McBair, W.	35	Price, J. F.	38	Wood, C. L.	47
Moore, W. Q.	50	Quastrum, J. F.	19	Wylie, John.	28

## CHRONOLOGY OF STEAMBOATING.

The following chronological exposition of the origin, invention and introduction of the steamboat and steamship is given on the authority of the New York Marine Journal:

The first idea of steam navigation was contained in a patent obtained in England by Hulls in 1736.

Fitch experimented in steam navigation on the Delaware river in 1783-4.

Oliver Evans was the next experimenter in steam navigation in 1785-6.

Ramsey was also an experimenter in Virginia in steam navigation in 1787.

W. Symington made a trial on the Forth and Clyde with a small and rudely constructed model of a steamer in 1789.

Chancellor Livingston built a steamer on the Hudson in 1797.

The first experiment in steamboating on the Thames, England, was in 1801.

Mr. Symington repeated his experiments on the Thames with success in 1802.

Fulton built the steamer the North River and made a passage up the Hudson river to Albany from New York in thirty-three hours—the first steam navigation on record. The engines were constructed by Boulton & Watts. The voyage was made in 1807.

The next steamboat was the Car of Neptune, in 1808.

Fulton built the Orleans at Pittsburg—the first steamer on western rivers. It was completed and made the voyage to New Orleans, 2,000 miles, in 1811.

The Paragon was the next steamer, built in New York in 1811.

The Richmond was built in New York in 1812.

The first steam vessel of Europe commenced plying on the Clyde in 1812.

The Vesuvius was built at Pittsburg in 1813.

Five steam vessels appeared in Scotland in 1813.

The first steam vessel to make a voyage up the Thames was brought to Glasgow by a Mr. Dodd in 1815.

England built her first steamer in 1815.

The Savannah, the first steamer to cross the ocean, was of 350 tons burden and sailed for Liverpool from Savannah, Ga., July 15, 1819.

The first steamer in Ireland was in 1820.

Capt. Johnson was paid £10,000, or \$50,000, for making the first steam voyage to India. The voyage was made on the steamer Enterprise, which sailed from Falmouth, England, Aug. 18, 1825.

The Great Western, from Bristol, England, and the Sirius, from Cork, Ireland, both arrived at New York city, each on her first voyage and each eighteen days out, on June 17, 1838.

The first steamer of the Cunard line to arrive on American shores was the Britannia, which arrived at Boston, after a passage of fourteen days and eight hours, in July, 1840.

The first war steamer was built in England in 1838.

Returns from twenty-three states gave an aggregate of 700 steamboats in the United States in 1835.

There were about 1,500 steam vessels in the United States in 1847.

The Washington was the first American ocean steamer of note. She made her first passage to Southampton, England, in June, 1847.

## Political Committees.

1896 TO 1900.

## REPUBLICAN NATIONAL.

## EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

*Headquarters*—Washington, D. C.  
*Chairman*—M. A. Hanna, Ohio.  
*Secretary*—Charles Dick, Ohio.  
*Asst. Sec.*—S. A. Perkins, Wash., D. C.  
*Treas.*—James G. Cannon, New York.  
*Sub-treasurer*—Edwin F. Brown.  
 Henry C. Payne, Wisconsin.  
 Charles G. Dawes, Illinois.  
 Winfield T. Durbin, Indiana.  
 Cyrus Leland, Jr., Kansas.  
 M. S. Quay, Pennsylvania.  
 J. H. Manley, Maine.  
 Powell Clayton, Arkansas.  
 N. B. Scott, West Virginia.

## STATE.

Member.	Residence.
Alabama.....	Wm. Youngblood..... Birmingham.....
Alaska.....	C. S. Johnson..... Juneau.....
Arizona.....	W. Griffin..... Tucson.....
Arkansas.....	Powell Clayton.....
California.....	J. D. Spreckels..... San Francisco.....
Colorado.....	J. F. Saunders..... Denver.....
Connecticut.....	S. Fessenden..... Stamford.....
Delaware.....	James H. Wilson..... Wilmington.....
Dist. Columbia.....	M. M. Parker..... Washington.....
Florida.....	John C. Long..... St. Augustine.....
Georgia.....	Judson W. Lyons..... Augusta.....
Idaho.....	George L. Shoup..... Boise.....
Illinois.....	T. N. Jamieson..... Chicago.....
Indiana.....	Winfield T. Durbin..... Anderson.....
Indian Ter.....	L. E. Bennett..... Muskogee.....
Iowa.....	A. B. Cummins..... Des Moines.....
Kansas.....	Cyrus Leland, Jr..... Troy.....
Kentucky.....	John W. Yerkes..... Danville.....
Louisiana.....	A. T. Winberry..... New Orleans.....
Maine.....	Joseph H. Manley..... Augusta.....
Maryland.....	Geo. L. Wellington..... Cumberland.....
Massachusetts.....	Geo. H. Lyman..... Boston.....
Michigan.....	George L. Maltz..... Detroit.....
Minnesota.....	L. F. Hubbard..... Red Wing.....
Mississippi.....	James Hill..... Jackson.....
Missouri.....	H. C. Kerens..... St. Louis.....
Montana.....	Charles R. Leonard..... Butte.....
Nebraska.....	J. M. Thurston..... Omaha.....
Nevada.....	C. H. Sproule..... Elko.....
New Hampshire.....	P. C. Cheney..... Manchester.....
New Jersey.....	A. A. Hobart..... Paterson.....
New Mexico.....	Solomon Lund..... Los Lunas.....
New York.....	Fredrick S. Gibbs..... New York city.....
North Carolina.....	J. E. Boyd..... Greensboro.....
North Dakota.....	W. H. Robinson..... Mayville.....
Ohio.....	Charles L. Kurtz..... Columbus.....
Oklahoma Ter.....	Henry E. Asp..... Guthrie.....
Oregon.....	George A. Steele..... Portland.....
Pennsylvania.....	Matthew S. Quay..... Beaver.....
Rhode Island.....	Charles R. Brayton..... Providence.....
South Carolina.....	E. A. Webster..... Orangeburg.....
South Dakota.....	A. B. Kirtland..... Sioux Falls.....
Tennessee.....	W. B. Brownlow..... Jonesboro.....
Texas.....	John Grant..... Sherman.....
Utah.....	L. R. Rogers..... Ogden.....
Vermont.....	Geo. F. Childs..... St. Albans.....
Virginia.....	George E. Bowden..... Norfolk.....
Washington.....	P. C. Sullivan..... Tacoma.....
West Virginia.....	N. B. Scott..... Wheeling.....
Wisconsin.....	Henry C. Payne..... Milwaukee.....
Wyoming.....	Willis Vandevanter..... Cheyenne.....

## DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL.

*Headquarters*—Chicago.  
*Chairman*—James K. Jones, Wash-  
 ington and Arkansas.  
*Secretary*—C. A. Walsh, Ottumwa, Ia.

Member.	Residence.
Henry D. Clayton.....	Eufaula.....
C. D. Rogers.....	Sitka.....
M. A. Smith.....	Phoenix.....
Thomas C. McRae.....	Prescott.....
I. J. Dwyer.....	San Francisco.....
Adair Wilson.....	Durango.....
Alexander Troop.....	New Haven.....
Richard B. Kenney.....	Dover.....
Lawrence Gardner.....	Washington.....
Samuel Pasco.....	Monticello.....
Clark Howell, Jr.....	Atlanta.....
George Ainslee.....	Boise.....
Thomas Gahan.....	Chicago.....
John G. Shanklin.....	Evansville.....
Thomas Marcum.....	Muscogee.....
C. A. Walsh.....	Ottumwa.....
J. G. Johnson.....	Peabody.....
Trey Woodson.....	Owensboro.....
H. C. Blanchard.....	Shreveport.....
Seah C. Gordon.....	Portland.....
Arthur P. Gorman.....	Laurel.....
John W. Corcoran.....	Boston.....
D. J. Campau.....	Detroit.....
T. D. O'Brien.....	St. Paul.....
W. V. Sullivan.....	Oxford.....
William J. Stone.....	Jefferson City.....
John J. McHatton.....	Butte City.....
W. H. Thompson.....	Grand Island.....
Clayton Belknap.....	Virginia City.....
Tras L. Norris.....	Portsmouth.....
Philip D. Baker.....	Bridgetown.....
F. A. Manzanarez.....	East Las Vegas.....
Frank Campbell.....	Bath.....
Josephus Daniels.....	Raleigh.....
I. P. Baker.....	Bismarck.....
John R. McLean.....	Cincinnati.....
W. M. Grant.....	Oklahoma City.....
J. H. Townsend.....	Dallas.....
Vacant.....	Providence.....
Rich. B. Comstock.....	Trenton.....
B. R. Tillman.....	Rapid City.....
James M. Woods.....	Nashville.....
James M. Head.....	Paris.....
James G. Dudley.....	Salt Lake City.....
A. W. McCune.....	Burlington.....
B. B. Smalley.....	Lynchburg.....
Peter J. Otey.....	Seattle.....
William H. White.....	Grafton.....
John T. McGraw.....	Milwaukee.....
E. C. Wall.....	Laramie.....
Wm. H. Holliday.....	

## NATIONAL COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

STATE	<b>PROHIBITION PARTY.</b> <b>EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.</b> <i>Headquarters</i> —Albion, Mich. <i>Chairman</i> —Samuel Dickie, Albion, Mich. <i>Vice-Chairman</i> —Jas. A. Tate, Nashville, Tenn. <i>Secretary</i> —W. T. Wardwell, New York city. <i>Treasurer</i> —Sam'l D. Hastings, Green Bay, Wis. A. A. Stevens, Tyrone, Pa. Volney B. Cushing, Bangor, Me. T. R. Carskadon, Keyser, W. Va. John Hipp, Denver, Col.		<b>NATIONAL PROHIBITION PARTY</b> <i>Renamed "Liberty Party."</i> <b>EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.</b> <i>Headquarters</i> —Alliance, O. <i>Chairman</i> —L. B. Logan, Alliance, O. <i>Secretary</i> —Henry H. Roser, Denver.	
	Member.	Residence.	Member.	Residence.
Alabama.....	J. C. Orr.....	Hartzell.	Alex. McKnight.....	Arkadelphia.
Arkansas.....	Geo. C. Christian.....	Eureka Springs..	W. H. Smith.....	Arkadelphia.
California.....	J. A. B. Wilson.....	Los Angeles.....	J. M. Glass.....	Pasadena.
Colorado.....	J. W. Webb.....	Fresno.....	C. H. Dunn.....	Sacramento.
Connecticut.....	John Hipp.....	Denver.....	David Tatum.....	Denver.
Delaware.....	F. C. Bradley.....	North Haven.....	Frank H. Rodgers.....	Golden.
Dist. Columbia.....	J. N. Stanley.....	Highland Park.	Joel Fox.....	Willimantic.
Florida.....	J. R. Jewell.....	Smyrna.....	W. Wright Fisher.....	Drawbridge.
Georgia.....	Aloysius Green.....	Whitesville.....	John B. Stevens.....	Fitzgerald.
Illinois.....	H. B. Moulton.....	Washington.....	L. G. Spencer.....	Chicago.
Indiana.....	J. R. Maloney.....	Washington.....	Henry H. Roser.....	Chicago.
Iowa.....	W. F. Alexander.....	Waldo.....	W. D. Wattles.....	Reynolds.
Kansas.....	J. R. Finch.....	Palatka.....	S. V. Wright.....	Greensburg.
Kentucky.....	Frank J. Sibley.....	Atlanta.....	Watson Roberts.....	Marshalltown.
Maine.....	A. A. De Loach.....	Atlanta.....	H. G. Parker.....	Marshalltown.
Maryland.....	O. W. Stewart.....	Bloomington.....	Angelina Allison.....	Olathe.
Massachusetts.....	C. M. Whipple.....	Rockford.....	W. S. Hanna.....	Kansas City.
Michigan.....	F. T. McWhirter.....	Indianapolis.....	S. J. Moore.....	Lexington.
Minnesota.....	Miss Mary Hadley.....	Bloomington.....	J. W. Sawyer.....	Louisville.
Mississippi.....	J. A. Harvey.....	Dallas.....	A. W. Parsons.....	Foxcroft.
Missouri.....	W. L. Ferris.....	.....	L. E. McClaughland.....	Baltimore.
Montana.....	George W. Bain.....	Lexington.....	A. G. Eichelbarger.....	Townson.
Nebraska.....	J. H. Moore.....	Covington.....	W. Frank Mitchell.....	Sharon.
New Hampshire.....	Volney B. Cushing.....	Bangor.....	Geo. Kempton.....	Lowell.
New Jersey.....	N. F. Woodbury.....	Auburn.....	J. A. Nichols.....	Pontiac.
New York.....	Edwin Higgins.....	Baltimore.....	Henry A. Reynolds.....	Detroit.
North Carolina.....	Levin S. McLean.....	Bishopville.....	Mrs. E. N. Law.....	Tracy.
North Dakota.....	Frank M. Forbush.....	Boston.....	D. H. Evans.....	Minneapolis.
Ohio.....	A. W. Richardson.....	Springfield.....	T. W. Davis.....	.....
Pennsylvania.....	Charles P. Russell.....	Detroit.....	D. Ward King.....	Maitland.
Rhode Island.....	Fred E. Britten.....	Albion.....	John T. Field.....	St. Louis.
South Dakota.....	B. B. Haugan.....	Fergus Falls.....	Wilder Nutting.....	Butte.
.....	W. J. Dean.....	Minneapolis.....	Frank G. Odell.....	Lincoln.
.....	Henry Ware.....	Pass Christian.....	Geo. W. Woodbey.....	Omaha.
.....	R. T. Bond.....	Fayette.....	Chas. E. Doying.....	Nashua.
.....	C. E. Stokes.....	St. Louis.....	Chas. E. Drury.....	Bath.
.....	E. M. Gardner.....	Bozeman.....	Geo. H. Strobell.....	Newark.
.....	.....	.....	W. F. Tower.....	Vineland.
.....	H. O. Jackson.....	Littleton.....	John Lloyd Thomas.....	New York city.
.....	Isaac B. Vale.....	Manchester.....	Henry B. Hudson.....	Rockville Center.
.....	W. H. Nicholson.....	Haddonfield.....	J. H. Southgate.....	Durham.
.....	R. J. S. White.....	Montclair.....	J. M. Templeton.....	Carey.
.....	Wm. T. Wardwell.....	New York city.....	.....	.....
.....	Fred F. Wheeler.....	Albany.....	.....	.....
.....	T. P. Johnson.....	Salisbury.....	.....	.....
.....	N. W. Newey.....	Farmers.....	.....	.....
.....	H. M. Kiff.....	Tower City.....	.....	.....
.....	H. H. Mott.....	Grafton.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	A. A. Stevens.....	Tyrone.....	.....	.....
.....	H. D. Patton.....	Lancaster.....	.....	.....
.....	H. B. Metcalf.....	Pawtucket.....	.....	.....
.....	Smith Quimby.....	Providence.....	.....	.....
.....	J. A. Lucas.....	Sioux Falls.....	.....	.....
.....	J. F. Hanson.....	Mount Vernon.....	.....	.....

## NATIONAL COMMITTEES—CONTINUED.

STATE.	Member.	Residence.	Member.	Residence.
Tennessee.....	J. A. Tate.....	Nashville.....	C. L. Brewer.....	Lancing.
	R. S. Cheves.....	Unicoi.....		
Texas.....	J. B. Crandall.....	Waco.....	Ed. S. Rodgers.....	Hillsboro.
	E. C. Heath.....	Rockwall.....	R. G. West.....	Weatherford.
Vermont.....	C. W. Wyman.....	Brattleboro.....	D. A. Keeland.....	Waitfield.
	H. C. Barnes.....	Swanton.....	J. E. Bruce.....	Poultney.
Virginia.....	J. W. Bodley.....	Staunton.....	M. W. Hall.....	Meltons.
Washington.....	C. Davis.....	Seattle.....	W. H. Gilstrap.....	Tacoma.
			J. W. Range.....	Seattle.
West Virginia.....	T. R. Carskadon.....	Keyser.....	W. C. Hensen.....	Lewiston.
	Frank Hurt.....	Hannington.....	A. P. Howard.....	Congo.
Wisconsin.....	S. D. Hastings.....	Green Bay.....	J. P. Zonne.....	Appleton.
	O. B. Olson.....	Eau Claire.....	J. H. Moley.....	Tomah.

## PEOPLE'S PARTY.

Headquarters—Washington, D. C.

Chairman—Marion Butler, Raleigh, N. C. Secretary—J. A. Edgerton, Lincoln, Neb.

Treasurer—M. C. Rankin, Terre Haute, Ind.

Executive Committee—J. R. Sovereign, Sulphur Springs, Ark.; George F. Washburn, 465 Washington street, Boston, Mass.; John W. Breidenthal, Topeka, Kas.; Dr. C. F. Taylor, 1520 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.; H. W. Reed, Brunswick, Ga.; John S. Dore, Fresno, Cal.

STATE.	Member.	Residence.	STATE.	Member.	Residence.
Alabama.....	R. F. Kolb.....	Birmingham.	Minnesota....	W. R. Dobbys.....	Minneapolis.
	R. H. Seymour.....	Livingston.		Thos. J. Melghen	Forestville.
	K. S. Woodruff.....	Anniston.		J. M. Bowler.....	Bird Island.
Arkansas.....	J. R. Sovereign.....	Sulphur Spgs	Mississippi....	R. K. Prewitt.....	Ackerman.
	A. W. Files.....	Little Rock.		Frank Burkitt.....	Okolona.
	J. O. A. Bush.....	Prescott.		T. L. McGeehee.....	Summit.
California.....	John S. Dore.....	Fresno.	Missouri.....	P. J. Dixon.....	Chillicothe.
	E. M. Hamilton.....	Los Angeles.		J. H. Hills.....	McFall.
	F. Houghton.....	Corning.		Dr. DeW. Eskew.....	Poplar Bluffs
Colorado.....	John C. Bell.....	Montrose.	Montana.....	A. E. Spriggs.....	Townsend.
	H. S. Tompkins.....			M. L. Stewart.....	Mason.
	J. H. Voorhees.....	Pueblo.		Mrs. E. K. Haskell	Helenia.
Connecticut.....	Wm. W. Wheeler.....	Meriden.	Nebraska.....	William V. Allen	Madison.
	Dr. J. Perkins.....	Danielson.		J. H. Edmisten.....	Lincoln.
	H. C. Baldwin.....	Naugatuck.		D. Clem Deaver.....	Omaha.
Delaware.....	Benj. L. Kent.....	Wilmington.	Nevada.....	J. B. McCullough	Reno.
	C. Beadenkoph.....	Wilmington.		C. E. Allen.....	Eureka.
	George L. Norris.....	Wilmington.		J. C. Deethe.....	Kelth.
Florida.....	S. S. Harvey.....	Quintette.	New Hamp'e....	D. B. Currier.....	Hanover.
	F. H. Lytle.....	Santon.		G. J. Greenleaf.....	Portsmouth.
	J. F. Edwards.....	Jacksonville.		George D. Epps.....	Frankstown.
Georgia.....	J. L. Sibley.....	Marietta.	New Jersey....	J. R. Buchanan.....	Newark.
	H. W. Reed.....	Brunswick.		John Wilcox.....	Bridgeton.
	Cary J. Thornton	Columbus.		Eltw'd Pomeroy.....	Newark.
Idaho.....	J. H. Anderson.....	Wells.r.	New York.....	C. R. White.....	Miller Corn'rs
	A. J. Cook.....	Payette.		Lafe Pence.....	N. Y. City.
	Ed. Boyce.....	Wallace.		L. J. McParlin.....	Lockport.
Illinois.....	H. E. Taubeneck	Marshall.	N. Carolina....	Marion Butler	Raleigh.
	J. D. Hess.....	Pittsfield.		Z. T. Garrett.....	Henderson.
	Eugene Smith.....	Chicago.		J. L. Ramsey.....	Raleigh.
Indiana.....	Joshua Strange.....	Arcana.	N. Dakota.....	Walter Muir.....	Hanton.
	D. H. Fernandes.....	Jacksonson.		D. W. Bentley.....	Bismarck.
	W. S. Austin.....	New Albany.		N. O. Noben.....	Madison.
Iowa.....	W. H. Robb.....	Creston.	Ohio.....	Hugh Freyor.....	Cleveland.
	S. B. Crane.....	Des Moines.		D. D. Chidester.....	New Wat'rd
	J. E. Anderson.....	Forest City.	Oregon.....	J. W. Marksburg	Gold Hill.
Kansas.....	J. W. Breidenthal	Topeka.		John C. Luce.....	John Day.
	J. M. Allen.....	Eric.		John W. Jory.....	Salem.
	W. D. Vincent.....	Clay Center.	Pennsylvania..	Jerome B. Alken	Washington.
Kentucky.....	A. H. Cardin.....	Marion.		W. M. Dolisher.....	Reading.
	John G. Blair.....	Carlisle.		V. A. Lotter.....	Danville.
	W. B. Bridgeford.....	Frankfort.	S. Dakota.....	A. J. Plowman.....	Deadwood.
Louisiana.....	A. A. Gundy.....	Murce.		H. S. Volkmar.....	Milbank.
	J. T. Howell.....	Baton Rouge.		H. P. Smith.....	Belton.
	E. C. Dillon.....	Many.	Tennessee....	J. H. McDowell	Union City.
Maine.....	L. C. Bateman.....	Auburn.		J. P. Buchanan.....	Wayside.
	L. W. Smith.....	Vinalhaven.		J. W. James.....	Chattanooga.
	Henry Betts.....	Ellsworth.	Texas.....	C. S. Granberry	Austin.
Maryland.....	C. M. Kemp.....	Baltimore.		H. L. Bentley.....	Ahlene.
	Hiram Vrooman.....	Baltimore.		Harry Tracy.....	Dallas.
	T. C. Jenkins.....	Pomomkey.	Utah.....	James Hogan.....	Ogden.
Massachusetts	G. F. Washburn.....	Boston.		Mrs. K. Hilliard	Ogden.
	E. Gerry Brown.....	Brocton.		H. W. Lawrence.....	Salt Lake City
	P. J. Gardener.....	Danvers.	Virginia.....	G. W. B. Hale.....	Rocky Mount
Michigan.....	John O. Zabel.....	Petersburg.		J. H. Hobson.....	Belton.
	Jas. E. McBride.....	Grand Rapids		J. W. McGavock.....	Graham F'ge
	Benjamin Colvin.....	St. Charles.			

## NATIONAL COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

STATE.	Members.	Residence.	STATE.	Members.	Residence.
Vermont.....	A. J. Beebe.....	Swanton.	Arizona.....	W. O. O'Neill....	Prescott.
Washington..	A. T. Way.....	Burlington.		Dr. A. H. Neen....	Oro Blanco.
	C. S. Louis.....	S. Reading.		Kean St. Charles..	Kingman.
	E. W. Way.....	Seattle.	New Mexico..	M. P. Stamm.....	Albuquerque.
	A. P. Tugwell....	Chehalis.		T. B. Mills.....	Las Vegas.
	C. W. Young.....	Pullman.		T. F. Kelcher.....	Albuquerque.
West Virgin'a	Nat. Fitzgerald..	Terra Alta.	Oklahoma....	J. S. Soule.....	Guthrie.
	W. R. Neale.....	Parkersburg.		R. E. Bray.....	Enid.
	H. T. Houston....	Alderson.		W. H. French.....	Chandler.
Wisconsin....	Robt. Schilling..	Milwaukee	Dist. Colum'ia	J. H. Turner.....	Washington.
	C. M. Butt.....	Viroqua.		Rev. A. Kent.....	Washington.
	Wm. Munro.....	W. Superior.		H. B. Martin.....	Washington.
Wyoming.....	L. C. Tiddball....	Sheridan.	Indian Ter...	W. H. Watkins....	Afton.
	Earl Hoffer.....	Sundance.		G. W. Payne.....	Whitefield.
	Peter Esperson..	Cheyenne.		A. B. Weakley....	Comanche.

## NATIONAL (GOLD) DEMOCRATIC.

Headquarters — 62 and 64 Williams Street, New York.

Chairman—W. D. Bynum. Secretary—John P. Frenzel.

Executive Committee—W. B. Haldeman, Louisville, Ky.; Geo. Foster Peabody, New York; L. C. Krauthoff, Kansas City, Mo.; F. W. M. Cutcheon, St. Paul, Minn.; John P. Hopkins, Chicago, Ill.; John C. Bullitt, Philadelphia; C. Vey Holman, Rockland, Me.; J. M. Falkner, Montgomery, Ala.; M. R. Spellman, New Orleans, La.

STATE.	Members.	Residence.	STATE.	Members.	Residence.
Alabama.....	J. M. Falkner....	Montgomery.	Montana.....	A. H. Nelson.....	Chicago.
Arizona.....	P. J. Cule.....	Tucson.	Nebraska....	Euclid Martin....	Omaha.
Arkansas....	C. B. Moore.....	Little Rock.	N. Hampshire	G. Woodberry....	Manchester.
California....	R. B. Pond.....	S. Francisco.	New Jersey..	Wm. J. Curtiss..	Summit.
Colorado.....	Louis R. Ehrlich.	Col. Springs.	New Mexico..	Wm. B. Childers..	Albuquerque.
Connecticut..	Joel A. Sperry....	New Haven.	New York....	Charles Tracy....	N. Y. City.
Delaware.....	John S. Ross, II..	Wilmington.	N. Carolina..	H. E. Fries.....	Salem.
Florida.....	B. H. Angler.....	Jacksonville.	North Dakota	H. L. Whithead..	Grand Forks.
Georgia.....	Thos. F. Custer..	Atlanta.	Ohio.....	Talmon C. Lion...	Columbus.
Illinois.....	Ken. T. Cable....	Rock Island.	Oregon.....	R. S. Wood.....	Portland.
Indiana.....	John R. Wilson..	Indianapolis.	Pennsylvania	S. T. McCormick..	Philadelphia.
Indian Ter...	Edwin Ludlow..	Harshorn.	Rhode Island	C. C. Mumford..	Providence.
Iowa.....	L. M. Martin.....	Marsh town.	S. Carolina..	W. R. Bayle.....	Landford.
Kansas.....	Eugene Hagau...	Topeka.	South Dakota	John B. Hanten..	Watertown.
Kentucky....	Zach. Phelps....	Louisville.	Tennessee...	Michael Savane...	Nashville.
Kentucky....	M. R. Spelman...	New Orleans.	Texas.....	M. J. Crawford..	Dallas.
Maine.....	C. Vey Holman...	Rockland.	Utah.....	Parley Williams.	Salt Lake.
Maryland....	Wm. P. Whyte....	Baltimore.	Vermont.....	W. H. Cramer....	Bethel.
Massachusetts	N. Matthews, Jr..	Boston.	Virginia.....	Joseph Bryan....	Richmond.
Michigan....	Thos. A. Wilson..	Jackson.	Washington..	H. C. Wallace....	Tacoma.
Minnesota...	F. W. McCutcheon	St. Paul.	West Virginia	R. Stalnaker....	Wincing.
Mississippi...	H. M. Street.....	Senatoba.	Wisconsin....	Ellis B. Usber...	Milwaukee.
Missouri.....	L. C. Krauthoff..	Kansas City.			

## NATIONAL SILVER.

Headquarters—Chicago and Washington.

Chairman—Charles D. Lane. Secretary—R. E. Diferderfer.

Treasurer—Vacant.

Executive Committee—Charles D. Lane, California; Isaac N. Stevens, Colorado; R. E. Diferderfer, Pennsylvania; George P. Keeney, California; William H. Harvey, Illinois; Curtis J. Hillier, District of Columbia; George S. Nixon, Nevada; Benj. A. Flower, Massachusetts.

STATE.	Members.	Residence.	STATE.	Members.	Residence.
California....	G. W. Baker.....	S. Francisco.	Nevada.....	Geo. S. Nixon....	Winnemucca.
Colorado.....	I. N. Stevens....	Denver.	New Jersey..	Dr. C. F. Slayter..	Palmyra.
Delaware.....	T. E. Marchand..	Wilmington.	New York....	Vacant.....	
Florida.....	W. H. Claggett..	Jacksonville.	N. Carolina..	B. F. Keith.....	Wilmington.
Idaho.....	Fred Dupols....	Boise City.	N. Dakota....	W. H. Standish..	Grand Forks.
Illinois.....	Dr. G. M. Emrick	Chicago.	Ohio.....	H. T. Niles.....	Toledo.
Indiana.....	Anson Walcott..	Indianapolis.	Oregon.....	F. V. Drake.....	Portland.
Iowa.....	C. B. Wilson.....	Des Moines.	Pennsylvania	R. E. Diferderfer	Philadelphia.
Kansas.....	R. W. Turner....	Topeka.	S. Carolina..	J. W. Bowden....	Denver.
Kentucky....	Jno. M. Biggs...	Louisville.	S. Dakota....	U. G. Cherry....	Sioux Falls.
Maryland....	Jno. M. Biggs...	Baltimore.	Texas.....	F. Kehler.....	Galveston.
Massachusetts	N. Cameron.....	Boston.	Utah.....	R. Mackintosh..	Salt Lake C'y.
Michigan....	G. F. Richardson	G. Rapids.	Vermont.....	Jos. Battell....	Ripton.
Minnesota...	J. W. Griffin....	Minneapolis.	Virginia.....	A. J. Wedderburn	Washington.
Missouri.....	J. B. Clarkson..	St. Louis.	W. Virginia..	C. S. Moore.....	Jackson.
Montana.....	P. L. Miller.....	Butte.	Wisconsin....	Dr. D. F. Powell.	LaCrosse.
Nebraska....	G. L. Laws.....	Lincoln.			

## CHAIRMEN AND SECRETARIES OF STATE COMMITTEES.

## REPUBLICAN.

STATE.	Chairman.	Residence.	Secretary.	Residence.
Alabama.....	William Vaughan.....	Birmingham.....	C. F. Johnson.....	Mobile.
Arizona.....	J. M. Ford.....	Phoenix.....	Robert L. Long.....	Phoenix.
Arkansas.....	Henry M. Cooper.....	Little Rock.....	M. W. Gibbs.....	Little Rock.
California.....	Frank McLaughlin.....	Oroville.....	M. R. Higgins.....	San Francisco.
Colorado.....	J. L. Hodges.....	Denver.....		
Connecticut.....	O. R. Flyer.....	Torrington.....	Samuel A. Eddy.....	Canaan.
Delaware.....	Hugh C. Browne.....	Wilmington.....	W. C. R. Colquhoun.....	Wilmington.
Florida.....	Jno. E. Stillman.....	Jacksonville.....	J. E. Lee.....	Jacksonville.
Georgia.....	A. E. Buck.....	Atlanta.....	J. H. Devereaux.....	Savannah.
Idaho.....	Joseph Perrault.....	Boise City.....	Jno. T. Morrison.....	Caldwell.
Illinois.....	Charles P. Hatch.....	Paris.....	J. R. B. Van Cleave.....	Chicago.
Indiana.....	John K. Gowdy.....	Rushville.....	Robt. E. Mausfield.....	Muncie.
Indian Territory.....	Russell Wiggins.....	Muscogee.....		
Iowa.....	H. G. McMillan.....	Rock Rapids.....	I. M. Treynor.....	Council Bluffs.
Kansas.....	J. M. Simpson.....	McPherson.....	Jos. L. Bristol.....	Ottawa.
Kentucky.....	C. M. Barnett.....	Hartford.....	Geo. W. Lieberth.....	Newport.
Louisiana.....	P. F. Herwig.....	New Orleans.....	L. J. Joubert.....	New Orleans.
Maine.....	Jos. H. Manley.....	Augusta.....	Byron Boyd.....	Augusta.
Maryland.....	N. B. Scott.....	Baltimore.....	L. Clay Naylor.....	Baltimore.
Massachusetts.....	A. H. Goetting.....	Boston.....	Thomas Talbot.....	Boston.
Michigan.....	Dexter M. Ferry.....	Detroit.....	D. E. Alward.....	Detroit.
Minnesota.....	Ell S. Warner.....	St. Paul.....	Edward M. Johnson.....	St. Paul.
Mississippi.....	Sam. P. Hurst.....	Clarksdale.....	T. V. McAllister.....	Vicksburg.
Missouri.....	Chauncey L. Filley.....	St. Louis.....	Albert Griffin.....	St. Louis.
Montana.....	L. H. Hershfield.....	Helena.....	Thos. A. Cummings.....	Fort Benton.
Nebraska.....	Geo. W. Post.....	York.....	John T. Mallaben.....	Kearney.
Nevada.....	R. K. Colcord.....	Carson City.....		
N. Hampshire.....	John A. Spaulding.....	Nashua.....	Wm. Tutherly.....	Concord.
New Jersey.....	Franklin Murphy.....	Newark.....	John V. Foster.....	Newark.
New Mexico.....	E. L. Bartlett.....	Santa Fe.....	Max Frost.....	Santa Fe.
New York.....	Charles W. Hackett.....	Utica.....	John S. Kenyon.....	Saratoga.
North Carolina.....	Albert E. Holton.....	Winston.....	W. S. Evans.....	Bakersville.
North Dakota.....	Ernest C. Cooper.....	Grand Forks.....	Albert H. Gaptill.....	Fargo.
Ohio.....	H. M. Daugherty.....	Washington City.....	Peter Durr.....	Columbus.
Oklahoma.....	Wm. Grimes.....	Kingfisher.....	H. F. Ardery.....	Guthrie.
Oregon.....	Solomon Hirsch.....	Portland.....	Jonathan Bourne Jr.....	Portland.
Pennsylvania.....	John P. Elkin.....	Indiana.....	John B. Rex.....	Huntington.
Rhode Island.....	Hunter C. White.....	Providence.....	Eugene F. Warner.....	Coventry.
South Carolina.....	R. R. Tolbert.....	Greenwood.....	John Johnson.....	Charleston.
South Dakota.....	J. D. Elliott.....	Tyndall.....	R. S. Person.....	Yankton.
Tennessee.....	D. B. Cliffe.....	Franklin.....	Lee Brock.....	Nashville.
Texas.....	E. H. R. Green.....	Terrell.....	W. E. Easton.....	Austin.
Utah.....	John E. Dooley.....	Salt Lake.....	Miss J. A. Farnsworth.....	Salt Lake.
Vermont.....	Oliver Merrill.....	Enosburgh Falls.....	F. E. Burgess.....	Burlington.
Virginia.....	William Lamb.....	Norfolk.....	Asa Rogers.....	Petersburg.
Washington.....	Scott Sweetland.....	Vancouver.....	E. D. Cowen.....	Olympia.
West Virginia.....	Wm. M. O. Dawson.....	Kingwood.....	Geo. W. Atkinson.....	Wheeling.
Wisconsin.....	Edwin D. Coe.....	Whitewater.....	John M. Ewing.....	Milwaukee.
Wyoming.....	F. E. Warren.....	Cheyenne.....	B. M. Ausherman.....	Evansville.

## DEMOCRATIC.

STATE.	Chairman.	Residence.	Secretary.	Residence.
Alabama.....	Charles M. Shelley.....	Birmingham.....	Nathan L. Miller.....	Birmingham.
Arkansas.....	Carroll Armstrong.....	Morrilton.....	Gray Carroll.....	Little Rock.
Arizona.....	B. A. Pickas.....	Phoenix.....	Frank M. King.....	Phoenix.
California.....	William H. Alford.....	San Francisco.....	R. P. Troy.....	San Francisco.
Colorado.....	Vacant.....		Olney Newell.....	Leadville.
Connecticut.....	C. B. Davis.....	Higganum.....	Fred J. Brown.....	New Haven.
Delaware.....	Irvine Handy.....	Newark.....	P. I. Cooper.....	Wilmington.
Dist. Columbia.....	Thos. B. Kalbfus.....	Washington.....	C. F. Cook.....	Washington.
Florida.....	W. A. Rawlin.....	Tallahassee.....	J. C. Cooper.....	Jacksonville.

## CHAIRMEN AND SECRETARIES OF STATE COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

STATE.	Chairman.	Residence.	Secretary.	Residence.
Georgia.....	A. S. Clay.....	Atlanta.....	Arthur E. Barnett..	Atlanta.
Idaho.....	James A. McGee.....	Boise City.....	W. C. Fritter.....	Nampa.
Illinois.....	J. W. Orr.....	Champaign.....	A. C. Bentley.....	Pittsfield.
Indiana.....	Parks M. Martin.....	Indianapolis.....	S. L. Wallace.....	Indianapolis.
Indian Terr'y..	John Galt.....	Ardmore.....		
Iowa.....	C. A. Walsh.....	Ottumwa.....	E. M. Carr.....	Manchester.
Kansas.....	J. Mack Love.....	Topeka.....	W. H. C. Pepperell..	Concordia.
Kentucky.....	Maj. P. P. Johnson..	Lexington.....	Gus W. Richardson..	Louisville.
Louisiana.....	E. B. Kruttschnitt..	New Orleans.....	Robert S. Lundry....	New Orleans.
Maine.....	George E. Hughes.....	Bath.....	Fred E. Beane.....	Hallowell.
Maryland.....	Murry Vandiver.....	Baltimore.....	Spencer Watkins....	Bethesda.
Massachusetts..	John W. Corcoran.....	Boston.....	Nath. G. Robinson..	Boston.
Michigan.....	Fred A. Baker.....	Detroit.....	G. Walter Meade.....	Detroit.
Minnesota.....	L. A. Roseng.....	St. Paul.....	E. M. Pope.....	St. Paul.
Mississippi.....	C. C. Miller.....	Meridian.....	D. B. Porter.....	Jackson.
Missouri.....	Samuel B. Cook.....	St. Louis.....	T. B. Love.....	St. Louis.
Montana.....	W. M. Cockrell.....	Great Falls.....	J. G. Morony.....	Butte.
Nebraska.....	James C. Dahlman.....	Omaha.....	Lee Hardman.....	Omaha.
Nevada.....	T. W. Healy.....	Carson.....	P. J. McGraph.....	Mound House.
New Hampshire..	J. T. Amey.....	Concord.....	Daniel M. White.....	Concord.
New Jersey.....	E. L. Fries.....	Newark.....	W. K. Deveraux.....	Newark.
New York.....	Elliot Danforth.....	Poughkeepsie.....	John J. Hudson.....	Gloversville.
North Carolina..	Clement Manly.....	Raleigh.....	John W. Thompson..	Raleigh.
North Dakota...	Thomas Kleinogel.....	Fargo.....	E. C. Carruth.....	Grand Forks.
New Mexico.....	J. H. Crist.....	Santa Fe.....	Rafael Romero.....	Las Vegas.
Ohio.....	Daniel McConville.....	Columbus.....	W. A. Taylor.....	Columbus.
Oklahoma.....	Ed. L. Dunn.....	Oklahoma City.....	J. S. Lindsay.....	Oklahoma City.
Oregon.....	F. A. E. Starr.....	Portland.....	Napoleon Davis.....	Portland.
Pennsylvania...	John M. Garman.....	Allentown.....	Matt Savage.....	Clearfield.
Rhode Island...	Franklin P. Owen.....	Scituate.....	John E. Conley.....	Providence.
South Carolina..	D. H. Thompson.....	Columbia.....	U. S. Gunter.....	Columbia.
South Dakota...	John A. Bowler.....	Sioux Falls.....	F. Begelemer.....	Sioux Falls.
Tennessee.....	J. M. Coleman.....	Memphis.....	Sam B. Williamson..	Nashville.
Texas.....	J. W. Blake.....	Mexia.....	John H. Pleasants..	Austin.
Vermont.....	Herb. F. Bringham..	Bakersfield.....	John F. Senter.....	Middlebury.
Utah.....	R. W. Sloan.....	Salt Lake City.....	E. A. McDaniels.....	Salt Lake City.
Virginia.....	J. Taylor Elyson.....	Richmond.....	J. Bell Bigler.....	Richmond.
Washington.....	H. T. Jones.....	Spokane.....	Thomas Malony.....	Tacoma.
West Virginia...	Andrew Edmiston.....	Weston.....	Wm. H. Ohley.....	Charleston.
Wisconsin.....	George W. Peck.....	Milwaukee.....	C. J. Noel.....	Milwaukee.
Wyoming.....	C. E. Blydenburgh.....	Rawlins.....	Kirk Dwyer.....	Little Medicine.

## PEOPLE'S.

## PROHIBITION.

STATE.	Name.	Address.	Name.	Address.
Alabama.....	G. B. Deans.....	Calera.....	C. W. Buck.....	Montgomery.
Arizona.....	John Q. White.....	Phoenix.....		
Arkansas.....	Thomas Fletcher.....	Little Rock.....	George C. Christian..	Eureka Springs.
California.....	E. M. Wardall.....	Monrovia.....	E. C. Custer.....	Sacramento.
Colorado.....	H. Armstrong.....	Denver.....	Frank I. Willis.....	Denver.
Connecticut.....	Wm. M. Wheeler.....	Meriden.....	H. B. Brown.....	East Hampton.
Delaware.....	Wm. Brothers.....	Dover.....	K. H. Cooper.....	Cheswold.
Dist. Columbia..	E. M. Blake.....	Washington.....		
Florida.....	C. C. Post.....	Seabreeze.....		
Georgia.....	J. D. Cunningham.....	Atlanta.....	J. O. Perkins.....	Atlanta.
Idaho.....	P. H. Blake.....	Boise City.....	H. A. Lee.....	Boise City.
Illinois.....	H. E. Taubeneck.....	Springfield.....	O. W. Stewart.....	Bloomington.
Indiana.....	J. Rosenheimer.....	Indianapolis.....	L. M. Crist.....	Thornton.
Iowa.....	J. Bellange.....	Des Moines.....	M. W. Atwood.....	Estherville.
Kansas.....	J. W. Broidenthal.....	Topeka.....	M. Williams.....	Lansing.
Kentucky.....	J. A. Parker.....	Louisville.....	J. H. Moore.....	Cincinnati.
Louisiana.....	A. B. Booth.....	New Orleans.....		
Maine.....	E. W. Boynton.....	Augusta.....	N. F. Woodbury.....	Auburn.
Maryland.....	Hiram Vrooman.....	Baltimore.....	T. M. Pr. ntise.....	Baltimore.
Massachusetts..	E. Gerry Brown.....	Brockton.....	Frank M. Forbush..	Boston.
Michigan.....	J. W. Ewing.....	Grand Lodge.....	Charles P. Russell..	Detroit.
Minnesota.....	Fred C. Gibbs.....	St. Paul.....	George W. Higgins..	Minneapolis.

## CHAIRMEN AND SECRETARIES STATE COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

STATE.	Name.	Address.	Name.	Address.
Mississippi.....	Dr. R. K. Frowitt.....	Ackerman.....	Henry Ware.....	Pass Christian.
Missouri.....	A. Roselle.....	Lamar.....	Charles E. Stokes.....	St. Louis.
Montana.....	C. O. Reed.....	Helena.....	J. M. Waters.....	Bozeman.
Nebraska.....	J. H. Edmiston.....	Lincoln.....	L. G. Parker.....	Raymond.
Nevada.....	J. M. McCormack.....	Reno.....	Jacob Stinner.....	Reno.
N. Hampshire.....	D. B. Currier.....	Danover.....	H. O. Jackson.....	Littleton.
New Jersey.....	L. F. Fuller.....	Vineand.....	Robert J. S. White.....	Montclair.
New Mexico.....	M. P. Stamm.....	Albuquerque.....		
New York.....	M. S. Ford.....	Glens Falls.....		
North Carolina.....	Hai. W. Aser.....	Raleigh.....	M. Downing.....	Poughkeepsie.
North Dakota.....	Frank J. Thompson.....	Fargo.....	Edwin Shaver.....	Salisbury.
Ohio.....	T. G. Fitzsimons.....	Cleveland.....	E. A. Taylor.....	
Oklahoma.....	Leo Vincent.....	Guthrie.....	Walter S. Payne.....	Festoria.
Oregon.....	John C. Young.....	Portland.....		
Pennsylvania.....	J. Ed Leslie.....	McKeesport.....	C. M. Welster.....	Portland.
Rhode Island.....			Charles R. Jones.....	Philadelphia.
South Dakota.....	L. M. R. Tabbrook.....	Sioux Falls.....	James A. Williams.....	Providence.
Tennessee.....	J. P. Buchanan.....	Nashville.....	J. A. Lucas.....	Sioux Falls.
Texas.....	J. S. Bradley.....	Dallas.....	James A. Tate.....	Payetteville.
Utah.....	H. Lawrence.....	Salt Lake City.....	E. A. Wingo.....	Will's Point.
Vermont.....	J. L. Bowen.....	Barret.....		
Virginia.....	J. H. Johnson.....	Belona.....	F. H. Shepard.....	Fair Haven.
Washington.....	F. R. Baker.....	Tacoma.....	W. T. Burdick.....	Onancock.
West Virginia.....	Z. M. Cochran.....	Parkersburg.....	R. S. Green.....	Seattle.
Wisconsin.....	Robert Schilling.....	Milwaukee.....	J. H. Hall.....	Mountsville.
Wyoming.....	L. C. Tidball.....	Sheridan.....	J. E. Clayton.....	Milwaukee.

## NATIONAL LIBERTY PARTY.

STATE.	Chairman.	Residence.	Secretary.	Residence.
Alabama.....	Vacant.			
Arizona.....	Vacant.			
Arkansas.....	Alex McKnight.....	Arkadelphia.....	Z. A. Clark.....	Arkadelphia.
California.....	George D. Kellog.....	Newcastle.....	C. A. Tupper.....	San Jose.
Colorado.....	William P. Herrick.....	Denver.....	Geo. L. Kimball.....	Denver.
Connecticut.....	Vacant.			
Delaware.....	Charles F. Fisher.....	Drawbridge.....	Mrs. Anna Fisher.....	Drawbridge.
Florida.....	Vacant.			
Georgia.....	J. F. Browne.....	Midland.....		
Idaho.....	Vacant.			
Illinois.....	J. W. Wells.....	Palos.....	Henry H. Roser.....	Chicago.
Indiana.....	W. D. Wattles.....	Reynolds.....	W. V. King.....	Franklin.
Iowa.....	B. F. Wright.....	Charles City.....	Geo. P. Wilson.....	Charles City.
Kansas.....	Vacant.			
Kentucky.....	J. W. Sawyer.....	Louisville.....	Chas. Stoner.....	Louisville.
Louisiana.....	Vacant.			
Maine.....	Vacant.			
Maryland.....	A. G. Eichelberger.....	Baltimore.....	W. Frank Mitchell.....	Towson.
Massachusetts.....	C. E. Burnham.....	Worcester.....	J. A. Nichols.....	Pawtucket.
Michigan.....	H. A. Reynolds.....	Pontiac.....	W. B. Hatch.....	Detroit.
Minnesota.....	T. W. Davis.....	Minneapolis.....	A. P. Person.....	Minneapolis.
Mississippi.....	Vacant.			
Missouri.....	D. Ward King.....	Maitland.....	W. F. Crigler.....	Nevada.
Montana.....	Wilder Nutting.....	Butte.....		
Nebraska.....	Charles E. Bentley.....	Lincoln.....	R. A. Hawley.....	Lincoln.
Nevada.....	Vacant.			
New Hampshire.....	Charles F. Drury.....	Bath.....	Geo. W. Barnard.....	Clermont.
New Jersey.....	G. H. Strobell.....	Newark.....	D. D. Tower.....	Millville.
New Mexico.....	Vacant.			
New York.....	T. W. Organ.....	New York city.....		
North Carolina.....	W. H. Rogers.....	Durham.....	P. W. Rogers.....	Durham.
North Dakota.....	Vacant.			
Ohio.....	J. W. Sharp.....	Mansfield.....	W. E. Crayton.....	Lima.
Oklahoma.....	Vacant.			
Oregon.....	Vacant.			
Pennsylvania.....	D. G. Hendricks.....	Chester.....	Harriet M. Kent.....	Swarthmore.
Rhode Island.....	E. P. Burfee.....	Arlington.....	David Woodcock.....	Providence.
South Carolina.....	Vacant.			
South Dakota.....	Vacant.			
Tennessee.....	C. L. Brewer.....	Lansing.....		
Texas.....	Ed. S. Rogers.....	Hillsboro.....		
Utah.....	Vacant.			
Vermont.....	D. A. Kneeland.....	Waitsfield.....		
Virginia.....	Vacant.			
Washington.....	W. H. Glistrap.....	Tacoma.....	S. T. Rice.....	
West Virginia.....	W. C. Henson.....	Lewiston.....		
Wisconsin.....	A. R. Buckman.....	Norrie.....	Mrs. W. E. Thompson.....	Milwaukee.

## CHAIRMEN OF COUNTY COMMITTEES-ILLINOIS.

COUNTY.	REPUBLICAN.		DEMOCRATIC.	
	Name.	Address.	Name.	Address.
Adams.....	Wm. Summershille.	Quincy.....	G. W. Montgomery..	Clayton.
Alexander.....	Walter Warder.....	Calro.....	S. B. Carey.....	Calro.
Bond.....	J. J. Sutton.....	Greenville.....	M. M. Sharp.....	Greenville.
Boone.....	Maj. C. B. Loup.....	Belvidere.....	C. N. Smith.....	Belvidere.
Brown.....	Dr. J. C. McKinnis..	Mount Sterling.....	Geo. E. Richardson..	Mount Sterling.
Bureau.....	C. J. McManis.....	Princeton.....	G. Wilkison.....	Princeton.
Calhoun.....	H. C. Long.....	Bellerive.....	T. J. Selby.....	Hardin.
Carroll.....	W. S. Cowan.....	Shannon.....	Wm. Hogan.....	Lanark.
Cass.....	C. E. Jones.....	Beardstown.....	John Birken.....	Virginia.
Champaign.....	F. K. Robeson.....	Champaign.....	Jas. W. Orr.....	Champaign.
Christian.....	J. B. Smith.....	Taylorville.....	Henry Jayne.....	Taylorville.
Clark.....	Dr. W. L. Athon.....	Marshall.....	Wm. Lee.....	Casey.
Clay.....	J. M. Tanner.....	Louisville.....	Chas. L. Farris.....	Louisville.
Clinton.....	William H. Morris..	Carlyle.....	Jno. J. McGaffigan..	Carlyle.
Coles.....	F. E. Blankenbaker..	Charleston.....	B. D. Farris.....	Mattoon.
Cook.....	John M. Smyth.....	Chicago.....	Thos. Cahlan.....	Chicago.
Crawford.....	A. H. Jones.....	Robinson.....	A. L. Lowe.....	Robinson.
Cumberland.....	M. A. Ewing.....	Neoga.....	Lyle Decius.....	Toledo.
DeKalb.....	Wm. Jackson.....	Shubboum.....	B. B. Smiley.....	Malta.
DeWitt.....	W. M. Booth.....	Clinton.....	Fred Hall.....	Clinton.
Douglas.....	James Jones.....	Tuscola.....	Isaac D. Urquhart..	Tuscola.
DuPage.....	J. H. Ashley.....	Whendon.....	Jno. W. Leonard.....	Whendon.
Edgar.....	H. D. Lathilde.....	Paris.....	H. S. Tanner.....	Paris.
Edwards.....	H. J. Strawn.....	Albion.....	Fred Beehan.....	West Salem.
Effingham.....	R. F. Lawson.....	Effingham.....	Henry B. Wernsling..	Effingham.
Egypte.....	John A. Bingham..	Vandalia.....	Geo. F. Sherry.....	Vera.
Ford.....	F. L. Cook.....	Benton.....	B. F. Holder.....	Gibson City.
Franklin.....	C. A. Aiken.....	Farmington.....	A. M. Browne.....	Benton.
Fulton.....	E. M. Ross.....	Ridgway.....	M. P. Rice.....	Shawneetown.
Gallatin.....	E. Mills.....	Carrollton.....	Jno. McKelligott.....	Whitehall.
Greene.....	E. A. Eldred.....	Morris.....	Jno. E. Greer.....	Morris.
Grundy.....	C. M. Stephen.....	McLeansboro.....	E. L. Clover.....	McLeansboro.
Hamilton.....	T. M. Eckley.....	Carthage.....	P. L. McNabb.....	Carthage.
Hancock.....	J. Mack Sholl.....	Elizabethtown.....	Chas. Wiseman.....	Elizabethtown.
Hardin.....	Vol. Farrell.....	Oquawka.....	W. R. Martin.....	Oquawka.
Henderson.....	E. A. Hall.....	Genesee.....	A. M. Thornton.....	Kewanee.
Henry.....	A. Leiberknecht.....	Waseka.....	J. H. Mulligan.....	Waseka.
Iroquois.....	S. Arnold.....	Murphyboro.....	M. C. Crangle.....	Rockdale.
Jackson.....	Thos. Johns, Jr.....	Newton.....	W. A. Schwartz.....	Newton.
Jasper.....	Edward A. Ebert.....	Mount Vernon.....	I. D. Shanahan.....	Mount Vernon.
Jefferson.....	Gen. C. W. Pavey.....	Jerseyville.....	C. R. Keller.....	Jerseyville.
Jersey.....	W. S. Pittman.....	Galena.....	Cosmos Keller.....	Galena.
Jo Daviess.....	Maj. Geo. S. Avery..	Vienna.....	M. H. Cleary.....	Vienna.
Johnson.....	W. G. Smith.....	Aurora.....	G. L. Stout.....	Batavia.
Kane.....	F. G. Hanchett.....	Mainteno.....	John Miller.....	Kankakee.
Kankakee.....	F. S. Breen.....	Yorkville.....	J. C. Dolan.....	Oswego.
Kendall.....	W. R. Newton.....	Galesburg.....	Col. J. D. Russell.....	Galesburg.
Knox.....	M. O. Williamson..	Waukegan.....	M. J. Dougherty.....	Waukegan.
Lake.....	W. C. Upton.....	Streator.....	D. A. Grady.....	Ottawa.
Lake.....	F. M. Ryan.....	Lawrenceville.....	Louis Hess.....	Lawrenceville.
Lawrence.....	D. A. Fish.....	Paw Paw.....	Frank C. Moore.....	West Brooklyn.
Lee.....	Dr. T. H. Stetler.....	Pontiac.....	Harry L. Fordham..	Pontiac.
Livingston.....	J. E. Morrow.....	Lincoln.....	R. S. McIlhenny.....	Lincoln.
Logan.....	T. M. Harris.....	Decatur.....	T. T. Beach.....	Decatur.
Macou.....	R. P. Lytle.....	Girard.....	H. M. Bragg.....	Carlinville.
Macoupin.....	Col. S. McKnight.....	Troy.....	J. W. Lampkin.....	Mitchell.
Madison.....	I. W. Cook.....	Salem.....	M. J. Link.....	Salem.
Marion.....	C. L. McMackin.....	Lacon.....	S. J. Smith.....	Lacon.
Marshall.....	O. C. DeVoe.....	Bavana.....	R. M. Barnes.....	Mason City.
Mason.....	O. H. Harpam.....	Metropolis.....	A. M. Bird.....	Metropolis.
Massac.....	Dr. J. T. Willis.....	Macomb.....	Louis Valley.....	Macomb.
McDonough.....	H. C. Agnew.....	Woodstock.....	W. A. Compton.....	Woodstock.
McHenry.....	L. T. Hoy.....	Bloomington.....	J. D. Donovan.....	Bloomington.
McLean.....	R. A. Russell.....	Petersburg.....	Jno. F. Wright.....	Petersburg.
Menard.....	Geo. W. Hatch.....	Aledo.....	H. M. Levering.....	Viola.
Mercer.....	J. A. Cummins.....	Harrisonville.....	A. M. Pinkerton.....	Waterloo.
Montgomery.....	J. G. Schneider.....	Jacksonville.....	Dr. J. S. Sennott.....	Hillsboro.
Morgan.....	C. A. Ramsay.....	Bethany.....	T. M. Jett.....	Jacksonville.
Moultrie.....	Geo. L. Merrill.....	Polio.....	Warren Case.....	Sullivan.
Moultrie.....	J. A. Freeland.....	Pinckneyville.....	Wm. Kirkwood.....	Rockelle.
Ogle.....	M. E. Schroyer.....	Deland.....	M. L. Kuttiger.....	Pinckneyville.
Peoria.....	Dr. Geo. A. Zeller.....	Pittsfield.....	Col. Jno. Warner.....	Monticello.
Perry.....	Dr. H. P. Hunsinger..	Goldconda.....	Chas. D. Kane.....	Pittsfield.
Platt.....	W. M. Dewees.....	Mound City.....	Wm. E. Krebs.....	Goldconda.
Pike.....	A. G. Crawford.....	Florida.....	W. H. Crow.....	Mound City.
Pope.....	A. W. Walker.....		H. B. Pierce.....	Flint.
Pulaski.....	E. W. McClelland..		C. H. Wehrenberg.....	
Putnam.....	J. B. Albert.....		W. A. Kays.....	

## ILLINOIS COUNTY COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

COUNTY.	Name.	Address.	Name.	Address.
Randolph.....	W. R. McKenzie.....	Chester.....	Frank Moore.....	Sparta.....
Richland.....	Aden Knapp.....	Olney.....	George Bowby.....	Olney.....
Rock Island.....	W. F. Enston.....	Moline.....	Wm. Moore.....	Moline.....
Sullivan.....	W. I. Reynolds.....	Harrisburg.....	A. G. Abney.....	Harrisburg.....
Sangamon.....	J. Otis Humphrey.....	Springfield.....	W. G. Murray.....	Springfield.....
Schuyler.....	F. A. Warden.....	Rushville.....	Jno. Neill.....	Rushville.....
Scott.....	J. B. Mayer.....	Winchester.....	G. W. Bowman.....	Alsos.....
Shelby.....	J. C. Wottervelt.....	Shelbyville.....	C. W. Steward.....	Shelbyville.....
Stark.....	J. G. Fuller.....	Reolville.....	F. R. Jacobs.....	Wyonong.....
St. Clair.....	Charles Becker.....	Rockville.....	M. W. Schaefer.....	Rockville.....
Stephenson.....	Gen. S. D. Atkins.....	Freeport.....	H. F. Thompson.....	Keok.....
Tazewell.....	O. A. Kuhl.....	Pekin.....	John L. Smith.....	Pekin.....
Union.....	L. T. Linnell.....	Cobden.....	H. R. Buckingham.....	Alto Pass.....
Vermilion.....	W. R. Jewell.....	Danville.....	Geo. R. Litten.....	Danville.....
Walash.....	Antone Sprueth.....	Mount Carmel.....	Jas. E. Inskeep.....	Mount Carmel.....
Warren.....	C. A. McLaughlin.....	Monmouth.....	F. Regnier.....	Monmouth.....
Washington.....	H. J. Schmidt.....	Nashville.....	Wm. McCracken.....	Nashville.....
Wayne.....	Col. T. W. Scott.....	Fairfield.....	Adam Rindard.....	Fairfield.....
White.....	Jasper Partridge.....	Carroll.....	L. L. Staley.....	Carroll.....
Whiteale.....	F. D. Ramsey.....	Marion.....	A. W. Bastian.....	Fulton.....
Will.....	H. M. Sharpy.....	Joliet.....	Dr. M. W. Cushing.....	Joliet.....
Williamson.....	Wm. Hendrickson.....	Marion.....	W. T. Davis.....	Marion.....
Winnebago.....	E. H. Marsh.....	Rockford.....	Chas. W. Ferguson.....	Rockford.....
Woodford.....	C. F. Brown.....	Rockford.....	Thos. Cribben.....	El Paso.....

COUNTY.	PEOPLE'S.		PROHIBITION.	
	Name.	Address.	Name.	Address.
Adams.....	H. J. Parker.....	Clayton.....	J. M. Rudy.....	Camp Point.....
Alexander.....	Thomas O'Shea.....	Calro.....	M. Easterday.....	Calro.....
Bond.....	L. S. Neeley.....	Pierson.....	J. McCracken.....	Rego.....
Boone.....	S. D. Nokes.....	Mount Station.....	V. I. Clark.....	Belydere.....
Brown.....	Clarence Gibbons.....	Princeton.....	W. B. Riggs.....	Mount Sterling.....
Bureau.....	George W. Long.....	Bellevue.....	O. L. Dayton.....	Trinceton.....
Calhoun.....	H. S. Dressbach.....	Lanark.....	A. C. Wilson.....	Richtown.....
Carroll.....	George W. Leeper.....	Chandlerville.....	J. Zook.....	Mount Carroll.....
Cass.....	C. W. Ebert.....	Owango.....	M. H. White.....	Virginia.....
Champaign.....	S. S. Dixon.....	Casey.....	J. B. McKinley.....	Champaign.....
Christian.....	Dr. J. M. Boyles.....	Louisville.....	Isaac Lawson.....	Mount Auburn.....
Clark.....			C. C. Foucher.....	Casey.....
Clay.....			T. C. Hamilton.....	Flora.....
Clinton.....				
Coles.....			J. A. Clements.....	Charleston.....
Cook.....	H. S. Taylor.....	Chicago.....	John H. Hill.....	Chicago.....
Crawford.....	John D. Trimble.....	Trimble.....	W. C. Swartz.....	Robinson.....
Cumberland.....	Thomas Ratcliff.....	Jewett.....	I. K. Dillon.....	Greenup.....
DeKalb.....	C. R. Gideon.....	Clinton.....	M. B. Barber.....	DeKalb.....
DeWitt.....	T. Z. Magarrellis.....	Tuscola.....	E. R. Rohr.....	Clinton.....
Douglas.....			John Lindsey.....	Tuscola.....
DuPage.....			E. C. Guild.....	Wheaton.....
Edgar.....	T. J. Davis.....	Paris.....	W. E. Thompson.....	Paris.....
Edwards.....	Charles Clark.....	Alden.....	J. T. Drury.....	Bone Gap.....
Efingham.....	C. M. Wilson.....	Eberle.....	Henry B. Kopley.....	Efingham.....
Essex.....	J. M. Huston.....	Vandalia.....	L. L. Clayton.....	Vandalia.....
Ford.....			Wm. Patton.....	Paxton.....
Franklin.....	Enoch Sommers.....	Akin.....	W. H. Carner.....	Geaton.....
Fulton.....	N. O. Campbell.....	Canton.....	J. McClelland.....	Astoria.....
Gallatin.....	H. T. Shain.....	Gossett.....	L. L. Orr.....	Promby.....
Greene.....			J. Kaser.....	Carrollton.....
Grundy.....	Andrew Jansen.....	Morris.....	Wm. A. Wallely.....	Morris.....
Hamilton.....	John P. Stelle.....	Dalrigren.....	J. N. Wilson.....	McLeansboro.....
Hancock.....	Arch. E. McNall.....	Bowen.....	Reuben Cravens.....	Middle Creek.....
Hardin.....	J. N. Crusen.....	Rose Clair.....	C. R. Hine.....	Elizabethtown.....
Henderson.....			Marvin McKin.....	Disco.....
Henry.....	John Miller.....	Galva.....	C. A. Peck.....	Woodhull.....
Iroquois.....			G. H. Winters.....	Onarga.....
Jackson.....	Andrew Watson.....	Murphysboro.....	J. W. Winfrey.....	Carbondale.....
Jasper.....	J. M. Geddes.....	Newton.....	J. W. Honey.....	Newton.....
Jefferson.....	W. C. Blair.....	Mount Vernon.....	Chas. Yearwood.....	Mount Vernon.....
Jersey.....	J. M. Gibberson.....	Elsa.....	J. H. Belt.....	Jerseyville.....
Jo Daviess.....	John Crawford.....	Nora.....	L. M. Eade.....	Stockton.....
Johnson.....	J. W. Damsen.....	Vienna.....	R. W. Laughlin.....	Tunnel Hill.....
Kane.....			Thos. A. Elder.....	Geneva.....
Kankakee.....			J. C. Matier.....	Kankakee.....
Kendall.....			Alonzo Stanzel.....	Yorkville.....
Knox.....	J. T. Duke.....	Galesburg.....	E. H. Burridge.....	Abingdon.....
Lake.....	Con. Marble.....	Fox Lake.....	L. H. Morse.....	Libertyville.....
Lake.....	A. C. Crosswell.....	Streator.....	J. Thurner.....	Marseilles.....
Lawrence.....	George W. Emerick.....	Sumner.....	J. H. Fenger.....	Lawrenceville.....
Lee.....	Leslie Long.....	Sublette.....	Fred A. Lawton.....	Dixon.....

## ILLINOIS COUNTY COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

COUNTY.	Name.	Address.	Name.	Address.
Livingston.....	E. W. Pearson.....	Cayuga.....	C. H. Tuesburg.....	Pontiac.
Logan.....	D. L. Braucher.....	Lincoln.....	W. W. Houser.....	Lincoln.
Macoupin.....	D. A. Good.....	Beardsville.....	A. D. Bridgeman.....	Decatur.
Madison.....	Adolph Fuchs.....	Mount Olive.....	Wm. Nellis.....	Bunker Hill.
Marion.....	John Kramer.....	Collinsville.....	C. L. S. Brown.....	Edwardsville.
Marshall.....	I. E. Hodges.....	Sedar.....	C. Rohrbough.....	Kinmundy.
Mason.....	W. L. Heberling.....	Havana.....	Geo. M. Locke.....	Henry.
Massac.....	W. C. Armstrong.....	Metropolis.....	Jas. M. Winn.....	Forest City.
McDonough.....	Edward Burk.....	Macomb.....	J. F. Hight.....	Samoth.
McHenry.....			S. F. Gumbart.....	Macomb.
McLean.....			E. B. Smith.....	Ridgefield.
Menard.....	W. S. Bales.....	Petersburg.....	W. P. Allen.....	Bloomington.
Mercer.....	M. S. Campbell.....	Aledo.....	Calborn Hall.....	Petersburg.
Monroe.....	J. L. Nutter.....	Albion.....	H. N. Sellers.....	Aledo.
Montgomery.....	H. F. Mansfield.....	Hillsboro.....	John Anderson.....	Ames.
Morgan.....	Alex. Platt.....	Jacksonville.....	Arthur Ware.....	Rutler.
Moultrie.....	A. Huffman.....	Lovington.....	John Ware.....	Waverly.
Ogle.....			E. P. McMurray.....	Sullivan.
Peoria.....	W. H. Clark.....	Peoria.....	M. J. West.....	Leaf River.
Perry.....	H. Ahlers.....	Pyatt.....	D. R. Sheen.....	Peoria.
Platt.....			J. H. Spillman.....	Tamaroa.
Pike.....	Albert Fenton.....	Pittsfield.....	M. F. Scott.....	Bement.
Pope.....	H. M. Golden.....	New Liberty.....	Geo. Locke.....	Kinderhart.
Pulaski.....			J. D. Feezer.....	Ozark.
Putnam.....			N. C. Spaulding.....	Villa Ridge.
Randolph.....	Abraham Brown.....	New Palestine.....	Henry Gardiner.....	Florida.
Richland.....	Joseph Palmer.....	Noble.....	T. M. Smith.....	Marissa.
Rock Island.....	Louis Jahns.....	Moline.....	G. W. Morrill.....	Olney.
Saline.....	D. N. Anderson.....	Harrisburg.....	Byron Jordan.....	Orion.
Sangamon.....	S. P. V. Arnold.....	Springfield.....	W. R. Tate.....	Eldorado.
Schuyler.....	Enoch Edmondson.....	Rushville.....	Robert H. Patton.....	Springfield.
Scott.....	Matt Hoots.....	Alsey.....	J. N. Speed.....	Rushville.
Shelby.....	J. F. Christman.....	Shelbyville.....	Rev. Branch.....	Winchester.
Stark.....	W. W. Searl.....	Bradford.....	Samuel Wright.....	Shelbyville.
St. Clair.....	J. C. Harder.....	East St. Louis.....	H. J. Reynolds.....	Toulon.
Stephenson.....			Wm. Little.....	Belleville.
Tazewell.....	C. F. Grandall.....	Pekin.....	T. D. Wilcoxon.....	Freeport.
Union.....	S. H. Bundy.....	Dongola.....	D. W. Futerbaugh.....	Mackinaw.
Vermilion.....	J. M. McCabe.....			
Wabash.....	J. M. Scherrer.....	Mount Carmel.....	C. M. Easton.....	Danville.
Warren.....	L. H. Smith.....	Monmouth.....	W. H. Hughes.....	Mount Carmel.
Washington.....	John Smith.....	Nashville.....	J. J. Milne.....	Monmouth.
Wayne.....	E. M. Turner.....	Johnsonville.....	J. Jones, Jr.....	Nashville.
White.....	James Colbel.....	Norris City.....	J. A. L. Scott.....	Orchardville.
Whiteside.....	J. M. Pratt.....	Erie.....	Geo. M. Beck.....	Carmi.
Will.....	R. F. Kinne.....	Joli.....	S. F. Shirley.....	Rock Falls.
Williamson.....	William Ried.....	Marion.....	L. E. Ross.....	Joliet.
Winnebago.....	Charles Fargren.....	Rockford.....	F. M. Goodall.....	Marion.
Woodford.....	T. A. McCord.....	Roanoke.....	R. S. Snyder.....	Rockford.
			N. J. Wright.....	Eureka.

## SILVER REPUBLICAN PARTY.

COUNTY.	Members.	Address.	COUNTY.	Members.	Address.
Adams.....	A. J. Ketchum.....	La Prairie.	Effingham.....	A. M. Allen.....	Effingham.
Alexander.....	Wm. Davidson.....	Calro.	Fayette.....	J. G. Miller.....	St. Elmo.
Bond.....	Nath. Dresser.....	Reaver Crk.	Ford.....	J. B. Foley.....	Gibson City.
Boone.....	George Pierce.....	Palvidere.	Franklin.....	J. T. Burgess.....	Benton.
Brown.....	J. W. Curry.....	Mt. Sterling.	Fulton.....	Stephen Bogue.....	Vermont.
Bureau.....	N. C. Buswell.....	Neposet.	Gallatin.....	L. Rowan.....	Shawn's wn.
Calhoun.....	Greeley Edwards.....	Hamburg.	Greene.....	E. K. Williams.....	Carrollton.
Carroll.....	J. H. Carrough.....	Lanark.	Grundy.....	C. A. Finch.....	Verona.
Cass.....	E. C. Foster.....	Beardstown.	Hamilton.....	Joe McCullum.....	McLeansboro.
Champaign.....	E. W. Love.....	Urbana.	Hancock.....	M. Weinberg.....	Augusta.
Christian.....	H. C. Chapman.....	Taylorville.	Henderson.....	E. L. Moffet.....	Milroy.
Clark.....	Dr. J. Madison.....	Marshall.	Henry.....	F. W. Stillwell.....	Kewanee.
Clay.....	W. A. H. Coday.....	Clay City.	Iroquois.....	James Scott.....	Gilman.
Clinton.....	Maj. S. Johnson.....	Hury.	Jackson.....	O. P. Louden.....	Carbondale.
Coles.....	R. P. Hackett.....	Charleston.	Jasper.....	I. D. Shambart.....	Newton.
Cook.....	Jas. H. Teller.....	Chicago.	Hardin.....	Judge Hale.....	Kilbuck'n.
Crawford.....	J. B. Muchmore.....	Onlong.	Jefferson.....	Dr. W. Woodruff.....	Sheller.
Cumberland.....	J. P. Ewart.....	Greenup.	Jersey.....	W. W. Park.....	Grafton.
De Kalb.....	H. F. Dunlap.....	De Kalb.	Jo Daviess.....	John Hatch.....	Galesburg.
De Witt.....	Dr. J. W. Edmiston.....	Clinton.	Johnson.....	J. M. Brown.....	Vernon.
Douglas.....	H. A. Campbell.....	Benton.	Kane.....	S. N. Howser.....	Aurora.
DuPage.....	E. H. Prince.....	Bowen's Gr.	Kankakee.....	P. H. Hildreth.....	Kankakee.
Edgar.....	O. Jenkins.....	Paris.	Kendall.....	W. F. Wiley.....	Plano.
Edwards.....	W. A. Shelby.....	Maple Grove.	Knox.....	W. C. Holden.....	Galesburg.

## POLITICAL COMMITTEES.

77

## ILLINOIS COUNTY COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

DISTRICT.	Members.	Address.	DISTRICT.	Members.	Address.
Lake.....	R. S. Ferguson.....	Waukegan.	Pulaski.....	Dr. Crane.....	Beechwood.
Lansalle.....	Lawrence Plumb.....	Streator.	Putnam.....	A. C. More.....	Granville.
Lawrence.....	L. Barnes.....	Lawrencev'e.	Randolph.....	T. F. Alexander.....	St. Rita.
Lee.....	E. Chase.....	Amoy.	Richland.....	H. T. Watkins.....	Olney.
Livingston.....	C. C. Strawn.....	Pontiac.	Rock Island.....	E. H. Guyer.....	Rock Island.
Lt. Adams.....	Dr. Lawrence.....	Lincoln.	Saline.....	T. M. Pickett.....	Harrisburg.
Macon.....	Frank Ewing.....	Decatur.	Sangamon.....	Lincoln Duhal.	Springfield.
Macoupin.....	E. B. Whitman.....	Carlinville.		Dr. V. M. Taylor.....	Chatham.
Madison.....	Wm. Armstrong.....	Alton.	Schuyler.....	J. E. Wyand.....	Bushville.
Marion.....	B. F. Martin.....	Salem.	Scott.....	A. P. Grant.....	Winchester.
Marshall.....	A. Broadus.....	Lacon.	Shelby.....	Wm. Sturges.....	Shelbyville.
Massac.....	H. Westerman.....	Metropolis.	Stark.....	A. Y. Fuller.....	Wyoming.
Mason.....	A. D. Black.....	Mason City.	St. Clair.....	G. T. Thomas.....	Bellefille.
McDonough.....	Samuel Frost.....	Macomb.	Stephenson.....	Wm. E. Sibley.....	Freeport.
McHenry.....	A. J. Kingman.....	Woodstock.	Tazewell.....	A. G. Kingman.....	Farmout.
McLean.....	A. E. DeLange.....	Bloomington.	Union.....	Zach Grover.....	Bonana.
Menard.....	J. W. Cliney.....	Petersburg.	Vermilion.....	L. Doney.....	Fairmont.
Merced.....	A. B. Petrie.....	New Windsor.	Wabash.....	J. F. Harrington.....	Allendale.
Monroe.....	H. Miller.....	Bennett.	Warren.....	J. E. McDowell.....	Monmouth.
Montgomery.....	D. P. Brophy.....	Nokomis.	Washington.....	E. H. Fleno.....	Nashville.
Morgan.....	J. Caplanb.....	Woodson.	Wayne.....	C. C. Wilson.....	Fairfield.
Moultrie.....	Isaac Hudson.....	Sullivan.	White.....	Leonard Ward.....	Carroll.
Ogle.....	L. L. Orput.....	Rockelle.	Whiteside.....	C. L. Sheldon.....	Sterling.
Peoria.....	Geo. T. Gilliam.....	Peoria.	Will.....	A. S. Phelps.....	Juliet.
Perry.....	Al. A. Driemeler.....	Pinckneyv'e.	Williamson.....	Wm. Kiser.....	Dwina.
Platt.....	E. R. Snyder.....	Bement.	Winnebago.....	E. Conde.....	Rockford.
Pike.....	J. H. Watson.....	Barry.	Woodford.....	H. B. Dickenson.....	Eureka.
Pope.....	Jas. Bennett.....	Golconda.			

## STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEES.

## ILLINOIS.

## REPUBLICAN.

Headquarters—Chicago.  
 Chairman—Charles P. Hitch. Paris.  
 Secretary—James R. B. Van Cleave.  
 Treasurer—James H. Gilbert.

At Large—A. W. Berggren, Galesburg; I. C. Edwards, Peoria; John A. Sterling, Bloomington; E. H. Morris, Chicago; J. C. Buckner, Chicago.

## DEMOCRATIC.

Headquarters—Chicago.  
 Chairman—James W. Orr.  
 Secretary—Arthur C. Bentley.  
 Treasurer—M. F. Dunlap.  
 At Large—Geo. E. Brennan, Braidwood; B. J. Claggett, Lexington; Fred E. Eldred, city hall, Chicago; Ross B. Fuller, Charleston; Thos. Gahn, 4193 S. Halsted-st., Chicago; W. H. Hinrichsen, Jacksonville; Frank W. Havill, Mt. Carmel; Joseph P. Mahoney, 100 Washington-st., Chicago; Theo. Nelson, 4550 Forrestville-av., Chicago.

DISTRICT.	Members.	Address.	Members.	Address.
1st.....	T. N. Jamieson.....	Chicago.....	Alex. J. Jones.....	Chicago.
2d.....	Charles S. Deneen.....	Chicago.....	Thomas Byrne.....	Chicago.
3d.....	Ernest J. Magerstadt.....	Chicago.....	T. J. McNally.....	Chicago.
4th.....	Joseph E. Bidwill.....	Chicago.....	Thomas Cusack.....	Chicago.
5th.....	Adam Wolf.....	Chicago.....	T. F. Little.....	Chicago.
6th.....	William T. Ball.....	Chicago.....	Joseph S. Martin.....	Chicago.
7th.....	James Pease.....	Chicago.....	C. A. Williams.....	Chicago.
8th.....	Ira C. Copley.....	Aurora.....	D. J. Hogan.....	Geneva.
9th.....	H. O. Hilton.....	Rockford.....	Charles Nieman.....	Freeport.
10th.....	James McKinney.....	Aledo.....	A. W. Bastian.....	Fulton.
11th.....	Ralph F. Bradford.....	Pontiac.....	Daniel Heenan.....	Streator.
12th.....	E. W. Willard.....	Joliet.....	T. F. Donovan.....	Kankakee.
13th.....	Dr. L. S. Wilcox.....	Champaign.....	W. H. Purcell.....	Urbana.
14th.....	S. O. Spring.....	Peoria.....	F. J. Quinn.....	Peoria.
15th.....	W. H. Hainline.....	Macomb.....	T. J. Dudman.....	Macomb.
16th.....	Charles S. Kannels.....	Jacksonville.....	A. C. Bentley.....	Pittsfield.
17th.....	J. B. Smith.....	Taylorville.....	J. B. Ricks.....	Taylorville.
18th.....	Dr. R. F. Bennett.....	Litchfield.....	George F. Miner.....	Shelbyville.
19th.....	C. P. Hitch.....	Paris.....	H. B. Lee.....	Casey.
20th.....	John H. Miller.....	McLeansboro.....	E. C. Kramer.....	Fairfield.
21st.....	W. A. Stoker.....	Centralla.....	W. S. Matthews.....	Kinmundy.
22d.....	L. T. Linnell.....	Cobden.....	Reed Green.....	Calro.

## STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

## PEOPLE'S.

## Headquarters—Springfield.

Chairman—H. E. Taubeneck. Secretary—Chas. E. Palmer. Treasurer—S. P. V. Arnold.

Executive Committee—H. E. Taubeneck, Marshall; Chas. E. Palmer, Noble; S. P. V. Arnold, Springfield; Howard S. Taylor, Chicago; W. C. Blair, Mount Vernon; H. E. Baldwin, Joliet; N. M. Barnett, Hallsville; J. D. Hess, Pittsfield; Wm. Bryant, Mattoon.

MEMBERS.	Address.	MEMBERS.	Address.
James Lawder.....	Chicago.	S. W. Walker.....	Macomb.
F. W. Palmer.....	Chicago.	N. M. Barnett.....	Hallsville.
L. K. Davis.....	Englewood.	F. B. Bullard.....	Mt. Pulaski.
P. J. May.....	Chicago.	H. M. Gilbert.....	Geneseo.
J. J. Dean.....	Chicago.	Henry M. Miller.....	Waverly.
Geo. E. Beckwith.....	Chicago.	Robert Holloway.....	Alexis.
Geo. W. Whittle.....	Chicago.	J. F. Clark.....	Gillespie.
Geo. A. Mawman.....	Chicago.	S. West.....	Vanburen.
P. J. O'Reilly.....	Chicago.	M. P. Houston.....	Springfield.
Andrew Ashton.....	Rockford.	S. P. V. Arnold.....	Mattoon.
G. A. Ellington.....	Chicago.	Wm. Bryant.....	Decatur.
O. W. Barnard.....	Mattoon.	W. E. R. Keil.....	Salem.
Jas. P. Clark.....	Chicago.	D. F. Evans.....	Paris.
Chas. A. Keller.....	Carlin.	Geo. E. Zimmerly.....	Mt. Carmel.
Jno. G. Redmond.....	Carlin.	J. E. Sells.....	Flat Rock.
E. W. Pearson.....	Bloomington.	A. L. Maxwell.....	Mt. Vernon.
W. F. Lemme.....	Chicago.	W. C. Blair.....	Hamburg.
Francis H. Bowman.....	Chicago.	W. C. Thornton.....	Shiloh.
C. C. Glasco.....	Joliet.	T. J. Cross.....	E. St. Louis.
H. E. Baldwin.....	Carlin.	G. O. Purdy.....	Harrisburg.
J. F. Randolph.....	Mattoon.	D. N. Anderson.....	
Joseph A. Hoop.....	Ottawa.		

## PROHIBITION.

## Headquarters—Champaign.

Chairman—George W. Gere.

Secretary—James H. Shaw.

Treasurer—J. B. Hobbs.

DISTRICT.	Members.	Address.	DISTRICT.	Members.	Address.
1st.....	E. P. Gaston.....	Harvey.	12th.....	G. B. Winter.....	Onarga.
2d.....	Arthur Gurley.....	Chicago.	13th.....	George W. Gere.....	Champaign.
3d.....	H. J. Brubaker.....	Chicago.	14th.....	O. W. Stewart.....	MacMnaw.
4th.....	Alonzo E. Wilson.....	Chicago.	15th.....	L. F. Gumbart.....	Macomb.
5th.....	J. A. Ruth.....	Chicago.	16th.....	H. C. Tunison.....	Jacksonville.
6th.....	J. G. Battershill.....	Chicago.	17th.....	James H. Felter.....	Springfield.
7th.....	F. H. Booth.....	Chicago.	18th.....	J. T. Killam.....	Tower Hill.
8th.....	C. W. Bailey.....	Geneva.	19th.....	Hale Johnson.....	Newton.
9th.....	Mrs. Carrie Grout.....	Rockford.	20th.....	P. S. Pope.....	Benton.
10th.....	C. A. Peck.....	Woodhull.	21st.....	A. J. Meek.....	Marissa.
11th.....	Wm. Drummet.....	Eureka.	22d.....	Halleck Johnson.....	Villa Ridge.

## NATIONAL (GOLD) DEMOCRATIC.

## Headquarters—Chicago.

Chairman—Adams G. Goodrich. Secretary—R. E. Spangler. Treasurer—Theo. Oehne.

At Large—Henry S. Robbins, Chicago; Francis S. Peabody, Chicago; William Legner, Chicago; John F. O'Brien, Chicago; Ben T. Cable, Rock Island; William S. Forman, East St. Louis; James T. Hoblitt, Lincoln; Paul Kersch, Rock Island.

DISTRICT.	Members.	Address.	DISTRICT.	Members.	Address.
1st.....	Theodore Oehne.....	Chicago.	12th.....	Wilson S. Kay.....	Waukega.
2d.....	A. H. Champlin.....	Chicago.	13th.....	F. E. O'Neill.....	Champaign.
3d.....	Thomas Kerwin.....	Chicago.	14th.....	J. W. Hunter.....	Peoria.
4th.....	R. E. Spangler.....	Chicago.	15th.....	C. H. Williamson.....	Quincy.
5th.....	Joseph Schofield.....	Chicago.	16th.....	Edward Kuman.....	Jacksonville.
6th.....	Jacob Hopkins.....	Chicago.	17th.....	H. Schlenderman.....	Decatur.
7th.....	Henry Thwing.....	Chicago.	18th.....	W. B. Townsend.....	Shelbyville.
8th.....	Clinton Rosette.....	DeKalb.	19th.....	J. E. Parrish.....	Paris.
9th.....	James Sheehan.....	Galesa.	20th.....	R. J. Burns.....	Lewistown.
10th.....	Thomas Hardin.....	Fulton.	21st.....	Wm. H. Horine.....	Waterloo.
11th.....	P. C. Knight.....	Pontiac.	22d.....	David Lensen.....	Cairo.

## SILVER REPUBLICAN.

Headquarters—Chicago.

Chairman—C. C. Strawn. Secretary—F. D. Wood. Treasurer—J. S. Kendall.  
 At Large—H. V. Reed, Chicago; J. S. Monroe, Chicago; Judge A. Sample, Paxton; Hon.  
 S. N. Hoover, Aurora.

DISTRICT.	Members.	Address.	DISTRICT.	Members.	Address.
1st .....	Jas. H. Teller	Chicago.	12th .....	A. S. Phelps	Joliet.
2d .....	J. W. Wilson	Chicago.	13th .....	A. E. De Mauge	Bloomington.
3d .....	Dr. G. M. Emrick	Chicago.	14th .....	Geo. T. Gilliam	Peoria.
4th .....	Rev. E. B. Weeks	Chicago.	15th .....	J. E. Camp	Brooklyn.
5th .....	F. C. Wood	Chicago.	16th .....	John C. George	Barry.
6th .....	F. C. S. Kendall	Chicago.	17th .....	Dr. V. M. Taylor	Chatham.
7th .....	Rev. I. W. Higgs	Chicago.	18th .....	Edw. W. Dresser	Greenville.
8th .....	E. H. Prince	Downer's Gr.	19th .....	Dr. H. T. Watkins	Olney.
9th .....	G. W. Hamlin	Rochelle.	20th .....	W. B. Martin	Salem.
10th .....	Wm. Lyle	Kewanee.	21st .....	Geo. H. Clark	Cobden.
11th .....	C. C. Strawn	Pontiac.	22d .....		

## BANK CLEARINGS.

At 85 cities for eleven months of the years 1897-98, inclusive, as reported by "Bradstreet's."

CLEARING HOUSES.	1897.	1896.	1895.	CLEARING HOUSES.	1897.	1896.	1895.
Boston .....	\$4,627,736.67	\$4,069,881.02	\$4,333,320.09	St. Louis .....	\$1,294,067.95	\$1,015,007.81	\$1,115,220.04
Providence .....	243,920.00	232,300.00	235,258.00	Kansas City .....	422,917.10	433,751.68	472,810.20
Hartford .....	113,185.70	109,121.67	108,040.98	Fort Worth .....	55,489.51	59,397.98	67,425.51
New Haven .....	724,006.50	70,121.67	71,177.35	St. Joseph .....	61,751.79	59,108.68	63,733.17
Worcester .....	699,077.11	61,536.81	62,445.09	Topeka .....	24,421.19	18,775.21	20,497.74
Springfield .....	627,055.54	61,800.35	64,901.10	Webster .....	18,691.63	18,465.58	20,120.23
Portland .....	629,739.99	60,086.84	59,390.02	Waco .....	32,636.54	73,869.72	84,492.34
Fall River .....	330,074.17	39,087.79	36,539.95	Houston .....	218,941.65	219,617.15	234,986.42
Lowell .....	80,725.91	28,406.46	30,475.77	Galveston .....	251,327.00	229,856.15	242,342.65
New Bedford .....	289,675.83	21,720.30	20,528.15	Tot. S'w'n .....	1,806,308.12	1,632,417.05	1,779,886.52
Tot. N. Eng. ....	5,342,545.77	4,767,117.87	5,048,046.54	Baltimore .....	719,013.80	650,831.31	625,510.83
New York .....	20,826,745.16	20,214,835.35	20,631,366.86	New Orleans .....	556,783.18	414,306.63	429,661.14
Philadelphia .....	2,868,900.08	2,401,117.14	2,234,919.54	Savannah .....	113,657.65	111,314.70	108,359.37
Pittsburg .....	745,163.62	685,526.80	678,252.05	Richmond .....	104,264.65	102,400.65	109,473.25
Buffalo .....	1,042,144.01	930,415.01	944,735.78	Memphis .....	83,614.27	83,495.63	85,428.99
Rochester .....	729,077.33	71,571.68	73,639.35	Washington .....	88,570.21	87,791.24	87,767.30
Syracuse .....	450,076.51	45,457.71	46,916.74	Atlanta .....	63,579.62	61,519.48	67,619.54
Wilmington .....	324,006.54	42,206.45	33,674.96	Norfolk .....	42,135.19	43,657.14	45,575.26
Seranton, Pa. ....	396,100.01	38,231.24	35,233.51	Nashville .....	49,214.89	43,173.87	45,325.14
Scranton .....	153,070.00	16,047.50	16,169.30	Birmingham .....	18,703.13	18,748.60	17,992.89
Tot. Middle .....	33,899,647.36	30,202,553.71	31,239,044.74	Jacksonville .....	9,338.51	12,903.61	15,496.32
Cincinnati .....	567,017.50	531,859.75	506,230.80	Chattanooga .....	13,659.70	11,161.40	11,099.26
Detroit .....	273,717.08	272,670.10	292,005.75	Tot. S'e'n'n .....	1,633,116.02	1,553,978.96	1,632,151.52
Cleveland .....	296,573.61	274,760.67	271,540.84	San Francisco .....	680,135.68	621,508.80	629,704.57
Louisville .....	292,017.45	257,663.76	287,229.22	Denver .....	115,214.87	110,230.45	126,371.57
Indianapolis .....	212,082.00	185,796.80	191,351.68	Salt Lake City .....	69,939.59	60,020.85	64,488.17
Columbus .....	167,247.10	159,566.30	167,307.10	Portland .....	64,546.46	56,254.15	54,440.10
Grand Rapids .....	35,736.87	35,731.32	38,919.02	Low Angeles .....	56,420.11	51,221.27	55,108.94
Lexington .....	140,834.34	18,801.34	18,565.80	Seattle .....	31,208.49	25,088.57	23,497.15
Kalamazoo .....	128,022.22	12,646.36	11,397.62	Tacoma .....	25,725.62	24,296.79	20,300.50
Akron .....	130,276.63	11,869.08	12,045.34	Spokane .....	29,620.07	22,186.41	18,070.05
Bay City .....	91,215.11	11,880.15	15,073.09	Tot. Far-W'n .....	1,030,500.72	972,027.13	982,070.79
Springer Id., O. ....	764,659.00	9,032.47	8,301.77	Grand Total .....	51,011,429.32	46,001,101.04	47,944,530.54
Canton, O. ....	801,663.00	8,058.58	8,452.41	Outside New York .....	21,182,775.30	19,000,265.14	21,012,626.67
Tot. Western .....	1,934,708.51	1,759,981.32	1,926,057.22	Canada .....			
Chicago .....	4,096,017.97	4,019,322.87	4,195,580.26	Montreal .....	544,682.00	476,804.00	528,828.32
Minneapolis .....	361,782.74	351,365.16	381,061.82	Toronto .....	325,170.21	308,855.46	274,006.83
Milwaukee .....	225,741.84	212,860.22	224,191.02	Winnipeg .....	74,651.39	57,409.43	40,251.88
St. Paul .....	176,922.26	168,531.10	168,728.67	Halifax .....	58,040.65	55,689.42	55,678.18
Omaha .....	219,743.21	185,765.03	171,791.82	Hamilton .....	30,256.30	30,702.77	34,352.98
Peoria .....	7018.57	78,775.15	92,009.27	Tot. Canada .....	1,030,500.72	972,027.13	982,070.79
Des Moines .....	43,079.61	44,214.02	48,108.15				
St. Louis .....	288,063.6	22,763.87	26,176.86				
St. Paul .....	134,812.58	13,401.06	10,433.82				
Lincoln .....	9,341.00	9,615.51	9,233.43				
Rockford, Ill. ....	7,732.81	8,322.37	7,277.00				
Fargo, N. D. ....	3,011.46	3,015.78	3,124.06				
Sioux Falls .....	350,492.1	2,837.75	2,976.01				
Fremont, Neb. ....	430,763.4	5,812.26	5,982.67				
Hastings, Neb. ....							
Tot. N'w'n .....	5,271,051.65	4,742,015.59	5,239,412.91				

\*Not included in totals because they contain other items than clearings.

## THE ELECTORAL VOTE IN 1898.

The electoral vote as declared by congress Jan. 11, 1897, was as follows:

STATES.	PRESIDENT.		VICE-PRESIDENT.			STATES.	PRESIDENT.		VICE-PRESIDENT.		
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Hobart.	Sewell.	Watson.		McKinley.	Bryan.	Hobart.	Sewell.	Watson.
Alabama.....		11		11		Nevada.....		3		3	
Arkansas.....		8		5	3	New Hampshire.....	4		4		
California.....	8	1	8	1		New Jersey.....	10		10		
Colorado.....		4		8	1	New York.....	38		38		
Connecticut.....	6		6			North Carolina.....		11		5	6
Delaware.....	3		3			North Dakota.....	3		3		
Florida.....		4		4		Ohio.....	23		23		
Georgia.....		13		13		Oregon.....	4		4		
Idaho.....		3		2	1	Pennsylvania.....	32		32		
Illinois.....	24		24			Rhode Island.....	4				
Indiana.....	15		15			South Carolina.....		9		9	
Iowa.....	13		13			South Dakota.....		4		4	
Kansas.....		10		10		Tennessee.....		12		12	
Kentucky.....	12		12		1	Texas.....		15		15	
Louisiana.....		8		4	4	Utah.....		3		1	2
Maine.....	6		6			Vermont.....	4		4		
Maryland.....	8		8			Virginia.....		12		12	
Massachusetts.....	15		15			Washington.....		4		2	2
Michigan.....	14		14			West Virginia.....	6		6		
Minnesota.....	9		9			Wisconsin.....	12		12		
Mississippi.....		9		9		Wyoming.....		8		2	1
Missouri.....		17		13	4						
Montana.....		3		1	2						
Nebraska.....		8		4	4						
						Total.....	271	176	271	146	80

## DESTINATION OF IMMIGRANTS, 1897.

State.	Number.	State.	Number.
Maine.....	602	Indiana.....	1,058
New Hampshire.....	606	Illinois.....	12,067
Vermont.....	340	Michigan.....	3,334
Massachusetts.....	24,581	Wisconsin.....	2,472
Rhode Island.....	2,913	Minnesota.....	4,487
Connecticut.....	6,585	Iowa.....	2,234
Total.....	35,627	Missouri.....	1,777
		Total.....	34,022
New York.....	94,263		
New Jersey.....	10,248	North Dakota.....	1,090
Pennsylvania.....	33,525	South Dakota.....	650
Delaware.....	250	Nebraska.....	746
Maryland.....	2,111	Kansas.....	491
District of Columbia.....	273	Montana.....	678
Total.....	140,670	Wyoming.....	180
		Colorado.....	1,015
Virginia.....	187	New Mexico.....	155
West Virginia.....	311	Oklahoma.....	21
North Carolina.....	69	Indian Territory.....	86
South Carolina.....	36		
Georgia.....	264	Total.....	5,113
Florida.....	4,212		
Alabama.....	123	Washington.....	665
Mississippi.....	50	Oregon.....	815
Louisiana.....	2,321	California.....	4,825
Texas.....	1,872	Idaho.....	130
Arkansas.....	521	Utah.....	187
Kentucky.....	205	Nevada.....	132
Tennessee.....	449	Arizona.....	76
Total.....	10,580	Alaska.....	1
		Total.....	6,821
Ohio.....	4,583	Total United States.....	239,832

## STATISTICS OF EDUCATION—1895-96.

(By Alexander Summers, Statistician of the U. S. Bureau of Education.)

Population, Enrollment, Average Daily Attendance, Number and Sex of Teachers in Common Schools.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Est. total population in 1896.	Pupils enrolled in common schools.	Per cent of population enrolled.	Average daily attendance.	TEACHERS.		
					Male.	Female.	Total.
United States.....	70,505,321	*14,879,078	20.37	9,747,015	19,096	209,059	400,325
North Atlantic Division.....	19,520,400	3,463,912	17.75	2,394,190	18,619	28,448	97,067
South Atlantic Division.....	9,667,000	2,000,214	20.68	1,250,885	31,196	24,353	45,119
South Central Division.....	12,747,200	2,680,538	21.10	1,704,984	51,328	27,300	59,318
North Central Division.....	24,827,541	5,510,463	22.19	3,809,542	54,042	123,880	177,922
Western Division.....	3,833,180	714,951	18.68	497,414	6,211	14,088	20,899
North Atlantic Division—							
Maine.....	655,600	134,140	20.46	91,912	11,268	15,518	16,786
New Hampshire (1894).....	380,000	62,437	16.66	42,030	290	2,107	3,197
Vermont.....	392,500	65,411	19.67	46,201	879	2,672	2,681
Massachusetts.....	2,547,000	424,353	16.63	321,685	1,078	11,197	12,275
Rhode Island.....	323,000	59,241	15.06	41,601	185	1,517	1,702
Connecticut.....	817,900	141,485	17.30	96,925	11,433	13,529	13,982
New York.....	6,722,000	1,176,074	17.50	772,054	5,421	28,389	33,820
New Jersey.....	1,716,000	280,330	16.33	175,895	779	4,911	5,620
Pennsylvania.....	5,947,000	1,120,441	18.84	802,737	8,796	17,968	26,764
South Atlantic Division—							
Delaware (1892).....	173,200	38,174	19.16	122,693	1,218	1,622	1,640
Maryland.....	1,159,000	219,262	18.93	123,227	1,106	3,510	4,616
District of Columbia.....	273,600	42,464	15.30	33,158	1,381	995	1,081
Virginia.....	1,697,000	362,133	21.34	269,828	3,763	5,174	7,855
West Virginia.....	849,300	215,665	25.40	141,081	3,828	2,626	6,454
North Carolina.....	1,793,000	370,920	21.04	231,725	4,294	3,591	7,885
South Carolina.....	1,256,000	232,337	18.50	170,201	2,028	2,419	4,447
Georgia.....	2,015,000	423,788	21.04	254,142	4,507	4,414	8,921
Florida.....	480,900	100,373	20.87	66,135	1,046	1,462	2,508
South Central Division—							
Kentucky.....	1,993,000	400,126	20.08	296,861	4,962	5,247	10,209
Tennessee (1896).....	1,857,000	478,125	25.75	338,330	5,157	3,756	8,913
Alabama.....	1,709,000	319,526	18.70	190,000	4,280	2,321	7,181
Mississippi (1895).....	1,431,000	350,615	20.66	202,083	3,617	4,208	7,855
Louisiana.....	1,234,000	164,317	13.32	115,816	1,391	2,146	3,567
Texas.....	2,973,000	616,563	20.70	440,249	6,815	6,402	13,217
Arkansas.....	1,270,000	296,575	23.34	171,918	4,391	2,282	6,673
Oklahoma.....	274,200	63,686	23.23	35,507	706	1,028	1,733
North Central Division—							
Ohio.....	3,855,000	820,562	21.28	597,925	10,306	14,875	25,180
Indiana.....	2,269,000	543,915	23.75	401,702	7,130	7,754	14,884
Illinois.....	4,580,000	898,619	19.93	681,625	7,057	18,859	25,416
Michigan (1895).....	\$2,241,941	479,984	21.26	324,622	3,654	12,379	16,013
Wisconsin.....	2,064,000	472,514	20.66	271,000	2,440	9,891	12,334
Minnesota.....	1,641,000	354,357	21.62	220,588	2,544	8,975	11,519
Iowa.....	2,098,000	553,052	26.01	345,242	5,614	22,507	28,121
Missouri.....	3,016,000	664,447	22.13	436,388	5,913	8,931	14,844
North Dakota.....	311,600	57,088	18.40	38,478	1,043	1,184	3,027
South Dakota (1894).....	401,800	80,026	21.93	164,500	1,398	3,448	4,816
Nebraska.....	1,111,000	272,310	24.52	174,817	2,710	7,398	10,008
Kansas.....	1,029,000	258,539	28.48	252,727	4,294	7,406	11,700
Western Division—							
Montana.....	209,800	28,876	13.77	19,443	228	770	956
Wyoming.....	99,700	11,583	11.62	17,700	106	380	465
Colorado.....	544,200	94,695	17.40	62,410	747	2,174	2,921
New Mexico.....	177,200	23,356	13.18	15,987	341	243	584
Arizona.....	78,300	12,889	16.45	7,641	113	211	324
Utah.....	258,500	66,710	25.82	45,658	493	692	1,185
Nevada.....	41,500	7,267	17.51	5,812	48	242	290
Idaho.....	143,400	32,560	22.71	24,256	262	465	727
Washington.....	479,700	90,113	18.79	63,212	1,184	2,061	3,245
Oregon.....	373,400	87,212	23.08	61,721	1,287	2,030	3,317
California.....	1,422,000	259,687	18.27	184,124	1,406	5,490	6,885

\*Including 880,400 secondary students in public high schools. †Approximately.

‡In 1894-95. §By state census. ¶In 1893-4.

## STATISTICS OF EDUCATION, 1895-96.—CONTINUED.

Average Number Days Taught in Common Schools, Salaries of Teachers, Number and Value of Schoolhouses, State and Local Taxation.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Average No. days schools were kept.	AVERAGE MONTHLY SALARIES.		No. of school- houses.	Value of public school property.	Raised from state taxes.	Raised from local taxes.
		Males.	Fe- males.				
United States.....	140.5	\$47.37	\$40.24	210,938	\$455,948,164	\$35,280,155	\$123,210,536
North Atlantic Division.....	175.5	61.18	44.81	43,548	178,386,323	12,566,921	47,750,880
South Atlantic Division.....	107.8	34.15	30.65	35,185	19,315,946	4,104,627	5,677,447
South Central Division.....	93	40.84	34.78	47,396	20,588,200	8,067,086	3,416,064
North Central Division.....	151.6	47.53	38.23	102,350	200,133,720	7,461,870	58,065,515
Western Division.....	142	60.03	52.87	12,519	37,323,285	3,219,600	8,770,622
North Atlantic Division—							
Maine.....	136	45.80	31.94	4,196	3,788,506	515,742	1,076,584
New Hampshire (1894-95).....	124.75	49.78	27.36	1,968	5,086,824	86,817	729,176
Vermont.....	154	38.68	26.72	2,256	1,000,000	88,258	706,520
Massachusetts.....	186	136.05	50.30	4,539	36,780,727	.....	11,636,863
Rhode Island.....	190	100.55	50.46	516	4,147,279	118,051	1,170,782
Connecticut.....	187.47	84.65	42.54	1,025	8,829,146	261,664	1,068,170
New York.....	175	172.67	152.17	12,027	60,333,126	3,748,741	15,141,044
New Jersey.....	184	85.03	48.13	1,703	11,328,227	2,166,240	2,683,708
Pennsylvania.....	159.6	44.78	38.28	14,620	48,143,088	5,491,422	12,578,024
South Atlantic Division—							
Delaware (1894-95).....	160	136.60	134.08	*497	904,426	76,000	4209,000
Maryland.....	182	148.00	140.40	*2,889	14,000,000	574,057	1,458,334
District of Columbia.....	182	111.62	109.00	114	3,260,000	.....	1,030,393
Virginia.....	119	40.95	26.91	6,977	3,070,010	915,430	813,300
West Virginia.....	111	.....	.....	5,475	3,227,141	330,985	1,210,976
North Carolina.....	155.4	25.38	21.40	6,033	1,063,165	705,166	15,288
South Carolina.....	71.4	25.44	22.41	4,103	746,676	484,311	83,323
Georgia.....	110.5	.....	.....	6,752	2,476,188	1,058,940	380,245
Florida.....	102	37.51	32.48	2,238	628,340	129,728	447,722
South Central Division—							
Kentucky.....	115	44.03	37.18	8,211	4,216,750	1,801,360	1,079,254
Tennessee (1894-95).....	92.4	131.88	126.18	7,212	3,692,505	1,240,176	(?)
Alabama.....	69.2	.....	.....	7,039	1,373,000	350,000	(?)
Mississippi (1894-95).....	105.4	81.70	26.55	6,264	1,696,055	925,500	176,256
Louisiana.....	105.8	34.67	30.95	2,894	1,900,000	315,452	498,565
Texas.....	92.8	66.71	46.48	10,126	7,284,184	2,820,751	801,623
Arkansas.....	69.68	32.77	29.55	4,440	1,679,538	400,549	698,650
Oklahoma.....	80	.....	.....	1,180	371,460	123,278	171,686
North Central Division—							
Ohio.....	166	42.00	39.00	13,072	40,175,975	1,741,646	9,941,618
Indiana.....	142.5	48.25	40.25	9,890	18,967,460	1,708,008	3,911,440
Illinois.....	157.9	59.75	50.65	12,632	43,765,475	1,000,000	13,133,810
Michigan (1894-95).....	158.2	46.17	35.09	7,835	16,766,882	570,081	4,461,855
Wisconsin.....	160	65.27	52.21	6,705	11,100,000	1,657,848	3,870,286
Minnesota.....	155.6	47.30	34.96	6,670	14,271,771	1,702,518	3,264,262
Iowa.....	160	38.28	32.25	13,695	15,967,425	.....	7,456,065
Missouri.....	140	40.50	42.50	10,075	15,032,062	696,802	5,006,683
North Dakota.....	105.5	40.29	34.84	2,022	1,926,420	151,964	604,903
South Dakota (1894-95).....	113.6	.....	.....	3,524	3,334,825	.....	1,006,968
Nebraska.....	138.9	44.53	37.58	8,720	8,779,700	110,000	12,000,125
Kansas.....	120	43.82	35.58	9,418	10,145,631	.....	5,331,408
Western Division—							
Montana.....	149.3	164.13	149.72	591	1,733,326	.....	677,301
Wyoming.....	140	58.04	45.89	306	428,700	.....	138,144
Colorado.....	159.7	161.07	153.74	1,654	5,826,477	.....	1,933,384
New Mexico.....	91	.....	.....	*492	264,430	.....	161,494
Arizona.....	136.8	72.90	60.26	*293	428,935	130,743	11,235
Utah.....	152	65.21	44.00	942	2,471,338	243,704	572,554
Nevada.....	147	97.77	62.10	225	208,414	10,021	75,232
Idaho.....	104	58.50	46.31	659	712,681	.....	255,619
Washington.....	80.2	44.56	38.14	1,800	4,807,413	.....	828,191
Oregon.....	1109	45.16	37.42	1,940	2,988,512	.....	997,640
California.....	174	80.19	65.42	3,528	17,100,184	2,764,868	2,517,828

\*Number of schools. †Approximately. ‡Not reported.

## STATISTICS OF EDUCATION, 1885-86.—CONTINUED.

Expenditures for Common-School Sites, Buildings and Furniture, for Teachers' Salaries and for Other Purposes.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Expended for sites, buildings, furniture, etc.	Expended for teachers' salaries.	Other expenditures.	Total expenditures, excluding payment of bonds.	Expended per capita of population.	Expended per pupil of average attendance.
United States.....	\$32,408,270	\$116,377,778	\$85,067,732	\$184,458,780	\$2.61	\$18.92
North Atlantic Division.	16,107,841	38,252,602	13,328,100	67,688,543	3.47	28.24
South Atlantic Division.	1,226,576	8,506,126	1,374,457	11,106,158	1.15	8.88
South Central Division.	1,208,681	10,898,412	1,187,408	13,294,446	1.04	7.41
North Central Division.	12,126,785	49,790,057	16,935,428	78,852,270	3.18	20.70
Western Division.	1,784,437	8,931,582	2,842,349	13,512,368	3.53	27.17
North Atlantic Div.—						
Maine.....	206,861	1,107,818	233,829	1,638,508	2.50	17.97
New Hampshire (1884-94).....	163,891	622,944	134,108	920,943	2.37	21.92
Vermont.....	189,371	569,069	279,287	1,037,727	3.21	23.08
Massachusetts.....	2,905,483	9,980,037	1,933,671	11,820,191	4.65	26.74
Rhode Island.....	508,435	884,935	235,219	1,628,589	4.14	39.06
Connecticut.....	516,692	1,748,475	531,664	2,796,831	3.42	28.86
New York.....	6,599,428	13,619,228	2,955,174	23,173,830	8.45	30.02
New Jersey.....	830,865	3,067,860	1,082,719	4,981,444	2.90	28.26
Pennsylvania.....	4,006,925	9,622,236	5,942,369	19,661,530	8.31	24.49
South Atlantic Div.—						
Delaware (1889-90)*.....	123,706	225,000	26,205	374,911	*1.63	13.99
Maryland.....	408,643	1,853,045	274,683	2,536,371	2.19	20.57
District of Columbia.....	168,388	714,367	169,804	1,052,559	3.79	32.67
Virginia.....	170,106	1,443,774	205,684	1,819,564	1.07	8.69
West Virginia.....	223,071	1,112,513	458,065	1,793,649	2.11	12.72
North Carolina.....	58,172	705,416	58,974	821,562	.46	3.53
South Carolina.....	28,180	458,788	44,890	532,858	.42	3.11
Georgia.....	125,285	1,486,423	75,191	1,686,909	.84	6.64
Florida.....	31,917	506,789	61,211	599,917	1.25	9.06
South Central Division —						
Kentucky.....	415,357	2,372,214	181,474	2,919,045	1.47	10.18
Tennessee (1894-95).....	124,401	1,321,379	134,114	1,589,894	.86	4.69
Alabama (1893-94).....	118,230	618,678	126,461	863,369	.39	3.58
Mississippi (1894-95).....	37,314	1,108,013	127,173	1,272,500	.89	6.24
Louisiana.....	130,928	803,151	322,519	1,256,598	1.02	10.90
Texas.....	256,346	8,401,054	376,378	8,981,778	1.34	9.08
Arkansas.....	127,031	1,064,394	51,591	1,243,016	.97	7.17
Oklahoma.....	95,028	216,509	63,698	375,235	1.33	10.26
North Central Division —						
Ohio.....	1,191,487	8,017,491	2,888,008	12,096,986	3.20	20.62
Indiana.....	\$1,586,531	4,707,391	*778,792	7,102,714	3.10	17.69
Illinois.....	2,542,701	9,668,945	2,640,485	10,291,121	13.55	23.77
Michigan (1894-95).....	976,440	3,063,082	1,488,481	5,528,003	2.87	19.60
Wisconsin.....	719,253	5,394,486	2,542,085	8,655,824	3.25	24.64
Minnesota.....	906,891	3,279,123	964,119	5,350,133	3.17	22.55
Iowa.....	716,945	5,216,287	1,901,712	7,834,944	3.78	22.88
Missouri.....	1,454,549	4,262,122	1,068,022	6,784,693	2.23	15.34
North Dakota.....	182,553	589,174	268,776	1,040,503	8.71	29.26
South Dakota (1894-94).....	181,940	914,048	588,972	1,684,960	4.21	30.97
Nebraska.....	378,431	2,261,407	773,357	3,413,195	3.04	19.31
Kansas.....	329,094	2,005,240	679,891	4,134,185	3.11	16.86
Western Division —						
Montana.....	208,769	418,841	120,566	748,176	3.54	38.22
Wyoming.....	29,118	163,329	28,948	321,395	2.12	27.45
Colorado.....	243,500	1,319,921	730,762	2,394,183	4.38	38.19
New Mexico.....	18,221	142,100	21,792	182,113	1.03	11.44
Arizona.....	23,416	152,438	84,135	319,989	2.73	28.00
Utah.....	142,142	515,829	100,559	758,530	3.29	18.61
Nevada.....	20,233	194,827	21,928	236,988	4.09	36.96
Idaho.....	32,828	214,728	44,801	392,357	2.07	12.33
Washington.....	140,079	780,169	516,240	1,436,588	2.97	32.55
Oregon.....	173,845	784,898	228,206	1,186,949	3.16	*19.40
California.....	610,416	4,231,481	899,932	5,801,759	4.08	31.51

\*Approximately. †Includes city of Wilmington, only. ‡Report incomplete.  
§In 1893-94. ¶In 1894-95.

## STATISTICS OF EDUCATION, 1895-96.—CONTINUED.

## Growth of the Common Schools.

YEAR.	Total populat'n.	Pupils enrolled.	Per cent of popula- tion en- rolled.	Average daily attend- ance.	TEACHERS.		Days in school term.
					Males.	Females.	
1870-71.....	*32,500,400	7,561,582	19.14	4,545,317	90,288	129,933	132.1
1874-75.....	*43,700,544	8,786,078	20.10	5,248,114	108,791	149,074	130.4
1879-80.....	50,156,833	9,547,505	19.67	6,144,143	122,795	163,798	130.3
1884-85.....	*56,321,368	11,389,024	20.27	7,297,529	121,762	204,154	130.7
1889-90.....	62,622,350	12,722,811	20.32	8,153,635	125,525	238,297	134.7
1890-91.....	*63,948,770	13,040,132	20.42	8,408,323	128,360	245,023	135.7
1891-92.....	*64,664,551	13,255,321	20.41	8,560,066	121,573	252,653	135.9
1892-93.....	*65,259,130	13,485,440	20.54	8,637,139	123,472	260,278	136.3
1893-94.....	*65,964,550	13,685,567	20.56	8,683,350	125,402	263,547	136.5
1894-95†.....	*67,148,560	14,201,753	20.65	9,387,507	128,376	267,951	141.4
1895-96†.....	*70,389,321	14,579,078	20.57	9,747,015	130,368	269,959	140.5

YEAR.	School- houses.	Value of schol. property.	Paid for teachers' salaries.	Total expendi- tures.	Expended per capita of popu- lation.	Expended per pupil.
1870-71.....	132,119	\$14,818,708	\$4,596,353	\$80,107,812	\$1.75	\$15.20
1874-75.....	157,364	18,014,096	51,721,250	88,504,007	1.91	15.91
1879-80.....	178,222	20,571,718	55,942,972	78,024,897	1.56	12.71
1884-85.....	205,315	20,548,336	72,934,961	100,328,375	1.95	15.12
1889-90.....	225,561	24,550,791	91,846,484	140,006,715	2.21	17.23
1890-91.....	225,561	24,550,791	91,846,484	140,006,715	2.21	17.23
1891-92.....	228,833	26,167,739	100,228,256	156,817,012	2.40	18.30
1892-93.....	234,013	26,167,739	100,228,256	161,171,057	2.48	18.54
1893-94.....	238,423	26,238,256	100,228,256	172,502,843	2.53	18.62
1894-95†.....	237,416	26,077,150	112,694,374	178,215,534	2.59	18.98
1895-96†.....	240,983	26,077,150	116,877,778	184,453,780	2.61	18.93

\*Estimated. †The figures for 1894-95 and 1895-96 are subject to correction.

## Common School Statistics of the Southern States Classified by Race, 1895-96.

STATE.	ESTIMATED NO. PERSONS 5 TO 18 YEARS.		PUPILS EN- ROLLED.		AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE.		NUMBER OF TEACHERS.	
	White.	Colored.	White.	Colored.	White.	Colored.	White.	Colored.
Alabama.....	328,700	281,600	*198,710	*120,816	*121,300	*79,100	4,831	2,350
Arkansas.....	326,700	126,700	218,299	78,276	128,460	44,488	5,225	1,448
Delaware (1891-92)...	89,850	8,980	28,316	4,658	*19,746	*2,947	734	106
District of Columbia.....	44,490	24,440	27,280	15,175	20,856	11,205	698	348
Florida.....	89,130	70,670	63,586	86,787	41,962	21,143	1,929	679
Georgia.....	369,000	346,300	238,516	176,270	151,896	99,246	5,808	3,053
Kentucky.....	557,400	95,400	337,618	62,508	247,203	30,658	8,737	1,482
Louisiana.....	203,400	216,700	98,400	65,917	70,373	44,943	2,576	961
Maryland.....	263,900	75,900	179,108	39,634	103,798	19,639	3,892	724
Mississippi (1894-95)...	212,700	309,400	162,830	147,785	99,048	104,765	4,391	8,264
Missouri.....	881,200	53,800	631,857	32,930	*415,368	*21,030	14,114	730
North Carolina.....	389,700	233,700	244,376	191,544	155,869	98,921	5,170	2,745
South Carolina.....	174,300	292,200	109,159	123,178	78,391	91,810	2,668	1,759
Tennessee (1894-95)...	475,100	160,300	377,628	100,499	270,982	67,848	7,048	1,865
Texas.....	800,500	245,500	481,419	135,149	349,913	100,386	10,470	2,747
Virginia.....	338,700	241,000	240,856	121,777	141,825	67,703	6,330	2,097
West Virginia.....	274,300	11,200	205,435	7,230	136,614	4,467	6,219	235
Totals.....	5,768,680	2,794,240	3,811,300	1,428,713	2,558,695	846,994	91,049	26,439
Totals (1889-90).....	5,132,948	2,510,847	3,402,420	1,246,969	2,165,249	813,710	78,903	24,072

\*Approximately. †United States census.

## STATISTICS OF HIGHER EDUCATION, 1895-96.

Instructors and Students in the Public and Private Normal Schools of the United States.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	PUBLIC NORMAL SCHOOLS.					PRIVATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.				
	Number.	Teachers of normal students.		Students in normal courses.		Number.	Teachers of normal students.		Students in normal courses.	
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
United States.....	160	709	951	11,922	23,459	169	539	415	10,472	10,306
North Atlantic Division.....	27	296	500	4,691	12,438	11	45	58	412	671
South Atlantic Division.....	23	55	64	896	2,624	33	78	109	928	1,473
South Central Division.....	26	69	66	1,273	1,884	41	107	88	1,823	1,721
North Central Division.....	41	223	255	4,437	9,230	72	279	140	6,921	5,838
Western Division.....	13	66	66	625	2,302	7	30	20	388	601
North Atlantic Division—										
Maine.....	6	12	22	191	646	2	1	3	70	89
New Hampshire.....	1	4	8	1	90					
Vermont.....	3	4	14	46	311					
Massachusetts.....	9	31	62	70	1,177	3	3	14		172
Rhode Island.....	1	3	7	2	224					
Connecticut.....	4	7	47	9	544	1	2	10		31
New York.....	14	71	163	1,208	4,379	1	19	23	7	90
New Jersey.....	4	14	18	62	685					
Pennsylvania.....	15	147	162	3,102	4,382	4	20	8	335	280
South Atlantic Division—										
Delaware.....	1		1	20		1	2	1	13	8
Maryland.....	1	4	6	21	383	2	2	2	15	27
District of Columbia.....	2	2	10	10	82	1		2		20
Virginia.....	3	9	16	83	335	8	31	56	271	432
West Virginia.....	6	16	11	331	438	4	14	7	137	232
North Carolina.....	6	10	6	157	750	9	12	15	179	275
South Carolina.....	1	1	2	150		5	5	11	121	248
Georgia.....	2	7	10	140	310	4	3	5	93	110
Florida.....	2	6	2	83	96	4	9	7	99	101
South Central Division—										
Kentucky.....	2	3	8	33	110	10	21	12	498	383
Tennessee.....	3	12	10	218	212	10	26	21	529	533
Alabama.....	9	24	20	434	603	4	25	20	230	219
Mississippi.....	5	8	1	235	241	7	14	9	278	289
Louisiana.....	2	3	12	69	281					
Texas.....	1	5	11	119	301	7	14	18	187	210
Arkansas.....	3	9	1	76	40	3	7	8	111	83
Oklahoma.....	1	5	8	69	109					
Indian Territory.....										
North Central Division—										
Ohio.....	6	13	32	141	528	11	49	14	1,547	889
Indiana.....	3	19	12	420	652	10	46	38	1,917	1,392
Illinois.....	3	27	28	626	1,032	9	28	10	762	722
Michigan.....	3	24	25	220	771	4	5	7	177	834
Wisconsin.....	6	36	50	605	1,515	2	12	4	43	32
Minnesota.....	6	27	34	236	1,110	2	6	1	57	113
Iowa.....	4	20	14	408	875	16	47	31	737	849
Missouri.....	5	26	23	908	1,215	7	19	6	460	317
North Dakota.....	2	9	7	138	103					
South Dakota.....	2	5	14	120	304	1	5	4	64	40
Nebraska.....	1	5	5	45	75	4	33	13	583	657
Kansas.....	1	12	11	378	980	6	20	12	574	491
Western Division—										
Montana.....						1	2	1	10	13
Wyoming.....										
Colorado.....	1	11	8	97	323	1	4	4	15	171
New Mexico.....	1	2	2	13	40					
Arizona.....	1	2	2	58	77					
Utah.....						1	17	5	297	223
Nevada.....										
Idaho.....	2	6	2	26	67					
Washington.....	2	7	12	133	253					
Oregon.....	2	13	5	143	200	1	4		65	70
California.....	4	25	35	156	1,331	3	8	10	8	124

## STATISTICS OF HIGHER EDUCATION, 1905-06.—CONTINUED.

Instructors and Students in Public High Schools and in Private High Schools and Academies.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOLS.					PRIVATE SECONDARY SCHOOLS.				
	Number.	Secondary teachers.		Secondary students.		Number.	Secondary teachers.		Secondary students.	
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
United States.....	4,974	7,226	8,474	157,942	222,550	2,105	3,984	4,768	53,491	53,183
North Atlantic Div.....	1,185	1,825	2,105	48,295	65,468	671	1,758	2,000	21,634	19,297
South Atlantic Div.....	366	451	465	8,550	12,299	443	643	740	9,885	9,189
South Central Div.....	536	684	618	11,325	15,969	489	667	731	10,655	11,597
North Central Div.....	2,674	3,847	4,025	80,320	115,244	378	755	912	9,491	10,313
Western Div.....	215	419	465	8,816	12,604	126	191	263	2,407	2,872
North Atlantic Div.—										
Maine.....	120	131	136	3,092	4,077	35	68	80	1,551	1,500
New Hampshire.....	49	65	78	1,264	1,756	25	87	56	1,127	714
South Atlantic Div.....	51	50	87	1,203	1,604	26	57	83	1,159	1,058
Vermont.....	219	426	515	12,694	15,363	94	235	352	3,163	2,758
Massachusetts.....	14	50	60	1,111	1,628	11	24	48	354	344
Rhode Island.....	96	108	161	2,727	3,433	32	107	168	1,129	1,490
Connecticut.....	313	440	1,691	14,799	19,474	212	597	689	5,181	5,408
New York.....	73	121	216	3,025	4,728	70	204	250	2,411	1,516
New Jersey.....	250	433	464	8,227	13,656	145	469	301	5,513	4,359
Pennsylvania.....										
South Atlantic Div.—										
Delaware.....	13	15	24	492	625	3	8	11	119	146
Maryland.....	45	62	79	1,456	1,874	45	85	144	824	1,163
Dist. of Columbia.....	4	43	54	885	1,498	16	24	70	157	560
Virginia.....	75	75	110	1,657	2,170	87	138	127	1,689	1,478
West Virginia.....	22	26	30	320	646	18	29	33	405	475
North Carolina.....	14	15	14	337	432	14	138	124	5,669	2,169
South Carolina.....	61	66	72	373	1,104	38	44	57	701	504
Georgia.....	106	114	128	1,935	2,510	89	121	140	2,226	2,378
Florida.....	24	35	18	421	595	10	9	25	94	235
South Central Div.—										
Kentucky.....	58	84	82	1,679	2,255	81	123	108	1,705	2,013
Tennessee.....	93	115	75	1,839	2,204	114	161	129	2,700	2,428
Alabama.....	57	63	56	975	1,429	77	86	79	1,300	1,305
Mississippi.....	84	101	85	1,469	1,681	65	82	92	1,417	1,708
Louisiana.....	20	32	43	562	955	27	19	72	322	772
Texas.....	166	257	223	4,163	5,575	70	137	139	2,254	2,604
Arkansas.....	32	61	46	1,141	1,368	32	43	32	601	650
Oklahoma.....	3	8	5	74	129	2	2	3	17	37
Indian Territory.....	8	6	4	110	50	9	9	10	103	134
North Central Div.—										
Ohio.....	558	802	661	15,502	20,797	56	107	148	981	1,512
Indiana.....	315	507	518	8,117	10,887	22	37	75	541	664
Illinois.....	319	554	552	11,321	18,315	59	115	171	1,325	1,822
Michigan.....	241	367	581	9,834	13,547	17	28	65	481	684
Wisconsin.....	145	248	316	6,067	8,303	21	70	68	684	584
Minnesota.....	101	172	179	4,357	6,479	24	69	75	881	622
Iowa.....	323	403	391	9,875	13,680	38	75	75	1,165	1,661
Missouri.....	140	257	266	4,910	9,775	164	169	169	2,079	2,288
North Dakota.....	21	22	27	463	530	4	4	6	40	30
South Dakota.....	21	32	23	580	800	7	13	12	124	106
Nebraska.....	107	207	197	4,021	6,265	14	32	34	243	314
Kansas.....	168	230	199	4,112	6,065	21	46	42	530	485
Western Div.—										
Montana.....	16	17	26	590	650	3	6	6	85	85
Wyoming.....	5	4	10	109	164	2	2	4	18	28
Colorado.....	41	83	88	1,624	2,310	6	13	16	114	247
New Mexico.....	7	8	8	87	143	6	7	9	87	46
Arizona.....	2	6	1	46	71	1	1	1	1	1
Utah.....	2	12	9	221	350	14	25	22	614	535
Nevada.....	4	4	6	103	190	1	1	1	1	1
Idaho.....	7	10	5	102	141	3	5	2	77	63
Washington.....	81	47	49	980	1,300	14	15	29	206	294
Oregon.....	13	22	21	625	897	15	31	26	279	340
California.....	66	197	182	4,889	6,836	60	53	163	903	1,184

## STATISTICS OF HIGHER EDUCATION, 1896-97.—CONTINUED.

Universities and Colleges of Liberal Arts in the United States.

(Furnished by the U. S. Bureau of Education.)

STATE OR TERRITORY.	INCOME.		Libraries—Bound volumes.	Value of scientific apparatus.	Value of grounds and buildings.	Productive funds.	Benefactions.
	From tuition fees.	Total income, all sources.					
United States.....	\$6,685,097	\$17,918,174	6,453,677	\$15,998,780	\$118,101,655	\$109,562,433	\$8,842,728
North Atlantic Division....	3,026,349	7,471,370	2,984,474	7,382,891	46,531,952	58,137,482	3,006,850
South Atlantic Division....	569,985	1,502,202	697,303	1,317,491	13,684,637	8,585,712	297,948
South Central Division....	593,364	1,604,301	466,026	9,333	10,151,400	7,038,397	151,689
North Central Division....	2,259,293	6,132,383	1,998,432	5,151,488	37,842,148	80,122,009	3,755,186
Western Division....	246,183	1,307,908	307,440	1,551,574	9,896,520	5,658,834	561,205
North Atlantic Division—							
Maine.....	62,731	114,618	108,412	205,000	950,000	1,268,838	19,904
New Hampshire.....	34,091	52,689	73,000	100,000	600,000	1,076,622	.....
Vermont.....	10,512	100,444	67,077	200,000	784,890	1,123,000	.....
Massachusetts.....	700,816	1,676,255	698,310	1,416,000	7,598,000	13,573,624	804,389
Rhode Island.....	90,311	150,989	82,000	123,350	1,177,967	1,113,021	28,000
Connecticut.....	518,986	852,146	813,500	641,755	6,991,780	6,808,000	72,373
New York.....	877,328	2,576,396	834,731	2,883,352	15,557,745	21,986,091	1,003,755
New Jersey.....	73,500	313,500	221,159	720,400	2,580,000	3,750,000	1,353,000
Pennsylvania.....	615,225	1,606,488	598,285	1,104,034	10,523,400	8,661,294	824,229
South Atlantic Division—							
Delaware.....	1,582	28,362	7,590	44,056	32,200	83,000	.....
Maryland.....	177,112	255,067	171,500	381,906	2,008,868	3,062,000	15,796
District of Columbia.....	137,028	294,086	13,303	260,000	4,250,000	1,044,582	25,400
Virginia.....	124,367	340,262	150,700	199,250	2,408,000	1,941,838	86,282
West Virginia.....	7,000	82,598	14,465	79,000	495,000	114,780	.....
North Carolina.....	62,524	186,275	91,450	208,300	1,508,898	694,629	101,806
South Carolina.....	20,280	109,826	69,800	82,000	882,000	617,700	7,700
Georgia.....	20,557	117,048	62,250	70,175	1,678,000	892,368	31,065
Florida.....	12,705	79,678	15,750	27,804	364,885	324,800	1,000
South Central Division—							
Kentucky.....	68,966	215,209	68,044	125,400	1,118,400	1,358,877	32,750
Tennessee.....	189,912	494,143	150,550	331,875	8,852,000	2,280,455	50,665
Alabama.....	69,265	114,079	41,850	120,300	1,022,000	828,500	6,462
Mississippi.....	21,700	75,643	90,500	111,900	460,000	680,000	15,200
Louisiana.....	86,718	240,347	104,152	108,000	1,755,000	1,510,571	6,215
Texas.....	132,896	285,974	45,788	119,989	1,725,000	676,000	89,732
Arkansas.....	51,740	124,013	22,142	40,125	612,000	150,500	.....
Oklahoma.....	1,000	25,000	2,000	7,000	50,000	.....	.....
Indian Territory.....	6,202	8,868	1,050	1,250	87,000	1,614	1,765
North Central Division—							
Ohio.....	311,336	1,059,393	404,296	861,400	7,507,038	7,592,177	282,384
Indiana.....	237,773	436,050	157,840	344,000	4,047,422	1,977,643	100,000
Illinois.....	510,107	1,585,190	519,647	841,700	8,000,338	8,946,895	2,578,519
Michigan.....	232,807	662,246	948,387	722,000	2,111,738	1,601,292	4,722
Wisconsin.....	84,966	625,680	116,146	634,200	2,978,000	1,422,862	103,289
Minnesota.....	106,387	368,955	86,130	285,800	2,182,740	1,609,751	31,477
Iowa.....	200,170	387,405	148,670	363,772	2,506,765	1,513,171	96,438
Missouri.....	318,478	623,321	154,132	402,200	4,455,000	3,454,839	420,072
North Dakota.....	2,699	42,245	7,900	208,000	208,000	80,000	5,867
South Dakota.....	16,531	25,498	14,868	23,300	429,050	89,445	25,300
Nebraska.....	51,303	235,547	63,490	205,986	1,827,000	1,271,194	11,746
Kansas.....	117,739	270,337	92,521	247,900	1,731,000	556,000	51,961
Western Division—							
Montana.....	12,500	26,900	4,110	11,750	215,000	.....	8,000
Wyoming.....	316	40,826	3,382	50,000	150,000	.....	.....
Colorado.....	23,547	125,027	45,968	138,083	1,280,900	467,482	51,430
New Mexico.....	220	14,220	361	1,000	40,000	.....	.....
Arizona.....	.....	46,606	1,720	48,272	74,587	.....	.....
Utah.....	6,700	73,700	18,500	37,100	840,000	96,427	5,150
Nevada.....	.....	105,000	4,892	21,400	120,000	.....	.....
Idaho.....	108	41,902	3,500	25,000	125,000	5,461	100
Washington.....	35,735	128,305	21,622	44,610	862,000	45,000	46,800
Oregon.....	24,616	79,390	26,900	42,600	634,000	338,089	24,025
California.....	139,460	628,091	178,025	730,750	5,978,853	4,680,764	490,200

**STATISTICS OF HIGHER EDUCATION, 1895-96.—CONTINUED.**  
**Instructors and Students in Coeducational Colleges and Universities and in Colleges for Men Only.**

STATE OR TERRITORY.	No. of Institutions.	PROFESSORS AND INSTRUCTORS.		STUDENTS.								Total Income.
		Male.	Female.	Preparatory.		Collegiate.		Graduate.				
				Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.			
United States.....	481	7,396	1,558	32,122	14,892	52,794	15,835	3,762	911	\$17,978,174		
North Atlantic Division.....	79	2,234	103	5,601	653	18,971	2,077	1,551	225	7,471,370		
South Atlantic Division.....	70	818	154	3,349	1,223	5,746	998	379	12	1,502,302		
South Central Division.....	87	814	307	5,409	3,415	6,938	2,298	148	85	1,504,301		
North Central Division.....	201	2,919	821	14,695	7,746	17,905	8,068	1,458	498	5,132,395		
Western Division.....	47	611	173	3,087	1,835	3,234	1,769	226	91	1,307,906		
North Atlantic Division—												
Maine.....	3	42				507	161			115,618		
New Hampshire.....	1	31				386		7	2	62,638		
Vermont.....	2	36				257	91	1	1	100,444		
Massachusetts.....	9	367	8	451	25	3,489	347	437	43	1,676,256		
Rhode Island.....	1	75				654	96	85	24	130,936		
Connecticut.....	3	197				2,091	50	169	23	852,146		
New York.....	22	733	24	3,218	98	4,893	608	483	101	2,576,986		
New Jersey.....	4	126	5	178	30	1,280		126		313,500		
Pennsylvania.....	34	567	66	1,754	500	5,444	655	243	31	1,603,436		
South Atlantic Division—												
Delaware.....	1	10				71				38,362		
Maryland.....	10	176	16	529	93	771	104	253		255,037		
District of Columbia.....	6	135	10	434	36	450	101	88	9	294,086		
Virginia.....	10	144	17	498	50	1,136	228	2		340,232		
West Virginia.....	3	28	10	145		226	75	1		62,588		
North Carolina.....	15	140	24	668	361	1,313	203	28	2	185,275		
South Carolina.....	9	68	4	224	80	648	46	4		109,838		
Georgia.....	10	75	40	583	385	928	170			117,048		
Florida.....	6	42	33	278	249	183	73	3	1	79,673		
South Central Division—												
Kentucky.....	13	131	30	910	532	1,202	294	3	4	215,209		
Tennessee.....	24	218	108	1,553	1,094	1,954	698	62	3	434,143		
Alabama.....	9	77	13	273	204	788	113			114,079		
Mississippi.....	5	40	9	210	105	612	69	30	4	76,443		
Louisiana.....	9	121	45	649	509	672	237	45	69	240,547		
Texas.....	14	135	53	889	397	1,183	505	8	6	365,974		
Arkansas.....	10	6	37	761	438	606	394			124,013		
Oklahoma.....	1	5	2	72	61	7	3			23,000		
Indian Territory.....	2	3	10	72	65	14	5			8,888		
North Central Division—												
Ohio.....	37	556	157	3,008	1,221	3,283	1,554	354	51	1,059,363		
Indiana.....	15	264	41	1,014	352	1,547	654	91	21	436,000		
Illinois.....	31	598	136	2,636	1,318	3,334	1,497	542	238	1,595,180		
Michigan.....	11	133	64	940	598	1,871	989	67	24	552,246		
Wisconsin.....	9	133	23	717	150	1,308	631	83	26	525,690		
Minnesota.....	10	164	68	460	277	1,396	654	110	34	398,955		
Iowa.....	23	221	106	1,517	884	1,407	822	67	41	367,406		
Missouri.....	23	333	124	2,024	1,070	1,751	810	35	15	623,921		
North Dakota.....	3	20	9	191	179	64	85	2	1	42,245		
South Dakota.....	6	44	21	278	210	108	76	6	4	25,496		
Nebraska.....	10	110	43	830	536	778	535	50	26	235,547		
Kansas.....	18	223	56	1,056	801	1,008	536	48	17	270,527		
Western Division—												
Montana.....	3	13	13	96	76	19	8			26,900		
Wyoming.....	1	10	2	35	62	11	9	1		40,828		
Colorado.....	5	52	16	372	220	267	145	36	11	125,027		
New Mexico.....	1	5	3	37	42	10	13	1		14,230		
Arizona.....	1	19	3	49	27	10				46,606		
Utah.....	2	36	10	336	306	63	86	3		73,700		
Nevada.....	1	15	3	88	10	82	51	2	4	105,000		
Idaho.....	1	13	3	141	83	23				41,903		
Washington.....	9	74	28	372	251	409	267	4	1	125,316		
Oregon.....	8	57	31	490	292	208	194	6	3	79,830		
California.....	15	317	58	1,102	386	2,122	977	173	72	628,001		

## STATISTICS OF HIGHER EDUCATION, 1895-96.—CONTINUED.

Instructors and Students in Colleges and Seminaries for Women Which Confer Degrees.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	No. of Institutions.	PROFESSORS AND INSTRUCTORS		STUDENTS.			
		Male.	Female.	Preparatory.	College.	Graduate.	Total Income.
United States.....	162	678	1,874	5,145	14,039	384	\$3,456,983
North Atlantic Division.....	24	266	459	1,202	4,287	210	1,402,384
North Atlantic Division.....	53	207	512	1,043	4,450	74	732,525
South Central Division.....	54	129	518	1,682	3,593	71	651,108
North Central Division.....	29	71	353	1,135	1,478	27	583,762
Western Division.....	2	5	38	92	31	2	87,05
North Atlantic Division—							
Maine.....	2	9	13	246	53	1	15,800
New Hampshire.....	1	4	8	129	15		2,000
Vermont.....							
Massachusetts.....	5	126	167	8	2,423	80	614,200
Rhode Island.....							
Connecticut.....	5	50	150	365	831	61	454,436
New York.....	2	22	13	25	37		11,118
Pennsylvania.....	9	55	123	229	823	50	28,829
South Atlantic Division—							
Delaware.....							
Maryland.....	5	34	58	17	420	12	122,521
District of Columbia.....							
Virginia.....	18	67	157	325	1,141	9	196,594
West Virginia.....	1		2	18	37		3,500
North Carolina.....	8	20	77	188	655	8	114,000
South Carolina.....	9	37	85	227	831	20	98,500
Georgia.....	12	49	132	263	1,606	23	200,240
Florida.....							
South Central Division—							
Kentucky.....	11	25	102	231	799	11	133,300
Tennessee.....	13	45	158	477	1,039	22	194,900
Alabama.....	12	22	105	119	800	11	141,900
Mississippi.....	13	26	98	441	654	21	116,408
Louisiana.....	3	6	20	134	121	1	19,500
Texas.....	2	4	20	200	130	6	87,300
Arkansas.....	1	1	10	50	50		6,000
Oklahoma.....							
Indian Territory.....							
North Central Division—							
Ohio.....	7	11	107	243	356	2	160,750
Indiana.....		1	12	75	25		16,000
Illinois.....	5	10	71	266	220	4	156,405
Michigan.....							
Wisconsin.....	1		13	145	31	2	32,500
Minnesota.....	1		7	5	24		3,550
Iowa.....							
Missouri.....	12	44	121	307	764	19	184,865
North Dakota.....							
South Dakota.....							
Nebraska.....							
Kansas.....	2	5	21	85	58		30,200
Western Division—							
Montana.....							
Wyoming.....							
Colorado.....							
New Mexico.....							
Arizona.....							
Utah.....							
Nevada.....							
Idaho.....							
Washington.....							
Oregon.....							
California.....	2	5	38	92	31	2	87,405

**STATISTICS OF HIGHER EDUCATION, 1895-96.—CONTINUED.**  
**Summary of Statistics of Professional and Allied Schools.**

STATE OR TERRITORY.	THEOLOGICAL.			LAW.			MEDICAL (REGULAR & HOMEOPATHIC).		
	Schools.	Instructors.	Students.	Schools.	Instructors.	Students.	Schools.	Instructors.	Students.
United States.....	144	869	8,017	73	658	9,780	186	3,385	21,965
North Atlantic Division.....	46	344	2,940	12	216	3,342	26	744	6,755
South Atlantic Division.....	19	113	870	17	92	1,458	23	449	2,720
South Central Division.....	17	72	806	13	59	556	20	357	2,852
North Central Division.....	57	305	3,197	25	231	3,927	56	1,626	8,949
Western Division.....	6	35	112	6	60	487	10	219	749
North Atlantic Division—									
Maine.....	2	12	84				2	28	147
New Hampshire.....							1	13	143
Vermont.....							1	25	185
Massachusetts.....	7	66	413	2	30	822	4	165	977
Rhode Island.....									
Connecticut.....	3	34	180	1	32	324	1	12	125
New York.....	12	96	960	7	126	1,870	11	310	2,672
New Jersey.....	5	34	479						
Pennsylvania.....	16	102	884	2	28	426	6	191	2,506
South Atlantic Division—									
Maryland.....	4	39	415	2	6	122	7	179	1,255
District of Columbia.....	3	21	74	5	50	874	5	125	430
Virginia.....	4	18	164	3	8	229	3	70	498
West Virginia.....				1	3	92			
North Carolina.....	3	15	56	2	6	64	3	16	107
South Carolina.....	3	11	49	1	1	17	1	10	90
Georgia.....	2	9	112	3	18	60	3	49	339
South Central Division—									
Kentucky.....	4	27	564	1	4	44	5	104	1,156
Tennessee.....	8	33	230	6	29	221	9	143	863
Alabama.....	2	4	53	1	3	30	2	35	155
Mississippi.....				1	5	40			
Louisiana.....	1	1	12	1	5	62	2	28	256
Texas.....	2	7	49	2	7	157	1	21	214
Arkansas.....				1	6	23	1	26	86
North Central Division—									
Ohio.....	13	71	490	5	43	380	12	297	1,597
Indiana.....	4	18	149	4	20	300	3	84	380
Illinois.....	12	89	1,321	6	47	1,068	10	430	2,397
Michigan.....	4	17	76	2	41	776	4	113	869
Wisconsin.....	4	24	223	1	8	225	2	62	170
Minnesota.....	7	31	273	1	15	872	3	97	830
Iowa.....	5	13	209	2	15	299	6	92	749
Missouri.....	5	30	410	2	21	266	15	370	2,204
Nebraska.....	3	13	47	1	14	83	2	56	169
Kansas.....				1	7	121	1	26	65
Western Division—									
Colorado.....	2	11	57	2	38	73	4	92	223
Oregon.....				2	16	97	2	33	96
California.....	4	24	75	2	6	317	4	85	420

\*Not including 634 students in eclectic schools, 99 in physio-medical, nor 1,749 in post-graduate schools.

**General Summary of Statistics of Professional and Allied Schools.**

CLASS OF SCHOOLS.	Schools.	Instructors.	Students.	Graduates.
Theological.....	144	869	8,017	1,061
Law.....	73	658	9,780	2,981
Medical.....	186	3,385	24,437	4,947
Dental.....	46	854	6,399	1,515
Pharmaceutical.....	44	854	8,873	1,083
Veterinary.....	10	139	392	134
Nurse Training.....	177		5,094	1,773
Totals.....	649	6,810	57,982	14,114

**Summary of Statistics of Medical Schools, by Classes.**

CLASS OF SCHOOLS.	Schools.	Instructors.	Students.	Graduates.
Regular.....	116	2,902	19,999	4,361
Homeopathic.....	20	493	1,956	456
Eclectic.....	8	166	634	169
Physio-medical.....	2	43	99	22
Graduate.....	9	332	1,749	
Totals.....	155	3,936	24,437	4,947

## STATISTICS OF HIGHER EDUCATION, 1895-96.—CONTINUED.

Instructors and Students in Schools of Technology and Institutions Conferring only the B. S. Degree.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	No. of institutions.	PROFESSORS AND INSTRUCTORS.		STUDENTS.								Total income.
				Preparatory		Collegiate.		Graduate.				
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.			
United States.....	48	1,037	81	1,863	462	8,379	999	208	66	\$3,526,018		
North Atlantic Division.....	12	358	11	241	2,886	155	31	2		1,256,208		
South Atlantic Division.....	11	199	1	350	21	1,492	6	60		801,551		
South Central Division.....	6	92	1	456	48	901	33	23		264,064		
North Central Division.....	11	271	45	326	130	2,390	496	96	55	801,874		
Western Division.....	9	117	23	481	263	720	319	6	9	397,315		
North Atlantic Division—												
Maine.....	1	23	1			243	10	4		81,986		
New Hampshire.....	1	17				73	19	1		49,671		
Vermont.....	1	7				60				4,723		
Massachusetts.....	3	169	1			1,472	75	21		403,220		
Rhode Island.....	1	17	6			62	33	7	2	86,800		
Connecticut.....	1	8	3			120	18			47,000		
New York.....	2	75				472				485,822		
New Jersey.....	2	42		211		384				96,984		
Pennsylvania.....												
South Atlantic Division—												
Delaware.....	1	3		32	6	10	6			4,291		
Maryland.....	2	79		32		331				442,476		
District of Columbia.....	1	10				53		7		6,000		
Virginia.....	2	42		33		484		26		142,088		
West Virginia.....												
North Carolina.....	2	26	1	55	15	167		16		57,562		
South Carolina.....	2	33		172		317				121,698		
Georgia.....	1	6		85		120		1		27,500		
Florida.....												
South Central Division—												
Kentucky.....												
Tennessee.....												
Alabama.....	1	27		33		29	7	9		60,882		
Mississippi.....	2	33		378	8	254	1	11		90,172		
Louisiana.....												
Texas.....	1	22				351		3		73,080		
Arkansas.....												
Oklahoma.....	1	10	1	45	40	47	25			40,000		
Indian Territory.....												
North Central Division—												
Ohio.....	1	18				222		7		67,280		
Indiana.....	2	71	5			679	48	23	21	218,183		
Illinois.....	1	36	18	199	78	136	18			93,648		
Michigan.....	2	46	1			429	27	27	4	131,023		
Wisconsin.....												
Minnesota.....												
Iowa.....	1	83	11			350	115	6	6	107,880		
Missouri.....												
North Dakota.....	1	22	2	105	44	19	8	2		46,400		
South Dakota.....	2	26	8	22	5	141	59	17	7	58,093		
Nebraska.....												
Kansas.....	1	19	5			404	211	15	17	83,481		
Western Division—												
Montana.....	1	9	3	65	31	15	17			41,419		
Wyoming.....												
Colorado.....	2	29	4	34	19	230	51	3	3	108,128		
New Mexico.....	2	20	2	42	23	26	13			49,379		
Arizona.....												
Utah.....	1	18	3	208	103	121	65			63,692		
Nevada.....												
Idaho.....												
Washington.....	1	19	2	101	68	97	44			89,097		
Oregon.....	2	22	9	31	25	201	129	3	6	45,040		
California.....												

## STATISTICS OF EDUCATION, 1895-96.

Number and Sex of Teachers in Common Schools—Percentage of Male Teachers.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	WHOLE NUMBER OF DIFFERENT TEACHERS EMPLOYED.			PERCENTAGE OF MALE TEACHERS.			
	Male.	Female.	Total.	1870-71.	1879-80.	1889-90.	1895-96.
<b>South Central Division—</b>							
Kentucky.....	4,962	5,247	10,209	*66.0	64.6	49.8	48.6
Tennessee.....	15,157	13,756	28,913	*75.0	74.4	61.8	157.9
Alabama.....	4,290	2,921	7,211	66.8	63.8	62.9	59.3
Mississippi.....	13,647	14,238	27,885	*60.8	61.2	49.6	146.4
Louisiana.....	1,391	2,148	3,539	60.9	46.1	44.7	39.3
Texas.....	6,815	6,402	13,217	*77.3	*75.0	61.1	51.6
Arkansas.....	4,391	2,282	6,673	*75.6	78.4	68.5	65.8
Oklahoma.....	705	1,028	1,733	.....	.....	.....	40.7
<b>North Central Division—</b>							
Ohio.....	16,906	14,875	31,781	43.2	47.8	43.1	40.9
Indiana.....	7,130	7,754	14,884	60.5	57.5	51.1	47.9
Illinois.....	7,067	18,359	25,426	43.5	39.7	32.5	27.8
Michigan.....	13,134	*12,379	*25,513	26.3	29.2	22.3	122.7
Wisconsin.....	2,440	9,594	12,034	*28.8	28.9	19.8	19.8
Minnesota.....	2,544	8,973	11,517	33.7	35.9	23.9	22.1
Iowa.....	5,614	22,067	27,681	39.0	33.6	20.6	20.0
Missouri.....	6,913	8,391	15,304	65.3	68.1	44.4	39.8
North Dakota.....	1,043	1,394	2,437	.....	.....	23.3	26.1
South Dakota.....	11,368	15,448	26,816	*24.7	*40.8	29.0	128.4
Nebraska.....	2,700	7,968	10,668	51.9	40.7	27.1	26.8
Kansas.....	4,294	7,406	11,700	47.2	45.1	40.8	36.7
<b>Western Division—</b>							
Montana.....	226	730	956	*70.3	38.5	22.9	23.6
Wyoming.....	105	380	485	*28.6	44.3	22.4	22.6
Colorado.....	747	2,174	2,921	43.8	36.4	26.2	25.6
New Mexico.....	341	243	584	*91.7	78.0	*62.2	58.4
Arizona.....	118	211	329	.....	47.5	38.8	34.3
Utah.....	493	692	1,185	55.0	46.5	41.6	41.6
Nevada.....	48	242	290	32.4	46.7	14.3	16.6
Idaho.....	202	465	667	*64.3	57.4	*33.4	36.0
Washington.....	1,184	2,061	3,245	*46.5	37.4	40.6	36.5
Oregon.....	1,287	2,030	3,317	*51.7	48.8	43.3	38.8
California.....	1,405	5,430	6,835	40.0	33.6	21.4	20.4

\*Approximately. †In 1894-95. ‡In 1893-94.

## SPECIAL INSTITUTIONS OF EDUCATION.

	Number of institutions.	Number of instructors.	Number of pupils.	Volumes in libraries.	Value of scientific apparatus.	Value of grounds and buildings.
Business schools.....	396	1,913	80,662	.....	.....	.....
Reform schools.....	86	450	21,073	.....	.....	*\$16,125,290
For defective classes—						
State schools for the deaf...	51	772	9,087	91,271	\$12,904	10,704,700
Public day schools for the deaf...	20	77	615	1,976	200	202,900
Private schools for the deaf...	16	88	591	.....	.....	.....
State schools for the blind...	37	391	3,630	77,667	19,325	6,250,894
Public institutions for the feeble-minded...	18	206	7,652	.....	.....	4,258,436
Private institutions for the feeble-minded...	10	49	402	.....	.....	.....

## RECAPITULATION.—STATISTICS OF EDUCATION, 1895-96.

Total Number of Pupils and Students of All Grades in Both Public and Private Schools.

DIVISION.	PUPILS RECEIVING ELEMENTARY INSTRUCTION.		PUPILS RECEIVING SECONDARY INSTRUCTION.†	
	Public.	Private (largely estimated).	Public.‡	Private (in preparatory schools, academies, seminaries, etc.).
United States.....	*13,998,585	1,228,146	392,729	166,274
North Atlantic Division.....	3,319,181	484,585	118,270	50,259
South Atlantic Division.....	1,879,398	96,716	21,771	21,501
South Central Division.....	2,991,646	142,353	29,916	33,615
North Central Division.....	5,314,829	474,361	199,331	49,661
Western Division.....	693,531	40,231	23,441	9,243

RECAPITULATION.—STATISTICS OF EDUCATION, 1885-95.—CONTINUED.

DIVISION.	STUDENTS RECEIVING HIGHER INSTRUCTION.								
	In universities and colleges.‡			In schools of medicine, law and theology.‡			In normal schools.†		
	Pub- lic.**	Priv- ate.	Total.	Pub- lic.††	Priv- ate.	Total.	Pub- lic.	Priv- ate.††	Total.
United States .....	26,296	71,081	97,377	7,340	45,548	52,888	40,421	20,777	\$561,196
North Atlantic Division ..	4,857	25,540	30,397	197	17,679	17,876	17,129	1,088	18,217
South Atlantic Division ..	3,189	10,218	13,407	678	5,635	6,313	3,519	2,401	5,920
South Central Division ...	2,701	11,349	14,050	1,113	3,789	4,902	3,171	3,545	6,716
North Central Division ....	12,180	20,896	33,076	4,483	17,480	21,963	13,697	12,759	26,456
Western Division .....	3,360	3,086	6,447	859	955	1,814	2,935	989	3,924

DIVISION.	SUMMARY OF HIGHER INSTRUCTION.		SUMMARY OF PUPILS BY GRADE.			SUMMARY ACCORDING TO CONTROL.		Grand total.
	Pub- lic.	Priv- ate.	Elem- entary.	Sec- ondary.	Higher.	Public.	Private.	
United States .....	74,057	137,406	15,226,731	559,003	211,463	14,465,371	1,531,826	15,997,197
North Atlantic Division ..	22,183	44,302	3,833,766	108,529	66,485	3,490,654	579,146	4,069,800
South Atlantic Division ..	7,386	18,254	2,066,114	46,272	27,640	2,108,556	129,471	2,238,026
South Central Division ...	6,385	18,723	2,903,899	62,531	25,708	2,630,547	193,591	2,824,138
North Central Division ....	30,340	51,135	5,769,190	248,982	81,475	5,544,500	575,147	6,119,647
Western Division .....	7,163	4,992	733,762	32,659	12,155	724,135	54,471	778,606

\*This does not include \$70,488 secondary pupils in the public high schools.

†Including pupils in preparatory or academic departments of higher institutions, public and private, and excluding elementary pupils, who are classed under "Pupils receiving elementary instruction."

‡This is made up chiefly from the returns of individual high schools to the bureau and is considerably too small, as there are a great many secondary pupils outside the completely organized high schools whom there are no means of enumerating.

§Including colleges for women, agricultural and mechanical (land grant) colleges and scientific schools. Students in law, theological and medical departments are excluded, being included in tabulation under that head; students in academic and preparatory depart-

ments are also excluded, being included in "Pupils receiving secondary instruction."

¶Including schools of pharmacy and veterinary medicine.

‡Non-professional pupils in normal schools are included in "Pupils receiving secondary instruction."

\*\*Mainly state universities and agricultural and mechanical colleges.

††Mainly in schools or departments of medicine and law attached to state universities.

‡Private normal schools are, with few exceptions, scarcely superior to the ordinary secondary schools.

§§There are in addition to this number 23,202 students taking normal courses in universities, colleges and high schools.

CONVICTS AND CONVICT LABOR.

(Prepared by the Bureau of Labor.)

SYSTEMS OF PRISON WORK IN 1885 AND 1895.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Institution.	Locality.	1885.	1895.
Alabama.....	State Penitentiary.....	Wetumpka...	Lease.....	Lease and public account.
Arizona.....	Territorial Prison.....	Yuma. ....	Public account..	Public account.
Arkansas.....	State Penitentiary.....	Little Rock..	Lease.....	Contract and public account.
California.....	State Prison.....	Folsom.....	Public account..	Public account.
California.....	State Prison.....	San Quentin..	Piece price and public account.	Public account.

## SYSTEMS OF PRISON WORK IN 1885 AND 1895.—CONTINUED.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Institution.	Locality.	1885.	1895.
Colorado.....	State Penitentiary.....	Canon City.....	Public account.....	Public account.
Connecticut.....	State Prison.....	Wethersfield.....	Contract.....	Contract.
Florida.....	State Penitentiary.....	Tallahassee.....	Lease.....	Lease.
Georgia.....	State Penitentiary.....	Atlanta.....	Lease.....	Lease.
Illinois.....	State Penitentiary.....	Joliet.....	Contract.....	Contract and public account.
Illinois.....	Southern Penitentiary.....	Chester.....	Contract.....	Public account.
Indiana.....	State Prison (north).....	Michigan City.....	Contract.....	Contract.
Indiana.....	State Prison (south).....	Jeffersonville.....	Contract.....	Contract.
Indiana.....	State Reformatory for Women.....	Indianapolis.....	Piece price.....	Piece price.
Iowa.....	State Penitentiary.....	Fort Madison.....	Contract.....	Contract.
Iowa.....	State Penitentiary.....	Anamosa.....	Public account.....	Public account.
Kansas.....	State Penitentiary.....	Lansing.....	Public account and contract.....	Public account and contract.
Kentucky.....	State Penitentiary.....	Frankfort.....	Lease and public account.....	Piece price.
Louisiana.....	State Penitentiary.....	Baton Rouge.....	Lease.....	Lease.
Maine.....	State Prison.....	Thomaston.....	Public account.....	Public account.
Maryland.....	Penitentiary.....	Baltimore.....	Contract.....	Contract.
Massachusetts.....	State Prison.....	Boston.....	Contract.....	Piece price and public account.
Massachusetts.....	Reformatory.....	Concord Junction.....	Piece price.....	Piece price.
Massachusetts.....	Reformatory Prison for Women.....	Sherborn.....	Piece price.....	Piece price and public account.
Michigan.....	State Prison.....	Jackson.....	Contract and piece price.....	Contract and public account.
Michigan.....	State House of Cor'n and Reformatory.....	Ionia.....	Contract.....	Public account and contract.
Minnesota.....	State Prison.....	Stillwater.....	Contract.....	Contract and public account.
Mississippi.....	State Penitentiary.....	Jackson.....	Lease.....	Public account.
Missouri.....	State Penitentiary.....	Jefferson City.....	Contract.....	Contract.
Nebraska.....	State Penitentiary.....	Lancaster.....	Lease.....	Lease.
Nevada.....	State Prison.....	Carson City.....	Public account.....	Public account.
New Hampshire.....	State Prison.....	Concord.....	Contract.....	Contract.
New Jersey.....	State Prison.....	Trenton.....	Piece price.....	Piece price and public account.
New Jersey.....	Essex County Penitentiary.....	Caldwell.....	Public account.....	Public account.
New Mexico.....	Territorial Penitentiary.....	Santa Fe.....	Lease.....	Public account.
New York.....	Auburn Prison.....	Auburn.....	Public account and contract.....	Piece price and public account.
New York.....	Sing Sing State Prison.....	Sing Sing.....	Contract.....	Public account and piece price.
New York.....	Clinton Prison.....	Dannemora.....	Public account.....	Public account and piece price.
New York.....	State Reformatory.....	Elmira.....	Contract and public account.....	Piece price and public account.
New York.....	Albany County Penitentiary.....	Albany.....	Contract.....	Piece price.
New York.....	Erie County Penitentiary.....	Buffalo.....	Contract.....	Public account and piece price.
New York.....	Kings County Penitentiary.....	Brooklyn.....	Contract.....	Piece price.
New York.....	Monroe County Penitentiary.....	Rochester.....	Contract.....	Piece price and public account.
New York.....	Onondaga County Penitentiary.....	Syracuse.....	Contract.....	Piece price.
North Carolina.....	State Penitentiary.....	Raleigh.....	Public account and lease.....	Public account.
Ohio.....	Penitentiary.....	Columbus.....	Contract, piece price and public account.....	Contract and piece price.
Oregon.....	State Penitentiary.....	Salem.....	Contract and public account.....	Contract and public account.
Pennsylvania.....	Eastern Penitentiary.....	Philadelphia.....	Public account and piece price.....	Public account.
Pennsylvania.....	Western Penitentiary.....	Allegheny City.....	Contract.....	Public account and piece price.
Pennsylvania.....	Philadelphia County House of Correction.....	Philadelphia.....	Public account.....	Public account.
Pennsylvania.....	Berks County Prison.....	Reading.....	Public account.....	Public account.
Pennsylvania.....	Chester County Prison.....	West Chester.....	Public account.....	Public account.
Pennsylvania.....	Delaware Co. Prison.....	Media.....	Public account.....	Public account.
Pennsylvania.....	Lancaster Co. Prison.....	Lancaster.....	Public account.....	Public account.
Pennsylvania.....	Lehigh County Prison.....	Allentown.....	Public account.....	Public account.
Pennsylvania.....	Montgomery Co. Prison.....	Norristown.....	Piece price.....	Piece price.

SYSTEMS OF PRISON WORK IN 1885 AND 1886.—CONTINUED.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Institutions.	Locality.	1885.	1886.
Pennsylvania...	Northampton County Prison.	Easton.....	Public account..	Public account.
Pennsylvania...	Northumberland County Prison.	Sunbury.....	Public account..	Public account.
Pennsylvania...	Philadelphia County Prison.	Philadélphia...	Public account..	Public account.
Pennsylvania...	Schuylkill County Prison.	Pottsville.....	Public account..	Public account.
Rhode Island...	State Prison and Providence County Jail.	Howard.....	Contract.....	Contract.
South Carolina...	Penitentiary.....	Columbia.....	Contract, public account and lease.	Contract, public account and lease.
South Dakota...	State Penitentiary.....	Sioux Falls.....	Contract.....	Public account.
Tennessee.....	State Penitentiary.....	Nashville.....	Lease.....	Lease.
Texas.....	State Penitentiary.....	Huntsville and Rusk.	Public account and contract.	Public account and contract.
Vermont.....	State Prison.....	Windsor.....	Contract.....	Contract.
Vermont.....	House of Correction.	Rutland.....	Contract.....	Public account.
Virginia.....	State Penitentiary.....	Richmond.....	Contract.....	Contract and public account.
Washington.....	Penitentiary.....	Walla Walla...	Lease.....	Public account.
West Virginia...	Penitentiary.....	Moundsville...	Contract.....	Contract.
Wisconsin.....	State Prison.....	Waupun.....	Contract.....	Contract and public account.

\*Dakota territory.

VALUE OF GOODS PRODUCED OR WORK DONE, BY SYSTEMS OF WORK, 1885 AND 1886.

PUBLIC ACCOUNT SYSTEM.			PIECE PRICE SYSTEM.		
State.	1885.	1886.	State.	1885.	1886.
Alabama.....	.....	\$64,812.31	Missouri.....	\$1,135,000.00	\$1,184,062.47
Arizona.....	\$35,000.00	6,000.00	New Hampshire..	100,000.00	128,862.50
Arkansas.....	.....	54,019.05	New York.....	4,903,575.00	.....
California.....	126,413.56	232,766.13	Ohio.....	822,732.00	444,197.20
Colorado.....	39,000.00	12,220.52	Oregon.....	108,000.00	22,500.00
Illinois.....	.....	773,540.62	Pennsylvania.....	496,452.81	.....
Iowa.....	17,000.00	96,243.40	Rhode Island.....	81,000.00	159,488.40
Kansas.....	268,594.77	166,324.25	South Carolina...	200,000.00	279,000.00
Kentucky.....	37,300.00	.....	South Dakota.....	*11,577.36	.....
Maine.....	72,000.00	43,526.13	Texas.....	296,000.00	876,541.18
Massachusetts...	.....	175,347.09	Vermont.....	120,837.75	313,600.50
Michigan.....	.....	121,646.55	Virginia.....	786,289.95	1,099,421.91
Minnesota.....	.....	150,000.00	West Virginia...	275,000.00	242,000.00
Mississippi.....	.....	244,066.00	Wisconsin.....	360,000.00	600,000.00
Nevada.....	21,372.02	10,807.96	Total.....	\$17,071,265.69	\$3,190,799.70
New Jersey.....	3,288.10	10,532.00	LEASE SYSTEM.		
New Mexico.....	.....	33,281.60	Alabama.....	\$214,400.00	\$622,463.60
North Carolina...	629,857.48	708,744.91	Arkansas.....	230,450.00	.....
Ohio.....	61,072.13	190,000.00	Florida.....	100,000.00	283,173.00
Oregon.....	99,082.51	.....	Georgia.....	460,000.00	177,416.00
Pennsylvania.....	12,000.00	21,532.33	Kentucky.....	411,280.00	.....
South Carolina...	203,812.52	\$70,521.52	Louisiana.....	352,000.00	165,647.85
South Dakota.....	99,457.09	102,124.36	Mississippi.....	324,000.00	.....
Texas.....	357,742.00	993,474.10	Nebraska.....	148,000.00	72,436.25
Vermont.....	.....	20,000.00	New Mexico.....	16,000.00	.....
Virginia.....	.....	25,200.00	North Carolina...	200,000.00	.....
Washington.....	.....	127,821.33	South Carolina...	23,560.00	166,189.33
Wisconsin.....	.....	77,126.60	Tennessee.....	1,142,000.00	680,300.00
Total.....	\$2,062,892.18	\$4,838,563.36	Washington.....	30,000.00	.....
CONTRACT SYSTEM.			Total.....	\$3,651,690.00	\$2,167,628.03
Arkansas.....	.....	\$32,273.24	*Dakota territory.		
Connecticut.....	\$109,000.00	242,375.00			
Illinois.....	3,006,000.00	255,000.00			
Indiana.....	1,551,807.82	799,700.00			
Iowa.....	381,590.00	251,636.00			
Kansas.....	790,125.00	74,761.00			
Maryland.....	395,000.00	680,000.30			
Massachusetts...	79,000.00	.....			
Michigan.....	818,778.00	286,230.00			
Minnesota.....	248,500.00	175,000.00			

SUMMARY.			State.		
Systems of Work.	1885.	1885.		1885.	1885.
Public account system	\$2,063,892.18	\$4,888,563.36	Michigan	\$853,778.00	\$407,976.55
Contract system	17,071,265.69	8,190,799.70	Minnesota	245,500.00	325,000.00
Piece price system	1,484,230.52	3,795,483.24	Mississippi	324,000.00	244,966.00
Lease system	3,851,650.00	2,167,626.03	Missouri	1,135,000.00	1,184,062.47
Total	\$24,271,078.39	\$19,042,472.33	Nebraska	148,000.00	72,436.25
SUMMARY BY STATES.			Nevada	21,372.02	10,607.96
Alabama	\$214,400.00	\$687,376.41	New Hampshire	100,000.00	128,862.50
Arizona	25,000.00	6,000.00	New Jersey	589,782.50	426,268.11
Arkansas	230,450.00	136,292.21	New Mexico	16,000.00	32,251.60
California	421,191.43	282,766.13	New York	5,533,432.48	2,708,513.93
Colorado	30,000.00	12,220.52	North Carolina	261,072.12	190,000.00
Connecticut	109,000.00	242,375.00	Ohio	947,462.51	732,172.18
Florida	100,000.00	283,173.00	Oregon	120,000.00	44,033.33
Georgia	460,000.00	177,416.00	Pennsylvania	864,400.32	445,740.20
Illinois	3,005,000.00	1,028,540.62	Rhode Island	81,000.00	159,488.40
Indiana	1,568,301.07	807,420.88	South Carolina	323,017.09	547,313.69
Iowa	368,590.00	346,879.42	South Dakota	\$11,577.36	7,633.60
Kansas	1,058,719.77	241,085.25	Tennessee	1,142,000.00	680,300.00
Kentucky	48,480.00	170,528.00	Texas	652,742.00	1,864,015.28
Louisiana	372,000.00	165,647.85	Vermont	120,837.75	\$33,600.50
Maine	72,000.00	43,826.13	Virginia	786,289.95	1,124,621.91
Maryland	395,000.00	680,000.30	Washington	80,000.00	127,820.33
Massachusetts	420,732.00	1,034,933.26	West Virginia	276,000.00	242,066.00
			Wisconsin	360,000.00	677,126.50
			Total	\$24,271,078.39	\$19,042,472.33

\*Dakota territory.

## CONVICTS IN 1885 AND 1895.

STATE.	EMPLOY'D IN PRO- DUCTIVE LABOR.		ENGAGED IN PRISON DUTIES.		IDLE AND SICK.		AGGRE- GATE.	
	1885.	1895.	1885.	1895.	1885.	1895.	1885.	1895.
Alabama	539	1,508	18	...	10	69	564	1,577
Arizona	93	180	49	...	15	5	157	165
Arkansas	518	761	46	46	89	544	569	889
California	1,026	1,480	726	619	56	135	1,808	2,124
Colorado	150	163	140	115	10	346	300	614
Connecticut	205	803	66	113	10	14	281	490
Florida	181	582	55	50	...	50	236	682
Georgia	1,590	2,424	...	...	...	...	1,590	2,424
Illinois	1,600	1,759	575	544	72	59	2,287	2,362
Indiana	1,317	1,162	122	346	36	198	1,475	1,708
Iowa	496	643	173	244	22	155	680	1,012
Kansas	723	941	122	(*)	24	31	899	872
Kentucky	992	620	138	106	12	97	1,142	1,122
Louisiana	798	1,072	84	48	9	7	541	1,127
Maine	133	89	30	41	8	21	171	111
Maryland	422	631	96	69	21	3	589	703
Massachusetts	874	1,240	809	728	129	77	1,512	2,045
Michigan	834	825	298	289	189	298	1,316	1,381
Minnesota	318	357	63	131	30	14	411	502
Mississippi	787	904	25	36	...	50	812	990
Missouri	876	1,135	694	460	185	564	1,655	2,159
Nebraska	194	108	33	62	12	39	307	203
Nevada	73	10	...	...	23	6	130	79
New Hampshire	114	167	12	15	4	1	139	178
New Jersey	802	708	148	241	100	299	1,050	1,218
New Mexico	84	107	16	41	...	1	100	149
New York	4,306	5,733	1,329	1,814	865	894	6,500	8,441
North Carolina	983	1,010	97	110	5	58	1,085	1,208
Ohio	1,405	1,038	618	420	51	627	1,974	2,085
Oregon	210	158	53	221	9	30	272	390
Pennsylvania	1,828	2,070	1,242	910	658	1,863	3,728	4,831
Rhode Island	162	136	73	14	3	5	298	156
South Carolina	767	894	58	95	22	25	847	1,014
South Dakota	255	84	438	30	...	...	255	117
Tennessee	1,274	1,115	39	44	...	386	1,323	1,544
Texas	2,671	3,822	251	214	...	89	2,922	4,125
Vermont	134	176	26	70	5	1	165	247
Virginia	808	1,000	216	128	...	247	1,024	1,375
Washington	45	264	30	130	7	22	82	416
West Virginia	205	352	41	68	15	105	261	535
Wisconsin	353	434	87	86	16	95	456	615
Total	30,873	38,415	8,391	8,804	2,683	7,026	41,877	54,244

\*Including those engaged in prison duties. †Included in those employed in productive labor. ‡Dakota territory.

## STATISTICS OF AGRICULTURE.

## THE WHEAT CROP OF THE WORLD.

(Prepared by Henry Hyde, Statistician, Department of Agriculture.)

COUNTRY.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.
	<i>Bushels.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>
United States.....	515,949,000	386,132,000	460,267,000	467,108,000	437,684,000
Canada.....	49,701,000	42,650,000	44,588,000	57,460,000	40,800,000
Mexico.....	14,000,000	15,000,000	18,000,000	14,000,000	8,000,000
Total North America.....	579,650,000	453,782,000	522,855,000	538,568,000	476,484,000
Argentina.....	36,000,000	57,000,000	80,000,000	60,000,000	48,000,000
Uruguay.....	3,232,000	5,703,000	8,915,000	10,000,000	6,000,000
Chile.....	16,500,000	19,000,000	16,000,000	15,000,000	12,000,000
Total South America.....	55,732,000	81,703,000	104,915,000	85,000,000	66,000,000
Austria.....	50,174,000	43,690,000	48,190,000	41,200,000	43,991,000
Hungary.....	142,558,000	158,423,000	141,858,000	146,000,000	150,650,000
Croatia-Slavonia.....	7,071,000	8,223,000	8,788,000	6,200,000	8,000,000
Bosnia-Herzegovina.....	2,040,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Total Austria-Hungary.....	201,803,000	212,306,000	200,834,000	195,400,000	204,641,000
Montenegro.....	250,000	250,000	250,000	220,000	220,000
Servia.....	10,000,000	8,651,000	7,500,000	9,400,000	9,800,000
Roumania.....	63,942,000	60,115,000	43,587,000	68,503,000	69,200,000
Turkey in Europe.....	20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000	21,500,000	24,000,000
Bulgaria.....	40,441,000	35,987,000	30,900,000	37,000,000	45,600,000
Greece.....	4,500,000	6,500,000	5,500,000	4,000,000	4,800,000
Italy.....	115,685,000	135,227,000	121,585,000	106,181,000	132,000,000
Spain.....	82,288,000	93,484,000	105,000,000	92,000,000	85,000,000
Portugal.....	6,000,000	6,500,000	9,000,000	7,000,000	5,000,000
France.....	310,836,000	277,509,000	347,537,000	339,129,000	337,823,000
Switzerland.....	4,000,000	3,800,000	4,500,000	5,000,000	4,800,000
Germany.....	116,215,000	110,010,000	110,681,000	110,000,000	108,140,000
Belgium.....	19,500,000	17,300,000	19,800,000	18,000,000	17,216,000
Netherlands.....	5,300,000	4,971,000	4,346,000	5,000,000	5,400,000
Great Britain.....	60,407,000	50,800,000	61,038,000	38,348,000	58,851,000
Ireland.....	2,214,000	1,096,000	1,532,000	1,109,000	1,191,000
Total United Kingdom.....	62,621,000	52,466,000	62,570,000	39,457,000	60,042,000
Denmark.....	4,964,000	4,601,000	4,162,000	4,500,000	4,340,000
Sweden.....	4,313,000	3,893,000	4,467,000	3,798,000	4,471,000
Norway.....	250,000	275,000	275,000	280,000	300,000
Russia in Europe.....	337,570,000	461,861,000	418,225,000	376,886,000	366,148,000
Total Europe.....	1,410,588,000	1,514,298,000	1,521,029,000	1,443,238,000	1,484,301,000
Russia in Asia.....	72,000,000	76,997,000	87,608,000	83,499,000	75,000,000
British India.....	206,640,000	268,539,000	252,784,000	234,379,000	181,997,000
Asiatic Turkey.....	41,000,000	48,000,000	45,000,000	46,000,000	44,000,000
Persia.....	18,567,000	20,000,000	22,000,000	22,000,000	20,000,000
Japan.....	15,741,000	16,848,000	16,000,000	16,500,000	16,000,000
Cyprus.....	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,200,000	2,000,000
Total Asia.....	358,948,000	432,384,000	425,392,000	404,578,000	389,397,000
Egypt.....	8,252,000	10,000,000	12,000,000	14,000,000	12,000,000
Tunisia.....	8,000,000	4,000,000	10,700,000	7,500,000	5,000,000
Algeria.....	19,979,000	20,271,000	28,000,000	24,800,000	17,600,000
Cape Colony.....	3,500,000	4,014,000	3,195,000	2,542,000	3,200,000
Total Africa.....	39,731,000	38,288,000	54,795,000	48,842,000	38,400,000
New South Wales.....	4,089,000	7,032,000	6,708,000	7,263,000	5,350,000
Victoria.....	14,110,000	15,282,000	15,736,000	11,977,000	5,848,000
South Australia.....	6,639,000	9,531,000	14,047,000	8,027,000	6,116,000
West Australia.....	305,000	443,000	537,000	176,000	194,000
Tasmania.....	987,000	1,051,000	860,000	899,000	1,202,000
New Zealand.....	10,581,000	8,642,000	5,046,000	3,727,000	7,059,000
Queensland.....	405,000	477,000	426,000	562,000	128,000
Total Australasia.....	37,086,000	42,458,000	43,360,000	32,461,000	25,006,000
RECAPITULATION BY CONTINENTS.					
North America.....	579,650,000	453,782,000	522,855,000	538,568,000	476,484,000
South America.....	55,732,000	81,703,000	104,915,000	85,000,000	66,000,000
Europe.....	1,410,588,000	1,514,298,000	1,521,029,000	1,443,238,000	1,484,301,000
Asia.....	358,948,000	432,384,000	425,392,000	404,578,000	389,397,000
Africa.....	39,731,000	38,288,000	54,795,000	48,842,000	38,400,000
Australasia.....	37,086,000	42,458,000	43,360,000	32,461,000	25,006,000
Grand total.....	2,481,806,000	2,562,913,000	2,672,341,000	2,562,677,000	2,480,497,000

## DISPOSITION OF THE WHEAT CROP OF 1895.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Crop of 1895.	Stock on hand March 1, 1897.		Consumed in country where grown.		Shipped out of country where grown.		W't per bu.
	Bushels.	Bushels.	P.ct.	Bushels.	P.ct.	Bushels.	P.ct.	
Maine.....	170,940	73,504	43	170,940	100	.....	.....	58
New Hampshire.....	51,387	15,416	30	51,387	100	.....	.....	56
Vermont.....	205,972	74,150	36	205,972	100	.....	.....	60
Massachusetts.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rhode Island.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Connecticut.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York.....	6,300,688	2,222,489	35	4,000,000	63	2,300,688	37	58
New Jersey.....	1,350,380	404,888	26	1,350,380	87	202,184	13	60
Pennsylvania.....	17,797,886	5,321,186	30	13,390,964	75	4,404,322	25	58
Delaware.....	1,758,116	386,940	22	756,391	43	1,002,525	57	58
Maryland.....	7,308,699	1,575,754	20	8,151,008	40	4,727,261	60	58
Virginia.....	5,734,018	1,202,232	21	8,434,948	60	2,289,965	40	58
North Carolina.....	4,081,222	1,155,480	26	4,483,964	97	128,658	3	58
South Carolina.....	1,957,002	143,685	15	1,957,002	100	.....	.....	58
Georgia.....	1,092,572	305,977	18	1,092,572	97	50,996	3	58
Florida.....	394,184	55,186	14	394,186	97	11,888	3	58
Alabama.....	87,927	7,965	21	87,927	100	.....	.....	58
Mississippi.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Louisiana.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Texas.....	4,529,210	543,006	12	4,076,389	90	452,821	10	56
Arkansas.....	1,200,720	271,58	23	1,147,256	91	113,465	9	57
Tennessee.....	6,628,482	1,325,092	20	4,306,500	65	2,321,982	35	57
West Virginia.....	4,056,511	1,005,258	27	3,052,383	75	1,004,128	25	58
Kentucky.....	6,976,861	1,090,229	15	4,385,222	63	2,591,639	37	56
Ohio.....	21,800,016	5,014,004	23	14,000,011	67	7,799,005	35	54
Michigan.....	15,719,936	3,772,76	24	6,210,555	44	9,509,381	56	58
Indiana.....	20,617,440	3,610,885	17	11,362,506	55	9,254,934	44	56
Illinois.....	26,698,146	4,386,003	16	14,334,073	50	14,364,073	50	56
Wisconsin.....	8,808,950	2,029,433	23	7,798,100	81	1,010,850	19	55
Minnesota.....	46,599,061	12,115,556	26	15,844,081	34	30,754,980	66	56
Iowa.....	11,473,152	3,596,777	31	7,228,086	63	4,245,066	37	57
Missouri.....	16,594,473	2,831,680	17	9,126,880	55	7,467,593	45	56
Kansas.....	30,734,452	4,327,112	16	15,397,226	50	15,337,226	50	56
Nebraska.....	19,300,602	5,429,689	28	9,000,301	50	9,000,301	50	56
South Dakota.....	27,583,450	1,447,332	27	8,279,085	30	19,304,365	70	57
North Dakota.....	29,848,601	5,372,780	18	6,999,670	22	23,248,931	78	57
Montana.....	1,204,240	240,448	20	1,047,699	87	156,541	13	56
Wyoming.....	224,136	71,730	32	201,718	90	22,418	10	62
Colorado.....	2,797,182	558,436	20	1,702,225	61	1,094,957	37	59
New Mexico.....	818,097	171,001	21	519,025	63	299,072	36	58
Arizona.....	333,500	66,100	20	266,400	89	67,100	11	60
Utah.....	2,803,753	841,126	30	1,514,027	54	1,289,726	46	60
Nevada.....	180,030	28,006	16	140,023	83	40,006	17	58
Idaho.....	2,401,112	528,006	22	901,045	40	1,499,067	60	58
Washington.....	8,358,192	919,001	11	2,307,458	30	5,850,734	70	60
Oregon.....	10,247,141	1,307,071	15	3,099,071	30	6,548,070	64	59
California.....	45,087,195	4,008,748	9	14,431,102	31	30,656,093	68	60
Oklahoma.....	2,001,755	312,011	12	1,689,018	84	1,002,737	42	59
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>427,684,346</b>	<b>88,149,072</b>	<b>20.6</b>	<b>206,458,289</b>	<b>48.3</b>	<b>221,226,077</b>	<b>51.7</b>	<b>57.1</b>

## UNMANUFACTURED WOOL IMPORTED INTO THE UNITED STATES.

Quantities from the leading countries of supply during the five years ended June 30, 1896.

COUNTRY FROM WHICH IMPORTED.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.
	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.
Belgium.....	191,238	121,969	45	8,463,883	9,201,716
France.....	4,891,555	8,128,318	992,731	10,249,426	13,279,720
Germany.....	415,815	1,451,300	246,880	1,258,015	2,231,443
Russia.....	32,460,069	30,463,223	9,959,887	12,888,689	9,946,968
Turkey, European.....	2,468,042	3,339,002	1,134,128	2,819,710	5,443,878
United Kingdom.....	43,473,171	61,107,701	11,546,327	78,831,061	90,047,689
Canada.....	1,107,016	1,402,586	622,228	7,031,178	4,464,753
Argentina.....	14,137,791	13,842,898	8,066,867	25,446,564	22,700,551
Chile.....	2,417,180	1,044,360	2,101,792	2,101,792	3,488,140
Uruguay.....	4,402,063	1,029,000	247,737	10,347,873	8,114,661
China.....	13,889,067	20,733,098	10,184,364	28,089,418	24,447,088
British East Indies.....	508,006	308,837	367,047	894,272	1,231,237
Turkey, Asiatic.....	9,101,855	18,116,452	3,391,901	7,323,877	5,450,064
British Australasia.....	15,369,732	9,116,822	4,017,880	12,888,014	20,280,069
Other countries.....	1,111,112	2,134,355	1,237,742	8,111,858	8,592,441
Other countries.....	2,220,511	4,101,063	4,000,961	1,556,441	1,725,120
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>148,670,652</b>	<b>172,493,838</b>	<b>55,152,585</b>	<b>206,083,906</b>	<b>230,911,473</b>

## DISPOSITION OF THE CORN CROP OF 1896.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Crop of 1896.		Stock on hand March 1, 1897.		Consumed in country where grown.		Shipped out of country where grown.		Merchantable.	
	Bushels.	Pct.	Bushels.	Pct.	Bushels.	Pct.	Bushels.	Pct.	Bushels.	Pct.
Maine.....	546,860	30	104,038	30	541,391	99	5,469	1	426,551	78
New Hampshire.....	1,161,730	35	400,602	35	1,161,730	100	.....	.....	1,033,401	89
Vermont.....	1,994,322	41	81,673	41	1,994,322	100	.....	.....	1,735,000	87
Massachusetts.....	1,945,500	34	627,490	34	1,848,500	100	.....	.....	1,606,677	87
Rhode Island.....	300,932	47	141,391	47	288,740	96	15,042	5	264,732	84
Connecticut.....	1,775,004	37	656,011	37	1,737,544	98	35,460	2	1,480,833	84
New York.....	17,892,738	45	8,061,732	45	17,336,066	97	556,782	3	14,400,118	81
New Jersey.....	9,325,328	44	4,103,119	44	8,822,804	90	932,534	10	8,290,561	80
Pennsylvania.....	52,475,000	23	23,613,750	45	46,178,000	88	6,297,000	12	45,128,000	86
Delaware.....	4,363,676	2	2,466,838	56	3,306,889	65	1,726,787	35	4,341,472	88
Maryland.....	19,939,128	9	9,719,619	49	13,157,844	66	6,778,284	34	17,341,451	87
Virginia.....	38,067,396	47	17,891,333	47	31,077,108	84	6,090,878	16	31,977,108	84
North Carolina.....	23,404,148	45	13,376,865	45	27,735,849	94	1,770,249	6	23,899,290	81
South Carolina.....	15,781,474	51	8,018,531	51	15,466,747	98	315,627	2	11,616,422	89
Georgia.....	32,829,654	50	16,414,827	50	31,316,408	96	1,313,196	4	27,806,796	85
Florida.....	4,300,940	40	1,941,376	40	4,359,284	94	291,636	6	3,794,586	87
Alabama.....	32,445,075	46	16,024,734	46	30,822,811	95	1,622,254	5	26,004,062	82
Mississippi.....	27,375,380	44	12,006,232	44	27,154,183	97	889,302	3	23,497,448	81
Louisiana.....	15,265,690	32	4,480,810	32	15,265,729	98	811,301	2	11,673,772	75
Texas.....	33,224,617	19	6,124,437	19	31,261,758	97	906,859	3	18,048,025	56
Arkansas.....	29,729,854	31	9,211,395	31	29,426,615	99	297,239	1	13,617,744	65
Tennessee.....	71,593,446	42	30,126,347	42	69,880,495	84	11,502,951	16	61,109,420	85
West Virginia.....	21,093,100	42	9,109,447	42	19,593,644	90	2,169,946	10	18,002,403	80
Kentucky.....	80,632,248	59	38,419,867	59	72,809,115	90	8,003,235	10	67,393,172	84
Ohio.....	123,691,367	61	61,845,978	60	87,801,289	71	35,870,668	29	110,488,945	89
Michigan.....	40,041,500	67	18,419,707	47	35,366,888	88	4,605,032	12	34,484,900	86
Indiana.....	185,498,265	69	80,005,438	62	90,708,420	68	42,708,845	32	122,790,404	92
Illinois.....	284,672,764	55	156,618,070	55	159,390,748	56	125,212,016	44	261,891,348	92
Wisconsin.....	38,890,030	64	17,111,631	44	36,167,794	93	2,722,306	7	31,600,988	81
Minnesota.....	34,116,974	45	15,361,138	45	31,055,086	93	2,411,288	7	26,624,170	77
Iowa.....	821,119,541	61	183,611,725	61	228,420,874	71	93,208,667	29	231,678,070	72
Missouri.....	176,768,649	63	88,081,265	47	152,971,038	86	24,747,611	14	148,496,066	84
Kansas.....	247,739,004	49	121,389,662	49	165,061,783	67	81,752,221	33	237,915,284	92
Nebraska.....	248,000,000	59	176,175,586	69	145,013,823	64	152,285,815	51	265,703,678	89
South Dakota.....	31,136,340	60	18,682,170	60	26,153,788	84	4,981,915	16	26,222,064	80
North Dakota.....	97,150	25	246,635	25	96,794	99	9,745	1	68,178	70
Montana.....	34,426	20	3,021	20	34,006	100	.....	.....	27,985	80
Wyoming.....	62,075	50	31,038	50	57,330	93	4,345	7	40,449	65
Colorado.....	2,852,928	25	719,232	25	2,767,340	97	85,588	3	2,196,756	77
New Mexico.....	388,100	32	124,911	32	264,870	94	23,200	6	333,818	86
Arizona.....	.....	30	.....	30	.....	90	.....	10	.....	87
Utah.....	216,250	25	51,062	25	207,000	96	8,650	4	157,862	73
Nevada.....	.....	22	.....	22	.....	85	.....	15	.....	85
Idaho.....	.....	20	.....	20	.....	100	.....	.....	.....	82
Washington.....	95,455	30	19,050	30	87,816	92	7,639	8	81,134	85
Oregon.....	297,638	12	55,717	12	285,732	96	11,906	4	229,181	77
California.....	2,202,573	25	560,643	25	1,806,110	82	806,463	18	1,962,316	90
Oklahoma.....	.....	29	.....	29	.....	84	.....	16	.....	78
Total.....	2,283,875,146	51.0	1,161,405,884	51.0	1,601,923,231	72.7	621,250,914	27.3	1,566,206,537	84.8

## PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION OF SUGAR—UNITED STATES AND EUROPE.

(Weekly Sugar Trade Journal.)

COUNTRY.	Population 1895.		1894-95.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1891-92.
			Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.
Germany.....	51,050,000	26.78	26.78	26.71	22.90	23.56
Austria.....	41,406,000	19.81	19.81	16.57	17.20	16.05
France.....	38,800,000	30.61	30.61	27.80	27.85	30.46
Russia.....	101,259,000	10.94	10.94	11.06	10.94	10.34
Holland.....	4,713,000	31.30	31.30	25.55	22.90	26.88
Belgium.....	6,525,000	22.50	22.50	21.73	21.09	21.29
Denmark.....	2,300,000	45.41	42.96	43.53	43.63	43.63
Sweden and Norway.....	6,873,000	24.95	24.82	23.64	24.11	24.11
Italy.....	30,724,000	6.65	7.07	7.09	7.18	7.18
Roumania.....	5,800,000	4.18	4.07	4.53	3.90	3.90
Spain.....	17,650,000	13.68	12.47	12.38	11.06	11.06
Portugal and Madeira.....	6,082,000	12.92	13.09	12.51	12.43	12.43
England.....	38,927,000	80.69	84.78	77.40	80.73	80.73
Bulgaria.....	3,310,000	8.98	7.14	6.07	6.16	6.16
Greece.....	2,235,000	6.26	7.29	7.38	8.62	8.62
Servia.....	2,590,000	4.01	4.35	4.22	3.81	3.81
Turkey.....	21,083,000	7.65	7.25	7.64	9.30	9.30
Switzerland.....	2,966,000	44.66	42.30	31.62	31.30	31.30
Europe.....	385,177,000	25.61	25.25	22.62	22.61	22.61
United States.....	69,753,000	62.60	65.64	63.85	63.76	63.76
Total.....	454,930,000	31.07	29.31	28.10	29.00	29.00

## DISPOSITION OF THE OAT CROP OF 1896.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Crop of 1896.	Stock on hand March 1, 1897.		Consumed in county where grown.		Shipped out of county where grown.		Wt per bu.
		Bushels.	P.ct.	Bushels.	P.ct.	Bushels.	P.ct.	
Maine.....	5,900,800	2,758,844	47	5,517,887	94	352,193	6	32
New Hampshire.....	1,160,538	417,801	36	1,148,552	99	11,006	1	31
Vermont.....	4,714,366	2,310,900	49	4,689,145	99	47,163	1	30
Massachusetts.....	541,864	108,973	20	540,884	100	.....	.....	31
Rhode Island.....	112,300	48,588	43	111,820	99	1,130	1	28
Connecticut.....	541,016	243,580	38	641,016	100	.....	.....	29
New York.....	45,916,044	26,364,675	54	45,423,618	91	4,492,446	9	31
New Jersey.....	3,030,410	1,810,245	50	3,140,826	87	470,574	13	30
Pennsylvania.....	10,086,821	16,960,906	47	31,386,534	87	4,680,877	13	31
Delaware.....	508,071	208,267	38	460,380	84	87,691	16	30
Maryland.....	2,040,132	612,068	30	1,550,546	76	489,586	24	29
Virginia.....	8,492,236	3,142,150	37	7,388,298	87	1,104,938	13	29
North Carolina.....	3,777,236	1,444,314	25	5,430,021	91	306,215	6	30
South Carolina.....	2,234,738	235,490	10	2,805,702	96	50,886	2	31
Georgia.....	2,883,238	1,017,058	20	4,463,582	98	101,706	2	30
Florida.....	940,732	109,946	20	527,743	96	31,890	4	29
Alabama.....	4,154,870	801,877	18	4,365,773	98	20,697	2	30
Mississippi.....	1,229,273	223,898	14	1,567,288	98	31,685	2	30
Louisiana.....	345,450	17,272	5	345,450	100	.....	.....	29
Texas.....	17,688,800	2,027,018	16	10,866,220	98	1,773,540	14	29
Arkansas.....	5,076,436	1,167,355	23	5,024,701	99	50,735	1	27
Tennessee.....	7,305,418	2,233,680	31	6,124,046	85	1,090,373	15	30
West Virginia.....	3,847,372	1,462,191	38	3,655,478	95	192,904	5	30
Kentucky.....	10,613,981	3,785,753	36	9,464,385	90	1,061,596	10	29
Ohio.....	32,523,099	14,640,160	45	24,415,267	75	8,108,822	25	29
Michigan.....	30,019,900	13,231,874	44	21,035,492	70	9,003,778	30	30
Indiana.....	34,438,867	12,335,965	36	23,738,934	69	10,674,038	31	28
Illinois.....	84,892,352	36,370,239	43	38,061,878	45	46,820,074	55	27
Wisconsin.....	66,237,475	32,628,838	50	46,385,526	72	18,872,449	28	31
Minnesota.....	56,736,536	28,950,831	51	41,439,425	73	15,298,011	27	31
Iowa.....	105,641,865	49,651,672	47	64,441,532	61	41,200,323	39	26
Missouri.....	19,830,000	7,146,176	36	17,498,431	88	2,332,569	12	24
Kansas.....	25,808,739	8,094,978	34	19,899,358	84	5,909,401	16	24
Nebraska.....	34,092,331	18,750,947	55	24,887,621	73	9,203,010	27	23
South Dakota.....	17,957,445	10,066,169	56	14,504,679	83	3,452,766	17	30
North Dakota.....	11,328,338	5,133,847	45	10,227,297	90	1,091,041	9	29
Montana.....	8,040,750	1,281,323	42	2,288,078	75	707,492	25	35
Wyoming.....	117,312	150,232	36	383,927	92	23,835	8	30
Colorado.....	2,000,734	988,275	38	1,820,507	70	740,217	30	35
New Mexico.....	221,157	101,732	46	110,579	50	110,578	50	33
Arizona.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	34
Utah.....	358,132	411,997	43	641,948	67	316,184	33	33
Nevada.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	37
Idaho.....	1,592,168	572,954	44	883,388	64	408,780	36	36
Washington.....	3,071,772	754,443	25	1,569,241	52	1,448,531	48	33
Oregon.....	3,564,319	925,037	24	2,638,023	70	1,150,286	30	35
California.....	1,237,171	865,434	20	1,425,193	78	401,978	23	34
Oklahoma.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28
Total.....	707,336,104	312,814,923	44.2	516,703,544	73	190,642,800	27	28.6

SUGAR IMPORTED INTO THE UNITED STATES.  
Quantities from the Leading Countries of Supply. Years Ended June 30, 1896.

COUNTRY FROM WHICH IMPORTED.	1892.		1893.		1894.		1895.		1896.	
	Pounds.		Pounds.		Pounds.		Pounds.		Pounds.	
Austria-Hungary.....	69,943,241		34,301,679		44,536,822		7,411,234		40,708,929	
Belgium.....	38,919,574		71,322,733		80,479,170		24,398,139		72,721,186	
France.....	10,195,056		157,301		13,909,622		35,832		34,810,370	
Germany.....	177,020,486		326,827,308		358,648,535		811,182,938		525,981,657	
Netherlands.....	466,780		2,717,110		23,329,548		12,010,226		40,965,863	
United Kingdom.....	6,854,636		31,954,310		58,241,116		60,610,268		56,932,163	
Canada.....	3,263,143		20,480,193		3,846,249		8,329,981		1,304,867	
British West Indies.....	250,249,702		332,988,756		256,221,752		193,498,237		217,421,118	
Danish West Indies.....	9,041,406		13,484,070		15,558,546		9,131,599		12,302,619	
Santo Domingo.....	62,615,068		64,036,980		401,821,821		66,492,169		116,972,941	
Cuba.....	1,983,540,022		1,843,652,253		2,127,502,319		1,845,763,388		1,088,171,312	
Puerto Rico.....	80,474,547		90,617,911		75,546,600		58,252,954		81,582,810	
Brazil.....	178,404,072		114,508,997		258,447,122		180,263,039		191,457,878	
British Guiana.....	139,570,854		159,061,559		134,455,359		110,848,900		146,433,256	
Dutch Guiana.....	7,132,576		14,798,065		12,787,452		8,794,544		12,290,609	
China.....	6,855,046		10,575,216		21,184,075		28,686,928		31,827,850	
Dutch East Indies.....	140,946,946		183,492,832		288,013,620		280,464,270		567,870,790	
Hongkong.....	2,906,073		7,947,391		11,013,629		8,351,466		12,046,973	
Hawaii.....	262,612,405		269,553,529		326,574,581		274,385,228		352,175,790	
Philippine Islands.....	97,265,662		122,413,780		124,052,343		68,770,492		145,075,344	
British Africa.....	8,031,573		.....		8,595,345		3,776,000		26,564,115	
Egypt.....	7,865,003		9,715,000		.....		23,250,815		100,385,317	
Other countries.....	2,675,194		12,358,226		11,532,522		16,162,679		15,411,408	
Total.....	3,595,000,165		3,706,445,317		4,345,198,881		3,574,510,454		4,896,286,557	

## STATISTICS OF AGRICULTURE.

101

## FARM ANIMALS.

Estimated number of animals on farms and ranches, total value of each kind and average price Jan. 1, 1907.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	HORSES.			MULES.			MILCH COWS.		
	Number.	Av. price.	Value.	Number.	Av. price.	Value.	Number.	Av. price.	Value.
Maine.....	115,426	\$46.58	\$5,376,791	.....	.....	.....	192,077	\$25.06	\$4,813,450
New Hampshire.....	55,083	47.74	2,627,428	.....	.....	.....	128,971	27.12	3,497,094
Vermont.....	88,319	45.08	3,977,151	.....	.....	.....	263,640	24.57	6,477,635
Massachusetts.....	63,800	64.67	4,125,946	.....	.....	.....	172,826	30.78	5,319,584
Rhode Island.....	10,129	75.25	762,210	.....	.....	.....	24,793	30.00	742,800
Connecticut.....	43,035	61.31	2,638,568	.....	.....	.....	136,200	27.73	3,776,992
New York.....	621,343	49.67	30,862,888	4,534	\$55.07	\$249,701	1,416,327	24.20	34,275,113
New Jersey.....	80,789	58.94	4,764,706	7,492	76.73	574,876	306,357	32.27	6,659,140
Pennsylvania.....	588,215	44.27	25,819,103	86,144	58.81	5,055,529	938,284	25.03	23,529,808
Delaware.....	30,274	42.78	1,294,516	5,293	59.75	314,839	94,837	27.60	2,650,588
Maryland.....	133,645	39.25	5,111,350	12,817	74.14	945,227	150,477	22.81	3,433,380
Virginia.....	243,586	36.42	8,840,380	37,483	48.58	1,820,800	290,322	17.89	4,657,161
North Carolina.....	145,538	44.76	6,514,890	110,840	49.98	5,541,305	266,035	13.75	3,665,819
South Carolina.....	66,449	48.23	3,204,877	98,834	61.68	6,066,201	129,388	15.83	2,048,212
Georgia.....	110,277	48.34	5,331,018	164,380	62.93	10,343,698	306,457	17.01	5,212,834
Florida.....	85,865	42.70	3,631,331	8,273	59.48	492,084	116,619	16.48	1,921,881
Alabama.....	129,619	38.82	5,032,297	129,739	49.01	6,358,107	305,355	11.12	3,395,548
Mississippi.....	195,571	35.19	6,882,968	160,032	48.81	7,811,371	290,981	12.85	3,738,463
Louisiana.....	141,464	27.25	3,855,824	88,239	52.83	4,661,917	153,538	15.25	2,341,454
Texas.....	1,160,101	17.73	20,571,937	261,428	29.83	7,799,259	732,579	16.43	12,364,873
Arkansas.....	210,530	26.45	5,565,267	145,519	34.26	4,985,323	307,444	12.43	3,803,413
Tennessee.....	337,561	36.41	12,290,744	183,380	39.17	7,165,682	307,542	15.93	4,898,144
West Virginia.....	156,511	33.25	5,209,206	7,601	38.27	290,838	171,528	21.17	3,631,248
Kentucky.....	400,879	32.57	13,056,621	116,854	33.97	3,963,482	286,451	19.78	5,646,419
Ohio.....	701,933	36.67	25,737,791	18,501	38.59	713,872	753,001	25.18	18,935,385
Michigan.....	427,333	43.14	18,437,068	2,784	37.59	104,659	459,153	26.57	12,199,696
Indiana.....	645,834	31.81	20,547,082	46,397	36.04	1,674,144	618,282	23.72	14,665,649
Illinois.....	1,072,966	30.91	33,166,032	90,631	35.69	3,234,290	1,006,259	28.50	28,735,392
Wisconsin.....	420,710	40.95	17,229,021	4,826	37.72	182,024	796,544	23.98	18,948,519
Minnesota.....	469,101	35.95	16,864,237	8,031	41.69	335,957	618,830	23.51	14,541,610
Iowa.....	1,087,492	28.94	31,469,631	35,704	35.46	1,265,015	1,180,531	23.14	27,361,627
Missouri.....	884,726	24.79	21,775,838	216,466	29.81	6,445,651	766,610	22.91	16,075,838
Kansas.....	797,744	23.54	18,780,188	32,283	31.04	1,002,469	828,121	24.50	20,413,464
Nebraska.....	593,714	24.68	14,207,348	41,961	32.33	1,356,689	634,197	24.93	15,757,272
South Dakota.....	250,775	26.50	6,706,063	6,930	30.94	216,080	313,375	22.93	7,195,698
North Dakota.....	168,702	26.43	4,472,302	7,151	48.03	344,461	161,268	21.79	3,514,080
Montana.....	175,301	24.38	4,272,970	924	31.46	29,067	42,928	25.83	1,106,830
Wyoming.....	77,614	13.12	1,018,683	1,474	35.97	53,019	18,515	25.25	467,504
Colorado.....	159,706	20.06	3,204,212	8,888	42.81	380,454	82,374	26.11	2,150,785
New Mexico.....	84,701	14.65	1,240,873	3,540	19.19	68,308	18,751	22.60	423,773
Arizona.....	52,498	21.69	1,138,429	1,026	25.16	25,815	16,872	22.65	380,464
Utah.....	71,178	16.97	1,207,941	1,618	24.45	40,264	56,038	17.95	1,017,729
Nevada.....	55,561	18.06	1,007,320	1,444	32.99	47,703	18,191	26.90	487,653
Idaho.....	132,011	17.12	2,269,570	941	15.56	14,673	28,586	23.10	660,544
Washington.....	176,691	20.47	3,616,227	1,420	39.21	55,677	120,902	23.46	2,836,361
Oregon.....	203,777	18.18	3,704,688	5,811	21.92	127,404	116,007	21.80	2,528,953
California.....	439,384	27.40	12,037,918	57,473	36.89	2,120,329	339,002	25.57	8,668,281
Oklahoma.....	38,069	13.41	514,222	7,177	21.69	155,702	32,355	18.58	601,156
Total.....	14,364,667	31.51	452,649,396	2,215,664	41.66	92,302,000	15,941,727	23.16	369,239,993
Total 1906.....	15,124,057	33.07	500,140,186	2,278,946	45.29	103,204,457	16,137,596	22.55	363,955,545
Decrease.....	759,390	1.56	47,490,790	63,282	3.63	10,902,367	194,859	*.61	*5,284,448
Decrease (per ct.).....	5.0	4.7	9.5	2.7	8.0	10.6	1.2	*2.7	*1.5

\*Increase.

## CORN FOR FUEL.

Burning corn for fuel has often been mentioned as one of the signs that the poor farmer who burns it is in the last ditch of poverty, but a bulletin issued by the experiment station of the University of Nebraska, giving results of tests of the value of corn as fuel, shows that the burning of corn may be a proceeding showing financial wisdom and one greatly to the farmer's benefit when the price of corn is low and that of coal high. The tests showed that 1 pound of screened Wyoming coal, costing

\$6.66 per ton, evaporated 1.9 times as much water in a steam boiler as could be evaporated by 1 pound of a good grade of yellow dent corn on the ear, not thoroughly dry. The following figures show the value of corn per bushel as fuel when coal of the same variety as that used in the tests is selling at the prices given:

Coal per ton .... \$4.87 \$5.41 \$5.95 \$6.19 \$7.11 \$7.57 \$8.11  
Corn per bushel 09 10 11 12 13 14 15

## FARM ANIMALS.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	OXEN AND OTHER CATTLE.			SHEEP.			SWINE.		
	Number.	Av. Price.	Value.	Number.	Av. Price.	Value.	Number.	Av. Price.	Value.
Maine.....	108,378	\$20.13	\$2,181,489	230,364	\$2.05	\$471,671	76,935	\$5.94	\$454,082
New Hampshire..	77,008	19.80	1,533,410	77,529	2.33	180,332	55,272	8.97	495,790
Vermont.....	137,807	19.19	2,646,257	157,948	2.02	318,423	76,215	7.29	555,791
Massachusetts..	75,647	24.33	1,840,485	42,104	3.38	142,207	58,297	8.44	492,025
Rhode Island.....	10,784	24.29	261,892	10,715	2.81	30,136	14,389	7.00	100,024
Connecticut.....	66,614	25.31	1,696,322	32,104	3.09	99,041	53,737	9.29	498,989
New York.....	561,582	20.84	11,700,564	809,261	2.68	2,166,797	632,524	6.61	4,184,932
New Jersey.....	45,113	23.02	1,038,496	41,492	3.27	135,567	153,437	8.02	1,240,872
Pennsylvania.....	568,022	21.62	12,278,890	798,751	2.77	2,209,184	1,022,773	6.67	6,822,816
Delaware.....	25,492	21.13	538,434	12,358	3.14	38,779	49,559	5.80	287,443
Maryland.....	115,724	22.36	2,543,205	124,689	2.67	331,361	331,889	6.74	2,237,741
Virginia.....	371,308	15.42	5,725,390	332,738	2.14	640,774	305,035	3.38	3,361,104
North Carolina..	345,408	9.55	3,306,822	319,170	1.39	445,946	1,455,892	3.11	4,524,475
South Carolina..	136,866	8.85	1,207,822	72,976	1.56	114,134	1,086,988	3.49	3,830,172
Georgia.....	513,870	8.46	4,347,650	344,680	1.46	503,646	2,012,868	3.17	6,373,544
Florida.....	353,833	6.81	2,408,150	97,701	1.58	154,610	415,017	2.02	837,504
Alabama.....	491,929	6.88	3,384,129	252,133	1.25	316,074	1,885,876	2.53	4,763,724
Mississippi.....	446,839	8.03	3,589,456	306,156	1.37	420,352	1,948,978	2.40	4,730,752
Louisiana.....	288,425	8.65	2,521,511	196,311	1.22	240,885	730,961	2.83	2,235,255
Texas.....	5,212,712	11.14	58,417,443	2,789,583	1.20	3,340,047	2,994,065	2.48	7,401,281
Arkansas.....	418,521	8.07	3,377,357	170,075	1.28	218,512	1,375,580	2.32	3,186,861
Tennessee.....	436,829	10.71	4,697,905	392,355	1.44	549,830	1,795,104	3.33	5,978,132
West Virginia..	294,952	16.79	4,941,825	458,157	2.18	1,000,065	571,282	4.25	1,577,100
Kentucky.....	461,367	17.71	8,168,601	738,195	1.40	1,035,220	1,604,164	3.34	5,359,192
Ohio.....	631,382	22.39	14,135,761	2,368,967	2.48	5,877,171	2,284,682	4.93	11,273,436
Michigan.....	370,570	19.00	7,076,135	1,311,971	2.61	3,536,890	713,487	5.91	4,220,277
Indiana.....	726,557	21.08	15,317,115	654,758	2.71	1,771,579	1,310,385	5.05	6,762,409
Illinois.....	1,330,808	23.49	31,264,385	604,180	2.86	1,725,944	2,249,401	5.18	11,651,836
Wisconsin.....	632,855	16.71	10,574,004	708,722	2.37	1,679,104	902,507	5.38	4,850,087
Minnesota.....	652,692	15.98	10,430,321	404,904	2.19	887,711	621,830	4.91	2,560,977
Iowa.....	2,196,755	24.99	54,901,306	553,834	3.02	1,672,578	3,737,970	5.67	21,182,330
Missouri.....	1,568,901	20.74	32,545,606	637,264	1.90	1,236,197	3,074,329	3.99	12,269,648
Kansas.....	1,801,570	21.72	39,133,349	222,215	1.80	398,965	1,630,722	4.81	7,848,165
Nebraska.....	1,019,970	19.53	19,918,434	188,768	2.47	476,182	1,283,641	4.77	6,126,424
South Dakota....	427,801	20.03	8,568,564	337,359	2.12	731,161	158,463	4.20	681,128
North Dakota....	215,502	17.82	4,553,911	336,230	1.95	665,219	120,308	4.50	541,385
Montana.....	1,176,628	17.60	20,708,690	3,122,732	1.61	5,033,220	51,045	7.87	401,496
Wyoming.....	781,923	17.07	13,347,431	1,672,432	1.80	3,005,862	17,734	4.52	80,122
Colorado.....	926,560	19.47	18,044,589	1,411,382	1.76	2,486,280	22,716	4.54	103,131
New Mexico.....	753,831	11.76	8,864,297	2,683,289	1.06	2,847,753	81,151	4.85	391,143
Arizona.....	547,400	12.02	6,577,011	828,696	1.57	1,301,172	26,076	4.84	126,206
Utah.....	338,293	13.77	4,653,162	1,998,441	1.52	3,036,830	53,730	5.45	293,382
Nevada.....	253,936	16.32	4,143,128	544,077	1.69	917,314	11,126	5.09	56,563
Idaho.....	383,935	15.07	5,846,179	1,376,119	1.71	2,346,283	75,192	8.09	607,721
Washington.....	351,026	15.10	5,301,224	741,219	1.97	1,475,351	210,633	3.52	739,310
Oregon.....	741,145	13.55	10,043,483	2,604,640	1.33	3,453,222	240,051	2.37	567,884
California.....	853,279	16.93	14,448,828	2,577,050	1.36	3,500,737	457,193	4.13	2,013,758
Oklahoma.....	175,879	18.13	3,187,860	23,215	1.42	33,011	78,514	4.08	320,141
Total 1897.....	30,508,409	16.65	\$507,979,421	36,818,643	1.82	\$67,020,912	40,600,276	4.10	\$166,272,770
Total 1896.....	32,065,400	15.86	\$508,928,416	38,238,783	1.70	\$65,167,755	42,842,759	4.35	\$186,529,745
Decrease.....	1,557,001	*.79	998,985	1,420,140	*.12	*1,853,207	2,242,483	.25	20,256,975
Decrease (per ct.)	4.9	*5	.2	3.9	*7.1	*2.8	5.2	.57	10.9

\*Increase.

## BEET SUGAR PRODUCED IN EUROPE, 1893-97.

(Compiled by Licht.)

COUNTRIES.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1893-94.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Germany.....	1,800,000	1,615,111	1,844,586	1,381,009
Austria.....	1,050,000	791,405	1,056,821	841,909
France.....	750,000	697,835	792,511	679,111
Russia.....	750,000	783,489	615,058	658,070
Belgium.....	25,000	29,050	24,957	30,317
Holland.....	145,000	106,829	84,597	75,015
Other countries.....	170,000	168,800	156,000	113,610
Total.....	4,900,000	4,393,537	4,792,530	3,889,535

## SHEEP AND SWINE ON FARMS AND RANCHES.

With average price per head, and total value of each kind, January, 1907.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	SHEEP.			SWINE.		
	Number.	Av. price.	Value.	Number.	Av. price.	Value.
Maine.....	230,384	\$2.05	\$471,371	70,335	\$5.94	\$415,092
New Hampshire.....	77,229	2.33	180,332	55,272	8.97	495,730
Vermont.....	155,048	2.02	313,123	70,215	7.29	555,791
Massachusetts.....	42,104	3.38	142,308	58,297	8.44	492,025
Rhode Island.....	10,715	2.81	30,136	14,280	7.00	100,024
Connecticut.....	32,104	3.00	96,311	53,737	9.29	498,990
New York.....	600,261	2.68	2,109,797	632,524	6.61	4,181,332
New Jersey.....	41,432	3.27	135,597	153,437	8.02	1,230,872
Pennsylvania.....	798,751	2.77	2,212,844	1,022,773	6.67	6,822,816
Delaware.....	12,358	3.14	38,779	49,538	5.90	287,443
Maryland.....	124,689	2.60	324,391	301,885	6.74	2,037,741
Virginia.....	202,738	2.14	433,874	266,405	8.38	2,231,164
North Carolina.....	319,170	1.39	443,895	1,435,892	8.11	4,524,475
South Carolina.....	72,076	1.56	112,134	1,066,938	3.49	3,830,172
Georgia.....	344,680	1.46	503,146	2,012,968	3.17	6,373,574
Florida.....	97,706	1.58	154,510	415,917	2.02	837,504
Alabama.....	252,133	1.25	315,174	1,885,976	2.53	4,763,724
Mississippi.....	306,156	1.37	420,432	1,998,978	2.40	4,790,752
Louisiana.....	130,311	1.22	160,445	740,361	2.83	2,135,235
Texas.....	2,780,883	1.20	3,336,077	2,944,935	2.48	7,301,281
Arkansas.....	170,075	1.28	217,612	1,375,580	2.32	3,196,961
Tennessee.....	362,335	1.44	521,576	1,796,104	2.33	5,978,152
West Virginia.....	458,157	2.18	1,000,065	371,292	4.35	1,577,100
Kentucky.....	789,196	1.90	1,499,229	1,934,164	3.34	6,359,492
Ohio.....	2,998,667	2.48	8,577,171	2,284,662	4.93	11,273,436
Michigan.....	1,341,071	2.64	3,539,499	718,487	5.92	4,220,277
Indiana.....	654,758	2.71	1,771,579	1,340,855	5.05	6,762,409
Illinois.....	604,189	2.86	1,735,464	2,240,401	5.18	11,651,896
Wisconsin.....	708,722	2.37	1,679,104	902,307	5.38	4,859,037
Minnesota.....	404,404	2.19	887,711	621,630	4.91	2,560,977
Iowa.....	553,844	3.02	1,672,578	3,737,970	5.67	21,182,330
Missouri.....	427,264	1.90	811,997	3,074,225	8.98	27,629,648
Kansas.....	222,215	1.80	399,985	1,632,722	4.61	7,648,165
Nebraska.....	198,788	2.47	491,082	1,263,811	4.77	6,026,422
South Dakota.....	336,250	2.17	730,161	158,463	4.39	696,128
North Dakota.....	856,230	1.95	1,669,219	120,368	4.50	541,385
Montana.....	3,122,732	1.61	5,028,220	51,045	7.87	401,486
Wyoming.....	1,672,432	1.80	3,009,462	17,734	4.52	80,122
Colorado.....	1,011,382	1.76	1,780,290	22,716	4.54	103,131
New Mexico.....	2,083,269	1.06	2,207,753	31,151	4.85	151,143
Arizona.....	828,666	1.57	1,301,172	26,076	4.84	126,208
Utah.....	1,908,441	1.52	2,900,930	53,730	5.45	293,382
Nevada.....	544,077	1.69	917,114	11,126	5.08	56,653
Idaho.....	1,570,119	1.71	2,684,263	35,192	3.89	136,721
Washington.....	741,219	1.86	1,375,451	210,383	3.32	700,810
Oregon.....	2,034,440	1.33	2,705,222	240,151	2.37	567,964
California.....	2,577,050	1.86	4,800,787	467,163	4.13	1,933,738
Oklahoma.....	23,215	1.42	33,011	78,514	4.08	320,141
Total.....	36,818,643	1.82	67,020,942	40,600,276	4.10	166,272,770
Total 1896.....	38,288,783	1.70	65,167,735	42,842,739	4.35	186,521,745
Decrease.....	1,470,140	7.12	*1,853,207	2,242,467	5.25	20,256,075
Decrease (per cent).....	8.9	7.1	2.8	5.2	5.7	10.9

\*Increase.

## FARM PRICE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS.

Average farm price of various agricultural products on December 1 in each year from 1887-1896.

CROP.	1896.	1895.	1894.	1893.	1892.	1891.	1890.	1889.	1888.	1887.
Corn, bu.....	\$0.215	\$0.253	\$0.457	\$0.365	\$0.393	\$0.406	\$0.506	\$0.283	\$0.341	\$0.444
Wheat, bu.....	.726	.509	.491	.538	.624	.838	.838	.698	.926	.681
Rye, bu.....	.408	.440	.501	.513	.548	.774	.629	.457	.591	.544
Oats, bu.....	.187	.199	.324	.294	.317	.315	.424	.230	.278	.304
Barley, bu.....	.323	.337	.442	.411	.472	.540	.648	.427	.506	.522
Buckwheat, bu.....	.392	.432	.566	.563	.534	.579	.577	.518	.636	.561
Irish potatoes, bu.....	.296	.296	.536	.590	.673	.371	.777	.403	.404	.685
Hay, ton.....	6.56	8.36	8.64	8.08	8.49	8.39	7.74	7.88	.....	9.34
Cotton, lb.....	.068	.078	.048	.070	.084	.073	.088	.083	.085	.085
Leaf tobacco.....	.06	.060	.068	.061	.....	.084	.077	.071	.....	.103

## NUMBER AND VALUE OF FARM ANIMALS IN THE UNITED STATES, 1868-97.

JANUARY 1.	HORSES.		MULES.		MILCH COWS.	
	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.
1868.....	5,756,940	\$432,696,236	856,685	\$66,415,709	8,691,568	\$319,661,153
1869.....	6,352,735	533,024,787	921,662	98,386,559	9,247,714	361,752,676
1870.....	6,248,800	671,319,461	1,179,500	126,564,736	10,085,600	394,940,745
1871.....	6,702,000	693,257,587	1,342,300	136,127,786	10,088,000	374,179,083
1872.....	6,990,400	656,707,916	1,278,300	121,027,816	10,303,500	389,804,988
1873.....	9,222,470	694,463,957	1,310,000	124,658,035	10,575,900	314,358,331
1874.....	9,383,800	699,927,406	1,389,350	119,501,859	10,705,200	290,609,309
1875.....	9,504,200	646,370,939	1,308,750	111,502,713	10,906,800	311,069,624
1876.....	9,735,300	632,446,985	1,414,600	106,565,114	11,085,400	320,346,728
1877.....	10,155,400	610,206,681	1,443,500	99,480,976	11,260,800	307,743,211
1878.....	10,329,700	600,813,691	1,697,500	104,322,089	11,300,100	296,499,877
1879.....	10,938,740	573,254,808	1,718,100	98,033,971	11,826,400	256,953,928
1880.....	11,201,800	518,296,611	1,729,600	105,948,319	12,027,000	279,689,490
1881.....	11,429,636	697,954,325	1,720,731	120,045,164	12,306,653	296,277,067
1882.....	12,521,654	651,824,914	1,825,188	120,945,378	12,611,622	296,480,310
1883.....	10,838,111	765,041,308	1,459,079	148,732,380	12,126,685	308,575,405
1884.....	11,169,683	823,734,400	1,914,136	161,214,976	13,501,206	423,496,649
1885.....	11,564,572	852,262,947	1,972,569	162,497,097	13,904,722	412,908,063
1886.....	12,077,657	880,823,208	2,052,563	163,381,090	14,235,888	390,485,523
1887.....	12,496,744	901,665,755	2,117,141	167,057,588	14,522,083	378,789,280
1888.....	13,172,986	946,086,154	2,191,727	174,853,563	14,856,414	386,252,173
1889.....	13,663,294	982,194,827	2,257,574	179,444,481	15,298,625	296,226,376
1890.....	14,213,837	978,516,662	2,331,027	182,394,040	15,862,883	352,152,133
1891.....	14,056,750	941,823,222	2,296,532	184,617,370	16,010,591	346,397,390
1892.....	15,498,140	1,007,586,636	2,514,039	174,882,070	16,416,351	351,678,132
1893.....	16,433,400	929,398,755	3,002,400	192,922,370	16,632,050	359,881,683
1894.....	16,084,139	769,224,799	2,852,231	146,232,811	16,487,400	359,928,861
1895.....	15,983,318	776,730,540	2,838,108	110,927,834	16,504,629	362,601,729
1896.....	15,124,057	500,140,186	2,278,946	108,204,457	16,137,586	368,965,545
1897.....	14,364,667	452,649,393	2,215,654	92,302,080	15,941,737	360,239,958

JANUARY 1.	OXEN AND OTHER CATTLE.		SHEEP.		SWINE.		Total value of farm animals.
	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	
1868.....	11,942,881	\$249,144,549	38,991,912	\$98,407,900	24,317,256	\$110,766,296	\$1,277,111,522
1869.....	12,180,965	306,211,473	37,724,279	82,139,979	33,316,476	146,168,756	1,597,704,029
1870.....	15,498,800	846,926,440	40,853,000	93,364,433	26,751,400	187,191,912	1,822,327,371
1871.....	16,312,300	869,940,096	31,851,000	74,085,857	29,457,500	182,002,352	1,100,142,711
1872.....	16,990,400	821,582,685	31,679,300	87,711,197	31,795,800	184,738,626	1,089,211,933
1873.....	16,433,400	829,398,755	30,002,400	97,922,370	33,632,050	153,729,616	1,084,431,683
1874.....	16,126,100	610,649,833	33,928,200	84,050,550	30,800,900	146,232,811	1,019,944,472
1875.....	16,413,400	304,458,559	33,783,600	94,320,452	28,062,200	149,880,234	1,018,012,221
1876.....	16,786,800	819,623,509	35,935,300	93,696,318	25,726,900	175,070,484	1,647,719,183
1877.....	17,956,100	807,105,386	35,804,200	80,892,683	28,077,100	171,077,196	1,576,506,063
1878.....	19,223,800	829,541,703	35,740,500	80,608,062	32,262,500	100,899,582	1,574,620,783
1879.....	21,408,100	829,543,327	38,123,800	79,023,964	34,796,100	110,613,044	1,445,423,082
1880.....	21,231,000	341,761,154	40,765,000	90,230,537	34,034,101	145,781,616	1,576,917,566
1881.....	20,977,072	862,861,509	43,516,889	104,070,750	36,247,618	170,535,495	1,721,795,252
1882.....	20,280,288	663,069,480	45,016,224	105,594,664	44,122,200	263,543,195	1,906,458,250
1883.....	20,066,077	611,549,109	49,237,291	124,365,355	43,770,066	291,051,221	2,398,215,369
1884.....	20,066,077	603,229,034	50,626,626	119,902,706	44,200,885	246,301,139	2,467,498,524
1885.....	20,466,773	604,382,913	50,391,243	97,960,035	45,162,857	226,401,083	2,456,428,300
1886.....	31,274,242	601,956,274	48,322,331	92,443,977	46,002,043	196,569,894	2,865,150,863
1887.....	30,531,050	603,137,926	44,759,314	89,872,939	44,612,836	200,043,291	2,400,548,938
1888.....	34,478,063	611,750,520	43,544,755	89,279,926	44,346,525	220,811,082	2,409,403,418
1889.....	35,032,117	507,236,812	42,569,079	80,640,369	60,301,592	291,307,198	2,507,050,066
1890.....	36,849,024	560,625,137	44,336,072	100,659,761	61,602,790	243,418,396	2,418,796,028
1891.....	36,853,948	544,127,908	43,431,136	108,397,447	60,625,106	210,193,922	2,329,787,770
1892.....	37,651,239	570,749,155	44,938,365	116,121,240	62,898,019	241,031,415	2,461,735,698
1893.....	36,954,986	547,882,204	47,273,533	125,909,294	46,094,407	296,426,692	2,483,506,681
1894.....	36,906,669	536,749,747	45,048,017	89,189,110	45,206,498	270,384,626	2,710,816,754
1895.....	34,391,316	462,959,139	42,291,094	86,685,767	44,165,716	191,501,267	1,819,446,306
1896.....	31,196,409	508,326,416	38,298,783	65,167,738	42,842,759	177,938,146	1,727,936,084
1897.....	30,608,108	507,929,421	36,818,643	67,030,942	40,600,276	166,272,770	1,656,414,612

## AGRICULTURE VS. MANUFACTURES.—(CENSUS OF 1890.)

Persons employed.		Value of product.	
United States—	8,656,928	\$2,460,107,453	
Agriculture.....	5,091,293	9,372,437,283	
Manufactures.....	1,099,465	4,186,743,650	
North Atlantic States—			
Agriculture.....	2,565,750	413,399,163	
Manufactures.....	1,669,014	292,847,909	
South Atlantic States—			
Agriculture.....	410,814	535,253,868	
Manufactures.....	258,311	155,662,995	
North Central States—			
Agriculture.....	3,117,043	1,112,948,030	
Manufactures.....	1,533,098	3,159,209,404	
South Central States—			
Agriculture.....	2,321,094	480,337,764	
Manufactures.....	323,320	420,087,470	
Western States—			
Agriculture.....	358,710	155,662,995	
Manufactures.....	258,311	360,835,519	

**THE WORLD'S SUGAR CROP.**  
(From the Weekly Statistical Sugar Trade Journal.)

COUNTRIES.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1893-94.
United States (beets, 40,000, 1896-97; 81,000, 1895-96; 20,443, 1894-95; 20,463, 1893-94).....	Tons. 215,000	Tons. 227,720	Tons. 237,749	Tons. 236,286
Canada (beets).....	300	500	300	300
Spanish West Indies—Cuba, crop.....	100,000	240,000	1,040,000	1,087,000
Puerto Rico.....	50,000	50,000	52,500	60,000
British West Indies—Trinidad, exports.....	55,000	55,000	55,041	49,062
Barbados, exports.....	52,000	44,500	32,345	58,082
Jamaica.....	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000
Antigua and St. Kitts.....	25,000	21,000	20,000	25,000
French West Indies—Martinique, exports.....	35,000	35,000	20,000	35,854
Guadeloupe.....	45,000	45,000	45,000	44,000
Danish West Indies—St. Croix.....	8,000	8,000	7,000	8,000
Haiti and Santo Domingo.....	50,000	50,000	38,000	40,000
Lesser Antilles, not named above.....	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000
Mexico.....	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
Central America—Salvador, crop.....	500	500	500	500
Nicaragua, crop.....	500	500	500	500
British Honduras (Belize), crop.....	200	200	200	200
South America—				
British Guiana (Demerara), exports.....	115,000	105,000	95,919	102,897
Dutch Guiana (Surinam), crop.....	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000
French Guiana.....				
Venezuela.....				
Peru, crop.....	70,000	68,000	68,000	65,000
Argentina, crop.....	120,000	107,000	79,000	50,000
Brazil, exports.....	210,000	225,000	275,000	275,000
Total in America.....	1,305,500	1,372,220	2,221,652	2,234,294
Asia—British India, exports.....	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
Siam, crop.....	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000
Java, exports.....	495,000	603,259	486,051	496,388
Japan (consumption 125,000 tons, mostly imported)				
Philippine Islands.....	210,000	445,000	290,000	185,000
Cochin China.....	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000
Total in Asia.....	792,000	965,259	803,051	778,388
Australia and Polynesia—Queensland.....	75,000	75,000	91,712	76,146
New South Wales.....	35,000	35,000	35,000	35,000
Hawaiian Islands.....	200,000	201,632	181,898	186,689
Fiji Islands, exports.....	30,000	30,000	27,000	10,000
Total in Australia and Polynesia.....	310,000	341,632	285,410	267,835
Africa—Egypt, crop.....	95,000	92,000	90,000	85,111
Mauritius and other British possessions.....	150,000	110,000	115,000	139,751
Reunion and other French possessions.....	45,000	44,700	35,300	37,000
Total in Africa.....	290,000	246,700	240,300	261,862
Europe—Spain.....	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
Total cane-sugar production.....	2,747,500	2,945,811	3,570,418	3,555,374
Total beet-sugar production (Licht).....	4,900,000	4,323,869	4,792,530	3,899,535
Grand total cane and beet sugar production.....	7,707,500	7,269,710	8,362,948	7,441,909
Estimated increase in the world's production.....	437,790			

**PRODUCTION OF BEET SUGAR IN THE UNITED STATES FROM 1830 TO 1896.**

(From the Weekly Statistical Sugar Trade Journal for January 7, 1897.)

1830.....	A few hundred pounds	1884.....	953 tons
1831-37.....	None	1885.....	600 tons
1838-39.....	1,300 pounds	1886.....	800 tons
1840-42.....	None	1887.....	255 tons
1843-71.....	300 to 500 tons per annum	1888.....	1,010 tons
1872.....	500 tons	1889.....	2,800 tons
1873.....	700 tons	1890.....	2,800 tons
1874-77.....	Under 100 tons per annum	1891.....	5,350 tons
1878.....	200 tons	1892.....	12,091 tons
1879.....	1,200 tons	1893.....	20,458 tons
1880.....	500 tons	1894.....	20,418 tons
1881-82.....	Less than 500 tons	1895.....	30,000 tons
1883.....	535 tons	1896.....	40,000 tons

\*Estimated

## COTTON CROPS AND PRICES.

One of the more interesting records of cotton crops in the United States for three-quarters of a century is that published for distribution by the S. Blaisdell, Jr., company of Chicopee, Mass. The convenient form in which the figures are arranged, together with highest and lowest prices for corresponding years, renders the exhibit worthy of reproduction:

## COTTON CROPS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Season.	Bales.
1822-23.....	486,000
1823-24.....	509,158
1824-25.....	569,249
1825-26.....	720,027
1826-27.....	957,281
1827-28.....	720,593
1828-29.....	857,744
1829-30.....	976,445
1830-31.....	1,008,448
1831-32.....	987,477
1832-33.....	1,070,438
1833-34.....	1,205,324
1834-35.....	1,254,328
1835-36.....	1,309,725
1836-37.....	1,425,575
1837-38.....	1,804,797
1838-39.....	1,369,403
1839-40.....	2,181,749
1840-41.....	1,609,353
1841-42.....	1,683,574
1842-43.....	2,378,375
1843-44.....	2,000,409
1844-45.....	2,304,503
1845-46.....	2,300,537
1846-47.....	1,778,051
1847-48.....	2,423,000
1848-49.....	2,540,000
1849-50.....	2,304,000
1850-51.....	2,415,000
1851-52.....	3,126,000
1852-53.....	3,416,000
1853-54.....	3,075,000
1854-55.....	2,983,000
1855-56.....	3,065,000
1856-57.....	3,094,000
1857-58.....	3,357,000
1858-59.....	4,000,000
1859-60.....	4,861,000
1860-61.....	3,849,000
1861-62.....	Civil
1862-63.....	war; no
1863-64.....	record.
1864-65.....	
1865-66.....	2,275,000
1866-67.....	2,233,000
1867-68.....	2,589,000
1868-69.....	2,434,000
1869-70.....	3,114,392
1870-71.....	4,847,006
1871-72.....	2,974,351
1872-73.....	3,874,000
1873-74.....	4,130,000
1874-75.....	3,831,000
1875-76.....	4,632,313
1876-77.....	4,474,069
1877-78.....	4,773,865
1878-79.....	5,074,155
1879-80.....	5,761,352
1880-81.....	6,406,750
1881-82.....	5,456,048
1882-83.....	6,949,756
1883-84.....	5,712,000
1884-85.....	5,705,655
1885-86.....	6,672,491
1886-87.....	6,409,385
1887-88.....	7,046,333
1888-89.....	6,129,000
1889-90.....	7,207,000
1890-91.....	8,674,000
1891-92.....	9,018,000

Season.	Bales.
1892-93.....	6,664,000
1893-94.....	7,532,000
1894-95.....	9,537,000
1895-96.....	7,147,000

## HIGHEST AND LOWEST PRICES OF MIDDLING UPLAND COTTON IN NEW YORK SINCE 1825.

Year.	Highest.	Lowest.
1825.....	\$0.27	\$0.13
1826.....	.14	.09
1827.....	.12	.08
1828.....	.13	.09
1829.....	.11	.08
1830.....	.13	.08
1831.....	.11	.07
1832.....	.12	.07
1833.....	.17	.09
1834.....	.16	.10
1835.....	.20	.15
1836.....	.20	.12
1837.....	.17	.07
1838.....	.12	.09
1839.....	.16	.11
1840.....	.10	.08
1841.....	.11	.09
1842.....	.09	.07
1843.....	.08	.06
1844.....	.09	.06
1845.....	.08%	.05
1846.....	.10	.06
1847.....	.12	.07
1848.....	.08	.05
1849.....	.11	.06
1850.....	.14	.11
1851.....	.14	.08
1852.....	.10	.08
1853.....	.11	.10
1854.....	.10	.08
1855.....	.12	.08
1856.....	.13	.09
1857.....	.15%	.09
1858.....	.13%	.08%
1859.....	.12%	.10%
1860.....	.11%	.10
1861.....	.38	.11%
1862.....	.69%	.20
1863.....	.93	.51
1864.....	1.30	.72
1865.....	1.20	.35
1866.....	.52	.32
1867.....	.38	.15%
1868.....	.33	.16
1869.....	.35	.25
1870.....	.25%	.15
1871.....	.21%	.14%
1872.....	.27%	.18%
1873.....	.21%	.13%
1874.....	.18%	.14%
1875.....	.17%	.13 1-16
1876.....	.15%	.10%
1877.....	.13 1-16	.10 13-16
1878.....	.12 3-16	.08 13-16
1879.....	.13%	.09%
1880.....	.13%	.10 15-16
1881.....	.13	.10 7-16
1882.....	.13 1-16	.10%
1883.....	.11%	.10
1884.....	.11 15-16	.09%
1885.....	.11%	.09 3-16
1886.....	.09%	.09 3-16
1887.....	.09%	.07%
1888.....	.10	.06 11-16
1889.....	.09 15-16	.07%
1890.....	.08 5-16	.05 9-16
1891.....	.09%	.06 9-16
1892.....	.08%	.07 1-16

## VALUE OF FOREIGN COINS, OCT. 1, 1897.

[Prepared by the Director of the Mint.]

COUNTRIES.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value Oct. 1, 1897.
Argentina.....	Gold and silver.....	Peso.....	\$ 96.5
Austria-Hungary.....	Gold.....	Crown.....	20.3
Belgium.....	Gold and silver.....	Franc.....	19.3
Bolivia.....	Silver.....	Boliviano.....	41.2
Brazil.....	Gold.....	Milreis.....	54.6
British possessions, N. A. (except Newfoundland).....	Gold.....	Dollar.....	1.00.0
Central American States— Costa Rica..... Guatemala..... Honduras..... Nicaragua..... Salvador.....	Silver.....	Peso.....	46.5
Chile.....	Gold and silver.....	Peso.....	\$ 36.5
China.....	Silver.....	Tael..... Hankow..... Hongkong..... Nichwang..... Ningpo..... Shanghai..... Swatow..... Takao..... Tien-Tsin.....	Amoy..... Canton..... Chefoo..... Chin Kiang..... Fuchau..... Hankwan (cus- toms)..... Hankow..... Hongkong..... (1)..... Nichwang..... Ningpo..... Shanghai..... Swatow..... Takao..... Tien-Tsin.....
Colombia.....	Silver.....	Peso.....	41.2
Cuba.....	Gold and silver.....	Peso.....	32.6
Denmark.....	Gold.....	Crown.....	26.8
Ecuador.....	Silver.....	Sucre.....	41.2
Egypt.....	Gold.....	Pound (100 piasters).....	4.94.3
Finland.....	Gold.....	Mark.....	19.3
France.....	Gold and silver.....	Franc.....	19.3
German empire.....	Gold.....	Mark.....	26.8
Great Britain.....	Gold.....	Pound sterling.....	4.96.6½
Greece.....	Gold and silver.....	Drachma.....	19.3
Haiti.....	Gold and silver.....	Gourde.....	96.5
India.....	Silver.....	Rupce.....	19.6
Italy.....	Gold and silver.....	Lira.....	19.3
Japan.....	Gold and silver*.....	Yen..... { Gold..... { Silver.....	49.8
Liberia.....	Gold.....	Dollar.....	1.00.0
Mexico.....	Silver.....	Dollar.....	40.2
Netherlands.....	Gold and silver.....	Florin.....	40.2
Newfoundland.....	Gold.....	Dollar.....	1.01.4
Norway.....	Gold.....	Crown.....	26.8
Persia.....	Silver.....	Kran.....	107.6
Peru.....	Silver.....	Sol.....	41.2
Portugal.....	Gold.....	Milreis.....	1.08.0
Russia.....	Silver.....	Ruble..... { Gold..... { Silver.....	77.3
Spain.....	Gold and silver.....	Peseta..... { Silver.....	19.3
Sweden.....	Gold.....	Crown.....	26.8
Switzerland.....	Gold and silver.....	Franc.....	19.6
Tripoli.....	Silver.....	Mahbub of 20 piasters.....	.....
Turkey.....	Gold.....	Plaster.....	40.4
Uruguay.....	Gold.....	Peso.....	1.06.4
Venezuela.....	Gold and silver.....	Bolivar.....	19.8

\*Gold the nominal standard. Silver practically the standard.

†Silver the nominal standard. Paper the actual currency, the depreciation of which is measured by the gold standard.

‡The "British dollar" has the same legal value as the Mexican dollar in Hongkong, the Straits settlements and Labuan.

§The law of February 11, 1886, introduced the gold standard, with an ideal gold peso weighing 569 grams as the monetary unit.

## POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES AT EACH CENSUS FROM 1850 TO 1890.

[From the reports of the Superintendents of the Census.]

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	1800.	1880.	1870.	1860.	1850.
Alabama.....	17 1,513,017	17 1,292,505	16 906,002	13 964,201	12 771,623
Arkansas.....	21 1,128,179	25 802,522	26 484,471	25 475,450	25 202,897
California.....	22 1,208,190	24 864,024	24 560,347	26 379,954	25 92,597
Colorado.....	31 412,138	35 194,327	34 30,854	34 34,277	...
Connecticut.....	29 746,258	28 622,700	25 557,454	24 460,147	21 370,792
Delaware.....	40 168,403	37 146,908	34 135,015	32 112,216	30 91,532
Florida.....	32 301,422	34 263,403	33 187,748	31 140,424	31 87,445
Georgia.....	12 1,875,355	13 1,542,180	12 1,384,109	11 1,057,286	9 906,185
Idaho.....	42 81,789	...	...	...	...
Illinois.....	3 3,838,351	4 3,077,871	4 2,550,891	4 1,711,891	11 851,473
Indiana.....	8 2,102,494	6 1,976,701	6 1,680,657	6 1,350,428	7 988,416
Iowa.....	10 1,211,896	10 1,024,615	11 1,194,030	20 674,913	27 432,314
Kansas.....	19 1,427,000	23 906,003	23 954,359	23 107,336	...
Kentucky.....	11 1,858,633	8 1,648,090	8 1,321,011	9 1,155,684	8 982,405
Louisiana.....	25 1,118,587	22 820,940	21 726,915	17 708,002	18 517,762
Maine.....	30 681,089	27 618,397	25 626,315	22 628,279	16 583,169
Maryland.....	27 1,012,300	23 934,043	20 780,824	19 687,049	17 563,034
Massachusetts.....	6 2,238,943	7 1,781,055	7 1,457,331	7 1,231,096	6 1,044,514
Michigan.....	9 2,095,889	9 1,666,557	13 1,184,023	16 749,113	20 325,654
Minnesota.....	30 1,301,826	26 780,773	28 438,706	30 172,023	53 6,677
Mississippi.....	31 1,289,000	18 1,131,307	18 827,322	14 791,306	15 606,526
Missouri.....	5 2,679,184	5 2,168,398	5 1,721,255	5 1,152,012	13 682,044
Montana.....	41 132,130	...	...	...	...
Nebraska.....	36 1,038,910	30 552,402	35 122,693	35 28,841	...
Nevada.....	44 45,761	38 62,246	37 418,491	36 6,857	...
New Hampshire.....	33 976,330	31 546,691	31 518,940	27 326,073	22 317,976
New Jersey.....	18 1,444,943	19 1,131,116	17 906,036	21 672,035	19 480,555
New York.....	1 5,507,853	1 5,082,871	1 4,382,759	1 3,881,736	1 3,097,394
North Carolina.....	16 1,617,047	15 1,369,750	14 1,071,961	12 932,622	10 869,039
North Dakota.....	39 182,719	...	...	...	...
Ohio.....	4 3,672,416	3 3,138,073	3 2,965,240	3 2,352,511	3 1,980,329
Oregon.....	28 313,717	36 174,738	36 90,923	34 52,465	32 13,234
Pennsylvania.....	2 5,238,014	2 4,283,824	2 3,521,451	2 2,906,215	2 2,311,783
Rhode Island.....	35 415,509	33 275,510	32 217,835	29 174,620	28 147,545
South Carolina.....	23 1,151,149	21 926,377	22 703,606	18 703,708	14 608,507
South Dakota.....	37 328,808	...	...	...	...
Tennessee.....	13 1,767,519	12 1,542,350	9 1,258,520	10 1,109,801	5 1,002,717
Texas.....	7 2,256,723	11 1,591,749	19 1,188,579	23 694,215	25 212,362
Vermont.....	36 332,422	32 333,280	30 330,551	28 315,168	23 314,129
Virginia.....	15 1,655,040	14 1,512,565	10 1,235,163	5 1,506,318	4 1,421,051
Washington.....	34 349,391	...	...	...	...
West Virginia.....	28 761,794	20 618,457	27 412,014	...	...
Wisconsin.....	11 1,684,581	16 1,315,457	15 1,054,670	13 775,881	24 305,391
Wyoming.....	43 69,719	...	...	...	...
The States.....	61,908,906	49,371,340	38,155,505	31,218,021	23,067,292
Alaska.....	...	...	...	...	...
Arizona.....	4 59,028	6 40,440	9 9,558	...	...
Arkansas.....	...	...	...	...	...
District of Columbia.....	1 239,392	1 177,024	1 131,700	2 75,080	2 51,685
Idaho.....	...	...	...	...	...
Indian.....	...	...	...	...	...
Montana.....	...	...	...	...	...
New Mexico.....	9 151,514	7 119,585	2 20,599	...	...
North Carolina.....	...	...	...	...	...
South Carolina.....	...	...	...	...	...
Texas.....	...	...	...	...	...
Washington.....	...	...	...	...	...
West Virginia.....	...	...	...	...	...
Wyoming.....	...	...	...	...	...
The Territories.....	715,341	784,443	402,899	225,300	124,614
on public ships in service of the United States.....	...	...	...	...	...
The United States.....	62,622,250	50,155,783	38,558,404	31,443,321	23,191,906
per cent of gain.....	21.8	50.08	22.05	35.11	35.83

NOTE.—The narrow column under each census year shows the order of the states and territories when arranged according to magnitude of population.

Population of Alaska and Indian Territory not yet reported.

## POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES AT EACH CENSUS, FROM 1790 TO 1840.

[From the reports of the Superintendents of the Census.]

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	1840.		1830.		1820.		1810.		1800.		1790.	
Alabama.....	12	580,756	15	309,527	19	127,901						
Arkansas.....	25	97,574	27	30,388	25	14,255						
California.....												
Colorado.....												
Connecticut.....	20	309,978	16	287,675	14	275,148	9	261,842	8	251,002	8	237,985
Delaware.....	26	78,065	24	78,748	22	72,749	19	72,674	17	64,273	16	64,000
Florida.....	27	84,477	25	34,730								
Georgia.....	9	691,382	10	516,823	11	340,985	11	252,438	12	162,680	13	82,540
Idaho.....												
Illinois.....	14	476,183	20	157,447	24	35,162	23	12,282				
Indiana.....	10	685,898	13	343,031	18	147,178	21	24,520	20	5,641		
Iowa.....	28	43,112										
Kansas.....												
Kentucky.....	6	779,838	6	687,917	6	564,135	7	406,511	9	220,965	14	73,67
Louisiana.....	19	352,411	19	215,738	17	152,923	18	76,556				
Maine.....	13	501,793	12	309,455	12	286,289	14	228,708	14	151,719	11	96,540
Maryland.....	15	470,019	11	447,040	10	407,350	8	380,516	7	341,548	6	319,72
Massachusetts.....	8	737,098	8	610,408	7	523,139	5	472,040	5	422,845	4	378,78
Michigan.....	23	212,267	26	81,630	26	8,765	24	4,702				
Minnesota.....												
Mississippi.....	17	375,651	22	136,621	21	75,448	20	40,332	19	8,850		
Missouri.....	16	383,702	21	140,451	23	68,557	22	20,845				
Montana.....												
Nebraska.....												
Nevada.....												
New Hampshire.....	22	284,574	18	269,328	15	244,022	16	214,490	11	183,858	10	141,880
New Jersey.....	18	373,305	14	320,823	13	277,428	12	245,562	10	211,149	9	184,138
New York.....	1	2,428,921	1	1,918,608	1	1,372,111	2	969,049	3	589,051	5	340,12
North Carolina.....	7	733,419	5	737,987	4	638,829	4	555,500	4	478,108	3	365,75
North Dakota.....												
Ohio.....	3	1,519,467	4	987,903	5	561,295	13	230,700	18	45,365		
Oregon.....												
Pennsylvania.....	2	1,724,031	2	1,348,233	3	1,047,507	3	810,091	3	602,385	2	434,37
Rhode Island.....	24	108,830	23	97,199	20	83,015	17	76,031	16	69,122	15	68,82
South Carolina.....	11	594,398	9	561,185	8	502,741	6	415,115	6	345,591	7	249,07
South Dakota.....												
Tennessee.....	5	829,210	7	681,904	9	422,771	10	261,727	15	106,602	17	35,69
Texas.....												
Vermont.....	21	291,948	17	280,452	16	235,906	15	217,805	13	154,465	12	86,42
Virginia.....	4	1,230,797	8	1,211,406	2	1,063,116	1	974,000	1	880,200	1	747,61
Washington.....												
West Virginia.....												
Wisconsin.....	29	30,945										
Wyoming.....												
The States.....		17,018,641		12,820,808		9,600,783		7,215,858		5,294,300		
Alaska.....												
Arizona.....												
Dakota.....												
Dist. of Columbia.....	1	43,712	1	39,834	1	33,039	1	24,023	1	14,003		
Idaho.....												
Indian.....												
Montana.....												
New Mexico.....												
Oklahoma.....												
Utah.....												
Washington.....												
Wyoming.....												
The Territories.....		43,712		39,834		33,039		24,023		14,003		
On public ships in service of U. S.....		6,100		5,318								
United States.....		17,069,453		12,866,020		9,633,822		7,239,881		5,308,483		3,929,214
Per cent. of gain.....		33.52		32.51		33.06		36.38		35.10		

NOTE.—The narrow column under each census year shows the order of the states and territories when arranged according to magnitude of population.  
Population of Alaska and Indian Territory not yet reported.

## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL STATISTICS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Upon a per capita basis 1833-1896.

YEAR.	Population, June 1.	GOVERNMENT FINANCE (Per Capita).						GOLD AND SILVER.			
		Amount of money in the United States.	Money in circulation.	Debt, less cash in treasury.	Interest paid.	Net ordinary receipts.	Net ordinary expenditures.	Disbursements for pensions.	Coin value of paper money, July 1.	Commercial value of silver to gold.	Annual aver- age price of silver in Lon- don per oz.
1833	36,973,000	\$19.37	\$18.39	\$67.10	\$3.48	\$10.97	\$10.21	\$0.65	\$0.70.1	15.59	\$1.326
1834	37,756,000	18.16	17.00	64.43	3.32	9.83	8.55	.73	73.5	15.00	1.325
1835	38,558,371	18.73	17.50	60.46	3.04	10.67	8.03	.72	85.6	15.57	1.328
1836	39,555,000	18.75	18.10	56.81	2.83	9.69	7.39	.84	89.5	15.67	1.333
1837	40,596,000	18.73	18.19	52.96	2.59	9.22	6.84	.74	87.5	15.63	1.322
1838	41,677,000	18.58	18.04	50.52	2.35	8.01	6.97	.70	86.4	15.52	1.328
1839	42,798,000	18.38	18.13	49.17	2.31	7.13	7.07	.71	91	16.17	1.278
1840	43,961,000	18.16	17.16	47.53	2.20	6.55	6.25	.68	87.2	16.54	1.245
1841	45,137,000	17.52	16.12	45.66	2.11	6.52	5.87	.63	89.5	17.88	1.156
1842	46,353,000	16.46	15.58	43.56	2.01	6.07	5.21	.62	94.7	17.22	1.201
1843	47,569,000	16.62	15.32	42.01	1.96	5.41	4.98	.56	99.4	17.94	1.152
1844	48,896,000	21.52	16.75	40.85	1.71	5.60	5.46	.69	100	18.40	1.123
1845	50,155,782	24.04	19.19	38.27	1.59	6.65	5.34	1.14	100	18.05	1.145
1846	51,316,000	27.41	21.71	35.46	1.46	7.01	5.07	.98	100	18.16	1.138
1847	52,496,000	28.20	22.57	31.91	1.04	7.64	4.84	1.03	100	18.19	1.136
1848	53,696,000	30.61	22.91	28.66	.96	7.37	4.90	1.14	100	18.64	1.110
1849	54,911,000	31.06	22.65	26.20	.87	6.27	4.84	1.04	100	18.57	1.113
1850	56,148,000	32.17	22.02	21.50	.84	5.77	4.64	1.17	100	19.41	1.068
1851	57,404,000	31.61	21.82	22.34	.79	5.76	4.15	1.19	100	20.58	.993
1852	58,680,000	32.39	22.28	20.03	.71	6.20	4.47	1.27	100	21.13	.978
1853	59,971,000	34.40	22.45	17.72	.65	6.32	4.33	1.33	100	21.94	.939
1854	61,289,000	33.95	22.52	15.92	.58	6.01	4.38	1.45	100	22.10	.955
1855	62,622,250	34.24	22.82	14.22	.47	6.44	4.75	1.71	100	19.76	1.046
1856	63,975,000	34.31	23.41	13.32	.37	6.14	5.55	1.85	100	20.92	.988
1857	65,403,000	36.21	24.44	12.86	.35	5.43	5.23	2.16	100	23.72	.871
1858	66,826,000	34.75	23.87	12.55	.34	5.77	6.87	2.37	100	26.49	.790
1859	68,275,000	35.44	24.33	13.17	.37	4.96	6.18	2.07	100	32.56	.635
1860	69,758,000	34.58	23.96	12.93	.44	4.49	5.11	2.03	100	31.00	.654
1861	71,265,000	32.86	21.10	13.41	.49	4.59	4.91	1.93	100	30.32	.682

YEAR.	COINAGE PER CAPITA OF -		PRODUCTION PER CAPITA OF -		Imports per capita.	Exports per capita.	INTERN'L REVENUE		Merchandise im- ported for con- sumption, per cap.	CUSTOMS REVENUE.	
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.			Collected per capita.	Expenses of collecting.		Duty collected per capita.	Average ad valorem rate of duty.
1833	\$0.53	\$0.03	\$1.30	\$0.32	\$0.38	\$2.53	\$5.17	\$4.55	\$9.33	\$4.34	48.63
1834	.47	.03	1.31	.32	.53	1.51	4.19	4.54	10.45	4.69	47.22
1835	.09	.04	1.30	.41	.68	1.51	4.73	3.92	11.09	4.96	47.43
1836	.53	.08	1.11	.54	.54	2.49	3.62	5.30	12.65	5.12	45.95
1837	.54	.07	.89	.71	.34	1.07	3.75	4.36	13.56	5.28	41.36
1838	1.37	.10	.86	.85	.62	2.03	3.75	4.68	15.91	4.44	39.07
1839	.72	.16	.74	.87	.65	1.56	2.39	4.40	13.26	3.75	38.53
1840	.75	.35	.76	.72	.48	2.10	3.52	3.89	11.97	3.51	40.62
1841	1.03	.54	.84	.65	.35	1.25	2.56	3.38	10.29	3.22	44.74
1842	.95	.61	1.01	.65	.28	1.21	2.56	2.99	9.49	2.77	42.80
1843	1.05	.60	1.08	.95	.63	.71	2.32	2.96	9.21	2.67	42.76
1844	.80	.56	.80	.84	.42	1.21	2.32	3.10	8.99	2.73	44.87
1845	1.24	.55	.72	.74	1.85	.34	2.47	2.95	12.51	3.64	43.48
1846	1.24	.54	.68	.84	2.16	.38	2.64	3.20	12.68	3.78	45.20
1847	1.26	.53	.62	.89	.61	.94	2.79	2.80	13.64	4.12	42.69
1848	.51	.54	.56	.87	.53	.64	2.69	3.05	13.05	3.42	41.36
1849	.44	.52	.56	.89	.68	.62	1.22	3.47	12.16	3.47	41.61
1850	.49	.51	.57	.80	.77	.75	2.00	3.42	10.32	3.17	45.86
1851	.54	.56	.61	.83	.67	.73	2.03	3.06	10.89	3.30	45.56
1852	.41	.60	.56	.91	1.03	.61	2.02	3.22	11.65	3.65	47.10
1853	.52	.57	.55	.99	.96	.76	2.07	2.92	11.88	3.90	45.63
1854	.35	.58	.53	1.05	.47	1.58	2.13	2.88	12.10	3.60	45.13
1855	.38	.63	.52	1.13	.54	.83	2.28	2.65	12.35	3.62	44.41
1856	.45	.43	.62	1.18	.57	1.70	2.28	2.75	13.36	3.39	46.28
1857	.53	.19	.50	1.15	1.07	1.27	3.35	2.52	12.44	2.66	48.71
1858	.83	.13	.54	1.16	.67	2.24	2.41	2.57	12.64	2.97	49.54
1859	1.17	.13	.64	1.14	1.24	1.87	2.15	2.34	10.48	2.14	41.75
1860	.85	.08	.56	1.14	.61	1.69	2.16	2.62	10.65	2.30	40.18
1861							2.06	2.62	10.65	2.30	40.18

## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL STATISTICS OF THE U. S.—CONTINUED.

YEAR.	EXPORTS.										CONSUMPTION PER CAPITA OF—									
	Domestic merchandise.		Per cent of domestic products exported.																	
	Exports per capita.	Agricultural products, total exports.	Cotton.	Wheat.	Corn.	Crude mineral oil.	Raw cotton.	Wheat.	Corn.	Sugar.	Coffee.	Tea.	Distilled spirits.	Malt liquors.	Wines.					
		Per cent.																		
1868.....	87.29	70.19	68.90	13.45	1.63	65.48	10.51	5.36	20.44	30.9	6.52	1.98	1.07	5.31	.....					
1869.....	7.23	75.35	57.01	22.92	.94	73.24	12.88	5.21	23.79	35.0	6.45	1.08	1.07	5.31	.....					
1870.....	9.77	78.40	65.98	22.50	.24	75.14	12.82	5.41	22.62	38.0	6.00	1.10	2.07	5.31	.....					
1871.....	10.83	70.74	72.39	22.90	.98	78.96	14.10	4.69	27.40	36.2	7.91	1.14	1.62	6.10	.....					
1872.....	10.56	74.13	67.44	16.88	3.60	71.23	11.10	4.79	21.09	40.4	7.28	1.46	1.68	6.69	.....					
1873.....	12.12	76.10	65.47	20.80	3.69	85.70	15.19	4.81	22.86	38.6	6.87	1.53	1.68	7.21	.....					
1874.....	13.81	79.87	70.03	32.54	3.86	73.08	13.60	4.46	20.95	41.5	6.59	1.27	1.51	7.00	.....					
1875.....	11.98	76.96	70.19	23.60	3.58	58.18	11.90	5.38	18.66	43.6	7.04	1.44	1.50	6.71	.....					
1876.....	11.64	71.67	70.75	25.34	3.86	56.77	14.77	4.89	28.14	35.2	7.33	1.35	1.33	6.89	.....					
1877.....	12.72	72.63	68.97	19.73	5.66	97.02	14.08	5.01	26.13	38.9	6.94	1.23	1.28	6.58	.....					
1878.....	14.90	77.07	71.23	25.29	6.48	72.67	13.71	5.72	26.37	34.3	6.24	1.33	1.09	6.68	.....					
1879.....	14.59	78.19	67.74	35.16	6.33	71.47	15.90	5.58	26.61	40.7	7.42	1.21	1.11	7.05	.....					
1880.....	16.43	83.25	65.74	40.18	6.43	61.17	18.94	5.35	29.88	42.9	8.78	1.39	1.27	8.26	.....					
1881.....	17.23	82.63	68.47	37.38	5.46	43.22	19.64	6.09	31.64	44.2	8.25	1.54	1.38	8.65	.....					
1882.....	13.97	75.31	67.23	31.82	3.71	56.85	16.15	4.98	21.92	48.4	8.30	1.47	1.40	10.03	.....					
1883.....	14.98	77.00	67.20	29.33	2.56	47.22	20.80	6.64	29.24	51.1	9.31	1.30	1.46	10.27	.....					
1884.....	13.20	73.98	67.56	26.49	2.99	62.35	16.30	5.64	27.40	53.4	9.26	1.09	1.48	10.74	.....					
1885.....	12.94	72.96	68.96	25.86	2.95	67.24	15.16	6.77	31.04	51.1	9.60	1.18	1.26	10.72	.....					
1886.....	11.60	72.62	61.68	26.48	3.35	76.07	19.59	4.57	32.00	56.9	9.36	1.37	1.26	11.20	.....					
1887.....	11.98	74.40	68.71	33.66	2.48	60.13	16.84	5.17	27.68	52.7	8.53	1.49	1.21	11.23	.....					
1888.....	11.40	73.23	65.83	26.23	1.74	57.77	19.59	5.62	23.96	56.7	6.81	1.40	1.25	12.80	.....					
1889.....	11.52	72.87	69.53	21.31	3.57	63.30	17.22	6.34	31.28	51.8	9.16	1.29	1.62	12.72	.....					
1890.....	13.50	74.51	62.15	22.31	4.85	58.03	18.50	6.03	32.09	52.8	7.83	1.33	1.40	13.67	.....					
1891.....	13.63	73.63	62.36	26.60	2.15	45.89	22.02	4.38	22.79	46.1	7.99	1.29	1.42	15.28	.....					
1892.....	15.53	78.69	65.13	36.88	3.72	37.35	24.63	5.91	30.33	63.5	8.61	1.37	1.50	15.10	.....					
1893.....	12.44	74.05	66.99	37.20	2.89	45.10	17.07	4.85	23.66	63.4	8.24	1.32	1.51	16.08	.....					
1894.....	12.73	72.88	71.20	41.47	4.11	53.26	15.91	3.41	22.76	66.0	8.01	1.34	1.33	15.18	.....					
1895.....	11.37	69.73	69.83	31.46	2.36	50.76	22.48	4.54	16.92	62.6	9.22	1.38	1.12	14.95	.....					
1896.....	12.11	66.02	65.00	27.07	8.78	43.34	18.46	4.78	14.73	(*)	8.04	1.31	1.00	15.16	.....					

YEAR.	CONSUMPTION OF RAW WOOL.		Tonnage of vessels: annual increase or decrease (+ or -).	Imports and exports of merchandise carried in American vessels.	POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT.		PUBLIC SCHOOLS.		Immigration—per cent of annual increase of population.
	Total per capita.	Per cent foreign.			Revenue per capita.	Expenditure per capita.	Population 5 to 15 years of age.	Expenditures per capita of population 5 to 15 years of age.	
	Lbs.	Per cent.					Millions.		
1868.....	5.14	11.9	+ 1.10	35.1	80.44	80.61	.....	.....	45.05
1869.....	5.78	17.8	+ 4.76	33.2	.48	.63	.....	.....	48.26
1870.....	5.43	32.7	+ 2.41	35.6	.51	.61	12.1	6.24	32.24
1871.....	5.73	29.1	+ .85	31.9	.51	.62	12.3	5.62	38.89
1872.....	6.75	45.3	+ 3.62	29.2	.54	.66	12.6	5.90	42.53
1873.....	5.67	33.2	+ 5.82	26.1	.55	.70	12.8	6.95	28.10
1874.....	4.91	17.5	+ 2.23	27.7	.62	.75	13.1	6.11	19.70
1875.....	5.28	22.1	+ 1.10	27.7	.61	.79	13.4	6.23	14.33
1876.....	5.21	18.3	- 11.83	.63	.63	.74	13.7	6.08	11.67
1877.....	5.16	16.3	- .86	.66	.66	.72	14.0	5.67	11.12
1878.....	5.28	16.9	- .70	.63	.62	.72	14.4	5.49	14.02
1879.....	5.08	14.2	- 1.02	.61	.62	.69	14.7	5.18	35.45
1880.....	6.11	34.9	- 2.43	.74	.66	.73	15.1	5.17	57.71
1881.....	5.68	17.3	+ 2.65	.65	.72	.77	15.4	5.43	66.92
1882.....	6.36	19.0	+ .26	.68	.80	.77	15.7	5.67	50.44
1883.....	6.62	18.7	+ 1.87	.64	.85	.81	16.0	6.05	42.58
1884.....	6.85	20.6	+ .84	.72	.79	.86	16.4	6.29	21.70
1885.....	6.60	18.0	+ .12	.68	.76	.80	16.7	6.43	31.86
1886.....	7.39	26.9	+ 8.16	.63	.77	.88	17.1	6.63	38.41
1887.....	6.68	37.4	- .60	.43	.83	.91	17.4	6.65	42.26
1888.....	6.31	28.9	+ 2.10	.40	.88	.94	17.8	6.98	34.06
1889.....	6.33	31.8	+ 2.74	.43	.92	1.01	18.2	7.28	34.16
1890.....	6.03	27.0	+ 2.71	.49	.97	1.11	18.5	7.60	41.41
1891.....	6.43	30.8	+ 5.88	.45	1.08	1.14	18.8	7.85	43.63
1892.....	6.72	33.1	+ 1.71	.48	1.08	1.19	19.2	8.12	35.84
1893.....	7.05	14.2	+ 1.26	.48	1.14	1.26	19.6	8.31	21.70
1894.....	5.06	46.1	+ 2.90	.48	1.10	1.25	20.1	8.49	21.70
1895.....	6.33	(*)	- 4.02	.48	1.10	1.29	(*)	(*)	22.73
1896.....	(*)	(*)	+ 1.47	.48	1.16	1.32	(*)	(*)	.....

\*No data.

## RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE GOVERNMENT, 1865-1897.

## REVENUE BY FISCAL YEARS.

YEAR	Customs.	Internal revenue.	Direct tax.	Sales of public lands.	MISCELLANEOUS SOURCES	Total revenue.	Excess of revenue over ordinary expenditures.
					Prem's on loans and sales of gold coin.	Other miscellaneous items.	
1865...	\$84,228,331	\$298,464,215	\$1,300,573	\$298,553	\$1,683,447	\$25,441,556	\$833,714,005
1866...	126,046,532	399,225,813	1,974,754	665,031	38,084,076	29,036,314	658,032,020
1867...	126,417,811	296,077,537	1,693,576	27,787,630	15,675,322	20,907,322	490,631,030
1868...	164,464,000	191,087,589	1,948,715	1,948,715	29,233,629	17,745,404	405,638,063
1869...	180,048,427	158,896,461	1,788,196	3,630,344	13,755,491	13,907,339	370,943,747
1870...	194,539,374	184,899,756	223,103	3,650,492	15,266,544	22,942,118	411,255,478
1871...	206,370,406	143,008,154	690,353	2,398,647	8,802,840	22,042,541	383,353,945
1872...	216,370,397	180,642,178	2,575,714	9,412,438	15,106,913	37,410,889	457,332,639
1873...	188,089,529	113,729,314	315,255	2,882,312	11,940,331	17,161,270	333,738,205
1874...	153,168,834	102,409,783	1,862,429	5,037,665	17,055,943	298,478,735	13,375,658
1875...	157,167,722	110,067,494	1,418,640	3,979,280	15,431,915	288,001,915	28,022,242
1876...	148,071,865	116,700,732	94,709	1,125,407	14,626,776	287,492,039	30,340,578
1877...	139,956,693	118,530,633	976,254	403,777	18,031,655	299,000,587	20,730,582
1878...	130,170,680	110,881,635	1,079,743	317,102	15,614,728	257,763,879	27,827,184
1879...	137,250,048	113,561,611	1,224,771	1,505,048	20,589,697	323,827,184	68,879,301
1880...	186,522,065	124,000,874	31	1,016,347	110	333,926,611	65,888,666
1881...	198,159,676	155,264,396	1,517	2,391,803	25,184,851	360,782,263	100,069,405
1882...	230,410,730	146,497,595	100,142	4,753,140	31,705,446	493,525,259	154,543,817
1883...	214,706,467	144,730,469	100,157	7,935,864	34,796,935	527,732,019	132,879,444
1884...	195,067,400	121,889,073	70,721	9,810,705	21,094,882	348,519,870	104,593,635
1885...	181,471,939	112,498,731	5,705,996	5,630,990	21,014,057	321,690,706	93,956,382
1886...	192,046,023	116,845,900	108,240	5,630,990	20,969,528	336,438,727	103,956,382
1887...	217,286,893	118,825,301	32,892	9,254,280	26,065,815	371,403,278	103,471,088
1888...	219,001,174	120,881,514	1,666	11,202,017	24,674,446	379,360,075	111,241,274
1889...	228,832,742	142,006,702	8,038,642	6,338,272	29,277,151	387,050,059	87,701,081
1890...	229,698,594	145,696,249	4,259,536	2,361,876	24,447,419	408,080,382	85,040,372
1891...	219,522,205	153,971,072	2,361,876	2,361,876	23,374,457	392,612,427	26,838,540
1892...	177,452,594	161,027,624	2,361,876	2,361,876	20,251,872	354,387,754	9,914,454
1893...	203,555,017	147,111,262	1,673,636	1,673,636	18,253,888	366,818,626	2,641,674
1894...	131,818,561	143,421,672	1,103,347	1,103,347	17,118,618	297,732,019	97,803,240
1895...	152,158,617	146,762,894	1,005,323	1,005,323	16,706,438	313,308,075	93,300,322
1896...	160,021,751	146,688,774	864,581	864,581	19,180,001	326,976,200	95,301,245
1897...	176,554,126	146,688,774	864,581	864,581	23,614,422	347,721,905	118,062,254

\* Expenditures in excess of revenue.

## EXPENDITURES BY FISCAL YEARS.

YEAR	CIVIL AND MISCELLANEOUS	War department.	Navy department.	Indians.	Pensions.	Interest on public debt.	Total ordinary expenditures.
	Prem. on loans, purchase of bonds, etc.	Other civil and miscellaneous items.					
1865...	\$1,717,900	\$49,047,958	\$103,320,991	\$122,612,045	\$5,116,807	\$16,338,811	\$129,555,214
1866...	58,477	41,056,932	284,449,702	43,324,119	3,247,065	15,407,532	620,800,417
1867...	10,613,437	55,724,416	31,034,011	4,642,522	20,930,562	144,781,062	357,542,075
1868...	7,001,151	53,000,808	121,240,549	25,775,563	4,100,682	267,982,387	377,340,285
1869...	1,674,640	50,474,082	78,501,001	7,042,923	28,476,387	130,624,343	322,865,278
1870...	15,306,556	53,257,162	57,655,675	21,781,927	3,407,038	129,335,408	309,663,561
1871...	9,016,705	61,481,016	35,790,962	19,431,927	2,430,957	34,445,885	282,177,188
1872...	6,358,267	69,981,757	35,372,157	21,249,810	2,061,729	28,545,840	277,517,993
1873...	5,165,920	73,328,110	38,429,035	23,536,257	6,915,705	29,359,427	274,535,245
1874...	1,365,074	69,641,593	42,315,927	30,932,587	6,662,162	37,119,815	257,430,873
1875...	1,079,703	41,120,646	21,497,633	8,864,657	29,456,216	103,003,545	274,623,383
1876...	66,368,374	38,079,889	18,933,310	5,166,568	28,257,301	100,243,271	258,450,797
1877...	59,252,067	38,079,889	14,919,945	5,277,007	27,963,732	97,124,512	238,660,000
1878...	53,177,704	32,154,416	17,945,301	4,629,280	37,137,019	102,500,975	236,964,337
1879...	65,741,553	30,429,041	16,326,438	5,123,137	5,206,109	105,327,949	206,947,883
1880...	54,713,330	38,119,019	13,536,985	5,945,457	96,777,174	95,755,575	267,642,968
1881...	64,419,425	40,196,461	15,412,046	5,514,161	100,669,260	102,500,975	274,623,383
1882...	57,219,751	43,570,494	15,412,046	5,514,161	100,669,260	102,500,975	274,623,383
1883...	68,979,122	48,911,383	15,282,457	7,392,190	60,012,554	110,737,937	257,981,440
1884...	70,930,414	39,429,603	17,252,601	6,475,569	55,429,228	59,100,151	260,468,138
1885...	87,494,358	42,670,578	16,021,080	6,832,465	50,102,267	51,386,253	244,136,244
1886...	74,196,040	34,321,154	15,907,888	6,090,158	61,404,864	50,589,146	242,494,138
1887...	85,294,826	38,964,095	15,111,127	6,194,523	75,029,102	47,471,577	267,932,180
1888...	72,632,261	39,322,156	16,326,438	6,249,303	80,288,509	47,115,007	267,932,180
1889...	17,222,935	44,435,271	21,678,800	6,892,238	87,624,779	41,001,484	228,288,978
1890...	20,304,444	48,730,935	22,000,306	6,708,014	106,366,856	36,099,294	318,000,711
1891...	110,048,167	46,895,454	20,134,159	5,755,490	114,415,361	37,847,135	365,773,905
1892...	103,732,799	49,611,773	20,134,159	11,150,557	134,530,033	24,378,116	345,023,300
1893...	101,943,730	54,567,560	31,707,294	10,268,482	139,357,385	25,364,392	380,477,164
1894...	93,279,730	51,804,759	29,707,730	9,900,454	141,383,228	27,841,406	395,156,286
1895...	87,216,254	50,880,920	27,147,732	12,165,538	169,431,000	35,385,028	359,179,448
1896...	90,401,267	40,450,387	34,661,546	13,016,802	141,033,164	37,791,110	365,774,159

## FOREIGN IMMIGRATION.

Immigration, by sex and nationality, for the fiscal years 1895-6 and 1896-7.

(Compiled by the Bureau of Immigration, Treasury Department.)

NATIONALITIES.	1896.			1897.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
<b>Austria-Hungary—</b>						
Bohemia and Moravia.....	1,232	1,477	2,709	917	1,007	1,924
Galicia and Bukowina.....	8,149	4,947	12,696	8,152	2,615	5,767
Other Austria.....	12,422	6,378	18,800	5,975	4,309	10,285
Hungary.....	21,322	9,576	30,898	8,698	6,327	15,025
<b>Belgium.....</b>	798	468	1,261	490	270	760
<b>Denmark.....</b>	1,749	1,418	3,167	1,212	873	2,085
<b>France (including Corsica).....</b>	1,381	1,082	2,463	1,209	938	2,107
<b>Germany.....</b>	16,942	14,943	31,885	11,590	10,634	22,533
<b>Greece.....</b>	2,124	51	2,175	546	25	571
<b>Italy.....</b>	51,067	16,953	68,020	41,446	17,985	59,431
<b>Netherlands.....</b>	929	651	1,580	558	332	890
<b>Norway.....</b>	5,561	3,274	8,835	3,535	2,307	5,842
<b>Portugal.....</b>	1,410	1,356	2,766	962	912	1,874
<b>Roumania.....</b>	453	332	785	413	373	791
<b>Russia (proper).....</b>	28,438	16,634	45,137	12,436	10,314	22,750
<b>Finland.....</b>	3,725	2,583	6,308	1,458	1,604	3,062
<b>Poland.....</b>	408	282	691	2,654	1,511	4,165
<b>Spain.....</b>	233	58	291	425	41	466
<b>Sweden.....</b>	10,968	10,700	21,777	6,218	6,681	13,144
<b>Switzerland.....</b>	1,401	903	2,304	975	591	1,566
<b>Turkey in Europe.....</b>	118	51	169	110	42	152
<b>England.....</b>	11,178	8,314	19,492	5,998	3,976	9,974
<b>Ireland.....</b>	17,625	22,637	40,262	11,549	16,872	28,421
<b>Scotland.....</b>	2,000	1,483	3,483	1,054	829	1,883
<b>Wales.....</b>	915	606	1,521	539	371	870
<b>Not specified.....</b>	4	5	9	18	7	25
<b>Total Europe.....</b>	202,628	126,439	329,067	124,472	91,925	216,397
<b>Mexico.....</b>	64	86	150	42	49	91
<b>British Honduras.....</b>	4	7	5	1		1
<b>Costa Rica.....</b>	2	1	3	1		1
<b>Guatemala.....</b>		1	1			
<b>Honduras.....</b>		2	2			
<b>Nicaragua.....</b>	1		1	1		1
<b>Salvador.....</b>	3	2	5	1		1
<b>Central America, not specified.....</b>				2		2
<b>Total Central America.....</b>	10	7	17	6		6
<b>British North America—</b>						
Quebec and Ontario.....	142	49	191	151	97	248
Nova Scotia.....	17	6	23	5	3	8
New Brunswick.....	4	5	9	1		1
British Columbia.....	15	7	22	12	3	15
Newfoundland and Labrador.....	18	10	28	11	7	18
<b>Total British North America.....</b>	196	77	273	180	110	290
<b>Cuba.....</b>	3,638	2,479	6,077	1,973	1,595	3,568
<b>Other West Indies.....</b>	43	28	71	233	256	544
<b>South America.....</b>	28	7	35	28	21	49
<b>Turkey in Asia (Arabia and Syria).....</b>	2,315	1,224	4,139	3,203	1,529	4,732
<b>China.....</b>	1,382	59	1,441	3,334	29	3,363
<b>Japan.....</b>	1,007	108	1,110	1,420	106	1,526
<b>Asia, not specified.....</b>	60	14	74	40	1	41
<b>Australia.....</b>	59	28	87	65	74	139
<b>Hawaiian Islands.....</b>	9	14	23	29	26	55
<b>Pacific Islands, not specified.....</b>	2		2	3	2	5
<b>Africa.....</b>	15	6	21	24	13	37
<b>Grand total.....</b>	212,466	130,801	343,267	125,107	96,725	230,832

Decrease, 112,435.

## THE PUBLIC LANDS.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	*Vacant public lands.	†Reserved lands.	‡Appropriated lands.	Total land surface.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Alabama.....	582,339	89,240	82,000,421	82,668,000
Arizona.....	54,400,211	12,727,090	5,000,199	72,127,500
Arkansas.....	3,322,042	1,920	29,000,588	33,323,550
California.....	43,841,044	15,127,821	40,302,418	99,261,283
Colorado.....	40,037,201	6,223,053	20,120,796	66,381,050
Florida.....	1,797,082	19,840	35,446,796	37,253,718
Idaho.....	45,962,855	2,056,273	4,801,072	52,820,200
Illinois.....		750	35,404,343	35,405,093
Indiana.....			21,637,760	21,637,760
Indian Territory.....		19,576,040		19,576,040
Iowa.....			35,646,000	35,646,000
Kansas.....	1,046,249	997,875	50,348,536	52,393,000
Louisiana.....	840,020	1,474,834	26,548,334	28,863,188
Michigan.....	622,431	87,746	86,208,823	86,819,000
Minnesota.....	6,340,408	4,843,229	40,605,403	51,689,040
Mississippi.....	401,320		29,243,780	29,645,100
Missouri.....	407,064		43,230,236	43,637,300
Montana.....	71,420,917	10,190,433	11,843,650	94,055,000
Nebraska.....	10,000,453	118,007	38,349,319	48,137,339
Nevada.....	61,370,006	5,983,409	2,774,506	70,327,921
New Mexico.....	56,960,047	6,347,711	14,866,247	78,173,005
North Dakota.....	21,265,293	3,050,610	20,474,097	44,910,000
Ohio.....			25,581,976	25,581,976
Oklahoma.....	8,105,288	6,953,257	9,441,185	24,499,690
Oregon.....	35,892,818	5,904,728	19,529,172	61,326,718
South Dakota.....	13,250,718	9,225,802	24,040,980	46,526,500
Tennessee.....			29,184,000	29,184,000
Utah.....	44,205,070	5,393,467	2,901,403	52,500,000
Washington.....	17,345,538	6,960,224	17,834,100	42,140,862
Wisconsin.....	454,107	865,353	34,455,540	35,775,000
Wyoming.....	49,341,583	8,106,002	4,925,415	62,372,999
Total.....	591,343,953	132,441,774	741,702,365	1,465,488,092

Alaska, to which the general land laws are not applicable and in which surveys and disposals of no great importance have been made..... 369,529,000

Grand total..... 1,835,017,092

\* "Vacant public lands" (272,294,120 acres of which are unsurveyed) are those subject to settlement, and to filing and entry if surveyed.

† "Reserved lands" mean those reserved for satisfaction of railroad grants, for military and naval purposes, reservoir sites, Indians, timber, and those embraced in unconfirmed private land grants—in other words, all lands reserved for any purpose whatsoever, which may be eventually restored to the public domain.

‡ "Appropriated lands" include all lands embraced in selections, filings and entries, perfected and unperfected, and the area of lands granted for school purposes.

## THE PENSION OFFICE.

## NUMBER OF PENSIONERS ON THE ROLLS JUNE 30, 1897.

In each state and territory of the United States and in each foreign country, and the amount paid for pensions during the fiscal year.

United States.	No.	Amount.	United States.	No.	Amount.
Alabama.....	3,906	\$391,507.61	Massachusetts.....	38,856	\$5,407,177.64
Alaska.....	26	3,000.73	Michigan.....	45,732	6,808,362.29
Arizona.....	570	90,000.34	Minnesota.....	16,240	2,479,207.04
Arkansas.....	10,550	1,414,494.43	Mississippi.....	4,026	516,309.86
California.....	16,102	2,736,494.14	Montana.....	53,257	7,230,425.04
Colorado.....	6,902	954,456.49	Nebraska.....	1,252	17,864.50
Connecticut.....	11,992	1,300,000.00	Nevada.....	16,803	2,544,070.00
Delaware.....	2,676	410,000.53	Nevada.....	205	30,120.00
District of Columbia.....	8,418	1,375,000.30	New Hampshire.....	9,198	1,340,000.00
Florida.....	8,223	1,000,000.68	New Jersey.....	20,534	2,416,000.00
Georgia.....	5,930	\$62,077.11	New Mexico.....	1,457	216,000.00
Idaho.....	1,146	100,000.83	New York.....	86,600	12,331,000.41
Illinois.....	68,717	9,943,000.38	North Carolina.....	3,052	\$33,879.58
Indiana.....	68,213	10,000,000.70	North Dakota.....	1,659	222,000.00
Indian Territory.....	2,636	320,000.81	Ohio.....	108,471	15,562,075.54
Iowa.....	37,575	5,400,000.61	Oklahoma.....	6,172	911,000.16
Kansas.....	4,543	6,294,100.36	Oregon.....	4,000	600,000.00
Kentucky.....	28,379	4,210,000.21	Pennsylvania.....	100,875	12,331,000.00
Louisiana.....	4,631	\$54,412.73	Rhode Island.....	4,452	501,000.00
Maine.....	20,774	\$362,150.97	South Carolina.....	1,897	\$20,877.00
Maryland.....	12,751	1,844,200.52	South Dakota.....	4,703	625,000.00

## THE PENSION OFFICE.

115

United States.	No.	Amount.	Foreign Countries.	No.	Amount.
Tennessee.....	19,286	\$2,556,094.89	Greece.....	5	\$739.87
Texas.....	8,155	1,076,656.82	Guatemala.....	4	747.07
Utah.....	778	110,953.96	Hawaii.....	24	3,429.00
Vermont.....	9,643	1,511,852.86	Honduras.....	3	648.00
Virginia.....	8,526	1,309,894.89	India.....	2	210.00
Washington.....	5,124	727,500.34	Ireland.....	403	60,131.75
West Virginia.....	12,753	2,025,029.91	Isle of Man.....	1	72.00
Wisconsin.....	27,858	4,117,693.63	Italy.....	28	4,068.00
Wyoming.....	699	102,124.69	Japan.....	11	1,779.00
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>971,962</b>	<b>\$139,179,286.24</b>	Korea.....	1	300.00
<b>Foreign Countries.</b>	<b>No.</b>	<b>Amount.</b>	Liberia.....	7	2,818.23
Algiers.....	3	\$324.00	Madeira.....	6	1,150.47
Argentina.....	6	590.40	Malta.....	2	288.00
Australia.....	38	5,812.20	Mauritius.....	1	120.00
Austria-Hungary.....	27	4,111.05	Mexico.....	99	15,197.75
Azores Islands.....	3	270.00	Netherlands.....	9	1,440.00
Bahamas.....	2	240.00	New Zealand.....	9	1,843.60
Belgium.....	18	1,844.25	Nicaragua.....	2	72.00
Bermuda.....	7	912.40	Norway.....	39	6,082.75
British Columbia.....	3	777.20	Peru.....	6	848.80
British Guiana.....	28	4,448.00	Portugal.....	1	72.00
Bulgaria.....	1	72.00	Republic of Colombia.....	3	383.73
Canada.....	1,981	301,507.25	Roumania.....	1	.....
Chile.....	9	988.67	Russia.....	4	504.00
China.....	15	5,010.77	Scotland.....	72	10,912.00
Comora Islands.....	1	60.00	Seychelles Islands.....	2	252.00
Costa Rica.....	4	516.00	Siam.....	2	95.00
Cuba.....	5	636.00	South African Republic.....	4	432.00
Cyprus.....	2	65.00	Spain.....	8	1,182.00
Danish West Indies.....	3	238.00	St. Helena.....	1	144.00
Denmark.....	24	3,879.00	Sweden.....	41	5,242.25
Dutch East Indies.....	1	12.00	Switzerland.....	68	10,163.00
Dutch West Indies.....	2	709.60	Tahiti.....	1	120.00
Ecuador.....	1	95.00	Turkey.....	6	934.97
England.....	302	45,979.50	Uruguay.....	1	270.00
Egypt.....	1	95.00	Wales.....	11	1,524.75
Finland.....	2	415.00	West Indies.....	13	1,701.00
France.....	57	8,678.25	<b>Total.....</b>	<b>4,062</b>	<b>\$619,945.88</b>
Germany.....	621	91,547.25	<b>Grand total.....</b>	<b>976,014</b>	<b>\$139,799,242.12</b>

**NUMBER OF PENSIONS ALLOWED AND INCREASED DURING THE YEAR,**  
With the annual value of all pensions on the rolls.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.	PENSIONS ALLOWED AND INCREASED DURING THE YEAR.						DROPPED FROM THE ROLLS.		Number of pensioners, June 30, 1897.	Annual value of pensions as shown by the rolls June 30, 1897.
	Original.		Increase, re-issue and additional.		Restoration and renewal.					
	No.	Ann'l value.	No.	Ann'l value.	No.	Ann'l value.	No.	Annual value.		
Army general law—										
Invalids.....	3,492	\$396,098	13,751	\$985,947	1,926	\$279,396	10,076	\$1,809,448	336,299	\$55,169,754
Nurses.....	54	7,776					27	3,488	693	98,796
Widows, etc.....	4,405	637,990	220	33,332	57	8,045	6,410	942,334	94,618	14,517,820
Navy general law—										
Invalids.....	234	36,567	391	88,682	41	7,539	278	51,641	4,788	844,168
Widows, etc.....	117	22,102	3	387			144	28,592	2,375	465,024
Army, act June 27, '90—										
Invalids.....	22,576	2,094,442	10,399	666,472	1,659	157,698	15,186	1,815,638	378,609	42,158,694
Widows, etc.....	16,864	1,640,164	303	18,983	163	21,244	5,035	604,126	110,593	11,358,514
Navy, act June 27, '90—										
Invalids.....	1,272	117,724	435	26,567	99	9,108	664	77,847	13,831	1,481,046
Widows, etc.....	587	60,608	10	192	6	612	215	70,755	5,768	590,976
War of 1812—										
Survivors.....							7	816	7	1,272
Widows.....	8	1,152	4	442			483	69,630	2,810	401,016
War with Mexico—										
Survivors.....	48	4,606	268	12,864	16	1,536	926	107,969	10,922	1,281,800
Widows.....	466	44,736	6	912	1	96	360	34,811	8,072	776,280
Indian wars, 1812-42—										
Survivors.....	49	4,704	2		2	192	392	37,632	2,373	228,470
Widows.....	349	32,544			1	96	259	24,844	4,288	401,828
Total.....	50,101	\$5,091,165	25,792	1,784,770	3,971	485,522	41,122	5,684,081	976,014	\$139,799,242.12
Average annual value of each pension.....										\$133.17
Average annual value of each pension under the general law.....										162.04
Average annual value of each pension under act of June 27, 1890.....										109.25

## NUMBER OF PENSION CLAIMS, PENSIONERS AND DISBURSEMENTS, 1861-1897.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.	Army and Navy Claims Allowed.		Total No. of applica- tions filed.	Total No. of claims allowed.	Pensioners on the roll and amount paid, with cost of disbursement.			
	Invalids.	Widows, etc.			Invalids.	Widows, etc.	Total.	Disburse- ments.
1861.....					4,337	4,290	8,626	\$1,072,462.00
1862.....	419	49	2,487	7,462	4,341	3,818	8,159	730,985.00
1863.....	4,121	3,783	49,332	7,834	5,921	5,970	11,891	1,025,140.00
1864.....	17,041	22,446	53,569	30,487	23,479	27,656	51,135	4,464,617.00
1865.....	15,212	24,939	72,684	40,771	35,890	50,106	85,996	8,525,153.00
1866.....	22,883	27,294	65,256	50,777	55,152	71,070	126,222	13,459,996.00
1867.....	16,589	19,896	36,753	30,482	69,565	83,678	153,243	18,619,966.00
1868.....	9,460	19,461	20,708	28,921	75,957	93,686	169,643	24,010,982.00
1869.....	7,292	15,904	26,096	24,193	82,850	105,104	187,954	28,422,984.00
1870.....	5,721	12,500	24,851	18,221	87,521	111,165	198,686	27,780,812.00
1871.....	7,964	8,984	43,969	16,562	93,394	114,101	207,495	33,077,894.00
1872.....	6,468	7,244	26,391	54,733	113,954	118,275	232,229	30,169,841.00
1873.....	6,551	4,073	18,303	16,652	119,500	118,911	238,411	29,185,290.00
1874.....	5,937	3,152	16,734	10,492	121,628	114,613	236,241	30,538,730.00
1875.....	5,790	4,736	18,704	11,752	122,989	111,832	234,821	29,883,117.00
1876.....	5,360	4,376	23,523	9,977	124,289	107,808	232,137	28,351,600.00
1877.....	7,282	3,861	22,715	11,266	128,723	103,381	232,104	28,580,157.00
1878.....	7,414	8,550	44,587	11,062	131,649	92,349	223,998	26,844,415.00
1879.....	7,242	8,379	57,118	30,446	138,615	104,140	242,755	33,780,526.00
1880.....	10,176	4,455	141,496	19,445	145,410	105,392	250,802	57,240,540.00
1881.....	21,394	5,920	31,116	27,394	161,110	104,720	265,830	50,626,539.00
1882.....	22,946	3,569	40,939	25,464	182,633	103,064	285,697	54,296,281.00
1883.....	32,014	5,308	48,776	38,662	201,042	97,616	303,658	60,451,973.00
1884.....	27,414	6,306	41,786	34,192	223,470	97,286	322,756	57,373,537.00
1885.....	27,590	7,713	40,018	37,667	217,146	97,979	315,125	65,693,707.00
1886.....	31,937	8,610	49,395	40,557	270,346	95,337	365,683	64,594,370.00
1887.....	35,293	11,217	72,405	55,194	306,289	99,709	406,007	74,615,488.85
1888.....	44,883	15,359	75,726	60,552	343,701	104,857	452,557	79,645,146.37
1889.....	36,830	11,924	81,220	51,012	351,484	173,241	524,725	88,276,113.29
1890.....	50,395	14,612	106,044	66,337	415,654	122,390	537,944	106,493,890.19
1891.....	41,381	11,914	363,790	156,946	536,821	139,339	676,160	118,548,959.71
1892.....	17,876	7,287	198,345	224,047	704,242	172,826	877,068	141,096,211.84
1893.....	10,232	7,295	119,361	121,630	759,706	206,306	966,012	158,155,342.51
1894.....	6,129	4,225	40,148	39,095			969,544	140,772,168.78
1895.....	5,415	3,627	37,000	39,185			970,524	140,959,076.87
1896.....	3,864	3,919	33,749	40,374			970,678	139,290,078.15
1897.....	3,726	4,612	39,947	50,101			976,014	139,949,717.55
Total.....	579,124	320,922	2,185,416	1,536,696				\$2,137,464,872.07

Beginning with 1883 the total number of applications filed and the total number of claims allowed include army nurses and survivors and widows of Indian wars.

## DISBURSEMENTS, 1897.

Amount disbursed at United States pension agencies during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897:

AGENCIES.	ARMY.		Navy.	Grand total.
	Pensions.	Total.		
Augusta.....	\$2,935,090.27	\$2,947,645.94		\$2,947,645.94
Boston.....	6,546,055.13	6,579,709.19	\$329,758.99	7,439,468.18
Buffalo.....	6,515,815.83	6,548,144.33		6,548,144.33
Chicago.....	9,964,997.30	10,022,968.10	719,186.74	10,742,154.84
Columbus.....	15,412,395.58	15,453,946.63		15,453,946.63
Concord.....	2,965,483.91	2,999,221.53		2,999,221.53
Des Moines.....	8,324,999.98	8,355,228.76		8,355,228.76
Detroit.....	6,792,526.04	6,818,757.22		6,818,757.22
Indianapolis.....	10,877,663.95	10,918,692.36		10,918,692.36
Knoxville.....	7,890,963.43	7,824,709.19		7,824,709.19
Louisville.....	4,238,196.72	4,254,846.19		4,254,846.19
Milwaukee.....	7,374,169.97	7,402,337.19		7,402,337.19
New York city.....	6,418,907.70	6,470,068.81	661,933.25	7,132,002.07
Philadelphia.....	7,411,113.06	7,448,252.73	497,085.14	7,945,507.87
Pittsburg.....	6,779,025.45	6,811,874.69		6,811,874.69
San Francisco.....	3,136,965.49	3,153,223.24	151,023.95	3,304,247.59
Topeka.....	15,088,827.04	15,112,807.86		15,112,807.86
Washington.....	7,546,046.81	8,089,248.88	769,400.38	8,858,709.26
Total.....	\$136,170,193.66	\$137,216,723.54	\$3,629,048.46	\$140,845,772.00

In addition to the above there was disbursed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, the following sum, chargeable to the appropriation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896: Fees of examining surgeons, pensions, \$193,682.64.

## PENSIONERS DROPPED.

Pensioners of the various classes dropped from the rolls during the year, with the cause, and the number of each class on the rolls June 30, 1897.

CLASSES.	By death.	By remarriage.	Minors by legal limitation.	By failure to claim.	For other causes.	No. drop'd from rolls.	No. on rolls Jun. 30, 1897.
<b>GENERAL LAW.</b>							
Army and Navy—Invalids.....	9,554			356	444	10,354	841,087
Nurses.....	21			1	5	27	653
Widows, etc.....	4,848	477	882	654	183	6,554	96,993
Total.....	13,923	477	882	1,011	642	16,935	438,743
<b>Classification of widows' roll, general law—Widows without children.....</b>							
Widows with children.....	2,152	289		890	86	2,897	64,327
Minor children.....	207	238		16	63	519	11,926
Mothers.....	28		882		28	858	2,117
Fathers.....	1,532	5		228	7	1,772	15,502
Brothers and sisters, dependent sons and daughters.....	436			50	9	485	3,010
Total.....	8					3	111
<b>ACT OF JUNE 27, 1890.</b>							
Army and Navy—Invalids.....	12,907			737	2,206	15,850	892,440
Widows, etc.....	3,125	585	963	600	637	5,910	116,350
Total.....	16,032	585	963	1,337	2,843	21,700	508,799
<b>Classification of widows' roll, act of June 27, 1890—Widows without children.....</b>							
Widows with children.....	1,927	305		433	303	3,068	77,470
Minor children.....	365	278		58	183	886	25,128
Mothers.....	8		963		22	993	4,416
Fathers.....	476	2		74	24	576	6,075
Helpless children.....	329			85	10	374	2,861
Total.....	20				3	23	409
<b>WAR OF 1812.</b>							
Survivors.....	7					7	7
Widows.....	418	1		61	3	483	2,810
Total.....	425	1		61	3	490	2,817
<b>WAR WITH MEXICO.</b>							
Survivors.....	795			84	47	926	10,922
Widows.....	273	11		65	11	360	8,072
Total.....	1,068	11		149	58	1,286	18,994
<b>INDIAN WARS, 1832-42.</b>							
Survivors.....	321			65	6	392	2,373
Widows.....	191			60	8	259	4,288
Total.....	512			125	14	651	6,661
Grand total.....	31,960	1,074	1,845	2,883	3,550	41,122	976,014

Total number of children on the rolls: General law, 19,511; act June 27, 1890, 46,358. Total minors, 65,869.

## STATE PENSIONS TO CONFEDERATE VETERANS, 1897.

Compiled from official information by Gov. William Y. Atkinson of Georgia, and published in his message to the legislature, Oct. 27, 1897.

	GENERAL PENSIONS.		SOLDIERS' HOME.		TOTAL.	
	Number.	Paid.	No. inmates.	Paid.	Number.	Paid.
Alabama.....	7,105	\$116,532	None.		7,105	\$116,532
Arkansas.....	1,336	35,000	49	\$7,105	1,385	42,105
Florida.....	600	65,000			600	65,000
Georgia.....	10,437	572,980	None.		10,437	572,980
Kentucky.....	None.		None.		None.	
*Louisiana.....	None.		70	10,000	70	10,000
*Maryland.....	None.		75	10,500	75	10,500
Mississippi.....		75,000				75,000
North Carolina.....		105,000	67	8,500		113,500
South Carolina.....	4,714	100,000	None.		4,714	100,000
Tennessee.....	537	59,940	100	8,500	637	68,440
Texas.....	None.		175	38,258	175	38,258
Virginia.....	3,541	110,800	246	30,000	3,787	140,800
Total.....	28,270	\$1,240,252	782	\$112,863	29,052	\$1,353,115

\*Estimated.

## MINERAL PRODUCTION OF THE UNITED STATES, 1885 AND 1886.

(Compiled for the Mineral Industry by Richard P. Rothwell.)

PRODUCTS.		QUANTITY 1885.		Value.	QUANTITY 1886.		Value.
NONMETALLIC.		Customary measures.	Metric tons.		Customary measures.	Metric tons.	
<b>Abrasives—</b>							
Carborundum.....	short tons.	113	102	\$67,800	595	550	\$365,612
Corundum.....	short tons.	843	848	58,900	250	227	85,000
Emery.....	short tons.	1,703	1,542	110,000	1,550	1,405	108,500
Garnet.....	short tons.	877	735	30,445	2,842	2,578	98,000
Grindstones.....	short tons.	36,389	33,004	290,378	31,301	28,306	294,332
Millstones.....				15,925			14,858
Tripoli and infus. earth.....	short tons.	1,783	1,617	26,049	2,425	2,169	31,028
Whetstones.....				93,303			105,201
Alum.....	short tons.	117,900	106,959	3,587,000	77,700	70,469	2,331,000
Antimony ore.....	short tons.	1,083	982	37,905	150	136	4,750
<b>Asbestos and talc—</b>							
Asbestos.....	short tons.	664	602	11,837	716	650	12,670
Soapstone.....	short tons.	22,133	20,097	342,238	24,319	22,098	365,906
Talc, fibrous.....	short tons.	40,000	36,308	520,000	45,000	40,824	315,000
Asphaltic limestone.....	short tons.	25,225	23,156	170,300	20,519	19,226	68,900
Asphaltic limestone.....	short tons.	5,550	5,053	16,650	3,119	2,839	8,714
Bituminous sandstone.....	short tons.	42,374	38,542	139,945	58,119	48,189	138,714
Barytes.....	short tons.	20,255	18,371	99,020	21,500	19,504	86,000
Bauxite.....	long tons.	18,900	19,100	56,400	17,096	17,379	68,384
Borax.....	pounds.	13,506,356	6,123	742,850	15,258,014	6,921	762,900
Bromine.....	pounds.	391,854	179	102,662	550,285	249	143,074
Cement, nat. hydraulic, bis., 400 lbs.		7,694,033	1,047,006	4,597,285	7,454,611	1,014,423	4,353,377
Cement, Portland.....	bis., 400 lbs.	749,032	135,979	1,430,089	1,032,654	187,365	1,701,151
Clay, refractory.....	short tons.	8,750,000	3,402,000	4,500,000	4,000,000	3,628,900	4,900,000
Clay, china.....	short tons.	30,910	28,038	255,431	29,418	26,688	217,551
Clay, common.....	short tons.			60,100,000			65,000,000
Coal, anthracite.....	short tons.	51,807,207	47,081,208	80,250,652	43,855,533	44,321,708	84,103,857
Coal, bituminous.....	short tons.	137,328,000	124,564,506	123,897,368	138,463,254	125,613,954	115,827,813
Coal, cannel.....	short tons.	69,747	63,274	191,804	54,000	49,587	146,468
Coke.....	short tons.	12,433,464	11,333,904	19,018,276	10,357,000	9,385,800	17,267,401
Cobalt, oxide.....	pounds.	6,400	2,903	8,640	12,825	5,817	16,672
Copperas.....	short tons.	14,118	12,803	69,836	11,170	10,133	62,682
Copper sulphate.....	pounds.	45,000,000	20,412	1,750,000	48,732,840	21,605	1,949,313
Chrome ore.....	long tons.	1,533	1,578	16,735	702	713	7,775
Feldspar.....	long tons.	22,195	22,550	104,082	22,199	22,554	112,829
Fluorspar.....	short tons.	4,000	3,628	24,000	4,000	3,628	24,000
Gilsonite.....	short tons.	1,150	1,043	84,500	1,700	1,542	64,500
Graphite, crystalline.....	pounds.	877,439	172	17,288	806,806	154	18,225
Graphite, amorphous.....	short tons.	840	762	4,700	574	520	3,850
Gypsum.....	short tons.	298,522	270,864	974,219	321,649	210,152	739,799
Iron ore.....	long tons.	15,988,000	16,243,808	27,979,000	14,650,000	14,844,400	23,567,500
Lime.....	bis., 200 lbs.	60,000,000	5,443,164	30,000,000	60,000,000	5,443,164	30,000,000
Magnesite.....	short tons.	2,200	1,965	14,700	2,067	1,875	13,435
Manganese ore.....	long tons.	170,509	173,337	328,107	162,526	165,126	338,083
Mica, ground.....	pounds.	740,000	335	31,566	877,000	388	37,711
Mica, sheet.....	pounds.	6,300	8	6,400	8,000	4	8,406
Mineral wool.....	short tons.	6,989	6,840	74,982	5,933	5,400	61,714
Monazite.....	pounds.	1,900,000	862	114,000	17,500	8	875
<b>Natural gas.....</b>							
				12,000,000			10,000,000
Paints.....	short tons.	162,831	107,624	11,561,913	176,107	150,800	10,130,137
Petroleum (crude).....	bis., 42 gals.	52,961,943	7,215,808	47,234,913	61,308,834	8,394,631	54,953,137
Phosphate, rock.....	long tons.	1,088,017	1,015,587	8,296,757	863,754	877,574	2,591,262
Marls.....	long tons.	217,700	221,183	587,790	155,000	157,490	418,500
<b>Precious stones.....</b>							
				250,000			200,000
Pyrites.....	long tons.	107,731	100,088	342,567	117,782	119,096	297,853
Salt, evaporated.....	bis., 280 lbs.	12,011,265	1,535,591	5,643,383	11,156,270	1,416,846	4,828,179
Salt, rock.....	bis., 280 lbs.	2,184,589	277,443	828,954	2,198,313	279,194	711,919
Silica, sand and quartz.....	long tons.	323,640	332,018	553,123	720,399	732,951	1,076,038
Slate, roofing.....	squares.	752,000	238,576	2,404,213	699,100	221,615	2,280,962
Slate, manufactures.....	short tons.			392,877			467,575
Soda, natural.....	short tons.	1,500	1,724	47,500	3,000	2,722	65,000
Soda, manufactured.....	metric tons.		167,000	3,841,000		158,975	3,656,425
Stone, limestone (flux).....	long tons.	4,723,154	4,798,724	1,889,262	4,311,563	4,380,548	1,724,625
Stone, building.....	cubic feet.	4,701,622	265,199	30,275,249	4,043,993	308,339	30,569,904
Sulphur.....	long tons.	1,650	1,676	41,250	2,800	2,846	64,200
<b>Estimated products unspecified.....</b>							
				5,000,000			5,000,000
<b>Total nonmetals.....</b>				488,051,351	<b>495,747,553</b>		
<b>METALS.</b>							
Aluminum.....	pounds.	900,000	408	495,000	1,300,000	590	520,000
Antimony.....	short tons.	403	422	70,332	613	556	85,700
Copper.....	pounds.	386,453,830	175,294	40,616,340	467,822,973	212,201	49,739,552
Gold.....	troy ounces.	2,265,612	70,478	46,830,240	2,837,965	88,272	54,690,637
Iron, pig.....	long tons.	9,416,308	9,591,419	10,632,512	8,623,127	8,761,120	10,577,610
Lead, value at New York.....	short tons.	156,554	142,226	10,132,708	174,792	158,271	10,381,643
Platinum.....	troy ounces.	154	4,491	2,240	209	621	2,800
Quicksilver.....	flasks, 7½% value.	33,078	1,179	1,817,589	33,140	1,151	1,227,660
Silver, commercial value.....	troy oz.	46,331,235	1,411,067	30,251,235	56,222,322	1,748,710	37,725,178
Zinc.....	short tons.	81,848	74,245	5,912,830	77,637	70,432	6,074,219
<b>Total metals.....</b>				2,419,016	<b>265,965,229</b>		

FAILURES IN THE UNITED STATES.

Quarterly statements of failures and average of liabilities, 1875-1897.

(From Dunn's Review, New York.)

FIRST QUARTER.

Years.	Number.	Amount.	Average.
1875.....	1,982	\$45,173,000	\$21.782
1876.....	2,806	\$4,644,000	23.039
1877.....	2,869	\$4,538,074	19.010
1878.....	3,355	\$2,078,828	24.464
1879.....	2,524	\$3,112,665	17.081
1880.....	1,432	\$2,777,074	8.922
1881.....	1,761	\$2,447,250	13.900
1882.....	2,127	\$3,338,271	15.670
1883.....	2,821	\$3,372,643	13.602
1884.....	3,296	\$4,186,978	12.193
1885.....	3,658	\$6,121,051	12.608
1886.....	3,203	\$9,681,726	9.268
1887.....	3,007	\$2,181,762	10.695
1888.....	2,948	\$8,884,789	13.180
1889.....	3,311	\$2,975,516	12.978
1890.....	3,223	\$7,852,968	11.747
1891.....	3,645	\$2,187,631	11.894
1892.....	3,394	\$9,284,349	11.609
1893.....	3,202	\$7,338,300	14.784
1894.....	4,304	\$4,137,333	14.900
1895.....	3,802	\$7,813,683	12.577
1896.....	4,031	\$7,425,135	14.246
1897.....	3,932	\$8,007,911	12.210

SECOND QUARTER.

1875.....	1,582	\$33,667,000	\$21.295
1876.....	1,794	\$3,771,000	24.398
1877.....	1,880	\$6,068,097	23.972
1878.....	2,470	\$8,752,940	19.738
1879.....	1,534	\$2,666,725	14.776
1880.....	1,065	\$2,111,689	18.884
1881.....	1,105	\$6,499,395	14.931
1882.....	1,470	\$7,242,649	11.722
1883.....	1,816	\$7,816,391	15.317
1884.....	2,214	\$4,204,304	27.998
1885.....	2,346	\$8,601,804	12.091
1886.....	1,953	\$2,752,734	15.746
1887.....	1,906	\$2,976,330	12.061
1888.....	2,411	\$2,229,370	13.043
1889.....	2,292	\$2,556,337	9.972
1890.....	2,162	\$7,466,416	12.704
1891.....	2,529	\$5,248,636	19.868
1892.....	2,119	\$2,989,331	10.849
1893.....	3,199	\$21,541,239	37.984
1894.....	2,734	\$7,595,973	13.751
1895.....	2,855	\$1,026,261	14.370
1896.....	2,895	\$4,444,547	13.504
1897.....	2,889	\$4,684,876	15.121

THIRD QUARTER.

1875.....	1,771	\$54,328,000	\$30.676
1876.....	2,450	\$7,857,371	19.533
1877.....	1,816	\$2,346,085	23.318
1878.....	2,853	\$6,378,363	23.266
1879.....	1,262	\$2,275,550	12.104
1880.....	976	\$2,121,422	12.381
1881.....	1,024	\$1,112,365	9.875
1882.....	1,300	\$8,942,893	14.571
1883.....	1,803	\$2,672,884	28.881

Years.	Number.	Amount.	Average.
1884.....	2,346	\$66,627,821	\$24.138
1885.....	2,173	\$23,874,391	10.986
1886.....	1,932	\$7,227,630	14.090
1887.....	1,938	\$3,022,556	37.674
1888.....	2,361	\$2,114,254	9.366
1889.....	2,276	\$9,227,045	17.235
1890.....	2,196	\$5,452,436	16.144
1891.....	2,754	\$4,302,494	16.086
1892.....	1,984	\$8,659,235	9.405
1893.....	4,015	\$2,469,821	20.402
1894.....	2,868	\$9,411,196	10.028
1895.....	2,792	\$2,167,179	11.528
1896.....	3,757	\$3,285,349	19.507
1897.....	2,903	\$3,963,261	9.977

FOURTH QUARTER.

1875.....	2,405	\$70,888,000	\$29.475
1876.....	2,042	\$4,844,893	17.064
1877.....	2,307	\$8,717,690	21.117
1878.....	1,900	\$7,172,003	20.651
1879.....	1,338	\$7,094,113	12.775
1880.....	1,259	\$9,741,815	16.474
1881.....	1,692	\$3,096,922	17.600
1882.....	1,841	\$2,023,751	17.394
1883.....	2,744	\$4,612,254	19.902
1884.....	3,112	\$5,324,324	14.547
1885.....	2,460	\$5,623,575	10.416
1886.....	2,746	\$6,982,029	13.467
1887.....	2,784	\$9,400,296	14.152
1888.....	3,129	\$3,601,560	10.738
1889.....	3,003	\$3,728,439	14.561
1890.....	3,326	\$9,085,144	26.784
1891.....	3,445	\$3,149,877	15.428
1892.....	2,867	\$3,252,552	11.549
1893.....	4,826	\$6,430,629	19.770
1894.....	3,979	\$1,848,354	10.172
1895.....	3,748	\$2,188,737	13.924
1896.....	4,305	\$4,941,803	12.762

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR.

1875.....	7,740	\$201,060,333	\$25.960
1876.....	9,092	\$1,117,768	21.020
1877.....	8,872	\$9,669,936	21.491
1878.....	10,478	\$24,383,132	22.369
1879.....	6,658	\$8,149,053	14.741
1880.....	4,735	\$5,752,000	13.886
1881.....	5,582	\$1,155,932	14.530
1882.....	6,738	\$10,547,564	15.070
1883.....	9,184	\$17,874,172	18.823
1884.....	10,968	\$26,343,427	20.632
1885.....	10,637	\$24,220,321	11.678
1886.....	9,834	\$14,644,119	11.651
1887.....	9,634	\$17,560,944	17.392
1888.....	10,679	\$23,829,973	11.595
1889.....	10,882	\$18,784,337	13.672
1890.....	10,907	\$19,856,964	17.406
1891.....	12,273	\$19,668,638	15.471
1892.....	10,344	\$14,044,167	11.025
1893.....	15,242	\$46,779,889	22.751
1894.....	13,885	\$17,992,856	12.458
1895.....	13,197	\$17,196,060	13.121
1896.....	15,088	\$26,096,334	14.992

ACREAGE, PRODUCTION AND VALUE OF TOBACCO IN 1896.

	Acres.	Pounds.	Value.
Massachusetts ..	1,975	3,129,500	\$33,940
Connecticut .....	6,579	10,197,450	1,325,650
New York .....	3,259	2,389,580	271,149
Pennsylvania .....	13,584	16,244,280	1,299,542
Maryland .....	15,995	9,277,100	398,915
Virginia .....	32,002	57,961,280	3,013,986
North Carolina.....	134,567	68,629,170	5,490,334
Alabama .....	2,147	1,009,090	161,454
Arkansas .....	2,960	1,327,500	146,025
Tennessee .....	53,351	35,211,680	2,464,816

	Acres.	Pounds.	Value.
West Virginia.....	5,119	3,685,680	\$313,293
Kentucky .....	198,745	143,623,858	6,032,202
Ohio .....	32,012	23,688,880	1,066,000
Indiana .....	11,957	8,130,760	365,884
Illinois .....	3,902	2,497,280	237,242
Wisconsin .....	3,975	5,088,000	279,840
Missouri .....	10,580	7,406,000	666,540
All other.....	3,750	2,437,500	\$31,250
Total .....	594,749	403,004,330	\$24,258,070

# CONVERTING UNITED STATES WEIGHTS AND MEASURES. METRIC TO CUSTOMARY.

LINEAR.					CAPACITY.					
	Meters to inches.	Meters to feet.	Meters to yards.	Kilometers to miles.		Milliliters or centimeters to fluid drams.	Centiliters to fluid ounces.	Liters to quarts.	Decaliters to gallons.	Hectoliters to bushels.
1.....	39.3700	3.28083	1.093611	.62137	1....	.37	.388	1.0567	2.6417	2.8377
2.....	78.7400	6.56167	2.187222	1.24274	2....	.54	.676	2.1184	5.2834	5.6755
3.....	118.1100	9.84250	3.280833	1.86411	3....	.81	1.014	3.1700	7.9251	8.5132
4.....	157.4800	13.12333	4.374444	2.48549	4....	1.08	1.353	4.2267	10.5678	11.3510
5.....	196.8500	16.40417	5.468056	3.10686	5....	1.35	1.691	5.2834	13.5085	14.1867
6.....	236.2200	19.68500	6.561667	3.72822	6....	1.62	2.029	6.3401	15.8502	17.0225
7.....	275.5900	22.96583	7.655278	4.34959	7....	1.89	2.367	7.3998	18.4919	19.9442
8.....	314.9600	26.24667	8.748889	4.97096	8....	2.16	2.705	8.4585	21.1836	22.7019
9.....	354.3300	29.52750	9.842500	5.59233	9....	2.43	3.043	9.5101	23.7753	25.5977
SQUARE.					WEIGHT.					
	Square centimeters to square inches.	Square meters to square feet.	Square meters to square yards.	Hectares to acres.		Milligrammes to grains.	Kilogrammes to grains.	Hectogrammes to oz. avoirdupois.	Kilogrammes to lbs. avoirdupois.	
1.....	.1550	10.764	1.196	2.471	1.....	.01543	15.432.36	3.5274	2.30462	
2.....	.3100	21.528	2.392	4.942	2.....	.03086	30864.71	7.0548	4.40924	
3.....	.4650	32.292	3.588	7.413	3.....	.04630	46329.07	10.5822	6.61387	
4.....	.6200	43.055	4.784	9.884	4.....	.06173	61729.43	14.1086	8.81849	
5.....	.7750	53.819	5.980	12.355	5.....	.07716	77161.78	17.6370	11.02311	
6.....	.9300	64.583	7.176	14.826	6.....	.09259	92594.14	21.1644	13.22773	
7.....	1.0850	75.347	8.372	17.297	7.....	.10803	108026.49	24.6918	15.43328	
8.....	1.2400	86.111	9.568	19.768	8.....	.12346	123458.85	28.2192	17.63960	
9.....	1.3950	96.875	10.764	22.239	9.....	.13889	138891.21	31.7465	19.84160	
CUBIC.					WEIGHT—Continued.					
	Cubic centimeters to cubic inches.	Cubic decimeters to cubic inches.	Cubic meters to cubic feet.	Cubic meters to cubic yards.		Quintals to lbs. avoirdupois.	Milliers or tonnes to lbs. avoirdupois.	Kilogrammes to oz. troy.		
1.....	0.0610	61.023	35.314	1.358	1.....	220.46	2204.6	32.1507		
2.....	0.1220	122.047	70.629	2.616	2.....	440.92	4409.2	64.3015		
3.....	0.1831	183.070	105.943	3.924	3.....	661.39	6613.9	96.4522		
4.....	0.2441	244.094	141.258	5.232	4.....	881.85	8818.5	128.6030		
5.....	0.3051	305.117	176.572	6.540	5.....	1102.31	11023.1	160.7537		
6.....	0.3661	366.140	211.887	7.848	6.....	1322.77	13227.7	192.9044		
7.....	0.4272	427.164	247.201	9.156	7.....	1543.24	15432.4	225.0552		
8.....	0.4882	488.187	282.516	10.464	8.....	1763.70	17637.0	257.2059		
9.....	0.5492	549.210	317.830	11.771	9.....	1984.16	19841.6	289.3567		

By the concurrent action of the principal governments of the world an International Bureau of Weights and Measures has been established near Paris. Under the direction of the International Committee two ingots were cast of pure platinum-iridium in the proportion of 9 parts of the former to 1 of the latter metal. From one of these a certain number of kilogrammes were prepared, from the other a definite number of meter bars. These standards of weight and length were inter-compared, without preference, and certain ones were selected as international prototype standards. The others were distributed by lot, in September, 1890, to the different governments and are called national prototype standards. Those apportioned to the United States were received in 1890 and are in the keeping of this office.

The metric system was legalized in the United States in 1893.

The international standard meter is derived from the meter des archives, and its length is defined by the distance between two lines at 0° centigrade, on a platinum-iridium bar deposited at the International Bureau of Weights and Measures.

The international standard kilogramme is a mass of platinum-iridium deposited at the same place, and its weight in vacuo is the same as that of the kilogramme des archives.

The liter is equal to a cubic decimeter, and it is measured by the quantity of distilled water which, at its maximum density, will counterpoise the standard kilogramme in a vacuum, the volume of such a quantity of water being, as nearly as has been ascertained, equal to a cubic decimeter.

## CONVERTING UNITED STATES WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

(Prepared by T. C. Mendenhall, of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey.)

## CUSTOMARY TO METRIC.

## LINEAR.

	Inches to milli- meters.	Feet to meters.	Yards to meters.	Miles to kilo- meters.
1.....	25.4001	.304801	.914402	1.60935
2.....	50.8001	.609601	1.828804	3.2187
3.....	76.2003	.914402	2.743206	4.82801
4.....	101.6002	1.219202	3.657607	6.43739
5.....	127.0003	1.524003	4.572009	8.04674
6.....	152.4008	1.828804	5.486411	9.65608
7.....	177.8004	2.133604	6.400813	11.26543
8.....	203.2004	2.438405	7.315215	12.87478
9.....	228.6005	2.743206	8.229616	14.48412

## CAPACITY.

	Fluid drums to milli- liters or cub. cen- timeters.	Fluid oz. to milli- liters.	Quarts to liters.	Gallons to liters.
1.....	3.70	29.57	.94635	3.78543
2.....	7.39	59.15	1.89272	7.57077
3.....	11.09	88.73	2.83908	11.35630
4.....	14.79	118.29	3.78543	15.14174
5.....	18.49	147.87	4.73179	18.92717
6.....	22.18	177.44	5.67815	22.71261
7.....	25.88	207.02	6.62451	26.49804
8.....	29.57	236.59	7.57087	30.2838
9.....	33.27	266.16	8.51723	34.06891

## SQUARE.

	Sq. in. to sq. centi- meters.	Sq. ft. to sq. deci- meters.	Sq. yds. to sq. meters.	Acres to hectares.
1.....	6.452	9.290	.836	.4047
2.....	12.908	18.581	1.672	.8094
3.....	19.355	27.871	2.508	1.2141
4.....	25.807	37.161	3.344	1.6187
5.....	32.258	46.453	4.181	2.0234
6.....	38.710	55.743	5.017	2.4281
7.....	45.161	65.032	5.853	2.8328
8.....	51.613	74.323	6.689	3.2375
9.....	58.065	83.613	7.525	3.6422

## WEIGHT.

	Grains to milli- grammes	Avoirdupois oz. to grammes	Avoirdupois pounds to kilo- grammes	Troy oz. to grammes
1.....	64.7989	28.3496	.45359	31.10348
2.....	129.5978	56.6991	.90719	62.20696
3.....	194.3968	85.0486	1.36078	93.31044
4.....	259.1957	113.3981	1.81437	124.41392
5.....	323.9946	141.7476	2.26796	155.51740
6.....	388.7935	170.0972	2.72155	186.62088
7.....	453.5924	198.4467	3.17515	217.72437
8.....	518.3914	226.7962	3.62874	248.82785
9.....	583.1903	255.1457	4.08233	279.93133

## CUBIC.

	Cubic in. to cubic centi- meters.	Cubic ft. to cubic meters.	Cubic yards to cubic meters.	Bushels to hecto- liters.
1.....	16.387	.02833	.765	.26239
2.....	32.774	.05666	1.529	.52479
3.....	49.161	.08499	2.294	.78718
4.....	65.549	.11327	3.058	1.04957
5.....	81.936	.14155	3.823	1.31196
6.....	98.323	.16988	4.587	1.57436
7.....	114.710	.19822	5.352	1.83675
8.....	131.097	.22654	6.116	2.09914
9.....	147.484	.25485	6.881	2.36154

1 Gunter's chain	=	20.1168	meters.
1 sq. statute mile	=	259.000	hectares.
1 fathom	=	1.829	meters.
1 nautical mile	=	1853.25	meters.
1 foot = .304801 meter.	=	9.4540158	log.
1 avoirdupois pound	=	453.59237	gram.
15432.35639 grains	=	1	kilogramme.

The only authorized material standard of customary length is the Trough scale belonging to this office, whose length at 59° C. 22 Fahr. conforms to the British standard. The yard in use in the United States is therefore equal to the British yard.

The only authorized material standard of customary weight is the troy pound of the mint. It is of brass of unknown density, and therefore not suitable for a standard of mass. It was derived from the British standard troy pound of 1758 by direct comparison. The British avoirdupois pound was also derived

from the latter, and contains 7,000 grains troy.

The grain troy is therefore the same as the grain avoirdupois, and the pound avoirdupois in use in the United States is equal to the British pound avoirdupois.

The British gallon = 4.54336 liters.

The British bushel = 36.3477 liters.

The length of the nautical mile given above and adopted by the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey many years ago is defined as that of a minute of arc of a great circle of a sphere whose surface equals that of the earth (Clarke's Spheroid of 1866).

## QUALIFICATIONS FOR SUFFRAGE.

STATE.	Requirements as to citizenship.	PREVIOUS RESIDENCE REQUIRED.				Registration.	Ballot reform.	Excluded from voting.
		State.	County.	Town.	Precinct.			
Alabama.....	Citizens, or alien who has declared his intentions; must exhibit poll-tax receipt.	1 y.	3 m.	30 d.	30 d.	Yes.	Yes.	If convicted of treason, embezzlement of public funds, malfeasance in office or other penitentiary offenses. Idiots or insane.
Arkansas.....	Like Alabama.....	1 y.	6 m.	.....	30 d.	No.	Yes.	Idiots, insane, convicts until pardoned.
California.....	Citizens by nativity; naturalized for 90 days or treaty of Queretaro.	1 y.	90 d.	.....	30 d.	Yes.	Yes.	Chinese, insane, embezzlers of public moneys, convicts.
Colorado.....	Citizens, or alien who has declared his intention 4 months before offering to vote; unlimited woman suffrage.	6 m.	90 d.	90 d.	10 d.	Yes.	Yes.	Persons under guardianship, insane, idiots, prisoners.
Connecticut..	Citizens who can read.....	1 y.	.....	6 m.	.....	Yes.	Yes.	Convicted of felony or other infamous crime.
Delaware.....	Citizens and paying co. tax; limited woman suffrage.	1 y.	1 m.	.....	15 d.	No.	Yes.	Insane, idiots, felons, paupers.
Florida.....	Citizens or alien who has declared his intention and paid capitation tax 2 years; women at school elections.	1 y.	6 m.	.....	.....	Yes.	No.	Persons not registered, insane or under guardian felons, convicts.
Georgia.....	Citizens who have paid all taxes since 1877.	1 y.	6 m.	.....	.....	(a)	No.	Persons convicted of crimes punishable by imprisonment, insane, delinquent taxpayers.
Idaho.....	Citizens; limited woman suffrage.	6 m.	30 d.	.....	.....	Yes.	No.	Chinese, Indians, insane, felons, polygamists, bigamists, traitors, bribers.
Illinois.....	Citizens; women at school elections.	1 y.	90 d.	30 d.	30 d.	Yes.	Yes.	Convicts of penitentiary until pardoned.
Indiana.....	Citizens, or alien who has declared intention and resided 1 year in U. S. and 6 months in state; limited woman suffrage.	6 m.	.....	30 d.	30 d.	No.	Yes.	Convicts and persons disqualified by judgment of a court.
Iowa.....	Citizens.....	6 m.	60 d.	.....	.....	(b)	Yes.	Idiots, insane, convicts.
Kansas.....	Citizens; aliens who have declared intention; women vote at municipal and school elections.	6 m.	30 d.	30 d.	30 d.	(b)	Yes.	Insane, persons under guardianship, convicts, bribers, defrauders of the government and persons who have borne arms against the U. S.
Kentucky....	Citizens; limited woman suffrage.	1 y.	6 m.	30 d.	30 d.	(c)	No.	Treason, felony, bribery, idiots, insane.
Louisiana....	Citizens or aliens who have declared intention.	1 y.	6 m.	30 d.	30 d.	Yes.	No.	Idiots, insane, all crimes punishable by imprisonment, embezzling public funds.
Maine.....	Citizens.....	3 m.	3 m.	3 m.	3 m.	Yes.	Yes.	Paupers, persons under guardianship, Indians not taxed, persons who cannot read and write.
Maryland....	Citizens.....	1 y.	6 m.	.....	.....	Yes.	Yes.	Persons convicted of larceny or other infamous crime, persons under guardianship, insane, idiots.
Massachusetts.	Citizens who can read and write English; women allowed to vote for school committees.	1 y.	.....	6 m.	30 d.	Yes.	Yes.	Paupers (except U. S. soldiers), persons under guardianship.
Michigan.....	Citizens; women vote at school elections.	3 m.	.....	10 d.	10 d.	Yes.	Yes.	Indians holding tribal relations, duellists and their abettors.
Minnesota...	Citizens and aliens who have declared intention; civilized Indians; women can vote at school elections.	4 m.	10 d.	10 d.	10 d.	(d)	Yes.	Treason, felony unless pardoned, insane, persons under guardianship, uncivilized Indians.
Mississippi...	Citizens who can read or understand the constitution.	2 y.	1 y.	1 y.	1 y.	Yes.	Yes.	Insane, idiots, felons, delinquent taxpayers.

(a) Registration required in some counties. (b) In all cities. (c) In the cities of first, second and third class. (d) Required in cities of 1,200 inhabitants or over.

QUALIFICATIONS FOR SUFFRAGE.—CONTINUED.

STATE.	Requirements as to citizenship.	PREVIOUS RESIDENCE REQUIRED.				Registration.	Ballot reform.	Excluded from voting.
		State.	County.	Town.	Preced.			
Missouri.....	Citizens; or alien who has declared his intention not less than 1 nor more than 5 years before offering to vote.	1 y.	30 d.	30 d.	30 d.	(a)	Yes.	U. S. soldiers or sailors, paupers, persons convicted of felony or other infamous crime or misdemeanor or violating right of suffrage, unless pardoned; second conviction disfranchises.
Montana.....	Citizens; women can vote at school elections.	1 y.	30 d.	.....	.....	Yes.	Yes.	Idiot, insane, lunatic, persons convicted of treason or felony unless pardoned, U. S. soldiers and sailors.
Nebraska.....	Citizens; or alien who has declared his intention 30 days before election; limited woman suffrage.	6 m.	30 d.	30 d.	30 d.	(b)	Yes.	Lunatics, persons convicted of treason or felony unless pardoned, U. S. soldiers and sailors.
Nevada.....	Citizens.....	6 m.	30 d.	30 d.	30 d.	Yes.	Yes.	Insane, idiots, convicted of treason or felony, un-annexed confederates against the U. S.
N. Hampshire.....	Citizens; women can vote at school elections.	6 m.	6 m.	6 m.	6 m.	.....	Yes.	Paupers except honorably discharged soldiers; persons caused from paying taxes at their own request.
New Jersey.....	Citizens; limited woman suffrage.	1 y.	.....	.....	.....	Yes.	Yes.	Paupers, insane, idiots and persons convicted of crimes which exclude them from being witnesses unless pardoned.
New York.....	Citizens who have been such for 30 days.	1 y.	4 m.	30 d.	30 d.	Yes.	Yes.	Convicted of bribery or any infamous crime unless sentenced to the reformatory or pardoned, failures on result of election, bribers for votes and the bribees.
N. Carolina.....	Citizens.....	1 y.	30 d.	.....	.....	Yes.	No.	Idiot, lunatic, convicted of felony or other infamous crimes, U. S. soldiers and sailors.
N. Dakota.....	Citizens or aliens who have declared intention 1 year and Indians who have severed tribal relations; limited woman suffrage.	1 y.	6 m.	.....	30 d.	(c)	Yes.	Fetons, idiots, convicts unless pardoned, U. S. soldiers and sailors.
Ohio.....	Citizens.....	1 y.	30 d.	.....	30 d.	(d)	Yes.	Idiot, insane, U. S. soldiers and sailors, felons unless restored to citizenship.
Oregon.....	Citizens or aliens who have declared intention 1 year before election; limited woman suffrage.	6 m.	30 d.	30 d.	30 d.	No.	Yes.	Idiot, insane, convicted felon, Chinese, U. S. soldiers and sailors.
Pennsylvania.....	Citizens at least 1 month, and if 25 years old must have paid tax within 2 yrs.	1 y.	.....	.....	2 m.	Yes.	Yes.	Persons convicted of some offense forfeiting right of suffrage, non-taxpayers.
Rhode Island.....	Citizens.....	2 y.	.....	6 m.	2 m.	(e)	Yes.	Paupers, lunatics, idiots, convicted of bribery or infamous crime until restored.
S. Carolina.....	Citizens.....	1 y.	30 d.	30 d.	.....	Yes.	No.	Paupers, insane, idiots, convicted of treason, dueling or other infamous crime.
S. Dakota.....	Citizens or aliens who have declared intention and been 1 year in U. S.; limited woman suffrage.	6 m.	30 d.	.....	30 d.	(f)	Yes.	Persons under guardian, idiot, insane, convicted of treason or felony unless pardoned.
Tennessee.....	Citizens.....	1 y.	6 m.	.....	.....	(g)	Yes.	Convicted of bribery or other infamous crime, failure to pay poll tax.
Texas.....	Citizens; limited woman suffrage.	1 y.	6 m.	6 m.	.....	(h)	Yes.	Idiot, lunatic, pauper, convict, U. S. soldiers and sailors.

(a) In cities of 100,000 population or over. (b) In all cities. (c) In cities of 3,000 population or over. (d) In cities of not less than 8,000 inhabitants. (e) Non-taxpayers must register yearly before Dec. 31. (f) In towns having 1,000 voters and counties where registration has been adopted by popular vote. (g) All counties having 50,000 inhabitants or over. (h) In cities of 10,000 or over.

## QUALIFICATIONS FOR SUFFRAGE.—CONTINUED.

STATE.	Requirements as to citizenship.	PREVIOUS RESIDENCE REQUIRED.				Registration.	Ballot reform.	Excluded from voting.
		State.	County.	Town.	Precinct.			
Vermont.....	Citizens; women may vote at school elections.	1 y.	3 m	3 m	.....	Yes.	Yes.	Unpardoned convicts, deserters from U. S. service during the war, ex-confeds.
Virginia .....	Citizens.....	1 y.	3 m	3 m	30 d	Yes.	No.	Idiots, lunatics, convicts unless pardoned by the legislature.
Washington..	Citizens; limited woman suffrage.	1 y.	30 d	30 d	30 d	.....	Yes.	Indians not taxed.
W. Virginia..	Citizens.....	1 y.	60 d	.....	.....	No.	Yes.	Paupers, idiots, lunatics, convicts, bribery, U. S. soldiers and sailors.
Wisconsin....	Citizens, or alien who has declared intention; women may vote on school matters only.	1 y.	.....	.....	10 d	(a)	Yes.	Insane, under guardian, convicts unless pardoned.
Wyoming.....	Citizens, male or female, who can read the English language.	1 y.	60 d	.....	.....	Yes.	Yes.	Idiots, insane, felons, unable to read the state constitution.

(a) In cities of 3,000 population or over.

In a more or less limited form, relating to taxation and school matters, woman suffrage exists in Arizona, California, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Texas, Vermont, Washington and Wisconsin.

## LIQUOR STATISTICS.

Fermented liquors produced in each State and Territory from 1891 to 1896.

(From reports of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.)

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	*1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.
	<i>Barrels.</i>	<i>Barrels.</i>	<i>Barrels.</i>	<i>Barrels.</i>	<i>Barrels.</i>	<i>Barrels.</i>
Alabama.....	89,317	96,948	44,661	36,465	28,706	81,699
California and Nevada.....	772,630	745,646	787,825	727,307	759,172	709,080
Colorado and Wyoming.....	245,939	290,462	234,735	186,164	194,159	210,227
Connecticut and Rhode Island.....	334,855	290,216	406,939	433,659	422,231	558,980
Georgia.....	55,243	51,696	49,267	78,407	84,005	104,744
Illinois.....	2,695,153	2,668,449	8,417,286	8,310,134	8,262,324	8,590,724
Indiana.....	562,008	577,123	638,204	616,667	550,882	627,176
Iowa.....	107,879	115,212	130,565	135,048	127,101	130,696
Kansas and Indian Territory.....	1,900	1,650	2,680	5,967	6,013	6,689
Kentucky.....	352,434	340,410	361,653	358,868	367,497	401,380
Louisiana and Mississippi.....	221,686	242,352	292,285	270,150	253,082	248,393
Maryland, Dist. Columbia & Delaware	729,838	792,406	852,621	830,688	857,698	892,042
Massachusetts.....	1,008,029	1,123,330	1,241,780	1,248,347	1,337,347	1,540,330
Michigan.....	618,150	620,323	725,215	655,880	660,470	722,244
Minnesota.....	372,634	394,536	416,570	380,849	431,738	463,236
Missouri.....	2,043,933	2,047,196	2,281,149	2,188,449	2,128,224	2,282,048
Montana, Idaho and Utah.....	40,882	82,781	85,847	73,137	87,044	110,462
Nebraska and Dakotas.....	153,493	161,429	170,772	178,272	170,617	176,182
New Hampshire, Maine and Vermont	386,055	420,078	403,155	361,292	368,225	394,144
New Jersey.....	1,640,876	1,731,049	1,915,790	1,892,866	1,804,611	2,023,926
New Mexico and Arizona.....	6,880	6,835	7,114	4,693	4,778	4,706
New York.....	9,230,634	9,558,744	9,978,449	9,772,256	9,758,001	10,051,047
North Carolina.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5
Ohio.....	2,061,002	2,098,494	2,834,807	2,621,012	2,655,667	2,879,698
Oregon and Washington.....	230,944	244,117	220,725	174,192	175,045	190,494
Pennsylvania.....	3,145,321	3,308,652	3,584,333	3,447,940	3,361,988	4,047,084
South Carolina.....	9,240	6,221	5,265	9,541	9,905	11,101
Tennessee.....	90,415	100,115	97,425	82,108	82,890	93,700
Texas.....	91,795	115,883	131,218	187,802	221,284	249,620
Virginia.....	61,759	62,311	79,480	76,000	76,617	87,525
West Virginia.....	126,321	150,106	152,743	111,800	100,222	116,177
Wisconsin.....	2,447,534	2,601,783	3,019,022	2,908,451	2,807,001	2,854,334
Total.....	130,497,209	31,890,626	34,591,179	33,362,373	33,589,784	35,859,250

\*Year ended June 30.

†includes fermented liquors removed from breweries for export free of tax

## SALES OF MALT LIQUORS—1890-96.

The *Brewers' Journal* publishes the following statistics, compiled from the report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, of the sales of malt liquors in the various states and territories and in the leading cities of the country for the year 1896 as compared with the six preceding years. The states showing largest increase are Pennsylvania, New York, Illinois, Ohio, Massachusetts and New Jersey. The divisions in which there has been the largest decrease are Oregon, Louisiana, Nebraska, Washington, North and South Dakota and New Mexico. The net increase for 1896 as compared with 1890 is 2,356,422 barrels:

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	*Increase over '90.
	<i>Barrels.</i>	<i>Barrels.</i>	<i>Barrels.</i>	<i>Barrels.</i>	<i>Barrels.</i>	<i>Barrels.</i>	<i>Barrels.</i>	<i>Barrels.</i>
Alabama.....	80,713	80,065	86,486	44,284	86,439	27,388	31,379	3,666
Alaska.....	773	1,196	1,220	1,087	.....	1,134	1,102	-32
Arizona.....	682	459	367	299	140	106	156	80
California.....	724,018	767,289	784,947	777,797	721,889	743,752	758,500	14,888
Colorado.....	179,934	208,707	196,787	231,622	187,689	194,684	207,901	16,317
Connecticut.....	211,451	224,271	227,319	244,339	243,734	301,872	363,500	61,688
Dakotas.....	32,396	9,444	13,429	14,263	13,551	13,271	14,815	-456
Delaware.....	34,735	45,261	47,433	54,637	57,365	62,023	69,113	6,400
District of Columbia.....	110,447	112,323	136,479	141,940	156,381	159,301	167,532	8,211
Georgia.....	82,565	51,728	51,673	60,000	78,296	81,383	104,714	20,941
Idaho.....	6,195	5,728	5,611	5,312	.....	8,720	3,571	-158
Illinois.....	2,182,678	2,008,906	2,265,696	3,302,912	3,333,503	3,294,792	3,580,725	286,237
Indiana.....	49,087	563,672	576,547	636,808	618,193	694,790	627,139	32,113
Iowa.....	88,236	106,916	113,941	129,891	134,700	127,150	130,096	3,860
Kansas.....	2,700	2,050	1,643	2,477	5,810	5,961	6,039	89
Kentucky.....	806,436	855,304	823,273	860,130	853,076	868,914	401,380	82,492
Louisiana.....	194,637	216,565	25,418	246,909	268,865	246,661	246,302	-4,362
Maryland.....	541,641	654,324	693,161	683,227	608,829	614,142	665,397	41,355
Massachusetts.....	955,457	990,435	1,125,108	1,241,611	1,242,788	1,336,345	1,580,330	243,985
Michigan.....	340,426	394,537	632,339	715,503	690,716	656,355	722,244	65,289
Minnesota.....	325,819	364,453	374,866	415,791	384,367	419,028	463,293	44,265
Missouri.....	1,891,084	2,038,426	2,029,202	2,075,228	2,184,718	2,195,039	2,254,202	127,333
Montana.....	83,233	37,227	36,908	41,213	40,361	63,915	2,254,202	-3,328
Nebraska.....	129,916	146,341	138,035	154,457	163,215	164,645	161,417	22,043
Nevada.....	5,873	6,965	6,039	4,995	2,715	2,742	2,876	164
New Hampshire.....	397,283	365,280	443,143	404,240	393,839	368,628	384,144	15,516
New Jersey.....	1,498,288	1,609,050	1,730,808	1,911,540	1,892,057	1,989,457	2,023,141	133,661
New Mexico.....	5,985	6,802	6,596	6,676	4,360	4,750	4,570	-185
New York.....	8,435,111	9,088,109	9,488,301	9,826,808	9,674,283	9,650,215	10,047,249	288,141
Ohio.....	2,301,412	2,469,098	2,634,446	2,730,973	2,612,008	2,653,020	2,879,698	244,590
Oregon.....	87,422	99,190	88,227	102,967	68,733	77,267	70,148	-7,719
Pennsylvania.....	2,659,136	3,114,246	3,129,349	3,353,433	3,454,619	3,559,949	4,047,055	447,106
Rhode Island.....	80,294	101,379	133,075	159,421	189,545	188,968	195,439	6,462
South Carolina.....	9,285	9,940	5,436	5,279	9,571	9,367	11,101	1,740
Tennessee.....	62,018	86,121	92,372	102,115	81,872	81,032	86,740	2,726
Texas.....	86,086	84,300	112,626	129,638	181,428	221,212	249,405	20,318
Utah.....	32,782	38,915	39,594	39,233	28,523	27,790	28,314	504
Virginia.....	50,490	58,932	67,638	73,010	74,228	71,012	87,325	10,513
Washington.....	68,815	129,647	135,393	114,010	107,686	107,313	106,227	-1,086
West Virginia.....	115,877	133,246	137,740	145,305	118,329	108,133	116,177	6,884
Wisconsin.....	1,091,201	2,403,640	2,646,407	2,838,110	2,912,011	2,794,896	2,846,614	61,748
Wyoming.....	2,509	1,369	8,571	3,728	1,630	1,914	2,326	412
Total.....	26,820,163	30,021,079	31,646,476	33,222,577	32,278,233	33,402,061	35,839,033	.....

## CITIES.

Albany, N. Y.....	306,707	316,303	302,475	313,499	240,265	304,821	329,037	65,116
Baltimore, Md.....	537,749	540,951	559,401	567,711	532,845	555,574	663,000	127,156
Boston, Mass.....	853,278	895,416	967,261	1,022,856	1,038,728	1,062,757	1,224,224	132,145
Brooklyn, N. Y.....	1,308,114	1,702,106	1,788,285	1,827,222	1,825,065	1,814,553	1,926,868	112,305
Buffalo, N. Y.....	416,873	501,788	602,310	662,097	642,254	627,387	697,017	29,960
Chicago, Ill.....	1,673,895	2,081,692	2,034,869	2,191,714	2,700,222	2,648,355	3,198,222	549,887
Cincinnati, O.....	1,115,026	1,254,848	1,222,935	1,310,732	1,217,734	1,224,472	1,217,148	-7,029
Cleveland, O.....	356,284	439,004	443,982	446,504	446,504	446,092	511,632	88,500
Detroit, Mich.....	278,953	329,868	329,183	335,423	362,000	350,025	457,314	88,217
Louisville, Ky.....	200,916	231,718	214,234	240,180	219,017	222,076	240,530	18,444
Montreal, Wis.....	1,627,012	1,877,157	2,046,322	2,142,625	2,047,222	2,067,024	2,222,818	185,794
Newark, N. J.....	1,005,594	1,015,542	1,103,849	1,161,049	1,144,500	1,126,419	1,237,506	101,187
New Orleans, La.....	206,121	190,050	257,418	260,909	262,864	249,564	260,302	-5,392
New York city.....	4,257,978	4,448,314	4,573,019	4,838,904	4,726,262	4,691,461	4,918,808	227,334
Philadelphia, Pa.....	1,438,446	1,703,915	1,638,529	1,730,922	1,749,015	1,819,119	1,896,743	177,600
Pittsburg, Pa.....	329,387	433,443	429,452	583,490	432,458	441,740	546,574	145,124
Rochester, N. Y.....	427,533	511,080	565,071	591,158	603,264	559,855	592,072	3,137
San Francisco, Cal.....	500,234	500,234	500,234	500,234	485,141	494,148	502,269	8,121
St. Louis, Mo.....	1,013,215	1,824,094	1,840,282	2,032,302	2,034,541	1,912,820	2,070,301	157,082
Syracuse, N. Y.....	207,470	235,707	231,011	248,089	245,039	255,491	279,662	24,101
Toledo, O.....	246,488	276,008	273,449	293,261	254,068	258,615	281,003	34,811
Troy, N. Y.....	194,447	215,406	183,033	187,770	195,157	218,461	310,889	92,628

\* Numbers marked with a minus sign (-) indicate a decrease.

## STATES AND TERRITORIES.

The following table gives the capitals, governors, their salaries and terms of office and data regarding the state legislatures:

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Capitals.	Governors.	Term Yrs.	Sal- aries.	Term expires.	Next ses- sion leg- islature.	Limit of ses- sion.
Alabama.....	Montgomery...	J. F. Johnston, D....	2	\$3,000	Nov. 1898	*Nov. 1898	50 days
Alaska Territory.....	Sitka.....	†John G. Brady, R....	4	3,000	Sept. 1901		
Arizona Territory.....	Phoenix.....	*Myron H. McCord, R....	4	2,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1899	60 days
Arkansas.....	Little Rock.....	D. W. Jones, D.....	2	3,500	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	60 days
California.....	Sacramento.....	J. H. Budd, D.....	4	6,000	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	60 days
Colorado.....	Denver.....	Alva Adams, D.....	2	5,000	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	90 days
Connecticut.....	Hartford.....	L. A. Cooke, R.....	2	4,000	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	None.
Delaware.....	Dover.....	E. W. Tunnell, D.....	4	2,000	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	None.
Dist. of Columbia.....	Washington.....		4				
Florida.....	Tallahassee.....	W. D. Bloxham, D....	4	3,500	Jan. 1901	*Apr. 1899	60 days
Georgia.....	Atlanta.....	W. Y. Atkinson, D....	2	3,000	Nov. 1898	Nov. 1898	30 days
Idaho.....	Boise City.....	F. Stuenkelberg, D....	2	3,000	Dec. 1898	*Dec. 1898	60 days
Illinois.....	Springfield.....	J. R. Tanner, R.....	4	6,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1899	None.
Indiana.....	Indianapolis.....	J. A. Mount, R.....	4	5,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1899	60 days
Iowa.....	Des Moines.....	L. M. Shaw, R.....	2	4,000	Jan. 1900	*Jan. 1900	None.
Indian Territory.....	Tahlequah.....						
Kansas.....	Topeka.....	J. W. Leedy, <i>Pro.</i> .....	2	3,000	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	40 days
Kentucky.....	Frankfort.....	W. O. Bradley, R....	4	5,000	Sept. 1900	*Dec. 1898	60 days
Louisiana.....	Baton Rouge.....	M. J. Foster, D.....	4	4,000	May 1900	*May 1898	60 days
Maine.....	Augusta.....	L. Powers, R.....	2	2,000	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	None.
Maryland.....	Annapolis.....	Lloyd Lowndes, R....	4	4,500	Jan. 1900	*Jan. 1900	90 days
Massachusetts.....	Boston.....	Roger Wolcott, R....	1	8,000	Jan. 1900	*Jan. 1899	None.
Michigan.....	Lansing.....	H. S. Pingree, R....	2	4,000	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	None.
Minnesota.....	St. Paul.....	David M. Clough, R..	2	5,000	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	90 days
Mississippi.....	Jackson.....	A. J. McLaurin, D....	4	4,000	Jan. 1900	*Jan. 1900	60 days
Missouri.....	Jefferson City.....	L. V. Stephens, D....	4	5,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1899	70 days
Montana.....	Helena.....	R. B. Smith, <i>Pro.</i> .....	4	5,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1899	60 days
Nebraska.....	Lincoln.....	S. A. Holcomb, <i>Pro.</i> ...	2	2,500	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	60 days
Nevada.....	Carson City.....	Reinhold Sadler, F.S.	4	6,000	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	60 days
New Hampshire.....	Concord.....	G. A. Ramsdell, R....	2	2,000	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	None.
New Jersey.....	Trenton.....	J. W. Griggs, R.....	3	10,000	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	None.
New Mexico Ter- ritory.....	Santa Fe.....	†M. A. Otero, R.....	4	2,600	Jun. 1901	*Jan. 1899	60 days
New York.....	Albany.....	F. S. Black, R.....	2	10,000	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	None.
North Carolina.....	Raleigh.....	D. L. Russell, R.....	4	4,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1899	60 days
North Dakota.....	Bismarck.....	Frank A. Briggs, R..	2	3,000	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	60 days
Ohio.....	Columbus.....	A. S. Bushnell, R....	2	8,000	Jan. 1900	*Jan. 1900	None.
Oklahoma Terri- tory.....	Guthrie.....	†Casius M. Barnes, R.	4	2,000	May 1901	*Jan. 1899	60 days
Oregon.....	Salem.....	W. P. Lord, R.....	4	1,500	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	40 days
Pennsylvania.....	Harrisburg.....	D. H. Hastings, R....	4	10,000	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	None.
Rhode Island.....	Newport and Providence...	Elisha Dyer, R.....	1	3,000	May 1898	*Jan. 1899	None.
South Carolina.....	Columbia.....	W. H. Ellerbe, D....	2	3,500	Dec. 1899	Nov. 1898	None.
South Dakota.....	Pierre.....	Andrew Lee, <i>Pro.</i> ...	2	2,600	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	60 days
Tennessee.....	Nashville.....	R. L. Taylor, D.....	2	4,000	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	75 days
Texas.....	Austin.....	C. A. Culbertson, D... D. W. Jones, D.....	2	4,000	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	90 days
Utah.....	Salt Lake City.....	H. M. Wells, R.....	5	2,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1900	60 days
Vermont.....	Montpelier.....	Josiah Grout, R.....	2	1,500	Oct. 1898	*Oct. 1898	None.
Virginia.....	Richmond.....	J. Hoge Tyler, D....	4	5,000	Jan. 1902	*Dec. 1899	90 days
Washington.....	Olympia.....	J. K. Rogers, D.....	4	4,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1899	60 days
West Virginia.....	Charleston.....	Geo. W. Atkinson, R.	4	2,700	Mar. 1901	*Jan. 1899	45 days
Wisconsin.....	Madison.....	E. Scofield, R.....	2	5,000	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	None.
Wyoming.....	Cheyenne.....	W. A. Richards, R....	4	2,500	Jan. 1899	*Jan. 1899	40 days

\*Biennial sessions. †Appointed by the president. Republican governors, 28; democratic governors, 16; people's governors, 4; free-silver governor, 1.

## STATES AND TERRITORIES.

The following table gives valuable historical data as to the states and territories, their area, population and electoral vote :

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Admitted to the union.	Population, 1890.	Area, Sq. M.	Settled at	Date	By whom.	Rep. in cong.	Electoral vote.
Alabama.....	Dec. 14, 1819.	1,513,017	52,250	Mobile.....	1702	French.....	9	11
Alaska Ter.....	†July 27, 1868.	31,735	577,340	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Arizona Ter.....	†Feb. 24, 1893.	59,620	113,020	.....	1526	Spaniards.....	†1	.....
Arkansas.....	June 15, 1836.	1,128,179	53,850	Arkansas Post.....	1685	French.....	6	6
California.....	Sept. 9, 1850.	1,208,130	158,380	San Diego.....	1769	Spaniards.....	7	9
Colorado.....	Aug. 1, 1876.	412,188	103,925	Near Denver.....	1850	.....	2	4
Connecticut.....	*Jan. 9, 1788.	746,258	4,900	Windsor.....	1635	Puritans.....	4	6
Delaware.....	*Dec. 7, 1787.	188,493	2,060	Cape Henlopen.....	1627	Swedes.....	1	3
Dist. of Columbia.....	†July 16, 1790.	230,392	70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Florida.....	March 3, 1845.	891,422	58,680	St. Augustine.....	1565	Spaniards.....	2	4
Georgia.....	*Jan. 2, 1788.	1,897,353	59,475	Savannah.....	1733	English.....	11	13
Idaho.....	July 3, 1890.	84,886	84,800	.....	1842	.....	1	3
Illinois.....	Dec. 3, 1818.	3,826,351	56,650	Kaskaskia.....	1720	French.....	22	24
Indiana.....	Dec. 11, 1816.	2,192,404	36,350	Vincennes.....	1730	.....	13	15
Iowa.....	March 3, 1845.	1,911,896	56,025	Burlington.....	1788	French.....	11	13
Indian Ter.....	.....	.....	81,400	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kansas.....	Jan. 29, 1861.	1,427,086	32,090	.....	.....	.....	8	10
Kentucky.....	Feb. 4, 1791.	1,858,435	40,400	Lexington.....	1755	From Va.....	11	13
Louisiana.....	April 8, 1812.	1,118,587	48,420	Iberville.....	1699	French.....	6	8
Maine.....	March 3, 1820.	661,086	33,040	Bristol.....	1624	English.....	4	6
Maryland.....	*April 28, 1788.	1,042,390	12,210	St. Marys.....	1694	English.....	6	8
Massachusetts.....	*Feb. 6, 1788.	2,238,943	8,315	Plymouth.....	1620	Puritans.....	13	15
Michigan.....	Jan. 26, 1837.	2,093,889	58,915	Near Detroit.....	1660	French.....	12	14
Minnesota.....	May 11, 1858.	1,301,828	88,365	St. Peter's R.....	1806	.....	7	9
Mississippi.....	Dec. 10, 1817.	1,280,600	46,310	Natchez.....	1716	From S. C.....	7	9
Missouri.....	March 2, 1821.	2,679,184	69,415	St. Louis.....	1764	French.....	15	17
Montana.....	Feb. 22, 1889.	132,159	146,080	.....	1852	.....	1	3
Nebraska.....	March 1, 1867.	1,068,910	77,510	.....	.....	.....	6	8
Nevada.....	Oct. 13, 1864.	45,761	110,700	.....	1850	.....	1	3
New Hampshire.....	*June 21, 1788.	376,530	9,305	Dover and Portsmouth.....	1623	Puritans.....	2	4
New Jersey.....	*Dec. 18, 1787.	1,444,993	7,815	Bergen.....	1620	Swedes.....	8	10
New Mexico Ter.....	†Sept. 9, 1850.	158,593	123,580	Santa Fe.....	1537	Spaniards.....	†1	.....
New York.....	*July 26, 1788.	5,907,353	49,170	Manhattan Id.....	1614	Dutch.....	34	36
North Carolina.....	*May 23, 1775.	1,617,947	52,250	Albemarle.....	1650	English.....	9	11
North Dakota.....	Feb. 22, 1889.	182,719	70,795	Pembina.....	.....	.....	1	3
Ohio.....	Nov. 30, 1802.	3,672,316	41,080	Marletta.....	1788	.....	21	23
Oklahoma Ter.....	†May 2, 1890.	61,884	39,090	.....	.....	.....	†1	.....
Oregon.....	Feb. 14, 1859.	813,777	96,000	Astoria.....	1810	Americans.....	2	4
Pennsylvania.....	*Dec. 12, 1787.	5,258,014	45,215	On the Delaware.....	1682	English.....	30	32
Rhode Island.....	*May 29, 1790.	345,506	1,250	Providence.....	1636	English.....	2	4
South Carolina.....	*May 23, 1788.	1,151,149	30,570	Port Royal.....	1670	Huguenots.....	7	9
South Dakota.....	Feb. 22, 1889.	328,908	77,650	.....	.....	.....	2	4
Tennessee.....	June 1, 1796.	1,767,518	42,050	Ft. London.....	1757	English.....	10	12
Texas.....	Dec. 29, 1845.	2,236,523	265,780	Matagorda Bay.....	1686	French.....	13	15
Utah.....	Jan. 4, 1896.	207,905	84,970	.....	.....	.....	1	3
Vermont.....	Feb. 18, 1791.	352,422	9,565	Ft. Dunmore.....	1764	English.....	2	4
Virginia.....	*June 26, 1788.	1,656,980	42,450	Jamestown.....	1607	English.....	10	12
Washington.....	Feb. 22, 1889.	349,890	69,180	Astoria.....	1810	.....	2	4
West Virginia.....	Dec. 21, 1862.	762,794	24,780	Wheeling.....	1774	English.....	4	6
Wisconsin.....	March 3, 1847.	1,686,880	56,040	Green Bay.....	1670	French.....	10	12
Wyoming.....	July 10, 1890.	60,705	97,800	.....	1867	.....	1	3

\*Ratified the constitution. †Organized as territory. ‡Delegate.

Total population, 62,979,606; total area, 3,632,900.

Historians do not all agree as to some of the dates in the above table. The dates given are from the statistical abstract of the United States published by the government, and are well supported in all disputed cases.

## INDIAN SCHOOLS.

Enrollment and average attendance at Indian schools, 1896 and 1897, also number of schools in 1897.

KIND OF SCHOOL.	ENROLLMENT.			AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.			Number of schools.
	1896.	1897.	Increase.	1896.	1897.	Increase.	
Government schools—							
Nonreservation boarding..	5,085	5,728	638	4,461	4,787	326	23
Reservation boarding.....	8,439	8,112	*377	7,066	6,865	*201	73
Day .....	4,215	4,768	553	2,848	3,234	386	138
Total .....	17,739	18,608	814	14,355	14,876	511	234
Contract schools—							
Boarding.....	3,499	2,579	*920	3,108	2,313	*795	128
Day .....	588	208	*385	367	142	*225	5
Boarding, specially appro- priated for.....	347	371	24	322	330	8	2
Total .....	4,434	3,158	*1,281	3,797	2,785	*1,012	35
Public.....	413	308	*110	284	194	*100	(+)
Mission, boarding † .....	835	613	*22	736	741	5	17
Mission, day.....	96	87	*9	70	80	10	2
Aggregate .....	23,572	22,464	*1,008	19,262	18,676	*586	286

\*Decrease. †Thirty-eight public schools in which pupils are taught not enumerated here. ‡These schools are conducted by religious societies, some of which receive from the government for the Indian children therein such rations and clothing as the children are entitled to as reservation Indians. ¶Two other contract schools transferred to the government during the year have been included in the government schools.

## \*NUMBER OF INDIAN SCHOOLS AND AVERAGE ATTENDANCE FROM 1877 TO 1897.

YEAR.	BOARDING SCHOOLS.		†DAY SCHOOLS.		TOTALS.	
	No.	Av. attendance	No.	Av. attendance	No.	Av. attendance
1877.....	48	.....	102	.....	150	3,598
1878.....	49	.....	119	.....	168	4,142
1879.....	52	.....	107	.....	159	4,488
1880.....	60	.....	160	.....	199	4,651
1881.....	68	.....	106	.....	174	4,976
1882.....	71	3,077	76	1,637	147	4,714
1883.....	80	3,798	88	1,898	168	5,696
1884.....	87	4,723	98	2,237	165	6,960
1885.....	114	6,201	86	1,942	200	8,143
1886.....	115	7,290	99	2,370	214	9,630
1887.....	117	8,020	110	2,500	227	10,520
1888.....	128	8,705	107	2,715	235	11,420
1889.....	136	9,146	103	2,406	239	11,552
1890.....	140	9,895	103	2,367	243	12,262
1891.....	146	11,425	110	2,163	236	13,588
1892.....	149	12,422	121	2,745	275	15,167
1893.....	156	13,635	119	2,688	275	16,308
1894.....	157	14,457	115	2,639	272	17,220
1895.....	157	15,061	125	3,127	282	18,188
1896.....	156	15,683	140	3,579	296	19,262
1897.....	145	15,028	143	3,650	288	18,676

\*Some of the figures in this table as printed prior to 1896 were taken from reports of the superintendent of Indian schools. As revised, they are all taken from the reports of the commissioner of Indian affairs. Prior to 1882 the figures include the New York schools.

†Indian children attending public schools are included in the average attendance, but the schools are not included in the number of schools.

‡Decrease in number of boarding schools is due to discontinuance of some contract schools and the conversion of others into day schools.

## NONRESERVATION TRAINING SCHOOLS.

Location, average attendance, capacity, etc., during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897.

LOCATION OF SCHOOL.	Date of opening.	No. of employes	Rate per annum.	Capacity	Enrollment.	Av. attendance
Carlisle, Pa.....	Nov. 1, 1879	64	\$187	*900	883	790
Chemawa, Ore.....	Feb. 25, 1880	46	167	300	363	316
Chilocco, O. T.....	Jan. 15, 1884	63	167	450	434	347
Genoa, Neb.....	Feb. 20, 1884	40	167	350	248	212
Albuquerque, N. M.....	August, 1884	70	167	900	846	288
Haskell institute, Lawrence, Kas.	Sept. 1, 1884	64	167	600	648	602
Grand Junction, Col.....	October, 1888	17	167	170	170	150
Santa Fe, N. M.....	October, 1890	38	167	200	249	203
Fort Mojave, Ariz.....	October, 1890	25	167	150	167	156
Carson, Nev.....	Dec., 1890	24	167	135	136	126
Pierre, S. D.....	Feb., 1891	16	167	150	150	138
Phoenix, Ariz.....	Sept., 1891	50	167	275	309	332
Fort Lewis, Col.....	March, 1892	21	.....	300	300	196
Fort Shaw, Mont.....	Dec. 27, 1892	22	.....	250	224	186
Perris, Cal.....	Jan. 9, 1893	19	167	100	167	142
Flandreau, S. D.....	Mar. 7, 1893	21	167	170	225	167
Pipestone, Minn.....	Feb., 1893	14	167	90	114	98
Mount Pleasant, Mich.....	Jan. 8, 1893	16	167	160	165	137
Tomah, Wis.....	Jan. 19, 1893	20	167	125	136	102
Wittenberg, Wis.....	Aug. 24, 1895	18	.....	140	128	108
Greenville, Cal.....	Sept. 25, 1895	5	.....	50	58	40
Morris, Minn.....	April 3, 1897	12	.....	100	43	32
Clontarf, Minn.....	April 14, 1897	7	.....	80	145	143
Total.....		690		5,345	5,723	4,787

\*1,500 with outing system. †Previously a contract school. ‡Not included in total, having been already included in total attendance of contract schools.

## INDIAN CONTRACT SCHOOLS.

In addition to the government schools in operation numerous contract schools are included in the first table. The amount of money set apart for these institutions for the year ending June 30, 1893, as well as in preceding years, is shown by the following table:

	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.
Roman catholic.....	\$394,756	\$375,845	\$399,745	\$359,215	\$308,471	\$198,22.	\$156,754
Presbyterian.....	44,310	30,090	38,340	.....	.....	.....	.....
Congregational.....	29,146	25,736	10,825	.....	.....	.....	.....
Episcopal.....	23,220	4,960	7,020	7,020	2,160	.....	.....
Friends.....	24,743	10,020	10,020	10,020	.....	.....	.....
Mennonite.....	4,375	3,750	3,750	8,125	.....	.....	.....
Unitarian.....	5,400	5,400	5,400	5,400	.....	.....	.....
Lutheran, Wittenberg, Wis.....	15,120	15,120	15,120	15,120	.....	.....	.....
Methodist.....	13,980	.....	.....	.....	600	.....	.....
Mrs. L. H. Daggett.....	.....	6,480	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Miss Howard.....	2,000	2,500	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,500	.....
Approp'n for Lincoln Inst'n.....	38,400	33,400	33,400	33,400	33,400	33,400	33,400
Approp'n for Hampton Inst'e.....	20,040	20,040	20,040	20,040	20,040	20,040	20,040
Woman's Nat. Indian Ass'n.....	.....	.....	2,040	4,280	.....	.....	.....
Point Iroquois, Mich.....	.....	.....	900	600	.....	600	600
Plum Creek, Leslie, S. D.....	.....	.....	.....	1,680	.....	.....	.....
John Roberts.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,160	2,160
Total.....	611,570	533,241	537,900	463,505	570,796	257,928	212,954

## RESERVATION GOVERNMENT BOARDING SCHOOLS.

Location, capacity and date of opening of 73 government reservation boarding schools.

LOCATION.	Capacity.	Date of opening.	Remarks.
Arizona—Colorado River.....	80	Mar. —, 1879	
Keams Canyon.....	80	—, 1887	
Navajo Agency.....	120	Dec. —, 1881	
Pima.....	150	Sept. —, 1881	
San Carlos.....	100	Oct. —, 1880	
White Mountain Apache.....	65	Feb. —, 1884	
California—Fort Yuma.....	250	Apr. —, 1884	
Hoop Valley.....	200	Jan. 21, 1883	
Round Valley.....	70	Aug. 15, 1881	Suspended after July, 1883, by burning of building.
Idaho—Fort Hall.....	150	Sept. 12, 1883	
Fort Lapwal.....	250	Sept. —, 1886	
Lemhi.....	40	Sept. —, 1885	
Indian Territory—Quapaw.....	80	Sept. —, 1872	
Seneca, Shawnee and Wyandotte	180	June —, 1872	Begun by Friends as orphan asylum in 1867 under contract with tribe.

## INDIAN SCHOOLS—CONTINUED.

LOCATION.	Capacity.	Date of opening.	Remarks.
Kansas—Kickapoo.....	30	Oct. —, 1871	
Pottawattomie.....	80	—, 1873	
Sac and Fox and Iowa.....	40	—, 1871	Iowa.
Minnesota—Leech Lake.....	50	Sept. —, 1875	Sac and Fox.
Pine Point.....	100	Nov. —, 1867	
Red Lake.....	50	Mar. —, 1882	Prior to this date a contract school opened in November, 1883.
White Earth.....	40	Nov. —, 1877	
Wild Rice River.....	65	—, 1871	Building burned in February, 1895.
Montana—Blackfeet.....	125	Mar. —, 1862	Prior to this date a contract school opened in November, 1883.
Crow.....	100	Jan. —, 1883	
Montana Industrial.....	60	Oct. —, 1884	
Fort Belknap.....	100	July 1, 1886	Prior to this date a contract school opened in 1883.
Fort Peck.....	200	Aug. —, 1861	
Nebraska—Omaha.....	75	Aug. —, 1861	
Santee.....	30	—, 1861	
Winnebago.....	100	Apr. —, 1874	
Nevada—Pyramid Lake.....	120	Oct. —, 1874	
Western Shoshone.....	50	Nov. —, 1863	Previously a semi-boarding school.
New Mexico—Mescalero.....	100	Feb. 11, 1886	
North Dakota—Fort Berthold.....	60	Apr. —, 1884	
Fort Totten.....	350	Nov. 21, 1894	
Standing Rock, agency.....	110	—, 1874	At agency.
Standing Rock, agricultural.....	100	Jan. —, 1891	At Fort Totten.
Standing Rock, Grand River.....	90	May —, 1877	
North Carolina—East Cherokee.....	150	Nov. 20, 1886	
Oklahoma—Absentee Shawnee.....	75	Jan. 1, 1886	Prior to this date a contract school opened in 1883.
Arapahoe.....	120	May —, 1872	
Cheyenne.....	200	Dec. —, 1872	
Fort Sill.....	125	—, 1873	
Kaw.....	60	Aug. —, 1861	
Osage.....	180	Dec. —, 1869	In Kansas.
Otoe.....	75	Aug. —, 1874	In Indian Territory.
Pawnee.....	125	Feb. —, 1874	
Ponca.....	100	Oct. —, 1875	In Nebraska.
Rainy Mountain.....	50	—, 1865	In Nebraska.
Riverside (Wichita).....	100	—, 1873	In Indian Territory.
Sac and Fox.....	120	Jan. —, 1883	
Seger.....	125	Sept. —, 1893	
Oregon—Grande Ronde.....	100	—, 1868	In Kansas.
Klamath.....	140	Apr. —, 1871	In Indian Territory.
Siletz.....	80	Feb. —, 1874	
Umatilla.....	100	Oct. —, 1873	
Yainax.....	100	Jan. —, 1866	
South Dakota—Cheyenne River ..	130	Nov. —, 1863	
Crow Creek.....	140	Apr. 1, 1868	At new agency. At old agency school for girls opened in 1874 under missionary auspices in government buildings; school for boys opened in 1880.
Crow Creek, Grace Mission .....	50	—, 1874	
Hope (Springfield).....	60	Feb. 1, 1897	
Lower Brule.....	140	Aug. 1, 1895	Prior to this date a contract school opened in 1882.
Sisseton.....	130	Oct. —, 1881	
Yankton.....	160	—, 1873	
Utah—Ouray.....	80	Feb. —, 1882	
Utah.....	90	Apr. —, 1893	
Washington—		Jan. —, 1881	
Okanagon (Tonasket).....	90	—, 1890	
Puyallup.....	200	June —, 1871	
Yakima.....	140	—, 1860	
Wisconsin—Lac du Flambeau.....	140	July 10, 1895	
Menominee.....	160	—, 1876	
Onondaga.....	120	Mar. 27, 1886	
Wyoming—Shoshone.....	200	Apr. —, 1870	
Total.....	8,270		

## CLIMATOLOGY OF THE UNITED STATES.

The following table of average rainfall, highest and lowest temperatures, based upon observations of twenty-six or less years, at selected stations in the several states and territories of the United States, was compiled from the records of the weather bureau by the United States weather office at Chicago, Ill.:

STATIONS.	No. of years.	TEMPERATURE.				Average precipitation.	STATIONS.	No. of years.	TEMPERATURE.				Average precipitation.																																																																																																																																																										
		Maximum.	Year.	Minimum.	Year.				Maximum.	Year.	Minimum.	Year.																																																																																																																																																											
Alabama—Mobile.....	28	101	1883	11	1886	69.6	Arkansas—Little Rock.....	21	118	1878	22	1888	8.0	California—San Francisco.....	53	101	1883	29	1888	29.7	Colorado—Denver.....	25	105	1885	-24	1894	12.1	Connecticut—New Haven.....	24	100	1881	-14	1873	47.9	Dist. Columbia—Washington.....	23	104	1881	-14	1881	45.3	Florida—Jacksonville.....	23	104	1881	-14	1881	64.1	Georgia—Atlanta.....	23	104	1881	-14	1881	64.1	Idaho—Boise.....	23	104	1881	-14	1881	64.1	Illinois—Chicago.....	25	108	1885	-16	1894	42.8	Indiana—Indianapolis.....	21	102	1879	-22	1884	86.0	Iowa—Des Moines.....	5	104	1884	-11	1892	83.0	Kansas—Leavenworth.....	19	104	1883	-20	1884	86.0	Kentucky—Louisville.....	22	104	1876	-20	1883	49.8	Louisiana—New Orleans.....	22	106	1881	-20	1884	45.8	Maine—Portland.....	24	107	1887	-17	1887	42.8	Maryland—Baltimore.....	26	107	1887	-17	1887	42.8	Massachusetts—Boston.....	26	107	1887	-17	1887	42.8	Michigan—Alpena.....	24	94	1885	-27	1882	45.0	Minnesota—St. Paul.....	24	107	1887	-27	1875	52.8	Mississippi—Vicksburg.....	24	102	1884	-18	1887	25.5	Missouri—St. Louis.....	23	106	1881	-23	1884	57.6														
Montana—Helena.....	17	108	1886	-42	1892	13.2	Nebraska—Omaha.....	22	107	1887	-18	1887	14.1	Nevada—North Platte.....	22	107	1887	-18	1887	14.1	New Hampshire—Manchester.....	23	99	1880	-17	1880	41.2	New Jersey—Atlantic City.....	21	95	1884	-12	1875	52.8	New Mexico—Albuquerque.....	21	95	1884	-12	1875	52.8	New Mexico—Fort Stanton.....	10	95	1886	-18	1887	19.0	North Carolina—Charlotte.....	24	97	1878	-13	1883	14.2	North Dakota—Bismarck.....	23	105	1879	-4	1884	61.3	Ohio—Cincinnati.....	23	107	1883	-19	1884	13.6	Oregon—Portland.....	25	102	1881	-4	1888	46.8	Pennsylvania—Philadelphia.....	25	102	1881	-4	1888	46.8	Rhode Island—Providence.....	19	102	1887	-2	1888	38.3	South Carolina—Charleston.....	26	102	1881	-12	1879	36.7	South Dakota—Rapid City.....	17	108	1885	-10	1888	44.2	Tennessee—Knoxville.....	11	108	1881	-34	1879	56.7	Texas—Austin.....	108	108	1885	-16	1884	61.0	Vermont—Winooski.....	22	105	1887	-18	1884	26.8	Virginia—Richmond.....	26	107	1881	-10	1888	28.3	Washington—Olympia.....	26	107	1881	-10	1888	28.3	Washington—Seattle.....	26	107	1881	-10	1888	28.3	West Virginia—Martinsburg.....	8	99	1886	-30	1888	18.4	Wisconsin—Milwaukee.....	26	107	1881	-11	1888	41.6	Wyoming—Cheyenne.....	23	100	1881	-38	1870	12.2

## NATIONAL BANK STATISTICS.

(From report of the Comptroller of the Currency.)

DATE, FIRST OF EACH MONTH.	No. of banks.	Authorized capital stock.	Gold.	Silver.	U. S. bonds on deposit to secure circulation.	Circulation secured by U. S. bonds.	Lawful money on deposit to redeem circulation.	Total national bank notes outstanding.
1892.								
July		\$52,123,925			\$103,190,050	\$145,683,023	\$27,000,897	\$172,683,950
August	3,759	624,128,695	\$100,751,180	\$38,569,257	163,500,559	145,132,493	20,326,250	172,597,713
September		605,263,995			164,012,050	140,490,093	26,136,390	172,656,429
October	3,773	605,663,995	119,632,133	35,184,240	161,438,550	147,191,593	25,595,107	172,786,760
November		633,869,995			164,883,000	147,241,063	25,191,083	172,432,145
December	3,784	635,905,665	114,109,608	35,785,653	166,511,500	148,010,239	25,004,632	173,614,871
1893.								
January		656,148,665			168,247,009	150,526,651	23,877,773	174,404,424
February	3,806	634,089,665	113,996,025	34,346,791	169,282,300	151,197,321	23,194,032	174,391,253
March		636,119,665			171,191,550	152,887,461	22,551,927	175,422,388
April		636,249,995			172,229,090	153,800,416	22,234,128	176,034,544
May	3,830	636,354,665	108,362,912	38,350,200	173,298,800	153,112,318	21,723,290	176,965,614
June		698,454,665			174,599,650	156,028,910	21,129,243	177,164,255
July		638,821,995			176,588,250	154,900,019	20,812,773	178,173,032
August	3,850	630,164,665	130,634,962	39,126,212	182,617,840	163,221,394	20,563,894	183,755,148
September		657,123,165			204,066,500	178,639,718	20,343,606	198,980,328
October	3,781	656,484,665	182,312,948	42,360,912	200,407,100	187,861,583	20,548,500	200,020,580
November		635,668,165			200,416,350	188,016,228	21,395,795	200,311,993
December		635,703,165			200,942,100	187,037,323	21,260,279	200,943,105
1894.								
January	3,785	603,353,165	203,608,089	47,745,550	205,961,000	185,194,522	23,344,322	208,538,844
February		631,303,165			203,594,500	182,887,853	24,974,254	207,862,107
March	3,777	634,030,165	189,185,933	56,980,649	202,052,550	181,148,710	20,479,820	207,479,520
April		632,538,165			202,353,550	181,666,268	26,209,427	207,875,695
May	3,774	630,438,165	204,829,488	55,112,435	201,330,250	180,601,247	27,231,785	207,831,632
June		678,998,165			201,351,300	180,614,583	26,031,454	207,245,019
July		678,023,165			201,691,750	180,662,521	26,030,723	207,348,244
August	3,770	677,258,165	199,653,167	51,955,485	202,368,500	181,149,511	26,369,553	207,509,095
September		676,568,165			202,475,950	181,300,217	26,311,368	207,592,215
October	3,735	674,893,165	196,927,224	40,323,434	202,353,500	180,251,069	27,220,463	207,471,507
November		672,671,365			199,706,200	179,401,394	28,071,239	207,422,033
December		671,421,365			197,349,700	177,073,358	29,012,975	206,886,337
1895.								
January	3,757	670,906,365	175,791,707	42,246,456	196,707,700	176,667,467	28,698,243	206,606,710
February		694,181,365			195,829,100	175,474,259	29,623,321	205,947,571
March	3,728	698,146,365	178,160,434	42,771,206	197,116,700	176,485,063	28,558,588	205,293,650
April		697,163,365			201,176,200	179,817,383	27,693,828	207,541,211
May	3,711	696,403,365	177,261,387	41,982,213	204,356,800	182,534,324	27,185,526	209,719,850
June		695,123,365			200,652,300	184,360,578	26,599,138	211,479,116
July	3,715	696,993,365	171,217,135	43,265,757	207,680,800	196,032,088	25,628,937	211,691,035
August		694,650,365			207,822,800	196,577,433	24,794,612	211,372,045
September		691,855,365			209,447,650	197,090,243	24,348,867	212,339,200
October	3,712	644,425,365	162,925,280	33,512,021	210,196,550	198,596,877	24,255,037	212,851,334
November		644,196,915			211,717,800	190,180,961	23,786,033	213,066,996
December	3,706	644,091,915	168,244,431	38,467,979	212,948,350	190,469,525	25,401,072	213,930,596
1896.								
January	3,711	634,076,915			212,465,100	190,616,160	23,100,813	213,716,973
February		637,861,915			217,045,340	194,080,657	22,992,000	213,496,545
March	3,696	631,246,915	156,891,031	30,123,429	217,044,950	195,018,953	22,032,900	213,500,850
April		631,431,915			222,968,800	199,723,065	21,563,092	221,316,027
May	3,694	630,406,915	157,161,800	41,611,646	220,478,550	203,402,239	20,796,098	221,198,337
June		650,561,915			228,651,800	205,215,830	20,072,001	225,287,385
July	3,682	659,106,915	161,565,500	41,380,869	228,915,950	205,638,929	20,461,618	226,000,547
August		658,376,915			229,544,450	206,103,304	19,926,538	226,030,400
September		658,126,915			235,078,700	210,293,574	19,320,322	226,631,896
October	3,679	658,126,915	160,725,800	40,084,742	238,773,200	214,667,694	18,971,663	226,689,357
November		658,894,915			241,166,350	216,510,014	18,474,630	226,984,444
December	3,673	657,909,915	181,020,300	41,520,449	241,372,150	216,609,084	18,789,306	226,388,810
1897.								
January		655,334,915			240,230,150	215,820,307	19,812,810	245,673,117
February		654,174,915			237,100,100	213,186,712	21,307,360	244,604,692
March	3,649	653,719,835	198,394,756	45,614,106	234,797,800	210,913,414	23,320,912	244,296,326
April		650,808,335			235,633,350	209,767,792	24,017,458	243,795,141
May	3,624	648,613,335	190,396,291	45,680,132	237,036,300	208,578,549	24,119,494	243,887,033
June		646,789,335			230,928,050	207,139,382	24,795,540	243,935,841
July	3,619	643,474,517	193,686,505	47,236,005	230,471,350	206,040,333	24,517,347	243,441,686
August		641,220,235			230,111,300	205,498,957	24,345,290	243,844,256
September		639,488,235			229,471,100	205,755,976	24,837,697	244,534,793
October	3,614	638,908,235	195,895,107	48,492,566	229,548,550	205,494,781	25,305,779	244,810,500
November		638,015,235			227,742,550	205,925,680	26,205,325	244,131,000

## NATIONAL BANK STATISTICS.—CONTINUED.

Abstract of reports of condition of national banks in the United States on Dec. 17, 1896, March 9, May 14, July 23 and Oct. 5, 1897.

	DEC. 17, 1896.	MAR. 9, 1897.	MAY 14, 1897.	JULY 23, 1897.	OCT. 5, 1897.
	3,661 banks.	3,634 banks.	3,614 banks.	3,610 banks.	3,610 banks.
<b>RESOURCES.</b>					
Loans and discounts.....	\$1,988,407,457.00	\$1,886,282,284.38	\$1,923,955,989.46	\$1,966,891,500.75	\$2,061,009,438.17
Overdrafts.....	17,752,653.13	11,727,027.26	10,736,007.27	10,632,210.20	15,765,675.73
U. S. bonds to secure circulation.....	239,346,340.00	231,610,600.00	229,419,550.00	228,439,400.00	227,488,950.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits.....	15,868,000.00	16,178,250.00	16,533,000.00	16,723,500.00	17,008,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand.....	8,406,550.00	14,251,650.00	15,868,850.00	16,738,300.00	15,487,750.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds.....	17,641,942.70	17,905,674.23	17,628,105.91	17,436,215.77	17,261,220.25
Stocks, securities, etc.	189,701,636.53	198,277,957.54	208,432,977.79	204,932,235.05	208,831,563.40
Banking house, furniture and fixtures.....	78,325,325.39	78,586,856.17	78,665,971.22	78,973,817.38	79,118,954.38
Other real estate and mortgages owned.....	27,736,020.74	28,049,346.48	28,507,938.81	28,587,539.24	29,306,532.43
Due from national banks.....	125,382,552.47	133,467,636.05	140,940,789.28	135,587,088.08	155,980,447.58
Due from state banks and bankers.....	32,141,784.52	33,366,153.18	35,971,045.40	34,275,424.67	41,410,811.27
Due from approved reserve agents.....	219,966,600.98	258,480,252.48	251,948,640.36	275,755,165.39	297,017,905.64
Checks and other cash items.....	13,138,402.18	11,635,338.17	12,000,494.26	12,017,815.47	15,536,418.98
Exchanges for clearing house.....	84,976,088.68	74,880,987.94	84,350,553.37	89,457,189.73	112,905,535.60
Bills of other national banks.....	18,583,382.00	18,523,701.00	19,476,047.00	20,006,097.00	20,575,420.00
Fractional currency, nickels and cents.....	925,400.25	1,019,633.38	965,579.82	981,780.73	932,824.72
Specie.....	228,540,708.88	233,948,968.64	236,076,383.45	240,822,611.61	239,387,702.05
Legal-tender notes.....	118,833,612.00	118,687,852.00	120,554,932.00	126,511,000.00	107,219,929.00
U. S. certificates of deposit.....	37,080,000.00	67,665,000.00	53,590,000.00	46,085,000.00	42,275,000.00
Five per cent redemption fund.....	10,411,548.86	10,310,351.79	10,082,720.24	10,008,629.39	10,021,689.08
Due from treasurer U. S. ....	1,889,686.52	1,293,479.54	2,235,481.16	1,819,322.86	1,180,539.48
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>3,867,115,772.81</b>	<b>3,446,088,799.13</b>	<b>3,492,411,965.80</b>	<b>3,563,408,053.94</b>	<b>3,705,133,707.71</b>
<b>LIABILITIES.</b>					
Capital stock paid in.....	647,186,365.00	642,424,195.00	637,002,386.00	632,158,062.00	631,498,065.00
Surplus fund.....	247,339,567.15	247,130,031.97	246,736,684.27	246,403,732.15	246,345,020.33
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes.....	96,792,337.25	86,564,884.53	86,074,980.83	83,863,440.17	88,406,980.50
National bank notes outstanding.....	210,689,985.00	202,655,408.00	198,278,310.00	196,580,730.00	198,920,670.00
State bank notes outstanding.....	60,388.50	60,391.50	60,381.50	60,381.50	60,380.50
Due to other national banks.....	317,900,025.69	359,287,235.31	363,219,013.92	388,117,906.89	413,644,281.57
Due to state banks and bankers.....	168,635,982.46	194,150,435.33	195,001,040.24	208,876,900.48	227,038,685.29
Dividends unpaid.....	952,120.99	1,008,005.71	1,429,450.39	1,800,659.07	1,733,051.38
Individual deposits.....	1,639,688,368.60	1,669,219,981.28	1,724,083,971.20	1,770,480,563.13	1,853,349,129.50
U. S. deposits.....	11,822,671.29	11,990,940.53	12,123,991.74	12,222,606.63	12,081,247.69
Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers.....	3,597,205.65	3,349,014.73	3,499,856.43	3,468,352.66	4,000,983.98
Notes and bills rediscounted.....	8,099,591.66	4,721,144.28	5,419,397.33	5,450,438.34	7,206,046.17
Bills payable.....	12,905,832.18	11,083,998.39	10,832,409.03	9,625,115.05	12,649,510.47
Liabilities other than those above.....	2,585,271.39	2,378,127.07	2,645,163.42	3,594,186.87	3,174,676.86
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>3,867,115,772.81</b>	<b>3,446,088,799.13</b>	<b>3,492,411,965.80</b>	<b>3,563,408,053.94</b>	<b>3,705,133,707.71</b>

\*Circulation outstanding, including notes of insolvent banks, banks in voluntary liquidation and banks which have deposited lawful money under the acts of June 20, 1874, and July 12, 1882, to retire circulation at date of reports: Dec. 17, 1896, \$235,659,511; March 9, 1897, \$234,014,799; May 14, 1897, \$232,535,561; July 23, 1897, \$230,958,411; Oct. 5, 1897, \$230,235,906.

## FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.

COUNTRIES.	Rulers.	Titles.	Pop.	Area.
Abyssinia.....	Menelik II.	Emperor.	3,000,000	150,000
Afghanistan.....	Abdur Khan.	Amier.	4,000,000	300,000
Argentina.....	Senor Urriburu.	President.	4,188,432	1,125,000
Austria-Hungary.....	Franz Josef I.	Emperor.	41,231,342	249,942
Beloochistan.....	Mir Muhammad.	Khan.	500,000	130,000
Belgium.....	Leopold II.	King.	6,262,272	11,373
Bokhara.....	Sayid Abdul Ahad.	Amier.	2,500,000	92,000
Bolivia.....	Senor Alonzo.	President.	2,019,549	567,260
Brazil.....	Prudentide de Moraes.	President.	9,930,470	3,209,878
Bulgaria.....	Ferdinand.	Duke.	3,349,816	24,360
Chile.....	Fred. Errazuriz.	President.	2,915,332	286,970
China.....	Tsai Tien	Emperor.	866,853,029	1,227,308
Colombia.....	M. A. Caro	President.	3,878,600	504,778
Congo Free State.....	Leopold	Sovereign.	14,000,000	900,000
Costa Rica.....	Rafael Iglesias	President.	213,205	28,000
Dahomey.....	Guthili	King.	250,000	4,000
Denmark.....	Christian IX.	King.	2,185,235	15,288
Ecuador.....	Gen Alfaro.	President.	1,270,000	12,000
Egypt.....	Abbas Hilmi	Khedive.	6,817,265	10,668
France.....	M. Felix Faure	President.	38,343,192	204,082
Germany.....	Wilhelm II.	Emperor.	62,279,901	208,670
Prussia.....	Wilhelm II.	King.	29,965,281	184,537
Bavaria.....	Otto.	King.	5,594,932	29,282
Saxony.....	Wilhelm II.	King.	3,502,054	5,787
Wurtemberg.....	Wilhelm II.	King.	1,932,026	5,822
Baden.....	Frederick I.	Grand Duke.	1,987,837	2,905
Hesse.....	Ludwig.	Grand Duke.	992,893	469
Lippe.....	Alexander.	Prince.	128,495	906
Anhalt.....	Frederick.	Duke.	271,968	1,424
Brunswick.....	Albrecht.	Regent.	403,773	5,135
Mecklenburg-Schwerin.....	Franz III.	Grand Duke.	578,342	1,181
Mecklenburg-Strelitz.....	Wilhelm I.	Grand Duke.	97,979	2,479
Oldenburg.....	Peter I.	Grand Duke.	354,969	511
Saxe-Altenburg.....	Ernest.	Duke.	170,364	757
Saxe-Coburg-Gotha.....	Alfred.	Duke.	200,513	1,388
Saxe-Meiningen.....	George II.	Duke.	222,333	120
Saxe-Weimar.....	Karl Alexander.	Grand Duke.	328,091	483
Reuss.....	Heinrich XXII.	Prince.	62,754	120,979
Waldeck.....	Friedrich	Prince.	57,281	25,011
Great Britain and Ireland.....	Victoria.	Queen.	38,104,975	46,000
Greece.....	Georgios I.	King.	2,187,208	6,640
Guatemala.....	J. M. R. Barrios	President.	1,460,017	10,204
Hawaii.....	S. B. Dole	President.	89,980	45,000
Haiti.....	T. S. Sam	President.	960,000	964,938
Honduras.....	Ponilla.	President.	369,048	110,623
India (British).....	Victoria	Empress.	221,172,858	147,656
Italy.....	Umberto I.	King.	28,458,628	32,320
Japan.....	Mutan Hito	Mikado	40,435,461	82,000
Khiva.....	Syed Mehomed Rahim.	Khan.	700,000	14,360
Korea.....	Li-Hi.	Monarch.	10,528,937	998
Liberia.....	J. J. Cheeseman.	President.	1,038,000	228,500
Luxemburg.....	Adolf.	Duke.	211,068	767,005
Madagascar.....	Ranavalona	Queen.	3,500,000	8,630
Mexico.....	Porfirio Diaz.	President.	12,066,046	219,000
Montenegro.....	Nicholas I.	Prince.	220,000	54,000
Morocco.....	Mulai Abdul Aziz.	Sultan.	5,000,000	12,648
Nepal.....	R. A. Gutierrez	Sovereign.	2,000,000	49,500
Netherlands.....	Wilhelmina.	Queen.	4,732,911	82,000
Nicaragua.....	S. Zelaya	President.	282,845	82,000
Oman.....	Seyyid Feysal.	Sultan.	1,500,000	48,326
Orange Free State.....	Steyn.	President.	207,508	98,000
Paraguay.....	Gen. Fgusquiza	President.	480,000	628,000
Persia.....	Muzaffer-ed-Din.	Shah.	9,000,000	463,747
Peru.....	N. de Pierola.	President.	2,621,844	34,088
Portugal.....	Carlos I.	King.	4,708,178	45,307
Roumania.....	Carol I.	King.	5,800,000	8,060,358
Russia.....	Nicholas II.	Czar.	118,014,187	7,325
Salvador.....	R. A. Gutierrez	President.	651,120	1,701
Samoa.....	Malletoa.	King.	34,000	18,045
Santo Domingo.....	U. Heureaux	President.	610,000	19,050
Serbia.....	Alexander I.	King.	2,256,084	200,000
Siam.....	Chulalongkorn I.	King.	8,000,000	119,129
South African Republic.....	S. J. P. Kruger.	President.	409,276	197,670
Spain.....	Alfonso XIII.	King.	17,565,683	397,321
Sweden and Norway.....	Oscar II.	King.	6,825,087	15,976
Switzerland.....	A. Lachenal	President.	2,917,754	45,000
Tunis.....	Sidi Ali.	Bey.	1,500,000	1,147,557
Turkey.....	Abdul Hamid II.	Sultan.	27,094,800	5,500,000
United States.....	William McKinley	President.	62,332,820	73,110
Uruguay.....	J. Borda	President.	728,447	568,943
Venezuela.....	Gen Andrade.	President.	2,332,527	

## Military Societies of the United States.

## SOCIETY OF THE CINCINNATI.

## General Officers.

*President-General*—William Wayne, Pa.  
*Vice-President-General*—Winslow Warren, Mass.  
*Treasurer-General*—Richard M. McSherry, Md.  
*Secretary-General*—Hon. Asa Bird Gardner, L. I., D., of Rhode Island, Garden City, N. Y.  
*Assistant Secretary-General*—Nich. Fish, N. Y.

## State Societies.

*Massachusetts*—Organized June 9, 1783; Winslow Warren, president.  
*New York*—Organized June 9, 1778; Hon. John Cochrane, president, New York city.  
*Pennsylvania*—Organized Oct. 4, 1783; Hon. William Wayne, president, Paoli, Chester county, Pa.  
*Maryland*—Organized Nov. 21, 1783; Hon. Robert M. McLane, president, Baltimore, Md.  
*Rhode Island*—Organized June 24, 1783; Hon. Nathaniel Greene, president, Newport, R. I.  
*New Jersey*—Organized June 11, 1783; William S. Stryker, president, Mount Holly, N. J.  
*Connecticut* (revived 1838)—George B. Sanford, acting president.  
*South Carolina*—Organized Aug. 29, 1783; Rev. Charles Cotesworth Pinckney, D. D., president, Charleston, S. C.  
*Virginia*—John Cropper, president.  
*France*—Organized at Paris Jan. 7, 1784; re-instituted July 1, 1887; Marquis de Rochambeau, president, 51 Rue de Naples, Paris.

The historic and patriotic Order of the Cincinnati was founded by the American and French officers at the cantonments of the continental army on the Hudson at the close of hostilities in the war of the revolution for American independence in May, 1783.

In forming the society it was declared that "to perpetuate, therefore, as well the remembrance of this vast event as the mutual friendships which have been formed under the pressure of common danger, and, in many instances, cemented by the blood of the parties, the officers of the American army do hereby, in the most solemn manner, associate, constitute and combine themselves into one society of friends, to endure as long as they shall endure, or any of their eldest male posterity,

and in failure thereof the collateral branches who may be judged worthy of becoming its supporters and members."

For convenience, thirteen state societies were formed, and one in France under the direct patronage of Louis XVI. Upon the roll of original members appeared the names of all the great historic military and naval characters of the revolution, and upon the roll of honorary members, elected for their own lives only, appeared many of the signers of the declaration of independence.

Several state societies became dormant because the members had to emigrate to the lands given them for their services, west of the Alleghenies, and with broken health and ruined fortunes begin life anew in failure of congress to keep its promises as to half-pay.

There now remain nine state societies—viz., those of Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut (revived 1838), New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia and South Carolina, and the one in France, which was dispersed at the reign of terror in 1793, has been re-established under the acting presidency of M. le Marquis de Rochambeau.

Membership descends to the eldest lineal male descendant, if judged worthy, and, in failure of direct male descent, to male descendants through intervening female descendants.

The general society is composed of the general officers and five delegates from each state society, and meets triennially. In 1884 it ruled that proper descendants of revolutionary officers who were entitled to original membership, but who never could avail themselves of it, are qualified for hereditary membership, if found worthy, on due application.

The last triennial meeting of the general society was held in Philadelphia, Pa., in May, 1886.

The number of living members of the Society of the Cincinnati, as reported at the triennial meeting May, 1886, was 430. President Cleveland and Maj.-Gen. Howard, U. S. A., are honorary members in the New York state society; ex-President Harrison is an honorary member of the Pennsylvania state society, and Gen. John M. Schofield is an honorary member of the New Jersey state society.

## SOCIETY OF COLONIAL WARS.

## Officers of the General Society.

*Governor-General*—Frederick J. de Peyster, New York.  
*Secretary-General*—Howland Pell, 4 Warren street, New York.  
*Deputy Secretary-General*—F. E. Haight, 49 Leonard street, New York.  
*Treasurer-General*—Edward Shippen, Philadelphia, Pa.  
*Deputy Treasurer-General*—Walter Chandler, Elizabeth, N. J.  
*Registrar-General*—George Norbury Mackenzie, Baltimore, Md.  
*Historian-General*—Rev. C. E. Stevens, Philadelphia, Pa.  
*Chaplain-General*—Rev. H. B. Whipple, L. I., D., D. C. L., Fairbault, Minn.  
*Surgeon-General*—C. S. Ward, M. D., Bridgeport, Conn.  
*Deputy Governors-General and Secretaries.*  
*New York*—T. J. Oakley, New York; David Banks, Jr., New York.  
*Pennsylvania*—R. M. C. Cadwallader, Philadelphia; George C. Gillespie, Philadelphia.

*Maryland*—J. L. Brent, Baltimore; George N. Mackenzie, Baltimore.  
*Massachusetts*—Dr. F. E. Albot, Cambridge; E. W. McGilennen, Boston.  
*Connecticut*—F. J. Kingsbury, Waterbury; C. T. Ward, Bridgeport.  
*District of Columbia*—Rear-Admiral F. A. Roe, U. S. N., Washington; J. C. Harlie, Washington.  
*New Jersey*—Malcolm Macdonald, Princeton; George E. Kouss, Elizabeth.  
*Virginia*—R. T. W. Duke, Jr., Charlottesville; Thomas Balling, Richmond, Va.  
*New Hampshire*—H. O. Kent, Lancaster; J. C. Thorne, Concord.  
*Vermont*—E. A. Chittenden, St. Albans; J. G. Norton, St. Albans.  
*Illinois*—J. L. Lombard, Chicago; Seymour Morris, Chicago.  
*Missouri*—Henry Cadle, Bethany; H. Brinsmode, St. Louis.  
*Ohio*—M. M. Shoemaker, Cincinnati; A. H. Hugh, Cincinnati.  
*Nebraska*—J. O. Morton, Nebraska City; Clement Chase, Omaha.

**Minnesota**—Rukard Hurd, St. Paul; Maj. C. H. Whipple, St. Paul.

**Kentucky**—D. M. Jones, Harrodsburg; W. L. Halsey, Louisville.

**California**—S. R. Thorpe, Los Angeles; C. P. Fenner, Los Angeles.

**Colorado**—A. S. Dwight, Pueblo; T. W. M. Draper, Denver.

**Iowa**—W. S. Perry, Dubuque; H. G. Torbett, Dubuque.

**Georgia**—J. A. G. Carson, J. H. Kenzie, Savannah.

The Society of Colonial Wars was instituted in 1892 to "perpetuate the memory of these events and of the men who, in military, naval and civil positions of high trust and responsibility, by their acts of counsel assisted in the establishment, defense and preservation of the American colonies, and were in truth the founders of this nation. With this end in view it seeks to collect and preserve manuscripts, rolls and records; to provide suitable commemorations or memorials relating to the

American colonial period, and to inspire in its members the paternal and patriotic spirit of their forefathers, and in the community respect and reverence for those whose public services made our freedom and unity possible." Eligibility is confined to an adult male descendant of an ancestor who fought in battle under colonial authority, from the settlement of Jamestown, Va., in 1607, to the battle of Lexington, in 1775, or who served as governor, deputy-governor, lieutenant-governor, member of the council, or as a military, naval or marine officer in the service of the colonies or under the banner of Great Britain, or was conspicuous in military, official or legislative life during that period. The New York society was the original society, and state societies have also been organized in Pennsylvania, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Jersey, New Hampshire, Connecticut, Vermont, Missouri, Illinois, Virginia and the District of Columbia.

### SONS OF THE REVOLUTION.

[Organized 1875.]

#### General Officers.

**General President**—John Lee Carroll, Maryland.

**General Vice-President**—Garrett Dorset Wall Vroom, New Jersey.

**Second General Vice-President**—John Screven, Georgia.

**General Secretary**—James Mortimer Montgomery, New York.

**Assistant General Secretary**—William Hall Harris, Maryland.

**General Treasurer**—Richard McCall Cadwalader, Pennsylvania.

**Assistant General Treasurer**—Henry Cadle, Missouri.

**General Chaplain**—Rt. Rev. Henry B. Whipple, Minnesota.

**General Registrar**—Francis Ellingwood Abbott, Massachusetts.

**General Historian**—Galliard Hunt, Washington, D. C.

#### List of Secretaries of State Societies.

**Alabama**—Thomas McDady Owen, Birmingham.

**California**—Arthur Burnett Benton, 114 N. Spring-st., Los Angeles.

**Colorado**—Percy Maraden Cook, M. D., 1230 Haced-st., Denver.

**Connecticut**—Rev. Henry N. Wayne, New Britain.

**District of Columbia**—Henry Greenway Kemp, 1335 F-st. N.W., Washington.

**Florida**—Clarence Sherman Hammatt, Jacksonville.

**Georgia**—William Harden, 154 President-st., Savannah.

**Illinois**—Frank Kimball Root, 397 Wabash-av., Chicago.

**Iowa**—Van Samuel Roosevelt Johnson Hoyt, S. T. D., Davenport.

**Kentucky**—Prof. Wilbur R. Smith, Lexington.

**Maryland**—Robert Riddell Brown, 213 St. Paul-st., Baltimore.

**Massachusetts**—Henry Dexter Warren, Hotel Berkeley, Boston.

**Michigan**—Frank D. Haddock, Holland.

**Minnesota**—John Townsend, 137 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul.

**Missouri**—Henry Cadle, Bethany.

**Montana**—James F. McClelland, Great Falls.

**New Hampshire**—Thomas E. O. Marvin, Portsmouth.

**New Jersey**—John Alexander Campbell, Trenton.

**New York**—Charles Isham, 146 Broadway, New York.

**North Carolina**—Marshall DeLancey Haywood, Raleigh.

**North Dakota**—Irving McElroy, 208 9th-st., Fargo.

**Ohio**—Achilles Henry Pugh, lock box 635, Cincinnati.

**Pennsylvania**—Ethan Allen Weaver, lock box 713, Philadelphia.

**Rhode Island**—R. F. Tilley, Newport.

**South Carolina**—Gustavus M. Pinckney, Charleston.

**Tennessee**—Henry Hudson, Knoxville.

**Texas**—H. M. Aubrey, San Antonio.

**Virginia**—R. T. W. Duke, Jr., Charlottesville.

**Washington**—William Brownell Goodwin, Seattle.

**West Virginia**—Alex. Updegraff, Wheeling.

The two societies (Sons of the American Revolution and Sons of the Revolution) are alike in their aims and objects. These are fostering among themselves and their descendants the patriotic spirit of the men who in the naval, military or civil service of the colonies assisted in advancing the independence of the United States, and to collect and preserve the history of the revolutionary war and to promote intercourse and fraternal feeling among the members. Eligibility to membership in each is confined to male descendants from an ancestor who as a soldier, sailor or civil official assisted in establishing American independence during the war of the revolution. The society has a membership of 5,330.

### MILITARY ORDER OF FOREIGN WARS.

[Instituted Dec. 27, 1894.]

#### General Officers of the National Commandery.

**Commander-General**—Brevet-Major-General Alexander Stewart Webb, late U. S. A.

**Vice-Commanders-General**—Rear-Admiral Bancroft Gherardi, U. S. N., New York; Rear-Admiral Richard W. Meade, U. S. N., Pennsylvania; A. Floyd Delafield, Connecticut;

James H. Gilbert, Illinois; Horace Davis,

California; Rodney Macdonough, Massachusetts; Lieut. J. H. Bull, Florida.

**Secretary-General**—James Henry Morgan, New York.

**Treasurer-General**—Edward S. Sayres, Philadelphia, Pa.

*Registrar-General*—Rev. Henry N. Wayne, New Britain, Conn.

*Historian-General*—Capt. Henry Hobart Bellas, U. S. A.

*Judge-Advocate General*—Frank Montgomery Avery.

*Chaplain-General*—Rev. C. Ellis Stevens, L. L. D., D. C. L.

*Recorder-General*—Frederick J. Huntington.

#### Officers of State Commanderies.

*New York*—David Banks, commander.

*Pennsylvania*—Rev. C. E. Stevens, commander.

*District of Columbia*—Gen. David S. Stanley, U. S. A., commander.

*Ohio*—Gen. T. J. Wood, U. S. A., commander.

*Georgia*—Capt. J. E. P. Stevens, U. S. A., commander.

*Maine*—Gen. F. Fessenden, U. S. A., commander.

*Mississippi*—Henry St. L. Capper, commander.

*Vermont*—E. A. Chittenden, commander.

*California*—E. S. Holden, commander.

*Illinois*—S. E. Gross, commander.

*Florida*—Lt. J. H. Bull, U. S. N., commander.

*Tennessee*—Capt. J. Biddle, U. S. A., commander.

### SOCIETY OF THE SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

[Organized June 29, 1876.]

#### General Officers.

Elected April 30, 1894.

*President-General*—Edwin Shepard Barrett, 15 Broad street, New York city.

*Vice-Presidents-General*—Col. Thos. M. Anderson, U. S. A., Vancouver Barracks, Wash.; John Whitehead, Morristown, N. J.; James M. Richardson, Cleveland, O.; Capt. Samuel Eberly Gross, Chicago; Gen. Joseph C. Breckinridge, U. S. A., Washington, D. C.

*Secretary-General*—Franklin Murphy, Newark, N. J.

*Treasurer-General*—C. W. Haskins, 30 Broad street, New York city.

*Registrar-General*—A. Howard Clarke, Washington city.

*Historian-General*—Henry Hall, New York city.

*Chaplain-General*—The Rt. Rev. Charles Edward Cheney, D. D., Chicago, Ill.

#### State Societies and Officers.

*Arizona*—H. F. Robinson, Phoenix.

*Arkansas*—S. W. Williams, president, Little Rock.

*California*—Sidney M. Smith, president, San Francisco.

*Colorado*—J. F. Tuttle, Jr., Denver.

*Connecticut*—Jonathan Trumbull, president, Norwich.

*Delaware*—Wm. A. La Motte, president, Wilmington.

*District of Columbia*—Edw. M. Gallaudet, L. L. D., Washington.

*Florida*—Hon. John C. Avery, Pensacola.

*Hawaii*—Peter Cushman Jones, Honolulu.

*Illinois*—S. E. Gross, president, Chicago.

*Indiana*—Wm. E. English, president, Indianapolis.

*Iowa*—Wm. H. Wheeler, president, Des Moines.

*Kansas*—George D. Hale, president, Topeka.

*Kentucky*—Geo. D. Todd, president, Louisville.

*Louisiana*—Marshall J. Smith, president, New Orleans.

*Maine*—James P. Baxter, president, Portland.

*Maryland*—Joseph L. Brent, president, Baltimore.

*Massachusetts*—E. S. Barrett, president, Concord.

*Michigan*—Thos. W. Palmer, president, Detroit.

*Minnesota*—Gen. John B. Sanborn, president, St. Paul.

*Missouri*—Gen. Geo. H. Shields, president, St. Louis.

*Montana*—Cornelius Hedgcs, president, Helena.

*Nebraska*—Lucius D. Richards, president, Fremont.

*New Hampshire*—Howard L. Porter, president, Concord.

*New Jersey*—John Whitehead, president, Morristown.

*New York*—Chauncey M. Depew, president, New York city.

*Ohio*—J. W. Richardson, president, Cincinnati.

*Oregon*—Col. Thomas M. Anderson, president, Vancouver Barracks, Wash.

*Pennsylvania*—W. A. Herron, president, Pittsburgh.

*Rhode Island*—Royal C. Taft, president, Providence.

*Texas*—Ira H. Evans, president, Austin.

*Utah*—N. W. Brigham, president, Salt Lake City.

*Vermont*—William P. Dillingham, president, Waterbury.

*Virginia*—Chas. W. Williams, president, Richmond.

*Washington*—Col. S. W. Scott, Seattle.

*Wisconsin*—Geo. H. Noyes, president, Milwaukee.

The membership of the society was 11,000 at the annual meeting in Cleveland, O., April 30, 1897.

### MILITARY ORDER OF THE LOYAL LEGION OF THE UNITED STATES.

(Instituted 1865. Membership July 31, 1897, 8,961.)

*Commander-in-Chief*—Rear-Admiral Bancroft Gherard, U. S. N., New York city.

*Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief*—Brig.-Gen. Belden Connor, U. S. V., Portland, Me.

*Junior Vice-Commander-in-Chief*—Bvt. Maj.-Gen. John R. Brooke, U. S. A., Chicago, Ill.

*Recorder-in-Chief*—Bvt. Lieut.-Col. J. P. Nicholson, U. S. V., Philadelphia, Pa.

*Register-in-Chief*—Bvt. Maj. W. P. Huxford, Washington, D. C.

*Treasurer-in-Chief*—Col. Cornelius Codle.

*Chaplain-in-Chief*—Rev. Henry Hopkins.

#### Commanderies.

*Pennsylvania*—Bvt. Maj.-Gen. D. McMc Gregg, U. S. V., commander; Bvt. Lieut.-Col. John P. Nicholson, U. S. V., recorder, Philadelphia.

*New York*—Maj.-Gen. Granville M. Dodge, U. S. V., commander; Paymaster A. Noel Blakeman, U. S. N., recorder, New York.

*Maine*—Col. Samuel H. Allen, U. S. V., commander; Bvt. Maj. Henry S. Burrage, U. S. V., recorder, Portland.

*Massachusetts*—Bvt. Maj.-Gen. George L. Andrews, U. S. V., commander; Col. Arnold A. Rand, U. S. V., recorder, Boston.

*California*—Brig.-Gen. William R. Shafter, U. S. A., commander; Bvt. Lieut.-Col. William R. Smedberg, U. S. A., recorder, San Francisco.

*Wisconsin*—First Lieut. Cornelius Wheeler, U. S. V., commander; Capt. A. Ross Houston, U. S. V., recorder, Milwaukee.

*Illinois*—Brig.-Gen. Wm. Sooy Smith, U. S. V., commander; Capt. Roswell H. Mason, U. S. V., recorder, Chicago.

**District of Columbia**—Rear Admiral John G. Walker, U. S. N., commander; Bvt. Maj. William P. Huxford, U. S. A., recorder, Washington.

**Ohio**—Bvt. Brig.-Gen. B. R. Cowen, U. S. V., commander; Maj. W. H. Chamberlin, U. S. V., recorder, Cincinnati.

**Michigan**—Lieut. Henry M. Duffield, U. S. V., commander; Bvt. Brig.-Gen. F. W. Swift, U. S. V., recorder, Detroit.

**Minnesota**—Bvt. Brig.-Gen. R. N. Adams, U. S. V., commander; Bvt. Maj. George Q. White, U. S. A., recorder, St. Paul.

**Oregon**—Lieut.-Col. Jas. Jackson, U. S. A., commander; Maj. William M. Calk, U. S. V., recorder, Portland.

**Missouri**—Bvt. Lieut. Col. Jas. O. Churchill, U. S. V., vice-commander; Capt. William R. Honiges, U. S. V., recorder, St. Louis.

**Nebraska**—Lieut. William Wallace, U. S. V.,

commander; Lieut. F. B. Bryant, U. S. V., recorder, Omaha.

**Kansas**—Lieut.-Col. J. T. Haskell, U. S. A., commander; Capt. W. B. Reynolds, U. S. A., recorder, Fort Leavenworth.

**Iowa**—Col. C. L. Godfrey, U. S. V., commander; Lieut. Joseph W. Muffy, U. S. V., recorder, Des Moines.

**Colorado**—Lieut. George Ady, U. S. V., commander; Bvt. Capt. James B. Saville, U. S. V., recorder, Denver.

**Indiana**—Maj.-Gen. Lew Wallace, U. S. V., commander; Bvt. Col. Z. Smith, U. S. V., recorder, Indianapolis.

**Washington**—Col. W. W. Robinson, U. S. V., commander; Lieut.-Comdr. J. E. Noel, U. S. N., recorder, Tacoma.

**Vermont**—Maj. John L. Barstow, U. S. V., commander; First Lieut. William L. Greenleaf, U. S. V., recorder, Burlington.

### GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.

**Commander-in-Chief**—John P. S. Gobin, Lebanon, Pa.

**Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief**—Alfred Lyth, Buffalo, N. Y.

**Junior Vice-Commander-in-Chief**—Francis B. Allen, Hartford, Conn.

**Surgeon-General**—David McKay, Dallas, Tex.

**Chaplain-in-Chief**—Rev. Frank C. Bruner, Chicago, Ill.

The national council of administration has forty-five members, each department being represented by one member.

### Department Commanders and Membership.

Departments.	Commanders.	Assistant Adjutant-Generals.	Members.		
Alabama.....	W. H. Black.....	Montgomery.....	B. D. Bacon.....	Birmingham.....	206
Arizona.....	Geo. Horwath.....	Flagstaff.....	W. E. R. Schindler.....	Prescott.....	256
Arkansas.....	A. H. Bookland.....	Stuttgart.....	W. H. Ballard.....	Olena.....	718
Cal. and Nev. N. P. Chipman.....	San Francisco.....	T. C. Masteller.....	San Francisco.....	San Francisco.....	5,405
Col. and Wyo. U. S. Hollister.....	Denver.....	M. S. Crawford.....	Denver.....	Denver.....	2,335
Connecticut.....	G. D. Bates.....	Putnam.....	J. H. Thatcher.....	Hartford.....	4,880
Delaware.....	Jos. B. Bradley.....	Milford.....	Peter B. Ayers.....	Wilmington.....	473
Florida.....	C. M. Ellis.....	Jacksonville.....	T. S. Winmarth.....	Jacksonville.....	778
Georgia.....	J. P. Averill.....	Atlanta.....	C. R. Hawks.....	Atlanta.....	612
Idaho.....	Lindol Smith.....	Moscow.....	W. H. Beardsley.....	Moscow.....	899
Illinois.....	A. L. Schimpf.....	Peoria.....	C. A. Partridge.....	Chicago.....	25,576
Indiana.....	James S. Dodge.....	Elkhart.....	R. M. Smock.....	Indianapolis.....	19,589
Indian Ter.....	E. M. J. Shriver.....	Miami.....	Louis Leckert.....	Miami.....	229
Iowa.....	A. H. Evans.....	Keokuk.....	B. W. McElroy.....	Keokuk.....	15,561
Kansas.....	Theo. Botkin.....	Hutchinson.....	Lewis Hanback.....	Kansas City.....	12,959
Kentucky.....	A. J. Tharp.....	Winston.....	Geo. T. Grinstead.....	Winston.....	4,017
La. and Miss.....	C. W. Keetling.....	New Orleans.....	B. B. Baquie.....	New Orleans.....	1,777
Maine.....	L. T. Carlton.....	Winthrop.....	Lorenzo B. Hill.....	Augusta.....	8,439
Maryland.....	G. W. Johnson.....	Baltimore.....	L. M. Zimmerman.....	Baltimore.....	3,024
Massachusetts.....	M. Dean.....	Fall River.....	H. O. Moore.....	Boston.....	22,008
Michigan.....	A. T. Bliss.....	Saginaw.....	C. V. R. Pond.....	Lansing.....	16,095
Minnesota.....	E. P. Wood.....	Long Prairie.....	J. K. Merritt.....	Minneapolis.....	8,186
Missouri.....	Jno. P. Platt.....	Kingston.....	John P. Paschall.....	St. Louis.....	14,344
Montana.....	T. C. Davidson.....	Anaconda.....	J. S. Wisner.....	Anaconda.....	630
Nebraska.....	E. E. Eberhardt.....	Stanton.....	James D. Gage.....	Lincoln.....	7,264
N. Hampshire.....	James Minot.....	Concord.....	Frank Battles.....	Concord.....	4,324
New Jersey.....	Emanuel Sands.....	Jersey City.....	Frank O. Cole.....	Jersey City.....	6,699
New Mexico.....	Francis Downs.....	Santa Fe.....	W. S. Fletcher.....	Santa Fe.....	150
New York.....	Albert D. Shaw.....	Watertown.....	G. H. Lester.....	Oswego.....	26,508
N. Dakota.....	E. C. Geary.....	Fargo.....	J. W. Carroll.....	Fargo.....	687
Ohio.....	Henry Kinsinger.....	Dayton.....	W. H. Busard.....	Dayton.....	20,894
Oklahoma.....	C. R. Young.....	Guthrie.....	M. L. Mook.....	Guthrie.....	1,158
Oregon.....	Frank Reinsner.....	Eugene.....	N. W. Morse.....	Portland.....	1,981
Pennsylvania.....	W. D. Stauffer.....	Lancaster.....	C. L. Leiper.....	Philadelphia.....	26,029
Potomac.....	T. S. Hopkins.....	Washington.....	Arthur Hendricks.....	Washington.....	2,861
Rhode Island.....	L. Scott.....	Woonsocket.....	Philip S. Case.....	Providence.....	2,307
S. Dakota.....	C. P. Clark.....	Huron.....	J. C. Walton.....	Huron.....	2,210
Tennessee.....	H. B. Chase.....	Chattanooga.....	C. W. Blease.....	Chattanooga.....	2,026
Texas.....	Ed Ketchum.....	Galveston.....	Frank L. Kirk.....	Galveston.....	788
Utah.....	Thos. C. Bailey.....	Salt Lake City.....	C. O. Farnsworth.....	Salt Lake City.....	176
Vermont.....	E. W. Jewett.....	Swanton.....	E. J. Ranslow.....	Swanton.....	4,632
Va. and N. C. J. W. Stebbens.....	Norfolk.....	W. N. Eaton.....	Portsmouth.....	Portsmouth.....	1,286
Washington and Alaska.....	J. F. McLean.....	Walla Walla.....	E. H. Nixon.....	Walla Walla.....	2,200
W. Virginia.....	T. A. Maulsby.....	Fairmount.....	T. W. Swisher.....	Fairmount.....	1,923
Wisconsin.....	E. B. Gray.....	Madison.....	W. H. Bennett.....	Madison.....	11,000
Total number of posts.....	7,276	Total Jan. 1, 1897.....	577,412		

## National Encampments and Commanders-in-Chief.

1866 Indianapolis, S. A. Hurlbut..... Illinois.	1881 Denver..... Robert B. Beath, Penn's Va.
1868 Philadelphia, John A. Logan..... Illinois.	1881 Minneapolis, John S. Kuntz..... Ohio.
1868 Cincinnati, John A. Logan..... Illinois.	1885 Portland, Me. S. S. Burdette..... Washington
1870 Washington, John A. Logan..... Illinois.	1886 S. Francisco, Lucius Fairchild, Wisconsin
1871 Boston..... A. E. Burnside..... Rhode Isl'd.	1887 St. Louis..... John P. Rem..... Minnesota.
1872 Cleveland..... A. E. Burnside..... Rhode Isl'd.	1888 Columbus, O. William Warner, St. Louis.
1873 New Haven, Chas. Devens, Jr. Mass'ch'us.	1889 Milwaukee..... Russell A. Alger, Detroit.
1874 Hardsburg, Chas. Devens, Jr. Mass'ch'us.	1890 Boston..... W. G. Veazey..... Rutland, Vt.
1875 Chicago..... J. F. Harttraft..... Penn's Va.	1891 Detroit..... John Palmer..... Albany.
1876 Philadelphia, J. F. Harttraft..... Penn's Va.	1892 Milwaukee..... A. G. Weissert..... Milwaukee.
1877 Providence, J. C. Robinson..... New York.	1893 Indianapolis, J. G. B. Adams..... Lynn, Mass.
1878 Springfield, J. C. Robinson..... New York.	1894 Pittsburg..... T. G. Lawler..... Rockf'd, Ill.
1879 Albany..... Wm. Earnshaw, Ohio.	1895 Louisville..... I. N. Walker..... Indiana's.
1880 Dayton, O..... Louis Wagner..... Penn's Va.	1896 St. Paul..... T. S. Clarkson..... Omaha, Neb.
1881 Indianapolis, Geo. S. Merrill..... Mass'ch'us.	1897 Buffalo..... J. P. S. Gobin..... Lebanon, Pa.
1882 Baltimore..... P. Vandervoort..... Nebraska.	

## SONS OF VETERANS, U. S. A.

Headquarters Commandery-in-Chief—Boston, Mass.

Quartermaster-General's Department—Chicago.

Officers of Commandery-in-Chief.

Commander-in-Chief—C. K. Darling, Boston, Mass.

Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief—Geo. E. Cogshall, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Junior Vice-Commander-in-Chief—James W. Noel, Indianapolis, Ind.

Council-in-Chief—H. E. Hammer, Reading, Pa.; Columbus Borin, Oberlin, Kas.; J. E. Haycraft, Madella, Minn.

Adjutant-General—Fred E. Batton, Boston, Mass.

Quartermaster-General—R. Loebenstein, Chicago, Ill.

Inspector-General—J. F. Durston, Syracuse, N. Y.

Surgeon-General—Dr. D. S. Gardner, Massillon, O.

Judge-Advocate General—E. K. Gould, Rockland, Me.

Chaplain-in-Chief—Rev. Harry L. Veazey, Harman, Tenn.

## Division Commanders.

Division.	Commander.	Address.	No. of Members
Alabama and Tennessee.....	L. W. Friedman.....	Birmingham, Ala.....	419
California and Hawaii.....	Charles L. Pierce.....	San Francisco, Cal.....	272
Colorado.....	Harlan Dimes.....	Denver, Colo.....	156
Connecticut.....	W. W. Wheeler.....	Derby.....	764
Gulf.....	H. W. Robinson.....	New Orleans, La.....	130
Illinois.....	C. R. Clarke.....	Rockford.....	1,623
Indiana.....	R. S. Thompson.....	Rising Sun.....	1,322
Iowa.....	A. T. Wilson.....	Cedar Rapids.....	1,316
Kansas.....	W. P. Feder.....	Great Bend.....	1,346
Kentucky.....	T. Z. Morrow, Jr.....	Somerset.....	279
Maine.....	Arthur M. Soule.....	Portland.....	1,327
Maryland.....	Edw. K. DeFay.....	Washington, D. C.....	480
Massachusetts.....	Orange H. Cook.....	Melrose.....	4,127
Michigan.....	H. E. Cowden.....	Rockford.....	864
Minnesota.....	Henry Stadleck, Jr.....	St. Minneapolis.....	874
Missouri.....	E. E. Schneider.....	St. Louis.....	929
Nebraska.....	W. H. Davis.....	Wilber.....	547
New Hampshire.....	Walter S. Willey.....	Somersworth.....	597
New Jersey.....	Joese R. Dungan.....	Somerville.....	751
New York.....	John M. Diven.....	Elmira.....	3,233
Ohio.....	A. W. Jones.....	Youngstown.....	2,108
Oregon.....	L. W. Oren.....	Corvallis.....	93
Pennsylvania.....	William Scott.....	Milton.....	5,002
Rhode Island.....	Chas. W. Alford, Jr.....	Providence.....	411
South Dakota.....	E. A. Courtney.....	Obispo.....	282
Vermont.....	William W. Lapoint.....	Barre.....	797
Washington.....	C. V. Seydick.....	Olympia.....	636
West Virginia.....	H. W. Thurber.....	Wheeling.....	150
Wisconsin.....	Charles C. Townsend.....	Benton.....	642
Number of camps.....	1,255	Total.....	32,075

## AVERAGE PRICE PER POUND AND CONSUMPTION PER CAPITA OF SUGAR.

CALENDAR YEAR.	Price. Cents.	Consumpt'n. Pounds.	CALENDAR YEAR.	Price. Cents.	Consumpt'n. Pounds.
1878.....	8.94	34.3	1887.....	5.66	52.7
1879.....	8.53	40.7	1888.....	6.69	56.7
1880.....	9.48	42.9	1889.....	7.59	51.8
1881.....	9.94	44.2	1890.....	6.00	53.8
1882.....	8.67	48.4	1891.....	4.47	66.1
1883.....	8.14	51.1	1892.....	4.21	63.5
1884.....	6.87	53.4	1893.....	4.72	63.9
1885.....	6.06	51.8	1894.....	4.00	66.0
1886.....	5.81	56.9	1895.....	4.00	63.6

## Farmers' Organizations.

## THE NATIONAL GRANGE.

## OFFICERS, 1897-99.

Master—Aaron Jones, South Bend, Ind.

Overseer—O. H. Hale, North Stockholm, N. Y.  
 Lecturer—Alpha Messer, Rochester, Va.  
 Steward—John T. Cox, Readington, N. J.  
 Assistant Steward—J. A. Newcomb, Golden, Col.

Chaplain—S. O. Bowen, Eastford, Conn.  
 Treasurer—Mrs. Eva S. McDowell, Penn Yan, N. Y.

Secretary—John Trimble, Washington, D. C.  
 Gate-keeper—A. B. Judson, Silver City, Iowa.  
 Cere—Mrs. Lena M. Messich.

Pomona—Mrs. Sarah G. Baird, Edina Mills, Minn.

Flora—Mrs. E. L. A. Wiggins, Maysville Center, Me.  
 L. A. Steward—Mrs. A. M. Horton, Flint Ridge, Mich.

## EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Chairman—Leonard Rhone, Center Hall, Center county, Pa.

Secretary—J. J. Woodman, Paw Paw, Van Buren county, Mich.

N. J. Bachelder, East Andover, Merrimack county, N. H.

J. H. Brigham, ex-officio, Delta, Fulton county, O.

## ADDRESS OF THE FISCAL AGENCY.

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., 22 William street, New York city.

## OFFICERS OF STATE GRANGES.

(Corrected to Dec. 1, 1897.)

State.	Master.	Secretary.
Alabama.....	Hawkins, Hiram.....	Hawkinsville.....
California.....	Greer, W. W.....	Shackelford, F. Jr., Mobile.
Colorado.....	Newcomb, J. A.....	Mills, Don.....
Connecticut.....	Bowen, George A.....	Wilson, W. H. T.....
Delaware.....	Messich, S. H.....	Loomis, H. E.....
Georgia.....	Kimborough, T. H.....	Woodstock.....
Illinois.....	Wilson, Oliver.....	Bridgeville.....
Indiana.....	Jones, Aaron.....	Cantaula.....
Iowa.....	Judson, A. B.....	Seeders, W. W.....
Kansas.....	Reardon, A. F.....	Taylor, E.....
Kentucky.....	Hardy, J. D.....	Keady, Thomas.....
Maine.....	Wiggins, Edward.....	Frazier, T. B.....
Maryland.....	Devries, H. O.....	Turner, John.....
Massachusetts.....	Howe, E. D.....	Black, George.....
Michigan.....	Horton, Geo. B.....	Browning, J. A.....
Minnesota and Dakota.....	Baird, Mrs. S. G.....	Libby, E. H.....
Mississippi.....	Wilson, S. L.....	Sands, W. B.....
Missouri.....	Thompson, D. F.....	Jewett, W. C.....
Nebraska.....	Hall, O. E.....	Buell, Miss Jennie.....
New Hampshire.....	Bachelder, N. J.....	Edina Mills, Minn. Adams, Mrs. A. J.....
New Jersey.....	Cox, John T.....	Okolona.....
New York.....	Hale, O. H.....	Butler.....
North Carolina.....	Williams, W. R.....	Bartholomew, W. E.....
Ohio.....	Ellis, S. H.....	Cantrill, J. R.....
Oregon and Idaho.....	Hilleary, W. M.....	E. Andover.....
Pennsylvania.....	Rhone, L.....	Hutchinson, E. C.....
Rhode Island.....	Tillinghast, J. N.....	Readington.....
South Carolina.....	Thompson, W. K.....	St. John, T.....
Tennessee.....	Richardson, W. L.....	St. John, T.....
Texas and Ind. T.....	Ray, J. L.....	St. John, T.....
Vermont.....	Bell, C. J.....	St. John, T.....
Virginia.....	Ward, A. J.....	St. John, T.....
Washington.....	High, Augustus.....	St. John, T.....
West Virginia.....	Knott, C. H.....	St. John, T.....
Wisconsin.....	Huxley, H. E.....	St. John, T.....
Canada.....	Fisher, G. E.....	St. John, T.....

## NATIONAL FARMERS' ALLIANCE.

President—Elwood Furnas, Nevada, Iowa.  
 Vice-Presidents—A. L. Stuntz, State Center, Iowa; F. E. Fitch, Bellevue, O.; A. S. Brewer, Tampico, Ill.; Wm. Toole, Baraboo, Wis.; T. J. Melghen, Forestville, Minn.; W. A. Kelsey, Dunfee, Ind.; Hon. J. W. Arrasmith, Colfax, Wash.; Theo. Bedard, Frenchtown, Mont.; J. Burrows, Lincoln, Neb.; David Griffin, Panther Creek, N. C.  
 Sec. and Treas.—August Post, Moulton, Iowa.

Lecturer—George E. Lawrence, Marion, O.  
 Assistant Lecturers—D. F. Ravens, St. John, Wash.; J. H. Sanders, Owassa, Iowa.  
 Educational Board—E. J. Bye, West Branch, Iowa; Geo. E. Lawrence, Marion, O.; A. S. Brewer, Tampico, Ill.; J. Burrows, Lincoln, Neb.; D. F. Ravens, St. John, Wash.  
 Auditing Board—W. H. Likens, Caladonia, O.; A. S. Brewer, Tampico, Ill.; J. B. Farrow, Garwin, Iowa.

## OFFICERS OF STATE ORGANIZATIONS.

State.	President.	Secretary.
Ohio.....	F. E. Fitch.....	O. J. Vine.....
Indiana.....	D. N. Stough.....	Wm. A. Kelsey.....
Illinois.....	Milton George.....	H. O. Kyser.....

State.	President.	Secretary.
Wisconsin.....	W. E. Fay.....	Star Prairie.....
Minnesota.....	Ignatius Donnelly.....	Wm. Toole.....
Montana.....	J. E. Gharett.....	A. L. Stromberg.....
Iowa.....	J. H. Sanders.....	C. Edwards.....
Missouri.....	B. O. Cowan.....	Fort Missoula.....
Nebraska.....	J. H. Powers.....	Owasa.....
North Dakota.....	Walter Muir.....	New Point.....
South Dakota.....	H. L. Loucks.....	G. D. Fullerton.....
Washington.....	D. F. Ravens.....	Mrs. J. T. Kellie.....
New York.....	Thomas Spohn.....	M. D. Williams.....
Pennsylvania.....	George D. Brown.....	Mrs. S. Hardin.....
		T. A. White.....
		St. John.....
		O. L. Dorman.....
		Sherman.....
		J. H. Pizor.....
		Jacksonville.....

## PATRONS OF INDUSTRY OF NORTH AMERICA.

SUPREME ASSOCIATION.	Secretary-Treasurer—George A. Bennett, Ma-
President—W. S. Donnelly, Ketchum's Cor-	rengo, Ill.
ners, N. Y.	BOARD OF TRUSTEES.
Vice-President—J. W. Elsea, Adamsville, O.	Chairman—P. S. Dorland, Dean's Corners, N.Y.

## STATE AND PROVINCIAL ASSOCIATIONS.

State.	President.	Secretary.
New York.....	W. S. Donnelly.....	Ketchum's Cor's. F. J. Riley.....
Ohio.....	D. W. Williams.....	Ballston Spa.....
Illinois.....	G. W. Sterling.....	Tedrow.....
Wisconsin.....	H. B. Brown.....	Belvidere.....
		Edw. Padden.....
		E. L. Busby.....
		Waukegan.....
Provinces.		
Manitoba.....	C. Braithwaite.....	Port. la Prairie.....
Northwest Territory.....	Keith Webster.....	Hilburn.....
Pennsylvania.....	Michigan, Indiana, West Virginia, Iowa, Minnesota, South Dakota, North Dakota, Massachusetts, Nebraska and Missouri—Under the jurisdiction of the Supreme Association.	J. E. Annable.....
		Moose Jaw.....
Ontario, Quebec and Prince Edward Island—Not yet reported.		

## NATIONAL FARMERS' ALLIANCE AND INDUSTRIAL UNION.

President—Mann Page, Brandon, Va.	N. Y.; John Breinig, Junction, W. Va.; W.
Vice-President—C. Vincent, Indianapolis, Ind.	A. Gardner, Andrew's Settlement, Pa.
Secretary-Treasurer—W. P. Bricker, Cogan	Judiciary—R. A. Southworth, Denver, Col.;
Station, Pa.	R. W. Beck, Alabama; M. D. Davie, Ken-
Executive Board—Mann Page, chairman, Brandon, Va.; A. B. Welch, secretary, Victor,	tucky.

## STATE ALLIANCES.

State.	President.	Secretary.
Alabama.....	J. L. Brock.....	J. W. Jackson.....
Arkansas.....	J. P. H. Russ.....	Dudleyville.....
California.....	J. L. Gilbert.....	J. M. L. Thomasson.....
Colorado.....		El Paso.....
Delaware.....		J. S. Barbee.....
Florida.....		R. A. Southworth.....
Georgia.....		Denver.....
Illinois.....		J. F. Kelly.....
Indiana.....	D. H. Yeoman.....	J. A. Moore.....
Indian Territory.....		P. A. W. Ivey.....
Iowa.....		Alice Potts.....
Kansas.....	J. F. Willetts.....	S. L. Oakes.....
Kentucky.....	C. S. Bate.....	F. R. Brackney.....
Louisiana.....	Joseph Kleinpeter.....	J. B. French.....
Maryland.....	M. G. Elky.....	J. A. Parker.....
Michigan.....	R. McDougall.....	J. W. McFarland.....
Minnesota.....		E. J. C. Parsons.....
Mississippi.....	J. H. Jamison.....	M. B. Wilson.....
Missouri.....		C. C. Long.....
Nebraska.....	W. F. Dale.....	C. T. Smithson.....
New Jersey.....		J. W. Long.....
New Mexico.....		Mrs. J. T. Kellie.....
New York.....	C. E. White.....	H. D. Opdyke.....
North Carolina.....	Cyrus Thompson.....	W. L. Bruce.....
North Dakota.....		George A. Scott.....
Ohio.....		W. S. Barnes.....
Oklahoma.....		W. F. Grill.....
Oregon.....	S. H. Hult.....	O. McKinley.....
Pennsylvania.....	W. A. Gardner.....	S. R. Miller.....
South Carolina.....	P. I. Keith.....	E. H. Cooper.....
South Dakota.....	H. W. Smith.....	W. P. Bricker.....
Tennessee.....	E. M. Nolen.....	J. W. Reid.....
Texas.....	Evan Jones.....	J. Mayer.....
Virginia.....	B. L. Winston.....	J. H. Herd.....
Washington.....	A. Manning.....	Miss Fannie Leake.....
West Virginia.....	J. P. Pickens.....	J. J. Silvey.....
Wisconsin.....		S. E. Jones.....
		H. Z. Martin.....
		W. F. Donahue.....
		Star Prairie.....

## THE LEGAL HOLIDAYS.

Jan. 1—New Year's day: In all the states except Arkansas, Massachusetts, Mississippi, New Hampshire and Rhode Island.

Jan. 8—Anniversary of the battle of New Orleans: In Louisiana.

Jan. 19—Lee's birthday: In Florida, Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina and Virginia.

Feb. 6—Mardi Gras, Shrove Tuesday (the day before Ash Wednesday, the first day of Lent): In Alabama and Louisiana.

Feb. 12—Lincoln's birthday: In Illinois, Minnesota, New Jersey, New York, Washington.

Feb. 23—Washington's birthday: In all the states except Arkansas, Iowa and Mississippi.

March 2—Anniversary of Texan Independence: In Texas.

March 4—Firemen's anniversary: In New Orleans, La.

March 10—Good Friday (the Friday before Easter): In Alabama, Louisiana, Maryland, Pennsylvania and Tennessee.

April (first Wednesday)—State election day: In Rhode Island.

April 19—Patrick's day: In Massachusetts.

April 21—Anniversary of the battle of San Jacinto: In Texas.

April 25—Memorial day: In Alabama and Georgia.

May 10—Memorial day: In North Carolina.

May 30—Anniversary of the signing of the Mecklenburg declaration of independence: In North Carolina.

May 30—Decoration day: In Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Utah, Vermont, Wisconsin, Washington and Wyoming.

June 3—Jefferson Davis' birthday: In Florida.

July 4—Independence day: In all the states.

July 24—Pioneers' day: In Utah.

\*September (first Monday)—Labor day: In California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas,

Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia and Washington.

Sept. 9—Admission day: In California.

Sept. 12—Labor day: In Florida.

Oct. 31—Admission in the Union day: Nevada.

November (generally the Tuesday after the first Monday)—General election day: In Arizona, California, Florida, Idaho, Indiana, Kansas, Maryland, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, West Virginia, Washington, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

November, the last Thursday in—Thanksgiving day: It is observed in all the states, although in some it is not a statutory holiday.

Nov. 25—Labor day: In Louisiana.

Dec. 25—Christmas day: In all states, and in South Carolina the two succeeding days in addition.

Sundays and fast days (whenever appointed) are legal holidays in nearly all the states.

Arbor day is a legal holiday in Kansas, Rhode Island and Wyoming, the day being set by the governor—in Nebraska, April 22; California, Sept. 9; Colorado, on the third Friday in April; Montana, third Tuesday in April; Utah, first Saturday in April; and Idaho, on Friday after May 1.

Every Saturday after 12 o'clock noon is a legal holiday in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Maryland, and the city of New Orleans, and June 1 to Sept. 30 in Newcastle county, Delaware.

\*Labor day was made a national holiday by congress. It is the only strictly national holiday we have, not excepting the Fourth of July. Congress has at various times appointed special holidays, and has recognized the existence of certain days as holidays, but there is no general statute on the subject. The proclamation of the president, designating a day of thanksgiving only makes such day a holiday in those states which provide for it by law.

## NATIONAL DEBTS.

The total national debt of the world is now \$29,900,000,000, while in 1875 it was \$23,750,000,000. France has the distinction of leading the world in this regard with a debt of \$6,000,000,000, followed by Great Britain with \$3,300,000,000. The third on the list is Austria-Hungary with \$1,030,000,000, while Russia is fourth with \$2,375,000,000 and Italy fifth with \$2,530,000,000. Spain comes next, with \$1,325,000,000, and the United States is seventh with \$996,141,962. Germany has a debt of only \$420,000,000.

Spain owes comparatively the largest sum to foreigners, while in France the great bulk of the papers are in possession of Frenchmen themselves. But nearly every other nation is indebted for enormous amounts to its own subjects. France takes the lead as a lending people on account of the good financial standing and the saving propensities of its people. The example of France seems to confirm the proposition that a national debt is a good thing for the prosperity of a people, for in that country the national debt and the general prosperity of the populace have steadily advanced in recent decades in equal proportions.

The growth of national debts can be seen from the following table, in which the fig-

ures for twenty years ago are given in the first column, those for 1897 in the second column:

France	\$4,600,000,000	\$6,000,000,000
England	3,900,000,000	3,300,000,000
Austria-Hungary	1,750,000,000	2,030,000,000
Russia	1,700,000,000	2,375,000,000
Italy	1,350,000,000	2,530,000,000
Spain	1,375,000,000	1,325,000,000
Australia	230,000,000	1,200,000,000
United States	2,320,000,000	996,141,962
Turkey	675,000,000	200,000,000
Portugal	345,000,000	765,000,000
India	650,000,000	635,000,000
Brazil	475,000,000	580,000,000
Egypt	375,000,000	530,000,000
Holland	.....	480,000,000
Belgium	.....	445,000,000
Germany	1,000,000,000	420,000,000
Argentina	.....	370,000,000
Canada	165,000,000	255,000,000
Japan	.....	285,000,000

Each inhabitant of France pays, on the average, each year \$4.75 interest on the national debt; each Russian, \$1.20; each Englishman, \$3.15; each Austrian, \$7.50; each Italian, \$3.80; each Spaniard, \$3.25; each American, 42 cents, and each German, 33 cents.

## The National Government.

[Corrected to Nov. 15, 1897.]

## EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

President, William McKinley (O.).....	\$50,000
Vice to the President, John Addison Porter (Conn.).....	5,000
Sec.-President, Garret A. Hobart (N. J.).....	8,000
U. S. Dist. Marshal, A. A. Wilson (D. C.).....	6,000

## DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

Secretary, John Sherman (O.).....	8,000
Asst. Sec., William R. Day (O.).....	4,500
Second Asst. Sec., Alvey A. Adee (D. C.).....	3,500
Third Asst. Sec., Thos. W. Gridler (W. Va.).....	3,500
Solicitor, Wm. L. Penfield (Ind.).....	3,500
Chief Clerk, Wm. H. Michael (Neb.).....	2,570
Chief of Diplomatic Bureau, Sydney Smith (D. C.).....	2,100
Chief Cons. Bureau, Robert S. Chilton, Jr. (D. C.).....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Indexes and Archives, Pendleton King (N. C.).....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Accounts, Frank A. Branagan (O.).....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Foreign Commerce, Frederic Baury (Md.).....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Rolls and Library, A. H. Allen (N. C.).....	2,100
Translator, Henry L. Thomas (N. Y.).....	2,100
Private Sec. to Sec. of State, E. A. Hubcock (N. Y.).....	2,000
[Bureau of Accounts now has charge of passports.]	

## TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Secretary, Lyman J. Gage (Ill.).....	8,000
Pres. Sec., H. W. Van Selden (Ky.).....	2,400
Asst. Sec., Frank A. Vanderlip (Ill.).....	4,500
Asst. Sec., William B. Howell (N. J.).....	4,500
Asst. Sec., O. L. Spaulding (Mich.).....	4,500
Chief Clerk, Theo. F. Swayne (N. J.).....	3,000
Chief of Appl. Div., Fred Brackett (Md.).....	2,750
Chief of Warrents Div., W. F. MacLennan.....	3,500
Chief Pub. Money Div., Eugene B. Daskam.....	2,500
Chief of Cons. Div., John M. Comstock (N. Y.).....	2,750
Acting Chief of Ren., Marine Div., Charles F. Shoemaker (N. Y.).....	2,500
Chief of Stationery, Printing and Blanks Div., Chas. H. Lyman (Mass.).....	2,500
Chief of Loans and Currency Div., Andrew T. Huntington (Mass.).....	2,500
Chief of Misc. Div., Lewis Jordan (Ind.).....	2,500
Government Actuary, Jos. S. McCoy (N. J.).....	1,800

## Supervising Architect's Office.

Supervising Architect, Jas. K. Taylor (Pa.).....	4,500
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## Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

Chief, C. Johnson (Ky.).....	4,500
Asst. Chief, Thomas J. Sullivan (D. C.).....	2,550
Superintendent Engraving Div., Thomas T. Morris (N. Y.).....	3,600

## Office Steamboat Inspector.

Supervising Inspector, James A. Dumont.....	3,500
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## Bureau of Statistics.

Chief, W. C. Ford (N. Y.).....	3,000
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## Life-Saving Service.

Gen'l Supt., S. I. Kimball (Me.).....	4,000
Asst., J. K. Upton (Md.).....	2,500

## Comptrollers.

First Comptroller, Robt. J. Tracewell (Ind.).....	5,000
Asst., Edward A. Bowers (Conn.).....	5,000
Chief Clerk, C. M. Force (Ky.).....	2,750
Chief Law Clerk, W. W. Warwick (O.).....	2,750

## Register of the Treasury.

Register, Blanch K. Bruce (Miss.).....	\$4,000
Asst., Nolen L. Chew (Ind.).....	2,250

## Auditors.

Auditor for the Treasury Dept., William E. Andrews (Neb.).....	3,600
Deputy, Edward McKetterick (Iowa).....	2,250
Auditor for the War Dept., W. W. Brown (Pa.).....	3,600
Deputy, D. A. Grosvenor (Md.).....	2,250
Auditor for the Interior Dept., William Youngblood (Ala.).....	3,600
Deputy, R. S. Person (S. D.).....	2,250
Auditor for the Navy Dept., F. H. Morris (O.).....	3,600
Deputy, John M. Ewing (Wis.).....	2,250
Auditor for the State and Other Depts., E. G. Thime (Wis.).....	3,600
Deputy, Geo. W. Esterly (Minn.).....	2,250
Auditor for the Postoffice Dept., Henry A. Castle (Minn.).....	3,600
Deputy, A. L. Lawshe (Ind.).....	2,250

## Treasurer of the United States.

Treasurer, Ellis H. Roberts (N. Y.).....	6,000
Asst. Treas., J. F. Meline (D. C.).....	3,600
Supt. Nat. Bank Red. Div., Thos. E. Rogers.....	3,500

## Comptroller of the Currency.

Comptroller, James H. Eckels (Ill.).....	5,000
Deputy, G. V. Coffin (S. C.).....	2,800

## Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Commissioner, W. S. Forman (Ill.).....	6,000
Deputy, G. W. Wilson (O.).....	3,200

## Director of the Mint.

Director, R. E. Preston (D. C.).....	4,500
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## Bureau of Navigation.

Commissioner, E. F. Chamberlain (N. Y.).....	3,600
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## United States Coast and Geodetic Survey.

Superintendent, W. W. Duffield (Mich.).....	6,000
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## Marine Hospital Service.

Supervising Surg.-Gen., Walter Wyman.....	4,000
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## NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Secretary, John D. Long (Mass.).....	8,000
Asst. Sec., Theodore Roosevelt (N. Y.).....	4,500
Chief Clerk, Benj. F. Peters (Pa.).....	2,500
Priv. Sec., L. H. Finney, Jr.....	2,250
Naval Aid. Lieut. A. Sharp.....	
Naval Militia, Lieut. J. H. Gibbons.....	

## Bureau Yards and Docks.

Chief, Rear-Admiral E. O. Matthews.....	
Commanders, J. N. Hemphill, Prof. O. G. Dodge.....	
Civil Engineer, M. T. Endicott.....	

## Bureau of Navigation.

Chief, Capt. A. S. Crowninshield.....	
Asst., Comdr. Francis W. Dickins.....	
Commander, John Schouler.....	
Lieutenant-Commander, John M. Hawley.....	
Lieutenant, H. E. Whiteley.....	
Ensigns, N. E. Irwin, J. F. Hines, H. H. Ward.....	

## Nautical Almanac.

Superintendent, Prof. W. W. Hendrickson.....	
Professor, Prof. H. D. Todd.....	
Assistants, E. J. Loomis, C. Keith, W. S. Harshman.....	

## Office Naval Intelligence.

Chief Intelligence Officer, Comdr. Richardson Clover.....	
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**Lieuts.** Lieut.-Comdr. W. H. Driggs. Lieuts. H. F. Fickbohm, S. W. B. Diehl, W. S. Hogg.  
**Ensign,** W. D. Brotherton.

#### Hydrographic Office.

**Hydrographer,** Commander J. E. Craig.  
**Lieutenant-Commanders,** Com. J. L. Tanner.  
**Lieut.-Coms.** E. H. Gheen, J. D. Adams, W. H. Everett.  
**Ensign,** J. H. Sypher.

#### Library and Naval War Records.

**Superintendent,** Prof. E. K. Rawson.

#### Naval Observatory.

**Superintendent,** Commodore C. H. Davis.  
**Asst. Commander** Walton Goodwin.  
**Astronomical Director,** Prof. of Mathematics Wm. Harkness.  
**Professors of Mathematics,** J. R. Eastman, Edgar Frisby, S. J. Brown and H. M. Paul.  
**Assistant Astronomers,** A. N. Skinner and Geo. A. Hill.  
**Professors of Mathematics,** W. W. Hendrickson and H. D. Todd.  
**Assts.,** E. J. Loomis and W. S. Harshman.  
**Head of Dept. of Chronometers and Time Service,** Lieut. W. V. Bronaugh.

#### Bureau of Ordnance.

**Chief,** Capt. Chas. O'Neill.  
**Lieut.-Commanders,** I. K. Seymour and C. M. Knepper.  
**Lieutenants,** A. E. Culver, H. C. Poundstone.  
**Professor,** P. R. Alger.

#### Bureau of Equipment.

**Commander,** R. B. Bradford.  
**Lieut.-Commanders,** G. B. Harber, Wainwright Kellogg.  
**Lieutenants,** T. D. Griffin, W. C. Cowles and H. P. Jones.

#### Bureau of Construction and Repairs.

**Chief Constructor,** Philip Hichborn.  
**Naval Constructor,** D. W. Taylor.  
**Asst. Constructors,** R. B. Dashiell, F. B. Zahn.

#### Office of Judge-Advocate General.

**Judge-Advocate Gen.,** Capt. S. C. Lemly.  
**Ensign,** Geo. Mallison.  
**First Lieutenant,** C. H. Lanchelmer, U.S.M.C.

#### Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.

**Surgeon-General,** W. K. Van Reyren.  
**Assistant to Bureau,** Surgeon J. C. Hoyd.  
**Special Duty,** P. A. Surgeon E. R. Stitt.

#### Bureau of Supplies and Accounts.

**Paymaster-General,** Edwin Stewart.  
**Asst. to Chief Paymaster,** A. K. Michler, U.S.N.  
**Paymaster,** John S. Carpenter.  
**P. A. Paymaster,** T. S. Jewett.

#### Naval Examining Board.

**President,** Rear-Admiral L. A. Beardslee.  
**Members,** Capts. B. J. Cromwell and B. F. Day.

#### Board of Medical Examiners.

**President,** Med. Director Benj. H. Kidder.  
**Members,** Med. Insp. D. McMurtrie and Surgeon W. A. McClurg.

#### Naval Retiring Board.

**President,** Rear-Admiral L. A. Beardslee.  
**Members,** Capts. B. J. Cromwell and B. F. Day.  
**Med. Director** G. S. Beardsley and Med. Inspector Dwight Dickenson.

#### Bureau of Steam Engineering.

**Engineer-in-Chief,** George W. Melville.  
**Chief Engineers,** A. B. Canaga, J. R. Edwards, E. R. Freeman.  
**Passed Asst. Engineers,** R. S. Griffin, F. C. Bleg, H. P. Norton, C. A. E. King, Emil Thelma, M. E. Reed.

**State, War and Navy Department Building.**  
**Supt.,** Chief Engineer G. W. Baird.

#### Board of Inspection and Survey.

**President,** Com. Geo. Dewey.  
**Members,** Capt. H. F. Pickens, Lieut.-Com. S. Schroeder, Lieut. S. A. Staunton, Comdr. C. H. Davis, Med. Director W. K. Van Reyren.  
**Chief Engineer** G. W. Stivers, Pay Inspector A. Burtiz, Naval Constructor J. F. Hanscom.

#### Naval Dispensary.

**Surgeons,** E. H. Green and P. M. Rixey.

#### Museum of Hygiene.

**Medical Director,** N. L. Bates.  
**Surgeons,** S. H. Griffith, Passed Asst. Surgeon J. D. Gatewood, H. G. Beyer.

#### Navy Pay Office.

**Pay Director,** F. C. Cosby.

#### Headquarters of United States Marine Corps.

**Col. Commandant,** Charles Heywood.  
**Adj. and Inspector,** Maj. George C. Reid.  
**Quartermaster,** Maj. H. B. Lowry.  
**Paymaster,** Maj. Green Clay Goodloe.  
**Asst. Quartermaster,** Capt. F. L. Denny.  
**Surgeon,** A. F. Magruder.

#### Marine Barracks, Washington, D. C.

**Captain,** F. H. Harrington.  
**First Lieutenant,** Lincoln Karmany.  
**Second Lieutenant,** L. J. Maxill.

#### WAR DEPARTMENT.

**Secretary,** Russell A. Alger (Mich.).....\$8,000  
**Priv. Sec.,** Fred C. Squires (Mich.)..... 2,000  
**Asst. Sec.,** Geo. D. Melklejohn (Neb.)..... 4,500  
**Chief Clerk,** John Tweedale (Pa.)..... 2,500

#### Headquarters of the Army.

**Major-Gen'l,** Nelson A. Miles.  
**Adj.-Gen'l,** Col. J. C. Gilmore.  
**Aid-de-Camp,** Capt. E. Davis.  
**Chief Clerk,** J. B. Morton.

#### Adjutant-General's Department.

**Adj.-Gen'l,** Brig.-Gen. Samuel Brock.  
**Assistants,** Col. H. C. Corbin, Col. Thos. Ward.  
**Maj. A. L. Wagner,** Maj. W. H. Carter, Maj. H. O. S. Heiland.  
**Chief Clerk,** R. P. Thlan.....\$2,000

#### Inspector-General's Department.

**Inspector-Gen'l,** Brig.-Gen. J. C. Breckinridge.  
**Assts.,** Maj. J. P. Sanger and Maj. E. A. Garlington.  
**Chief Clerk,** W. H. Orcutt.

#### Quartermaster's Department.

**Quarterm.-Gen'l,** Brig.-Gen. G. H. Weeks.  
**Chief Clerk,** J. Z. Dare.  
**Depot Quartermaster,** Maj. C. F. Humphrey.

#### Subsistence Department.

**Commissary-Gen'l,** Brig.-Gen. T. C. Sullivan.  
**Assts.,** 1st Asst., Col. W. H. Bell; Lieut.-Col. S. T. Cushing.  
**Chief Clerk,** Wm. A. DeCaindry.

#### Medical Department.

**Surgeon-Gen'l,** Brig.-Gen. Geo. M. Sternberg.  
**Assts.,** Col. C. H. Alden, Lieut.-Col. D. L. Huntington, Maj. Chas. Small, Maj. Walter Reed.  
**Chief Clerk,** George A. Jones.

#### Pay Department.

**Paymaster-Gen'l,** Brig.-Gen. T. H. Stanton.  
**Assistant,** Maj. C. I. Wilson.  
**Chief Clerk,** G. D. Hanson.

**Corps of Engineers.**

*Chief of Engineers*, Brig.-Gen. John M. Wilson.  
*Assistant*, Lieut.-Col. A. MacKenzie, Capt. W. M. Black, Capt. G. W. Goethals.  
*Chief Clerk*, Wm. J. Warren.

**Public Buildings and Grounds.**

*Officer in Charge*, Col. J. H. Bingham.

**Ordinance Department.**

*Chief of Ordinance*, Brig.-Gen. D. W. Flagler.  
*Assistant*, Maj. V. McNally, Lieut. C. B. Wheeler, Maj. Chas. Shaler, Capt. Chas. S. Smith, Capt. Rogers Birnie, Capt. C. H. Clarke, Capt. Wm. Crozier.  
*Chief Clerk*, John J. Cook.

**Judge-Advocate General's Department.**

*Judge-Advocate General*, Col. G. N. Lieber.  
*Chief Clerk*, Maj. J. N. Morrison.

**Signal Office.**

*Chief Signal Officer*, Brig.-Gen. A. W. Greely.  
*Assistant*, Capt. Robert Craig.  
*Chief Clerk*, Otto A. Nesmith.

**Publication Office--War Records.**

*Board of Publication*, Maj. Geo. W. Davis, L. J. Perry, J. W. Kirkley.  
*Assistant*, Capt. A. M. Fuller, Capt. H. G. Brown, Capt. R. J. C. Irvine.  
*Agent Collection Confed. Rec.*, M. J. Wright.

**POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT.**

*Postmaster-Gen.*, James A. Gary (Md.).....\$8,000  
*Chief Clerk*, Blain W. Taylor (W. Va.).....2,500  
*Asst. Atty.-Gen.*, James N. Tyner (Ind.).....4,000  
*Law Clerk*, Harrison J. Barrett (N. C.).....2,500  
*Appointment Clerk*, John H. Robinson (Miss.).....1,800  
*Supt. and Disbursing Clerk*, Rufus B. Merchant (Va.).....2,100  
*Topographer*, A. Von Haake (N. Y.).....2,500

**OFFICE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.**

*First Asst. P. M. G.*, Perry S. Heath (Ind.).....4,000  
*Chief Clerk*, Edwin C. Fowler (Md.).....2,000  
*Supt. Div. P. O. Sup.*, Michael W. Louis (O.).....2,000  
*Supt. Div. Free Delivery*, August W. Maehen (O.).....3,000  
*Supt. Div. of Salaries and Allowances*, Geo. W. Beavers (N. Y.).....2,500  
*Supt. Money-Order System*, James T. Metcalf (Iowa).....3,500  
*Chief Clerk Money-Order System*, Edward M. Gadsden (Ga.).....2,000  
*Supt. Dead-Letter Office*, David P. Leibhardt (Ind.).....2,500  
*Chief Clerk Dead-Letter Office*, Ward Burdine (Kas.).....1,800  
*Chief Div. of Correspondence*, J. R. Ash (Pa.).....1,800  
*Asst. Supt. Div. Free Delivery*, Wm. G. Edens (Ill.).....

**OFFICE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.**

*Second Asst. P. M. G.*, W. S. Shallenberger (Pa.).....4,000  
*Chief Clerk*, George F. Stone (N. Y.).....2,000  
*Supt. Railway Adjustments*, J. H. Crew (O.).....2,000  
*Chief Div. of Inspection*, Lilburn T. Myers (Va.).....2,000  
*Chief Div. Mail Equipment*, Thomas P. Graham (N. Y.).....1,800  
*Gen. Supt. Railway Mail Service*, James E. White (Ill.).....3,500  
*Chief Clerk Railway Mail Service*, John W. Hollyday (O.).....2,000  
*Supt. Foreign Mails*, N. M. Brooks (Va.).....3,000  
*Chief Clerk Foreign Mails*, R. L. Maddox (Ky.).....2,000

*Asst. Gen. Supt. Railway Mail Service*, Alexander Grant (Mich.).....

**OFFICE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.**

*Third Asst. P. M. G.*, John A. Merritt (N. Y.).....\$4,000  
*Chief Clerk*, Madison Davis (D. C.).....2,000  
*Chief Div. Postage Stamps*, James H. Reeve (N. Y.).....2,200  
*Chief Div. Finance*, A. W. Bingham (Mich.).....2,000

**OFFICE FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.**

*Fourth Asst. P. M. G.*, J. L. Bristow (Kas.).....4,000  
*Chief Clerk*, Pierson H. Bristow (Iowa).....2,000  
*Chief Div. of Appointments*, Carter B. Keene (Me.).....2,000  
*Principal Clerk Classification Division*, D. C. Fountain (N. Y.).....  
*Principal Clerk Registration Division*, John B. Quay (Mich.).....  
*Principal Clerk Division of Files, Mail, etc.*, E. S. Hall (Vt.).....  
*Postage Stamp Agent*, John P. Green (O.).....  
*Postal Card Agent*, J. B. Hagermyer (N. Y.).....  
*Stamped Envelope Agent*, Chas. B. Field (Conn.).....  
*Chief Div. of Bonds and Commissions*, Christian B. Dickey (O.).....2,000  
*Chief P. O. Inspector*, Geo. B. Hamlet (O.).....3,000  
*Chief Clerk Div. of P. O. Inspectors and Mail Depredations*, John E. Cium (Cal.).....2,000

**INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.**

*Secretary*, Cornelius N. Bliss (N. Y.).....8,000  
*First Asst. Sec.*, Thomas Ryan (Kas.).....4,500  
*Asst. Sec.*, Webster Davis (Md.).....4,000  
*Chief Clerk*, Edward M. Dawson (Md.).....2,750

**General Land Office.**

*Commissioner*, Binger Hermann (Ore.).....5,000  
*Asst. Comr.*, Frank W. Mondell (Wyo.).....3,000

**Office of Indian Affairs.**

*Commissioner*, Wm. A. Jones (Wis.).....4,000  
*Asst. Comr.*, A. Clarke Tomner (O.).....3,000  
*Supt. Indian Schools*, Wm. N. Hallmann (Ind.).....3,000

**Pension Office.**

*Commissioner*, H. C. Evans (Tenn.).....5,000  
*First Deputy Comr.*, Jas. L. Davenport (N. H.).....3,000  
*Second Deputy Comr.*, Leverett M. Kelly (Ill.).....3,000  
*Chief Clerk*, Wm. H. Bayly (O.).....2,250  
*Medical Referee*, Jacob F. Raub (Pa.).....3,000

**Office of Commissioner of Railroads.**

*Commissioner*, James Longstreet (Ga.).....4,500

**Patent Office.**

*Commissioner*, Benj. Butterworth (O.).....5,000  
*Asst. Comr.*, Arthur P. Greeley (N. H.).....3,000  
*Chief Clerk*, George L. Morton (O.).....2,250

**Office of Education.**

*Commissioner*, W. T. Harris (Mass.).....3,000  
*Chief Clerk*, Lovick Pierce (Ga.).....1,800

**Geological Survey.**

*Director*, Chas. D. Walcott (N. Y.).....5,000  
*Chief Clerk*, Henry C. Rizer (Kas.).....2,400

**DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.**

*Atty.-Gen.*, Joseph McKenna (Cal.).....8,000  
*Solicitor-Gen.*, J. K. Richards (O.).....7,000  
*Asst. Atty.-Gen.*, Jas. E. Boyd (N. C.).....5,000

Asst. Atty.-Gen., Henry M. Hoyt (Pa.)	5,000
Asst. Atty.-Gen., Jno. G. Thompson (Ill.)	5,000
Asst. Atty.-Gen., Louis A. Pradt (Wis.)	5,000
Asst. Atty.-Gen. (Dept. of Int.), Willis Van Devanter (Mont.)	5,000
Asst. Atty.-Gen. (P. O. Dept.), Jas. N. Tyner (Ind.)	4,000
Solicitor of Int. Rec. (Treas. Dept.), Geo. M. Thomas (Ky.)	4,500
Solicitor for Dept. of State, W. L. Penfield (Ind.)	3,500
Law Clerk and Examiner of Titles, A. J. Bentley (O.)	2,700
Chief Clerk and Supt. of Building, Cecil Clay (W. Va.)	2,750
Gen. Agent, Frank Strong (Ark.)	4,000
Disbursing Clerk, Henry Rechin (O.)	2,300
Appointment Clerk, Joseph F. Rudy (Pa.)	
Atty. in Charge of Pardons, Jno. H. Campbell (Ill.)	2,400
Solicitor of Treas. (Treas. Dept.), Maurice D. O'Connell (Iowa)	4,500
Asst. Solicitor, Felix A. Reeve (Tenn.)	3,000
Chief Clerk, Solicitor's Office (Treas. Dept.), Charles E. Vrooman (Iowa)	2,000

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Secretary, James Wilson (Iowa)	8,000
Asst. Sec., Joseph H. Brigham (O.)	4,500
Chief Clerk, Andrew Geddes (Iowa)	2,500
Appointment Clerk, J. B. Bennett (Wis.)	2,000
Private Secretary to Secretary of Agriculture, James Morrison (Iowa)	2,000
Chief of Weather Bureau, Willis L. Moore (Ill.)	4,500
Chief of Bureau of Animal Industry, D. M. Salmon (N. J.)	4,000
Statistician, John Hyde (Neb.)	3,000
Chemist, H. W. Wiley (Ind.)	2,500
Entomologist, L. O. Howard (N. Y.)	2,500
Botanist, F. V. Coville (N. Y.)	2,500
Chief of Biological Survey, C. Hart Merriam (N. Y.)	2,500
Chief of Div. of Forestry, B. E. Fernow (N. Y.)	2,500

Pomologist, G. B. Brackett (Iowa)	\$2,500
Chief of Div. of Agronomy, F. L. Scribner (Tenn.)	2,500
Chief of Div. of Soils, Milton Whitney (Md.)	2,500
Chief of Div. of Vegetable Physiology and Pathology, B. T. Galloway (Mo.)	2,500
Director Office of Experiment Stations, A. C. True (Conn.)	3,000
Chief Div. of Accounts and Disbursements, F. L. Evans (Pa.)	2,500
Chief Div. of Publications, George Wm. Hill (Minn.)	2,500
Horticulturist, etc., Wm. Saunders (Pa.)	2,500
Director of the Office of Public Road Inquiry, Roy Stone (N. Y.)	3,000
Special Agent in Charge of Fiber Investigations, Chas. Richards Dodge (Mass.)	2,000

## INDEPENDENT DEPARTMENTS.

## Government Printing Office.

Public Printer, F. W. Palmer (Ill.)	4,500
Chief Clerk, W. H. Collins (D. C.)	2,400
Foreman of Printing, H. T. Brian (Md.)	2,100
Foreman of Binding, H. C. Espey (D. C.)	2,100

## United States Civil Service Commission.

Commissioners, John R. Procter (Ky.), William G. Rice (N. Y.), John B. Harlow (Mo.)	2,500
Chief Examiner, A. L. Severance	3,000
Secretary, John T. Doyle (N. Y.)	2,000

## Department of Labor.

Commissioner, Carroll D. Wright (Mass.)	5,000
Chief Clerk, Oren W. Weaver (Mass.)	2,500
Disbursing Clerk, Charles E. Morse (Pa.)	1,900

## Interstate Commerce Commission.

Chairman, William R. Morrison (Ill.)	7,500
Chas. B. Prouty (Vt.)	7,500
Martin A. Knapp (N. Y.)	7,500
Judson C. Clements (Ga.)	7,500
James D. Yeomans (Iowa)	7,500
Secretary, Edward A. Moseley (Mass.)	3,500

## OUR POSTAL DATES.

- 1639—Postoffice established in Boston.  
 1672—A monthly mail to Boston established by the government of New York.  
 1692—Postal system for the American colonies projected.  
 1710—Postal system for the American colonies established.  
 1737—A mail route put in operation between Boston, Mass., and Williamsburg, Va., transmitting letters in four weeks.  
 1737—Benjamin Franklin made deputy postmaster for the colonies.  
 1763—Franklin becomes deputy postmaster-general in America.  
 1766—Stages carry the mails between Philadelphia and New York.  
 1760—Franklin establishes mail coaches from Philadelphia to Boston.  
 1776—The continental congress elects Franklin postmaster-general.  
 1777—The continental congress passes a resolution appointing an inspector of dead letters.  
 1783—Rate of postage fixed by continental congress for single letters, ranging from 4.7 cents under sixty miles to 14.3 cents for 200 miles and 2.4 cents for each additional hundred miles.  
 1794—Letter carriers are employed at the discretion of the postmaster-general to deliver letters on the payment of 2 cents for each letter.

- 1810—A general postoffice is established at Washington.  
 1829—The postmaster-general becomes a member of the president's cabinet.  
 1834—Railroads first carried the mails.  
 1839—Envelopes for letters first used.  
 1847—The use of postage stamps authorized.  
 1851—Three cents per half-ounce for distance under 3,000 miles, postage prepaid, becomes the rate of letter postage.  
 1853—Congress passes an act providing for stamped envelopes.  
 1855—Registration of letters introduced.  
 1858—Street letter boxes are set up in Boston. In the same year the first overland mail was established from St. Louis to San Francisco.  
 1861—Merchandise admitted to the mail.  
 1863—Receiving boxes authorized.  
 1864—Money-order system established.  
 1865—Uniforms authorized for letter carriers.  
 1872—Free delivery by letter carriers in cities of 50,000 population.  
 1873—One-cent postal cards made their appearance.  
 1883—Postage on first-class mail reduced to 2 cents per half-ounce.  
 1885—Special delivery system authorized. In the same year letter postage reduced to 2 cents per ounce.

## The Army.

[Corrected to Nov. 1, 1897.]

General and field officers United States army on the active and retired lists, with their stations or address and yearly pay. (Arranged according to rank.)

## ACTIVE LIST.

## MAJOR-GENERAL, \$7,500.

Nelson A. Miles, commanding army, Washington, D. C.

## MAJOR-GENERALS, \$7,500.

Wesley Merritt, comdg Dept. East, Governor's Island, N. Y.  
John R. Brooke, comdg Dept. Missouri, Chicago, Ill.

## BRIGADIER-GENERALS, \$5,500.

A. W. Greely, chief signal officer, Washington, D. C.  
J. C. Breckinridge, inspector-general, Washington, D. C.  
Daniel W. Flagler, chief of ordnance, Washington, D. C.  
George M. Sternberg, surg-gen., Washington, D. C.  
R. S. Otis, comdg Dept. Colorado, Denver, Col.  
Lieber G. Norman, judge-advocate general, Washington, D. C.  
Thaddeus H. Stanton, paymaster-general, Washington, D. C.  
John J. Coppinger, comdg Dept. Platte, Omaha, Neb.  
John M. Wilson, chief of engineers, Washington, D. C.  
George N. Weeks, quartermaster-general, Washington, D. C.  
William R. Shafter, comdg Dept. California, San Francisco, Cal.  
William M. Graham, comdg Dept. Texas, San Antonio, Tex.  
James F. Wade, comdg Dept. Dakota, St. Paul, Minn.  
Henry C. Merriam, comdg Dept. Columbia, Vancouver Bks, Wash.  
Samuel Brock, adjt-gen., Washington, D. C.  
William H. Dell, com-gen. sub., Washington, D. C.

## COLONELS, \$4,500.

T. M. Anderson, 16 Inf., Vancouver, Wash.  
J. M. Whittemore, Ord. Dept., Frankford Arsenal, Pa.  
C. R. Compton, 4 Cav., comdg Ft. Walla Walla, Wash.  
R. P. Hughes, insp-gen., Army Bldg., N. Y. city.  
A. R. Buffington, comdg Powder Depot, Dover, N. J.  
M. A. Cochran, 5 Inf., Ft. Thomas, Newport, Ky.  
Alfred Mordecai, Ord., Springfield Armory, Mass.  
A. K. Arnold, 1 Cav., comdg Ft. Riley, Kas.  
J. J. Van Horn, 8 Inf., comdg Ft. D. A. Russell, Wyo.  
G. G. Hunt, 2 Cav., comdg Ft. Wingate, N. M.  
I. D. DeRussy, 11 Inf., comdg Whipple Bks, Ariz.  
J. S. Poland, 17 Inf., comdg Columbus Bks, O.  
E. P. Pearson, 10 Inf., comdg Ft. Reno, O. T.  
John C. Bates, 2 Inf., comdg Ft. Keogh, Mont.  
Fred C. Answorth, Rec. and Pen. Office, Washington, D. C.  
Andrew S. Burt, 23 Inf., Ft. Missoula, Mont.  
Simon Snyder, 19 Inf., Ft. Wayne, Mich.  
Charles H. Alden, Med. Dept., Washington.  
O. H. Ernst, supt. M. Acad., West Point, N. Y.  
Robert H. Hall, 4 Inf., Ft. Sheridan, Ill.  
Charles C. Byrnes, Med. Dept., Governor's Isl., N. Y.  
Alfred T. Smith, 13 Inf., comdg Ft. Porter, N. Y.  
Joseph P. Wright, Med. Dept., St. Louis, Mo.  
Hamilton S. Hawkins, 29 Inf., comdg Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.  
Royal T. Frank, 1 Art., comdg Art. school, Ft. Monroe, Va.  
Edwin V. Sumner, 7 Cav., comdg Ft. Grant, Ariz.  
M. I. Ludington, Q. M. D., Governor's Isl., N. Y.

George H. Burton, 1 G. D., San Francisco, Cal.  
James M. Moore, Q. M. D., New York city.  
Henry M. Robert, Engrs., New York city.  
George E. Glenn, Pay Dept., Army Bldg., New York city.  
Dallas Bachs, Med. Dept., Denver, Col.  
Jacob F. Kent, 24 Inf., Ft. Douglas, Utah.  
Samuel Ovenshine, 28 Inf., Ft. Clark, Tex.  
John W. Barlow, Engrs., Green Bay, Wis.  
John H. Page, 3 Inf., Ft. Snelling, Minn.  
Thomas P. Barr, J. A. Gen. Dept., Chicago, Ill.  
Peter C. Hains, Engrs., Baltimore, Md.  
John N. Andrews, 12 Inf., Ft. Nebraska, Neb.  
George L. Gillespie, Engrs., New York city.  
Charles H. Suter, Engrs., San Francisco, Cal.  
Hugh A. Theaker, 16 Inf., Ft. Sherman, Idaho.  
Samuel S. Sumner, 4 Cav., Ft. Myer, Va.  
David D. Van Valzah, 18 Inf., Ft. Bliss, Tex.  
Henry C. Corbin, A. G. Dept., Washington, D. C.  
Francis L. Guenther, 4 Art., Washington Bks, D. C.  
Charles R. Greenleaf, Med. Dept., San Francisco, Cal.  
Alex. C. M. Pennington, 2 Art., Ft. Adams, B. I.  
Merritt Barber, A. G. Dept., Governor's Isl., N. Y.  
David Perry, 9 Cav., Washington, D. C.  
George W. Candee, Pay Dept., Chicago, Ill.  
Michael V. Sheridan, A. G. Dept., Chicago, Ill.  
Samuel T. Cushing, Sub. Dept., Washington, D. C.  
Charles A. Wilcox, 22 Inf., Ft. Crook, Neb.  
Edward Meale, 15 Inf., Ft. Bayard, N. M.  
Jared A. Smith, Engrs., Cleveland, O.  
James G. C. Lee, Q. M. Dept., Chicago, Ill.  
Theodore A. Bingham, Supt. Bldgs., Washington, D. C.  
Henry C. Cook, 5 Inf., Ft. McPherson, Ga.  
Jacob Kline, 21 Inf., Plattsburg Bks, N. Y.  
Marcus P. Miller, 3 Art., Governor's Isl., N. Y.  
William H. Forwood, Med. Dept., Soldiers' Home, D. C.  
Evan Miles, 1 Inf., Presidio, San Francisco, Cal.  
Guy V. Henry, 19 Cav., Ft. Assiniboine, Mont.  
John I. Rodgers, 5 Art., Governor's Isl., N. Y.  
Louis H. Carpenter, 5 Cav., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.  
Samuel B. M. Young, 3 Cav., Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt.  
William H. Powell, 9 Inf., Madison Bks, N. Y.  
John M. Bacon, 8 Cav., Ft. Meade, S. D.  
Daniel W. Benham, 7 Inf., Ft. Logan, Col.  
Thomas Ward, A. G. Dept., Washington, D. C.  
James Gilliss, Q. M. Dept., Washington, D. C.  
William A. Elderkin, Sub. Dept., Chicago, Ill.

## LIEUTENANT-COLONELS, \$4,000.

S. M. Mansfield, Engrs., Boston, Mass.  
W. R. King, Engrs., Rock Island, Ill.  
H. W. Lawton, insp-gen., Los Angeles, Cal.  
J. P. Farley, Ord., Pittsburg, Pa.  
W. H. H. Benzard, Engrs., St. Augustine, Fla.  
L. S. Babbitt, Ord. Dept., Benicia Arsenal, Cal.  
W. A. Marrye, Ord. Dept., Ft. Monroe Arsenal, Va.  
H. E. Noyes, 2 Cav., Ft. Wingate, N. M.  
Garnett J. Lydecker, Engrs., Detroit, Mich.  
John W. Clous, Dept. J. A., Governor's Isl., N. Y.  
William D. Wolverton, Med. Dept., Vancouver, Wash.  
Edgar L. Kellogg, 10 Inf., Ft. Sill, O. T.  
Albert Harshart, Med. Dept., Chicago, Ill.  
Richard Combs, 12 Inf., Ft. Nebraska, Neb.  
Johnson V. D. Middleton, Med. Dept., San Francisco, Cal.

Amos Stickney, Engrs., St. Louis, Mo.  
 Harry C. Egbert, 6 Inf., Ft. Thomas, Ky.  
 Henry R. Tilton, Med. Dept., St. Paul, Minn.  
 Wm. J. Volkmar, A. G. D., Denver, Col.  
 Edwin M. Coates, 16 Inf., Boise Bks., Idaho.  
 Geo. M. Randall, 8 Inf., Ft. St. Michael, Alaska.  
 Alfred A. Woodhull, Med. Dept., Denver, Col.  
 Jas. W. Scully, Q. M. D., New Orleans, La.  
 Thos. McGregor, 8 Cav., Ft. Meade, S. D.  
 William S. Worth, 13 Inf., Ft. Columbus, N. Y.  
 William M. Wherry, 2 Inf., Harrison, Mont.  
 Amos S. Kimball, Q. M. D., Army Bldg., New York city.

Peter D. Vroom, I. G. D., Chicago, Ill.  
 Edward Hunter, J. A. Gen. Dept., St. Paul, Minn.  
 John H. Patterson, 22 Inf., Ft. Crook, Neb.  
 Henry B. Freeman, 5 Inf., Pawhuska, O. T.  
 Alexander Mackenzie, Engrs., Washington, D. C.  
 Edward B. Wulstien, 3 Art., Presidio, S. F., Cal.  
 Theodore Schwan, A. G. D., Washington, D. C.  
 Asa B. Carey, Pay Dept., St. Paul, Minn.  
 Oswald H. Ernst, Engrs., West Point, N. Y.  
 D. L. Huntington, Med. Dept., Washington, D. C.  
 C. M. Bailey, 18 Inf., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.  
 J. W. Powell, 15 Inf., Ft. Bayard, N. M.  
 David P. Heap, Engrs., Tompkinsville, N. Y.  
 Gilbert C. Smith, Q. M. D., St. Louis, Mo.  
 Loyd Wheaton, 20 Inf., Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.  
 John W. French, 23 Inf., Ft. Clark, Tex.  
 S. M. Whitliss, 5 Cav., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.  
 George B. Davis, J. A. Gen. Dept., West Point, N. Y.

William Ludlow, Engrs., Tompkinsville, N. Y.  
 Aaron S. Daggett, 25 Inf., Ft. Missoula, Mont.  
 William A. Jones, Engrs., St. Paul, Minn.  
 Andrew S. Daniels, Engrs., Portland, Me.  
 Justus M. Brown, Med. Dept., Ft. Wayne, Mich.  
 Frank M. Cox, Pay Dept., Portland, Ore.  
 George H. Russell, 14 Inf., Ft. McIntosh, Ga.  
 Chambers McKibben, 21 Inf., Plattsburg Bks., N. Y.

Henry Carroll, 6 Cav., Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.  
 Emerson H. Liscum, 24 Inf., Ft. Douglas, Utah.  
 Arthur MacArthur, A. G. Dept., St. Paul, Minn.  
 William Sinclair, 5 Art., Ft. Wadsworth, N. Y.  
 Wm. H. Nash, Sub. Dept., St. Louis, Mo.  
 John V. Furey, Q. M. Dept., Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Joseph T. Haskell, 17 Inf., Columbus Bks., O.  
 Wm. H. Gardner, Med. Dept., Ft. Thomas, Ky.  
 Henry C. Hasbrouck, 4 Art., Ft. Monroe, Va.  
 John C. Gilmore, A. G. Dept., Washington, D. C.  
 John M. Hamilton, 9 Cav., Ft. Robinson, Neb.  
 Theodore A. Baldwin, 10 Cav., Ft. Assiniboine, Mont.

Alfred E. Bates, Pay Dept., San Francisco, Cal.  
 J. B. Babcock, A. G. Dept., San Francisco, Cal.  
 C. P. Eagan, Sub. Dept., San Francisco, Cal.  
 Charles C. Hood, 19 Inf., Ft. Brady, Mich.  
 Charles J. Allen, Engrs., Washington, D. C.  
 Edwin B. Atwood, Q. M. Dept., Denver, Col.  
 James M. Marshall, Q. M. Dept., Omaha, Neb.  
 Isaac Arnold, Jr., Ord. Dept., Watervliet Arsl., N. Y.

Henry H. C. Danwoody, Sig. Corps, Washington, D. C.  
 Augustus H. Bainbridge, 4 Inf., Ft. Sheridan, Ill.

Jacob B. Rawles, 1 Art., St. Francis Bks., Fla.  
 Ezra P. Ewers, 9 Inf., Madison Bks., N. Y.  
 Charles Smart, Med. Dept., Washington, D. C.  
 William H. Beebe, 1 Inf., Presidio, San Francisco, Cal.

William L. Haskin, 2 Art., Ft. Schuyler, N. Y.  
 Adna R. Chaffee, 3 Cav., Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt.  
 Michael Conney, 7 Cav., Ft. Apache, Ariz.  
 John Simpson, Q. M. Dept., San Antonio, Tex.  
 Otto L. Hein, Comdt. of Cadets, West Point, N. Y.

Clarence E. Bennett, 11 Inf., Ft. Wayne, Mich.  
 Louis T. Morris, 4 Cav., Presidio, San Francisco, Cal.

Gilbert S. Carpenter, 7 Inf., Ft. Logan, Col.  
 Abram A. Harbach, 3 Inf., Ft. Snelling, Minn.  
 William P. Hall, A. G. Dept., San Antonio, Tex.

Charles F. Humphry, Q. M. Dept., Washington, D. C.  
 John F. Weston, Sub. Dept., New York city.  
 Peter J. A. Cleary, Med. Dept., San Antonio, Tex.

Charles D. Viele, 1 Cav., Fort Sheridan, Ill.

MAJORS, \$3,500.

Charles I. Wilson, Pay Dept., Washington, D. C.  
 A. S. Towar, Pay Dept., Omaha, Neb.  
 Wm. Arthur, Pay Dept., Atlanta, Ga.  
 C. C. Smith, Pay Dept., Denver, Col.  
 G. W. Baird, Pay Dept., Washington, D. C.  
 F. S. Dodge, Pay Dept., San Antonio, Tex.  
 Chas. McJure, Pay Dept., Chicago, Ill.  
 J. S. Wither, Pay Dept., San Francisco, Cal.  
 C. H. Whipple, Pay Dept., St. Paul, Minn.  
 W. H. Connegy, Pay Dept., Army Bldg., New York city.

J. R. McGinnis, Ord. Dept., Kennebec Arsl., Me.  
 W. F. Tucker, Pay Dept., St. Paul, Minn.  
 J. C. Muhlenburg, Pay Dept., Washington, D. C.  
 G. R. Smith, Pay Dept., New York city.  
 F. H. Phipps, Ord. Dept., Governor's Isl., N. Y.  
 J. P. Baker, Pay Dept., St. Louis, Mo.  
 C. W. Raymond, Engrs., Philadelphia, Pa.  
 A. M. Miller, Engrs., New York city.  
 M. B. Adams, Engrs., Detroit, Mich.  
 W. R. Livermore, Engrs., Boston, Mass.  
 W. H. Heuer, Engrs., San Francisco, Cal.  
 W. S. Stanton, Engrs., Oswego, N. Y.  
 T. H. Handbury, Engrs., St. Louis, Mo.

Henry Lippincott, surgn., Ft. Sheridan, Ill.  
 Henry McKidderry, surgn., Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.  
 E. A. Koepfer, surgn., Ft. Crook, Neb.  
 J. W. Reilly, Ord. Dept., Watervliet Arsl., Mass.  
 Calvin Dewitt, surgn., Ft. Monroe, Va.  
 B. F. Pope, surgn., Columbus Bks., O.  
 R. P. Kimball, surgn., Ft. Columbus, N. Y.  
 J. M. O'Reilly, Med. Dept., Ft. Wayne, Mich.  
 C. L. Heizman, Med. Dept., Ft. Adams, R. I.  
 J. A. Kress, Ord. Dept., St. Louis powd. depot, Mo.

H. M. Adams, Engrs., New York city.  
 R. H. White, surgn., Presidio, S. F., Cal.  
 A. C. Girard, Med. Dept., Ft. Douglas, Utah.  
 C. B. Girard, Med. Dept., Jefferson Bks., Mo.  
 C. E. L. Davis, Engrs., San Francisco, Cal.  
 W. F. Randolph, 3 Art., Ft. Riley, Kas.  
 J. B. Quinn, Engrs., New Orleans, La.  
 D. W. Lockwood, Engrs., Newport, R. I.  
 T. McCrea, 5 Art., Ft. Slocum, N. Y.  
 J. P. Sanger, Insp.-genl., Washington, D. C.  
 C. E. Munn, Med. Dept., Ft. Logan, Col.  
 E. Woodruff, Med. Dept., Ft. Trumbull, Conn.  
 E. H. Ruffner, Engrs., Charleston, S. C.  
 John D. Hall, Med. Dept., Ft. Wadsworth, N. Y.  
 W. A. Rafferty, 2 Cav., Ft. Riley, Kas.

William H. Rexford, Paymaster, Springfield Armory, Mass.

P. F. Harvey, Med. Dept., Ft. Snelling, Minn.  
 S. T. Norvell, 10 Cav., Ft. Keogh, Mont.  
 Wirt Davis, 5 Cav., Ft. McIntosh, Tex.  
 C. E. Dutton, Ordnance, San Antonio, Tex.

J. G. Butler, Ord. Dept., Watervliet Arsl., N. Y.  
 Henry Wagner, 5 Cav., Ft. Brown, Tex.  
 C. B. Byrne, Med. Dept., Plattsburg Bks., N. Y.  
 C. C. Carr, 8 Cav., Ft. Meade, S. D.  
 C. K. Winslow, Med. Dept., Ft. McIntosh, Md.

T. E. Wilcox, Med. Dept., Ft. Schuyler, N. Y.  
 V. Havard, Med. Dept., Ft. Slocum, N. Y.  
 E. G. Feechet, 6 Cav., Lincoln, Neb.  
 J. Van R. Hoff, Med. Dept., Vancouver Bks., Wash.

A. B. Wells, 8 Cav., Ft. Meade, S. D.  
 F. G. Smith, 2 Art., Washington, D. C.  
 G. W. Adair, Med. Dept., Washington (D. C.) Bks.  
 J. G. Ramsay, 5 Art., Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.  
 Almon L. Varney, Ord. Dept., Indianapolis Arsl.  
 E. B. Mossley, Med. Dept., Benicia Bks., Cal.  
 Sanford C. Kellogg, 4 Cav., Paris, France.  
 Charles S. Hsley, 9 Cav., Ft. Du Chesne, Utah.  
 S. W. Groesbeck, J. A., San Francisco, Cal.  
 Theo. J. Wm, 10 Cav., Ft. Assiniboine, Mont.  
 Aug. A. DeLofre, Med. Dept., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

Francis Moore, 5 Cav., Denver, Col.  
H. W. Wessells, Jr., 3 Cav., Jefferson Bks, Mo.  
Clinton B. Sears, Engrs., Duluth, Minn.  
Geo. B. Rodney, 4 Art., Ft. McHenry, Md.  
Louis M. Maus, Med. Dept., Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.  
C. A. Woodruff, Sub. Dept., Governor's Isl., N. Y.

Elijah W. Halford, Pay Dept., Denver, Col.  
C. W. Williams, Q. M. D., Jeffersonville, Ind.  
James N. Wheelan, 8 Cav., Ft. Yates, N. D.  
Edward M. Hayes, 7 Cav., Raleigh, N. C.  
Henry S. Turrill, Med. Dept., Willets Pt., N. Y.  
Jos. M. Kelley, 10 Cav., Ft. Assiniboine, Mont.  
W. H. Hamner, Pay Dept., Omaha, Neb.  
B. D. Taylor, Med. Dept., Ft. McPherson, Ga.  
Thomas C. Lebo, 6 Cav., Ft. Myer, Va.  
Daniel D. Wheeler, Q. M. D., St. Paul, Minn.  
Edward T. Comegys, Med. Dept., Ft. Sill, O. T.  
C. E. Kilbourne, Pay Dept., Portland, Ore.  
Walter Reed, Med. Dept., Washington, D. C.  
Charles R. Barnett, Q. M. D., Jeffersonville, Ind.  
Henry S. Kilbourne, Med. Dept., Madison Bks, N. Y.

Charles A. Woodruff, 2 Art., Ft. Warren, Mass.  
James C. Merrill, Med. Dept., Washington, D. C.  
John E. Greer, Ord. Dept., Columbia Arsenal, Tenn.  
William R. Hall, Med. Dept., Washington, D. C.  
George H. Torney, Med. Dept., West Point, N. Y.  
Marshall W. Wood, Med. Dept., Boise Bks, Idaho.

Chas. A. H. McCauley, Q. M. D., Phila., Pa.  
Daniel W. Burke, 23 Inf., Ft. Ringgold, Tex.  
George W. Davis, 9 Inf., Washington, D. C.  
John Pittman, Ord. Dept., Frankford Arsenal, Pa.  
Forrest H. Hathaway, Q. M. D., Schuylkill Arsenal, Pa.

Frederick A. Mahan, Engrs., Nashville, Tenn.  
John J. Clague, Sub. Dept., St. Paul, Minn.  
Thos. M. K. Smith, 1 Inf., San Diego Bks, Cal.  
David H. Kinzie, 3 Art., Alcatraz Island, Cal.  
Win. M. Wallace, 2 Cav., Ft. Wingate, N. M.  
Jacob H. Smith, 2 Inf., Ft. Keogh, Mont.  
Charles W. Miner, 6 Inf., Ft. Thomas, Ky.  
Joshua W. Jacobs, Q. M. D., Vancouver Bks, Wash.

E. A. Garlington, I. G. D., Washington, D. C.  
E. H. Crowder, J. A. G., Omaha, Neb.  
Charles Bird, Q. M. D., Washington, D. C.  
Chas. F. Powell, Engrs., Pittsburg, Pa.  
W. H. McLaughlin, 16 Inf., Ft. Spokane, Wash.  
J. G. D. Knight, Engrs., Willets Point, N. Y.  
J. R. Myrick, 5 Art., Ft. Wadsworth, N. Y.  
R. L. Hoxie, Engrs., Portland, Me.

W. C. Shannon, Med. Dept., Washington, D. C.  
Chas. Hobart, 15 Inf., Ft. Grant, Ariz.  
John N. Coe, 21 Inf., Plattsburg Bks, N. Y.  
W. L. Marshall, Engrs., Chicago, Ill.

J. M. J. Sanno, 3 Inf., Ft. Snelling, Minn.  
John L. Clem, Q. M. D., Portland, Ore.

W. S. McCaskey, 20 Inf., Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.  
Chas. F. Robe, 14 Inf., Vancouver Bks, Wash.  
H. J. Nowlan, 7 Cav., Ft. Huachuca, Ariz.  
J. H. Willard, Engrs., Memphis, Tenn.  
L. W. Crampton, Med. Dept., Ft. Meade, S. D.  
Wells Willard, Sub. Dept., Army Bldg., New York city.

L. S. Tesson, Med. Dept., Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt.  
F. H. Ellis, 13 Inf., Ft. Niagara, N. Y.

E. F. Gardner, Med. Dept., Ft. Grant, Ariz.  
W. H. Elby, Engrs., Cincinnati, O.

W. H. Corbuser, Med. Dept., Ft. Monroe, Va.  
H. G. Sharpe, Sub. Dept., St. Louis, Mo.  
Daniel M. Appel, Med. Dept., Little Rock, Ark.  
Harry O. Perley, Med. Dept., Hot Springs, Ark.  
Wm. T. Russell, Engrs., Mobile, Ala.

Jasper N. Morrison, J. A. G. Dept., Washington, D. C.

Charles Porter, 5 Inf., Fort McPherson, Ga.  
Thos. W. Symons, Engrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

M. H. Hoodon, 25 Inf., Ft. Assiniboine, Mont.  
Sam'l Q. Robinson, Med. Dept., Ft. Reno, O. T.

Wm. M. Van Horn, 23 Inf., Ft. Crook, Neb.  
James M. Bell, 1 Cav., Ft. Riley, Kas.

Frank E. Nye, Sub. Dept., Omaha, Neb.  
Edward Field, 2 Art., San Francisco, Cal.

Valentine McNally, Ord. Dept., Washington, D. C.

Wm. L. Alexander, Sub. Dept., Denver, Col.  
Henry H. Humphrey, 12 Inf., Ft. Niobrara, Neb.

Wm. B. Davis, Med. Dept., Ft. Brady, Mich.  
Chas. A. Booth, Q. M. Dept., St. Louis, Mo.

John H. Caley, 1 Art., Key West, Fla.  
Henry Jackson, 3 Cav., Washington, D. C.

John L. Tiernon, 1 Art., Ft. Monroe, Va.  
W. S. Patten, Q. M. Dept., Governor's Isl., N. Y.

Wm. W. Gray, Med. Dept., Ft. Apache, Ariz.  
Albert E. Woodson, 9 Cav., Burlington, O. T.

Jas. M. Lancaster, 4 Art., Washington Bks, D.C.  
Louis Brechenler, Med. Dept., Ft. Sherman, Idaho.

Louis A. LaGarde, Med. Dept., Ft. Robinson, Neb.

Allan H. Jackson, Pay Dept., Denver, Col.  
A. L. Wagner, A. G. Dept., Washington, D. C.

Edward S. Godfrey, 7 Cav., Ft. Apache, Ariz.  
Albert G. Forse, 1 Cav., Fort Sill, O. T.

Louis H. Rucker, 4 Cav., Ft. Walla Walla, Wash.

Ell L. Huggins, 4 Cav., Washington, D. C.  
John M. Banister, Med. Dept., Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.

Henry B. Osgood, Sub. Dept., St. Louis, Mo.  
Constant Williams, 17 Inf., Ft. Defiance, Ariz.

John L. Bullis, Pay Dept., San Antonio, Tex.  
Joseph W. Wham, Pay Dept., Salem, Ill.

Wm. H. Carter, A. G. Dept., Washington, D. C.  
Thomas H. Barry, A. G. Dept., Vancouver Bks, Wash.

Augustus W. Corliss, 7 Inf., Ft. Logan, Col.  
Smith S. Leach, Engrs., New London, Conn.

George E. Pond, Q. M. Dept., Chicago, Ill.  
John W. Pullman, Q. M. Dept., Buffalo, N. Y.

Charles Shaler, Ord. Dept., Washington, D. C.  
Robert Craig, Sig. Corps, Washington, D. C.

Richard I. Eskridge, 10 Inf., Ft. Reno, O. T.  
E. C. Gilbreath, 11 Inf., Whipple Bks, Ariz.

Lewis Smith, 4 Art., Washington Bks, D. C.  
Aaron H. Appel, Med. Dept., Ft. Porter, N. Y.

Wm. C. Forbush, 9 Cav., Ft. Washakie, Wyo.  
James M. Ingalls, 1 Art., Ft. Monroe, Va.

Jacob A. Angus, 4 Cav., Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.  
James Chester, 3 Art., Washington, D. C.

J. W. Pope, Q. M. Dept., Ft. Yellowstone, Wyo.  
William A. Thompson, 2 Cav., Grove City College, Pa.

Stephen P. Jocelyn, 19 Inf., Burlington, Vt.  
John S. Loud, 3 Cav., Jefferson Bks, Mo.

Stephen Baker, 4 Inf., Ft. Sheridan, Ill.  
Dan C. Klingman, Engrs., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Wm. H. Clapp, 21 Inf., Pine Ridge Agency, S. D.  
Charles Keller, 18 Inf., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

Henry O. S. Helstand, A. G. Dept., Washington, D. C.

Junius L. Powell, Med. Dept., Ft. Riley, Kas.  
Caspar H. Conrad, 3 Inf., Washington, D. C.

Francis B. Jones, Q. M. Dept., Helena, Mont.  
Charles Richard, Med. Dept., Ft. Monroe, Va.

Oskaloosa M. Smith, Sub. Dept., Chicago, Ill.  
Allen Smith, 1 Cav., Washington, D. C.

# RETIRED LIST.

LIEUTENANT-GENERAL, \$8,250.

John M. Schofield, Washington, D. C.

MAJOR-GENERALS, \$5,625.

Oliver O. Howard, Burlington, Vt.

D. E. Sicles, 23 5th-av., New York city.

Alex. McD. McCook, Washington, D. C.

Thomas H. Ruger, Washington, D. C.

Frank Wheaton, Washington, D. C.

James W. Forsyth, Columbus, O.

Zenas B. Bliss, Washington, D. C.

**BRIGADIER-GENERALS, \$4,125.**

Francis Fessenden, Portland, Me.  
 J. Long, Bluff Point, N. Y.  
 J. Wood, Dayton, O.  
 J. D. Hardin, Chicago, Ill.  
 V. A. Hammond, Washington, D. C.  
 J. H. Rucker, Washington, D. C.  
 J. G. Wright, Washington, D. C.  
 C. C. Augur, Washington, D. C.  
 Robert Murray, New York city.  
 J. B. Wilcox, Washington, D. C.  
 L. Baird, Washington, D. C.  
 V. S. Rosecrans, Los Angeles, Cal.  
 C. C. Drum, Bethesda, Md.  
 Vm. B. Rochester, Washington, D. C.  
 J. B. Holabird, Washington, D. C.  
 J. Macfeely, Washington, D. C.  
 E. H. Grierson, Jacksonville, Ill.  
 John Moore, Washington, D. C.  
 David S. Stanley, Washington, D. C.  
 Leekman DuBarry, Washington, D. C.  
 Eugene A. Carr, New York city.  
 Robert Williams, Washington, D. C.  
 V. P. Carlin, Carrollton, Ill.  
 John P. Hawkins, Washington, D. C.  
 William Smith, St. Paul, Minn.  
 L. N. Batchelder, New York city.  
 Michael R. Morgan, St. Paul, Minn.  
 William P. Craighill, Charlestown, W. Va.  
 Charles G. Sawtelle, Englewood, N. J.  
 John K. Mizner, Washington, D. C.  
 Anson Mills, Washington, D. C.  
 Caleb H. Carlton, Highland Falls, N. Y.  
 George D. Ruggles, Washington, D. C.  
 Thomas C. Sullivan, Washington, D. C.

**COLONELS, \$3,375.**

Theodore Yates, Milwaukee, Wis.  
 J. R. Lewis, Atlanta, Ga.  
 J. S. Carlin, 25 Court-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 Vager Swayne, 185 Broadway, New York city.  
 I. B. Carrington, Hyde Park, Mass.  
 J. P. Graham, Washington, D. C.  
 F. Rodenbough, 1 E. 55th-st., New York city.  
 J. Reynolds, Washington, D. C.  
 Joseph Roberts, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Ed. Floyd-Jones, New York city.  
 N. Palmer, Washington, D. C.  
 J. A. Woodward, Washington, D. C.  
 James Oakes, Washington, D. C.  
 Edmund Schriver, Salem, N. Y.  
 Stewart Van Vleet, Washington, D. C.  
 J. L. Kilburn, Germantown, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 John F. Head, Washington, D. C.  
 J. B. Tower, New York city.  
 James Van Voast, 123 E. 3d-st., Cincinnati, O.  
 Juliusa Pennypacker, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 J. W. Getty, Forest Glen, Md.  
 John Campbell, Cold Spring, N. Y.  
 Charles C. Gilbert, Chicago, Ill.  
 John P. Hatch, New York city.  
 John E. Summers, Omaha, Neb.  
 D. Wilkins, Washington, D. C.  
 Fitz-John Porter, Morristown, N. J.  
 S. S. Stewart, Cooperstown, N. Y.  
 N. G. Whistler, Fort Slocum, N. Y.  
 Luther P. Bradley, Tacoma, Wash.  
 Hamilton, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 J. Mason, Washington, D. C.  
 J. D. L. Simpson, Riverside, Ill.  
 E. I. Bailly, San Francisco, Cal.  
 E. Saxton, Washington, D. C.  
 J. B. Sweltzer, Washington, D. C.  
 Daniel McClure, Louisville, Ky.  
 C. Tidball, New York city.  
 G. Parke, Washington, D. C.  
 J. A. M. Dudley, Roxbury, Mass.  
 J. L. Magruder, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 L. K. Smith, New York city.  
 L. Hough, Washington, D. C.  
 J. D. Whipple, New York city.  
 G. Gibson, Washington, D. C.  
 Alex. Piper, New York city.  
 G. Tilford, New York city.  
 J. R. Mizner, Detroit, Mich.

E. P. Vollum, in Europe.  
 Chas. H. Smith, Washington, D. C.  
 John J. Upham, Milwaukee, Wis.  
 Wm. H. Jordan, Portland, Ore.  
 Geo. B. Sanford, Litchfield, Conn.  
 Albert P. Morrow, Gainesville, Fla.  
 Geo. M. Brayton, Clifton Springs, N. Y.  
 George Bell, Washington, D. C.  
 George L. Andrews, Washington, D. C.  
 Anthony Heger, Washington, D. C.  
 Alex. J. Perry, Washington, D. C.  
 Rodney Smith, in Europe.  
 William R. Gibson, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Chauncey McKeever, Washington, D. C.  
 Montgomery Bryant, Wichita, Kas.  
 Charles Page, Baltimore, Md.  
 Bernard J. D. Irwin, Chicago, Ill.  
 Mathew M. Blunt, New York city.  
 Charles H. Tompkins, Washington, D. C.  
 Loomis L. Langdon, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 H. M. Lazelle, Minneapolis, Minn.  
 J. C. Chandler, Los Angeles, Cal.  
 H. C. Hodges, Chicago, Ill.  
 P. T. Swaine, Los Nietos, Cal.  
 C. H. Comstock, New York city.  
 La R. L. Livingston, Washington, D. C.  
 G. H. Elliot, Washington, D. C.  
 J. R. Smith, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 J. D. Bingham, Washington, D. C.  
 E. C. Mason, St. Paul, Minn.  
 Wm. Winthrop, Washington, D. C.  
 H. L. Abbot, New York city.  
 E. F. Fether, Townsend, Washington, D. C.  
 G. H. Mendell, San Francisco, Cal.  
 Chas. M. Terrell, San Antonio, Tex.  
 Wm. H. Penrose, Salt Lake City, Utah.  
 Chas. G. Bartlett, New York city.  
 David S. Gordon, Washington, D. C.  
 D. Parker, Washington, D. C.  
 H. C. Wood, New York city.  
 J. W. Barriger, New York city.  
 H. W. Closson, Washington, D. C.  
 Thos. Wilson, New York city.  
 Francis L. Town, San Antonio, Tex.  
 Richard Loder, New York city.  
 Thos. M. Vincent, Washington, D. C.  
 Robert E. A. Crofton, Washington, D. C.  
 Edmund C. Bainbridge, San Francisco, Cal.  
 Aug. G. Robinson, Boston, Mass.  
 James Biddle, San Francisco, Cal.  
 James P. Canby, Denver, Col.  
 Oliver D. Greene, San Francisco, Cal.  
 James S. Casey, New York city.  
 Chas. T. Alexander, New York city.

**PROFESSOR.**

(With the retired pay of colonel.)

**George L. Andrews, Brookline, Mass.****LIEUTENANT-COLONELS, \$3,000.**

Thomas Shea, Lexington, Ind.  
 Robert Avery, 38 2d-51, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 Joseph Stewart, Berkeley, Cal.  
 J. B. M. Potter, Kingston, K. I.  
 A. W. Evans, Elkton, Md.  
 J. J. Dana, Boston, Mass.  
 H. L. Chipman, Detroit, Mich.  
 E. Collins, Milton, Mass.  
 B. C. Card, Washington, D. C.  
 L. Smith, S. Norwalk, Conn.  
 J. Green, Stuttgart, Germany.  
 G. A. Forsyth, Washington, D. C.  
 B. E. Fryer, Kansas City, Mo.  
 James C. McKee, Altoona, Pa.  
 J. S. Fletcher, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Geo. E. Head, Annapolis, Md.  
 Edward C. Woodruff, Morristown, N. J.  
 Eugene B. Beaumont, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.  
 John A. Wilcox, Liberty, Pa.  
 E. W. Whittemore, Vineyard Haven, Mass.  
 Curwen B. McLeelan, Hillsdale, St. Louis, Mo.  
 John H. Loney, New York city.  
 Samuel M. Horton, New York city.  
 Geo. K. Brady, Chicago, Ill.  
 Geo. B. Dandy, Omaha, Neb.  
 John S. Billings, Philadelphia, Pa.

J. H. Gilman, Chicago, Ill.  
James H. Bradford, Columbus, O.  
Reuben F. Bernard, Soldiers' Home, D. C.  
Joseph R. Gibson, Philadelphia, Pa.  
Almon F. Rockwell, in Europe.  
James F. Randlett, San Diego, Cal.  
Lewis C. Forsyth, Detroit, Mich.  
Francis E. Lacey, Columbus, O.  
William E. Waters, Little Deer Isle, Me.  
James Jackson, Washington, D. C.

## MAJORS. 22,825.

Wm. Austine, Brattleboro, Vt.  
J. H. McArthur, 2813 Indiana-av., Chicago, Ill.  
J. C. Clark, Jr., Haverford, Pa.  
W. B. Lane, Ft. Monroe, Va.  
F. E. Priole, Litchfield, Conn.  
J. E. Burbank, Maiden, Mass.  
H. M. Enos, Waukesha, Wis.  
A. E. Latimer, Bronxville, N. Y.  
Robert Nugent, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
E. D. Judd, Hartford, Conn.  
Wm. Hawley, San Francisco, Cal.  
James McMillan, Conesus Center, N. Y.  
Frank Bridgman, Washington, D. C.  
T. J. Eckerson, Portland, Ore.  
Wm. P. Gould, Vincennes, Ind.  
B. P. Hunkle, Langhorne, Pa.  
E. B. Warner, Montrose, Pa.  
D. Madden, in Europe.  
H. B. Reese, Lancaster, O.  
Julius H. Patzki, in Europe.  
Robt. H. Montgomery, Washington, D. C.  
Daniel N. Bash, Denver, Col.  
A. B. Kauffman, Webster Grove, Mo.  
J. H. Belcher, Denver, Col.  
W. L. Lyman, Washington, D. C.  
D. R. Larned, Washington, D. C.  
Gaines Lawson, Pasadena, Cal.  
De Witt C. Poole, Madison, Wis.  
L. E. Campbell, Denver, Col.  
H. F. Brewerton, Elizabeth, N. J.  
H. G. Litchfield, New York city.  
E. Bentley, Little Rock, Ark.  
F. W. Benteen, Atlanta, Ga.  
A. B. Gardiner, Garden City, N. Y.  
W. F. Smith, Wilmington, Del.  
A. Sharp, West Duluth, Minn.  
C. H. Hoyt, abroad.  
G. M. Wheeler, Washington, D. C.

Gerald Russell, Hot Springs, Ark.  
W. G. Wedemeyer, Los Angeles, Cal.  
F. E. DeCorney, New York city.  
F. W. Elbrey, Sandy Spring, Md.  
W. S. Tremaine, Buffalo, N. Y.  
L. Y. Loring, San Diego, Cal.  
J. B. Irvine, Los Angeles, Cal.  
P. P. G. Hall, Philadelphia, Pa.  
T. S. Kirkland, Chicago, Ill.  
C. W. Foster, Washington, D. C.  
William E. Creary, Washington, D. C.  
Andrew J. McGonigle, Asheville, N. C.  
Moses Harris, National Home, Wis.  
Emil Adam, Belleville, Ill.  
Myles Moylan, San Diego, Cal.  
Tullius C. Tupper, Cleveland, O.  
John O. Skinner, Chambersburg, Pa.  
John Brooke, Radnor, Pa.  
Thos. E. Rose, San Francisco, Cal.  
John H. Bartholf, Plattsburg, N. Y.  
Ezra B. Kirk, Toledo, O.  
Chas. Bentzon, Los Angeles, Cal.  
Chas. B. Phrockmorton, New York city.  
Cullen Bryant, San Raphael, Cal.  
J. C. Mallory, Philadelphia, Pa.  
L. C. Cushing, New York city.  
Lewis Johnson, Vera Cruz, Mexico.  
F. M. Crandal, Ft. Douglas, Utah.  
T. J. Lloyd, Suffern, N. Y.  
W. M. Waterbury, Cobourg, Canada.  
W. M. Maynadler, San Francisco, Cal.  
Wash. Matthews, Washington, D. C.  
H. M. Cronkhite, New York city.  
R. S. Vickery, Soldiers' Home, Va.  
Eric Bergland, Baltimore, Md.  
J. B. Keeler, Walla Walla, Wash.  
D. G. Caldwell, New York city.  
D. M. Scott, Washington, D. C.  
G. F. Robinson, Pomona, Cal.  
A. S. B. Keyes, San Antonio, Tex.  
J. G. Turnbull, Washington, D. C.  
J. R. Brinckle, Wilmington, Del.  
John Egan, Plattsburg, N. Y.  
C. H. Ingalls, Washington, D. C.  
J. V. Lauderdale, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
Edward G. Mathey, Denver, Col.  
James N. Morgan, St. Louis, Mo.  
Otis W. Pollock, Alameda, Cal.  
Daniel T. Wells, Detroit, Mich.

## STRENGTH OF THE ARMY.

The full strength of the army authorized by law is now:

Cavalry officers .....	447
Artillery officers .....	258
Infantry officers .....	832
Total officers of the line .....	1,537
General officers and in staff departments .....	581
Total officers .....	2,148
Enlisted men of cavalry .....	6,170
Enlisted men of artillery .....	4,025

Enlisted men of infantry .....	13,125
Enlisted men of engineers .....	500
Total enlisted men in companies and regiments .....	23,820
Enlisted men in detachments and unassigned to regiments .....	1,180
Total authorized under act June 18, 1874 .....	25,000
Enlisted men, hospital corps, act March 1, 1887 .....	708
Total all enlisted men .....	25,708

## DISPOSITION OF THE ARMY.

## ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Headquarters, Washington, D. C. Maj.-Gen. Nelson A. Miles, commanding.

DEPARTMENT OF THE EAST.—Maj.-Gen. Wesley Merritt, comdg.; hdqrs Governor's Island, New York harbor; Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Kentucky, Tennessee, Ohio and the District of Columbia.

DEPARTMENT OF THE MISSOURI.—Maj.-Gen. John R. Brooke, comdg.; hdqrs Chicago, Ill.; Michigan, Wisconsin, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Kansas and Arkansas, Indian and Oklahoma territories.

DEPARTMENT OF TEXAS.—Brig.-Gen. Wm. M. Graham, comdg.; hdqrs San Antonio, Tex.; state of Texas.

DEPARTMENT OF CALIFORNIA.—Brig.-Gen. Wm. R. Shafter, comdg.; hdqrs San Francisco, Cal.; California and Nevada.

DEPARTMENT OF DAKOTA.—Brig.-Gen. James F. Wade, comdg.; hdqrs St. Paul, Minn.; Minnesota, South Dakota (excepting so much as lies south of the 46th parallel, west of the Missouri river, and all south of the 46th parallel, west of that river), North Dakota and Montana, and the post of Ft. Yellowstone, Wyo.

**DEPARTMENT OF THE PLATTE.**—Brig.-Gen. J. J. Coppinger, comdg.; Hdqrs. Omaha, Neb.; Iowa, Nebraska and Wyoming (excepting the post of Ft. Yellowstone, Wyo.), much of Idaho as lie east of a line formed the extension of the western boundary of Utah to the northeastern boundary of Idaho, and so much of South Dakota as lies south of the 45th parallel, west of the Missouri river, and all south of the 45th parallel, east of that river.

**DEPARTMENT OF THE COLORADO.**—Brig.-Gen. Elmer S. Otis, comdg.; Hdqrs. Denver, Col.; Colorado, Utah, Arizona and New Mexico.

**DEPARTMENT OF THE COLUMBIA.**—Brig.-Gen. H. C. Merriam, comdg.; Hdqrs. Vancouver Bks, Wash.; Oregon, Washington, Idaho and Alaska, excepting so much of Idaho as is embraced in the Department of the Platte.

## NUMBERS AND STATIONS OF REGIMENTS.

**1ST CAVALRY.**—Hdqrs. F and K, Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.; A and I, Ft. Huachuca, Ariz.; B, Ft. Reno, O. T.; E and H, Ft. Sill, T.; C and G, Fort Sheridan, Ill.

**2ND CAVALRY.**—Hdqrs. E and K, Ft. Ingate, N. M.; B and A, Ft. Logan, Col.; C, D, F, G and H, Ft. Riley, Kas.

**3RD CAVALRY.**—Hdqrs. C, E, F and G, Ketchikan, Allen, Mo.; A, B, D, H, I and K, Ketchikan Bks, Va.

**4TH CAVALRY.**—Hdqrs. A and G, Ft. Walla Walla, Wash.; E, Vancouver Bks, Wash.; F, Boise Bks, Idaho; B, C, I and K, Presidio, San Francisco, Cal.; D and H, Ft. Yellowstone, Wyo.

**5TH CAVALRY.**—Hdqrs. D, E, F and K, Ft. Houston, Tex.; B and I, Ft. Clark, Tex.; H, Ft. Ringgold, Tex.; G, Ft. Brown, Tex.; A, Ft. Bliss, Tex.; C, Ft. McIntosh, Tex.

**6TH CAVALRY.**—Hdqrs. A, E, G and H, Ft. Ver, Va.; D and I, Ft. Robinson, Neb.; B, F and K, Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.

**7TH CAVALRY.**—Hdqrs. B, C, E and F, Grant, Ariz.; A and I, Ft. Bayard, N. M.; G and H, Ft. Apache, Ariz.; I and K, Huachuca, Ariz.

**8TH CAVALRY.**—Hdqrs. A, B, D, E, F, G, I and K, Ft. Meade, S. D.; C, Ft. Yates, D.

**9TH CAVALRY.**—Hdqrs. A, C, E, G, H and F, Ft. Robinson, Neb.; B and K, Ft. Duessne, Utah; D and I, Ft. Washakie, Wyo.

**10TH CAVALRY.**—Hdqrs. C, D, F, G, H, I and K, Ft. Assiniboine, Mont.; A and E, Ft. Ogish, Mont.; B, Camp Merritt, Mont.

**11TH ARTILLERY.**—Hdqrs. M, St. Francis, Fla.; A and B, Key West, Fla.; D and Jackson Bks, La.; E, Washington Bks, C.; F and I, Ft. Monroe, Va.; H and L, Barranca, Fla.; K, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.; C, Sullivan's Island, S. C.

**12TH ARTILLERY.**—Hdqrs. B, D, F and G, Adams, R. I.; C and M, Ft. Warren, Mass.; E, Ft. Preble, Me.; A, Ft. Sheridan, N. Y.; I, Ft. Monroe, Va.; K and L, Ft. Schuyler, N. Y.; H, Ft. Trumbull, Conn.

**13TH ARTILLERY.**—Hdqrs. D and H, Angel and Alcatraz Island, Cal.; A and L, Ft. Mason, Cal.; C, E, G and K, Presidio, San Francisco, Cal.; M, Ft. Canby, Wash.; B, Ft. Monroe, Va.; I, Ft. Baker, Cal.

**14TH ARTILLERY.**—Hdqrs. G, I and Washington Bks, D, C, D and L, Ft. Henry, Md.; B and F, Ft. Riley, Kas.; H and K, Ft. Monroe, Va.; A, Ft. Washington, Md.

**15TH ARTILLERY.**—Hdqrs. A, D, H and I, Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.; B, C and M, Ft. Slocum, N. Y.; E, K and L, Ft. Wadsworth, N. Y.; Ft. Riley, Kas.; G, Ft. Monroe, Va.

**16TH INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. A, C, D, E, F, G, H, Presidio, San Francisco, Cal.; B, Ketchikan Bks, Cal.

**17TH INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. A, E, F and H, Ft. Keogh, Mont.; B and C, Ft. Harrison, Mont.; D and G, Ft. Yates, N. D.

**18TH INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H and I, Ft. Snelling, Minn.

**19TH INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, Ft. Sheridan, Ill.

**20TH INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, Ft. McPherson, Ga.

**21ST INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, Ft. Thomas, Ky.

**22ND INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, Ft. Logan, Col.

**23RD INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, Ft. D. A. Russell, Wyo.

**24TH INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, Madison Bks, N. Y.

**25TH INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. A, B, F and H, Ft. Reno, O. T.; C, D, E and G, Ft. Sill, O. T.

**26TH INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. B and C, Whipple Bks, Ariz.; A, D, F and H, Ft. Apache, Ariz.; E and G, Ft. Logan H. Roots, Ark.

**27TH INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, Ft. Niobrara, Neb.

**28TH INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. A and G, Ft. Porter, N. Y.; B, D and F, Ft. Columbus, N. Y.; C, E and H, Ft. Niagara, N. Y.

**29TH INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, Vancouver Bks, Wash.

**30TH INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. A, D, E and G, Ft. Bayard, N. M.; B and F, Ft. Grant, Ariz.; C and H, Ft. Huachuca, Ariz.

**31ST INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. C, D, F, G and H, Ft. Sherman, Idaho; A, Boise Bks, Idaho; B and E, Ft. Spokane, Wash.

**32ND INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, Columbus Bks, O.

**33RD INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. D, Ft. Bliss, Tex.; A, B, C, E, F and G, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

**34TH INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. B, C, D and F, Ft. Wayne, Mich.; A, E, G and H, Ft. Brady, Mich.

**35TH INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.

**36TH INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, Plattsburg Bks, N. Y.

**37TH INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, Ft. Crook, Neb.

**38TH INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. B, C, D, E and F, Ft. Clark, Tex.; A, Ft. McIntosh, Tex.; G, Ft. Ringgold, Tex.; H, Ft. Brown, Tex.

**39TH INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, Ft. Douglas, Utah.

**40TH INFANTRY.**—Hdqrs. B, F, G and H, Ft. Missoula, Mont.; C and E, Ft. Assiniboine, Mont.; A and D, Ft. Harrison, Mont.

**ENGINEERS' BATTALION.**—Hdqrs. A, B, and C, Willets Point, N. Y.; E, West Point, N. Y.

## The Navy.

General officers of the United States navy on the active and retired lists, with their stations or addresses and yearly pay. (Arranged according to rank.)

## ACTIVE LIST.

## REAR-ADMIRALS, \$6,000.

William A. Kirkland, comdt Navy Yard, Mare Island.  
Lester A. Beardslee, prest Examining Board.  
Thomas O. Selfridge, comdg European Station.  
Joseph N. Miller, comdg Pacific Station.  
Montgomery Seward, comdg N. A. Station.  
Edmund O. Matthews, chief Bu. Yds. & Docks.

## COMMODORES, \$5,000.

Charles S. Norton, comdt Navy Yard, Washington.  
Francis M. Bunce, comdt Navy Yard, N. Y.  
Frederick V. McNair, comdg Asiatic Station.  
John A. Howell, comdt Navy Yard, League Island.  
George Dewey, prest Board of Inspection and Survey.

Henry L. Howison, comdt Navy Yard, Boston.  
Albert Kautz, comdt Naval Station, Newport.  
Geo. C. Remey, comdt Navy Yard, Portsmouth.  
Norman H. Farquhar, comdt Navy Yd, Norfolk.  
Jno. C. Watson, gov Naval Home, Philadelphia.

## CAPTAINS, \$4,500.

H. B. Robeson, Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.  
Winfield S. Schley, chairman L. H. Board.  
Silas Casey, comdg New York.

William T. Sampson, comdg Iowa.  
Bartlett J. Cromwell, member Examng Board.  
John W. Philip, comdg Texas.

Henry F. Pickens, comdg receiving ship *Wabash*.  
F. Rodgers, mem Board Inspection and Survey.  
Louis Kempff, comdg receiving ship *Independence*.

Francis J. Higginson, comdg *Massachusetts*.  
Geo. W. Sumner, captain Navy Yard, N. Y.  
Benjamin F. Day, member Examining Board.  
Alex. H. McCormick, member Armor Board.

Albert S. Barker, comdg Oregon.  
Charles S. Cotton, leave absence.  
Silas W. Ferry, comdg receiving ship *Franklin*.  
Merrill Miller, comdg receiving ship *Vermont*.

John J. Read, leave absence.  
Mortimer L. Johnson, leave absence.  
E. M. Shepard, comdg receiving ship *Richmond*.

Robley D. Evans, member Lighthouse Board.  
Henry Glass, captain Navy Yard, Mare Island.  
Philip H. Cooper, supt. Naval Academy.

Henry C. Taylor, comdg *Indiana*.  
Geo. H. Wadleigh, captain Navy Yard, Boston.  
A. S. Crowninshield, chief Bureau Navigation.

Frank Wilkes, comdg U. S. S. *Boston*.  
James H. Sands, comdg *Columbia*.  
Yates Stirling, comdg *Lancaster*.

William O. Wise, comdg Navy Yd, Norfolk, Va.  
Purnell F. Harrington, comdg *Paritan*.  
Nicoll Ludlow, comdg *Terror*.

Francis A. Cook, comdg *Brooklyn*.  
Colby M. Chester, comdg *Cincinnati*.  
Charles E. Clark, comdg *Monterey*.

C. J. Barclay, comdg *Amphitrite*.  
Joseph B. Coghlan, comdg *Raleigh*.  
Charles V. Gridley, comdg *Olympia*.

Charles D. Sigbee, comdg *Maine*.  
Richard P. Leary, comdg *San Francisco*.  
William H. Whiting, comdg *Monadnock*.

Nehemiah M. Dyer, comdg *Philadelphia*.  
Charles O'Neil, chief Bureau Ordnance.  
Caspar F. Goodrich, prest Naval College.

French E. Chadwick, leave absence.

## COMMANDERS, \$3,500.

Theodore F. Jewell, lighthouse insp, 10th dist.  
William M. Folger, lighthouse insp, 11th dist.  
Horace Elmer, Cramps' Ship Yard.

Benj. P. Lamberton, lighthouse insp, 5th dist.  
John Schouler, Bureau Navigation.

F. W. Dickins, ast to Bureau Navigation.  
Geo. F. F. Wilde, secretary Lighthouse Board.  
Charles H. Davis, supt Naval Observatory.  
Bowman H. McCalla, comdg *Marblehead*.  
Charles J. Train, lighthouse insp, 4th dist.  
Edwin White, Naval Academy.

George W. Pigman, Inspector Ordnance, Newport News, Va.  
John McGowan, comdg Tr. Ship and Station, Newport.

James G. Green, comdg Puget Sound Naval Station.  
Charles H. Rockwell, comdg Naval Station, Port Royal.

James M. Forsyth, comdg Naval Station, Key West.

Geo. A. Converse, comdg *Montgomery*.  
Royal B. Bradford, chief Bureau Equipment.

Joseph E. Craig, hydrographer Bu. Navigation.  
Chas. M. Thomas, Naval Academy.

Albert S. Snow, lighthouse inspector, 3d dist.  
George C. Reiter, leave absence.

Willard H. Brownson, member Board Inspection and Survey.

Henry E. Nichols, comdg *Bennington*.  
William W. Mead, Navy Yard, Norfolk.

Edwin S. Houston, capt Navy Yd, Mare Island.  
Edwin Longnecker, Navy Yard, League Island.

George E. Ide, Navy Yard, Norfolk.  
George M. Hook, comdg *Marion*.

Thomas Perry, lighthouse inspector, 1st dist.  
Charles H. Stockton, comdg *Plymouth*.

Oscar W. Farenholt, comdg *Monocacy*.  
Edward T. Strong, comdg *Essex*.

Robert E. Impey, Navy Yard, Portsmouth.  
Samuel Belden, lighthouse insp, 7th dist.

Eugene W. Watson, comdt Naval Station, New London.

John F. Merry, comdg *Machias*.  
William C. Gibson, comdg Tr ship *Adams*.

Washburn Maynard, comdg *Nashville*.  
H. W. Lyon, comdg *Dolphin*.

James H. Dayton, comdg *Detroit*.  
Asa Walker, comdg *Concord*.

M. R. S. Mackenzie, sick leave.  
Chas. S. Sperry, Navy Yard, New York.

Frank Courts, lighthouse insp, 12th dist.  
W. W. Reisinger, comdt Navy Yard, Pensacola.

William T. Burwell, lighthouse insp, 16th dist.  
John J. Hunker, comdg *Annapolis*.

Franklin Hanford, leave absence.  
Robert M. Berry, comdg *Vastine*.

S. W. Very, Navy Yard, Boston.  
Henry N. Manney, comdg *Alliance*.

Chapman C. Todd, comdg *Washington*.  
Jos. N. Hemphill, Bureau of Yards and Docks.

Abraham B. H. Little, comdg *Vicksburg*.  
William T. Swinburne, comdg *Helena*.

William H. Emory, member Board Inspection and Survey.

George A. Bicknell, lighthouse insp, 14th dist.  
Charles T. Hutchins, comdg nautical school ship *Saratoga*.

Seth M. Ackley, lighthouse insp, 5th dist.  
Benjamin S. Richards, comdg *Alert*.  
Benjamin F. Tilley, comdg *Newport*.

Harry Knox, Naval Academy.  
Clifford H. West, chief staff N. Atlantic Station.  
John P. Merrill, lighthouse insp, 13th dist.

Joseph G. Eaton, comdg Naval School Ship *Enterprise*.  
William I. Moore, Navy Yard, Boston.

Charles Becknap, Naval Academy.

Fernando P. Gilmore, Navy Yard, New York.

Eugene H. C. Leuze, lighthouse insp, 9th dist.

Uriel Sebree, comdg *Whetling*.

Albert R. Couden, Proving Grounds.

Edwin C. Pendleton, supt Gun Factory.  
 William Swift, Navy Yard, New York.  
 H. B. Mansfield, lighthouse insp, 15th dist.  
 E. D. F. Heald, Naval Academy.  
 F. M. Symonds, comdg *Marietta*.  
 Edward F. Wood, comdg *Petrel*.  
 Walton Goodwin, Naval Observatory.  
 Albert Bosa, Naval Academy.  
 Richardson Clover, Office Naval Intelligence.  
 J. N. Miller, Navy Yard, New York.  
 F. M. Wise, Naval Academy.  
 John B. Bleecker, *San Francisco*.  
 Andrew Dunlap, comdg coast survey steamer  
*Blake*.  
 R. Rush, comdg *Michigan*.  
 Edward H. Gheen, Hydrographic Office.  
 W. L. Field, Naval Rendezvous, N. Y.  
 H. G. O. Colby, lighthouse inspect, 30 dist.  
 L. C. Logan, training ship *Castellation*.  
 C. H. Arnold, comdg *Bancroft*.  
 Edward W. Sturdy, *Minneapolis*.  
 William S. Cowles, comdg *Ferry*.  
 Charles O. Allibone, Navy Yard, Portsmouth,  
 N. H.  
 Edward D. Tansig, hydr insp coast survey.  
 John E. Pillsbury, comdg *Tenacious*.  
 William H. Reeder, naval school ship, St.  
*Marys*.  
 Daniel Delehantry, *Texas*.  
 Charles C. Cornwell, sick leave.  
 Royal B. Ingersoll, Naval Academy.  
 Adolph Marx, U. S. S. *Maine*.  
 Danau Kennedy, waiting orders.  
 James D. J. Kelley, inspector merchant ves-  
 sels, N. Y.  
 Jefferson F. Moser, comdg *Albatross*.  
 Raymond P. Rogers, *Iowa*.  
 Robert T. Jasper, Naval Academy.  
 Seaton Schroder, *Massachusetts*.  
 F. J. Drake, Navy Yard, Mare Island.  
 Thomas C. McLean, in charge torpedo station.  
 William J. Barnette, comdg survey steamer  
*Bache*.  
 Francis H. Delano.  
 Charles T. Force, coast survey steamer *En-  
 deavor*.  
 Edwin K. Moore, comdg coast survey steamer  
*Patterson*.  
 Albion V. Wadhams, lighthouse insp, 8th dist.  
 James D. Adams, Hydrographic Office.  
 Richard Walnright, U. S. S. *Maine*.  
 James R. Selfridge, *Puritan*.  
 Charles A. Adams, *Monterey*.  
 William H. Everett, Hydrographic Office.  
 John M. Hawley, Bureau Navigation.  
 Thomas H. Stevens, waiting orders.  
 John A. Rodgers, *Indiana*.  
 James W. Carlin, *Independence*.  
 G. Blocklinger, *Baltimore*.  
 Arthur B. Speyers, Navy Yard, New York.  
 N. E. Miles, *Lancaster*.  
 Charles P. Perkins, *Monadnock*.  
 B. H. Buckingham, sick leave.  
 C. G. Bowman, Navy Yard, Mare Island.  
 Perry Garst, *Terror*.  
 J. K. Cogswell, U. S. S. *Oregon*.  
 Frederic Singer, *Reliance*.  
 William P. Potter, *New York*.  
 William H. Beehier, *Montgomery*.  
 G. B. Harber, Bureau Equipment.  
 S. C. Paine, *Olympia*.  
 A. P. Osborn, comdg C. S. S. *Gedney*.  
 J. B. Briggs, Navy Yard, New York.  
 N. E. Mason, *Brooklyn*.  
 William W. Kimball, comdg torpedo flotilla.  
 William P. Day, recg ship *Richmond*.  
 John C. Nelson, Midvale Steel Works.  
 Uriah R. Harris, Navy Yard, Boston.  
 Richard G. Davenport, Bureau Navigation.  
 Edward B. Barry, *Cincinnati*.  
 Herbert Winslow, *Yorktown*.  
 William H. Turner, recg ship *Franklin*.  
 George P. Colvocoreases, *Concord*.  
 Charles E. Colahan, *Detroit*.  
 Walnright Kellog, Bureau Equipment.

Albert G. Berry, *Amphitrite*.  
 John A. Norris, *Boston*.  
 William H. Driggs, Office Naval Intel.  
 N. J. K. Patch, training ship *Alliance*.  
 Thomas T. Phelps, Jr., *Alert*.

### Medical Corps.

#### MEDICAL DIRECTORS, \$4,400.

(With relative rank of captain.)

Chris. J. Cleborne, Naval Hospital, Norfolk.  
 Edward S. Bogart, Navy Yard, New York.  
 Walter K. Scofield, Pres. Medical Examining  
 Board, League Island.  
 Grove S. Beardsley, member Retiring Board.  
 John H. Clark, Naval Hospital, Chelsea.  
 Benjamin H. Kidder, president Medical Ex-  
 amining Board.  
 William K. Van Reyepen, Chief Bureau Med.  
 and Surgery.  
 Thomas C. Walton, Naval Laboratory, New  
 York.

Charles H. White, Museum of Hygiene.  
 Geo. W. Woods, Naval Hospital, New York.  
 G. H. Cooke, Naval Hospital, Philadelphia.  
 Daniel McMurtree, member Medical Exam-  
 ining Board.  
 James R. Tryon, general insp. hospitals.  
 James M. Flint, Smithsonian Institution.  
 George A. Bright, Naval Hospital, Washington.

#### MEDICAL INSPECTORS, \$4,400.

(With relative rank of commander.)

Geo. F. Winslow, Naval Station, New London.  
 Moses J. Babin, Examining Bd., New York.  
 Joseph B. Parker, Navy Yard and Hospital,  
 Portsmouth.  
 Joseph G. Ayers, leave absence.  
 Abel F. Price, *Olympia*.  
 M. C. Drennan, U. S. S. *New York*.  
 James A. Hawke, Navy Yard, New York.  
 Robert A. Marmon, Navy Yard, Washington.  
 Dwight Dickinson, member Retiring Board.  
 Wm. G. Farwell, special duty, Philadelphia.  
 John C. Wise, *Baltimore*.  
 John L. Neilson, Navy Yard, Boston.  
 G. P. Bradley, Naval Hospital, Mare Island.  
 Charles U. Gravatt, *San Francisco*.

### SURGEONS.

(With relative rank of lieutenant-commander.)

Paul Fitzsimons, member bd. insp. and survey.  
 Wm. S. Dixon, *Brooklyn*.  
 Charles A. Siegfried, Torpedo Station, New-  
 port.  
 Remus C. Persons, special duty, Navy Yard,  
 New York.  
 Nelson M. Ferebee, *Indiana*.  
 Franklin Rogers, waiting orders.  
 James R. Waggener, Navy Yard, Mare Island.  
 Thomas H. Streets, member Medical Exam-  
 ining Board, New York.  
 Manly H. Simons, *Iowa*.  
 John C. Boyd, asst. Bureau of Med. and Surg.  
 Geo. E. H. Harmon, Naval Academy.  
 Howard Wells, member naval ex. bd., New  
 York.  
 Daniel N. Bertolette, Marine Headquarters,  
 Washington.  
 Ezra Z. Derr, Naval Rendezvous, New York.  
 Frank B. Stephenson, Marine Rendezvous,  
 Boston.  
 Presley M. Rixey, Naval Dispensary.  
 Walter A. McClurg, member Examining Bd.  
 Cumberland G. Herndon, Bureau Med. and  
 Surgery.  
 Lucien G. Heneberger, *Maine*.  
 Edward H. Green, Naval Dispensary.  
 Samuel H. Dickson, *Massachusetts*.  
 D. O. Lewis, Marine Rendezvous, Philadelphia.  
 Howard E. Ames, Navy Yard, Norfolk.  
 Lloyd B. Baldwin, *Puritan*.  
 Frank Anderson, Naval Hospital, Yokohama.  
 Phillips A. Lovering, *Oregon*.  
 William R. Du Bose, *Texas*.

Charles T. Hibbett, *Independence*.  
 Nelson H. Drake, *Minneapolis*.  
 Henry G. Beyer, *Amphitrite*.  
 John M. Steele, *Monadnock*.  
 James E. Gardner, *Dolphin*.  
 Millard H. Crawford, *Boston*.  
 George F. Lumsden, special duty, Norfolk.  
 Emily H. Marsteller, *Raleigh*.  
 William H. Rush, Navy Yard, League Island.  
 James C. Byrnes, *Cincinnati*.  
 Samuel H. Griffith, Mus. of Hygiene, Wash-  
 ington.  
 Averley C. H. Russell, *Lancaster*.  
 Arthur G. Cabell, sick leave.  
 Clement Biddle.  
 Henry T. Percy, *Monterey*.  
 James D. Gatewood, Mus. of Hygiene.  
 Oliver Diehl, *Terror*.  
 John M. Edgar, recg ship *Vermont*.  
 Philip Leach, Naval Hospital, New York.  
 John W. Baker, waiting orders.  
 L. W. Curtis, *Montgomery*.  
 Henry B. Flitts, Naval Hospital, Portsmouth.  
 V. C. B. Means, *Detroit*.

**Pay Corps.****PAY DIRECTORS, \$4,400.**

(With relative rank of captain.)

Charles H. Eldredge, Navy Pay Office, Norfolk.  
 Wm. W. Williams, Naval Station, Puget Sound.  
 Edward May, Navy Pay Office, Boston.  
 Henry M. Denniston, Navy Yard, Port-  
 mouth, N. H.  
 Rufus Parks, Navy Pay Office, Philadelphia.  
 Frank C. Cooby, bd insp and survey.  
 Edwin Stewart, chief Bureau Supplies and  
 Accounts.  
 George Cochran, Navy Yard, Norfolk.  
 Joseph A. Smith, general storekeeper, Navy  
 Yard, League Island.  
 Thomas T. Caswell, Naval Academy.  
 L. G. Billings, General Insp Pay corps.  
 Arthur J. Pritchard, Navy Pay Office, Balti-  
 more.  
 Albert S. Kenny, Navy Yard, New York.

**PAY INSPECTORS, \$4,400.**

(With relative rank of commander.)

James E. Tolfree, Navy Pay Office, New York.  
 George A. Lyon, waiting orders.  
 Edward Bellows, *Baltimore*.  
 Geo. W. Beaman, Navy Yard, Boston.  
 Arthur Burla, *New York*.  
 Edwin Putnam, general storekeeper, Navy  
 Yard, Washington.  
 Robert P. Lisle, *San Francisco*.  
 Leonard A. Frailey, Navy Yard, Washington.  
 George E. Hendee, general storekeeper, Navy  
 Yard, Boston.  
 Wm. W. Woodhull, Naval Home, Philadelphia.  
 Henry T. Wright, Navy Yard, New York.  
 Daniel A. Smith, *Olympia*.  
 George Griffing, Navy Pay Office, San Fran-  
 cisco.

**Engineer Corps.****CHIEF ENGINEERS, \$4,400.**

Philip Inch, Navy Yard, Washington.  
 William G. Buehler, Navy Yard, Portsmouth.  
 Edward Farmer, Navy Yard, New York.  
 Louis J. Allen, Continental Iron Works.  
 George W. Melville, chief Bureau Steam En-  
 gineering.  
 Fletcher A. Wilson, inspector machinery,  
 Union Iron works, San Francisco.

Joseph Trille, Navy Yard, Mare Island.  
 Peter A. Rearick, special duty, Newport News.  
 Augustus H. Able, Member Examining Board.  
 Alfred Adamson, Navy Yard, Boston.  
 George J. Burnap, *New York*.  
 Cipriano Andrade, Naval Examining Board,  
 Philadelphia.  
 John Lowe, *Philadelphia* (fleet engineer).  
 Lewis W. Robinson, Navy Yard, League Island.  
 William H. Harris, *San Francisco*.  
 Charles J. MacConnell.  
 George W. Stivers, recg ship *Vermont*.  
 Absalom Kirby, *Baltimore*.  
 James Entwistle, *Olympia*.  
 R. Aston, *Cincinnati*.  
 James H. Chasmar, recg ship *Wabash*.  
 W. A. Windsor, *Minneapolis*.  
 H. S. Ross, *Massachusetts*.  
 C. R. Roelker, board of inspectors and survey.  
 John D. Ford, *Brooklyn*.  
 John L. Hannum, *Indiana*.  
 A. C. Engard, U. S. S. *Richmond*.  
 J. A. B. Smith, Navy Yard, Norfolk.  
 C. J. Hahlgurst, insp boiler tubes, Phila.  
 Alexander B. Bates, *Texas*.  
 Robert W. Milligan, *Oregon*.  
 George W. Baird, Supt. State, War and Navy  
 Building.

Richard Inch, *Concord*.  
 Harrie Webster, *Yorktown*.  
 H. N. Stevenson, *Monterey*.  
 Julian S. Ogden, *Bennington*.  
 Charles W. Kae, *Iowa*.  
 George H. Kearny, Naval Academy.  
 William S. Moore, *Columbia*.  
 George Cowie, *Puritan*.  
 Charles P. Howell, *Maine*.  
 James H. Perry, Mem. Armor Board.  
 Warner B. Bayley, special duty, Washington.  
 Albert F. Dixon, Navy Yard, New York.  
 Joseph F. Mickley, *Terror*.  
 William H. Nauman, *Monadnock*.  
 Robert W. Galt, Portland, Oregon.  
 John K. Barton, Mem. Naval Ex. B'd. Phila.  
 Robert G. Denig, *Constellation*.  
 George B. Ransom, *Boston*.  
 William C. Eaton, *Amphitrite*.  
 Alfred B. Canaga, Bureau Steam Engineering.  
 Abraham V. Zone, Navy Yard, Washington.

**Marine Corps.****COLONEL COMMANDANT, \$3,500.**

Charles Heywood, hdqrs Washington, D. C.

**GENERAL STAFF.**

Green Clay Goodloe, major and paymaster,  
 hdqrs Washington, D. C.  
 George C. Reid, major, adjutant and inspector,  
 hdqrs Washington, D. C.  
 Frank L. Denny, Major and Qr. Master, hdqrs  
 Washington, D. C.  
 Thos. C. Prince, Capt. & Asst. Qr. Master, Phil.  
 Chas. L. McCawley, Capt. & Asst. Qr. Master,  
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J. Forney, Marine Bks, Navy Yd., Portsmouth

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 R. W. Huntington, Navy Yard, Norfolk.

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 P. C. Pope, Marine Bks, Navy Yd. Mare Island.  
 R. L. Meade, Marine Bks, Navy Yard, Boston.  
 Charles F. Williams, Naval Academy.

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 Thomas S. Phelps, Concord, Mass.

Francis A. Roe, Washington, D. C.  
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 Samuel R. Franklin, Washington, D. C.  
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 Peirce Crosby, Washington, D. C.  
 John H. Upshur, Washington, D. C.  
 S. P. Luce, Newport, R. I.  
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 D. B. Harmony, Santa Barbara, Cal.  
 A. W. Weaver, Washington, D. C.  
 A. E. K. Benham, Washington, D. C.  
 Bancroft Gherardi, New York.  
 O. F. Stanton, New London, Conn.  
 Henry Eben, New York.  
 J. A. Greer, Washington, D. C.  
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 Somerville Nicholson, Washington, D. C.  
 William K. Mayo, Washington, D. C.  
 William P. McCann, New Rochelle, N. Y.  
 James H. Gillis, Delhi, N. Y.

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 Francis S. Haggerty, Ticonderoga, N. Y.  
 Thomas G. Corbin, Philadelphia, Pa.  
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**COMMANDERS, \$2,625.**

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 Smith W. Nichol, Dorchester, Mass.  
 Edward Hooker, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 Greenleaf Cilley, leave of absence.  
 C. A. Schetky, Haddonfield, N. J.  
 George T. Davis, Asheville, N. C.

**LIEUTENANT-COMMANDERS, \$2,250.**

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 Charles E. McKay, Orange, N. J.  
 Henry C. Tallman, New York.  
 Francis O. Davenport, Detroit, Mich.  
 Frederick I. Nalle, Norristown, Pa.  
 Gouverneur K. Haswell, New York city.  
 Edward M. Stedman, Chicago, Ill.  
 Socrates Hubbard, Garden City, N. Y.  
 Leonard Chenery, New York.  
 E. L. Amory, Boston, Mass.

Isaac Hazlitt, Washington, D. C.  
 Frederick A. Miller, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 William P. Randall, New Bedford, Mass.  
 Charles H. Craven, Washington, D. C.  
 Charles E. Hawley, leave of absence.  
 Francis H. Sheppard, St. Andrews, Fla.  
 George F. Morrison, Washington, D. C.  
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 Edward B. Litch, Academy, Pa.  
 George W. Sensner, Washington, D. C.  
 George R. Johnson, Washington, D. C.  
 Charles H. Loring, Brooklyn, N. Y.

**Marine Corps.****LIEUTENANT-COLONEL.**

John L. Broome, Brooklyn, N. Y.

**LIST OF NAVAL STATIONS, VESSELS AND OFFICERS.****North Atlantic Station.**

Rear-Admiral Montgomery Sillard, comd'g.  
 Comdr. C. H. West, chief of staff.  
 Lieut. C. H. Harlow, flag lieutenant.  
 Lieut. C. C. Marsh, secretary.

**NEW YORK** (flagship, first rate)—Capt., F. E. Chadwick; Lieut.-Comdr., W. P. Potter; Lieuts., D. D. Stuart, F. W. Coffin, R. T. Mulligan, E. E. Capehart; Ensigns, F. Marble, J. R. Edlie, E. L. Bennett, F. H. Brumby; Cadets, L. C. Palmer, F. E. Ridgely, C. L. Poor, H. C. Mustin, E. McCauley, A. Kantz, N. L. Jones, O. D. Duncan; Med. Insp., M. C. Drennan; P. A. Surg., T. A. Berryhill; Asst. Surg., R. Spear; Pay Insp., A. Burtis; Chief Eng., C. J. MacConnell; P. A. Eng., F. M. Bennett; Asst. Engs., A. M. Cook, H. T. Baker; Cadets, K. G. Castleman, L. C. Richardson; Chap., A. L. Royce; Capt. of Marines, R. Wallace; Lieut. of Marines, R. H. Lane.

**MASSACHUSETTS**—Capt., F. J. Higginson; Lieut.-Comdr., S. Schroder; Lieuts.,

J. C. Cressap, T. M. Potts, J. H. Glennen, T. G. Dewey, J. W. Oman; Ensigns, J. L. Sticht, A. T. Chester; Cadets, T. G. Craven, R. Earle, D. M. Wood, D. W. Knox, E. P. Jessup; Surg., S. H. Dickson; Asst. Surg., J. C. Rosenbleuth; Paym., T. S. Thompson; Chief Eng., H. S. Ross; P. A. Eng., C. H. Hayes; Asst. Engs., E. F. Eckhardt, R. H. Chappell; Cadets, A. W. Marshall, W. L. Littlefield; Chap., W. G. Isaacs; Capt. of Marines, T. N. Wood; Lieut. of Marines, J. H. Russell.

**MAINE**—Capt., C. D. Sigabee; Lieut.-Comdr., R. Wainwright; Lieuts., G. F. W. Holman, John Hood, C. W. Jungen, F. M. Jenkins, G. P. Blow, J. J. Blandon; Cadets, W. T. Cluverius, A. Bronson, J. H. Holden, D. F. Boyd; Surg., L. G. Heneberger; Paym., C. W. Littlefield; Chief Eng., C. P. Howell; P. A. Eng., F. C. Powers; Asst. Engs., R. D. Hasbrock, J. R. Morris; Cadets, F. Washington, A. Crenshaw; Chap., J. F. Chedwick; Lieut. of Marines, C. G. Long.

**HELENA**—Comdr., W. T. Swinburne; Lieuts., C. E. Vreeland, Charles Laird, A. W. Grant, E. Moale; Ensigns, C. Davis, H. MacFarland; P. A. Surg., M. S. Guest; Asst. Paym., J. H. Merriam; Chief Eng., F. H. Eldridge.

**DETROIT**—Comdr., J. H. Dayton; Lieut.-Comdr., C. E. Calahan; Lieuts., H. M. Hodges, W. C. P. Muyl, L. J. Clark; Ensigns, H. H. Chrisby, E. H. Watson; Surg., V. C. Means; P. A. Paym., F. T. Armes; Chief Eng., S. Potts; Asst. Engrs., N. Mansfield, F. D. Karns.

**NASHVILLE**—Comdr., W. Maynard; Lieuts., A. C. Dillingham, O. M. Winslow; Ensigns, C. S. Snow, T. P. Magruder, H. C. Kuenzli, W. R. Gherardi; Asst. Surg., F. L. Pleadwell; Asst. Paym., T. S. O'Leary; Chief Eng., E. R. Freeman.

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**TEXAS**—Capt., J. W. Phillip; Lieut.-Comdr., D. Delehanty; Lieuts., L. C. Hellner, H. Phelps, F. J. Haessler, H. A. Beaphain; Ensigns, M. L. Bristol, W. K. Glase, A. J. Wadhams; Cadets, F. R. Holman, R. E. Walker, W. H. Reynolds, A. W. Pressey, H. P. Perrill; Surg., W. E. Du Bose; Paym., H. E. Drury; Chief Eng., A. B. Bates; P. A. Eng., K. McAlpine; Asst. Engrs., C. Wells, A. W. Blinds; Cadets, E. T. Fitzgerald, H. O. Bisset; Chap., H. W. Jones; Lieut. of Marines, W. O. Neville.

**FERN**—Lieut.-Comdr., W. S. Cowles; Lieut., Albert Mertz; Ensigns, W. V. Fowelson, C. S. Bookwalter.

**MARBLEHEAD**—Comdr., B. H. McCalla; Lieuts., J. A. H. Nickels, W. H. Schuetzke, C. S. Ripley, E. A. Anderson; Ensigns, F. Boughter, F. P. Baldwin; Cadets, A. H. McCarthy, D. E. Theelen; P. A. Surg., A. B. Wentworth; P. A. Paym., H. A. Dent; Chief Eng., J. S. Willits; Asst. Eng., J. P. Morton; Cadet, George Van Orden.

**AMPHITRITE**—Capt., C. J. Barclay; Lieut.-Comdr., A. G. Berry; Lieuts., G. H. Peters, C. N. Atwater, V. O. Chase; Ensigns, M. H. Signor, K. M. Bennett, C. B. McVey; Surg., H. G. Byer; Paym., J. N. Speel; Chief Eng., W. C. Eaton; P. A. Eng., R. B. Higgins.

**MONTGOMERY**—Comdr., George A. Converse; Lieut.-Comdr., W. H. Buhler; Lieuts., H. Hutchens, W. R. M. Field; Ensigns, L. De Stiegner, R. Spear, R. H. Osborn; P. A. Surg., L. W. Curtis; P. A. Paym., M. M. Ramsay; Chief Eng., I. S. K. Reeves; Asst. Engrs., D. H. Allen, T. M. Dick; Cadet, George Webber.

**NEWPORT**—Comdr., B. F. Tilley; Lieuts., J. H. Bull, J. T. Newton, G. S. Hanus, J. F. Luby, E. T. Witherspoon, A. Rust; Ensigns, J. V. Chase, H. S. Ritter, R. R. Belknap, L. B. Jones, E. L. Bisset; Surg., C. Biddle; P. A. Surg., C. H. Lowndes; Asst. Surg., C. E. Riggs; Asst. Paym., U. G. Ammen; P. A. Eng., W. H. Alderdice.

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**VICKSBURG**—Comdr., A. B. H. Lillie; Lieuts., C. E. Fox, F. S. Carter; Ensigns, H. H. Hough, C. B. Barnes; Asst. Surg., M. K. Johnson; Asst. Paym., R. O. Schenck; P. A. Eng., R. S. Griffen. Rear-Admiral Joseph N. Miller, comdg.

#### Pacific Station.

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Lieut. P. Andrews, secretary.

**BAITMORE** (Battleship)—Capt., N. M. Dyer; Lieut.-Comdr., J. B. Briggs; Lieuts., W. P. Elliott, A. G. Weathershelter, F. W. Kellogg, J. M. Elliott, C. S. Stanworth; Ensigns, G. N. Hayward, M. J. McCormick, A. G. Smith; Cadets, D. Wortbaugh, I. C. Wettengel, C. M. Lower, S. A. Kearney, A. MacArthur; Med. Insp., J. C. Wise; P. A. Surg., F. A. Hoelter; Asst. Surg., R. K. Smith; Pay Insp., E. Bellows; Chief Eng., A. Kirby; P. A. Eng., W. P. Winchell; Asst. Engrs., H. B. Price, H. J. Cone; Cadet, C. P. Bart; Chap., T. S. Freeman; Capt. of Marines, O. C. Berryman; Lieut. of Marines, Dion Williams.

**OREGON**—Capt., E. S. Barker; Lieut.-Comdr., J. K. Cogswell; Lieuts., C. Thomas, W. H. Allen, H. W. Harrison, A. A. Ackerman, E. W. Eberle; Ensigns, C. L. Hussey, B. Z. Johnston; Cadets, O.

R. Miller, W. P. Gilles, H. E. Yarnell, C. S. Kempff, S. G. Magill, L. M. Overstreet; Surg., P. A. Lovering; Asst. Surg., W. P. Grove; Paym., S. R. Calhoun; Chief Eng., R. W. Milligan; P. A. Eng., C. N. Offey; Asst. Engs., J. M. Reeves, F. Lyon; Cadets, H. N. Jensen, W. D. Leahy; Chap., J. P. McIntyre; Capt. of Marines, R. Dickins; Lieut. of Marines, A. E. Davis.

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**MARIETTA**—Comdr., F. M. Symonds; Lieuts., A. McCrackin, W. B. Caperton, J. H. Hetherington; Ensigns, H. K. Benham, F. B. Bassett, J. J. Roby; P. A. Surg., G. Rothganger; Asst. Paym., E. W. Bonaffon; P. A. Eng., W. H. Chambers.

**MONADNOCK**—Capt., W. H. Whiting; Lieut.-Comdr., C. P. Perkins; Lieuts., F. A. Wilner, J. P. Parker, A. W. Dodd, A. G. Rogers; Ensign, R. S. Douglas; Cadets, W. R. Sexton, L. R. Sargent; Surg., J. M. Steele; P. A. Paym., W. B. Wilcox; Chief Eng., W. H. Nauman; Asst. Eng., F. D. Read; Cadets, G. S. Lincoln, P. L. Pratt.

**WHEELING**—Comdr., U. Sobree; Lieuts., F. H. Lefavor, B. T. Walling; Ensigns, E. H. Durell, W. M. Crose, D. W. Todd, G. H. Burrage; Asst. Surg., W. M. Wheeler; Asst. Paym., J. Irwin; P. A. Eng., S. Arnold.

#### South Atlantic Station.

**CINCINNATI**—Capt., C. M. Chester; Lieut.-Comdr., E. B. Barry; Lieuts., C. J. Badger, J. E. Craven, J. A. Hooserwerff; Ensigns, F. L. Sandoz, J. E. Walker; Surg., J. C. Byrne; Asst. Surg., D. H. Morgan; Paym., R. T. M. Ball; Chief Eng., R. Aston; P. A. Eng., W. C. Herbert; Asst. Eng., E. R. Pollock, F. N. Freeman; Lieut. of Marines, J. A. Lejeune.

**COSTINE**—Comdr., R. M. Berry; Lieuts., N. T. Houston, H. Morrell, W. V. Bronaugh, Joseph Strauss; Ensigns, H. G. Gates, N. T. Coleman, A. H. Robertson; P. A. Surg., H. D. Wilson; P. A. Paym., E. B. Webster; P. A. Eng., E. I. Reid.

#### Asiatic Station.

Com. George Dewey, cmdg.  
Lieut. T. M. Brumby, flag lieutenant.

**OLYMPIA (flagship)**—Capt., C. N. Gridley; Lieut.-Comdr., S. C. Faine; Lieuts., G. G. Calkins, N. S. Nelson, S. Morgan, W. G. Miller; Ensigns, M. M. Taylor, S. M. Strite, W. P. Scott, F. B. Upham, A. G. Kavanagh; Med. Insp., A. F. Price; P. A. Surg., J. E. Page; Asst. Surg., C. P. Kindleberger; Pay Insp., D. Smith; Chief Eng., J. Entwistle; Asst. Engs., E. S. Kellogg, E. H. Delany, J. M. Marshall; Chap., J. B. Frazier; Capt. of Marines, W. P. Biddle; Lieut. of Marines, W. N. McKelvey.

**BOSTON**—Capt., Frank Wildes; Lieut.-Comdr., J. A. Norris; Lieuts., John Gibson, W. L. Howard; Ensigns, L. H. Everhart, S. S. Robinson, J. S. Doddridge; Surg., M. H. Crawford; Asst. Surg., R. S. Blakeman; Paym., J. R. Martin; Chief Eng., G. B. Ransom; Asst. Eng., L. F. James; Lieut. of Marines, R. H. Dutton.

**PETREL**—Comdr., E. P. Wood; Lieuts., E. M. Hughes, B. A. Fiske, A. N. Wood, C. P. Plunkett; Ensigns, G. L. Fermler, W. S. Montgomery; P. A. Surg., C. D. Brownell; Asst. Paym., G. G. Siebels; P. A. Eng., R. S. Hall.

**MACHIAS**—Comdr., J. F. Merry; Lieuts., D. H. Mahan, E. J. Dornt, F. H. Sherman, R. M. Hughes, W. W. Buchanan, A. C. Dieffenbach; P. A. Surg., M. R. Piggott; P. A. Paym., W. L. Wilson; P. A. Eng., W. B. Dunning.

**MONOCACY**—Comdr., O. W. Farenholt; Lieuts., C. P. Rees, W. McLean, B. W. Hodges; Ensigns, H. C. Pearson, B. F. Hutchison, T. S. Wilson; P. A. Surg., N. J. Blackwood; Paym., A. Peterson; P. A. Eng., G. Kaemmerling.

#### European Station.

Com. J. A. Howell, cmdg.  
Lieut. J. J. Hunker, flag lieutenant.  
W. R. L. Russell, secretary.

**SAN FRANCISCO (flagship)**—Capt., R. P. Leary; Lieut.-Comdr., A. P. Nasro; Lieuts., W. Kilburn, J. H. Oliver, M. Johnston, C. M. Fahn; Ensigns, L. H. Chandler, W. D. MacDougal, W. S. Turpin, W. J. Manion; Med. Insp., C. N. Gravatt; P. A. Surg., R. R. Ward; Asst. Surg., G. C. Hubbard; Pay Insp., R. P. Lisle; Chief Eng., W. H. Harris; P. A. Eng., L. D. Miner; Asst. Engs., R. K. Crank, I. T. Cooper; Chap., C. H. Parks; Capt. of Marines, George Barnette.

**RALEIGH**—Capt., J. B. Coghlan; Lieut.-Comdr., F. Singer; Lieuts., W. Winder, B. Tappan, H. Rodman; Ensigns, C. B. Morgan, F. L. Chadwick, F. Babin; Surg., E. H. Marsteller; Asst. Surg., D. M. Carpenter; Paym., W. W. Galt; Chief Eng., F. H. Bailey; P. A. Eng., A. S. Halstead; Asst. Eng., J. R. Brady; Lieut. of Marines, T. C. Treadwell.

**BANCROFT**—Lieut.-Comdr., J. V. B. Bleecker; Lieuts., Y. E. D. W. Veeder, W. Truxbun, H. B. Wilson; Ensigns, W. W. Phelps, C. T. Vogelsang; P. A. Surg., E. M. Ship; Asst. Paym., R. Hatton; Chief Eng., E. S. Warburton.

#### Training Ships.

**ADAMS**—Comdr., W. C. Gibson; Lieuts., F. E. Beatty, J. H. L. Holcomb, H. George; Ensigns, F. H. Brown, R. Mc-

Lane, S. P. Fullenweder, C. England; P. A. Surg., O. P. Bog; P. A. Paym., F. J. Semms; P. A. Eng., W. B. Day.

**ALLIANCE**—Comdr., H. N. Manney; Lieut.-Comdr., N. J. K. Hatch; Lieuts., R. M. Doyle, W. B. Fletcher, R. D. Tiedale; Ensigns, R. Stone, A. A. McKethan, J. M. Luby; Cadets, T. C. Hart, O. G. Murten, H. Williams; P. A. Surg., J. A. Guthrie; P. A. Paym., J. J. Chestham.

**ESSEX**—Comdr., E. S. Strong; Lieuts., John Hubbard, J. W. Stewart, J. Jordan, W. O. Hulme; Ensigns, G. W. Williams, C. P. Jackson, D. F. Sellers; P. A. Surg., L. Morris; Asst. Paym., H. E. Biscoe.

#### Fish Commission.

**ALBATROSS**—Lieut.-Comdr., J. F. Moser; Lieuts., L. M. Garrett, H. E. Parmenter, J. C. McGuinness; Ensign, S. P. Graham; P. A. Surg., L. L. Young; Asst. Paym., B. P. Du Boies.

#### Northwest Lakes.

**MICHIGAN**—Lieut.-Com., R. Rush; Lieut., J. H. Shearman; Ensign, C. F. Preston; P. A. Surg., F. J. B. Cordero; P. A. Paym., S. McGowan; P. A. Eng., B. C. Sampson.

#### Torpedo Boats.

**CUSHING**—**DUPONT**—Lieut., S. S. Wood; Ensign, F. H. Clark.

**ERICSSON**—Lieut., N. R. Usher; Ensign, L. A. Bostwick.

**FOOTE**—Lieut.-Comdr., W. W. Kimball; Lieut., W. L. Rodgers; Ensign, R. H. Jackson.

**PORTER**—Lieut., J. O. Freemont; Ensign, J. V. Gillis; Asst. Surg., M. S. Elliott.

#### Naval Station, Newport, R. I.

Com. A. Kants, comdg.  
**TRAINING STATION AND TRAINING SHIP CONSTITUTION** (third rate)—Comdr., John McGowan; Chap., W. A. Holway.

#### Receiving Ships.

**RICHMOND** (receiving ship).  
**VERMONT** (1 gun, receiving ship)—Capt., Merrill Miller.

**WABASH** (20 guns, receiving ship)—Capt., L. P. Pickens.

**ENTERPRISE** (4 guns, training ship)—Comdr., J. G. Eaton.

**ST. MARYS** (19 guns, public marine school)—Lieut.-Comdr., W. H. Reader.

**SARATOGA** (school ship)—Comdr., C. T. Hutchins.

**FRANKLIN** (30 guns, receiving ship)—Capt., S. W. Terry.

**INDEPENDENCE** (receiving ship)—Capt., L. Kempff.

#### Unassigned.

**LANCASTER**—Capt., Y. Stirling; Lieut.-Comdr., N. E. Niles; Lieuts., J. E. Roller, H. O. Dunn, S. W. Ryan, W. H. G. Bulard; Ensigns, G. R. Marvell, P. N. Olmstead; Surg., A. C. H. Russell; Paym., C. M. Ray; Capt. of Marines, C. P. Porter; Lieut. of Marines, G. Richards.

### LIST OF SHIPS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY.

[ABBREVIATIONS.—Hull: S., steel; I., iron; W., wood. Propulsion: S., screw; T. S., twin screw; Tr. S., triple screw; P., paddle; M. P., Mallory propeller.]

#### FIRST RATE.

NAME.	Displacement (tons).	Type.	Hull.	I. H. P.	Propulsion.	Guns (mns. battery).	Station or condition.
Indiana.....	10,288	1st class battleship...	S.	9,788	T.S.	16	North Atlantic Station.
Massachusetts.....	10,288	1st class battleship...	S.	10,405	T.S.	16	North Atlantic Station.
New York.....	8,200	Armored cruiser.....	S.	17,401	T.S.	18	North Atlantic Station.
Columbia.....	7,375	Protected cruiser.....	S.	18,509	Tr.S.	11	North Atlantic Station.
Minneapolis.....	7,375	Protected cruiser.....	S.	20,952	Tr.S.	11	Navy yard, League Isl., Pa.
Maine.....	6,992	2d class battleship...	S.	9,288	T.S.	10	North Atlantic Station.
Texas.....	6,515	2d class battleship...	S.	8,600	T.S.	8	North Atlantic Station.
Olympia.....	5,570	Protected cruiser.....	S.	17,518	T.S.	14	Asiatic Station.

#### SECOND RATE.

Baltimore.....	4,413	Protected cruiser....	S.	10,054	T.S.	10	Pacific Station.
Chicago.....	4,400	Partially protected cruiser.	S.	9,000	T.S.	18	Being repaired at navy yard, New York.
Philadelphia.....	4,324	Protected cruiser....	S.	8,815	T.S.	12	Navy yard, Mare Island.
Monterey.....	4,084	Barbette turret, low S. freeboard monitor.	S.	5,244	T.S.	4	Pacific Station.
Newark.....	4,068	Protected cruiser....	S.	8,899	T.S.	12	Navy yard, Norfolk.
San Francisco.....	4,068	Protected cruiser....	S.	9,918	T.S.	12	.....
Charleston.....	5,790	Protected cruiser....	S.	6,886	T.S.	8	.....
Montgomery.....	3,930	Double-tur. monitor. I.	I.	1,428	T.S.	8	Repairing at League Island.
Amphitrite.....	3,930	Double-tur. monitor. I.	I.	1,500	T.S.	6	North Atlantic Station.
Monadnock.....	3,930	Double-tur. monitor. I.	I.	3,000	T.S.	6	Pacific Station.
Terror.....	3,930	Double-tur. monitor. I.	I.	1,500	T.S.	4	North Atlantic Station.
Lancaster.....	3,350	Cruiser.....	W.	1,000	S.	12	Unassigned.
Cincinnati.....	3,318	Protected cruiser....	S.	10,000	T.S.	11	South Atlantic Station.
Raleigh.....	3,318	Protected cruiser....	S.	10,000	T.S.	11	European Station.
Atlanta.....	3,000	Partially protected cruiser.	S.	4,030	S.	8	Being repaired at navy yard, New York.
Boston.....	3,000	Partially protected cruiser.	S.	4,030	S.	8	Asiatic Station.

## LIST OF SHIPS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY.—CONTINUED.

## THIRD RATE.

NAME.	Displacement (tons).	Type.	Full.	I. H. P.	Propulsion.	Guns (main battery).	Station or condition.
Hartford .....	2,790	Cruiser.....	W.	2,000	S.	13	Repairing at navy yard, Mare Island.
Katabdin.....	2,155	Harbor defense ram S.		5,068	T.S.	....	North Atlantic Station.
Ajax .....	2,100	Single-tur. monitor. I.		340	S.	2	Camden, N. J., for use of Naval Militia.
Canonicus.....	2,100	Single-tur. monitor. I.		340	S.	2	*League Island.
Mahopac.....	2,100	Single-tur. monitor. I.		340	S.	2	*League Island.
Manhattan.....	2,100	Single-tur. monitor. I.		340	S.	2	*League Island.
Wyandotte.....	2,100	Single-tur. monitor. I.		340	S.	2	For use of Naval Militia, Connecticut.
Detroit.....	2,089	Cruiser.....	S.	5,227	T.S.	9	North Atlantic Station.
Montgomery.....	2,089	Cruiser.....	S.	5,590	T.S.	9	North Atlantic Station.
Marblehead.....	2,089	Cruiser.....	S.	5,451	T.S.	9	North Atlantic Station.
Marion.....	1,900	Cruiser.....	W.	1,100	S.	8	Navy yard, Mare Island.
Mohican.....	1,900	Cruiser.....	W.	1,100	S.	10	*Navy yard, Mare Island.
Camanche.....	1,875	Single-tur. monitor. I.		340	S.	2	For use of Naval Militia, California.
Catskill.....	1,875	Single-tur. monitor. I.		340	S.	2	*League Island.
Jason.....	1,875	Single-tur. monitor. I.		340	S.	2	League Island.
Lehigh.....	1,875	Single-tur. monitor. I.		340	S.	2	League Island.
Montauk.....	1,875	Single-tur. monitor. I.		340	S.	2	League Island.
Nahant.....	1,875	Single-tur. monitor. I.		340	S.	2	League Island.
Nantucket.....	1,875	Single-tur. monitor. I.		340	S.	2	Loaned to North Carolina Naval Militia.
Passaic.....	1,875	Single-tur. monitor. I.		340	S.	2	Boston, Mass., for use of Naval Militia.
Bennington.....	1,710	Gunboat.....	S.	3,428	T.S.	6	Pacific Station.
Concord.....	1,710	Gunboat.....	S.	3,428	T.S.	6	Pacific Station.
Yorktown.....	1,710	Gunboat.....	S.	3,392	T.S.	6	Navy yard, Mare Island.
Dolphin.....	1,496	Dispatch boat.....	S.	2,253	S.	2	Under repairs at New York.
Adams.....	1,375	Cruiser.....	W.	800	S.	6	Pacific Station.
Alliance.....	1,375	Cruiser.....	W.	800	S.	6	Training service.
Essex.....	1,375	Cruiser.....	W.	800	S.	6	Training service.
Enterprise.....	1,375	Cruiser.....	W.	800	S.	6	Pub. Marine School, Boston
Monocacy.....	1,370	Cruiser.....	I.	850	P.	6	Asiatic Station.
Thetis.....	1,250	Cruiser.....	W.	530	S.	....	Navy yard, Mare Island.
Castine.....	1,177	Gunboat.....	S.	2,199	T.S.	8	South Atlantic Station.
Machias.....	1,177	Gunboat.....	S.	2,046	T.S.	8	Asiatic Station.
Alert.....	1,020	Cruiser.....	I.	500	S.	3	Pacific Station.
Ranger.....	1,020	Cruiser.....	I.	500	S.	4	Being repaired, Mare Isl'd.

## FOURTH RATE.

Vesuvius.....	929	Dynamite-gun vessel S.		3,795	T.S.	3	North Atlantic Station.
Yantic.....	900	Cruiser.....	W.	310	S.	4	Out of commission.
Petrel.....	892	Gunboat.....	S.	1,095	S.	4	Asiatic Station.
Fern.....	840	Transport steamer.....	W.	.....	S.	....	North Atlantic Station.
Bancroft.....	839	Cadet-practice vessel S.		1,213	T.S.	4	European Station.
Michigan.....	695	Cruiser.....	I.	365	P.	4	Special serv., N.-W. Lakes.
Pinta.....	550	Gunboat.....	I.	310	S.	2	Special service, Alaska.

## TORPEDO BOATS.

Alarm.....	800	Torpedo ram.....	I.	600	M.P.	....	*Navy yard, New York.
Ericsson.....	120	Torpedo boat.....	S.	1,500	T.S.	....	North Atlantic Station.
Cushing.....	105	Torpedo boat.....	S.	1,720	T.S.	....	Special service.
Stiletto.....	31	Torpedo boat.....	W.	359	S.	....	Torpedo Station, Newport.

## TUGS.

Fortune.....	450	Tug.....	I.	340	S.	....	Naval Station, Newport.
Iwana.....	192	Tug.....	S.	300	S.	....	Yard tug, Boston.
Leyden.....	450	Tug.....	I.	340	S.	....	Yard tug, Portsmouth, N.H.
Narkeeta.....	192	Tug.....	S.	300	S.	....	Yard tug, New York.
Nina.....	357	Tug.....	I.	388	S.	....	Navy yard, New York.
Rocket.....	187	Tug.....	W.	147	S.	....	Naval Station, Newport.
Standish.....	450	Tug.....	I.	340	S.	....	Naval Academy.
Trafalgar.....	399	Tug.....	W.	.....	S.	....	Navy yard, New York.
Triton.....	212	Tug.....	S.	300	S.	....	Yard tug, Washington.
Wabnet.....	182	Tug.....	S.	300	S.	....	Yard tug, Norfolk.
Unadilla.....	345	Tug.....	S.	400	S.	....	Yard tug, Mare Island.

## LIST OF SHIPS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY.—CONTINUED.

## SAILING SHIPS.

NAME.	Displacement (tons).	Type.	Hull.	L. H. P.	Propul- sion.	Guns (ma- battery).	Station or condition.
Monongahela.....	2,100	.....	W.	.....	Sails	4	Naval Academy.
Constellation.....	1,136	.....	W.	.....	Sails	8	Stationary training ship, Newport.
Jamestown.....	1,150	.....	W.	.....	Sails	.....	Loaned to Treasury Dept. for quarantine purposes.
Portsmouth.....	1,125	.....	W.	.....	Sails	12	For use of Nav. Militia, N. J.
Saratoga.....	1,025	.....	W.	.....	Sails	.....	Pub. Marine School, Phila.
St. Mary's.....	1,025	.....	W.	.....	Sails	.....	Pub. Marine School, N. Y.

## RECEIVING SHIPS.

Franklin.....	5,170	.....	W.	1,060 S.	.....	4	Receiving ship, Norfolk.
Minnesota.....	4,700	.....	W.	1,000 S.	.....	9	For use of Nav. Militia, Mass.
Wabash.....	4,650	.....	W.	950 S.	.....	.....	Receiving ship, Boston.
Vermont.....	4,150	.....	W.	.....	Sails	1	Receiving ship, New York.
Independence.....	3,370	.....	W.	.....	Sails	6	Receiving ship, Mart 1st Ind.
Richmond.....	2,700	.....	W.	602 S.	.....	14	Receiving ship, League I'd.

## UNSERVICEABLE.

New Hampshire.....	4,150	Sailing ship.....	W.	.....	Sails	.....	For use of Naval Militia, New York.
Pennacola.....	3,000	Cruiser.....	W.	680 S.	.....	.....	*Navy yard, Mare Island.
Onasha.....	2,400	Cruiser.....	W.	950 S.	.....	.....	Transferred to Marine-Hos- pital Service.
Constitution.....	2,200	.....	W.	.....	Sails	4	*Navy yard, Portsmouth.
Swatara.....	1,900	Cruiser.....	W.	680 S.	.....	.....	*Navy yard, Mare Island.
Iroquois.....	1,515	Cruiser.....	W.	1,302 S.	.....	.....	Transferred to Marine-Hos- pital Service.
Nipsic.....	1,375	Cruiser.....	W.	838 S.	.....	.....	*Puget Sound Naval Sta.
St. Louis.....	830	Sailing ship.....	W.	.....	Sails	.....	Loaned to Naval Militia State of Pennsylvania.
Dale.....	675	Sailing ship.....	W.	.....	Sails	.....	For use of Naval Militia, Maryland.

## UNDER CONSTRUCTION.

Kearsarge.....	11,525	1st class battleship.....	S.	10,000 T. S.	.....	22	Building at Newport News.
Kentucky.....	11,525	1st class battleship.....	S.	10,000 T. S.	.....	22	Building at Newport News.
Battleship No. 7.....	11,520	1st class battleship.....	S.	10,000 T. S.	.....	.....	Plans being prepared.
Battleship No. 8.....	11,520	1st class battleship.....	S.	10,000 T. S.	.....	.....	Plans being prepared.
Battleship No. 9.....	11,520	1st class battleship.....	S.	10,000 T. S.	.....	.....	Plans being prepared.
Iowa.....	11,410	1st class battleship.....	S.	11,000 T. S.	.....	18	North Atlantic Station.
Oregon.....	10,288	1st class battleship.....	S.	11,111 T. S.	.....	18	Pacific Station.
Brooklyn.....	9,271	Armored cruiser.....	S.	16,000 T. S.	.....	20	North Atlantic Station.
Puritan.....	6,060	Double-tur. monitor.....	I.	8,700 T. S.	.....	10	North Atlantic Station.
Nashville.....	1,371	Light-draft gun- boat.....	S.	1,750 T. S.	.....	8	North Atlantic Station.
Wilmington.....	1,362	Light-draft gun- boat.....	S.	1,000 T. S.	.....	8	North Atlantic Station.
Helena.....	1,362	Light-draft gun- boat.....	S.	1,000 T. S.	.....	8	North Atlantic Station.
Gunboat No. 10.....	1,000	Composite gunboat.....	.....	800 S.	.....	6	L. Nixon, Elizabethport, N. J.
Gunboat No. 11.....	1,000	Composite gunboat.....	.....	800 S.	.....	6	Bath Iron Wks., Bath, Me.
Gunboat No. 12.....	1,000	Composite gunboat.....	.....	800 S.	.....	6	Bath Iron Wks., Bath, Me.
Gunboat No. 13.....	1,000	Composite gunboat.....	.....	800 S.	.....	.....	John H. Dialogue & Son, Camden, N. J.
Gunboat No. 14.....	1,000	Composite gunboat.....	.....	800 T. S.	.....	6	Union Iron Works, San Francisco.
Gunboat No. 15.....	1,000	Composite gunboat.....	.....	800 T. S.	.....	6	Union Iron Works, San Francisco.
Torp. boat No. 3.....	142	Torpedo boat.....	S.	2,000 T. S.	.....	.....	Building at Columbian Iron Works and Dry Dock Co., Baltimore, Md.
Torp. boat No. 4.....	142	Torpedo boat.....	S.	2,000 T. S.	.....	.....	Building at Columbian Iron Works and Dry Dock Co., Baltimore, Md.
Torp. boat No. 5.....	142	Torpedo boat.....	S.	2,000 T. S.	.....	.....	Building at Columbian Iron Works and Dry Dock Co., Baltimore, Md.
Torp. boat No. 6.....	.....	Torpedo boat.....	S.	..... T. S.	.....	6	North Atlantic Station
Torp. boat No. 7.....	.....	Torpedo boat.....	S.	..... T. S.	.....	.....	Herreshoff Mfg. Co.

\*In ordinary.

## LIST OF SHIPS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY.—CONTINUED.

NAME.	Displacement (tons).	Type.	Hull.	I. H. P.	Propulsion.	Guns (ma. battery).	Station (if con. M. ion.
Torp. boat No. 8.	182	Torpedo boat.....	S.	3,200	T.S.	....	Moran Bros. Co., Seattle, Wash.
Torp. boat No. 9.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Circular issued calling for bids.
Torp. boat No. 10.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Circular issued calling for bids.
Torp. boat No. 11.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Circular issued calling for bids.
Additional torpedo boats, not to exceed ten.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Circular issued calling for bids.
Submarine torpedo boat.	168	Torpedo boat.....	S.	1,300	T.S.	.....	Building at Columbian Iron Works and Dry Dock Co., Baltimore, Md., under contract with J. P. Holland Torp. Boat Co.
Tug No. 5.....	225	Tug.....	S.	400	S.	.....	Building at navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

## TO OBTAIN STANDARD TIME.

Persons living in the following places, or in their vicinity, will add or subtract the figures given to local time to find the new standard time.

CITIES.	Standard or division.	Correction minutes.	CITIES.	Standard or division.	Correction minutes.
Portland, Me.....	Eastern.	Sub. 19	St. Joseph, Mo.....	Central.	Add 19
Boston, Mass.....	"	" 16	Kansas City, Mo.....	"	" 18
Providence, R. I.....	"	" 14	Grand Haven, Mich.....	"	Sub. 15
New Haven, Conn.....	"	" 4	Detroit.....	"	" 28
New York City.....	"	Add 18	Milwaukee, Wis.....	"	" 8
Buffalo, N. Y.....	"	" 2	La Crosse.....	"	Add 5
Ogdensburg.....	"	Sub. 5	Superior City, ".....	"	" 8
Albany.....	"	Add 1	Janesville.....	"	Sub. 4
Utica.....	"	" 5	Keokuk, Iowa.....	"	Add 6
Syracuse.....	"	" 11	Des Moines.....	"	" 14
Rochester.....	"	" 1	Dubuque.....	"	" 3
Philadelphia, Pa.....	"	" 20	Burlington.....	"	" 5
Pittsburg.....	Central.	Sub. 40	St. Paul, Minn.....	"	" 12
Erie.....	Eastern.	Add 7	Duluth.....	"	" 9
Harrisburg.....	"	Sub. 1	Lawrence, Kas.....	"	" 21
Trenton, N. J.....	"	Add 2	Omaha City, Neb.....	"	" 18
Wilmington, Del.....	"	" 6	Wilmington, N. C.....	Eastern.	" 15
Baltimore, Md.....	"	" 10	Raleigh.....	"	" 20
Richmond, Va.....	"	" 5	Charleston, S. C.....	"	" 24
Norfolk.....	"	" 17	Columbia.....	Central.	Sub. 38
Lynchburg.....	"	" 23	Savannah, Ga.....	"	" 11
Wheeling, W. Va.....	"	" 8	Pensacola, Fla.....	"	" 33
Washington, D. C.....	"	" 26	Jacksonville.....	"	" 12
Cleveland, O.....	Central.	Sub. 33	Huntsville, Ala.....	"	" 8
Columbus.....	"	" 23	Mobile.....	"	" 15
Toledo.....	"	" 22	Montgomery.....	"	Add 1
Cincinnati.....	"	" 23	Jackson, Miss.....	"	" 0
Dayton.....	"	" 19	New Orleans, La.....	"	" 15
Fort Wayne, Ind.....	"	" 10	Shreveport.....	"	Sub. 24
Evansville.....	"	" 18	Knoxville, Tenn.....	"	" 13
Indianapolis.....	"	" 10	Nashville.....	"	" 0
Chicago, Ill.....	"	" 3	Memphis.....	"	Add 9
Cairo.....	"	Add 2	Little Rock, Ark.....	"	" 19
Galena.....	"	Sub. 2	Galveston, Tex.....	"	" 31
Springfield.....	"	Add 3	Austin.....	"	" 21
Rock Island.....	"	" 6	Houston.....	"	" 0
Quincy.....	"	Sub. 23	Denver, Col.....	Mountain.	" 29
Lexington, Ky.....	"	" 13	Yankton, S. Dak.....	Central.	" 43
Louisville.....	"	Add 9	Bismarck, N. Dak.....	"	" 21
Jefferson City, Mo.....	"	" 1	San Francisco, N. M.....	Mountain	" 0
St. Louis.....	"	" 1	Ft. Gibson, Cher. Nation	Central.	" 21

To find local time from standard time, reverse the operation.

## Judicial.

## SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Chief Justice—MELVILLE W. FULLER, Illinois, 1888.

Justices—Jno. M. Harlan, Kentucky.....	1877	George Shiras, Jr., Pennsylvania.....	1882
Horace Gray.....	1881	Edward D. White.....	1884
David J. Brewer.....	1889	Rufus W. Peckham.....	1886
Henry B. Brown.....	1890	One Vacancy.....	
Clerk—J. H. McKenney, D. C.....	1880.		
Salaries: Chief Justice, \$10,500;		Justices, \$10,000; Clerk, \$6,000.	
Marshal—J. M. Wright, Kentucky.....	\$3,500	Reporter—J. C. B. Davis, New York.....	\$4,500

## UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURTS OF APPEALS.

FIRST CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice Horace Gray; Circuit Judges, Le Baron B. Colt, W. L. Putnam; District Judges, Thomas L. Nelson, Nathan Webb, Arthur L. Brown, Edgar Aldrich. Clerk—J. G. Stearns, Boston, Mass.

SECOND CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice Rufus W. Peckham; Circuit Judges, William J. Wallace, E. H. Lacombe, Nathaniel Shipman; District Judges, Hoyt H. Wheeler, W. K. Townsend, A. C. Cox, Asa W. Tenny, Addison Brown. Clerk—J. A. Shields, New York city.

THIRD CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice George Shiras, Jr.; Circuit Judges, M. W. Acheson, C. M. Dallas; District Judges, William Butler, Andrew Kirkpatrick, Joseph Buffington, Edward G. Bradford, Clerk—W. V. Williamson, Philadelphia.

FOURTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, Chief Justice United States; Circuit Judges, C. H. Simonton, Nathan Goff; District Judges, John J. Jackson, Thomas R. Furnell, R. P. Dick, W. H. Brawley, T. J. Morris, R. W. Hughes, John Paul. Clerk—E. T. Milroy, Richmond, Va.

FIFTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice E. D. White; Circuit Judges, D. A. Pardee, A. P. McCormick; District Judges, W. T. Newman, Emory Speer, Charles Swayne, J. W. Locke, John Bruce, H. T. Toumin, H. C. Niles, Charles Partango, Aleck Boardman, J. B. Rec-

lor, D. E. Bryant, T. S. Maxey. Clerk—James M. McKee, New Orleans, La.

SIXTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice John M. Harlan; Circuit Judges, W. H. Taft, H. H. Lurton; District Judges, G. R. Sage, A. J. Ricks, H. H. Swan, H. F. Severens, J. W. Barr, E. S. Hammond, C. D. Clark. Clerk—W. S. Harsha, Cincinnati, O.

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice H. B. Brown; Circuit Judges, W. A. Woods, J. G. Jenkins, J. W. Showalter; District Judges, P. S. Grosscup, J. H. Baker, W. J. Allen, W. H. Seaman, R. Bunn. Clerk—O. T. Morton, Chicago, Ill.

EIGHTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice D. J. Brewer; Circuit Judges, H. C. Caldwell, W. H. Sanborn, A. M. Thayer; District Judges, Wm. H. Munger, O. P. Shiras, J. S. Woolson, Wm. Lochren, J. F. Phillips, J. A. Williams, Moses Hallett, C. G. Foster, J. A. Riner, Elmer B. Adams, John H. Rogers, Chas. F. Amidon, John E. Carland, Jno. A. Marshall. Clerk—J. D. Jordan, St. Louis, Mo.

NINTH CIRCUIT.—Vacant; Judges—Circuit Judges, E. M. Ross, William B. Gilbert, W. W. Morrow; District Judges, James H. Beatty, J. J. DeHaven, C. P. Billinger, T. P. Hawley, O. Wellborn, Hiram Knowles, C. H. Hanford. Clerk—F. D. Monckton, San Francisco.

## CIRCUIT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

(Salaries of Circuit Judges, \$6,000 each.)

FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Gray, Boston, Mass. Districts of Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island. Circuit Judges—Le Baron B. Colt, Bristol, R. I., July 3, 1884; W. L. Putnam, Portland, Me., March 17, 1892.

SECOND JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Peckham, Districts of Vermont, Connecticut, New York. Circuit Judges—Wm. J. Wallace, Syracuse, N. Y., April 6, 1882; E. H. Lacombe, New York, May 21, 1887; Nathaniel Shipman, Hartford, Conn., March 17, 1892.

THIRD JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Shiras, Pittsburgh, Pa. Districts of New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware. Circuit Judges—Marcus W. Acheson, Pittsburgh, Pa., Feb. 3, 1881; George M. Dallas, Philadelphia, Pa., March 17, 1892.

FOURTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Chief Justice Fuller, Washington, D. C. Districts of Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina. Circuit Judges—C. H. Simonton, Charleston, S. C., Dec. 8, 1883; Nathan Goff, Clarksville, W. Va., March 17, 1892.

FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice White, Districts of Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas. Circuit Judges—Don A. Pardee, New Orleans, La.,

May 13, 1881; A. P. McCormick, Dallas, Tex., March 17, 1892.

SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Harlan, Districts of Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky, Tennessee. Circuit Judges—W. H. Taft, Cincinnati, O.; H. H. Lurton, Clarksville, Tenn., March 27, 1893.

SEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Brown, Chicago, Ill. Districts of Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin. Circuit Judges—W. A. Woods, Indianapolis, Ind., March 17, 1892; J. G. Jenkins, Milwaukee, Wis., March 23, 1893; J. W. Showalter, Chicago, Ill., March 1, 1895.

EIGHTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Brewer, Leavenworth, Kas. Districts of Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wyoming, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Utah. Circuit Judges—W. H. Sanborn, St. Paul, Minn., March 17, 1892; H. C. Caldwell, Little Rock, Ark., March 4, 1890; Amos M. Thayer, St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 9, 1894.

NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Vacant. Districts of California, Montana, Washington, Idaho, Oregon, Nevada. Circuit Judges—E. M. Ross, Los Angeles, Cal., 1896; W. B. Gilbert, Portland, Ore., March 18, 1892; Wm. W. Morrow, San Francisco, Cal., May 20, 1897.

## UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.

(Salaries of judges, \$4,500 each.)

Chief Justice—C. C. NOTT, New York, 1863.

Judges—Lawrence Weidon, Illinois.....	1883	S. J. Peelle.....	Indiana.....	1892
John Davis.....	Dis. Columbia 1885	C. B. Howry.....	Mississippi.....	1897

Chief Clerk—Archibald Hopkins, Massachusetts, 1873, \$3,000.

## JUDGES OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURTS.

(Salaries, \$5,000 each.)

DISTRICTS.	Name.	Residence.	Date of commission.
ALABAMA—Northern and Middle Districts.	John Bruce	Montgomery	Feb. 27, 1875
Southern District.	H. T. Toulmin	Mobile	Jan. 13, 1887
ALASKA	Charles S. Johnson	Sitka	July 28, 1897
ARKANSAS—Eastern District.	John A. Williams	Little Rock	Sept. 22, 1890
Western District.	John H. Rogers	Fort Smith	Nov. 27, 1894
ARIZONA	Frank C. Truesdale	Phoenix	July 5, 1897
CALIFORNIA—Northern District.	John J. De Haven	San Francisco	Mar. 1, 1897
Southern District.	Olta Wellborn	Los Angeles	Mar. 1, 1895
COLORADO	Moses Hallett	Denver	Jan. 12, 1877
CONNECTICUT	W. K. Townsend	New Haven	Mar. 28, 1892
DELAWARE	Edward G. Bradford	Wilmington	May 21, 1897
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	E. F. Bingham	Washington	April 22, 1887
FLORIDA—Northern District.	Charles Swayne	Jacksonville	April 1, 1890
Southern District.	James W. Locke	Key West	Feb. 1, 1872
GEORGIA—Northern District.	Wm. T. Newman	Atlanta	Aug. 13, 1884
Southern District.	Emory Speer	Savannah	Feb. 18, 1885
IDaho	James H. Beatty	Hailey	Feb. 4, 1892
ILLINOIS—Northern District	P. S. Grosscup	Chicago	Dec. 30, 1892
Southern District	Wm. J. Allen	Springfield	April 18, 1887
INDIANA	John H. Baker	Goshen	Mar. 29, 1892
INDIAN TERRITORY—Northern Dist.	W. M. Springer	Muscogee	Dec. 12, 1895
Middle District.	Wm. H. H. Clayton	South McAlester	May 18, 1897
Southern District.	Hosea Townsend	Ardmore	Sept. 30, 1897
Additional Judge.	John R. Thomas		July 1, 1897
IOWA—Northern District.	Oliver P. Shiras	Dubuque	Aug. 14, 1882
Southern District.	John S. Woolson	Mount Pleasant	Jan. 11, 1892
KANSAS	Cassius G. Foster	Topeka	Mar. 10, 1874
KENTUCKY	John W. Barr	Louisville	April 16, 1880
LOUISIANA—Northern District.	C. Parlange	New Orleans	Jan. 15, 1894
Western District.	Aleck Boudreau	Shreveport	May 18, 1881
MAINE	Sathan Webb	Portland	Jan. 24, 1882
MARYLAND	Thomas J. Morris	Baltimore	July 1, 1879
MASSACHUSETTS	Thomas L. Nelson	Worcester	Jan. 10, 1879
MICHIGAN—Eastern District.	Henry H. Swan	Detroit	Jan. 9, 1891
Western District.	Henry F. Severens	Kalamazoo	May 25, 1886
MINNESOTA	William Lochren	St. Paul	May 18, 1896
MISSISSIPPI—Two Districts.	Henry C. Niles	Kosciusko	Aug. 11, 1892
MISSOURI—Eastern District.	E. B. Adams	St. Louis	May 17, 1895
Western District.	John F. Phillips	Kansas City	June 25, 1888
MONTANA	Hiram Knowles	Celena	Feb. 21, 1890
NEBRASKA	Wm. H. Munger	Omaha	Feb. 18, 1897
NEVADA	Thomas P. Hawley	Carson City	Sept. 9, 1900
NEW HAMPSHIRE	Edgar Aldrich	Littleton	Feb. 20, 1891
NEW JERSEY	Andrew Kirkpatrick	Trenton	Nov. 20, 1896
NEW MEXICO	Thomas Smith	Las Vegas	Oct. 5, 1893
NEW YORK—Northern District.	Alfred C. Cox	Utica	May 4, 1882
Southern District.	Addison Brown	New York city	June 2, 1881
NORTH CAROLINA—Eastern District.	Aaa W. Tenney	Brooklyn	July 8, 1897
Western District.	Thomas H. Furnell	Raleigh	May 5, 1897
NORTH DAKOTA	Robert P. Dick	Greensboro	June 7, 1872
OHIO—Northern District.	Charles F. Amidon	Fargo	Feb. 18, 1897
Southern District.	A. J. Ricks	Cleveland	Jan. 16, 1890
OKLAHOMA	George R. Sage	Lebanon	Mar. 20, 1883
OREGON	Frank Dale	Guthrie	Sept. 12, 1898
PENNSYLVANIA—Eastern District.	Charles B. Bellinger	Portland	April 15, 1896
Western District.	William Butler	West Chester	Feb. 19, 1879
RHODE ISLAND	Joseph Buffington	Pittsburg	Feb. 23, 1892
SOUTH CAROLINA	Arthur L. Brown	Providence	Dec. 15, 1896
SOUTH DAKOTA	W. A. Brawley	Charleston	Jan. 18, 1894
TEXAS—Eastern District.	John E. Carland	Sioux Falls	Aug. 31, 1896
Western District.	Charles D. Clark	Chattanooga	Jan. 21, 1895
TEXAS—Eastern District.	Ell S. Hammond	Memphis	June 17, 1878
Western District.	David E. Bryant	Sherman	May 27, 1890
UTAH	Thomas M. Maxey	Austin	June 25, 1888
VERMONT	John B. Rector	Dallas	Mar. 17, 1892
VIRGINIA—Eastern District.	John A. Marshall	Salt Lake City	Feb. 4, 1896
Western District.	Hayt H. Wheeler	Brattleboro	Mar. 16, 1877
WASHINGTON	Robert W. Hughes	Norfolk	Jan. 14, 1874
WEST VIRGINIA	John Paul	Harrisonburg	Mar. 3, 1883
WISCONSIN—Eastern District.	C. H. Hanford	Seattle	Feb. 25, 1890
Western District.	John J. Jackson	Parkersburg	Aug. 3, 1891
WYOMING	W. H. Seaman	Sheboygan	April 3, 1897
	Romano Bunn	Madison	Oct. 30, 1877
	John A. Riner	Cheyenne	Sept. 22, 1890

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

DISTRICTS.	NAME.	Residence.
ALABAMA—Northern District.....	Wm. Vaughan.....	Birmingham.
Middle District.....	Warren S. Reese.....	Montgomery.
Southern District.....	Morris D. Wickersham.....	Mobile.
ARKANSAS—Eastern District.....	Jacob Trieber.....	Little Rock.
Western District.....	Barton E. Bennett.....	Fort Smith.
ALASKA.....	Thomas H. Barnes.....	Sitka.
ARIZONA.....	Everett E. Ellinwood.....	Phoenix.
CALIFORNIA—Northern District.....	Henry S. Foote.....	San Francisco.
Southern District.....	Frank P. Flint.....	Los Angeles.
COLORADO.....	Greeley W. Whitford.....	Denver.
CONNECTICUT.....	Charles W. Comstock.....	Hartford.
DELAWARE.....	Lewis C. Vandersgriff.....	Wilmington.
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.....	Henry E. Davis.....	Washington.
FLORIDA—Northern District.....	J. E. Wolfe.....	Pensacola.
Southern District.....	Joel N. Stripling.....	Jacksonville.
GEORGIA—Northern District.....	Edgar A. Angier.....	Atlanta.
Southern District.....	Marion Erwin.....	Augusta.
IDAHO.....	James H. Forney.....	Moscow.
ILLINOIS—Northern District.....	John C. Black.....	Chicago.
Southern District.....	J. Otis Humphrey.....	Springfield.
INDIANA.....	Albert W. Wishard.....	Indianapolis.
INDIAN TERRITORY—Northern District.....	Pliny L. Soper.....	Muscogee.
Central District.....	John H. Wilkins.....	South McAlester.
Southern District.....	William B. Johnson.....	Admore.
IOWA—Northern District.....	Cato Sells.....	Vinton.
Southern District.....	Charles D. Fuller.....	Fairfield.
KANSAS.....	Isaac E. Lambert.....	Topeka.
KENTUCKY.....	William M. Smith.....	Louisville.
LOUISIANA—Eastern District.....	J. Ward Gurley, Jr.....	New Orleans.
Western District.....	C. W. Seals.....	Shreveport.
MAINE.....	Albert W. Bradbury.....	Portland.
MARYLAND.....	William L. Marbury.....	Baltimore.
MASSACHUSETTS.....	Boyd B. Jones.....	Waltham.
MICHIGAN—Eastern District.....	Alfred P. Lyon.....	West Bay City.
Western District.....	John Power.....	Grand Rapids.
MINNESOTA.....	E. C. Slinger.....	St. Paul.
MISSISSIPPI—Northern District.....	Mack A. Montgomery.....	Kosciusko.
Southern District.....	Alfred M. Lee.....	Vicksburg.
MISSOURI—Eastern District.....	William H. Clepton.....	St. Louis.
Western District.....	John B. Walker.....	Kansas City.
MONTANA.....	Frederic H. Leslie.....	Helena.
NEBRASKA.....	A. J. Sawyer.....	Lincoln.
NEVADA.....	Charles Allen Jones.....	Carson City.
NEW HAMPSHIRE.....	O. E. Brauch.....	Manchester.
NEW JERSEY.....	J. Kearny Rice.....	New Brunswick.
NEW MEXICO.....	William B. Childers.....	Santa Fe.
NEW YORK—Northern District.....	Emory P. Close.....	Oswego.
Southern District.....	Wallace McFarlane.....	New York City.
Eastern District.....	J. L. Bennett.....	Brooklyn.
NORTH CAROLINA—Eastern District.....	Charles B. Aycock.....	Goldboro.
Western District.....	Alfred E. Holton.....	Greensboro.
NORTH DAKOTA.....	T. R. Banks.....	Grand Forks.
OHIO—Northern District.....	Samuel D. Dodge.....	Cleveland.
Southern District.....	Harlan Cleveland.....	Cincinnati.
OKLAHOMA.....	Caleb R. Brooks.....	Guthrie.
OREGON.....	Daniel R. Murphy.....	Portland.
PENNSYLVANIA—Eastern District.....	James M. Rock.....	Philadelphia.
Western District.....	Daniel B. Helmer.....	Pittsburg.
RHODE ISLAND.....	Charles A. Wilson.....	Providence.
SOUTH CAROLINA.....	Abial Lathrop.....	Charleston.
SOUTH DAKOTA.....	James B. Elliott.....	Elk Point.
TENNESSEE—Eastern District.....	William D. Wright.....	Chattanooga.
Middle District.....	Tully Brown.....	Nashville.
Western District.....	Charles B. Simonton.....	Memphis.
TEXAS—Eastern District.....	Sinclair Tallaferra.....	Houston.
Northern District.....	W. O. Hamilton.....	Comanche.
Western District.....	Robert E. Culberson.....	San Antonio.
UTAH.....	John W. Judd.....	Salt Lake City.
VERMONT.....	John H. Senter.....	Montpelier.
VIRGINIA—Eastern District.....	William H. White.....	Norfolk.
Western District.....	A. J. Montague.....	Danville.
WASHINGTON.....	W. R. Gay.....	Seattle.
WEST VIRGINIA.....	Joseph H. Gaines.....	Charleston.
WISCONSIN—Eastern District.....	Milton C. Phillips.....	Milwaukee.
Western District.....	Harry E. Briggs.....	Madison.
WYOMING.....	Gibson Clark.....	Cheyenne.

## UNITED STATES MARSHALS.

DISTRICTS.	Name.	Residence.
ALABAMA—Northern District.....	D. N. Cooper.....	Birmingham.
Middle District.....	Leander J. Bryan.....	Montgomery.
Southern District.....	Frank Simmons.....	Mobile.
ARKANSAS—Eastern District.....	Henry M. Cooper.....	Little Rock.
Western District.....	Solomon F. Stahl.....	Fort Smith.
ALASKA.....	James M. Shoup.....	Sitka.
ARIZONA.....	William M. Griffith.....	Tucson.
CALIFORNIA—Northern District.....	Barry Baldwin.....	San Francisco.
Southern District.....	Nicholas A. Covarrubias.....	Los Angeles.
COLORADO.....	John A. Israel.....	Denver.
CONNECTICUT.....	Richard C. Morris.....	New London.
DELAWARE.....	John C. Short.....	Wilmington.
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.....	Albert A. Wilson.....	Washington.
FLORIDA—Northern District.....	Samuel Puleston.....	Monticello.
Southern District.....	James McKay.....	Jacksonville.
GEORGIA—Northern District.....	Walter H. Johnson.....	Atlanta.
Southern District.....	John M. Barnes.....	Macon.
IDAHO.....	James I. Crutchler.....	Boise City.
ILLINOIS—Northern District.....	John W. Arnold.....	Chicago.
Southern District.....	Charles P. Hitch.....	Springfield.
INDIANA.....	Samuel E. Kercheval.....	Indianapolis.
INDIAN TERRITORY—Northern District.....	Leo E. Bennett.....	Muscogee.
Central District.....	Jasper P. Grady.....	Sout McAlester.
Southern District.....	John S. Hammer.....	Okmore.
IOWA—Northern District.....	William M. Desmond.....	Dubuque.
Southern District.....	Frank P. Bradley.....	Council Bluffs.
KANSAS.....	Shaw F. Neely.....	Topeka.
KENTUCKY.....	A. D. James.....	Louisville.
LOUISIANA—Eastern District.....	J. V. Guillotte.....	New Orleans.
Western District.....	James M. Martin.....	Shreveport.
MAINE.....	John B. Donovan.....	Portland.
MARYLAND.....	Charles H. Evans.....	Baltimore.
MASSACHUSETTS.....	Henry W. Swift.....	Boston.
MICHIGAN—Eastern District.....	Eugene D. Winney.....	Detroit.
Western District.....	Charles E. Pratt.....	Grand Rapids.
MINNESOTA.....	Richard T. O'Connor.....	St. Paul.
MISSISSIPPI—Northern District.....	Alexander J. Cooke.....	Oxford.
Southern District.....	Frederick W. Collins.....	Jackson.
MISSOURI—Eastern District.....	John E. Lynch.....	St. Louis.
Western District.....	Giles Y. Crenshaw.....	Kansas City.
MONTANA.....	William McDermott.....	Helena.
NEBRASKA.....	George H. Thummel.....	Hastings.
NEVADA.....	G. M. Humphrey.....	Carson City.
NEW HAMPSHIRE.....	Clark Campbell.....	Concord.
NEW JERSEY.....	Thomas J. Alcott.....	Trenton.
NEW MEXICO.....	Crelighton M. Foraker.....	Santa Fe.
NEW YORK—Northern District.....	F. C. Peck.....	Rochester.
Southern District.....	John H. McCarthy.....	New York City.
Eastern District.....	H. Y. Hayden.....	Brooklyn.
NORTH CAROLINA—Eastern District.....	O. J. Carroll.....	Raleigh.
Western District.....	M. Millikan.....	Greensboro.
NORTH DAKOTA.....	Joseph E. Cronan.....	Fargo.
OHIO—Northern District.....	Matthias A. Smalley.....	Cleveland.
Southern District.....	Michael Devanney.....	Cincinnati.
OKLAHOMA.....	K. H. Thompson.....	Guthrie.
OREGON.....	Henry C. Grady.....	Portland.
PENNSYLVANIA—Eastern District.....	James B. Kelly.....	Philadelphia.
Western District.....	John W. Walker.....	Pittsburg.
RHODE ISLAND.....	James S. McCabe.....	Providence.
SOUTH CAROLINA.....	John P. Hunter.....	Charleston.
SOUTH DAKOTA.....	Edward G. Kennedy.....	Sioux Falls.
TENNESSEE—Eastern District.....	Richard W. Austin.....	Knoxville.
Middle District.....	J. N. McKenzie.....	Nashville.
Western District.....	Joseph A. Manson.....	Memphis.
TEXAS—Eastern District.....	J. Shelby Williams.....	Paris.
Northern District.....	Robert M. Love.....	Dallas.
Western District.....	R. C. Ware.....	San Antonio.
UTAH.....	Glen Miller.....	Salt Lake City.
VERMONT.....	Emery S. Harris.....	Rutland.
VIRGINIA—Eastern District.....	John M. Hudgin.....	Richmond.
Western District.....	George W. Levi.....	Berryville.
WASHINGTON.....	Clarence W. Ide.....	Tacoma.
WEST VIRGINIA.....	John K. Thompson.....	Parkersburg.
WISCONSIN—Eastern District.....	George W. Pratt.....	Milwaukee.
Western District.....	William H. Canon.....	Madison.
WYOMING.....	John A. McDermott.....	Cheyenne.

## Fifty-fifth Congress.

From March 4, 1897, to March 3, 1899.

## SENATE.

Republicans, 53; Democrats, 31; PEOPLE'S PARTY, 6.

G. A. Hobart (N. J.), vice-president, presiding.  
W. P. Frye, Me., president pro tem.

## ALABAMA.

John T. Morgan.....Selma.....1901  
Edmund W. Pettus.....Selma.....1903

## ARKANSAS.

James H. Berry.....Bentonville.....1901  
James K. Jones.....Washington.....1903

## CALIFORNIA.

Stephen M. White.....Los Angeles.....1899  
Geo. C. Perkins.....San Francisco.....1903

## COLORADO.

Edward O. Wolcott.....Denver.....1901  
Henry M. Teller.....Central City.....1903

## CONNECTICUT.

Joseph R. Hawley.....Hartford.....1899  
Orville H. Platt.....Meriden.....1903

## DELAWARE.

Richard R. Kenney.....Dover.....1901  
George Gray.....New Castle.....1899

## FLORIDA.

Samuel Pasco.....Monticello.....1899  
Stephen R. Mallory.....Pensacola.....1903

## GEORGIA.

Augustus O. Bacon.....Macon.....1901  
Alexander S. Clay.....Marietta.....1903

## IDAHO.

George L. Shoup.....Salmon City.....1901  
HENRY HUITFELD.....Lewiston.....1903

## ILLINOIS.

Shelby M. Cullom.....Springfield.....1901  
William E. Mason.....Chicago.....1903

## INDIANA.

David S. Turple.....Indianapolis.....1899  
Charles W. Fairbanks.....Indianapolis.....1903

## IOWA.

John H. Gear.....Burlington.....1901  
William B. Allison.....Dubuque.....1897

## KANSAS.

Lucien Baker.....Leavenworth.....1901  
WILLIAM A. HARRIS.....Linwood.....1903

## KENTUCKY.

William Lindsay.....Frankfort.....1901  
William J. Deboe.....Frankfort.....1903

## LOUISIANA.

Donelson Caffery.....Franklin.....1901  
Samuel D. McEnery.....New Orleans.....1903

## MAINE.

William P. Frye.....Lewiston.....1901  
Eugene Hale.....Ellsworth.....1899

## MARYLAND.

Arthur P. Gorman.....Laurel.....1899  
George L. Washington.....Cumberland.....1903

## MASSACHUSETTS.

George F. Hoar.....Worcester.....1901  
Henry C. Lodge.....Nahant.....1899

## MICHIGAN.

James McMillan.....Detroit.....1901  
Justin C. Burrows.....Kalamazoo.....1899

## MINNESOTA.

Knute Nelson.....Alexandria.....1901  
Cushman K. Davis.....St. Paul.....1899

## MISSISSIPPI.

Edward C. Walthall.....Grenada.....1901  
James Z. George.....Carrollton.....1899

## MISSOURI.

Francis M. Cockrell.....Warrensburg.....1899  
George G. Vest.....Kansas City.....1903

## MONTANA.

Thomas H. Carter.....Helena.....1901  
Lee Mantle.....Butte.....1899

## NEBRASKA.

John M. Thurston.....Omaha.....1901  
WILLIAM V. ALLEN.....Madison.....1899

## NEVADA.

WILLIAM M. STEWART.....Carson City.....1899  
JOHN P. JONES.....Gold Hill.....1901

## NEW HAMPSHIRE.

William E. Chandler.....Concord.....1901  
Jacob H. Gallinger.....Concord.....1903

## NEW JERSEY.

William J. Sewell.....Camden.....1901  
James Smith, Jr.....Newark.....1899

## NEW YORK.

Edward Murphy, Jr.....Troy.....1899  
Thomas C. Platt.....Owego.....1901

## NORTH CAROLINA.

MARION BUTLER.....Raleigh.....1901  
John C. Pritchard.....Marshall.....1903

## NORTH DAKOTA.

William N. Roach.....Larimore.....1899  
Henry C. Hunsbrough.....Devil's Lake.....1901

## OHIO.

Marcus A. Hanna.....Cleveland.....1899  
Joseph B. Foraker.....Columbus.....1901

## OREGON.

George W. McBride.....Portland.....1901  
Henry W. Corbett.....Portland.....1903

## PENNSYLVANIA.

Matthew S. Quay.....Beaver.....1899  
Bules Penrose.....Philadelphia.....1901

## RHODE ISLAND.

George P. Wetmore.....Newport.....1901  
Nelson W. Aldrich.....Providence.....1899

## SOUTH CAROLINA.

Benjamin R. Tillman.....Trenton.....1901  
John L. McLaurin.....Bennettsville.....1903

## SOUTH DAKOTA.

Richard F. Pettigrew.....Sioux Falls.....1901  
James H. Kyle.....Aberdeen.....1903

## TENNESSEE.

Thomas B. Turley.....Memphis.....1901  
William B. Bate.....Nashville.....1899

## TEXAS.

Horace R. Chilton.....Tyler.....1901  
Roger Q. Mills.....Corsicana.....1899

## UTAH.

Frank G. Cannon.....Ogden.....1899  
Joseph L. Rawlins.....Salt Lake City.....1901

## VERMONT.

Redfield Proctor.....Proctor.....1901  
Justin S. Morrill.....Strafford.....1899

## VIRGINIA.

Thomas S. Martin.....Scottsville.....1901  
John W. Daniel.....Lynchburg.....1899

## WASHINGTON.

John L. Wilson.....Spokane.....1901  
Geo. F. Turner.....Spokane.....1899

## WEST VIRGINIA.

Stephen B. Elkins.....Elkins.....1901  
Charles J. Faulkner.....Martinsburg.....1899

## WISCONSIN.

John L. Mitchell.....Milwaukee.....1901  
John C. Spooner.....Hudson.....1899

## WYOMING.

Francis E. Warren.....Cheyenne.....1901  
Clarence D. Clark.....Evanston.....1903

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Republicans (in italics), 204; democrats (in roman), 123; populists (in SMALL CAPS), 27; liveries (in CAPS), 3. Whole number, 357. Those marked \* served in the LIVth congress. Those marked † served in a previous house.

Speaker—Thomas B. Reed...Maine.

## ALABAMA.

1. Geo. W. Taylor.....Demopolis.
2. Jesse F. Stallings\*.....Greenville.
3. Henry D. Clayton.....Eufaula.
4. Thos. S. Plowman.....Talladega.
5. Willis Brewer.....Hayneville.
6. John H. Bankhead\*.....Fayette.
7. MILFORD W. HOWARD.....Fort Payne.
8. Joseph Wheeler\*.....Wheeler.
9. Oscar W. Underwood.....Birmingham.

## ARKANSAS.

1. Philip D. McCulloch, Jr.\*.....Marianna.
2. John S. Little.....Greenwood.
3. Thomas C. McRae\*.....Prescott.
4. William L. Terry.....Little Rock.
5. Hugh A. Dismore\*.....Fayetteville.
6. S. Brundrige, Jr.....Searcy.

## CALIFORNIA.

1. John A. Barham\*.....Sonoma.
2. Marlon DeVries.....Stockton.
3. Samuel G. Hilborn\*.....Oakland.
4. James G. Maguire\*.....San Francisco.
5. Eugene F. Loud\*.....San Francisco.
6. C. A. BARLOW.....San Luis Obispo.
7. G. H. CASTLE.....Merced.

## COLORADO.

1. JOHN F. SHAFROTH\*.....Denver.
2. JOHN C. BELL\*.....Montrose.

## CONNECTICUT.

1. E. Stevens Henry\*.....Rockville.
2. Nehemiah D. Sperry\*.....New Haven.
3. Charles A. Russell\*.....Killingly.
4. Ebenezer J. Hill\*.....Norwalk.

## DELAWARE.

1. L. I. Handy.....Newark.

## FLORIDA.

1. Stephen M. Sparkman\*.....Tampa.
2. R. W. Davis.....Palatka.

## GEORGIA.

1. Rufus E. Lester\*.....Savannah.
2. James M. Griggs.....Dawson.
3. E. B. Lewis.....Montezuma.
4. W. C. Adamson.....Carrollton.
5. Leonidas F. Livingston\*.....Kings.
6. Charles L. Bartlett.....Macon.
7. John W. Medlock\*.....Rome.
8. William M. Howard.....Lexington.
9. Furlish Carter Tate\*.....Jasper.
10. W. H. Fleming.....Augusta.
11. W. G. Brantley.....Brunswick.

## IDAHO.

1. JAMES GUNN.....Boise City.

## ILLINOIS.

1. James H. Mann.....Chicago.
2. Win. Lorimer\*.....Chicago.
3. Hugh R. Holcomb\*.....Chicago.
4. Daniel W. Mills.....Chicago.
5. George B. White\*.....Chicago.
6. Henry S. Boudell.....Chicago.
7. George E. Puse\*.....Chicago.
8. Albert J. Hopkins\*.....Aurora.
9. Robert R. Hitt\*.....Mount Morris.
10. George W. Prince.....Galesburg.
11. Walter Reener\*.....Streator.
12. Joseph G. Cannon\*.....Danville.
13. Vespasian Warner\*.....Clinton.
14. Joseph V. Graff\*.....Pekin.
15. Benjamin F. Moris\*.....Warsaw.
16. W. H. Hinrichsen.....Jacksonville.
17. James A. Connolly\*.....Springfield.
18. THOMAS M. JETT.....Hillsboro.

19. Andrew J. Hunter.....Paris.
20. James R. Campbell.....McLeansboro.
21. JEHU BAKER.....Belleville.
22. George W. Smith\*.....Murphysboro.

## INDIANA.

1. James A. Hemenway\*.....Boonville.
2. Robert W. Miers.....Bloomington.
3. T. W. Zenor.....Corydon.
4. Francis M. Griffith.....Vevay.
5. George W. Farris\*.....Terre Haute.
6. Henry U. Johnson\*.....Richmond.
7. Jesse Overstreet\*.....Franklin.
8. Charles L. Henry.....Anderson.
9. Charles B. Landis.....Delphi.
10. E. D. Crumpacker.....Valparaiso.
11. George W. Steele\*.....Marion.
12. James M. Robinson.....Ft. Wayne.
13. Lewis W. Royce\*.....Warsaw.

## IOWA.

1. Samuel M. Clark\*.....Keokuk.
2. George M. Curtis\*.....Clinton.
3. David B. Henderson\*.....Dubuque.
4. Thomas Updegraff\*.....McGregor.
5. Robert G. Cousins\*.....Tipton.
6. John F. Lacey\*.....Oakaloosa.
7. John A. T. Hull\*.....Des Moines.
8. William F. Hepburn\*.....Clarinda.
9. A. L. Euger\*.....Greenfield.
10. Jonathan P. Dolliver\*.....Fort Dodge.
11. George D. Perkins\*.....Sioux City.

## KANSAS.

- At Large—JERE D. BOTKIN.....Winfield.
1. Cass Bricker\*.....Holton.
2. M. S. PETERS.....Kansas City.
3. E. B. RIDGELY.....Pittsburg.
4. Charles Curtis\*.....Topeka.
5. W. D. Vincent.....Clay Center.
6. N. B. MCCORMICK.....Phillipsburg.
7. JERRY SIMPSON.....Medicine L'ge.

## KENTUCKY.

1. Charles K. Wheeler.....Paducah.
2. John D. Clardy\*.....Newstead.
3. John S. Rhea.....Russellville.
4. David H. Smith.....Hodgenville.
5. Walter Evans\*.....Louisville.
6. Albert S. Berry\*.....Newport.
7. Evan E. Settle.....Owenton.
8. George M. Davison.....Stanford.
9. Samuel J. Pugh\*.....Vanceburg.
10. Thomas Y. Fitzpatrick.....Prestonburg.
11. David G. Colson.....Middleboro.

## LOUISIANA.

1. Adolph Meyer\*.....New Orleans.
2. Robert C. Davey.....New Orleans.
3. Robert Broussard.....New Iberia.
4. Henry W. Ogden.....Benton.
5. S. T. Baird.....Bastrop.
6. Samuel M. Robertson\*.....Baton Rouge.

## MAINE.

1. Thomas B. Reed\*.....Portland.
2. Nelson Dingley, Jr.\*.....Lewiston.
3. Edwin C. Burleigh.....Augusta.
4. Charles A. Boutelle\*.....Bangor.

## MARYLAND.

1. Isaac A. Barber.....Easton.
2. William B. Baker\*.....Aberdeen.
3. William S. Booz.....Baltimore.
4. William W. McIntire.....Baltimore.
5. Sidney E. Mudd,†.....Laplace.
6. John McDonald.....Rockville.

## MASSACHUSETTS.

1. George P. Lawrence.....North Adams.
2. Frederick H. Gillet\*.....Springfield.
3. Joseph Henry Walker\*.....Worcester.

4. Geo. W. Weymouth..... Fitchburg.
5. William S. Knox..... Lawrence.
6. William H. Moody..... Haverhill.
7. Willard B. Barrett..... Melrose.
8. Samuel W. McCall..... Winchester.
9. John F. Fitzgerald..... Boston.
10. S. J. Barrows..... Boston.
11. Charles F. Sprague..... Boston.
12. William C. Loring..... Taunton.
13. John Simpkins..... Yarmouth.

## MICHIGAN.

1. John B. Corlies..... Detroit.
2. George Spalding..... Monroe.
3. ALBERT M. TOND..... Kalamazoo.
4. Edward L. Hamilton..... Niles.
5. Wm. Alden Smith..... Grand Rapids.
6. Samuel W. Smith..... Pontiac.
7. Horace G. Shover..... Port Austin.
8. F. D. Bruckner..... Saginaw.
9. Rowell P. Bishop..... Ludington.
10. Thomas D. Crump..... Bay City.
11. William I. Mack..... Marcellona.
12. Carlos D. Sheldon..... Houghton.

## MINNESOTA.

1. James A. Twiney..... Winona.
2. James T. McCleary..... Mankato.
3. Joel P. Heatwole..... Northfield.
4. F. C. Stevens..... St. Paul.
5. Loren Fletcher..... Minneapolis.
6. Page Morris..... Duluth.
7. Frank M. Eddy..... Glenwood.

## MISSISSIPPI.

1. John M. Allen..... Tupelo.
2. W. V. Sullivan..... Oxford.
3. Thomas C. Catchings..... Vicksburg.
4. Andrew F. Fox..... West Point.
5. John S. Williams..... Yazoo City.
6. C. W. V. Love..... Gloster.
7. Patrick Henry..... Brandon.

## MISSOURI.

1. James T. Lloyd..... Shelbyville.
2. Robert N. Bodine..... Paris.
3. Alexander M. Buckner..... Galatin.
4. Charles F. Cochran..... St. Joseph.
5. William S. Cowhard..... Kansas City.
6. David A. De Armand..... Butler.
7. James A. Cooney..... Marshall.
8. Richard P. Blamit..... Lebanon.
9. Chas. Clark..... Bowling Green.
10. Richard Burtholdt..... St. Louis.
11. Charles F. Jay..... St. Louis.
12. Charles E. Pearce..... St. Louis.
13. Edward A. Robt..... Perryville.
14. William D. Vandiver..... Cape Girardeau.
15. M. E. Benton..... Neosho.

## MONTANA.

CHARLES S. HARTMAN..... Bozeman.

## NEBRASKA.

1. Jesse B. Strode..... Lincoln.
2. David H. Mercer..... Omaha.
3. SAMUEL MAXWELL..... Fremont.
4. WILLIAM L. STARK..... Aurora.
5. J. D. SUTHERLAND..... Nelson.
6. WILLIAM L. GREEN..... Kearney.

## NEVADA.

F. G. NEWLANDS..... Reno.

## NEW HAMPSHIRE.

1. Cyrus A. Sulloway..... Manchester.
2. Frank G. Clark..... Peterboro.

## NEW JERSEY.

1. Henry C. Loudenslager..... Paulsboro.
2. John J. Gardner..... Atlantic City.
3. Benjamin F. Howell..... New Brunswick.
4. Mahlon Pinyon..... Morristown.
5. James F. Stearns..... Paterson.
6. Richard Wayne Parker..... Newark.
7. Thomas McEuan, Jr..... Jersey City.
8. Charles Newell Fowler..... Elizabeth.

## NEW YORK.

1. Joseph M. Belford..... Riverhead.
2. Denis M. Hurley..... Brooklyn.
3. E. H. Briggs..... Brooklyn.
4. Israel F. Fischer..... Brooklyn.
5. Charles G. Bennett..... Brooklyn.
6. James R. Howe..... Brooklyn.
7. John H. G. Vehlslage..... New York city.
8. John M. Mitchell..... New York city.
9. Thomas J. Bradley..... New York city.
10. Amos J. Cummings..... New York city.
11. William Sulzer..... New York city.
12. George B. McClellan..... New York city.
13. Robert C. Shannon..... New York city.
14. Lemuel E. Quigg..... New York city.
15. Philip B. Lou..... New York city.
16. William L. Ward..... Port Chester.
17. Benjamin B. Odell, Jr..... Newburg.
18. John H. Ketcham..... Dover Plains.
19. Aaron V. Cochran..... Hudson.
20. George N. Sou'hwick..... Albany.
21. David Wilbert..... Oneonta.
22. Lucien L. Littauer..... Gloversville.
23. Wallace T. Foote, Jr..... Port Henry.
24. Charles A. Chickering..... Copenhagen.
25. James S. Sherman..... Utica.
26. George W. Ray..... Norwich.
27. James J. Belden..... Syracuse.
28. Sereno E. Payne..... Auburn.
29. Charles W. Gill..... Addison.
30. James W. Wadsworth..... Genesee.
31. Henry C. Breyst..... Rochester.
32. Rowland B. Mahany..... Buffalo.
33. Deatra S. Alexander..... Buffalo.
34. Warren B. Hooker..... Fredonia.

## NORTH CAROLINA.

1. HARRY SKINNER..... Greenville.
2. Geo. H. White..... Tarboro.
3. JOHN E. FOWLER..... Clinton.
4. WILLIAM F. STROUD..... Pittsboro.
5. W. W. Kitchin..... Roxboro.
6. CHARLES H. MARTIN..... Polkton.
7. A. C. SHUFORD..... Albemarle.
8. Romulus Z. Linney..... Taylorsville.
9. Richmond Pearson..... Asheville.

## NORTH DAKOTA.

Martin N. Johnson..... Petersburg.

## OHIO.

1. William B. Shattuck..... Madisonville.
2. Jacob H. Brownwell..... Cincinnati.
3. John L. Bremen..... Dayton.
4. GEO. A. MARSHALL..... Sidney.
5. David Meekison..... Napoleon.
6. Seth W. Brown..... Lebanon.
7. Walter L. Weaver..... Springfield.
8. Archibald Lybrand..... Delaware.
9. James N. Southard..... Toledo.
10. Lucien J. Fenton..... Winchester.
11. Charles H. Grosvenor..... Athens.
12. John J. Lents..... Columbus.
13. James A. Norton..... Tiffin.
14. Winfield S. Kerr..... Mansfield.
15. Henry C. Van Voorhis..... Zanesville.
16. Lorenzo Danford..... St. Clairsville.
17. John A. McDowell..... Millersburg.
18. Robert W. Taylor..... New Lisbon.
19. Stephen A. Northway..... Jefferson.
20. Clifton B. Beach..... Cleveland.
21. Theo. E. Burton..... Cleveland.

## OREGON.

1. Thomas H. Tongue..... Hillsboro.
2. William R. Ellis..... Heppner.

## PENNSYLVANIA.

- At Large—Galusha A. Grow..... Greenwood.
- Samuel A. Davenport..... Erie.
1. Henry H. Brigham..... Philadelphia.
2. Robert Adams, Jr..... Philadelphia.
3. William A. Allen..... Philadelphia.
4. James R. Young..... Philadelphia.
5. Alfred C. Harmer..... Philadelphia.
6. Thomas S. Butler..... West Chester.

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—CONTINUED.

7. Irving P. Wanger	Norristown.
8. William S. Rickpatrick	Easton.
9. David Erimment	Reading.
10. Merriott Bruns	Lancaster.
11. William C. H. H.	Scranton.
12. Morgan R. Williams	Wilkes-Barre.
13. Charles N. Brown	Minersville.
14. Maria E. G. H.	Harrisburg.
15. James H. Coddling	Towanda.
16. Horace H. Packer	Wellsboro.
17. M. H. H. Kulp	Shamokin.
18. Thaddeus M. Mahon	Chambersburg.
19. George J. Bonner	Gettysburg.
20. Joseph D. H. H.	Altoona.
21. E. E. H. H.	Greensburg.
22. John H. H.	Pittsburg.
23. William A. Stone	Allegheny.
24. Ernest K. H.	Washington.
25. J. B. H.	Chicago.
26. J. C. H.	Conneautville.
27. Charles W. Stone	Warren.
28. William C. Arnold	Dubois.

## RHODE ISLAND.

1. Middle Bull	Middletown.
2. Adin B. Capron	Stillwater.

## SOUTH CAROLINA.

1. William Elliott	Beaufort.
2. W. Jasper Talbert	Parksville.
3. Asbury C. Latimer	Belton.
4. J. Stanyarne Wilson	Spartansburg.
5. Thomas J. Stralt	Lancaster.
6. James Norton	
7. J. William Stokes	Orangeburg.

## SOUTH DAKOTA.

At Large—John E. Kelly	Flandreau.
FREEMAN KNOWLES	Deadwood.

## TENNESSEE.

1. Walter P. Brown	Jonesboro.
2. Henry R. Gibson	Knoxville.
3. John A. Moon	Chattanooga.
4. Benton McMillin	Carthage.
5. James D. Richardson	Murfreesboro.
6. John W. Gaines	Nashville.
7. Nicholas N. Cox	Franklin.
8. T. W. Sims	Linden.
9. Rice A. Pierce	Union City.
10. E. W. Carnack	Memphis.

## TEXAS.

1. Thomas H. Ball	Huntsville.
2. Samuel B. Cooper	Woodville.
3. R. C. Graffenreid	Longview.
4. John W. Crawford	Sulphur Springs.
5. Joseph W. Bailey	Gainesville.
6. K. E. Burke	Dallas.

7. R. L. Henry	Waco.
8. S. W. T. Lanham	Weatherford.
9. Jos. D. Sayers	Bastrop.
10. R. B. Hawley	Galveston.
11. Rudolph Kleberg	Cuero.
12. J. L. Slayden	San Antonio.
13. John H. Stephens	Vernon.

## UTAH.

William H. King	Salt Lake City.
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## VERMONT.

1. H. Henry Powers	Morrisville.
2. William W. Groat	Barton.

## VIRGINIA.

1. William A. Jones	Warsaw.
2. William A. Young	Norfolk.
3. John B. Lamb	Richmond.
4. Sidney P. Epps	Blackstone.
5. Claude A. Swanson	Chatham.
6. Peter J. Otey	Lynchburg.
7. James Hay	Madison C. H.
8. J. F. Rixey	Culpeper.
9. James A. Walker	Wytheville.
10. Jacob Yost	Staunton.

## WASHINGTON.

At Large—James H. Lewis	Seattle.
WILLIAM C. JONES	Spokane.

## WEST VIRGINIA.

1. B. B. Doener	Wheeling.
2. Alonzo G. Dayton	Phillip.
3. Charles P. Dorr	Addison.
4. Warren Miller	Jackson.

## WISCONSIN.

1. Henry A. Cooper	Racine.
2. Edward Sauerhering	Mayville.
3. Jos. W. Babcock	Necedah.
4. Theobald Otjen	Milwaukee.
5. Samuel S. Burney	West Bend.
6. J. H. Davidson	Oshkosh.
7. Michael Griffin	Eau Claire.
8. Edward S. Minor	Sturgeon Bay.
9. Alex. Stewart	Wausau.
10. John J. Jenkins	Chippewa Falls.

## WYOMING.

John E. Osborne	Rawlins.
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## TERRITORIES.

ARIZONA—Marcus A. Smith	Tucson.
NEW MEXICO—H. B. Ferguson	Albuquerque.
OKLAHOMA—T. Y. Callahan	Kingfisher.

## RECAPITULATION.

States.	R. D. Peo	State.	R. D. Peo	State.	R. D. Peo
Alabama	8	Maryland	6	Pennsylvania	27 8
Arkansas	6	Massachusetts	12 1	Rhode Island	2
California	3 2	Michigan	10 1	South Carolina	7
Colorado	1	Minnesota	7	South Dakota	2
Connecticut	4	Mississippi	7	Tennessee	2 8
Delaware	1	Missouri	3 12	Texas	1 12
Florida	2	Montana	2	Utah	1
Georgia	11	Nebraska	2	Vermont	2
Idaho	1	Nevada	2	Virginia	2 8
Illinois	17 8	New Hampshire	2	Washington	1 1
Indiana	9 4	New Jersey	8	West Virginia	4
Iowa	11	New York	28 6	Wisconsin	10
Kansas	2	North Carolina	3 1	Wyoming	1
Kentucky	4 7	North Dakota	1		
Louisiana	6	Ohio	15 5 1	Total	204 124 27
Maine	4	Oregon	2	Free silver.	8

## SENATORS (Alphabetically Arranged).

Aldrich, N. W. .... Rhode Island	Gorman, Arthur P. .... Maryland	Penrose, Boies .... Pennsylvania
Allen, W. V. .... Nebraska	Gray, George. .... Delaware	Perkins, G. C. .... California
Allison, William B. .... Iowa	Hale, Eugene. .... Maine	Pettigrew, R. F. .... South Dakota
Bacon, Augustus O. .... Georgia	Hanna, Marcus A. .... Ohio	Pettus, Edmund W. .... Alabama
Baker, Lucien. .... Kansas	Hansbrough, H. C. .... North Dakota	Platt, Orville H. .... Connecticut
Bate, W. B. .... Tennessee	Harris, William A. .... Kansas	Platt, Thomas C. .... New York
Berry, James H. .... Arkansas	Hayley, Jos. H. .... Connecticut	Prichard, J. C. .... North Carolina
Burrows, Julius C. .... Michigan	Heard, Henry. .... Idaho	Proctor, Redfield. .... Vermont
Butler, Marion North Carolina	Holt, George F. .... Massachusetts	Quay, M. S. .... Pennsylvania
Caffery, D. .... Louisiana	Jones, James K. .... Arkansas	Rawlins, Joseph L. .... Utah
Cannon, F. J. .... Utah	Jones, John P. .... Nevada	Roach, W. N. .... North Dakota
Carter, Thomas H. .... Montana	Kenney, Richard R. .... Delaware	Sewell, W. J. .... New Jersey
Chandler, W. E. .... New Hampshire	Kyle, J. H. .... South Dakota	Shoup, George L. .... Idaho
Chilton, Horace. .... Texas	Lindsay, William. .... Kentucky	Smith, James, Jr. .... New Jersey
Clark, Clarence D. .... Wyoming	Lodge, H. C. .... Massachusetts	Spooner, John C. .... Wisconsin
Clay, Alexander S. .... Georgia	McBride, George W. .... Oregon	Stewart, W. M. .... Nevada
Cockrell, F. M. .... Missouri	McEnery, S. D. .... Louisiana	Teller, Henry M. .... Colorado
Corbett, H. W. .... Oregon	McLaurin, J. L. .... South Carolina	Thurston, J. M. .... Nebraska
Cullom, Shelby M. .... Illinois	McMillan, James. .... Michigan	Tillman, B. R. .... South Carolina
Daniel, John W. .... Virginia	Mallory, S. R. .... Florida	Turnley, Thos. B. .... Tennessee
Davis, C. K. .... Minnesota	Mantle, Lee. .... Montana	Turner, George F. .... Washington
Deboe, W. J. .... Kentucky	Martin, Thomas S. .... Virginia	Turnpie, David. .... Indiana
Elkins, S. B. .... West Virginia	Mason, William E. .... Illinois	Veas, George G. .... Missouri
Fairbanks, C. W. .... Indiana	Mills, Roger Q. .... Texas	Walthall, E. C. .... Mississippi
Faulkner, C. J. .... West Virginia	Mitchell, J. L. .... Wisconsin	Warren, F. E. .... Wyoming
Foraker, Joseph B. .... Ohio	Morgan, John T. .... Alabama	Wellington, G. L. .... Maryland
Frye, William P. .... Maine	Morrill, Justin S. .... Vermont	Westmore, Geo. P. .... Rhode Island
Gallinger, J. H. .... New Hampshire	Murphy, E., Jr. .... New York	White, S. M. .... California
Gear, John H. .... Iowa	Nelson, Knute. .... Minnesota	Wilson, John L. .... Washington
George, James Z. .... Mississippi	Pasco, Samuel. .... Florida	Wolcott, E. O. .... Colorado

## REPRESENTATIVES (Alphabetically Arranged).

Acheson, E. F. .... Pennsylvania	Brownlow, W. P. .... Tennessee	Dayton, A. G. .... West Virginia
Adams, Robt. Jr. .... Pennsylvania	Brucker, Ferd. .... Michigan	DeArmond, D. A. .... Missouri
Adams, Wm. C. .... Georgia	Brumm, C. H. .... Pennsylvania	DeGraffenreid, R. C. .... Texas
Alexander, DeA. S. .... New York	Brundidge, S., Jr. .... Arkansas	DeVries, Marion. .... California
Allen, J. M. .... Mississippi	Hull, Melville. .... Rhode Island	Dingley, N. J. .... Maine
Arnold, Wm. C. .... Pennsylvania	Burke, Robt. E. .... Texas	Dinsmore, H. A. .... Arkansas
Babeock, J. W. .... Wisconsin	Burleigh, E. C. .... Maine	Dockery, A. M. .... Missouri
Bailey, J. W. .... Texas	Barton, F. B. .... Ohio	Douglas, J. W. .... Iowa
Baird, S. T. .... Louisiana	Butler, F. S. .... Pennsylvania	Dorr, Chas. P. .... West Virginia
Baker, Jehu. .... Illinois	Campbell, James B. .... Illinois	Dovener, B. B. .... West Virginia
Baker, W. B. .... Maryland	Cannon, J. C. .... Illinois	Driggs, E. H. .... New York
Ball, Thomas H. .... Texas	Capron, Adin B. .... Rhode Island	Eddy, F. M. .... Minnesota
Bankhead, John H. .... Alabama	Carmack, E. W. .... Tennessee	Elliot, Wm. .... South Carolina
Barber, Isaac A. .... Maryland	Castle, C. H. .... California	Ellis, W. .... Oregon
Barham, John A. .... California	Catchings, T. C. .... Mississippi	Epes, Sidney P. .... Virginia
Barlow, C. A. .... California	Chickering, C. A. .... New York	Ermertout, D. .... Pennsylvania
Barney, S. S. .... Wisconsin	Clark, John D. .... Kentucky	Evans, Walter. .... Kentucky
Barrett, W. E. .... Massachusetts	Clark, C. .... Missouri	Evans, Geo. W. .... Indiana
Barrows, E. J. .... Massachusetts	Clark, S. M. .... Iowa	Fenton, L. J. .... Ohio
Bartholdi, B. .... Missouri	Clarke, P. G. .... New Hampshire	Fischer, F. .... New York
Bartlett, C. L. .... Georgia	Clayton, H. D. .... Alabama	Fitzgerald, J. F. .... Massachusetts
Beach, C. B. .... Ohio	Cochran, Chas. F. .... Missouri	Fitzpatrick, T. V. .... Kentucky
Beaule, James J. .... New York	Cochrane, A. V. S. .... New York	Fleming, W. H. .... Georgia
Beitford, Joseph M. .... New York	Coddling, J. H. .... Pennsylvania	Fletcher, L. .... Minnesota
Belknap, H. R. .... Kentucky	Colson, D. G. .... Kentucky	Foot, W. T., Jr. .... New York
Bell, J. C. .... Colorado	Connell, Wm. .... Pennsylvania	Foss, Geo. E. .... Illinois
Benner, G. J. .... Pennsylvania	Connolly, J. A. .... Illinois	Fowler, C. N. .... New Jersey
Bennett, C. G. .... New York	Cooney, J. A. .... Missouri	Fowler, J. E. .... North Carolina
Benson, M. E. .... Missouri	Cooper, H. A. .... Wisconsin	Fox, Andrew E. .... Mississippi
Berry, A. S. .... Kentucky	Cooper, S. B. .... Texas	Fraline, John W. .... Tennessee
Bingham, H. B. .... Pennsylvania	Cornish, John B. .... Michigan	Gardner John J. .... New Jersey
Bishop, R. P. .... Michigan	Cowherd, Wm. S. .... Missouri	Gibson, H. B. .... Tennessee
Bland, R. P. .... Missouri	Cox, N. N. .... Tennessee	Gillet, C. W. .... New York
Bodine, R. N. .... Missouri	Cousins, R. G. .... Iowa	Gillett, F. H. .... Massachusetts
Bowen, Wm. S. .... Maryland	Cranford, J. W. .... Texas	Graff, Joseph V. .... Illinois
Botkin, Jeremiah D. .... Kansas	Crump, R. O. .... Michigan	Greene, Wm. D. .... Nebraska
Boutell, H. S. .... Illinois	Crumpacker, E. D. .... Indiana	Griffin, Michael. .... Wisconsin
Bradley, T. J. .... New York	Cummings, A. J. .... New York	Griffith, F. M. .... Indiana
Brantley, Wm. J. .... Georgia	Curtis, C. .... Kansas	Griggs, James M. .... Georgia
Brenner, John L. .... Ohio	Curtis, Geo. M. .... Iowa	Grosvenor, C. H. .... Ohio
Brewer, Willis. .... Alabama	Dalsell, John. .... Pennsylvania	Groat, W. W. .... Vermont
Brewster, H. C. .... New York	Danford, L. .... Ohio	Grow, G. A. .... Pennsylvania
Brodrick, C. .... Kansas	Davenport, S. A. .... Pennsylvania	Gunn, James. .... Idaho
Brownell, J. H. .... Ohio	Davey, Robt. C. .... Louisiana	Hager, A. L. .... Iowa
Broussard, M. .... Pennsylvania	Davidson, J. H. .... Wisconsin	Hamilton, E. L. .... Michigan
Broussard, Robt. .... Louisiana	Davis, Robt. W. .... Florida	Handy, L. I. .... Delaware
Brown, Seth W. .... Ohio	Davison, Geo. M. .... Kentucky	Harner, A. C. .... Pennsylvania

## REPRESENTATIVES.—CONTINUED.

Hartman, C. S.	Montana	Maguire, J. G.	California	Slayden, J. L.	Texas
Hawley, R. B.	Texas	Mahany, R. B.	New York	Smith, D. H.	Kentucky
Hay, James	Virginia	Mahon, T. M.	Pennsylvania	Smith, S. W.	Illinois
Heatwole, J. P.	Minnesota	Mann, J. R.	Illinois	Smith, W. A.	Michigan
Hemenway, J. A.	Indiana	Marsb. B. F.	Illinois	Snover, H. G.	Michigan
Henderson, D. B.	Iowa	Marshall, G. A.	Ohio	Southard, J. H.	Ohio
Henry, C. L.	Indiana	Martin, C. H.	North Carolina	Southwick, G. N.	New York
Henry, E. S.	Connecticut	Maxwell, S.	Nebraska	Spaulding, G.	Michigan
Henry, Patrick	Mississippi	McKison, D.	Ohio	Sparkman, S. M.	Florida
Henry, Robert L.	Texas	Mercer, D. H.	Nebraska	Sperry, N. B.	Connecticut
Hepburn, W. P.	Iowa	Messic, W. S.	Michigan	Sprague, C. F.	Massachusetts
Hicks, J. D.	Pennsylvania	Meyer, A.	Louisiana	Stallings, J. F.	Alabama
Hilborn, S. G.	California	Miers, Robert W.	Indiana	Stark, W. I.	Nebraska
Hill, E. J.	Connecticut	Miller, Warren	West Virginia	Steele, G. W.	Indiana
Hilmarhson, Wm. H.	Illinois	Millis, D. W.	Illinois	Stephens, J. C.	Texas
Hitt, R. R.	Illinois	Minor, E. S.	Wisconsin	Stevens, F. C.	Minnesota
Hooker, W. B.	New York	Mitchell, J. M.	New York	Stewart, Alex.	Wisconsin
Hopkins, A. J.	Illinois	Moody, W. H.	Massachusetts	Stewart, J. F.	New Jersey
Howard, M. W.	Alabama	Moore, J. A.	Tennessee	Stokes, J. W.	South Carolina
Howard, Wm. M.	Georgia	Morris, Page	Minnesota	Stone, Chas. W.	Pennsylvania
Howe, J. R.	New York	Mudd, Sidney E.	Maryland	Stone, W. A.	Pennsylvania
Howell, B. F.	New Jersey	Nesland, F. G.	Nevada	Strait, T. J.	South Carolina
Hull, J. A. T.	Iowa	Northway, S. A.	Ohio	Strode, J. B.	Nebraska
Hunter, A. J.	Illinois	Norton, J.	South Carolina	Strowd, W. F.	North Carolina
Hurley, D. M.	New York	Norton, J. A.	Ohio	Sturtevant, J. C.	Pennsylvania
Jenkins, J. J.	Wisconsin	Odell, B. B. Jr.	New York	Sullivan, W. V.	Mississippi
Jett, Thos. M.	Illinois	Ogden, H. W.	Louisiana	Sulloway, C. A.	New Hampshire
Johnson, H. U.	Indiana	Olmsied, M. E.	Pennsylvania	Sulzer, W.	New York
Johnson, M. N.	North Dakota	Osborne, J. E.	Wyoming	Sutherland, R. D.	Nebraska
Jones, W. A.	Virginia	Orey, Peter J.	Virginia	Swanson, C. A.	Virginia
Jones, W. C.	Washington	Otjen, Theobald	Wisconsin	Talbert, W. J.	South Carolina
Joy, C. F.	Missouri	Overstreet, J. R.	Indiana	Tate, F. C.	Georgia
Kelly, J. E.	South Dakota	Packer, H. B.	Pennsylvania	Taylor, H. W.	Ohio
Kerr, W. S.	Ohio	Parker, R. W.	Tennessee	Taylor, G. W.	Alabama
Ketcham, J. H.	New York	Payne, S. E.	New York	Tawney, J. A.	Minnesota
King, Wm. H.	Utah	Pearce, C. E.	Missouri	Terry, W. L.	Arkansas
Kirkpatrick, W. S.	Pennsylvania	Pearson, R.	North Carolina	Todd, A. M.	Michigan
Klebin, W. W.	North Carolina	Perkins, G. D.	Iowa	Touge, T. H.	Ohio
Kleberg, R.	Texas	Peters, M. S.	Kansas	Underwood, O. W.	Alabama
Knoules, F.	South Dakota	Pierce, R. A.	Tennessee	Undergraft, T.	Iowa
Knox, W. S.	Massachusetts	Pitney, M.	New Jersey	Vandiver, W. D.	Missouri
Kulp, M. H.	Pennsylvania	Plowman, H. S.	Alabama	Van Voorhis, H. C.	Ohio
Lacey, J. F.	Iowa	Powers, H. H.	Vermont	Vehsaga, J. G.	New York
Lamb, John	Virginia	Prince, G. W.	Illinois	Vinecent, W. D.	Kansas
Lanham, S. W. T.	Texas	Pugh, S. J.	Kentucky	Wadsworth, J. W.	New York
Landis, C. B.	Indiana	Quigg, L. E.	New York	Walker, J. H.	Massachusetts
Latimer, A. C.	South Carolina	Ray, G. W.	New York	Walker, J. A.	Virginia
Lawrence, Geo. P.	Mass.	Read, T. B.	Maine	Wanger, I. P.	Pennsylvania
Lentz, J. J.	Ohio	Reeves, W.	Illinois	Ward, W. J.	New York
Lester, R. E.	Georgia	Rhea, J. S.	Kentucky	Warner, V.	Illinois
Lewis, E. B.	Georgia	Richardson, J. D.	Tennessee	Weaver, W. L.	Ohio
Lewis, J. H.	Washington	Ridgely, E. R.	Kansas	Weymouth, G.	Massachusetts
Linney, R. Z.	North Carolina	Riley, J. F.	Virginia	Wheeler, K. K.	Kentucky
Litauer, L. N.	New York	Robb, E. A.	Missouri	White, G. E.	Alabama
Little, J. S.	Arkansas	Robbins, E. E.	Pennsylvania	White, G. H.	North Carolina
Livingston, L. F.	Georgia	Robertson, S. M.	Louisiana	Wilber, D. H.	New York
Lloyd, J. T.	Missouri	Robinson, J. M.	Indiana	Williams, J. S.	Mississippi
Loving, W. C.	Massachusetts	Royce, L. W.	Indiana	Williams, M. B.	Pennsylvania
Low, P. B.	New York	Russell, C. A.	Connecticut	Wilson, S.	South Carolina
Lybrand, Archibald	Ohio	Sauerharing, E.	Wisconsin	Wright, A. B.	Massachusetts
McAleer, Wm.	Pennsylvania	Sayers, J. D.	Texas	Yost, Jacob	Virginia
McCall, S. W.	Massachusetts	Settle, Evan E.	Kentucky	Young, J. R.	Pennsylvania
McClary, J. T.	Minnesota	Shafroth, J. F.	Colorado	Young, W. A.	Virginia
McClellan, G. B.	New York	Shannon, H. C.	New York	Zenor, W. T.	Indiana
McCormick, N. B.	Kansas	Shattuc, W. B.	Ohio		
McCulloch, P. D.	Arkansas	Shelden, C. D.	Michigan		
McDonald, J.	Maryland	Sherman, J. S.	New York		
McDowell, J. A.	Ohio	Shuford, A. C.	North Carolina		
McEwan, T. Jr.	New Jersey	Shawalter, J. B.	Pennsylvania		
McIntire, W. W.	Maryland	Simpkins, J.	Massachusetts		
McMillin, B.	Tennessee	Simmons, Jerry	Kansas		
McRea, Thomas C.	Arkansas	Sims, Thetus W.	Tennessee		
Maddox, J. W.	Georgia	Skinner, Harry	North Carolina		

## DELEGATES.

Callahan, T. Y.	Oklahoma
Ferguson, H. B.	New Mexico
Smith, M. A.	Arizona

## OFFICERS OF CONGRESS.

## SENATE.

Secretary—William R. Cox.  
 Chief Clerk—John S. McEwan.  
 Librarian—A. W. Church.  
 Chaplain—Rev. W. H. Milburn.  
 Sergeant-at-Arms—R. J. Bright.  
 Postmaster—R. A. Dobbins.

## HOUSE.

Clerk—Alexander McDowell.  
 Librarian—C. B. Brockway.  
 Sergeant-at-Arms—B. F. Russell.  
 Doorkeeper—W. B. Glenn.  
 Chaplain—Rev. H. N. Couden.  
 Postmaster—Joseph C. McElroy.

## APPORTIONMENT OF REPRESENTATIVES

Under each census since the formation of the government.

STATES.	Admitted.	Under constitution. Ratio 30,000.	First census. Ratio 33,000.	Second census. Ratio 33,000.	Third census. Ratio 35,000.	Fourth census. Ratio 40,000.	Fifth census. Ratio 47,000.	Sixth census. Ratio 70,000.	Seventh census. Ratio 92,423.	Eighth census. Ratio 127,381.	Ninth census. Ratio 131,425.	Tenth census. Ratio 151,911.	Eleventh census. Ratio 173,901.
Alabama.....	1819					8	5	7	7	6	8	8	9
Arkansas.....	1836							1	2	3	4	5	6
California.....	1850								2	4	4	4	4
Colorado.....	1876												
Connecticut.....		5	7	7	7	6	6	4	4	4	4	4	4
Delaware.....		1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Florida.....	1845												
Georgia.....		3	2	4	6	7	9	8	8	7	9	10	11
Idaho.....	1880												
Illinois.....	1818					1	3	7	9	14	19	20	22
Indiana.....	1816					3	7	10	11	11	13	13	13
Iowa.....	1846								2	6	9	11	11
Kansas.....	1861									1	3	7	8
Kentucky.....	1792		2	6	10	12	13	10	10	9	6	11	11
Louisiana.....	1812					3	3	4	4	5	5	6	6
Maine.....	1820					7	8	7	6	5	4	6	4
Maryland.....		6	8	9	9	9	8	6	6	5	6	6	6
Massachusetts.....		8	14	17	20	13	12	10	11	10	11	12	13
Michigan.....	1837							8	4	6	9	11	12
Minnesota.....	1858								2	2	3	5	7
Mississippi.....	1817					1	2	4	5	5	6	7	7
Missouri.....	1821					1	2	5	7	9	13	14	15
Montana.....	1889												
Nebraska.....	1867												
Nevada.....	1864									1	1	1	1
New Hampshire.....		3	4	5	6	6	6	5	4	3	3	2	2
New Jersey.....		4	5	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	7	7	8
New York.....		6	10	17	27	34	40	34	33	31	33	34	34
North Carolina.....		4	10	12	13	13	18	9	8	7	8	9	9
North Dakota.....	1889												
Ohio.....	1802				6	14	19	21	21	19	20	21	21
Oregon.....	1859									1	1	1	2
Pennsylvania.....		8	13	18	23	26	28	24	25	24	27	28	30
Rhode Island.....		1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
South Carolina.....		5	6	8	9	9	9	7	6	4	5	7	7
South Dakota.....	1860												
Tennessee.....	1793				3	6	9	13	11	10	8	10	10
Texas.....	1845									2	4	6	11
Utah.....	1896												
Vermont.....	1791		2	4	6	5	5	4	3	3	3	2	2
Virginia.....		10	19	22	23	22	21	15	13	11	9	10	10
Washington.....	1889												
West Virginia.....	1863												
Wisconsin.....	1848								8	6	8	9	10
Wyoming.....	1890												
Total.....		65	105	141	181	213	240	223	234	243	203	332	357

## WHITE AND COLORED POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES.

Census year.	White.	Colored.	Census year.	White.	Colored.
1790.....	3,173,006	757,208	1850.....	19,563,088	3,638,806
1800.....	4,306,446	1,002,067	1860.....	26,922,587	4,441,890
1810.....	5,362,073	1,377,808	1870.....	33,599,577	4,890,009
1820.....	7,362,166	1,771,666	1880.....	43,402,970	4,560,738
1830.....	10,587,378	2,328,642	1890.....	54,933,890	7,470,040
1840.....	14,136,806	2,873,648			

## PERCENTAGE OF COLORED TO TOTAL POPULATION IN THE SOUTHERN STATES.

By decades, 1850 to 1890.

State.	1850.	1860.	1870.	1880.	1890.	State.	1850.	1860.	1870.	1880.	1890.
Delaware.....	16.35	18.04	18.23	19.27	22.25	South Carolina.....	59.85	60.70	58.96	58.59	58.98
Maryland.....	20.69	22.49	22.46	24.91	28.32	Georgia.....	46.74	47.02	46.04	44.05	42.44
Dist. of Columbia.....	32.80	33.55	32.96	19.07	26.59	Florida.....	42.46	47.01	48.84	44.63	46.02
Kentucky.....	14.42	15.46	16.32	20.44	22.49	Alabama.....	44.84	47.53	47.89	45.40	44.73
Tennessee.....	24.37	26.14	26.51	25.50	24.52	Mississippi.....	57.58	57.47	58.65	55.28	51.24
Missouri.....	5.61	6.70	6.89	10.03	13.20	Louisiana.....	49.39	51.46	50.10	49.49	50.65
Va. & West Va.....	27.51	30.85	31.84	34.39	37.08	Texas.....	21.84	24.71	30.97	30.27	27.54
North Carolina.....	34.67	37.96	36.56	36.42	36.36	Arkansas.....	27.40	26.25	25.22	25.56	22.73

## RATES OF POSTAGE.

## DOMESTIC.

**FIRST CLASS.**—Letters and all written matter, whether sealed or unsealed, and all other matter sealed, nailed, sewed, tied or fastened in any manner so that it cannot be easily examined, 2 cents per ounce or fraction thereof. A "special delivery" 10-cent stamp when attached to a letter, in addition to the lawful postage, shall entitle the letter to immediate delivery at or within one mile of any postoffice.

Postal cards, 1 cent each.

**SECOND CLASS.**—All regular newspapers, magazines and other periodicals issued at intervals not exceeding three months; the postage is 1 cent for each pound. A special rate of 1 cent for four ounces is made for all second-class matter mailed by other than publishers or newsdealers.

**THIRD CLASS.**—Embraces printed books, pamphlets, circulars, engravings, lithographs, proof-sheets and manuscript accompanying the same, and all matter of the same general character, and not having the character of personal correspondence. Circulars produced by hectograph or similar process, or by electric pen, are rated as third class. The limit of weight for mail matter of the third class is four pounds, except in the case of single books exceeding that weight. The rate of postage on mail matter of the third class is 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

**FOURTH CLASS.**—All mailable matter, like merchandise, not included in the three preceding classes, which is so prepared for mailing as to be easily taken from the wrapper and examined. Rate, 1 cent per ounce or fraction thereof, except seeds, roots, cuttings, bulbs, plants and scions, which are 1 cent per two ounces. Limit of weight, four pounds. Full prepayment compulsory. Liquids and other like injurious matter, not admitted, except some under conditions which may be learned at any postoffice.

**SUGGESTIONS.**—Direct your mail matter to a postoffice, writing the name of the state plainly; and if to a city, add the street and number or postoffice box of the person addressed. Matter not addressed to a postoffice cannot be forwarded. Write or print your name and address, and the contents, if a package, upon the upper left-hand corner of all mail matter. This will insure its immediate return to you for correction, if improperly addressed or insufficiently paid; and if it is not called for at destination, it can be returned to you without going to the dead-letter office. If a letter, it will be returned free. Register all valuable letters and packages. Registry fee, 8 cents, which, with the postage, must be fully prepaid.

**MONEY-ORDER FEES.**—For money orders in denominations of \$10 or less, the following fees are charged:

For orders for sums not exceeding \$2.50.....	2c
For over \$2.50 and not exceeding \$5.....	5c
For over \$5 and not exceeding \$10.....	8c
For over \$10 and not exceeding \$20.....	10c
For over \$20 and not exceeding \$50.....	12c
For over \$50 and not exceeding \$100.....	15c
For over \$100 and not exceeding \$500.....	18c
For over \$500 and not exceeding \$1,000.....	20c
For over \$1,000 and not exceeding \$5,000.....	25c
For over \$5,000 and not exceeding \$10,000.....	30c

## FOREIGN.

To all parts of the Universal Postal Union, embracing Argentine Republic, Australia, Austria-Hungary, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Ceylon, China via Hongkong, Chile, Cuba, Denmark and Danish colonies, Ecuador, Egypt, Falkland Islands, France and French colonies, Germany, Great Britain and British West Indies, Greece, Greenland, Guatemala, Haiti, Holland or Netherlands and Nether-

land colonies, Honduras, Hongkong, India (British), Ireland, Italy, Japan, Liberia, Luxemburg, Malacca, Mauritius, Montenegro, Natal, Newfoundland, Norway, Paraguay, Patagonia, Penang, Persia, Peru, Portugal and Portuguese colonies, Roumania, Russia, St. Bartholomew, Salvador, Servia, Siam, Singapore, Spain and Spanish colonies, Straits settlements, Sweden, Switzerland, Transvaal, Trinidad, Turkey, United States of Colombia, Uruguay, Venezuela:

**ON LETTERS.**—Five cents for each half ounce or fraction thereof—prepayment optional. Double rates are collected on delivery of unpaid or short paid letters.

On newspapers, books, pamphlets, photographs, sheet music, maps, engravings and similar printed matter, 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

**TO CANADA.**—(Including Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Manitoba and Prince Edward Island): Letters, 2 cents for each ounce or fraction thereof; books, circulars and similar printed matter, 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof; second-class matter, same as in the United States; samples and merchandise, 1 cent per ounce. Packages must not exceed four pounds six ounces in weight—prepayment compulsory.

**TO MEXICO.**—Letters, postal cards, and printed matter, same rates as in the United States; samples, 1 cent per ounce; merchandise other than samples can only be sent by parcel post.

**TO AUSTRALIA.**—(Except New South Wales, Queensland and Victoria) via San Francisco: On letters, 5 cents for each half ounce or fraction thereof; to places excepted above, 12 cents for each half ounce; on newspapers, 2 cents each—prepayment compulsory.

**LIMITS OF SIZE AND WEIGHT.**—Packages of samples of merchandise to the countries named above (except Great Britain, France, Belgium and Switzerland) must not exceed eight and three-fourths ounces, nor measure more than eight inches in length, four in breadth and two in depth; and packages of printed matter must not exceed four pounds six ounces. Packages of merchandise samples to Great Britain, France, Belgium, Switzerland and Argentine Republic are limited to twelve ounces in weight, twelve inches in length, eight in width and four in depth. Packages of printed matter to Germany and Great Britain are limited to two feet in length and one foot in each other dimension.

## INTERNATIONAL MONEY-ORDER FEES.

On Algeria, Belgium, British India, Cape Colony, Constantinople, Denmark, Dominion of Canada, Egypt, England, France, German empire, Hongkong, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Newfoundland, New South Wales, New Zealand, Portugal, Sandwich Islands, Scotland, Shanghai, Sweden, Switzerland, Tasmania, Victoria:

For sums not exceeding \$10.....	10c
Over \$10 and not exceeding \$20.....	20c
Over \$20 and not exceeding \$50.....	30c
Over \$50 and not exceeding \$100.....	40c
Over \$100 and not exceeding \$500.....	50c
Over \$500 and not exceeding \$1,000.....	60c
Over \$1,000 and not exceeding \$5,000.....	70c
Over \$5,000 and not exceeding \$10,000.....	80c
Over \$10,000 and not exceeding \$50,000.....	90c
Over \$50,000 and not exceeding \$100,000.....	\$1

Orders can also be obtained on Austria and East Indies, by remittance through the postal department of Switzerland, subject to the rates of the Swiss department to those countries. Also on Norway and the Netherlands, through the postal department of the German empire, subject to the rates of the German department to those countries.

## United States Diplomatic and Consular Service.

NOV. 1, 1897.

Explanation—A. E. and P., Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary; E. B. and M. P., Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary; M. R., Minister Resident; M. R. and C. G., Minister Resident and Consul-General.

COUNTRY.	Representative.	Location.	App'd from.	Salary.
Argentine Republic.....	Wm. L. Buchanan, E. E. & M. P.	Buenos Ayres.	Iowa.....	\$10,000
	Francois S. Jones, Sec. of Leg.	Buenos Ayres.	Louisiana.....	1,500
Austria-Hungary.....	C. Tower, E. E. & M. P.	Vienna.....	Pennsylvania.....	12,000
	Chas. V. Herdlika, S. of L.	Vienna.....	Dia. Columbia.....	1,800
	Capt. Jos. H. Dorst, Mil. Att.	Vienna.....		
Belgium.....	Lieut. A. B. Niblack, Nav. Att.	Brussels.....	Ohio.....	10,000
	William Storer, E. E. & M. P.	Brussels.....		
Bolivia.....	Lt. G. T. Langborne, Mil. Att.	La Paz.....	New Jersey.....	5,000
Brazil.....	G. H. Bridgeman, E. E. & M. P.	Rio de Janeiro.	Iowa.....	12,000
	E. H. Conger, E. E. & M. P.	Rio de Janeiro.	Iowa.....	1,800
Chile.....	Thos. C. Dawson, Sec. of Leg.	Santiago.....	Washington.....	10,000
	H. L. Wilson, E. E. & M. P.	Santiago.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
China.....	C. R. Simpkins, Sec. of Leg.	Pekin.....	Illinois.....	12,000
	C. P. Bryan, E. E. & M. P.	Pekin.....	Indiana.....	2,025
	C. Denby, Jr., Sec. of Leg.	Pekin.....	Ohio.....	1,800
	Edw. K. Lowry, 2d Sec. of Leg.	Pekin.....	China.....	5,000
Colombia.....	Fleming D. Cheshire, Int.	Bogota.....	W. Virginia.....	10,000
	Chas. D. Hart, E. E. & M. P.	Bogota.....	Massachusetts.....	2,000
	Jacob Sleeper, S. of L. & C. G.	Bogota.....		
Costa Rica, Nicaragua and Salvador.....	W. L. Merry, E. E. & M. P.	Managua.....	California.....	10,000
	John F. Baker, Sec. of Leg.	Managua.....	Minnesota.....	1,800
Denmark.....	L. S. Swenson, E. E. & M. P.	Copenhagen.....		7,500
Dominican Republic.....	Wm. F. Powell, Charge d'A.	Port-au-Prince.	New Jersey.....	5,000
Ecuador.....	A. J. Sampson, E. E. & M. P.	Quito.....	Arizona.....	5,000
Egypt.....	Thos. D. Harrison, Agt. & C. G.	Paris.....	Pennsylvania.....	5,000
France.....	Horace Porter, A. E. & P.	Paris.....	New York.....	17,500
	Henry Vignand, Sec. of Leg.	Paris.....	Louisiana.....	2,025
	Edgar T. Scott, 2d Sec. of Leg.	Paris.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,000
	Maj. S. C. Kellogg, Mil. Att.	Paris.....		
	Lieut. Wm. S. Simms, N. A.	Paris.....		
Germany.....	Andrew D. White, A. E. & P.	Berlin.....	New York.....	17,500
	John B. Jackson, Sec. of Em.	Berlin.....	New Jersey.....	2,025
	Geo. M. Plisk, 2d Sec. of Em.	Berlin.....	Ohio.....	2,000
	Lieut. A. B. Niblack, Nav. Att.	Berlin.....		
	Lieut. H. T. Allen, Mil. Att.	Berlin.....		
Great Britain.....	John Hay, A. E. & P.	London.....	Dia. Columbia.....	17,500
	Henry White, Sec. of Em.	London.....	Rhode Island.....	2,025
	John H. Carter, 2d Sec. of Em.	London.....	Maryland.....	2,000
	Lieut. John C. Colwell, N. A.	London.....		
	Capt. O. M. Carter, Mil. Att.	London.....		
Greece.....	W. W. Rockhill, E. E. & M. P.	Athens.....	Dia. Columbia.....	6,500
	and C. G.	Athens.....		
	Capt. Jos. H. Dorst, Mil. Att.	Athens.....		
Guatemala.....	W. G. Hunter, E. E. & M. P.	Guatemala.....	Kentucky.....	10,000
	A. M. Beaupre, Sec. Leg. & C. G.	Guatemala.....	New York.....	2,000
Haiti.....	Wm. F. Powell, E. E. & M. P.	Port-au-Prince.	New Jersey.....	5,000
Hawaiian Islands.....	H. M. Sewall, E. E. & M. P.	Honolulu.....	Maine.....	7,500
	W. Haywood, Sec. of L. & C. G.	Honolulu.....	Dia. Columbia.....	4,000
Honduras.....	W. G. Hunter, E. E. & M. P.	Guatemala.....	Kentucky.....	10,000
Italy.....	W. F. Draper, A. E. & P.	Rome.....	Massachusetts.....	13,000
	Chandler Hale, Sec. of Em.	Rome.....	Maine.....	5,000
	L. M. Iddings, 2d Sec. of Em.	Rome.....	New York.....	1,500
	Capt. G. P. Scriven, Mil. Att.	Rome.....		
	Lieut. A. B. Niblack, Nav. Att.	Rome.....		
Japan.....	Alfred E. Buck, E. E. & M. P.	Tokyo (Yedo).....	Georgia.....	12,000
	J. H. Herod, Sec. of Leg.	Tokyo (Yedo).....	Indiana.....	2,025
	H. Wilson, 2d Sec. of Leg.	Tokyo (Yedo).....	Illinois.....	1,800
	Capt. Edmund Rice, Mil. Att.	Tokyo (Yedo).....		
	Ransford S. Miller, Jr., Int.	Tokyo (Yedo).....	New York.....	2,500
Korea.....	H. N. Allen, M. R. & C. G.	Seoul (Yedo).....	Ohio.....	7,500
	H. F. Sands, Sec. of Leg.	Seoul.....	Iowa.....	1,500
	Pang Kwang Hui, Int.	Seoul.....		600
	Yo Ho Yung, Int.	Seoul.....		
Liberia.....	Wm. H. Heard, M. R. & C. G.	Monrovia.....	Pennsylvania.....	4,000
	C. Max Manning, Sec. of Leg.	Monrovia.....	Georgia.....	1,500
Mexico.....	Powell Clayton, E. E. & M. P.	Mexico.....	Arkansas.....	17,500
	F. R. McCreery, Sec. of Leg.	Mexico.....	Michigan.....	2,025
	Wm. Helmke, 2d Sec. of Leg.	Mexico.....	New York.....	2,000
	Lieut. C. U. Dwyer, Mil. Att.	Mexico.....		
Netherlands.....	Stanford Newel, E. E. & M. P.	The Hague.....	Minnesota.....	7,500
Paraguay and Uruguay.....	Wm. H. Finch, E. E. & M. P.	Montevideo.....	Wisconsin.....	7,500
Persia.....	Arthur S. Hardy, M. R. & C. G.	Teheran.....	N. Hampshire.....	1,800
	John Tyler, Int.	Teheran.....	Persia.....	1,500

## UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

COUNTRY.	Representative.	Location.	App'ted from.	Salary.
Beru.....	I. B. Dudley E. E. & M. P.	Lima.....	California.....	\$10,000
Portugal.....	Richard H. Neill, Sec. of Leg.	Lima.....	Pennsylvania.....	1,500
Roumania and Servia.....	L. Townsend, E. E. & M. P.	Lisbon.....	Pennsylvania.....	7,500
Russia.....	W. W. Rockhill, E. E., M. P. and C. G.	Athens.....	Dia. Columbia.....	\$6,500
Siam.....	E. A. Hitchcock, E. E. & M. P.	St. Petersburg.....	Missouri.....	17,500
Spain.....	H. H. D. Polver, Sec. of Leg.	St. Petersburg.....	Massachusetts.....	2,625
Sweden and Norway.....	Lieut. W. S. Simms, Nav. Att.	St. Petersburg.....	Oregon.....	5,000
Switzerland.....	John Barrett, M. E. & C. G.	Bangkok.....	New York.....	12,000
Turkey.....	James A. Chivers, Int.	Bangkok.....	New York.....	1,800
Venezuela.....	S. L. Woodford, E. E. & M. P.	Madrid.....	Maryland.....	7,500
	Stanton Sikes, Sec. of Leg.	Madrid.....	Pennsylvania.....	7,500
	Capt. T. H. Bliss, Mil. Att.	Madrid.....		
	Lieut. G. L. Dwyer, Nav. Att.	Madrid.....		
	T. B. Ferguson, E. E. & M. P.	Stockholm.....		
	J. G. A. Leishman, E. E. & M. P.	Stockholm.....		
	Ist. Lt. J. K. Williams, Mil. Att.	Herne.....		
	Jas. B. Augell, E. E. & M. P.	Constantinople.....	Michigan.....	10,000
	J. W. Eddle, Sec. of Leg.	Constantinople.....	Minnesota.....	1,800
	Capt. G. P. Scriven, Mil. Att.	Constantinople.....		
	A. A. Gargiulo, Int.	Constantinople.....	Turkey.....	3,000
	F. B. Loomis, E. E. & M. P.	Caracas.....	Ohio.....	7,500
	W. W. Russell, Sec. of Leg.	Caracas.....	Maryland.....	1,500

## CONSULS-GENERAL AND CONSULS, AGENTS AND CONSULAR AGENTS.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—			
Buenos Ayres.....	Lyman Wallace Chute.....	Argentine.....	\$2,500
Bahia Blanca.....	Walter T. Jones..... Agt.	Argentine.....	
Cordoba.....	John M. Thome.....	Argentine.....	Fees
Rosario.....	Willis E. Baker.....	Illinois.....	Fees
AUSTRIA-HUNGARY—			
Budapest, Hungary.....	Frank Dyer Chester.....	Massachusetts.....	Fees
Flume.....	Giovanni Gellietich..... Agt.	Austria-Hungary.....	
Prague, Bohemia.....	Hugo Donzelmann.....	Wyoming.....	3,000
Reichenberg, Bohemia.....	George E. Ernst.....	Wisconsin.....	2,500
Haida.....	Anton Schlessing..... Agt.	New York.....	
Trieste, Austria.....	Frederick W. Hossfeld.....	Iowa.....	2,000
Vienna, Austria.....	Carl Bailey Hurst.....	District of Columbia.....	3,500
Brunn.....	Gustavus Schoeller..... Agt.	Austria-Hungary.....	
Innsbruck.....	August Sargehr..... Agt.	Austria-Hungary.....	
BEIGIUM—Antwerp.....	George F. Lincoln.....	Connecticut.....	3,000
Brussels.....	George W. Roosevelt.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,500
Charleroi.....	J. Fisher Reese..... Agt.	New York.....	
Ghent.....	Henry C. Morris.....	Illinois.....	1,000
Liege.....	Henry W. Gilbert.....	New York.....	1,500
Verriers.....	Henry Dett..... Agt.	Germany.....	Fees
BOLIVIA—La Paz.....	Gerardo Zalles.....	Bolivia.....	Fees
BRAZIL—Bahia.....	Richard P. McDaniel.....	Florida.....	2,000
Aracaju.....	Lutz Schmidt..... Agt.	Brazil.....	
Para.....	George G. Mathews, Jr.....	Florida.....	2,000
Manaos.....	John C. Redman..... Agt.	New York.....	
Maranhao.....	Lutz F. da S. Santos..... Agt.	United States.....	
Pernambuco.....	Benjamin F. Clark.....	New Hampshire.....	2,000
Ceara.....	Antonio E. da Frota..... Agt.	Brazil.....	
Macelo.....	Charles Gobie..... Agt.	Brazil.....	
Natal.....	Lyrie Nelson..... Agt.	Brazil.....	
Rio de Janeiro.....	William T. Townes..... Agt.	Virginia.....	5,000
Victoria.....	Jean Zinsen..... Agt.	Brazil.....	
Santos.....	Frank D. Hill.....	Minnesota.....	1,500
Rio Grande do Sul.....	Jorge Vereker..... Agt.	Brazil.....	
CHILE—Antofagasta.....	Charles C. Greene.....	Rhode Island.....	Fees
Arica.....	David Simpson.....	Chile.....	Fees
Iquique.....	Joseph W. Merriam.....	Massachusetts.....	Fees
Valparaiso.....	John F. Caples.....	Oregon.....	
Caldera.....	John C. Morong..... Agt.	Chile.....	
Coronel.....	William Taylor..... Agt.	Chile.....	
Punta Arenas.....	Morita Braun..... Agt.	Chile.....	
Talcahuano.....	John O. Smith.....	Chile.....	
CHINA—Amoy.....	Anson B. Johnson.....	Colorado.....	2,500
Canton.....	Edward Bedloe.....	Pennsylvania.....	3,500
Chefoo.....	John Fowler.....	Massachusetts.....	2,500
Chinkiang.....	William Martin.....	New York.....	3,000
Chungking.....	George F. Smithers.....	Delaware.....	3,000
Fuchau.....	Samuel L. Gracey.....	Massachusetts.....	3,000
Hankow.....	Edwin A. Nye.....	Illinois.....	3,000
Niuchwang.....	J. J. F. Bandinel.....	China.....	Fees

## UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
Shanghai	John Goodnow	Minnesota	\$5,000
Tientsin	Sheridan P. Read	New York	3,500
<b>COLOMBIA—</b>			
Barranquilla	John Bidlake	North Dakota	2,000
Rio Hacha	T. V. Henriques	Colombia	
Santa Maria	Gerardo M. Danies	Colombia	
Bogota	Jacob Sleeper	Massachusetts	2,000
Bucaramanga	Gustave Volkman	Colombia	
Cucuta	P. Tillinghast, Jr.	Washington	
Honda	Henry Hallam	Colombia	
Cartagena	Clifford Smyth	New York	Fees
Colon (Aspinwall)	William W. Ashby	Virginia	3,000
Bocas del Toro	David R. Hand	Colombia	
Medellin	Thomas Herran	Colombia	Fees
Panama	Hezekiah A. Gudger	North Carolina	4,000
Punta Arenas	John C. Caldwell	Kansas	2,000
<b>DENMARK AND DOMINIONS—</b>			
Copenhagen	Robert J. Kirk	South Carolina	\$1,500
Dyrefjord, Iceland	N. Chr. Gram	Iceland	
Kielore	Alfred Christenson	Denmark	
St. Thomas, W. I.	Mahlon Van Horne	Rhode Island	2,500
Christiansted	And'w J. Blackwood	West Indies	
Frederiksted	William F. Moore	West Indies	
<b>DOMINICAN REPUBLIC—</b>			
Puerto Plata	Thomas Simpson	Rhode Island	Fees
Monte Christi	Isaac T. Peitl	Dominican Republic	
Santiago	Jean M. Villain	Dominican Republic	Fees
Santo Domingo	Archibald H. Grimke	Massachusetts	1,500
Azuar	John Hardy	Massachusetts	
Macoris	Edward C. Reed	Dominican Republic	
Sanchez	Jose A. Puente	Dominican Republic	
<b>ECUADOR—</b>			
Guayaquil	Perry M. De Leon	Georgia	3,000
Baia de Caraquez	Zephyr Constantine	Ecuador	
Esmeraldas	Ferdinand Servat	Ecuador	
Manila	Pedro A. Moreira	Ecuador	
<b>FRANCE AND DOMINIONS—</b>			
Algiers, Africa	Charles T. Grellet	California	Fees
Bonifay	E. L. J. Milson	Algeria	
Bone	Antoine Felix Garbo	Algeria	
Oran	Benj. A. Courcelle	Algeria	
Bordeaux	Albion W. Tourgee	New York	3,000
Pau	J. Morris Post	New York	
Calais	Charles W. Shepard	Massachusetts	Fees
Boulogne-sur-mer	Paul Moleux	France	
Cayenne, Guiana	Leon Wacogne	Guiana	Fees
Cognac	George H. Jackson	Connecticut	1,500
Goree-Dakar, Africa	Peter Strickland	Connecticut	Fees
Grenoble	G. B. Anderson	District of Columbia	1,500
Guadeloupe Island, W. I.	Jacob E. Dart	Georgia	1,500
Havre	Alexander M. Thackara	Pennsylvania	3,500
Cherbourg	H. J. E. Halneville	France	
Honfleur	Henry M. Hardy	France	
Bennes	Ernest Follard	France	
St. Malo	Raymond Moulton	France	
Limoges	Walter T. Griffin	New York	1,500
Lyons	John C. Covert	Ohio	2,500
Dijon	Ernest Bourette	France	
Marseilles	Charles P. Pressly	Georgia	2,500
Bastia	Simon Damiani	Corsica	
Cette	I. S. Mahmens	France	
Toulon	Louis J. B. Jouve	France	
Martinique, W. I.	Julius G. Tucker	Texas	1,500
Nantes	F. J. Britain	Ohio	1,000
Angers	Jules H. Luneau	France	
Brest	A. Pitel	France	
Lorient	Edouard Broni	France	
Nice	Harold S. Van Buren	New Jersey	1,500
Caen	Philip T. Riddett	France	
Menton	Ange Clerky	France	
Monaco	Emile de Loth	Monaco	
Noumea, New Caledonia	Paul E. Wolf	New Jersey	Fees
Paris	John K. Gowdy	Indiana	5,000
Rhema	W. J. Prickett	New Jersey	2,000
Troyes	Gaston Baitet	France	
Roubaix	William P. Atwell	District of Columbia	2,000
Candry	Hans Dietiker	France	
Dunkirk	Benjamin Morel	France	
Lille	C. Dubois Gregoire	France	
Rouen	Horatio B. Bigelow	Pennsylvania	Fees

## UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
Dieppe.....	Raoul le Bourgeois... Agt.	France.....	Fees
Salon, Cochín China.....	Edward Schneegans.....	Salon.....	Fees
St. Bartholomew, W. I.....	R. Burton Dinzey.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,000
St. Etienne.....	Henry S. Brunot.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,000
St. Pierre, Miquelon.....	George J. Steer.....	Miquelon.....	Fees
Tahiti, Society Islands.....	Jacob L. Doty.....	New York.....	1,000
Tamatave, Madagascar.....	M. W. Gibbs.....	Arkansas.....	2,000
Tunis, Africa.....	Alfred Chapelle.....	Tunis.....	Fees
GERMANY—			
Aix-la-Chapelle.....	William C. Emmet.....	New York.....	2,500
Annaberg.....	Theodore M. Stephan.....	Illinois.....	2,500
Elbenstock.....	Carl Borngräber... Agt.	Germany.....	1,500
Bamberg.....	Louis Stern.....	Minnesota.....	3,000
Barmen.....	Max Bouchsein.....	Illinois.....	4,000
Bollingen.....	Verne K. Joy... Agt.	Illinois.....	2,500
Berlin.....	Julius Goldschmidt.....	Wisconsin.....	4,000
Guben.....	William B. Murphy. Agt.	North Carolina.....	2,500
Bremen.....	Louis Lance, Jr.....	Illinois.....	2,500
Brake and Nordenham.....	Wilhelm Clemens... Agt.	Germany.....	1,500
Breslau.....	Edmond Z. Brodowski.....	Illinois.....	2,000
Bräunswick.....	T. J. Albert.....	Maryland.....	2,500
Chemnitz.....	James C. Monaghan.....	Rhode Island.....	2,000
Cologne.....	John A. Barnes.....	Illinois.....	2,000
Crefeld.....	P. V. Deuster.....	Wisconsin.....	2,000
Dresden.....	Charles L. Cole.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,000
Düsseldorf.....	George P. Pettit.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,000
Essen.....	F. Astborver, Jr... Agt.	Germany.....	2,000
Frankfurt.....	Frank H. Mason.....	Ohio.....	2,000
Cassel.....	Gustav C. Kothe... Agt.	Kansas.....	2,000
Lauren Schwalbach.....	Ernest Grebert... Agt.	Germany.....	2,000
Freiburg, Baden.....	Jacob H. Thierlot.....	New Jersey.....	1,500
Forth.....	Charles W. Erdman.....	Kentucky.....	2,000
Glauchau.....	George Sawter.....	Connecticut.....	2,000
Hamburg.....	Hugh Pitcairn.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,500
Kiel.....	August Sartori... Agt.	Germany.....	2,000
Lubeck.....	Jacob Meyer, Jr... Agt.	Germany.....	2,000
Lützelbittel and Cuxhaven.....	Johann G. F. Sharke. Agt.	Germany.....	2,000
Hanover.....	Wm. K. Anderson.....	Michigan.....	1,500
Kehl.....	Wilbur S. Glass.....	South Dakota.....	1,500
Leipzig.....	B. H. Warner, Jr.....	Maryland.....	2,000
Gera.....	Charles Neuer... Agt.	New York.....	2,000
Magdeburg.....	Henry W. Diederich.....	District of Columbia.....	2,000
Munich.....	Walter J. Hoffman.....	District of Columbia.....	1,500
Neustadt.....	Leopold Blum... Agt.	Germany.....	2,000
Meyence.....	Walter Schumann.....	New York.....	2,500
Munich.....	Benj. Nusbaum.....	Pennsylvania.....	1,500
Angsburg.....	G. Oberndorf... Agt.	New York.....	2,000
Nürnberg.....	Gustave C. E. Weber.....	Ohio.....	2,000
Paderborn.....	Thomas W. Peters.....	District of Columbia.....	2,500
Markneukirchen.....	Oscar Gottschalk... Agt.	Germany.....	2,000
Ronneberg.....	Dwight J. Partello.....	District of Columbia.....	2,000
Stettin.....	F. W. Kleibusch, Jr.....	Wisconsin.....	1,500
Danzig.....	Philipp Albrecht... Agt.	Germany.....	2,000
Königsberg.....	Conrad H. Gadeke... Agt.	Germany.....	2,000
Stuttgart.....	Edward H. Ozmund.....	Minnesota.....	2,500
Weimar.....	Thomas E. Moore.....	District of Columbia.....	2,000
Zittau.....	William K. Herzog.....	Illinois.....	1,500
GREAT BRITAIN AND DOMINIONS—			
Aden, Arabia.....	W. W. Masterson.....	Kentucky.....	Fees
Bodeida.....	Vittorio Cremasche. Agt.	Arabia.....	Fees
Amherstburg, Ont.....	C. W. Martin.....	Michigan.....	1,500
Antigua, W. I.....	George B. Anderson.....	District of Columbia.....	1,500
Montserrat.....	Richard Hannan... Agt.	Antigua.....	Fees
Portsmouth, Dominica.....	Alex. C. Riviera... Agt.	Antigua.....	Fees
Roseau, Dominica.....	H. A. Frimpton... Agt.	Dominica.....	Fees
Auckland, N. Z.....	Frank Dillingham.....	California.....	2,000
Christchurch.....	Robt. Pitcaithly... Agt.	New Zealand.....	Fees
Dunedin.....	W. G. Neill.....	New Zealand.....	Fees
Wellington.....	Robert W. Lee... Agt.	New Zealand.....	Fees
Barbados, W. I.....	Thomas Cabill... Agt.	New Zealand.....	Fees
St. Lucia.....	L. A. MacDister.....	Delaware.....	2,000
St. Vincent.....	William Peter... Agt.	St. Lucia.....	Fees
Bathurst, Africa.....	E. A. Richards... Agt.	St. Vincent.....	Fees
Belfast, Ireland.....	Henry Goddard.....	Ohio.....	3,000
Ballymurn.....	William W. Touvelle.....	Ireland.....	Fees
Londonderry.....	John G. Balentine... Agt.	Ireland.....	Fees
Lurgan.....	P. T. Rodger.....	Ireland.....	Fees
Belga, Honduras.....	F. W. Magahan... Agt.	Ireland.....	Fees
Belleville, Ont.....	Albert E. Morlan.....	Louisiana.....	1,500
	Geo. W. Dickenson.....	New York.....	Fees

## UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
Deseronto.....	Charles A. Milliner...Agt.	Canada.....	.....
Napanea.....	William Templeton...Agt.	Canada.....	.....
Pictou.....	Jacob F. Berlinger...Agt.	Canada.....	.....
Trenton.....	Stephen J. Young...Agt.	Canada.....	.....
Bermuda (Hamilton).....	Marshall Hanger...Agt.	Virginia.....	\$2.00
Birmingham, England.....	George F. Parker...Agt.	New York.....	2.50
Kidderminster.....	James Morton...Agt.	England.....	.....
Kidderminster.....	H. C. Browning...Agt.	England.....	.....
Wolverhampton.....	John Neve...Agt.	England.....	.....
Bombay, India.....	Samuel Comfort...Agt.	New York.....	Fees
Karachi.....	W. F. Hamilton...Agt.	India.....	.....
Bradford, England.....	Ernstus Sheldon Day...Agt.	Connecticut.....	3.00
Bristol, England.....	Lorin A. Lathrop...Agt.	California.....	1.50
Gloucester.....	Arnold Henry Fain...Agt.	England.....	.....
Brockville, Ont.....	James A. Demarest...Agt.	New Jersey.....	1.00
Calcutta, India.....	Robert F. Patterson...Agt.	Tennessee.....	5.00
Akyab.....	Charles Findlay...Agt.	India.....	.....
Bassala.....	John Young...Agt.	India.....	.....
Chittagong.....	R. A. MacLagart...Agt.	India.....	.....
Madras.....	Henry Scott...Agt.	India.....	.....
Moulmein.....	W. J. Davidson...Agt.	India.....	.....
Rangoon.....	Charles Gardner...Agt.	India.....	.....
Campbellton, N. B.....	James S. Benedict...Agt.	New York.....	Fees
Bathurst.....	Benedict C. Mullins...Agt.	New Brunswick.....	.....
Moncton.....	Richard H. Simonds...Agt.	New Brunswick.....	.....
Newcastle.....	Robert H. Cuth...Agt.	New Brunswick.....	.....
Richibucto.....	Geo. V. McInerney...Agt.	New Brunswick.....	5.00
Cape Town, Africa.....	Frank W. Roberts...Agt.	Maine.....	.....
Bloemfontein.....	Ernst R. Landgraf...Agt.	Old Free State.....	.....
Durban, Natal.....	Win. A. E. Moore...Agt.	Ohio.....	.....
East London.....	William H. Fuller...Agt.	Cape Colony.....	.....
Johannesburg.....	J. C. Manion...Agt.	South African Republic.....	.....
Kimberley.....	Gardner Williams...Agt.	Cape Colony.....	.....
Port Elizabeth.....	John A. Chabaud...Agt.	Cape Colony.....	.....
Simonstown.....	John R. Black, Jr...Agt.	Cape Colony.....	.....
Cardiff, Wales.....	Daniel T. Phillips...Agt.	Illinois.....	2.00
Llanelli.....	William Howell...Agt.	Wales.....	.....
Milford Haven.....	George S. Kelway...Agt.	Wales.....	.....
Newport.....	William E. Heard...Agt.	Wales.....	.....
Ceylon, India.....	William Morey...Agt.	Maine.....	1.50
Point de Galle.....	H. Breitenstein...Agt.	Ceylon.....	.....
Charlotte town, P. E. I.....	Delmar J. Vall...Agt.	Vermont.....	1.50
Alberton.....	Albert Giddens...Agt.	Prince Edward Island.....	.....
Georgetown.....	A. J. McDonald...Agt.	Prince Edward Island.....	.....
Souris.....	Caleb C. Carlton...Agt.	Prince Edward Island.....	.....
Summerside.....	John Gaffney...Agt.	Prince Edward Island.....	.....
Chatham, Ont.....	Edwin E. Bishop...Agt.	New York.....	2.00
Clifton, Ont.....	George W. Nichols...Agt.	New York.....	1.50
St. Catharines.....	L. H. Colard...Agt.	Ontario.....	.....
Coaticook, Que.....	Joel Linsley...Agt.	Vermont.....	1.50
Hereford.....	John R. Nichols...Agt.	Canada.....	.....
Laneboro.....	Hoel S. Beebe...Agt.	Canada.....	.....
Potton.....	Chandler Bailey...Agt.	Vermont.....	.....
Stanstead.....	Horace S. Haskell...Agt.	Vermont.....	.....
Collingwood, Ont.....	William Small...Agt.	1st District of Columbia.....	Fees
Barrile.....	A. E. H. Creswick...Agt.	Canada.....	.....
Lindsay.....	Jas. M. Knowlson...Agt.	Canada.....	.....
Owen Sound.....	Win. T. Robertson...Agt.	Canada.....	.....
Parry Sound.....	Daniel Sweeney...Agt.	Canada.....	.....
Cork (Queenstown).....	Wm. H. Farrell...Agt.	Ohio.....	2.00
Waterford.....	Andrew J. Patterson...Agt.	Ireland.....	.....
Demerara, Guiana.....	Newton B. Ashby...Agt.	Tennessee.....	3.00
Dublin, Ireland.....	John Burgess...Agt.	Iowa.....	2.00
Athlone.....	Edmund Ludlow...Agt.	Ireland.....	.....
Limerick.....	John C. Higgins...Agt.	Ireland.....	.....
Dundee, Scotland.....	Andrew Murray...Agt.	Delaware.....	3.50
Aberdeen.....	John N. McCunn...Agt.	Scotland.....	.....
Dunfermline, Scotland.....	Andrew Innes...Agt.	Wisconsin.....	2.00
Kirkcaldy.....	Howard Fox...Agt.	England.....	Fees
Falmouth, England.....	John Bagfield, Jr...Agt.	England.....	.....
Scilly Islands.....	Ossian Bodell...Agt.	New York.....	1.50
Fort Erie, Ont.....	Almar F. Dickson...Agt.	Massachusetts.....	1.00
Gaspé Basin, Que.....	Daniel Bissen...Agt.	Canada.....	.....
Paspébiac.....	Joseph A. Talbot...Agt.	Canada.....	.....
Rimouski.....	Horatio J. Sprague...Agt.	Massachusetts.....	1.50
Gibraltar, Spain.....	Satuel M. Taylor...Agt.	Ohio.....	3.50
Glasgow, Scotland.....	James A. Love...Agt.	Scotland.....	.....
Greenock.....	Peter H. Waddell...Agt.	Scotland.....	.....
Troon.....	Robert S. Chilton...Agt.	1st District of Columbia.....	1.50
Goderich, Ont.....	A. O. Pattison...Agt.	Canada.....	.....
Clinton.....			

## UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
Guelph, Ont.	Charles N. Daly.	New Jersey.	\$1,500
Halifax, N. S.	John G. Foster.	Vermont.	3,500
Bridgewater.	William H. Owen.	Agt. Nova Scotia.	
Liverpool.	Jason M. Mack.	Agt. Nova Scotia.	
Lunenburg.	Daniel M. Owen.	Agt. Nova Scotia.	
Hamilton, Ont.	James M. Shepard.	Michigan.	2,000
Brantford.	Frank B. Pollard.	Agt. Illinois.	
Galt.	M. P. Townshend.	Agt. Maryland.	
Paris.	Wm. W. Hume.	Agt. Canada.	
Robart, Tasmania.	Alexander G. Webster.	Tasmania.	Fees
Launceston.	Lindsay Tullock.	Agt. Tasmania.	
Hongkong, China.	Rounseville Wildman.	California.	5,000
Huddersfield, England.	Frank C. McGhee.	Mississippi.	2,500
Hull, England.	William P. Smyth.	Missouri.	1,500
Kingston, Jamaica.	Louis A. Dent.	District of Columbia.	8,000
Black River.	C. N. Farquharson.	Agt. Jamaica.	
Falmouth.	Charles A. Nunes.	Agt. Jamaica.	
Milk River.	A. A. Green.	Agt. Jamaica.	
Montego Bay.	G. L. P. Cornaldi.	Agt. Jamaica.	
Port Antonio.	William J. Scanlon.	Agt. District of Columbia.	
Port Murrant.	L. D. Baker, Jr.	Agt. Jamaica.	
Port Maria.	I. Lyon.	Agt. Jamaica.	
St. Ann's Bay.	R. W. Harris.	Agt. Jamaica.	
Savannah-In-Mur.	Ch. S. Farquharson.	Agt. Jamaica.	
Kingston, Ont.	Marshall H. Twitchell.	Louisiana.	1,500
Gaspereque.	E. E. Abbott.	Agt. Canada.	
Leeds, England.	Norfeet Harris.	Alabama.	2,000
Leith & Edinburgh.	Rufus Fleming.	Wisconsin.	2,500
Glasgows.	John Stalker.	Agt. Scotland.	
Liverpool, England.	James Boyle.	Ohio.	5,000
Holyhead.	Richard D. Roberts.	Agt. England.	
St. Helen.	John Hannall.	Agt. England.	
London, England.	William M. Osborne.	Agt. Massachusetts.	5,000
Dover.	F. W. Prescott.	Agt. England.	
London, Ont.	William H. Jacks.	Indiana.	1,500
Malta Island.	Daniel C. Kennedy.	Missouri.	1,500
Manchester, England.	William F. Grinnell.	New York.	8,000
Melbourne, Australia.	John P. Bray.	North Dakota.	4,500
Adelaide.	Charles A. Murphy.	Agt. South Australia.	
Albany.	Frank R. Dymes.	Agt. West Australia.	
Freemantle.	Edward Mayhew.	Agt. West Australia.	
Montreal, Que.	John L. Bittinger.	Agt. Missouri.	4,000
Crema.	Thomas Stapleton.	Agt. Canada.	
Greenville.	Alex. Pridham.	Agt. Canada.	
Huntingford.	W. W. Wark.	Agt. Canada.	
Huntingdon.	John Dineen.	Agt. Canada.	
Morrisburgh, Ont.	John E. Hamilton.	Agt. Kentucky.	1,500
Cornwall.	David A. Flack.	Agt. Canada.	
Nassau.	Thomas J. McLain.	Ohio.	2,000
Albert Town.	H. H. Farrington.	Agt. Bahamas.	
Dunmore Town.	N. E. B. Munro.	Agt. Bahamas.	
Governor's Harbor.	Abner W. Griffin.	Agt. Bahamas.	
Green Turtle Cay.	Edward W. Bethel.	Agt. Bahamas.	
Mathew Town.	Daniel D. Morgan.	Agt. Bahamas.	
Newcastle-on-Tyne, England.	Horace W. Metcalf.	Maine.	2,000
Carlisle.	J. Hewatson Brown.	Agt. England.	
Hartlepool.	Hans C. Nielsen.	Agt. England.	
Sunderland.	Thos. A. Horan.	Agt. England.	
Newcastle, N. S. W.	Wm. C. Brown.	Agt. Maryland.	Fees
Brisbane.	Wm. J. Weatherill.	Agt. Queensland.	
Townsville.	John H. Rogers.	Agt. Queensland.	
Nottingham, England.	Asa D. Dickinson.	Agt. New York.	2,500
Derby.	Chas. K. Eddowes.	Agt. England.	
Leicester.	S. S. Partridge.	Agt. England.	
Orilla, Ont.	James M. Ross.	Agt. New York.	Fees
North Bay, Nipissing.	Daniel J. McKee.	Agt. Canada.	
Ottawa, Ont.	Charles E. Turner.	Agt. Connecticut.	3,000
Arnprior.	James Fowler.	Agt. Canada.	
Palmerston, Ont.	Loton S. Hunt.	Agt. New York.	Fees
Warton.	J. M. Tibbando.	Agt. Canada.	
Wingham.	John Nicoll.	Agt. Canada.	
Plymouth, England.	Joseph G. Stephens.	Agt. Indiana.	Fees
Guernsey.	William Carey.	Agt. England.	
Jersey.	E. B. Renouf.	Agt. Jersey.	
Port Hope, Ont.	Harry P. Dill.	Agt. Maine.	1,500
Peterborough.	Frank J. Bell.	Agt. Canada.	2,000
Port Louis, Mauritius.	John P. Campbell.	Agt. California.	
Port Rowan, Ont.	Geo. B. Killmaster.	Michigan.	Fees
Port Sarnia, Ont.	Arthur M. Clark.	Michigan.	1,500
Port Stanley, P. I.	John H. Miller.	Agt. Kentucky.	1,500

## UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
Port Stanley and St. Thomas, Ont.	Michael J. Burke.	Illinois.	\$2,000
Courtright.	Fred W. Baby. Agt.	New York.	1,500
Prescott, Ont.	Granville James.	Vermont.	2,400
Quebec.	Wm. W. Henry.	Ohio.	Fees
St. Christopher, W. I.	Hamilton W. Kerr.	St. Christopher.	Fees
Nevils.	Charles C. Greaves. Agt.	Bermuda.	Fees
St. George's, Bermuda.	William D. Fox.	Massachusetts.	1,500
St. Helena (Island).	James B. Coffin.	New York.	Fees
St. Hyacinthe, Que.	Charles Laberge.	Canada.	Fees
Sorel.	Isaie Sylvestre. Agt.	Canada.	2,000
Waterloo.	Arthur S. Newell. Agt.	Indiana.	1,500
St. John, N. B.	Ira B. Myers.	New Brunswick.	1,500
Campebello Island.	John I. Alexander. Agt.	New Brunswick.	1,500
Fredericton.	James T. Sharkey. Agt.	New Brunswick.	1,500
Grand Manan.	William A. Fraser. Agt.	New Brunswick.	1,500
St. George.	Charles C. Ludgate. Agt.	Pennsylvania.	1,500
St. John's, N. F.	Martin J. Carter.	New York.	1,500
St. John's, Quebec.	Charles Deal.	Quebec.	1,500
Farnham.	William L. Hibbard. Agt.	Quebec.	1,500
Lacolle.	Henry Hoyle. Agt.	Maine.	1,500
St. Stephen, N. B.	Charles A. McCullough.	New Brunswick.	1,500
St. Andrew.	George H. Stickney. Agt.	Michigan.	Fees
Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.	Charles McCall.	New Jersey.	2,500
Barnsley, England.	James Johnston.	England.	2,000
Sherbrooke, Que.	Robert D. Maddison. Agt.	New Hampshire.	2,000
Cookshire.	Paul Lang.	Quebec.	1,500
Megantic.	Charles C. Bailey. Agt.	Quebec.	1,000
Sierra Leone, Africa.	Henry W. Albro. Agt.	New York.	3,000
Singapore, S. S.	Robert P. Pooley.	Alabama.	2,500
Penang.	E. Spencer Pratt.	Straits Settlements.	2,500
Southampton, England.	Otto Schule. Agt.	Kentucky.	2,500
Portsmouth.	Warner S. Kinkadee.	England.	2,500
Weymouth.	John Main. Agt.	England.	2,500
Stanbridge, Que.	Richard Cox. Agt.	Vermont.	Fees
Clarenceville.	Henry A. Hurt.	Quebec.	1,500
Freilighsburg.	Edmund Macomber. Agt.	Quebec.	1,500
Natton.	William A. Reynolds. Agt.	West Virginia.	1,500
Stratford, Ont.	James E. Ireland. Agt.	Fiji.	Fees
Suva, Fiji Islands.	A. G. Seyfert.	Wisconsin.	2,500
Swansea.	Alexander B. Joske.	District of Columbia.	1,500
Sydney, N. S.	Griffith W. Pees.	Nova Scotia.	1,500
Antigonish.	George N. West.	Nova Scotia.	1,500
Aribat.	Rupert Cunningham. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	1,500
Cape Canoe.	Peter Campbell. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	1,500
Magdalen Islands.	Alfred W. Hart. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	1,500
Pictou.	Robert J. Leslie. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	1,500
Port Hawkesbury & Mulgrave.	John R. Davies. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	1,500
Pugwash and Wallace.	Alexander Bain. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	1,500
Sydney, N. S. W.	Conrad W. Morris. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	1,500
Norfolk Island.	George W. Bell.	Washington.	2,000
Three Rivers, Que.	Isaac Robinson. Agt.	New South Wales.	1,500
Arthabaska.	Urbain J. Ledoux.	Maine.	1,500
Toronto, Ont.	Arthur Poitras. Agt.	Quebec.	2,000
Oshawa.	William L. Sewell.	Ohio.	2,000
Trinidad, W. I.	W. P. Stericker. Agt.	Ontario.	2,000
Grenada.	Alvin Smith.	Ohio.	2,000
Scarborough.	P. J. Dean. Agt.	Toronto.	2,500
Tunstall, England.	Edward Keene. Agt.	Illinois.	Fees
Turks Island, W. I.	Wm. Harrison Bradley.	Turks Island.	Fees
Cockburn Harbor.	William Stanley Jones.	Turks Island.	Fees
Salt Cay.	Cleophas H. Dunham. Agt.	Turks Island.	Fees
Vancouver, B. C.	Daniel F. Harriott. Agt.	Massachusetts.	Fees
Rossland.	L. Edwin Dudley.	Oregon.	1,500
Union.	F. R. Bloembergen. Agt.	British Columbia.	2,500
Victoria, B. C.	George W. Clinton. Agt.	Illinois.	1,500
Nanaimo.	Abraham E. Smith.	District of Columbia.	1,000
Wallaceburg, Ont.	William B. Dennison. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	1,500
Windsor, N. S.	Isaac G. Worden.	Nova Scotia.	1,500
Cornwallis.	Edward Young. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	1,500
Kempt.	Fenwick W. Rand. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	1,500
Parryboro.	John G. Burgess. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	1,500
Port Jervis.	David A. Huntley. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	1,500
Windsor, Ont.	William Moffat. Agt.	District of Columbia.	1,500
Winnipeg, Man.	Julius G. Lay.	Arkansas.	1,500
Deloraine.	Matthew M. Duffie.	Manitoba.	1,500
Emerson.	Albert M. Herron. Agt.	Manitoba.	1,500
Fort William, Ont.	Duncan McArthur. Agt.	Ontario.	1,500
Greta.	C. W. Jarvis. Agt.	Manitoba.	1,500
Leithbridge.	Enoch Winkler. Agt.	Manitoba.	1,500
	Thomas Curry. Agt.	Manitoba.	1,500

## UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
North Portal, Assinibola.....	W. H. Dorsey.....	Assinibola.....	
Bat Portage, Ont.....	George E. Frieble.....	Manitoba.....	
Woodstock, N. B.....	Frank C. Denison.....	Vermont.....	\$1,500
Edmundston.....	J. Adolphe Guy.....		
Yarmouth, N. S.....	Radcliffe H. Ford.....	Maine.....	1,500
Annapolis.....	Jacob M. Owen.....	Nova Scotia.....	
Barrington.....	T. W. Robertson.....	Nova Scotia.....	
Digby.....	William B. Stewart.....	Nova Scotia.....	
Shelburne.....	T. Howland White.....	Nova Scotia.....	
GREECE—Athens.....	Wm. Woodville Rockhill.....	District of Columbia.....	6,500
Piræus.....	Apollo Abbati.....	Greece.....	
Syra.....	Basili Padova.....	Greece.....	
Volo.....	Charles W. Borrell.....	Greece.....	
Patras.....	Robert Lee Jenkins.....	North Carolina.....	1,000
Corfu.....	Charles E. Hancock.....	Greece.....	
Kalamata.....	D. A. Pantasopoulos.....	Greece.....	
Zante.....	Alfred L. Crowe.....	Greece.....	
GUATEMALA—Guatemala.....	D. Lynch Pringle.....	New York.....	2,000
Livingston.....	Frank C. Dennis.....	Guatemala.....	
Ocos.....	J. Dawson Meza.....	Guatemala.....	
San Jose de Guatemala.....	Upton Lorents.....	United States.....	
HAITI—Cape Haitien.....	Leonard C. H. Schlemm.....	New York.....	1,000
Goniville.....	Etcheart Dupuy.....	Haiti.....	
Port de Paix.....	Carl Abbe.....	Haiti.....	
Port-au-Prince.....	John B. Curran.....	Haiti.....	
Aux Cayes.....	Henry E. Roberts.....	Haiti.....	
Jacmel.....	Jean H. Vital.....	Haiti.....	
Jeremie.....	L. Treband Rouzier.....	Haiti.....	
Miragoane.....	Francis W. Mitchell.....	Haiti.....	
Petit Goave.....	F. Merantio.....	Haiti.....	
St. Marc.....	Charles Miot.....	Haiti.....	
HAWAII—Honolulu.....	William Haywood.....	District of Columbia.....	4,000
Hilo.....	Charles Furneaux.....	Hawaii.....	
Mahukona.....	Charles Jacob Falk.....	Hawaii.....	
HONDU RAS—Tegucigalpa.....	William Myers Little.....	North Carolina.....	2,000
Amapala.....	William Heyden.....	Honduras.....	
Celiba.....	Louis Bler.....	Louisiana.....	
Nacaome.....	John E. Foster.....	New York.....	
Puerto Cortes.....	William B. Alger.....	Massachusetts.....	
San Juanito.....	E. E. Dickason.....	Texas.....	
San Pedro Sula.....	J. M. Mitchell, Jr.....	Pennsylvania.....	
Truxillo.....	H. P. Boyce.....	Illinois.....	
Yucatan.....	Charles W. Benton.....	Colorado.....	
Ulithi.....	J. Eugene Jarnigan.....	South Carolina.....	1,000
Bonaca.....	William Bayly.....	Honduras.....	
Itzan.....	William C. Wildt.....	Illinois.....	
ITALY—Castellamare di Stabia.....	Joseph E. Hayden.....	District of Columbia.....	1,500
Sorrento.....	Francesco Ciampa.....	Italy.....	
Catania.....	Louis H. Bruhl.....	Texas.....	1,500
Florence.....	Charles Belmont Davis.....	Pennsylvania.....	1,500
Bologna.....	Carlo Gardini.....	Italy.....	
Genoa.....	James Fletcher.....	Iowa.....	1,500
San Remo.....	Albert Ameglio.....	Italy.....	
Leghorn.....	James A. Smith.....	Vermont.....	1,500
Curran.....	Uisse Boccael.....	Italy.....	
Messina.....	Charles M. Caughy.....	Maryland.....	1,500
Reggio, Calabria.....	Nicola Siles.....	Italy.....	
Milan.....	William Jarvis.....	New Hampshire.....	1,500
Naples.....	A. Homer Byington.....	Connecticut.....	1,500
Bari.....	Nicholas Schuck.....	Italy.....	
Rodi.....	Tommaso del Giudice.....	Italy.....	
Palermo.....	Church Howe.....	Nebraska.....	2,000
Carini.....	F. Crocchiolo.....	Italy.....	
Girgenti.....	Francis Clotta.....	Italy.....	
Licata.....	Arthur Verderame.....	Italy.....	
Trapani.....	Ignazio Marrone.....	Italy.....	
Rome.....	Hector de Castro.....	New York.....	3,000
Ancona.....	A. P. Tomassini.....	Italy.....	
Cagliari.....	Alphonse Dol.....	Italy.....	
Città Vecchia.....	Gustav Marsanick.....	Italy.....	
Turin.....	Percy McElrath.....	New York.....	1,000
Venice.....	Henry A. Johnson.....	District of Columbia.....	1,500
JAPAN—Nagasaki.....	Chas. B. Harris.....	Indiana.....	3,000
Tsueni, Formosa.....	James W. Davidson.....	United States.....	
Osaka and Hiroo (Kobe).....	Samuel S. Lyon.....	New Jersey.....	3,000
Yokohama.....	John F. Gower.....	Washington.....	4,000
KOREA—Seoul.....	Horace N. Allen.....	Ohio.....	750
LIBERIA—Monrovia.....	William H. Heard.....	Pennsylvania.....	4,000
Cape Coast Castle.....	George E. Erlingson.....		
MASKAT—Maskat.....	Archibald Mackirdy.....	Maskat.....	700

## UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
<b>MEXICO—Acapulco.</b>	Edgar Battle	Texas	\$2,000
San Benito.	L. R. Brewer. . . . . Agt.	United States	
Tehuantepec and Salina Cruz	Jervas Jefferis. . . . . Agt.	Pennsylvania	
Chihuahua.	W. W. Mills	Texas	Fees
Parra.	James J. Long. . . . . Agt.	Pennsylvania	
Ciudad Juarez.	Charles W. Kindrick.	Louisiana	2,500
Durango.	George E. Kedzie	Colorado	Fees
Torreon.	Lenious F. Poston. . . . . Agt.	North Carolina	
Ensenada.	Anthony Godbe.	Mexico	Fees
San Jose and Cape St. Lucas.	Abraham Kurnitzky. Agt.	Mexico	
Matamoros.	John F. Kalls	Louisiana	1,500
Mier.	Henry Vicayo. . . . . Agt.	Mexico	
Mazatlan.	Arthur de Cima	California	
Mexico.	Andrew D. Barlow	Missouri	4,000
Agua Calientes.	A. M. Raphael. . . . . Agt.	New York	
Guadalajara.	Edward B. Light. . . . . Agt.	Colorado	
Guajuato.	Dwight Furness. . . . . Agt.	Mexico	
Puebla.	Wm. S. Jameson. . . . . Agt.	United States	
Zacatecas.	E. von Gehren. . . . . Agt.	Texas	
Monterrey.	C. W. Kendrick	Louisiana	
Nogales.	H. Hughs Long	Alabama	1,500
Guaymas.	Frank M. Crocker. . . . . Agt.	Iowa	
Nuevo Laredo.	Joseph G. Donnelly	Wisconsin	2,500
Monterrey.	J. D. Fitzsimmons. . . . . Agt.	Texas	
Victoria.	M. C. Cameron. . . . . Agt.	Mexico	
Piedras Negras.	Samuel M. Simmons.	Texas	2,000
Sierra Mojada.	Henry B. Hackley. . . . . Agt.	Kentucky	
Progreso.	Edward H. Thompson.	Massachusetts	1,500
Laguna de Terminos.	German Hahn. . . . . Agt.	United States	
Batillo.	John Woessner	Texas	Fees
Tampico.	Samuel E. Magill.	Illinois	2,000
San Luis Potosi.	John M. Thomson. . . . . Agt.	New York	
Tuxpan.	John Drayton	South Carolina	Fees
Veracruz.	William W. Canada	Indiana	3,000
Coahuila de Zaragoza.	F. W. Carpenter. . . . . Agt.	Mexico	
Frontera.	Michael Girard	Mexico	
<b>MOROCCO—Tangier.</b>	F. C. Partridge	Vermont	2,000
Casa Blanca.	John Cobb.	United States	
Larache.	Harry Carleton	United States	
Mazagan.	John J. de Maria. . . . . Agt.	Morocco	
Mogador.	George Broome		
Rabat.	Elias Bensaude. . . . . Agt.	Morocco	
<b>NETHERLANDS AND DOMINIONS—</b>			
IONS—Amsterdam.	George J. Corey	Illinois	1,500
Batavia, Java.	Sidney B. Everett.	Massachusetts	1,000
Macassar, Celebes.	Karl Auer. . . . . Agt.	Celebes	
Banarung.	F. W. Beauchlerk. . . . . Agt.	Java	
Curacao, W. I.	L. B. Smith.	Maine	2,000
Buen Ayre.	Lodewyk C. Boye. . . . . Agt.	Curacao	
Padang, Sumatra.	Hilrich J. P. Haacke.	Sumatra	Fees
Paramaribo, Guiana.	Ell Van Praag.	United States	Fees
Rotterdam.	Soren Listoe.	Minnesota	\$2,000
Flushing.	Peter Smith. . . . . Agt.	Netherlands	
Bochdam.	Leonard Koot. . . . . Agt.	Netherlands	
St. Martin, W. I.	Diederick C. Van Romondt	St. Martin	Fees
St. Eustatius.	J. C. C. Every. . . . . Agt.		
<b>NICARAGUA—Managua.</b>	Paul Wiesike	Texas	2,000
Corinto.	Henry Palazzo.	Nicaragua	
Rio Juan del Sur.	Charles Holmann. . . . . Agt.	Nicaragua	
San Juan del Norte.	W. B. Borsby.	Mississippi	2,000
Bluefields.	M. J. Clancy. . . . . Agt.	Indiana	
<b>PARAGUAY—Asuncion.</b>	John N. Ruffin.	Tennessee	1,500
<b>PERSIA—Teheran.</b>	Arthur S. Hardy.	New Hampshire	5,000
<b>PERU—Callao.</b>	William B. Dickey.	Louisiana	3,500
Chiclayo.	Alfred Soli. . . . . Agt.	Peru	
Mollendo.	Enrique Meier.	Peru	
Paita.	John F. Hopkins, Jr. Agt.	Peru	
Trujillo.	Edward Gottfried. . . . . Agt.	Peru	
Tumbes.	William Balami. . . . . Agt.	Peru	
<b>PORTUGAL AND DOMINIONS—</b>			
Funchal, Madeira.	Thomas C. Jones.	Kentucky	1,500
Lisbon.	John B. Wilbor.	New York	Fees
Faro.	F. J. Tavares. . . . . Agt.	Portugal	
Loanda, Africa.	Frank Weston. . . . . Agt.	Africa	
Oporto.	William Stuve. . . . . Agt.	Portugal	
Setubal.	Joaquin T. O'Neil. . . . . Agt.	Portugal	
Mozambique, Africa.	W. Stanley Hollis.	Massachusetts	1,000
Beira.	W. B. Diepeveen.	Mozambique	
Lorenzo Marques.	James McIntosh. . . . . Agt.	Mozambique	
St. Michael's, Azores.	Collin C. Manning.	South Carolina	1,500

## UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
Plores.....	James Mackay..... Agt.	Azores.....	
San Jorge.....	Joaquin J. Cardozo..... Agt.	Azores.....	
Terceira.....	Henrique de Castro..... Agt.	Azores.....	
Santiago, Cape Verde Islands.....	Ernest Beaumont.....	Cape Verde Islands.....	Fees
Brava.....	Joao J. Nunes..... Agt.		
Fogo.....	C. J. Barbosa..... Agt.	Cape Verde Islands.....	
St. Vincent.....	J. B. Guimarães..... Agt.	Cape Verde Islands.....	
ROUMANIA—Bucharest.....	Wm. Woodville Rockhill.....	District of Columbia.....	\$5.00
RUSSIA—Batum.....	James C. Chambers.....	New York.....	Fees
Helisingsfors.....	Herman Donner.....	Russia.....	Fees
Abo.....	Hector Forsellus..... Agt.	Russia.....	
Wiborg.....	C. Edwin Ekstrom..... Agt.	Russia.....	
Moscow.....	Thomas Smith.....	New Jersey.....	Fees
Odessa.....	Thomas E. Heenan.....	Minnesota.....	2,000
Rostoff and Taganrog.....	Wm. R. Martin, Act'g Agt.	Russia.....	
Riga.....	Niels P. A. Bornholdt.....	Russia.....	Fees
St. Petersburg.....	William R. Holloway.....	Indiana.....	3,000
Cronstadt.....	Peter Wigfus..... Agt.	Russia.....	
Libau.....	Hugo Smit..... Agt.	Russia.....	
Revel.....	Edmund Von Glehn, Agt.	Russia.....	
WARSAW.....	Joseph Rawicz.....	Russia.....	Fees
SALVADOR—San Salvador.....	John Jenkins.....	Nebraska.....	2,000
Acapulco.....	Bernardo Nordmann, Agt.	Salvador.....	
La Libertad.....	G. Malvado.....	Salvador.....	
La Union.....	John B. Courtade..... Agt.	Salvador.....	
SAMOA—Apia.....	Luther W. Osborn.....	Nebraska.....	3,000
SERBIA—Belgrade.....	Wm. Woodville Rockhill.....	District of Columbia.....	6,500
SIAM—Bangkok.....	John Barrett.....	Oregon.....	5,000
SPAIN AND DOMINIONS—			
Alicante.....	John L. Giro.....	Spain.....	Fees
Baracoa, Cuba.....	Alfredo T. Triay.....	Florida.....	2,000
Barcelona.....	Herbert W. Bowen.....		1,500
Bilbao.....	Sydney J. Dyer..... Agt.	New York.....	
Gijón.....	Salto Alvarangas, Agt.	Spain.....	
Graz.....	Theodor Mertens..... Agt.	Spain.....	
Pulpa Majorca.....	Ernesto Canut..... Agt.	Spain.....	
Port Mahon.....	P. B. Valls..... Agt.	Spain.....	
San Felix de Guixols.....	Jose Siblis..... Agt.	Spain.....	
San Sebastian.....	Jullian de Salazar..... Agt.	Spain.....	
Santander.....	Faustino Adriozaola..... Agt.	Spain.....	
Tarragona.....	Pelayo Montoya..... Agt.	Spain.....	
Torrevieja.....	Jose Hodor..... Agt.	Spain.....	
Cádiz.....	J. H. Carroll.....	Spain.....	1,500
Huelva.....	John R. Catlin..... Agt.	Spain.....	
Jerez de la Frontera.....	William W. Wor. Agt.	Spain.....	
Port St. Mary's.....	George M. Daniels..... Agt.	Spain.....	
Seville.....	Samuel B. Caldwell..... Agt.	New York.....	
Cardenas, Cuba.....	Joseph L. Hance.....	New York.....	1,500
Cartagena.....	Cirilo Molina.....	Spain.....	Fees
Cienfuegos, Cuba.....	Owen McGarr.....	Tennessee.....	2,500
Trinidad de Cuba.....	Carlos Ynaga..... Agt.	United States.....	
Coruna.....	Julio Harmony.....	New York.....	Fees
Carril.....	Rogelio Ferrelros..... Agt.	Spain.....	
Concepcion.....	Placido Castro..... Agt.	Spain.....	
Eerrol.....	Nicasio Perez..... Agt.	Spain.....	
Vigo.....	Eugenio Mador..... Agt.	Spain.....	
Vivero.....	Joaquin Muniz..... Agt.	Spain.....	
Denia.....	Andrew F. Fay.....	Illinois.....	1,500
Garrucha.....	Jose Garcia Suesa.....	Spain.....	Fees
Havana, Cuba.....	Fitzhugh Lee.....	Virginia.....	6,000
Madrid.....	Ignacio F. Hernandez.....	Spain.....	Fees
Malaga.....	Richard M. Bartleman.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Almeria Malaga.....	Franklin C. Bevan..... Agt.	Maryland.....	
Port of Marbella.....	Miguel Calzado..... Agt.	Spain.....	
Manila, Philippine Islands.....	O. F. Williams.....	New York.....	2,000
Cebu.....	G. E. A. Cadell..... Agt.	Iowa.....	3,000
Matanzas, Cuba.....	Alexander C. Brice.....	Cuba.....	
Gibara.....	Jose H. Beola..... Agt.	Mississippi.....	2,000
Sagua la Grande, Cuba.....	Walter B. Barker.....	Iowa.....	2,000
San Juan, P. R.....	Philip C. Hanna.....		
Aguadilla.....	Aug. Ganslandt..... Agt.	Porto Rico.....	
Arecibo.....	J. B. Carrion..... Agt.	Porto Rico.....	
Fajardo.....	R. Siaca-Pacheco..... Agt.	Porto Rico.....	
Guayama.....	J. C. McCormick..... Agt.	Porto Rico.....	
Mayaguez.....	Manuel Badnena..... Agt.	Porto Rico.....	
Naguabo.....	Antonio Roig..... Agt.	Porto Rico.....	
Ponce.....	Felix W. Preston..... Agt.	Porto Rico.....	
Vieques.....	H. N. Longpre..... Agt.	Porto Rico.....	
San Juan de los Remedios, Cuba.....	James H. Springer.....		
Santiago de Cuba.....	Pulaski F. Hyatt.....	Pennsylvania.....	Fees
Guantanamo.....	Paul Brooks..... Agt.	Cuba.....	2,500

## UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
Manzanillo.....	W. Stakeman.....Agt.	Cuba.....	
Santa Cruz.....	Walter Voigt.....Agt.	Cuba.....	
Grand Canary (Canary Islands).....	Thomas Miller.....Agt.	Canary Islands.....	
Lanzarote (Canary Islands).....	John G. Topham.....Agt.	Canary Islands.....	
<b>SWEDEN AND NORWAY.</b>			
Bergen, Norway.....	Ernest A. Man.....	Florida.....	Fees
Tromsø.....	Richard Killengren.....Agt.	Norway.....	
Christiania, Norway.....	Henry Bordewich.....	Minnesota.....	\$1,000
Arendal.....	Christian Eyde.....Agt.	Norway.....	
Christiansand.....	Bernie Reinhardt.....Agt.	Norway.....	
Göteborg, Sweden.....	Otto R. Brossen.....Agt.	North Dakota.....	1,500
Helsingborg.....	Lars Virgin.....Agt.	Sweden.....	
Malmö.....	Peter M. Flensburg.....Agt.	Sweden.....	
Stockholm, Sweden.....	Edward W. Winslow.....	Illinois.....	1,500
<b>SWITZERLAND—Basel.</b>			
Chaux-de-Fonds.....	George Gifford.....	Maine.....	8,000
Berne.....	Henri Rieckel.....Agt.	Switzerland.....	
Geneva.....	John E. Hünneke.....	Switzerland.....	Fees
Vevey.....	Benjamin H. Ridgely.....	Kentucky.....	1,500
Horgen.....	William Cuenod.....Agt.	Switzerland.....	
Lucerne.....	Henry H. Morgan.....	Louisiana.....	2,000
St. Gall.....	Ernest Williams.....Agt.	Switzerland.....	
Zürich.....	Irving B. Richmond.....	Iowa.....	8,000
Aarau.....	Adam Lieberknecht.....	Illinois.....	2,000
Winterthur.....	R. Sauerländer.....Agt.	Switzerland.....	
<b>TONGA—Nukualofa.</b>			
Helrich Langsdorf.....Agt.		Switzerland.....	
<b>TURKEY AND DOMINIONS.</b>			
Alexandretta.....	L. W. Osborn.....	Nebraska.....	
Aleppo.....	Horace L. Washington.....	Texas.....	1,500
Mersine.....	Frederick Poche.....Agt.	Syria.....	
Bassorah (Bagdad).....	Richard Viterbo.....Agt.	Turkey.....	
Beirut, Syria.....	James Hamilton.....Agt.	Great Britain.....	
Damascus.....	Thomas S. Devie.....	Virginia.....	2,000
Haifa.....	Nasif Meshaka.....	Syria.....	
Cairo, Egypt.....	Gottlieb Schumacher.....Agt.	Syria.....	
Alexandria.....	Thomas S. Harrison.....	Pennsylvania.....	5,000
Assiout.....	James Hewat.....Agt.	Egypt.....	
Kench.....	B. W. Khayat.....Agt.	Egypt.....	
Luxor.....	Abdel K. M. el Amari.....Agt.	Egypt.....	
Mansourah.....	Aly Mourad.....Agt.	Egypt.....	
Port Said.....	Ibrahim Daoud.....Agt.	Egypt.....	
Sohag and Akhmim.....	Samuel G. Broadbent.....Agt.	Egypt.....	
Suez.....	Abdel Shaid.....Agt.	Egypt.....	
Constantinople.....	Alfred W. Haydn.....Agt.	Egypt.....	
Candia, Crete.....	Charles M. Dickinson.....	New York.....	8,000
Dardanelles.....	A. L. Calokerinos.....Agt.	Crete.....	
Salonica.....	Frank Calvert.....Agt.	Turkey.....	
Erzerum, Armenia.....	Pericles H. Lazaro.....Agt.	Turkey.....	
Jerusalem, Syria.....	Leo A. Bergholz.....	New York.....	2,000
Yafa.....	Edwin S. Wallace.....	South Dakota.....	2,500
Sivas.....	E. Hardegg.....Agt.	Syria.....	
Samsoun.....	Milo A. Jewett.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Trebisonde.....	G. C. Stephopoulos.....Agt.	Turkey.....	
Smyrna.....	H. Z. Longworth.....Agt.	Turkey.....	
Mytilene.....	James H. Madden.....Agt.	Illinois.....	2,500
<b>URUGUAY—Colonia.</b>			
Montevideo.....	Michael M. Fottion.....Agt.	Turkey.....	
Paysandu.....	Benjamin D. Mantou.....	Rhode Island.....	Fees
<b>VENEZUELA—La Guayra.</b>			
Barcelona.....	Albert W. Swalm.....	Iowa.....	8,000
Caracas.....	John G. Hufnagel.....	Maryland.....	Fees
Carupano.....	Isaac M. Elliott.....	New York.....	1,500
Ciudad Bolívar.....	Ignacio H. Bals.....Agt.	Venezuela.....	
Cumaná.....	Frederick De Sola.....Agt.	United States.....	
Maracaibo.....	Juan A. Orsini.....Agt.	Venezuela.....	
Coro.....	Robert Henderson.....Agt.	Venezuela.....	
San Cristóbal.....	Jose G. N. Romberg.....Agt.	Venezuela.....	
Valera.....	Eugene H. Plummer.....	Tennessee.....	2,000
Puerto Cabello.....	Joshua L. Senior.....Agt.	Venezuela.....	
Valencia.....	Alexander Boue.....Agt.	Venezuela.....	
<b>ZANZIBAR—Zanzibar.</b>			
	Marquard Bodecker.....Agt.	Venezuela.....	
	Samuel Proskauer.....	Virginia.....	1,500
	T. H. Grosewisch.....Agt.	Venezuela.....	
	R. Dorsey Mohun.....	District of Columbia.....	2,000

## FOREIGN LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

COUNTRIES.	Name.	Rank.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.....	Dr. Martin G. Merou.....	E. E. and M. P.
AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.....	Senor Antonio del Viso.....	Secretary of Legation.
	Mr. L. H. von Hennervar.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Baron F. B. von Riedeman.....	Secretary of Legation.

## FOREIGN LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.—CONTINUED.

COUNTRY.	Name.	Rank.
BELGIUM.....	Count G. de Lichterveld.....	E. E. and M. P.
BOLIVIA.....	Mr. Maurice Joestens.....	Counselor of Legation.
BRAZIL.....	Senor Luis Pas.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senhor Salvador de Mendonca.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senhor Manoel de O. Lima.....	First Secretary.
CHILE.....	Senhor Alfredo de A. Brandao.....	Second Secretary.
	Senor Don Domingo Gana.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don M. S. Pinto.....	First Secretary.
	Senor Don V. Eastman.....	Second Secretary.
CHINA.....	Mr. Wu Ting-fang.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Shen Tung.....	First Secretary.
	Mr. Wang Ta-chun.....	Secretary.
	Mr. Chow Tsa-chi.....	Interpreter.
	Mr. Ho Yow.....	Interpreter.
COLOMBIA.....	Senor Don Jose M. Hurtado.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Julio Rengifo.....	Counselor, First Secretary.
COSTA RICA.....	Senor Don Joaquin B. Calvo.....	E. E. and M. P.
DENMARK.....	Mr. Constantin Brun.....	E. E. and M. P.
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC.....	Senor Don A. W. y Gill.....	Charge d'Affaires.
ECUADOR.....	Senor Don L. F. Carbo.....	E. E. and M. P.
FRANCE.....	Mr. J. Patenotre.....	A. E. and P.
	Mr. Paul Lefalivre.....	First Secretary.
	Clement de Granprey.....	Military Attache.
	Mr. Jules Beuville.....	Chancellor.
GERMANY.....	Vacant.....	A. E. and P.
	Mr. von Reichenau.....	Counselor, First Secretary.
	Mr. A. von Bruening.....	Second Secretary.
	Lt. Count von Gatzert.....	Attache.
GREAT BRITAIN.....	Sir J. Pauncefoot, G.C.B., G.C.M.G.....	A. E. and P.
	Mr. C. F. F. Adam.....	Secretary of Embassy.
	Mr. Hugh J. O'Beirne.....	Second Secretary.
	Mr. Reginald Tower.....	Second Secretary.
	Mr. Osborne McM. Kavanagh.....	Third Secretary.
	The Earl of Westmeath.....	Attache.
GREATER REP. OF C. A.....	Senor Don L. D. Rodrigues.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don L. F. Corea.....	Secretary of Legation.
GUATEMALA.....	Senor Don A. L. Arriaga.....	E. E. and M. P.
HAITI.....	Mr. J. N. Leger.....	E. E. and M. P.
HAWAII.....	Mr. F. M. Hatch.....	E. E. and M. P.
ITALY.....	Baron de Fava.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Count Vinoli.....	Secretary Legation.
	Senor C. Romano.....	Second Secretary.
JAPAN.....	Mr. Toru Hoehi.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Count K. Auenokosi.....	First Secretary.
	Mr. K. Matsui.....	Secretary of Legation.
	Mr. Durham W. Stevens.....	Counselor of Legation.
	Comdr. K. Narita.....	Naval Attache.
KOREA.....	Mr. Chin Pom Ye.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Bong Sun Pak.....	Secretary.
MEXICO.....	Senor Don Matias Romero.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Jose F. Godoy.....	First Sec. and Charge d'Affaires.
	Senor Don Luis G. Pardo.....	Second Secretary.
	Senor Don Enrique Santibanez.....	Second Secretary.
NETHERLANDS.....	Mr. G. de Weckherlin.....	E. E. and M. P.
PERU.....	Don Victor Equiquen.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Don Manuel Elguera.....	Secretary of Legation.
PORTUGAL.....	Viscount de Santo-Thyrsio.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor I. da C. Duarte.....	Secretary of Legation.
RUSSIA ..	Mr. E. de Kotzebue.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. de Wollant.....	First Secretary.
	Mr. M. Zelenor.....	Second Secretary.
SPAIN.....	Senor Don Enrique D. de Lome.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Juan du Boe.....	First Secretary.
	Senor Don Julio de Galarza.....	Third Secretary.
	Senor Don A. Pla.....	Attache.
	Senor Don Alerio B. Almeida.....	Attache.
	Capt. C. de la Casa.....	Military Attache.
	Lt. Don J. G. Sobral.....	Naval Attache.
	Senor Don P. Saler.....	First Secretary.
	Senor Don Tomas Acyuanon.....	Secretary of Legation.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY.....	Mr. A. Grip.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. N. J. Knagenhjelm.....	Secretary of Legation.
SWITZERLAND.....	Mr. J. B. Ploda.....	Charge d'Affaires.
	Dr. L. Vogel.....	Sec. Leg. and Charge d'Affaires.
TURKEY.....	Mustapha Bey.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Seifeddin Bey.....	First Secretary.
VENEZUELA.....	Senor Jose Andrade.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Manuel M. Foute, Jr.....	Secretary of Legation.

# Utterances of State Conventions.

## RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED AT VARIOUS STATE CONVENTIONS ON NATIONAL QUESTIONS.

As a rule the party conventions in the states holding elections in 1897 confined themselves very closely to local issues in their platforms. In some states the conventions contented themselves by ratifying the platforms of the national assemblies of 1896.

## THE FINANCES.

[Where parties are omitted no declaration was made.]

### COLORADO.

#### REPUBLICANS.

Resolved, That the republican party of Colorado unqualifiedly indorses the determination of the national republican party to restore the value of silver bullion and secure permanent bimetalism by appointing a monetary commission to secure an international agreement. That in appointing Senator Wolcott at the head of said commission and backing the efforts of said commission by the whole diplomatic power of his administration President McKinley is entitled to the unanimous support of all citizens of Colorado who desire the restoration of silver.

We earnestly commend the efforts of Senator Wolcott in his active prosecution of the only rational attempt that has hitherto been made to secure enduring bimetalism and we denounce as infamous the calumny that has been heaped upon him by the democratic and populist press.

#### DEMOCRATS.

We believe the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 to be the paramount issue before the people of this nation and until settled rightly it should be the supreme question in every election, whether national or local. We expressly declare our opposition to any movement which may be construed as a waiver of that issue and pledge ourselves to do all in our power, whether alone or in conjunction with others who believe in the same thing, to defeat any candidate who accepts a nomination by those who are opposed to the principles of the Chicago platform.

#### SILVER REPUBLICANS.

The silver republicans of Colorado in convention assembled declare that the adoption of a single gold standard by the nations of the world means the restriction of commerce to the narrowest possible limit and will, if continued, entail upon the wage-earning classes a lasting servitude, which will seriously retard, if not destroy, the development of civilization. We owe it, therefore, not only to ourselves, but to the people of our common country, to steadfastly and courageously continue the battle for the restoration of the money of the constitution.

We declare that the silver republican party of Colorado will maintain its organization intact without yielding, abandoning or compromising any of the principles which called it into existence, and we oppose affiliation with any organization which does not stand with us upon the question of bimetalism, which we regard as of controlling and paramount political importance. We especially oppose affiliation with the present republican administration party because it declared in its platform of 1896

that it is opposed to the free coinage of silver and that the present gold standard must be maintained until the principal commercial nations of the world consent that we may have a financial system of our own. We recognize that a judicial convention should be as far as practicable divorced from politics, yet we desire to place ourselves upon record as being unqualifiedly in favor of the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation or country on earth.

#### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the legal ratio of 16 to 1 by our own government, independent of the action of any other nation, and we demand that the amount of paper money be regulated to the wants of trade and be issued directly by the government. We call upon all friends of this cause to be manly and brave at this critical time.

### IOWA.

#### REPUBLICANS.

The platform "reaffirms and adopts in every part the declaration of principles announced by the republican national convention in 1896 and it pledges for Iowa the election in November next shall be a still more emphatic evidence of the strength and justice of republican doctrines. "It again specially declares for protection and honest money."

#### DEMOCRATS.

The democracy of Iowa in convention assembled send greeting to the nearly 7,000,000 patriots who participated and aided in the battle of the people in their struggle for their rights in the last campaign, by giving renewed expression of devotion to the principles of the democracy of the nation as set forth in the platform adopted by the democratic party at Chicago in 1896. We lay special emphasis upon that portion of the national platform of the democratic party on the financial question, believing that the very existence of the farming, laboring and commercial interests of the country depends upon a change of our financial policy, and we enter into the first campaign after the great battle of the people against the combined corporate and money power, in which that peerless statesman and patriot, W. J. Bryan, was our leader, with the reassertion "that we demand the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation."

#### FREE SILVER REPUBLICANS.

The free silver republican party of Iowa, in convention assembled, hereby declare these are our principles:

We are first and unalterably in favor of

the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, and heartily indorse the declaration of the republican party of Iowa in 1877 that, "the silver dollar having been the legal unit of value from the foundation of the federal government until 1873, the law by which its coinage was suspended should be repealed at the earliest possible day and silver made with gold a legal tender for the payment of all debts, both public and private."

That the epithet "cheap money," as applied to the old standard silver dollar of the United States, is both disloyal and dishonest. It had its origin and use with the money shark during the war of the rebellion, in denouncing the legal tender notes, and is now the favorite term of those who want to make money scarce and high, so they may take advantage of it and prey upon the necessities and distresses of the government and people.

We reaffirm the doctrine of the resolution passed by a republican congress in 1878, known as the Matthews resolution, to the effect that the payment of all national obligations in the silver dollar of 412½ grains standard is not in violation of the public faith nor in derogation of the public credit.

We further affirm that, the national debts having been contracted under the legal ratio of 16 to 1, the proposition made by the republican party to make the gold standard permanent and to ignore the constitutional sphere of silver is rank repudiation of the contract and we therefore denounce it as both dishonest and un-American.

#### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We, the populists of Iowa, in convention assembled, hereby declare these our principles:

We are first and unalterably in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1 with gold, and we heartily indorse the declaration of the party in Iowa in 1877 that, "the silver dollar having been the legal unit of value from the foundation of the federal government until 1873, the law by which its coinage was suspended should be repealed at the earliest possible moment and silver made with gold a full legal tender for the payment of all debts, both public and private."

That all supplementary currency should be issued by the government and should be a full legal tender for all debts, and we view with alarm the threat of the present administration to withdraw and to destroy the government issue and look upon the movement as a further crime in decreasing the amount of money in use, while population is increasing, and augmenting the bonded debt in times of peace.

#### NATIONAL (GOLD) DEMOCRATS.

The national democrats of the state of Iowa, in convention assembled, declare:

The doctrines of paternalism, class legislation and debased coinage, to which each of the three contracting parties making up the free silver-populist triple alliance in this state have recently pledged themselves in their several platforms, are as abhorrent to every true democrat when advocated by populists under the name of democracy as when taught by republicans. Democracy is a necessary foe of each and we repudiate them as unworthy of the support of every true democrat.

#### KENTUCKY.

#### REPUBLICANS.

Resolved, by the republican party in con-

vention assembled, That we reaffirm the principles of the republican party as set forth in the platform adopted by it at St. Louis in 1896.

#### DEMOCRATS.

Resolved, First—That we hereby reaffirm our faith in the principles set forth and enumerated in the platform adopted by the democratic party in national convention held at Chicago in July, 1896, and we re-adopt said platform as the platform of the democracy of Kentucky.

Second—That the principles adopted and set forth in that platform are the true principles of democratic faith and we urge upon all true democrats to stand by them at all times and under all circumstances and conditions.

Third—That we indorse the canvass made by William J. Bryan, the nominee of the democratic party for the presidency of the United States in the late election. We recommend its wisdom, approve it as just and fair to all parties and interests of our common country. We recognize in him the peerless orator and statesman and the great champion of the people's rights against the money power, the monopolists, the syndicates and trusts and pledge him the support of a united democracy in our state.

#### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The people's party of Kentucky, in convention assembled, do hereby in positive terms reaffirm our faithful allegiance and ardent devotion to the principles of the people's party, as enunciated in the platform adopted at Omaha, Neb., in 1892, and at St. Louis in 1896, and we hereby cordially invite all true reformers throughout the state and nation to assist us in carrying into effect the said principles.

(The Omaha platform advocated the free coinage of silver at present ratio.)

#### NATIONAL (GOLD) DEMOCRATS.

The national democracy of Kentucky, in convention assembled, cordially approve the action taken last year resulting in the Indianapolis convention, the nomination of Palmer and Buckner and the complete reorganization and perpetuation of the democratic party, not only for that campaign, but for all time. We reaffirm as the pledge of the democratic party that when intrusted with federal power it will enact such tax laws as will produce sufficient revenue and framed for revenue only, levying necessary taxes only and impartially and without bounties, bonuses or favors; will reform the currency laws so as to maintain the standard of the world and furnish a sound, stable and sufficient currency of gold and silver, interchangeable with each other at equal commercial value; will regain, with suitable revenue and navigation laws, the supremacy of the seas; enforce a proper civil-service system; preserve the public order; maintain the public peace, and protect the rights, liberties and property of the citizens by such means as may be necessary at home and abroad. We denounce the free and unlimited coinage of silver as inevitably producing silver monometallism, and we advocate a gold standard and the coinage of silver to the requirements of commerce as offering the only means of maintaining bimetalism, and denounce any attempt to fix the ratio between the metals arbitrarily by law without reference to their commercial value as unsafe and dangerous to public welfare and private interests.

MASSACHUSETTS.

REPUBLICANS.

Twelve months ago a party, once great, put forward a platform of devastation and destruction.

Upon it, under new and strange leadership, stood candidates who violently advocated its purposes of disorder—disorder in our revenue, in our financial system, in the execution of law and the administration of justice.

To-day that mass of dream and delusion is spurned even by the Nebraska farmers, who voted for it and who now know the fallacy of the deadly parallel between wheat and the white metal. Calked with free silver heresies, that same platform floats an abandoned derelict upon a turbulent sea, sighted now and then from some volcanic rock by a Debs, an Altgeld, or, even as on yesterday, by somebody or other in our own state, but never again to enter the haven of American confidence, to threaten and alight.

To that creed of Bryanism and disorder the St. Louis platform stood opposed.

It won the fight in behalf of principle and national honor. But the republican party has done more than win; it has scrupulously kept and promptly performed its promises.

It has maintained the gold standard. It has given what the people wanted and believe in—a tariff to protect our labor and our industries, to furnish adequate revenue to our treasury—an American policy for the American people.

We see a republican president instituting an honest search for honest bimetalism, which an international agreement alone can effect; under severe pressure for peace, not merely maintaining, but wisely extending, the merit system in our civil service; declaring to other nations a policy dignified and firm without arrogance, patriotic always.

DEMOCRATS.

Whether it is judicious to abandon half of the money in the world is the supreme question. The demonetization of silver, begun in 1873, with little or no thought in Europe and America, has been a potent and increasing factor in the disastrous depression of the last twenty years, not uniform, but with ups and downs, each level being lower than the last. Gold has appreciated in purchasing power more than 3 per cent a year, demoralizing the producing classes with paralysis of trade through falling prices and causing cruel unemployment of labor and reduction of the wage fund. The destruction of silver money already in process will, if completed, have doubled the demand for gold, its price and its purchasing power, while all other prices will have suffered an enormous decrease, with the burden of debts doubled, debtors bankrupted and a vast share of the world's wealth transferred from debtors to creditors by the malignant magic of an appreciating standard of value.

The democratic party opposes the attempt to fasten on the country gold monometallism and demands the remonetization of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. The demand for silver would be so enormous and the demand for gold so reduced that the two would meet and remain at parity and the paralyzing battle of the standards cease and the world would enter upon a period of assured prosperity.

Just now a shortage of the world's food crops, culminating in widespread and ghastly Asiatic famine, has raised prices for our

products. These abnormal conditions have largely eliminated the competition of silver using countries. But a recurrence of good crops will renew the fierce competition of these countries, which will again underbid the American farmer and reduce the world's prices of agricultural products. While republicans may place their reliance upon temporary distress abroad, democrats demand such just and broad basis of standard money as will maintain a stable standard of value and stable prices, with steady employment of labor and capital.

The greenbacks issued by the government have proved the country's best paper money, and should not be canceled. There can be no privilege more dangerous than the control of our currency supply by private bankers, and we stoutly oppose their attempt to strengthen such a monopoly by the substitution of bank notes for our national notes.

NATIONAL (GOLD) DEMOCRATS.

We adhere to and insist upon the maintenance of the present gold standard. We believe that the free coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1, when the present commercial ratio is nearly 40 to 1, would be destructive to the interests of wage earners of depositors in savings banks, of the insured, of the veterans and of the whole people. We believe that the payment of debts, public or private, in dollars of less intrinsic value than those in which they were contracted is dishonorable and dishonest. Therefore, we reaffirm our allegiance to the great financial principle which guides Jefferson, Jackson and Cleveland—that it is the sole function of the federal government in monetary matters to provide a standard of value and to coin metallic money, ever dollar of which shall be of equal intrinsic value; that nothing but this coined money shall be legal tender and that the government shall not carry on a banking business.

We demand that some safe plan be adopted whereby our legal tender paper, silver and silver certificates shall be withdrawn and a banking system under proper control be established through which adequate banking facilities may be furnished to all sections of the country.

We believe that a currency based upon business assets and issued upon proper safeguards responds automatically to the necessities of commerce and permits the issue of an elastic medium of exchange in those sections where it is most needed for the creation of new enterprises and the employment of American labor.

MICHIGAN.

REPUBLICANS.

We reaffirm the principles laid down in the last national platform and we believe the triumph of republican principles will restore the country to that condition of prosperity which it has always enjoyed under republican supremacy.

DEMOCRATS.

The democracy of Michigan, in state convention assembled, declare our unalterable adherence and devotion to the principles of the democratic party as expressed in the Chicago platform of 1896. And we do further declare that the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1 is the paramount issue and is essential to the restoration of general prosperity to the American people.

We are opposed to the retirement of the paper currency issued by the government

and the substitution thereof of paper currency issued by banking corporations. We believe that to invest the bank corporation with this power is highly detrimental to the business interests and industrial classes of the country.

#### UNION SILVER.

Resolved, That the first great struggle against the despotism of the money power has passed into history and, though defeated by a combination of forces, fraud and corruption unknown before in the political history of civilized government, the ranks of the advocates of the free coinage of gold and silver are still unbroken, and with the memory of our gallant leader, William Jennings Bryan, still fresh in the minds and hearts of more than six millions of freemen, who supported him loyally on Nov. 3 last, we pledge ourselves again to take up the conflict that must end in victory before the guaranties of the constitution—life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness—can be assured by the people; and, believing this, we, the union silver party of the state of Michigan, reaffirm our adherence to the great cause of bimetalism and dedicate ourselves anew to the struggle for the restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, to the end that the parity of the metals may be established without awaiting the consent of any other nation.

We declare ourselves as unalterably opposed to the proposed plan of the incoming administration to further control the circulating medium by the retirement of the greenbacks and the increase of the bonded debt, to the end that the power of the national banks may be increased by giving them practically the control of the national finances, believing that to the government alone belongs the power to issue all the money and that it shall be full legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private.

#### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The people's party of the state of Michigan, in convention assembled, pride themselves as being the pioneers of the movement to establish the free and unlimited coinage of silver and a paper currency that shall be a full legal tender for all debts, dues and demands, wholly in the control of the people, without the intervention of banks of issue, and extends its congratulations to every man, regardless of past party affiliations, who on the 3d of November, 1896, cast his ballot for William J. Bryan and the above demand the most momentous ever presented to the American people. The battle on these lines has been fought and lost, but the issue remains, still strong, still worthy the suffrage of every true American in 1900.

The laboring man and the farmer who were inveigled into voting for McKinley through promises of restored confidence and a return of prosperity which have as yet failed to materialize will soon become convinced that the conduct of public affairs by William McKinley and the republican party will be but a repetition of Grover Cleveland's single gold standard, bond-issuing, trust-fostering, cuckoo administration that has destroyed all commodity values and the opportunities to labor.

#### NATIONAL (GOLD) DEMOCRATS.

We indorse the platform adopted at Indianapolis Sept. 3, 1896, as a clear and explicit statement of fiscal and economic truths and a masterly enunciation of democratic faith.

We believe the time has now come when a consistent, straightforward and deliberately planned monetary system should be inaugurated by this country, the fundamental basis of which should be:

That the gold standard which was definitely proclaimed at Indianapolis and indorsed by the people in November last be maintained.

That a banking system be provided which shall furnish credit facilities to every portion of the country and a safe and elastic circulation sufficient in amount to meet all demands of business and planned with a view of securing such a distribution of the loanable capital of the country as will tend to equalize the rates of interest in all parts thereof.

That such steps be taken as will insure the retirement of all classes of United States notes.

#### MARYLAND.

##### REPUBLICANS.

That the supreme duty of maintaining inviolate the national honor and credit renders it impracticable that Maryland at this juncture should elect to the United States senate an advocate and supporter of sound money and one whose past conduct is a guaranty of his future faithfulness.

That the action of the republican house of representatives, under the able leadership of Speaker Reed, in promptly seconding the efforts of President McKinley to secure a nonpartisan currency commission meets with our hearty approval.

##### DEMOCRATS.

The democracy of Maryland, in common with the democracy of the union, believe now, as they always have believed, in honest money, the gold and silver money of the constitution and the coinage of both metals without discrimination against either into standard dollars of final payment and redemption. We note with satisfaction that the demand of more than six and one-half millions of democratic voters expressed at the polls last November has compelled President McKinley and a republican congress to urge upon the European powers, through the medium of a duly appointed commission, the necessity of an international conference to arrange the terms of a bimetallic system under the operation of which both gold and silver shall be used and recognized as money of final redemption.

The sufferings of the masses, the honest toilers, the bone and sinew, the brain and courage and manhood of the land, have met with the sympathy of the democracy, and the protest of our great party, so eloquently voiced in last year's election, has forced the republican party, despite its arrogance and recklessness, to recognize the needs of an aroused and patriotic people. And, while many democrats have not approved all the expressions of their party in national convention, bimetalism will surely come. It may come through the instrumentalities set in motion by the present administration, though in truth inspired by the intrepid action of the democratic voters. But it will come, and the prosperity and happiness that follow in its train will be due to the courage, the undaunted fidelity and the intelligent patriotism of the democracy.

#### NEBRASKA.

##### REPUBLICANS.

No reference was made to the financial question in the platform.

DEMOCRATS.

The democracy of Nebraska, in convention assembled, renews its devotion to the principles of our party as taught by Thomas Jefferson and Andrew Jackson, and fully, exactly and clearly defined by the democratic convention of 1896 and indorsed at the polls by more than 6,000,000 voters of the United States. Re-enforced by a multitude of voters who were coerced and deluded in 1896, the patriots in 1900 will supplant the regime of trusts by the reign of the people.

We heartily indorse the platform adopted at Chicago last year by the democracy of the nation and reiterate the declaration therein made that the money question is the paramount question before the people. John G. Carlisle, in his speech of 1878, said the struggle now going on cannot cease and ought not to cease until all the industrial interests of the country are fully and finally emancipated from the heartless domination of the syndicates, stock exchanges and other combinations of money grabbers in this country and in Europe. We assert that the struggle described by Mr. Carlisle is more bitter to-day than it was in 1878, and that emancipation from the heartless combination of the syndicates, stock exchanges and other money combinations in this country and Europe is more imperative than ever before in the history of the nation.

We denounce the masked attempt of the administration to secure the retirement of the greenbacks under the pretense of currency reform, and we urge members and representatives in senate and house to use every effort to prevent the consummation of this scheme.

We congratulate the democracy of Nebraska on having furnished to the allied silver forces of the nation that great leader, William J. Bryan, who so fully met the responsibilities of the memorable campaign of 1896, and who, though defeated, is stronger to-day in the hearts of the American people than his victorious opponent. We indorse and commend his determination to continue the fight for bimetallism with unabated vigor, and we pledge to the cause our allegiance and devotion until the gold and silver coinage of the constitution shall be restored.

SILVER REPUBLICANS.

We, the silver republicans of Nebraska, assembled in our first state convention, declare:

First—Our loyalty to the money of the constitution as declared in that instrument, and as known, interpreted and understood by the people of the United States until silver was demonetized by fraud and corrupt means, in pursuance of a conspiracy of the designing money powers in this country and in England.

Second—That we are in favor of the free and unlimited coinage by the government of the United States of both gold and silver into legal tender money at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the consent of any other nation; and we demand that all money, gold, silver and paper, shall be issued by the government of the United States, and that such money be a legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private. We denounce the gold standard republican party for its effort and purpose to retire the greenbacks and to confer upon the national banks the sole power and authority to issue all the paper money to be used as a circulating medium among the people.

PEOPLE'S INDEPENDENT PARTY.

The people's independent party of Nebraska reaffirm the principles of our national platform adopted at St. Louis. We stand upon every one of the grand truths therein enunciated and specifically reiterate our loyalty to the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

We pledge the people that there shall be no faltering until private corporations are stripped of the privilege of issuing money and until all our currency, whether coin or paper, shall be issued by the government and shall be standard money of the United States.

We view with alarm the settled policy of the present national administration to retire our greenback currency and issue gold interest-bearing bonds in place thereof, and we denounce such a course as a change in the settled policy of our government and a betrayal of the interests of the people.

NATIONAL (GOLD) DEMOCRATS.

The platform indorses the Indianapolis platform and concludes as follows: "We congratulate the nation upon the rapid decline of the silver vagary and the disposition now manifest in a number of statesmen of the party which supported the Chicago platform to abandon the untenable position they took and oppose republicanism upon democratic rather than populist ground. This feeling we welcome as a step toward a reunion of all democrats without regard to former differences on the silver issue."

OHIO.

DEMOCRATS.

The democrats of Ohio, in convention assembled, reaffirm and indorse the declaration of principles contained in the platform adopted by the democratic party in national convention at Chicago in 1896, which platform declares the money question paramount to all others at this time, and is as follows:

We invite attention to the fact that the constitution names silver and gold together as the money metals of the United States and that the first coinage law passed by congress under the constitution made the silver dollar the money unit, and admitted gold to free coinage at a ratio based upon the silver dollar unit. We declare that the act of 1873 demonetizing silver without the knowledge or approval of the American people has resulted in the appreciation of gold and a corresponding fall in the prices of commodities produced by the people, a heavy increase in the burden of taxation and of all debts, public and private, the enrichment of the money-lending classes at home and abroad, the prostration of industry and impoverishment of the people.

We are unalterably opposed to monometallism, which has locked fast the prosperity of an industrial people in the paralysis of hard times. Gold monometallism is a British policy and its adoption has brought other nations into financial servitude to London. It is not only un-American but anti-American, and it can be fastened on the United States only by the stifling of that spirit and love of liberty which proclaimed our political independence in 1776 and won it in the war of the revolution.

We demand the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the present

ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be a full legal tender, equally with gold, for all debts, public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal tender money by private contract.

#### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We reaffirm our adherence to the principles of the people's party as enunciated in the Omaha and St. Louis platforms—viz.:

Public ownership of railways and telegraphs; postal banks; government by law and not by injunction; the issuance of money to be by the federal government exclusively; silver to be coined into money on an equality with gold and at the legal ratio of 16 to 1, supplemented with treasury notes, and all money to bear the stamp of the government to be full legal tender.

#### NATIONAL (GOLD) DEMOCRATS.

We, the representatives of the national democratic party of Ohio, in state convention assembled, reaffirm allegiance to the principles of the party as set forth in the platform adopted at Indianapolis in 1896. Criticism and attack of that platform have vindicated its strength and wisdom.

We declare for the maintenance of the gold standard, for the retirement of the greenback and for the extension of the civil-service merit system wherever possible in the nation and in this state.

#### LIBERTY PARTY.

Pledges itself to "the reform of our present financial system by the free coinage of silver and gold at the present ratio of 16 to 1 as the first step and the ultimate adoption of a system of full legal tender paper money, issued through government banks on equal terms to all, the supply being regulated by the demand and the ability to furnish adequate security."

#### PENNSYLVANIA.

##### REPUBLICANS.

"Dollar wheat" has sounded the death knell of the "free coinage" heresy. In the late presidential campaign the strongest bid made for the agricultural vote by the democratic party was the promise that their success in that election would raise the market price of wheat to \$1 a bushel—payable in silver. They were overwhelmingly defeated at the polls and the farmer now receives for his wheat \$1 a bushel—payable in gold. The dollar he thus receives will buy in the market \$2.35 worth of silver, as measured by

the coinage value of that metal. We pledge ourselves anew to the republican doctrine of sound money and an honest dollar.

##### DEMOCRATS.

We, the democracy of Pennsylvania, in convention assembled, heartily reaffirm and reiterate the principles of the democratic party as expressed in the platform adopted by the national convention at Chicago in 1896 and approved by 6,500,000 free and independent voters. We are firmly and unalterably opposed to the single gold standard, which has been the direct cause of the financial distress that has followed upon our people since its adoption, and we are in favor of a complete and immediate return to our original specie basis as it existed prior to the demonetization act of 1873. We congratulate William J. Bryan, the glorious champion of a righteous cause, for his masterly leadership in support of these principles.

#### VIRGINIA.

##### DEMOCRATS.

We reaffirm the platform of the democratic convention adopted at Chicago in July, 1896. We especially indorse the doctrines of the democratic party upon the four great issues which are before the people of this country—viz.: The tariff, the income tax and regulating of trusts and currency. We denounce the tariff bill recently passed by the republican congress as dictated by trusts and monopolies and in the interest of the classes that live upon the favoritism of the government and not upon the fair and just earnings of industry.

We favor an income tax for the support of the federal government that industry may be the less burdened and that wealth may bear its proper share of the general public burden, and, if necessary, we favor a constitutional amendment that such taxes may be levied. Upon the subject of the currency we declare ourselves unalterably opposed to the British system of monometallism, which has aggrandized that empire at the expense of the nations producing food supplies and raw materials, and its adoption has only aggravated our financial servitude to London. We demand the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any nation. We demand the repeal of the 10 per cent tax on the issues of state banks, which pays not a dollar into the treasury of the United States and which remains upon the statute books as a monument of arbitrary and perverse legislation, inspired by monopoly and conceived in distrust of the people.

### THE TARIFF.

[Where parties are omitted no declaration was made.]

#### COLORADO.

##### REPUBLICANS.

We are emphatically in favor of the protection of American labor and American industries and we exhibit in justification of our faith the wonderful impetus given to every department of business life by the passage of that great republican measure, the Dingley bill, which will raise revenue sufficient to support the government, prevent the issue of interest-bearing bonds, protect American labor and maintain the national credit.

#### IOWA.

##### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We declare the methods resorted to by the leaders of the republican party in the late national campaign have justly alarmed the entire country. Their flagrant acts of bribery, intimidation, colonization and deception overwaded, and were intended to overawe, the electorate and thus prevent a free and honest expression of public opinion. We affirm this to be a direct attack upon popular government and a declaration of war against free institutions. If submitted

to without rebuke the presidential office will be permanently under the domination of money and of the corrupt influences which money controls.

The purpose of the high-handed and criminal methods is evident from the results following their success. The trusts, the combines, the syndicates, the corporations all united to make the government an agency for the promotion of their special interests and welfare. They contributed millions upon millions to Mark Hanna's campaign fund, and having triumphed by the corrupt use of these vast sums they are now about to recoup themselves from the pockets of the people. The notorious, almost avowed, purpose of the tariff bill now under consideration in the senate is to repay the trusts and the mine, the mill and the factory barons for their pecuniary aid to McKinley.

#### NATIONAL (GOLD) DEMOCRATS.

We denounce the Dingley tariff bill soon to be enacted into law by a republican congress. Under the pretense of increasing revenue it is the old republican policy of protection to the few at the expense of the many. It tends to create and foster trusts and monopolies and we recognise in it the fulfillment of promised reward to those who supplied the party treasury. We renew our allegiance to the historic democratic doctrine of a tariff for revenue only.

#### KENTUCKY. REPUBLICANS.

We commend the action of the representatives of the republican party in the passage of a tariff bill which will raise revenue sufficient to support the government, prevent the issue of interest-bearing bonds, protect American labor and maintain the national credit.

#### MASSACHUSETTS. REPUBLICANS.

See financial declaration.

#### DEMOCRATS.

The tariff bill on its report from the conference committee was forced through without opportunity for examination. As a result of this suppression of the rights of the people's representatives one section embodying a 10 per cent discriminating duty, which threatened the business interests of New England, was passed without the knowledge of a single member of the Massachusetts delegation in the house. The clandestine insertion of this clause shows how tariffs are made.

#### MICHIGAN.

#### NATIONAL (GOLD) DEMOCRATS.

We believe that further legislation to protect American manufacturers is unnecessary and vicious. The exports of manufactures increased from \$150,000,000 in 1892 to \$250,000,000 in 1896 the largest in our history. And the balance of trade for that year, \$25,000,000 in our favor, is also the highest yet reached. Owing to the intelligence of our workmen and our improved facilities and natural advantages we can successfully compete with any foreign nation in any market of the world.

We denounce the assumption of certain republican politicians that at the last election the people declared in favor of higher tariffs as entirely opposed to the truth.

And we charge that further so-called protective legislation can only result in benefits of the few at the expense of the many and

will delay a return to stable finance and consequent prosperity.

The present cost of government in this country is extravagant and wasteful. And we believe that the extravagance in expenditure is a legitimate result of excessive taxation under the guise of protection. It is not increased revenue but decreased expenditures that the times demand.

We denounce protection as the fruitful parent of populism and declare that each is alike destructive of that individual and political integrity upon which our welfare and happiness depend. We demand a return to that equitable system of taxation authorized by the constitution, a tariff for revenue only.

#### MARYLAND. DEMOCRATS.

The democratic party, in the interest of the whole people, will continue to wage war against the iniquities of this act and will insist upon a tariff for revenue sufficient for the needs of the government, economically administered, and will always maintain that unnecessary taxation is unjust taxation.

Thus, in a time of widespread industrial depression, when the agricultural classes are confronted by poverty in its direst form and when the toilers in the mines and factories find themselves forced into despair and suffering, the republican party not only fails to keep the solemn promises of 1896, but actually mocks the taxpayers by an extravagance of expenditure and prodigality of appropriation which that party, even in the carnival that raged from 1868 to 1876, never dreamed of rivaling.

#### NEBRASKA. REPUBLICANS.

We commend the tariff legislation enacted in a special session of congress at the instance of President McKinley as the most effective measure for vitalizing the patriotic principle of protection to American industries, through which American manufacturers are enabled to compete successfully with the imported product of foreign labor. American workmen are afforded an opportunity to secure employment at remunerative wages and American farmers secure the benefit of a market through increased home consumption.

#### DEMOCRATS.

We commend the action of the democrats of the senate and the house in resisting the efforts of the republicans to pay back to the trusts and combines through the Dingley bill their enormous contributions to the republican campaign of last year, and although such resistance was unavailing we are confident that an experience under the new law will prove that the producers of wealth need more money with which to pay present taxes rather than an increase of the burdens which they now bear.

#### SILVER REPUBLICANS.

We denounce the present tariff law as being inspired by and enacted in the interest of trusts in payment of contributions by them to the republican campaign fund in the late presidential election, as placing an artificial price on imports, unnecessary to the support of the government and unjustly oppressive and burdensome to the people.

#### PEOPLE'S INDEPENDENT PARTY.

We are thankful to Providence rather than to any man for the measure of prosperity with which our state has been blessed an

we attribute the rise in the price of wheat to the foreign scarcity rather than suppose it to be the result of dear sugar or an increased tariff on straw.

### OHIO.

#### REPUBLICANS.

Faithfully wedded to the principle of protection, we demand for the wool growers of Ohio such ample protection for wool as shall speedily increase American flocks sufficiently to supply all American needs.

#### NATIONAL (GOLD) DEMOCRATS.

We denounce the recent tariff legislation as encouragement of extravagance and infringement of private rights, an unfair tax on all for the benefit of some of the people and an arbitrary interference by legislation with the natural laws of trade.

We denounce in the Dingley bill the heavier duties on lumber, wool and hides as in-

creasing the cost of clothing and shelter to the people.

### PENNSYLVANIA. REPUBLICANS.

The republicans of Pennsylvania ratify and reaffirm the doctrines enunciated in the national platform adopted at St. Louis in 1884 and approved by the people at the last presidential election.

We rejoice with the people of the nation upon the passage of the Dingley tariff bill. Its enactment redeems the pledges made by the republican party to our prostrate manufacturing, commercial and business interests and holds out to them the bright promise of prosperity and material development, such as ever attended upon legislation designed for the protection of home industries and the preservation of home markets. Already the hum of reviving industry is heard throughout the land and the business interests are responding eagerly to the encouraging influence of this legislation.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

### COLORADO.

#### REPUBLICANS.

We are unalterably opposed to a system of civil service that builds up an official class, especially in life tenure, in almost all branches of the public service, and condemn a law as un-American which permitted the Cleveland administration, in the name of civil-service reform, to displace 40,000 republicans with partisan democrats, and then by presidential proclamation guaranteeing them their official position for the remainder of their lives. We approve the sentiments of Gen. Washington as expressed to his secretary of war when he declared:

"I shall not, while I have the honor to administer the government, bring a man into any office of consequence, knowingly, whose political tenets are adverse to the measures which the general government are pursuing; for this, in my opinion, would be a sort of political suicide. That it would embarrass its movements is most certain."

#### DEMOCRATS.

We reaffirm our allegiance to the great essential principles of justice and liberty—freedom of speech, liberty of the press and the preservation of personal rights; and we denounce the assumption of authority of judges to inflict summary and arbitrary punishment by fine and imprisonment, without trial by jury, or right of appeal, for alleged contempt in the use of language, or by acts not in the presence of the court, or in interference with its process, as a crime against free institutions; and we demand that the power of the court to punish for contempt be restricted by proper legislation.

We extend our sympathy to the striking miners of other states now engaged in the struggle to secure for their labor a compensation sufficient to procure for them and their families the necessities of life; we condemn the efforts of organized capital to further reduce wages and fasten upon a large and worthy class of American citizens still heavier chains of industrial slavery.

#### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We denounce the federal judiciary in arrogating to itself by the illegal use of the writ of injunction the legislative functions of government. This abuse of power is a violation of the constitution of the United

States; it denies the assurance of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness and it is a menace to our rights under state sovereignty.

### KENTUCKY.

#### REPUBLICANS.

We are opposed to a system of civil service that builds up an official class with practically a life tenure in almost all branches of the public service, and we demand that the civil-service law be modified so as to limit the term of service to four years, with the privilege of reappointment or promotion subject to such restrictions as will secure competent officials and to every section of the country its proper proportion of them.

We heartily sympathize with the struggling people of Cuba in their efforts to secure liberty and independence.

#### DEMOCRATS.

The sympathies of the American people are always enlisted in behalf of those who are battling for liberty and independence, and the heroic struggle of the people of Cuba is no exception to this rule. The appalling atrocities committed in the war now being waged on that island merit the execration of all civilized people, and we demand that the American government, while observing every treaty obligation, shall take such proper and effective action as will ameliorate the atrocities now being committed and fully protect every American citizen in his life and property.

### MASSACHUSETTS.

#### REPUBLICANS.

They would secure a safe and high citizenship, and they therefore urge that the laws of naturalization and immigration be so improved that our gates shall be promptly and tightly closed against all who are too ignorant to understand or too vicious to appreciate our institutions and laws.

#### DEMOCRATS.

On "government by injunction" the platform declares: The country has seen with indignation the logical result of this judicial tyranny, when after an unequal struggle lasting nine weeks, conducted with remarkable self-control and long suffering by thousands of starving miners appealing in a

free land for a living wage, men unarmed and in peaceable procession are shot down on the public highway. Let the people remember this massacre at Lattimer and resolve that government by injunction shall not be tolerated and that American liberty shall not perish.

#### MICHIGAN.

##### NATIONAL (GOLD) DEMOCRATS.

We demand the enactment in this state of a civil-service law making character and ability the sole tests of fitness for appointive places in the public service. The great improvement in the federal civil service since this principle has been applied thereto, especially during the present administration, is cause for congratulation to all good citizens, and the time has come when the reform should be extended to all branches of state and municipal administration.

#### NEBRASKA.

##### SILVER REPUBLICANS.

We denounce the present administration for its inattention to the interests of the struggling patriots of Cuba, who are sacrificing their lives, their families and their property in the interest of liberty at the very door of our republic.

We are opposed to the proposed annexation to the United States of the Hawaiian Islands, or any other territory, as un-American in principle and in violation of the wise policy pursued by this republic from its foundation.

##### DEMOCRATS.

We renew the expression of sympathy with the people of Cuba made in the last national platform of the democratic party, and we cite the delay of the republican administration in effecting any settlement of the affairs of that unhappy island as equivalent to a declaration that not only our domestic finances but our foreign policy also shall be dictated by the leading commercial nations of the world.

##### PEOPLE'S INDEPENDENT PARTY.

We are unalterably and unequivocally in favor of the recognition of the independence of the Cuban republic and we condemn the republican party for having failed to carry out the specific pledge of their national platform on this question.

#### OHIO.

##### REPUBLICANS.

The republican party has always been the friend of the downtrodden and oppressed, and has always deeply sympathized with the struggle of any people for independence. We extend our sympathy to the patriots of Cuba in their efforts to achieve freedom from Spanish cruelty and oppression and hope that the day of their deliverance is near at hand. We commend the course of the president and express our confidence in his speedy and patriotic disposition of the Cuban question in accordance with wise statesmanship and a firm and vigorous foreign policy.

We believe that the administration in negotiating the treaty for the annexation of Hawaii has acted wisely and we express the hope that the senate will ratify the same.

##### DEMOCRATS.

We demand the immediate recognition of the belligerent rights of the republic of Cuba as an act of justice to an American nation struggling for liberty against foreign oppression, and we denounce and protest against the action of Senator Hanna in voting to nullify the memorial presented to congress unanimously by the legislature of Ohio in favor of the Cuban patriots.

##### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We extend our sympathy to the struggling patriots of Cuba in the efforts to cast off the yoke of slavery placed upon their necks by the Spanish government, and we hope and trust that they may succeed in their contest for liberty, and we denounce the present and past administrations of the United States for failing to recognize the belligerency of the Cuban patriots.

##### NATIONAL (GOLD) DEMOCRATS.

We condemn the proposed annexation of the Hawaiian Islands, as introducing into our union a large Asiatic and tropical population utterly unfit for American citizenship, as the beginning of a policy of territorial expansion certain to entail upon our country large taxation to sustain strong armies and navies in distant lands and on distant seas, and as constituting a menace to peaceful industry by exposing our country to foreign wars.

### IMPORTANT LEGISLATION--SECOND SESSION LIVTH CONGRESS.

Among the most important measures passed at the second session of the LIVth congress was the monetary conference bill, which will be found in full in the article entitled "International Bimetallism" in another part of this work.

#### LIMITING THE DEATH PENALTY.

The act approved Jan. 15, 1897, provides that in all cases where the accused is found guilty of the crime of murder or of rape under sections 5339 or 5345, revised statutes, the jury may qualify their verdict by adding thereto "without capital punishment," and whenever the jury shall return a verdict qualified as aforesaid the person convicted shall be sentenced to imprisonment at hard labor for life.

That except offenses mentioned in sections 5333, 1242, 1624, 5339 and 5345, revised statutes, when a person is convicted of any offense to which the punishment of death is now specifically affixed by the laws of

the United States, he shall be sentenced to imprisonment at hard labor for life, and when any person is convicted of an offense to which the punishment of death, or a lesser punishment, in the discretion of the court, is affixed, the maximum punishment shall be imprisonment at hard labor for life.

#### IMPURE TEA BILL.

The act approved March 2, 1897, prohibiting the importation of impure or unwholesome tea, provided that from and after May 1, 1897, it shall be unlawful for any person or persons or corporation to import or bring into the United States any merchandise as tea which is inferior in purity, quality and fitness for consumption to the standards provided in section 3 of this act, and the importation of all such merchandise is hereby prohibited.

That immediately after the passage of

this act, and on or before Feb. 15 of each year thereafter, the secretary of the treasury shall appoint a board, to consist of seven members, each of whom shall be an expert in tea, and who shall prepare and submit to him standard samples of tea; that the persons so appointed shall be at all times subject to removal by the said secretary, and shall serve for the term of one year.

That the secretary of the treasury, upon the recommendation of the said board, shall fix and establish uniform standards of purity, quality and fitness for consumption of all kinds of teas imported into the United States, and shall procure and deposit in the customhouses of the ports of New York, Chicago, San Francisco and such other ports as he may determine, duplicate samples of such standards; that said secretary shall procure a sufficient number of other duplicate samples of such standards to supply the importers and dealers in tea, at all ports desiring the same at cost. All teas, or merchandise described as tea, of inferior purity, quality and fitness for consumption to such standards shall be deemed within the prohibition of the first section hereof.

#### ALIEN OWNERSHIP OF LAND.

An act was approved March 2, 1887, limiting the right of aliens to hold land in the territories of the United States. It provided:

That no alien or person who is not a citizen of the United States, or who has not declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States in the manner provided by law, shall acquire title to or own any land in any of the territories of the United States except as hereinafter provided: Provided, that the prohibition of this section shall not apply to cases in which the right to hold or dispose of lands in the United States is secured by existing treaties to citizens or subjects of foreign countries, which rights, so far as they may exist by force of any such treaty, shall continue to exist so long as such treaties are in force, and no longer.

That this act shall not apply to land now owned in any of the territories of the United States by aliens, which was acquired on or before March 3, 1887, so long as it is held by the then owners, their heirs or legal representatives, nor to any alien who shall become a bona fide resident of the United States, and any alien who shall become a bona fide resident of the United States, or shall have declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States in the manner provided by law, shall have the right to acquire and hold lands in either of the territories of the United States upon the same terms as citizens of the United States: Provided, that if any such resident alien shall cease to be a bona fide resident of the United States then such alien shall have ten years from the time he ceases to be such bona fide resident in which to alienate such lands. This act shall not be construed to prevent any persons not citizens of the United States from acquiring or holding lots or parcels of lands in any incorporated or platted city, town, or village, or in any mine or mining claim, in any of the territories of the United States.

That this act shall not prevent aliens from acquiring lands or any interests therein by inheritance or in the ordinary course of justice in the collection of debts, nor from acquiring liens on real estate or any interest therein, nor from lending

money and securing the same upon real estate or any interest therein, nor from enforcing any such lien, nor from acquiring and holding title to such real estate, or any interest therein, upon which a lien may have heretofore or may hereafter be fixed, or upon which a loan of money may have been heretofore or hereafter may be made and secured: Provided, however, that all lands so acquired shall be sold within ten years after title shall be perfected in him under said sale or the same shall escheat to the United States and be forfeited as hereinafter provided.

#### OBSCENE LITERATURE.

An act approved Feb. 8, 1897, provides that it shall be unlawful for any person to deposit with any express company or other common carrier for carriage from one state or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia to any other state or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia any obscene, lewd, or lascivious book, pamphlet, picture, paper, letter, writing, print or other matter of indecent character, or any article or thing designed or intended for the prevention of conception or procuring of abortion, or any written or printed card, letter, circular, book, pamphlet advertisement or notice of any kind giving information, directly or indirectly, where, how or of whom or by what means any of the hereinbefore mentioned articles, matters or things may be obtained or made; and any person who shall knowingly deposit or cause to be deposited with any express company or other common carrier for carriage from one state or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia to any other state or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia, or who shall take from such express company or other common carrier with intent to sell, distribute or circulate any matter or thing herein forbidden to be deposited for carriage, shall for each offense, upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned at hard labor not more than five years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

#### SALE OF LIQUOR TO INDIANS.

An act was approved Jan. 30, 1897, providing that any person who shall sell, give away, dispose of, exchange or barter any malt, spirituous or vinous liquor, including beer, ale and wine, or any ardent or other intoxicating liquor of any kind whatsoever, or any essence, extract, bitters, preparation, compound, composition or any article whatsoever, under any name, label or brand, which produces intoxication, to any Indian to whom allotment of land has been made while the title to the same shall be held in trust by the government, or to any Indian a ward of the government under charge of any Indian superintendent or agent, or any Indian, including mixed bloods, over whom the government, through its departments, exercises guardianship, and any person who shall introduce or attempt to introduce or sell spirituous or vinous liquor, including beer, ale and wine, or any ardent or intoxicating liquor of any kind whatsoever into the Indian country, which term shall include any Indian allotment while the title to the same shall be held in trust by the government, or while the same shall remain inalienable by the allottee without the consent of the United States, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than sixty days, and by a fine of not less than

\$100 for the first offense and not less than \$200 for each offense thereafter.

#### PATENTING PETROLEUM LANDS.

The president signed an act April 12, 1897, which provided that any person authorized to enter lands under the mining laws of the United States may enter and obtain patent to lands containing petroleum or other mineral oils, and chiefly valuable therefor, under the provisions of the laws relating to placer mineral claims: Provided, that lands containing such petroleum or other mineral oils which have heretofore been filed upon, claimed or improved as mineral, but not yet patented, may be held and patented under the provisions of this act the same as if such filing, claim or improvement were subsequent to the date of the passage hereof.

#### FIRES ON PUBLIC LANDS.

Feb. 24, 1897, the president approved an act which provided that any person who shall willfully or maliciously set on fire, or cause to be set on fire, any timber, under-

brush or grass upon the public domain, or shall carelessly or negligently leave or suffer fire to burn unattended near any timber or other inflammable material, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof in any district court of the United States having jurisdiction of the same, shall be fined in a sum not more than \$5,000 or be imprisoned for a term of not more than two years, or both.

That any person who shall build a camp fire, or other fire, in or near any forest, timber or other inflammable material upon the public domain shall, before breaking camp or leaving said fire, totally extinguish the same. Any person failing to do so shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof in any district court of the United States having jurisdiction of the same, shall be fined in a sum not more than \$1,000 or be imprisoned for a term of not more than one year, or both.

That in all cases arising under this act the fines collected shall be paid into the public school fund of the county in which the lands where the offense was committed are situate.

### EXTRA SESSION LVTH CONGRESS.

Congress did little in the way of general legislation further than the passage of the tariff bill, which is elsewhere discussed in this volume.

#### RESOLUTIONS GRANTING RELIEF.

April 7, 1897, the president approved two joint resolutions. The first provided that the sum of \$200,000 is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended by and under the direction of the secretary of war in the purchase and distribution of subsistence stores to such destitute persons as may require assistance in the district overflowed by the Mississippi river and its tributaries and by the Red River of the North, by the recent floods.

The second provided that the secretary of the navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to employ and place at the disposal of the collector of the port of New York any ship or vessel belonging to the navy of the United States best adapted for such service for the purpose of transporting to the famishing poor of India such contributions as may be made for their relief, or to charter and employ under the authority of the United States a suitable American steamship or vessel, with a cargo capacity of

2,000 to 4,000 tons, for the same purpose. Any sum of money which may be necessary to carry out the object of this resolution is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

#### SECTARIAN INDIAN SCHOOLS.

The Indian appropriation bill, approved June 7, 1897, provided in regard to Indian schools as follows:

"And it is hereby declared to be the settled policy of the government to hereafter make no appropriation whatever for education in any sectarian school: Provided, that the secretary of the interior may make contracts with contract schools apportioning as near as may be the amount so contracted for among schools of various denominations for the education of Indian pupils during the fiscal year 1898, but shall only make such contracts at places where nonsectarian schools cannot be provided for such Indian children and to an amount not exceeding 40 per centum of the amount so used for the fiscal year 1896: Provided, further, that the foregoing shall not apply to public schools of any state, territory, county, or city, or to schools herein or hereafter specifically provided for."

### WHITE PINE TIMBER SUPPLY.

In response to a resolution of the senate passed April 14, 1897, the forestry division of the department of agriculture made a report as to the consumption and supply of white pine timber in the United States, from which the following statements are taken:

#### CONSUMPTION.

From the statistics of the cut since 1872, compiled by the Northwestern Lumberman,

it appears that since that year the stupendous amount of 154 billion feet, B. M., and 83 billion shingles, or altogether in round numbers 165 billion feet of white pine, has been cut in the states of Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota; and this total may be readily increased, by allowing for cuts in other parts of the country, to over 200 billion feet, B. M., which this single species has yielded to build up our civilization in the last eighteen years—an amount

to produce which continuously at least 20,000,000 acres of well-stocked and well-kept pine forest would be required.

Divided for convenience and comparison into six-year periods, the cut in the northwest appears to have been as follows, according to the source cited:

### MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN AND MINNESOTA.

(In billion feet, B. M., round numbers.)

	1873-78.	1879-84.	1885-90.	1891-96.
Lumber.....	23	40	48	44
Shingles (1,000-100 ft., B. M.).....	2	3	3	2
	25	43	51	46

A total of 165 billion feet, B. M.

From 1873, when the cut was about 4 billion feet, the draft on this resource was constantly increased until 1892, when it reached its maximum, nearly 9 billion feet, B. M., and 4½ billion shingles. Then a gradual decline began to 7.6 billion feet in 1893, 6½ billion feet in 1894, rising once more to over 7 billion in 1895, and reaching the lowest output in 1896, with 6½ billion feet; shingle production declining similarly to 1½ billion, which, translated into board measure, raises the requirements for that year to little less than 7½ billion feet. This decline does not necessarily indicate any giving out of the supply, but might have been due, and probably was due, to business depression generally and to the competition of other kinds of lumber and shingles.

The total output of white pine in 1890, before the maximum was reached and when the cut of the northwest was recorded for lumber and shingles as a little over 9 billion feet, was placed by the competent agent of the eleventh census in charge of the statistics of lumber manufacture at 11.3 billion feet of white pine and Norway pine, or about 25 per cent as coming from other regions, while hemlock, spruce and fir were estimated as furnishing 7.9 billion feet, so that our requirements of these classes of timber may for ordinary years be placed in round numbers at 20 billion feet.

In discussing the question of duration of supplies it can, as stated before, be reasonably done only by considering at the same time all supplies of a similar nature—namely, of the white pine, Norway pine, spruce and hemlock at least, which can be and are used more or less interchangeably, and will be still more so in the future, to meet our immense requirements for this class of material. That these requirements are not to remain stationary, but have a tendency to increase, may be seen from the development of the wood-pulp industry.

While in 1881 the daily capacity of wood-pulp mills was less than 750,000 pounds, it had more than doubled in 1887, and then increased steadily, doubling almost every three or four years, as follows:

	Pounds.
1887.....	1,687,900
1888.....	2,153,500
1889.....	3,474,100
1890.....	4,012,200
1891.....	4,497,300
1892.....	5,136,300
1893.....	6,495,400
1894.....	7,231,900
1896.....	9,027,000

This last figure may be conservatively estimated to correspond to an annual consumption of probably 800,000,000 feet, B. M., of material.

There was imported from 1891 to 1896 wood pulp to the value of \$10,337,659, as follows:

1891.....	\$1,902,689	1896.....	984,692
1892.....	1,820,143	1896.....	1,056,704
1893.....	2,908,884		
1894.....	1,664,547	Total...	\$10,337,659

### SUPPLIES.

While the above figure of 20 billion feet, B. M., gives a fair idea as to average consumption, which may vary perhaps by 10 per cent one way or the other, we are much less certain as to supplies standing.

For Minnesota the chief fire warden of the state has attempted a canvass, the result of which would indicate nearly 18 billion feet as standing in the state, including Norway pine, the estimate having been made for 1895. This has been criticised by competent judges as much too high; nevertheless, adding the estimates of all other kinds of coniferous wood, some of which as yet remains unused, it is thought that a statement in round numbers of 20 billion feet of coniferous wood in Minnesota fit for lumbering, though large, would be reasonably enough near the truth for our purposes in forecasting the probabilities.

For Wisconsin official data are entirely lacking; an estimate of 10 billion as the maximum stand of white pine and Norway pine has been made by a competent lumberman. As there is considerable hemlock and other coniferous wood in the state, and as it is preferable to overstate, we may treble this amount and take 30 billion feet, a probable overstatement of 50 per cent, as the maximum amount of coniferous timber fit for lumbering standing in the state.

For Michigan a canvass from township to township has been made by the commissioner of labor of the state for 1896, which develops an area of 2½ million acres in pine and hemlock. If the average stand per acre, which the census of 1890 showed as 6,000 feet for white pine, is applied to the whole area, the amount of timber standing would be 15 billion feet, which for safety we may increase by 20 per cent, or, say, 18 billion feet, of which 6 billion would be white pine. This, too, is supposed to overstate the conditions by 50 per cent.

For Pennsylvania the partial returns of the commissioner of forestry would make an estimate of 10 billion feet of pine and hemlock appear highly extravagant. In a private communication he estimates the standing timber of white pine at 500 million, of spruce at 70 million and of hemlock at 5,000 million feet, B. M.

For New York, without much basis, 5 billion may be allowed as an extravagant figure, with a cut of not less than 500 million feet; another 3 billion for New Hampshire; and, with a closer estimate, based on figures given by the forest commissioner of Maine, that state may be given at best not to exceed 10 billion feet of spruce, pine and hemlock.

In Maine the white pine is long since reduced to a small proportion of the coniferous wood standing. The spruce country is confined to the elevated northern half of the state, north of a line from the White mountains to Mars hill, with a spruce-bearing area of probably less than 6,000 square miles. The stand on the two main spruce-

producing drainage basins, the Kennebec and Androscoggin, has been estimated at round 5,000 million feet, B. M., with a present cut of round 350 million feet. Partial statistics of the cut would indicate a total cut of coniferous woods in Maine of not far from 500 million feet in 1895 and preceding years.

In all these estimates of standing timber the writer of the report has leaned toward extravagance rather than understatement, and thus the total is found to add up 160 billion feet of coniferous growth in the northern states, of which less than half is pine, to satisfy a cut of at least 18 to 20 billion feet per annum.

The writer of the report does not say that in less than six years every stick of pine, spruce and hemlock will be cut, for such figures as these do not admit of mathematical deductions; but the gravity of the question of supply is certainly apparent. Even doubling the estimates it is found that, with the present rate and method of cutting, ten years will have exhausted our virgin timber of these classes. We should add that much more intimate knowledge exists now regarding these supplies than was possible in 1880, when much of the country was still unopened and unknown.

The southern pines, to be sure, will enter more largely into competition, as will also the cypress and other coniferous woods of the south.

The entire region within which pines occur in the south in merchantable condition comprises about 230,000 square miles, or in round numbers 147 million acres; for land in farms, 10 million acres must be deducted, and allowing us such as two-thirds of the remainder as representing pine lands (the other to hard woods), we would have about 30 million acres on which pine may occur. An average growth of 3,000 feet per acre—an extravagant figure when referred to such an area—would make the possible stand 270 billion feet, provided it was in virgin condition and not largely cut out or culled. Altogether, the conclusion has been reached that, adding all other coniferous wood in the south, an estimate of 300 billion feet would be extravagant, which, added to the northern supply of coniferous wood, gives a total supply of 460 billion feet to draw from in the eastern United States; and as the entire cut of these classes of wood appears now to be not less than 25 billion feet a year, and probably is nearer 30 billion. It may be stated with some degree of certainty that not fifteen to twenty years' supply of coniferous timber can be on hand in the eastern states.

In 1880 the writer of the report ventured a statement that there were 600 billion feet of coniferous growth in the eastern states; the cut was then estimated at 12 billion feet. If an average cut of 20 billion for the last ten years be allowed, which is reasonable, the present estimate of 460 billion standing would lend color to the approximate correctness of these figures.

If the inquiry is extended to the coniferous growth of the Pacific coast, which in spite of the distance must finally come to our aid, only partial comfort will be found. The present estimate of 1,000 billion feet standing has been by competent judges declared extravagant. The annual cut on the Pacific coast approaches certainly 4 billion feet, hence, adding these figures to those obtained for the east, with 1,400 billion feet standing at best, and a cut of at least 30

billion feet per annum, there would appear to be, under most favorable contingencies, not more than forty to fifty years of this most necessary part of our wood supply in sight if the same lavishness in the use of it is continued.

To be sure, there is some new growth and reproduction going on. The probability as to the former is that decay and destruction by fire offset the accretion on the old timber of coniferous growth, and no one familiar with our forest conditions and present methods will indulge in a hope that the reproduction and young growth can materially change the results. Long before any new reproduction can have attained log size we will have got rid of the virgin supplies.

### ECONOMY.

There is, then, only the possible alternative of supplying ourselves from other countries, or of curtailing our cut. In this latter regard the possibility is large. Not only can a much closer utilization of the standing timber be practiced, but a more economical use of the same is reasonably to be expected.

As will appear from the figures given, this country consumes of coniferous wood somewhat over 400 feet, B. M., per capita, while England, which probably has the lowest per capita consumption of wood among civilized nations, being almost entirely dependent upon importation, is able to get along with one-third that amount, and Germany's consumption remains below 150 feet, B. M., per capita of all kinds of sizable wood. The margin within which, therefore, we can curtail our requirement is large enough to lengthen out our supplies considerably.

### CANADIAN SUPPLIES.

As to importations, there is practically only one country from which such timber can be obtained—Canada.

The statistician of the department of agriculture of the Dominion of Canada in 1895 estimated the white pine standing at 37.3 billion feet, with an annual cut of nearly 2 billion feet, including spars, masts, shingles, etc., which, as will readily be seen, cannot materially change the position stated before—namely, that the next decade must witness the practical exhaustion of this greatest lumber staple. Even allowing 10 billion feet of merchantable space which may be found in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, such allowance cannot appreciably retard this exhaustion, since the total annual cut of Canadian coniferous wood exceeds 5 billion feet. Fifty per cent may be readily added to the estimates of standing timber in eastern Canada, thus assuming 75 billion feet as on hand, and still Canada's cut alone will exhaust her resources in fifteen years, and this country will assist her to get rid of it in less time.

So far the importations from Canada, although rapidly increasing, have been insignificant when compared with our home consumption. The importations of all kinds of forest products and wood manufactures have been hardly over 1 per cent of our own production, and if we confine the inquiry to coniferous material only the proportion of the importation of this class of materials rises to hardly 5 per cent of our home production of the same kinds.

## EXPORTS OF CONIFEROUS PRODUCTS FROM CANADA TO UNITED STATES.

(In millions of feet. B. M., rounded off.)

CONIFEROUS PRODUCTS.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.
<b>Logs—</b>					
Hemlock.....	5.0	5.9	5.2	2.2	4.8
Spruce.....	23.0	21.0	17.9	25.0	15.2
Pine.....	74.0	127.0	277.9	312.3	157.7
<b>Total logs.....</b>	<b>102.0</b>	<b>153.9</b>	<b>301.0</b>	<b>239.4</b>	<b>177.7</b>
<b>Lumber—</b>					
Deals.....	53.0	51.0	42.5	44.2	48.8
Laths.....	38.7	39.4	41.8	41.0	52.3
Boards, scantling, etc.....	651.4	759.1	1,018.3	749.5	720.5
Masts, spars and other.....	2				
Shingles.....	33.4	40.3	39.5	65.8	45.7
Timbers.....					
Pulpwood blocks.....	30.0	62.0	61.5	76.3	100.0
<b>Total manufactured wood.....</b>	<b>805.7</b>	<b>1,001.8</b>	<b>1,201.6</b>	<b>779.8</b>	<b>967.3</b>
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>908.7</b>	<b>1,155.7</b>	<b>1,502.6</b>	<b>1,019.2</b>	<b>1,145.0</b>

To arrive at an idea of the extent to which we have so far drawn on our neighbors for coniferous supplies, an attempt has been made in the following table to segregate from the trade and navigation reports of the Dominion of Canada those items which have reference to this discussion,

translating into board measure approximately the returns given in other measures. These figures are probably somewhat below the truth, but are sufficiently accurate for the present purpose, and are, moreover, the only ones available:

## LOGS IMPORTED FROM CANADA.

YEARS.	PINE LOGS.			SPRUCE LOGS.			HEMLOCK LOGS.		
	Quantity, M feet.	Value.	Price per M feet.	Quantity, M feet.	Value.	Price per M feet.	Quantity, M feet.	Value.	Price per M feet.
1881.....	974	\$8,012	\$8.23	6,820	\$31,793	\$4.67	4,818	\$9,168	\$3.98
1882.....	880	2,340	6.15	11,165	49,449	4.43	3,629	11,753	4.07
1883.....	2,849	24,452	8.52	17,541	81,874	4.67	6,831	26,076	4.08
1884.....	6,350	49,242	7.75	17,526	84,773	4.85	4,204	17,447	4.15
1885.....	463	3,875	8.23	26,714	99,450	4.50	4,512	18,383	4.07
1886.....	10,839	91,887	8.40	20,340	137,248	6.74	6,420	24,261	3.78
1887.....	52,144	261,126	8.14	21,073	126,898	6.02	2,912	12,283	4.17
1888.....	85,049	313,281	8.51	24,494	158,334	6.46	2,210	9,962	4.44
1889.....	73,163	651,540	8.81	21,464	141,168	6.62	5,067	21,416	4.24
1890.....	121,084	1,056,345	8.52	21,168	123,234	5.81	5,840	26,036	4.43
1891.....	217,917	2,346,951	8.91	17,916	107,150	6.00	5,217	19,713	3.77
1892.....	212,211	1,840,819	8.77	25,083	90,940	3.64	2,217	9,017	4.06
1893.....	157,400	1,423,489	9.06	15,182	86,075	5.67	4,761	18,607	3.90

It will be seen that each six-year period shows an increase and that the exports of the last three years were only 25 per cent lower than those of the six preceding years. The largest imports were recorded for 1894, when nearly 1½ billion feet partly manufactured coniferous wood and 300 million feet of logs of conifers were imported. This latter importation increased steadily up to that time, furnishing raw material mainly to our Michigan mills, whose home supply is largely gone.

In the importation of logs it is interesting to observe that they increased in quantity without reference to the existence or absence of the export duty which the Canadian government imposed in 1886 and abolished in 1891 and the price per thousand feet also seems unimpaired. The necessity for these supplies to our mills, especially the

mills of the Saginaw (Mich.) district, began to assert itself in 1886, the very year the export duty was imposed. To prevent, if possible, these exports of raw material, and has grown constantly, the decline in 1886 and 1891 simply marking the general business depression.

It will be evident from these statements that our virgin coniferous supplies must share the fate which the buffalo has experienced unless a practical application of rational forestry methods and a more economic use of supplies is presently inaugurated. Since coniferous wood represents two-thirds to three-fourths of our entire lumber wood consumption, and its reproduction requires more care and longer time than that of hard woods, the urgency of changing methods in its use and treatment will be apparent.

## Men of the Year.

## JOHN SHERMAN.

John Sherman of Ohio, secretary of state, was born in Lancaster, that state, May 19, 1823; is of Anglo-Saxon ancestry; received an academic education; studied law, and was admitted to the bar May 11, 1844; was a delegate in the national whig conventions of 1848 and 1852, and presided over the first republican convention in Ohio in 1855; was a representative in the XXXIVth, XXXVth, XXXVIth and XXXVIIth congresses, and was the republican candidate for speaker in the winter of 1858-60; was elected to the United States senate in March, 1861, and re-elected in 1866 and 1872; was appointed secretary of the treasury in March, 1877, and served as such during President Hayes' administration; was again elected to the United States senate in 1880 and was re-elected in 1885 and 1892; was president of the senate from Dec. 7, 1885, till Feb. 28, 1887; resigned his seat in the senate to accept the position of secretary of state.

## LYMAN J. GAGE.

Lyman Judson Gage of Illinois, secretary of the treasury, was born in De Ruyter, Madison county, N. Y., June 28, 1836, but for the last forty-two years he has made his home in Chicago, and has been prominently identified with many of the institutions and plans that have made for Chicago's greatness.

The business of a banker was Mr. Gage's first choice as a profession, and when he was 17 years old he entered the employ of the Onondaga Central bank, serving as office boy and general utility clerk. For two years he remained there, and then, at the age of 19, he started out for the west and located at Chicago.

His first position there was that of clerk in a planing mill located at the corner of Canal and Adams streets, but in 1858 he returned to the banking business and became bookkeeper of the Merchants' Savings, Loan and Trust company. His salary at first was only \$500 a year, but his merits were soon recognized, and in 1861 he was the cashier of the institution.

When the clearing-house was first organized he acted for a short time as its manager, and in 1868 left to become the cashier of the First national bank. Mr. Gage has been connected with this bank ever since. At the time of its reorganization in 1881 his abilities and valuable services were recognized by the directors and he was offered the position of vice-president. In 1891, when Samuel M. Nickerson resigned from the presidency, Mr. Gage was appointed to fill the position, one which his long experience in Chicago banks and his natural abilities enabled him to fill with great success, as subsequent events have shown.

In many other lines of activity, municipal and social, as well as business, Mr. Gage has been prominent. At the time of the World's Fair, when it was necessary to select some man upon whose shoulders the burdens and responsibilities of the great exhibition might fall, Mr. Gage was chosen the first president of the directory.

His intimate knowledge of banks and banking led to his selection for the presidency of the American Bankers' association three times. He was also first president of the Chicago Bankers' club.

When the Citizens' league was organized in 1885 Mr. Gage was one of its officers, and during the two terms of his presidency of the Civic federation his advice and counsel have always proved of value in advancing the cause of pure citizenship.

## RUSSELL A. ALGER.

Gen. Russell A. Alger of Michigan, secretary of war, was born in Lafayette township, Medina county, O., on Feb. 27, 1836. His grandfather served in the revolutionary war and is claimed to have been a descendant of William the Conqueror.

When he was 11 years of age both his parents died. For the next seven years he worked on a farm, earning money to defray his expenses at the Richfield (O.) academy during the winters. Subsequently he taught school, and in March, 1867, entered a law office in Akron. Two years later he was admitted to the bar. He entered the law office of Ciss & Coffinbury in Cleveland, but abandoned the practice of law the following autumn on account of failing health and moved to Grand Rapids, Mich., where he engaged in the lumber business.

In 1867 he enlisted in the 2d Michigan cavalry and was made captain of company C. He was wounded in the battle of Boonville, Miss. Owing to his part in this engagement he was promoted to the rank of major. In 1862 he became lieutenant-colonel of the 6th Michigan cavalry, and in 1863 was made colonel of the 8th Michigan cavalry, his regiment being in Custer's famous brigade. In 1864 his health induced him to retire from the service. He was brevetted brigadier and major-general "for gallant and meritorious services," and was on private service in 1863-64, receiving orders personally from President Lincoln.

In 1866 he removed to Detroit, where he has since been engaged extensively in lumber and pine land business. He was a member of the firm of Moore & Alger, and became the head of the firm of R. A. Alger & Co., then the most extensive pine timber operators in the west. Subsequently the firm was merged into that of Alger, Smith & Co., which owns and operates extensive tracts and mills in Michigan and in the Canadian Georgian bay region.

Gen. Alger was elected governor of Michigan in 1884, receiving a plurality of 3,950 votes over Begole, fusionist. His administration of state affairs was considered highly successful.

In 1888 he was one of the leading candidates for the republican nomination for president.

Gen. Alger served one term as commander-in-chief of the G. A. R. He is of exceptionally generous and kindly disposition and is especially beloved by the veterans and by his friends in Michigan. He has three sons and three daughters.

## JOHN D. LONG.

John Davis Long of Massachusetts, secretary of the navy, was born in Buckfield, Oxford county, Me., Oct. 27, 1838; received his preparatory education in the common school of his native town and the Hebnon academy, Maine; was graduated from Harvard in 1857; taught two years in Westford academy, Massachusetts; studied law at Harvard law school and in private offices; was admitted to the bar and has

since practiced; was a member of the Massachusetts legislature in 1875, 1876, 1877 and 1878; was speaker of the house during the last three years; was lieutenant-governor of his state in 1879 and governor in 1880, 1881 and 1882; was elected to the XLVIIIth and re-elected to the XLIXth and Lth congresses, and was for several years on the statehouse construction commission of his state.

#### CORNELIUS N. BLISS.

Cornelius N. Bliss of New York, secretary of the interior, was born in Fall River, Mass., Jan. 26, 1833; was educated in public schools and academy at Fall River and the high school at New Orleans; after leaving the latter was for a year in his stepfather's counting room in New Orleans, and then removed to Boston and entered as a young clerk the house of I. M. Beebe, Morgan & Co.; in 1846 became a member of the firm of J. S. & E. Wright & Co., a commission house of Boston, and removed to New York to take charge of the business of the firm in that city; the firm name became Bliss, Fabyan & Co. in 1881; is in the directories of many financial institutions; was a member of the pan-American conference; was president of the Protective Tariff league; was chairman of the republican state committees of New York of 1887 and 1888; was treasurer of the national republican committee in 1892 and 1894; declined to be a candidate for the nomination for governor of his state in 1885, and refused to have his name presented to the convention for that position in 1891; was chairman of the business men's committee which tried to nominate President Arthur for a second term in 1884, and was chairman of the committee of thirty in 1893.

#### JAMES A. GARY.

James Albert Gary of Maryland, postmaster-general, was born in Uncasville, Conn., Oct. 22, 1833. He attended school at Rockhill institute, Elllicott City, and afterward at Allegheny college, Meadville, Pa., and in 1861 became a partner in the firm of James S. Gary & Son, cotton duck manufacturers. His energy was quickly made apparent. An office and warehouse had been established in Baltimore, and in 1862 a branch house was opened in St. Louis. This gave the concern a footing in the west which has since proved highly profitable. In 1870 Mr. Gary succeeded his father as head of the firm, and he has conducted its affairs ever since with marked success. The large mills in Albion, Howard county, thrive under his management and employ hundreds of people. Mr. Gary owns other valuable business properties in Baltimore and Howard counties, and has been repeatedly called upon to share in the management of financial and other business corporations in Baltimore. He was president for several years of the Merchants and Manufacturers' association, and is now vice-president of the Consolidated Gas company and vice-president of the Citizens' national bank. He also holds directorships in the Savings bank of Baltimore, the Warehouse company, the American Insurance company, the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Insurance company and the Baltimore Trust and Guarantee company.

An ardent unionist during the civil war, Mr. Gary has been a republican ever since. In 1870 the republicans nominated him for congress in the 5th district, which was

democratic at that time, and he was defeated. In 1879 the republicans nominated him for governor. In those days the state was hopelessly democratic, and Mr. Gary failed of election, although he made an active canvass. He has been a delegate to every national convention of his party since 1872, and from 1880 to 1894 represented Maryland upon the republican national committee. In 1866 Mr. Gary was married to Miss Lavinia W. Corrie, daughter of James Corrie, and is the father of one son and seven daughters.

#### JOSEPH B. McKENNA.

Joseph B. McKenna of California, attorney-general, was born in Philadelphia Aug. 16, 1843. In January, 1865, at the age of 21 years, he removed to California with his parents, going by way of the Isthmus of Panama. The family located at Benicia, in Solano county, and young Joseph attended the public schools.

Later he attended a collegiate institute at Benicia, studying law under Prof. Abbot. He was graduated from the institute in 1865 and was admitted to practice law before the supreme court of California.

In the same year he was elected district attorney of Solano county and went to reside at Fairfield, the county seat. He was re-elected in 1867. At the expiration of his second term as district attorney he removed to Suisun, a few miles from Fairfield, and commenced the practice of law. He was very successful.

In 1875 Mr. McKenna was elected to the legislature and served in that body during the session of 1875-76. This brief experience as a lawmaker served as an incentive to the ambitious young attorney and in 1876 the republicans of the 3d congressional district nominated him for congress.

The district was strongly democratic and McKenna was defeated, but he proved his popularity by reducing the democratic plurality from more than 9,000 to 800. Two years later he was again nominated, and was again defeated, this time by 180 votes. In 1884, after the state had been re-districted, Mr. McKenna was again nominated for congress and elected by a handsome majority. He was three times re-elected, serving through the XLIXth, Lth, List and LIId congresses.

While serving in the List congress Mr. McKenna was a member of the ways and means committee of which Maj. McKinley was chairman, and in this way came under the notice of the future president, and a warm friendship sprang up between them.

On the death of United States Judge Lorenzo Sawyer in 1890 President Harrison appointed Mr. McKenna to the circuit bench. He is regarded as an authority on all matters relating to land legislation.

#### JAMES WILSON.

James Wilson of Iowa, secretary of agriculture, was born in the parish of Girvan, Ayrshire, Scotland, in 1840, immigrating to America with his parents when a small boy. The first settlement of the family was in Connecticut, from which state they removed to Iowa in the '50s, in company with Gov. Buckingham and other distinguished people of the former state. For many years Mr. Wilson was a teacher in the country schools near Old Buckingham and West Union, Iowa, and so poor was he at that time that even in the coldest weather he

was compelled to go barefooted. By strict economy he accumulated money with which to purchase a portion of the magnificent farm of 1,200 acres, which he now owns in Tama county. This place may well be termed the "garden spot" of Iowa, for there is probably not another farm in the state so well improved in all respects. For many years he was a breeder of fancy cattle, and in that business he has made a competence. His home life has been simple, yet his family have enjoyed many privileges not accorded the ordinary farmer's family. Two of his sons, Ward W. and Peter, now manage the big farm.

Mr. Wilson was a member of the XIIIth, XIIIth and XIVth general assemblies of Iowa, has been state railroad commissioner, president of the state temperance alliance, and has held many other important public offices in the state. In 1874 he was elected to the United States congress from the 5th Iowa district, and was returned to the house in 1876. In 1882 he was again a candidate, defeating Ben T. Fredericks by a majority of 23 votes. His election was at once contested, but the matter was not considered in the house until the last day of the term in 1885, when he stepped down and allowed Mr. Fredericks to claim the seat, upon the condition that the house should pass the bill to place Gen. U. S. Grant upon the retired list. This bill could not be passed until the contest was disposed of, which was done during the last fifteen minutes of the session.

Mr. Wilson has also been engaged in the newspaper business, becoming editor of the Traer (Iowa) Clipper in 1881, his partner in the business being James Morrison, now of Washington, D. C. He managed the paper and farm at the same time, but soon sold his newspaper business, which had become very profitable. As a student and scholar Mr. Wilson ranks among the best in the middle west. For several years he has been professor of agriculture in the state school at Ames, and in connection with his other duties has edited a farm department for the newspapers that has been published in all the counties of the state. Mr. Wilson adheres to the tenets of the presbyterian church and is prominent in Masonic circles in the state.

#### JOHN HAY.

John Hay, ambassador to Great Britain was born in Salem, Ind., Oct. 8, 1838. His father was a physician, and his grandfather was one of the heroes of the revolution. After graduating at Brown college he went, at the age of 21, to Springfield, Ill., where he entered the office of Abraham Lincoln and began to study law. When Lincoln was made president he selected Col. Hay as one of his private secretaries. The other was John G. Nicolay, who later collaborated with Col. Hay in writing the history of the martyred president.

After the assassination of President Lincoln, Col. Hay, who had seen some service during the war and had gained the title of colonel, went to Paris as secretary of the United States legation, and was later transferred to Madrid, where he did some of his best literary work.

In 1872 Col. Hay returned to this country and accepted an editorial position on the staff of the New York Tribune. This position he retained until the election of President Hayes, who offered him the position of assistant secretary of state under Sec-

retary Everts. This agreeable position he accepted on Nov. 1, 1877, and held until May, 1881. Soon after, at the request of Whitelaw Reid, he returned to the New York Tribune and managed that newspaper while Mr. Reid went on a wedding tour to Europe. Although it was a time of great political excitement, the Garfield-Blaine-Conkling quarrel occurring during that period, Col. Hay conducted the Tribune to the satisfaction of all concerned.

Col. Hay married the daughter of Amasa Stone, the Ohio millionaire, who on his death left him a million or more dollars. He was then living in a beautiful home on Euclid avenue, Cleveland. Since then he has occupied the Washington mansion which he built.

Col. Hay has won even more repute by his literary work than by his activity in politics and diplomacy. His most important book is the "Life of Lincoln," written in collaboration with John G. Nicolay, which was published first as a serial in the Century and later in several volumes. It embodies the intimate knowledge of Lincoln and of his career gained by his private secretaries' personal observation and participation in a large part of the stirring events with which it deals, and is regarded as a contribution to American history of the first importance. Col. Hay's poems had previously gained for him a wide reputation as a keen humorist and sympathetic observer of human nature. His "Pike County Ballads," published in 1871; "Jim Bludso" and "Little Breches" have become exceedingly popular. A complete collection of his poems was published in 1890. His "Castilian Days," studies of Spanish life and character, the fruit of his sojourn in Spain as a diplomatic officer of the United States, appeared in 1871.

#### HORACE PORTER.

Horace Porter, ambassador to France, was born at Huntingdon, Pa., in 1837, the son of David R. Porter, who soon afterward became governor of the state. His early schooling was in the Harrisburg academy. After a year in the scientific department of Harvard university he entered West Point. His graduation took place in 1860.

After a brief space as instructor in artillery at West Point, he was assigned to duty in the department of the east. After being sent to Washington as a bearer of dispatches he was promoted to be first lieutenant while under Sherman and Dupont in the expedition against Port Royal. In 1863 he was brevetted captain for gallant services at the capture of Fort Pulaski, where he had command of the siege batteries. In May, 1864, he was brevetted major for his conduct in the battle of the Wilderness. The next year found him brevet lieutenant-colonel, and 1865 brevet brigadier-general of the United States army. He had been chief of ordnance of the army of the Potomac under Gen. Meade, but after the battle of Antietam was transferred first to the army of the Ohio and then to the army of the Cumberland. While on the staff of Gen. Thomas at Chattanooga he became acquainted with Gen. Grant. Their intimacy lasted until Grant's death. Gen. Porter became an aid-camp on Grant's staff, and was with him during most of the rest of the war. He was one of the few persons who witnessed the surrender at Appomattox.

When Gen. Grant became secretary of war Gen. Porter became the assistant sec-

retary, and during his chief's service as president acted as private secretary. Gen. Porter then went into business, and has been exceedingly successful. He has been connected with numerous important corporations; became vice-president of Pullman's Palace Car company, a director of the Equitable Life Assurance society, the Continental national bank, the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway company, the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern Railway company, the Ontario & Western Railway company, the Atlantic & Pacific Railway company, the Hannibal & St. Joe Railway company and the Oregon Railway & Navigation company. He was also the first president of the West Shore road.

Gen. Porter has for several years been president of the Union League club; he belongs to the Century, University, Metropolitan, Lotus, Players', Authors' and Grolier clubs, to the chamber of commerce, the Loyal Legion, the American Geographical society, the Grand Army of the Republic, and many other organizations. He is president of the General National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution and the Grant Monument association. The completion of the Grant monument is largely the result of his efforts. The project languished when a start had been made on it until Gen. Porter made a personal canvass and set on foot a campaign through which \$400,000 was raised in two months.

#### WILLIAM F. DRAPER.

William Franklin Draper, ambassador to Italy, was born in Lowell, Mass., April 9, 1842. He was educated in the common schools of Lowell, supplemented by two years at an academy. At 16 he went to work in a cotton mill and made a study of the processes of manufacturing cotton goods. He enlisted in the 29th Massachusetts volunteers as a headless youth of 19 and served throughout the war for the union, being promoted successively from the rank of second lieutenant to that of brigadier-general. He was a gallant soldier, and bears upon his person the scars of battle, having been shot through the body at the battle of the Wilderness and wounded at Pegram's Farm. After the war he engaged in the manufacture of cotton machinery, and with his brothers, who were associated with him, amassed a fortune. He took much interest in politics as early as 1876, when he was a delegate to the Cincinnati convention. He was president of the famous Home Market club of Boston in 1890. Although a candidate for the gubernatorial nomination in 1884, he never held public office until elected to the 47th congress. His work in both that and the subsequent congress has been valuable. He was chairman of the committee on patents and a member of the committee on foreign affairs. In the former position he pressed successfully through congress the bill to revise the patent laws and the bill to protect the copyright of theatrical and operatic productions. As a member of the foreign affairs committee his course was distinctively conservative. While stalwart in his Americanism, he opposed hasty action which might embroil this country in foreign complications. For this reason he opposed the resolution to recognize the belligerency of the Cuban insurgents during the first session of this congress, and made a speech against it on the floor. Mr. Draper is a gentleman of commanding presence, genial, yet dignified in manner, a polished scholar and a pleasing and forceful speaker.

#### STEWART L. WOODFORD.

Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, minister to Spain, was born in New York city Sept. 3, 1835, from early Connecticut stock. He graduated at Columbia college in 1854, delivering the centennial oration of the college. He was admitted to the bar in 1857 and entered politics in the first Lincoln campaign, 1860.

Lincoln offered him the judgeship of the territory of Nebraska, but he declined it. Later he became assistant United States district attorney, resigned to enter the army as a volunteer, became captain, judge-advocate general of the department of the south, provost-marshal-general and chief-of-staff of Gen. Gilmore. He was brevetted brigadier-general for gallantry in action and after the war was military governor of Charleston and later of Savannah.

In 1866 he was elected lieutenant-governor of New York. In 1872 was elected to congress, nominated Arthur for vice-president in 1880, under Grant was United States district attorney, and has declined a hundred offices.

Gen. Woodford is an officer in the City savings bank, the Sprague national bank and the Fidelity Fire Insurance company, and stands high in financial circles. Yale, Columbia and Trinity colleges have bestowed the degree of M. A. upon him, and the latter gave him the degree of LL. D.

#### JAMES B. ANGELL.

James Burrill Angell, minister to Turkey, was born in Scituate, R. I., in 1828. He was graduated at Brown university in 1849, and spent some time thereafter in Europe, traveling and studying. On his return in 1853 he was appointed professor of modern languages and literature in Brown university. In 1856 he took editorial charge of the Providence Journal in the absence of Senator Anthony, its editor and proprietor, in Washington, and this post he filled for six years, his work covering the critical period of the civil war. In 1868 he was appointed president of the University of Vermont, and in 1871 president of the University of Michigan, where he has since remained. His influence there having raised that institution to a place among the foremost of American universities.

President Angell has occupied diplomatic positions of importance. In 1890 President Hayes appointed him minister to China, with the special purpose of negotiating a treaty bearing upon the rapidly growing hostility in this country to Chinese immigration and the rapidly increasing commercial relations between the two countries. He was at the head of the commission intrusted with this delicate duty, which was promptly executed, two treaties being ready for ratification by congress at the close of 1900. In 1881 President Angell resigned his office as minister and returned to his work at the University of Michigan. In 1887 he was appointed by President Cleveland one of the commissioners to settle the dispute with Great Britain over the rights of American fishermen in the waters of Canada and Newfoundland.

#### POWELL CLAYTON.

Powell Clayton, minister to Mexico, was born in Pennsylvania in 1833. He was educated for the profession of civil engineer and began to practice it in Leavenworth, Kas., where he settled in 1855. He was chosen city engineer of that city in 1871.

and held the place till the outbreak of the civil war, when he raised a company and went to the front with the 1st Kansas volunteer infantry regiment as captain. He gained rapid promotion, and at the close of the war, having served through it, he had reached the rank of brigadier-general. After the war he married and bought a large plantation in Jefferson county, Arkansas, where he lived till he was elected governor in 1868. In 1871 he was elected United States senator, and after serving the term of six years went to Little Rock, Ark., to live, remaining there till 1882, when he moved to Eureka Springs. He built the Eureka Springs railway, of which company he has since been president and general manager.

Gen. Clayton has been active in politics for many years, both before and since his occupation of public office. He has been a delegate to every republican national convention since Grant was first nominated, and until his business interests compelled him to resign was chairman of the republican state committee. He has also been for many years a member of the republican national committee. He also holds several local offices, is a member of the Loyal Legion and has been department commander of the G. A. R. in Arkansas.

#### CHARLEMAGNE TOWER.

Charlemagne Tower, minister to Austria, is descended from John Tower, a native of Norfolk, England, who settled at Hingham, Mass., in 1637. He was born in Philadelphia and was educated at a military academy at New Haven, Conn., and afterward at Phillips academy, Exeter, N. H. Upon graduating from Harvard university in 1872 he went to Europe to study history, modern languages and literature. After an absence of four years he returned to Philadelphia and studied law. He was admitted to the bar in 1878. Four years later he removed to Duluth, Minn., where he became president of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad and managing director of the Minnesota Iron company. He went east again in 1887. Mr. Tower is a trustee of the University of Pennsylvania, vice-president of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, a member of the Academy of Natural Sciences, of the Numismatic society and of the American Institute of Mining Engineers; he is a director of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company and of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company. He received the degree of LL. D. from Lafayette college. Mr. Tower achieved much prominence through his scholarly work upon "The Marquis de la Fayette in the American Revolution," which has won for him a high place among the historians of the country.

#### A. S. HARDY.

Arthur Sherburne Hardy, minister to Persia, was at his appointment professor of mathematics in Dartmouth college and has been a soldier, an author and an editor. He was born in Boston Aug. 13, 1847, and was graduated at West Point. After a service of 18 months as second lieutenant he resigned from the army and traveled and studied abroad for several years. Later he went to Iowa college as professor of civil engineering and afterward accepted the chair of mathematics at Dartmouth. Prof. Hardy's works on the higher mathematics are used as text-books in Oxford and Cambridge and many of the leading American

universities. Among his works of fiction the most noted are "But Yet a Woman" and "Passe Rose." He was for a time associated with John Brisben Walker in the publication of the Cosmopolitan Magazine. Prof. Hardy was the personal choice of the president for the Persian mission, but his appointment is said to have been decidedly pleasing to the New Hampshire senators.

#### EDWIN H. CONGER.

E. H. Conger, minister to Brazil, was born in Knox county, Illinois, March 7, 1843, and was graduated at Lombard university, Galesburg, Ill., in 1862. Immediately after leaving college he enlisted in the union army and was brevetted major for gallant and meritorious conduct. After the war he studied law and was graduated from the Albany law school in 1866. He practiced in Galesburg. In 1868 he moved to Iowa and engaged in farming, stock-raising and banking. He was state treasurer of Iowa in 1882-85 and in 1884 was elected to congress from that state. He served three terms in congress and was minister to Brazil under President Harrison.

#### HAROLD M. SEWALL.

H. M. Sewall, minister to Hawaii, was born in Bath, Me., about thirty-eight years ago, son of Arthur Sewall, democratic candidate in 1896 for vice-president. He was originally a democrat, but became a republican during the first Cleveland administration, chiefly owing to his views on foreign policy. In 1885 President Cleveland had appointed him consul at Apia, Samoa, and later consul-general to those islands; but, disagreeing with the administration on its policy, he resigned after a year or two of service. Under President Harrison he shared in the negotiation of the Berlin treaty of 1889 committing Samoan affairs to the joint regulation of Germany, Great Britain and the United States. He was a delegate-at-large to the republican national convention of 1896.

#### ALFRED E. BUCK.

A. E. Buck, minister to Japan, was born in Foxcroft, Me., in 1832. He made his own way through college, took high rank, and taught school afterward. He went to the war, fought with credit, stayed in the south, and in the reconstruction days represented an Alabama district in congress. Later he went to Georgia, was clerk of the federal court at Atlanta, and afterward served as United States marshal for Georgia. He is a popular and influential citizen of Atlanta.

#### ARCHIBALD J. SAMPSON.

A. J. Sampson, minister to Ecuador, is a resident of Phoenix, Ariz., but he formerly resided in Colorado. He is a lawyer and was the first attorney-general of Colorado after that state was admitted into the union. He was the United States consul at Paso del Norte, Mexico, during President Harrison's administration. He has made quite a record as a campaign orator in the Mississippi valley states. He is a native of Ohio, and is about 55 years old.

#### W. GODFREY HUNTER.

Dr. Hunter, minister to Guatemala and Honduras, was born Dec. 25, 1841, was educated as a physician and practiced his pro-

fession. He was a surgeon in the union army during the late war. After the war he was elected to the state legislature of Kentucky and was a delegate to the republican national convention of 1880, being one of the 304 delegates who stood by Gen. Grant in that memorable contest. He was a delegate to the Minneapolis convention of 1892. He was elected to the Lth congress from the 3d district of Kentucky, re-elected to the LIVth, and was a candidate for re-election to the LVth in 1896, but was defeated by 209 votes. At the time of his appointment he was preparing to contest the election.

#### BELLAMY STORER.

Bellamy Storer, minister to the Netherlands, was born in Cincinnati Aug. 28, 1847; was graduated from Harvard college in 1867, and from the law school of Cincinnati college in 1869; was admitted to the bar April, 1869; was a member of the LIII and LIIId congresses from the 1st Ohio district.

#### CHARLES PAGE BRYAN.

C. P. Bryan, minister to China, was born in Chicago and is 42 years old. He was educated at the University of Virginia, and was graduated a lawyer from the law department of Columbia college, New York. In 1878 he was admitted to the bar and went to Colorado the following year. He was soon thereafter elected to the legislature of Colorado, and served in both houses of that body. In 1883 he returned to Illinois, took up his residence in Elmhurst, and was sent to the legislature in 1890. He has been re-elected every succeeding term since that time. His title of colonel comes from his appointments on the military staffs of Govs. Flier, Oglesby and Altgeld. Col. Bryan has ever interested himself in labor legislation. His work in the legislature has been of a lofty kind and he has served on many important committees. He is one of the hardest workers in the republican party of Illinois, and, indeed, he has always been a most ardent republican. He stumped Colorado for Blaine in 1884, and his voice has never been silent when he felt that his state, his district, his country or his party was in need of his efforts.

#### WILLIAM W. ROCKHILL.

W. W. Rockhill, minister to Greece and Roumania, is a native of Pennsylvania, and was first appointed to office from Maryland in 1884, when he was made assistant secretary of the American legation at Peking. From 1886 to 1887 he was charge d'affaires in Korea. In 1887 he resigned and spent most of the next five years in travel in Asia, on his return publishing a work on Thibet. In 1893 he became chief clerk of the state department. In 1894 he was appointed third assistant secretary of state and in 1894 became first assistant.

#### H. L. WILSON.

H. L. Wilson of Washington, minister to Chile, is a native of Indiana, and has had little to do with politics outside of the state of Washington, but has filled the position of chairman of the state republican committee. He is a brother of Senator Wilson of that state.

#### L. S. SWENSON.

L. S. Swenson of Minnesota, minister to Denmark, is well known among the educators of the country. He comes of Norwegian stock but was born in Minnesota.

After graduating at the Albert Lea university he took a post-graduate course at Johns Hopkins university, devoting himself especially to languages, history and political science. At the time of his appointment he was principal of the Luther academy at Albert Lea.

#### WILLIAM L. MERRY.

Mr. Merry of California, minister to Costa Rica and Nicaragua, has been essentially a business man. He has been secretary of the chamber of commerce of San Francisco and is owner of a line of steamers plying between San Francisco and Central American states. He was formerly consul-general for Nicaragua at San Francisco. He is said to have extensive plans for the completion of the Nicaraguan canal.

#### C. B. HART.

Mr. Hart of West Virginia, minister to Colombia, is a journalist, being editor and proprietor of the Wheeling Intelligencer. He has for many years been a factor in state politics.

#### W. F. POWELL.

Mr. Powell of New Jersey, minister to Haiti and Santo Domingo, has been for some time engaged in educational matters in Camden, N. J.

#### HIRAM N. ALLEN.

H. N. Allen of Ohio, minister resident to Korea, has previously been a secretary of legation and is a thorough Korean scholar. When the first Korean legation came to this country Mr. Allen accompanied it as an interpreter.

#### SANFORD NEWELL.

Mr. Newell of Minnesota, minister to the Netherlands, is a prominent lawyer at St. Paul and has long been active in state politics.

#### W. R. FRENCH.

Mr. French of Michigan, minister to Paraguay, is an educator rather than a politician, having been a professor in the state university at Ann Arbor.

#### J. B. DUDLEY.

Mr. Dudley of California is a lawyer and a brother of W. W. Dudley, who was prominent in the national campaign of 1888.

#### L. TOWNSEND.

Mr. Townsend of Pennsylvania, minister to Portugal, has had considerable experience in the diplomatic service of the government. He has been secretary of the American legation at Vienna.

#### ETHAN ALLEN HITCHCOCK.

Mr. Hitchcock of Missouri, minister to Russia, was a millionaire merchant in St. Louis and has been a strong and active republican. It is understood that the personal friendship of the president was his strongest indorsement.

#### J. G. LEISHMAN.

Mr. Leishman of Pennsylvania, minister to Switzerland, is a manufacturer and has been vice-president of the Carnegie Iron company.

**FRANK B. LOOMIS.**

Mr. Loomis of Ohio, minister to Venezuela, was the representative of the United Press and stationed at Canton during the last campaign, and formed a very intimate acquaintance with Mr. McKinley, who conferred the mission upon him as a wedding present.

**BENJAMIN BUTTERWORTH.**

Benjamin Butterworth, commissioner of patents, was born near Foster's Crossing, O., Oct. 22, 1837. His parents and other ancestors were friends, and he is a member of that church. He received his education at Ohio university at Athens, O. In the war he was a soldier and attained the rank of major.

After the war he settled in Cincinnati, studied law in the office of Durbin Ward and William M. Ramsey, was admitted to the bar and soon acquired a lucrative practice. Of strong convictions and aggressive temperament, he soon became a leader in Ohio republican politics, and a distinguished orator.

He served one term in the Ohio senate, was elected three times to congress from the 1st Ohio district, and was finally defeated in his fourth race by the democratic candidate, John F. Follette. In congress he won the esteem of his republican colleagues and the respect of the democratic members.

He was appointed commissioner of patents by Gen. Arthur, but since 1884 has been out of political office. During the World's Fair at Chicago he served as secretary of the national commission. Since that time he has practiced law, chiefly in Washington.

He was a delegate-at-large from Ohio to the republican national convention of 1884 and 1888, and was a determined Sherman man each time.

**E. W. PETTUS.**

Edmund Winston Pettus of Selma, senator from Alabama, was born in Limestone county, Alabama, July 6, 1821; is the youngest child of John Pettus and Alice T. Pettus, who was a daughter of Capt. Anthony Winston of Virginia, a revolutionary soldier; was educated at the common schools in Alabama and at Clinton college in Smith county, Tennessee; studied law in the office of William Cooper, then the leader of the bar in north Alabama; was admitted to the bar in 1842 and commenced the practice of law at Gainesville, Ala., as the partner of the Hon. Turner Reavis; in 1844 was elected solicitor for the 7th circuit; served as a lieutenant in the Mexican war; in 1846 resigned the office of solicitor and went, with a party of his neighbors, on horseback to California; was elected judge of the 7th circuit after his return to Alabama in 1856, but resigned that office in 1858 and removed to Dallas county, where he now resides; resumed the practice of law as a member of the firm of Pettus, Pugh & Dawson; in 1861 went into the confederate army as major of the 20th Alabama infantry and soon afterward was made lieutenant-colonel of that regiment; in October, 1863, was made a brigadier-general of infantry, and served till the close of the war, being in many battles; after the war returned to his home and to the practice of law, and has continued at that work ever since; ever since he became a voter has been a member of the demo-

cratic party; in November, 1896, was nominated by that party and elected by the legislature of Alabama United States senator for the term commencing March 4, 1897; after his nomination the opposition to his election was merely nominal; received the entire vote of his party, and more; has been a delegate to all of the democratic national conventions, except the first and last, since the war, and when a delegate was chairman of the Alabama delegation.

**R. R. KENNEY.**

Richard R. Kenney of Dover, senator from Delaware, was born in Sussex county, Delaware, Sept. 3, 1848; graduated from Laurel academy, Delaware, June, 1874; attended Hobart college, Geneva, N. Y.; read law under the tuition of the late Senator Willard Saulsbury of Dover; was admitted to the bar Oct. 19, 1881, and has practiced his profession since; was elected state librarian in January, 1879, and held that office for two terms; was appointed adjutant-general of the state by Gov. B. T. Diggs, January, 1887, and retired from that office at the end of his term, January, 1891; was delegate to the national democratic convention at Chicago in 1892; was made a member of the national democratic committee in 1894, which position he still holds; was elected to the United States senate as a democrat Jan. 19, 1896, to fill the vacancy caused by the legislature of 1896 failing to elect a senator to succeed the Hon. Anthony Higgins, whose term expired March 4, 1895. He took his seat Feb. 5, 1897. His term of service will expire March 3, 1901.

**STEPHEN R. MALLORY.**

Mr. Mallory, senator from Florida, is a resident of Pensacola. He was born Nov. 2, 1848, and entered the confederate army in Virginia in 1864. In 1865 he was appointed midshipman in the confederate navy. Later in the same year he entered Georgetown college, District of Columbia, and was graduated in June, 1869. He then taught a class at the same college until 1871, when he began the study of law. He was admitted to the Louisiana bar in 1872.

He moved to Pensacola in 1874 and began the practice of law. In 1876 he was elected to the legislature and in 1880 and 1884 to the state senate. He was a member of the LIII and LIIII congresses from the 1st Florida district. Mr. Mallory is a son of the late secretary of the confederate navy.

**A. S. CLAY.**

Alexander Stephens Clay of Marietta, Cobb county, Ga., senator from Georgia, was born on a farm in Cobb county; received his primary and preparatory education in the country schools and the high school at Palmetto, Ga.; graduated from Hiwassee college in 1875; taught school for two years; studied law under Judge David Irwin of Marietta and was admitted to the bar in September, 1877, and has been engaged actively in the practice of law since; was elected a member of the city council in 1880 and re-elected in 1881; in 1884-85 and 1886-87 represented Cobb county in the general assembly of the state; in the latter term was elected speaker pro tempore; was re-elected for 1889-90, and served as speaker for two years; in 1892 was elected to the state senate, and served as president

of that body for two years; in 1894 was elected chairman of the state democratic executive committee, and conducted the state campaign between the democrats and populists that year; was re-elected to the same position in 1896, and still occupies the place; was elected to the United States senate as a democrat, to succeed John B. Gordon, in October, 1896, and took his seat March 4, 1897. His term of service will expire March 3, 1903.

#### HENRY HEITFELD.

Mr. Heitfeld, senator from Idaho, was born in St. Louis in January, 1859. He attended the public schools of St. Louis until 1870, when, with his mother, he moved to Seneca, Kas., learning the trade of a stonemason.

In 1882 Mr. Heitfeld moved into the northwest, locating at Pomeroy, Wash., where he remained one year. While there he took up two claims in the Big Bend country, one a homestead and the other a timber culture. While holding the land he worked in the shops of the Northern Pacific railroad at Sprague, continuing that employment until the fall of 1883, when he became a resident of Idaho.

He settled in Nez Perces county, a short distance from the Washington line, his post-office being Uniontown, Wash. There he has since been engaged as a farmer, fruit grower and cattleman. He has 640 acres of land and has been conspicuously successful in his operations.

In politics Mr. Heitfeld was a democrat until he joined the populists. He is a member of the Farmers' alliance and it was through his connection with that organization that he was influenced to ally himself with the populist party. It was on the day of Cleveland's nomination in 1892 that he renounced his democracy and entered the ranks of the new party. He was active in politics, but never held any office until he was chosen in 1894 to represent Nez Perces and Latah counties in the state senate.

#### WILLIAM E. MASON.

William E. Mason of Chicago, senator from Illinois, was born in Franklinville, Cattaraugus county, N. Y., July 7, 1850; removed with his parents to Bentonport, Iowa, in 1858; attended school at the Bentonport academy and Birmingham college; taught school from 1866 to 1870, the last two years at Des Moines, Iowa; entered the law office of the Hon. Thomas F. Winthrop and was admitted to practice law in Des Moines; went to Chicago in 1872 and has practiced law there ever since; was elected to the general assembly in 1879, to the state senate in 1881; was elected to the 14th congress and defeated for the 15th in the landslide of 1892; was elected to the United States senate Jan. 29, 1897, by a strict party vote, receiving 125 votes against 78 votes for John P. Altgeld, democrat. He took his seat March 4, 1897. His term of service will expire March 3, 1903.

#### C. W. FAIRBANKS.

Charles Warren Fairbanks of Indianapolis, senator from Indiana, was born May 11, 1852, near Unionville Center, Union county, O.; was educated in the district schools of the neighborhood and at the Ohio Wesleyan

university, Delaware, O., graduating from that institution in 1872 in the classical course; is an attorney-at-law; has never held any civil or military office; was a delegate-at-large to the republican national convention at St. Louis in 1896, and was temporary chairman of the convention; was elected to the United States senate as a republican, Jan. 20, 1897, by a majority of 21 on joint ballot, over Daniel W. Voorhees and Leroy Tammerton, and took his seat March 4, 1897. His term of service will expire March 3, 1903.

#### WILLIAM A. HARRIS.

William A. Harris of Linwood, Leavenworth county, Kas., who has succeeded Pfeffer as senator from that state, was born in Loudon county, Virginia, Oct. 29, 1841. He spent the early years of his life in Luray, Va., where he attended school. In 1859 he was graduated from Columbian college, Washington, D. C., and in 1861 from the Virginia Military institute. Mr. Harris served in the confederate army as assistant adjutant-general of Wilcox' brigade and ordnance officer of D. H. Hill's and Rodes' division, army of northern Virginia. He removed to Kansas in 1865 and was employed as civil engineer in the construction of the Kansas division of the Union Pacific railroad. In 1883 he accepted the agency for the sale of the Delaware reservation and other lands, at the same time embarking in farming and stock-raising, in which he is still engaged. In 1892 he was nominated for congressman-at-large by the populist state convention and endorsed by the democrats. In the election that followed he received 163,634 votes, against 156,761 for his opponent.

#### WILLIAM J. DEBOE.

Mr. Deboe, senator from Kentucky, was born in Crittenden county forty-seven years ago, was raised on a farm and educated in the common schools of his county, supplemented by two years in Ewing college in Illinois. His parents were born in Virginia and came to Kentucky early in the 18th century. His grandfather on his father's side served for seven years in the revolutionary war. His father, Abram Deboe, was a minister of the baptist church. After leaving the farm young Deboe first taught school and afterward studied medicine and was graduated at the University of medical college, Louisville. He practiced medicine for a number of years and then took up the law, which he has practiced successfully for nine years. He has always been an ardent and active republican, and few men in the state have done more than he for his party. In 1888 he was a delegate to the Chicago convention. In 1892 he made the race for congress in his district as the republican nominee, and greatly reduced the democratic majority.

He has been a member of the state central committee since 1890, and in 1896 was a delegate from the state at large to the St. Louis convention which nominated McKinley and Hobart, and was chairman of the Kentucky delegation to that convention. In 1893 he was elected to the state senate from a democratic district and has served his people during the last three terms ably and faithfully. As a political organizer and leader of men he is second to none in the state, as evidenced by the management of his own campaign and as member of the executive committee of the state in 1896 during the

McKinley campaign. The fact that Kentucky was swung to the republican column was largely due to his part in the management of the state campaigns of 1895 and 1896.

#### T. C. PLATT.

Thomas Collier Platt, senator from New York, of Owego, was born in Owego, N. Y., July 15, 1833; was prepared for college at the Owego academy; was a member of the class of 1853 of Yale college, but was compelled to give up the course in that institution on account of ill health; received the honorary degree of M. A. from that college in 1876; entered mercantile life soon after leaving school, and has been in active business since; was president of the Tioga national bank at its organization; became largely interested in the lumbering business in Michigan; was county clerk of the county of Tioga in 1859, 1869 and 1861; was elected to the XLIII and XLIVth congresses; was elected United States senator Jan. 13, 1881, and resigned that office May 16 of the same year; was chosen secretary and director of the United States Express company in 1879, and in 1880 was elected president of the company; was member and president of the board of quarantine commissioners of New York from 1880 till 1888; was delegate to the national republican conventions of 1876, 1880, 1884, 1888, 1892 and 1896; was president of the Southern Central railroad; has been a member of the national republican committee; was elected United States senator in 1896 and took his seat March 4, 1897. His term of service will expire March 3, 1903.

#### HENRY W. CORBETT.

Mr. Corbett, senator from Oregon, was born in Westborough, Mass., on Feb. 18, 1827. He was the youngest son in a family of eight children. His early boyhood was spent in Washington county, New York, where he attended the common schools. Later he attended Cambridge academy, taking the regular academy course. He then held a clerkship in Salem, the county seat, for one year, when at 17 years of age he went to New York city and was employed in the dry-goods business until 1851. His employers intrusted him with a stock of goods which was shipped around Cape Horn to Portland. In 1850, the agreement being that he should devote three years in Oregon to merchandising, then return and divide the proceeds. He sailed from New York on Jan. 20, 1851, via the Isthmus, and arrived in Portland on March 5, where he found about 400 inhabitants. So well did he succeed in his venture that his entire stock of goods was disposed of in fourteen months, when he returned to New York with \$20,000 net profits for division. After remaining one year in New York he returned to Oregon.

He was a delegate to the Chicago convention in 1860, but was unable to reach there in time, so Horace Greider represented the state. He attended Lincoln's inauguration in 1861 and was a delegate to the republican convention that nominated Grant and Colfax, in 1868. In 1866 he was elected United States senator to succeed the Hon. J. W. Nesmith, and became prominently identified with the financial discussions of the time. During and after the war the gold standard was maintained on the Pacific coast, and Mr. Corbett invented the idea of national gold banks. The first national bank of Portland was organized in 1865, and in 1865

he, with Henry Failing, obtained control of the stock, and it has ever since been the strongest national bank in the Pacific northwest. He assisted in the organization of the board of trade and was its president for many years. He is president of the Boys and Girls' Aid society and of the Hotel Portland. He is a director of the Oregon Railway & Navigation company, was the first in the senate to advocate the building of the Northern Pacific railroad, is an active worker in benevolent matters, has liberally endowed various Oregon institutions, and is interested in everything that tends to improve the condition of the community.

#### M. A. HANNA.

Marcus Alonzo Hanna of Cleveland, senator from Ohio, was born in New Lisbon (now Lisbon), Columbiana county, O., Sept. 29, 1837; removed with his father's family to Cleveland in 1852; was educated in the common schools of that city and the Western Reserve college, Hudson, O.; was engaged as an employee in the wholesale grocery house of Hanna, Garretson & Co., his father being senior member of the firm; his father died in 1862 and he represented his interest in the firm until 1867, when the business was closed up; then became a member of the firm of Rhodes & Co., engaged in the iron and coal business; at the expiration of ten years the title of this firm was changed to M. A. Hanna & Co., which still exists; has been identified with the lake carrying business, being interested in vessels on the lakes and in the construction of such vessels; is a director in the Globe Ship Manufacturing company of Cleveland; is president of the Union national bank of Cleveland; president of the Cleveland City Railway company; president of the Chapin Mining company, Lake Superior; was government director of the Union Pacific Railway company in 1885, by appointment of President Cleveland; was a delegate to the national republican conventions of 1884, 1888 and 1896; was elected chairman of the national republican committee in 1896 and still holds that position; was appointed to the United States senate as a republican by Gov. Bushnell March 5, 1897, to fill vacancy caused by the resignation of the Hon. John Sherman, who resigned to accept the position of secretary of state in President McKinley's cabinet; took his seat March 5, 1897. His term of service will expire in January, 1903, or when the legislature of his state elects his successor.

#### BOIES PENROSE.

Boies Penrose of Philadelphia, senator from Pennsylvania, was born in Philadelphia a Nov. 1, 1800; was prepared for college by private tutors and in the schools of Philadelphia; was graduated from Harvard college in 1821; read law with Wayne MacVaneigh and George Tucker Bishop and was admitted to the bar in 1832; practiced his profession in partnership with S. Davis Page and Edward P. Allinson under the firm name of Page, Allinson & Penrose; was elected to the Pennsylvania house of representatives from the 8th Philadelphia district in 1834; in connection with Edward P. Allinson wrote, at the request of Johns Hopkins university, for the university studies in historical and political science, a history of the city government of Philadelphia; was elected to the Pennsylvania state senate

from the 6th Philadelphia district in 1886, re-elected in 1890, and again in 1894; was elected to the United States senate as a republican to succeed J. Donald Cameron and took his seat March 4, 1897. His term of service will expire March 3, 1903.

#### J. L. RAWLINS.

Joseph Rawlins of Salt Lake City, senator from Utah, was born in Salt Lake county, Utah, March 23, 1850; lived on a farm until 18 years of age; completed a classical course in the University of Indiana, but, having gone to Utah, did not return for graduation; was professor in the University of Deseret in Salt Lake City, Utah, for two years, until 1875; was admitted to the bar in that year and followed the profession of the law until his election as delegate in 1892; in politics has always been a democrat; was elected to the Lillard congress as delegate on the democratic ticket, and was defeated for the LIVth congress by the Hon. Frank A. Cannon and was elected to the United States senate as a democrat in 1897; took his seat March 4, 1897. His term of service will expire March 3, 1903.

#### GEORGE TURNER.

George Turner of Spokane, senator from Washington, was born in Edina, Mo., Feb. 25, 1850; was educated in the common schools; is a lawyer; was United States marshal for the southern and middle districts of Alabama from 1876 till 1880; was associate justice of the Supreme court for the territory of Washington from July 4, 1884, till Feb. 15, 1886; was a member of the constitutional convention which framed the constitution for the state of Washington; was elected to the United States senate as a representative of the people's party, composed of a fusion of silver republicans, democrats and populists; he took his seat March 4, 1897. His term of service will expire March 3, 1903.

#### JOHN C. SPOONER.

John C. Spooner of Madison, senator from Wisconsin, was born at Lawrenceburg, Dearborn county, Ind., Jan. 6, 1843; removed with his father's family to Wisconsin and settled at Madison June 1, 1859; was graduated at the State university in 1864; was private in company D, 40th regiment, and captain of company A, 60th regiment, Wisconsin infantry volunteers; was brevetted major at the close of service; was private and military secretary of Gov. Lucius Fairchild of Wisconsin; was admitted to the bar in 1867 and served as assistant attorney-general of the state until 1870, when he removed to Hudson, where he practiced law from 1870 until 1884; was member of the assembly from St. Croix county in 1872; member of the board of regents of the Wisconsin university; was elected United States senator as a republican, to succeed Angus Cameron, republican, for the term beginning March 4, 1885; was chairman of the Wisconsin delegation to the national republican convention in 1888; was succeeded as United States senator March 4, 1891, by William F. Vilas, democrat, receiving, however, the full vote of the republican members of the legislature for re-election; was chairman of the Wisconsin delegation to the national republican convention at Minneapolis in 1892; was unanimously nominated as republican candidate for governor of Wisconsin in 1892, but was

defeated; removed from Hudson to Madison in 1893; has been actively engaged in the practice of law since April, 1893; unanimously nominated in republican caucus Jan. 13, 1897, and duly elected Jan. 27, 1897, United States senator for the term beginning March 4, 1897, to succeed William F. Vilas, democrat, receiving 117 votes, against eight votes for W. C. Silverthorn and two votes for Edward S. Bragg. His term of service will expire March 3, 1903.

#### JOHN R. YOUNG.

John Russell Young, librarian of the new congressional library, was born on a farm near Downingtown, Pa., in 1841. His parents went to Philadelphia when he was a child, and his early education was received in a grammar school there and was supplemented in the high school at New Orleans, where for some years he was an inmate of his uncle's house. When 16 years old he was employed as a copyholder in a Philadelphia proof-room, and soon became a reporter and an editorial writer. He served as secretary to John W. Forney while the latter was secretary of the United States senate, and at the same time as a war correspondent. In 1872 he became managing editor of the Philadelphia Press. In 1885 he went to New York in the employ of Jay Cooke & Co. to use his pen in advertising the government loan. While there he contributed to the New York Tribune, of which in 1886 he became managing editor. He resigned that position in January, 1889. He started a daily newspaper in New York, the Standard, a few months later, but it was not a success. Afterward he became an editorial writer for the Herald and one of its foreign correspondents. He accompanied Gen. Grant around the world and wrote a book on the subject. President Arthur appointed him minister to China, a position which he resigned in 1886. Later he became one of the vice-presidents of the Reading railroad.

#### JOHN P. S. GOBIN.

Brevet Brig.-Gen. John P. S. Gobin, commander of the G. A. R., is a resident of Lebanon, Pa.; entered the war as captain and at the close of hostilities came out with the rank of brigadier-general. Gen. Gobin was born at Sunbury, Pa., on Jan. 26, 1838, and is about 59 years old. He attended the public schools of Sunbury and was admitted to the bar just before the breaking out of the war. In 1861 he enlisted in the 11th Pennsylvania for three months' service, and at the expiration of his enlistment went with his company, which was merged into the 47th Pennsylvania infantry. He was soon in command of that regiment and fought with the 19th army corps in the Red river campaign and with Sheridan in the Shenandoah valley. During this campaign his meritorious actions brought him the rank he now holds. After the surrender of Lee he was made provost judge of South Carolina and remained in that office during the reconstruction days. He has been prominent in Grand Army circles and organized post No. 42 of the department of Pennsylvania in 1867, at Lebanon, Pa., where he settled after his term of service as provost judge in South Carolina. He was prominent in politics of Pennsylvania and for sixteen years has been a state senator, and for several terms presiding officer of the Pennsylvania upper house. He is a prominent Mason and has commanded the 3d brigade of the Grand Army.

Utterances of the President.

INAUGURAL ADDRESS OF WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

Delivered March 4, 1897.

Fellow-Citizens: In obedience to the will of the people and in their presence, by the authority vested in me by this oath, I assume the arduous and responsible duties of president of the United States, relying on the support of my countrymen and invoking the guidance of Almighty God. Our faith teaches that there is no safer reliance than upon the God of our fathers, who has so singularly favored the American people in every national trial and who will not forsake us so long as we obey His commandments and walk humbly in His footsteps.

ENDURING BASIS FOR CURRENCY.

The responsibilities of the high trust to which I have been called—always of grave importance—are augmented by the prevailing business conditions, entailing idleness upon willing labor and loss to useful enterprises. The country is suffering from industrial disturbances from which speedy relief must be had.

Our financial system needs some revision; our money is all good now, but its value must not further be threatened. It should all be put upon an enduring basis, not subject to easy attack, nor its stability to doubt or dispute. Our currency should continue under the supervision of the government. The several forms of our paper money offer, in my judgment, a constant embarrassment to the government and a safe balance in the treasury. Therefore I believe it necessary to devise a system which, without diminishing the circulating medium or offering a premium for its contraction, will present a remedy for those arrangements which, temporary in their nature, might well in the years of our prosperity have been displaced by wiser provisions.

MORE REVENUE A NECESSITY.

With adequate revenue secured, but not until then, can we enter upon such changes in our fiscal laws as will, while insuring safety and volume to our money, no longer impose upon the government the necessity of maintaining so large a gold reserve, with its attendant and inevitable temptations to speculation.

Most of our financial laws are the outgrowth of experience and trial, and should not be amended without investigation and demonstration of the wisdom of the proposed changes. We must be sure we are right and "make haste slowly."

If, therefore, congress in its wisdom shall deem it expedient to create a commission to take under early consideration the revision of our coinage, banking and currency laws, and give them that exhaustive, careful and dispassionate examination that their importance demands, I shall cordially concur in such action. If such power is vested in the president it is my purpose to appoint a commission of prominent, well-informed citizens of different parties, who will command public confidence both on account of their ability and special fitness for the work.

Business experience and public training may thus be combined and the patriotic zeal of the friends of the country be so directed that such a report will be made as to receive the support of all parties and our finances cease to be the subject of mere partisan contention. The experiment is, at all events,

worth a trial, and, in my opinion, it can but prove beneficial to the entire country.

INTERNATIONAL BIMETALLISM.

The question of international bimetallicism will have early and honest attention. It will be my constant endeavor to secure it by co-operation with the other great commercial powers of the world. Until that condition is realized when the parity between our gold and silver money springs from and is supported by the relative value of the two metals, the value of the silver already coined and of that which may hereafter be coined must be kept constantly at par with gold by every resource at our command.

The credit of the government, the integrity of its currency and the inviolability of its obligations must be preserved. This was the commanding verdict of the people, and it will not be unneeded.

Economy is demanded in every branch of the government at all times, but especially in periods like the present depression of business and distress among the people. The severest economy must be observed in all public expenditures and extravagance stopped wherever it is found and prevented wherever in the future it may be developed. If the revenues are to remain as now, the only relief that can come must be from decreased expenditures. But the present must not become the permanent condition of the government. It has been our uniform practice to retire, not increase, our outstanding obligations, and this policy must again be resumed and vigorously enforced. Our revenues should always be large enough to meet with ease and promptness, not only our current needs and the principal and interest of the public debt, but to make proper and liberal provision for that most deserving body of public creditors, the soldiers and sailors and the widows and orphans who are the pensioners of the United States.

MORE REVENUE, NOT MORE LOANS.

The government should not be permitted to run behind or increase its debts in times like the present. Suitably to provide against this is the mandate of duty; the certain and easy remedy for most of our financial difficulties, or deficiency is inevitable so long as the expenditures of the government exceed its receipts. It can only be met by loans or an increased revenue. While a large annual surplus of revenue may invite waste and extravagance, inadequate revenue creates distrust and undermines public and private credit. Neither should be encouraged. Between more loans and more revenue there ought to be but one opinion. We should have more revenue, and that without delay, hindrance or postponement. A surplus in the treasury created by loan is not a permanent or safe reliance. It will suffice while it lasts, but it cannot last long while the outlays of the government are greater than its receipts, as has been the case during the last two years. Nor must it be forgotten that, however much such loans may temporarily relieve the situation, the government is still indebted for the amount of the surplus thus accrued, which it must ultimately pay, while its ability to pay is not strengthened but weakened by a continued deficit. Loans are imperative in great emergencies to preserve the government or its

credit, but a failure to supply needed revenue in time of peace for the maintenance of either has no justification.

The best way for the government to maintain its credit is to pay as it goes—not by resorting to loans, but by keeping out of debt—through an adequate income secured by a system of taxation, external or internal, or both. It is the settled policy of the government, pursued from the beginning and practiced by all parties and administrations, to raise the bulk of our revenues from taxes upon foreign productions entering the United States for sale and consumption—and avoiding for the most part every form of direct taxation, except in time of war. The country is clearly opposed to any needless additions to the subjects of internal taxation and is committed by its latest popular utterance to the system of tariff taxation.

#### TARIFF TAXATION.

There can be no misunderstanding, either, about the principle upon which this tariff taxation shall be levied. Nothing has ever been made plainer at a general election than that the controlling principle in the raising of revenue on imports is zealous care for American interests and American labor.

The people have declared that such legislation should be had as will give ample protection and encouragement to the industries and the development of our country. It is, therefore, earnestly hoped and expected that congress will, at the earliest practicable moment, enact revenue legislation that shall be fair, reasonable, conservative and just, and which, while supplying sufficient revenue for public purposes, will still be signally beneficial and helpful to every section and every enterprise of the people.

To this policy we are all, of whatever party, firmly bound by the voice of the people—a power vastly more potent than the expression of any political platform. The paramount duty of congress is to stop deficiencies by the restoration of that protective legislation which has always been the firmest prop of the treasury. The passage of such a law or laws would strengthen the credit of the government both at home and abroad and go far toward stopping the drain upon the gold reserve held for the redemption of our currency, which has been heavy and well-nigh constant for several years.

#### NEW MARKETS BY RECIPROCITY.

In the revision of the tariff special attention should be given to the re-enactment and extension of the reciprocity principle of the law of 1890, under which so great a stimulus was given to our foreign trade in new and advantageous markets for our surplus agricultural and manufactured products. The brief trial given this legislation amply justifies a further experiment and additional discretionary power in the making of commercial treaties, the end in view always to be the opening up of new markets for the products of our country by granting concessions to the products of other lands that we need and cannot produce ourselves, and which do not involve any loss of labor to our own people, but tend to increase their employment.

The depression of the last four years has fallen with especial severity upon the great body of the country, and upon none more than the holders of small farms. Agriculture has languished and labor suffered. The revival of manufacturing will be a relief to both. No portion of our population is more devoted to the institutions of free government nor more loyal in their support, while none bears more cheerfully or fully its

proper share of maintenance of the government or is better entitled to its wise and liberal care and protection.

Legislation helpful to the producer is beneficial to all. The depressed condition of industry on the farm and in the mine and factory has lessened the ability of the people to meet the demands upon them, and they rightfully expect that not only a system of revenue shall be established that will secure the largest income with the least burden, but that every means will be taken to decrease rather than increase our public expenditures. Business conditions are not the most promising.

#### RESTORATION OF PROSPERITY.

It will take time to restore the prosperity of former years. If we cannot promptly attain it we can resolutely turn our faces in that direction and aid its return by friendly legislation. However troublesome the situation may appear, congress will not, I am sure, be found lacking in disposition or ability to relieve it, so far as legislation can do so. The restoration of confidence and the revival of business, which men of all parties so much desire, depend more largely upon the prompt, energetic and intelligent action of congress than upon any other single agency affecting the situation.

It is inspiring, too, to remember that no great emergency in the 108 years of our eventful national life has ever risen that has not been met with wisdom and courage by the American people, with fidelity to their best interests and highest destiny and to the honor of the American name. These years of glorious history have exalted mankind and advanced the cause of freedom throughout the world and immeasurably strengthened the precious free institutions which we enjoy. The people love and will sustain these institutions.

The great essential to our happiness and prosperity is that we adhere to the principles upon which the government was established and insist upon their faithful observance. Equality of rights must prevail and our laws be always and everywhere respected and obeyed. We may have failed in the discharge of our full duty as citizens of the great republic, but it is consoling and encouraging to realize that free speech, a free press, free thought, free schools, the free and unmolested right of religious liberty and worship and free and fair elections are dearer and more universally enjoyed today than ever before.

These guarantees must be sacredly preserved and wisely strengthened. The constituted authorities must be cheerfully and vigorously upheld. Lynchings must not be tolerated in a free and civilized country like the United States; courts—not mobs—must execute the penalties of the law.

The preservation of public order, the right of discussion, the integrity of courts and the orderly administration of justice must continue forever the rock of safety upon which our government securely rests.

#### NO IMMUNITY FOR LAW-BREAKERS.

One of the lessons taught by the late election which all can rejoice in is that the citizens of the United States are both law-respecting and law-abiding people, not easily swayed from the path of patriotism and honor. This is in accord with the genius of our institutions, and but emphasizes the advantages of inculcating even a greater love for law and order in the future. Immunity should be granted to none who violates the laws, whether individuals, cor-

porations or communities; and as the constitution imposes upon the president the duty of both its own execution and of the statutes enacted in pursuance of its provisions, I shall endeavor carefully to carry them into effect.

The declaration of the party now restored to power has been in the past that of "opposition to all combinations of capital organized in trusts or otherwise to control arbitrarily the condition of trade among our citizens," and it has supported "such legislation as will prevent the execution of all schemes to oppress the people by undue charges on their supplies or by unjust rates for the transportation of their products to market." This purpose will be steadily pursued, both by the enforcement of the laws now in existence and the recommendation and support of such statutes as may be necessary to carry it into effect.

#### NATURALIZATION AND IMMIGRATION.

Our naturalization and immigration laws should be further improved, to the constant promotion of a safer, a better and a higher citizenship. A grave peril to the republic would be a citizenship too ignorant to understand or too vicious to appreciate the great value and benefit of our constitutions and laws—and against all who come here to make war upon them our gates must be promptly and tightly closed. Nor must we be unmindful of the need of improvement among our citizens, but with the zeal of our forefathers encourage the spread of knowledge and free education. Illiteracy must be banished from the land if we shall attain that high destiny as the foremost of the enlightened nations of the world which, under Providence, we ought to achieve.

#### CIVIL-SERVICE REFORM.

Reforms in the civil service must go on, but the change must be real and genuine, not perfunctory or prompted by a zeal in behalf of any party simply because it happens to be in power.

As a member of congress I voted and spoke in favor of the present law, and I shall attempt its enforcement in the spirit in which it was enacted. The purpose in view was to secure the most efficient service of the best men who would accept appointment under the government, retaining faithful and devoted public servants in office, but shielding none under the authority of any rule or custom who is inefficient, incompetent or unworthy.

The best interests of the country demand this, and the people heartily approve the law wherever and whenever it has been thus administered.

#### MERCHANT MARINE AND NAVY.

Congress should give prompt attention to the restoration of our American merchant marine, once the pride of the seas in all the great ocean highways of commerce. To my mind few more important subjects so imperatively demand its intelligent consideration. The United States has progressed with marvelous rapidity in every field of enterprise and endeavor, until we have become foremost in nearly all the great lines of inland trade, commerce and industry. Yet, while this is true, our American merchant marine has been steadily declining until it is now lower, both in the percentage of tonnage and the number of vessels employed, than it was prior to the civil war.

Commendable progress has been made of late years in the upbuilding of the American navy, but we must supplement these efforts by providing as a proper consort for it a

merchant marine amply sufficient for our carrying trade to foreign countries. The question is one that appeals both to our business necessities and the patriotic aspirations of a great people.

#### THE FOREIGN POLICY.

It has been the policy of the United States since the foundation of the government to cultivate relations of peace and amity with all the nations of the world, and this accords with my conception of our duty now. We have cherished the policy of non-interference with the affairs of foreign governments, wisely inaugurated by Washington, keeping ourselves free from entanglements either as allies or foes, content to leave undisturbed with them the settlement of their own domestic concerns. It will be our aim to pursue a firm and dignified foreign policy, which shall be just, impartial, ever watchful of our national honor, and always insisting upon the enforcement of the lawful rights of American citizens everywhere. Our diplomacy should seek nothing more, and accept nothing less, than is due us. We want no wars of conquest; we must avoid the temptation of territorial aggression. War should never be entered upon until every agency of peace has failed; peace is preferable to war in almost every contingency.

#### THE PRINCIPLE OF ARBITRATION

Arbitration is the true method of settlement of international as well as local or individual differences. It was recognized as the best means of adjustment of differences between employers and employees by the XLIXth congress in 1886, and its application was extended to our diplomatic relations by the unanimous concurrence of the senate and house of the List congress in 1890. The latter resolution was accepted as the basis of negotiations with us by the British house of commons in 1893, and upon our invitation a treaty of arbitration between the United States and Great Britain was signed at Washington and transmitted to the senate for its ratification in January last.

Since this treaty is clearly the result of our own initiative, since it has been recognized as the leading feature of our foreign policy throughout our entire national history—the adjustment of difficulties by judicial methods rather than by force of arms—and since it presents to the world the glorious example of reason and peace, not passion and war, controlling the relations between two of the greatest nations of the world, an example certain to be followed by others, I respectfully urge the early action of the senate thereon, not merely as a matter of policy, but as a duty to mankind.

The importance and moral influence of the ratification of such a treaty can hardly be overestimated in the cause of advancing civilization. It may well engage the best thought of the statesmen and people of every country, and I can but consider it fortunate that it was reserved to the United States to have the leadership in so grand a work.

#### NECESSITY OF AN EXTRA SESSION.

It has been the uniform practice of each president to avoid, so far as possible, the convening of congress in extraordinary session. It is an example which, under ordinary circumstances and in the absence of a public necessity, is to be commended. But a failure to convene the representatives of the people in congress in extra session when

It involves neglect of public duty places the responsibility of such neglect upon the executive himself.

The condition of the public treasury, as has been indicated, demands the immediate consideration of congress. It alone has the power to provide revenues for the government. Not to convene it under such circumstances I can view in no other sense than the neglect of a plain duty.

I do not sympathize with the sentiment that congress in session is dangerous to our general business interests. Its members are the agents of the people, and their presence at the seat of government in the execution of the sovereign will should not operate as an injury, but a benefit.

There could be no better time to put the government upon a sound financial and economic basis than now. The people have only recently voted that this should be done, and nothing is more binding upon the agents of their will than the obligation of immediate action.

It has always seemed to me that the postponement of the meeting of congress until more than a year after it has been chosen deprives congress too often of the inspiration of the popular will and the country of the corresponding benefits. It is evident, therefore, that to postpone action in the presence of so great a necessity would be unwise on the part of the executive, because unjust to the interests of the people.

Our actions now will be freer from mere partisan consideration than if the question of tariff revision were postponed until the regular session of congress. We are nearly two years from a congressional election, and politics cannot so greatly distract us as if such a contest were immediately pending. We can approach the problem calmly and patriotically without fearing its effect upon an early election.

Our fellow-citizens who may disagree with us upon the character of this legislation prefer to have the question settled now, even against their preconceived views—and perhaps settled so reasonably as I trust and believe it will be, as to insure great permanence—than to have further uncertainty menacing the vast and varied business interests of the United States. Again, whatever action congress may take will be given a fair opportunity for trial before the people are called to pass judgment upon it.

and this I consider a great essential to the rightful and lasting settlement of the question.

In view of these considerations I shall deem it my duty as president to convene congress in extraordinary session on Monday, March 15, 1897.

### SPIRIT OF THE PEOPLE.

In conclusion, I congratulate the country upon the fraternal spirit of the people and the manifestation of good will everywhere so apparent. The recent election not only most fortunately demonstrated the obliteration of sectional or geographical lines, but to some extent also the prejudices which for years have distracted our councils and marred our true greatness as a nation.

The triumph of the people, whose verdict is carried into effect to-day, is not the triumph of one section, nor wholly of one party, but of all sections and all the people.

The north and south no longer divide on the old lines, but upon principles and policies, and in this fact surely every lover of the country can find cause for true felicitation. Let us rejoice in and cultivate this spirit; it is ennobling, and will be both a gain and a blessing to our beloved country.

It will be my constant aim to do nothing and permit nothing to be done that will arrest or disturb the growing sentiment of unity and co-operation, this revival of esteem and affection which now animates so many thousands in both the old and the antagonistic sections, but I shall certainly do everything possible to promote and increase it.

Let me again repeat the words of the oath administered by the chief justice, which, in their respective spheres so far as applicable, I would have all my countrymen observe:

"I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States."

This is the obligation I have reverently taken before the Lord most high. To keep it will be my single purpose, my constant prayer, and I shall confidently rely upon the forbearance and assistance of all the people in the discharge of my solemn responsibilities.

### MESSAGE OF THE PRESIDENT.

To the extra session of the LVth congress, convening March 15, 1897:

To the Congress of the United States: Regretting the necessity which has required me to call you together I feel that your assembling in extraordinary session is indispensable, because of the condition in which we find the revenues of the government. It is conceded that its current expenditures are greater than its receipts, and that such a condition has existed for more than three years. With unlimited means at our command we are presenting the remarkable spectacle of increasing our public debt by borrowing money to meet the ordinary outlays incident upon even an economical and prudent administration of the government. An examination of the subject discloses this fact in every detail, and leads inevitably to the conclusion that the condition of the revenue which allows

it is unjustifiable and should be corrected. Since 1893 the receipts of no fiscal year, and with but few exceptions of no month of a fiscal year, have exceeded the expenditures. The receipts of the government from all sources during the year ended June 30, 1894, were \$372,802,498.29, and its expenditures \$442,605,758.87, leaving a deficit the first since the resumption of specie payments, of \$69,803,260.58. Notwithstanding there was a decrease of \$16,769,128.78 in the ordinary expenses of the government, as compared with the previous fiscal year, its income was still not sufficient to provide for its daily necessities, and the gold reserve in the treasury for the redemption of greenbacks was drawn upon to meet them. But this did not suffice, and the government then resorted to loans to replenish the reserve.

The receipts of the government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, were \$390,373,203.30, and the expenditures \$433,178,426.48, showing a deficit of \$42,806,223.18. A further loan of \$100,000,000 was negotiated by the government in February, 1896, the sale netting \$111,166,246, and swelling the aggregate of bonds issued within three years to \$262,315,400. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, the revenues of the government from all sources amounted to \$409,475,408.78, while its expenditures were \$434,673,654.48, or an excess of expenditures over receipts of \$25,203,245.70. In other words, the total receipts for the three fiscal years ended June 30, 1896, were insufficient by \$137,811,729.46 to meet the total expenditures.

Nor has this condition improved. Not only are we without a surplus in the treasury, but with an increase in the public debt there has been a corresponding increase in the annual interest charge from \$2,893,883.23 in 1892, the lowest of any year since 1862 to \$4,357,297.60 in 1896, or an increase of \$11,463,414.40. It may be urged that, even if the revenues of the government had been sufficient to meet all its ordinary expenses during the last three years, the gold reserve would still have been insufficient to meet the demands upon it, and that bonds would necessarily have been issued for its replenishment. Be this as it may, it is clearly manifest, without denying or affirming the cor-

rectness of such a conclusion, that the debt would have been decreased in at least the amount of the deficiency, and business confidence immeasurably strengthened throughout the country. Congress should promptly correct the existing condition. Ample revenues must be supplied, not only for the ordinary expenses of the government, but for the prompt payment of liberal pensions and the liquidation of the principal and interest of the public debt. In raising revenue duties should be so levied upon foreign products as to preserve the home market, so far as possible, to our own producers; to revive and increase manufactures; to relieve and encourage agriculture; to increase our domestic and foreign commerce; to aid and develop mining and building, and to render to labor in every field of useful occupation the liberal wages and adequate reward to which skill and industry are justly entitled. The necessity of the passage of a tariff law which shall provide ample revenue need not be further urged. The imperative demand of the hour is the prompt enactment of such a measure, and to this object I earnestly recommend that congress shall make every endeavor. Before other business is transacted let us first provide sufficient revenue to faithfully administer the government without the contracting of further debt or the continued disturbance of our finances.

# MESSAGE OF THE PRESIDENT.

Regarding a Currency Commission. as Advised by the Indianapolis Conference, Sent to Congress July 21, 1897.

To the Congress of the United States: In my message convening the congress in extraordinary session I call attention to a single subject—that of providing revenue adequate to meet the reasonable and proper expenses of the government. I believed that to be the most pressing subject for settlement then. A bill to provide the necessary revenues for the government has already passed the house of representatives and the senate and awaits executive action. Another question of very great importance is that of the establishment of our currency and banking system on a better basis, which I commented upon in my inaugural address in the following words:

"Our financial system needs some revision; our money is all good, but its value must not further be threatened. It should all be put upon an enduring basis, not subject to attack, nor its stability to doubt or dispute. The several forms of our paper money offer, in my judgment, a constant embarrassment to the government and imperil a safe balance in the treasury."

Nothing was settled more clearly at the late national election than the determination upon the part of the people to keep their currency stable in value and equal to that of the most advanced nations of the world. The soundness of our currency is nowhere questioned. No loss can occur to its holders. It is the system which should be simplified and strengthened, keeping our money just as good as it is now, with less expense to the government and the people.

The sentiment of the country is strongly in favor of early action by congress in this direction, to revise our currency laws and remove them from partisan contention. A notable assembly of business men, with

delegates from twenty-nine states and territories, was held at Indianapolis in January of this year. The financial situation commanded their earnest attention, and after a two days' session the convention recommended to congress the appointment of a monetary commission.

I commend this report to the consideration of congress. The authors of the report recommend a commission "to make a thorough investigation of the monetary affairs and needs of this country in all relations and aspects, and to make proper suggestions as to any evils found to exist and the remedies therefor. This subject should receive the attention of congress at the special session. It ought not to be postponed until the regular session."

I, therefore, urgently recommend that a special commission be created, nonpartisan in its character, to be composed of well-informed citizens of different parties who will command the confidence of congress and the country, because of their special fitness for the work, whose duty it shall be to make recommendations of whatever changes in our present banking and currency laws may be found necessary and expedient, and to report their conclusions before Nov. 1, next, in order that the same may be transmitted by me to congress for its consideration at its first regular session.

It is to be hoped that the report thus made will be as comprehensive and sound as to receive the support of all parties and the favorable action of congress. At all events, such a report cannot fail to be of value to the executive branch of the government, as well as to those charged with public legislation, and to greatly assist in the establishment of an improved system of finance.

## THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

(To the first regular session of the LVth Congress, Dec. 6, 1897.)

To the Senate and House of Representatives: It gives me pleasure to extend greeting to the LVth congress assembled at the seat of government, with many of whom, senators and representatives, I have been associated in the legislative service. Their meeting occurs under felicitous conditions, justifying sincere congratulation and calling for our grateful acknowledgment to a beneficent Providence which has so signally blessed and prospered us as a nation.

Peace and good will with all the nations of the earth continue unbroken. A matter of genuine satisfaction is the growing feeling of fraternal regard and unification of all sections of our country, the incompleteness of which has too long delayed realization of the highest blessings of the union. The spirit of patriotism is universal and is ever increasing in fervor.

The public questions which now most engross us are lifted far above either partisanship, prejudice or former sectional differences. They affect every part of our common country alike and permit of no division on ancient lines. Questions of foreign policy, of revenue, the soundness of the currency, the inviolability of national obligations, the improvement of the public service, appeal to the individual conscience of every earnest citizen to whatever party he belongs or in whatever section of the country he may reside.

The extra session of this congress which closed during July last enacted important legislation, and while its full effect has not yet been realized, what it has already accomplished assures us of its timeliness and wisdom. To test its permanent value further time will be required, and the people, satisfied with its operation and results thus far, are in no mind to withhold from it a fair trial.

## THE CURRENCY.

Tariff legislation having been settled by the extra session of congress the question next pressing for consideration is that of the currency. The work of putting our finances upon a sound basis, difficult as it may seem, will appear easier when we recall the financial operations of the government since 1866. On the 30th day of June of that year we had outstanding demand liabilities to the sum of \$728,868,447.41. On the 1st of January 1878, these liabilities had been reduced to \$443,889,496.88. Of our interest-bearing obligations the figures are even more striking.

July 1, 1866, the principal of the interest-bearing debt of the government was \$2,332,331,208. On the 1st day of July, 1893, this sum had been reduced to \$585,037,100, an aggregate reduction of \$1,747,294,108. The interest-bearing debt of the United States on the 1st day of December, 1897, was \$847,365,620. The government money now outstanding (Dec. 1) consists of \$346,681,016 of United States notes, \$107,793,280 of treasury notes issued by authority of the law of 1890, \$334,943,503 of silver certificates and \$1,280,761 standard silver dollars.

With the great resources of the government and with the honorable example of the past before us, we ought not to hesitate to enter upon a currency revision which will make our demand obligations less onerous to the government and relieve our financial laws from ambiguity and doubt.

The brief review of what was accomplished from the close of the war to 1893 makes unreasonable and groundless any distrust either of our financial ability or soundness, while the situation from 1893 to 1897 must admonish congress of the immediate necessity of so legislating as to make the return of the conditions then prevailing possible.

There are many plans proposed as a remedy for the evil. Before we can find the true remedy we must appreciate the real evil. It is not that our currency of every kind is not good, for every dollar of it is good; good because the government's pledge is out to keep it so, and that pledge will not be broken. However, the guaranty of our purpose to keep the pledge will be best shown by advancing toward its fulfillment.

The evil of the present is found in the great cost to the government of maintaining the parity of our different forms of money—that is, keeping all of them at par with gold. We surely cannot be longer heedless of the burden this imposes upon the people, even under fairly prosperous conditions, while the last four years have demonstrated that it is not only an expensive charge upon the government but a dangerous menace to the national credit.

It is manifest that we must devise some plan to protect the government against bond issues for repeated redemptions. We must either curtail the opportunity for speculation, made easy by the multifold redemptions of our demand obligations, or increase the gold reserve for their redemption.

We have \$900,000,000 of currency which the government by solemn enactment has undertaken to keep at par with gold. Nobody is obliged to redeem in gold but the government. The banks are not required to redeem in gold. The government is obliged to keep equal with gold all its outstanding currency and coin obligations, while its receipts are not required to be paid in gold. They are paid in every kind of money but gold, and the only means by which the government can with certainty get gold is by borrowing. It can get it in no other way when it most needs it.

The government, without any gold revenue, is pledged to maintain gold redemption, which it has steadily and faithfully done, and which under the authority now given it will continue to do.

The law which requires the government, after having redeemed its United States notes, to pay them out again as current funds, demands a constant replenishment of the gold reserve. This is especially so in times of business panic and when the revenues are insufficient to meet the expenses of the government.

At such times the government has no other way to supply its deficit and maintain redemption, but through the increase of its bonded debt, as during the administration of my predecessor, when \$262,315,400 of 4½ per cent bonds were issued and sold and the proceeds used to pay the expenses of the government in excess of the revenues and sustain the gold reserve. While it is true that the greater part of the proceeds of these bonds were used to supply deficient revenues, a considerable portion was required to maintain the gold reserve.

With our revenues equal to our expenses there would be no deficit requiring the issuance of bonds. But if the gold reserve falls

below \$100,000,000 how will it be replenished except by selling more bonds? Is there any other way practicable under existing law?

The serious question then is: Shall we continue the policy that has been pursued in the past—that is, when the gold reserve reaches the point of danger, issue more bonds and supply the needed gold—or shall we provide other means to prevent the recurring drains upon the gold reserve?

If no further legislation is had and the policy of selling bonds is to be continued then congress should give the secretary of the treasury authority to sell bonds at long or short periods, bearing a less rate of interest than is now authorized by law.

### REDEMPTION OF GREENBACKS.

I earnestly recommend, as soon as the receipts of the government are quite sufficient to pay all the expenses of the government, that when any of the United States notes are presented for redemption in gold and are redeemed in gold such notes shall be kept and set apart and only paid out in exchange for gold. This is an obvious duty, if the holder of the United States note prefers the gold and gets it from the government he should not receive back from the government a United States note without paying gold in exchange for it.

The reason for this is made all the more apparent when the government issues an interest-bearing debt to provide gold for the redemption of United States notes—a non-interest-bearing debt. Surely it should not pay them out again except on demand and for gold. If they are put out in any other way they may return again to be followed by another bond issue to redeem them—another interest-bearing debt to redeem a non-interest-bearing debt.

In my view it is of the utmost importance that the government should be relieved from the burden of providing all the gold required for exchanges and export. This responsibility is alone borne by the government without any of the usual and necessary banking powers to help itself.

The banks do not feel the strain of gold redemption. The whole strain rests upon the government, and the size of the gold reserve in the treasury has come to be, with or without reason, the signal of danger or of security. This ought to be stopped.

If we are to have an era of prosperity in the country, with sufficient receipts for the expenses of the government, we may feel no immediate embarrassment from our present currency; but the danger still exists and will be ever present menacing us so long as the existing system continues.

And, besides, it is in times of adequate revenues and business tranquillity that the government should prepare for the worst. We cannot avoid, without serious consequences, the wise consideration and prompt solution of this question.

### SECRETARY GAGE'S PLAN.

The secretary of the treasury has outlined a plan in great detail for the purpose of removing the threatened recurrence of a depleted gold reserve and saving us from future embarrassment on that account. To this plan I invite your careful consideration.

I concur with the secretary of the treasury in his recommendation that national banks be allowed to issue notes to the face value of the bonds which they have deposited for circulation, and that the tax on circulating notes secured by deposit of such

bonds be reduced to one-half of 1 per cent per annum.

I also join him in recommending that authority be given for the establishment of national banks with a minimum capital of \$25,000. This will enable the smaller villages and agricultural regions of the country to be supplied with currency to meet their needs.

I recommend that the issue of national bank notes be restricted to the denomination of \$10 and upward. If the suggestions I have herein made shall have the approval of congress, then I would recommend that national banks be required to redeem their notes in gold.

### OUR RELATIONS WITH CUBA.

The most important problem with which this government is now called upon to deal pertaining to its foreign relations concerns its duty toward Spain and the Cuban insurrection. Problems and conditions more or less in common with these now existing have confronted this government at various times in the past. The story of Cuba for many years has been one of unrest, growing discontent, an effort toward a larger enjoyment of liberty and self-control, of organized resistance to the mother country, of depression after distress and warfare and of ineffectual settlement, to be followed by renewed revolt.

For no enduring period since the enfranchisement of the continental possessions of Spain in the western continent has the condition of Cuba or the policy of Spain toward Cuba not caused concern to the United States. The prospect from time to time that the weakness of Spain's hold upon the island and the political vicissitudes and embarrassments of the home government might lead to the transfer of Cuba to a continental power called forth between 1823 and 1860 various emphatic declarations of the policy of the United States to permit no disturbance of Cuba's connection with Spain unless in the direction of independence or acquisition by us through purchase, nor has there been any change of this declared policy since upon the part of the government.

The revolution which began in 1868 lasted for ten years, despite the strenuous efforts of the successive peninsular governments to suppress it. Then, as now, the government of the United States testified its grave concern and offered its aid to put an end to bloodshed in Cuba.

The overtures made by Gen. Grant were refused and the war dragged on, entailing great loss of life and treasure and increased injury to American interests, besides throwing enhanced burdens of neutrality on the government. In 1878 peace was brought about by the truce of Zanjón, obtained by negotiations between the Spanish commander, Martinez de Campos, and the insurgent leaders. The present insurrection broke out in February, 1895.

It is not my purpose at this time to recall its remarkable increase or to characterize its tenacious resistance against the enormous forces massed against it by Spain. The revolt and the efforts to subdue it carried destruction to every quarter of the island, developing wide proportions and defying the efforts of Spain for its suppression. The civilized code of war has been disregarded, no less so by the Spaniards than by the Cubans.

The existing conditions cannot but fill this government and the American people with the gravest apprehensions. There is no de-

aire on the part of our people to profit by the misfortunes of Spain. We have only the desire to see the Cubans prosperous and contented, enjoying that measure of self-control which is the inalienable right of man, protected in their right to reap the benefit of the exhaustless treasures of their country.

### FRIENDLY OFFICES REFUSED.

The offer made by my predecessor in April, 1896, tendering the friendly offices of this government, failed. Any mediation on our part was not accepted. In brief, the answer read: "There is no effectual way to pacify Cuba unless it begins with the actual submission of the rebels to the mother country." Then only could Spain act in the premised direction of her own motion and after her own plans.

The cruel policy of concentration was initiated Feb. 16, 1896. The productive districts controlled by the Spanish armies were depopulated. The agricultural inhabitants were herded in and about the garrison towns, their lands laid waste and their dwellings destroyed.

This policy the late cabinet of Spain justified as a necessary measure of war and as a means of cutting off supplies from the insurgents. It has utterly failed as a war measure. It was not civilized warfare. It was extermination. Against this abuse of the rights of war I have felt constrained on repeated occasions to enter the firm and earnest protest of this government.

There was much public condemnation of the treatment of American citizens by alleged illegal arrests and long imprisonment awaiting trial or pending protracted judicial proceedings. I felt it my first duty to make instant demand for the release or speedy trial of all American citizens under arrest. Before the change of the Spanish cabinet in October last twenty-two prisoners, citizens of the United States, had been given their freedom.

For the relief of our own citizens suffering because of the conduct the aid of congress was sought in a special message, and under the appropriation of April 4, 1897, effective aid has been given to American citizens in Cuba, many of them at their own request having been returned to the United States.

### RELATIONS WITH SPAIN.

The instructions given to our new minister to Spain before his departure for his post directed him to impress upon that government the sincere wish of the United States to lend its aid toward the ending of the war in Cuba by reaching a peaceful and lasting result, just and honorable alike to Spain and to the Cuban people.

These instructions recited the character and duration of the contest, the widespread losses it entails, the burdens and restraints it imposes upon us, with constant disturbance of national interests and the injury resulting from an indefinite continuance of this state of things.

It was stated that at this juncture our government was constrained seriously to inquire if the time was not ripe when Spain, of her own volition, moved by her own interests and every sentiment of humanity, should put a stop to this destructive war and make proposals of settlement honorable to herself and just to her Cuban colony. It was urged that, as a neighboring nation, with large interests in Cuba, we could be required to wait only a reasonable time for the mother country to establish its authority

and restore order within the borders of that island; that we could not contemplate an indefinite period for the accomplishment of this result.

No solution was proposed to which the slightest idea of humiliation to Spain could attach, and, indeed, precise proposals were withheld to avoid embarrassment to that government. All that was asked or expected was that some safe way might be speedily provided and permanent peace restored.

It so chanced that the consideration of this offer, addressed to the same Spanish administration which had declined the tenders of my predecessor and which for more than two years had poured men and treasure into Cuba in the fruitless effort to suppress the revolt, fell to others. Between the departure of Gen. Woodford, the new envoy, and his arrival in Spain the statesman, who had directed the policy of his country fell by the hand of an assassin, and, although the cabinet of the late premier still held office and received from our envoy the proposals before, that cabinet gave place within a few days thereafter to a new administration under the leadership of Sagasta.

### A REPLY RECEIVED.

The reply to our note was received on the 23d day of October. It is in the direction of a better understanding. It appreciates the friendly purposes of this government. It admits that our country is deeply affected by the war in Cuba and that its desires for peace are just.

It declares that the present Spanish government is bound by every consideration to a change of policy that should satisfy the United States and pacify Cuba within a reasonable time. To this end Spain has decided to put into effect the political reforms heretofore advocated by the present premier, without halting for any consideration in the path which in its judgment leads to peace. The military operations, it is said, will continue, but will be humane and conducted with all regard for private rights, being accompanied by political action leading to the autonomy of Cuba, while guarding Spanish sovereignty.

This, it is claimed, will result in investing Cuba with a distinct personality; the island to be governed by an executive and by a local council or chamber, reserving to Spain the control of the foreign relations, the army and navy and the judicial administration. To accomplish this the present government proposes to modify existing legislation by decree, leaving the Spanish cortes, with the aid of Cuban senators and deputies, to solve the economic problem and properly distribute the existing debt.

In the absence of a declaration of the measures that this government proposes to take in carrying out its proffer of good offices it suggests that Spain be left free to conduct military operations and grant political reforms, while the United States for its part shall enforce its neutral obligations and cut off the assistance which it is asserted the insurgents receive from this country.

The supposition of an indefinite prolongation of the war is denied. It is asserted that the western provinces are already well-nigh reclaimed; that the planting of cane and tobacco therein has been resumed, and that by force of arms and new and ample reforms very early and complete pacification is hoped for.

The immediate amelioration of existing

conditions under the new administration of Cuban affairs is predicted, and therewith the disturbance and all occasion for any change of attitude on the part of the United States.

Discussion of the question of the international duties and responsibilities of the United States as Spain understands them is presented, with an apparent disposition to charge us with failure in this regard.

This charge is without any basis in fact. It could not have been made if Spain had been cognizant of the constant efforts this government has made, at the cost of millions and by the employment of the administrative machinery of the nation at command, to perform its full duty according to the law of nations. That it has successfully prevented the departure of a single military expedition or armed vessel from our shores in violation of our laws would seem to be a sufficient answer.

But of this aspect of the Spanish note it is not necessary to speak further now. Firm in the conviction of a wholly performed obligation, due response to this charge has been made in diplomatic course.

Throughout all these horrors and dangers to our own peace this government has never broken or in any way abrogated its sovereign prerogative of reserving to itself the determination of its policy and course according to its own high sense of right, and in consonance with the dearest interests and convictions of our own people, should the prolongation of the conflict so demand.

#### FORCIBLE ANNEXATION.

Of the untried measures there remain only: Recognition of the insurgents as belligerents; recognition of the independence of Cuba; neutral intervention to end the war by imposing a rational compromise between the contestants, and intervention in favor of one or the other party.

I speak not of forcible annexation, for that cannot be thought of. That, by our code of morality, would be criminal aggression.

Recognition of the belligerency of the Cuban insurgents has often been canvassed as a possible if not inevitable step, both in regard to the previous ten years' struggle and during the present war. I am not unmindful that the two houses of congress in the spring of 1894 expressed the opinion by concurrent resolution that a condition of public war existed requiring or justifying the recognition of the state of belligerency in Cuba, and during the extra session the senate voted a joint resolution of like import, which, however, was not brought to a vote in the house of representatives.

In the presence of these significant expressions of the sentiment of the legislative branch it behooves the executive to soberly consider the conditions under which so important a measure must needs rest for justification.

It is to be seriously considered whether the Cuban insurrection possesses beyond dispute the attributes of statehood which alone can demand the recognition of belligerency in its favor. Possession, in short, of the essential qualifications of sovereignty by the insurgents and the conduct of the war by them according to the received code of war are no less important factors toward the determination of the problem of belligerency than are the influences and consequences of the struggle upon the internal policy of the recognizing state.

The utterances of President Grant in his

memorable message of Dec. 7, 1875, are significantly relevant to the present situation in Cuba, and it may be wholesome now to recall them. At that time a ruinous conflict had for seven years wasted the neighboring island. During all those years an utter disregard of the laws of civilized warfare and of the just demand of humanity, which called forth expressions of condemnation from the nations of Christendom, continued unabated. Desolation and ruin pervaded that productive region, enormously affecting the commerce of all commercial nations, but that of the United States more than any other by reason of proximity and larger trade and intercourse.

#### GRANT ON RECOGNITION.

At that juncture Grant uttered these words, which now, as then, sum up the elements of the problem:

"A recognition of the independence of Cuba being, in my opinion, impracticable and indefensible, the question which next presents itself is that of the recognition of belligerent rights in the parties to the contest. In a former message to congress I had occasion to consider this question, and reached the conclusion that the conflict in Cuba, dreadful and devastating as were its incidents, did not rise to the fearful dignity of war."

It is possible that the acts of foreign powers, and even acts of Spain herself, of this very nature, might be pointed to in defense of such recognition. But now, as in its past history, the United States should carefully avoid the false lights which lead it into the mazes of doubtful law and of questionable propriety, and adhere rigidly and sternly to the rule which has been its guide, of doing only that which is right and honest and of good report.

The question of according or of withholding rights of belligerency must be judged in every case in view of the particular attending facts. Unless justified by necessity, it is always, and justly, regarded as an unfriendly act and a gratuitous demonstration of moral support to the rebellion. It is necessary, and it is required, when the interests and rights of another government or of its people are so far affected by a pending civil conflict as to require a definition of its relations to the parties thereto. But this conflict must be one which is recognized in the sense of international law as war.

Belligerency, too, is a fact. The mere existence of contending armed bodies and their occasional conflicts do not constitute war in the sense referred to. Applying to the existing conditions of affairs in Cuba the tests recognized by publicists and writers on international law, and which have been observed by nations of dignity, honesty and power, when free from sensitive or selfish and unworthy motives, I fail to find in the insurrection the existence of such a substantial political organization, real, palpable and manifest to the world, having the forms and capable of the ordinary functions of government toward its own people and to other states, with courts for the administration of justice, with a local habitation, possessing such organization of force, such material, such occupation of territory, as to take the contest out of the category of a mere rebellious insurrection or occasional skirmishes and place it on the terrible footing of war, to which a recognition of belligerency would aim to elevate it.

The contest, moreover, is solely on land; the insurrection has not possessed itself of a single seaport whence it may send forth

its flag, nor has it any means of communication with foreign powers except through the military lines of its adversaries. No apprehension of any of those sudden and difficult complications which the war upon the ocean is apt to precipitate upon the vessels, both commercial and national, and upon the consular officers of other powers, call for the deduction of their relations of the parties to the contest.

"Considered as a question of expediency, I regard the accordance of belligerent rights still to be as unwise and premature as I regard it to be, at present, indefensible as a measure of right.

"Such recognition entails upon the country according the rights which flow from it difficult and complicated duties, and requires the exaction from the contending parties of the strict observance of their rights and obligations. It confers the right of search upon the high seas by vessels of both parties; it would subject the carrying of arms and munitions of war, which now may be transported freely and without interruption in vessels of the United States, to detention and to possible seizure; it would give rise to countless vexatious questions, would release the parent government from responsibility for acts done by the insurgents and would invest Spain with the right to exercise the supervision recognized by our treaty of 1795 over our commerce on the seas, a very large part of which, in its traffic between the Atlantic and the gulf states and between all of them and the states on the Pacific, passes through the waters which wash the shores of Cuba. The exercise of this supervision could scarce fail to lead, if not to abuses, certainly to collisions perilous to the peaceful relations of the two states.

"There can be little doubt as to what result such supervision would before long draw this nation. It would be unworthy of the United States to inaugurate the possibilities of such results by measures of questionable right or expediency or by any indirection."

#### THE ACT OF RECOGNITION.

Turning to the practical aspects of a recognition of belligerency and reviewing its inconveniences and positive dangers, still further pertinent considerations appear. In the code of nations there is no such thing as a naked recognition of belligerency unaccompanied by the assumption of international neutrality. Such recognition will not confer upon either party to a domestic conflict a status not theretofore actually possessed or affect the relation of either party to other states.

The act of recognition usually takes the form of a solemn proclamation of neutrality, which recites the de facto condition of belligerency as its motive. It announces a domestic law of neutrality in the declaring state. It assumes the international obligations of a neutral in the presence of a public state of war. It warns all citizens and others within the jurisdiction of the proclamation that they violate those rigorous obligations at their own peril and cannot expect to be shielded from the consequences. The right of visit and search on the seas and seizure of vessels and cargoes and contraband of war under admiralty law must, under international law, be admitted as a legitimate consequence of a proclamation of belligerency.

While according the equal belligerent right defined by public law to each party in our ports disfavor would be imposed on both which, while nominally equal, would weigh

heavily in behalf of Spain herself. Possessing a navy and controlling the ports of Cuba, her maritime rights could be asserted not only for the military investment of the island, but up to the margin of our own territorial waters, and a condition of things would exist for which the Cubans within their own domain could not hope to create a parallel, while its creation through aid or sympathy from within our domain would be even more impossible than now, with the additional obligations of international neutrality we would perform assume.

The enforcement of this enlarged and onerous code of neutrality would only be ineffectual within our own jurisdiction by land and sea and applicable by our own instrumentalities. It could impart to the United States no jurisdiction between Spain and the insurgents. It would give the United States no right of intervention to enforce the conduct of the strife within the paramount authority of Spain, according to the international code of war.

For these reasons I regard the recognition of the belligerency of the Cuban insurgents as now unwise and therefore unadvisable. Should this step hereafter be deemed wise as a measure of right and duty the executive will take it.

#### REFORMS BY SPAIN.

Intervention upon humanitarian grounds has been frequently suggested and has not failed to receive my most anxious and earnest consideration. But should such a step be now taken when it is apparent that a hopeful change has supervened in the policy of Spain toward Cuba? A new government has taken office in the mother country. It is pledged in advance to the declaration that all the effort in the world cannot suffice to maintain peace in Cuba by the bayonet; that vague promises of reform after subjugation afford no solution of the insular problem; that with a substitution of commanders must come a change of the past system of warfare for one in harmony with a new policy which shall no longer aim to drive the Cubans to the "horrible alternative of taking to the thicket or succumbing in misery" that reforms must be instituted in accordance with the needs and circumstances of the time, and that these reforms, while designed to give full autonomy to the colony and to create a virtual entity and self-controlled administration, shall yet conserve and affirm the sovereignty of Spain by a just distribution of powers and burdens upon a basis of mutual interests untainted by methods of selfish expediency.

The first acts of the new government lie in these honorable paths. The policy of cruel rapine and extermination that so long shocked the universal sentiment of humanity has been reversed. Under the new military commander a broad clemency is proffered. Measures have already been set on foot to relieve the horrors of starvation. The power of the Spanish armies, it is asserted, is to be used not to spread ruin and desolation, but to protect the resumption of peaceful agricultural pursuits and productive industries.

That past methods are futile to force a peace by subjugation is freely admitted and that ruin without conciliation must inevitably fail to win for Spain the fidelity of a contented dependency.

Decrees in application of the foreshadowed reforms have already been promulgated. The full text of these decrees has not been received, but as furnished in a telegraphic summary from our minister are: All civil

and electoral rights of peninsular Spaniards are, in virtue of existing authority, forthwith extended to colonial Spaniards. A scheme of autonomy has been proclaimed by decree to become effective upon ratification by the cortes. It creates a Cuban parliament, which, with the insular executive, can consider and vote upon all subjects affecting local order and interests, possessing unlimited powers save as to matters of state, war and the navy, as to which the governor-general acts by his own authority as the delegate of the central government.

This parliament receives the oath of the governor-general to preserve faithfully the liberties and privileges of the colony and to let the colonial secretaries be responsible. It has the right to propose to the central government, through the governor-general, modifications of the national charter and to invite new projects of law or executive measures in the interest of the colony.

Besides its local powers it is competent, first, to regulate electoral registration and procedure and prescribe the qualifications of electors and the manner of exercising suffrage; second, to organize courts of justice, with native judges from members of the local bar; third, to frame the insular budget both as to expenditures and revenues without limitations of any kind, and to set apart the revenues to meet the Cuban share of the national budget, which latter will be voted by the national cortes, with the assistance of the Cuban senators and deputies; fourth, to initiate or take part in the negotiations of the national government for commercial treaties which may affect Cuban interests; fifth, to accept or reject commercial treaties which the national government may have concluded without the participation of the Cuban government; sixth, to frame the colonial tariff, acting in accord with the peninsular government in scheduling articles of mutual commerce between the mother country and the colonies.

Before introducing or voting upon a bill the Cuban government or the chambers will lay the project before the central government and hear its opinion thereon, all the correspondence in such regard being made public.

Finally, all conflicts of jurisdiction arising between the different municipal, provincial and insular assemblies, or between the latter and the insular executive power, and which from their nature may not be referable to the central government for decision, shall be submitted to the courts.

That the government of Sagasta has entered upon a course from which recession with honor is impossible can hardly be questioned; that in the few weeks it has existed it has made earnest of the sincerity of its professions is undeniable. I shall not impugn its sincerity, nor should impatience be suffered to embarrass it in the task it has undertaken.

#### WHAT IS DUE TO SPAIN.

It is honestly due to Spain and to our friendly relations with Spain that she should be given a reasonable chance to realize her expectations and to prove the asserted efficacy of the new order of things to which she stands irrevocably committed. She has recalled the commander whose brutal orders inflamed the American mind and shocked the civilized world. She has modified the horrible order of concentration and has undertaken to care for the helpless and permit those who desire to resume the cultivation of their fields to do so and assures them of

the protection of the Spanish government in their lawful occupations.

She has just released the Competitor prisoners, heretofore sentenced to death and who have been the subject of repeated diplomatic correspondence during both this and the preceding administration. Not a single American citizen is now in arrest or confinement in Cuba of whom this government has any knowledge.

The near future will demonstrate whether the indispensable condition of a righteous peace, just alike to the Cubans and to Spain, as well as equitable to all our interests, so intimately involved in the welfare of Cuba, is likely to be attained. If not further and other action by the United States will remain to be taken.

When that time comes that action will be determined in the line of indisputable right and duty. It will be faced without misgivings or hesitancy, in the light of the obligations this government owes to itself, to the people who have confided to it the protection of their interests and honor, and to humanity.

Sure of the right, keeping free from all offense ourselves, actuated only by upright and patriotic considerations, moved neither by passion nor selfishness, the government will continue its watchful care over the rights and property of American citizens and will abate none of its efforts to bring about by peaceful agencies a peace which shall be honorable and enduring. If it shall hereafter appear to be a duty imposed by our obligations to ourselves, to civilization and humanity, to intervene with force, it shall be without fault on our part and only because the necessity of such action will be so clear as to command the support and approval of the civilized world.

#### THE ANNEXATION OF HAWAII.

By a special message dated the 16th day of June last I laid before the senate a treaty signed that day by the plenipotentiaries of the United States and of the republic of Hawaii, having for its purpose the incorporation of the Hawaiian Islands as an integral part of the United States and under its sovereignty.

The senate having removed the injunction of secrecy, although the treaty is still pending before that body, the subject may be properly referred to in this message, because the necessary action of congress is required to determine by legislation many details of the eventual union should the fact of annexation be accomplished, as I believe it should be.

While consistently disavowing from a very early period any aggressive policy of absorption in regard to the Hawaiian group, a long series of declarations through three-quarters of a century has proclaimed the vital interest of the United States in the independent life of the islands and their intimate commercial dependence upon this country. At the same time it has been repeatedly asserted that in no event could the entity of Hawaiian statehood cease by the passage of the islands under the domination or influence of another power than the United States.

Under these circumstances the logic of events required that annexation, heretofore offered but declined, should in the ripeness of time come about as the natural result of the strengthening ties that bind us to those islands, and be realized by the free will of the Hawaiian state.

That treaty was unanimously ratified with-

out amendment by the senate and president of the republic of Hawaii on the 10th of September last and only awaits the favorable action of the American senate to effect the complete absorption of the islands into the domain of the United States.

What the conditions of such a union shall be, the political relation thereof to the United States, the character of the local administration, the quality and degree of the elective franchise of the inhabitants, the extension of the federal laws to the territory or the enactment of special laws to fit the peculiar conditions thereof, the regulation, if need be, of the labor system therein, are all matters which the treaty has wisely relegated to congress.

If the treaty is confirmed, as every consideration of dignity and honor requires, the wisdom of congress will see to it that, avoiding abrupt assimilation of elements perhaps hardly yet fitted to share in the highest franchises of citizenship, and having due regard to the geographical conditions, the just provisions for self-rule in local matters with the largest political liberties as an integral part of our nation, will be accorded to the Hawaiians. No less is due to a people who, after nearly five years of demonstrated capacity to fulfill the obligations of self-governing statehood, come of their own free will to merge their destinies in our body politic.

The questions which have arisen between Japan and Hawaii by reason of the treatment of Japanese laborers emigrating to the islands under the Hawaiian-Japanese convention of 1888 are in a satisfactory stage of settlement by negotiation.

This government has not been invited to mediate, and, on the other hand, has sought no intervention in that matter further than to evince its kindest disposition toward such a speedy and direct adjustment by the two sovereign states in interest as shall comport with equity and honor.

It is gratifying to learn that the apprehensions at first displayed on the part of Japan lest the cessation of Hawaii's national life through annexation might impair privileges to which Japan honorably laid claim have given place to confidence in the uprightness of this government and in the sincerity of its purpose to deal with all possible ulterior questions in the broadest spirit of friendliness.

#### CENTRAL AMERICAN AFFAIRS.

As to the representation of this government to Nicaragua, Salvador and Costa Rica I have concluded that William M. Merry, confirmed as minister of the United States to the states of Nicaragua, Salvador and Costa Rica, shall proceed to San Jose, Costa Rica, and there temporarily establish the headquarters of the United States to those three states.

I took this action for what I regarded as the paramount interests of this country. It was developed upon investigation by the secretary of state that the government of Nicaragua, while not unwilling to receive Mr. Merry in his diplomatic capacity, was unable to do so because of the compact concluded June 20, 1896, whereby that republic and those of Salvador and Honduras, forming what is known as the Greater Republic of Central America, had surrendered to the representative diet thereof their right to receive and send diplomatic agents.

The diet was not willing to accept him because he was not accredited to that body. I could not accredit him to that body be-

cause the appropriation law of congress did not permit it. Mr. Baker, the present minister at Managua, has been directed to present his letters of recall.

W. Godfrey Hunter has likewise been accredited to the governments of Guatemala and Honduras, the same as his predecessor. Guatemala is not a member of the Greater Republic of Central America, but Honduras is. Should this latter government decline to receive him he has been instructed to report the fact to his government and await its further instructions.

#### THE NICARAGUAN CANAL.

A subject of large importance to our country and increasing appreciation on the part of the people is the completion of the great highway of trade between the Atlantic and Pacific, known as the Nicaraguan canal. Its utility and value to American commerce are universally admitted.

The commission appointed under date of July 24 last "to continue the surveys and examinations authorized by the act approved March 2, 1895," in regard to "the proper route, feasibility and cost of construction of the Nicaraguan canal, with a view of making complete plans for the entire work of construction of such canal," is now employed in the undertaking.

In the future I shall take occasion to transmit to congress the report of this commission, making at the same time such further suggestions as may then seem advisable.

#### THE MONETARY COMMISSION.

Under the provisions of the act of congress approved March 3, 1897, for the promotion of an international agreement respecting bimetalism, I appointed, on the 14th day of April, 1897, Edward C. Welford of Colorado, Adlai E. Stevenson of Illinois and Charles J. Paine of Massachusetts as special envoys to represent the United States.

They have been diligent in their efforts to secure the co-operation of European countries in the international settlement of the question, but up to this time have not been able to secure an agreement contemplated by their mission.

The gratifying action of our great sister republic of France in joining this country in the attempt to bring about an agreement among the principal nations of Europe whereby a fixed and relative value between gold and silver shall be secured furnished assurance that we are not alone among the larger nations of the world in realizing the international character of the problem and in the desire of reaching some wise and practical solution of it. The British government has published a resume of the steps taken jointly by the French ambassador in London and the special envoys of the United States with whom our ambassador at London actively co-operated in the presentation of this subject to her majesty's government. This will be laid before congress.

Our special envoys have not made their final report, as further negotiations between the representatives of this government and the governments of other countries are pending and in contemplation.

They believe that doubts which have been raised in certain quarters respecting the position of maintaining the stability of the parity between the metals and kindred questions may yet be solved by further negotiations.

Meanwhile it gives me satisfaction to state that the special envoys have already

demonstrated their ability and fitness to deal with the subject, and it is to be earnestly hoped that their labors may result in an international agreement which will bring about a recognition of both gold and silver as money upon such terms and with such safeguards as will secure the use of both metals upon a basis which shall work no injustice to any class of our citizens.

#### TRADE WITH FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

In order to execute as early as possible the provisions of the third and fourth sections of the revenue act approved July 24, 1897, I appointed John A. Kasson of Iowa a special commissioner plenipotentiary to undertake the requisite negotiations with foreign countries desiring to avail themselves of these provisions. The negotiations are now proceeding with several governments, both European and American.

It is believed that by a careful exercise of the powers conferred by that act some grievances of our own and of other countries in our mutual trade relations may be either removed or largely alleviated, and that the volume of our commercial exchanges may be enlarged with advantage to both contracting parties.

Most desirable from every standpoint of national interest and patriotism is the effort to extend our foreign commerce. To this end our merchant marine should be improved and enlarged. We should do our full share of the carrying trade of the world. We do not do it now. We should be the laggard no longer.

The inferiority of our merchant marine is justly humiliating to the national pride. The government by every proper constitutional means should aid in making our ships familiar visitors at every commercial port of the world, thus opening up new and valuable markets to the surplus products of the farm and the factory.

#### PROTECTION FOR THE SEALS.

The efforts which had been made during the two previous years by my predecessor to secure better protection to the fur seals in the north Pacific ocean and Bering sea were renewed at an early date by this administration and have been pursued with earnestness.

Upon my invitation the governments of Japan and Russia sent delegates to Washington and an international conference was held during the months of October and November last, wherein it was unanimously agreed that under the existing regulations this species of useful animals was threatened with extinction and that an international agreement of all the interested powers was necessary for their adequate protection.

The government of Great Britain did not see proper to be represented at this conference, but subsequently sent to Washington as delegates the expert commissioners of Great Britain and Canada, who had during the last two years visited the Pribilof Islands, and who met in conference similar commissioners on the part of the United States.

The result of this conference was an agreement on important facts connected with the condition of the seal herd, heretofore in dispute, which should place beyond controversy the duty of the governments concerned to adopt measures without delay for the preservation and restoration of the herd. Negotiations to this end are now in progress,

the result of which I hope to be able to report to congress at an early date.

#### INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION.

International arbitration cannot be omitted from the list of subjects claiming our consideration. Events have only served to strengthen the general views on this question expressed in my inaugural address.

The best sentiment of the civilized world is moving toward the settlement of differences between nations without resorting to the horrors of war. Treaties embodying these humane principles on broad lines without in any way imperiling our interests or our honor shall have my constant encouragement.

#### THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

The acceptance by this government of the invitation of the republic of France to participate in the universal exposition of 1900 at Paris was immediately followed by the appointment of a special commissioner to represent the United States in the proposed exposition, with special reference to the securing of space for an adequate exhibition in behalf of the United States.

The special commissioner delayed his departure for Paris long enough to ascertain the probable demand for space by American exhibitors. His inquiries developed an almost unprecedented interest in the proposed exposition, and the information thus acquired enabled him to justify an application for a much larger allotment of space for the American section than had been reserved by the exposition authorities.

The result was particularly gratifying in view of the fact that the United States was one of the last countries to accept the invitation of France. The reception accorded our special commissioner was most cordial, and he was given every reasonable assurance that the United States would receive a consideration commensurate with the proportions of our exhibit.

The report of the special commissioner as to the magnitude and importance of the coming exposition and the great demand for space by American exhibitors supplies new arguments for a liberal and judicious appropriation by congress to the end that an exhibit fairly representative of the industries and resources of our country may be made in an exposition which will illustrate the world's progress during the nineteenth century.

That exposition is intended to be the most important and comprehensive of the long series of international exhibitions of which our own at Chicago was a brilliant example, and it is desirable that the United States should make a worthy exhibit of American genius and skill and their unrivaled achievements in every branch of industry.

#### THE AMERICAN NAVY.

The present immediately effective of the navy consists of four battleships of the first class, two of the second and forty-eight other vessels, ranging from armored cruisers to torpedo boats. There are under construction five battleships of the first class, sixteen torpedo boats and one submarine boat.

No provision has yet been made for the armor of three of the five battleships, as it has been impossible to obtain it at the price fixed by congress. It is of great importance that congress provide this armor,

as until then the ships are of no fighting value.

The present naval force, especially in view of its increase by the ships now under construction, while not so large as that of a few other powers, is a formidable force; its vessels are the very best of each type; and with the increase that should be made to it from time to time in the future, and careful attention to keeping it in a high state of efficiency and repair, it is well adapted to the necessities of the country.

The great increase of the navy which has taken place in recent years was justified by the requirements for national defense and has received public approbation. The time has now arrived, however, when this increase, to which the country is committed, should for a time take the form of increased facilities commensurate with the increase of our naval vessels.

It is an unfortunate fact that there is only one dock on the Pacific coast capable of docking our largest ships, and only one on the Atlantic coast, and that the latter has for the last six or seven months been under repair and therefore incapable of use. Immediate steps should be taken to provide three or four docks of this capacity on the Atlantic coast, at least one on the Pacific and a floating dock on the gulf. This is the recommendation of a very competent board appointed to investigate the subject.

There should also be ample provision made for powder and projectiles and other munitions of war and for an increased number of officers and enlisted men. Some additions are also necessary to our navy yards for the repair and care of our larger number of vessels.

As there are now on the stocks five battle-ships of the largest class which cannot be completed for a year or two, I concur with the recommendation of the secretary of the navy for an appropriation authorizing the construction of one battleship for the Pacific coast, where at present there is only one in commission and four under construction, while on the Atlantic coast there are three in commission and four under construction, and also that several torpedo boats be authorized in connection with our general system of coast defense.

### GOVERNMENT OF ALASKA.

The territory of Alaska requires the prompt and early attention of congress. The conditions now existing demand material changes in the laws relative to the territory. The great influx of population during the last summer and fall and the prospect of a still larger immigration in the spring will not permit us to longer neglect the extension of civil authority within the territory or postpone the establishment of a more thorough government.

A general system of public surveys has not been extended to Alaska and all entries thus far made in that district are upon special surveys. The act of congress extending to Alaska the mining laws of the United States contained the reservation that it should not be construed to put in force the general land laws of the country. By act approved March 3, 1891, authority was given for entry of lands for town-site purposes and also for the purchase of not exceeding 160 acres then or thereafter occupied for purposes of trade and manufacture.

The purpose of congress, as thus far expressed, has been that only such rights should apply to that territory as should be specifically named. It will be seen how

much remains to be done for that vast and remote and yet promising portion of our country.

Special authority was given to the president by the act of congress approved July 24, 1897, to divide that territory into two land districts, and to designate the boundaries thereof and to appoint registers and surveyors of such land offices, and the president was also authorized to appoint a surveyor-general for the entire district. Pursuant to this authority a surveyor-general and receiver have been appointed, with offices at Sitka.

If in the ensuing year the conditions justify it, the additional land district authorized by law will be established, with an office at some point in the Yukon valley. No appropriation, however, was made for this purpose, and that is now necessary to be done for the two land districts into which the territory is to be divided.

I concur with the secretary of war in his suggestions as to the necessity for a military force in the territory of Alaska for the protection of persons and property. Already a small force, consisting of twenty-five men with two officers, under command of Lieut.-Col. Randall of the 8th Infantry, has been sent to St. Michael to establish a military post.

As it is to the interest of the government to encourage the settlement of the country and its duty to follow up its citizens with the benefit of legal machinery, I earnestly urge upon congress the establishment of a system of government with such flexibility as will enable it to adjust itself to the future areas of greatest population.

The startling though possibly exaggerated reports from the Yukon river country of the probable shortage of food for the large number of people who are wintering there without the means of leaving the country are confirmed in such measure as to justify bringing the matter to the attention of congress. Access to that country in winter can be had only by the passes from Dyea and vicinity, which is a most difficult and perhaps an impossible task. However, should these reports of the suffering of our fellow-citizens be further verified, every effort at any cost should be made to carry them relief.

### INDIAN TERRITORY QUESTION.

For a number of years past it has been apparent that the conditions under which the five civilized tribes were established in Indian territory under treaty provisions with the United States, with the right of self-government, and the exclusion of all white persons from within their borders, have undergone so complete a change as to render the continuance of the system thus inaugurated practically impossible.

The total number of the five civilized tribes as shown by the last census is 45,494, and this number has not materially increased; while the white population is estimated at from 200,000 to 250,000, which by permission of the Indian government has settled in the territory.

The present area of Indian territory contains 25,694,664 acres, much of which is very fertile land. The United States citizens residing in the territory, most of whom have gone there by invitation or with consent of the tribal authorities, have made permanent homes for themselves. Numerous towns have been built, in which from 500 to 5,000 white people now reside. Valuable residences and business houses have been erected in many of them.

Large business enterprises are carried on in which vast sums of money are employed, and yet these people who have invested their capital in the development of the productive resources of the country are without title to the land they occupy and have no voice whatever in the government, either of the nations or tribes. Thousands of their children who were born in the territory are of school age, but the doors of the schools of the nations are shut against them and what education they can get is by private contribution. No provision for the protection of life or property of these white citizens is made by the tribal governments and courts.

The secretary of the interior reports that leading Indians have absorbed great tracts of land to the exclusion of the common people, and government by Indian aristocracy has been practically established, to the detriment of the people. It has been found impossible for the United States to keep its citizens out of the territory, and the executive conditions contained in treaties with these nations have for the most part become impossible of execution. Nor has it been possible for the tribal governments to secure to each individual Indian his full enjoyment in common with other Indians of the common property of the nations.

#### INDIAN CITIZENSHIP.

Friends of the Indians have long believed that the best interests of the Indians of the five civilized tribes would be found in American citizenship, with all the rights and privileges which belong to that condition.

By section 16 of the act of March 3, 1893, the president was authorized to appoint three commissioners to enter into negotiations with the Cherokee, Choctaw, Chickasaw, Muskogee (or Creek), and Seminole nations, commonly known as the five civilized tribes, in Indian territory. Briefly, the purposes of the negotiations were to be: The extinguishment of tribal titles to any lands within that territory now held by any and all such nations or tribes, either by cession of the same or some part thereof to the United States, or by allotment and division of the same in severalty among the Indians of such nations or tribes respectively as may be entitled to the same, or by such other method as may be agreed upon between the several nations and tribes aforesaid, or each of them, with the United States, with a view to such an adjustment upon the basis of justice and equity as may, with the consent of said nations of Indians, so far as may be necessary, be requisite and suitable to enable the ultimate creation of a state or states of the union, which shall embrace the lands within the Indian territory.

The commission met much opposition from the beginning. The Indians were very slow to act, and those in control manifested a decided disinclination to meet with favor the propositions submitted to them.

A little more than three years after its organization the commission effected an agreement with the Choctaw nation alone. The Chickasaws, however, refused to agree to its terms, and as they have a common interest with the Choctaws in the lands of said nations the agreement with the latter nation could have no effect without the consent of the former. April 23, 1897, the commission effected an agreement with both tribes—the Choctaw and Chickasaw. This agreement it is understood has been ratified by the constituted authorities of the respective tribes or nations parties thereto,

and only requires ratification by congress to make it binding.

Sept. 27, 1897, an agreement was effected with the Creek nation, but it is understood that the national council of said nation has refused to ratify the same. Negotiations are yet to be had with the Cherokees, the most populous of the five civilized tribes, and with the Seminoles, the smallest in point of numbers and territory.

The provision in the Indian appropriation act approved June 10, 1896, makes it the duty of the commission to investigate and determine the rights of applicants for citizenship in the five civilized tribes. The commission is at present engaged in this work among the tribes and has made appointments for taking the census of these people up to and including the 30th of the present month.

Should the agreement between the Choctaws and Chickasaws be ratified by congress and should the other tribes fail to make an agreement with the commission, then it will be necessary that some legislation shall be had by congress which, while just and honorable to the Indians, shall be equitable to the white people who have settled upon these lands by invitation of the tribal nations.

Henry L. Dawes, chairman of the commission, in a letter to the secretary of the interior, under date of Oct. 11, 1897, says:

"Individual ownership is in their [the commission's] opinion absolutely essential to any permanent improvement in present conditions, and the lack of it is the root of nearly all the evils which so grievously afflict these people. Allotment by agreement is the only possible method, unless the United States courts are clothed with the authority to apportion the lands among the citizen Indians, for whose use it was originally granted."

I concur with the secretary of the interior that there can be no cure for the evils engendered by the perversion of these great trusts excepting by their resumption by the government which created them.

#### QUARANTINE REFORMS.

The recent prevalence of yellow fever in a number of cities and towns throughout the south has resulted in much disturbance of commerce and demonstrated the necessity of such amendments to our quarantine laws as will make the regulations of the national quarantine authorities paramount.

The secretary of the treasury, in the portion of his report relating to the operation of the marine hospital service, calls attention to the defects in the present quarantine laws and recommends amendments thereto which will give the treasury department the requisite authority to prevent the invasion of epidemic diseases from foreign countries, and in time of emergency like that of last summer will add to the efficiency of the sanitary measures for the protection of the people and at the same time prevent unnecessary restriction of commerce. I concur in his recommendation.

In further effort to prevent the invasion of the United States by yellow fever the importance of the discovery of the exact cause of the disease, which up to the present time has been undetermined, is obvious and to this end a systematic bacteriological investigation should be made.

I therefore recommend that congress authorize the appointment of a commission by the president, to consist of four expert

bacteriologists, one to be selected from the medical officers of the marine hospital service, one to be appointed from civil life, one to be detailed from the medical officers of the army and one from the medical officers of the navy.

### SALE OF THE UNION PACIFIC.

The Union Pacific railway main line was sold under the decree of the United States court for the district of Nebraska the 1st and 2d of November of this year. The amount due the government consisted of the principal of the subsidy bonds, \$27,236,512, and the accrued interest thereon, \$31,211,711.75, making the total indebtedness \$58,448,223.75. The bid at the sale covered the first mortgage lien and the entire mortgage claim of the government, principal and interest.

The sale of the subsidized portion of the Kansas Pacific line, upon which the government holds a second mortgage lien, has been postponed at the instance of the government to Dec. 16, 1897. The debt of this division of the Union Pacific railway to the government Nov. 1, 1897, was the principal of the subsidy bonds, \$6,303,000, and the unpaid and accrued interest thereon, \$6,625,690.33, making a total of \$12,928,690.33. The sale of this road was originally advertised for Nov. 4, but for the purpose of securing the utmost public notice of the event it was postponed until Dec. 16, and a second advertisement of the sale was made.

By the decree of the court the upset price on the sale of the Kansas Pacific will yield to the government the sum of \$2,500,000 over all prior liens, costs and charges. If no other or better bid is made this sum is all that the government will receive on its claim of nearly \$13,000,000. The government has no information as to whether there will be other bidders or a better bid than the minimum amount herein stated.

The question presented, therefore, is whether the government shall, under the authority given it by the act of March 3, 1897, purchase or redeem the road in the event that a bid is not made by private parties covering the entire government claim.

To qualify the government to bid at the sales will require a deposit of \$900,000, as follows: In the government cause, \$500,000, and in each of the first mortgage causes, \$200,000, and in the latter the deposit must be in cash. Payment at the sale is as follows: Upon the acceptance of the bid a sum which, with the amount already deposited, shall equal 15 per cent of the bid; the balance in installments of 25 per cent, thirty, forty and fifty days after the confirmation of the sale. The lien on the Kansas Pacific prior to that of the government on the 30th day of July, 1897, principal and interest, amounted to \$7,281,048.11. The government, therefore, should it become the highest bidder, will have to pay the amount of the first mortgage lien.

I believe that under the act of 1887 it has the authority to do this, and in the absence of any action by congress I shall direct the secretary of the treasury to make the necessary deposit as required by the court's decree to qualify as a bidder and to bid at the sale a sum which will at least equal the principal of the debt due the government; but I suggest, in order to remove all controversy, that an amendment of the law be immediately passed explicitly giving such powers and appropriating in general terms whatever sum is sufficient therefor.

In so important a matter as the government becoming the possible owner of railroad property, which it perforce must conduct and operate, I feel constrained to lay before congress these facts for its consideration and action before the consummation of the sale.

It is clear to my mind that the government should not permit the property to be sold at a price which will yield less than one-half of the principal of its debt and less than one-fifth of its entire debt, principal and interest. But whether the government, rather than accept less than its claim, should become a bidder and thereby the owner of the property, I submit to congress for action.

### THE NEW LIBRARY.

The library building provided for by the act of congress approved April 16, 1884, has been completed and opened to the public. It should be a matter of congratulation that through the foresight and munificence of congress the nation possesses this noble treasure-house of knowledge.

It is earnestly to be hoped that, having done so much toward the cause of education, congress will continue to develop the library in every phase of research, to the end that it may be not only one of the most magnificent but among the richest and most useful libraries in the world.

### EXTENSION OF CIVIL SERVICE.

The important branch of our government known as the civil service, the practical improvement of which has long been a subject of earnest discussion, has of late years received increased legislative and executive approval. During the last few months the service has been placed upon a still firmer basis of business methods and personal merit.

While the right of our veteran soldiers to reinstatement in deserving cases has been asserted, dismissals for merely political reasons have been carefully guarded against, the examinations for admittance to the service enlarged and at the same time rendered less technical and more practical, and a distinct advance has been made by giving a hearing before dismissal upon all cases where incompetency is charged or demand made for the removal of officials in any of the departments.

The order has been made to give to the accused his right to be heard, but without in any way impairing the power of removal, which should always be exercised in cases of incompetency and incompetency, and which is one of the vital safeguards of the civil-service reform system, preventing stagnation and deadwood, and keeping every employee keenly alive to the fact that the security of his tenure depends not on favor but on his own tested and carefully watched record of service.

Much, of course, still remains to be accomplished before the system can be made reasonably perfect for our needs. There are places now in the classified service which ought to be excepted, and others not classified may properly be included. I shall not hesitate to exempt cases which I think have been improperly included in the classified service, or include those which, in my judgment, will best promote the public service. The system has the approval of the people and it will be my endeavor to uphold and extend it.

I am forced by the length of this message to omit many important references to affairs of the government with which congress will have to deal at the present session. They are fully discussed in the departmental reports, to all of which I invite your earnest attention.

The estimates of the expenses of the government by the several departments will, I am sure, have your careful scrutiny. While congress may not find it an easy task to

reduce the expenses of the government, it should not encourage their increase. These expenses will, in my judgment, admit of a decrease in many branches of the government without injury to the public service.

It is a commanding duty to keep the appropriations within the receipts of the government and thus avoid a deficit.

WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

Executive Mansion, Dec. 6, 1897.

### POPULAR VOTE

For presidential candidates from 1824 to and including 1896. Prior to 1824 electors were chosen by the legislatures of the different states.

1824—J. Q. Adams had 105,321 to 155,872 for Jackson, 44,232 for Crawford and 46,587 for Clay. Jackson over Adams, 50,551. Adams less than combined vote of others, 140,863. Of the whole vote Adams had 29.92 per cent, Jackson 44.27, Clay 13.23. Crawford 13.23. Adams elected by house of representatives.

1828—Jackson had 647,231 to 509,097 for J. Q. Adams. Jackson's majority, 138,134. Of the whole vote Jackson had 55.97 per cent, Adams 44.03.

1832—Jackson had 657,502 to 530,189 for Clay and 33,103 for Floyd and Wirt combined. Jackson's majority, 124,395. Of the whole vote Jackson had 54.96 per cent, Clay 42.39 and the others combined 2.65.

1836—Van Buren had 761,549 to 736,656, the combined vote for Harrison, White, Webster and Mangum. Van Buren's majority, 24,893. Of the whole vote Van Buren had 50.83 per cent and the others combined 49.17.

1840—Harrison had 1,275,017 to 1,128,702 for Van Buren and 7,669 for Birney. Harrison's majority, 129,256. Of the whole vote Harrison had 52.89 per cent, Van Buren 46.82 and Birney .29.

1844—Polk had 1,237,243 to 1,209,068 for Clay and 62,300 for Birney. Polk over Clay, 38,175. Polk less than others combined, 24,125. Of the whole vote Polk had 49.56 per cent, Clay 43.14 and Birney 2.21.

1848—Taylor had 1,309,101 to 1,220,534 for Cass and 251,263 for Van Buren. Taylor over Cass, 139,577. Taylor less than others combined, 151,706. Of the whole vote Taylor had 47.36 per cent, Cass 42.50 and Van Buren 10.14.

1852—Pierce had 1,901,474 to 1,386,678 for Scott and 156,149 for Hale. Pierce over all, 58,747. Of the whole vote Pierce had 50.90 per cent, Scott 44.10 and Hale 4.97.

1856—Buchanan had 1,838,169 to 1,341,264 for Fremont and 874,534 for Fillmore. Buchanan over Fremont, 486,905. Buchanan less than combined vote of others, 377,629. Of the whole vote Buchanan had 45.24 per cent, Fremont 33.09 and Fillmore 21.67.

1860—Lincoln had 1,866,352 to 1,375,157 for Douglas, 845,763 for Breckinridge and 583,581 for Bell. Lincoln over Breckinridge, 491,186. Lincoln less than Douglas and Breckinridge combined, 354,568. Lincoln less than combined vote of all others, 944,149. Of the whole vote Lincoln had 39.91 per cent, Douglas 29.40, Breckinridge 18.08 and Bell 12.61.

1864—Lincoln had 2,216,067 to 1,808,725 for McClellan (eleven states not voting, viz.: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia). Lincoln's majority, 408,342. Of the whole vote Lincoln had 55.06 per cent and McClellan 44.94.

1868—Grant had 3,015,071 to 2,709,613 for Seymour (three states not voting, viz.: Mississippi, Texas and Virginia). Grant's majority, 305,458. Of the whole vote Grant had 52.67 per cent and Seymour 47.33.

1872—Grant had 3,597,070 to 2,834,079 for Greeley, 29,408 for O'Connor and 5,698 for Black. Grant's majority, 729,975. Of the whole vote Grant had 55.63 per cent, Greeley 42.83, O'Connor .15, Black .09.

1876—Hayes had 4,033,950 to 4,284,885 for Tilden, 81,740 for Cooper, 9,522 for Smith and 2,636 scattering. Tilden's majority over Hayes, 250,935. Tilden's majority of the entire vote cast, 157,037. Hayes less than the combined vote of others, 344,833. Of the whole vote cast Hayes had 47.95 per cent, Tilden 50.94, Cooper .97, Smith .11, scattering .3.

1880—Garfield had 4,449,953 to 4,442,935 for Hancock, 307,306 for Weaver and 13,576 scattering. Garfield over Hancock, 7,018. Garfield less than the combined vote for others, 313,864. Of the popular vote Garfield had 48.26 per cent, Hancock 48.25, Weaver 3.23, scattering .13.

1884—Cleveland had 4,874,986 to 4,831,981 for Blaine, 159,369 for St. John, 173,370 for Butler. Cleveland had over Blaine 23,006. Cleveland had 48.48 per cent, Blaine 48.22, St. John 1.49, Butler 1.74.

1888—Harrison had 5,341,902 to 5,538,560 for Cleveland, 219,937 for Fisk, 147,521 for Sawyer, 3,073 for Cowdrey, 1,551 for Curtis and 9,945 scattering. Harrison had 96.65 less than Cleveland. Of the whole vote Harrison had 47.83 per cent, Cleveland 48.63, Fisk 2.21 and Streeter 1.30.

1892—Cleveland had 5,555,562 to 5,162,874 for Harrison, 264,066 for Bidwell, 1,045,424 for Weaver and 22,613 for Wing. Of the whole vote Cleveland had 45.73 per cent, Harrison 42.49, Bidwell 2.17 and Weaver 8.67.

1896—McKinley had 7,067,822; Bryan, 6,511,073; Levering, 150,633; Bentley, 13,950; Matthews, 33,545; Palmer, 133,800. Of the whole vote McKinley had 50.49 per cent and Bryan had 46.26.

Of the presidents, Adams, federalist; Polk, Buchanan and Cleveland, democrats; Taylor, whig; Lincoln, Hayes, Garfield and Harrison, republicans, did not, when elected, receive a majority of the popular vote. The highest percentage of popular vote received by any president was 55.97 for Jackson, democrat, in 1828, and the lowest 39.91 for Lincoln, republican, in 1860; Buchanan, democrat, next lowest, with 45.34. Hayes and Harrison, with the exception of John Quincy Adams, who was chosen by the house of representatives, were the only presidents ever elected who did not have a majority over their principal competitors, and Tilden and Cleveland the only defeated candidates who had a majority over the president-elect.

## Political Movements of the Year 1897.

### THE INDIANAPOLIS CONVENTION.

The monetary convention that met at Indianapolis Jan. 12, 1897, was not in any sense a political gathering, yet, as it dealt with the financial question that formed the chief issue in the political campaign of 1896 and may possibly be a factor in the campaigns of 1898 and 1900, it may not be out of place to give some account of its proceedings under this caption.

On the 18th of November, 1896, the governors of the board of trade of the city of Indianapolis issued a call to the boards of trade in the cities of Chicago, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Louisville, Cleveland, Columbus, Toledo, Kansas City, Detroit, Milwaukee, St. Paul, Des Moines, Minneapolis, Grand Rapids, Peoria and Omaha to send three delegates each to Indianapolis to a preliminary conference to be held Dec. 1, 1896, to consider the advisability of calling a larger conference composed of delegates from the boards of trade and commercial organizations of the cities of the United States, to consider the propriety of creating a nonpartisan commission to which shall be assigned the duty of formulating a plan for the reform of our currency system, to be reported to a subsequent meeting of the conference or convention.

The preliminary conference was held at the date specified, and organized by the election of E. O. Stanard of St. Louis as chairman and Jacob W. Smith of Indianapolis as secretary. The result of the conference was that a call was issued for a nonpartisan convention to meet at the city of Indianapolis on the 12th day of January, 1897, to be composed of representative men chosen from boards of trade, chambers of commerce, commercial clubs or similar commercial bodies in cities of 8,000 or more inhabitants according to the census of 1890, for the purpose of considering and suggesting such legislation as may, in their judgment, be necessary to place the currency system of the country upon a sound and permanent basis. The convention met at the time proposed, 299 delegates being present. A permanent organization was effected by the election of C. Stuart Patterson of Pennsylvania as president and Jacob W. Smith of Indiana as secretary.

The convention after a good deal of debate adopted the following resolutions by a practically unanimous vote:

"This convention declares that it has become absolutely necessary that a consistent, straightforward and deliberately planned monetary system shall be inaugurated, the fundamental basis of which should be—First, that the present gold standard should be maintained; second, that steps should be taken to insure the ultimate retirement of all classes of United States notes by a gradual and steady process, and so as to avoid injurious contraction of the currency or disturbance of the business interests of the country, and that until such retirement provision should be made for a separation of the revenue and note issue departments of the treasury; third, that a banking system be provided which should furnish credit facilities to every portion of the country and a safe and elastic circulation, and especially with a view of securing such a distribution of the loanable capital of the country as will tend to equalize the rates of in-

terest in all parts thereof. For the purpose of effectively promoting the above objects:

"Resolved, That fifteen members of this convention be appointed by the chairman to act as an executive committee while this convention is not in session, with full powers of this convention. The executive committee shall have the power to increase its membership to any number not exceeding forty-five, and five members thereof shall at all times constitute a quorum of said committee.

"The executive committee shall have special charge of the solicitation, receipt and disbursement of contributions voluntarily made for all purposes; shall have power to call this convention together again when and where it may seem best to said committee to do so, and said committee shall continue in office, with power to fill vacancies, until discharged at a future meeting of this convention.

"Resolved, That it shall be the duty of this executive committee to endeavor to procure at the special session of congress which it is understood will be called in March next legislation calling for the appointment of a monetary commission by the president to consider the entire question, and to report to congress at the earliest day possible.

"Or, failing to secure the above legislation, they are hereby authorized and empowered to select a commission of eleven members, according to the rules and plans set forth in the suggestions submitted to the convention by Mr. Hanna of Indianapolis, as follows:

"Article 1. The commission shall consist of eleven members to be named by the executive committee appointed by this convention. The executive committee shall have power to fill vacancies in the commission as they may occur.

"Art. 2. The first meeting of the commission shall be held at a time and place to be designated by the executive committee of this convention in a call to be issued therefor, and at such meeting the commission shall organize by the election of such officers and the adoption of such rules and by-laws for its own government as may be agreed by a majority of its members, and thereafter it shall be governed by such rules and by-laws, subject to these articles.

"Art. 3. All rules and by-laws of the commission, and all its proceedings, shall be directed toward the accomplishment of the objects of its creation, which are to make a thorough investigation of the monetary affairs and needs of this country, in all relations and aspects, and to make appropriate suggestions as to any evils found to exist and the remedies therefor; and no limit is placed upon the scope of such inquiry, or the manner of conducting the same, excepting only that the expenses thereof shall not exceed the sums set apart for such purpose by the executive committee.

"Art. 4. The executive committee of this convention shall use so much of the voluntary contributions made to it as may be available for that purpose to defray all necessary expenses of the commission, and shall notify the commission from time to time of the amount so available, in order that it may regulate its expenditures accordingly; and no liability shall attach to

said committee or to this convention beyond the amount so notified.

"Art. 5. When the labors of this commission have been completed as far as practicable the executive committee, if it deem it advisable, shall issue a call to bring this convention together again at a time and place designated in such call, and at the meeting so convened the commission shall make report of its doings and suggestions in such manner and form as it shall deem best adapted to present the same to this convention and its members for action, and, if legislation is deemed advisable, shall accompany such report with a draft of such bill or bills providing for such legislation.

"Resolved, That all resolutions and communications as to methods of currency reform which have been presented to this convention be referred to such commission when formed."

The executive committee appointed by the chairman pursuant to the foregoing resolutions was composed as follows: H. H. Hanna, Indianapolis, chairman; M. L. Crawford, Dallas, Tex.; W. B. Dean, St. Paul, Minn.; J. W. Fries, Salem, N. C.; J. F. Hanson, Macon, Ga.; C. C. Harrison, Philadelphia, Pa.; Rowland Hazard, Peacedale, E. I.; J. P. Irish, Oakland, Cal.; H. H.

Kohlsaat, Chicago, Ill.; J. J. Mitchell, Chicago, Ill.; A. E. Orr, New York city; G. F. Peabody, New York city; T. C. Power, Helena, Mont.; E. O. Stanard, St. Louis, Mo.; A. E. Willson, Louisville, Ky. President McKinley in a special message asked congress to authorize him to appoint a commission in accordance with the foregoing resolutions. The house of representatives voted favorably, but the bill was not reported back from the finance committee of the senate before adjournment of congress. The executive committee of the convention, acting under the instructions set forth in the resolutions referred to, chose a volunteer commission consisting of the following representative men: George F. Edmunds, of Vermont, chairman; Charles S. Fairchild, of New York city; O. Stuart Patterson, of Philadelphia; Stuyvesant Fish, of New York city; J. W. Fries, of Salem, N. C.; T. G. Bush, of Anniston, Ala.; George E. Leighton, of St. Louis, Mo.; W. B. Dean, of St. Paul, Minn.; R. S. Taylor, of Fort Wayne, Ind.; Louis A. Garnett, of San Francisco; J. L. Laughlin, of Chicago.

This commission was in session in Washington in October for the purpose of considering the subject and preparing a plan for recommendation for legislation.

### THE SILVER REPUBLICANS.

The bolt of the silver republicans from the national convention in St. Louis resulted in the purpose of forming a new party committed to the free coinage of silver as a fundamental principle. Accordingly, on the 22d of February, 1897, the following address was issued:

To the Silver Republicans of the United States: There could not be a better illustration of the great law by which in free government the rise, progress and decline of parties are determined than that afforded by recent and present political developments in the United States. Political parties are practical instruments for executing the will of the people in respect to principles and policies of governments.

They, therefore, should represent and respond to public opinion in its attitude toward the problems which the experience of the nation from time to time brings forward for solution. It is not parties that make issues, but it is issues that make parties.

For years events have been forcing upon the country, with ever-increasing definiteness and emphasis, the necessity of reform in our monetary system as respects both the coinage of the metallic money and the regulation and control of credit currency. Under stress of experience and consequent investigations, opinions have been gradually crystallizing. In this process the line of cleavage has paid little regard to previously existing party demarcations, and to-day the most careless observer cannot fail to see that the genius of the nation is approaching a settlement of this momentous controversy through the agency of political instruments now being fashioned to its hand.

In the story of these formative events the so-called silver republicans have taken an important part and discharged a necessary function. In doing so they have not surrendered their conviction on certain other great principles of political economy and government, but they realize that these principles are not capable of successful application under the present monetary conditions. They believe, therefore, that the adequate treatment of all other issues must

await the correct decision of the dominant one thus presented. In this spirit they co-operated with the organized forces of bimetallicism in the last campaign. Every consideration of patriotism and expediency seems to counsel a continuation of that policy.

Silver republicans believe themselves to be in harmony with the original spirit of the old republican party, and they claim a property in its great names and glorious traditions, justified by the splendid services and sanctified by the sacred memories of the time when that party embodied the aspirations and spoke the purposes of the great masses of the American people. That party was born in answer to the cry for a champion of liberty. Its early words were words of comfort and assurance to the oppressed. Its great deeds, by which it will hereafter live in history, were deeds of patriotism. Its policies professed above all things to hold dear the safety and welfare of the American people as against the rest of the world.

The silver republicans cannot forget that history. They cannot to-day follow those who have usurped the dominion of that party into a shameless abandonment of American interests and the tyranny of an alien money system. They believe that the duty of the hour demands that they maintain their identity and perfect their organization.

Circumstances have sometimes in the past thrust upon the undersigned responsibilities on behalf of silver republicans which, in the absence of formal organization, we have felt warranted in assuming. Recently, however, we have received a vast number of anxious inquiries from various parts of the country upon the question of party policy and requesting us to give some definite direction thereto. These communications exhibit a surprising and gratifying unanimity in sentiment and plan.

Responding to these earnest suggestions, and at the same time expressing our own deliberate opinion, we urge upon the silver republicans of the United States, and upon

all citizens of whatsoever previous party association, who are willing to co-operate with us in political action until the great monetary issue is settled, and settled right, that immediate steps be taken to perfect organizations in the various states and territories, to the end that thereafter a national convention may be held for the purpose of making an authoritative pronouncement to the country and effecting a national organization.

As soon as possible each of the states and territories should designate a member of the provisional national committee of the silver republican party, which committee will have charge of the calling of the national convention and of all matters preliminary thereto. Meanwhile we have taken the liberty of naming Mr. Charles A. Towne of Minnesota as chairman of said provisional national committee, whose official address for the present will be the city of Washington, and to whom all communications should be sent. The provisional national committee is hereby called to meet in executive session at the city of Chicago, at a place to be seasonably announced by the chairman, on Tuesday, the 8th day of June, 1897.

Signed at the city of Washington this 22d day of February, 1897, the anniversary of the birth of the "first American," whose life was a sublime example of patriotism, and whose precept, placing duty to country above and beyond all party obligation, is a deathless watchword of political liberty.

H. M. TELLER.  
FRED T. DUBOIS.  
FRANK J. CANNON.  
R. E. PETTIGREW.  
LEE MANTLE.  
JOHN P. JONES.  
CHARLES A. TOWNE.  
CHARLES S. HARTMAN.  
JOHN F. SHAFROTH.  
C. E. ALLEN.

The convention met at Chicago at the time specified. Charles A. Towne of Minnesota was chosen chairman and James B. Menager of West Virginia was selected secretary.

The committee on credentials reported the following delegates from thirty-one states entitled to seats: Alabama, Cutler Smith; Arkansas, Thomas Roles; California, Nathan Cole, Jr.; Colorado, A. M. Stevenson; Connecticut, Joseph Sheldon; Delaware, Charles G. Prentiss; Idaho, Frederick T. Dubois; Illinois, J. H. Teller; Indiana, Flavia J. Van Voorhis; Iowa, William Connor; Kansas, Dr. Frank R. Lawrence; Kentucky, A. J. Mosset; Louisiana, S. L. Carey; Michigan, C. E. Watkins; Minnesota, Frank A. Day; Missouri, J. D. Clarkson; Montana, Charles S. Hartman; Nebraska, D. D. Gregory; New Jersey, James H. Fleming; New York, Benjamin S. Dean; North Dakota, H. M. Creel; Ohio, J. C. Harper; Oklahoma, Dr. F. S. Peck; Oregon, R. H. Lien; Utah, W. C. Jones; Washington, George W. Thompson; West Virginia, J. B. Menager; Wisconsin, Dr. D. Park Powell; Wyoming, A. A. Johnson.

No regular platform was adopted, but the main purpose of the organization is well expressed in the following resolutions:

Whereas, It is not the province of this committee to anticipate the action of the national convention in the formation of a platform and declaration of principles; but,

Whereas, In order to preclude any basis for either misunderstanding or misrepres-

entation as to the object of this organization, it is prudent to make known the controlling principle of its existence; therefore,

Resolved, That the silver republican party of the United States favors the immediate establishment of bimetalism by the independent action of the United States through the free coinage of both silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the clothing of both metals equally with every attribute of full money, with the right to every debtor to choose which coin shall be the basis of payment; and

Resolved, That the achievement of this great object is deemed by us of paramount political importance, and shall form the controlling motive of our political action until it is accomplished.

Your committee on plans and organization for the silver republican party of the United States beg leave to submit this, our report:

1. We recommend the appointment of a national executive committee of seven members, including the national chairman, to be appointed by the chairman of the national committee.

2. That this committee be empowered to take such action as may be necessary in order to fill any vacancies existing or which may exist at any time in the national committee.

3. The executive committee, with the advice and consent of the national committee, is authorized to call a national convention of the silver republican party to meet at such time and place as they may designate, and to perfect the necessary details therefor.

4. In those states where organizations are not complete the members of the national committee for such states shall take such steps under the direction of the national executive committee as are necessary to complete such organizations.

The resolutions were signed by Fred T. Dubois, Idaho, chairman; J. J. Harper, Ohio; J. D. Clarkson, Missouri; E. C. Watkins, Michigan; A. J. Mosset, Kentucky; A. M. Stevenson, Colorado; Charles A. Towne, Minnesota, and Ben S. Dean, secretary, New York.

The following national committeemen were named:

Alabama, Cutler Smith; Arkansas, Thomas Roles; California, Nathan Cole; Colorado, A. M. Stevenson; Connecticut, Joseph Sheldon; Delaware, Charles G. Prentiss; Idaho, F. T. Dubois; Illinois, James H. Teller; Indiana, F. J. Van Voorhis; Iowa, William Connor; Kansas, Frank R. Lawrence; Kentucky, A. J. Mosset; Louisiana, S. L. Carey; Massachusetts, Norman Cameron; Michigan, C. E. Watkins; Minnesota, Frank A. Day; Missouri, J. D. Clarkson; Montana, Charles S. Hartman; Nebraska, D. D. Gregory; New Jersey, James H. Fleming; New York, Ben S. Dean; North Dakota, H. M. Creel; Ohio, J. J. Harper; Oklahoma, F. S. Peck; Oregon, Charles W. Talmage; South Dakota, R. H. Lien; Utah, W. C. Jones; Washington, George W. Thompson; West Virginia, J. B. Menager; Wisconsin, D. Park Powell; Wyoming, A. A. Johnson.

An executive committee of seven members was appointed and ex-Senator F. T. Dubois was named as chairman.

No conclusion was reached as to when or where the national convention would be held, nor was any desire manifested to anticipate the action of that convention.

## THE AMERICAN PARTY.

A new party was organized at St. Louis at a convention held Aug. 25 and 26, 1857. About fifty delegates, representing nine states and one territory, were present. E. H. Sellers of Detroit, Mich., was elected chairman and the following somewhat lengthy platform was adopted:

1. With the nation, as with the individual, the most potent safeguard of prosperity is an abundant revenue. We therefore favor such an adjustment of our tariff and internal revenue schedules as will produce revenues sufficient to meet all expenditures requisite in every department of the government and afford protection to all productive labor; to the end that all legitimate demands upon the treasury may be promptly met without resort to questionable issues of interest-bearing obligations.

2. Whenever and wherever reciprocal trade relations can be fostered with foreign nations the result will tend to a practical stimulus of American commerce; therefore we favor such treaty relations with all nations as will promote a reciprocal trade relative to products not produced in whole or in part by the people of the United States; and for this reason no article of foreign production, unless included among those enumerated in a reciprocal schedule, should be admitted free.

3. All merchandise imported in foreign bottoms should be subject to a tonnage tax, such tax to be fixed by congress and be for and used exclusively as a subsidy to American vessels engaged in foreign trade; and no ship of foreign construction should be admitted to register under the flag of the United States.

4. Under the constitution of the United States the establishment of the standards of value and the issue of a legal circulating medium is the sole prerogative of the national government, and that prerogative cannot be lawfully delegated to states or private corporations. Since nearly or quite 99 per cent of all business transactions of the country are accomplished without the use of specie—and the experience of fifteen years during and subsequent to the late war demonstrated conclusively that a metallic currency was in no sense necessary to the material advancement of our people—we favor the demonetization of both gold and silver, the prohibition of contracts for payment in coin of either metal, and the substitution of metallic tokens for our present minor coins.

5. All currency should be in the form of treasury notes of unlimited legal-tender quality, and in such quantity as shall facilitate the freest commercial exchanges; and every other form of currency notes should be withdrawn from circulation.

6. No privilege can properly be granted to aggregated capital that is not accorded on like terms to our humblest citizen; therefore all necessary and duly authorized issues of interest-bearing obligations of the United States should invariably be offered to our own people, in sums within the reach of all, and at the lowest rate of interest compatible with their issue at par.

7. We demand the issuance in an annual series of low-interest-bearing savings certificates in multiples sufficiently small to insure wide popular investment, and which shall be exchangeable at all times for the non-interest-bearing notes of the United States and convertible into currency at par at the option of the holder. For the purpose of insuring the stability of all the obliga-

tions of the government congress should provide for the payment at maturity of all such certificates in either gold or silver bullion, at government option, at regular market rates, and for the cancellation of the same whenever returned to the treasury through conversion or payment. Their use by banks as an investment for their "reserve" funds should be authorized, and for the convenience of small investors the issue and conversion of these certificates should also be authorized at all postoffices and depositories.

8. All existing obligations of the government should be paid at maturity, in strict conformity with their expressed conditions. For this purpose the gold and silver coins withdrawn from circulation should be held by the treasury for the redemption of such bonds as are specifically payable in coin. No option favorable to the treasury should be waived or construed to favor the holders.

9. The mints of the United States should be open to American citizens free of charge for the assaying, refining, casting into bars and stamping weight and fineness of all gold and silver from mines within our own territory.

10. Attachment to the soil is the best conservator of patriotism; therefore all government lands should be held for sale or homestead entry to bona fide settlers only; and alien ownership should, after a limited time defined by statute, be prohibited. Hereafter no public lands should be donated or sold to any corporation, under any name or pretense whatever.

11. All mineral lands, including coal mining property and other natural sources of wealth of this character, should be owned and controlled by the national government, and all such mineral properties should be open for operation to all citizens, in limited areas and at a reasonable royalty.

12. All public conveyances and utilities should be owned or controlled by the government, national, state, county or municipal, as the subject demands.

13. We demand the taxation of all property, real or personal, not owned and controlled by the public.

14. Taxation without representation is wrong; therefore we favor the immediate submission to the different states of the question of equal suffrage for both sexes.

15. The constitution of the United States is broad enough to permit of the passage of an act by the national congress providing for an income tax to be levied upon all incomes. We therefore demand the enactment of such a law as speedily as possible.

16. The admission of paupers, criminals and idiots of other countries to the United States must be prohibited and American labor protected by placing a tax of at least \$200 upon all single persons sixteen years of age and upward who do not come as families, and a tax upon the head of a family of \$200, and \$50 for each minor child of such family, such sums to be paid into the national treasury. The heads of families, or single persons, must have money sufficient to maintain them one year after their arrival; said immigrants 14 years and upward must be able to read and write the language of the country from which they came.

17. No alien should become a citizen or be entitled to vote at any election until he shall have resided continuously in the United States for a period of not less than seven years after declaring his intention to become such citizen. Nor shall such alien

then become a citizen and entitled to exercise the suffrages thereof until he shall be able to satisfy a court of record that he can read and write the English language.

18. The power of naturalization should be restricted to the United States courts of judicature, and never exercised within three months immediately preceding a presidential, state or other election.

19. Hereafter all persons born in the United States must, before exercising the right of suffrage, be able to read and write in the English language; and we demand the enactment of a compulsory education law throughout the states which will keep all children in school six months in each year from the age of 5 until the age of 16 years, and that free textbooks be supplied by the state.

20. American Indians should be admitted to citizenship under the same conditions as are imposed upon native-born citizens; and we demand that the government live up to the letter of its treaty agreements with them in every particular and not allow any misuse of their allowances by agents of the government or others, under penalty of criminal prosecution.

21. The constitution of the United States should be so amended as to provide for the election of the president, vice-president and United States senators by direct vote of the people. United States senators should be elected for a term of three years, and the president should be ineligible for a second election.

22. The power of the speaker of the house of representatives has become, and is, little less than that of the president of the United States in shaping the legislation of the country; therefore, the constitution should be so amended as to provide that the speaker be elected by direct vote of the people and take his seat at the biennial organization of each congress.

23. While the constitution of the United States provides (Art. I, Sec. 5) that legislative bodies shall be the judges of the election returns and qualification of their own members, congress and all state legislatures are empowered, and should provide by law that all contested elections should be judicially determined by a court of competent jurisdiction within sixty days after said elections in the districts where such elections are held and that the certificates of such courts shall be the legal credentials of the holders thereof to seats in such legislative bodies, subject only to review by each legislative body upon the record evidence taken before said courts.

24. We demand the enactment of the proposed sixteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States, which is as follows:

"Article XVI. Neither congress nor any state shall pass any law respecting an establishment of religion or prohibiting the free exercise thereof, nor use the property or credit of the United States, nor of any state, nor any money raised by taxation, in maintaining or aiding, by appropriation, payment for services, expenses or otherwise, any church, religious denomination or religious society or any institution, society or undertaking which is wholly or in part under sectarian or ecclesiastical control."

25. The federal constitution should be so amended as to provide a uniform system of laws, and uniform code of practice in connection therewith, to meet the exigency of society in all our interstate relations. Such system should cover the ground of both civil and criminal law, and embrace all matters of a general nature and such as can be con-

sidered federal in their character, without interference with any of the police powers or internal government of any individual state.

26. The importunities of office seekers and place hunters not only impair the usefulness of the executive of the nation but occupy his time to the distinct detriment of more important matters; we therefore insist that all government appointments, except cabinet officers, ambassadors, envoys plenipotentiary, ministers, judges, territorial governors, consuls-general, generals in the army and admirals in the navy be relegated to the heads of the various departments, under such rules and regulations as may be established therefor by law.

27. The civil-service system of the United States, as now recognized, has entailed upon our country serious and evil consequences; therefore we favor the reference of all civil-service appointments to such members of the cabinet as have immediate control of the several departments for which such appointments are designed, and insist upon the abolition of all civil-service rules for examination and the making of all appointments on original diplomas from public educational institutions, showing fitness of applicants and appointing all applicants to the lowest grade of service, filling all higher grades by promotions based upon approved capacity. The inefficient and "holdovers" who have received their appointments arbitrarily through partisan selfishness and arrogance should be dismissed from the service.

28. We believe it would be wise and productive of the greatest good to all our people if the constitution of the United States—and to accord with it the constitution of every state—were so amended as to provide for a system of initiative and referendum by which organic statutes and laws involving large expenditures by the federal government, beyond the amount apportioned and fixed by law, or the granting of franchises to railroads or corporations or persons, and all attempts to organize "trusts" and "combines" under color of law, should have their initiative in at least five states, and, if enacted, be referred for approval to the voters of the United States at the next congressional election.

29. Believing the so-called "trusts," "monopolies" and "combines" to be a great and growing evil in our country, and one which will sooner or later bring dire disaster upon our land, we urge that immediate restrictive legislation should be enacted by the federal government to abolish and prohibit them, and that any attempt under color of interstate privilege to "corner" the products of our land should be dealt with as a crime.

30. All our laboring classes and wage-earners should be protected against the competition of alien labor, skilled or unskilled, and the importation of foreign contract labor should be prohibited by law.

31. We believe that a general nonsectarian public-school system is the bulwark of our nation's liberties and the foundation upon which our government rests. It is therefore a subject of national interest and concern, and its control should be directed by the national government in order that the system may be made uniform throughout the states. Hence we favor such amendments to our fundamental law as will make the system national in its character and place it under the dominion of American citizenship.

32. In the settlement of international differences war should be the last resort; but true patriotism requires that every nation

should be prepared to protect its interests at home or abroad. For that reason our navy should be adequate for the protection and defense of all our seacoast and our commercial interests upon the high seas.

33. We believe in the principles enunciated in the "Monroe doctrine" and demand that the government of the United States insist upon its enforcement throughout the whole extent of the western hemisphere.

34. We insist that the Hawaiian islands should and of right ought to belong to the United States; we therefore favor the proposed treaty of annexation.

35. The tripartite agreement now existing relative to the Samoan islands is unwise, and the interests of the United States therein are paramount. We therefore favor a protectorate.

36. We insist that the barbarous and bloody conflict now being waged in the island of Cuba should be speedily terminated, and that the government of the United States should, in the interest of civilization and humanity, intervene to secure its immediate cessation.

37. No soldier of the republic should suffer from want; we therefore favor adequate pension laws, impartially administered, but are opposed to any discrimination between the widows of officers and privates.

38. We enjoin strict obedience to the law at all times, but hold that it should never be invoked to abridge the constitutional right of our citizens to peaceable assembly, freedom of speech and the reasonable use, unhindered, of our public highways.

39. The elective franchise is a sacred right and every citizen must be fully protected in its exercise.

Finally, we believe in the elevation of the people and the protection of their rights by teaching them freedom of thought and freedom of conscience in all the walks of civilized life; likewise, the right of private judgment in all matters of social concern and entire freedom from foreign influences which are not wholly in harmony with our American republican form of government; and we have the most unbounded faith in the ability of this nation to maintain its own institutions regardless of the opinions or enactments of any other person, nation or people. To accomplish these purposes we should, so far as possible, maintain amicable relations with other nations, defend our territory, extend our commerce and set an example before the world of an advanced thought and civilization consistent with the American idea of free and independent government.

The convention recommended the following statement of principles as a platform for the several states:

1. All public utilities inhering to the state shall be placed under such supervision and legislative control as will best insure equal benefits to all the people.

2. The existence or employment of private armed bodies shall be prohibited.

3. The initiative and referendum should be employed in the formation of all laws and ordinances affecting the rights of the people.

4. The best ballot system should be adopted for all elections. There should be but one election held in any one year for national, state, county, town or municipal officers.

5. Registration and election laws should secure to every lawful voter the right to cast a ballot at every election and have the same correctly returned. Registration of voters should be completed on the same day by a system of school-district and neighbor-

hood meetings, convened by due public notice, at such an hour as will not conflict with general business pursuits, not less than ninety days previous to the day of election. Nominations of candidates for official positions shall be made at a primary election (and not by caucuses) to be held on a day fixed by law, not more than sixty nor less than thirty days before the date of general elections. All legislative offices should be so grouped as to insure minority representation.

6. We advocate equal suffrage for both sexes, based upon an educational qualification.

7. Neither the state, county nor municipality shall contribute to the support of any institution under denominational, sectarian or private control.

8. We insist upon the taxation of all property, real or personal, not owned by the public.

9. We consider the nonsectarian free public school as the only place where American children can obtain a practical education, and we protest against the employment of any person or persons not in sympathy with our American institutions as officers or teachers therein.

10. All corporations sole must be abolished.

11. All hospitals, asylums, reformatories and other institutions occupied by persons of either sex, voluntarily or involuntarily, whether public or private or semi-private, must be at all times subject to public inspection.

12. Labor must be recognized as the direct source of wealth. Its rights must be maintained equally with those of capital. All industrial pursuits should be fostered and encouraged in every possible way, and care better to prevent strikes and lockouts, co-operation between employers and employes should be the rule to be encouraged and adopted. Wage-earners must be protected against the competition of alien labor, skilled or unskilled, and the importation of contract labor into the state prohibited by law.

13. "Trusts" and "combinations" must be prohibited by immediate and appropriate legislation.

14. Municipal government should be conducted on strictly business principles only. Public utilities and necessities existing within the province of city government, such as gas, electric lights, water, street and elevated railroads, bridges, ferries, etc., should be owned and operated by the city, subject only to the general laws of the state.

15. The burden of taxation caused by intemperance and crime should be regulated and lessened as much as possible by wise and equitable legislation. We favor local option throughout the states and call upon the government to restrict the importation of spirituous or malt liquors, by way of original packages, under the guise of interstate commerce, into any state which deems it wise and proper to exercise its police powers in the control of or the prohibition of the liquor traffic, this being one of the rights reserved to the states by the federal constitution.

16. Convict labor must not be brought in competition with free labor, and convict contract labor must be prohibited.

National headquarters have been opened at Detroit. The following executive committee was chosen: E. H. Sellers, chairman; Charles Cochran, secretary; W. J. H. Traynor, treasurer; W. C. Holden, Illinois; James A. Phelps, New York; Dr. A. C. Miller, Michigan; Allison Stocker, Colorado; D. L. Tubbs, Iowa; H. A. Thompson, Missouri; G. H. Lytle, Ohio.

## THE PEOPLE'S PARTY.

On the 10th of July, 1897, about 700 members of the people's party met at Nashville. The delegates were members of that wing of the party which favors independent action in politics and is opposed to fusion, known as "middle-of-the-roadsers." J. S. Bradley of Texas was elected chairman and J. A. Parker of Kentucky secretary. The committee on credentials reported the number of delegates in attendance as follows:

Alabama, 38; Arkansas, 15; Florida, 4; Georgia, 39; Illinois, 24; Indiana, 12; Iowa, 7; Kansas, 2; Kentucky, 9; Louisiana, 13; Michigan, 12; Minnesota, 18; Mississippi, 5; Missouri, 17; Nebraska, 2; Montana, 3; New Hampshire, 1; North Carolina, 2; Ohio, 21; Rhode Island, 1; Tennessee, 12; Texas, 10; Washington, 1; West Virginia, 2; Wisconsin, 1. Total, 355. No seats were contested.

An address was issued which reviews the history of the party and affirms the previous platforms adopted at its national conventions. The address closes with a plan for preserving the autonomy of the people's party, which is as follows:

1. The election by this conference of a national organization committee, to be composed of three members from each state here represented, said members to be selected by the several state delegations. In states not represented at this conference the national organization committees, here created, may at their discretion provide for a proper representation on the committee.

2. The election by this conference of a chairman of the national organization committee, whose duty it will be to push the work of organization along strictly populist lines, and in the interest of populist principles and populist candidates; to preside over all meetings of the national organization committee and to perform other duties usually incumbent upon such officer.

3. The election by this conference of an executive committee of five members, whom the chairman may nominate from the members of the national organization committee, whose duties shall consist in assisting in the work of organization and education, and who shall co-operate with the chairman in his efforts to preserve and extend the organization of the party.

4. The election of a national secretary, whose duties shall be such as are usually performed by such officer.

5. The election of a treasurer, who shall have charge of the funds of the organization and perform such duties as are made incumbent upon him by the executive committee.

6. The officers of this organization shall hold their office until the time of holding the next national convention.

7. The national organization committee hereby created is instructed to look after the work of organization and education in each state, to reform our lines and to co-operate with the regular organization when in line with populist principles.

8. We further recommend that in each township, county and state the committees be looked after by the members of the national organization committee, and, where necessary, organized by the election of members who are in harmony with the party and its principles and who are in favor of preserving its autonomy.

9. We urge upon the members of this party the necessity of more thorough and vigorous plans of education and organization than have been in vogue the past two years. To

that end we heartily recommend the co-operative and club plans perfected by the committee appointed for that purpose by the National Reform Press at Memphis, of which J. H. Ferris, Joliet, Ill., is the present chairman.

10. The national organization committee shall provide for the management of the committee here constituted the initiative and referendum and imperative mandate, and we recommend that the first national convention of the people's party shall adopt the same as a governing law of the party in its entire organization.

11. The national organization committee of the people's party chosen by this conference, shall have full power and authority to call a national convention of the party, or to submit any question to the voters of the party on the referendum plan whenever they may determine that the best interests of the party require the same.

The following national committee was chosen and given power to act in the promotion of organization, calling conventions and furthering the cause of party interest:

Alabama—J. H. Harris, Oak Bower; Z. Gaston, Greenville; I. C. Watson, Jacksonville.

Arkansas—W. S. Morgan, Hardy; A. N. Files, Little Rock; J. E. Scanlon, Bee Branch.

Florida—F. H. Lytler, Stanton; A. P. Baskin, Anthony; C. C. Post, Sea Breeze.

Georgia—Gen. William Phillips, Marietta; William D. Hawkins, Flowery Branch; Dr. R. W. Mays, Jackson.

Illinois—J. H. Ferris, Joliet; L. D. Reynolds, Chicago; G. W. Wickline, Nashville.

Indiana—N. H. Molsinger, Shouls; J. H. Allen, Terre Haute; T. B. Rogers, Logansport.

Iowa—J. O. Beebe, Weaver; A. W. C. Weeks, Winterset; Albi Reed, Muscatine.

Kansas—J. F. Willets, McLouth; A. Stineberger, Girard; J. V. B. Kennedy, Ft. Scott.

Kentucky—Jo A. Parker, Louisville; W. B. Bridgeford, Frankford; Samuel James, Owensboro.

Louisiana—N. F. Naff, Naff; J. C. Rocket, Shreveport; B. W. Bailey, Winfield.

Michigan—John O. Zables, Petersburg; J. R. McBride, Grand Rapids; Robert Blemke, Marquette.

Minnesota—J. B. Dukes, Minneapolis; J. C. Hanley, St. Paul; L. D. Foster, St. Cloud.

Mississippi—Frank Burkitt, Okalona; S. M. Hollingsworth, Dry Grove; R. Brewer, Memphis.

Missouri—P. J. Dixon, Chillicothe; J. H. Ellis, McFall; Dr. D. W. Eskew, Poplar Bluff.

Nebraska—L. Stebbins, North Platte; H. M. Stewart, Clayton; J. O. Wyser, Omaha.

Rhode Island—George Arnold.

Tennessee—William Mullins, Antioch; W. E. McLennahan, Beechville; B. G. West, 109 Polk street, Memphis.

Texas—Charles Jenkins, Bronson; C. W. Kirkpatrick, McKinney; O. E. Metzger, Hallettsville.

Washington—A. P. Tugwell, Tacoma; Dr. R. H. McLean, Spokane; Dr. W. D. Mays, Pomeroy.

West Virginia—H. Z. Martin, Neponset; Dr. J. W. Shull, Pleasant Dale; H. A. Altizer, Arnoldsburg.

Wisconsin—Robert Schilling, Milwaukee; C. M. Burt, Viroqua; William Monroe, West Superior.

The following national officers were named:

Chairman—Milton Park of Texas.  
Secretary—W. S. Morgan of Arkansas.  
Treasurer—Dr. Crowe of Alabama.  
Executive Committee—A. A. Gunter of Alabama, Ignatius Donnelly of Minnesota, Col. W. D. Peake of Georgia, L. C. Bateman of Maine and A. Stineberger of Kansas.

The committee met at St. Louis Nov. 24 and, although the members met behind closed doors, a statement was made as to the business transacted. Resolutions were adopted as follows:

Recognizing the importance of active and aggressive work to the end of lining up all reform forces for future campaigns, we, the national organization committee of the people's party, hereby call a meeting of said committee at the Laclede hotel, St. Louis, Mo., for Jan. 12, 1898. To the end of restoring perfect harmony in the ranks of the party and effecting a more compact organization we respectfully invite the national committee of the people's party to meet with us in conference on the above date, appealing to their patriotic sense of duty to aid us in restoring to its once splendid estate our party organization.

Feeling it due to the members of the people's party to outline the objects of this call, we submit the following:

We recommend the holding of a national

nominating convention on the first Wednesday in April, 1898. We recommend the holding of state conventions, at which delegates to the national convention shall be chosen, on the third Wednesday in March, 1898. We recommend that the nominations of congressmen be delayed until after the holding of the national convention.

We recommend that the platform on which the contest for 1898 and 1900 be waged should embody the following propositions:

1. Absolute paper money, based upon every commodity and resource of the nation, a full legal tender and receivable for all dues to the United States.

2. Free coinage of gold and silver at the present legal ratio; the coin debts of the United States payable in either at the option of the government.

3. All money to be issued by the government and paid out direct to the people for services rendered or to be loaned to them at a low rate of interest on safe security and without the intervention of private banks, provided that the volume of the currency shall not exceed \$50 per capita.

4. Government ownership and operation of railroads, telegraph and telephone lines.

5. Opposition to alien ownership and holding of land for speculative purposes.

6. Opposition to court-made law.

7. Opposition to trusts.

8. We specially recommend the initiative and referendum and imperative mandate.

## INTEREST AND STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.

STATES.	INTEREST.		LIMITATIONS.			STATES.	INTEREST.		LIMITATIONS.		
	Legal rate.	By con- tract.	Judg- ments.	Notes.	Accounts.		Legal rate.	By con- tract.	Judg- ments.	Notes.	Accounts.
	P. ct.	P. ct.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.		P. ct.	P. ct.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.
Alabama.....	8	8	20	*6	3	Nebraska .....	6	10	5	5	4
Arkansas.....	6	10	10	5	3	Nevada.....	7	Any	6	6	4
Arizona.....	7	Any	5	5	3	New Hampshire.....	6	6	20	6	6
California.....	7	Any	5	4	2	New Jersey.....	6	6	20	6	6
Colorado.....	8	Any	20	6	6	New Mexico.....	6	12	7	6	4
Connecticut.....	6	Any	†	†	3	New York.....	6	6	20	6	6
Delaware.....	6	6	†	6	3	North Carolina.....	6	6	10	*3	3
Dist. of Columbia.....	6	10	12	3	3	North Dakota.....	6	12	10	6	6
Florida.....	8	10	20	5	2	Ohio.....	6	8	5	15	6
Georgia.....	7	8	7	6	4	Oklahoma.....	7	Any	1	5	3
Idaho.....	10	18	6	5	4	Oregon.....	8	10	10	6	6
Illinois.....	6	7	20	10	5	Pennsylvania.....	6	6	5	6	6
Indiana.....	6	8	†	10	6	Rhode Island.....	6	Any	20	6	6
Iowa.....	6	8	20	10	5	South Carolina.....	7	8	10	6	6
Kansas.....	6	10	5	5	3	South Dakota.....	7	12	10	6	6
Kentucky.....	6	6	15	15	*5	Tennessee.....	6	6	10	6	6
Louisiana.....	6	8	10	5	3	Texas.....	8	10	10	4	2
Maine.....	6	Any	20	†6	6	Utah.....	8	Any	5	4	2
Maryland.....	6	6	12	3	3	Vermont.....	6	6	8	††6	6
Massachusetts.....	6	Any	20	6	6	Virginia.....	8	6	10	5	2
Michigan.....	6	10	6	6	6	Washington.....	7	12	6	6	3
Minnesota.....	7	10	10	6	6	West Virginia.....	6	6	10	10	5
Mississippi.....	6	10	7	6	3	Wisconsin.....	7	10	20	6	6
Missouri.....	6	8	20	10	5	Wyoming.....	8	12	21	5	6
Montana.....	7	12	10	8	5						

\* Under seal 10. † No law. ‡ Negotiable notes 6; non-negotiable 17. § Varies by counties.  
† Real estate 20. †† Under seal 12. ††† Under seal 14.

## DEEP WATERWAYS GREAT LAKES TO ATLANTIC SEABOARD.

(By L. E. Cooley of the U. S. Commission.)

In September, 1894, an international convention was called at Toronto, Ont., to consider the opening up of deep-water communication between the great lakes and the Atlantic seaboard. An International Deep Waterways association was formed, under the auspices of which a convention of specialists in trade and transportation was held at Cleveland in September, 1895. At both conventions the Hon. O. A. Howland of Toronto was made international president of the association, Lyman E. Cooley of Chicago, American vice-president, and James Fisher of Winnipeg, Canadian vice-president. The association has also a president for each state and province of the territory specially interested.

The action of both conventions was in the spirit of the treaty of Washington and in harmony with its provisions, by which any waterway which may be constructed between the great lakes and the seaboard, whether on American or Canadian soil, is made international in character and is available on equal terms to citizens of the United States and the subjects of Great Britain. The conventions went further and declared heartily in favor of an international court of arbitration, with special reference to the settlement of any difficulties that might arise in the use of the present and contemplated waterways. The spirit of this declaration has since been covered in the treaty of arbitration negotiated by Mr. Olney and submitted to the senate by President Cleveland.

Meantime the efforts of the association had resulted in the following item in the sundry civil bill of March 2, 1895:

"Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States is authorized to appoint immediately after the passage of this joint resolution three persons, who shall have power to meet and confer with any similar committee which may be appointed by the government of Great Britain or the Dominion of Canada, and who shall make inquiry and report whether it is feasible to build such canals as shall enable vessels engaged in ocean commerce to pass to and fro between the great lakes and the Atlantic ocean, with an adequate and controllable supply of water for continual use, where such canals can be most conveniently located and the probable cost of the same, with estimates in detail; and if any part of the same should be built in the territory of Canada what regulations or treaty arrangements will be necessary between the United States and Great Britain to preserve the free use of such canals to the people of this country at all times; and all necessary facts and considerations relating to the construction and use of deep-water channels between the great lakes and the Atlantic ocean.

"The persons so appointed shall serve without compensation in any form, but they shall be paid their actual traveling and other necessary expenses, not exceeding in all \$10,000, for which purpose the said sum of \$10,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated. The president may, in his discretion, detail as one of such persons an officer of the United States navy or of the army."

On Nov. 4 following the president announced the appointment of James B. Angell, Ann Arbor, Mich.; John E. Russell, Leicester, Mass., and Lyman E. Cooley, Chicago, Ill., as the commission.

The Canadian government took identical action by an order in council, and appointed as its commission O. A. Howland, Toronto; Thomas Keefer, Ottawa, and Thomas Morris, Colean Landing.

The commissions held several joint meetings and assigned the respective lines of inquiry. The report of the American commission was submitted to congress on Jan. 18, 1897, by the president in a special letter of commendation and was followed by an appropriation of \$150,000 and the appointment of a board of engineers to make the examination and surveys recommended.

The report of the Canadian commission was submitted under date of June 17, 1897, and is largely supplemental to the American report and referring to the same collection of data. The position of the Canadian commission and the policy commended to its government is one that shall be responsive to the American initiative.

The American report does not attempt to reach final conclusions, as the funds were ridiculously inadequate to this end; but it presents for the first time a broad and comprehensive review of the physical conditions and the scope of the inquiry, determines that the purpose to be accomplished is entirely feasible, and narrows the matter down to a definite line of special inquiry and surveys, so that the board of engineers has only to make the special studies called for. The subject dealt with is of such transcendent importance and promises such a revolution in transportation conditions that an extended review is justified.

The commerce of the great lakes has now reached such proportions that the number of steam vessels of over 1,000 tons exceeds that of the same class owned on both the Atlantic and Pacific seaboard. The number of tons carried one mile is nearly one-third of that of all the railways of the United States. In the one item of iron ore some 60 per cent of the entire product of the country is carried on these waters. Industrial necessities and the longer water hauls as compared to the rail have brought about a revolution in the method of handling freight at terminals, especially in ore and coal, until the cost of carriage has been reduced on some lines below that of ocean service. The recent deepening of the intermediate channels gives low-water depths of eighteen feet in place of the former draft of fourteen feet and an ordinary depth of twenty feet in place of sixteen feet. The recent fleet built to utilize this improvement can carry a cargo of some 6,000 tons, and a steamer with two barge consort has been launched capable of taking with one crew and in one tow 20,000 tons of ore or coal.

These results have so far accentuated the advantages of water carriage that ore can be taken from Lake Superior to Lake Erie points, nearly 1,000 miles, at 50 cents per ton and coal returned at 25 to 40 cents, while the rate quoted on Mr. Carnegie's special double-track railway, with 100-pound rails and 50-ton cars, for mineral traffic between Conneaut and the Pittsburgh district is 50 cents and over for a haul of about one-tenth.

Grain cargoes to Buffalo, which have averaged about 1 1-3 cents per bushel, have not yet come down in proportion, but will drop to about two-thirds, or to  $\frac{1}{2}$  to 1 cent per bushel, and cargoes have been carried inside of 1 cent.

The maximum lake trip from Chicago and Duluth to Buffalo is now \$30 and 1,000 miles respectively. At Buffalo the charge for transshipment on east-bound business has been frequently greater (on grain) than the carriage by vessel. Charging to the terminal everything which legitimately pertains to the transfer, the cost for shipping grain to Liverpool for several years past has averaged as follows:

	Cents per bushel.
Lake rate for 330 miles.....	1.37
Buffalo transfer.....	1.38
Erie canal rate, 500 miles.....	1.38
New York transfer (depending on storage).....	1.63 or more
Ocean rate for 3,500 miles.....	4.57

Total, Chicago to Liverpool.....12.16

The combined lake and ocean rate is 5.94 cents, as against a charge of 6.23 cents across the state of New York with its two terminals. A reduction of lake rates due to the larger vessels will increase the discrepancy, while the improvement of the Erie canal now under way, and a reform in transfer charges, will decrease the charge across New York state. Still, the substantial fact remains that from Lake Erie to the seaboard the charge has been and is likely to continue greater than the free water carriage for ten times the distance.

In further illustration may be cited the grain rate to Montreal by lake vessel to Ogdensburg or Prescott and thence by barge to Montreal. After taking out canal and transfer charges it is found that the lake rate for 1,160 miles is less than the barge rate for 120 miles between Prescott and Montreal, and only about one-third the total through rate.

The consideration of such facts makes apparent the enormous advantage of moving freight in large cargoes without breaking bulk. With a suitable waterway development it is estimated that a vessel could make the round trip between Chicago and Montreal in 50 per cent more time than between Chicago and Buffalo and that the freight rate ought not to be over 50 per cent greater to Montreal than to Buffalo. Again, the round-trip time by the Champlain route to New York should not exceed the Buffalo time over 80 to 90 per cent, or the New York rate will be less than double the lake rate to Buffalo. With the new type of vessel and Buffalo rate of  $\frac{3}{4}$  to 1 cent the New York rate will be inside of  $\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 cents, as against the prevailing rate of 5.9 cents by lake and canal. The Mohawk route may give still more favorable results. The Montreal rate should be  $\frac{1}{4}$  to  $\frac{1}{2}$  cents under the new conditions.

It will be perceived that these probable rates to the seaboard do not differ greatly from the present transfer charge to ocean vessels, so there is a large margin to induce a type of vessel that shall be adapted to both lake and ocean navigation, that may carry cargoes unbroken for foreign delivery. Considering this class of facts induced Commissioner Russell to predict that with the early exhaustion of high-grade Spanish Bessemer ores Lake Superior ores could be profitably shipped for foreign delivery, and as if almost in fulfillment an agent of a

Belgian firm has asked a Chicago firm to quote a price, so that this may not be impossible even on the completion of the Canadian system of canals in 1899, which will then permit the passage of a steel vessel with a cargo of 2,000 tons. Mr. Russell is further of opinion that the methods of handling lake freights at terminals, if carried into the ocean business, will revolutionize the ocean carrying trade and that the pioneers in these methods will reap the fruits wherever they have the opportunity to enter the field.

The commissions conclude that in the interior of the continent is to be expected relatively the largest future development and that the economic conditions will demand the largest type of carrier found useful in any trade in the world, and they recommend the development of water routes adequate to vessels of a draft of not less than 28 feet. They assume a type of vessel with a draft of 27 feet, a beam (outside) of 60 feet and a length of 540 feet and capable of carrying a cargo of 11,000 to 15,000 net tons, according to model and speed.

They assume a second type, adapted to the present interlake and to the coasting trade, of a draft of 20 $\frac{1}{2}$  feet, a breadth of 45 feet and a length of 405 feet, with a cargo capacity of 4,800 to 6,400 net tons. They recommend that works be projected on the larger basis and so built, except in so far as they may, without prejudice, be developed progressively.

After an examination of all the routes that have been suggested and advocated by diverse interests they conclude that the most eligible route for deep-water navigation, starting from the head of Lake Superior at Duluth-Superior, and from the head of Lake Michigan at Chicago, is by the several lakes and their intermediate channels and by the proposed Niagara ship canal (Niagara river at Tonawanda to Lake Ontario at Olean) to Lake Ontario; thence the Canadian seaboard may be reached through the St. Lawrence, and the American seaboard via the St. Lawrence, Lake Champlain and the Hudson river, or by the Oswego-Onondaga-Mohawk valley and the Hudson river, the decision between the two latter lines to be reached on comprehensive surveys and matured projects. The Ottawa route from Georgian bay via the Ottawa river, the Huron-Lake route from Georgian bay via Lake Simcoe to Lake Ontario, and the direct route from Lake Erie through Western New York along the Erie canal are not considered available.

Attention is called to the fact that the domestic movement to and from that portion of the Atlantic seaboard between Norfolk and Portland vastly exceeds the foreign movement and that a St. Lawrence route would be of little utility in this trade on account of the distance that must be doubled by the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and that perforce a route to the American seaboard is a necessity and that its only available outlet is by the Hudson river.

Independent of seaboard considerations the utility of uniting Lake Superior to the upper lakes is conceived to have the same justification as the opening of Lake Superior, which has been so fruitful in developing traffic. The same argument carries the union to Lake Champlain, which lies at the back door of New England and is favorably situated for a distributive traffic and for return cargoes of package freight, iron ore and building stone. Thus would be united

the six great lakes, bordering immediately nine states.

To obtain thirty feet of water between Chicago and Buffalo involves forty-three miles of deepened channels, or about the same amount of work as has already been carried out in the deepening of the St. Lawrence, by which ocean navigation has been extended 160 miles from Quebec to Montreal. The deepening of the tidal Hudson so as to carry ocean navigation involves less work, over a distance of thirty-one miles.

The report gives the relative amount of canal, artificial channel and deepened channel by the three routes now under advisement and concludes that there are no difficulties beyond the magnitude of the works that are not within the resources of engineering of methods approved by experiment. It calls attention to the fact that the large extent of restricted channel makes expedient a comprehensive examination of the subject of ship resistance, to the end that canal prisms and other works may be planned so as to avoid the trouble heretofore met in the navigation of such channels and the assumption so often made that vessels capable of ocean navigation will not use such water routes.

The report presents an elaborate set of maps and profiles of all routes for connecting the several lakes and uniting the same with the Atlantic seaboard.

It also takes up in great detail the hydrology of the lake basin and presents for the first time all the known data in regard to lake fluctuations, area of lake surfaces and watersheds, elevations of the lake system and also the effect of gales on lake vessels. It also gives an original collection of data in regard to the ice season, covering the ter-

ritory from Cairo to Hudson's bay and from the Yellowstone to the Atlantic, from which important deductions are made respecting the effect of ice on the vessel routes.

Several important topics, as outflow of the lakes and its variations with rainfall, ship resistance in restricted channels and the purely commercial questions are not treated at length, although the necessity is pointed out. Lack of resources and time requires that these be deferred. The suggestions as to the final course of the investigations are, however, so complete and so explicit that congress has made them part of the instructions to the board of engineers recently appointed.

The commission estimates an expenditure of \$600,000 as required to complete the subject, \$250,000 to be devoted to a systematic measurement of the lake outflow and to kindred matters and \$350,000 to examinations, surveys and investigations leading quickly to a final project. Of this \$150,000 has been appropriated as recommended for the first year.

Both commissions in the spirit of the law of their creation have considered the subject-matter without international bias and ignoring the boundary line, considering that the facts should be clearly set forth and that the political aspects of the problem were the proper province of the legislative bodies of the two countries, after these facts had been ascertained and digested.

The question of a water route from the lake to the Gulf of Mexico seaboard was not considered within the province of the inquiry at this time.

The report is H. R. Doc. No. 192, LIVth cong, 2d Ses., and contains twenty-eight plates.

### ICE DATA RELATIVE TO NAVIGATION.

The following table, compiled from the report of the United States deep waterways commission, shows the average dates when rivers, streams, lakes and canals are closed by ice and the average dates of opening:

Location.	Clos- ing.	Open- ing.	Days closed.
Amoskeag, N. H.....	Nov. 28	March 19	111
Albany, N. Y.....	Dec. 15	March 20	95
Alpena, Mich.....	Dec. 19	April 6	108
Blomack, N. D.....	Nov. 25	March 31	128
Brainerd, Minn.....	Nov. 20	April 17	149
Buffalo, N. Y.....	Dec. 12	April 6	118
Cairo, Ill. (Mississippi river).....	Jan. 9	Feb. 5	27
Cairo, Ill. (Ohio river).....	Jan. 26	Feb. 3	8
Campbellton, N. B.....	Dec. 6	May 1	146
Cape Vincent, N. Y.....	Dec. 20	April 20	111
Charleston, W. Va.....	Jan. 20	Jan. 28	8
Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island.....	Dec. 23	April 15	113
Chesapeake light-house, Michigan.....	Dec. 17	April 11	115
Cherry Island light- house, Quebec.....	Nov. 30	April 27	148
Chicago, Ill.....	Jan. 7	Feb. 27	51
Cincinnati, O.....	Jan. 15	Jan. 25	10
Cleveland, O.....	Dec. 23	March 23	90
Collingwood, Ont.....	Dec. 2	April 25	144
Davenport, Iowa.....	Dec. 12	March 19	97
Des Moines rapids, Iowa.....	Jan. 3	Feb. 20	48
Detroit river, Mich.....	Dec. 17	March 20	93

Location.	Clos- ing.	Open- ing.	Days closed.
DuBoistown, Pa.....	Dec. 30	Feb. 13	44
Dubuque, Iowa.....	Nov. 26	March 21	115
Duluth, Minn.....	Dec. 6	April 24	139
Erie, Pa.....	Dec. 21	April 8	108
Escanaba, Mich.....	Dec. 6	April 20	135
Fort Benton, Mont.....	Jan. 3	Feb. 27	55
Fort Buford, N. D.....	Nov. 13	April 13	151
Fort Custer, Mont.....	Dec. 9	March 18	99
Fort Gratiot light- house, Michigan.....	Dec. 19	April 6	108
Goderich, Ont.....	Dec. 4	April 16	123
Grand Forks, N. D.....	Nov. 8	April 15	158
Grand Haven, Mich.....	Feb. 4	Feb. 18	14
Grand Rapids, Mich.....	Nov. 29	March 23	113
Grand Traverse, Mich.....	Dec. 21	April 3	103
Green Bay, Wis.....	Dec. 6	April 15	130
Hartford, Conn.....	Dec. 12	March 13	90
Jefferson City, Mo.....	Jan. 11	Feb. 2	22
Kansas City, Mo.....	Jan. 5	Feb. 12	35
Keokuk, Iowa.....	Jan. 5	Feb. 25	51
Kingston, Ont.....	Jan. 2	April 8	96
LaCrosse, Wis.....	Dec. 5	March 26	111
Lake Champlain, Vt.....	Jan. 26	April 1	64
Lake Pepin, Minnesota.....	Nov. 25	April 13	138
Leavenworth, Kas.....	Jan. 7	Feb. 18	42
Louisville, Ky.....	.....	.....	12
Mackinaw City, Mich.....	Dec. 31	April 15	105
Marquette, Mich.....	Nov. 28	May 3	156
Menominee, Mich.....	Dec. 28	April 14	107
Milwaukee, Wis.....	Feb. 24	March 10	14
Montreal, Que.....	Dec. 13	April 20	123

Location.	Clos- ing.	Open- ing.	Days closed.	Location.	Clos- ing.	Open- ing.	Days closed.
Morris, Ill.....	Jan. 6	March 10	63	Straits of Mackinaw, Michigan.....	Jan. 9	April 17	98
Nebraska City, Neb.....	Dec. 14	Feb. 27	75	Sydney, N. S.....	Jan. 13	April 23	99
Ogdensburg, N. Y.....	Dec. 15	April 10	116	Terre Haute, Ind.....	Dec. 14	Feb. 16	64
Omaha, Neb.....	Dec. 14	March 16	92	Arsenal, Central park, New York city.....	Jan. 5	Feb. 15	41
Oshkosh, Wis.....	Nov. 22	April 14	143	Toledo, O.....	Dec. 10	April 1	112
Oswego, N. Y.....	Dec. 17	April 14	108	Toronto, Ont.....	Dec. 19	March 21	92
Ottawa, Ont.....	Nov. 26	April 25	150	Turners Falls, Mass.....	Dec. 9	March 16	97
Peoria, Ill.....	Dec. 17	Feb. 21	66	Whitehall, N. Y.....	Dec. 17	April 11	115
Pictou, N. S.....	Dec. 25	April 12	108	Windsor, Ont.....	Dec. 16	Feb. 28	72
Pierre, S. D.....	Nov. 28	March 30	122	Winnipeg, Man.....	Nov. 8	April 21	164
Pittsburg, Pa.....	Jan. 27	Jan. 29	2	Yankton, S. D.....	Dec. 7	March 21	104
Point Pleasant, W. Va.....	Jan. 6	Jan. 18	12	Zanesville, O.....	Jan. 3	Feb. 25	53
Port Huron, Mich.....	Dec. 11	April 4	114				
Quebec, Que.....	Dec. 4	April 21	138				
Quincy, Ill.....	Dec. 13	Feb. 27	76				
Rochester, N. Y.....	Dec. 9	April 5	117				
Rock Island, Ill.....	Dec. 28	March 14	76				
St. Paul, Minn.....	Nov. 21	April 13	143				
Sandusky bay, Mich.....	Dec. 19	March 22	93				
Sarnia, Ont.....	Dec. 24	March 28	94				
Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.....	Dec. 2	April 30	149				
Sioux City, Iowa.....	Dec. 17	March 17	90				
St. Clair flats, Mich.....	Dec. 15	April 4	110				
St. Croix river, Wis.....	Nov. 20	April 9	140				
St. Joseph, Mo.....	Dec. 19	Feb. 19	62				
St. Louis, Mo.....	Dec. 19	Jan. 20	32				
St. Mary's falls, Mich.....	Dec. 2	April 27	140				
St. Vincent, Minn.....	Nov. 10	April 18	159				

## CANALS.

Beauharnais, Quebec.....	Dec. 3	April 28	146
Chesapeake and Ohio.....	Nov. 28	April 30	153
Champlain, N. Y.....	Dec. 23	March 18	85
Delaware and Hudson, New York.....	Dec. 5	April 7	123
Erie, New York.....	Dec. 5	April 27	143
Illinois and Michigan, Illinois.....	Nov. 24	April 1	128
Lachine, Ontario.....	Dec. 2	April 30	149
Portage Lake Ship, Michigan.....	Nov. 27	May 1	155
Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.....	Dec. 3	April 25	143
Welland, Ontario.....	Dec. 10	April 17	128

## INLAND NAVIGATION OF THE UNITED STATES.

The following is from a paper upon "Inland Navigation in the United States" presented to the Institution of Civil Engineers by Maj. Smith S. Leach, engineer corps, U. S. A.:

The length of the navigable rivers of the United States on which some measure of improvement has been undertaken exceeds 26,400 miles. The geographical distribution is: Atlantic slope, 5,500 miles; Gulf slope, 4,200 miles; Mississippi basin, 15,100 miles; lake basin, 200 miles; and Pacific slope, 1,500 miles. The great lakes have in the United States a developed shore line of 3,700 miles, along which are seventy-six harbors, improved or artificially created; while the bays and sounds of the Atlantic coast have 3,600 miles, and those of the Pacific, not including Alaska, 1,900 miles, making a total of 10,200 miles of shore along which goods might be embarked for water transportation. Of the 26,400 miles of navigable rivers 13,500 miles have been improved for open navigation, distributed as follows: Of 4 feet depth or less, 1,944 miles; of 4 feet depth, 3,373 miles; of 5 feet depth, 1,200 miles; of 6 and 7 feet depth, 2,792 miles; of 8 to 10 feet depth, 1,550 miles; of 11 to 20 feet, 280 miles, and of more than 20 feet depth, 246 miles.

Besides this open navigation projects have been approved and work completed or begun for 2,000 miles of slack-water navigation, with locks and fixed or movable dams. These projects will require 163 locks, with a total lift of 1,565 feet. Ninety-two locks have been constructed and are now in operation, with a total lift of 820 feet, which give 4,985 miles of navigation of 4 to 7 feet depth.

There are 32 miles of lateral canals in operation to avoid rapids on the St. Mary's, Mississippi, Ohio and Tennessee rivers; and on the latter stream 11 miles more are under

construction. There are also 31 miles of "cut-off" canals in operation, providing shorter and safer routes; and another canal of this class, 50 miles long, from the Mississippi to the Illinois, is under construction. All these are owned by the United States and are free. In addition, 4,665 miles of canals have been built by states and corporations, comprising both of the classes named, and a third class which may be called connecting canals, uniting two separate drainage basins having no natural inland water communication. Of these 2,215 miles have been abandoned, leaving 2,450 miles in operation, with 937 locks aggregating 9,723 feet lift. The canals in operation average a lock to 2.6 miles. Of those abandoned, 483 miles had 502 locks, and a ratio of a lock to the mile would probably be a fair average for all of them.

The Erie canal has been almost constantly in course of enlargement, first by doubling its locks, and then by lengthening them, which latter work is now complete except at the flights. Under a new project of enlargement just adopted the Erie canal will be deepened to 9 feet and the Champlain canal to 7 feet. Probably hydraulic lifts will replace the flights at Lockport and Cohoes and possibly elsewhere. Other important projects in progress are the Hennepin canal, connecting the Mississippi at Rock Island with the Illinois near LaSalle, and the Chicago drainage canal, which will ultimately replace the Illinois and Michigan canal. Surveys are being made by the United States to determine the feasibility of a modern canal across Ohio. Surveys have also been made for a ship canal from Pittsburgh to Lake Erie.

The total expenditure on works of inland navigation has exceeded \$450,000,000, one-ninth of which is represented by the abandoned canals.

## TRANS-MISSISSIPPI AND INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION.

The Trans-Mississippi and International exposition will open its gates in Omaha, the metropolis of Nebraska, June 1, 1893, and continue for five months. It will for the first time adequately reveal the wealth and resources of the western world. This exposition had its origin in resolutions adopted by the trans-Mississippi commercial congress at Omaha in 1893, representing twenty-four states and territories. The exposition is controlled by a corporation known as the Trans-Mississippi and International Exposition, with a capital of \$1,000,000. The management is vested in a directory of fifty members, with an executive committee of six department managers. Each department is divided into appropriate bureaus in charge of experts in their respective branches. In addition to the stock subscriptions, revenues aggregating not less than \$1,000,000 from various sources have been assured. Under an act of congress the enterprise is granted recognition as a national and international exposition, with privileges for the admission of foreign exhibits free of duty, the right to strike memorial medals through the United States mints, and all other privileges heretofore granted to international exhibitions. The government will erect a large building and place therein a government exhibit. The bill carried an appropriation of \$200,000. The secretary of the treasury has issued official orders covering the regulations under which foreign exhibitors may participate. By direction of President McKinley the state department has extended invitations to the rulers of foreign nations soliciting them to participate. A commission appointed by the president will collect the materials for a magnificent government exhibit.

Nebraska has appropriated \$100,000, Illinois \$45,000, Montana \$30,000, and Colorado, Utah, Iowa and other western states have made appropriations and are preparing extensive exhibits. In Nebraska and adjoining states there is an aggregate population of over 9,000,000. The managers of the exposition estimate the total attendance will be not far from 2,500,000.

The city of Omaha has contributed \$30,000, through its park commission, and will doubtless increase this sum to a total of \$100,000 by expenditures for beautifying and improving the exposition grounds and approaches thereto before the opening day of the exposition, while Douglas county, of which Omaha is the seat, has authorized an issue of \$100,000 in exposition bonds.

The exposition grounds are within the city limits, on the north side. The area known as the Kountze tract, lying across 20th street and extending from Sherman avenue to 24th street, because of its location, topography and symmetry, was selected as the focus for the group of main buildings. This ground measures about half a mile in length by 670 feet in width. A tract of sixty acres lies at right angles to it on the east of Sherman avenue, stretching along the bluffs and overlooking the river and country beyond. The remainder of the exposition grounds lies west of Sherman avenue and includes the old fair grounds and the land beyond it as far as to the station of Oak Chatham. The area of the northwest tract is eighty acres. Sherman avenue will be spanned by two bridges, thus joining the three tracts, and, with the 20th street junction of the Kountze and Oak Chatham tracts, providing for unim-

peded circulation through the grounds. The main entrance is on the south side, at the intersection of 20th street, through the arch of states into the grand canal court. This arch, one of the most noticeable in the group of structures, is decorated with a frieze composed of the arms of the trans-Mississippi states, the whole being surmounted by sculpture figures bearing the United States shield. A lagoon extends the entire length of the tract.

The great buildings of the exposition are situated on either side of the lagoon, between Sherman avenue and 24th street, as follows: Agriculture, fine arts, electricity and machinery, mines and mining, liberal arts, manufactures and the auditorium. At the west end is the government building. On the north line, facing the lagoon, at the intersection of 20th street, stands the administration building. The arch of the states forms the main entrance to the grounds at the intersection of 20th street. The horticulture, dairy, apiary, poultry and the various state buildings are located on the bluffs tract east of the grand court. The estimated expenditures for preparation and embellishment of the grounds and the construction of buildings approximate \$1,200,000.

The Illinois building is two stories high, covering an area of 90 by 140 feet. The structure will be surmounted by a dome, the top of which will be sixty feet above the ground.

The Wisconsin building is a pleasing type of classic architecture. The pediment is supported by four immense fluted Corinthian columns, forming the entrance of the edifice. The angles of the building are flanked on both sides by pilasters of the Corinthian order.

At the extreme west end of the lagoon the water spreads out either way into a broad basin, a trefoll in plan, lying directly before the government building, and surrounded by a peristyle of double columns, forming shady promenades on both sides. These colonnades converge toward the west, the false perspective tending greatly to magnify the extent of water and open space beyond. Here the sculptured architecture is everywhere doubled in effect by reflection.

Under the department of exhibits the following subdivisions or bureaus have been created, viz.: Agriculture, horticulture, forestry, irrigation, live stock and dairy, mines and mining, liberal arts, manufactures, fine arts, education. The sections devoted to machinery and electricity are in charge of commissioners. The bureau of fine arts is under the direction of the Western Art association. The bureau of education is under the superintendency of the woman's board. Manufactures, mines and mining and liberal arts are under the direct control of the manager of the department.

Nearly eighty acres of land at the north end of the vast inclosure has been set apart for a racing course, live-stock stalls, a ten-acre irrigating exhibit in operation, agricultural exhibits, etc. In fact, agriculture and live stock are prominent features of the exposition.

All the agricultural products will be shown in a way to set forth their value and the proportionate part they take in the products of the west. The various branches, dairying, horticulture, poultry, stock growing, etc., will be cared for in separate buildings

specially erected for and adapted to them. The beet-sugar industry will be displayed in a most graphic manner.

No other exposition has ever given so much space proportionately to the horticultural exhibit and especially to the fruit-growing industry.

In pursuance of the original plan efforts are being put forth to present a collective mining exhibit which shall excel any former exposition of the products of American mines.

The northern extremity of the bluff tract is connected with the main grounds by a viaduct over Sherman avenue leading to a large area devoted to concessions. There will be exhibitions of mechanical novelties in infinite variety.

An interesting feature will be Cripple Creek in miniature, an exact reproduction of the famous Cripple Creek mining camp. The concession for Cripple Creek occupies 15,000 square feet.

The Afro-American village will be illustrative of every phase of life among the negroes of the south.

Among other attractions are: The baby incubator; Irish, Tyrolean and Moorish villages; old Vienna, reproduction of Marcus place, Venice; old English county fair; Haggenbeck's animal show; wild west show; Mogul Indian snake dance; cyclorama of the battle of Lookout mountain; the scenic railway, moving picture features, etc.

An attractive feature of the amusement section will be Sherman's umbrella, a massive mechanical invention by which passengers are elevated to a height of 300 feet and revolved slowly within a circle whose diameter is 250 feet. At night the tower will be brilliantly illuminated by electricity, while at the apex a powerful searchlight will be placed. This stream of light may be seen for a distance of 100 miles.

One of the features will be a reproduction, historically correct in all its details, of the last great council of the amalgamated tribes of the Kiowas and Apaches, held in June, 1867. The encampment, which at the time the council was held covered a circle of country ten miles in extent, will occupy four acres of ground at the exposition. The encampment will consist of 250 tepees.

#### OFFICERS.

Gurdon W. Wattles, president.  
Alvin Saunders, resident vice-president.  
Herman Kountze, treasurer.  
John A. Wakefield, secretary.  
Carroll S. Montgomery, general counsel.

#### EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Zachary T. Lindsay, chairman and manager department ways and means.  
Edward Rosewater, manager publicity and promotion.  
Freeman P. Kirkendall, manager department buildings and grounds.  
Edward E. Bruce, manager department exhibits.  
Abram L. Reed, manager department concessions and privileges.  
Wm. N. Babcock, manager department transportation.

#### U. S. GOVERNMENT COMMISSION.

Department of Agriculture—J. H. Brigham, president of commission.  
Treasury Department—Charles E. Kemper, architect.  
Department of the Interior—F. W. Clarke, State Department—W. H. Michael, Smithsonian Institution and National Museum—F. W. True.  
Department of Justice—Frank Strong.  
Postoffice Department—J. B. Brownlow.  
War Department—Capt. A. C. Sharpe.  
Navy Department—Lieut. C. McCormick.  
Fish Commission—Wm. De C. Ravenal.

#### FOREIGN CARRYING TRADE.

Values of imports and exports of the United States carried in American and foreign vessels each fiscal year for the last thirty years, with the percentage carried in American vessels.

YEAR ENDING JUNE 30.	IMPORTS.		EXPORTS.		Per cent. in Am. vessels.
	In American vessels.	In foreign vessels.	In American vessels.	In foreign vessels.	
1867.....	\$117,209,536	\$307,622,036	\$180,625,998	\$280,708,398	33.9
1868.....	122,961,225	248,619,568	175,016,348	301,896,491	35.1
1869.....	126,802,124	300,512,231	163,154,748	285,918,781	35.2
1870.....	153,237,077	304,140,510	190,732,324	321,796,978	35.6
1871.....	167,255,710	363,030,444	190,378,462	342,701,932	35.9
1872.....	177,286,302	445,416,783	168,044,719	384,923,579	36.2
1873.....	174,730,834	471,836,743	171,566,758	404,915,836	36.4
1874.....	176,027,778	405,320,116	174,424,216	353,886,971	37.2
1875.....	157,872,736	382,949,568	156,361,076	501,838,949	36.2
1876.....	143,380,704	321,139,500	167,696,467	492,215,487	37.7
1877.....	151,834,067	329,565,833	164,826,214	530,354,708	36.9
1878.....	146,499,212	307,407,665	166,551,624	569,588,564	36.3
1879.....	143,599,353	310,499,590	128,423,369	600,769,633	33.0
1880.....	149,517,968	504,494,913	109,029,309	720,770,521	17.4
1881.....	183,631,146	491,840,269	116,965,724	777,162,714	16.5
1882.....	176,286,820	511,517,402	96,962,918	641,460,397	15.8
1883.....	195,002,190	564,175,516	101,418,210	694,321,348	16.0
1884.....	185,046,307	512,511,192	98,652,828	615,287,007	17.3
1885.....	112,864,012	443,513,811	82,001,691	636,004,765	15.3
1886.....	118,942,817	491,937,636	78,406,896	651,973,477	15.5
1887.....	121,561,498	543,392,216	72,991,258	681,802,232	14.3
1888.....	123,526,298	512,227,67	67,332,175	606,474,964	14.0
1889.....	120,782,910	546,120,861	83,022,196	630,942,610	14.3
1890.....	124,926,577	623,676,134	75,362,012	739,594,424	12.9
1891.....	127,471,788	678,511,768	78,998,047	773,589,324	12.9
1892.....	139,134,911	648,585,976	81,068,544	918,022,833	12.3
1893.....	127,086,434	695,184,594	70,670,078	733,183,174	12.2
1894.....	121,561,198	506,810,334	71,256,583	625,735,916	13.3
1895.....	108,220,615	540,598,361	62,377,661	635,387,630	11.7
1896.....	117,238,074	628,800,521	70,362,813	751,048,000	12.0

## THE COAL MINERS' STRIKE OF 1897.

Early in January, 1897, the annual convention of the United Mine Workers of America was held in the city of Columbus, O., at which the question of miners' wages formed the leading subject of discussion. The continued decline in the wages paid miners for their work induced the convention to take positive grounds not only against a further decrease but also in favor of an advance in the scale then paid in the bituminous-coal districts, which covered a considerable portion of five states, with lesser areas in five or six others. The total number of miners in the entire area is not far from 375,000.

In June the prospect for a further reduction in the wages of coal miners in Ohio increased the unsettled condition and made it evident that a strike would be ordered against such a movement. On the 2d day of July, 1897, the circular announcing a strike was issued by authority of the national executive board and district presidents of the United Mine Workers, which was as follows:

"To the mine workers of the country, greeting. Fellow-miners: At the last annual convention of the United Mine Workers of America, held in the city of Columbus, O., Jan. 12 to 16, 1897, after a full and careful review of the distressing conditions of our craftsmen, brought on by the continued reductions in our wages, in order to prevent any further reduction from taking place and to secure for us a living rate of wages that will enable us to live as Americans ought to, so as to realize from our labor at least a sufficiency to provide the necessities of life, it was determined that the scale of prices should be advanced to the following rates:

"Pennsylvania (Pittsburg district), pick mining, 69 cents per ton; Ohio, pick mining, 60 cents per ton; Indiana (bituminous), pick mining, 60 cents per ton; Illinois (Grape Creek), pick mining, 55 cents per ton, the balance of the state (Illinois) the mining rate of 1894. Machine mining to be paid three-fifths per ton of the price paid for pick mining, except in Indiana (bituminous), where the price shall be four-fifths per ton of the price paid for pick mining; other mining sections a corresponding increase in price that will place them on a relative basis.

"It was further agreed that the time for enforcement of the scale be left with the national executive board and district presidents to determine when it would be most opportune. Therefore, pursuant to the instructions of the national convention, the national board and district presidents met in Columbus on June 24-26 and decided that in their judgment the time was opportune on July 4, 1897, for the enforcement of the before-mentioned scale rates. Therefore, mine workers everywhere will take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

"Fellow-miners, the success and effectiveness of this movement will depend upon the unanimity and fidelity with which you observe and maintain the action of your national convention. The signs of the times, as pointed out by the press and by testimony of men versed in public affairs, are that business is reviving, that an upward tendency in prices of all commodities is apparent. In the general business revival and industrial improvement which are earnestly proclaimed we ought to share, and if we do

not attempt to share we shall be false to ourselves and those dependent upon us, for remember that it has ever been 'that they who would be free must strike the first blow themselves' and that 'eternal vigilance is the price of liberty.'

"Therefore, let our watchword be 'labor is worthy of its hire and mine workers are entitled to a fair day's pay for a fair day's work.'

"In conclusion we would urge upon the mine workers everywhere the necessity of constituting themselves into local committees for the purpose of seeing that action is at once taken to give effect and maintain the objects sought to be accomplished.

"The field of operations is large and it will be an impossibility for the national and district officers to attend to all points, consequently local leaders are urged to assume the responsibility and authority for the successful consummation of our desires.

"To insure success great care should be exercised by all that no breach of the peace occurs at any time or place or under any circumstances. Bulletins will be issued from time to time to keep you informed of the progress of affairs.

"Signed by members of the national executive board and district presidents.

"FRED DITCHER,

"R. L. DAVIS,

"J. H. KENNEDY,

"HENRY STEPHENSON,

"JAMES M. GAYSON,

"PATRICK DOLAN.

"Members National Executive Board.

"W. E. FARMS,

"W. E. KNIGHT,

"JAMES M. DAWSON,

"PATRICK DOLAN.

"District Presidents.

"M. D. RATCHFORD,

"President National Executive Board.

"JOHN KANE,

"Vice-President National Executive Board.

"W. C. PEARCE,

"Secretary National Executive Board."

The number of men to be affected by the strike was given by President Ratchford at 150,000, in round numbers as follows: Ohio, 25,000; Indiana, 20,000; Pennsylvania, 50,000; West Virginia, 10,000; Illinois, 30,000; Kentucky and Tennessee, 10,000; Colorado and other states, 5,000.

With the exception of some mines in the states named, the mines comprising the union very promptly obeyed the orders of the executive committee and mining was practically suspended in the entire area of the bituminous-coal districts. On the 19th of July M. D. Ratchford, president of the executive board of the union, issued the following address, in which he set forth the grievances of which the miners complained and the demands they made upon the mine operators. He said:

"Many inquiries have been made by the press and public as to the causes leading up to our suspension, to which we make the following signed statement: Our suspension is not a choice but an alternative. It is the voice of an enslaved class urged to action by cruel and unbearable conditions, the protest of an overworked, underpaid people against longer continuing a semi-starved existence. This method of re-establishing a living rate of wages was not adopted until all other means had hopelessly failed. Conciliation looking toward a permanent, uni-

form mining price to be jointly determined has been repeatedly proposed by us, and as frequently rejected and even ignored by the employers. The spirit of the opposition was crystallized and summed up by a leading operator in joint conference, who threw down the gage of battle in the following significant language: 'Go on and fight; we are ready for you.'

"Notwithstanding the irritableness and unfairness of the above challenge, conciliation was not despaired of at that time, but was pursued until further and more convincing experience demonstrated the futility of our efforts, when we very reluctantly were forced to abandon them and resort to the last and only means at our command. In entering upon this action of last resort we were fully conscious of the vast proportions of our struggle and its effects upon the business and labor interests of the country, but having done all in our power to avert it, and exceedingly regretting its serious consequences, we do not hesitate to appeal to the nation for its verdict. The limit of endurance was reached when honest labor could no longer sustain itself. On the one side we were confronted by a heartless array of employers, whose combated wisdom and wealth suggested no remedy other than continued submission to avarice and greed. On the other side we were met by the cries of nearly 1,000,000 men, women and children, appealing for their rights to the opportunities of life, and wages to sustain them compatible with economy, civilization and present industrial conditions. That wages have been reduced below the living point no one will deny who is at all familiar with the conditions surrounding the lives and earnings of the mine workers.

"The following comparison of prices paid in 1893 with those paid at present tells the story: The great mining district of western Pennsylvania paid for mining in 1893, thin vein, 79 cents, and thick vein 85 cents a ton. The rate paid at present is, thin vein 47 to 54 cents a ton; thick vein, 28 to 30 cents a ton. During the same year the prices in Ohio and Indiana were 70 cents and 75 cents a ton, respectively. At present the price is 51 cents a ton or less in both states, with reduction offered, or at least contemplated, to 45 cents a ton in consequence of the low prices in western Pennsylvania. This ratio of fallen wages holds good all along the line affecting every mining state almost equally alike. In the great Hocking valley district of Ohio the average wage per miner, in one of the largest mines, for a period of eight months, from Oct. 1, 1896, to June 1, 1897, was \$60 per man, or \$7.50 per man per month, gross earnings. From this amount the cost of mine supplies is deducted, leaving the remainder with which to pay house rent, coal, etc., and support his family. At another mine in the same district the gross earnings of thirty-nine miners is shown by the written statements of the company to aggregate \$223.98 for two weeks' labor, or an average of \$2.87 per man per week for the same period. The deductions for company store, powder and rent, including some back rental, aggregate \$619.029. The deduction for store alone, which bespeaks the total cost of supporting thirty-nine families for two weeks, amounts to \$179.05, or an average of \$2.28 per family per week. Further illustrations indicative of the poverty and extreme suffering of the miners, and equally as heartrending, can be found everywhere.

"Ohio furnishes a fair example of the gen-

eral condition of mining. I quote from the report of R. M. Hunseltine, chief inspector of mines of Ohio for 1896, when the mining rate was 55 cents per ton: 'Therefore at 55 cents per ton the daily wages will be found to be \$1.32, or a total of \$221.75 for the year's work, which will give to each miner an average of \$18.48 per month.' This, it will be remembered, is exclusive of all deductions, and the mining rate was 4 cents per ton higher than the present price. The amount of increase in wages demanded, and for which we are now contending, is but 9 cents per ton over our former scale, together with a readjustment of machine mining which will place it upon an equal basis with pick mining giving to each his just proportion.

"Summing up the whole situation in a few words, this movement is nothing less than a spontaneous uprising of an enslaved people, who have determined to submit no longer to the cruel, heartless and inhuman conditions imposed upon them by unscrupulous employers, which have reduced them and their dependents to actual starvation. It should be said, in justice to a large majority of employers, that they are not responsible for this condition. It is due to the actions of a few who have cut prices far below the demands of the market, thus demoralizing trade and cutting wages indiscriminately, until a point is reached where men can no longer live by their thrift and industry.

"M. D. RATCHFORD, President.

"W. C. PEARCE, Secretary."

The proposal to arbitrate the differences between the operators and the miners was favorably received on both sides, but an agreement could not be reached as to the terms upon which the arbitration should proceed. The miners demanded 69 cents a ton for mining coal until such time as the arbitrators should decide the controversy, while the operators offered 65 cents a ton pending the arbitration, and in case the arbitrators should decide upon 69 cents as the pay to which the miners were entitled the operators would make up in back pay such wages as the miners were entitled to under the award of the arbitrators. If the arbitrators should award less than 65 cents the miners should work at a rebate until such excess should be refunded. Attempts at arbitration were therefore abandoned.

As a rule there were few outbreaks of violence. At points in Pennsylvania and West Virginia where the miners continued at work strenuous efforts were made by the operators to retain the men, while the strikers were equally determined to call them out and close the mines. The result was that meetings were held in which the working miners were appealed to to join the strikers who roamed about in large bands from one mining district to another advocating the strike. In the federal court of West Virginia the Monongah Coal and Coke company, which had been bitterly complained of by leaders of the strike, applied to Judge Jackson for an injunction restraining the leaders from any interference with its men. The injunction was granted against Eugene V. Debs and his associates, and Judge Jackson, after reciting the allegations in the complaint, said:

"Upon consideration whereof the bill is ordered to be filed and process issued thereon, and a temporary restraining order is allowed, restraining and inhibiting the defendants or all others associated or con-

connected with them from in any wise interfering with the management, operation or conducting of said mines by their owners or those operating them, either by menaces, threats or any character of intimidation used to prevent the employees of said mines from going to or from said mines, or from engaging in the business of mining in said mines.

"And the defendants are further restrained from entering upon the property of the owners of the said Monongah Coal and Coke company for the purpose of interfering with the employees of said company, either by intimidation or by holding of either public or private assemblies upon said property or in any wise molesting or interfering with or intimidating the employees of the said Monongah Coal and Coke company so as to induce them to abandon their work in said mines.

"And the defendants are further restrained from assembling in the paths, approaches and roads upon said property leading to and from their homes and residences to the mines, along which the employees of the Monongah Coal and Coke company are compelled to travel to get to them, or in any way interfering with the employees of said company in passing to and from their work, either by threats, menaces or intimidation; and the defendants are further restrained from entering the said mines and interfering with the employees in their mining operations within said mines, or assembling upon said property at or near the entrance of said mines.

"The purpose and object of this restraining order is to prevent all unlawful combinations and conspiracies and to restrain all the defendants engaged in the promotion of such unlawful combinations and conspiracies from entering upon the property of the Monongah Coal and Coke company described in this order, and from in any wise interfering with the employees of said company in their mining operations, either within the mines or in passing from their homes to the mines, and upon their return to their homes, and from unlawfully inciting persons who are engaged in working the mines from ceasing to work in the mines, or in any wise advising such acts as may result in violations and destruction of the rights of the plaintiff in this property."

The injunction was the subject of merciless criticism by the strikers and their friends and was as vigorously defended by those who opposed them. Whatever may have been the merits or wisdom of the injunction, it intensified the feeling between the operators of the mines and the strikers, which culminated in a tragic affair near Hazleton, Pa., on the 10th of September, in which twenty-one marching miners were killed and forty wounded, some of them fatally, by a sheriff's posse. It seems that a band of marching miners, mostly Slavs, had been previously driven away from the Hazleton workings, after a sharp conflict, and were intercepted as they were on their way to the Lattimer breaker. The posse was under the command of Sheriff Martin and he claims his band was being roughly handled when the deputies were ordered to fire.

Previous to this a conference of the coal operators was held in the Pittsburg district on the 26th of July and an agreement was reached as to what wages they would pay for the mining of coal. It was claimed to have no reference to the strike, but it

undoubtedly did exercise considerable influence in that direction.

The agreement as adopted provided for cash payment of wages, 2,000 pounds to the ton, check weighs on the tipples, miners to be credited with the full quantity of coal contained in the mine car, abolition of company stores, semi-monthly pay days, uniform price for pick mining in the thin and thick vein districts, and screens not exceeding one-half inch.

It also provided that in case of the violation of the provisions and terms of the agreement a penalty of 10 cents a ton on the total output of coal mined by the violator will be charged, which penalty is to be paid a commission subject to the right of further arbitration or appeal. Said penalty when collected is to be distributed among the signers of the agreement pro rata in proportion to the total amount of tonnage or output made by them during the year.

The commission is to be chosen annually and shall be known by the name of the uniformity commission. It shall be composed of nine members, the thick and thin vein operators having proper representation. The members shall be sworn to faithfully and impartially perform the duties of their office, and will be authorized and empowered to enforce the judgment and awards.

It shall also be empowered to subpoena witnesses with the same force and effect as a board of arbitrators duly appointed under the act of the assembly of the state of Pennsylvania relating to compulsory arbitration. The agreement shall not become effective unless it has been signed by 95 per cent of the operators on or before Jan. 1, 1898.

After 90 per cent have signed the agreement, if any fifteen operators shall be of the opinion that enough have signed to render it effective, a meeting shall be called in Pittsburg to declare it in force.

On the 10th of September an interstate convention of miners was held at Columbus, O., at which a resolution was adopted accepting the proposal of the Pittsburg operators. The vote was 496 for adoption to 817 against accepting the terms of settlement.

The delegates from Illinois, who had 250 votes, were unanimously against a settlement. Indiana and West Virginia voted solidly to accept the operators' proposition, but there were scattering votes among the Ohio and Pennsylvania delegates against it. The resolution adopted is as follows:

"Resolved, That we, the miners of Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, in convention assembled, do hereby agree to accept the proposition recommended by our national executive committee—viz., 65 cents in the Pittsburg district—and in all of the places in the above-named states where a relative price can be obtained to resume work and contribute liberally to the miners who do not receive the advance and where the fight must be continued to a bitter finish.

"Resolved, That the national officers, executive board and district presidents act as an advisory board for the purpose of providing ways and means for the carrying on of the strike where necessary; provided, however, that no district resume work for ten days, for the purpose of giving miners in other districts time to confer with their operators and get the price if possible."

The basis of the settlement was at the rate

of 65 cents a ton for the Pittsburgh district. A proportionate rate for Illinois and Indiana would be 56 cents a ton. The rate is different in the different districts owing to the greater or less labor required in digging a ton of coal. Where the veins are rich and thick and not deeply covered the rate is less than where the veins are lean and deep under the soil.

There was no arbitration in the settlement. The miners demanded 69 cents a ton. The mine owners offered them 65 cents a ton pending arbitration. If the arbitrators should decide on 69 cents they would make that up in back pay to the miners. If the arbitrators awarded less than 65 cents the miners should work at a rebate until the excess should be refunded.

The miners agreed to accept 65 cents a ton but without waiting for the action of arbitrators rather than to accept the floating scale offered by the operators with a chance of a lower rate being awarded.

Ten days were given to resume work under the new schedule. On the 21st of September Mr. Ratchford issued the following statement:

"To-day will see about 75,000 miners resume work in the bituminous-coal fields of the central states. The strike generally will end to-day. This is the middle of the twelfth week of its duration. The mining situation is not likely to become disturbed

again until the beginning of next year, at which time we hope to be able to settle wage differences amicably and without the necessity of a strike.

"It is well understood that the fight will continue from the present time in all fields and against all operators who refuse to meet the rates. The greatest trouble will be found in West Virginia and a portion of Illinois. I am still hopeful, however, that the producers in those fields will conform to the change and put their mines in operation. Failing to do this, we will fight them as we have done until the beginning of next year, at which time it is said their present contracts will expire.

"I am well satisfied with the agreement reached, and feel that it is the greatest victory gained by trade unions for years. Of course the victory is not altogether one of the miners. While they have done the striking, trade unions and organized bodies have supplied the necessities without which the miners could not possibly succeed. It is a victory for organized labor and not for any particular trade, and we want our friends who have helped us to feel that it is their victory as well as ours. I feel very grateful for the assistance given us by the American Federation of Labor and the kindly disposition shown us at all times by Mr. Gompers and the members of his executive committee."

### HEIGHTS OF MOUNTAIN OBSERVATORIES.

The following table gives the heights of the principal mountain observatories and stations of the world:

Abastouman .....	4,600
Alto de los Huecos .....	13,300
Arequipa .....	8,080
Ben Nevis .....	4,368
Chashani-Summit .....	20,000
Station .....	16,650
Colorado Springs .....	6,035
Cusco .....	11,000
Denver (Chamberlin observatory) .....	5,400
Echo Mountain .....	3,500
El Misti-Summit .....	19,200
Station .....	15,600
Etna .....	9,652
Flagstaff .....	7,300
Jungfrau .....	15,700
Kodakanal .....	7,700
La Joya .....	4,150
La Paz .....	12,050
Lick observatory .....	4,209
Mollendo .....	100
Mont Blanc-M. Janssen's observatory .....	
Summit .....	15,790
M. Vallot's observatory .....	14,321
Chamounix .....	3,396
Mont Gros (Nice) .....	1,100
Mont Meige .....	13,000
Mont Monnier .....	8,993

Mount Hamilton .....	4,309
Mount Pilatus .....	6,785
Mount Washington .....	6,279
Mount Whitney-Summit .....	14,900
Mountain Camp .....	12,000
Lone Pine .....	7,700
Mount Wilson .....	6,000
Marren (railway) .....	5,350
Petropolis (Brazil) .....	3,500
Pic-du-Midi .....	9,439
Pike's Peak .....	14,134
Popocatepetl .....	18,000
Puno .....	12,608
Puy-de-Dome .....	4,592
Quito .....	9,543
Riffel (Zermatt) .....	8,000
Rigi .....	5,873
St. Bernard .....	5,130
Santa Ana .....	3,000
Santia .....	8,200
Seven Lakes (Colorado) .....	10,984
Sheridan .....	8,265
Sonnbliek .....	8,259
Tacubaya .....	9,439
Tenagide-Summit .....	12,198
Alta Vista .....	10,702
Guajara .....	8,903
Vinocaya .....	14,380
Wendelstein .....	6,027

### THE LONGEST BRIDGES.

The longest bridge in the world is that over the Tay, in Scotland, which is 3,200 meters (9,696 feet) long; and the next longest is also in Great Britain, being that over the Firth of Forth, 2,394 meters (6,552 feet) in length. The following table gives in meters and in feet the lengths of the principal bridges in various countries:

	Meters.	Feet.
Tay, Great Britain .....	3,200	9,696
Forth, Great Britain .....	2,394	6,552

	Meters.	Feet.
Moerdyck, Holland .....	1,470	4,820
Volga, Russia .....	1,448	4,715
Welchsel, Germany .....	1,325	4,346
Thoen, Germany .....	1,273	4,172
Grandenz (Elbe), Germany .....	1,082	3,580
Brooklyn, United States .....	488	1,601

The greatest single span of the Forth bridge is 521 meters (1,725 feet); of the Elbe bridge, 420 meters (1,375 feet); of the East River bridge, 488 meters (1,610 feet).

## RAILWAY MILEAGE OF THE WORLD.

Countries.	Miles.	Countries.	Miles.
<b>Europe—</b>		<b>West Australia.....</b>	<b>1,149</b>
Germany — Prussia, 16,638; other		Hawaii.....	71
German states, 11,558.....	28,246	<b>Total Australia, etc.....</b>	<b>13,794</b>
France.....	24,841	<b>Recapitulation—</b>	
Russia and Finland.....	22,086	Europe.....	152,417
Great Britain and Ireland.....	20,903	America.....	230,818
Austria-Hungary.....	18,864	Asia.....	26,083
Italy.....	9,088	Africa.....	8,140
Spain.....	7,548	Australia.....	13,794
Sweden.....	5,738	<b>Total.....</b>	<b>430,757</b>
Belgium.....	2,445		
Switzerland.....	2,160		
Netherlands.....	1,927		
Roumania.....	1,604		
Portugal.....	1,454		
Denmark.....	1,409		
European Turkey, Bulgaria and			
Roumelia.....	1,249		
Norway.....	1,072		
Greece.....	569		
Serbia.....	336		
Islands—Malta, Jersey, Man.....	68		
<b>Total Europe.....</b>	<b>152,417</b>		
<b>North America—</b>			
United States.....	182,776		
Canada and Newfoundland.....	16,134		
Mexico.....	6,990		
<b>Central America.....</b>	<b>621</b>		
<b>Total North America.....</b>	<b>206,521</b>		
<b>South America—</b>			
Argentine Republic.....	8,675		
Brazil.....	7,496		
Chile.....	1,967		
Uruguay.....	1,119		
Peru.....	1,036		
Venezuela.....	634		
Bolivia.....	621		
U. S. of Colombia.....	281		
Ecuador.....	186		
British Guiana.....	22		
Paraguay.....	157		
Cuba.....	1,075		
Dominica.....	71		
Other Islands.....	457		
<b>Total South America.....</b>	<b>23,797</b>		
<b>Asia—</b>			
British India.....	18,777		
Japan.....	2,237		
Russia.....	1,855		
Dutch India.....	1,223		
Asia Minor.....	1,100		
Ceylon.....	271		
Siam, Malay and Port India.....	227		
Cochin China, Tonquin, etc.....	201		
China.....	124		
Persia.....	34		
<b>Total Asia.....</b>	<b>26,088</b>		
<b>Africa—</b>			
Cape Colony.....	2,440		
Algiers and Tunis.....	2,029		
Egypt.....	1,259		
Orange Free State.....	621		
South African Republic.....	615		
Natal.....	399		
Congo, Senegal, Mozambique, etc.....	777		
<b>Total Africa.....</b>	<b>8,140</b>		
<b>Australia—</b>			
New Zealand.....	2,161		
Victoria.....	3,071		
New South Wales.....	2,610		
South Australia.....	1,880		
Queensland.....	2,373		
Tasmania.....	474		

Countries.	Miles.
West Australia.....	1,149
Hawaii.....	71
<b>Total Australia, etc.....</b>	<b>13,794</b>
<b>Recapitulation—</b>	
Europe.....	152,417
America.....	230,818
Asia.....	26,083
Africa.....	8,140
Australia.....	13,794
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>430,757</b>

The proportion of railway mileage to territory and population differs widely and affords some noteworthy extremes which are exhibited in the ensuing tabulation, including a number of the leading railway countries:

	Miles of railway.	Miles per 100 sq. miles.	Miles per 10,000 inhab'ts.
Belgium.....	3,445	29.1	5.4
Great Britain.....	20,903	16.4	5.3
Netherlands.....	1,927	13.5	3.8
Germany.....	28,246	13.6	5.5
Switzerland.....	2,160	13.1	7.2
France.....	24,841	11.5	6.4
Italy.....	9,088	7.8	2.9
United States.....	182,776	5.8	26.1
Canada.....	16,134	.4	31.8
Mexico.....	6,990	.7	6.0
British India.....	18,777	.9	.6
Argentine Republic.....	8,675	.7	19.1
Australia.....	13,795	.6	32.4

## RAILWAYS OF THE UNITED STATES.

For the year ended June 30, 1896.

The ninth statistical report of the Interstate commerce commission, being the complete report for the above-named period, was issued Sept. 30, 1897, and the following is an abstract:

## MILEAGE.

The total railway mileage in the United States on June 30, 1896, was 182,776.63 miles, there being an increase of 2,119.16 miles, or 1.17 per cent, during the year. California shows an increase of 202.06 miles; Florida, 125.84 miles; Georgia, 233.77 miles; Louisiana, 130.17 miles; Michigan, 140.53 miles; Minnesota, 110.43 miles; Ohio, 111.06 miles; Pennsylvania, 168.13 miles; Texas, 144.79 miles; Wisconsin, 115.25 miles, and Indian territory, 181.66 miles. The increase in mileage in the other states and territories in which an increase has occurred is less than 100 miles. The aggregate length of railway mileage, including all tracks, on June 30, 1896, was 240,129.12 miles, the increase being 3,234.86 miles. The length of second track was 10,635.16 miles; of third track, 990.45 miles; of fourth track, 764.15 miles. The mileage of yard track and sidings was 44,912.73 miles.

In the report it is stated that on June 30, 1896, there were 151 roads in the hands of receivers, a net decrease of eighteen being shown in the number of receiverships as compared with the previous year. The length of operated mileage represented by these 151 roads was 30,475.39 miles, the corresponding mileage on June 30, 1895, being 27,855.80 miles. Of the roads in the hands of receivers on June 30, twenty-eight operated a mileage greater than 300 miles and twenty-six operated a mileage between 100 and 300 miles. The capital stock represented by the railways controlled by receivers on June

30, 1896, was \$742,597,698 and the funded debt was \$999,733,766. As compared with the corresponding figures for 1895, the figures given show a decrease of over \$183,000,000 in capital stock and \$319,000,000 in funded debt.

#### CLASSIFICATION OF RAILWAYS.

The number of railway corporations on June 30, 1896, in the United States was 1,935. Of this number 1,008 maintained operating accounts, 782 being classed as independent operating roads and 226 as subsidiary operating roads. Of the roads operated under lease or other agreement 324 received a fixed money rental and 192 a contingent money rental; 262 roads were assigned for operation under forms of agreement not easily classifiable.

The operated mileage affected by reorganization and other corporate changes during the year ended June 30, 1896, was 13,271.31 miles, of which 11,734.85 miles pertained to reorganized roads.

#### EQUIPMENT.

The total number of locomotives in service on June 30, 1896, was 35,950, or 251 more than on the same date of the preceding year. Of this number 9,943 were passenger locomotives, 20,351 were freight locomotives, 5,161 were switching locomotives and 495 were unclassified. The number of cars of all classes in service was 1,297,649, indicating an increase of 27,083 cars during the year ended June 30, 1896. The number of cars assigned to the freight service increased 25,768, being 1,221,887.

From summaries in the report indicating the density of equipment and its efficiency in the transportation of passengers and freight, it appears that the railways in the United States employ twenty locomotives and 713 cars per 100 miles of line. Referring to the country at large, it is shown that 51,471 passengers were carried and 1,312,381 passenger miles accomplished per freight locomotive. It is also shown that 27,634 tons of freight were carried and 4,644,219 ton-miles accomplished per freight locomotive. The number of passenger cars per 1,000,000 passengers carried during the year ended June 30, 1896, was sixty-four and the number of freight cars per 1,000,000 tons of freight carried was 1.595. This average, however, does not include the freight cars owned by outside parties, for the use of which the railways paid nearly \$12,000,000. The total of equipment, including in the term locomotives and cars, on June 30, 1896, was 1,333,599. Of this number 448,854 were fitted with train brakes and 545,583 with automatic couplers.

#### EMPLOYEES.

The number of men employed by the railways of the United States on June 30, 1896, shows an increase of 41,586, being 826,620, which, assigned on a mileage basis, gives 454 men per 100 miles of line. The corresponding figures for the year ended June 30, 1895, were 873,602 and 515. The assignment of employees corresponding to the four main divisions of the classification of operating expenses was as follows: General administration, 31,792; maintenance of way and structures, 243,627; maintenance of equipment, 167,850; conducting transportation, 373,747; unclassified, 9,609.

For the first time a summary showing the amount of compensation paid to the several classes of railway employees is presented in this report. It includes the compensation of over 99 per cent of the employees for 1895 and 1896. The aggregate amount of money paid in wages and sala-

ries for the year ended June 30, 1896, was \$468,824,531, or 60.65 per cent of the total operating expenses of railways. The aggregate compensation for 1895 was \$445,608,261, or 61.33 per cent of the total operating expenses.

#### CAPITALIZATION AND VALUATION OF RAILWAY PROPERTY.

The amount of railway capital on June 30, 1896, was \$10,568,865,771, which, assigned on a mileage basis, shows a capital of \$69,610 per mile of line. It should be noted, however, that these figures do not include current liabilities, which, if included as a part of capital, as in former years, would increase the amount of outstanding capital about \$613,000,000, making the amount per mile of line \$63,068. The amount of capital stock was \$5,236,527,269, of which \$4,265,470,577 was common stock and \$969,956,692 preferred stock. The funded debt was \$5,340,338,502, consisting of bonds, \$4,517,872,063; miscellaneous obligations, \$447,735,531; income bonds, \$314,425,977, and equipment trust obligations, \$50,864,931. The amount of stock paying no dividend was \$3,667,563,194, or 70.17 per cent of the total outstanding. The amount of funded debt, not including equipment trust obligations, which paid no interest, was \$99,559,442. Of the stock paying dividends, 1.63 per cent of the total stock outstanding paid from 3 to 4 per cent; 5.55 per cent of this stock paid from 4 to 5 per cent, 6.83 per cent paid from 5 to 6 per cent, 3.91 per cent paid from 6 to 7 per cent, and 4.37 per cent paid from 7 to 8 per cent. The total amount of dividends was \$87,603,371, which would be produced by an average of 5.62 per cent on the amount of stock on which some dividend was declared. The amount of bonds paying no interest was \$515,029,668, or 11.40 per cent; of miscellaneous obligations, \$68,918,680, or 15.05 per cent, and of income bonds, \$276,611,094, or 87.96 per cent.

#### PUBLIC SERVICE OF RAILWAYS.

The number of passengers carried during the year ended June 30, 1896, was 511,772,737, being an increase of 4,351,375 as compared with the year ended June 30, 1895. That year, however, showed a decrease of 33,266,837 as compared with 1894. The number of passengers carried one mile during the year was 13,049,007,238, showing an increase as compared with the previous year of \$60,560,962. The corresponding decrease of the year 1894 was 2,100,999,622. The number of passengers carried one mile per mile of line—that is, the figures indicating the density of passenger traffic during the year ended June 30, 1896—was 71,705, an increase of 3,133 in this item being shown. The corresponding decrease as shown by the report of 1895 was 12,761. The number of tons of freight carried during the year under consideration was 765,891,385. This is the largest tonnage ever reported for railways in the United States. The increase during the year was 69,130,214. The number of tons of freight carried one mile was 95,328,360,278, there being an increase of 10,100,844,387. The density of freight traffic is shown by the number of tons of freight carried one mile per mile of line, which was 523,832. These figures, as compared with those of the preceding year, show an increase of 44,342 ton-miles per mile of line.

#### EARNINGS AND EXPENSES.

The gross earnings of the railways of the United States for the year ended June 30, 1896, were \$1,150,169,376, having increased in

comparison with the previous year \$74,797, 914. The sources of the income comprised in gross earnings from operation during the year were: Passenger revenue, \$266,562,633; increase, \$14,316,363; mail, \$22,379,819; increase, \$1,410,077; express, \$24,880,283; increase, \$565,376; other earnings, passenger service, \$6,691,279; increase, \$576,493; freight revenue, \$786,616,337; increase, \$66,622,375; other earnings, freight service, \$3,885,890; decrease, \$254,960; unclassified, \$579,368. The expenses of operation for the year covered by the report were \$772,989,844, being greater by \$47,268,629 than the preceding year. The operating expenses were assigned as follows: Maintenance of way and structures, \$160,344,960; increase, \$16,368,806; maintenance of equipment, \$132,381,935; increase, \$19,593,259; conducting transportation, \$432,217,582; increase, \$11,068,619; general expenses, \$36,082,285; increase, \$176,268; unclassified, \$961,229. A comparative summary giving a detailed analysis of operating expenses for 1896 and 1895 appears in the report.

The income from operation—that is, the amount of gross earnings remaining after the deduction of operating expenses—was \$377,180,332, which exceeds the corresponding item for 1895 by \$37,529,285. The income from other sources, mainly from leases and investments, was \$129,024,731, which, added to the income from operation, makes a total income of \$506,205,063. The total deductions from income were \$416,573,137, so that the net income out of which dividends and surplus were declared was \$89,631,926. This amount is \$33,615,667 larger than the corresponding one for the previous year. The dividends declared were \$87,093,371, leaving a surplus of \$1,538,555, after the satisfaction of adjustment claims amounting to \$24,385. This small amount of surplus, however, shows an improvement, since the results of railway operations during the years 1895 and 1894 showed deficits of \$29,945,241 and \$45,851,294, respectively.

An analysis of the total deductions from

income, \$416,573,137, shows that they were composed of the following items: Salaries and maintenance of organization, \$545,468; interest on funded debt, \$349,624,177; interest on interest-bearing current liabilities, \$5,469,063; rents paid for lease of road, \$32,972,323; taxes, \$39,970,791; permanent improvements, \$5,162,240; other deductions, \$19,829,076.

#### RAILWAY ACCIDENTS.

The statistics submitted show that the number of railway employees killed during the year ended June 30, 1896, was 1,861, and the number injured was 29,969. These figures indicate an increase of 50 in the number killed and of 4,273 in the number injured as compared with the preceding year. The number of passengers killed was 181, and the number of passengers injured 2,873, being an increase of 11 in the number killed and of 498 in the number injured. The number of persons other than employees and passengers killed was 4,406, and the number injured 5,345. These figures include casualties to persons reported as trespassers, of whom 3,811 were killed and 4,468 were injured. From summaries showing the ratio of casualties it is found that for every 444 men employed on railways 1 was killed, and for every 28 men employed 1 was injured. A similar comparison as to trainmen shows that 1 trainman was killed for each 152 trainmen employed, and that 1 trainman was injured for each 10 trainmen employed. The number of passengers carried for 1 passenger killed was 2,827,474, and the number of passengers carried for 1 passenger injured was 178,132. As showing in another way the immunity of passengers from accidents, the report gives ratios based upon the number of miles traveled, from which it appears that 72,093,993 passenger-miles were accomplished for every passenger killed, and 4,541,945 passenger-miles for every passenger injured.

#### THE COMMERCIAL NAVIES OF THE WORLD—1896.

The latest edition of the "Repertoire Generale de la Marine Marchande," published by the Bureau Veritas, contains the usual general summary of the steamships belonging to the different maritime nations and measuring 100 tons gross and upward, as also the accustomed list of sailing vessels measuring fifty tons and upward, and likewise a list of the smaller vessels which are classed in the Veritas Register. The following table shows the number of steamers of over 100 tons and the collective gross tonnage belonging to the sixteen principal maritime nations—that is, whose aggregate gross steam tonnage surpasses 100,000 tons:

	Steamers.	Gross tons.
Great Britain and colonies.	5,690	10,245,577
Germany	831	1,360,472
France	523	953,244
United States	477	761,797
Spain	365	619,315
Norway	551	494,612
Italy	223	344,523
Holland	204	326,794
Japan	267	215,363
Russia	314	277,328
Austria-Hungary	255	254,269
Denmark	265	248,773
Sweden	127	238,777
Greece	107	144,975
Brazil	314	134,395
Belgium	66	139,340

Besides the steam tonnage set forth in the foregoing table there are 2,667 small steamers (below 100 tons), measuring altogether 415,069 tons gross. The number of existing steamers whose measurement is between 5,000 and 5,000 tons is 131; between 6,000 and 8,000 tons, 53; those over 8,000 tons, 25, and of these eight are of more than 10,000 tons—viz., the Campania, Friedrich der Grosse, Georgic, Lucania, New York, Paris, St. Louis and St. Paul. The general total of the steamers of over 100 tons is given in the Repertoire as 11,155, representing 17,089,596 tons gross and 10,761,025 tons net. The sailing tonnage is divided among the principal maritime nations as follows, thirteen nations possessing sailing tonnage of over 100,000 tons:

	Ships.	Net tons.
Great Britain and colonies.	5,726	3,267,627
United States	3,881	1,358,467
Norway	2,801	1,176,174
Germany	1,094	566,973
Italy	1,062	472,002
Russia	1,763	363,044
Sweden	1,444	286,665
France	1,425	252,940
Greece	1,059	246,176
Turkey	1,247	241,098
Spain	1,115	167,143
Denmark	795	149,843
Holland	642	139,649

## GREECE, TURKEY AND CRETE.

## THE EASTERN QUESTION.

The causes of the trouble between Greece and Turkey are remote and the many complications leading to existing difficulties cannot be easily understood without some knowledge of the political history of modern Europe. Primarily of a religious nature, what is now generalized as "the eastern question" gradually became a political problem involving the existence of some nations, the commercial supremacy of others and the success or defeat of distinctive national policies.

The Christian church was for many centuries a united body with power centering at Rome. When Constantine made Constantinople the capital of the Roman empire the bishop of the new capital became the rival of the Roman pontiff and aspired to exclusive dominion over the church. This led to a bitter quarrel, and finally, in 1054, to separation between the east and the west—between the Greeks and Latins. Constantinople remained the actual capital of the Roman empire and head of the eastern or Greek church, while Rome was the head of the Latin or Roman catholic church.

The western portion of the empire was overrun by the northern barbarians and several kingdoms were founded on the ruins. Charlemagne united these in one empire, of which France was the chief, with the recognition of Rome as the head of the western church. All this time the eastern or Greek empire had been in existence with Constantinople as the head of the church and the seat of government. The west was hostile to the east, and church and national policies was shaped on this basis. The crusaders of the west even went so far as to turn aside from their attempts to recover Jerusalem from the Turks to capture and pillage Constantinople, the capital of the Christians of the east.

This blow was a serious one, and from it dates the decline of the eastern or Greek empire. The empire and the church went down with the capture of Constantinople by the Turks in 1453. The Turkish policy was to trample out the religion of the east as well as its political spirit and centuries of cruel struggle ensued. The Christians of the northern sections found a friend in young Russia. That nation adopted from the first the Greek faith and worship and became its champion. The struggling nations of the east turned naturally to her and she rose rapidly in power. She inherited the quarrel with the catholic powers of the west and all her people hated the Turk. Her national policy was relentlessly aggressive. Her aim was to repossess the countries of the eastern empire and, above all, to recapture Constantinople. That city was to the Russian the holy city in rounding out his empire and be in the earlier stages of the struggle never lost sight of the purpose to regain the old capital. This spirit entering into a national policy became threatening to western Europe, and, as the government of Russia schemed for commercial as well as political ascendancy, the commercial nations of the west shaped their policy to oppose any such consummation. This feeling entered into all alliances and combinations, and the west being strong politically and commercially, has prevailed. The west drove the Turk from every state or nation, but she has resisted every attempt of the east to drive the same

people from her empire. This is one phase of the case.

Politically Russia has always been the friend and ally of every nation opposed to the Turk. She has been in sympathy with the rebels in every revolutionary or insurrectionary movement in Turkey, because the insurrectionists were Christians of the Greek church. She early conquered Moldavia and Wallachia and compelled Turkey to grant concessions to the Christians of other northern provinces. The war of 1828-9 grew out of her interference in behalf of the Greeks in their struggle for liberty a few years before. She undertook this war, however, under pledges to Great Britain and France that it should not be a war of conquest. If Russia absorbed Turkish territory, gaining absolute control of the Black sea and valuable ports on the Mediterranean, the commercial interests of the western nations would suffer, and on this ground the Turk was better than the Russian. Russia made peace when she had virtually conquered Turkey, and this was "in the interests of Europe." Russia was content with treaty stipulations looking to the protection of the Christians.

## THE CRIMEAN WAR.

Kinglake contends that the origin of the Crimean war in 1853 was a quarrel between the Greek and Latin churches as to privileges at Jerusalem. Turkey, influenced by Louis Napoleon, favored the Roman church, and the complications led to irritation and the irritation to war. Russia, taking up the old quarrel of the Greek church and claiming that existing treaties had been violated, invaded Turkey. Great Britain and France formed an alliance with Turkey and Russia was compelled to make peace on their terms. While Russia made war in the name of persecuted Christians, England and France made war not so much in the interest of the Turk as in the interest of western Europe. Their scheme in the event of the dismemberment of Turkey was to form an independent nation of the Christian provinces of Turkey and thus remove the cause of Russian irritation. Russian influence was met on its own ground and counteracted. The result of the defeat of Russia at Sevastopol was the treaty of Paris, in which the eastern question was taken out of her hands and committed to the great powers of Europe. All troubles, after the Christians in Turkey were to be considered in common and no nation was to act independently except under given circumstances. The Black sea was opened to the fleets of all nations, but no war vessels of Russia or Turkey were to be allowed in its waters. Russia was to disarm and the fortifications on the Black sea coast were to be dismantled. The Christian provinces of Wallachia and Moldavia, lying between Austria and Turkey, were formed into the independent principality of Roumania and placed under the guardianship of Europe.

In 1870, when France was powerless and England embarrassed, Russia receded from certain provisions of the treaty of Paris and placed a war fleet on the Black sea. She began the work of putting her army on a war footing and under various pretenses made ready for the coming struggle. The Herzegovinian insurrection of 1875 was the rebellion of the Christians of that prov-

ince against Turkish taxation and persecution. Servia was drawn into the conflict; and as Servia was a creation of the treaty of Paris (made semi-independent under the rule of native princes and placed under the protection of the European powers, although tributary to Turkey) all Europe became incidentally interested. European interference compelled a truce and negotiations were commenced looking to permanent peace. Russia secretly assisted Servia in the struggle against Turkey and demanded that the great powers should interfere in behalf of the Christians of the northern provinces. Certain reforms were demanded and these met the approval of England, France, Germany, and Austria.

Turkey adopted a new constitution and announced her intention to carry out reforms herself. Russia held that this was a mere promise and demanded that certain plans should be followed. Turkey rejected all plans and denied the right of any power to interfere. Russia proposed the protocol, suggesting a basis of peace. The great powers signed this but Turkey rejected it, and in rejecting it denied the right of Europe to manage the eastern question or to dictate any policy to the Turkish government. Russia, holding herself warranted in such action, proposed to enforce the demands for reform made by herself. This left the other powers free to act by the terms of the agreement or protocol, as they deemed best. While Turkey clung to the treaty of Paris, the other powers held that she had practically ignored it.

#### THE RUSSO-TURKISH WAR.

The war between Russia and Turkey in 1877 had its origin in the persecution by Turkey of Slavonic Christians whose cause Russia espoused. After lasting 323 days nothing stood between the Russians and Constantinople following the fall of Plevna. Turkey, thoroughly beaten, was willing to consent to any terms of peace that would preserve the capital, and the treaty of San Stefano was signed, under which Roumania was accorded independence of Turkey and Bulgaria was practically free under a mild Turkish suzerainty. The great powers of Europe would not indorse the treaty of San Stefano and the conference at Berlin was called, which resulted in a new treaty which it was hoped would settle the eastern question. This was the condition of affairs when the disturbances of 1895 broke out and the six great Christian nations of Europe were bound hand and foot to preserve the integrity of the Ottoman empire on the European continent.

#### THE OUTBREAK IN CRETE.

Crete was one of the "isles of Greece," but in 823 it fell into Moslem hands, in which it remained for 137 years, when it was retaken by the Greeks. It remained under Greek rule until 1204, when it became Venetian territory by purchase. In 1645 it came again under Moslem authority. For the next 100 years the island was in a constant state of revolt against Turkish authority. When Greece, in 1821, achieved independence of Turkey, Crete, which had aided Greece in the war, would have become a part of the Greek empire had not the powers of Europe by the treaty of London forced Crete back to Turkish rule. Since then insurrections have been frequent and bloody, the most important being in 1866, 1877 and 1888. Following the last one Shakir Pasha

was sent to the island as its governor, invested with military authority, and he proclaimed martial law. In 1889 the provisions of the Halepa pact, which had received international sanction, were violated, the five years' tenure of office by the governor was set aside, the provisions regarding the legislative assembly were abolished, the number of its members reduced and the entire customs revenues of the island were appropriated by Turkey. Following these outrages Crete was ruled despotically by the Turks and at the elections the Christians refused to go to the polls. The powers of Europe interfered and near the end of 1894 a Christian was appointed to the governorship. In 1894 the assembly met for the first time since 1889, but trouble began over the question of finances, there being a large deficit in the Cretan treasury. Moslem officials had misappropriated large sums collected in taxes and the Cretans demanded that the government should reimburse them, which request was denied. A revolt was started and Christians in the country armed themselves, while the Moslem population fled to the towns to save their lives. Terrible outrages were committed on both sides. In March, 1896, the Christian governor was recalled and a Mussulman put in his place and the revolt assumed formidable proportions. The powers tried to check the revolt but the Greek Christians were receiving substantial aid from Greece, and to prevent such aid a blockade of Crete was proposed by Austria, Russia, Germany, France and Italy. Great Britain refused assent to the proposal on the ground that she could not join the Sultan in suppressing a revolt of his Christian subjects. The five powers induced the Sultan to inaugurate reforms, which he promised to do, and a new constitution was granted Crete, but it did not check the revolt nor bring peace to the island. The island has a population of 270,000, of whom 70,000 are Moslems.

The origin of the recent war was the formal efforts of Greece to wrest the island of Crete from Turkey and incorporate it with the Greek kingdom, with which the people of the island by a large majority were in active sympathy. The people of Greece were so strongly in favor of a war with Turkey to that end that had King George opposed them such an act would have unquestionably resulted in his downfall. On the 7th of February the insurgent Christians of Halepa formally proclaimed a union of Crete with Greece, and a few days later a fleet of torpedo boats, under command of Prince George of Greece, was sent to Crete. On the 11th of February the Greek government sent a note to the European powers which set out at length the Greek views of the case. It declared that Greece could no longer remain a passive spectator of the progress of events in Crete and that the idea of race and religion compelled her to intervene in behalf of the outraged Christians in that island. The purpose of the Greek government was to send fresh troops to the island made it certain that the scenes of rapine, bloodshed and incendiarism in which the Turkish troops at Chania lent willing aid to the native Mohammedans would be repeated on a larger scale. Therefore the Greek government had decided to prevent the landing of troops at all costs. The Cretans themselves, of their own free will, had declared their determination to effect the union of their island with the Greek kingdom, and the Greek government considered this com-

summation as the only possible solution of the Cretan question.

The calling out of the reserves by the Greeks followed on the 14th and an army, under command of Col. Vassos, was dispatched to Crete. There was no longer reason to doubt the determined position of the Greeks.

The sultan made to the powers a vigorous protest against the action of Greece and threatened to retaliate by carrying the war against Greece into Thessaly. The powers at once determined to take steps to stop the hostile action of Greece, the result being that on the 15th of February 400 men from the Russian, British, French and Italian fleets were landed at Canea, in Crete, and placed under the command of Admiral Canvaro of the Italian squadron. Official notice was served upon Greece that unless the Greek forces were withdrawn from the island a blockade of the Piræus, the port of Athens, would follow. Greece refused to respect the warning thus given. Col. Vassos issued at once a proclamation which showed the determined spirit of Greece. It was as follows:

"Cretans! You are suffering from the present state of anarchy and are exposed to the excesses of a fanatical populace, excesses which have awakened the national sentiment and have deeply stirred the Hellenic people. This lamentable situation of a people of the same race and the same religion, having common destinies with ourselves, could not any longer be allowed to exist. The king of the Hellenes has resolved to end this state of things by proclaiming a Greek occupation of the island.

"In making this proclamation I promise in the name of King George to protect the lives, honor and property of the inhabitants, without distinction of religion or nationality, and to respect the religious convictions of the inhabitants, while bringing to them peace and law."

On the 21st of February the insurgent Christians of Crete made an attack upon the Turkish forces near Canea and they would have succeeded had not three British war vessels, with three others in the harbor, opened fire upon them, when the Cretans gave up the fight. The condition of affairs was daily growing more and more desperate, meetings following each other with astonishing rapidity. The whole island was in a state of siege and the people were suffering for food.

The powers, while actuated by a desire to stop the war, could not agree as to the best means for that purpose. Great Britain favored the granting to Crete of autonomy, with a merely nominal suzerainty to be retained by the porte. The position taken by Great Britain was outlined by the following note sent to the representatives of that government at the court of each of the powers:

"Inform the government to which you are accredited that her majesty's government propose to make the following declaration of the policy they intend to pursue, which they believe to be in accordance with that of their allies:

"1. That the establishment of administrative autonomy in Crete is necessary to the termination of international occupation of that island.

"2. That subject to such system of administrative autonomy Crete ought to remain a portion of the Turkish empire.

"3. That the governments of Turkey and

Greece ought to be informed of this resolution.

"4. That if either Turkey or Greece should persist in a refusal when required to withdraw her naval and military forces from the island the powers should impose their decision by force."

This was followed on the 2d of March by the following note sent by the powers, collectively (Great Britain, Austria-Hungary, France, Germany, Italy and Russia), to both Greece and Turkey:

"The great powers have agreed upon a course of action with the object of putting an end to a situation which it did not rest with them to prevent, but the prolongation of which would be calculated to compromise the peace of Europe.

"The powers have come to an agreement on the two following points:

"1. Crete cannot in any case, under present circumstances, be annexed to Greece.

"2. In view of the delays caused by Turkey in the application of the reforms agreed upon in conjunction with the Ottoman government, the powers are resolved while maintaining the integrity of the Ottoman empire, to confer upon Crete an absolutely effective autonomous regime, intended to assure the island a separate government under the high suzerainty of the sultan.

"The powers consider that these views can only be realized by the withdrawal of the Greek ships and troops. They confidently await this wise determination on the part of the Greek government, which cannot wish to persist in pursuing a course contrary to the resolutions of the powers.

"The ministers do not conceal that their instructions prescribe them to warn the Greek government that, in case of refusal, the powers are irrevocably determined to hesitate at no measure of compulsion if on the expiry of a period of six days the withdrawal of the ships and troops has not been effected."

A supplemental note was sent to Turkey under date of March 5, saying that as the autonomy of Crete "implies the progressive reduction of the Ottoman forces it will be necessary, as soon as the island has been evacuated by the Hellenic troops, to take necessary measures for the concentration of the Imperial troops in the fortified places which are at present occupied by European detachments."

The sultan replied and expressed his willingness to accept the proposal, leaving details to the future. Greece made a more formal and vigorous reply, in which the position of that government was set out with determination not to obey the powers. The following extracts from the reply of Greece were published in the papers:

"Greece also ardently desires to contribute to the maintenance of peace and to save from utter ruin the population of an island put to so severe a trial and so often decimated.

"We believe that the new regime of autonomy adopted by the powers unhappily cannot correspond to the noble intentions that inspired it, and that it will suffer the fate of the different administrative systems which at various times and without success have been tried in Crete. . . . anarchy will continue to ravage the country with fire and sword in its hands. Blind fanaticism will continue its destructive work of exterminating a people which assuredly does not deserve such a fate.

"Before such a prospect our responsibility would be enormous if we did not earnestly urge the powers not to insist upon the scheme of autonomy proposed, but rather to restore to Crete what she already had at the time of the enfranchisement of the other provinces which form the kingdom of Greece and to lead her back to Greece. . . .

"In the presence of the recent scenes of massacre, pillage and conflagration . . . our whole country was torn with remorse for the responsibility it assumed last year in inducing the Cretans to lay down their arms. The misfortunes that resulted forbid us to undertake such a task again. . . .

"If the powers believe it to be their duty to persevere in their resolutions, with the above views and in the name of humanity, as well as in the interest of the island, the pacification of which is the unique object of the solicitude of the powers, we do not hesitate to appeal to them on the subject of the other measures—namely, the recall of our military forces. Indeed, if, because of the presence of the united squadrons in Cretan waters and in the conviction that these squadrons will not permit Turkish troops to disembark on the island, the presence also of all the ships of the Greek fleet off Crete is judged to be unnecessary, the presence of the Greek army on the island is nevertheless shown to be desirable alike from the sentiments of humanity and in the interests of the definitive re-establishment of order.

"Our duty specially forbids us to abandon the Cretan people to the mercy of Muslim fanaticism and the Turkish army, which at all times has deliberately and intentionally participated in the aggressive acts of the populace against the Christians. Above all, if our troops on the island, who are worthy of all the confidence of the powers, had received a mandate to pacify the country, their desires and intentions would have received promptly the most perfect satisfaction. It would be, then, after the re-establishment of order that it would be possible to learn the desires, freely expressed, of the Cretan people for a decision as to their fate.

"The sorrows which have recurred regularly in Crete for many decades past not only do not occur without profoundly agitating the Hellenic people, but they also interrupt social activity and gravely disturb the economy and finances of the state. Even if we admit that it would be possible to forget for an instant that we share the common religion of the Cretan people, that we are of the same race and bound by ties of blood, we could not in silence allow the powers to assume that the Greek state is able any longer to resist such shocks.

"For this reason we appeal to the generous sentiments animating the powers and beg them to permit the Cretan people themselves to declare how they desire to be governed."

The only reply of the powers to the Greek note was the formation of plans for the blockade of Piræus and Crete, but the powers could not agree upon a concert of action. A so-called pacific blockade of Crete was finally decided upon and went into force March 21, 1867. Fighting between the Greek and Turkish forces continued and battles were fought March 25 at Malaxa, on the same date at Halepa, March 30 and 31 at Fort Issedin, in most of which the forces of the powers took part against the Christian Cretans.

But Greece and Turkey were making ac-

tive preparations for war. The Greek reserves were called out in March and appeals were sent for Greeks in the United States to return and join the army. Toward the end of March a considerable Greek force of about 80,000 men had assembled on the frontiers of Thessaly and Crown Prince Constantine left Athens to assume command. The army was formed into two divisions, having bases of supplies at Larissa and Trikkala. The porte was equally active and troops were hurried toward the Thessalian border, the headquarters of the army being established at Monastir. Edhem Pasha was in command of the Turkish forces, which numbered about 150,000 thoroughly equipped and armed men. Turkey declared war on the 16th of April and the struggle opened at once. Both nations and their armies facing each other on the Thessalian frontier.

The first severe contest began on the 17th of April to gain possession of Miloussa pass, in the Olympian mountains, near Tynaovo, which was the gateway to the plain of Thessaly. The fighting lasted for three days, each side claiming the victory, but the Turks drove the Greeks from every position except from the ridge commanding Tynaovo and a few days later that place fell into the hands of the Turks, with large quantities of supplies and ammunition. In all about 50,000 men were engaged in the battle, but the Greeks met with the heavier losses in killed and wounded. The Greek headquarters were located at Larissa, a place about ten or twelve miles south of Tynaovo, where Constantine was in command. The next movement of the Turks was an attempt to reach the rear of the Greek army by forcing Revenli pass, thus cutting off its retreat from Larissa. The project failed and the Turks were turned back by a body of Greek troops at Damasi. A severe battle was fought at Mati, in which the Greeks lost heavily and were defeated, which made it necessary for the crown prince to retreat from Tynaovo on the 24th of April and fall back upon Pharsalos. This retreat was one of the most disgraceful events of the war and became a panic. The next day the whole Greek army retreated from Larissa to Volo and Pharsalos, accompanied by nearly the entire population of the city, and in the great haste war materials, guns and supplies of all kinds were abandoned. It was more like a stampede than a military movement.

Some successes attended the naval efforts of the Greeks. Preveza was bombarded, Epirus was captured and the squadron in the Gulf of Salonica captured a large quantity of Turkish stores. April 27 the Greek advance toward Janina reported large captures of war materials, but the Turks assumed the offensive and the advance was checked.

At the end of April and beginning of May the center of hostilities was about Veles-tino and on the 30th of April a bloody battle was fought, when a Turkish attack with 14,000 troops upon Gen. Smolenski, with 13,000, was repulsed, with heavy Turkish losses. May 2 another assault upon the Greek position failed. May 5 some 50,000 Turks attacked 23,000 Greeks at Pharsalos and the latter were forced to retreat. The position was now such as to satisfy the Greeks that the Turks had enough men to cut the Greek line between Volo and Pharsalos, outflank the Greek army and force it to surrender. May 6 the Greeks evacuated Pharsalos and retired some thirteen miles south. Volo had been practically abandoned on the 30th of April. At this time the Greek army

had collapsed, the soldiers were disheartened, the navy had proved a disappointment, the treasury was without funds and the capital of the country was at the mercy of the enemy. The Greeks felt the hopelessness of the struggle in which they were involved.

On the 8th of May the government informed the powers that Col. Vassos, with his men, would be recalled from Crete, which showed that Greece had reached a point at which it would be guided by the powers. Germany demanded that Greece should consent to autonomy for Crete. On the 11th of May a joint note was sent by the powers to the Greek minister of foreign affairs proffering mediation. On the next day a request for an armistice was sent by the powers to the porte. The reply of the porte was sent May 16 and in it he declined an armistice until the following principal conditions were accepted: Annexation of Thessaly; an indemnity of £10,000,000 Turkish (\$43,560,000); abolition of the capitulations or treaties conferring privileges on Greeks in the Ottoman empire; and a treaty of extradition with Greece. Should these conditions be refused the Turkish army would continue its advance.

All Europe protested against the submission of the harsh terms proposed by the porte. Thessaly had been a Greek province since 1831, it had an area of 5,073 square miles, a population of 345,000 and was essential to the revenues of Greece. The czar of Russia in a personal letter asked the sultan to stop the war and provide for an armistice. Immediately Edhem Pasha was directed from Constantinople to arrange with the Greek commander the terms of an armistice and the white flag appeared in both the opposing armies. Since the Turks had in fact conquered Thessaly and held it, the sultan could then consent to a termination of hostilities. The Turks had an army of 200,000 men in Thessaly and more than that number near at hand and they were in position to accede to the request of Russia.

On the 20th of May an armistice for seventeen days was concluded, which was extended to near the middle of June. In the meantime the last of the Greek troops had been withdrawn from Crete. The restoration of the Turks to the garrisons resulted in the pillage of several Christian villages and the murder of their inhabitants. Something like quiet was restored early in June. Peace negotiations were begun by the representatives of the powers in Constantinople

June 3, but little progress was made for a month, the cause of the failure to agree being the future status of Thessaly. Great Britain, France and Italy opposed the surrender of Thessaly to Turkey, Austria and Russia were less dictatorial, and Germany in effect sustained Turkey. Another point of controversy was the amount of the war indemnity to be paid by Greece to Turkey. Greece was poor and any sum awarded Turkey must be based on the ability of Greece to pay. The question of the cession of Thessaly was referred to a military commission that reported adversely to the demands of Turkey and recommended no cession beyond the mountain summits on the Turkish frontier, which gave to Turkey a strategic boundary. Negotiations were not concluded until Sept. 13, when a treaty was formulated and submitted to Turkey and Greece. Hard as the terms may be for Greece, she can do nothing but accept them. At the time of concluding this sketch the treaty had not been published, but its terms in general are pretty well known.

The first of these pertains to the definition of the frontier between Greece and Turkey. The demand of the latter that it should retain possession of that portion of the great Thessalian plain which it had conquered and occupied during the war was not allowed by the powers, but as it has been conceded possession of the passes and all the strategic points on the mountainous frontier, as determined and located by military experts with the express object in view of rendering Turkish territory safe against any future Grecian invasion, it will be seen that physically Greece lies at the mercy of Turkey in case of any further trouble between the two. To this extent Greece has been humiliated.

The second provision is the indemnity to be paid by Greece. This will amount to \$15,000,000, to be paid out of the revenues and to be guaranteed by the powers. In addition to this it will have to pay interest on some old bonds held in Germany, which Greece hoped to escape. The indemnity will be a serious burden to Greece, which is almost a nonproductive country and raises barely enough to feed its own people.

Greece must be in fact the ward of the great powers for some years. It will have to disband its army, sell its vessels of war and take a position greatly inferior to that occupied by some of the principalities of Europe.

## VENEZUELA AND GREAT BRITAIN.

The serious dispute between the United States and Great Britain growing out of the location of the boundary line between Venezuela and the British possessions, this country having espoused the claims of Venezuela that the matter in controversy should be settled by arbitration, has ceased to be a disturbing one, although it is not yet finally settled. Through the instrumentality of the United States a treaty was concluded between Great Britain and Venezuela for arbitrating the subject in dispute. This treaty was signed Feb. 2, 1897, and is as follows:

Her majesty the queen of the united kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the United States of Venezuela, being desirous to provide for an amicable settlement of the question which has arisen between the respective governments concerning the

boundary between the colony of British Guiana and the United States of Venezuela, have resolved to submit to arbitration the question involved, and to the end of concluding a treaty for that purpose have appointed as respective plenipotentiaries: Her majesty the queen of the united kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Rt.-Hon. Sir Julian Pauncefote, a member of her majesty's most honorable privy council, knight grand cross of the most honorable Order of the Bath and of the most distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George and her majesty's ambassador extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to the United States; the president of the United States of Venezuela, Senator Jose Andrade, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of Venezuela to the United States of America, who, having communi-

cated to each other their respective full powers, which were to be in due and proper form, have agreed to and concluded the following articles:

Article 1. An arbitration tribunal shall be immediately appointed to determine the boundary line between the colony of British Guiana and the United States of Venezuela.

Art. 2. The tribunal shall consist of five jurists: Two on the part of Great Britain, nominated by the members of the judicial committee of her majesty's privy council—namely, the Rt. Hon. Baron Herschell, knight grand cross of the most honorable Order of the Bath, and the Hon. Sir Richard Henn Collins, knight, one of the justices of her Britannic majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature; two on the part of Venezuela, nominated, one by the president of the United States of Venezuela—namely, the Hon. Melville Weston Fuller, chief justice of the United States of America—and one nominated by the justices of the Supreme court of the United States of America—namely, the Hon. David Josiah Brewer, a justice of the Supreme court of the United States of America; and of a fifth jurist to be selected by the four persons so nominated, or, in the event of their failure to agree within three months of the date of the exchange of ratifications of the present treaty, to be selected by his majesty the king of Sweden and Norway. The jurist so selected shall be president of the tribunal.

Art. 3. In case of the death, absence or incapacity to serve of any of the four arbitrators above named, or in the event of any such arbitrator omitting or declining or ceasing to act as such, another jurist of repute shall be forthwith substituted in his place. If such vacancy shall occur among those nominated on the part of Great Britain the substitute shall be appointed by the members for the time being of the judicial committee of her majesty's privy council acting by a majority; and if among those nominated on the part of Venezuela, he shall be appointed by the justices of the Supreme court of the United States acting by a majority. If such vacancy shall occur in the case of the fifth arbitrator a substitute shall be selected in the manner herein provided for with regard to the original appointment.

Art. 4. The tribunal shall investigate and ascertain the extent of the territories belonging to or that might lawfully be claimed by the United Netherlands or by the kingdom of Spain, respectively, at the time of the acquisition by Great Britain of the colony of British Guiana, and shall determine the boundary line between the colony of British Guiana and the United States of Venezuela.

Art. 5. The arbitrators shall meet in Paris within sixty days after the delivery of the printed arguments mentioned in Art. 8, and shall proceed impartially and carefully to examine and decide the questions that have been or shall be laid before them as herein provided on the part of the governments of her Britannic majesty and the United States of Venezuela, respectively.

Provided, always, that the arbitrators may, if they shall think fit, hold their meetings, or any of them, at any other place which they may determine.

All questions considered by the tribunal, including the final decision, shall be determined by a majority of all the arbitrators.

Each of the high contracting parties shall name one person as its agent, to attend the

tribunal and to represent it generally in all matters connected with the tribunal.

Art. 6. The printed case of each of the two parties, accompanied by the documents, the official correspondence and other evidence on which each relies shall be delivered in duplicate to each of the arbitrators and to the agent of the other party as soon as may be after the appointment of the members, not exceeding eight months from the date of the exchange of the ratifications of this treaty.

Art. 7. Within four months after the delivery on both sides of the printed case either party may in like manner deliver in duplicate to each of the said arbitrators, and to the agent of the other party, a counter case, and additional documents, correspondence and evidence in reply to the case, documents, correspondence and evidence so presented by the other party.

If in the case submitted to the arbitrators either party shall have specified or alluded to any report or document in its own exclusive possession, without annexing a copy, such party shall be bound, if the other party thinks proper to apply for it, to furnish that party with a copy thereof, and either party may call upon the other, through the arbitrators, to produce the originals or certified copies of any papers adduced as evidence, giving in each instance notice thereof within thirty days after delivery of the case; and the original or copy so requested shall be delivered as soon as may be and within a period not exceeding forty days after the receipt of notice.

Art. 8. It shall be the duty of the agent of each party within three months after the expiration of the time limited for the delivery of the counter case on both sides to deliver in duplicate to each of the said arbitrators and to the agent of the other party a printed argument showing the points and referring to the evidence upon which his government relies, and either party may also support the same before the arbitrators by oral argument of counsel; and the arbitrators may, if they desire further elucidation with regard to any point, require a written or printed statement or argument or oral argument by counsel upon it; but in such case the other party shall be entitled to reply either orally or in writing, as the case may be.

Art. 9. The arbitrators may, for any cause deemed by them sufficient, enlarge either of the periods fixed by Arts. 6, 7 and 8 by the allowance of thirty days additional.

Art. 10. The decision of the tribunal shall, if possible, be made within three months from the close of the argument on both sides. It shall be made in writing and dated, and shall be signed by the arbitrators who may assent to it.

The decision shall be in duplicate, one copy whereof shall be delivered to the agent of Great Britain for his government and the other copy shall be delivered to the agent of the United States of Venezuela for his government.

Art. 11. The arbitrators shall keep an accurate record of their proceedings and may appoint and employ the necessary officers to assist them.

Art. 12. Each government shall pay its own agent and provide for the proper remuneration of the counsel employed by it and its arbitrators appointed by it, or in its behalf, and for the expense of preparing and submitting its case to the tribunal. All other expenses connected with the arbitra-

tion shall be defrayed by the two governments in equal moieties.

Art. 13. The high contracting parties engage to consider the result of the proceedings of the tribunal of arbitration as a full, perfect and final settlement of all the questions referred to the arbitrators.

Art. 14. The present treaty shall be duly ratified by her Britannic majesty and by the president of the United States of Venezuela by and with the approval of the congress thereof, and the ratifications shall be exchanged in London or in Washington within six months from the date hereof.

As some objections were raised to the choice of King Oscar as a member of the tribunal, his name was omitted in the ratification of the treaty. It was not until October that the fifth jurist was chosen; he is Prof. Maertens, a distinguished Russian jurist, who will be president of the court.

Prof. Maertens' reputation as an author-

ity on international law is world-wide and has led to his frequent selection as arbitrator and umpire in international differences. He is an official of the Russian foreign office, professor of international law at the University of St. Petersburg and author of "Maertens' Treatise," the standard book of reference on all the treaties of the world.

Arrangements are being made for the assembling of the court at Paris during the late summer or autumn of the present year (1898).

On the 27th of February, 1897, the Venezuelan boundary commission, consisting of D. J. Brewer, A. D. White, F. R. Couderc, D. C. Gilman and R. H. Alvey, appointed by President Cleveland, ceased its labors, the treaty between Venezuela and Great Britain making it unnecessary for it to proceed further. The report will be published in four large volumes and will be of value to the court when it meets in Paris.

### SPECIAL FLAGS OF OFFICIALS.

Among the special flags of the United States there is now for the first time one belonging to the secretary of war. About eight years ago a special flag was made for



the secretary of the navy and the president has had his private flag for many years longer than that.

The new flag is of scarlet bunting, the fly measuring twelve feet and the hoist six feet eight inches. In the center is an eagle with outstretched wings, bearing upon its breast a United States shield. The eagle, which is the same as that on the national arms, holds in its right talon an olive branch with red berries and in its left a bunch of arrows. In its beak is a scroll with the motto "E

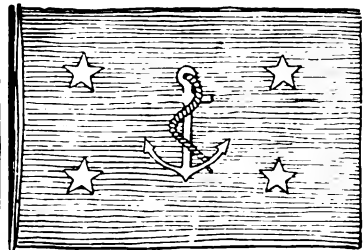


Pluribus Unum." In the field of the shield are two rows of stars, six in the upper and seven in the lower row. There is also a large white star in each of the four corners of the flag itself. Provision has likewise been made for a smaller nearly square flag

of silk, in the same design. This latter is officially known as the "colors" of the secretary of war.

The special flag of the president of the United States is similar to the one just described, and the new design is evidently a modification of the older one. The only differences between the two are that the president's flag is of blue instead of scarlet bunting and has instead of the four white stars in the corners a row of thirteen smaller white stars curving around and above the eagle.

The secretary of the navy has a much simpler flag than either of the above. Upon the blue field there is an anchor and the four white stars are in the corners, as in the



emblem of the secretary of war. With the exception of the flags of the admiral, vice-admiral, commodore and other officers of the navy, the three flags described above are the only special ones belonging to government officials.

The use of these special flags is, as a rule, confined strictly to ceremonious occasions and the natural result of this is that they are unfamiliar to the general public. Wherever the president's flag flies it denotes his presence in the vessel or building over which it is hoisted.

The flag of the secretary of the navy is displayed at the main during the time that the secretary remains on board of any war vessel. There has not yet been any occasion for the use of the new flag of the secretary of war, but, like the others, its display will indicate the presence of the secretary either afloat or ashore.



## ALASKA, ITS BOUNDARY AND GOLD FIELDS.

## THE BOUNDARY DISPUTE.

The discovery of rich gold fields near and about the eastern boundary of Alaska, north of Mount St. Elias, has added considerable interest to the controversy between the United States and Great Britain as to the exact location of the line of demarcation between this country and British Columbia. What was then known as Russian America, now as Alaska was ceded to the United States by Russia on the 30th of March, 1867. The sum agreed upon as the consideration for the transfer was \$7,000,000, but when it was ascertained that there were a fur company and an ice company enjoying monopolies under the Russian government the United States thought it expedient to extinguish the rights of these companies, and \$200,000 additional was added to the purchase price and the territory was ceded to the United States free from all incumbrances.

The treaty of cession described the eastern boundary as follows: "Commencing from the southernmost point of an island called Prince of Wales island, which point lies in the parallel of 54 degrees 40 minutes north latitude, and between the 131st and 132d degree of west longitude (meridian of Greenwich), the said line shall ascend to the north along the channel called the Portland channel as far as the point of the continent where it strikes the 56th degree of north latitude; from this last-mentioned point the line of demarcation shall follow the summit of the mountains situated parallel to the coast as far as the point of intersection of the 141st degree of west longitude (same meridian); and finally, from said point of intersection, the said meridian line of the 141st degree. In its prolongation as far as the frozen ocean."

Although there is no record of official correspondence on the subject, the eastern boundary line of Alaska appears to have been a matter of informal discussion between the United States and Great Britain soon after the territory was purchased. In his annual message to congress in December, 1872, President Grant recommended the appointment of a joint commission to locate the line, but no action was taken by congress. In May, 1886, President Cleveland transmitted to congress copies of a correspondence on the subject between the secretary of state and Mr. Phelps, our minister to England, and recommended the appropriation of \$100,000 for making a preliminary survey of the frontier territory. In August Lord Gough asked Secretary of State Olney if a joint surveyor could not be appointed to act with Mr. William Ogilvie, who was then about to survey the intersection of the 141st meridian and the Yukon river.

The result of this correspondence was a treaty between the United States and Great Britain, signed Jan. 30, 1897, which provided for the appointment of a joint commission of two (one commissioner from each government) to ascertain and mark by visible objects "so much of the 141st meridian of west longitude as is necessary to be defined for the purpose of determining the exact limits of the territory ceded to the United States by the Treaty between the United States and Russia of March 30, 1867." It will be seen by the text of the treaty quoted that it provides only for the ascertainment and marking of that portion of the Alaskan boundary about which there has never been any dispute—namely, the portion lying

north of Mount St. Elias and constituted by the 141st meridian as mentioned in the treaty of March 30, 1867. The location of the line is merely a matter of geodesy. In fact, Mount St. Elias is in longitude 140 degrees 55 minutes 47.2 seconds west, or something like two miles east of and on the British side of the 141st meridian. The location of the line on the 141st meridian line will add to the British territory a strip of land about twenty miles long, two miles wide at its base and tapering to a point, with an area of about twenty square miles. The boundary controversy as to the divisional line south of Mount St. Elias and running south, parallel with the coast, to Prince of Wales island, is not a subject for the commissioners appointed under the treaty of Jan. 30, 1897, to consider. As to the boundary line southeast of the 141st degree of west longitude to the Prince of Wales island the treaty of cession says:

"Wherever the summit of the mountains, which extend in a direction parallel to the coast from 56 degrees of north latitude to the point of intersection of 141 degrees of west longitude, shall prove to be a distance of more than ten marine leagues from the ocean the limit between the British possessions and the line of coast which is to belong to Russia, as above mentioned, shall be formed by a line parallel to the widening of the coast and which shall never exceed the distance of ten marine leagues therefrom."

In regard to this part of the boundary line Gen. Duffield, superintendent of the coast and geodetic survey, and a member of the boundary commission, said in July, 1897:

"On all maps from 1825 down to 1884 the boundary line has been shown as in general terms parallel to the windings of the coast and thirty-five miles from it. In 1884, however, an official Canadian map showed a marked deflection in this line at its south end. Instead of passing up Portland channel this Canadian map showed the boundary as passing up Behn canal, an arm of the sea some sixty or seventy miles west of Portland channel, this change having been made on the late assertion that the words 'Portland canal' as inserted, were erroneous. By this change an area of American territory about equal in size to the state of Connecticut was transferred to British territory. There are three facts which go to show that this map was incorrect. In the first place, the British admiralty, when surveying the northern limit of the British Columbian possessions in 1868, one year after the cession of Alaska, surveyed Portland canal, and not Behn canal, and thus, by implication, admitted this canal to be the boundary line. Second, the region now claimed by British Columbia was at that time occupied as a military post of the United States without objection or protest on the part of British Columbia. Third, Annette island, in this region, was, by act of congress four years ago, set apart as a reservation for the use of the Metektaia Indians, who sought asylum under the American flag to escape annoyances experienced under the British flag.

"Another change was made at Lynn canal, the northernmost extension of the Alexander archipelago, which runs north of Juneau and is the land outlet of the Yukon trade. If the official Canadian map of 1884 carried the boundary line around the head

of this canal another Canadian map, three years later, carried the line across the head of the canal in such a manner as to throw its headwaters into British territory. Still later Canadian maps carry the line, not across the head of the canal, but across near its mouth, some sixty or seventy miles south of the former line, in such a way as practically to take in Juneau, or at least all overland immediately back of it. And the very latest Canadian map, published at Ottawa within a few days, while it runs no line at all southeast of Alaska, prints the legend "British Columbia" over portions of the Lynn canal which are now administered by the United States.

The report of the commission has not yet been acted upon by congress.

### THE KLONDIKE GOLD REGION.

Where is the Klondike? In reply to this question H. K. Carroll, LL. D., says:

"The Klondike is one of a number of creeks which empty into the Yukon, and gold is found in the gravel deposits which form the valleys through which these streams run. The richest finds have been on the Klondike and the Bonanza; but claims have been laid out also on Dominion, Indian, Hunker, Glacier, Miller, Eldorado and Gold Bottom creeks. These are nearly all in British territory. But we have good fields just across the border in our own territory of Alaska. There are paying mines at Circle City on the Yukon, at Forty Mile, at the junction of Forty Mile creek with the Yukon, and probably on other streams to the south.

"The discovery of the wonderful deposits in the Klondike region appears to have been made in August, a year ago, by George Carmack. Evidently he was not succeeding at Forty Mile, which is on the Yukon, in Alaska, and strolled across the border on a prospecting tour. He found gold in paying quantities near the junction of the Bonanza and Klondike creeks, and returned to Forty Mile for help. With two Indians he was able to 'pan out' about \$500 a week. The news was slow in reaching Circle City, a large camp of miners about 200 miles lower down on the Yukon. Perhaps they did not believe the first reports. At all events, it was December before any movement was made. Then in one day Circle City was depopulated and a new city, Dawson, was established at the mouth of the Klondike, on the Yukon. There was a mad rush for the new country. Immediately it was all staked out. Along every stream and in every gulch claims were marked out and with feverish haste the work of thawing the gravel was begun. There was then no water to wash the dirt with; but they could not wait for summer to loose the streams, so some of them made 'rockers' and tunneled and 'rocked' the earth and found it full of gold."

In a report made by Prof. J. E. Spurr to the United States geological survey, 1897, the statement is made that the first discoveries in the Yukon district were made in 1885, on Stewart river, Cassiar bar and Lewis river. In the following year gold was found on Forty Mile creek and its tributaries, Glacier creek, Davis creek, Poker creek, etc., were prospected with good results for several years. Miller creek (in British territory) was opened for mining in 1892. Birch creek, with its various branches, was discovered in 1893 and Circle City was founded. In 1890 the director of the United States mint estimated the production of the Yukon placers

as \$50,000; in 1891 this amount doubled; in 1893 the product of the Alaskan creeks was given as \$128,000; in 1894 it reached \$409,000, and in 1896 \$709,000 was the amount estimated for the Yukon district and \$69,069 for outside creeks. In that year Eagle creek, a tributary of Birch creek, was discovered. The condition of the Forty Mile district in the summer of 1896 was not as encouraging as formerly, owing to the six weeks' drought, which prevented the water from running the sluices and caused enforced idleness. The Birch creek region, on the other hand, was flourishing. At this time discoveries were made on the Klondike river (about twenty miles from Forty Mile creek), placers on Hunker creek, Indian creek and Bonanza creek, the principal branch of the Klondike, gave good returns. On Bonanza creek \$1,000 was taken out in August and September, 1896, and 400 claims were located up to January, 1897. Gulches and creeks showing good prospects are spread over 700 square miles. The mining population in the Yukon region was estimated in 1896 at about 1,700, and the gold production for that year, including United States and British territory, is estimated at \$1,400,000. Upon the subject of prospecting and mining Prof. Spurr says:

"The Yukon districts lie in a broad belt of gold-producing rocks, having a considerable width and extending in a general east and west direction for several hundred miles.

"Throughout this belt occur quartz veins which carry gold but so far as yet found out the ore is of low grade and a large proportion of the veins have been so broken by movements in the rocks that they cannot be followed. For this reason the mines in the bed rock cannot be worked, except on a large scale with improved machinery, and even such operations are impossible until the general conditions of the country in reference to transportation and supplies are improved.

"Through the gold-bearing rocks the streams have cut deep gullies and canyons and in their beds the gold which was contained in the rocks which have been worn away is concentrated, so that from a large amount of very low-grade rock there may be formed in places a gravel sufficiently rich in gold to repay washing. All the mining which is done in this country, therefore, consists in the washing out of these gravels.

"In each gulch prospectors are at liberty to stake out claims not already taken, the size of the claims being determined by vote of all the miners in each gulch, according to the richness of the gravel. The usual length of a claim is about 500 feet along the stream and the total width of the gulch bed, which is ordinarily narrow. When a prospector has thus staked out his claim it is recorded by one of the miners, who is elected by his fellows in each gulch for that purpose, and this secures him sufficient title. The miners' laws are practically the entire government in these districts, for the remoteness prevents any systematic communication being carried on with the United States. All questions and disputes are settled by miners' meetings and the question in dispute is put to popular vote.

"In prospecting the elementary method of panning is used to discover the presence of gold in gravel, but after a claim is staked and systematic work begun long sluice boxes are built of boards, the miners being obliged to fell the trees themselves and saw out the lumber with whipsaws, a very laborious kind of work. The depth of gravel in the bottom of the gulches varies from a foot

up to twenty or thirty feet and when it is deeper than the latter figure it cannot be worked.

"The upper part of the gravel is barren and the pay dirt lies directly upon the rock beneath and is generally very thin. To get at this pay dirt all the upper gravel must be shoveled off and this preliminary work often requires an entire season, even in a very small claim. When the gravel is deeper than a certain amount, say ten feet, the task of removing it becomes formidable. In this case the pay dirt can sometimes be got at in the winter season, when the gravel is frozen hard, by sinking shafts through the gravel and drifting along the pay dirt."

#### ROUTES TO THE KLONDIKE.

The Klondike region can be reached by St. Michael and a voyage up the Yukon, which is perhaps the most comfortable but longest route. The current of the river is so swift that the trip up is necessarily slow. Boats from San Francisco, touching at Seattle, Victoria and Unalaska, connect at St. Michael and with the river steamers, in the "Guide to the Yukon Gold Fields." Mr. Wilson gives the following rates for the river boats, which he says accommodate about 100 passengers:

From Forty Mile Post to St. Michael, first class, \$50; second class, \$30. The through trip from San Francisco costs, he says, from \$150 to \$175. After leaving the steamer, says the same authority, packs are carried by Indians and dogs in summer and in winter are conveyed by sleds. The cost of freighting in summer is \$30 per 100 pounds for a distance of 60 miles; in winter, \$10 to \$15 per 100 pounds. The dogs haul large loads and can cover long distances.

A more direct but more fatiguing route is from Lynn canal to the Lewes river by way of several lakes. There is the Chilkat pass (long and less used than formerly), the White and the Chilkoot. The terminus of the White pass is some eighty-five miles north of Juneau and ocean steamers can run up to the landing at all times. The pass lies through a box canyon and is comparatively easy. Mr. Wilson considers this the best pass and says the trail would not exceed thirty-two miles in length and would strike Windy arm of Tagish lake, or Taku arm, coming in farther up the lake. This part of the lake is accessible to Lake Bennett and the pass could be used as a mail route any month of the year. The Chilkoot pass is the one most used by miners. Steamers ply from Juneau to Dyea, a distance of 100 miles, and the head of steamship navigation. The charge is \$10 for one man and outfit. Mr. Wilson's description of the route is summarized as follows:

At Dyea the actual journey begins. If the trip is made by sleighs the parties usually do their own work; but if the snow and ice have left the canyon the outfit will have to be packed to Lake Lindeman. Indian packers charge \$14 per 100 pounds; the distance is about twenty-four miles. Canoes can be used for about six miles up the Dyea river; then the trail, steep and precipitous, leads up the canyon to the summit, fifteen miles distant and 3,500 feet above tide water. From the summit there is a sheer descent of 500 feet to the bed of Crater lake. The water has cut a small canyon down the mountain side which should be followed to Lake Lindeman (twenty-four miles from Dyea inlet). Here a raft should be made with a deck of small poles a foot above the body, which prevents the

waves from wetting the outfit. The latter should be protected by water-tight sacks, either of oilskin or canvas. A short portage of three-fourths of a mile (the fall being about twenty feet) leads to Lake Bennett. The stream connecting the two lakes is crooked and rocky, making it unsafe for a boat. Lake Lindeman is about six miles long and opens up from May 15 to June 10. After reaching Lake Bennett the journey may be continued by raft or by ascending a small river which enters the head of the lake from the west, a distance of one mile; good boat timber may be found. The only timber used in the construction of boats is spruce or Norway pine. Lake Bennett is some twenty-six miles long; Caribou Crossing leads to Tagish lake. Navigation on these two lakes is sometimes interrupted by the high winds. A wide, sluggish river leads to Lake Marsh, twenty miles long. The river from here to the canyon has about a three-mile current. Just above the canyon quantities of salmon are found. The canyon proper is five-eighths of a mile in length, but the distance to portage is about a mile and that run by the boats is three-fourths of a mile. The average width of the canyon is 100 feet and the water is very deep. There is little danger in passing the canyon if the steersman does not lose his head. The water in the center is four feet higher than at the walls and if the boat is kept under control it will remain on this crest and so avoid striking the walls. The boat should be strong and the cargo well protected from the water. It takes two minutes and twenty seconds to pass through the canyon. Two miles below White Horse rapids are reached. It is practically impossible to pass these and portage must be resorted to. This part of the river can never be made navigable for steamers. A tramway could easily be built here and operated by the power from the falls.

About fifteen miles from the rapids the Tahkeena river joins the Lewes. This is the inland waterway used in connection with the Chilkat pass, which is long (125 miles) and less used by miners or Indians. The Tahkeena is easily navigable. A steamer could ascend it perhaps seventy miles. Lake Labarge is twelve miles below the Tahkeena. This lake is thirty-one miles long and is often very rough. After leaving it the current of the river increases to five or six miles an hour. The course is very crooked and the bed is filled with bowlders, which might make it dangerous for river steamers, especially on the down trip. The Hootalingua, Big Salmon and Little Salmon rivers enter the Lewes within the next hundred miles the first two showing signs of gold. Fifty-three miles below the Little Salmon is the Five Fingers rapid, which can be run with a good boat with comparative ease. The channel to the right should be followed. Rink rapids are six miles below Five Fingers and the east shore should be followed closely. Old Fort Selkirk is fifty-five miles from Five Fingers and just below the confluence of the Pelly and Lewes rivers. Here the Yukon begins and soon broadens to a mile in width. Ninety-six miles below the White river enters from the west. This is a large stream, extremely muddy. It probably flows over volcanic deposits. Eighty miles farther on is the mouth of Sixty Mile creek, where there is a trading post and sawmill and where a number of miners annually winter. Thirty miles below Indian creek enters the Yukon and twenty miles from Indian creek is the mouth of the Klondike. Some twenty miles

beyond is the mouth of Forty Mile creek. There is a trading post at its outlet and Dawson is near the mouth of the Klondike river. Circle City is 140 miles from Forty Mile post and Dawson is 676 miles from Juneau.

The act of congress approved July 4, 1866, relating to mineral lands and mining in the United States, says:

"All valuable mineral deposits in lands belonging to the United States, both surveyed and unsurveyed, are hereby declared to be free and open to exploration and purchase and lands in which these are found to be occupied and purchased by citizens of the United States and by those who have declared an intention to become such, under the rules prescribed by law and according to local customs or rules of miners in the several mining districts, so far as the same are applicable and not inconsistent with the laws of the United States."

The act of congress approved May 17, 1884, providing for civil government for Alaska, has this language as to mines and mining privileges:

"The laws of the United States relating to mining claims and rights incidental thereto shall, on and after the passage of this act, be in full force and effect in said district of Alaska, subject to such regulations as may be made by the secretary of the interior and approved by the president. Parties who have located mines or mining privileges therein, under the United States law applicable to the public domain, or have occupied or improved or exercised acts of ownership over such claims, shall not be disturbed therein, but shall be allowed to perfect title by payment so provided for."

Commissioner Hermann says that the patenting of mineral lands in Alaska has been going on since 1884.

### ARBITRATION WITH GREAT BRITAIN.

#### PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE OF TRANSMISSION.

To the Senate: I transmit herewith a treaty for the arbitration of all matters in difference between the United States and Great Britain.

The provisions of the treaty are the result of long and patient deliberation and represent concessions made by each party for the sake of agreement upon the general scheme.

Though the result reached may not meet the views of the advocates of immediate, unlimited and irrevocable arbitration of all international controversies, it is, nevertheless, confidently believed that the treaty cannot fail to be everywhere recognized as making a long step in the right direction and as embodying a practical working plan by which disputes between the two countries will reach a peaceful adjustment as matter of course and in ordinary routine.

In the initiation of such an important movement it must be expected that some of its features will assume a tentative character looking to a further advance; and yet it is apparent that the treaty which has been formulated not only makes war between the parties to it a remote possibility but precludes those fears and rumors of war which of themselves too often assume the proportions of national disaster.

It is eminently fitting as well as fortunate that the attempt to accomplish results so beneficent should be initiated by kindred peoples, speaking the same tongue and joined together by all the ties of common traditions, common institutions and common aspirations. The experiment of substituting civilized methods for brute force as the means of settling international questions of right will thus be tried under the happiest auspices. Its success ought not to be doubtful and the fact that its ultimate ensuing benefits are not likely to be limited to the two countries immediately concerned should cause it to be promoted all the more eagerly. The example set and the lesson furnished by the successful operation of this treaty are sure to be felt and taken to heart sooner or later by other nations and will thus mark the beginning of a new epoch in civilization.

Profoundly impressed as I am, therefore, by the promise of transcendent good which this treaty affords, I do not hesitate to accompany its transmission with an expression of my earnest hope that it may commend itself to the favorable consideration of the senate. GROVER CLEVELAND.

Executive Mansion, Jan. 11, 1897.

The United States of America and her majesty the queen of the united kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, being desirous of consolidating the relations of amity which so happily exist between them and of consecrating by treaty the principle of international arbitration, have appointed for that purpose as their respective plenipotentiaries:

The president of the United States of America, the Hon. Richard Olney, secretary of state of the United States, and her majesty the queen of the united kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Rt. Hon. Sir Julian Pauncefote, a member of her majesty's most honorable privy council, knight grand cross of the most honorable Order of the Bath and of the most distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George and her majesty's ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to the United States, who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, which were found to be in due and proper form, have agreed to and concluded the following articles:

Article 1. The high contracting parties agree to submit to arbitration, in accordance with the provisions and subject to the limitations of this treaty, all questions in difference between them which they may fail to adjust by diplomatic negotiation.

Art. 2. All pecuniary claims or groups of pecuniary claims which do not in the aggregate exceed \$100,000 in amount and which do not involve the determination of territorial claims shall be dealt with and decided by an arbitral tribunal constituted as provided in the next following article.

In this article and in Art. 4 the words "groups of pecuniary claims" mean pecuniary claims by one or more persons arising

out of the same transactions or involving the same issues of law and of fact.

Art. 3. Each of the high contracting parties shall nominate one arbitrator, who shall be a jurist of repute, and the two arbitrators so nominated shall within two months of the date of their nomination select an umpire. In case they shall fail to do so within the limit of time above mentioned, the umpire shall be appointed by agreement between the members for the time being of the Supreme court of the United States and the members for the time being of the Judicial committee of the privy council in Great Britain, each nominating body acting by a majority. In case they shall fail to agree upon an umpire within three months of the date of an application made to them in that behalf by the high contracting parties, or either of them, the umpire shall be selected in the manner provided for in Art. 10.

The person so selected shall be the president of the tribunal and the award of the majority of members thereof shall be final.

Art. 4. All pecuniary claims or groups of pecuniary claims which shall exceed £100,000 in amount and all other matters in difference in respect of which either of the high contracting parties shall have rights against the other, under treaty or otherwise, provided that such matters in difference do not involve the determination of territorial claims, shall be dealt with and decided by an arbitral tribunal constituted as provided in the next following article.

Art. 5. Any subject of arbitration described in Art. 3 shall be submitted to the tribunal provided for by Art. 3, the award of which tribunal, if unanimous, shall be final. If not unanimous either of the high contracting parties may within six months from the date of the award demand a review thereof. In such case the matter in controversy shall be submitted to an arbitral tribunal consisting of five jurists of repute, no one of whom shall have been a member of the tribunal whose award is to be reviewed, and who shall be selected as follows—viz.: Two by each of the high contracting parties and one, to act as umpire, by the four thus nominated and to be chosen within three months after the date of their nomination. In case they shall fail to choose an umpire within the limit of time above mentioned the umpire shall be appointed by agreement between the nominating bodies designated in Art. 3 acting in the manner therein provided. In case they shall fail to agree upon an umpire within three months of the date of an application made to them in that behalf by the high contracting parties, or either of them, the umpire shall be selected in the manner provided for in Art. 10.

The person so selected shall be the president of the tribunal and the award of the majority of the members thereof shall be final.

Art. 6. Any controversy which shall involve the determination of territorial claims shall be submitted to a tribunal composed of six members, three of whom (subject to the provisions of Art. 8) shall be Judges of the Supreme court of the United States or Justices of the Circuit courts, to be nominated by the president of the United States, and the other three of whom (subject to the provisions of Art. 8) shall be Judges of the British Supreme Court of Judicature or members of the Judicial committee of the privy council, to be nominated by her Britannic maj-

esty, whose award by a majority of not less than five to one shall be final. In case of an award made by less than the prescribed majority the award shall also be final unless either power shall, within three months after the award has been reported, protest that the same is erroneous, in which case the award shall be of no validity.

In the event of an award made by less than the prescribed majority and protested as above provided, or if the members of the arbitral tribunal shall be equally divided, there shall be no recourse to hostile measures of any description until the mediation of one or more friendly powers has been invited by one or both of the high contracting parties.

Art. 7. Objections to the jurisdiction of an arbitral tribunal constituted under this treaty shall not be taken except as provided in this article.

If, before the close of the hearing upon a claim submitted to an arbitral tribunal constituted under Art. 3 or Art. 5, either of the high contracting parties shall move such tribunal to decide, and thereupon it shall decide that the determination of such claim necessarily involves the decision of a disputed question of principle of grave general importance, affecting the national rights of such party as distinguished from the private rights whereof it is merely the international representative, the jurisdiction of such arbitral tribunal over such claim shall cease and the same shall be dealt with by arbitration under Art. 6.

Art. 8. In cases where the question involved is one which concerns a particular state or territory of the United States it shall be open to the president of the United States to appoint a judicial officer of such state or territory to be one of the arbitrators under Art. 3 or Art. 5 or Art. 6.

In like manner in cases where the question involved is one which concerns a British colony or possession it shall be open to her Britannic majesty to appoint a judicial officer of such colony or possession to be one of the arbitrators under Art. 3 or Art. 5 or Art. 6.

Art. 9. Territorial claims in this treaty shall include all claims to territory and all claims involving questions of servitudes, rights of navigation and of access, fisheries and all rights and interests necessary to the control and enjoyment of the territory claimed by either of the high contracting parties.

Art. 10. If in any case the nominating bodies designated in Arts. 3 and 5 shall fail to agree upon an umpire in accordance with the provisions of the said articles, the umpire shall be appointed by his majesty the king of Sweden and Norway.

Either of the high contracting parties, however, may at any time give notice to the other that, by reason of material changes in conditions as existing at the date of this treaty, it is of opinion that a substitute for his majesty should be chosen either for all cases to arise under the treaty or for a particular specified case already arisen, and thereupon the high contracting parties shall at once proceed to agree upon such substitute to act either in all cases to arise under the treaty or in the particular case specified, as may be indicated by said notice; provided, however, that such notice shall have no effect upon an arbitration already begun by the constitution of an arbitral tribunal under Art. 8.

The high contracting parties shall also at once proceed to nominate a substitute for his majesty in the event that his majesty shall at any time notify them of his desire to be relieved from the functions graciously accepted by him under this treaty either for all cases to arise thereunder or for any particular specified case already arisen.

Art. 11. In case of the death, absence or incapacity to serve of any arbitrator or umpire, or in the event of any arbitrator or umpire omitting or declining or ceasing to act as such, another arbitrator or umpire shall be forthwith appointed in his place and stead in the manner provided for with regard to the original appointment.

Art. 12. Each government shall pay its own agent and provide for the proper remuneration of the counsel employed by it and of the arbitrators appointed by it and for the expense of preparing and submitting its case to the arbitral tribunal. All other expenses connected with any arbitration shall be defrayed by the two governments in equal moieties.

Provided, however, that, if in any case the essential matter of difference submitted to arbitration is the right of one of the high contracting parties to receive disavowals of or apologies for acts or defaults of the other not resulting in substantial pecuniary injury, the arbitral tribunal finally disposing of the said matter shall direct whether any of the expenses of the successful party shall be borne by the unsuccessful party, and if so to what extent.

Art. 13. The time and place of meeting of an arbitral tribunal and all arrangements for the hearing and all questions of procedure shall be decided by the tribunal itself.

Each arbitral tribunal shall keep a correct record of its proceedings and may appoint and employ all necessary officers and agents.

The decision of the tribunal shall, if possible, be made within three months from the close of the arguments on both sides.

It shall be made in writing and dated and shall be signed by the arbitrators who may assent to it.

The decision shall be in duplicate, one copy whereof shall be delivered to each of the high contracting parties through their respective agents.

Art. 14. This treaty shall remain in force for five years from the date at which it shall come into operation and further until the expiration of twelve months after either of the high contracting parties shall have given notice to the other of its wish to terminate the same.

Art. 15. The present treaty shall be duly

ratified by the president of the United States of America, by and with the advice and consent of the senate thereof, and by her Britannic majesty; and the mutual exchange of ratifications shall take place in Washington or in London within six months of the date hereof or earlier if possible.

In faith whereof, we, the respective plenipotentiaries, have signed this treaty and have hereunto affixed our seals.

Done in duplicate at Washington, the 11th day of January, 1897.

RICHARD OLNEY. [L. S.]  
JULIAN PAUNCEFOTE. [L. S.]

The senate, June 5, 1897, by a vote of 43 to 28, refused to ratify the treaty. The rules of the senate require a majority of two-thirds for the ratification of treaties. Hence four more affirmative votes would have been required to secure a favorable result.

The vote in detail was as follows:

#### YEAS.

Allison.	Hale.	Platt (N. Y.).
Bacon.	Hanna.	Pritchard.
Barrows.	Hawley.	Proctor.
Caffery.	Hoar.	Smith.
Clay.	Lindsay.	Spooner.
Collins.	Lodge.	Thurston.
Davis.	McBride.	Turpie.
Deboe.	McEnery.	Vest.
Fairbanks.	McMillan.	Walthall.
Faulkner.	Mitchell.	Warren.
Foraker.	Morrill.	Wellington.
Frye.	Nelson.	Wetmore.
Gallinger.	Pasco.	Wilson.
Gear.	Perkins.	
Gray.	Platt (Conn.).	

#### NAYS.

Baker.	Stewart.	Penrose.
Bate.	Welfield.	Pettigrew.
Butler.	Jones (Ark.).	Pettus.
Carter.	Jones (Nev.).	Rawlins.
Cockrell.	Kyle.	Quay.
Daniel.	Martin.	Roach.
Hansbrough.	Mason.	Shoup.
Harris (Kas.).	Mills.	White.
Harris (Tenn.).	Morgan.	

A total of 69 votes was cast, leaving nineteen senators who did not respond. The pairs so far as obtainable were as follows, two affirmative senators being paired with one negative senator in most instances: Chandler and Clark for, with Teller against; Tillman and Turner for, with Chilton against; Sewell and Earle for, with Mantle against; Senator George was paired for the treaty and Senator Berry against it. Pairs were not announced for the following: Aldrich, Cannon, Elkins, Gorman, Murphy, Wolcott, Kenney and Allen.

### INTERNATIONAL Bimetallism.

An act was passed by congress, approved March 3, 1897, entitled "An act to provide for the representation of the United States by commissioners at any international monetary conference hereafter to be called and to enable the president to otherwise promote an international agreement," as follows:

"Be it enacted, That whenever after March 4, 1897, the president of the United States shall determine that the United States should be represented at any international conference called by the United States or

any other country with a view to securing by international agreement a fixity of relative value between gold and silver as money by means of a common ratio between these metals, with free mintage at such ratio, he is hereby authorized to appoint five or more commissioners to such international conference; and for compensation of said commissioners and for all reasonable expenses connected therewith, to be approved by the secretary of state, including the proportion to be paid by the United States of the joint

expenses of any such conference, the sum of \$100,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated.

"Sec. 2. That the president of the United States is hereby authorized, in the name of the government of the United States, to call, in his discretion, such international conference, to assemble at such point as may be agreed upon. And he is further authorized, if in his judgment the purpose specified in the first section hereof can thus be better attained, to appoint one or more special commissioners or envoys to such of the nations of Europe as he may designate to seek by diplomatic negotiations an international agreement for the purpose specified in the first section hereof. And in case of such appointment so much of the appropriation herein made as shall be necessary shall be available for the proper expenses and compensation of such commissioners or envoys."

In accordance with Sec. 2 of this act the president, on the 12th of April, 1897, announced the appointment of three commissioners—Senator E. O. Wolcott of Colorado, Gen. Charles J. Paine of Massachusetts and ex-Vice President Adlai E. Stevenson of Illinois—to sound the sentiment of the commercial nations of Europe upon the advisability of international bimetalism and the holding of a monetary conference.

The commissioners reached Europe in May and held conferences with the French and German governments and reached London in midsummer. Until the report of the commission has been presented to congress, with the official correspondence, it is impossible to state with authority in detail what success the commission has met with abroad. On the 22d of October, 1897, the correspondence in regard to the bimetallic proposals of the United States monetary commission was issued by the British foreign office. The following synopsis of the negotiations is published as being taken from the official correspondence:

At the conference held at the foreign office July 12 the premier, the marquis of Salisbury; the secretary of state for India, Lord George Hamilton; the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach; the first lord of the treasury, A. J. Balfour; the United States ambassador, Col. John Hay, and the United States monetary commissioners, Senator Edward O. Wolcott of Colorado, ex-Vice President Adlai E. Stevenson of Illinois and Gen. Charles Jackson Paine of Massachusetts, were present.

On the invitation of the British premier Senator Wolcott explained that the object of the mission was to ascertain in advance of an international conference the views of the governments, and the envoys had determined to ascertain the views of the French, British and German governments on the question of reaching an international bimetallic agreement. They had been to France, where they reached a complete and satisfactory understanding with the French government, and the envoys would have the co-operation in this matter of the French ambassador in London.

The senator then explained that the success of the mission depended upon the attitude Great Britain would take and he requested Great Britain to agree to open the Indian mints as its contribution to the attempt to restore international bimetalism, with France and the United States co-operating together in an attempt to that end.

The marquis of Salisbury asked if France

was ready to open her mints to free coinage and Senator Wolcott replied: "Yes."

The premier thereupon inquired at what ratio France would open her mints. Senator Wolcott said 15½, adding that the American envoys had accepted this ratio.

Senator Wolcott then presented the following list of contributions which, among others, he suggested Great Britain might make:

1. The opening of the Indian mints and the repeal of the order making the sovereign legal tender in India.

2. Placing one-fifth of the bullion in the issue department of the Bank of England in silver.

3. Raising the legal-tender limit of silver to, say, £10, and issuing 20-shilling notes based on silver, which shall be legal tender, and the retirement, in graduation or otherwise, of the 10-shilling gold pieces and the substitution of paper based on silver.

4. An agreement to coin annually so much silver, the amount to be left open.

5. The opening of the English mints to the coinage of rupees and the coinage of British dollars which shall be full tender in the Straits Settlements and other silver standard colonies and tender in the United Kingdom to the limit of silver legal tender.

6. Colonial action and the coinage of silver in Egypt.

7. Something having the general scope of the Huskisson plan.

The meeting then closed and it was understood by the parties that on account of the absence of the French ambassador, Baron de Courcel, the proceedings should be regarded as informal, and a second conference was held on the 15th of July, at which, in addition to those already mentioned, the French ambassador and M. Geoffrey, the councillor of the French embassy, were present.

The French ambassador was invited to declare the position of the French government, and he said France was ready to reopen her mints to the coinage of silver if the commercial nations adopted the same course, and he advocated at great length the ratio of 15½. But, he explained, France would not consider the reopening of the mints of India alone as being sufficient guaranty to permit the French government to reopen the French mints to free coinage of silver.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach then announced definitely that Great Britain would not agree to open the English mints to the unlimited coinage of silver, and that whatever views he and his colleagues might separately hold regarding bimetalism, he could say that they were united on this point.

Baron de Courcel said, as a personal suggestion, that among other contributions he thought Great Britain should open the Indian mints and also agree to purchase annually £10,000,000 of silver for a series of years.

Senator Wolcott seconded the proposal that the British government should make this purchase with proper safeguards and provisions as to the place and manner of its use.

Since this conference the British government has been considering the proposals and finally made the reply handed the United States ambassador Oct. 22.

The reply of the government of India upon which Lord Salisbury based his decision is

a long document, giving an emphatic negative to the proposal to reopen the Indian mints. It says:

"The first result of the suggested measures, if they were to succeed even temporarily in their object, would be an intense disturbance of Indian trade and industry. There would be a sudden rise in exchange, which, if the ratio of 15½ to 1 were adopted, would be to about 3 pence the rupee. Such a rise would be enough to kill our export trade for a time, at least, unless the public were convinced that the arrangement would be permanent and have the effect intended.

"The paralysis of trade and industry would be prolonged and would be accompanied by acute individual suffering. None of the advantages expected would be attained and the country would pass through a critical period which would retard its progress for years. The position would be disastrous alike to the state, to individuals and to trade generally. The exchange value of the rupee, having risen suddenly, would fall equally suddenly to a point far lower than the present level, probably 9 pence, and even lower. Such a fall, apart from other disastrous results, would necessitate additional taxation to the amount of many crores."

The reply then proceeds to point out that the proposed agreement would be a much more serious question for India than for the United States and France, as the whole risk of disaster from failure would fall upon India. If the agreement broke down, the United States and France could take precautions against a depletion of their gold reserve, but in India the rupee, when the collapse came, would fall headlong and the government would have no remedy against fluctuation in the exchange value of India's standard of value with the fluctuations in the price of silver.

"For," continues the reply, "if the Indian mints are reopened to silver now it will be practically impossible for the government ever to close them; and if it were possible it would be only after very large additions had been made to the amount of silver in circulation."

After noting that "the effect of the adoption of the scheme would probably be an increase in prices in France and the United States, but a decrease in India," a change which France and the United States "would contemplate with equanimity, but which would be manifestly impossible to India," the reply suggests that the United States is doubtless partly inspired in making its proposals by a fear of experiencing some difficulties and dangers which India has already surmounted after years of embarrassment.

Then follows the opinion that India is on the point of securing a stable exchange of 18 pence per rupee, and it would be exceedingly foolish to throw away the position already attained by an acceptance of proposals which, if they failed of their intended object, would place India permanently under the silver standard, with all its admitted disadvantages. "Nothing but assured success could justify India in joining in the experiment, and the belief is that the proposals will fail to secure a permanent ratio of 15½ to 1. One reason for this conclusion is that the arrangement would rest on too narrow a basis. The union of two countries, with a third lending assistance, is a very different thing from the international union of a majority of the important

countries of the world advocated by the Indian government in dispatches forwarded in March and June, 1892, and in February and September, 1896.

"We doubt whether any two or three nations in the world, unless one of them were Great Britain, could establish the required stability. It is certain that France, the United States and India could not."

The reply then proceeds to discuss various reasons why the experiment would not succeed. First, France and the United States, seeing the prospect of a total disappearance of gold coinage before the price of silver has been raised to the intended ratio, might take measures to prevent the export of gold. Second, either country might be reduced to a paper currency, in which case the agreement would cease to operate. Third, a three-sided agreement would be open to greater risk of termination by one or two parties than a many-sided international agreement, besides which either France or the United States might some day think some other nation benefiting at its expense, and this would lead to discussions as to the expediency of the termination of the agreement, discussions only less serious than actual termination.

"For these reasons alone, without considering objections to the particular ratio proposed, we do not hesitate," continue the authors of the reply, "to recommend that your lordship refuse to give the undertaking desired. We shall be willing to consider what effect the co-operation of any other nations, if secured, may have on the problem, but we believe that our best policy is to link ourselves to Great Britain."

They then proceed to argue that the ratio of 15½ to 1 is too high. "Differing so widely from the existing ratio, it would immensely increase the difficulty. Indeed, if it could be secured and maintained successfully, we would object to the ratio in the interests of India, and we recommend your lordship on behalf of India to decline to participate in or to do anything to encourage the formation of a union based thereon.

"As we have already pointed out, the sudden rise in the exchange value of the rupee would be so disastrous to Indian industries, especially planting, in which European capital is largely embarked, that in our opinion the true interests of India demand that any measures to attain stability of exchange for gold and silver should be based upon a ratio not greatly differing from 16 pence the rupee. Any advantages from a considerable rise in exchange would be far outweighed by the resulting evils."

Having discussed the probable effect in various directions upon India's local interests, the dispatch recommends a reply in the negative, adding:

"We presume that a union based upon a ratio low enough to suit our interests would not be acceptable to France and the United States."

In conclusion the official dispatch intimates that the present proposals might have been favorably considered in 1892, but "the experience of the last few years has made the position very different." It also notes that "the conditions under which we have had to reply to your lordship's dispatch preclude our consulting with the commercial and banking communities of India," but, "even had another reply been possible it could have been only after the fullest preliminary consideration by our banking and commercial bodies."

## HAWAIIAN ANNEXATION.

The present movement to annex the republic of Hawaii to the United States originated in 1892. King Kalakaua, who was elected ruler on the 15th day of February, 1874, died in San Francisco, Cal., while on a journey to recruit his health, on the 20th of January, 1891. His remains were taken to Honolulu, arriving there Jan. 29, and on the same day his sister took the oath of sovereignty and was proclaimed queen under the title of Liliuokalani. The queen at once appointed a new cabinet and used her power to secure a stronger hold on the government than her predecessor had ever acquired. The legislative session of 1892 was a prolonged one and considerable ill feeling was engendered by the attempt of the queen to regain absolute control of the executive power and by her determination to secure the passage of what were known as the opium and lottery bills. Her efforts were bitterly opposed on the ground that if they succeeded the government would be practically transformed from a limited to an absolute monarchy, besides disfranchising a class of citizens who paid two-thirds of the taxes for the support of the government. The efforts of the queen to put her ideas into practice precipitated a revolt.

The leaders of the opposition to the queen organized their forces and formed a provisional government, which was proclaimed Jan. 17, 1893. The United States steamer Boston was in port, and on the day previous had landed a force to protect the lives and property of American citizens in case of an outbreak. Under the advice of her cabinet the queen resigned, under protest, and decided to appeal to the United States. On the 15th of February, 1893, President Harrison sent a message to the United States senate submitting a treaty for the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands to this country. He took the ground that the restoration of the queen to the throne "was inadvisable if not impossible"; that "only two courses were open—one the establishment of a protectorate, and the other annexation full and complete"—and that the "latter course, which has been adopted in the treaty, will be highly promotive of the best interests of the Hawaiian people and is the only one that will adequately secure the interests of the United States."

This treaty was not acted upon by the senate, and shortly after his inauguration it was withdrawn by President Cleveland. Hon. James H. Blount was sent by the president as a special commissioner to the Hawaiian Islands to ascertain and report upon the facts in connection with the revolution. In his message to congress in December, 1893, the president said the report submitted by Mr. Blount showed that "the constitutional government of Hawaii had been subverted with the active aid of our representative to that government and through the intimidation caused by the presence of an armed naval force of the United States which was landed for that purpose at the instance of our minister." It therefore seemed to him "the only honorable course for our government to pursue was to undo the wrong that had been done by those representing us, and to restore as far as practicable the status existing at the time of our forcible intervention."

In the following year (June, 1894) a convention was elected, which sat in Honolulu

and framed a new constitution for the country, and the republic of Hawaii was formally proclaimed July 4, 1894. The president is elected for six years. The legislature consists of a senate and house of representatives, all members being elected by popular vote. The senators are elected for a term of six years, and voters for senators must have real property worth \$1,500, or personal property worth \$3,000, or an income of not less than \$600 per annum. The vote for representatives is based on manhood suffrage. The judiciary consists of a supreme court, five circuit courts in which trials by jury are conducted, and district courts in every district. There is an efficient police force in every part of the group.

All males between the ages of 20 and 60 pay a personal tax of \$5—viz.: Poll tax, \$1; road tax, \$2; school tax, \$2. Land pays a tax of 1 per cent on the cash value and personal property a similar rate. Carts pay \$2, brakes \$3, carriages \$5, dogs \$1, female dogs \$3. From the above it will be seen that the taxes are not heavy as compared with other countries; moreover, there are no local taxes of any kind. The republic was formally recognized by the United States in a letter from President Cleveland to President Dole dated Aug. 7, 1894.

A royalist conspiracy in the fall of 1894 resulted in the insurrection of Jan. 6, 1895, which was promptly suppressed. A number of persons, including ex-Queen Liliuokalani, were arrested and imprisoned, but ultimately released. The ex-queen left the country in 1896 and proceeded to the United States, where she has since resided.

The republic of Hawaii maintained itself during the four years that followed and the government showed itself qualified to enter into such negotiations as it saw fit with other nations.

On the 16th of June, 1897, President McKinley sent to the senate of the United States another treaty of annexation, which is still under consideration in that body. In his message of transmission the president said:

"I transmit herewith to the senate, in order that, after due consideration, the constitutional function of advice and consent may be exercised by that body, a treaty for the annexation of the republic of Hawaii to the United States, signed in this capital by the plenipotentiaries of the parties on the 16th of June instant.

"The incorporation of the Hawaiian Islands into the body politic of the United States is the necessary and fitting sequel to the chain of events which from a very early period of our history has controlled the intercourse and prescribed the association of the United States and the Hawaiian Islands. The predominance of American interests in that neighboring territory was first asserted in 1820 by sending to the islands a representative agent of the United States. It found further expression by the signature of a treaty of friendship, commerce and navigation with the king in 1826—the first international compact negotiated by Hawaii. It was signally announced in 1843, when the intervention of the United States caused the British government to disavow the seizure of the Sandwich Islands by a British naval commander and to recognize them by treaty as an independent state, renouncing forever any purpose of annexing the islands or exercising a protec-

torate over them. In 1851 the cession of the Hawaiian kingdom to the United States was formally offered and although not then accepted this government proclaimed its duty to preserve alike the honor and dignity of the United States and the safety of the government of the Hawaiian Islands. From this time until the outbreak of the war in 1861 the policy of the United States toward Hawaii and of the Hawaiian sovereign toward the United States was exemplified by continued negotiations for annexation or for a reserved commercial union. The latter alternative was at length accomplished by the reciprocity treaty of 1875, the provisions of which were renewed and expanded by the convention of 1884, embracing the perpetual cession to the United States of the harbor of Pearl River in the island of Oahu. In 1888 a proposal for the joint guaranty of the neutrality of the Hawaiian Islands by the United States, Germany and Great Britain was declined on the announced ground that the relation of the United States to the islands was sufficient for the end in view. In brief, from 1820 to 1893 the course of the United States toward the Hawaiian Islands has consistently favored their autonomous welfare with the exclusion of all foreign influence save our own, to the extent of upholding eventual annexation as the necessary outcome of that policy.

"Not only is the union of the Hawaiian territory to the United States no new scheme, but it is the inevitable consequence of the relation steadfastly maintained with that mid-Pacific domain for three-quarters of a century. Its accomplishment, despite successive denials and postponements, has been merely a question of time. While its failure in 1893 may not be a cause of congratulation, it is certainly a proof of the disinterestedness of the United States, the delay of four years having abundantly sufficed to establish the right and the ability of the republic of Hawaii to enter, as a sovereign contractant upon a conventional union with the United States, thus realizing a purpose held by the Hawaiian people and proclaimed by successive Hawaiian governments through some seventy years of their virtual dependence upon the benevolent protection of the United States. Under such circumstances, annexation is not a change; it is a consummation."

#### TEXT OF THE TREATY.

The United States of America and the republic of Hawaii, in view of the natural dependence of the Hawaiian Islands upon the United States of their geographical proximity thereto, of the preponderant share acquired by the United States and its citizens in the industries and trade of said islands, and of the expressed desire of the government of the republic of Hawaii that those islands should be incorporated into the United States as an integral part thereof and under its sovereignty, have determined to accomplish by treaty an object so important to their mutual and permanent welfare.

To this end the high contracting parties have conferred full powers and authority upon their respectively appointed plenipotentiaries—to wit:

The president of the United States: John Sherman, secretary of state of the United States.

The president of the republic of Hawaii: Francis March Hatch, Lorrin A. Thurston, and William A. Kinney.

Article 1. The republic of Hawaii hereby cedes absolutely and without reserve to the

United States of America all rights of sovereignty of whatsoever kind in and over the Hawaiian Islands and their dependencies; and it is agreed that all the territory of and appertaining to the republic of Hawaii is hereby annexed to the United States of America under the name of the territory of Hawaii.

Art. 2. The republic of Hawaii also cedes and hereby transfers to the United States the absolute fee and ownership of all public government or crown lands, public buildings or edifices, ports, harbors, military equipment and all other public property of every kind and description belonging to the government of the Hawaiian Islands, together with every right and appurtenance thereunto appertaining.

The existing laws of the United States relative to public lands shall not apply to such lands in the Hawaiian Islands; but the congress of the United States shall enact special laws for their management and disposition: Provided, that all revenue from or proceeds of the same, except as regards such part thereof as may be used or occupied for the civil, military or naval purposes of the United States, or may be assigned for the use of the local government, shall be used solely for the benefit of the inhabitants of the Hawaiian Islands for educational and other public purposes.

Art. 3. Until congress shall provide for the government of such islands all the civil, judicial and military powers exercised by the officers of the existing government in said islands shall be vested in such person or persons and shall be exercised in such manner as the president of the United States shall direct, and the president shall have power to remove said officers and fill the vacancies so occasioned.

The existing treaties of the Hawaiian Islands with foreign nations shall forthwith cease and determine, being replaced by such treaties as may exist or as may be hereafter concluded between the United States and such foreign nations.

The municipal legislation of the Hawaiian Islands, not enacted for the fulfillment of the treaties so extinguished, and not inconsistent with this treaty, nor contrary to the constitution of the United States, nor to any existing treaty of the United States, shall remain in force until the congress of the United States shall otherwise determine.

Until legislation shall be enacted extending the United States customs laws and regulations to the Hawaiian Islands the existing customs relations of the Hawaiian Islands with the United States and other countries shall remain unchanged.

Art. 4. The public debt of the republic of Hawaii, lawfully existing at the date of the exchange of the ratifications of this treaty, including the amounts due to the depositors in the Hawaiian Postal savings bank, is hereby assumed by the government of the United States; but the liability of the United States in this regard shall in no case exceed \$4,000,000. So long, however, as the existing government and the present commercial relations of the Hawaiian Islands are continued as hereinbefore provided said government shall continue to pay the interest on said debt.

Art. 5. There shall be no further immigration of Chinese into the Hawaiian Islands, except upon such conditions as are now or may hereafter be allowed by the laws of the United States, and no Chinese by reason of anything herein contained shall be allowed to enter the United States from the Hawaiian Islands.

Art. 6. The president shall appoint five commissioners, at least two of whom shall be residents of the Hawaiian islands, who shall, as soon as reasonably practicable, recommend to congress such legislation concerning the territory of Hawaii as they shall deem necessary or proper.

Art. 7. This treaty shall be ratified by the president of the United States by and with the advice and consent of the senate, on the one part; and by the president of the republic of Hawaii, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, in accordance with the constitution of the said republic, on the other; and the ratifications hereof shall be exchanged at Washington as soon as possible.

In witness whereof the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the above articles and have hereunto affixed their seals.

Done in duplicate at the city of Washington, this sixteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

JOHN SHERMAN,  
FRANCIS MARCH HATCH,  
LORRIN A. THURSTON,  
WILLIAM KINNEY.

#### SECRETARY SHERMAN'S REPORT.

Accompanying the president's message and the Hawaiian treaty was the following report from Secretary Sherman:

"The President: The undersigned, secretary of state, has the honor to lay before the president for submission to the senate, should it be deemed for the public interest to do so, a treaty, signed in the city of Washington on the 16th inst., by the undersigned and by the duly empowered representatives of the republic of Hawaii, whereby the islands constituting the said republic of Hawaii and all their dependencies are fully and absolutely ceded to the United States of America forever.

It does not seem necessary to the present purpose of the undersigned to review the incident of 1893, when a similar treaty of cession was signed on Feb. 14, and submitted to the senate, being subsequently withdrawn by the president on March 9, following.

"The negotiation which has culminated in the treaty now submitted has not been a mere resumption of the negotiation of 1893 but was initiated and has been conducted upon independent lines. Then an abrupt revolutionary movement had brought about the dethronement of the late queen, and set up, instead of the heretofore titular monarchy, a provisional government for the control and management of public affairs and the protection of the public peace, such government to exist only until terms of union with the United States should have been negotiated and agreed upon. Thus self-constituted, its promoters claimed for it only a de facto existence until the purpose of annexation in which it took rise, should be accomplished.

"As time passed, and the plan of union with the United States became an uncertain contingency, the organization of the Hawaiian commonwealth underwent necessary changes; the temporary character of its first government gave place to a permanent scheme, under a constitution framed by the representatives of the electors of the islands; administration by an executive council not chosen by suffrage, but self-appointed, was succeeded by an elective and parliamentary regime, and the ability of the new government to hold—as the republic of Hawaii—an independent place in the family of sovereign states, preserving order at

home and fulfilling international obligations abroad, has been put to the proof.

"Recognized by the powers of the earth, sending and receiving envoys, enforcing respect for the law and maintaining peace within its island borders, Hawaii sends to the United States not a commission representing a successful revolution, but the accredited plenipotentiary of a constituted and firmly established sovereign state. However sufficient may have been the authority of the commissioners with whom the United States government treated in 1893, and however satisfied the president may then have been of their power to offer the domain of the Hawaiian Islands to the United States, the fact remains that what they then tendered was a territory rather than an established government—a country whose administration had been cast down by a bloodless but complete revolution and a community in a state of political transition.

"Now, however, the republic of Hawaii approaches the United States as an equal and points for its authority to that provision of article 32 of the constitution, promulgated July 24, 1894:

"The president, with the approval of the cabinet, is hereby expressly authorized and empowered to make a treaty of political or commercial union between the republic of Hawaii and the United States of America, subject to the ratification of the senate."

"The present negotiation is, therefore, as has been said, not a mere renewal of the tender of Hawaiian territory made in 1893, but has responded to the purpose declared in the Hawaiian constitution, and the conferences of the plenipotentiaries have been directed to weighing the advantages of the political and commercial union proposed here relatively considering the scope and extent thereof.

"It soon appeared to the negotiators that a purely commercial union on the lines of the German sovereign could not satisfy the problems of the administration in Hawaii and of the political association between the islands and the United States. Such a commercial union would, on the one hand, deprive the Hawaiian government of its chief source of revenue from customs duties by placing its territory in a relation of free exchange with the territory of the United States, its main market of purchase and supply, while, on the other hand, it would entail upon Hawaii the maintenance of an internal revenue system on a par with that of the United States, or else involve the organization of a corresponding branch of our revenue service within a foreign jurisdiction.

"We have had with Hawaii, since 1875, a treaty of commercial union, which practically assimilates the two territories with regard to many of their most important productions and excludes other nations from enjoyment of its privileges; yet, although the treaty has outlived other favored reciprocity schemes, its permanency has at times been gravely imperiled.

"Under such circumstances, to enter upon the radical experiment of a complete commercial union between Hawaii and the United States as independently sovereign, without assurance of permanency and with perpetual subjection to the vicissitudes of public sentiment in the two countries, was not to be thought of.

"Turning, then, to the various practical forms of political union, the various phases of a protectorate, an offensive and defensive alliance and a national guaranty were passed in review. In all of these the inde-

pendence of the subordinated state is the distinguishing feature, and with it the assumption by the paramount state of responsibility without domain. The disparity of the relative interests and the distance separating the two countries could not fail to render any form of protective association either unduly burdensome or illusory in its benefits, so far as the protecting state is concerned, while any attempt to counteract this by tributary dependence or a measure of auserein control would be a retrograde movement toward a feudal or colonial establishment alike inexpedient and incompatible with our national policy.

"There remained, however, the annexation of the islands and their complete absorption into the political system of the United States as the only solution satisfying all the given conditions and promising permanency and mutual benefit.

"The present treaty has been framed on this basis, thus substantially reverting to the original proposal of 1893 and necessarily adopting many of the features of that arrangement. As to most of these the negotiators have been constrained and limited by the constitutional powers of the government of the United States.

"As in previous instances when the United States has acquired territory by treaty, it has been necessary to reserve all the organic provisions for the action of congress. If this were requisite in the case of the transfer to the United States of part of the domain of a titular sovereign, as in the cession of Louisiana by France, of Florida by Spain, or of Alaska by Russia, it is the more requisite when the act is not cession but union involving the complete incorporation of an alien sovereignty into the body politic of the United States.

"For this the only precedent of our political history is found in the uncompleted treaty concluded during President Grant's administration, Nov. 29, 1899, for the annexation of the Dominican republic to the United States.

"Following that example, the treaty now signed by the plenipotentiaries of the United States and the republic of Hawaii reserves to the congress of the United States the determination of all questions affecting the form of government of the annexed territory, the citizenship and elective franchise of its inhabitants and the manner in which laws of the United States are to be extended to the islands.

"In order that this independence of congress shall be complete and unquestionable, and pursuant to the recognized doctrine of public law that treaties expire with the independent life of the contracting state, there has been introduced, out of abundant caution, an express provision for the determination of all treaties heretofore concluded by Hawaii with foreign nations and the extension to the islands of the treaties of the United States. This leaves congress free to deal with such especial regulation of the contract labor system of the islands as circumstances may require.

"There being no general provision of existing statutes to prescribe the form of government for newly incorporated territory, it was necessary to stipulate, as in the Dominican precedent, for continuing the existing machinery of the government and laws in the Hawaiian islands until provisions shall be made by law for its government, as territory of the United States, of the domain thus incorporated into the union; but, having in view the peculiar status created in Hawaii by laws enacted in execu-

tion of the treaties heretofore concluded between Hawaii and other countries, only such Hawaiian laws are thus provisionally continued as shall not be incompatible with the constitution or the laws of the United States or with the provisions of this treaty.

"It will be noticed that express stipulation is made prohibiting the coming of Chinese laborers from the Hawaiian islands to any other part of our national territory. This provision was proper and necessary in view of the Chinese exclusion acts, and it behooved the negotiators to see to it that this treaty, which in turn is to become in due constitutional course a supreme law of the land, shall not alter or amend existing law in this most important regard.

"JOHN SHERMAN.

"Department of State, Washington, D. C., June 15, 1897."

#### QUEEN LILIUOKALANI'S PROTEST.

On the 17th of June, 1897, the queen filed the following protest with the secretary of state:

Liliuokalani of Hawaii, by the will of God named her apparent on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1877, and by the grace of God queen of the Hawaiian Islands on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1893, do hereby protest against the ratification of a certain treaty which, so I am informed, has been signed at Washington by Messrs. Hatch, Thurston and Kinney, purporting to cede those islands to the territory and dominion of the United States. I declare such treaty to be an act of wrong toward the native and part native people of Hawaii, an invasion of the rights of the ruling chiefs, in violation of international rights both toward my people and toward friendly nations with whom they have made treaties, the perpetuation of the fraud whereby the constitutional government was overthrown, and finally an act of gross injustice to me.

"Because the official protest made by me on the 17th day of January, 1893, to the so-called provisional government was signed by me and received by said government with the assurance that the case was referred to the United States of America for arbitration.

"Because that protest and my communications to the United States government immediately thereafter expressly declare that I yielded my authority to the forces of the United States in order to avoid bloodshed and because I recognized the futility of a conflict with so formidable a power.

"Because the president of the United States, the secretary of state and an envoy commissioned by them reported in official documents that my government was unlawfully coerced by the forces, diplomatic and naval, of the United States; that I was at the date of their investigations the constitutional ruler of my people.

"Because such decision of the recognized magistrates of the United States was officially communicated to me and to Sanford B. Dole, and said Dole's resignation requested by Albert S. Willis, the recognized agent and minister of the government of the United States.

"Because neither the above named commission nor the government which sends it has ever received any such authority from the registered voters of Hawaii, but derives its assumed powers from the so-called committee of public safety organized on or about said 17th day of January, 1893, said committee being composed largely of persons claiming American citizenship, and not one single Hawaiian was a member thereof or

in any way participated in the demonstration leading to its existence.

"Because my people, about 40,000 in number, have in no way been consulted by those, 3,000 in number, who claim the right to destroy the independence of Hawaii. My people constitute four-fifths of the legally qualified voters of Hawaii, and, excluding those imported for the demands of labor, about the same proportion of the inhabitants.

"Because said treaty ignores not only the civic rights of my people, but, further, the hereditary property of their chiefs. Of the 4,000,000 acres composing the territory said treaty offers to annex a million—or 250,000—acres have in no way been heretofore recognized as other than the private property of the constitutional monarch, subject to a control in no way differing from other items of a private estate.

"Because it is proposed by said treaty to confiscate said property, technically called the crown lands, those legally entitled thereto either now or in succession receiving no consideration whatever for estates their title to which has been always unimpaired and which is legitimately in my name at this date.

"Because said treaty ignores not only all professions of perpetual amity and good faith made by the United States in former treaties with the sovereigns representing the Hawaiian people, but all treaties made by those sovereigns with other and friendly powers, and it is thereby in violation of international law.

"Because, by treating with the parties claiming at this time the right to cede said territory of Hawaii the government of the United States receives such territory from the hands of those whom its own magistrates (legally elected by the people of the United States, and in office in 1893) pronounced fraudulently in power and unconstitutionally ruling Hawaii.

"Therefore, I, Liliuokalani of Hawaii, do hereby call upon the president of that nation to whom alone I yielded my property and my authority to withdraw said treaty (ceding said islands) from further consideration. I ask the honorable senate of the United States to decline to ratify said treaty and I implore the people of this great and good nation, from whom my ancestors learned the Christian religion, to sustain their representatives in such acts of justice and equity as may be in accordance with the principles of their fathers; and to the Almighty Ruler of the Universe, to Him who judgeth righteously, I commit my cause.

"Done at Washington, District of Columbia, U. S. A., this 15th day of June, in the year 1897.

"LILIUOKALANI.

"JOSEPH HELELUHE.

"WEKEKI HELELUHE.

"JULIUS A. PALMER.

"Witnesses to signature."

#### JAPAN'S PROTEST.

On the 15th of June the Japanese minister sent the following communication to the secretary of state:

"Legation of Japan, Washington, D. C., June 15, 1897.—Sir: I beg to again call your attention to the subject of our interview today, the rumor that the governments of the United States and Hawaii are on the point of concluding a treaty annexing the Hawaiian islands to this country as a territorial part thereof. As I had the honor to state to you, this rumor has been repeated during the past few days with a circumstantiality

of detail which gives it the appearance of authority. It not only states positively that the annexation will soon take place, but also gives with apparent precision certain portions of the alleged arrangement which directly affect the rights acquired by the government of Japan and Japanese subjects by treaties with Hawaii and under the constitution and laws of that country.

"It is on this account that I desire to repeat what I had the honor to state in our interview to-day, that my government cannot view without concern the prospects of a sudden and complete change in the status of Hawaii, whereby the rights of Japan and of Japanese subjects may be imperiled.

"While, therefore, they confidently rely upon the United States to maintain toward them a just and friendly attitude in this as in all other matters, they feel that under the circumstances they cannot be regarded as spectators merely, without interest in the important change which it has been so positively asserted is about to take place in the relations of the United States and the Hawaiian Islands. For this reason, if it is really true that a treaty of annexation is about to be concluded, I feel that I am justified in inquiring from you, Mr. Secretary, what provision has been made therein for the preservation and maintenance of the rights acquired and enjoyed by Japan in her intercourse with Hawaii under the solemn sanctions of law and of treaty.

"Accept, Mr. Secretary, the renewed assurance of my highest consideration.

"TORU HOSHI.

"To John Sherman, Secretary of State."

To this Secretary Sherman replied as follows:

"Department of State, Washington, D. C., June 15, 1897.—Sir: Referring to your note of the 15th inst., just received, I have to say that the governments of Hawaii and the United States, by their duly authorized representatives, have signed a treaty annexing the Hawaiian Islands to this country. This has been done in pursuance of the policy long since adopted by the United States, and the treaty will, I understand, be submitted to the senate of the United States by the president for ratification.

"As to your inquiry as to the provision made therein concerning the treaties which may be in existence between Japan and the present Hawaiian government, my understanding is that the government of the United States does not take upon itself any obligations of the Hawaiian government arising from treaties or conventions made by it with other governments.

"It is believed that there is nothing in the proposed treaty prejudicial to the rights of Japan, and certainly the United States had no disposition to disturb the friendly relations which have long existed between the government of Japan and this country.

"Accept, Mr. Minister, the renewed assurance of my highest consideration.

"JOHN SHERMAN.

"To Toru Hoshi, etc."

Minister Hoshi then submitted Japan's formal protest as follows:

"Legation of Japan, Washington, D. C., June 15, 1897.—Sir: Referring to the correspondence which has passed between us regarding the proposed annexation of the Hawaiian Islands to the United States, I have the honor to inform you that, having communicated with my government upon the subject, I am now in receipt of instructions from his imperial majesty's minister for foreign affairs in relation thereto.

"Before divulging the nature of these instructions I desire to state that, although the imperial government could not have failed to attach due weight to the statement in your communication to me of the 16th inst., that in your opinion 'there is nothing in the proposed treaty prejudicial to the rights of Japan,' they must also have taken note of the fact that in alluding in the same communication to existing treaties between Japan and Hawaii you state that your understanding is that the government of the United States does not take upon itself any obligations of the Hawaiian government arising from treaties or conventions with other governments.

"I have now the honor to inform you that I am instructed by his imperial majesty's government to formally protest against the proposed annexation of the Hawaiian Islands to the United States.

"This protest is made for the following reasons:

"First—That the maintenance of the status quo of Hawaii is essential to the good understanding of the powers which have interests in the Pacific.

"Second—The annexation of Hawaii would tend to endanger the residential, commercial and industrial rights of Japanese subjects in Hawaii, secured to them by treaty and by the constitution and laws of that country.

"Third—Such annexation might lead to the postponement by Hawaii of the settlement of claims and liabilities already existing in favor of Japan under treaty stipulations.

"With reference to the mischievous suggestion or report which has been so industriously circulated in this country and elsewhere, that Japan has designs against the integrity of sovereignty of Hawaii, I am further instructed by the imperial government to state most emphatically and unequivocally that Japan has not now and never had such designs, or designs of any kind whatever against Hawaii.

"Permit me to add in conclusion, Mr. Secretary, that in making this protest and in asking full and careful consideration for it the imperial government is actuated by what it regards as an imperative duty and not in the remotest degree by a desire to embarrass the United States. It prizes most highly the cordial relations which have always existed between our countries, and they confidently trust that their representations on this occasion will be received with that spirit of justice and fair dealing which has so notably characterized the intercourse of Japan and the United States.

"Accept, Mr. Secretary, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration.

"TORU HOSHI.

"To Hon. John Sherman, Secretary of State."

On the 25th of June Secretary Sherman replied to the protest of Japan. The reply was a long one and covered all the points made by the Japanese minister.

After reciting the grounds of Japan's protest as quoted above, Mr. Sherman says that they suggest "confusion between the formal stipulations of treaties and the vested rights which the subjects of one country may acquire in another under treaty or the law of the land. . . . The principle of public law whereby the existing treaties of a state cease upon its incorporation into another state is well defined by Halleck, who says:

"But the obligations of treaties, even where some of their stipulations are in terms perpetual, expire in case either of the con-

tracting parties loses its existence as an independent state, or in case its internal constitution is so changed as to render the treaty inapplicable to the new condition of things."—Halleck's Int. Law, Ch. 18, Sec. 35.

"So also Wheaton, in the 275th section of his 'Elements of International Law.' Both of the stated conditions necessarily attend the annexation of one state, or of its territory to another. Vattel went further, holding in effect that even a partial loss of sovereignty, as in the case of alliance, causes the ancient treaties to fall if incompatible with such alliance. . . . The history of Europe, of America, of the whole world, is full of examples where independent states have ceased to be such through constrained or voluntary absorption by another, with attendant extinction of their former treaties with other states. It needs no stipulation in a formal annexation treaty to work this result, for it attends de facto annexation, however accomplished. The incorporation of Hanover into the Prussian kingdom, the admission of Texas to the union and the recent annexation of Madagascar by France are cited as cases in point. . . . It does not even follow," says Mr. Sherman, "that the existing treaties of the absorbing state extend to the acquired territory. The treaties of the German empire are held not to apply to the ceded French provinces of Alsace and Lorraine. . . . The treaty of annexation does not abrogate these instruments [the treaties of Hawaii]; it is the fact of Hawaii's ceasing to exist as an independent contractant that extinguishes these contracts.

"As to the vested rights, if any be established, in favor of Japan or of Japanese subjects in Hawaii the case is different; and I repeat what I said in my note of the 16th inst., that 'there is nothing in the proposed treaty prejudicial to the rights of Japan.' Treaties are terminable in a variety of ways; that of 1886 between Japan and Hawaii, to which your protest is supposed to relate, is denounceable by either party on six months' notice; but its extinction would no more extinguish vested rights previously acquired under its stipulations than the repeal of a municipal law affects rights of property vested under its provisions.

As to the necessity of maintaining the status quo of Hawaii, Mr. Sherman points out that the predominance of United States influence has been the one essential feature of the status quo there for three-quarters of a century; that union of the islands with the United States would be but the "destined culmination" of the trend of developments for many years past; that no power protested against the proposal of annexation in 1893; that no occasion for such protest has since arisen; that, on the contrary, all interests of common benefit will be strengthened and perpetuated by annexation.

The administration will permit no foreign interference with its policy with respect to the annexation of Hawaii. This is the meaning of the reply of the state department to the protest made by the Japanese government.

The state department declares that Japan cannot hold perpetual treaty rights with Hawaii, for the reason that when a government falls its treaties expire.

It refers to the well-established principle of international law that the obligations of treaties, even when some of their stipulations are in their terms perpetual, expire in case either of the contracting parties loses its existence as an independent state or in case its internal constitution is so

changed as to render the treaty inapplicable to the new condition of things.

In regard to the declaration by Japan that 25,000 Japanese residents in the islands are under present conditions entitled to become citizens of Hawaii, the department holds that this is a matter to be decided by congress and the courts. The department points out that the rights enjoyed by Japan in Hawaii will be continued under the terms of the treaty between the Washington and Tokyo governments, which will go into effect in 1893.

On the 26th of July the state department received the reply of Japan to the note of the secretary of state. It bore date July 10, 1897, and the following is the full text of the answer:

"Replying to your note of date the 25th ult., in answer to mine of the 19th ult., regarding the proposed annexation of the Hawaiian Islands to the United States, I have the honor to inform you that I communicated its substance to Count Okuma, from whom I am in receipt of telegraphic instructions embodying the views of the imperial government in relation thereto.

"Taking note of what you say in reply to the representation I had the honor to make on behalf of my government with reference to the necessity of maintaining the status quo of Hawaii, the imperial government has no hesitation in admitting the predominant influence of the United States in the Hawaiian Islands. In its opinion, however, the very fact that such predominance has existed so long unquestioned might be urged as a reason against the disturbance of the status quo, more especially as practically the whole population of Hawaii acknowledges the paramount importance of the relations of their country with the United States, while it is understood that only a small fraction of their number favor annexation.

"From this it may be reasonably inferred that the predominant and paramount influence of the United States, which, as you remark, 'has been the one essential feature of the status quo through three-quarters of a century, in which the constitution and government of Hawaii and the commerce of the islands with the world have undergone notable changes,' furnishes on the one hand the amplest guaranty against anything inimical to either the United States or Hawaii, while, on the other hand, it obviates the necessity of a change in existing conditions which will injuriously affect the interests of others.

"As regards the further statement in your communication under reply that four years ago, when a similar project of annexation followed the Hawaiian revolution, 'the occasion for maintaining the status quo was not even suggested by any power possessing interests in the Pacific,' I beg to say that the imperial government does not think the attitude of Japan at that time can be regarded as even impliedly acquiescent in the annexation project then under consideration. In view of the rapidity with which the important events connected with the incident of 1893 followed each other, and especially in the light of the ultimate action of the United States concerning the proposed plan of annexation, the imperial government cannot perceive that any contract can justly be drawn so far as Japan is concerned, between what was done or omitted to be done on that occasion and the position they have now taken. But, in any event, the changes which have since occurred in the situation and the augmentation that has in the mean-

time taken place in the interests of Japan in the Pacific make such acquiescence inapplicable now.

"The policy of colonial expansion among European countries was especially active in the Pacific during the decade ending 1892, and as a result nearly all of the island groups then autonomous passed under the sway of various western powers. By common accord the powers have recently appeared willing to stay their hands and international rivalry and conflicting interests are now the best guaranties for the continued sovereign existence of the few remaining island groups, but the absorption by the United States of such an important part of the remaining unappropriated region as Hawaii would doubtless be the signal for the revival of dormant territorial ambition in the Pacific, and the last vestige of native autonomy would disappear; and it is not too much to apprehend that a partial redistribution of colonial possessions among the various western powers might also follow.

"It can easily be seen how this would affect the interests of Japanese subjects who are now engaging in increasing numbers in various undertakings and enterprises in the Pacific, with profit to themselves and advantage to Japan. It was precisely on account of the prevalence of this spirit of colonial absorption that one of your honorable predecessors was led to declare to the German government that your government attached great importance to 'the maintenance of the rights to which the United States has become entitled to the few remaining regions now under independent and autonomous native governments in the Pacific ocean.' (Mr. Bayard to Mr. Pendleton, Foreign Relations, 1888, page 599.)

"The justice of that declaration cannot be questioned, and the imperial government, entertaining similar views, could not behold with indifference changes in the status of those governments that would extinguish Japanese rights. It has no intention of questioning the actual existing situation in the Pacific, and certainly no desire to in any wise disturb it; but its position in that part of the world renders it impossible for it to view with unconcern and in a spirit of acquiescence the consequences which would probably follow the extinction of Hawaiian sovereignty.

"You state in your note of the 25th ult. that the recital of the grounds upon which the protest of Japan against the proposed annexation of Hawaii is based is of itself proof that my government has misapprehended the statements and assurances contained in your note of the 16th ult., and that in relation to the treaty question involved it 'strongly suggests confusion between the formal stipulations of the treaties and the vested rights which the subjects of one country may acquire in another under treaty or the law of the land. It does not seem to me that the question is a material one, but I beg to observe that the appearance of confusion which has suggested itself to you is at most only superficial. The protest of my government was general as well as specific in character. It was based on the consequences which would directly follow from annexation, as foreshadowed in your note of the 16th ult. and subsequently definitely stated in the communication under reply and also upon the collateral results which might certainly be expected from the changed conditions which the extinction of Japan's treaties would create.

"The imperial government recognizes it is

a well-established principle of international law that the completion of annexation would render the treaties and conventions at present existing between Japan and Hawaii voidable either at the option of Japan or the United States. But it cannot anticipate without apprehension the consequences, whether direct or indirect, which would follow the practical consummation of the theory that annexation ipso facto means the immediate termination of those treaties and conventions and the consequent cessation for the future of the privileges granted thereunder.

"The justice or expediency of extending to Hawaii the treaty of 1853, at present subsisting between Japan and the United States, is quite another question. Such extension might be inferred from the language of the second paragraph of article III of the proposed treaty of annexation, which also provides for the extension of Hawaii's existing treaties, but the treaty of 1853 is wholly nonreciprocal and the imperial government is not prepared to admit that it could be so extended without its consent.

"Under the circumstances only the most cursory review of the actual situation is required to show the disadvantageous position in which Japan would be placed by the abrupt termination of her treaties and by the consequent absence of satisfactory conventional stipulations for the protection of her rights and the rights and the interests of her people.

"The sphere of Japan's expanding activities is in the Pacific.

"Her trade with Hawaii is important and nearly 25,000 Japanese subjects are now residing there. Her commerce with the United States and with Canada is constantly increasing. In Mexico and central South America Japanese immigrants are welcomed and trade is springing into existence. One line of Japanese steamers already plies between Japan and the United States, and another is about to be established. It is not too much to predict that the near future will witness the inauguration of other trans-Pacific steamer lines. All or nearly all of these lines of steamers will make Honolulu a port of call.

"The importance to Japan of the staple and well-recognized commercial, residential and industrial status which her subjects have gained in Hawaii is consequently evident. The growth and prosperity of the interests I have enumerated depend in no small measure upon it, and hence it must be acknowledged that the concern which the Japanese government feels in the maintenance of the rights that underlie the welfare of Japanese commerce in the Pacific is both legitimate and commendable.

"In the note under reply you intimate that vested rights, if any, be abolished in favor of Japan or of Japanese subjects in Hawaii, will be respected. As germane to this branch of the subject I have the honor to call your attention to a note addressed on March 4, 1896, by your honorable predecessor, Mr. Bayard, to Mr. Von Alvensleben, then German minister to the United States. In reply to the verbal announcement of the protectorate established by Germany over certain island groups in the Pacific, (Foreign Relations, 1896, page 333.)

"Referring to the declaration made on behalf of the German government that 'well-established rights of third parties' were to be respected, Mr. Bayard replied that in the absence of precise knowledge as to the meaning intended to be given to the term 'well-established rights' he believed that he

interpreted it rightly as a declaration that American citizens who already had established or might thereafter establish themselves on the islands in question in peaceful accord with the natives and on a footing of perfect equality with settlers of German and other nationality would not be disturbed in their rights of residence or intercourse or discriminated against as compared with German subjects by reason of the establishment of a German protectorate.

"Without pausing to consider the analogy in many essential particulars between the principle thus announced by the United States in 1836 and that now maintained by Japan I have the honor to state that if the United States government attach to the expression 'vested rights' the same significance as Mr. Bayard's note to the term 'well-established rights' the imperial government would have little to complain of under this head.

"But the absolute extinction of Japan's treaties and conventions without even the formality of previous notice creates a very different situation, not alone by removing conventional privileges and exemptions, but also by substituting therefor new and burdensome changes.

"In that case the application of United States custom laws to Hawaii would check the further development of Japanese trade, the extension of United States naturalization and immigration laws would be detrimental to the future residential and industrial rights of Japanese subjects and the enforcement of United States navigation laws, making the carrying trade between this country and Hawaii a part of the coasting trade, would probably prove fatal to the interests of Japanese steamship lines crossing the Pacific to the United States.

"With reference to the third point set forth in my note of the 19th ult. I have the honor to observe that the imperial government has large unliquidated claims against Hawaii for what it deems to be clear and deliberate violations of treaty.

"Regarding the inherent justice of these claims the imperial government entertains no doubt whatever, and bearing in mind the clear provisions of international law it cannot admit that any alterations in the Hawaiian status would in the least tend to relieve Hawaii of liability.

"It might easily happen, however, that the change in the plan of the negotiations consequent upon the consummation of the proposed project of annexation would tend to delay an adjustment that ought not to be postponed.

"The foregoing are the grounds upon which my government bases its objection to the proposed annexation of Hawaii to the United States. I should, however, signally fail in the duty which has been intrusted to me if I did not add that this full and frank explanation of the views of the imperial government is due not alone to its wish to protect the interests confided to its care but also to its sincere desire to remove all possible cause for misunderstanding between the government of the United States and itself. I should also add that I have received with great pleasure your courteous acknowledgment of the disclaimer I had the honor to make on behalf of my government in regard to the false report that Japan has designs against Hawaii.

"I regret to say, however, that similar reports are constantly appearing even in the reputable section of the American press, and, coupled with baseless or distorted accounts of occurrences in Japan and Hawaii,

are now, I am credibly informed, being urged in responsible quarters as a pretext for immediate action upon the treaty of annexation.

"Therefore, I have the honor to repeat that Japan has absolutely no designs of any kind whatever inimical to Hawaii and no motive in her dealings with that country except to secure by legitimate means the due observance of just obligations.

"Accept, Mr. Secretary, the renewed assurance of my highest consideration.

"TORU HOSHI."

This closed the correspondence between the two governments up to Aug. 1, 1897.

As collateral to the protests of Japan may be mentioned the claim made by that country against Hawaii for a violation of the treaty between the two countries. The influx of Asiatics into Hawaii induced the government to secure legislation that should act as a check upon such immigration. To this Japan objected. Hawaii proposed to arbitrate the matters in dispute, to which proposal Japan made the following reply, received Sept. 7, 1897, which indicates the points in the controversy.

It is from Count Okuma, minister of foreign affairs, to H. Shimamura, Japanese minister to Hawaii. After acknowledging the receipt of Hawaii's offer of arbitration it says:

"The Imperial government is firmly convinced that its complaints in this matter are well founded and that its demands are just and reasonable. Nevertheless, in a spirit of conciliation and in the hope that its action may contribute to the good relations of the two countries, it has resolved to accept, subject to certain necessary limitations and qualifications, the proposal of the government of Hawaii.

"Accordingly on the 28th ult. I telegraphed to you to the effect that the Japanese government accepted in principle the suggestion of the government of Hawaii for arbitration and that the terms and conditions of such acceptance would follow by mail.

"I now confirm that telegram, and the object of this instruction is to explain the nature of the terms and conditions an adhesion to which is in the estimation of the Imperial government essential to a satisfactory issue of the contemplated arbitration.

"The reasons assigned by the minister of foreign affairs of Hawaii in favor of arbitration make it also desirable that the award, when pronounced, shall be of the highest and most commanding character. Consequently the Imperial government proposes that the two governments shall, when the proper time arrives, unite in requesting that his majesty the king of the Belgians may be pleased to accept the position of sole arbitrator.

"The Imperial government is, moreover, persuaded of the desirability of expressly defining the scope of the reference, not only in order to lighten the labors of the arbitrator but with the view as well that the decision may address itself solely to the actual points of divergence.

"We therefore propose that the two governments shall agree to the essential facts of the case and that the arbitration shall be limited to specified questions at law and, in case the award is in favor of Japan, the measure of damages suffered by the subjects of his Imperial majesty.

"It is due to frankness that I should, in this connection, state that for reasons which are fully set forth in another instruction the Imperial government cannot consent that the

question of the bona fide possession of \$50 by each of the rejected free laborers, or of the applicability of the treaty of 1871 to the Japanese subjects other than those belonging to the merchant class, shall be regarded as points of issue upon which the decision of the arbitrator is to be invited.

"If the government of the republic is prepared to meet the Imperial government upon the foregoing essential points it is not apprehended that any difficulty will be experienced in arriving at an understanding in reference to questions of minor importance.

"You are consequently directed to communicate a copy of this instruction to the minister of foreign affairs as the reply of the Imperial government to the suggestion contained in his note of June 28. You will at the same time urgently impress upon him the importance from every point of view of an immediate response. I am, sir, etc.,

"COUNT OKUMA SHIGENOBU,

"Minister for Foreign Affairs."

Two points in the controversy Japan was not at that time disposed to submit to arbitration—viz., the questions of the bona fide possession of \$50 by each of the rejected free laborers and the applicability of the treaty of 1871 to Japan's subjects other than the merchant class. On the 12th of October, 1897, it was reported from Honolulu that the Japanese government had notified Hawaii that it would include these two excepted points in the arbitration. The whole dispute seems to be in a fair way of settlement.

On the 9th of September the Hawaiian senate met in special session for the purpose of considering the annexation treaty pending in the United States senate. It was believed that favorable action on the treaty by the Hawaiian senate would have a good effect upon the American senate. The question of ratification came up on the 10th of September and the treaty was promptly ratified by a unanimous vote. A press report from Honolulu under the date of Sept. 14, 1897, says:

"From the time in 1893 when the queen was dethroned there has been no subject on which there was more unanimity and there has been no body with more of the feeling than the senate.

"When the session was called there was a feeling that there might be some objection on the part of some members who did not like the form of the treaty.

"It was so thoroughly discussed at the meeting of the members of the upper body that from the first time when it was known the government was to put all its power behind the treaty it was recognized that it was best to have a great majority.

"There was an explanation by Minister Hatch, a member of the body, and by the commissioners at Washington, Messrs. Castle and Kinney. But these were not necessary for the action of the body.

"The meeting at which the ratification of the treaty took place was the most largely attended of any in the history of the government, not excepting the trying time of revolution.

"There were always in the senate chamber large crowds of the best people of the islands, for the call for an extra session was made the call likewise for an assembling at the capital of the leading people from all the islands, and the social side of the republic was at its best.

"Many members of the lower house were in attendance, for though they were not to do with treaties most of them were elected with the understanding that they were an-

nationists, and the proceedings interested them as much as they did the principal actors in the drama of annexation.

"As soon as the fact was made known that the senate had agreed to the ratification there was great enthusiasm all through the city. It had been promised to make the oc-

casion the excuse for the most elaborate ceremonies that have been carried out since the republic came into power.

"There was nothing lacking to the appropriate celebration and the people joined in the ceremonies and jollification as freely as the most ardent of the republicans."

## POPULATION, 1897.

Nationality.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Nationality.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Hawaiian	16,399	14,620	31,019	Portuguese	8,232	6,989	15,191
Part Hawaiian	4,249	4,236	8,485	Japanese	19,212	5,195	24,407
American	1,975	1,111	3,086	Chinese	19,167	2,449	21,616
British	1,406	844	2,250	South Sea Islanders	321	134	455
German	865	566	1,432	Other nationalities	448	152	600
French	56	45	101				
Norwegian	216	162	378	Total	72,517	36,503	109,020

## TRADE OF HAWAII.

Value of merchandise imported into Hawaii from the United States and other countries during the calendar years 1892 to 1894, inclusive.

COUNTRIES.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	Annual av. 1892-6	P. c.
United States	\$1,888,359.91	\$4,308,188.06	\$4,354,290.42	\$4,516,319.38	\$5,464,908.90	\$4,496,273.20	78.54
Great Britain	380,079.99	421,078.33	465,479.72	471,122.38	755,801.34	498,700.45	8.71
Germany	59,113.87	73,956.31	140,233.07	110,751.61	147,226.61	114,316.29	2.00
China	154,636.98	172,133.94	230,270.41	225,701.56	260,070.97	215,974.77	3.77
Japan	60,035.87	139,498.84	183,867.52	207,125.50	276,483.80	173,383.92	3.03
Australasia	105,139.00	126,044.43	186,518.75	122,908.60	173,644.65	130,843.17	2.29
Canada	25,139.00	65,349.51	118,198.57	30,731.21	52,181.99	58,484.06	1.02
Pacific Islands	4,808.86	11,265.80	21,570.24	1,132.51	4,596.33	8,860.10	.17
France	4,642.31	5,300.38	8,795.31	7,849.90	17,721.02	8,860.10	.16
Other countries	12,139.30	18,112.38	3,866.42	22,419.30	32,426.49	17,832.54	.31
Total	\$4,684,207.51	\$5,346,808.58	\$5,713,181.43	\$5,714,017.54	\$7,164,561.10	\$5,724,555.25	100.00

Value of merchandise exported from the Hawaiian islands to various countries.

COUNTRIES.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	Annual av. 1892-6.	P. c.
United States	\$8,029,918.02	\$10,754,248.70	\$8,997,030.27	\$8,392,189.54	\$15,460,008.15	\$10,326,704.74	99.28
China	2,282.60	4,031.15	7,789.51	42,221.50	3,444.00	11,953.75	.11
Japan	546.50	1,622.50	2,940.00	555.00	555.00	1,132.80	.01
Australasia	13,002.00	2,532.31	5,901.65	6,124.75	25,390.65	10,491.65	.10
Canada	615.00	42,536.31	109,288.61	23,770.07	24,865.18	40,117.06	.39
Pacific Islands	8,704.17	8,007.16	17,018.47	10,332.29	677.15	8,359.41	.08
Other countries	4,354.92	5,179.56	1,476.78	.....	.....	2,332.25	.02
Total	\$8,060,067.21	\$10,818,158.09	\$9,140,734.56	\$8,474,138.15	\$15,515,239.13	\$10,401,681.63	100.00

Imports of merchandise from the United States from Hawaii, classified.

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30.		Agricultural imports.		Nonagricultural.		Total.
		P. c. of tot'l.		P. c. of tot'l.		
1887	\$9,840,854	90.18	\$81,221	0.82	\$9,922,075	
1888	10,984,681	90.32	75,638	.78	11,060,379	
1889	12,776,089	90.44	71,671	.66	12,847,740	
1890	12,364,970	90.60	48,358	.40	12,313,908	
1891	13,799,005	90.31	95,992	.89	13,895,397	
Annual average, 1887-91	\$11,953,236	90.38	\$71,704	.62	\$12,027,240	
1892	\$8,020,078	90.32	\$55,304	.58	\$8,075,382	
1893	9,064,322	90.10	82,445	.90	9,146,767	
1894	9,984,042	90.20	80,375	.80	10,064,517	
1895	7,840,507	90.39	47,964	.46	7,888,963	
1896	11,607,765	90.49	59,939	.51	11,757,704	
Annual average, 1892-96	\$9,321,741	90.31	\$63,180	.69	\$9,386,926	

Exports of domestic merchandise from the United States to Hawaii, classified.

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30.	Agricultural exports.		Nonagricultural.		Total.
		P. c. of tot'l.		P. c. of tot'l.	
1887	\$1,000,106	31.05	\$2,427,487	68.95	\$3,529,593
1888	1,024,782	34.03	1,996,116	65.97	3,020,898
1889	1,073,797	32.19	2,262,243	67.81	3,336,040
1890	1,280,347	27.79	3,326,533	72.21	4,606,880
1891	1,483,298	30.06	3,452,618	69.94	4,935,911
Annual average, 1887-91.	\$1,192,066	30.08	\$2,635,002	69.92	\$3,826,068
1892	\$1,387,701	35.16	\$2,374,317	64.84	\$3,662,018
1893	923,610	33.99	1,793,728	66.01	2,717,338
1894	921,571	28.64	2,296,142	71.36	3,217,713
1895	903,224	24.76	2,745,248	75.24	3,648,472
1896	979,327	24.95	2,948,300	75.05	3,928,187
Annual average, 1892-96.	\$1,066,207	29.21	\$2,431,539	70.79	\$3,497,746

## THE CUBAN REVOLT.

Narrative of events in the great uprising from Nov. 1, 1896, to Nov. 1, 1897.

The record of events in the Cuban rebellion in the Daily News Almanac for 1897 was brought down to Nov. 1, 1896.

The cause of the patriots was never brighter since the rebellion began than it was on the 1st of November, 1896. Notwithstanding the hopes of Spain that Gen. Weyler would accomplish what he had done nothing, Havana was stricken with fear and the cabinet at Madrid began to lose confidence. More than 200,000 troops had been sent to Cuba, tens of thousands had died and on the date given fifty-six hospitals contained 13,650 sick Spanish soldiers. Fear of the intervention of the United States caused the government of Spain to urge upon Gen. Weyler greater activity in suppressing the rebellion and he was ordered to take the field in person. In obedience to such command he, with his staff, sailed from Havana on the 6th of November for Mariel, the northern terminus of the trocha. The object of the campaign was to do something to break the prestige of Gen. Maceo, the Cuban general. Gen. Weyler had under his command three brigades besides three other bodies of troops and the intention was to surround Maceo in the Rubi hills and crush him. From the hilltops the insurgent riflemen harassed the main column, retreating as it advanced and constantly eluding the Spanish troops. The whole campaign on Weyler's part was a dismal failure and he returned to Havana Nov. 23, reporting that the forces of Maceo had been scattered and their food supplies destroyed. This did not satisfy the Spanish government. On the 27th of November Weyler returned to Pinar del Rio province, but to the end of the year he accomplished nothing except to drive the people of the country into the cities and devastate portions of the country.

The most disastrous event of the year for the Cubans was the death on the 7th of December, 1896, of Gen. Maceo, who was second in command of the Cuban army. Many different stories were told as to the manner of his death and many contradictory reports were published on both sides. The account given by Andre Hernandez of the Cuban cavalry, who was one of Maceo's companions in arms, is believed to be the most authentic. He says: "It was on Dec. 7 that we suffered a great misfortune in the tragic death (by ambush) of our leader Maceo. We were encamped near the fight that day, and heard the firing. Maceo came across the trocha, unknown to us, with but forty men. More than 1,500 Spaniards, who had been informed of his trip, ambushed him. He rode into the ambush and was shot at the first firing. We heard the volley, and thinking that some of our friends were attacked by the Spanish guerrillas started off at once to their aid, though we had but 400 men. When we reached the scene of the slaughter it was mostly over, and then we were told that Maceo was dead and that the enemy had his body tied to a horse's tail and were taking it off. Our men were perfectly frantic over the report and begged to be led against the Spaniards. We dashed forward with drawn machetes, and what a fight that was!

"The Spaniards met us and the encounter was horrible. Our men fought to kill; only bent on avenging Maceo. Our trusty and sharp machetes fell with regularity, and I think we killed more than 200 of the enemy;

and, what is more, we had the consolation of recovering the body of our beloved leader, Maceo. The Spaniards fought hard again to regain it, charging upon us repeatedly, but our sharp machetes were too much for them and they sullenly retreated.

"We buried the body in a secret and secure place. Only myself and a few selected men and officers know the location. In due time it will be marked. If known now, the murderous Spaniards would try to get it and parade it as showing their great triumph. Poor Maceo sleeps in peace, but his brothers remain to avenge him, and that they are doing daily."

The year 1897 opened with a good deal of vigor in military operations. On the 4th of January a battle took place at Tapeato, near Havana, between a force of 2,000 insurgents and a smaller body of Spaniards. The latter were on the point of retreating when they were re-enforced by a column under command of Col. Aguilera, which turned the tide of battle against the Cubans and they were forced to retreat, leaving forty dead on the field. A severe engagement took place at Gabunqueto Jan. 13 between the Cubans under Gen. Garcia and the Spaniards under Gen. Segura. The attack was made by Gen. Segura upon the rebels in strong intrenchments. The Spanish forces were utterly routed, Segura being unable to rally his men to meet the deadly fire of the Cuban rifles and Hotchkiss guns.

Jan. 17 the insurgents attacked some Spanish gunboats in the Cauto river. Two of them were sunk by torpedoes and the royalists lost a large number of men. In the latter part of January an attempt was made by the insurgents to capture Gen. Weyler. He was en route for Gopaste, having destroyed the village of Quatro Caminos. When near his destination a party was sent forward to reconnoiter. A small force of insurgents had concealed themselves in a house to effect the capture and were to be signaled when to make the attack. A gun was accidentally discharged, which put the royalist scouts on their guard, and the plans of the rebels failed. Gen. Weyler returned to Havana March 4. No change in the military situation was effected by his visit to the provinces of Matanzas and Santa Clara.

March 28 the Spanish captured Gen. Rivera, who was at Cabesadas in the province of Pinar del Rio with a small force of about 100 men. Since his capture he has been a prisoner of war and his fate has not as yet been decided. Nothing of importance was done during April, but on the 12th of May the Spanish forces met with a serious disaster. The royalists had used every possible effort to retain possession of the town of Bayamos. On that day a royalist brigade under command of Gen. Lonois set out to escort a mule train bearing provisions from Manzanillo. While en route the train was attacked by forces under Garcia and Rabi and captured and the brigade of Lonois utterly routed. The Spanish lost 5,000 men, besides large quantities of provisions and military supplies. During May the rebels attacked the port of Baracoa and were defeated, and later they were repulsed in an attack on Fort Lama.

June 21 Gen. Weyler left Havana for Sagua la Grande, from which place he had planned a campaign into the province of Santiago. He had thirty-six battalions of

infantry and a strong force of cavalry and artillery. To counteract this movement the rebels marched a strong force into Havana province and were attacked by Aguilera at Sierra de Grito. The fighting was vigorous but the rebels were forced to retreat with considerable losses. Gen. Weyler reached Santiago June 27. He made an address to the people in which he claimed to be desirous of peace. He said in closing his speech: "I come to bring peace or war. If the former is accepted we will return to the law. But if the latter is desired, behind me come forty battalions of troops."

July 3 Gen. Weyler ceased active movements on account of the beginning of the rainy season and offered full pardon to all who would surrender. The insurgents continued aggressive movements and engaged in many raids and skirmishes. Insurgent Leader Lacret crossed the Jucaro Morán trocha and joined Gomez in the Cacatalles hills. The insurgents concentrated their forces in Matanzas, stopping all traffic on the railroads in Matanzas and Santa Clara provinces. Capt.-Gen. Weyler ordered troops to the front and in the meantime the rebels entered Marianado, a suburb of Havana, securing \$15,000 worth of goods.

Aug. 7 Gomez, while on his way toward Havana, met a large force of Spanish under Weyler, who were routed at Matanzas in a severe conflict, and many were killed and wounded.

The insurgents planned to capture Weyler on his way back to Havana, the encounter taking place near Aguacate. Gen. Castillo commanded the insurgents, Gen. Molina and Col. Aldea commanding the Spanish. Both Spanish officers were wounded. The Spanish fell back upon Guanabacoa. Five miles from Guanabacoa Gen. Weyler was attacked by a rebel force under Gen. Rodriguez. Weyler, refusing to fight, continued on into town with 300 head of cattle he had collected on the way.

Gen. Weyler on the 14th of August tendered his resignation because of the death of Canovas, the Spanish premier. He was requested to remain until his successor was appointed.

Weyler checked the rebel advances to the west by drawing his troops from other sources into Havana province, and left Havana for the inspection of forts and returned upon receipt of important dispatches from Madrid. Gen. Lee left Cuba for New York on the 4th of September. A battle occurred between the Spanish forces and the Cuban general, Rodriguez, while the latter was transporting medicines and ammunition from Mariel in Pinar del Rio, both sides losing heavily.

On Sept. 10 Victoria de las Tunas surrendered to the rebels, an exchange of prisoners was effected, being the first exchange during the war. The Spanish, assisted by warships, destroyed the towns of Tasajeras and Bijara.

A severe fight took place between insurgents under Savon and the Spanish column at Cardoba, in Santiago de Cuba; about fifty were killed and wounded on each side.

Col. Acosta, who commanded the Cuban forces when they raided the city of Marianao, was taken sick and safely arrived in Mexico through Havana. His command was taken by Castillo. On Sept. 24 the insurgents attacked Socorro and were repulsed, the Spanish commander of the town being killed. The Cubans lost munitions of war through the treachery of Dr. Louis Mayolini. Ramon Rios, brother of Salvador Rios

was reported killed at the Tronquillidad plantation in Santiago de Cuba.

In October Gen. Blanco was appointed to succeed Gen. Weyler. He arrived in Havana the last of the month.

At once on assuming the office of captain-general Gen. Blanco issued the following proclamation:

"To the Inhabitants of the Island of Cuba: I have come to you again with as much sincerity and good-will as ever. I will feel happy if when I depart this time I leave behind me the pleasant recollection of having brought you peace, security and the improvement of your interests, which are to me dearer than my own.

"The government of our nation on honoring me with the supreme command of this island has also intrusted me with the carrying out of the political and administrative reforms which constitute the programme of the government. These reforms, at the same time that they will give to the country a government by itself, will insure in it the sovereignty of Spain and will serve as a basis for the political concert of all its elements.

"As a faithful interpreter of the will and the purposes of her majesty the queen and her responsible government it is my purpose to follow a broad policy of expansion, of generosity and of forgiveness, tending to re-establish through liberality fraternity among all the inhabitants of the country and to cement their adhesion to the mother country, not only through their filial duties but also through their gratitude for the benefits they will receive.

"It is hardly worth while for me to assure you, for you all know me well, that I shall not spare effort or sacrifice in order to deserve well the trust which has been placed in me by the government, applying and developing faithfully the new policy which has for its chief aim an effort to bring about peace, to render justice to all to make a way and open a place for every legitimate interest, and to direct the energies of the country toward the re-establishment of wealth and the insurance of prosperity.

"I hope in my heart that, persuaded of the sentiment which the mother country has for the most favored of her daughters, you will all flock around her flag without any distraction as to parties or origin, in order to fight and drive from its soil those who are now making it red with blood.

"While those who remain within the law will find security and protection in their homes, I will, painful as it may be to me, punish with all the energy and harshness of the force of arms those who ungratefully or obstinately should pretend to perpetuate the horrors of war in this rich and fertile soil which Spain discovered and raised to the greatest level of prosperity which any country ever attained, and whose peace and welfare it feels compelled to maintain at all cost.

"Soldiers, marines and volunteers: Upon assuming command of the army I comply with a sense of justice in paying a tribute of admiration to you for your distinguished behavior during two years of rude campaigning in a country which has been sprinkled with the blood of so many heroes. You have defended the integrity of the Spanish fatherland, fighting with your proverbial courage and exemplary discipline the infamous insurrection which is devastating this fertile and hospitable country.

"I trust to see this insurrection crushed and subdued, thanks to your heroic efforts and the support of the country at large.

which will not hesitate to place itself at our side in order to combat those illusionists who, amid ruin, tears and blood, aspire only to the complete destruction of the country, sinking its unfortunate inhabitants in sadness and ruin for no other compensation than that of renouncing their history and race or that of selling their country to foreigners.

"Let there be war, then, to the implacable enemies of the Spanish people and protection to all those who take shelter under the flag of Spain. Let us once for all end this rebellion which is impoverishing and dishonoring us.

"I trust, as does the government, to see soon fulfilled our purposes, which are the will of our august queen regent. You will then be worthy of the gratitude of the fatherland and of your captain-general.

"Soldiers, marines, volunteers and firemen: Viva Espana! Long live the king and long live the queen!" KATHOS BLASCO.

On the 4th of November, 1897, the Cuban presidential election was held at Guaymilla, Puerto Principe, and the representatives of all the six states into which the island has been divided were present. The Cuban assembly, or congress, was convened there by former President Cienfuegos, and, after reviewing and amending the constitution and approving the acts of the retiring government, these officers were elected:

President, Gen. Bartolome Masso; vice-president, Mendez Capote; secretary of war, Brigadier Aloman; secretary of state, Foute Sterling; secretary of foreign affairs, Monreno Delatoro; secretary of the interior, Dr. Manuel R. Silva; commander-in-chief of the army, Gen. Maximo Gomez; inspector-general, Carlos Roloff.

The official Spanish gazette, published at Madrid, Spain, in its issue of Nov. 29 gave the royal decrees granting autonomy to Cuba and Puerto Rico, previously adopted by the Spanish cabinet. The following is a synopsis of the document:

Article 1 explains the principles of the governments of the two islands.

Art. 2 decrees that the government of each island shall be composed of a parliament, divided into two chambers, while a governor-general, representing the home government, shall exercise in its name the supreme authority.

Art. 3 declares that the faculty of making laws on colonial affairs rests with the colonial parliament and the governor-general.

Art. 4 directs that the colonial representatives shall be composed of two corporations, with equal power—a chamber of representatives and a council of administration.

Art. 5 provides that the council of administration shall consist of thirty-five members, of whom eighteen shall be elected and seventeen nominated by the home government.

Almost simultaneously with the formal promulgation of the new Spanish scheme of Cuban autonomy in Madrid and Havana the people of Havana were aroused by the news of positive military orders by Gen. Gomez and Gen. Garcia to the effect that any Cuban who listens to the autonomy proposals will be treated as a traitor and that any Spanish agent coming to confer about them will be killed as a spy. Gen. Gomez' order is as follows:

"Headquarters of the General-in-Chief of the Cuban army, Sancti Spiritus, Nov. 15, 1897. Third Year of the Independence:

"The news I have received of the establishment of autonomy in Cuba by the Spanish government compels me to remind the

military and civil leaders of the revolution once more that our only aim is independence."

Then the orders just mentioned are declared. Gen. Garcia in his orders explains:

"The only channel through which proposals of peace from Spain can be made to the Cubans, according to our constitution, is the supreme government of the republic, and even in this case that these proposals shall only be on a basis of independence. Any agent sent to propose to the Cubans submission to Spain shall be tried and punished as a spy."

The same resolute spirit was shown against autonomy by Capote, the president of the new Cuban assembly. He signed a proclamation issued at the recent meeting of the assembly. It is addressed by the "representatives of the Cuban people to all those who have the independence and future welfare of Cuba at heart," and says:

"No special laws, no political reform, or autonomy—nothing, in short, that the Spanish government may be willing to grant, that may mean Spanish sovereignty over Cuba—shall be accepted by the Cubans as a settlement of the war. Independence or death is and shall be the unalterable and sacred motto of the Cubans.

"The Cubans have not resorted to arms in order to obtain any political measure which does not once and for all solve the Cuban question. That is the reason we will accept nothing short of absolute independence.

"It is our purpose to constitute a separate, independent state, orderly, prosperous and happy, over the ruins of a worn-out colony.

"We are firmly determined to carry on the war until victory or death crowns our efforts."

#### ACTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

The strong feeling of sympathy in the United States for the Cuban rebels made itself felt in congress and an effort was made in the senate to force the government to recognize the belligerent rights of the Cuban patriots. On the 9th of December, 1896, Senator Mills of Texas introduced a resolution directing the president to take military possession of the island of Cuba. Senator Call of Florida offered a resolution which provided for "recognizing the republic of Cuba as a free and independent government and extending to the people of Cuba all the rights of a free and independent government in the ports and within the jurisdiction of the United States."

Senator Cameron of Pennsylvania offered a resolution which, being amended, provided "that the independence of the republic of Cuba be and the same is hereby acknowledged by the United States of America; that the United States will use its friendly offices with the government of Spain to bring to a close the war between Spain and Cuba." Dec. 10, 1896, Senator Cullom of Illinois offered a resolution which declared that "the extinction of Spanish title and the termination of Spanish control of the islands at the gateway of the Gulf of Mexico are necessary to the welfare of those islands and to the people of the United States."

All these resolutions were referred to the senate committee on foreign affairs, which reported in favor of the Cameron resolution. The president opposed taking any positive action in the matter and it was understood that he would veto any of the resolutions should they pass. The friends of the various measures believed that there

were votes enough in congress favorable to the Cubans to pass such resolutions as might receive the senate's indorsement over the president's veto. The fear that the adoption of the resolutions would involve the country in a war with Spain aroused the business men of the country to oppose them and meetings were held in Boston, St. Louis, Baltimore and Vicksburg in opposition to their passage. The secretary of state, Mr. Olney, made a public declaration in which he said that "the power to recognize the so-called republic of Cuba as an independent state rests exclusively with the president," and that if the Cameron resolution passed both houses of congress it would be merely "an expression of opinion by the eminent gentlemen who might vote for it." This raised a grave constitutional question and Senator Davis of Minnesota replied to Mr. Olney disputing his claim that the right to recognize the independence of Cuba rested exclusively with the president. The senate did not, however, force the issue on the constitutional question raised by the secretary of state. It became evident as time passed that the resolution could not pass the house and in January (5th, 1897) it was announced that the senate had decided not to pass the resolution offered by Mr. Cameron. There seemed to be a willingness to leave the whole subject to the incoming administration. The next congress (LVth) met in extra session March 15, 1897.

The country had become excited by the death of Ricardo Ruiz, a physician residing in Guanabacoa in Cuba, who was a naturalized citizen of the United States. He died in prison and under circumstances so suspicious that his friends charged that he had been murdered by the Spanish authorities. So good a case was made out that in February, 1897, the secretary of state instructed the American minister at Madrid to demand of the Spanish government a thorough investigation of the case. Little satisfaction was given by Spain, and in the latter part of April W. J. Calhoun of Illinois was appointed by the president a special counsel to Consul-General Lee to go to Cuba and investigate the circumstances of the death of Dr. Ruiz. Consul-General Lee in his official report says that Dr. Ruiz was at the home of a friend at the time of the attack on the railroad train in which he was said to be implicated; that his confinement in prison was in violation of law; that his trial by court-martial was a violation of his rights as an American citizen; that he was denied communication with his family and friends; and that although he was a strong, robust man he was, after being under arrest 315 hours, taken from his cell a corpse. Consul-General Lee in his report says:

"He [Dr. Ruiz] died from congestion of the brain produced by a blow on the top of the head.

"There are two theories connected with the wound on the head. One, that in a state of mental excitement he ran across the cell, as described by one of the jailers, and butted his head on the door in a frantic effort to get out. Another, that he was struck over the head with one of the clubs carried by the jailers—by the immediate watchman, who had probably ordered him to cease his cries for relief and for his children, and upon his not doing so struck him with more force than he intended; or it is possible the blow was delivered to make him confess or give evidence against others.

"It is possible he went mad, and many

causes combined to produce such a result. \* \* \* But whether from bereft of reason he inflicted the blows which produced brain congestion, or whether he died at the hands of others—the truth will probably only be known when the hearts of all are revealed—the fact remains, his unjust confinement killed him; and, had he been released from incommunicado by the hand of man at the end of seventy-two hours, the hand of death might not have released him at the end of 315 hours, and to-day the widow would have the support of her husband and the moans of his fatherless children would never have been heard in the land.

"I therefore conclude, saying, as I have done in all previous reports about this case, that whether Dr. Ruiz killed himself or was killed by some one else will, under the existing conditions, always remain unknown."

Mr. Mahany of New York offered a resolution in the house directing the secretary of state to "represent to the Spanish government the profound sense of satisfaction with which the people of the United States would view the extension of clemency as regards the remission of the death penalty in the case of General Ruiz Rivera." On the 1st of April Senator Allen of Nebraska offered a resolution protesting against the alleged purpose of the Spanish authorities to try Gen. Rivera by summary court-martial, which passed April 5. A few days later Secretary Sherman made a statement that the Spanish government had given the assurance that Gen. Rivera would not be executed but would be treated as a prisoner of war.

On the 17th of May the president sent the following message to congress:

"To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States: Official information from our consuls in Cuba establishes the fact that a large number of American citizens in the island are in a state of destitution, suffering for want of food and medicines. This applies particularly to the rural districts of the central and eastern parts.

"The agricultural classes have been forced from their farms into the nearest towns, where they are without work or money. The local authorities of the several towns, however kindly disposed, are unable to relieve the needs of their own people and are altogether powerless to help our citizens.

"The latest report of Consul-General Lee estimates 600 to 800 Americans are without means of support. I have assured him that provision would be made at once to relieve them. To that end I recommend that congress make an appropriation of not less than \$50,000, to be immediately available for use under the direction of the secretary of state.

"It is desirable that a part of the sum which may be appropriated by congress should, in the discretion of the secretary of state, be used for the transportation of American citizens who, desiring to return to the United States, are without means to do so.

"WILLIAM McKINLEY.

"Executive Mansion, May 17, 1897."

On the same day Senator Davis introduced the following resolution:

"Resolved, By the senate and house of representatives of the United States in congress assembled, That the sum of \$50,000 be and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the relief of destitute citizens of the United States in the island

of Cuba, said money to be expended at the discretion and under the direction of the president of the United States in the purchase and furnishing of food, clothing and medicine to such citizens and for transporting to the United States such of them as so desire and who are without means to transport themselves."

This passed the senate without objection. It passed the house and was signed by the president May 24.

On the 20th of May the senate passed by a vote of 41 to 14 a resolution introduced by Senator Morgan, which was as follows:

"Resolved, That a condition of public war exists between the government of Spain and the government proclaimed and for some time maintained by force of arms by the people of Cuba, and that the United States of America shall maintain a strict neutrality between the two contending powers, according to each all the rights of belligerents in the ports and territory of the United States."

The following gives the vote in the senate on the resolution:

## YEAS.

Bacon (Dem.).	Carter (Rep.).
Baker (Rep.).	Chandler (Rep.).
Bate (Dem.).	Chilton (Dem.).
Berry (Dem.).	Clark (Rep.).
Butler (Pop.).	Clay (Dem.).

Cockrell (Dem.).	Mills (Dem.).
Cullom (Rep.).	Morgan (Dem.).
Davis (Rep.).	Nelson (Rep.).
Debow (Rep.).	Pasco (Dem.).
Foraker (Rep.).	Pettigrew (Rep.).
Gallinger (Rep.).	Pettus (Dem.).
Gorman (Dem.).	Pritchard (Rep.).
Hansbrough (Rep.).	Rawlins (Dem.).
Harris (Pop., Kas.).	Shoup (Rep.).
Heitfeld (Pop.).	Stewart (Pop.).
Jones (Dem., Ark.).	Thurston (Rep.).
Kenney (Dem.).	Tillman (Dem.).
Lindsay (Dem.).	Turner (Dem.).
McBride (Rep.).	Turpie (Dem.).
Mantle (Rep.).	Waithall (Dem.).
Mason (Rep.).	

Total—Yeas, 41. Democrats, 19; republicans, 18; populists, 4.

## NAYS.

Allison (Rep.).	Hawley (Rep.).
Burrows (Rep.).	Hoar (Rep.).
Caffery (Dem.).	Spooner (Rep.).
Fairbanks (Rep.).	Wellington (Rep.).
Gear (Rep.).	Westmore (Rep.).
Hale (Rep.).	White (Rep.).
Hanna (Rep.).	Wilson (Rep.).

Total—Nays, 14. Democrats, 2; republicans, 12.

This resolution never came before the house of representatives. Congress adjourned July 24, taking no further action in Cuban affairs.

## GRANTS TO RAILROADS.

The railroad lands patented (or certified with the effect of patenting) have been distributed among various companies as shown in the following table:

NAMES OF RAILROADS.	Where located.	Number of acres.
Atlantic & Pacific.....	New Mexico.....	200.00
St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern.....	Arkansas.....	6,012.00
Central Branch Union Pacific.....	Kansas.....	881.15
Central Pacific (proper).....	California.....	42,074.02
do.....	Nevada.....	101,844.82
do.....	Utah.....	285,858.31
do.....	Idaho.....	8,094.24
Central Pacific (successor to California & Oregon).....	California.....	13,504.36
Union Pacific (successor to Denver Pacific).....	Colorado.....	194,827.09
Florida Central & Peninsular.....	Florida.....	89,640.08
Gulf & Ship Island.....	Mississippi.....	27,331.88
Hastings & Dakota.....	Minnesota.....	6,785.90
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.....	Iowa.....	120.00
New Orleans Pacific.....	Louisiana.....	1,335.77
Northern Pacific.....	Minnesota.....	113,138.29
do.....	North Dakota.....	10,659.00
do.....	Montana.....	571,491.46
do.....	Idaho.....	49,378.76
do.....	Oregon.....	40.00
do.....	Washington.....	178,695.73
Vicksburg, Shreveport & Pacific.....	Louisiana.....	8,790.89
Oregon & California.....	Oregon.....	105,535.31
Oregon & California (successor to Oregon Central).....	Oregon.....	11,153.46
Selma, Rome & Dalton.....	Alabama.....	360.17
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.....	Minnesota.....	113.62
South & North Alabama.....	Alabama.....	241.21
Southern Pacific (main line).....	California.....	89,898.81
Southern Pacific (branch line).....	California.....	32,900.91
Union Pacific (proper).....	Nebraska.....	995,455.99
do.....	Utah.....	255,120.67
do.....	Wyoming.....	904,040.84
Union Pacific (successor to Kansas Pacific).....	Colorado.....	471,256.06
do.....	Kansas.....	432,871.41
Wisconsin Central.....	Colorado.....	132,514.61
	Wisconsin.....	29,799.95
Total.....		5,101,909.81

## SAVINGS BANKS.

Number of savings depositors, aggregate savings deposits and average amount due to depositors in savings banks in each state in 1896-97.

STATE.	No. of banks.	Number of depositors.	Amount of deposits.*	Average to each depositor.	Rate interest paid.
Maine.....	52	163,115	\$57,476,896	\$352.37	3.72
New Hampshire.....	52	126,568	\$9,498,056	391.05	3.5
Vermont.....	42	106,169	\$2,600,827	317.19	4.
Massachusetts.....	187	1,340,668	\$53,220,257	\$38.06	4.
Rhode Island.....	35	136,148	\$8,683,608	\$64.48	4.5
Connecticut.....	89	356,445	\$49,496,556	\$141.41	4.
Total.....	457	2,229,104	\$10,971,000	\$363.81	
New York.....	128	1,736,968	\$78,176,889	\$413.46	3.54
New Jersey.....	25	161,710	\$3,271,047	\$27.56	3.
Pennsylvania.....	17	294,852	\$7,429,348	\$262.60	(§)
Delaware.....	2	19,326	\$4,030,168	\$208.53	4.
Maryland.....	26	161,058	\$1,810,877	\$321.69	3.5
District of Columbia.....	1	1,196	14,000	11.71	4.
Total.....	201	2,375,106	\$84,132,314	\$76.71	
West Virginia.....	1	13,737	\$249,333	\$66.72	4.
North Carolina.....	6	118,743	\$95,477	\$48.31	(§)
South Carolina.....	11	116,750	\$4,533,459	\$270.51	(§)
Georgia.....	6	5,334	\$288,010	\$33.49	(§)
Louisiana.....	4	19,822	\$2,519,393	\$256.50	3
Texas.....	1	2,000	\$55,581	\$177.76	4.
Tennessee.....	6	12,426	\$1,627,877	\$141.01	2.5
Total.....	35	68,871	\$10,479,040	\$152.16	
Ohio.....	11	87,302	\$9,350,871	\$343.07	4.
Indiana.....	5	17,437	\$4,082,459	\$234.18	4 to 5
Illinois.....	26	1101,710	\$6,589,141	\$261.42	(§)
Wisconsin.....	1	1,546	\$201,488	\$129.69	4
Minnesota.....	13	44,643	\$3,545,008	\$79.48	3.5
Iowa.....	166	178,967	\$2,585,556	\$361.99	(§)
Total.....	222	2,316,605	\$2,933,532	\$280.31	
California.....	56	186,028	\$27,929,281	\$687.69	4 to 6
Utah.....	7	4,942	\$1,187,257	\$240.24	(§)
Montana.....	2	15,469	\$1,123,481	\$205.43	(§)
Total.....	65	196,439	\$30,240,019	\$659.00	
Grand total.....	980	5,201,132	\$1,339,376,085	\$372.88	

\*Deposits subject to check amounting to \$44,037,529 not included. †Partially estimated.

§No information.

## THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER COMMISSION.

The Mississippi river commission is made up of Col. G. L. Gillespie, Lieut.-Col. Amos Stickney and Maj. T. H. Handbury, all of the engineer corps, U. S. A.; Henry L. Marinden of the United States coast survey; H. M. Harrod, president, and Henry Flad, past president of the American Society of Civil Engineers, and Judge H. S. Taylor of Fort Wayne, Ind. The commission advises the contraction of the river channel to 3,000 feet in width by the building of low dikes extending from the shores, and the result of the experiments made at Lake Providence and Plum point about fifteen years ago seem to warrant the conclusion arrived at, though the failure of appropriations prevented the completion of the work at these points. In 1896 the commission made some estimates of the probable cost of the revetment of the river banks. Earlier experiments put the cost at \$12 per linear foot, but they now estimate that it will cost \$30, or about \$150,000 per mile. Though the river is 950 miles long from Cairo to New Orleans, and two banks must be considered, the commission believes that not over 600 miles of the river will need revetment, and that the total cost will be somewhere between \$63,000,000 and \$100,000,000, and that the maintenance of the work will cost 10 per cent additional. The

execution of this work will probably extend over forty years, as the present available annual supply of material for wicker mattresses is only sufficient for the construction of fifteen miles. The chief purpose of levee construction is now admitted to be the protection of the population and the agricultural interests, and of late years from one-half to three-fifths of the \$2,000,000 to \$3,000,000 annually expended by the commission is devoted to this purpose. The states of Missouri, Arkansas, Tennessee, Mississippi and Louisiana have expended large sums in levee building and maintenance in the last fifty years, and in combination with the national government about \$55,000,000 has been spent upon these works. In 1896 the commission estimated that \$18,000,000 was needed to complete the system, by cutting off outlets a larger proportion of the river is now kept between the banks, and the highest flood level of 1897 was 5 feet, in places, above the floods of the last twenty years. With all contemplated improvements completed it is estimated that the maximum flood level will be 3 feet higher than it was in 1897, and this raising of flood level must be provided for in the levee construction.

## Religious.

## STATISTICS OF THE CHURCHES.

(From the New York Independent.)

## MINISTERS, CHURCHES AND COMMUNICANTS IN 1895 AND 1896 IN UNITED STATES.

DENOMINATIONS.	MINISTERS.		CHURCHES.		COMMUNICANTS.	
	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.
<b>ADVENTISTS—</b>						
1. Evangelical.....	34	34	30	30	1,147	1,147
2. Advent Christians.....	912	912	610	610	26,540	26,500
3. Seventh Day.....	253	256	1,201	1,254	41,128	45,109
4. Church of God.....	19	19	29	29	647	647
5. Life and Advent Union.....	50	50	28	28	1,018	1,018
6. Churches of God in Jesus Christ.....	94	94	95	95	2,872	2,872
Total Adventists.....	1,362	1,365	1,988	2,060	73,312	77,298
<b>BAPTISTS—</b>						
1. Regular (north).....	*3,536		*9,328		*985,752	
2. Regular (south).....	*14,786	*29,698	*17,867	*41,190	*1,448,570	*3,900,006
3. Regular (separated).....	*5,488		*13,122		*1,343,530	
4. Six Principle.....	11	14	18	18	837	987
5. Seventh Day.....	102	117	100	105	9,244	9,173
6. Freewill.....	1,346	1,353	1,523	1,514	84,581	86,688
7. Original Freewill.....	120	120	167	167	12,000	12,000
8. General.....	355	380	425	430	22,250	22,400
9. Separate.....	19	19	24	24	1,549	1,549
10. United.....	25	25	204	204	13,209	13,209
11. Baptist Church of Christ.....	60	60	152	152	8,251	8,254
12. Primitive.....	2,120	2,139	3,523	3,530	125,700	126,000
13. Old Two-Seed-in-the-Spirit Predestinarian.....	300	300	473	473	12,851	12,851
Total Baptists.....	35,291	35,963	46,871	47,807	4,068,539	4,153,857
<b>BRETHREN (RIVER)—</b>						
1. Brethren in Christ.....	128	128	78	78	2,688	2,688
2. Old Order, or Yorker.....	7	7	8	8	214	214
3. United Zion's Children.....	20	20	25	25	525	525
Total River Brethren.....	155	155	111	111	3,427	3,427
<b>BRETHREN (PLYMOUTH)—</b>						
1. Brethren (I).....			109	109	7,289	2,289
2. Brethren (II).....			84	84	2,419	2,419
3. Brethren (III).....			86	86	1,235	1,235
4. Brethren (IV).....			31	31	718	718
Total Plymouth Brethren.....			314	314	6,661	6,661
<b>CATHOLICS—</b>						
1. Roman Catholic.....	10,348	*10,844	14,903	*16,213	7,999,172	*8,271,309
2. Russian Orthodox.....	13	13	12	12	13,501	13,504
3. Greek Orthodox.....	3	3	3	3	200	200
4. Armenian.....	7	7	6	6	335	335
5. Old Catholic.....	3	3	5	5	700	700
6. Reformed Catholic.....	3	3	5	5	1,000	1,000
Total Catholics.....	10,382	10,878	14,937	16,247	8,014,911	8,287,018
<b>CATHOLIC APOSTOLIC.....</b>	95	105	10	10	1,394	1,491
<b>CHINESE TEMPLES.....</b>			47	47		
<b>CHRISTADELPHIANS.....</b>			65	63	1,277	1,277
<b>CHRISTIANS—</b>						
1. Christians (Christian Connection).....	1,380	1,385	1,320	1,320	95,250	105,000
2. Christian Church South.....	105	105	160	160	15,000	15,000
Total Christians.....	1,485	1,500	1,480	1,480	110,250	120,000
<b>CHRISTIAN MISSIONARY ASSOCIATION.....</b>	10	10	13	13	751	754
<b>CHRISTIAN SCIENTISTS.....</b>	26	13,040	221	213	8,724	25,000
<b>CHRISTIAN UNION.....</b>	193	193	294	294	18,211	18,214
<b>CHURCH OF GOD (Winebrenerian).....</b>	450	450	550	550	36,000	36,000
<b>CHURCH TRIUMPHANT (Schwanenfurth).....</b>			12	12	384	384
<b>CHURCH OF THE NEW JERUSALEM.....</b>	131	142	147	149	7,406	7,527
<b>COMMUNISTIC SOCIETIES—</b>						
1. Shakers.....			15	15	1,650	1,650
2. Amiens.....			7	7	1,400	1,600
3. Harmony.....			1	1	250	250
4. Separatists.....			1	1	200	200
5. Altruists.....			1	1	25	25
6. Adonai Shalom.....			1	1	30	30
7. Church Triumphant (Koreanhan Ecclesia).....			5	5	205	205
Total Communistic Societies.....			31	31	3,960	3,960
<b>CONGREGATIONALISTS.....</b>	5,317	5,476	5,492	5,670	609,557	622,557
<b>DISCIPLES OF CHRIST.....</b>	5,230	6,300	9,471	9,607	922,663	1,008,673

## STATISTICS OF CHURCHES.—CONTINUED.

DENOMINATIONS.	MINISTERS.		CHURCHES.		COMMUNICANTS.	
	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.
<b>DUNKARDS—</b>						
1. Dunkards or German Baptists (Conservative).....	1,700	1,709	750	755	69,000	69,250
2. Dunkards or German Baptists (Old Order).....	180	180	120	120	4,000	4,000
3. Dunkards or German Baptists (Progressive).....	230	243	140	145	9,300	110,081
4. Seventh-Day Baptists (German).....	5	5	6	6	194	194
Total Dunkards.....	2,115	2,137	1,016	1,026	81,394	83,475
<b>EVANGELICAL BODIES—</b>						
1. Evangelical Association.....	824	852	1,817	1,633	90,849	93,065
2. United Evangelical Church.....	410	408	1,000	521	55,055	55,118
Total Evangelical.....	1,234	1,260	2,817	2,154	145,904	148,183
<b>FRIENDS—</b>						
1. Friends (Orthodox).....	1,150	1,150	824	824	88,158	90,431
2. Friends (Hicksite).....	115	115	201	201	21,592	21,592
3. Friends (Wilberite).....	39	39	53	53	4,323	4,323
4. Friends (Primitive).....	11	11	9	9	232	232
Total Friends.....	1,314	1,314	1,087	1,087	114,711	116,588
<b>FRIENDS OF THE TEMPLE.</b>	4	4	4	4	840	840
<b>GERMAN EVANGELICAL PROTESTANT.</b>	45	45	55	55	36,500	36,500
<b>GERMAN EVANGELICAL SYNOD.</b>	838	866	1,075	1,101	185,208	188,000
<b>JEWIS—</b>						
1. Jewish Congregations (Orthodox).....	180	180	328	328	60,500	60,500
2. Jewish Congregations (Reformed).....	160	160	220	220	79,000	79,000
Total Jews.....	340	340	548	548	139,500	139,500
<b>LATTER-DAY SAINTS—</b>						
1. Church of Jesus Christ Latter-Day Saints.....	575	575	580	580	212,000	212,000
2. Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints.....	1,500	1,500	431	431	22,000	22,000
Total Latter-Day Saints.....	2,075	2,075	1,011	1,011	234,000	234,000
<b>LUTHERANS—</b>						
<b>GENERAL BODIES.</b>						
1. General Synod.....	1,112	1,155	1,479	1,467	180,794	173,313
2. United Synod in the South.....	198	211	361	437	35,910	41,304
3. General Council.....	1,051	1,108	1,907	1,786	817,083	815,239
4. Synodical Conference.....	1,698	1,775	2,365	2,418	479,221	492,590
5. United Norwegian.....	342	350	1,088	1,120	104,851	110,000
<b>INDEPENDENT SYNODS.</b>						
6. Joint Synod of Ohio.....	399	410	560	600	78,000	85,000
7. German of Iowa.....	829	874	690	798	55,925	65,273
8. Buffalo.....	23	25	81	85	8,550	4,248
9. Hauge's.....	72	81	215	215	28,665	18,027
10. Norwegian in North America.....	267	215	607	676	57,800	61,347
11. Danish in America.....	17	37	48	55	3,500	1,250
12. German Augsburg.....	20	33	22	26	4,750	4,750
13. Danish Church Association.....	40	42	60	58	4,550	3,522
14. Icelandic Synod.....	8	7	25	24	5,227	4,757
15. Immanuel.....	20	18	22	19	6,500	3,698
16. Synodal Synod.....	10	10	38	40	4,000	4,000
17. Slavonian.....	8	7	7	7	500	500
18. Danish Ev. Lutheran Church in America.....	33	35	49	49	4,000	4,000
19. Texas.....	39	44	49	40	6,200	7,007
Independent congregations.....	60	75	100	150	15,000	22,500
Total Lutherans.....	5,685	5,993	9,433	10,022	1,390,775	1,420,905
<b>WALDENSTROMIANS.</b>	140	140	150	150	20,000	20,000
<b>MENNONITES—</b>						
1. Mennonite.....	356	360	265	270	18,378	19,451
2. Bruderhof.....	9	9	5	5	352	352
3. Amish.....	226	229	110	115	10,700	11,600
4. Old Amish.....	75	75	25	25	2,438	2,438
5. Apostolic.....	2	2	2	2	300	300
6. Reformed.....	43	43	34	34	1,655	1,655
7. General Conference.....	100	98	50	48	6,000	8,023
8. Church of God in Christ.....	18	18	18	18	471	471
9. Old (Wisler).....	17	17	15	15	610	610
10. Bundes Conference.....	37	40	12	15	2,000	2,650
11. Defenseless.....	18	20	9	11	865	1,156
12. Brethren in Christ.....	40	42	54	58	4,000	4,329
Total Mennonites.....	950	982	600	611	47,668	53,941

## STATISTICS OF CHURCHES.—CONTINUED.

DENOMINATIONS.	MINISTERS.		CHURCHES.		COMMUNICANTS.	
	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.
<b>METHODISTS—</b>						
1. Methodist Episcopal.....	16,079	16,248	24,606	25,001	2,629,986	2,675,085
2. Union American Methodist Episcopal.....	115	82	115	60	7,681	32,642
3. African Methodist Episcopal.....	4,365	4,680	4,575	4,850	504,776	615,864
4. African Union Methodist Protestant.....	80	80	70	70	7,000	7,000
5. African Methodist Episcopal, Zion.....	2,473	2,561	1,612	1,615	406,441	432,838
6. Methodist Protestant, Zion.....	2,006	2,100	2,356	2,265	178,681	183,418
7. Wesleyan Methodist.....	600	600	565	565	18,341	18,400
8. Methodist Episcopal, South.....	5,791	5,861	13,501	*13,673	1,413,015	*1,487,672
9. Congregational Methodist.....	204	206	238	240	12,500	12,600
10. Congregational Methodist (colored).....	5	5	5	5	819	319
11. New Congregational Methodist.....	20	20	35	35	1,200	1,200
12. Zion Union Apostolic.....	30	30	32	32	2,344	2,340
13. Colored Methodist Episcopal.....	1,247	1,680	1,004	1,008	170,718	164,308
14. Primitive Methodist.....	70	72	100	102	6,340	6,400
15. Free Methodist.....	855	938	708	708	25,644	26,038
16. Independent Methodist.....	8	8	15	15	2,569	2,569
17. Evangelist Missionary.....	87	87	13	13	4,900	4,900
Total Methodists.....	34,175	35,237	49,630	50,256	5,484,513	5,653,230
<b>MORAVIANS.....</b>	106	123	104	107	12,923	13,614
<b>PRESBYTERIANS—</b>						
1. Presbyterian in the United States of America (northern).....	6,498	6,623	7,218	7,267	902,757	925,515
2. Cumberland Presbyterian.....	1,704	1,617	2,384	2,367	193,348	1165,847
3. Cumberland Presbyterian (colored).....	400	400	250	250	13,250	13,250
4. Welsh Calvinistic.....	107	105	132	135	12,285	12,000
5. United Presbyterian.....	801	812	835	801	106,755	108,828
6. Presbyterian in the United States (southern).....	1,337	1,349	2,776	2,788	208,999	210,539
7. Associate Church of North America.....	13	13	31	31	1,053	1,053
8. Associate Reformed Synod of the South.....	110	108	112	107	9,506	9,400
9. Reformed Presbyterian in the United States (Synod).....	93	98	126	127	10,364	10,277
10. Reformed Presbyterian in North America (General Synod).....	33	33	41	41	5,000	5,000
11. Reformed Presbyterian (Covenanted).....	1	1	4	4	37	37
12. Reformed Presbyterian in the United States and Canada.....	1	1	1	1	600	600
Total Presbyterians.....	11,097	11,154	14,530	14,559	1,458,930	1,480,346
<b>PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL—</b>						
1. Protestant Episcopal.....	4,487	4,618	5,385	5,097	616,848	636,773
2. Reformed Episcopal.....	793	797	794	746	79,447	74,803
Total Episcopal.....	4,580	4,705	5,979	5,190	626,230	645,566
<b>REFORMED—</b>						
1. Reformed in America.....	633	636	605	605	101,352	102,631
2. Reformed in United States.....	963	1,000	1,638	1,663	226,532	229,100
3. Christian Reformed.....	76	81	122	123	16,037	16,740
Total Reformed.....	1,672	1,717	2,355	2,391	343,921	348,471
<b>SALVATIONISTS—</b>						
Salvation Army.....	2,037	2,120	682	675	35,500	40,000
Volunteers.....		450		150		
Total Salvationists.....	2,037	2,570	682	825	35,500	40,000
<b>SCHWENKFFELDIANS.....</b>	3	3	4	4	308	308
<b>SOCIAL BRETHREN.....</b>	17	17	20	20	913	913
<b>SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE.....</b>					1,064	1,064
<b>SPIRITUALISTS.....</b>			334	234	45,781	45,000
<b>THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.....</b>			95	122	2,500	*3,000
<b>UNITED BRETHREN—</b>						
1. United Brethren in Christ.....	1,632	1,671	4,176	4,173	225,199	230,708
2. United Brethren (Old Constitution).....	689	685	850	853	57,751	40,532
Total United Brethren.....	2,321	2,356	5,026	5,026	282,950	271,235
<b>UNITARIANS.....</b>	519	525	455	458	68,500	70,000
<b>UNIVERSALISTS.....</b>	800	797	802	825	47,998	49,025
<b>INDEPENDENT CONGREGATIONS.....</b>	54	54	156	156	14,126	14,126
Grand total.....	130,238	136,900	180,098	183,761	24,081,000	25,424,333

\*Estimated. †Christian Scientists insist on these figures. ‡1895. §The returns for 1895 were evidently too high. ¶Not an actual decrease for the year, but due to correcter methods. ¶1894.

# ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH OF THE UNITED STATES.

*Apostolic Delegate*—Most Rev. Mgr. Martinelli, Washington, D. C.

*Cardinal*—James Gibbons, Baltimore, Md.

## ARCHBISHOPS.

<i>Archdioceses.</i>	<i>Names.</i>
St. Louis, Mo.	John Joseph Kain.
Cincinnati, O.	William H. Elder.
Chicago, Ill.	Patrick A. Feehan.
Boston, Mass.	John Joseph Williams.
Tucson, Ari.	P. L. Chapelle.
Philadelphia, Pa.	Patrick John Ryan
Portland, Ore.	W. H. Gross.

<i>Archdioceses.</i>	<i>Names.</i>
New York, N. Y.	M. A. Corrigan.
New Orleans, La.	Vacant.
San Francisco, Cal.	John W. Riordan.
St. Paul, Minn.	John Ireland.
Milwaukee, Wis.	Frederick Katzer.
Santa Fe, N. M.	Vacant.
Dubuque, Iowa.	John Hennessy.

## BISHOPS.

<i>Dioceses.</i>	<i>Names.</i>
Mobile, Ala.	Edward P. Allen.
Springfield, Mass.	T. D. Beaven.
Savannah, Ga.	Thomas A. Becker.
Lincoln, Neb.	Thomas Bonacum.
Tucson, Ari.	T. Bourgade.
Manchester, N. H.	D. M. Bradley.
Boston, Mass.	John Brady.
Helena, Mont.	John R. Brondel.
St. Joseph, Mo.	M. F. Burke.
Albany, N. Y.	T. U. M. Burke.
Nashville, Tenn.	T. S. Byrne.
Wheeling, W. Va.	P. J. Donaghue.
Dallas, Tex.	E. J. Dunne.
Natchitoches, La.	Anthony Durler.
New York, N. Y.	John M. Farley.
Kansas City, Kas.	L. M. Fink.
Little Rock, Ark.	E. Fitzgerald.
Detroit, Mich.	J. S. Foley.
San Antonio, Tex.	J. A. Forest.
Ogdenburg, N. Y.	Henry Gabriels.
Galveston, Tex.	N. A. Gallagher.
Kansas City, Mo.	J. J. Glennon.
Boise City, Idaho.	A. J. Glorieux.
Sacramento, Cal.	Thos. Grace.
Belmont, N. C.	Leo Hald.
Providence, R. I.	M. J. Hartina.
Portland, Me.	J. A. Healy.
Wichita, Kas.	John J. Hennessy.
Natchez, Miss.	Thomas Heslin.
Ashley, Pa.	M. J. Hogan.
Kansas City, Mo.	John J. Hogan.
Cleveland, O.	I. F. Horstmann.
Bellefonte, Ill.	John Janssen.
Vancouver, Wash.	John N. Lemmens.
Washington, D. C.	J. J. Keane.
Cheyenne, Wyo.	T. M. Lenthian.
Victoria, B. C.	Vacant.
Syracuse, N. Y.	P. A. Ludden.
Louisville, Ky.	W. G. McCloskey.

<i>Dioceses.</i>	<i>Names.</i>
Brooklyn, N. Y.	C. E. McDonnell.
Trenton, N. J.	J. A. McFaul.
Duluth, Minn.	James McGrick.
Harrisburg, Pa.	Thomas McGovern.
Indianapolis, Ind.	F. S. Chaffard.
Davenport, Iowa.	Henry Cosgrove.
Winona, Minn.	J. B. Cotter.
Wilmington, Del.	John J. Monaghan.
Rochester, N. Y.	B. J. McQuaid.
Covington, Ky.	C. P. Maes.
St. Cloud, Minn.	Martin Marty.
Denver, Col.	N. C. Mats.
Guthrie, Oklahoma.	T. Meerschaert.
Green Bay, Wis.	S. Messmer.
Burlington, Vt.	C. Louis DeGoesbriand.
St. Augustine, Fla.	J. S. Michaud.
Los Angeles, Cal.	John Moore.
Scranton, Pa.	George Montgomery.
Erie, Pa.	Thomas Muller.
Charleston, S. C.	H. P. Northrop.
Sioux Falls, S. D.	Thos. O'Gorman.
Scranton, Pa.	W. O'Hara.
Pittsburg, Pa.	R. Phelan.
Philadelphia, Pa.	E. F. Prendergast.
Fort Wayne, Ind.	J. Rademacher.
Grand Rapids, Mich.	J. H. Richter.
Alton, Ill.	James Ryan.
Buffalo, N. Y.	J. E. Quigley.
Salt Lake City, Utah.	L. Scanlan.
Omaha, Neb.	R. Scanwell.
LaCrosse, Wis.	J. Schwabach.
Fargo, N. D.	John Shanley.
Peoria, Ill.	J. L. Spalding.
Hartford, Conn.	M. Tierney.
Richmond, Va.	A. Van de Vyver.
Laredo, Tex.	P. Verdague.
Marquette, Mich.	John Vertin.
Columbus, O.	J. A. Watterson.
South Orange, N. J.	W. M. Wigger.

## PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

<i>Dioceses.</i>	<i>Bishops.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
Alabama.....	R. H. Wilmer.....	Mobile.
	H. M. Jackson, co-adjutor.....	Montgomery.
Arl. & N. M.....	J. M. Kendrick.....	Santa Fe.
Arkansas.....	H. N. Pierce.....	Little Rock.
California—		
Northern.....	J. H. Wingfield.....	Benicia.
	W. F. Nichols.....	San Francisco.
Los Ang's.....	J. H. Johnson.....	Los Angeles.
Colorado.....	J. F. Spalding.....	Denver.
Western.....	Vacant.	
Connecticut.....	John Williams.....	Middletown.
	Chauncey B. Brewster, coadjutor.	
Delaware.....	L. Coleman.....	Wilmington.
Florida—		
Northern.....	E. G. Weed.....	Jacksonville.
Southern.....	C. Gray.....	Orlando.
Georgia.....	C. E. Nelson.....	Atlanta.

<i>Dioceses.</i>	<i>Bishops.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
Illinois—		
Chicago.....	W. E. McLaren.....	Chicago.
Springfield.....	G. F. Seymour.....	Springfield.
	C. R. Hale, coadjutor.....	Cairo.
Quincy.....	Alex. Burgess.....	Peoria.
Indiana.....	John H. White.....	Indianapolis.
Iowa.....	W. S. Ferry.....	Davenport.
Kansas.....	F. R. Millsaps.....	Topeka.
Kentucky.....	T. U. Dudley.....	Louisville.
Lexington.....	L. W. Burton.....	Lexington.
Louisiana.....	Davis Sessums.....	New Orleans.
Maine.....	H. A. Neely.....	Portland.
Maryland.....	W. Faret.....	Baltimore.
Roston.....	W. F. Adams.....	Easton.
Washington.....	H. Y. Satterlee.....	Washington.
Mass.....	W. Lawrence.....	D. D. Boston.
Michigan—		
Eastern.....	T. F. Davies.....	Detroit.
Western.....	G. Don. Gillespie.....	Detroit.
Marquette.....	G. M. Williams.....	Marquette.

## PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—CONTINUED.

<i>Dioceses.</i>	<i>Bishops.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
Minnesota.....	H. B. Whipple, co-adjutor.	Faribault.
Duluth.....	J. D. Morrison.	Duluth.
Mississippi.....	H. M. Thompson.	Jackson.
Missouri.....	D. S. Tuttle.	St. Louis.
W. Missouri.....	E. R. Atwill.	Kansas City.
Montana.....	L. B. Brewer.	Helena.
Nebraska.....	G. Worthington.	Omaha.
The Platte.....	A. N. Graves.	Kearney.
N. Hamp.....	W. W. Niles.	Concord.
New Jersey.....	J. Scarborough.	Trenton.
Newark.....	T. A. Starkey.	Newark.
New York.....	H. C. Potter.	New York city.
Central.....	F. D. Huntington.	Syracuse.
Albany.....	F. C. Donne.	Albany.
Long Id.....	A. N. Littlejohn.	Brooklyn.
Western.....	W. D. Walker.	Buffalo.
N. Carolina.....	J. B. Cheshire, Jr.	Raleigh.
E. Carolina.....	A. A. Watson.	Wilmington.
N. Dakota.....	Vacant.	
Ohio—		
Northern.....	W. A. Leonard.	Cleveland.
Southern.....	T. A. Jaggard.	Cincinnati.
	B. Vincent, coadjutor.	Cincinnati.
Oklahoma—		
Indian T.....	F. K. Brooke.	Guthrie.
Oregon.....	B. W. Morris.	Portland.
Penn.....	O. W. Whitaker.	Philadelphia.
Pittsburg.....	C. Whitehead.	Pittsburg.
Central.....	Ethelbert Talbot.	S. Bethlehem.

<i>Dioceses.</i>	<i>Bishops.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
Rhode Isl'd.....	T. A. Clark.	Providence.
	Wm. N. McVickar, co-adjutor-elect.	
S. Carolina.....	Ellison Capers.	Columbia.
S. Dakota.....	W. H. Hare.	Sioux Falls.
Tennessee.....	C. T. Quintard.	Sewanee.
	T. F. Gallor, coadjutor.	Memphis.
Texas.....	G. H. Kinsolving.	Austin.
Western.....	J. S. Johnson.	San Antonio.
Dallas.....	A. C. Garrett.	Dallas.
Utah.....	A. Leonard.	Salt Lake City.
Vermont.....	Arthur C. A. Hall.	Burlington.
Virginia.....	F. McN. Whittle.	Richmond.
	B. A. Gibson, coadjutor.	Richmond.
Southern.....	A. M. Randolph.	Norfolk.
W. Virginia.....	G. W. Peterkin.	Parkersburg.
Wisconsin—		
	Milwaukee. Isaac L. Nicholson.	Milwaukee.
	F. du Lac. Charles C. Grafton.	Fond du Lac.
Washington—		
	Olympia. W. M. Barker.	
	Spokane. L. H. Wells.	
Wyo. Idaho.....	E. Talbot.	Laramie City.
Africa.....	S. D. Ferguson.	C. Palmas.
China—		
	Shanghai. F. R. Graves.	Hankow.
	Japan..... John McKim.	Tokyo.
Haiti.....	J. T. H. Holly.	P't-au-Prince.

## METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

<i>Bishops.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
Thomas Bowman.....	St. Louis, Mo.
Randolph S. Foster.....	Roxbury, Mass.
Stephen M. Merrill.....	Chicago, Ill.
Edward G. Andrews.....	New York, N. Y.
Henry W. Warren.....	Univ'ty Park, Col.
Cyrus D. Fos.....	Philadelphia, Pa.
John F. Hurst.....	Washington, D. C.
William X. Ninde.....	Detroit, Mich.
John M. Walden.....	Cincinnati, O.
<i>Missionary Bishops—</i>	
	William Taylor, Vivi. Congo, Africa.
	James M. Thoburn, Calcutta, India.

<i>Bishops.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
Willard F. Mallalien.....	Buffalo, N. Y.
Charles H. Fowler.....	Minneapolis, Minn.
John H. Vincent.....	Topeka, Kas.
James W. Fitzgerald.....	New Orleans, La.
Isaac W. Joyce.....	Chattanooga, Tenn.
John P. Newman.....	Omaha, Neb.
Daniel A. Goodsell.....	San Francisco, Cal.
Charles C. McCabe.....	Fort Worth, Tex.
Earl Cranston.....	Portland, Ore.

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*District Secretaries—*Rev. C. C. Creagan, D. D., 121 Bible House, New York; Rev. A. N. Hitchcock, Ph. D., 134 LaSalle street, Chicago, Ill.  
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*Manager Western Agency—*E. Herrick Brown, 175 Wabash avenue.  
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*Treasurer—*William B. Howland.  
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*Secretary Woman's Department—*Mrs. Harriet S. Caswell.

*Editor Home Missionary, etc.—*A. H. Clapp, D. D.  
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*Field Secretaries—*Rev. C. H. Talbot, Chicago; Rev. George A. Hood, Boston; Rev. H. H. Wikoff, Berkeley, Cal.

## EDUCATION SOCIETY.

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*Secretary—*Rev. J. A. Hamilton, D. D.  
*Treasurer—*S. F. Wilkins.  
*Field Secretaries—*Rev. F. L. Ferguson, Boston; Rev. C. R. Bliss, Chicago.  
**HEADQUARTERS—**151 Washington-st., Chicago.

## MINISTERIAL RELIEF.

*Chairman—*Rev. H. A. Stimson, D. D., N. Y. City.  
*Secretary—*N. H. Whittlesey, D. D., New Haven, Conn.  
*Treasurer—*Rev. S. B. Forbes, 206 Wethersfield avenue, Hartford, Conn.  
**HEADQUARTERS—**135 Wall street, Hartford, Conn.  
 The next meeting of the triennial council will be held at Portland, Ore., July 7-12, 1898.

## BAPTIST DENOMINATION.

*Missionary Union*—Rev. Henry F. Colby, D. D., president, Dayton, O.  
*Publication Society*—S. A. Crozer, president, Upland, Pa.

*Education Society*—E. B. Hulbert, D. D., president, Chicago, Ill.

*Home Mission Society*—Stephen H. Greene, president, Pittsburg, Pa.  
*Historical Society*—Lemuel Moas, D. D., Philadelphia, Pa.

*Education Society*—E. B. Hulbert, D. D., president, Chicago, Ill.

## SOUTHERN BAPTIST CONVENTION.

Judge Jonathan Harolson, pres., Selma, Ala.  
*Foreign Mission Board*—Prof. C. H. Winston, president, Richmond, Va.; R. J. Willingham, corresponding secretary, Richmond, Va.  
*Sunday School Board*—E. E. Folk, president,

Nashville, Tenn.; J. M. Frost, secretary, Nashville, Tenn.

*Home Mission Board*—Rev. Henry McDonald, president, Atlanta, Ga.; I. T. Tichenor, D. D., corresponding secretary, Atlanta, Ga.

## PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

*Stated Clerk and Treasurer*—Rev. William H. Roberts, D. D., 1334 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
*Permanent Clerk*—Rev. William E. Moore, D. D., Columbus, O.

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*Treasurer*—Frank K. Hipple, 1340 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
*Recording Secretary*—Jacob Willson.  
*Office*—Publication House, 1334 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

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*Office*—Presbyterian House, 156 5th avenue, New York city.

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*Treasurer*—Rev. C. T. McMillin.  
*Office*—Publication House, 1334 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

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*Office*—516 Market street, Pittsburg, Pa.

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*Office*—Room 30 Montauk block, 115 Monroe street, Chicago, Ill.

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*Secretary*—Killaen van Rensselaer, 56 Wall street, New York city.

## COMMITTEE ON TEMPERANCE.

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*Corresponding Secretary*—Rev. John F. Hill, Pittsburg, Pa.  
*Recording Secretary*—George Irwin, P. O. box 14, Allegheny, Pa.  
*Treasurer*—Rev. James Allison, D. D., Pittsburg, Pa.

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*Librarian*—Rev. W. L. Ledwith, D. D., 1531 Toga street, Philadelphia.  
*Corresponding Secretary*—Rev. Samuel T. Lowrie, D. D., 1327 Pine street, Philadelphia.  
*Recording Secretary*—Rev. James Price, 107 East Lehigh avenue, Philadelphia.  
*Treasurer*—Deb. K. Ludwig, Ph. D., 3739 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

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*New Jersey*—W. M. Lanning, Trenton, N. J.  
*New York*—H. C. Olin, 156 5th avenue, New York city.  
*Pennsylvania*—Frank K. Hipple, 1340 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
*Baltimore*—D. C. Ammidon, 31 South Frederick street, Baltimore, Md.

## Election Returns.

## POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT 1896.

(Republican pluralities in roman; opposition pluralities in heavy-face.)

STATES.	McKinley. Rep.	Bryan and Sewall. Dem.	Bryan & Watson. Peo.	Lever- more. Pro.	Bent- ley. Nat.	Match- ett. S.-L.	Palmer. G. D.	Plu- rality.	*Total vote.
Alabama.....	54,737	107,137	24,089	2,147	.....	.....	6,462	78,469	194,572
Arkansas.....	37,512	110,108	.....	898	.....	.....	.....	78,461	149,397
California.....	146,688	123,143	21,623	2,573	1,041	1,611	2,006	1,322	298,691
Colorado.....	26,271	158,674	2,389	1,717	386	159	.....	124,789	189,620
Connecticut.....	110,285	56,740	1,808	.....	.....	1,223	4,284	58,545	174,880
Delaware.....	16,804	13,424	.....	355	.....	.....	877	3,300	31,460
Florida.....	11,298	30,683	2,053	654	.....	.....	1,778	21,448	46,461
Georgia.....	60,091	94,232	.....	5,545	.....	.....	2,708	34,141	168,061
Idaho.....	6,354	25,132	.....	197	.....	.....	.....	14,998	29,686
Illinois.....	607,130	464,526	1,060	9,795	798	1,147	6,380	141,517	1,030,969
Indiana.....	323,754	305,753	.....	3,056	2,298	239	2,145	18,001	637,306
Iowa.....	298,238	228,741	.....	3,192	352	453	4,516	65,452	621,547
Kansas.....	159,345	126,680	46,194	1,511	620	.....	1,209	12,509	335,639
Kentucky.....	218,171	217,890	.....	4,781	.....	.....	5,019	281	445,861
Louisiana.....	22,087	77,175	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,894	56,128	101,046
Maine.....	80,465	32,201	2,487	1,570	.....	.....	1,870	45,777	118,593
Maryland.....	126,959	104,785	.....	5,918	136	587	2,547	32,224	250,842
Massachusetts.....	273,976	90,530	15,181	2,368	.....	2,114	11,749	173,265	401,568
Michigan.....	298,582	296,714	.....	5,025	1,995	.....	6,879	58,898	544,492
Minnesota.....	198,501	139,628	.....	4,315	.....	915	3,230	53,875	341,637
Mississippi.....	6,130	56,383	7,517	485	.....	.....	1,071	68,760	70,506
Missouri.....	304,910	363,937	.....	2,191	293	565	2,355	66,727	674,019
Montana.....	10,494	42,537	.....	187	.....	.....	.....	25,043	53,217
Nebraska.....	103,064	115,969	.....	1,243	797	183	2,885	13,985	224,171
Nevada.....	1,998	7,802	575	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,439	10,315
New Hampshire.....	57,444	21,271	879	779	49	228	3,530	35,794	88,670
New Jersey.....	221,367	193,675	.....	5,614	.....	3,985	6,373	87,862	371,014
New York.....	819,898	561,386	.....	16,632	.....	17,087	18,950	269,469	1,545,956
North Carolina.....	153,222	174,499	.....	675	247	.....	.....	18,269	329,710
North Dakota.....	26,335	20,636	.....	858	.....	.....	.....	9,435	47,379
Ohio.....	625,991	474,832	2,615	5,068	2,716	.....	1,857	48,494	1,014,232
Oregon.....	48,779	46,663	.....	919	.....	.....	977	2,117	97,387
Pennsylvania.....	728,300	422,064	11,174	19,274	870	1,683	11,000	235,072	1,194,255
Rhode Island.....	31,437	14,459	.....	1,180	.....	556	1,193	21,978	58,795
South Carolina.....	9,281	58,798	.....	.....	.....	.....	828	46,517	68,907
South Dakota.....	41,043	41,225	.....	683	.....	.....	.....	159	82,960
Tennessee.....	148,773	169,651	4,525	3,036	.....	.....	1,951	19,403	321,986
Texas.....	167,580	290,962	79,572	1,786	.....	.....	5,046	304,914	544,736
Utah.....	13,461	64,607	.....	.....	.....	.....	21	23,116	96,124
Vermont.....	51,127	10,179	458	733	.....	.....	1,331	40,430	63,823
Virginia.....	135,368	154,709	.....	2,350	.....	108	2,129	19,341	294,664
Washington.....	39,153	51,646	.....	988	148	.....	1,998	13,468	95,583
West Virginia.....	105,398	94,480	.....	1,216	.....	.....	675	10,888	201,739
Wisconsin.....	299,135	165,523	.....	7,509	346	.....	4,584	102,612	447,411
Wyoming.....	10,072	10,369	286	.....	.....	.....	.....	563	20,863
Totals.....	7,107,822	6,288,896	222,207	130,983	13,950	33,545	133,800	.....	14,073,285
Majority.....	284,771	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

\*Includes scattering, blank and defective votes.

In calculating pluralities in this and the following tables the Bryan-Sewall, the Bryan-Watson and the middle-of-the-road votes are combined for the Bryan vote. There was fusion on the electoral ticket of the democrats and populists, and in some states silver republicans. In the following states: Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Idaho, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Jersey, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming. In some of the states, like Illinois and Kansas, there were Bryan-Watson tickets run by the middle-of-the-road populists.

It has been impossible to separate the populist from the democratic vote in the states in which there was a fusion of those parties. In some of the states, like Illinois, in which the two parties voted for the same electors, but upon separate tickets, county officers, in making returns to the secretaries of state, have combined the votes on electors and it is impossible to say how the vote should be divided. In such cases the vote classed under the head "Bryan-Watson" is no indication of the strength of the people's party, while at the same time it gives too large a vote to the democrats. There is no way of giving, even approximately, the vote of the two parties on presidential electors.

## Vote of States and Territories by Counties.

## ALABAMA (Population 1,513,817).

COUNTIES. (65)	PRESIDENT 1896					GOV. '91		PRESIDENT 1892					GOV. '90	
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Pro.	G.D.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	
Population.	McKinley.	Bryant.	Bryant.	Leveing.	Palmer.	Ocala.	Kolb.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	McK.	Wagner.	Long.	Jones.	
18230 Autauga.....	289	1232	49	11	30.	776	837..	81	926	2	961..	254	1287	
8941 Baldwin.....	404	704	22	17	34.	647	421..	383	912	2	91..	384	724	
34893 Barbour.....	1347	2215	413	29	315.	3407	657..	19	4315	—	1991..	389	4082	
28324 Bibb.....	650	984	532	30	89.	787	1905.	22	1152	6	1204..	573	1101	
21927 Blount.....	2619	1860	533	30	40.	1580	1708.	58	1944	—	1304..	246	1600	
27038 Bullock.....	749	1844	23	16	131.	2309	232..	75	1844	—	1483..	650	2098	
81641 Butler.....	846	1256	553	27	88.	1070	1778.	253	1813	—	1717..	735	2731	
22386 Calhoun.....	1223	2317	471	115	171.	2542	2272.	218	3249	4	1613..	336	2473	
29819 Chambers.....	1057	1722	288	27	63.	1874	2098.	108	2321	—	1717..	1526	2036	
10459 Cherokee.....	602	659	117	18	89.	1055	1831..	118	1709	2	1301..	55	1919	
14549 Chilton.....	310	549	523	22	52.	503	1242..	139	648	—	992..	279	1420	
27525 Choctaw.....	357	1017	498	11	50.	912	1311..	216	804	—	983..	346	1015	
12624 Clarke.....	502	2200	43	22	25.	1831	1128.	371	1561	—	1092..	451	1737	
15765 Clay.....	498	1112	298	25	37.	1175	1210.	47	1161	—	1105..	608	1201	
12318 Cleburne.....	472	879	114	33	21.	785	990.	47	1045	3	959..	360	1038	
22170 Coffee.....	114	799	685	24	52.	930	1271..	47	992	5	899..	65	1122	
10189 Colbert.....	1754	1615	43	14	93.	1297	1198.	—	1900	—	1310..	1050	1350	
14504 Conecuh.....	891	589	332	41	155.	755	1174..	—	877	—	1027..	830	1319	
15906 Coosa.....	489	870	423	39	49.	984	1508.	107	954	—	1233..	268	1292	
75386 Covington.....	69	637	460	16	16.	702	753.	7	848	1	992..	22	1031	
15425 Crenshaw.....	390	909	899	28	164.	1436	1498.	49	1320	—	1273..	377	1963	
13439 Cullman.....	447	755	447	27	110.	849	1176.	8	1098	8	1093..	313	754	
17225 Dale.....	239	1138	957	50	94.	1350	1870..	15	1401	—	1109..	308	1584	
49350 Dallas.....	519	4042	49	10	52.	6517	167.	1028	733	—	1077..	1128	7893	
21108 DeKalb.....	1446	1985	221	28	46.	1368	1538.	6	1983	2	1147..	468	1539	
21732 Elmore.....	1279	1182	741	46	119.	1457	2459.	84	1259	1	1504..	1207	2053	
89416 Escambia.....	482	877	37	20	82.	688	576.	21	1110	1	937..	181	541	
21926 Etowah.....	873	977	805	36	109.	1255	1817..	290	2225	21	1295..	741	2406	
12823 Fayette.....	441	603	619	14	39.	624	1204..	158	728	10	982..	879	1080	
10381 Franklin.....	483	821	267	17	33.	468	1046.	23	1290	—	909..	459	945	
10180 Geneva.....	46	498	758	21	39.	934	1091..	—	797	3	715..	42	967	
22007 Greene.....	503	1725	139	15	21.	846	199.	355	2129	—	511..	514	1871	
27501 Hale.....	953	2768	138	43	77.	2725	892..	12	3350	—	912..	491	3890	
24817 Henry.....	676	2157	933	46	246.	1591	1619.	133	2713	—	1015..	549	1980	
24206 Jackson.....	675	2853	943	81	117.	1898	1694.	—	3044	5	1053..	1174	2410	
89501 Jefferson.....	3394	6977	1412	360	450.	4589	4567.	226	10055	69	4984..	927	7321	
14197 Lamar.....	509	1093	170	22	69.	1157	911..	31	1458	—	977..	303	1445	
22739 Lauderdale.....	1024	2254	46	15	45.	1648	783.	—	2352	4	1299..	435	1473	
20725 Lawrence.....	1685	1199	49	45	81.	856	2319.	3	1516	7	1391..	1708	1426	
28934 Lee.....	1191	1584	153	41	133.	1424	1903.	318	2754	—	1344..	1190	2287	
21201 Limestone.....	1520	1714	78	23	27.	1297	1454.	18	1447	11	1598..	473	1294	
31550 Lowndes.....	642	2913	28	6	40.	4996	361..	349	3238	—	716..	1070	4925	
18139 Macon.....	259	1011	33	5	58.	1144	211..	13	300	—	701..	368	1428	
89119 Madison.....	2543	3973	83	46	103.	2764	1371..	8	9045	7	3977..	1306	2337	
53006 Marengo.....	764	3839	79	13	25.	—	—	233	2847	—	2108..	928	4719	
31347 Marion.....	502	1164	37	3	23.	1055	579.	7	1207	3	1063..	455	1173	
18365 Marshall.....	520	977	967	33	37.	1150	1773.	7	1521	2	1103..	354	1807	
11587 Mobile.....	2778	3811	137	149	482.	2505	1544.	397	4080	—	1919..	1797	2274	
18990 Monroe.....	—	—	—	—	—	1660	424.	8	1850	—	999..	516	2175	
56172 Montgomery.....	977	2582	71	44	526.	4930	290..	7	3702	—	2744..	2427	5787	
24089 Morgan.....	1462	1970	158	52	195.	1651	1549.	3	2160	26	2125..	567	1672	
29332 Perry.....	413	2485	197	10	34.	1184	489.	48	3452	—	718..	831	4484	
22470 Pickens.....	211	1279	931	17	66.	1802	1746.	83	1919	7	1049..	79	1528	
24423 Pike.....	862	1698	508	43	232.	1710	1400.	42	2238	—	1453..	748	1942	
17219 Randolph.....	802	1265	177	22	55.	644	1328.	126	1196	—	1215..	363	1130	
24206 Russell.....	773	1823	29	3	35.	1271	419.	10	2150	—	1068..	639	1628	
20896 Shelby.....	1051	875	707	19	65.	1279	1747.	78	1079	4	1469..	933	2015	
17333 St. Clair.....	603	583	1021	25	47.	715	2005.	307	1745	1	1393..	207	1231	
29374 Sumter.....	1459	1799	35	18	186.	1843	408.	781	3185	—	1000..	903	2385	
29346 Talladega.....	922	1635	219	40	49.	2235	2171..	108	2838	11	2577..	937	2472	
25480 Tallapoosa.....	685	2019	672	81	106.	1879	2176.	304	2470	—	1447..	806	2163	
30352 Tuscaloosa.....	965	1404	747	51	79.	2055	2243.	704	2712	4	1512..	461	2143	
16078 Walker.....	1101	1081	181	22	22.	1201	1516.	4	135	4	1472..	1349	1431	
7985 Washington.....	224	551	91	10	46.	582	317.	94	693	2	60..	280	968	
90816 Wilcox.....	45	2454	3	8	45.	6270	131..	215	4987	—	532..	296	4496	
6562 Winston.....	589	274	75	5	6.	402	693.	2	526	—	569..	452	402	
Total.....	54737	17137	24039	2147	6622.	110455	83283.	9197	131358	239	85181.	42440	139010	
Plurality.....	91514	—	—	—	—	27582	—	—	52957	—	—	—	97470	
Per cent.....	28.13	55.06	12.38	1.10	3.32.	57.12	42.88.	3.92	58.96	10	36.28	23.09	76.12	
Scattering.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1995	—	—	—	1491	
Total vote.....	194572	—	—	—	—	194148	—	—	231746	—	—	—	183841	

\*Kolb was supported by the republicans and so-called "Kolb democrats."

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

Goodwyn, Rep. and Peo.....	89,230
J. F. Johnson, Dem.....	128,541
OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896	
Secretary of State—J. K. Jackson, Dem.	

Attorney-General—W. C. Fitts, Dem.

Auditor—W. S. White, Dem.

Treasurer—George W. Ellis, Dem.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—John O. Turner, Dem.

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. The counties of Choctaw, Clarke, Ma- rence, Mobile, Monroe and Washington.	
Frank H. Throat, Rep.....	4,281
George W. Taylor, Dem.....	11,890
E. C. Stearns, Rep.....	548
H. A. Hearn, Ind.....	47
2. The counties of Baldwin, Butler, Con- cepcion, Covington, Crenshaw, Escambia, Mont- gomery, Pike and Wilcox.	
J. F. Stallings, Dem.....	11,703
T. H. Clark, Gold Dem.....	5,361
J. C. Bonville, Rep.....	1,856
3. The counties of Barbour, Bullock, Col- fee, Dale, Geneva, Henry, Lee and Russell.	
H. D. Clayton, Dem.....	11,671
G. L. Comer, Gold Dem.....	6,754
E. C. Jackson, Rep.....	4,759
4. The counties of Calhoun, Chilton, Cle- burne, Dallas, Shelby and Talladega.	
W. F. Aldrich, Rep. and Peo.....	7,345
T. S. Plowman, Dem.....	10,312
E. H. Dryer, Gold Dem.....	568
5. The counties of Autauga, Chambers, Clay, Coosa, Elmore, Lowndes, Macon, Ran- dolph and Tallapoosa.	
Willis Brewer, Dem.....	13,587
A. T. Goodwyn, Rep.....	8,742
6. The counties of Fayette, Greene, La-	

mar, Marion, Pickens, Sumter, Tuscaloosa and Walker.

J. H. Bankhead, Dem.....	10,148
A. S. Vandegrift, Gold Dem.....	4,985
G. S. Youngblood, Peo.....	3,295

7. The counties of Cherokee, Cullman, De-  
Kalb, Etowah, Franklin, Marshall, St. Clair  
and Winston.

J. J. Curtis, Rep.....	4,982
M. W. Howard, Peo.....	6,168
W. G. Bullock, Dem.....	5,628

8. The counties of Colbert, Jackson, Lau-  
derdale, Lawrence, Limestone, Madison and  
Morgan.

O. R. Hundley, Rep.....	11,630
Joseph Wheeler, Dem.....	15,640
W. W. Callahan, Gold Dem.....	333

9. The counties of Bibb, Blount, Hale, Jef-  
ferson and Perry.

Oscar W. Underwood, Dem.....	13,499
A. Lawson, Gold Dem.....	2,316
G. B. Crowe, Peo.....	5,618

## LEGISLATURE.

	Sen. 1894-7.	Sen. 1894-5.
Republicans	2	1
Democrats	74	95
People's	9	23

## ARIZONA (Population 59,630).

COUNTIES. (12)	—DEL. '96—			—DEL. '94—			—DEL. '92—			—DEL. '90—		
	Dem.	Rep.	Peo.	Dem.	Rep.	Peo.	Dem.	Rep.	Peo.	Dem.	Rep.	Peo.
Population												
11432 Apache.....	227	290	19	471	432	70	457	424	—	345	551	—
60885 Coconino.....	521	262	357	481	340	320	465	780	—	615	709	—
..... Coconino.....	258	415	225	441	354	103	548	336	—	—	—	—
2021 Gila.....	302	140	880	118	161	266	275	413	—	282	431	—
5670 Graham.....	791	264	241	456	568	188	239	216	—	347	561	—
10365 Maricopa.....	1414	1063	778	1531	1134	757	180	1958	—	738	1147	—
1444 Mohave.....	187	43	315	110	114	278	245	242	—	258	349	—
12735 Navajo.....	234	246	41	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
12735 Pinal.....	618	413	275	607	556	213	658	693	—	721	701	—
4251 Pima.....	271	145	104	304	186	113	258	293	—	292	340	—
8885 Yavapai.....	921	767	1093	1168	813	523	563	1000	—	1180	1202	—
2671 Yuma.....	221	90	128	186	128	133	163	107	—	163	155	—
Total.....	6065	4000	2880	5648	4773	3005	5171	7152	—	4941	6187	—
Plurality.....	1975	—	—	875	—	—	1918	—	—	1196	—	—
Per cent.....	43.18	29.15	27.71	42.40	35.81	21.78	41.50	58.49	—	44.52	55.48	—
Total vote.....	14000	—	—	13324	—	—	12235	—	—	11078	—	—

## LEGISLATURE, 1897-8.

	Council.	House.	J. Bal.
Republicans	1	—	4
Democrats	9	23	23

## LEGISLATURE, 1895-6.

	Council.	House.	J. Bal.
Republicans	6	—	17
Democrats	6	7	13

## ARKANSAS (Population 1,128,179).

COUNTIES. (75)	—PRES. 1896—			—GOV. 1894—			—PRES. 1892—			—GOV. '90—		
	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.
Population												
11432 Arkansas.....	550	1175	9	426	891	109	34	638	977	8	84	925
13295 Ashley.....	405	1790	18	72	140	715	110	4	478	1089	—	41
8627 Baxter.....	202	980	—	2	275	703	75	3	269	802	—	44
27135 Benton.....	695	6348	13	21	644	1811	674	96	1212	2587	11	828
15816 Boone.....	573	1732	6	13	435	1217	92	24	457	1472	2	—
7372 Bradley.....	185	874	3	2	96	963	105	2	158	624	—	284
7267 Calhoun.....	215	210	2	2	152	564	65	—	201	634	—	4
17268 Carroll.....	675	1740	23	21	705	1007	454	41	984	1262	7	178
14119 Chicot.....	258	418	17	67	206	344	10	8	685	861	—	16
20297 Clark.....	833	1910	57	25	656	1170	1168	68	775	1404	15	745
12200 Clay.....	475	1537	10	12	350	832	283	—	480	1225	—	104
7884 Cleburne.....	108	1047	7	4	57	631	400	28	132	606	—	845
11993 Cleveland.....	231	1269	8	8	60	783	144	—	853	1095	—	64
13893 Columbia.....	537	2144	4	7	290	1417	332	10	475	1714	—	197
19459 Conway.....	656	2355	7	11	315	1478	935	37	731	1284	—	204
12025 Craighead.....	529	1840	2	8	245	943	295	15	872	1246	—	164
51714 Crawford.....	1311	1870	6	10	706	1344	540	37	1080	1545	4	26
13040 Crittenden.....	263	635	5	5	75	454	16	4	705	858	—	20
7908 Cross.....	224	904	—	—	282	694	78	9	432	677	—	74
9236 Dallas.....	479	1032	6	2	332	701	243	19	498	867	8	71
10324 Desha.....	290	894	21	9	163	502	11	4	298	407	—	17
17269 Drew.....	638	1734	6	8	718	927	545	11	707	1189	—	165
10943 Faulkner.....	555	2044	6	8	373	1443	1047	32	1200	1496	—	821
13064 Franklin.....	424	1740	25	38	477	1374	275	17	550	1799	6	154

Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bentley.	Levett.	Rommel.	Clark.	Barber.	Miller.	Harrison.	Clev.	White.	Wagner.	Finer.	State.
1284 Fulton.....	353	1259	2	1.	276	781	222	12.	415	873	—	60.	609	1891
1328 Garland.....	703	1965	40	36.	567	1083	236	36.	940	1456	6	132.	1235	1854
7789 Grant.....	125	801	2	3.	92	589	193	5.	154	695	—	62.	344	781
1204 Greene.....	262	1637	7	4.	106	730	458	18.	821	1241	—	247.	854	1294
2279 Hempstead.....	1265	1823	10	19.	1048	1307	206	81.	1061	1757	—	176.	2306	2193
1143 Hot Springs.....	232	1331	9	12.	106	847	329	20.	277	1025	—	137.	307	1143
13789 Howard.....	294	1382	1	2.	135	191	516	4.	354	1072	2	273.	819	1438
2191 Independence.....	567	2069	9	11.	308	1579	1013	42.	868	1792	11	334.	1039	2101
13088 Iard.....	265	1607	11	13.	215	1137	180	16.	425	1304	2	—.	735	1413
15179 Jackson.....	688	1585	—	9.	731	1068	103	10.	712	1000	—	80.	1071	1805
40881 Jefferson.....	1050	1633	27	20.	740	1734	71	19.	1092	1784	—	177.	1621	1777
16738 Johnson.....	491	1811	3	6.	357	1172	465	25.	514	1479	—	250.	1059	1674
710 Lafayette.....	423	608	2	3.	311	422	91	7.	367	438	—	—.	729	464
1284 Lawrence.....	357	1679	23	14.	573	1158	354	32.	418	1220	—	150.	851	1435
1886 Lee.....	213	1945	23	19.	102	960	34	4.	926	1082	—	61.	1305	2458
10255 Lincoln.....	220	1026	2	1.	171	889	227	8.	1053	730	—	125.	1284	688
8043 Little River.....	234	833	7	7.	325	442	270	9.	411	627	—	309.	872	746
2674 Logan.....	946	1786	6	3.	885	1429	364	32.	1039	1575	—	113.	1468	2085
19263 Lonoke.....	437	2300	12	13.	145	1686	496	20.	629	1617	—	308.	1444	1985
17402 Madison.....	1250	1689	16	17.	1194	1248	64	—.	1151	1374	4	19.	1571	1690
14714 Marion.....	336	1212	25	3.	290	836	78	6.	263	945	—	58.	476	1011
10300 Miller.....	565	1013	6	15.	184	855	375	22.	647	1064	3	121.	1361	1508
10385 Mississippi.....	108	815	2	—.	56	561	29	9.	525	777	—	—.	1052	1132
15396 Monroe.....	436	1019	77	60.	270	630	51	9.	612	796	—	—.	1699	958
67923 Montgomery.....	220	1068	—	—.	106	903	321	48.	155	612	—	137.	872	851
14832 Nevada.....	469	1669	4	7.	110	1036	1056	25.	645	1132	—	800.	1379	1398
1250 Newton.....	753	630	4	8.	707	467	89	8.	525	458	—	—.	917	923
17034 Ouachita.....	1029	1366	2	9.	790	1136	166	21.	630	1305	—	119.	913	1607
549 Perry.....	217	673	4	2.	78	492	356	—.	302	480	—	86.	408	651
2341 Phillips.....	815	1065	43	35.	43	1369	8	1.	1331	1481	2	103.	2336	950
8537 Pike.....	231	864	2	1.	48	649	537	12.	231	656	—	338.	615	708
4272 Poinsett.....	130	572	3	7.	265	594	26	25.	100	493	—	13.	280	668
9283 Polk.....	51	1004	4	8.	79	485	565	29.	394	455	—	192.	562	860
1958 Pope.....	762	2315	13	7.	407	1618	580	27.	679	1840	—	226.	1263	2023
1574 Prairie.....	653	1145	3	3.	218	764	130	6.	604	940	—	72.	1400	950
47529 Pulaski.....	1754	3021	74	45.	665	2302	559	65.	2432	3362	5	489.	2684	4522
14485 Randolph.....	397	1915	4	—.	184	1384	129	15.	229	1582	—	49.	432	2033
13411 Salline.....	268	1117	2	—.	128	104	275	15.	626	1161	—	73.	579	1265
12635 Scott.....	264	1390	31	6.	138	903	528	22.	398	1077	—	168.	107	1265
1894 Seagr.....	757	615	2	2.	624	584	49	10	625	513	—	44.	107	758
33200 Sebastian.....	1000	2622	12	17.	906	2939	531	87.	1538	2032	—	239.	1987	3312
10073 Sevier.....	170	1196	4	13.	67	715	40	10.	186	757	—	274.	336	1030
10418 Sharp.....	230	1263	1	2.	119	892	303	13.	308	1083	—	104.	618	1046
13443 St. Francis.....	455	1067	3	5.	650	723	420	11.	1175	607	—	109.	1784	749
7043 Stone.....	173	728	5	2.	79	496	309	3.	150	449	—	—.	493	605
14977 Union.....	148	1349	29	31.	47	1393	197	20.	106	1431	—	157.	440	1467
8567 Van Buren.....	374	846	20	6.	279	629	249	9.	471	673	—	—.	633	828
33024 Washington.....	1197	2308	17	23.	990	1832	995	62.	1871	2457	16	268.	1894	3114
23046 White.....	559	2876	17	8.	414	1327	1494	64.	979	1853	—	616.	2135	2054
14049 Woodruff.....	620	1478	4	—.	234	1365	147	7.	827	1407	—	85.	895	1539
16015 Yell.....	812	2291	4	8.	579	1246	146	30.	600	1761	—	140.	1045	1843
Total.....	37512	110100	893	889.	23085	74898	24541	1531.	46884	87384	113	11861.	85181	106367
Plurality.....	73201	—	—	—.	—.	48711	—	—.	40560	—	—.	—.	21086	—
Per cent.....	25.11	73.69	.09	.09.	20.54	59.12	19.32	1.22.	31.96	59.59	—	8.06.	43.97	56.00
Scattering.....	—	—	—	—.	—.	—.	—.	—.	1267	—	—.	—.	—.	—.
Total vote.....	140367	—	—	—.	132866	—	—.	—.	147929	—	—.	—.	191448	—

In 1896 the democrats and populists fused on electoral ticket, the democrats having 5 electors and the populists having 3.

#### VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

Daniel W. Jones, Dem.....	91,114
H. L. Rummel, Rep.....	35,806
A. W. Files, Pro.....	13,000
J. W. Miller, Pro.....	851

#### OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896

Secretary of State—A. C. Hull, Dem.	
Auditor—Clay Sloan, Dem.	
Treasurer—Ransom Guley, Dem.	
A. Attorney-General—E. B. Kinssorthy, Dem.	
Comm'r's State Lands—J. F. Ritchie, Dem.	
Commissioner of Mines, Manufactures, etc.—W. G. Vincenbeller, Dem.	
Superintendent of Public Instruction—Junius Jordan, Dem.	
Chief Justice Sup. Court—H. G. Bunn, Dem.	
Associate Justice Sup. Court—S. P. Hughes, Dem.	
For license.....	68,088
Against license.....	61,862

#### REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. Counties of Clay, Craighead, Crittenden, Cross, Greene, Jackson, Lawrence, Lee, Mississippi, Phillips, Poinsett, Randolph, St. Francis, Sharp and Woodruff.	
F. W. Tucker, Rep.....	6,178
P. D. McCulloch, Dem.....	20,414
2. Counties of Bradley, Cleveland, Dallas, Drew, Garland, Grant, Hot Springs, Jefferson, Lincoln, Montgomery, Polk, Saline, Scott, Sebastian.	
Charles D. Graves, Rep.....	6,463
John S. Little, Dem.....	19,199
3. Counties of Ashley, Calhoun, Clark, Columbia, DeSha, Hempstead, Howard, Lafayette, Little River, Miller, Nevada, Ouachita, Pike, Sevier and Union.	
J. B. Friedhelm, Rep.....	8,244
T. C. McRae, Dem.....	19,321
4. Counties of Franklin, Johnson, Loran, Perry, Pulaski, Pope and Yell.	
C. C. Waters, Rep.....	6,714
William L. Terry, Dem.....	16,132
5. Counties of Benton, Boone, Carroll, Con-	

## ELECTION RETURNS.

291

way, Faulkner, Madison, Newton, Searcy,  
Van Buren and Washington.

W. M. Neal, Rep. .... 9,037

H. A. Dinmore, Dem. .... 17,566

6. Counties of Arkansas, Baxter, Cleburne,  
Fulton, Independence, Izard, Lonoke, Ma-  
rion, Monroe, Prairie Stone and White.

Bodenhamer, Rep. .... 5,040  
S. Brundage, Dem. .... 17,106

## LEGISLATURE.

1897-8.

1895-6.

	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.
Democrats	30 85 115. 31	88 119
Republicans	1 2 3. 1	3 4
People's	1 13 14. —	9 9

## CALIFORNIA (Population 1,908,086).

Population.	PRESIDENT 1896							PRESIDENT 1892			
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Nat. S.-L.	G. D.	McKinley.	Bryana.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	P. eo.
10854 Alameda.....	13429	8394	—	132	56	101	127.	8792	7114	450	2114
637 Alpine.....	40	—	39	1	—	—	—	65	17	—	4
10400 Amador.....	1114	1338	75	20	9	2	10.	1125	1255	70	164
17359 Butte.....	2075	2120	—	20	32	6	41.	2180	2141	161	183
9862 Calaveras.....	1541	1359	—	5	5	7	16.	1355	1276	21	75
14540 Colusa.....	581	1250	159	10	2	9	29.	845	1187	62	191
15155 Contra Costa.....	1854	1142	230	14	21	4	15.	1631	1332	65	121
35 2 Del Norte.....	345	274	80	7	—	—	15.	235	339	10	59
9252 El Dorado.....	1130	1674	—	16	17	7	19.	1159	1270	43	174
23226 Fresno.....	2836	3790	—	85	82	89	71.	3031	3453	374	1295
Glenn.....	479	825	—	1	2	3	6.	628	808	44	183
24459 Humboldt.....	3142	1322	1143	32	9	8	30.	2416	1814	130	1036
2644 Inyo.....	286	532	—	10	5	2	6.	409	268	40	85
9605 Kern.....	1430	1763	—	28	6	12	35.	992	1208	54	201
King.....	673	862	—	13	6	2	10.	—	—	—	—
7101 Lake.....	546	—	854	20	5	2	12.	532	644	48	208
4239 Lassen.....	420	346	132	3	3	3	12.	540	524	19	40
10454 Los Angeles.....	16591	12253	8791	787	82	108	141.	10226	8119	1348	3036
Madera.....	1552	739	—	13	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
13722 Marin.....	1448	789	85	3	5	21	8.	1196	949	19	59
8787 Mariposa.....	563	636	198	7	2	—	19.	404	526	12	70
17512 Mendocino.....	2093	1744	376	24	10	3	42.	1709	2023	92	157
8035 Merced.....	653	798	334	15	8	4	14.	782	966	69	126
49 6 Modoc.....	800	588	—	9	1	4	9.	406	596	37	100
2032 Mono.....	259	—	315	1	1	1	8.	286	166	7	77
19437 Monterey.....	1878	2149	—	21	20	11	24.	1709	1906	102	686
10411 Napa.....	2032	1813	159	23	9	8	26.	1739	1478	63	173
17503 Nevada.....	1946	2340	—	32	22	10	83.	1757	1634	84	616
13 50 Orange.....	1332	1023	680	99	15	2	29.	1152	1000	287	480
15101 Placer.....	1890	1463	258	8	84	9	22.	1743	1324	86	185
4383 Plumas.....	678	532	43	7	2	—	7.	642	637	26	27
Riverside.....	2063	1309	375	112	7	4	20.	—	—	—	—
40339 Sacramento.....	4000	4229	602	49	89	58	91.	4362	3498	168	889
64 2 San Benito.....	729	—	956	7	10	6	11.	416	759	35	256
26397 San Bernardino.....	2818	951	1789	198	21	12	26.	3636	2546	614	721
94987 San Diego.....	8331	2398	1540	96	19	71	35.	3525	2334	334	1519
24807 San Francisco.....	81041	80649	—	109	183	781	291.	24116	81022	498	2504
26 23 San Joaquin.....	8500	3144	356	54	39	31	59.	2668	3106	373	592
10762 San Luis Obispo.....	1671	—	2066	39	24	8	27.	1443	1199	132	997
10057 San Mateo.....	1607	997	—	14	2	8	13.	1068	1020	12	82
1 734 Santa Barbara.....	2004	1916	—	60	9	20	44.	1449	1228	170	639
49 15 Santa Clara.....	6315	4950	241	68	104	82	55.	4039	4167	609	1091
19270 Santa Cruz.....	1969	1283	667	46	28	23	57.	1843	1512	195	562
12123 Shasta.....	1210	1836	—	20	9	9	40.	1211	1137	78	436
5061 Sierra.....	707	475	52	6	3	—	7.	787	529	8	46
12163 Siskiyou.....	1473	1724	—	7	26	6	42.	1493	1605	20	109
21046 Solano.....	2702	2058	226	27	13	10	45.	2403	2174	93	213
32721 Sonoma.....	4053	8123	472	28	23	81	89.	3016	8451	196	297
10046 Stanislaus.....	1047	1396	—	14	19	1	23.	1292	1369	131	58
5409 Sutter.....	996	617	65	12	2	—	18.	745	735	61	45
3716 Tehama.....	969	641	294	11	10	2	12.	549	1045	48	170
24434 Tulare.....	502	490	85	4	2	3	28.	463	457	8	19
1082 Tuolumne.....	1410	2673	—	35	13	31	19.	1084	2613	201	1410
10 51 Ventura.....	834	1140	168	24	4	5	24.	789	916	54	113
10 51 Ventura.....	1553	1075	890	35	5	9	17.	1233	968	79	417
12 84 Yolo.....	1485	1658	96	32	5	4	37.	1372	1707	150	135
4636 Yuba.....	1204	879	112	10	6	4	87.	1079	1198	42	55

Total..... 140998 123143 21623 2573 1047 1611 2006. 118027 118174 8096 25311

Plurality..... 1922 147

Per cent..... 49.11 41.28 7.24 0.86 0.35 0.54 0.67. 43.44 43.49 3.00 9.31

Total vote..... 288001 208608

One Bryan elector, J. W. Martin, was elected by a plurality of 148 votes.

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. Counties of Del Norte, Humboldt, Las-  
sen, Marin, Mendocino, Modoc, Napa, Plu-  
mas, Shasta, Sierra, Siskiyou, Sonoma, Te-  
hama and Trinity.

John A. Barham, Rep. .... 17,826

Fletcher A. Cutler, Dem. .... 16,328

George W. Montell, Pro ..... 1,497

B. F. Taylor, Pro ..... 249

2. Counties of Alpine, Amador, Butte, Cal-

averas, El Dorado, Inyo, Mariposa, Mono, Nevada, Placer, Sacramento, San Joaquin, Sutter, Tuolumne, Yuba.

Grove L. Johnson, Rep. .... 18,613  
 Marion De Vries, Dem and Peo. .... 24,434  
 F. E. Coulter, Pro. .... 974

3. Counties of Alameda, Colusa, Contra Costa, Glenn, Lake, Solano, Yolo.

Samuel G. Hilborn, Rep. .... 19,778  
 Warren B. English, Dem. and Peo. .... 16,119

4. County of San Francisco.

Thomas B. O'Brien, Rep. .... 10,940  
 James G. Maguire, Dem. and Peo. .... 19,074  
 E. T. Kingsley, Soc.-Lab. .... 968

5. Counties of San Francisco (part), San Mateo, Santa Clara.

Eugene F. Loud, Rep. .... 19,351  
 Joseph P. Kelly, Dem. .... 10,494

6. The counties of Los Angeles, Monterey,

San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, Santa Cruz and Ventura.

James McLaughlin, Rep. .... 23,494  
 C. A. Barlow, Dem. and Peo. .... 24,137  
 H. Clay Needham, Pro. .... 1,196

7. The counties of Fresno, Kern, Merced, Orange, San Benito, San Bernardino, San Diego, Stanislaus and Tulare.

W. W. Bowers, Rep. .... 18,989  
 C. H. Castle, Dem. and Peo. .... 19,183  
 William H. Carlson, Ind. .... 2,139

# LEGISLATURE.

	1897.	1896.		1897.	1896.
	Sen.	Ho. J. B.		Sen.	Ho. J. B.
Republicans.....	28	46	74.	25	62
Democrats.....	12	8	20.	15	30
Populists.....	—	2	2.	—	1
Fusion.....	—	26	26.	—	—
Independent.....	—	—	—	2	2

## COLORADO (Population 412,198).

COUNTIES.	—SUF. JUDGE 1897—	—PRES. 1896—	—GOV. 1894—
(66)	*Fus. Rep. S.-L. Rep.	*Fus. Peo. Pro. Nat. S.-L. Rep.	Pop. Dem. Pro.
Population.	Gaybert. Hart. Orient. W. Kinder. Bryan. Bryan. Lever. D. Bent. V. Match. T. McJannet. W. W. R. Rich. V. L. S.		
132135 Arapahoe.....	10937 16879 315.. 6048	42481 519 374 90 83..	34583 17037 1191 1087
826 Archuleta.....	212 258 5.. 141	389 3 3 — —	143 165 — —
1479 Baca.....	105 110 — 125	135 — 2 — —	193 28 108 11
1313 Bent.....	411 407 1.. 186	504 5 11 1 — —	226 298 86 6
14082 Boulder.....	3654 1926 36.. 1030	6043 122 117 7 4..	2228 2724 — —
6912 Chaffee.....	1317 698 39.. 140	2407 13 7 7 1 — —	327 339 8 —
634 Cheyenne.....	61 121 — 87	104 — — — —	154 65 — —
7194 Clear Creek.....	1779 883 48.. 101	3543 14 8 — —	102 1969 17 49
593 Conejos.....	179 1730 — 96	2387 7 1 3 — —	1449 759 177 —
3491 Costilla.....	297 949 1.. 368	1026 81 6 3 — —	1889 1111 — —
2970 Custer.....	611 372 5.. 167	981 7 4 1 1..	612 349 — —
2531 Delta.....	1221 406 22.. 139	1608 28 38 4 2..	637 967 — —
1498 Dolores.....	408 64 — 11	675 3 1 — —	264 332 19 1
3006 Douglas.....	354 553 11.. 173	1047 12 8 2 — —	712 306 49 11
8725 Eagle.....	651 209 19.. 173	1149 15 5 — —	400 542 22 —
1486 Elbert.....	338 418 81.. 273	748 13 6 2 — —	335 200 102 —
21239 El Paso.....	6230 7112 33.. 6245	17638 412 296 39 5..	7274 4679 219 —
9156 Fremont.....	1840 2036 55.. 637	4362 120 101 6 3..	2017 1890 96 154
4478 Garfield.....	929 989 26.. 172	2358 20 26 9 1..	1111 1181 65 76
8367 Gilpin.....	1037 1292 36.. 269	2531 48 13 4 2..	1177 1561 23 91
604 Grand.....	13 101 1.. 12	248 2 1 1 — —	153 104 14 2
4559 Guanabaco.....	1544 502 15.. 152	2266 77 6 3 — —	880 1071 143 —
982 Hinsdale.....	570 61 2.. 19	697 10 4 3 — —	240 335 10 —
6882 Huerfano.....	997 158 18.. 928	1927 9 3 — —	1340 804 409 8
8450 Jefferson.....	1385 1585 20.. 300	8177 67 64 23 5..	1534 1126 172 —
1243 Kiowa.....	147 129 1.. 133	156 — 2 — —	110 74 81 —
2172 Kit Carson.....	192 250 4.. 252	227 16 8 4 — —	871 210 57 —
1493 Lake.....	3011 3194 38.. 263	6576 54 11 1 1..	3108 3413 119 —
570 La Plata.....	1257 684 14.. 68	2723 67 5 1 — —	1993 1556 — —
9712 Larimer.....	1726 1683 33.. 744	1180 64 113 10 — —	1493 1215 — —
17208 Las Animas.....	3267 2343 113.. 1124	5485 43 35 3 2..	2475 2051 2004 9
609 Lincoln.....	115 174 3.. 122	219 1 1 1 — —	182 64 56 9
200 Logan.....	432 374 8.. 231	506 31 32 5 — —	473 391 54 60
420 Mesa.....	1610 721 22.. 212	608 15 8 6 — —	1171 1324 — 200
Mineral.....	604 167 9.. 11	808 19 2 1 — —	419 672 27 —
1529 Montezuma.....	499 154 19.. 33	842 4 1 — —	88 236 23 9
899 Montrose.....	891 314 22.. 182	1346 25 15 12 7..	486 692 — —
1691 Morgan.....	371 350 42.. 469	2369 42 93 29 1..	419 306 27 19
4182 Otero.....	1424 1107 44.. 424	2163 20 40 8 2..	981 842 300 —
6518 Ouray.....	2045 225 15.. 38	2188 16 8 2 — —	429 1214 — —
2542 Park.....	947 589 17.. 149	1554 15 6 — —	603 637 29 —
8929 Park.....	175 277 11.. 196	335 2 2 — —	390 296 — —
8929 Park.....	1886 312 18.. 28	3770 35 2 8 1..	1149 2016 69 16
1932 Powers.....	351 476 4.. 304	548 14 15 2 — —	361 241 72 5
31491 Pueblo.....	4010 4334 113.. 1319	8376 43 54 32 21..	4719 3781 650 217
1200 Rio Blanco.....	246 179 23.. 52	453 15 1 — —	154 98 29 —
343 Rio Grande.....	801 792 24.. 176	1424 7 21 2 2..	53 65 34 —
239 Routt.....	521 395 6.. 122	1102 22 2 2 2..	53 65 34 —
3318 Saguache.....	722 559 24.. 175	1154 36 1 3 1..	— — — —
1512 San Juan.....	1067 242 3.. 17	1534 40 2 1 — —	190 761 — —
2299 San Miguel.....	1108 364 4.. 87	2134 61 4 3 2..	637 960 — —
1249 Sedgewick.....	90 208 — 130	216 1 7 9 — —	207 146 83 —
557 Summit.....	23 30 23.. 30	1328 20 2 — —	320 817 — —
2801 Washington.....	123 224 5.. 230	178 6 14 — —	362 154 54 45

Population.	Gabbert.	Hart.	Oriskany.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan.	Levens.	Beall.	Match.	McIntire.	Waltz.	Thomas.	Richards.
11736 Weld.....	1753	2172	311	879	4615	80	93	34	1..	2241	2038	112	258
2596 Yuma.....	274	243	18..	140	441	13	11	1	..	377	396	37	9
Total.....	6888	64947	1444	23271	13874	2389	177	386	150.	90357	68712	6777	2297
Plurality.....	3941.				13472					20245			
Per cent.....	50.91	44.16	1.01	13.85	83.70	1.36	.90	.20	.06.	53.46	41.01	4.10	1.41
Total vote.....	135297				180620					163443			

\*Dem., S.R., N.S., Peo., S. Pop. + Dem. and Pop.  
VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

George Allen, Rep.....	13,223
Alva Adams, Dem. and Sil. Rep.....	78,046
M. S. Bailey, Nat. Sil. and Peo.....	61,246
Peter Hirsch, Soc. Lab.....	125
G. L. Kimball, Nat.....	145
William Marsh, Pro.....	565
Davis H. Walte, Nat. Peo.....	1,243

OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896

Lieut.-Gov.—Jared L. Brush, Dem., Sil. Rep.	
Sec'y State—C. H. S. Whipple, Dem., Sil. Rep.	
Treasurer—Geo. W. Kephart, Dem., Sil. Rep.	
Auditor—J. W. Lowell, Dem., Sil. Rep.	

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. Counties of Arapahoe, Boulder, Jefferson, Lake, Larimer, Logan, Morgan, Park, Phillips, Sedgwick, Washington, Weld and Yuma.

T. E. McClelland, Rep.....	9,625
J. F. Shafroth, Fus.....	67,821
J. J. Losh, Nat. Peo.....	1,083
F. W. Steele, Pro.....	1,006

### CONNECTICUT (Population 746,258).

COUNTIES. (8)	PRES. 1892				GOV. 1894				PRES. 1896				
	Rep.	Dem.	S. D.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	S. D.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	S. D.	Pro.	
Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Levens.	Beall.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Levens.	Beall.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Edwell.	Wagner.	
150081 Fairfield.....	2236	19461	729	221	145.	1131	14170	286	282.	15776	18006	492	57
147180 Hartford.....	2400	3726	1105	344	279	1231	13837	501	428.	16183	16125	840	239
53542 Litchfield.....	840	3662	506	711	8.	1382	4381	243	41.	6185	5002	437	18
33524 Middlesex.....	5994	3446	233	146	12.	478	2812	125	40.	4314	3732	303	23
203068 New Haven.....	30391	20212	832	311	640	2223	19335	461	691.	20366	24235	894	422
76934 New London.....	10941	3771	240	312	12.	354	6853	337	137.	7155	7191	588	40
25081 Tolland.....	876	1014	278	99	80.	625	1865	105	25.	226	2036	267	7
45168 Windham.....	5425	1367	107	46	46	231	2122	150	18.	4155	3433	267	7
Total.....	11025	56740	4234	1508	1223.	8375	68267	2310	1546.	77025	82301	4025	806
Plurality.....	53545					17089				5170			
Per cent.....	68.24	32.54	2.48	1.04	.70.	54.21	42.78	1.41	.90.	46.74	50.00	2.44	.48
Total vote.....	174300					134981				164776			

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

Lorin A. Cooke, Rep.....	108,802
Jos. B. Sargent, Dem.....	56,524
Joel A. Sperry, Nat. Dem.....	5,579
Edward G. Manchester, Pro.....	1,846
John A. Morton, Soc. Lab.....	1,244

OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896

Lieut.-Governor—J. D. Dwell, Rep.	
Secretary of State—Charles Phelps, Rep.	
Treasurer—Charles W. Grosvenor, Rep.	
Comptroller—Benj. P. Mead, Rep.	

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. Counties of Hartford and Tolland.	
E. Stevens Henry, Rep.....	27,623
Joseph P. Tuttle, Dem.....	10,559
E. Henry Hyde, Nat. Dem.....	2,113
Bartholomew, Pro.....	501
Samuel Joseph, Soc. Lab.....	333
2. Counties of Middlesex and New Haven.	
N. D. Sperry, Rep.....	35,944

### DELAWARE (Population 168,493).

COUNTIES. (3)	--PRES. 1892--				--GOV. '94--				--PRES. '96--				--GOV. '90--			
	Rep.	Dem.	N. D.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	N. D.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	N. D.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	N. D.	Pro.
Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Paumotu.	Levens.	Beall.	Tunnell.	Perry.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Edwell.	Reynolds.	Killam.				
32964 Kent.....	—	—	—	—	3731	3819	138.	1098	1053	345.	3536	3856	22	—	—	—
37182 New Castle.....	12293	9632	778	235.	11478	10400	224.	3356	3720	105.	9401	9078	87	—	—	—
38647 Sussex.....	4541	5792	99	122.	4771	4410	153.	4144	4278	115.	4259	4947	89	—	—	—
Total.....	16904	13424	877	355.	19880	18659	569.	18083	18841	565.	17258	17801	138	—	—	—
Plurality.....	3360				1221				498			543				
Per cent.....	58.41	42.67	2.79	1.13.	50.81	49.09	1.50.	48.56	49.89	1.52.	49.31	50.68				
Total vote.....	31460					39128				37412		35059				

Palmer, G.D., received 1 vote in Arapahoe Co.

William Dye, Soc. Lab.....	173
Dayta Gilbert, Nat.....	181

2. Counties of Archuleta, Baca, Bent, Chaffee, Cheyenne, Clear Creek, Conejos, Costilla, Custer, Delta, Dolores, Eagle, Elbert, El Paso, Fremont, Garfield, Gilpin, Grand, Gunnison, Hinsdale, Huerfano, Kiowa, Kit Carson, La Plata, Las Animas, Lincoln, Mesa, Montezuma, Montrose, Ouray, Park, Pitkin, Powers, Pueblo, Rio Blanca, Rio Grande, Routt, Saguache, San Juan, San Miguel, Summit and Weld.

John R. Hoffmire, Rep.....	14,385
John C. Bell, Fus.....	84,018
W. H. McClure, Nat. Peo.....	1,089

### LEGISLATURE.

	1897-8.		1895-6.	
	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.
Republicans.....	13	11	27.	16
Democrats.....	4	20	24.	1
People's.....	14	33	47.	18
Silver.....	1	1	..	—

Austin B. Fuller, Dem.....	22,317
H. H. Wood, Nat. Dem.....	1,213
Augur, Pro.....	482
T. Sullivan, Soc. Lab.....	666
3. Counties of New London and Windham.	
Charles A. Russell, Rep.....	15,269
J. T. Fanning, Dem.....	7,665
Henry L. Hammond, Nat. Dem.....	500
Ingals, Pro.....	408
4. Counties of Fairfield and Litchfield.	
E. J. Hill, Rep.....	31,713
Michael J. Houlihan, Dem.....	16,723
Morris N. Seymour, Nat. Dem.....	1,354
F. L. Wooster, Pro.....	430
H. McDonald, Soc. Lab.....	199

### LEGISLATURE.

	1896-7.		1894-5.	
	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.
Republicans.....	24	218	242.	22
Democrats.....	—	29	29.	2
People's.....	—	—	—	1
Nat. Dem.....	—	1	..	—

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

## DEMOCRATIC RETURNS.

E. W. Tunnell, Dem.	15,504
J. C. Higgins, Rep.	6,847
J. H. Hoffecker, U. Rep.	11,014
D. Green, Pro.	551
L. N. Slaughter, S. T.	986

## REPUBLICAN RETURNS.

E. W. Tunnell, Dem.	16,504
J. C. Higgins, Rep.	6,847
J. H. Hoffecker, U. Rep.	12,939
D. Green, Pro.	583
L. N. Slaughter, S. T.	929

## REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1896.\*

L. Irving Handy, Dem.	13,371
Robert G. Houston, Rep.	7,069
J. S. Willis, U. Rep.	9,404
Thomas F. Bayard, Jr., Nat. Dem.	854
William Farley, Pro.	385

\*Kent county omitted.

## LEGISLATURE.

	1896-7.	1894-5.
Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	Sen. H. J. Bal.	
Republicans	5	15
Democrats	5	15

## FLORIDA (Population 391,423).

COUNTIES. (45)	PRESIDENT 1896					PRES. 1892			PRES. 1888		
	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	Pro. N.D.	Dem.	Pro.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bras. L.'s.	Palmer.	Cleveland.	McKail.	Wheeler.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Fisk.	
22564 Alachua.....	645	1517	28	11	44.	1447	86	231.	1415	2031	
3833 Baker.....	33	182	65	14	2.	187	—	154.	156	375	
7316 Bradford.....	176	750	86	16	53.	561	4	139.	3	1000	
3391 Brevard.....	357	490	15	17	43.	419	21	36.	244	454	
1681 Calhoun.....	52	182	23	3	26.	155	—	56.	94	234	
23304 Citrus.....	35	327	20	16	12.	316	4	71.	107	479	
34 Clay.....	230	333	22	6	20.	404	1	68.	483	557	
12567 Columbia.....	228	750	18	16	30.	822	2	49.	976	1037	
891 Dade.....	308	369	3	14	38.	109	4	1.	45	94	
494 DeSoto.....	126	515	185	19	24.	586	3	256.	210	693	
2 800 Duval.....	1462	1852	51	16	813.	1442	5	68.	2706	1399	
20188 Escambia.....	253	1254	51	12	138.	2616	—	127.	1630	1956	
3638 Franklin.....	146	296	8	3	13.	304	—	47.	334	346	
11184 Gadsden.....	68	577	20	9	24.	522	—	46.	239	1453	
8307 Hamilton.....	74	600	33	31	18.	605	—	159.	355	741	
2476 Hernando.....	37	208	23	4	6.	227	2	81.	226	839	
14961 Hillsboro.....	584	2115	65	48	87.	2718	67	56.	654	1697	
16366 Holmes.....	51	309	87	8	19.	285	—	145.	31	550	
17544 Jackson.....	285	1238	47	11	33.	1061	—	238.	1119	1875	
15307 Jefferson.....	242	1894	15	18	18.	1533	—	—	1188	1197	
3986 Lafayette.....	13	354	3	12	4.	258	—	27.	28	565	
8034 Lake.....	302	850	20	14	54.	1137	85	105.	910	1273	
1914 Lee.....	74	212	10	1	15.	153	1	5.	70	243	
17 62 Leon.....	247	1270	28	21	26.	634	—	—	188	1314	
6286 Levy.....	113	434	49	10	20.	438	1	172.	456	657	
14 2 Liberty.....	42	108	7	3	27.	84	—	71.	78	163	
14168 Madison.....	144	872	13	12	25.	855	—	89.	179	723	
2846 Manatee.....	135	405	75	9	11.	348	8	62.	172	422	
20 96 Marion.....	490	1107	123	32	129.	1133	17	533.	1836	1896	
16786 Monroe.....	382	397	55	26	59.	707	9	67.	1158	1123	
824 Nassau.....	310	508	64	14	60.	537	—	7.	911	958	
12544 Orange.....	545	1045	41	15	74.	1142	59	39.	1515	1813	
3133 Osceola.....	118	242	32	14	4.	259	3	13.	230	423	
4249 Pasco.....	70	456	26	4	6.	471	8	92.	91	614	
7905 Polk.....	279	1073	183	17	64.	901	24	163.	357	1315	
11180 Putnam.....	816	354	36	38	62.	885	65	174.	1336	1146	
5712 Saint John.....	451	680	14	25	25.	589	—	28.	1024	1033	
7304 Santa Rosa.....	50	527	34	25	13.	452	—	87.	423	739	
65 33 Sumter.....	89	441	83	8	28.	444	—	305.	309	733	
10 24 Suwannee.....	196	881	24	10	29.	648	—	238.	796	969	
2122 Taylor.....	31	179	70	2	6.	125	—	114.	39	326	
8467 Volusia.....	635	682	71	36	42.	785	46	91.	1135	990	
3117 Wakulla.....	35	650	20	2	—	173	—	10.	206	314	
4816 Walton.....	129	541	53	7	11.	313	3	274.	430	541	
6426 Washington.....	143	298	58	9	33.	315	2	66.	231	509	
Total.....	11288	36883	2033	634	1778.	30143	475	4843.	26657	38661	
Plurality.....	—	21448	—	—	—	25300	—	—	12004	—	
Per cent.....	24.21	66.32	4.35	1.34	3.78.	85.00	1.34	13.06.	39.96	59.36	
Total vote.....	—	46461	—	—	—	35461	—	—	66641	—	

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

E. R. Gundy, Rep.	8,290
W. D. Bloxham, Dem.	27,172
W. A. Weeks, Pro.	5,270

## OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896

Secretary of State—J. L. Crawford, Dem.	
Attorney-General—W. R. Lamar, Dem.	
Comptroller—W. H. Reynolds, Dem.	
Treasurer—C. B. Collins, Dem.	
Supt. Pub. Instruction—W. N. Sheats, Dem.	
Com. of Agriculture—L. B. Wombwell, Dem.	
Justice Supreme Court—M. H. Mabry, Dem.	

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. The counties of Calhoun, Citrus, DeSoto, Escambia, Franklin, Gadsden, Hernando, Hillsboro, Holmes, Jackson, Jefferson, Lafayette, Lee, Leon, Levy, Liberty, Manatee, Monroe, Pasco, Polk, Santa Rosa, Taylor, Wakulla, Walton and Washington.	
E. K. Nichols, Rep.	2,797
S. M. Sparkman, Dem.	14,823
Williams, Pro.	1,308
I. C. Green, Pro.	201
2. The counties of Alachua, Baker, Brevard, Bradford, Clay, Columbia, Dade, Duval, Hamilton, Lake, Madison, Marion, Nas-	

San. Orange, Osceola, Putnam, Saint John,  
Sumter, Suwannee and Volusia.

I. N. Stripling, Rep. .... 6,576  
R. W. Davis, Dem. .... 14,376  
Daniel G. Ambler, Nat. Dem. .... 1,156  
W. B. Peterson, Pro. .... 855  
Spencer, Pro. .... 195

## LEGISLATURE.

1897-8. 1896-7.  
Sen. Ho. J. Bal. Sen. Ho. J. Bal.  
Republicans .. 3 3 .. 3 3  
Democrats .... 31 62 .. 31 67  
People's .... 1 3 .. 1 4

## GEORGIA (Population 1,637,388).

COUNTY. (137)	PRESIDENT 1896				GOV. 1894		PRES. 1892			
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. G. D.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. G. D.	Dem.
Population.	McKellay.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Atkinson.	Hines.	Harrison.	Clark.	Hale.	Wheeler.	Wheeler.
3076 Appling.	468	985	—	5.	893	673.	219	561	1	5
6144 Baker.	62	527	3	1.	349	89.	54	594	2	19
14908 Baldwin.	410	516	38	10.	431	467.	120	541	2	6
5562 Banks.	269	579	60	11.	745	810.	203	622	15	49
20516 Barrow.	846	1028	31	21.	816	1245.	445	1357	23	24
10394 Bartow.	250	646	36	20.	1110	385.	149	1188	1	14
42870 Bibb.	670	1534	134	901.	2500	571.	641	3670	25	7
13979 Brooks.	423	528	55	18.	918	452.	616	1944	4	6
5520 Bryan.	171	220	3	6.	290	85.	147	295	—	—
13713 Bulloch.	511	1042	40	9.	1856	1171.	214	1220	5	60
28501 Burke.	103	1414	14	10.	2198	1481.	83	1322	1	42
10565 Butts.	317	586	75	—.	773	708.	300	518	10	21
8458 Calhoun.	5	406	—	7.	732	225.	427	527	3	1
6178 Camden.	200	130	5	27.	847	53.	306	179	3	3
9113 Campbell.	577	454	42	5.	756	779.	451	406	—	—
25401 Carroll.	703	1490	71	5.	1580	1643.	543	2137	11	36
561 Catonsville.	161	537	25	8.	438	237.	69	676	4	1
3335 Charlton.	—	—	—	—.	273	183.	22	192	2	1
67740 Chatham.	1697	2506	42	516.	2800	141.	1250	5293	2	1
492 Chattahoochee.	349	157	6	—.	304	443.	247	243	—	12
11302 Chattahoochee.	500	911	46	11.	688	467.	216	1360	8	16
15412 Cherokee.	702	712	12	—.	1002	1150.	382	927	6	78
15156 Clarke.	419	707	19	30.	985	567.	616	885	5	13
7817 Clay.	534	240	70	9.	606	873.	104	606	2	1
8245 Clayton.	473	516	24	5.	602	751.	335	519	1	36
6652 Clinch.	713	257	5	10.	430	184.	102	491	2	6
22226 Cobb.	128	1387	79	14.	1788	1234.	664	1794	2	15
10483 Coffee.	813	428	38	—.	823	733.	346	1350	2	17
4794 Colquitt.	153	301	63	39.	680	411.	70	569	2	12
11281 Columbia.	401	192	10	3.	383	1391.	101	451	4	12
22264 Coweta.	571	1186	23	2.	1643	1007.	1066	2005	2	1
9315 Crawford.	63	367	16	—.	680	400.	286	285	—	1
5707 Cuthbert.	110	325	17	72.	472	179.	53	511	—	1
5612 Dawson.	230	724	13	—.	388	400.	157	356	5	2
14943 De Kalb.	700	972	57	20.	1047	913.	541	1319	—	46
7129 De Kalb.	439	815	62	37.	1296	983.	496	1295	17	35
11462 Dodge.	815	598	57	12.	806	622.	300	785	—	—
15146 Douglas.	346	956	69	2.	1010	632.	445	1350	4	31
12202 Dougherty.	120	404	1	5.	604	216.	446	1351	6	—
7794 Douglas.	644	463	17	—.	740	847.	232	498	2	48
9792 Early.	266	681	45	48.	1034	797.	367	822	4	28
3079 Echols.	53	174	1	—.	210	45.	54	270	8	—
5590 Effingham.	209	372	22	14.	813	473.	123	461	1	7
15376 Elbert.	155	134	96	35.	1601	1007.	6	1980	0	46
14708 Emanuel.	507	680	112	36.	1805	1491.	61	903	—	85
8724 Fannin.	100	507	4	—.	428	372.	696	431	10	47
8728 Fayette.	945	562	69	2.	793	867.	102	517	4	3
26591 Floyd.	1117	2150	23	34.	1258	724.	584	1742	42	73
11155 Forsyth.	329	484	29	—.	672	935.	363	405	—	—
14670 Franklin.	362	589	14	6.	1069	1321.	156	867	11	59
84655 Fulton.	2006	4304	130	241.	3048	1519.	1261	4635	91	12
9074 Gilmer.	503	708	—	—.	674	839.	483	102	17	4
3720 Glascock.	172	154	58	2.	188	486.	67	216	3	6
13420 Glynn.	353	593	8	22.	752	350.	613	1028	12	—
12756 Gordon.	553	875	27	1.	862	1046.	233	1028	5	37
17051 Greene.	910	615	30	9.	1247	777.	694	1081	4	57
19499 Gwinnett.	773	1250	115	23.	1594	1811.	253	1571	8	59
11573 Habersham.	243	782	57	8.	832	133.	190	1019	58	39
15047 Hall.	382	1154	107	26.	1389	971.	217	1596	11	71
17149 Hancock.	124	943	37	—.	814	635.	218	1466	—	65
11816 Haralson.	686	469	32	1.	611	929.	247	806	27	31
16797 Harris.	402	949	39	—.	1116	1453.	602	1076	3	61
10677 Hart.	380	738	91	5.	1070	930.	86	850	3	51
9527 Heard.	138	620	11	2.	608	872.	322	837	4	1
16220 Henry.	598	589	68	15.	1429	1329.	578	718	5	22
21413 Houston.	192	815	—	22.	1298	169.	507	1298	—	1
6315 Iredell.	486	626	15	8.	631	162.	45	531	7	1
1916 Jackson.	700	1365	236	27.	1986	2199.	401	1596	11	123
13879 Jasper.	110	628	2	8.	650	861.	364	737	4	1
17213 Jefferson.	223	541	145	13.	1356	1403.	644	758	10	144
6129 Johnson.	239	218	—	—.	702	782.	247	283	5	5
12749 Jones.	577	621	9	5.	742	126.	509	659	—	—
13547 Laurens.	514	370	65	—.	965	1134.	408	930	—	66

Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Levering.	Palmer.	Atkinson.	Hines.	Harrison.	Clev'd.	Bld's T.	Wearse.
9074 Lee.....	163	285	—	—	311	146	422	800	—	3
12837 Liberty.....	646	237	—	8..	475	686	736	419	5	199
6146 Lincoln.....	73	233	—	—	229	899	—	313	1	866
15102 Lowndes.....	578	986	—	58.	1337	671.	507	988	4	251
9837 Lumpkin.....	458	436	5	4.	494	445	249	501	11	169
13183 Macon.....	296	511	52	19.	815	502	240	671	1	238
11024 Madison.....	141	672	—	17.	947	672	127	743	4	76
7728 Marion.....	409	223	32	6..	611	626	387	436	8	321
8789 McDuffie.....	401	138	31	21.	218	801.	453	288	—	855
6470 McIntosh.....	538	234	9	19.	371	279	639	502	—	2
20740 Merriwether.....	946	991	91	11.	1537	2158.	1046	1297	16	350
4275 Miller.....	56	915	20	1.	434	344.	—	371	123	—
6208 Milton.....	227	423	26	4.	587	524.	73	619	—	241
10806 Mitchell.....	283	437	35	31.	655	373.	196	549	—	106
19137 Monroe.....	419	729	139	14.	1267	1117.	639	1232	7	432
19243 Montgomery.....	441	503	38	10.	855	878.	277	724	3	146
6041 Morgan.....	819	629	41	4.	829	722.	357	761	9	117
8461 Murray.....	323	557	12	—	667	517.	163	553	6	152
27701 Muscogee.....	501	1365	25	108.	1317	806.	540	2067	1	51
14130 Newton.....	580	973	29	27.	1134	744.	611	1005	11	51
7713 Oconee.....	858	380	1	—	573	700.	178	282	—	396
19351 Oglethorpe.....	106	1242	53	7.	1006	281.	63	836	—	130
11948 Oquawba.....	552	627	58	3.	896	1038.	158	611	3	708
8152 Pickens.....	693	458	—	—	491	558.	627	590	3	73
6379 Pierce.....	215	323	85	42.	535	330.	107	337	4	60
16300 Pike.....	734	890	69	27.	1062	619.	619	1195	7	216
14945 Polk.....	810	567	13	35.	746	826.	391	748	15	400
16559 Polaski.....	132	755	16	11.	900	324.	184	1154	5	85
14842 Putnam.....	2	438	19	15.	628	117.	—	801	4	6
4471 Quitman.....	280	181	19	5.	420	220.	294	230	—	35
5606 Rabun.....	101	404	5	7.	238	18.	81	448	3	3
15337 Randolph.....	384	627	49	21.	854	559.	351	721	—	47
45194 Richmond.....	1698	8716	96	139.	3377	855.	3224	8501	23	1050
6813 Rockdale.....	483	473	—	10.	583	586.	890	517	2	199
5443 Schley.....	327	296	10	—	529	439.	287	310	—	127
14224 Screven.....	642	585	75	—	1146	1626.	396	552	1	1141
13117 Spaulding.....	239	612	13	26.	928	350.	81	967	17	38
15682 Stewart.....	213	635	18	11.	927	654.	359	1100	6	58
22107 Sumter.....	371	1044	28	25.	1069	589.	390	1238	1	199
13258 Talbot.....	156	473	14	6.	497	421.	242	619	2	103
7291 Tallapoosa.....	261	221	52	2.	328	683.	76	268	—	697
10253 Tattall.....	600	517	85	68.	1338	1397.	247	918	4	493
8666 Taylor.....	309	237	30	2.	579	708.	439	471	3	399
5477 Telfair.....	860	580	54	1.	761	218.	190	701	11	—
14508 Terrell.....	467	809	54	9.	690	536.	358	948	—	87
26154 Thomas.....	630	600	75	129.	876	474.	586	1224	8	340
4034 Towns.....	239	340	—	—	466	108.	352	690	1	13
20723 Trevelyan.....	199	878	22	8.	967	476.	266	1765	2	13
8196 Twiggs.....	128	397	—	—	1223	405.	235	435	—	25
7749 Union.....	419	560	20	—	629	378.	373	690	2	65
12188 Upson.....	498	591	35	1.	1142	1101.	339	562	1	553
13232 Walker.....	569	1045	26	19.	1170	819.	800	1139	11	300
17467 Walton.....	726	1001	34	19.	1204	1041.	398	1281	4	282
8811 Ware.....	890	545	15	24.	725	312.	262	775	10	89
10667 Warren.....	458	279	128	—	259	962.	67	467	5	1168
25237 Washington.....	1023	925	64	11.	1599	1754.	785	788	7	1345
7485 Wayne.....	266	477	29	—	586	488.	55	486	1	95
5695 Webster.....	191	246	—	3.	385	333.	192	299	7	70
6151 White.....	159	274	26	6.	400	330.	92	390	9	308
12916 Whitfield.....	494	557	56	33.	1016	719.	264	1020	25	390
7890 Wilcox.....	145	623	5	7.	586	91.	199	712	—	17
18081 Wilkes.....	104	1083	100	35.	1822	915.	6	1022	6	157
10781 Wilkinson.....	476	610	9	2.	537	492.	205	576	—	342
10048 Worth.....	447	528	91	13.	925	1057.	468	750	8	295
Total.....	60091	94232	5543	2708.	121049	96888.	48305	123961	993	42967
Plurality.....		34141			24161	—		81056		
Per cent.....	36.85	57.78	8.39	1.06.	56.00	44.00.	21.57	57.76	44	19.17
Scattering.....		487						2335		
Total vote.....		163061				217967		223946		

The certificate of the vote of Charlton county was lost and the vote was not included in the official canvass.

For governor in 1896 W. T. Atkinson, Dem., received 120,827; Seaborn Wright, Pop., 53,832; Atkinson's majority, 34,995.

For secretary of state A. D. Candler, Dem., received 132,184; J. A. Parsons, Pop., 76,453; Candler's majority, 55,731.

Other candidates for state offices received substantially the same vote as that cast for secretary of state.

#### VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

W. T. Atkinson, Dem.....120,827  
Seaborn Wright, Pop.....53,832

#### OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896

Secretary of State—Allen D. Candler, Dem.  
Comptroller-General—Wm. A. Wright, Dem.  
Treasurer—W. J. Spear, Dem.  
Attorney-General—J. M. Terrell, Dem.  
Com. of Agriculture—R. T. Nesbitt, Dem.

#### REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. The counties of McIntosh, Liberty, Bry-

an, Chatham, Tattnall, Bullock, Effingham, Screven, Emanuel and Burke.

J. F. Doyle, Rep.	4,716
Rufus E. Lester, Dem.	8,786
G. H. Miller, Peo.	2,672
2. The counties of Thomas, Decatur, Berrien, Colquitt, Worth, Mitchell, Miller, Baker, Early, Calhoun, Dougherty, Clay, Terrell, Randolph and Quitman.	
J. E. Peterson, Rep.	3,868
James M. Griggs, Dem.	7,464
John A. Sibley, Peo.	3,035
3. The counties of Wilcox, Pulaski, Twiggs, Houston, Dooley, Lee, Sumter, Macon, Crawford, Taylor, Schley, Webster and Stewart.	
S. S. Montgomery, Rep.	3,696
E. B. Lewis, Dem.	7,459
(Seat Montgomery, Lewis majority, 4,362.)	
4. The counties of Marion, Chatham, Muscogee, Talbot, Harris, Meriwether, Troup, Coweta, Heard and Carroll.	
A. H. Freeman, Rep.	4,304
W. C. Adamson, Dem.	8,519
Cary T. Thorton, Peo.	252
5. The counties of Johnson, Laurens, Dodge, Montgomery, Telfair, Irwin, Appling, Coffee, Pierce, Wayne, Glynn, Camden, Charlton, Ware, Clinch and Echols.	
J. C. Hendrix, Rep.	6,715
Leonades F. Livingston, Dem.	9,258
6. The counties of Baldwin, Jones, Bibb, Monroe, Butts, Henry, Spaulding, Pike and Upson.	
O. L. Bartlett, Dem.	8,236
A. A. Murphy, Peo.	4,696
7. The counties of Cobb, Paulding, Har-	

son, Polk, Floyd, Barton, Gordon, Chatteoga, Murray, Whitfield, Carters, Dade and Walker.

W. L. Massey, Rep.	5,987
John W. Maddox, Dem.	10,719
J. W. McGarrity, Peo.	4,256
8. The counties of Jasper, Putnam, Greene, Morgan, Oconee, Clarke, Oglethorpe, Wilkes, Madison, Elbert, Hart and Franklin.	
W. P. Henry, Rep.	53
W. H. Howard, Dem.	1,269
G. L. Anderson, Peo.	104
9. The counties of Gwinnett, Milton, Jackson, Banks, Hall, Forsyth, Cherokee, Pickens, Dawson, Habersham, White, Lumpkin, Gilmer, Fannin, Union, Towns and Rabun.	
H. P. Farrow, Rep.	5,421
F. C. Tate, Dem.	11,037
T. C. Winn, Peo.	3,926
10. The counties of Wilkinson, Washington, Jefferson, Bullock, Hancock, Warren, Richmond, Columbia, Lincoln, McDuffie and Tal-	
laffero.	
W. H. Fleming, Dem.	10,119
J. T. West, Peo.	7,105
11. The counties of Walton, Newton, Rockdale, DeKalb, Fulton, Douglas, Campbell, Henry, Clayton, Fayette and Spalding.	
W. G. Brantley, Dem.	9,141
Benjamin Milliken, Peo.	6,019

## LEGISLATURE.

	1896-7.	1894-5.
Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	
Republicans	1 3 4 1 2 3	
Democrats	37 142 179 38 126 164	
People's	6 30 36 5 47 52	

## IDAHO (Population 84,385).

COUNTIES. (21)	PRESIDENT '96			GOVERNOR 1894			PRESIDENT '92		
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.
Population.									
3808 Ada.....	851	1531	27..	836	538	458	23..	1170	60 1395
.....Bannock.....	228	1965	1..	199	86	230	5..	200	2 296
6067 Bear Lake.....	194	1242	12..	182	529	271	10..	—	—
13575 Bingham.....	194	1242	12..	182	529	271	10..	—	—
.....Blaine.....	59	1228	8..	498	221	262	18..	973	68 933
3342 Boise.....	226	802	5..	323	536	212	5..	377	8 500
.....Canyon.....	803	1178	22..	485	362	475	30..	—	—
3143 Cassia.....	129	579	3..	281	223	142	5..	121	15 173
2176 Custer.....	29	539	2..	193	49	247	5..	187	1 324
1510 Elmore.....	124	535	1..	245	223	146	1..	188	1 361
.....Freemont.....	121	1526	8..	636	536	267	2..	—	—
2365 Idaho.....	377	1121	7..	479	497	141	11..	396	6 448
4108 Kootenai.....	334	1452	17..	600	404	485	15..	713	21 753
9173 Latah.....	1036	1870	16..	1215	423	1194	80..	1342	58 1432
1915 Lemhi.....	202	1063	2..	343	233	369	2..	340	1 244
4169 Lincoln.....	74	306	1..	361	141	558	3..	306	9 518
2347 Nez Perce.....	675	1093	22..	487	371	228	10..	345	7 428
6219 Oneida.....	315	1022	7..	566	511	87	2..	267	14 137
2021 Owyhee.....	97	1140	4..	306	321	210	2..	357	6 340
5282 Shoshone.....	497	1760	4..	608	283	930	10..	544	5 971
3836 Washington.....	204	828	8..	386	201	512	9..	317	5 555
Total.....	6324	23192	179..	10308	7057	7121	205..	8369	258 10530
Plurality.....		16868			3087				1911
Per cent.....	21.29	78.10	.60..	41.51	28.09	28.95	.83..	44.87	1.47 54.23
Total vote.....		29056			14591				19467

Two democratic electoral votes were cast, one each in Custer and Logan counties, in 1892.

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

David H. Budlong, Rep.	6,441
Frank Steunenberg, Peo. Dem. Sil.	
Rep.	22,096
Moses F. Fowler, Pro.	239

## OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896.

Lieut. Gov.—George F. Moore, Peo. Dem.	
Justice Supreme Court—Ralph P. Quarles, Peo. Dem.	
Sec. of State—George J. Lewis, Peo. Dem.	
Auditor—James H. Anderson, Peo. Dem.	
Treasurer—George H. Storer, Peo. Dem.	
Atty. Gen.—Robert E. McFarland, Peo. Dem.	

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Louis N. B. Anderson, Peo. Dem.  
Inspector of Mines—Benjamin F. Hastings, Peo. Dem. and Sil. Rep.

REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1896	
John T. Morrison, Rep.	6,064
James Gunn, Peo. Dem.	13,487
William E. Borah, Sil. Rep.	8,384
James T. Smith, Pro.	164

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

Woman Suffrage Amendment—Yes....	12,126
No.....	6,233
Amendment Providing for County At-	

torney—Yes .....	11,643
No .....	3,612
Amendment Separating Office Probate Judge and County Superintendent of Schools—Yes .....	11,147
No .....	3,962

## LEGISLATURE.

	1896-7.	1894-5.
Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.
Republicans .....	12	1 1 26 37
Pro. Dem. ....	29	41 2 1 3
Sil. Rep. ....	9	19 28 6 9 14

## ILLINOIS (Population 3,826,351).

COUNTIES.	PRESIDENT 1896					PRESIDENT 1892				
Precincts.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. Nat'l.	F.D.S.-L.M.R.	McK.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. Nat'l.	F.D.S.-L.M.R.	McK.
Adams .....	947	802	181	23	113	17	16	609	680	681
1653 Alexander .....	2802	1791	4	2	21	1	22	2305	1058	170
14350 Bond .....	1947	1072	66	9	8	—	2	1718	1067	70
12243 Boone .....	5111	653	58	2	15	3	4	2010	224	87
11951 Brown .....	1024	2000	21	1	8	—	3	954	124	332
35014 Bureau .....	5474	3551	124	11	120	28	30	3300	377	973
752 Calhoun .....	736	1102	9	1	5	—	14	652	776	53
18329 Carroll .....	5314	1473	53	9	19	5	7	2407	84	86
15363 Cass .....	1946	2492	31	1	14	2	8	1834	1802	87
42159 Champag. ....	6750	4639	249	6	89	1	4	5065	3310	62
26331 Christian .....	3857	4639	52	14	30	8	6	5317	3026	497
21859 Clark .....	2888	3009	40	11	15	3	4	2465	3534	446
16772 Clay .....	2155	2365	50	2	8	4	6	1800	1407	367
17411 Clinton .....	1853	2570	12	2	12	1	2	1551	2569	136
30033 Coles .....	4554	3463	54	7	51	5	19	3708	2000	378
119192 Cook .....	221823	151210	2149	163	2000	727	2361	152426	101031	33066
17283 Crawford .....	2172	2359	22	4	15	2	3	1905	1791	137
15443 Cumberland .....	1856	2067	23	4	7	2	1	1639	1619	118
27065 DeKalb .....	5538	1848	189	5	59	2	13	3331	1117	62
17011 DeWitt .....	2587	2243	44	—	27	—	5	2245	1908	109
17039 Douglas .....	2436	2135	43	1	12	—	5	2265	1774	51
22551 DuPage .....	4115	1539	2	122	5	14	14	2678	1394	58
26787 Edgar .....	3822	3726	51	6	63	3	3	3114	3570	155
9444 Edwards .....	1572	848	27	3	2	2	4	1459	548	62
13558 Edmington .....	1855	2653	39	1	21	4	—	1695	2256	112
25307 Fayette .....	2769	3616	70	21	32	3	11	2302	1940	644
17055 Ford .....	2832	1501	46	2	17	2	3	2249	785	94
17138 Franklin .....	2038	2227	16	1	6	3	6	1811	1731	121
43110 Fulton .....	6185	5964	88	6	32	3	15	5425	4312	456
14365 Gallatin .....	1438	2062	30	2	10	2	5	1250	1474	272
25739 Greene .....	2355	3077	45	3	14	3	6	1710	2202	158
21024 Grundy .....	3246	2050	85	2	20	8	16	2755	1946	322
17400 Hamilton .....	3077	2404	13	—	31	3	2	1626	1870	132
1397 Hancock .....	4250	4775	35	—	40	3	6	3832	3673	355
7284 Hardin .....	780	899	7	—	3	—	1	749	644	134
9876 Henderson .....	1750	367	47	2	28	1	3	1476	838	28
33338 Henry .....	6177	2408	134	5	67	1	3	4315	1729	457
35167 Iroquois .....	5325	3649	127	8	58	3	9	4380	3273	66
27809 Jackson .....	3879	3619	45	31	25	9	12	3238	2324	401
18188 Jasper .....	1867	2715	57	—	2	3	9	1642	1964	253
22200 Jefferson .....	2603	3261	84	8	19	1	27	2150	1901	891
14810 Jersey .....	1641	2573	49	4	6	3	4	1300	1710	20
25101 Jo Daviess .....	3524	2383	90	1	80	2	5	2232	2216	79
15013 Johnson .....	3027	1423	13	5	9	1	6	1722	1447	508
65051 Kane .....	1213	4830	197	16	130	5	13	8494	3110	573
28732 Kankakee .....	5171	2357	80	8	18	6	13	3840	1635	76
12106 Kendall .....	2128	1772	51	3	18	2	2	1531	490	33
98752 Knox .....	7681	3464	144	—	85	6	16	5723	1911	541
24235 Lake .....	5027	1756	87	7	34	4	20	3140	1029	113
80708 LaSalle .....	11548	8088	181	14	168	26	20	9140	6067	886
14033 Lawrence .....	1072	1465	52	7	11	1	3	1769	1513	59
26187 Lee .....	4797	2465	36	3	75	5	4	3737	1975	60
38455 Livingston .....	5436	4045	143	6	58	1	23	4408	1957	156
25189 Logan .....	3430	2384	88	4	46	—	5	2865	2553	380
40380 Macoupin .....	4970	5928	169	16	35	4	6	4155	3385	207
51535 Madison .....	7431	6323	85	5	83	4	20	5307	4207	311
24341 Marion .....	2870	3825	54	11	10	2	10	2571	2302	562
13653 Marshall .....	2216	1885	56	2	16	3	3	1825	1896	36
19007 Mason .....	2100	2405	54	4	16	1	2	1829	1975	44
11313 Massac .....	2046	892	12	1	7	3	—	1901	308	158
27467 McDonough .....	4096	3678	106	13	45	5	6	5615	2902	274
26114 McHenry .....	5447	1019	102	2	51	2	3	4061	1923	85
63065 McLean .....	9664	6330	307	9	94	10	8	6786	4228	308
13130 Menard .....	1642	3012	29	1	18	—	6	1422	1533	165
18546 Mercer .....	3120	3234	55	3	19	—	1	2777	1422	250
12018 Monroeville .....	1446	1664	6	2	18	7	1	1173	1321	230
30008 Montgomery .....	9522	4104	106	5	19	3	13	2986	2820	253
32636 Morgan .....	4317	4313	84	2	28	7	10	3715	3571	138
14481 Moultrie .....	1711	2073	15	1	13	3	4	1424	1450	175
28710 Oglesby .....	5210	2134	95	3	76	2	8	3998	1130	62
70378 Peoria .....	10496	9042	185	12	129	15	26	7524	6519	673
17599 Perry .....	2342	2366	81	7	21	1	4	2300	1829	217
17002 Platt .....	2579	1851	33	5	21	3	7	2173	1322	88



## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

For .....	163,057
Against .....	66,519

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. The towns of Rich, Bloom, Orland, Bremen, Thornton, Calumet and Worth, in Cook county, and the 4th ward east of Wentworth avenue, the 3d ward, the 31st ward, the 32d ward, the 33d ward and the 34th ward of the city of Chicago.

James R. Mann, Rep. ....	51,582
James H. Teller, Dem. ....	23,123
Thomas R. Strobridge, Pro. ....	595
Benjamin Wertheimer, Peo. ....	957

2. The towns of Lemont, Palos, Lyons, Proviso, Riverside, Cicero, Leyden, Norwood Park, Maine, Elk Grove, Schaumburg and Hanover, in Cook county, and the 10th, 28th, 29th and 30th wards of the city of Chicago.

William Lorimer, Rep. ....	35,049
John Z. White, Dem. ....	28,309
James Cragmille, Pro. ....	594
William P. Crenshaw, ....	561

3. The 1st, 2d, 5th, 6th, 7th wards and that part of the 4th ward west of Wentworth avenue, all in the city of Chicago.

Hugh R. Belknap, Rep. ....	22,075
Clarence S. Darrow, Dem. ....	21,485
Solomon D. Eberwall, Pro. ....	182
John Krebs, Gold Dem. ....	255

4. The 8th, 9th, 12th and 19th wards of the city of Chicago.

David W. Mills, Rep. ....	22,364
James McAndrews, Dem. ....	20,454
Archibald Spott, Pro. ....	236
James E. Gillis, Gold Dem. ....	419
J. Augustus Weaver, ....	129
Charles W. Woodman, Ind. ....	375

5. The 11th, 13th, 16th, 17th and 18th wards of the city of Chicago.

George E. White, Rep. ....	23,053
Edward T. Noonan, Dem. ....	19,975
Thomas L. Haines, Pro. ....	257
Thomas E. Courtney, Gold Dem. ....	233
John A. McDonnell, Ind. ....	1,813

6. The 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d and 24th wards, also that part of the 25th ward south of Diversey street and west of Halsted street, and that part of the 26th ward south of Belmont avenue, all in the city of Chicago.

## REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1897.

Henry Sherman Boutell, Rep. ....	10,211
Vincent H. Perkins, Dem. ....	9,349
George A. Landgren, Peo. ....	232
C. A. David, Pro. ....	94

(Special election in 1897.)

7. The 14th, 15th and 27th wards, that part of the 25th ward north of Diversey street and east of Halsted street, that part of the 26th ward north of Belmont avenue, in the city of Chicago; also the towns of Evanston, Niles, New Trier, Northfield, Wheeling, Palatine and Barrington, in Cook county, and the county of Lake.

George Edmund Foss, Rep. ....	41,510
Olaf E. Ray, Dem. and Peo. ....	21,213
James C. Ambrose, Pro. ....	478
Michael W. Robinson, Gold Dem. ....	541
L. P. Quinn, Middle of the Road. ....	40
Scattering .....	3

8. Counties of McHenry, DeKalb, Kane, DuPage, Kendall and Grundy.

Albert J. Hopkins, Rep. ....	32,073
Simoon N. Hoover, Dem. ....	12,861
Augustus R. Dodd, Pro. ....	818

9. Counties of Boone, Winnebago, Stephenson, Jo Daviess, Carroll, Ogle and Lee.

Robert R. Hitt, Rep. ....	32,949
Charles O. Knudson, Dem., Peo. ....	15,241
James Lamont, Pro. ....	866

10. Counties of Whiteside, Rock Island, Mercer, Henry, Knox and Stark.

George W. Prince, Rep. ....	31,459
William R. Moore, Dem. ....	15,741
William Goldsworthy, Pro. ....	536
William C. Holden, Peo. ....	1,401

11. Counties of Bureau, LaSalle, Livingston and Woodford.

Walter Reeves, Rep. ....	24,765
Charles M. Golden, Dem. ....	18,514
John W. Hosier, Pro. ....	557

12. Counties of Will, Kankakee, Iroquois and Vermilion.

Joseph G. Cannon, Rep. ....	28,566
George C. Vance, Dem. and Peo. ....	18,613
J. J. Hales, Pro. ....	478

13. Counties of Ford, McLean, DeWitt, Piatt, Champaign and Douglas.

Vespasian Warner, Rep. ....	27,334
Frank M. Palmer, Dem. and Peo. ....	18,811
Thomas J. Scott, Pro. ....	833

14. Counties of Putnam, Marshall, Peoria, Fulton, Tazewell and Mason.

Joseph V. Graff, Rep. ....	25,144
Nicholas E. Worthington, Dem. ....	23,413
Dan R. Sheen, Pro. ....	471
Theodore Holly, Peo. ....	392

15. Counties of Henderson, Warren, Hancock, McDonough, Adams, Brown and Schuyler.

Benjamin F. Marsh, Rep. ....	24,605
William H. Neece, Dem. ....	24,296
E. Lawrence Grosh, Pro. ....	618

16. Counties of Cass, Morgan, Scott, Pike, Green, Macoupin, Calhoun and Jersey.

John I. Rinaker, Rep. ....	20,472
William H. Hinrichsen, Dem. ....	26,615
M. M. Cooper, Pro. ....	463

17. Counties of Menard, Logan, Sangamon, Macon and Christian.

James A. Connolly, Rep. ....	23,813
Benjamin F. Caldwell, Dem. ....	23,714
Edmund Miller, Pro. ....	484
Edward G. King, Gold Dem. ....	217

18. Counties of Madison, Montgomery, Bond, Fayette, Shelby and Moultrie.

William F. L. Hadley, Rep. ....	20,599
Thomas M. Jett, Dem. ....	23,358
Frank H. Ashcraft, Pro. ....	471

19. Counties of Coles, Edgar, Clark, Cumberland, Ettingham, Jasper, Crawford, Richland and Lawrence.

Benson Wood, Rep. ....	22,793
Andrew J. Hunter, Dem. ....	23,960
Calus C. Griffith, Pro. ....	324
John J. Sewell, Peo. ....	810

20. Counties of Clay, Jefferson, Wayne, Hamilton, Edwards, Wabash, Franklin, White, Gallatin and Hardin.

Orlando Burrell, Rep. ....	19,508
James R. Campbell, Dem. ....	22,359
Thomas Riley, Pro. ....	54

21. Counties of Marion, Clinton, Washington, St. Clair, Monroe, Randolph and Perry.

Everett J. Murphy, Rep. ....	23,179
Jehu Baker, Dem. and Peo. ....	23,581

22. Counties of Jackson, Union, Alexander, Pulaski, Johnson, Williamson, Saline, Pope and Massac.

George W. Smith, Rep. ....	22,006
John J. Hall, Dem. and Peo. ....	17,811

## LEGISLATURE.

1896-7. 1894-5.

Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.
Republicans ...	59	87	126
Democrats ...	11	64	75
People's ...	1	2	3

## ELECTION RETURNS.

301

## INDIANA (Population 2,192,404).

COUNTIES. (32)	PRESIDENT 1892					SEC. OF STATE, 1894					PRESIDENT 1892				
	Pop.	Rep.	Dem.	G. D. Pro.	Nat. S. L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. Peo.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.
201 Adams.....	1613	3340	26	31	16	1478	264	65	96	1247	2906	100	214		
648 Allen.....	9467	9009	149	57	13	87...	6828	8284	126	672...	5488	10010	176	449	
2867 Bartholm'w	3264	3198	28	13	19	2...	3036	3111	92	64...	2397	3217	129	45	
11903 Benton.....	1906	1552	12	24	7	1...	1825	1819	88	52...	1617	1891	108	66	
10461 Blackford.....	2154	2272	8	23	44	...	1537	1401	72	311...	1203	1340	68	324	
26572 Boone.....	3440	3400	19	27	8	...	3351	3029	85	374...	3136	3104	91	367	
10045 Brown.....	726	1490	1	15	8	...	685	1158	35	110...	656	1878	40	93	
30321 Carroll.....	2546	2704	6	38	15	1...	2420	2252	152	267...	2230	2361	191	237	
31152 Cass.....	4362	4851	26	54	45	1...	3841	3515	210	718...	3501	4006	294	453	
30253 Clay.....	3937	3783	35	22	12	6...	3493	3625	68	41...	3280	4013	74	480	
2370 Clinton.....	3833	4482	11	37	31	9...	3120	3197	145	761...	3105	3558	133	391	
13611 Crawford.....	3807	3747	13	33	55	...	3556	2400	261	207...	3222	3006	232	391	
23227 Daviess.....	1490	1655	1	4	2	...	1408	1368	9	155...	1278	1529	19	200	
23274 Dearborn.....	3120	3785	4	19	4	2...	2776	2194	53	1218...	2610	2198	56	908	
23374 Dearborn.....	2714	3313	6	26	5	1...	2544	2966	57	66...	2274	3397	78	52	
19277 Decatur.....	2648	2520	6	17	23	5...	2709	2077	108	103...	2519	2353	142	84	
24537 DeKalb.....	3137	3768	25	33	14	...	2676	2397	149	932...	2499	2801	198	746	
30131 Delaware.....	7340	4253	20	58	94	19...	5781	2552	221	306...	4908	2842	203	335	
23253 Dubois.....	1215	3006	14	8	6	...	1149	2610	21	135...	1091	2417	50	160	
30201 Elkhart.....	6150	4989	28	152	42	13...	5187	3811	296	501...	3873	3530	630	192	
12380 Fayette.....	2145	1938	7	11	11	...	2035	1576	53	47...	1813	1495	66	43	
23458 Floyd.....	3374	3544	36	21	4	8...	3294	3844	45	86...	3568	4219	74	381	
19568 Fountain.....	2809	2947	15	22	10	...	2583	2227	88	429...	2379	2917	73	324	
18336 Franklin.....	1710	2844	4	13	1	2...	1702	2713	30	19...	1610	2659	53	17	
16746 Fulton.....	2349	2321	14	10	12	...	2221	2168	94	68...	2653	2247	115	42	
24920 Gibson.....	3471	3334	11	42	29	...	2954	2280	180	814...	2738	2460	243	598	
31438 Grant.....	7723	5072	21	128	143	13...	6109	3554	498	406...	4916	3590	515	394	
24379 Greene.....	3434	3534	16	21	15	...	3113	2398	61	603...	2949	2498	67	481	
31223 Hamilton.....	4643	2947	10	47	113	1...	3892	2217	392	170...	3627	2492	411	122	
17829 Hancock.....	2236	2886	15	23	13	...	2049	2349	75	195...	1932	2329	71	198	
20786 Harrison.....	2496	2613	12	25	13	...	2421	2365	69	102...	2114	2464	71	183	
21493 Hendricks.....	3409	2365	18	38	46	1...	3241	1857	200	195...	3020	2628	219	92	
23279 Henry.....	4001	2980	7	43	4	...	3356	1635	202	547...	3336	1871	242	614	
26186 Howard.....	4195	3198	12	36	60	2...	3839	1596	329	956...	3576	2331	307	785	
27644 Huntington.....	4117	3570	33	54	68	2...	3737	3246	253	143...	3384	3490	275	134	
24139 Jackson.....	2670	3574	23	19	5	2...	2427	3015	31	162...	2233	3393	19	76	
11186 Jasper.....	2032	1608	8	27	14	2...	1558	753	61	511...	1364	917	66	362	
23478 Jay.....	3473	3680	8	62	64	...	3062	2234	230	754...	2414	2359	253	752	
24507 Jefferson.....	3538	3545	34	24	6	...	3236	2340	58	148...	3135	2546	56	121	
11408 Jennings.....	2040	1850	4	18	11	...	2182	2396	146	865...	1786	1381	36	396	
19561 Johnson.....	2298	3063	10	29	47	1...	...	...	...	...	2043	2606	157	243	
23444 Knox.....	3480	4349	30	44	27	...	2929	3039	181	502...	2653	3417	242	624	
28445 Kosciusko.....	4342	4193	12	43	39	...	4094	2767	180	90...	3623	3094	228	66	
15615 Lagrange.....	2432	1655	3	22	4	...	1722	1835	72	143...	2083	1432	121	132	
23281 Lake.....	4883	3418	40	46	11	5...	3844	2586	104	277...	2658	3010	147	102	
34445 Laporte.....	4991	4511	37	25	11	4...	4197	4136	127	129...	3548	4703	104	102	
19732 Lawrence.....	3103	2421	13	30	4	...	2675	1757	40	171...	2529	2144	34	156	
31447 Madison.....	3388	7590	24	85	50	5...	6500	5596	230	714...	5397	5733	296	329	
111556 Marion.....	27351	20634	527	165	100	108...	21047	18257	512	1424...	19551	20426	581	338	
23918 Marshall.....	2398	3543	20	40	18	3...	2749	2736	102	929...	2538	3113	123	99	
13673 Martin.....	1384	1719	2	9	4	1...	1531	1352	22	242...	1283	1391	45	191	
25623 Miami.....	3386	3902	71	37	36	1...	3106	3303	167	209...	2274	3433	189	118	
17673 Monroe.....	2486	2422	16	27	25	...	2309	1797	85	539...	3017	1917	96	347	
28425 Montgomery.....	4353	4193	24	24	17	2...	4006	3657	132	196...	3657	3841	106	84	
18543 Morgan.....	2638	2414	9	20	16	...	2323	1857	73	207...	2777	2014	71	173	
88 8 Newton.....	1545	1204	5	6	16	2...	1289	771	61	61...	1191	879	124	125	
23349 Noble.....	3373	3071	10	27	32	...	3081	2645	100	106...	2823	2879	190	103	
4365 Ohio.....	705	631	—	—	—	...	711	563	9	13...	692	608	4	8	
14778 Orange.....	2044	1777	14	10	5	1...	1973	1404	29	143...	1533	1628	80	212	
15040 Owen.....	1751	2070	13	13	6	...	1690	1724	43	213...	1569	1738	52	247	
20236 Parke.....	2817	2777	11	40	46	3...	2574	1763	248	524...	2003	2013	278	266	
18240 Perry.....	2139	2109	15	16	8	1...	2029	1938	36	66...	1890	2074	34	86	
16314 Pike.....	2332	2357	7	18	5	1...	2240	1957	46	239...	2198	1857	64	254	
18652 Porter.....	2553	2026	10	18	9	...	2485	1813	105	91...	2167	1837	145	129	
21229 Posey.....	2526	6103	14	30	2	2...	2219	1823	62	432...	2077	2000	78	379	
11353 Pulaski.....	1345	1964	15	21	17	1...	1059	1251	61	84...	1843	1432	96	245	
22245 Putnam.....	2622	3218	18	32	18	1...	2472	2852	131	201...	2289	2754	169	193	
28045 Randolph.....	4674	2677	10	37	47	1...	4404	1623	209	382...	4058	1894	284	406	
19330 Ripley.....	2930	2714	5	10	4	...	2499	2182	86	288...	2250	2442	54	235	
19034 Rush.....	2891	2002	2	32	46	...	2788	2156	151	91...	2596	2110	151	79	
7833 Scott.....	837	1237	1	10	4	...	816	1075	36	83...	727	1043	37	42	
24554 Shelby.....	3219	3028	19	54	94	...	2861	3413	239	88...	2664	3490	292	107	
22000 Spencer.....	3047	2745	13	10	6	1...	2735	2420	21	150...	2478	2196	24	169	
7439 Starke.....	1289	1214	8	8	7	8...	1071	1032	29	29...	1850	1003	29	35	
43457 St. Joseph.....	7139	6247	49	61	25	1...	6157	5071	118	409...	5220	6077	215	107	
14478 Steuben.....	2555	1676	8	50	25	1...	2990	1080	153	208...	2100	1254	286	196	
21877 Sullivan.....	2317	4010	47	26	2	1...	1933	2847	112	405...	1784	3150	128	381	
12514 Switzerland.....	1857	1742	7	3	2	...	1594	1808	27	87...	1847	1589	129	52	
35078 Tippecanoe.....	6239	4619	35	63	13	...	5343	3923	184	132...	4556	4386	208	63	
14167 Tipton.....	2233	2618	4	18	31	3...	2017	2086	114	559...	1788	2008	128	570	
7003 Union.....	1118	915	2	15	18	...	1051	796	42	12...	981	849	63	11	
50900 Vanderburg.....	3069	7123	35	28	3	31...	5187	5187	64	1815...	6175	6166	101	285	

Population.	McKibbin	Dray	Palmer	Lever	Bentley	Matchett	Owen	Myers	Taylor	Robinson	Harrison	Cleveland	Edwards	Waver	
13154 Vermillion.....	2141	1814	3	15	21	—	—	1892	1141	98	856..	1723	1457	81	294
50195 Vigo.....	5020	7526	81	45	10	8..	5745	5695	99	1955..	6159	16599	90	579	
27126 Wabash.....	3419	2891	18	53	53	1..	3899	2140	102	351..	3687	2418	250	324	
10855 Warren.....	2045	1100	13	13	10	1..	1827	878	34	73..	1849	979	45	51	
21161 Warrick.....	2482	2448	17	12	8	1..	2226	2175	37	566..	2018	2105	60	477	
18019 Washington.....	2214	2613	21	13	3	—	1977	1424	35	224..	1833	2022	26	263	
37628 Wayne.....	6841	4047	33	64	53	2..	5842	2913	257	308..	5714	3726	355	257	
21514 Wells.....	2212	3528	5	48	43	2..	1944	3532	177	529..	1668	2235	210	318	
15611 White.....	2383	237	24	37	28	—	2180	1871	146	228..	1907	1263	173	221	
17658 Whitley.....	2242	2094	7	20	22	—	212	1090	121	51..	1838	2294	175	30	
Total.....	38540	38000	2145	308	238	350	28445	26841	1173	2888..	35315	26749	1304	2205	
Plurality.....	18181	—	—	—	—	—	4967	—	—	—	1225	—	—	—	
Per cent.....	47.43	47.61	33	47	35	65..	50.37	42.42	1.95	5.22..	46.17	47.45	23	40	
Total vote.....	67605	—	—	—	—	—	67682	—	—	—	55363	—	—	—	

\* Fusion on electors. Democrats, 10; populists, 5.

#### VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

James A. Mount, Rep.....	321,032
Benjamin F. Sulvery, Dem.....	294,855
Leonard M. Christ, Pro.....	2,996
Thomas Wadsworth, Pro.....	3,525
James G. Kingsbury, Nat.....	2,500
Phillip H. Moore, Soc.....	283

#### OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896

Lieutenant-Governor—W. S. Haggard, Rep.	
Secretary of State—William D. Owen, Rep.	
Auditor—Americus C. Daily, Rep.	
Treasurer—Frederick J. Scholz, Rep.	
Atty.-Gen.—William A. Ketchum, Rep.	
Reporter of Supreme Court—Charles F. Remy, Rep.	
Superintendent of Public Instruction—David M. Geeting, Rep.	
Statistician—S. J. Thompson, Rep.	
Judges of Appellate Court—Woodfin D. Robinson, William J. Henley, James B. Black, D. W. Comstock, U. Z. Wiley, all Rep.	

#### REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. The counties of Gibson, Pike, Posey, Spencer, Vanderburg and Warrick.	
James A. Hemenway, Rep.....	21,907
Thomas Duncan, Dem.....	20,856
Josephus Lee, Pro.....	1,313
2. The counties of Daviess, Greene, Knox, Lawrence, Martin, Monroe, Owen and Sullivan.	
Alex M. Hardy, Rep.....	20,759
Robert W. Miers, Dem.....	21,757
Newell H. Matsinger, Pro.....	2,625
3. The counties of Clark, Crawford, Dubois, Floyd, Harrison, Perry, Orange, Scott and Washington.	
Robert J. Tracewell, Rep.....	19,984
William T. Zenor, Dem.....	22,418
George R. Winchell, Pro.....	111
4. The counties of Bartholomew, Brown, Dearborn, Decatur, Jackson, Jefferson, Jennings, Ohio, Ripley and Switzerland.	
Marcus R. Sulzer, Rep.....	22,769
William S. Holman, Dem.....	23,594
Nicholas Smith, Pro.....	108

5. The counties of Clay, Hendricks, Morgan, Parke, Putnam, Vermillion and Vigo.

G. W. Faris, Rep..... 25,290

John C. Ridpath, Dem. and Pro..... 24,925

6. The counties of Fayette, Franklin, Hancock, Henry, Rush, Shelby, Union and Wayne.

Henry U. Johnson, Rep..... 24,083

C. A. Robinson, Dem. and Pro..... 21,867

7. The counties of Johnson and Marion.

Jesse Overstreet, Rep..... 29,075

Charles M. Cooper, Dem. and Pro..... 24,187

8. The counties of Adams, Blackford, Delaware, Jay, Madison, Randolph and Wells.

Charles L. Henry, Rep..... 30,945

John R. Hurt, Dem..... 27,413

9. The counties of Boone, Carroll, Clinton, Fountain, Hamilton, Montgomery and Tipton.

Charles B. Landis, Rep..... 23,516

Joseph B. Chandle, St. Rep. Pro.

and Dem..... 23,367

10. The counties of Benton, Jasper, Lake, Laporte, Newton, Porter, Tippecanoe, Warren and White.

Edward Crumacker, Rep..... 28,255

Martin Krueger, Dem. and Pro..... 23,120

11. The counties of Cass, Grant, Howard, Huntington, Miami and Wabash.

George W. Steele, Rep..... 27,853

J. H. Larimer, Dem. and Pro..... 23,594

Harvey Katlin, Pro..... 649

12. The counties of Allen, De Kalb, LaGrange, Noble, Steuben and Whitley.

Jacob D. Leighty, Rep..... 23,187

James M. Robinson, Dem. and Pro..... 22,752

13. The counties of Elkhart, Fulton, Kosciusko, Marshall, Pulaski, St. Joseph and Starke.

Lemuel W. Royse, Rep..... 25,514

Charles Kellison, Dem. and Pro..... 23,298

#### LEGISLATURE.

	1897-8.	1896-6.
Sen. Ho J. Bal.	Sen. Ho J. Bal.	Sen. Ho J. Bal.
Republicans.....	33	52
Democrats.....	14	53
People's.....	3	9
	85..	32
	53..	18
	11..	—
	—	—
	—	—

#### IOWA (Population 1,911,896).

COUNTIES. (98)	GOV. 1897. (Unofficial.)			PRESIDENT, 1896					GOVERNOR, 1896						
	Rep.	Fus. Pro.	N. D. Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	G. D. Pro.	Nat.	S. L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Pro.			
	Shaw.	White.	Lloy.	Clegg.	Little.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Palm.	Traver.	Bentley.	Matchob.	Drake.	Babb.	Cran.	Enon.
Adair.....	1504	1408	56	9	93..	2127	1946	25	9	—	1.	1622	783	436	71
Adams.....	1504	1408	56	10	92..	1738	1701	22	25	1	3..	1464	853	403	92
Allamakee.....	2174	1768	24	64	13..	2471	1897	95	13	—	4..	2122	1754	164	81
Appanoose.....	2789	2366	115	7	22..	3046	2940	19	12	2	8..	2009	1705	681	67
Audubon.....	1432	1321	16	9	12..	1705	1417	16	11	—	—	1890	1114	115	16
Benton.....	2696	2557	19	36	76..	3094	2560	63	88	2	1..	1851	2519	104	173
Black Hawk.....	3030	2015	28	65	164..	4043	2167	158	56	5	1..	3062	1909	96	152
Boone.....	2548	2362	40	20	215..	3741	2801	26	56	6	1..	2508	1278	457	214
Bremer.....	1751	1994	8	27	46..	2116	1704	73	20	1	1..	1930	1759	64	70
Buchanan.....	2496	2071	23	13	69..	2845	2333	50	1	1	1..	2023	138	177	106
Buena Vista.....	1656	976	59	4	68..	2328	1173	22	26	—	—	1917	519	265	76
Butler.....	2121	1200	11	19	73..	2670	1373	81	36	1	1..	1572	1059	45	108
Calhoun.....	1749	1148	28	21	47..	2838	1280	24	10	—	—	1714	735	219	86
Carroll.....	1746	2336	25	18	13..	2036	2417	25	13	1	2..	1576	2089	124	81
Cass.....	2490	1865	199	47	31..	2959	2240	58	18	2	2..	2229	1143	602	91
Cedar.....	2238	2181	20	55	98..	2717	2128	78	50	10	2..	2232	2316	78	134
Cerro Gordo.....	1948	1120	9	122	78..	3048	1408	38	59	14	1..	1690	689	74	202
Cherokee.....	1785	1286	46	16	131..	2343	1464	25	64	3	1..	1641	1890	197	418

## ELECTION RETURNS.

303

	Shows.	White.	Lloyd	Claggett	Leland	McKinney	Bryan	Palm	Leaver's	Bentley	Matchett	Drake	Babb.	Utne.	Bacon
Chickasaw.....	1659	2115	20	7	23.	1967	2084	17	10	1	2..	1564	1791	85	29
Clarke.....	1501	1365	80	3	23.	1616	1517	11	19	1	2..	1419	797	262	20
Clay.....	1400	764	40	12	67.	1880	935	14	19	2	2..	1214	836	249	6
Clayton.....	2469	2692	29	27	23.	2402	2910	81	32	3	3..	2207	288	87	8
Clinton.....	2627	4459	64	57	31.	5584	4560	88	10	2	68..	3559	4502	200	45
Crawford.....	1778	2507	21	9	106.	2189	2386	28	58	2	6..	1653	2019	198	7
Dallas.....	2110	1840	74	14	153.	3326	2316	36	55	11	3..	2297	864	504	25
Davis.....	1507	1919	172	8	28.	1652	2367	8	15	—	—	1544	1450	485	4
Decatur.....	2169	1961	150	23	16.	2268	2362	35	9	5	1..	1904	1165	457	4
Delaware.....	2128	1383	18	14	86.	2759	1778	23	24	—	1..	2215	1210	132	8
Des Moines.....	3235	3490	41	158	64.	4549	3741	241	31	1	11..	2069	3063	172	7
Dickinson.....	815	432	16	11	71..	1131	517	17	14	—	—	811	266	109	3
Disbuck.....	3928	5815	29	108	40.	5334	6570	153	15	3	11..	5532	2815	185	50
Emmet.....	531	294	7	5	65.	1429	559	3	47	1	1..	905	265	56	6
Fayette.....	2804	2411	60	19	15.	3222	2822	38	54	1	7..	2265	1892	311	15
Floyd.....	1921	1451	19	25	115.	2749	1491	35	80	5	7..	1736	979	204	26
Franklin.....	1672	700	4	12	21.	2439	1894	17	9	1	1..	1444	518	48	2
Fremont.....	1756	2306	50	13	73.	1948	2837	19	11	8	2..	1758	1536	402	12
Greene.....	3022	1440	48	11	60.	2006	1629	26	18	4	3..	1780	650	516	7
Grundy.....	1492	1297	13	6	29.	1804	1306	21	13	3	1..	1222	979	88	50
Guthrie.....	2071	1855	50	3	95.	2541	2230	19	41	3	1..	2064	797	525	15
Hamilton.....	2316	1167	16	12	40.	3074	1900	46	15	1	3..	1835	681	121	17
Hancock.....	1394	1062	15	6	32..	1975	1007	12	11	1	3..	1141	529	55	40
Hardin.....	2020	1336	15	21	121.	3575	1968	38	37	4	—	2399	801	135	15
Harrison.....	2468	2712	100	33	67.	2839	3214	24	27	4	—	2405	1679	886	29
Henry.....	2227	1653	39	23	151.	2774	2332	45	52	5	3..	1923	1670	364	12
Howard.....	1495	1516	5	7	82.	1929	1507	21	29	6	—	1548	1213	50	10
Humboldt.....	1575	704	11	10	29.	2010	783	10	17	3	1..	1398	380	91	50
Iida.....	1221	1297	22	16	23.	1475	1421	15	15	1	2..	1150	1036	212	55
Iowa.....	1901	2062	31	56	45.	2301	1956	79	15	3	2..	1781	2100	149	5
Jackson.....	2252	2675	97	88	31.	2768	3019	60	16	—	—	1551	2554	602	8
Jasper.....	3116	3210	52	46	105.	3713	3279	40	39	2	1..	2875	1444	84	11
Jefferson.....	3067	1420	31	16	75.	2478	1772	36	35	6	2..	1967	1309	243	14
Johnson.....	2581	2302	52	82	38.	2510	3170	90	8	—	—	2574	1912	175	6
Jones.....	2585	2100	19	24	24.	3057	3143	54	20	8	3..	3000	2322	28	35
Keokuk.....	2746	2462	67	174	112.	3195	2801	118	61	2	4..	2453	2126	534	17
Keosau.....	2180	1021	17	8	32..	2300	1961	50	16	—	—	1815	1125	134	8
Kennett.....	4531	4427	72	64	41.	4854	5138	120	35	3	4..	3617	3018	338	5
Linn.....	5408	3989	64	63	204.	7335	5283	26	19	18	6..	5047	5128	325	410
Louisia.....	1677	1007	66	13	66.	2045	1334	37	34	5	32..	1522	617	306	10
Lucas.....	1484	1297	20	28	178.	1859	1621	28	23	5	—	1551	915	147	6
Lyon.....	1120	1140	25	11	87..	1568	1494	5	16	2	—	1736	961	219	45
Madison.....	2117	1631	346	17	69.	2313	2224	28	28	1	1..	1867	970	780	12
Manaska.....	3440	3367	101	50	207.	4256	3674	56	90	14	8..	3274	1794	858	369
Marion.....	2554	2407	49	19	214.	2741	3119	53	54	4	1..	2428	2078	547	17
Marshall.....	3262	2171	39	51	186.	4541	3636	66	102	7	—	2994	1578	346	28
Mills.....	1858	1750	58	9	120.	2153	1838	18	15	2	—	1914	1299	271	8
Mitchell.....	1400	845	15	14	40.	2408	1831	51	17	1	1..	1915	544	531	10
Monona.....	1556	1588	190	19	38.	1526	1598	13	40	3	—	1111	554	1311	10
Monroe.....	1480	1763	87	27	196.	1846	2086	35	54	2	6..	1867	848	845	11
Montgomery.....	2282	1323	43	14	77..	2925	1934	12	19	2	3..	2787	865	261	9
Muscataine.....	2907	2556	167	41	70.	3627	2963	72	21	2	7..	2453	2277	529	16
O'Brien.....	1631	1496	21	16	30.	2421	1562	19	25	—	1..	1657	355	267	8
Oceola.....	795	791	6	5	27..	1084	767	12	15	1	—	774	617	18	1
Page.....	2674	1778	45	28	229.	3213	2340	22	54	26	—	2222	846	270	45
Palo Alto.....	1278	1414	33	6	44..	1505	1547	12	35	—	1..	1302	886	267	3
Plymouth.....	2035	2026	85	35	61.	2623	2332	47	39	1	2..	1894	1967	392	7
Pocahontas.....	1304	1401	25	—	51..	1496	1577	16	24	1	—	1372	686	134	8
Pottaw.....	7298	5755	129	73	578.	11127	7687	111	124	12	12..	7348	5190	1414	601
Pottawattmie.....	4789	4444	153	107	79.	4910	5498	86	14	3	11..	4903	40	3	10
Poweshiek.....	2262	1769	29	41	78.	2829	2013	42	49	3	—	2412	1369	47	12
Ringgold.....	1820	1169	61	11	183.	2309	1651	18	25	9	—	1901	791	256	14
Sac.....	1775	1234	21	8	100..	2513	1346	17	39	5	1..	1793	741	305	9
Scott.....	3824	3244	31	1231	69.	6449	4032	278	29	16	136..	3041	5221	111	5
Shelby.....	1731	2020	54	10	15..	2019	2175	11	7	1	6..	1790	1703	261	4
Sioux.....	2340	1620	24	28	45.	2841	1808	60	25	—	1..	2045	1471	156	6
Story.....	2747	1245	17	6	130.	3030	1599	22	41	—	—	2387	700	129	11
Tama.....	2597	2592	14	49	190.	3054	2596	37	40	4	1..	2431	2500	104	17
Taylor.....	2154	1786	63	11	45..	2408	2263	7	15	8	1..	2002	1865	416	8
Union.....	1649	2118	84	23	102.	2436	2235	22	24	1	4..	1915	798	1040	9
Van Buren.....	2226	1855	26	28	45.	2478	2076	45	28	1	—	2067	1583	175	8
Wapello.....	3657	3572	214	95	60.	4319	4041	119	28	5	7..	3071	2884	992	19
Warren.....	2367	1839	69	14	127.	2826	2214	30	49	2	1..	2252	392	557	10
Washington.....	2384	2126	46	22	155.	2482	2262	61	54	15	2..	2285	1855	268	20
Wayne.....	2009	1915	41	14	705.	2101	2115	29	45	8	1..	1791	1676	355	13
Webster.....	2028	2266	102	88	132.	3691	2557	45	50	1	1..	2427	1484	475	12
Winnebago.....	1359	679	18	4	19..	1912	714	10	15	—	—	629	182	178	2
Winnebuck.....	3048	1817	8	32	30..	3622	2033	50	25	6	6..	2621	1433	61	19
Woodbury.....	3066	3332	140	144	135.	4040	4876	117	67	11	4..	3870	2329	989	29
Worth.....	1548	601	10	24	12..	1636	564	15	5	—	—	969	394	107	1
Wright.....	2079	508	6	20	56..	2302	1133	20	33	2	1..	1466	464	62	7
Total.....	324501	194514	6369	6268	8857.	282293	223741	4516	8192	352	453..	20489	194938	32118	1105
Plurality.....	29987					65432						55256			
Per cent.....	61.38	44.52	1.20	.90	1.88..	55.50	42.90	.90	1.61	.06	.06..	52.00	37.23	8.00	2.71
Total vote.....		436909					521547					401292			

### VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1897.

(Except Lieut.-Gov., not canvassed.)

<b>Supreme Judge—</b>	
C. N. Waterman, Rep.	236,654
L. G. Kline, Fus.	183,608
J. A. Lowenberg, Pop.	5,655
W. I. Babb Nat. Dem.	4,132
N. T. Hellyer, Pro.	7,965
Kollmetz, Soc. Lab.	910
<b>Superintendent Public Instruction—</b>	
R. C. Barrett, Rep.	236,637
G. F. Rinehart, Fus.	183,304
Carter, Pop.	5,473
J. B. Knoepfer, Nat. Dem.	4,469
Mrs. M. H. Dunham, Pro.	7,661
Rindler, Soc. Lab.	904
<b>Railroad Commissioner—</b>	
C. L. Davidson, Rep.	225,906
S. E. Crane, Fus.	183,262
L. H. Griffith, Pop.	5,448
A. A. Dey, Nat. Dem.	4,617
A. U. Coates, Pro.	7,464
Travis, Soc. Lab.	918

### REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

<b>1. Counties of Des Moines, Henry, Jefferson, Lee, Louisa, Van Buren and Washington.</b>	
S. M. Clark, Rep.	21,944
Sabert M. Casey, Dem. and Peo.	18,649
Alva H. Hewitt, Pro.	235
<b>2. Counties of Clinton, Iowa, Jackson, Johnson, Muscatine and Scott.</b>	
George M. Curtis, Rep.	23,202
A. L. Hurst, Dem.	19,832
Charles Lloyd, Peo.	639
M. J. Kremer, Soc.	230
<b>3. Counties of Black Hawk, Bremer, Buchanan, Butler, Delaware, Dubuque, Franklin, Hardin and Wright.</b>	
D. B. Henderson, Rep.	23,654
George Staehl, Dem. and Peo.	19,231
<b>4. Counties of Allamakee, Cerro Gordo, Chickasaw, Clayton, Fayette, Floyd, Howard, Mitchell, Winnebago and Worth.</b>	
Thomas Updegraff, Rep.	26,659
F. D. Bayless, Dem. and Peo.	17,791
C. G. Patten, Pro.	269

<b>5. Counties of Benton, Cedar, Grundy, Jones, Linn, Marshall and Tama.</b>	
R. G. Cousins, Rep.	26,133
L. C. Caldwell, Dem. and Peo.	18,765
Lawrie Tatum, Pro.	364

<b>6. Counties of Davis, Jasper, Keokuk, Mahaska, Monroe, Poweshiek and Wapello.</b>	
J. F. Lacey, Rep.	21,970
Fred White, Dem. and Peo.	20,789
Abner Branson, Pro.	268

<b>7. Counties of Dallas, Madison, Marion, Polk, Story and Warren.</b>	
J. A. T. Hull, Rep.	25,578
Frank Evans, Dem., Peo., Pro.	19,352

<b>8. Counties of Adams, Appanoose, Clarke, Decatur, Fremont, Lucas, Page, Ringgold, Taylor, Union and Wayne.</b>	
W. P. Hepburn, Rep.	24,783
W. H. Robb, Dem. and Peo.	23,956

<b>9. Counties of Adair, Audubon, Cass, Guthrie, Harrison, Mills, Montgomery, Pottawattamie and Shelby.</b>	
L. Hager, Rep.	24,904
L. Lenung, Dem. and Peo.	22,522
Lot Thomas, Pro.	127

<b>10. Counties of Boone, Calhoun, Carroll, Crawford, Emmet, Greene, Hamilton, Hancock, Humboldt, Kossuth, Palo Alto, Pocatonton, Webster and Winnebago.</b>	
J. P. Dolliver, Rep.	23,522
J. B. Romans, Dem. and Peo.	22,555
M. W. Atwood, Pro.	348

<b>11. Counties of Buena Vista, Cherokee, Clay, Dickinson, Ida, Lyon, Monona, O'Brien, Osceola, Plymouth, Sac, Sioux and Woodbury.</b>	
George Perkins, Rep.	22,601
A. Van Wagener, Dem. and Peo.	22,773
C. F. Tarrand, Pro.	400

### LEGISLATURE.

	1897-9.	1896-6.	
	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal. Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	
Republicans	30	63	101.. 43
Democrats	11	38	49.. 7

### KANSAS (Population 1,487,096).

COUNTIES. (III)	PRESIDENT 1896.										CHIEF JUST. 1896.				PRES. 1892.			
	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	G. D.	Pro.	Nat.	M. R.	Rep.	Free	Sliv.	Marin.	Holliday.	Harrison.	Weaver.	McAlester.	Pop.	Pop.	Pop.
135-9 Allen	1893	746	914	22	21	20	13..	1670	272..	1509	1898	40	1509	1898	40	1509	1898	40
142-3 Anderson	1780	1266	626	14	35	23	7..	1545	407..	1638	1476	94	1638	1476	94	1638	1476	94
Atchison	3926	2545	420	16	10	2	9..	3748	812..	2697	2718	38	2697	2718	38	2697	2718	38
257-8 Barber	567	467	735	4	10	8	6..	1206	539..	858	1439	17	858	1439	17	858	1439	17
131-2 Barton	1215	1616	13	4	19	11	12..	1204	533..	1261	1816	7	1261	1816	7	1261	1816	7
228-5 Bernhardt	2000	3067	—	28	20	6	11..	2080	623..	2302	2363	26	2302	2363	26	2302	2363	26
208-1 Brown	2879	2306	12	20	49	9	32..	2119	465..	2563	2252	110	2563	2252	110	2563	2252	110
Butler	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
240-6 Butler	2414	2926	—	9	22	5	15..	2318	620..	2648	2705	96	2648	2705	96	2648	2705	96
82-5 Chase	812	981	—	8	13	2	—	683	392..	501	973	19	501	973	19	501	973	19
122-7 Chautauqua	1859	—	1293	10	5	2	15..	1124	238..	1408	1232	6	1408	1232	6	1408	1232	6
277-0 Cherokee	3465	5108	—	46	44	17	68..	2479	686..	2966	3751	61	2966	3751	61	2966	3751	61
40-1 Cheyenne	827	106	216	4	4	3	5..	377	104..	505	496	10	505	496	10	505	496	10
23-7 Clark	152	69	108	—	—	1	2..	154	60..	226	305	2	226	305	2	226	305	2
161-4 Clay	1655	—	1933	7	39	11	6..	1230	569..	1606	2088	103	1606	2088	103	1606	2088	103
192-6 Cloud	1718	2129	—	9	21	14	8..	1431	471..	1915	2236	74	1915	2236	74	1915	2236	74
158-6 Coffey	3000	3010	184	36	32	8	12..	1849	401..	1750	1836	68	1750	1836	68	1750	1836	68
26-9 Comanche	142	107	63	2	—	—	1..	118	72..	260	310	—	260	310	—	260	310	—
84-8 Cowley	2871	3410	—	30	51	7	48..	1939	743..	2886	2936	127	2886	2936	127	2886	2936	127
302-5 Crawford	3898	2978	1787	38	24	24	70..	3090	1263..	3004	4164	86	3004	4164	86	3004	4164	86
Davis	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
84-1 Decatur	594	—	1082	4	3	—	5..	458	249..	619	983	2	619	983	2	619	983	2
222-3 Dickinson	2291	—	2392	16	28	8	11..	1710	699..	2419	2647	65	2419	2647	65	2419	2647	65
135-5 Doniphan	2649	1832	—	8	6	4	16..	1795	199..	2123	1185	9	2123	1185	9	2123	1185	9
228-1 Douglas	3662	1871	703	17	42	28	21..	2364	532..	3114	3174	147	3114	3174	147	3114	3174	147

## ELECTION RETURNS.

305

Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan Palmer.	Levering.	Beasley.	Bryan.	Martha.	Holliday.	Harrison.	Weaver.	Bidwell.
3800 Edwards.....	322	68	411	2	5	1	278	228	899	472	5
12216 Elk.....	1339	596	844	4	7	1	949	358	1235	1369	13
7942 Ellis.....	400	717	333	13	9	1	448	302	546	1069	14
9272 Ellsworth.....	1064	612	392	7	5	6	757	294	1102	1067	14
3350 Finney.....	505	321	44	1	1	1	418	198	478	308	4
..... Foote.....											
6308 Ford.....	555	643	—	3	6	6	575	208	649	505	—
20779 Franklin.....	2909	152	—	9	23	19	2415	240	2208	2431	156
..... 881 Gardfield.....									102	69	—
10123 Geary.....	1051	771	403	8	16	2	764	256	863	1113	44
2994 Gove.....	279	—	204	14	4	3	279	38	327	248	—
5029 Graham.....	319	648	—	3	3	2	386	144	436	546	—
1306 Grant.....	51	—	60	—	—	—	60	28	151	131	—
2415 Gray.....	153	122	11	—	—	—	182	61	274	229	1
1261 Greeley.....	121	—	76	—	2	—	146	24	241	114	—
16808 Greenwood.....	1835	1190	942	10	12	1	1235	615	1732	1781	23
2027 Hamilton.....	185	216	3	1	—	—	177	71	253	186	10
13296 Harper.....	812	564	771	11	13	5	964	506	1238	1986	61
17001 Harvey.....	2082	968	983	17	24	14	1646	298	2025	1756	55
..... Hawley.....	81	54	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1077 Haskell.....	292	224	—	—	2	—	87	45	177	111	—
2395 Hodgeman.....	2158	1965	—	11	20	3	209	80	363	223	7
14626 Jackson.....	2222	2276	—	19	25	5	1582	251	1836	1594	29
16920 Jefferson.....	1902	2312	—	7	19	14	1605	314	2036	1973	57
19549 Jewell.....	1913	1913	549	29	30	9	1819	532	1911	2322	118
17835 Johnson.....	172	172	—	1	—	—	1068	380	2070	1965	90
1671 Kearney.....	993	1393	13	16	6	5	909	141	46	141	—
11823 Kingman.....	250	115	131	3	1	3	943	380	1235	1564	52
2873 Kiowa.....	3306	3969	—	20	34	9	222	69	396	376	16
27568 Labette.....	241	191	—	2	5	—	2223	953	2950	3116	94
2060 Lane.....	4004	4906	59	21	45	4	236	40	284	222	5
36485 Leavenworth.....	787	—	1382	12	8	—	3281	852	3471	3809	52
9709 Lincoln.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	764	347	878	1348	15
17215 Linn.....	2153	1890	1045	21	16	3	1900	374	2046	2033	35
3384 Logan.....	274	175	—	3	2	—	242	86	457	339	—
29196 Lyon.....	2980	3278	—	8	70	14	2514	690	2591	2623	129
20539 Marion.....	2385	1639	—	26	23	4	1850	230	2210	1682	—
24012 Maricopa.....	3033	2716	—	29	23	16	2676	603	2551	2837	67
21614 McPherson.....	2289	2324	—	14	23	3	1331	467	2234	2255	109
2542 Meade.....	203	89	104	1	2	1	199	63	261	214	1
19614 Miami.....	2511	2047	765	21	13	7	1912	378	2243	2280	45
15037 Mitchell.....	1438	1889	—	1	22	7	915	481	1467	1855	50
23104 Montgomery.....	2714	1664	1456	27	15	6	2221	698	2738	2514	31
11281 Morris.....	1484	1456	—	15	15	4	1334	345	1417	1323	43
724 Morton.....	52	36	—	—	1	—	54	24	106	76	3
..... Newaba.....	2568	1911	567	11	26	3	27	—	—	—	—
19219 Newaba.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	2162	415	2222	2194	62
18561 Neosho.....	2177	2601	—	16	17	4	1923	638	2000	2170	15
4944 Ness.....	354	—	527	1	16	10	13	323	102	500	29
10617 Norton.....	911	1260	—	3	26	9	1014	254	1054	1080	40
25063 Osage.....	2403	—	3482	5	48	17	2371	830	2606	3170	175
12063 Osborne.....	1255	870	1038	17	21	3	1113	621	1163	1380	18
12581 Ottawa.....	1256	1496	—	6	13	14	1240	263	1444	1541	56
3204 Pawnee.....	499	635	—	11	6	2	459	226	671	722	8
18651 Phillips.....	1374	190	1316	10	15	4	1319	442	1352	1469	8
17722 Pottawattomie.....	2906	1463	817	23	13	1	1901	889	2107	2101	23
8118 Pratt.....	621	820	—	2	10	1	549	380	947	1170	26
6766 Rawlins.....	439	141	463	2	1	—	867	263	582	566	4
27079 Reno.....	3573	3053	22	28	17	15	2626	608	3181	3007	68
19002 Republic.....	3633	3434	1329	11	17	21	1636	630	2649	2649	115
14461 Rice.....	1729	1731	—	19	57	11	1477	78	1724	1821	140
18183 Riley.....	1890	1443	—	20	20	8	1118	373	1574	1427	46
8018 Rooks.....	817	159	812	5	7	12	818	205	811	847	34
8204 Rush.....	615	179	496	4	4	2	391	216	570	616	14
7288 Russell.....	902	902	21	5	19	—	718	185	1008	730	16
17442 Saline.....	1706	2834	—	10	9	3	1367	1099	1817	2175	31
1292 Scott.....	91	161	—	—	1	—	82	72	142	162	9
43626 Sedgewick.....	4122	5434	—	17	53	33	2914	3646	4768	5254	194
..... Sequoyah.....											
1508 Seward.....	100	78	—	—	1	—	64	34	156	115	2
49172 Shawnee.....	6638	5506	28	31	73	12	3656	1976	6757	4306	148
3735 Sheridan.....	383	114	270	20	2	1	289	178	825	463	3
6261 Sherman.....	291	—	437	1	2	—	411	70	571	748	7
15413 Smith.....	1385	—	2017	7	29	4	911	710	1390	1923	49
8620 Stafford.....	710	—	1282	1	18	4	706	266	840	1232	69
1031 Stanton.....	55	57	—	—	—	—	73	17	145	131	—
1418 Stevens.....	48	101	—	—	—	—	71	49	85	185	—
30271 Sumner.....	2615	1649	1400	12	37	7	2107	1097	4068	4068	133
6538 Thomas.....	304	—	438	2	2	2	316	109	490	635	4
2536 Trego.....	256	940	—	—	8	—	249	63	39	20	9
11720 Wabawunsee.....	1556	973	473	12	18	6	1565	335	1366	1530	20
2468 Wallace.....	181	124	—	—	—	—	181	61	877	205	2
22394 Washington.....	2614	2391	—	39	11	8	1840	983	2323	2842	30
1837 White.....	214	—	191	—	3	—	181	61	245	214	3
15296 Wilson.....	1952	1979	—	7	7	8	1479	276	1903	1636	42

Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan-Palmer.	Levering.	Bentley.	Bryan.	Martin.	Holliday.	Harrison.	Weaver.	Blaine.	
9021 Woodson .....	1285	1159	—	7	10	4	1118	833	1071	1083	32	
54407 Wyandotte .....	6852	6882	—	80	80	17	2743	990	5891	5529	106	
Total .....	159345	126800	44954	1209	1011	620	12420	121272	42888	157237	163111	4539
Plurality .....	13509						81411				5874	
Per cent. ....	47.16	37.62	13.43	.36	.57	.18	37.	74.32	25.63	48.69	50.51	1.40
Scattering .....								190				
Total vote .....			335639					167350		324867		

\*All people's party candidates for presidential electors and state officers indorsed by democrats. †Attached to other counties being unorganized.

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

E. N. Morrill, Rep. ....	160,530
J. W. Leedy, Dem.-Peo. ....	168,041
H. L. Douthart, Nat. ....	757
Horan Herleg, Pro. ....	2,347
A. E. Kepford, Ind. ....	703

## OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896

Lieut.-Gov.—A. M. Harvey, Dem.-Peo.	
Secretary of State—W. E. Bush, Dem.-Peo.	
Auditor—D. H. Morris, Dem.-Peo.	
Treasurer—D. H. Hefebower, Dem.-Peo.	
Attorney-General—L. F. Boyle, Dem.-Peo.	
Superintendent of Public Instruction—W. Stryker, Dem.-Peo.	
Chief Justice Supreme Court—E. Doshier, Dem.-Peo.	

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

Congressmen-at-Large—	
R. W. Blue, Rep. ....	153,140
J. D. Botkin, Dem. and Peo. ....	168,400
M. Williams, Pro. ....	1,947

1. Counties of Atchison, Brown, Doniphan, Jackson, Jefferson, Leavenworth, Nemaha and Shawnee.

Case Broderick, Rep. ....	22,115
H. E. Ballou, Dem. and Peo. ....	19,713

2. Counties of Allen, Anderson, Bourbon, Douglas, Franklin, Johnson, Linn, Miami and Wyandotte.

John P. Harris, Rep. ....	25,919
N. S. Peters, Dem. and Peo. ....	26,367

3. Counties of Chautauqua, Cherokee, Cowley, Crawford, Elk, Labette, Montgomery, Neosho and Wilson.

S. S. Kirkpatrick, Rep. ....	22,499
E. R. Ridgeley, Dem. and Peo. ....	27,034

4. Counties of Butler, Chase, Coffey, Greenwood, Lyon, Marion, Morris, Osage, Pottawattomie, Wabaunsee and Woodson.

Charles Curtis, Rep. ....	26,643
John Madden, Dem. and Peo. ....	25,839

5. Counties of Clay, Cloud, Geary, Dickinson, Marshall, Ottawa, Republic, Riley, Saline and Washington.

W. A. Calderhead, Rep. ....	19,101
W. D. Vincent, Dem. and Peo. ....	19,736

6. Counties of Cheyenne, Decatur, Ellis, Ellsworth, Gove, Graham, Jewell, Lincoln, Logan, Mitchell, Norton, Osborne, Phillips, Rawlins, Rooks, Russell, Sheridan, Sherman, Smith, Thomas, Trego and Wallace.

A. H. Ellis, Rep. ....	16,106
J. C. Burton, F. S. D. ....	1,547
N. B. McCormick, Peo. ....	13,337

7. Counties of Barber, Barton, Clark, Comanche, Edwards, Finney, Ford, Grant, Gray, Garfield, Greeley, Hamilton, Harper, Harvey, Hodgeman, Haskell, Kingman, Kiowa, Kearney, Lane, McPherson, Meade, Morton, Ness, Pawnee, Pratt, Reno, Rice, Rush, Scott, Sedgewick, Seward, Stafford, Stevens, Sumner, Stanton and Wichita.

Chester I. Long, Rep. ....	26,966
Jerry Simpson, Dem. and Peo. ....	29,839

## LEGISLATURE.

	1897-8.			1895-6.		
	Sen.	Ho. J.	Bal.	Sen.	Ho. J.	Bal.
Republicans ..	11	49	60..	15	91	106
Democrats ....	2	9	11..	2	1	3
People's .....	27	64	91..	23	33	56
F. S. Rep's ....	—	3	3..	—	—	—

## KENTUCKY (Population 1,558,635).

COUNTIES. (119)	CLERK CH. APP. 1897.				PRESIDENT 1896.				GOVERNOR 1895.				
	Rep.		Dem.		G. D.		Pop.		Rep.		Dem.		
	Rep.	Dem.	G. D.	Pop.	Rep.	Dem.	G. D.	Pop.	Rep.	Dem.	G. D.	Pop.	
1721 Adair.....	1462	1470	70	10	6	1612	1345	40	22	1382	1051	66	9
13632 Allen.....	1478	1344	13	83	9	1595	1490	13	32	1440	1236	83	3
10610 Anderson.....	839	1171	101	12	20	1151	1286	45	17	994	1245	16	24
8380 Ballard.....	279	394	22	136	5	485	1070	9	35	304	722	285	24
21490 Barren.....	1041	2367	82	212	13	2082	1306	43	56	1780	2290	246	10
10233 Bath.....	1401	1860	35	21	7	1579	1391	23	41	1405	1462	18	1
10234 Bell.....	1294	394	14	6	2	1900	615	21	13	1485	1492	11	5
12248 Boone.....	832	1149	15	3	8	1229	21	13	35	1506	1576	6	1
16978 Bourbon.....	1099	2129	109	4	22	2578	290	59	40	3030	2369	9	4
14033 Boyd.....	1290	1637	35	5	12	2647	1241	35	44	1346	1313	7	4
12348 Boyle.....	1029	1446	101	24	3	1987	1399	71	55	1423	1266	43	2
12389 Bracken.....	1055	1397	8	6	—	1226	1702	14	47	1068	1355	61	1
8 06 Breathitt.....	701	1242	3	—	—	877	1275	6	12	733	985	—	1
18976 Breckinridge..	2006	1229	78	310	28	2276	262	43	61	1082	1715	254	4
8291 Bullitt.....	462	1029	61	8	5	730	1109	55	28	520	732	41	1
13854 Butler.....	1694	1033	11	84	11	1808	1198	16	39	1612	713	121	2
31196 Caldwell.....	1319	1428	42	93	7	1544	1330	24	11	1227	979	241	1
14675 Callaway.....	424	1290	23	18	10	561	2572	9	85	474	1590	575	1
4436 Campbell.....	4856	4754	45	30	15	5691	4304	39	102	4729	3890	14	1
7612 Carlisle.....	175	810	45	136	75	309	118	16	28	1034	938	8	1
9298 Carroll.....	494	1262	43	1	13	685	1773	28	38	1003	1474	13	6
17204 Carter.....	2075	1560	30	3	9	2440	1005	39	30	1924	1384	13	6
11848 Casey.....	1437	1145	24	13	16	1643	1061	26	33	1311	920	5	4
34118 Christian.....	3367	2728	161	56	36	4525	2145	66	85	3857	2105	200	7
15434 Clark.....	1697	2113	143	2	6	2032	3056	9	33	1023	1125	13	1

## ELECTION RETURNS.

807

Population.	Bailey	Backell	Adams	Parker	Walton	McKinley	Bryan	Palmer	Lowring	Bradley	Hardin	Pettit	Demar
1247 Clay	1085	245	17	5	3	1725	707	7	21.	1873	547	10	1
7047 Clinton	737	245	16	15	10	1091	660	11	61.	701	211	91	1
13119 Crittenden	1489	1378	18	74	12	1574	1576	9	15.	1823	887	157	6
8432 Cumberland	861	579	21	25	9	1154	621	12	9	879	417	9	1
5120 Dallas	1104	3127	183	450	65.	8105	4352	122	149.	2068	2588	1227	17
8005 Edmondson	913	475	1	10	4.	92	893	6	12.	993	717	20	1
1214 Elliott	483	1173	1	—	7.	577	1294	3	14.	549	3022	2	1
10878 Estill	1145	969	12	44	2.	963	798	9	4.	1055	632	47	1
35038 Fayette	2292	4049	252	11	41.	5143	3038	89	40.	3138	8379	43	5
16728 Fleming	1833	1862	60	7	22.	1635	2013	51	35.	1849	1662	62	6
11256 Floyd	1002	1307	4	—	4.	1067	1410	5	15.	915	1215	6	1
2737 Franklin	1536	2422	108	86	21.	2115	2494	54	28.	1716	2168	157	2
10005 Fulton	197	719	66	27	14.	479	1414	47	37.	207	779	138	6
4511 Gallatin	251	640	13	1	1.	390	933	47	8.	290	713	3	1
11138 Garrard	1246	1238	76	9	53.	1515	1171	45	67.	1471	1114	9	5
12071 Grant	1174	1027	39	2	16.	1417	1832	35	37.	1264	1631	21	3
2554 Graves	705	2965	65	372	8.	1029	4239	53	94.	1227	2264	735	3
18688 Grayson	1085	854	55	341	9.	1874	2002	31	19.	1734	1414	449	1
11403 Green	1240	1172	32	44	8.	1369	1142	17	7.	1151	889	144	2
11911 Greenup	1685	1432	8	3	14.	1902	1909	15	53.	1538	1067	6	1
9114 Hancock	940	552	25	95	6.	1036	1080	13	15.	1628	655	251	1
21134 Hardin	1077	1906	90	129	25.	1885	2818	53	82.	1325	2440	534	3
3107 Harlan	1061	1365	1	—	1.	1189	916	6	14.	1017	136	9	1
16114 Harrison	1030	1381	70	5	25.	1705	2005	4	4.	1541	2262	6	17
16119 Hart	1074	1791	88	24	11.	1949	1951	49	19.	1555	1577	489	6
21596 Henderson	1561	2555	149	179	48.	2750	4300	49	44.	1829	1473	589	1
14164 Henry	1318	1046	206	29	17.	1711	2115	92	39.	1915	1858	142	2
11637 Hickman	424	1131	46	91	19.	737	1028	26	69.	291	707	427	4
25505 Hopkins	1244	2282	85	381	31.	2400	3170	54	88.	1917	1903	404	7
8291 Jackson	1202	130	12	4	1.	1517	189	15	7.	1220	177	5	1
18469 Jefferson	20657	2176	2733	149	126.	24107	16707	1073	380.	13629	15759	251	10
11248 Jessamine	589	1901	71	7	45.	1343	1128	48	67.	1196	1249	7	8
11027 Johnson	1017	987	8	6	5.	1794	275	12	19.	1579	818	11	2
54101 Kenton	4493	5838	53	37	16.	6105	7095	41	108.	4875	5528	86	1
5438 Knott	3294	696	3	—	3.	401	401	401	401	401	401	401	1
13762 Knox	1069	917	24	9	9.	2237	891	15	25.	1740	581	16	1
9473 LaRue	869	1101	11	22	11.	955	1324	19	13.	830	1102	81	2
13747 Laurel	1407	142	34	90	10.	1921	989	41	48.	1495	637	59	2
17702 Lawrence	1643	1359	8	—	6.	2366	1820	22	18.	1916	1800	10	1
4215 Lee	806	933	1	—	4.	881	587	12	11.	798	555	4	1
204 Leslie	735	58	—	1	5.	913	81	3	2.	790	70	3	—
6020 Letcher	590	261	5	1	1.	813	398	11	90.	336	244	—	—
11843 Lewis	2118	1359	6	11	9.	2548	1434	20	50.	2000	1035	145	7
12592 Lincoln	1555	1715	82	5	60.	1833	1626	61	124.	1939	1522	9	13
9454 Livingston	704	1681	9	105	3.	1859	1495	48	40.	1465	201	1	1
22912 Logan	1978	2211	169	406	24.	3493	3295	91	61.	2214	2066	611	4
7678 Lyon	681	813	30	64	7.	1023	959	24	25.	584	689	121	10
21318 Madison	2732	2459	123	6	40.	3100	2756	74	67.	2001	2461	24	10
9198 Magoffin	1246	838	3	1	2.	1148	835	4	13.	941	625	3	1
15548 Marion	1260	1497	95	1	6.	1575	1823	42	8.	1524	1651	48	1
11287 Marshall	181	1049	45	342	5.	948	1925	16	47.	414	811	675	1
4209 Martin	705	247	—	—	3.	739	227	4	8.	598	137	—	—
25774 Mason	2273	2529	47	7	21.	2675	2008	32	42.	2119	2211	40	4
21041 McCracken	1504	2571	88	151	20.	2384	2055	31	59.	1610	1462	475	1
6647 McLean	741	978	37	146	15.	935	1369	24	50.	750	635	580	1
5484 Meade	553	1023	45	95	—	781	2519	30	12.	698	929	307	1
4516 Mercer	884	901	1	—	1.	939	636	4	10.	813	504	25	1
13094 Mercer	1137	1448	106	58	37.	1765	1715	91	51.	1878	1490	131	4
9671 Metcalfe	954	845	35	72	6.	1153	908	33	63.	912	614	176	1
10979 Monroe	1137	500	20	50	4.	1013	794	18	24.	1340	587	112	1
12347 Montgomery	1244	1579	30	4	26.	1481	1624	25	17.	1277	1513	13	3
11249 Morgan	930	1328	8	30	3.	910	1643	11	50.	897	1125	81	1
1745 Muhlberg	1829	1411	84	50	17.	2217	1109	49	25.	1867	1188	264	3
1417 Nelson	922	1722	90	51	12.	1416	2231	46	53	1145	1945	101	1
10794 Nicholas	1092	1521	33	28	36.	1148	1878	19	—	1009	1665	41	1
22914 Ohio	2463	2159	74	559	37.	2553	2679	68	119.	2154	1870	625	1
1574 Oldham	492	815	101	16	11.	421	916	9	24.	415	823	25	1
1709 Owen	716	2321	53	43	31.	1086	3173	39	40.	1010	2289	95	14
3075 Owsley	914	149	16	—	4.	983	195	12	5.	814	195	5	1
16146 Pendleton	1351	1530	28	13	14.	1585	1349	26	43.	1219	1293	210	4
6521 Perry	785	425	3	—	—	84	340	27	6.	640	315	5	1
12348 Pike	2106	1388	125	90	13.	2141	1840	13	19.	1677	1751	6	1
4228 Powell	579	672	14	3	6.	625	681	—	—	682	618	6	1
25731 Pulaski	2462	1471	60	203	12.	3068	2009	58	46.	2049	1259	161	4
4954 Robertson	577	554	2	6	6.	449	643	3	19.	380	391	10	1
18541 Roekensie	1193	907	30	15	13.	1490	846	16	21.	1292	730	4	1
6129 Rowan	763	700	2	—	—	767	630	9	10.	694	441	7	1
5199 Russell	1001	742	16	6	9.	1388	613	37	20.	739	425	85	1
10546 Scott	1692	2338	156	7	35.	2111	2237	61	72.	1554	2105	16	1
18521 Shelby	1455	1041	265	52	19.	2029	2524	122	82.	1491	2058	181	1
18728 Simpson	441	1307	61	69	35.	898	1381	51	63.	854	1122	81	1
6760 Spencer	317	708	32	9	5.	505	959	21	15.	452	931	17	1
9453 Taylor	824	1014	13	78	3.	1050	1165	24	18.	894	782	229	1
17851 Todd	1307	1332	89	15	13.	1736	1707	73	63.	1659	1515	41	2

Population.	Bailey-Shackel	Callahan	Clark	Conner	DeWitt	McKinley	Evans	Palmer	Lowrey	Proctor	Harris	Pendleton	Dunham
1892 Trigg.....	1782	1398	40	132	5	1235	1343	28	25	1136	1162	273	13
7110 Trimble.....	237	874	30	3	8	418	1267	42	40	383	421	22	16
18229 Union.....	690	1913	148	69	9	1260	3183	43	58	818	1689	213	17
30158 Warren.....	2194	3204	154	54	43	2806	3516	97	161	2500	3272	194	25
12622 Washington.....	1209	1538	96	28	10	1573	1566	38	30	1352	1254	122	17
12632 Wayne.....	1115	1225	31	12	4	1413	1190	17	24	1079	937	40	10
17196 Webster.....	1321	1662	53	122	12	1484	2471	21	18	1121	942	486	18
17590 Whitley.....	2123	406	11	18	14	2130	892	29	43	2511	562	78	22
7190 Wolfe.....	645	856	25	9	8	583	181	12	13	478	630	42	10
12380 Woodford.....	1171	1467	99	4	16	1035	1546	32	43	1257	1539	16	80
Total.....	10,865	18,542	1,062	724	162	21,371	21,780	309	471	17,346	10,534	1,011	4186
Plurality.....	17804					281				892			
Per cent.....	45.17	49.90	2.45	1.94	.06	45.92	48.98	1.14	1.07	45.29	45.73	4.73	.12
Total vote.....	375728					445861				357057			

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. The counties of Ballard, Caldwell, Calwell, Carlisle, Crittenden, Fulton, Graves, Hickman, Livingston, Lyon, Marshall, McCracken and Trigg.....	12,842
G. P. Thomas, Rep.....	12,842
C. K. Wheeler, Dem.....	14,908
B. F. Keyes, Peo.....	11,991
2. The counties of Christian, Davless, Hancock, Henderson, Hopkins, McLean, Union and Webster.....	17,276
E. T. Franks, Rep.....	17,276
J. D. Clardy, Dem.....	23,535
G. W. Smith, Peo.....	68
J. W. Lockett, Gold Dem.....	431
3. The counties of Allen, Butler, Barren, Cumberland, Edmonson, Logan, Monroe, Muhlenberg, Simpson, Todd and Warren.....	19,324
W. G. Hunter, Rep.....	19,324
J. S. Rhea, Dem.....	19,670
R. W. Vaughn, Anti-F-S.....	389
C. W. Milliken, Gold Dem.....	315
4. The counties of Breckinridge, Bullitt, Grayson, Green, Hardin, Hart, Larue, Marion, Meade, Nelson, Ohio, Taylor and Washington.....	18,594
J. W. Lewis, Rep.....	18,594
D. H. Smith, Dem.....	20,171
J. E. Dunham, Peo.....	1,896
W. M. Likens, Pro.....	293
5. The county of Jefferson.....	27,780
Walter Evans, Rep.....	27,780
J. Y. Brown, Dem.....	17,150
J. B. Baskin, Gold Dem.....	1,638
6. The counties of Boone, Campbell, Carroll, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, Pendleton and Trimble.....	1,638

R. P. Ernst, Rep.....	11,638
A. S. Berry, Dem.....	16,660
7. The counties of Bourbon, Fayette, Franklin, Henry, Oldham, Owen, Scott and Woodford.....	17,019
W. C. P. Breckinridge, Rep. G. D.....	17,019
E. E. Settle, Dem.....	18,326
8. The counties of Anderson, Boyle, Garrard, Jessamine, Lincoln, Madison, Mercer, Rockcastle, Shelby, Spencer and Jackson.....	18,110
G. M. Davison, Rep.....	18,110
J. B. Thompson, Dem.....	15,629
9. The counties of Bracken, Bath, Boyd, Carter, Fleming, Greenup, Harrison, Lewis, Lawrence, Mason, Nicholas, Robertson and Rowan.....	22,014
S. W. J. Pugh, Rep.....	22,014
W. L. Thomas, Dem.....	21,591
10. The counties of Breathitt, Clark, Elliott, Estill, Floyd, Johnson, Knott, Lee, Martin, Magoffin, Montgomery, Morgan, Menefee, Pike, Powell and Wolfe.....	16,196
J. W. Langley, Rep.....	16,196
T. Y. Fitzpatrick, Dem.....	17,463
11. The counties of Adair, Bell, Casey, Clay, Clinton, Harlan, Knox, Letcher, Leslie, Laurel, Metcalfe, Owsley, Perry, Pulaski, Russell, Wayne and Whitley.....	22,391
D. G. Colson, Rep.....	22,391
J. D. Black, Dem.....	12,878
J. D. White, Ind.....	4,547

## LEGISLATURE.

	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.
1896-7		
Republicans.....	11	27
Democrats.....	26	78
Nat. Democrats 1	—	1
Populists.....	2	2

## LOUISIANA Population 1,118,567.

COUNTIES. (59)	—PRESIDENT 1896—				—PRES. 1902—			—PRES. 1898—		
	Rep.	S.P.	Dem.	G.D.	Dem.	Fusion.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.Lab.	
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Cleveland.	Rep.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Pro.Lab.	Street.	
Population.										
13231 Acadia.....	173	61	1092	11.	258	114.	4	807	—	
19545 Ascension.....	681	41	737	43.	2099	210.	880	1965	—	
19829 Assumption.....	963	87	344	40.	1276	783.	1018	2229	—	
25112 Avoyelles.....	185	29	1637	12.	1435	125.	607	1507	—	
14108 Bienville.....	26	25	1491	11.	1620	443.	1	968	1	
20330 Bossier.....	9	13	1146	10.	2914	63.	172	2155	—	
3155 Caddo.....	240	45	1812	68.	2252	235.	125	2341	—	
20176 Calcasieu.....	741	150	2658	30.	1089	658.	273	1420	7	
5814 Caldwell.....	12	14	610	3.	670	234.	22	882	—	
2824 Cameron.....	25	12	254	6.	184	5.	12	203	—	
12002 Catahoula.....	57	17	811	3.	1081	439.	328	732	—	
23312 Claiborne.....	17	36	1757	24.	1444	1167.	16	1638	6	
14871 Concordia.....	48	32	1085	7.	3593	33.	466	2477	—	
19860 De Soto.....	130	23	1940	26.	1598	293.	2	1020	—	
21922 East Baton Rouge.....	526	69	1412	68.	1372	640.	1385	1270	—	
12322 East Carroll.....	167	13	235	24.	1293	85.	374	1946	—	
17903 East Feliciana.....	8	7	1548	9.	1355	96.	7	828	—	
6300 Franklin.....	14	14	871	19.	796	25.	26	508	—	
8270 Grant.....	98	25	790	13.	305	519.	96	594	—	
20367 Iberia.....	322	69	939	11.	575	13.	9	1594	—	
21848 Iberville.....	550	50	358	18.	1009	651.	1395	1116	—	
7453 Jackson.....	5	13	705	2.	306	308.	—	519	1	
13221 Jefferson.....	289	63	1383	9.	1275	235.	1059	591	—	
15564 Lafayette.....	135	33	825	18.	664	—.	33	1573	—	

## ELECTION RETURNS.

309

Popula. 1880.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Cleveland.	Rep.-Pro.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Flint.	Streeter.
22005 La Fourche.....	245	140	124	12..	212	201..	732	235	—
14753 Lincoln.....	16	24	124	26..	138	1074..	—	812	41
5769 Livingston.....	56	16	653	3..	333	225..	77	377	—
14135 Madison.....	69	27	1248	12..	3433	17..	146	2523	—
16786 Morehouse.....	18	28	853	7..	1176	82..	4	1286	2
25581 Natchitoches.....	22	1	1656	9..	1140	517..	338	15 9	—
24239 Orleans.....	6612	1683	1487	789..	19234	6165..	7113	15173	4
17885 Ouachita.....	55	38	2712	11..	2701	285..	4	2702	—
12541 Plaquemines.....	496	44	1542	11..	927	1138..	1372	716	—
19613 Pointe Coupee.....	382	28	773	24..	848	323..	791	874	—
27842 Rapides.....	102	40	2800	37..	3446	467..	402	3887	3
11318 Red River.....	20	6	832	5..	927	320..	78	1479	8
10230 Richland.....	50	11	705	11..	883	4..	—	1040	—
8930 Sabine.....	8	28	1469	6..	509	764..	—	642	—
4336 St. Bernard.....	54	12	569	1..	449	196..	350	561	—
7737 St. Charles.....	270	12	125	11..	345	704..	1248	106	—
8062 St. Helena.....	51	8	522	8..	306	77..	77	383	—
15715 St. James.....	1369	48	210	43..	575	787..	831	543	—
11359 St. John the Baptist.....	523	16	180	21..	503	1118..	1004	3 49	—
40250 St. Landry.....	155	57	1786	24..	1196	919..	574	1631	—
14884 St. Martin.....	59	17	679	7..	491	13..	4	1029	—
22416 St. Mary.....	59	50	501	29..	1311	284..	1445	1781	9
10 60 St. Tammany.....	285	32	636	33..	501	239..	204	371	—
12853 Tangipahoa.....	318	77	1429	32..	1786	182..	381	802	—
16317 Tensas.....	221	15	1108	5..	2351	213..	953	1787	—
20167 Terre Bonne.....	273	75	547	16..	1210	579..	1074	1484	—
17304 Union.....	44	42	1586	25..	1216	836..	—	2133	4
14244 Vermilion.....	141	55	702	9..	316	222..	160	977	41
5808 Vernon.....	11	24	687	5..	361	343..	—	588	—
6700 Washington.....	25	23	1168	12..	389	143..	79	417	25
12498 Webster.....	78	19	774	5..	1441	288..	42	1310	—
8393 West Baton Rouge.....	232	37	237	26..	1487	227..	429	573	—
3748 West Carroll.....	—	1	657	—	408	1..	—	563	—
15082 West Feliciana.....	25	19	919	19..	1533	—	46	1705	—
7082 Winn.....	13	29	682	6..	211	787..	16	633	—
Total.....	18520	3717	77175	1854..	87622	27908..	30484	8 192	160 39
Plurality.....	—	—	55138	—	57719	—	—	5448	—
Per cent.....	—	—	21.80	78.37	1.81..	74.88	24.11..	26.42	73.48
Scattering.....	—	—	—	—	153	—	—	—	—
Total vote.....	—	—	101046	—	115978	—	—	115715	—

\*Two republican tickets were voted; the regular and the sugar planters'.

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

J. N. Pharr, Rep., Peo.....	90,138
Murphy J. Foster, Dem.....	116,216

## OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896

Lieut.-Governor—Robert H. Snyder, Dem.	
Secretary of State—John T. Michel, Dem.	
Treasurer—A. V. Fournet, Dem.	
Auditor—W. W. Heard, Dem.	
Att'y-General—M. J. Cunningham, Dem.	
Supt. of Education—J. V. Calhoun, Dem.	

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. Counties of Orleans, St. Bernard and Plaquemines.....	401
A. E. Livandais, Rep.....	4022
Armand Romain, Ind. Rep.....	10,776
Adolph Meyer, Dem.....	113
Joseph Gazin, Peo.....	1344
2. Counties of Orleans (part), Jefferson, St. Charles, St. James and St. John.....	5,235
F. N. Wicker, Rep.....	10,269
James Legendre, S. P. R.....	
R. C. Davey, Dem.....	
3. Counties of Iberville, Assumption, La Fourche, Terre Bonne, St. Mary, Iberia, St. Martin, Lafayette, Vermilion, Cameron, Calcasieu and Ascension.....	6,490
Taylor Gentile, Rep.....	155
H. P. Mayer, Rep.....	9,323
Robert Broussard, Dem.....	

## MAINE (Population, 681,086).

COUNTIES. (16)	PRESIDENT 1896.....				GOV. 1894.....				PRES. 1892.....				
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	G.D.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	
Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Peo.	Cleveland.	Palmer.	Cleveland.	Johnson.	Hovey.	Bauman.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Bidwell.	Weaver.
49698 Androscoggin.....	5548	2285	228	111	157..	4686	2405	132	261..	4326	3452	200	236
45699 Arcootook.....	4879	1350	34	239	42..	4245	1657	528	81..	2893	1917	505	25
90949 Cumberland.....	11017	5059	116	224	450..	10016	5540	433	178..	9165	8050	370	92
17053 Franklin.....	2578	831	55	38	49..	2221	889	61	72..	1994	1456	83	86
57312 Hancock.....	4306	1558	235	61	119..	3115	1263	79	483..	3330	2654	81	142
57012 Kennebec.....	7899	2673	135	191	106..	6900	2201	240	400..	6165	4094	299	217

W. D. Gooch, Peo.....	196
4. Counties of Rapides, Sabine, De Soto, Natchitoches, Red River, Caddo, Bossier, Winn, Grant, Belleville, Vernon, Webster.....	
R. P. Hunter, Rep.....	647
H. W. Ogden, Dem.....	10,775
B. W. Bailey, Peo.....	4,726
5. Counties of Concordia, Caldwell, Franklin, Tensas, Madison, Richland, Ouachita, Jackson, Lincoln, Union, Morehouse, East Carroll, West Carroll, Claiborne and Catahoula.....	
S. F. Baird, Dem.....	10,494
Alexis Renolt, Peo.....	4,870
6. Counties of Acadia, St. Landry, Pointe Coupee, Avoyelles, East Feliciana, West Feliciana, East Baton Rouge, West Baton Rouge, St. Helena, Livingston, Tangipahoa, Washington and St. Tammany.....	
C. C. Dunson, Rep.....	3,686
S. M. Robertson, Dem.....	11,872
W. M. Thompson, Peo.....	924

## LEGISLATURE.

	1896-7.			1894-5.		
Sen. Ho. J. Bal. Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	7	20	81..	7	20	81..
Republicans.....	23	60	88..	36	96	132
Democrats.....	1	14	15..	1	—	1
People's.....	—	—	—	—	—	—

Population	McKinley	Bryan	Levering	Palmer	Cleaves	Johnson	Hervey	Bauman	Harrison	Cleveland	Bidwell	Wheeler	
31,473 Knox.....	3286	1083	220	35	103..	3093	1843	72	811..	2291	2136	50	472
21,846 Lincoln.....	2546	1126	85	37	62..	2320	986	82	192..	2018	1565	101	72
30,584 Oxford.....	4779	1545	132	67	159..	3893	1457	120	157..	2420	2491	149	112
72,865 Penobscot.....	8414	3562	439	133	91..	7246	2639	288	882..	6571	4516	338	33
16,134 Piscataquis.....	2312	838	166	46	86..	1936	628	74	108..	1849	1249	16	36
19,453 Sagadahoc.....	2725	921	98	45	79..	2076	573	94	111..	2395	1728	96	18
3,827 Somerset.....	4686	1813	205	97	82..	4018	1413	117	516..	3777	2872	152	117
27,750 Waldo.....	3252	1747	192	32	60..	2965	1789	85	621..	2403	2151	55	20
4,482 Washington.....	4727	1819	115	50	111..	3873	2438	142	234..	3817	2903	174	70
62,843 York.....	7531	3862	94	174	174..	7076	3831	183	141..	6387	5237	241	121
Total.....	80,165	32,201	2487	1570	1870..	69,509	34,621	2730	5821..	62,823	48,444	3432	2381
Plurality.....	45777					88978				14979			
Per cent.....	67.85	27.15	2.09	1.38	1.58..	64.28	28.28	2.53	4.91..	54.05	41.26	2.63	2.05
Scattering.....													
Total vote.....	118508					108271				116414			

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

Llewellyn Powers, Rep.....	82,764
Melvin P. Frank, Dem.....	34,387
Luther C. Bateman, Peo.....	3,332
Amos S. Ladd, Pro.....	2,661
William H. Clifford, Nat. Dem.....	604

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. Counties of Cumberland and York.	
Thomas B. Reed, Rep.....	19,329
Edward W. Staples, Dem.....	8,800
Aaron Clark, Pro.....	604
James E. Campion, Peo.....	169
2. Counties of Androscoggin, Franklin, Knox, Lincoln, Oxford and Sagadahoc.	
Nelson Dingley, Jr., Rep.....	22,408
Atwood Levensaler, Dem.....	8,424
Edward R. Ogier, Pro.....	457

Charles E. Allen, Peo.....	1,097
3. Counties of Hancock, Kennebec, Somerset and Waldo.	
Seth L. Milliken, Rep.....	19,901
Melvin G. Holway, Dem.....	8,024
William S. Thompson, Pro.....	652
Bradford F. Lancaster, Peo.....	1,172
4. Counties of Arrostook, Penobscot, Piscataquis and Washington.	
Charles A. Boutelle, Rep.....	20,269
Andrew J. Chase, Dem.....	9,048
George W. Park, Pro.....	932
Oliver D. Chapman, Peo.....	894

## LEGISLATURE.

	1897-8.	1895-6.
Sen. Ho. J. Bal. Sen. Ho. J. Bal.		
Republicans ....	31	146
Democrats ....	6	5

## MARYLAND (Population 1,042,390).

COUNTIES. (24)	COMPTROLLER 1895				PRESIDENT 1895				GOV. 1895			
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S. L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S. L.	U. S.	Nat.	Rep.	Dem.
Population.	Goldsmith	Smith	Prindle	Winkley	McKinley	Bryan	Levering	Palmer	Cleaves	Johnson	Hervey	Bauman
41,721 Allegany.....	4513	3198	545	18..	5406	3911	236	13	51	6..	6128	3374
3,094 Anne Arundel ..	3985	3473	169	8..	4030	3145	115	2	49	2..	6375	3241
73,990 Baltimore.....	7280	7880	465	37..	9300	7121	512	53	290	22..	8979	7175
43,438 Baltimore city..	54853	48253	1345	317..	61040	49642	1903	446	1366	65..	64922	46832
9,950 Calvert.....	1233	957	31	2..	1235	882	49	2	6	1..	1676	1032
13,034 Caroline.....	1619	1733	147	10..	1686	1065	110	6	25	2..	1567	1349
32,776 Carroll.....	3815	3361	283	4..	4048	3811	240	6	45	2..	3842	3746
25,581 Cecil.....	2895	3248	99	3..	3130	2839	99	1	89	6..	2960	2965
15,911 Charles.....	1891	1615	—	—..	2118	1873	22	3	14	1..	1910	1189
2,843 Dorchester.....	2906	3154	174	14..	3043	3553	127	2	10	4..	3012	2822
49,412 Frederick.....	5648	4394	515	2..	6253	5214	379	6	38	—	6399	5311
14,218 Garrett.....	1791	1725	39	4..	2049	1755	41	2	14	—	1915	1337
26,923 Harford.....	2945	3369	321	35..	3573	3562	262	6	13	—	3216	3167
16,259 Howard.....	1652	2326	70	6..	1973	1787	50	5	30	2..	2673	1654
15,771 Kent.....	2265	2420	70	2..	2388	1981	78	—	6	—	2700	2431
27,185 Montgomery.....	2741	3133	220	7..	3218	3440	108	4	57	2..	3293	3094
26,780 Prince George's ..	2912	2896	29	7..	3230	2934	25	—	28	3..	3170	2707
18,461 Queen Anne's ..	1786	2351	150	4..	1917	2519	143	3	82	6..	1942	2167
18,619 St. Mary's.....	1910	1611	19	—..	2646	2045	451	10	15	8..	1875	1475
24,155 Somerset.....	2479	2398	482	2..	2644	1171	19	2	15	—	2611	2217
19,726 Talbot.....	2465	2457	138	8..	2643	2189	151	1	50	8..	2991	2164
30,882 Washington.....	4965	4410	224	30..	5428	4396	197	7	114	5..	5109	4914
19,339 Wicomico.....	1914	2993	336	4..	2023	2254	114	2	30	1..	1638	2344
19,747 Worcester.....	1851	2676	367	2..	1736	1862	579	5	20	1..	1791	2001
Total.....	121,713	114,004	6086	508..	130,660	104,735	5015	567	2407	136..	128,685	106,165
Plurality.....	7709				72124						18767	
Per cent.....	50.10	47.16	2.32	0.21..	64.00	41.75	2.36	0.23	1.00	0.05..	52.00	41.2
Total vote.....	241,841				236,812						243,005	

\*In 1895, for governor, Levering, Pro., received 7,712; Andrews, Peo., 869, and Andrews, S. L., 382 votes.

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1897.

Clerk Court of Appeals—	
Allan Rutherford, Rep.....	120,581
John F. Ford, Dem.....	114,571
R. T. Turner, Jr., Pro.....	5,966

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. Counties of Worcester, Somerset, Wicomico, Dorchester, Talbot, Queen Anne, Caroline and Kent.	
Isaac A. Barber, Rep.....	17,969

Joshua W. Miles, Dem.....	17,394
T. Flinn Fisher, Pro.....	1,724

2. Wards 20, 21 and 22 and 9th precinct of 11th ward of Baltimore city, counties of Cecil, Harford and Carroll, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th districts of Baltimore county.

William B. Baker, Rep.....	23,530
George M. Jewett, Dem.....	23,163
Chester B. Turnbull, Pro.....	1,511

## ELECTION RETURNS.

311

3. Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 15 and 16 of Baltimore city.

William S. House, Rep..... 23,671  
 Thomas C. Weeks, Dem..... 15,977  
 Henry L. Hillegeist, Pro..... 494  
 William Toner, Soc..... 524

4. Wards 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 18 and 19 of Baltimore city.

William W. McIntire, Rep..... 24,899  
 William G. Ogden, Dem..... 16,424  
 Arthur C. Fry, Pro..... 673

5. Counties of St. Mary, Charles, Calvert, Prince George, Anne Arundel, Howard, 1st and 13th Districts of Baltimore county and 17th ward of Baltimore city.

Sydney E. Mudd, Rep..... 18,954  
 Robert Moss, Dem..... 15,442

Samuel R. Neam, Pro..... 491  
 6. Counties of Allegany, Garrett, Washington, Frederick and Montgomery.

John McDonald, Rep..... 22,400  
 Blair Lee, Dem..... 18,437  
 Samuel M. Hockman, Pro..... 817

## LEGISLATURE.

1896.		1896-7.	
Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.
Republicans.....	18	47	12
Democrats.....	8	42	60

## MASSACHUSETTS (Population, 2,238,943).

COUNTIES. (14)	GOVERNOR 1897						PRESIDENT 1896					
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	D.	Nat.	Lab.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	G. D.	Pro. S.-L.	
Population.	2229	285	73	58	3..	4456	418	101	116	67	67	2
3102 Barnstable.....	2229	285	73	58	3..	4456	418	101	116	67	67	2
8108 Berkshire.....	674	236	826	618	815..	9710	3422	481	367	179	130	
18945 Bristol.....	12015	4236	431	802	371..	21629	5644	373	436	246	108	
4899 Dukes.....	441	73	54	25	10..	691	74	17	88	39	4	
29365 Essex.....	22555	10884	737	1253	1032..	37041	12207	2813	1078	501	369	
29010 Franklin.....	2736	897	141	202	29..	5671	931	179	297	143	7	
135713 Hampden.....	9075	5177	311	771	641..	10034	6081	708	518	196	209	
71959 Hampshire.....	4112	1405	184	398	93..	6434	1193	415	225	122	34	
43197 Middlesex.....	35165	15140	969	3001	743..	57251	18082	3509	2713	507	174	
3398 Nantucket.....	191	22	8	36	—	485	54	8	61	3	1	
11850 Norfolk.....	10001	3535	222	1033	177..	16397	861	1039	918	136	59	
9270 Plymouth.....	6355	1846	213	480	823..	12405	2629	767	535	190	16	
48,220 Suffolk.....	8467	26112	654	3561	1147..	53633	26332	5332	3180	264	730	
25007 Worcester.....	19349	6388	587	1571	1403..	35579	9454	1401	1337	446	276	
Total.....	163946	73552	4943	13879	6301..	278778	90530	15181	11749	2993	2114	
Plurality.....	85543					173245						
Percent.....	61.19	29.49	1.83	5.14	2.34..	69.47	23.54	3.78	2.92	0.74	0.52	
Scattering.....	20					20						
Total vote.....	269795					401563						

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1897.

Lieut.-Gov.—W. Murray Crane, Rep..... 157,106  
 Christopher T. Callahan, Dem..... 77,003  
 James E. Cotter, Dem. Nat..... 16,202  
 Edward A. Buckland, Soc. Lab..... 7,379  
 Willard O. Wylie, Pro..... 6,253  
 Secretary—William M. Olin, Rep..... 163,009  
 Charles D. Nash, Dem..... 75,846  
 Bernard M. Wolf, Dem. Nat..... 11,276  
 Addison W. Barr, Soc. Lab..... 8,260  
 Edwin Sawtell, Pro..... 5,199

## Treasurer and Receiver-General—

Edward P. Shaw, Rep..... 153,388  
 Thomas A. Watson, Dem..... 74,021  
 Horace P. Tobey, Dem. Nat..... 14,623  
 George A. Brown, Soc. Lac..... 8,595  
 Robert C. Habberley, Pro..... 5,332

## Auditor—John W. Kimball, Rep..... 154,316

Joseph Henry Sheldon, Dem..... 74,061  
 Harry Douglas, Dem. Nat..... 12,498  
 Joseph Ballam, Soc. Lab..... 8,190  
 Herbert M. Small, Pro..... 4,748

## Att'y-Gen.—Hosea M. Knowlton, Rep..... 155,048

John A. O'Keefe, Dem..... 74,245  
 William W. McClench, Dem. Nat..... 12,954  
 William Harrison, Soc. Lab..... 8,115  
 Wolcott Hamlin, Pro..... 5,866

## FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN THE FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

(Election 1897.)

## FIRST DISTRICT.

George P. Lawrence, Rep..... 11,880  
 Roger P. Donoghue, Dem..... 7,573  
 George D. Crittenden..... 820

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. The counties of Berkshire, Franklin (part), Hampshire (part) and Hampden (part).  
 Ashley B. Wright, Rep..... 18,075  
 Patrick H. Sheehan, Dem..... 8,579  
 John Bascom, Pro..... 993

2. The counties of Franklin (part), Hampshire (part), Hampden (part) and Worcester (part).  
 Frederick H. Gillett, Rep..... 19,793  
 Thomas A. Fitzgibbon, Dem..... 7,778

3. The counties of Worcester (part) and Middlesex (part).  
 Joseph H. Walker, Rep..... 18,993  
 John O'Garra, Dem..... 7,185

4. The counties of Worcester (part) Middlesex (part) and Norfolk (part).  
 George W. Weymouth, Rep..... 20,062  
 I. Porter Morse, Dem..... 8,847

5. The counties of Essex (part) and Middlesex (part).  
 William S. Knox, Rep..... 17,835  
 John H. Harrington, Dem..... 11,531

6. The county of Essex (part).  
 William H. Moody, Rep..... 19,947  
 Eben M. Boynton, Dem..... 7,460

7. The counties of Essex (part), Middlesex (part) and Suffolk (part).  
 William E. Barrett, Rep..... 22,769  
 Philip J. Doherty, Dem..... 10,609

8. The counties of Middlesex (part) and Suffolk (part).  
 Samuel W. McCall, Rep..... 22,054  
 Frederick H. Jackson, Dem..... 7,590

9. The county of Suffolk (part).  
 Walter L. Sears, Rep..... 7,819  
 John A. Fitzgerald, Dem..... 13,973

10. The counties of Suffolk (part) and Norfolk (part).  
 John A. Ryan, Dem. Sil..... 3,238  
 Hammond T. Fletcher, Ind. Rep..... 503

11. The counties of Suffolk (part), Middlesex (part) and Worcester (part).  
 Charles F. Sprague, Rep..... 22,993  
 William H. Baker, Dem..... 10,154

12. The counties of Norfolk (part), Plym-

outh (part) and Bristol (part).

William C. Lovering, Rep..... 21,107

Elbridge Gerry Brown, Dem., Peo.

P. Lab., Rep. Sil. N. P.	6.354
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3. The counties of Barnstable, Dukes, Nan-

ket, Plymouth (part) and Bristol (part).

## LEGISLATURE.

	1898.			1897.		
	Sen.	Ho.	J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho.	J. Bal.
Republicans...	33	179	212..	85	197	232
Democrats.....	7	53	60..	6	33	43
Independents...	—	8	8..	—	3	3
Dem. Citizens..	—	—	—..	—	1	1

**MICHIGAN** (Population 2,038,889).

COUNTIES.		—JUSTICES SUPREME CT. 1897—				—PRESIDENT 1896—				—GOVERNOR 1894—						
(55)		Rep. Dem.	Pro. Nat.	Pro. S. L.	Pop.	Rep. Dem.	Pro. Nat.	Pro. S. L.	Pop.	Rep. Dem.	Pro. Nat.	Pro. S. L.	Pop.			
Total.		Rep.	Dem.	Pro. S. L.	Pop.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. S. L.	Pop.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. S. L.	Pop.			
5110	Albion.....	550	138	36	13	5	4.	743	275	22	6	2.	641	257	3	17
1248	Alger.....	807	270	79	13	12	65.	801	—	—	5	—	874	269	—	—
3804	Allegan.....	5406	1844	400	127	19	75.	5816	3087	149	94	55.	4171	1569	533	310
1264	Alpena.....	1238	908	217	37	8	24.	1775	1065	26	13	1.	1841	1488	40	202
10414	Antwerp.....	1348	467	148	91	80	78.	1886	1228	58	39	40.	1495	401	202	254
9383	Arenac.....	494	680	36	22	1	34.	616	987	18	9	—	427	298	452	28
3020	Baraga.....	930	420	24	16	7	11.	828	400	10	12	2.	454	181	17	17
56415	Bay.....	2340	2301	202	92	11	73.	3238	8157	89	62	60.	3901	1321	601	336
5677	Benzie.....	6221	3422	624	122	74	106.	6015	6298	151	63	7.	4367	4933	693	101
5177	Benzie.....	714	336	67	71	5	42.	1370	808	30	65	12.	890	257	27	104
51785	Berrien.....	4783	2538	1214	148	—	71.	6373	4793	271	117	45.	5562	3276	327	40
43501	Branch.....	2755	2447	144	76	5	64.	3508	3877	74	40	42.	3734	1080	903	358
26794	Calhoun.....	4099	4521	375	229	36	35.	5885	8012	211	180	30.	4707	1923	968	60
2453	Cass.....	2179	1838	261	75	9	38.	3035	3012	60	40	15.	2768	1456	511	161
938	Charlevoix.....	1233	487	69	54	15	52.	1632	978	24	39	15.	1039	231	284	123
11986	Chesapeake.....	181	1073	132	46	12	30.	1574	1616	16	12	9.	1402	1118	123	69
12419	Chippewa.....	1677	408	168	15	68.	2104	1011	65	66	3.	1745	886	36	47	
2524	Circuit.....	712	118	90	11	3.	84	725	28	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
26591	Clinton.....	2712	218	201	106	11	38.	2478	3467	65	63	36.	2919	1753	435	27
2032	Crawford.....	255	233	26	9	1	9.	350	350	8	2	—	359	293	6	3
15183	Delta.....	1887	791	167	33	24	22.	2774	1237	66	11	4.	1958	507	338	81
2524	Dickinson.....	1447	459	155	131	95	60.	2609	527	56	41	8.	1708	831	99	53
82194	Easton.....	5848	3444	248	103	24	63.	4217	4631	108	66	18.	4029	1720	797	353
8759	Eaton.....	1425	95	151	68	1	15.	1277	1337	48	69	48.	1815	787	100	101
39414	Genes															

## ELECTION RETURNS.

319

Population.	Long.	Yap's	Pena	Chas's	Chappell	Label	McKinley	Bryan	Palmer	Leasing	Bentley	Rich.	Fisher	Nichols	Todd.
8,273 Saginaw.....	1207	5783	1156	117	102	57...	8692	8792	182	75	70...	6499	5177	1254	171
8,380 Saginaw.....	1230	1528	276	230	46	119...	3941	3166	30	13	64...	2724	1218	683	383
65,8 Schoolcraft.....	1236	218	12	30	14	15...	953	549	13	13	1...	770	477	183	27
3462 Shiawassee.....	3359	2748	279	167	7	8...	4653	4364	170	87	80...	870	2002	242	684
50106 St. Clair.....	2447	2358	811	130	28	47...	7164	3177	161	18	46...	5426	4727	282	240
2,336 St. Joseph.....	2279	2401	152	35	10	13...	3180	3048	51	30	13...	2876	1380	1046	191
3,248 Tuscola.....	2248	2049	284	180	21	22...	4275	4395	81	88	49...	3270	1385	579	370
3,561 Van Buren.....	2246	2291	157	30	9	100...	4506	3882	12	73	60...	3751	1112	709	287
42,910 Washtenaw.....	4501	2837	1342	240	29	18...	5677	5441	215	110	60...	5007	4151	126	400
25,111 Wayne.....	21550	10764	8570	475	351	84...	86911	29216	106	24	59...	27111	19088	1214	556
12,258 Wexford.....	1463	81	81	82	2	27...	2036	1359	96	49	11...	1505	459	309	159

Total... 210727139807 307297386 2168 3906... 235582 236714 6879 5025 1936... 237215 130623 30002 18788

Plurality... 71414... 58668... 196302

Per cent... 58.36 35.35 7.78 2.00 .55 .99... 53.42 43.47 1.26 0.92 0.37... 56.90 31.38 7.19 4.50

Total vote... 394845... 544492... 416828

In 1896 Matchett, socialist-labor, for president, received 237 votes in Wayne county.

## FOR REGENTS STATE UNIVERSITY, 1897

*William J. Cocker, Rep.....	203,959
Charles D. Lawton, Rep.....	206,990
Shantley E. Parkhill, Dem.....	136,747
Thorne Robert, Dem.....	136,298
Levi L. Barbour, Nat. Dem.....	31,650
Edwin F. Sweet, Nat. Dem.....	30,474
William W. Traut, Pro.....	7,792
R. S. Mathland, Pro.....	7,782
Albert Gran, Soc. Lab.....	2,094
Joel Dugrey, Soc. Lab.....	2,061
Myron O. Graves, Pop.....	3,818
Dison J. Porter, Pop.....	3,789
Charles D. West, Lib.....	1,115
Joshua C. Curtis, Lib.....	1,427

\*Cocker lost 2,391 votes through misspelling of his name on some of the county tickets.

## OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896

Lieutenant-Governor—T. B. Dunstan, Rep.	
Superintendent of Public Instruction—Jason E. Hammond, Rep.	
Member Board of Education—James W. Simmons, Rep.	
Auditor-General—Roscoe D. Dix, Rep.	
Attorney-General—F. A. Maynard, Rep.	
Commissioner of State Land Office—William A. French, Rep.	
Treasurer—George A. Steel, Rep.	
Secretary of State—Wash. Gardner, Rep.	

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. Thirteen wards city of Detroit.	
John B. Corliss, Rep.....	24,021
E. F. Henderson, Dem., Pop., Sil. 19,291	
2. The counties of Jackson, Lenawee, Monroe, Washtenaw, ten townships in Wayne county, city of Wyandotte.	
George L. Spalding, Rep.....	26,557
T. E. Barkworth, Dem., Peo., Sil. 25,061	
Oliver H. Perry, Pro.....	517
John O. Zabel, Peo.....	155
Wilson Rawson.....	230
3. The counties of Branch, Calhoun, Eaton, Hillsdale and Kalamazoo.	
Alfred Milnes, Rep.....	24,041
A. M. Todd, Dem., Peo., Sil.....	24,466
John M. Corbin, Gold Dem.....	579
Ashtan A. Knoppen, Pro.....	441

4. The counties of Allegan, Barry, Berrien, Cass, St. Joseph and Van Buren.

E. L. Hamilton, Rep..... 26,518

R. I. Jarvis, Dem., Peo., Sil..... 22,994

5. The counties of Ionia, Kent and Ottawa.

William Alden Smith, Rep..... 26,919

Geo. P. Hummer, Dem., Peo., Sil. 22,155

6. The counties of Genesee, Ingham, Livingston, Oakland, six townships Wayne county, three wards city of Detroit.

Samuel W. Smith, Rep..... 26,889

Quincy A. Smith, Dem., Peo., Sil. 23,474

7. The counties of Huron, Lapeer, Macomb, Sanilac, St. Clair, two townships Wayne county.

George W. Snover, Rep..... 26,889

O'Brien J. Atkinson, Dem., Peo., Sil. 18,267

8. The counties of Clinton, Saginaw, Shiawassee and Tuscola.

William S. Linton, Rep..... 20,158

Ferd. Brucker, Dem., Peo., Sil..... 20,992

9. The counties of Benzie, Lake, Leelanaw, Manistowick, Manistee, Mason, Muskegon, Newaygo, Oceana and Wexford.

Rowell P. Bishop, Rep..... 20,418

A. F. Tibbette, Dem., Peo., Sil..... 14,243

James G. Rogers, Pro..... 389

10. The counties of Alcona, Alpena, Arenac, Bay, Cheboygan, Crawford, Emmet, Gladwin, Iosco, Midland, Montmorency, Ogemaw, Otsego and Presque Isle.

Rosseau O. Crump, Rep..... 19,535

C. S. Hampton, Dem., Peo., Sil..... 17,536

11. The counties of Antrim, Charlevoix, Clare, Grand Traverse, Gratiot, Isabella, Kalamazoo, Mecosta, Missaukee, Montcalm, Osceola and Roscommon.

William S. Meisick, Rep..... 24,368

J. G. Ramsdell, Dem., Peo., Sil..... 19,605

12. The counties of Alger, Benzie, Chippewa, Delta, Dickinson, Gogebic, Houghton, Iron, Keweenaw, Luce, Mackinac, Marquette, Menominee, Ontonagon and Schoolcraft.

Carlos D. Sheldon, Rep..... 29,612

H. A. Seymour, Dem., Peo., Sil..... 12,479

## LEGISLATURE.

	1896-7.	1894-5.
Sen. Ho. J. Bal.....	32	32
Republicans.....	26	81 107..
Democrats.....	—	— 1
Fusion.....	6	19 25..

## MINNESOTA (Population 1,301,626).

Population.	PRESIDENT 1896					Gov. 1894					PRESIDENT 1892				
	Rep.	Dem.	U. D.	Pro. S. L.	Chas. Matchett.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Fus.
2362 Aitkin.....	855	344	9	17	6..	619	118	246.	445	217	38	16	184		
2684 Anoka.....	1558	791	24	24	1..	1236	331	699..	1002	720	44	133	697		
9401 Becker.....	1479	985	15	49	2..	1125	190	810..	892	509	447	199	524		
312 Beltrami.....	202	213	3	3	—	54	91	18..	57	44	25	1	60		
6284 Benton.....	778	867	14	8	2..	733	406	335..	426	575	192	26	629		

Population.	McKlay.	Dryas.	Palmer.	Yang.	Matchett.	Nelson.	Becker.	Owen.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Weaver.	Edwards.	D. Pro.
6722 Big Stone.....	1008	712	31	54	6..	738	218	555..	575	475	139	136	682
29110 Big Earth.....	4055	2744	98	150	—..	8198	1598	1142..	2678	2867	874	658	2374
15817 Brown.....	1807	1408	50	42	15..	1308	704	1220..	2080	1174	494	69	1457
5272 Carleton.....	709	543	10	13	6..	867	805	864..	737	370	108	45	406
16532 Carver.....	1861	1398	44	13	5..	1736	1187	486..	1196	1802	246	53	1408
1247 Cass.....	331	271	3	6	2..	227	91	140..	311	233	47	18	221
1655 Chippewa.....	1819	1037	11	33	8..	910	114	734..	731	507	244	159	685
16359 Chicago.....	2558	1957	17	18	2..	1838	169	291..	1480	938	45	110	310
11517 Clay.....	1394	458	39	43	9..	1109	248	1328..	969	904	710	123	1181
96 Cook.....	107	1	1	3	—..	70	13	57..	67	19	22	13	81
7112 Cottonwood.....	1247	810	16	47	—..	842	67	563..	727	212	333	126	469
5852 Crow Wing.....	1101	1006	29	50	11..	1144	81	550..	918	519	191	97	567
29240 Dakota.....	2147	2210	57	90	22..	1623	1261	1367..	1481	1904	264	169	1954
19364 Dodge.....	1900	911	18	38	4..	1627	334	543..	1264	563	320	146	791
14606 Douglas.....	1976	1961	19	58	—..	1546	197	1200..	1819	532	477	247	906
16708 Faribault.....	3116	1107	59	82	2..	2 93	750	329..	1992	1070	86	286	991
26338 Fillmore.....	4185	1099	40	167	10..	2970	418	1292..	2925	1346	542	361	1715
17952 Freeborn.....	3490	1179	26	99	2..	2371	128	898..	2005	739	279	190	846
28496 Goodhue.....	5748	1439	78	118	12..	4235	1145	608..	3564	1935	208	87	1576
18756 Grant.....	1052	359	40	167	10..	3 34	745..	709	315	172	116	115	415
18724 Hennepin.....	29786	29635	291	450	214..	22 33	5000	16380..	2023	1648	2326	1883	1501
14653 Howell.....	2853	904	37	47	4..	1738	849	333..	1502	1243	173	82	1268
14113 Hubbard.....	364	344	19	4	1..	215	85	239..	173	135	169	9	271
7697 Isanti.....	1430	730	—	4	—..	1018	49	498..	722	106	223	253	308
743 Itasca.....	826	794	3	5	8..	687	339	402..	539	686	50	23	533
8924 Jackson.....	1558	1150	17	29	3..	1242	428	701..	901	721	267	103	852
15 9 Kanabec.....	484	266	5	10	—..	248	28	190..	182	38	35	85	71
13847 Kandiyohi.....	2181	1638	17	38	3..	1547	67	1526..	1570	424	615	316	933
9387 Kittson.....	753	762	13	23	8..	610	85	816..	408	307	446	96	667
10852 Lac qui Parle.....	1629	992	21	57	—..	1286	99	983..	1197	448	521	97	899
1249 Lake.....	356	330	5	6	3..	439	70	109..	290	126	37	28	130
13047 Le Sueur.....	2255	2046	54	65	12..	1838	1332	1060..	1512	1875	276	159	1861
5094 Lincoln.....	617	713	38	31	—..	498	43	568..	328	363	310	146	768
4501 Lyon.....	1623	1351	22	67	9..	1 73	109	1053..	1008	498	280	265	699
17026 McLeod.....	1586	1633	47	43	4..	1302	129	575..	925	1832	298	123	1677
9130 Marshall.....	1200	1222	11	15	4..	837	96	12 0..	567	887	924	128	1221
9408 Martin.....	1739	1287	32	98	9..	12 9	412	423..	1189	661	108	126	618
15556 Meeker.....	2094	1586	23	51	12..	1717	429	1161..	1274	1146	348	259	1303
2845 Mille Lacs.....	977	430	14	18	—..	821	123	205..	403	222	102	47	746
13325 Morrison.....	1939	1794	32	51	8..	1815	1133	576..	1135	1585	160	126	1143
15019 Mower.....	5379	1467	36	85	2..	2442	711	863..	2251	1810	169	251	257
5692 Murray.....	1204	1054	22	21	3..	770	193	778..	586	517	412	73	773
15582 Nicollet.....	1843	87	32	32	1..	1345	68	677..	1888	998	173	30	811
7958 Nobles.....	1508	1294	32	48	7..	1112	633	477..	1003	933	805	127	831
10018 Norman.....	1382	1304	12	38	5..	824	64	1231..	724	294	596	244	808
19434 Olmsted.....	3301	1741	68	83	4..	2526	1375	5 2..	2244	1928	149	169	1803
34232 Otter Tail.....	3544	4482	76	162	30..	2504	355	3286..	2140	1612	1466	474	2808
4054 Pine.....	1152	675	30	13	7..	649	307	255..	538	486	70	45	479
6132 Pipestone.....	862	919	17	17	—..	743	191	632..	616	296	313	60	520
10032 Pope.....	2855	1654	54	69	35..	2062	520	4097..	1576	1510	2775	231	3948
50194 Polk.....	1773	698	8	43	2..	1398	90	716..	1037	282	861	129	568
135796 Ramsey.....	17322	12448	439	177	207..	13277	6324	7673..	11907	12917	1632	993	11712
9 96 Redwood.....	1818	1123	24	31	4..	1 21	414	694..	1155	645	257	119	784
17029 Renville.....	2513	1978	38	51	8..	1783	417	1764..	1293	961	520	146	1666
239 4 Rice.....	3483	2002	110	108	13..	2515	1088	1224..	2245	1793	853	268	1756
6817 Rock.....	1210	765	15	28	3..	1162	256	332..	940	883	178	77	459
— Rossau.....	287	527	5	6	3..	—	—	—..	—	—	—	—	—
14492 St. Louis.....	9810	7412	76	92	—..	7581	1917	3076..	5157	3696	985	655	3575
18331 Scott.....	1126	1708	67	29	11..	1018	1457	588..	790	1937	99	33	1784
5008 Sherburne.....	1008	536	13	18	2..	777	141	853..	627	290	187	43	411
15190 Sidney.....	1826	1251	47	19	7..	1309	828	752..	984	1239	249	48	1418
34344 Stearns.....	2873	4911	123	43	18..	2032	3957	1479..	1613	4454	539	210	4423
13232 Steele.....	2044	1248	65	80	5..	1740	1149	305..	1386	1289	55	116	1165
5251 Stevens.....	1841	685	15	28	2..	715	414	428..	621	499	144	64	563
10161 Swift.....	1273	1222	15	40	7..	1022	206	1077..	762	712	434	130	1017
12800 Todd.....	2043	1739	85	98	—..	1495	688	985..	1237	1112	449	182	1339
4516 Traverse.....	689	983	—	—	—..	410	216	623..	413	313	258	54	480
10972 Wabasha.....	2530	1630	55	76	7..	1828	1286	730..	1571	1778	151	144	1683
4063 Wadena.....	874	634	7	25	1..	655	197	835..	451	329	161	64	400
13313 Waseca.....	1902	1244	29	67	8..	1967	478	751..	1090	1012	163	134	1020
264 9 Washington.....	3835	1558	58	47	8..	2574	742	1681..	2451	1733	298	116	1632
7746 Watonwan.....	1622	686	10	33	2..	1082	220	287..	934	388	75	93	895
4346 Wilkin.....	631	855	16	21	5..	546	124	567..	431	390	157	44	451
331 97 Winona.....	3835	3538	89	69	18..	3338	2414	1102..	2730	3897	235	144	3 07
2164 Wright.....	5312	2172	87	49	9..	2804	980	1329..	2271	1829	337	201	1800
3554 Yellw Medicine	1578	1015	21	63	1..	1195	98	104..	911	864	379	201	655

Total.....193501 136628 3230 4365 915..147944 53679 87331..122323 100920 29313 14182 110465

Plurality.....53875 60013 ..21908

Percent.....56.70 40.80 1.27 ..25.. 49.92 18.10 29.69.. 46.23 38.00 11.05 5.34

Total vote.....84137 ..267247

The democrats and populists fused—four of the electors being democrats and four populists. In 1894, Hilleboe, Pro., for governor, received 6379 votes.

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

David M. Clough, Rep. .... 165,807  
John Lind, Fus. .... 162,311

## OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896

Lieutenant-Governor—John M. Gibbs, Rep.  
Secretary of State—Albert Berg, Rep.  
Treasurer—Albert T. Koerner, Rep.  
Attorney-General—Henry W. Childs, Rep.

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. Counties of Dodge, Fillmore, Freeborn,  
Houston, Mower, Olmsted, Steele, Wabasha,  
Waseca and Winona.

J. A. Tawney, Rep. .... 27,920  
P. Fitzpatrick, Fus. .... 17,218

2. Counties of Blue Earth, Brown, Cotton-  
wood, Faribault, Jackson, Lac qui Parle,  
Lincoln, Lyon, Martin, Murray, Nicollet,  
Nobles, Pipestone, Redwood, Rock, Sibley,  
Watwan and Yellow Medicine.

J. A. McClary, Rep. .... 29,942  
Frank A. Day, Fus. .... 21,500

3. Counties of Carver, Dakota, Goodhue,  
LeSueur, McLeod, Meeker, Renville, Rice  
and Scott.

Joel P. Heatwole, Rep. .... 22,635  
H. P. Peck, Fus. .... 17,021

4. Counties of Chicago, Isanti, Kanabec,  
Ramsey and Washington.

Frederick C. Stevens, Rep. .... 24,864  
F. C. Clark, Fus. .... 14,940

5. County of Hennepin.

Loren Fletcher, Rep. .... 24,509

Sydney M. Owen, Fus. .... 21,521

6. Counties of Aitkin, Anoka, Beltrami,  
Benton, Carlton, Cass, Cook, Crow Wing,  
Hubbard, Itasca, Lake, Miller, Lake, Morris-  
son, Pine, St. Louis, Sherburne, Stearns,  
Todd, Wadena and Wright.

Page Morris, Rep. .... 30,312

Charles A. Towne, Fus. .... 29,505

7. Counties of Becker, Big Stone, Chip-  
ewa, Clay, Douglas, Grant, Kandiyohi,  
Kittson, Marshall, Norman, Otter Tail,  
Polk, Pope, Roseau, Stevens, Swift, Tra-  
verses and Wilkin.

Frank M. Eddy, Rep. .... 27,264

Edward E. Lommen, Fus. .... 24,917

## LEGISLATURE.

	1897-8.	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.
Republicans	44	90	134	46	95
Democrats	3	11	14	3	10
People's	5	12	18	5	9
F. S. Rep's	2	—	—	—	14

## MISSISSIPPI (Population 1,289,000).

COUNTIES. (76)	PRESIDENT 1900				GOV. 1896				PRESIDENT 1892			
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. G.D.	McKinley.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	McKinley.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	McKinley.
Population.												
20,811 Adams	174	496	11	4	30	538	36	77	467	9	—	—
13,115 Alcorn	63	928	6	4	6	603	87	56	691	9	20	—
19,198 Amite	22	742	253	6	17	640	422	4	572	5	180	—
22,213 Attala	106	860	357	8	19	1073	748	13	751	122	515	—
10,336 Benton	116	616	22	3	2	505	46	64	423	81	87	—
39,940 Bolivar	116	338	32	20	6	870	17	25	227	3	20	—
11,883 Calhoun	33	800	156	11	24	724	438	11	612	5	265	—
18,773 Carroll	79	749	446	2	13	795	683	22	568	43	377	—
19,391 Chickasaw	75	567	99	21	24	621	573	6	332	8	339	—
10,477 Choctaw	56	511	397	7	4	647	694	17	384	8	312	—
15,516 Claiborne	16	509	9	8	41	214	8	3	424	4	43	—
15,626 Clarke	7	832	115	4	5	870	151	1	626	14	108	—
19,907 Clay	36	620	56	5	8	462	164	6	522	—	80	—
19,345 Coahoma	91	347	—	8	9	458	28	32	272	—	4	—
30,230 Copiah	60	1342	273	14	15	1210	655	16	1034	23	494	—
8,598 Covington	73	098	43	2	2	548	255	9	232	7	27	—
21,156 De Soto	59	841	50	4	25	810	95	18	479	26	98	—
10,124 Franklin	18	836	216	3	7	481	354	1	314	16	178	—
3,908 Greene	—	215	1	—	4	250	128	15	179	—	15	—
18,774 Grenada	20	456	76	6	2	436	139	4	399	8	47	—
8,319 Hancock	49	344	5	2	7	276	46	10	249	7	13	—
12,881 Harrison	18	234	8	1	15	427	47	10	363	11	89	—
20,279 Hinds	144	1548	45	40	29	1117	121	57	1206	81	92	—
30,070 Holmes	74	942	71	6	5	735	273	20	628	15	176	—
12,318 Issaquena	34	97	—	1	1	97	1	25	119	1	—	—
11,709 Itawamba	39	882	207	4	11	847	451	23	793	13	280	—
12,551 Jackson	181	712	86	4	7	412	31	13	448	11	20	—
14,735 Jasper	23	734	77	5	16	716	122	3	671	4	64	—
19,917 Jefferson	51	624	3	2	4	387	17	421	7	8	—	—
8,833 Jones	30	697	243	7	14	725	408	7	380	9	90	—
17,961 Kemper	149	768	158	3	19	765	391	42	650	5	207	—
20,558 Lafayette	131	1279	35	1	3	792	217	36	805	23	122	—
29,651 Lauderdale	99	1651	327	18	42	1507	744	24	1364	24	357	—
12,318 Lawrence	176	688	91	8	8	656	428	34	381	13	145	—
18,906 Leake	94	929	235	7	5	383	444	44	706	15	346	—
300.0 Lee	50	1042	149	8	9	770	304	6	2	348	5	—
16,939 Le Flore	—	816	—	—	1	223	6	2	348	5	—	—
17,513 Lincoln	143	911	80	34	24	874	451	36	452	46	137	—
27,017 Lowndes	16	814	6	3	7	392	39	4	685	7	18	—
27,221 Madison	71	748	18	2	20	615	34	5	696	11	32	—
9,632 Marion	228	658	181	7	29	744	485	14	257	6	88	—
26,043 Marshall	72	1263	23	7	14	514	67	32	1002	37	120	—
30,730 Monroe	71	1509	99	1	7	1008	213	23	1068	27	132	—
11,450 Montgomery	24	934	119	7	7	806	269	7	667	7	136	—
11,145 Neshoba	7	793	262	5	3	810	384	—	569	1	289	—
18,225 Newton	11	1031	170	6	7	970	227	3	756	20	126	—
27,239 Nottoway	14	691	84	11	6	548	60	2	492	2	44	—
17,694 Oktibbeha	27	758	59	7	2	615	118	—	595	9	25	—
26,977 Panola	78	1085	160	23	12	860	361	24	614	15	248	—
26,577 Pearl River	34	238	84	1	9	230	79	1	136	1	1	—

Population.	McKlay.	Bryan.	Bryant.	Levy's.	Palmer.	McLaurin.	Burkert.	Harrison.	Clay.	Madison.	Warner.
6,91 Perry.....	32	367	53	7	3.	342	189.	—	201	7	26
21203 Pike.....	123	1285	95	11	29.	710	148.	35	150	12	101
14940 Pontotoc.....	65	742	202	11	7.	755	555.	10	463	18	421
13679 Prentiss.....	167	938	64	4	18.	826	555.	37	653	12	246
2286 Quitman.....	40	170	1	—	—	126	21.	12	71	8	2
17922 Rankin.....	77	1014	31	3	10.	811	62.	56	746	21	75
11740 Scott.....	24	736	46	9	3.	764	159.	1	424	4	128
8882 Sharkey.....	21	180	5	4	2.	131	13.	13	132	6	18
10138 Simpson.....	53	578	99	9	3.	727	358.	4	731	8	119
10635 Smith.....	3	945	132	5	2.	1291	378.	12	545	11	113
Summer.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
9884 Sundowner.....	27	450	11	1	6.	240	37.	3	211	4	—
14361 Tallahatchie.....	26	761	19	1	—	306	80.	7	425	6	46
19253 Tate.....	76	987	141	6	41.	779	178.	28	796	14	248
12851 Tippah.....	103	936	130	5	5.	630	251.	85	754	7	136
8102 Tishomingo.....	67	812	40	2	3.	550	237.	56	612	11	63
12158 Tunica.....	62	174	1	1	5.	110	7.	13	136	8	9
15906 Union.....	114	1108	156	—	7.	890	457.	20	721	34	419
33101 Warren.....	182	549	26	8	140.	794	55.	26	628	13	56
40414 Washington.....	181	636	4	2	45.	364	9.	19	600	12	—
9417 Wayne.....	32	588	72	2	5.	432	174.	5	389	2	46
12040 Webster.....	145	635	222	5	3.	608	574.	10	402	12	383
17522 Wilkinson.....	36	523	33	1	6.	338	35.	3	256	4	8
12040 Winifred.....	33	822	273	22	14.	622	526.	3	357	7	225
16829 Yakubusha.....	73	1052	58	13	37.	837	179.	7	716	12	205
36584 Yazoo.....	25	1050	102	2	6.	590	158.	2	733	1	117
Total.....	5130	5693	7517	485	1071.	4073	17466.	1383	40123	973	10113
Plurality.....	58750	—	—	—	—	29407	—	28005	—	—	—
Per cent.....	7.27	79.37	10.63	.06	1.51.	62.74	37.26.	2.47	76.21	1.85	19.25
Total vote.....	70506	—	—	—	—	64339	—	52512	—	—	—

## OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896.

Lieutenant-Governor—J. H. Jones, Dem.	
Secretary of State—J. L. Power, Dem.	
Auditor—W. D. Holder, Dem.	
Treasurer—A. Q. May, Dem.	
Attorney-General—W. D. Nash, Dem.	
Superintendent of Education—A. A. Kinnannon, Dem.	
Land Commissioner—J. M. Simonton, Dem.	
Revenue Agent—W. Adams, Dem.	
Supreme Court Clerk—E. W. Brown, Dem.	
Railroad Commissioners—J. D. McNelis, M.	
M. Evans, J. J. Evans, all Dem.	

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. The counties of Alcorn, Itawamba, Lee, Lowndes, Monroe, Oktibbeha, Prentiss and Tishomingo.	
W. H. McGill, Rep.....	335
John M. Allen, Dem.....	7,321
A. W. Kearney, Peo.....	742
2. The counties of Benton, De Soto, Lafayette, Marshall, Panola, Tallahatchie, Tate, Tippah and Union.	
M. A. Montgomery, Rep.....	692
W. V. Sullivan, Dem.....	6,941
F. E. Ray, Peo.....	1,742
W. D. Miller, Gold-Dem.....	779
3. The counties of Bolivar, Coahoma, Issaquena, Le Flore, Quitman, Sharkey, Sundowner, Tunica, Warren and Washington.	
C. J. Jones, Rep.....	369
Thomas C. Catchings, Dem.....	3,069
J. R. Chalmers, Free-Silver-Rep.....	532
Thomas Easterly, Ind.-Rep.....	81
4. The counties of Calhoun, Carroll, Chick-	

asaw, Choctaw, Clay, Grenada, Kemper, Montgomery, Neshoba, Pontotoc, Webster, Winston and Yakubusha.

W. D. Frazer, Rep.....	397
A. E. Fox, Dem.....	8,344
R. K. Prewitt, Peo.....	3,081
S. S. Matthews, Rep.....	161
5. The counties of Attala, Clarke, Holmes, Jasper, Landerdale, Leake, Neshoba, Newton, Scott, Smith, Wayne and Yazoo.	
J. E. Everett, Rep.....	212
John S. Williams, Dem.....	10,475
W. H. Stinson, Peo.....	2,318
J. H. Benson, Ind.....	142
6. The counties of Adams, Amite, Covington, Greene, Hancock, Harrison, Jackson, Jones, Lawrence, Marion, Perry, Pike and Wilkinson.	
H. C. Griffin, Rep.....	1,119
William F. Love, Dem.....	6,758
N. C. Hawthorn, Peo.....	2,929
7. The counties of Calhoun, Copiah, Franklin, Hinds, Jefferson, Lincoln, Madison, Rankin and Simpson.	
S. M. Readles, Rep.....	192
J. M. Matthews, Rep.....	231
Patrick Henry, Dem.....	6,837
George M. Cain, Peo.....	896

## LEGISLATURE.

	1896-7.	1894-5.
Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	
Republicans.....	—	3
Democrats.....	45	121
Independents.....	—	1
People's.....	2	—

## MISSOURI (Population 2,679,184).

COUNTIES.	PRESIDENT 1896						PRESIDENT 1892				SUP. CT. 1890	
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. S. L.	G. D.	Nat.	McKlay.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	Rep.	Dem. U. L.
Population.	17417	Adair.....	2402	2111	26	—	183	1083	17	189	189	1336
17417 Adair.....	2252	2091	8	1	25	4.	1834	1506	47	392.	1894	782
15533 Atchison.....	1587	2273	32	1	11	—	1093	1147	64	1114.	1053	1130
22074 Audrain.....	1609	3894	11	—	25	—	1498	3240	19	241.	786	2774
22943 Barry.....	2320	3151	14	—	6	1.	1910	1904	37	634.	1949	2127
18504 Barton.....	1496	2824	77	5	7	2.	1235	1630	165	899.	1330	1841
32223 Bates.....	2512	5073	96	3	26	8.	1929	3007	142	1897.	918	3174
14973 Benton.....	1867	1762	37	—	25	1.	1570	1058	17	433.	1501	1994
13121 Bollinger.....	1272	1485	19	—	3	1.	1115	1539	3	48.	1081	1476
28043 Boone.....	1706	5075	19	—	20	3.	1495	4054	80	227.	148	243
70100 Buchanan.....	6854	7336	62	—	4	73	8.	5223	4049	57	4048	6376
9954 Butler.....	1833	1743	2	2	7	2.	1038	1203	8	194.	913	1246

## ELECTION RETURNS.

317

Populus.	McKisley, Bryan, Lever, & Matchett.	Palmer, Beasley.	Harrison, Cleveland, Bidwell.	Wheeler.	McClintock.	Gantt, Jones.							
15192 Caldwell.....	2115	2093	25	21	1748	1398	27	545.	1535	1527	34		
25101 Callaway.....	1849	4558	10	—	61	1453	9630	15	208.	1143	8893		
10100 Camden.....	1326	1287	17	1	—	1070	602	9	301.	1065	824	111	
22400 C. Girardeau.....	2432	2173	27	1	21	2203	1906	17	380.	2143	2046	161	
25424 Carroll.....	3663	3555	40	—	21	4.	2896	2893	68	294.	2650	3010	288
5509 Carter.....	433	611	—	—	12	1.	377	617	4	13.	409	602	—
22307 Cass.....	2229	3875	38	2	30	5.	1908	3027	72	409.	1573	2822	201
15130 Cedar.....	1981	2400	5	—	8	2.	1354	1246	39	624.	1275	1402	319
23551 Charleston.....	2359	4321	7	—	13	—	2057	3493	17	180.	1481	2909	9
14017 Christian.....	1953	1729	6	—	1	—	1559	653	15	643.	1102	604	699
15136 Clark.....	1953	2107	9	—	1.	1.	1849	1807	40	16.	150	369	1
19540 Clay.....	924	4071	12	1	52	1.	738	3063	71	618.	1417	3855	1
17198 Clinton.....	1792	2610	16	—	30	5.	1503	2191	58	183.	1415	2346	27
17581 Cole.....	2033	2198	3	1	40	2.	1752	1444	6	62.	1308	1813	4
22307 Cooper.....	3711	3029	5	—	14	3.	2222	2484	6	198.	2105	2684	50
11961 Crawford.....	1447	1383	7	3	2	—	1269	1176	6	40.	1191	1208	—
17536 Dade.....	1797	2363	13	—	5	1.	1420	1101	61	908.	1105	1235	649
12047 Dallas.....	1466	1525	11	—	4	1.	1174	586	8	594.	1040	539	605
20406 Daviess.....	2230	3125	23	1	25	1.	2019	2257	84	433.	1888	2179	345
14530 De Kalb.....	1580	2167	12	—	10	7.	1359	1372	32	475.	1140	1591	235
12149 Dent.....	1097	1483	1	—	6	1.	809	1268	6	27.	736	1254	—
14111 Douglas.....	1581	1700	4	2	3	2.	1308	838	9	618.	1135	387	—
15185 Dunklin.....	961	2675	1	3	2.	—	1550	2167	4	177.	1417	1895	—
28456 Franklin.....	3797	2904	9	1	13	1.	2587	2497	14	204.	2061	2544	1
11705 Gasconade.....	2183	515	—	1	27	—	1735	602	—	7.	1626	511	—
19194 Gentry.....	2000	2906	32	—	4	10.	1906	2003	58	580.	1629	2916	519
48016 Greene.....	5908	6327	42	3	23	4.	4839	4951	176	1496.	4288	3879	798
17076 Grundy.....	2778	1675	15	—	8	1.	2408	1375	34	188.	1973	1152	116
21033 Harrison.....	2956	2582	26	—	9	4.	2474	1690	40	530.	2243	1661	122
28555 Henry.....	3234	4412	41	1	17	3.	2543	3475	108	300.	1573	3072	880
9433 Hickory.....	1194	1045	6	—	2	—	127	423	10	491.	1092	641	72
15407 Holt.....	2397	2036	21	—	19	12.	1309	1427	60	267.	1608	1194	1
17511 Howard.....	1853	3317	22	—	6	—	1072	2570	33	95.	1135	257	—
18545 Howell.....	1802	2373	6	2	8	18.	1481	1642	53	260.	1143	1483	302
9134 Iron.....	607	1016	3	—	4	—	598	890	3	15.	328	837	6
10040 Jackson.....	18711	20705	98	81	307	10.	11024	15825	219	1322.	8043	12767	409
56000 Jasper.....	4935	7026	52	5	35	19.	5609	4905	155	1841.	3883	5551	1207
22484 Jefferson.....	2876	2785	17	1	16	4.	2307	2617	72	41.	2092	2679	6
28132 Johnson.....	3219	4240	25	4	18	1.	2947	3109	61	659.	2147	3223	33
13401 Knox.....	1246	2185	20	—	6	3.	1008	1472	33	579.	1244	1632	85
14701 Laclede.....	1598	2120	18	1	10	3.	1376	1223	46	578.	1242	1209	511
30134 Lafayette.....	3575	4463	13	4	45	1.	2843	3922	35	245.	1301	3546	—
26728 Lawrence.....	2932	3360	24	3	12	4.	2923	2420	60	791.	2115	2178	594
15545 Lewis.....	1581	3224	19	—	15	2.	1282	2220	37	116.	1181	1291	—
16491 Lincoln.....	1564	3403	9	—	6	8.	1383	2308	15	218.	1417	2476	3
24121 Linn.....	3015	3327	36	3	9	1.	2501	2525	67	470.	2115	2386	308
20036 Livingston.....	2377	3351	28	1	36	4.	1909	2189	33	602.	1653	2100	694
11983 McDonald.....	998	1678	13	—	—	—	835	1026	20	319.	812	1178	103
30675 Macon.....	3475	4173	21	5	26	4.	2746	3294	45	730.	2883	3702	6
9028 Madison.....	790	1256	5	—	5	2.	125	1010	29	68.	521	1026	2
8400 Marion.....	456	1365	2	—	3	—	490	1119	4	24.	377	972	—
26533 Marion.....	2899	4018	21	—	28	8.	2734	3634	90	260.	1372	2781	14
14594 Mercer.....	1068	1405	6	6	11	5.	1643	800	40	455.	1771	1085	7
14102 Miller.....	1707	1894	3	1	7	2.	1497	1076	11	308.	1441	1226	—
10134 Mississippi.....	1074	1673	2	—	3	1.	754	1240	12	71.	608	1117	1
15520 Montana.....	1580	2408	19	1	11	—	1235	1340	15	610.	1225	1336	702
20730 Monroe.....	1692	4379	8	—	15	—	787	893	18	82.	449	3587	—
16530 Montgomery.....	1930	2272	47	3	10	2.	1965	1916	78	161.	1630	2077	7
12011 Morgan.....	1306	1628	3	—	8	—	1048	1143	6	281.	1250	1349	3
5017 New Madrid.....	490	1659	3	—	—	—	361	1215	2	69.	111	707	—
22108 Newton.....	2174	3029	52	1	12	—	183	1973	94	725.	1698	2005	470
30911 Nodaway.....	3447	4577	23	—	26	12.	2878	2918	104	961.	2623	2916	1143
10507 Oregon.....	575	1783	3	—	3	—	317	1117	8	175.	294	1029	115
16201 Osage.....	1700	1456	29	—	4	—	1578	1294	29	17.	1489	1230	—
9703 Ozark.....	1187	1025	4	—	4	—	881	387	9	202.	867	459	—
6705 Pembroke.....	363	1230	3	—	—	—	155	700	3	9.	40	618	—
12647 Perry.....	1532	1450	8	1	33	1.	1557	1464	1	—	1192	1314	—
81151 Pettit.....	4119	4267	40	6	21	14.	2610	3890	84	144.	3080	3539	83
12365 Phelps.....	1009	1816	6	—	7	1.	884	1287	10	246.	843	1361	—
26321 Pike.....	2884	3839	10	1	25	2.	2564	3655	34	40.	1908	3286	21
16448 Platte.....	1011	3191	17	—	13	1.	885	2653	34	119.	706	2944	—
20380 Polk.....	2501	2711	27	—	3	1.	1918	1211	30	1012.	1719	1820	926
8097 Putnam.....	802	1410	2	—	2	—	643	1046	6	53.	846	1058	—
15965 Putnam.....	2261	1378	7	—	8	1.	2027	1131	25	74.	1965	1110	11
12394 Ralls.....	814	2287	2	—	8	—	802	1968	11	18.	509	1813	—
24668 Randolph.....	2103	4097	9	2	26	7.	1700	3935	37	196.	1051	8148	52
24315 Ray.....	2303	3045	15	—	47	4.	1643	2250	42	134.	1221	3142	301
6938 Reynolds.....	285	1015	1	—	2	—	281	903	1	6.	206	753	—
8592 Ripley.....	749	1442	1	—	4	—	446	812	1	205.	886	835	131
22367 St. Charles.....	3173	2148	2	—	27	1.	2522	2485	11	26.	2261	2253	22
10717 St. Clair.....	1825	2696	15	—	7	1.	1310	1572	20	600.	1293	1512	546
17447 St. Francois.....	1694	2215	9	—	9	—	1233	2141	16	2.	1231	2016	—
18681 Ste. Genevieve.....	903	1245	—	1	4	—	683	1155	—	59.	703	1168	4
38307 St. Louis.....	6210	8403	22	4	48	2.	4767	8116	39	30.	394	2390	—
32302 Sullivan.....	3000	5615	29	—	56	2.	2621	4565	58	625.	1351	1418	548

Population.	McKisley.	Hearn.	Lewis.	Marshall.	Palmer.	Bentley.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Shaw.	Wheeler.	Mellin.	Grant.	Jones.
1249 Schuyler.....	114	142	15	1	1	1	985	1381	14	180	897	1380	9
1264 Scotland.....	1214	2677	13	1	4	1	940	1381	18	497	1136	1765	10
1128 Scott.....	751	1906	—	—	5	—	571	1812	7	51	538	1649	—
8718 Shannon.....	690	1183	4	—	1	—	541	1016	8	35	303	566	173
16442 Shelby.....	1375	2540	25	—	7	—	1128	2250	41	118	840	2129	6
1737 Stoddard.....	1384	2198	12	4	3	2	518	2220	16	181	1005	1896	—
700 Stone.....	1694	857	5	—	1	—	845	279	8	215	764	313	22
1000 Sullivan.....	2343	2451	23	—	7	3	2173	2036	20	76	2122	2103	—
7978 Taney.....	1024	365	2	2	2	1	791	459	2	82	841	474	4
19486 Texas.....	1785	2672	12	4	4	1	1294	1877	22	553	853	1797	24
13566 Vernon.....	1320	5135	24	—	19	20	1847	3637	102	773	1211	3228	341
9213 Warren.....	1080	861	—	—	7	—	1940	1885	9	43	1420	1930	73
13458 Washington.....	1547	1153	—	—	3	1	1340	1333	9	12	1158	1437	—
11727 Wayne.....	1418	1268	14	—	8	—	993	1333	13	49	903	1419	—
16177 Webster.....	1605	1963	14	—	3	—	1341	1274	17	382	1550	1416	279
8728 Worth.....	895	1248	9	—	2	2	624	691	59	486	629	806	102
1484 Wright.....	1735	1577	6	1	2	—	1454	795	15	643	1300	644	784
451770 St. Louis city.....	65108	50091	244	462	452	21	35528	34099	247	685	21273	24714	342
Total.....	30840	30847	244	505	495	22	22918	20518	431	1113	18823	25001	2514
Plurality.....	3077	—	—	—	—	—	4180	—	—	—	6188	—	—
Percent.....	45.21	53.95	101	103	104	100	41.95	49.62	80	7.62	40.53	51.54	5.00
Total vote.....	67019	—	—	—	—	—	54080	—	—	—	46336	—	—

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

Lon V. Stevens, Dem.....	351,062
Robert E. Lewis, Rep.....	307,729
Herman P. Faris, Pro.....	2,538
Lewis C. Fry, Soc.-Lab.....	757
J. McDowell Trimble, Gold Dem.....	1,809
OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896	
Lieut.-Gov.—August M. Boite, Dem.	
Sec. of State—Alexander A. Leueuer, Dem.	
State Auditor—James H. Siebert, Dem.	
Treasurer—Frank L. Pilsa, Dem.	
Attorney-General—Edward C. Crow, Dem.	
Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner—	
Timothy J. Hennessy, Dem.	
Jus. Supreme Court—Theodore Brace, Dem.	

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

1. The counties of Adair, Clark, Knox, Lewis, Macon, Marion, Putnam, Schuyler, Scotland and Shelby.....	19,324
C. N. Clark, Rep.....	24,044
R. P. Gilles, Dem.....	1,578
J. Weller Long, Pro.....	165
2. The counties of Carroll, Charlton, Grundy, Linn, Livingston, Monroe, Randolph and Sullivan.....	19,367
Charles A. Loomis, Rep.....	25,862
R. N. Bodine, Dem.....	1,212
J. T. Polson, Pro.....	—
3. The counties of Caldwell, Clay, Clinton, DeKalb, Daviess, Gentry, Harrison, Mercer, Ray and Worth.....	18,634
N. G. Orton, Rep.....	23,952
A. M. Dockery, Dem.....	2,158
Hardin Steele, Pro.....	—
4. The counties of Andrew, Atchison, Buchanan, Holt, Nodaway and Platte.....	17,633
George C. Crowther, Rep.....	21,612
C. F. Cochran, Dem.....	143
Willis Weaver, Pro.....	—
5. The counties of Jackson and Lafayette.....	21,306
Jay H. Neff, Rep.....	25,966
William S. Cowherd, Dem.....	—
6. The counties of Bates, Cass, Cedar, Dade, Henry, Johnson and St. Clair.....	16,722
F. V. Hamilton, Rep.....	22,524
D. A. De Armond, Dem.....	2,606
H. B. Linton, Pro.....	229
W. M. Godwin, Pro.....	—
7. The counties of Benton, Boone, Greene, Hickory, Howard, Pettis, Polk and Saline.....	21,772
J. P. Tracey, Rep.....	27,846
James Cooney, Dem.....	2,287
J. R. Thomas, Pro.....	197
R. T. Bond, Pro.....	—
8. The counties of Callaway, Camden, Cole, Cooper, Dallas, Laclede, Maries, Miller, Monticau, Morgan, Osage, Phelps and Pulaski.....	19,754
Joel D. Hubbard, Rep.....	—

R. P. Bland, Dem.....	24,605
John Stencipher, Pro.....	1,467
9. The counties of Audrain, Crawford, Gasconade, Lincoln, Montgomery, Pike, Ralls, St. Charles and Warren.....	17,475
William M. Treloar, Rep.....	19,370
Cham Clark, Dem.....	1,339
B. O. Sims, Pro.....	—
10. The counties of Franklin and St. Louis and the 5th, 7th, 9th, 11th and 13th wards and part of the 23d ward of the city of St. Louis.....	25,513
Richard Bartholdt, Rep.....	2,060
*Charles A. Lemp, Dem.....	296
Carl Meler, Soc.-Lab.....	—
11. The 4th, 6th, 8th, 10th, 12th, 14th, 16th, 18th, 24th and 26th wards and parts of the 15th, 20th, 22d and 28th wards of the city of St. Louis.....	21,463
Charles F. Joy, Rep.....	24,676
John T. Hunt, Dem.....	1,339
Aug. F. Haessler, Soc.-Lab.....	214
12. The 1st, 2d, 3d, 17th, 19th, 21st, 25th and 27th wards and parts of the 15th, 20th, 22d, 23d and 28th wards of the city of St. Louis.....	21,463
Charles E. Pierce, Rep.....	17,563
R. H. Kern, Dem.....	71
Louis Crusius, Soc.-Lab.....	—
*Declined to run, but received that many votes anyway.....	—
13. The counties of Carter, Dent, Iron, Jefferson, Madison, Perry, Reynolds, Ste. Genevieve, St. Francois, Shannon, Texas, Washington, Wayne, Webster and Wright.....	19,962
George Steele, Rep.....	25,210
Edward Robb, Dem.....	1,539
George Bond, Pro.....	—
14. The counties of Bollinger, Butler, Cape Girardeau, Christian, Douglas, Dunklin, Howell, Mississippi, New Madrid, Oregon, Osage, Pemiscot, Ripley, Scott, Stoddard, Stone and Taney.....	20,659
J. A. Snider, Rep.....	25,085
W. D. Vandiver, Dem.....	1,560
A. H. Livingston, Pro.....	—
15. The counties of Barry, Barton, Jasper, Lawrence, McDonald, Newton and Vernon.....	17,910
Charles G. Burton, Rep.....	24,155
M. E. Benton, Dem.....	1,914
George Frank, Pro.....	230
Charles A. Mitchell, Pro.....	—

## LEGISLATURE.

	1897-8.	1896-7.	
Sen. Ho. J. Bal. Sen. Ho. J. Bal.			
Republicans.....	14	47	41
Democrats.....	19	71	93
People's.....	4	14	19
Rep. and Peo. 1.....	1	1	2
Dem. and Peo. 10.....	10	10	—

## ELECTION RETURNS.

319

## MONTANA (Population 132,159).

COUNTIES. (23)	PRESIDENT 1896				JUS. SUP. CT. 94				PRESIDENT 1892			
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Hunt.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Hunt.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Pro.
Population.	McKinley	Bryan	Lowery	McKinley	Bryan	Lowery	McKinley	Bryan	Lowery	McKinley	Bryan	Lowery
4656 Beaverhead.....	154	1246	7..	682	263	244..	729	403	20	155	—	—
..... Carbon.....	895	739	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
8765 Cascade.....	963	1920	15..	1495	585	1877..	1295	1184	49	337	—	—
4741 Choteau.....	624	701	6..	788	324	97..	778	676	19	85	—	—
5348 Custer.....	723	676	8..	705	405	179..	690	557	8	66	—	—
2042 Dawson.....	835	177	8..	874	138	84..	843	203	9	22	—	—
15145 Deer Lodge.....	446	4916	8..	1428	1083	1984..	1930	2152	40	1319	—	—
3514 Fergus.....	725	834	3..	994	999	105..	766	560	21	31	—	—
..... Flathead.....	413	1360	6..	750	314	791..	—	—	—	—	—	—
6236 Gallatin.....	423	1649	35..	908	1021	277..	908	1144	82	80	—	—
..... Granite.....	61	1746	7..	543	167	549..	—	—	—	—	—	—
0095 Jefferson.....	153	2185	1..	1097	535	837..	740	730	28	447	—	—
19115 Lewis and Clarke.....	1057	4007	20..	2760	1671	1837..	2014	2003	100	1073	—	—
4432 Madison.....	815	1633	10..	898	558	895..	763	694	14	151	—	—
4749 Meagher.....	333	1305	1..	693	359	397..	535	735	14	252	—	—
14475 Missoula.....	365	2259	6..	815	415	1445..	2015	2340	45	706	—	—
6881 Park.....	323	1252	11..	1193	606	443..	1192	1048	80	123	—	—
..... Ravalli.....	207	1542	6..	578	354	835..	—	—	—	—	—	—
25744 Silver Bow.....	1275	9992	29..	4112	1816	3311..	3261	2648	54	2473	—	—
..... Sweet Grass.....	292	298	1..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
..... Teton.....	298	321	1..	456	140	125..	—	—	—	—	—	—
..... Valley.....	175	204	—	156	131	94..	—	—	—	—	—	—
2005 Yellowstone.....	429	575	6..	844	373	171..	479	399	18	23	—	—
Total.....	10494	42537	186..	22103	10714	15505..	18851	17581	549	7334	—	—
Plurality.....	—	32043	—	—	5598	—	—	1270	—	—	—	—
Per cent.....	19.71	70.91	30..	45.74	23.10	32.30..	42.74	39.69	1.01	16.55	—	—
Total vote.....	53217	—	—	48323	—	44315	—	—	—	—	—	—

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

Alexander C. Botkin, Rep.....	14,992
Robert B. Smith, Fus.....	36,683

## OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896

Lieutenant-Governor—A. E. Spriggs, Fus.	
Secretary of State—T. S. Hogan, Fus.	
Auditor—T. W. Pointdexter, Jr., Fus.	
Treasurer—Timothy E. Collins, Fus.	
Attorney-General—Col. C. B. Nolan, Fus.	
Superintendent of Public Instruction—E. A. Carleton, Fus.	
Associate Justice, Supreme Court—Horace R. Buck, Fus.	

## REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1896.

O. F. Goddard, Rep.....	9,492
Charles S. Hartman, Sil. Rep.....	33,932

## LEGISLATURE.

	1896-7.		1894-5.	
	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.
Republicans .....	11	8	19..	13
Democrats .....	9	44	53..	5
Peop's .....	3	16	19..	2
Dem.-Pro. ....	—	—	—	13
Pro.-Ind. Rep. ....	—	—	—	1

## NEBRASKA (Population 1,058,910).

COUNTIES. (90)	SUPREME JUDGE 1897				PRESIDENT 1896				GOV. 1894			
	Rep.	Fus.	Pro.	N.D. Lib.	Rep.	Fus.	Pro.	Nat. S. L. G.D.	Rep.	Dem.	D.P.	D.P.
Population.	Post	Gallivan	Strong	Switzer	McKinley	Bryan	Lowery	McKinley	Palmer	Major	Source	at Holston
29435 Adams.....	1549	1968	85	13	—	1783	2086	21	23	5	56..	1856
10435 Anselmo.....	909	1218	19	5	—	988	1289	29	9	—	29..	872
24355 Banner.....	133	1013	2	2	—	173	130	1	—	—	2..	175
1146 Blaine.....	68	64	2	2	—	86	60	—	—	—	3..	65
8983 Boone.....	1079	1245	11	8	—	1069	1381	30	4	1	11..	974
5494 Box Butte.....	322	495	7	4	—	441	570	3	3	1	19..	541
4940 Boyd.....	543	888	9	4	—	500	556	6	11	4	24..	469
4940 Brown.....	336	296	3	1	—	385	320	—	2	—	10..	404
22162 Buffalo.....	1617	2154	15	6	—	1835	2424	34	22	5	48..	1798
11960 Burt.....	1284	1108	8	2	1..	1908	1249	23	16	3	31..	1148
15454 Butler.....	1239	1907	23	5	6..	1285	2262	19	32	2	8..	1252
20980 Cass.....	2310	2270	57	10	6..	2639	2465	21	32	2	64..	2573
7028 Cedar.....	1006	1842	10	8	—	1011	1515	6	6	—	16..	804
4807 Chase.....	244	265	4	2	—	244	266	2	—	—	8..	309
6428 Cherry.....	558	990	5	5	—	607	638	3	1	8	40..	508
5928 Cheyenne.....	507	415	7	8	—	459	507	3	2	3	22..	379
36710 Clay.....	1487	1946	29	8	2..	1691	1747	21	9	3	47..	1712
12930 Colfax.....	783	1298	12	3	—	905	1424	6	3	3	45..	714
12930 Cuming.....	1004	1615	4	10	—	1312	1757	4	3	—	20..	988
21677 Custer.....	1436	2027	39	6	—	1484	2432	39	16	1	18..	1415
5686 Dakota.....	574	643	17	10	—	619	984	6	—	—	25..	561
5922 Dawes.....	643	809	9	4	—	831	943	7	12	—	28..	777
10129 Dawson.....	1120	1473	24	6	—	1128	1427	22	6	1	34..	998
2865 Deuel.....	273	229	1	3	—	301	280	—	—	—	10..	222
8084 Dixon.....	872	1127	22	7	—	934	1297	13	6	—	56..	747
19290 Dodge.....	1736	2098	43	13	—	2453	2932	25	14	5	112..	1725
15408 Douglas.....	9480	7974	101	175	—	12326	11739	101	17	63	404..	10643
4012 Dundy.....	272	263	—	—	—	272	263	—	—	—	14..	296
14022 Fillmore.....	1534	1636	11	8	1..	1898	1737	10	15	1	63..	1647
7083 Franklin.....	735	1027	23	8	—	821	1492	15	15	1	12..	810
5497 Frontier.....	732	894	17	14	—	773	1023	7	2	1	9..	735
9640 Furnas.....	1034	1886	16	7	3..	1148	1485	15	7	1	14..	1141
39443 Gage.....	2865	2340	77	71	—	3833	2708	35	17	4	111..	3569

Population	Post. Sullivan	Strong	Wier	Wile	McKinley	Bryan	Lever	Bentley	Masch	Palmer	Majors	Searle	Hole
1894 Garfield	148	191	2	—	143	224	1	—	—	108	—	167	—
4816 Gosport	342	561	7	4	—	419	690	2	8	—	23	933	805
498 Grant	83	72	—	—	—	86	101	1	—	7	7	70	109
4982 Greeley	359	777	1	1	—	306	780	1	—	1	—	800	641
18113 Hall	1884	1561	21	6	—	1917	1843	15	3	3	70	1561	1548
14086 Hamilton	1215	1532	17	5	1	1380	1564	16	9	—	87	1270	1390
8158 Harlan	741	1104	11	1	20	836	1153	15	29	—	18	930	936
3343 Hayes	325	243	5	3	—	302	284	—	1	—	30	305	257
5330 Hitchcock	401	537	—	1	—	421	488	—	2	—	8	474	556
18972 Holt	873	1575	48	6	3	878	1433	30	19	—	19	978	1801
423 Hooker	7	45	—	—	—	10	9	—	—	—	2	28	—
9431 Howard	742	1101	9	1	—	693	1298	12	9	6	10	673	1083
14450 Jefferson	1523	1537	12	8	—	1861	1513	16	—	1	43	1700	1131
10453 Johnson	1308	1156	23	7	2	1408	1245	11	30	—	33	1404	982
9001 Kearney	774	1140	19	8	—	955	1181	28	8	1	11	925	1040
2530 Kelly	207	244	1	2	—	178	267	—	—	1	1	100	289
3320 Keya Paha	228	303	7	—	—	180	297	7	5	—	10	223	357
950 Kimball	91	49	2	—	—	97	62	8	—	—	3	82	94
8592 Knox	958	1247	34	3	—	1043	1590	28	6	—	54	912	1205
7595 Lancaster	8057	4086	141	28	81	6513	5681	88	57	15	127	6897	4275
10141 Lincoln	1073	1216	26	5	—	1078	1358	19	2	2	44	980	1086
1374 Logan	50	95	—	—	—	74	127	1	—	—	1	105	110
1652 Logan	110	125	3	—	—	116	133	—	—	—	1	119	112
14994 Madison	1375	1580	19	13	—	1867	1713	15	5	1	51	1404	1509
401 McPherson	26	23	—	—	—	87	45	—	—	—	—	43	47
8758 Merrick	857	951	19	8	—	979	1014	29	7	1	21	840	897
5773 Nance	682	939	9	1	—	743	908	5	4	—	9	652	801
12500 Nemaha	1349	1677	51	8	—	1449	1929	26	4	3	13	1528	1362
11447 Nuckolls	1043	1375	14	6	—	1137	1356	16	9	—	40	1197	1339
24453 Otoe	1877	2174	54	31	—	238	2549	32	33	2	100	2080	1968
10340 Pawnee	1340	1141	46	2	—	1486	1164	38	13	—	24	1361	920
4364 Perkins	140	211	8	5	1	166	234	8	1	—	5	241	291
6893 Phelps	731	1108	19	5	—	973	1398	22	18	—	16	840	1138
4864 Phelps	549	857	9	—	—	634	981	7	2	—	12	874	700
15487 Platte	1101	2163	14	7	—	1377	2191	8	16	1	58	993	1191
10447 Polk	699	1357	17	6	—	841	1503	14	38	2	7	792	1283
8837 Red Willow	881	955	22	8	—	969	1011	9	8	—	16	1001	897
17574 Richardson	2107	2402	32	8	—	2291	2539	23	24	1	67	2107	1764
30881 Rock	846	243	6	4	—	847	225	2	—	2	18	335	10
20097 Saline	1629	1759	38	29	—	3098	2012	13	30	1	60	2053	207
6855 Sarpy	581	985	26	7	—	674	1188	18	5	—	54	570	973
21577 Saunders	1784	2825	35	11	1	2121	2713	25	15	5	58	1708	2592
1998 Scott's Bluff	278	483	10	—	—	230	244	2	3	—	20	30	155
10440 Seward	1428	1830	11	6	3	1688	1874	12	9	1	63	1496	140
4897 Sheridan	694	733	8	2	—	536	890	15	5	—	24	540	103
4898 Sherman	433	752	2	1	—	432	840	8	4	12	7	389	719
2462 Sioux	131	244	—	—	—	155	306	1	1	—	4	144	37
4612 Stanton	638	779	8	5	—	653	831	10	2	—	33	494	95
12298 Thayer	1340	1389	18	12	—	1556	1383	11	13	1	43	1587	154
547 Thomas	42	78	—	—	—	33	80	—	—	—	2	55	9
3176 Thurston	553	515	8	—	—	508	717	1	4	1	—	318	40
7022 Valley	674	828	7	1	—	692	890	6	1	1	23	594	25
1189 Washington	1256	1193	9	13	—	1597	1439	11	7	—	56	1141	60
6169 Wayne	851	937	10	5	—	935	1108	4	2	1	8	780	88
11210 Webster	1082	1235	23	5	—	1137	1346	17	8	—	36	110	57
1684 Wheeler	77	161	3	2	—	97	170	2	2	—	4	95	8
17239 York	1707	1755	34	4	1	1919	1800	24	15	1	25	1924	66
Total	85009	102828	1825	718	82	103064	115990	1243	797	183	2885	94613	6935
Plural	13829	—	—	—	—	12835	—	—	—	—	—	—	8341
Per cent	45.96	52.05	83	09	01	45.97	51.75	556	35	08	1.29	45.38	3.42
Scattering	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	104
Total vote	193740	—	—	—	—	224171	—	—	—	—	—	—	200.6

In 1894, Gerrard, Pro., received 4439 votes for governor.

#### FOR REGENTS STATE UNIVERSITY, 1897.

Charles W. Kaley, Rep.	89,863
J. N. Dryden, Rep.	88,696
E. Von Ferrell, Fus.	38,741
Mrs. I. Spurlock, Fus.	97,962
D. L. Whitney, Peo.	1,755
J. S. Morten, Nat. Dem.	1,612
J. Leas, Nat. Dem.	1,309
J. C. Crawford, Nat. Dem.	25
R. C. Bentley, Lib.	633

#### REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. Counties of Cass, Johnson, Lancaster, Otoe, Pawnee, Richardson and Nemaha.	17,356
J. B. Strode, Rep.	17,187
J. H. Brondy, Dem. and Peo.	218
H. E. George, Nat.	429
C. E. Smith, Pro.	—
2. Counties of Douglas, Sarpy and Washington.	—

D. H. Mercer, Rep.	14,851
E. R. Duffie, Dem. and Peo.	13,286
Charles Watts, Pro.	202
G. W. Woodbey, Nat.	59
3. Counties of Antelope, Boone, Burt, Cedar, Colfax, Cuming, Dakota, Dixon, Dodge, Madison, Merrick, Nance, Pierce, Platte, Stanton, Thurston and Wayne.	18,633
R. L. Hammond, Rep.	23,487
Samuel Maxwell, Dem. and Peo.	521
David Brown, Pro.	254
C. M. Griffith, Nat.	—
4. Counties of Gage, Butler, Fillmore, Hamilton, Jefferson, Polk, Saline, Saunders, Seward, Thayer and York.	18,844
E. J. Hanley, Rep.	897
R. L. Dunphy, Dem.	20,515
W. L. Stark, Dem. and Peo.	425
R. Spurlock, Nat. and Pro.	114
W. H. Dech, Petition	—

## ELECTION RETURNS.

321

5. Counties of Adams, Chase, Clay, Dundy, Franklin, Frontier, Furnas, Gosper, Hull, Harlan, Hayes, Hitchcock, Kearney, Nuckolls, Perkins, Phelps, Red Willow and Webster.

W. E. Andrews, Rep. .... 15,621  
R. S. Proudft, Dem. .... 433  
R. D. Sutherland, Dem. and Peo. 13,332  
J. S. Miller, Nat. .... 153  
C. W. Preston, Pro. .... 226

6. Counties of Arthur, Banner, Blaine, Box Butte, Brown, Buffalo, Cheyenne, Cherry, Custer, Dawes, Dawson, Deuel, Garfield, Greeley, Holt, Hooper, Howard, Keya Paha, Keith, Kimball, Lincoln, Logan, Loup, Mc-

Pherson, Rock, Scott's Bluff, Sheridan, Sherman, Sioux, Thomas, Valley and Wheeler.  
A. E. Cady, Rep. .... 14,841  
W. L. Greene, Dem. and Peo. 19,378  
A. D. George, Pro. .... 436  
A. C. Sloan, Nat. .... 119

## LEGISLATURE.

	1896-7.			1894-5.		
	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.
Republicans	8	31	39	26	72	97
Democrats	1	6	7	—	4	4
Fusion	17	40	57	—	—	—
Peo. Ind.	7	23	30	—	—	—
Peo. Dem.	—	—	—	1	19	20

## NEVADA (Population 45,761).

COUNTIES. (15)	PRES. 1896			GOV. 1891			PRES. 1892			GOV. '90			
	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	Rep.	Dem.	Sil.	Peo.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	Rep.	Dem.
Population.	McKinley	Bryan	Bryan	Cleveland	Winters	Jonas	Peckham	Harrison	Cleveland	Wheeler	Wheeler	Wheeler	Wheeler
708 Churchill	47	153	3	70	8	94	13	57	4	1	129	56	85
1551 Douglas	175	180	85	233	4	147	17	196	26	6	157	255	202
4794 Elko	127	942	69	241	69	785	51	218	49	6	387	649	739
2148 Esmeralda	69	384	13	125	23	289	6	84	19	2	394	496	804
3275 Eureka	22	553	20	135	8	450	20	48	10	9	708	507	435
3434 Humboldt	98	715	34	210	38	735	86	54	27	6	714	319	464
2266 Lander	36	479	15	131	68	219	81	52	30	6	437	298	273
2496 Lincoln	30	813	85	216	23	225	107	99	26	2	413	253	270
1947 Lyon	113	450	32	233	17	387	23	152	26	4	403	352	343
1290 Nye	12	215	13	39	11	160	14	14	7	2	238	150	159
4883 Ormsby	284	550	16	433	23	405	8	417	81	8	406	612	299
348 Roop	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
8908 Storey	372	1075	74	744	215	678	59	719	196	7	1189	1524	1102
6949 Washoe	613	1070	158	818	171	699	271	530	235	29	834	846	857
1721 White Pine	40	303	8	233	—	171	5	71	8	3	352	277	209
Total	1938	7802	575	8361	678	5223	711	2811	714	89	7384	6901	5791
Plurality	6432			1332							4453	810	
Per cent.	18.79	75.64	5.57	36.91	6.46	49.75	6.88	25.40	6.48	66.77	53.27	46.72	
Total vote	10313			10373				10373			12382		

OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896  
Lieut. Gov.—C. H. E. Hardin, Sil. Dem.  
Judge of Supreme Court—W. A. Massy, Sil. Dem.  
Board of Regents—Long term, J. N. Evans, Sil. Dem.; short term, H. S. Starrett, Sil. Dem.

REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1896.  
M. J. Davis, Rep. .... 1,319  
Francis G. Newlands, Sil., Dem. .... 6,523

James C. Dougherty, Peo. .... 1,948

## LEGISLATURE.

	1896-7.			1894-5.		
	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.
Republicans	4	3	6	3	12	15
Democrats	1	1	2	—	—	—
People's	—	—	—	—	1	1
Silver	0	28	35	9	16	25
Independent	1	1	2	3	—	3

## NEW HAMPSHIRE (Population 376,530).

COUNTIES. (10)	PRESIDENT 1896					GOV. 1894					PRES. 1892				
	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	Pro.	Nat.	L.	G.	D.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	
Population.	McKinley	Bryan	Bryan	McKinley	McKinley	McKinley	McKinley	McKinley	McKinley	McKinley	McKinley	McKinley	McKinley	McKinley	
20621 Belknap	2465	1961	14	68	4	—	283	2723	1940	11	184	2963	2474	128	
18124 Carroll	2400	1296	8	67	8	1	175	2073	2044	9	90	2253	2267	89	
25679 Cheshire	4818	1243	29	45	2	5	201	3652	2012	39	123	4012	2934	100	
22511 Coos	3353	1496	23	55	—	2	193	2909	2502	20	67	2419	2639	30	
37217 Grafton	8159	2267	49	104	17	2	430	4830	3711	60	239	4828	4749	155	
35257 Hillsborough	13899	4877	88	144	11	179	395	10449	7173	334	319	8765	7875	215	
49435 Merrimack	7715	3232	47	155	4	3	362	6351	5101	83	335	6116	5919	251	
49454 Rockingham	2981	2918	74	87	4	15	380	4507	4916	165	199	6380	5961	168	
38242 Strafford	5493	2244	25	67	2	16	173	3018	3018	112	106	4936	4223	103	
17304 Sullivan	2560	834	21	27	2	4	201	2301	1544	9	88	2434	2021	68	
Total	57444	31271	379	779	49	228	3580	46491	33659	832	1750	45658	42081	1297	
Plurality	35794						12232					3547			
Per cent.	68.65	25.42	.40	.93	.05	.27	4.20	55.99	40.89	1.00	2.10	51.11	47.10	1.45	
Total vote	83670							83682				83628			

In 1892, Weaver, Peo., received 232 votes for president.

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

George A. Ramsdell, Rep. .... 48,387  
Henry O. Kent, Dem. .... 23,333  
John C. Berry, Pro. .... 1,062  
Harry C. Acton, Soc. Lab. .... 433  
Gardner J. Greenleaf, Peo. .... 284  
George W. Barnard, Nat. .... 223

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. The counties of Belknap, Carroll, Rockingham, Strafford, Hillsborough (part) and Merrimack (part).  
Cyrus A. Sulloway, Rep. .... 25,661  
John B. Nash, Dem. .... 13,938  
Henry E. Brawn, Pro. .... 614

Benj. T. Whitehouse, Soc. Lab....	326
Charles W. Coolidge, Nat.....	121
Josiah A. Whitier, Peo.....	111
2. The counties of Cheshire, Coos, Grafton, Sullivan, Hillsborough (part) and Merrimack (part).	
Frank G. Clarke, Rep.....	26,699
Daniel M. White, Dem.....	13,877
Allen W. Wark, Pro.....	544

Arthur H. Drury, Nat.....	183
Elias M. Blodgett, Peo.....	178

## LEGISLATURE.

1897-8.		1895-6.	
Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.
Republicans .. 23	391	313..	21
Democrats .. 2	61	68..	3
Vacant .....	2	2..	—

## NEW JERSEY (Population 1,444,933).

COUNTIES. (21)	—PRESIDENT 1896—				—GOVERNOR 1896—				—PRES. 1892—			
	Rep.	Dem.	G. D.	Pro. S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	G. D.	Pro. S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	G. D.	Pro.
Population	McElroy	Bryan	Falmer	Leahy	Blanchett	Grigg	McCall	Wilson	Ellis	Kahn	Harbo's	Cherry
Atlantic.....	5005	2283	119	29	19..	8332	2482	218	6	17..	3323	3001
47226 Bergen.....	8845	4541	451	113	126..	6083	5331	119	2	119..	5620	5804
58528 Burlington.....	1971	4919	406	306	19..	7312	5101	367	12	21..	6881	6727
87967 Camden.....	16385	6580	240	830	97..	12785	6346	474	81	111..	11001	10007
11276 Cape May.....	2136	929	50	135	12..	1300	1050	134	16	11..	1479	1310
45438 Cumberland.....	7013	3977	73	487	28..	5316	3235	493	48	25..	5516	4725
259098 Essex.....	42597	20500	1004	510	885..	20337	22821	747	224	843..	21045	30179
29640 Gloucester.....	4727	2061	77	216	8..	4065	2029	225	4	11..	3749	3528
777126 Hudson.....	83039	28133	957	537	1140..	20048	26847	353	4	117..	2597	32596
35555 Hunterdon.....	4264	4907	99	289	8..	5448	4157	443	9	23..	3448	6130
76573 Mercer.....	13847	5979	493	408	71..	11100	7673	307	115	64..	1705	1847
61254 Middlesex.....	6754	676	430	116	64..	7341	6487	160	34	124..	6142	7942
60128 Monmouth.....	10411	7792	474	204	19..	8197	7836	340	57	43..	7676	6014
54101 Morris.....	8110	4586	351	468	25..	6053	4351	465	29	25..	5729	5896
15974 Ocean.....	3394	1068	80	123	7..	2632	1223	136	27	19..	2610	1561
105046 Passaic.....	15437	9280	357	233	940..	11613	8569	816	82	1163..	11528	10992
21514 Salem.....	3717	2802	67	247	3..	3331	2945	212	21	12..	3552	3527
22501 Somerset.....	4383	2808	159	126	10..	3453	2628	161	21	19..	3367	3409
22550 Sussex.....	5015	2375	49	123	11..	2849	2639	155	39	15..	2546	3218
72467 Union.....	11107	6073	529	224	477..	8401	6887	253	46	411..	7525	6307
36553 Warren.....	4063	5013	62	344	15..	3375	4023	560	6	34..	5182	6381

Total.....	221367	133675	6373	5614	8985..	162300	133000	6361	1901	4147..	156068	171042
Plurality.....	87692					23300					14974	
Per cent.....	59.66	36.03	1.72	1.51	1.07..	52.2	43.5	2.2	.6	1.4..	46.23	50.67
Total vote.....	371014					316168					337547	

In 1892 Weaver, Peo., received 939, and Wing, S.-L., 1,337 votes for president.

## VOTE ON AMENDMENTS, 1897.

1. Prohibiting poolselling, bookmaking or gambling of any kind in the state.

For .....	70,443
Against .....	69,642

2. Prohibiting persons nominated by the governor for office, who shall not have been confirmed by the legislature before recess, from holding such office during the recess.

For .....	73,722
Against .....	66,296

3. Providing for female suffrage for election of school officers.

For .....	65,021
Against .....	75,170

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. Counties of Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester and Salem.

Henry C. Loudenslager, Rep.....	33,659
John T. Wright, Dem.....	17,118
Rodolphus Bingham, Nat. Pro.....	1,516
Frank F. Mills, Soc. Lab.....	150

2. Counties of Atlantic, Burlington, Mercer and Ocean.

John J. Gardner, Rep.....	31,418
Abraham E. Conrow, Dem.....	13,969
J. Baillie Adams, Nat. Pro.....	1,036
R. L. Temple, Nat. Dem.....	1,076
George Yardley, Soc. Lab.....	115

3. Counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Somerset.

Benjamin F. Howell, Rep.....	24,308
John A. Wells, Dem.....	16,087
Arthur W. Marshall, Nat. Pro.....	511

William S. Jones, Nat. Dem..... 936  
Patrick Henry, Soc. Lab..... 148  
4. Counties of Hunterdon, Morris, Sussex, and Warren.

Mahlon Pitney, Rep.....	20,494
Augustus W. Cutler, Dem.....	17,517
Theo. N. Logan, Nat. Pro.....	1,064

5. Counties of Bergen and Passaic.

James F. Stewart, Rep.....	23,845
Addison Ely, Dem.....	12,667
Mahlon B. Reed, Nat. Pro.....	1,370
Hardy M. Banks, Nat. Dem.....	920
James Wilson, Soc. Lab.....	1,041

6. Part of Essex county.

Richard W. Parker, Rep.....	31,059
Joseph A. Beecher, Dem.....	15,393
Oliver B. Harden, Nat. Pro.....	328
William J. Peoples, Nat. Dem.....	791
James E. Billings, Soc. Labor.....	781

7. Part of Hudson county.

Thomas McEwan, Jr., Rep.....	20,557
Alex C. Young, Dem.....	26,080
John F. McCracken, Nat. Pro.....	176
Ryder J. Wortendyke, Nat. Dem.....	875
Frank Campbell, Soc. Lab.....	1,073
Samuel Zinner, Sr., Nat. Sil.....	235

8. Counties of Union, part of Essex and part of Hudson counties.

Charles N. Fowler, Rep.....	35,131
Freeman O. Willey, Dem.....	13,487
Samuel Wilson, Nat. Pro.....	443
Alex D. Noyes, Nat. Dem.....	1,085
William T. Campbell, Soc. Lab.....	572

## LEGISLATURE.

1896.		1897.	
Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.
Republicans.....	14	57	51..
Democrats.....	7	23	30..
			3
			4

## NEW MEXICO (Population 163,668).

COUNTIES. (18)	DELEGATE 1896			DEL. 1894			DEL. '92	
	Dem.	Rep.	Ill.	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.	Rep.	Dem.
Population.	Ferguson.	Cairon.	Danna.	Carlin.	Joseph.	Mills.	Catron.	Joseph.
20613 Bernalillo.....	2049	2059	23..	2049	1449	210..	1947	1914
Chaves.....	418	101	19..	351	409	5..	63	202
7974 Colfax.....	1279	580	6..	551	704	100..	532	918
9191 Dona Ana.....	1258	1045	..	1190	1334	65..	532	1242
Eddy.....	412	120	..	240	420	43..	223	847
9657 Grant.....	1407	455	1..	723	743	299..	944	989
Guadalupe.....	502	490	..	407	461	..	258	378
17061 Lincoln.....	769	464	..	570	355	213..	400	684
10618 Mora.....	1112	1112	..	1014	1692	18..	870	1843
1594 Rio Arriba.....	1284	1492	..	1520	1364	8..	1477	1178
1990 San Juan.....	445	125	..	168	225	253..	185	251
24204 San Miguel.....	2334	2332	4..	2129	2123	105..	1755	2623
13562 Santa Fe.....	1641	1584	12..	1517	1485	135..	1624	1203
8530 Sierra.....	128	183	..	653	234	280..	491	470
9838 Socorro.....	1445	1205	..	1520	159	53..	1080	1002
Taos.....	1193	1015	..	757	660	7..	940	956
Union.....	524	375	..	384	487	1..	—	—
13876 Valencia.....	205	1615	1..	1240	271	..	1350	123
Total.....	18947	17017	66..	18118	15351	1335..	15220	15799
Plurality.....	1930	..	..	2752	..	..	..	579
Per cent.....	52.63	47.16	0.18..	51.30	44.76	3.77..	49.06	50.93
Scattering.....	..	..	..	1368	..	..	..	..
Total vote.....	36080	..	..	35301	..	..	31019	..

## LEGISLATURE, 1897.

Council. House. J. Bal

Republicans.....	6	12	18
Democrats.....	6	12	18

## LEGISLATURE, 1894.

Legislature was democratic on joint ballot.

## NEW YORK (Population 5,997,853).

COUNTIES. (60)	JUDGE CT. APLS. 1897			PRESIDENT 1896			GOVERNOR 1896		
	Rep.	Dem.	Soc. Pro.	Rep.	Fus.	G. D. Pro. S.-L.	Rep.	Fus.	G. D. S.-L.
Population.	Wallace.	Parker.	Cuno.	Baldwin.	Leitch.	McKinley.	Bliss.	Porter.	Driffin.
16455 Albany.....	17991	10939	279	224.	2252	17898	359	207	187..
43240 Allegany.....	4895	2879	19	573..	7073	3949	85	447	4..
62978 Broome.....	3620	5071	17	643..	10432	5441	124	446	9..
60806 Cattaraugus.....	6152	3104	40	272..	9337	4983	90	302	12..
65902 Cayuga.....	4915	3294	37	324..	10084	5816	143	247	30..
75302 Chautauque.....	6485	3169	49	510..	14255	6381	135	410	17..
48295 Chemung.....	5531	4097	50	485..	7035	5359	92	230	19..
87776 Chenango.....	4533	2491	29	333..	6338	3273	104	207	14..
46437 Clinton.....	3759	3182	18	84..	6005	3974	54	44	12..
45172 Columbia.....	4988	3569	9	133..	6654	4573	177	175	3..
28657 Cortland.....	3040	2681	1	322..	4919	2571	55	222	1..
45306 Delaware.....	4828	3365	18	373..	7790	4450	94	272	8..
77879 Dutchess.....	5749	6382	36	513..	4517	6854	244	357	50..
32261 Erie.....	54755	34400	808	693..	45137	30172	1124	403	50..
83052 Essex.....	2715	1563	10	45..	5556	1769	56	94	4..
88110 Franklin.....	2421	1032	14	154..	6113	2450	64	143	14..
37650 Fulton.....	4921	3182	157	297..	7704	3843	127	330	73..
4762 Hamilton.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33295 Genesee.....	2548	1195	14	200..	5190	3004	55	181	9..
31598 Greene.....	3507	3711	21	172..	4540	3988	88	158	18..
45608 Herkimer.....	5348	5153	38	276..	8096	5027	151	261	10..
69906 Jefferson.....	6576	4426	25	493..	7411	4544	176	507	4..
938547 Kings.....	58916	93209	2630	453..	109185	76882	3715	463	3481..
28305 Lewis.....	2930	1961	3	169..	4400	2412	51	38	5..
37801 Livingston.....	3559	2613	12	252..	5461	4101	73	257	4..
42862 Madison.....	3895	2000	53	340..	5563	3540	106	268	32..
186538 Monroe.....	18183	15506	520	485..	29288	17138	395	511	40..
45699 Montgomery.....	5504	4220	80	294..	1082	4759	141	111	36..
1515901 New York.....	71396	162926	10664	854..	159359	135924	5541	683	10325..
62491 Niagara.....	4905	4723	47	270..	8636	4441	143	267	13..
122922 Oneida.....	18366	9998	243	801..	18355	11003	468	520	161..
146247 Onondaga.....	18851	15951	961	497..	25632	13835	206	405	715..
48453 Ontario.....	5130	3447	24	392..	7508	5885	126	206	9..
97659 Orange.....	10501	8637	223	573..	14986	8751	219	304	67..
39332 Orleans.....	3026	1467	12	169..	4954	2943	53	213	6..
71838 Oswego.....	7803	4548	18	319..	9411	5501	85	258	3..
50851 Otsego.....	5308	3945	54	320..	8161	5840	136	321	9..
14849 Putnam.....	1707	916	2	68..	2944	1027	53	42	9..
123059 Queens.....	11508	14718	1045	229..	18891	11880	633	152	774..
124511 Rensselaer.....	13109	12423	170	349..	17221	15119	208	274	92..
51603 Richmond.....	3569	5694	170	112..	6170	4452	236	145	138..
35162 Rockland.....	3023	3353	19	7..	4538	3402	156	109	11..
86048 St. Lawrence.....	6858	1975	47	305..	15287	5749	123	377	5..
57056 Saratoga.....	6006	4494	24	322..	9539	4987	157	362	17..
29795 Schenectady.....	3614	3527	78	89..	4903	3711	103	115	75..
26164 Schoharie.....	3317	3537	6	146..	3838	4203	54	135	4..

Population.	Wallas.	Porter.	Juno.	Baldwin.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Levering.	Matchett.	Black.	Porter.	Griffin.	Balkam.
16,711 Schuyler.....	1985	1243	7	132..	2892	1619	37	146	1..	2680	1626	48	1
28,227 Seneca.....	3010	2728	12	90..	3853	3213	54	175	3..	3808	3280	49	3
41,173 Steuben.....	7919	5189	40	801..	12,545	7911	118	657	18..	12,471	8056	176	19
62,041 Suffolk.....	5380	3236	74	658..	9398	3872	367	409	61..	9235	3947	428	67
31,061 Sullivan.....	3474	3036	9	79..	4536	3073	86	106	10..	4536	3116	81	11
2,954 Tioga.....	3193	1670	15	28..	4819	2934	40	224	4..	4816	2897	48	6
3,305 Tompkins.....	3321	2044	14	397..	5342	3506	108	240	9..	5283	3546	120	10
8,802 Ulster.....	9350	7943	31	217..	11,100	8140	143	316	12..	11,061	8291	135	14
2,900 Warren.....	3520	2400	13	150..	4065	2239	69	122	7..	4631	2814	73	6
4,900 Washington.....	4198	1809	7	278..	8189	3239	133	290	4..	8046	3306	151	10
4,679 Wayne.....	4045	2574	10	228..	8069	4254	77	220	8..	7966	4331	91	10
146,772 Westchester.....	13,871	12,937	558	624..	18,377	11,752	643	314	398..	18,794	12,102	890	161
31,194 Wyoming.....	2905	1255	11	226..	4987	2706	67	230	5..	4930	2708	76	5
21,001 Yates.....	2484	1861	22	153..	3370	2096	30	141	3..	3364	2090	86	8
Total.....	40,512	56,194	19,515	19,284..	81,953	55,139	18,950	16,052	17,937..	78,756	54,524	20,698	13,962
Plurality.....	61402	..	..	..	28,849	..	..	..	..	21,292	..	..	..
Percent.....	45.36	51.04	9.90	1.78..	67.53	59.76	1.84	1.18	1.24..	65.34	40.37	1.96	1.21
Total vote.....	108,125	..	..	..	112,876	..	..	..	..	112,259	..	..	..

\*Unofficial.

†Not including blank and scattering votes.

‡Not including 122,000 blank, defective and scattering.

§Not including blank, defective and scattering votes.

In 1886 Smith, Pro., received 17,449 votes for governor.

## OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1886

Lieut.-Governor—T. L. Woodruff.

Judge Court of Appeals—Irving G. Vann.

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1886.

## 1. Counties of Suffolk and Queens.

Joseph M. Belford, Rep..... 27,191

William D. Mavel, Dem..... 15,923

William A. Hazard, Nat. Dem..... 1,700

Joseph F. Jones, Pro..... 929

## 2. City of Brooklyn (1st, 2d, 5th, 6th, 7th, 11th and 20th wards).

Dennis M. Hurley, Rep..... 18,268

John M. Clancy, Dem..... 15,901

William E. Redfield, Nat. Dem..... 1,561

Isaac K. Funk, Pro..... 103

## 3. City of Brooklyn (3d, 4th, 10th, 22d and 23d wards, and the town of Flatbush).

Francis H. Wilson, Rep..... 23,813

Charles F. Braudt, Dem..... 16,260

John A. Hennessy, Nat. Dem..... 1,811

William B. Waldron..... 153

Charles L. Furman..... 231

## 4. City of Brooklyn (12th, 8th, 24th, 25th and 26th wards, and New Utrecht, Gravesend and Flatlands).

Israel P. Fischer, Rep..... 25,810

Thomas F. Luckin, Dem..... 18,381

Theodore S. Nye, Nat. Dem..... 1,036

Albert Klein..... 607

## 5. City of Brooklyn (18th, 19th, 21st, 27th and 28th wards).

Charles G. Bennett, Rep..... 22,605

Thomas S. Tolapay, Dem..... 14,186

Joseph S. Van Wyck, Nat. Dem..... 805

Leo Schmidt..... 1,677

## 6. City of Brooklyn (13th, 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th wards).

James R. Howe, Rep..... 15,314

William Pickerman, Dem..... 14,287

Daniel Walsh, Nat. Dem..... 354

Gustav A. Rosenbluth..... 941

## 7. City of New York (1st and 5th assembly districts) and county of Richmond (Staten Island).

F. Bartlett, Nat. Dem. and Rep..... 9,848

John H. G. Vending, Dem..... 11,032

John W. Rhines, Pro..... 171

John H. Moore, Soc. Lab..... 188

## 8. City of New York (2d, 3d and 7th assembly districts).

John Murray Mitchell, Rep..... 10,488

James J. Walsh, Dem..... 9,219

William F. Westerfield, Soc. Lab..... 140

## 9. City of New York (4th, 6th and 8th assembly districts).

Thomas J. Bradley, Dem..... 11,002

Timothy J. Campbell, Nat. Dem..... 8,379

Daniel De Lano, Soc. Lab..... 4,371

## 10. City of New York (9th, 13th and 15th assembly districts).

Clarence W. Meade, Rep..... 14,245

Amos J. Cummings, Dem..... 17,446

Calvin Tomkins, Pro..... 612

William Ruddy, Soc. Lab..... 411

## 11. City of New York (10th, 12th and 14th assembly districts).

Ferdinand Eldman, Rep..... 10,435

William Sulzer, Dem..... 12,195

Ferman Miller, Soc. Lab..... 2,011

Thomas J. Connor, Nat. Dem..... 306

## 12. City of New York (11th, 16th and 18th assembly districts).

Charles A. Hess, Rep..... 11,038

George B. McClellan, Dem..... 12,815

Marion M. Miller, Pro..... 831

Charles B. Copp, Soc. Lab..... 385

## 13. City of New York (17th and 20th and part of the 21st assembly district).

Richard C. Shannon, Rep..... 15,438

T. Smith, Dem..... 13,967

J. H. Madden, Nat. Dem..... 854

## 14. City of New York (19th and part of the 21st and 22d assembly districts).

Lemuel E. Quigg, Rep..... 27,965

John Q. Adams, Dem..... 18,553

Charles V. Fornes, Nat. Dem..... 2,414

Richard Morton, Soc. Lab..... 1,235

## 15. City of New York (23d and part of the 21st and 22d assembly districts).

Phillip B. Low, Rep..... 29,602

William H. Burke, Dem..... 22,520

Enoch L. Thomas, Soc. Lab..... 1,804

Archie C. Fisk, Pro..... 224

## 16. City of New York (24th assembly district) and Westchester county.

William L. Ward, Rep..... 30,709

Eugene B. Travis, Dem..... 23,456

Lucien Sunial, Soc. Lab..... 2,299

James V. Lawrence, Nat. Dem..... 1,697

Benj. F. Fairchild, Ind..... 770

James H. Hardy, Pro..... 454

## 17. Counties of Rockland, Orange and Sullivan.

Benjamin B. Odell, Jr., Rep..... 22,622

David A. Morrison, Dem..... 15,500

Robert A. Widenman, Nat. Dem..... 445

## 18. Counties of Putnam, Dutchess and Ulster.

John H. Ketcham, Rep..... 25,531

Richard E. Connell, Dem..... 15,565

Henry Metcalf, Nat. Dem..... 463

## 19. Counties of Columbia and Rensselaer.

Aaron V. S. Cochran, Rep..... 23,509

George G. Miller, Dem..... 17,735

Elmer T. Haines, Nat. Dem..... 389

Nathaniel B. Powers, Pro..... 472

20. County of Albany.				Robert L. Drummond, Dem.....	19,322
George N. Southwick, Rep.....	22,342			Francis P. Mason, Nat. Dem.....	468
Simeon Holroyd, Nat. Dem.....	401			29. Counties of Chemung, Schuylcr, Seneca	
John C. Sanford, Pro.....	231			and Steuben.	
Edwin C. Smith.....	201			Charles W. Gillet, Rep.....	27,192
Thomas F. Wilkinson, Dem.....	17,637			Henry W. Banes, Dem.....	17,994
21. Counties of Greene, Schoharie, Otsego,				De Merville Page, Nat. Dem.....	309
Montgomery and Schoenectady.				30. Counties of Genesee, Livingston, Niag-	
David F. Wilber, Rep.....	28,567			ara, Orleans and Wyoming.	
John H. Bagley, Dem.....	22,267			James W. Wadsworth, Rep.....	28,478
Leslie P. Clarke, Pro.....	464			Frank P. Hulet, Dem.....	19,069
22. Counties of Fulton, Hamilton, Sara-				George A. Sweet, Nat. Dem.....	469
toga and St. Lawrence.				Charles F. Williams, Ind.....	1,269
Lucius N. Littauer, Rep.....	32,269			John Ideson, Pro.....	397
John C. Greene, Nat. Dem.....	676			31. County of Monroe.	
James T. Sweetman, Pro.....	1,640			Henry C. Brewster, Rep.....	25,399
23. Counties of Clinton, Franklin, Essex,				William E. Ryan, Dem.....	17,109
Warren and Washington.				W. H. Davis, Nat. Dem.....	386
Wallace T. Foote, Jr., Rep.....	30,475			William Hunt.....	562
Winfield A. Huppuch, Nat. Dem..	494			Frank A. Silverman.....	488
De Wyer S. Cero, Pro.....	452			Howard W. Sneek.....	617
24. Counties of Oswego, Jefferson and				32. County of Erie (part).	
Lewis.				Rowland B. Mahany, Rep.....	18,623
Charles A. Chickering, Rep.....	27,242			Charles Rung, Dem.....	14,768
Oscar M. Wood, Dem.....	16,248			Mark R. Moore.....	313
Frederick B. Deuendorf, Pro.....	870			Joseph Otto, Soc. Lab.....	252
25. Counties of Oneida and Herkimer.				33. County of Erie (part).	
James S. Sherman, Rep.....	26,996			De Alva S. Alexander, Rep.....	27,573
Cornelius Haley, Dem.....	16,512			Harvey W. Richardson, Dem.....	14,636
William D. Towale, Pro.....	862			George Wing, Nat. Dem.....	931
26. Counties of Delaware, Chenango,				John A. Sayles.....	425
Broome, Tioga and Tompkins.				August Miller.....	204
George W. Ray, Rep.....	34,686			34. Counties of Allegany, Cattaraugus	
Charles D. Wales, Dem.....	20,383			and Chautauqua.	
Charles S. Gail, Nat. Dem.....	613			Warren B. Hooker, Rep.....	30,696
William C. Merrill.....	1,512			Staley N. Wood, Dem.....	1,279
27. Counties of Onondaga and Madison.				Ansel M. Taylor, Pro.....	422
Theodore L. Poole, Rep.....	22,057			David F. Allen, Pro.....	3,298
James J. Belden, Ind. Rep.....	27,427				
Herman D. Fulton.....	638				
Charles H. Corrigan, Soc. Lab.....	827				
28. Counties of Cayuga, Cortland, Ontario,					
Wayne and Yates.					
Sereno E. Payne, Rep.....	33,628				

## LEGISLATURE.

	1886.	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	1897.	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.
Republicans.....	35	79	114..	35	114
Ind. Rep.....	1	2	3..	1	2
Democrats.....	14	68	82..	14	85
Nat. Dem.....	1	1	1..	—	—

## NORTH CAROLINA (Population 1,617,947).

COUNTIES. (36)	PRESIDENT 1896.				CH'F JUS. 94.				PRES. '92.			
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Nat.	G. D. Rep.	Feo.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.
Alamance.....	2314	2302	10	83	2..	2006	1700..	1301	1691	837	—	—
Alexander.....	620	1119	1	—	2..	865	683..	420	561	886	—	—
Alleghany.....	605	737	1	—	—	400	640..	358	797	—	—	—
Anderson.....	1060	2322	—	—	—	1092	1434..	397	1261	372	—	—
Ashe.....	1761	1517	—	—	—	1677	1412..	1460	1366	134	—	—
Beaufort.....	2207	2618	7	4	2..	1855	1841..	1612	1865	—	—	—
Bertie.....	2155	1711	—	2	8..	1317	1496..	1309	1610	384	—	—
Bladen.....	1256	1685	—	—	8..	1546	1094..	1205	1228	321	—	—
Branswick.....	873	1279	—	1	1..	756	965..	448	735	685	—	—
Burke.....	4611	4008	2	6	16..	3542	2889..	3125	3588	29	—	—
Camden.....	1385	1550	12	—	21..	1518	1424..	1068	1410	232	—	—
Cabarrus.....	993	2250	18	1	86..	1495	1307..	679	1419	819	—	—
Caldwell.....	967	1428	59	—	11..	1038	1121..	614	1172	261	—	—
Camden.....	583	654	—	—	—	655	620..	504	483	109	—	—
Carteret.....	943	1308	—	—	—	1037	922..	613	1211	212	—	—
Casswell.....	1701	1372	—	—	1..	1799	849..	1522	913	453	—	—
Catawba.....	1004	2649	20	2	7..	1930	1637..	705	1711	893	—	—
Chatham.....	1430	2392	3	10	—	2608	1290..	721	1567	2063	—	—
Cherokee.....	967	770	—	—	2..	623	724..	632	632	2	—	—
Chowan.....	1148	791	—	—	—	865	684..	882	679	86	—	—
Clay.....	299	476	—	—	—	841	399..	256	383	80	—	—
Cleveland.....	1216	2664	5	—	39..	1721	1675..	722	1788	993	—	—
Columbus.....	1161	1948	—	—	18..	1404	1221..	813	1502	635	—	—
Craven.....	2921	1810	6	4	12..	1948	1060..	1648	1305	809	—	—
Cumberland.....	2200	2509	30	2	4..	2298	2184..	1383	2178	1263	—	—
Currituck.....	472	922	—	—	1..	180	651..	402	834	114	—	—
Dare.....	471	408	—	—	—	803	—	356	335	—	—	—
Davidson.....	2376	2072	24	5	5..	2440	1828..	1836	1928	427	—	—
Davie.....	1506	894	2	—	2..	1234	701..	1057	725	253	—	—
DePue.....	1147	2409	1	—	1..	1909	1457..	986	1455	616	—	—
Durham.....	1924	2435	—	48	9..	2107	1837..	1264	1490	667	—	—
Edgecombe.....	2558	2062	—	9	1068	1976..	—	986	1702	613	—	—
Forsyth.....	3889	2718	30	3	18..	2405	2447..	2880	493	—	—	—
Franklin.....	1834	3217	1	1	—	2158	2091..	993	1741	1381	—	—
Gaston.....	1625	2069	29	1	8..	1418	1336..	1173	1616	380	—	—

Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Living.	Bentley.	Palmer.	Faircloth.	Shanahan.	Marshall.	Cleveland.	Waver.
10252 Gates.....	759	1086	—	—	—	897	884	575	912	851
8313 Graham.....	317	863	—	—	—	270	380	282	839	—
24484 Granville.....	2175	2209	—	—	14..	2220	1016..	1030	1408	490
10039 Greene.....	1005	1272	—	—	—	861	874..	642	1006	255
28652 Guilford.....	8453	3479	43	9	18..	3043	2730..	2842	2773	415
2304 Halifax.....	4003	2255	—	—	8..	1105	3874..	1376	3079	451
1700 Harnett.....	1042	1078	22	—	8..	1290	1116..	650	1222	635
13346 Haywood.....	1039	1901	8	—	15..	1057	1698..	950	1525	60
12589 Henderson.....	1459	1022	—	—	11..	1305	882..	1197	835	82
13851 Hertford.....	1426	1240	—	—	—	1212	983..	843	710	139
8903 Hyde.....	847	1019	—	—	2..	870	829..	430	858	349
25462 Ince.....	2003	2368	5	4	3..	2287	2066..	1524	2312	614
9512 Jackson.....	873	1145	—	—	—	877	1025..	578	977	171
27239 Johnston.....	1824	3343	2	—	—	1979	3394..	1040	3126	620
7403 Jones.....	686	814	—	—	—	537	644..	308	671	348
14879 Lenoir.....	1410	1935	—	2	—	1573	1879..	957	1388	448
12396 Lincoln.....	1010	1349	12	—	—	1157	984..	617	976	444
10102 Mason.....	891	1140	2	—	—	1000	944..	562	882	236
17405 Madison.....	2270	1357	—	—	2..	2028	1267..	1718	1118	118
15221 Martin.....	1374	1081	—	—	—	1190	1457..	1091	1454	281
10049 McDowell.....	950	1204	—	3	—	924	988..	727	1056	73
42573 Mecklenburg.....	3321	4714	48	1	34..	7129	3190..	1953	3881	594
12407 Mitchell.....	1861	630	—	—	—	1615	659..	1327	724	88
11259 Montgomery.....	1206	1129	—	—	2..	1220	792..	859	1011	212
20179 Moore.....	1948	2207	8	—	4..	2265	1547..	1440	1674	736
20707 Nash.....	1639	1316	—	1	—	2457	1146..	476	987	1332
24026 New Hanover.....	3123	2105	—	—	95..	2222	1719..	1300	2408	38
21242 Northampton.....	2310	1406	—	—	4..	1151	1110..	1306	1365	457
10383 Onslow.....	589	1559	—	—	—	748	1040..	379	1137	496
14948 Orange.....	1264	1700	—	7	7..	1632	1041..	906	1117	770
7146 Pamlico.....	642	861	—	—	1..	744	471..	471	509	347
10748 Pasquotank.....	1519	1037	6	—	3..	1100	745..	1244	801	224
12511 Pender.....	1164	1276	—	—	—	1163	953..	960	873	187
9283 Perquimans.....	1016	798	—	—	8..	1196	445..	834	490	280
15151 Person.....	1402	1713	—	—	—	1525	1185..	1400	1261	335
23519 Pett.....	2380	3181	—	2	2..	2857	2052..	1221	2053	1384
5912 Polk.....	731	463	13	—	—	546	534..	508	511	—
25195 Randolph.....	2743	2462	58	19	—	2840	2175..	1888	2077	652
23948 Richmond.....	2520	2172	—	—	13..	1885	1749..	1122	1700	490
31483 Robeson.....	2429	3457	2	—	1..	1780	1812..	1117	2312	842
25393 Rockingham.....	2369	2282	—	—	2..	2544	1853..	1961	1794	663
24123 Rowan.....	1408	3085	33	8	1..	1422	2284..	870	2303	794
18770 Rutherford.....	1953	2146	4	12..	—	2051	1836..	1452	1794	252
29066 Sampson.....	1271	2759	21	2	—	2802	1941..	1225	1299	1619
12186 Stanly.....	511	1425	1	—	1..	748	911..	323	1053	221
17100 Stokes.....	2059	1447	2	—	—	1829	1179..	1610	1217	515
13281 Surry.....	2350	2019	—	—	8..	2079	1890..	1740	1974	68
6577 Swain.....	531	808	—	—	2..	522	708..	403	556	217
6881 Transylvania.....	637	585	—	—	4..	608	508..	542	513	30
4225 Tyrrell.....	491	411	—	—	—	541	219..	285	243	248
21259 Union.....	1009	2747	1	—	22..	1428	1524..	573	1798	826
17581 Vance.....	1745	1465	3	—	3..	1973	1044..	1340	908	801
42307 Wake.....	4675	5396	11	20	19..	5006	3082..	1967	3724	2819
13990 Warren.....	2173	1213	—	—	5..	2294	164..	1474	737	851
10200 Washington.....	1249	739	—	—	—	1130	456..	662	533	283
10611 Watauga.....	1166	1053	3	4	4..	1120	602..	869	940	99
26100 Wayne.....	2248	3215	23	3	1..	2323	2406..	1645	2261	856
22675 Wilkes.....	2835	1801	4	—	—	2279	1540..	1885	1770	127
18144 Wilson.....	1430	2715	—	—	2..	1718	1654..	467	2100	1249
15700 Yadkin.....	1648	1063	8	6	—	1504	914..	1219	1046	165
9490 Yancey.....	982	1056	—	—	—	862	1027..	651	927	143
Total.....	15522	17488	675	247	578..	14834	127583..	100342	135561	44736
Plurality.....	12891	—	—	—	—	2071	—	—	2349	—
Per cent.....	46.87	52.49	0.19	0.07	0.17..	61.12	45.87..	35.75	47.08	15.98
Total vote.....	32970	—	—	—	—	27537	—	—	28095	—

Bidwell, for president in 1892, received 2,636 (or 43 per cent) not returned by the secretary of state by counties.

#### VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

Daniel L. Russell, Rep.....	154,052
C. B. Watson, Dem.....	145,416
W. A. Guthrie, Peo.....	30,932

#### OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896.

Lieutenant-Governor—C. A. Reynolds, Rep.	
Secretary of State—Cyrus Thompson, Peo.	
Auditor—Hal W. Ayer, Peo.	
Treasurer—William H. Worth, Peo.	
Attorney-General—Zeb V. Walsen, Rep.	
Superintendent of Public Instruction—Charles H. Mebane, Peo.	
Justice of Supreme Court—Walter A. Montgomery, Peo.	

#### REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. The counties of Beaufort, Camden, Carteret, Chowan, Currituck, Dare, Gates, Hertford, Hyde, Martin, Pamlico, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Pitt, Tyrrell and Washington.	
Harry Skinner, Peo.....	30,876
Wilson H. Lucas, Dem.....	14,831
2. The counties of Bertie, Craven, Edgecombe, Greene, Halifax, Jones, Lenoir, Northampton, Vance, Warren and Wilson.	
George H. White, Rep.....	19,338
F. A. Woodard, Dem.....	15,368
D. S. Moss, Peo.....	2,738

## ELECTION RETURNS.

327

3. The counties of Bladen, Cumberland, Duplin, Harnett, Moore, Onslow, Pender, Sampson and Wayne.

John F. Fowler, Peo. .... 17,989  
Frank Thompson, Dem. .... 12,536  
4. The counties of Alamance, Chatham, Durham, Franklin, Johnston, Nash, Orange and Wake.

W. F. Stroud, Peo. .... 20,947  
E. W. Pou, Dem. .... 16,405  
T. L. Banks, Ind. Rep. .... 257  
5. The counties of Caswell, Forsyth, Granville, Guilford, Person, Rockingham, Stokes and Surry.

Thomas Settle, Rep. .... 18,639  
W. H. Kitchen, Dem. .... 19,082  
A. J. Dalby, Peo. .... 507

6. The counties of Anson, Brunswick, Cabarrus, Columbus, Mecklenburg, New Hanover, Richmond, Robeson, Stanley and Union.  
Charles H. Martin, Peo. .... 22,057  
J. A. Lockhart, Dem. .... 17,235

7. The counties of Catawba, Davidson, Davie, Iredell, Montgomery, Randolph, Rowan and Yadkin.

A. C. Shuford, Peo. .... 17,669  
S. J. Pemberton, Dem. .... 14,291

8. The counties of Alexander, Alleghany, Ashe, Burke, Caldwell, Cleveland, Gaston, Lincoln, Watauga and Wilkes.

R. Z. Litney, Rep. .... 19,419  
R. A. Doughton, Dem. .... 18,006

9. The counties of Buncombe, Cherokee, Clay, Graham, Haywood, Henderson, Jackson, McDowell, Macon, Madison, Mitchell, Polk, Rutherford, Swain, Transylvania and Yancey.

Richmond Pearson, Rep. .... 20,495  
J. S. Adams, Dem. .... 19,189  
Miss Helen Lewis. .... 5

## LEGISLATURE.

1896-7. 1894-5.  
Sen. Ho. J. Bal. Sen. Ho. J. Bal  
Republicans .... 17 49 66. 18 33 56  
Democrats .... 9 36 45. 8 46 54  
People's .... 24 34 58. 24 36 60

\*In one county (Jefferson) there was a tie vote and the governor ordered another election Dec. 8.

## NORTH DAKOTA (Population 183,719).

COUNTIES. (39)	PRES. 1896				GOV. 1896				PRES. 1892				GOV. 1890			
	Pop.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Ind.	Pop.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Ind.
7045 Barnes	986	577	24	489	217	704	495	88	7045	577	24	489	217	704	495	88
2469 Benson	549	257	7	385	83	381	419	15	2469	257	7	385	83	381	419	15
170 Billings	78	27	1	51	21	2	47	17	170	27	1	51	21	2	47	17
2838 Bottineau	599	389	6	404	228	179	175	200	2838	389	6	404	228	179	175	200
4262 Burleigh	729	328	8	394	262	216	640	283	4262	328	8	394	262	216	640	283
19019 Cass	2650	2000	48	2254	758	727	2022	1647	19019	2000	48	2254	758	727	2022	1647
6471 Cavalier	730	118	12	594	508	97	247	855	6471	118	12	594	508	97	247	855
5673 Dickey	619	587	6	584	107	566	589	647	5673	587	6	584	107	566	589	647
1677 Eddy	278	243	2	267	85	101	242	144	1677	243	2	267	85	101	242	144
1671 Grand Forks	340	168	3	317	193	273	132	132	1671	168	3	317	193	273	132	132
1210 Foster	216	143	2	203	63	61	192	157	1210	143	2	203	63	61	192	157
18367 Grand Forks	2432	1832	40	2155	595	714	1639	1483	18367	1832	40	2155	595	714	1639	1483
2817 Griggs	818	390	7	545	44	283	245	392	2817	390	7	545	44	283	245	392
1211 Kidder	176	104	—	172	94	101	224	136	1211	104	—	172	94	101	224	136
3187 LaMoure	460	401	2	447	194	228	368	498	3187	401	2	447	194	228	368	498
607 Logan	70	35	—	110	10	37	87	35	607	35	—	110	10	37	87	35
1658 McHenry	217	186	1	200	57	104	201	119	1658	186	1	200	57	104	201	119
8248 McIntosh	330	66	—	440	27	41	290	139	8248	66	—	440	27	41	290	139
690 McLean	124	79	—	124	32	57	115	65	690	79	—	124	32	57	115	65
438 Mercer	115	28	—	111	5	6	28	48	438	28	—	111	5	6	28	48
4728 Morton	732	203	2	701	217	214	584	380	4728	203	2	701	217	214	584	380
4284 Nelson	610	683	2	645	94	383	460	527	4284	683	2	645	94	383	460	527
464 Oliver	69	58	—	65	40	10	35	48	464	58	—	65	40	10	35	48
14834 Pembina	1951	1807	52	1832	694	920	1641	133	14834	1807	52	1832	694	920	1641	133
105 Pierce	222	75	1	210	22	85	121	53	105	75	1	210	22	85	121	53
4418 Ramsey	809	685	12	845	296	118	619	421	4418	685	12	845	296	118	619	421
5283 Ransom	706	579	11	745	114	287	568	526	5283	579	11	745	114	287	568	526
10751 Richland	1843	1169	12	1351	810	156	894	1134	10751	1169	12	1351	810	156	894	1134
2427 Rolette	306	331	8	329	168	28	273	194	2427	331	8	329	168	28	273	194
5475 Sargent	587	636	4	577	193	515	491	325	5475	636	4	577	193	515	491	325
2901 Stark	530	216	2	534	87	161	359	212	2901	216	2	534	87	161	359	212
877 Steele	572	322	2	531	25	315	288	360	877	322	2	531	25	315	288	360
5996 Strutsman	705	578	12	614	214	265	648	522	5996	578	12	614	214	265	648	522
1450 Towner	306	304	12	277	192	29	166	214	1450	304	12	277	192	29	166	214
10212 Traill	1073	674	20	1480	181	260	1020	698	10212	674	20	1480	181	260	1020	698
16567 Walsh	1707	2134	23	1716	909	711	1974	2040	16567	2134	23	1716	909	711	1974	2040
1061 Ward	260	194	4	345	91	65	192	114	1061	194	4	345	91	65	192	114
1212 Wells	584	517	—	450	144	105	157	147	1212	517	—	450	144	105	157	147
109 Williams	103	83	8	65	30	12	45	56	109	83	8	65	30	12	45	56
Total	26335	20686	358	23723	8184	9354	17519	17700	899	19053	12304	4821	19053	12304	4821	4821
Plurality	9465	—	—	14399	—	—	—	181	—	6449	—	—	6449	—	—	—
Per cent	55.50	43.45	76	57.49	19.84	23.15	43.49	48.92	2.40	52.38	34.54	13.20	52.38	34.54	13.20	13.20
Scattering	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total vote	47379	—	—	41265	—	—	36136	—	—	36489	—	—	36489	—	—	—

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

F. A. Briggs, Rep. .... 25,919  
R. B. Richardson, Fus. .... 20,690

## OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896

Lieutenant-Governor—J. M. Devine, Rep.  
Secretary of State—Fred Falleg, Rep.

Auditor—N. B. Humnan, Rep.  
Treasurer—G. E. Nichols, Rep.  
Superintendent of Public Instruction—J. G. Holland, Rep.  
Com. of Insurance—F. B. Fancher, Rep.  
Attorney-General—J. F. Cowan, Rep.  
Com. of Agriculture—H. U. Thomas, Rep.

Judge of Supreme Court—A. Wallin, Rep.  
 Railroad Commissioners—G. H. Keys, J. F.  
 Gibsen, L. L. Walton, all Rep.

# REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1886.

Walter N. Johnson, Rep..... 25,233  
 John Burke, Fus..... 21,172  
 A. J. Garver, Pro..... 349

## LEGISLATURE.

	1897-8.			1895-6.		
	Sen.	Ho.	J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho.	J. Bal.
Republicans ...	23	44	67..	25	49	74
Democrats ...	2	1	3..	2	5	7
People's .....	—	—	—	4	8	12
Fusion .....	6	16	23..	—	—	—
Independent ..	—	1	1..	—	—	—

## OHIO (Population 3,672,816).

COUNTIES. (88)	GOVERNOR 1887										PRESIDENT 1886				
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	N.D.	S.	L.A.	N.P.	Lib.	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	Pro.	Nat.	G.D.
Adams.....	3046	2887	54	14	9	—	1	28.	3338	3240	8	33	34	—	—
Allen.....	3569	4819	49	13	9	10	3	121.	4950	6390	31	29	123	20	—
Ashtabula.....	2331	2667	36	10	5	2	—	26.	2936	3418	4	23	43	4	—
Barren.....	6383	2309	203	103	30	15	1	79.	8567	3762	78	123	69	18	—
Bethesda.....	4682	2405	85	73	2	99	4	39.	5429	3272	21	69	50	9	—
Brown.....	2247	3840	31	29	8	2	—	21.	2600	4019	20	13	81	19	—
Buckeye.....	6520	5521	162	86	27	32	7	105.	7089	6302	21	131	62	40	—
Brown.....	2704	3553	43	15	6	2	3	10.	8170	4409	16	33	13	12	—
Butler.....	4842	7812	58	63	15	69	5	24.	5698	8665	39	89	26	31	—
Carroll.....	2439	1586	45	34	4	12	1	14.	2698	1943	12	38	12	6	—
Champaign.....	3751	2869	80	21	10	2	4	41.	4314	3415	17	60	23	5	—
Clark.....	6230	4687	68	135	11	51	14	104.	7867	6351	31	69	75	24	—
Clermont.....	3477	4104	56	45	7	1	18	37.	4273	4656	16	34	53	9	—
Columbiana.....	3448	2108	63	20	3	1	2	43.	4144	2448	11	55	28	2	—
Crawford.....	7456	4920	236	81	25	137	3	57.	9487	6533	64	243	38	28	—
Cuyahoga.....	8026	3807	79	29	4	7	11	16.	3340	3945	14	38	17	10	—
Darke.....	2416	4725	59	81	16	10	2	15.	8150	5688	27	47	20	3	—
Delaware.....	3277	27183	523	177	277	1614	44	134.	42263	37316	226	324	81	115	—
DeWitt.....	3867	4332	54	191	9	2	—	98.	4384	6119	32	26	47	11	—
Dodge.....	2076	2916	30	313	18	8	—	7.	2414	4195	54	18	17	15	—
Douglas.....	3593	3651	112	88	5	1	4	43.	3788	3001	11	68	40	17	—
Duane.....	4282	4282	42	88	3	94	2	40.	9448	3001	11	26	10	46	—
Dundee.....	8141	4871	62	73	21	6	2	36.	3320	5383	12	36	15	23	—
Durham.....	2971	2158	83	18	7	1	4	24.	3357	2739	9	23	21	6	—
Franklin.....	16487	17386	269	137	175	53	30	40.	20299	18234	84	158	62	214	—
Fulton.....	2723	1796	21	27	9	—	—	35.	3227	2423	42	22	32	16	—
Gallia.....	5715	2121	42	6	3	1	6	17.	4247	2350	19	—	9	6	—
Genesee.....	2376	816	47	36	5	—	—	15.	2807	1241	19	32	10	5	—
Greene.....	4554	2333	118	53	4	7	6	58.	5296	2881	22	100	48	13	—
Guernsey.....	8725	2583	204	19	7	39	5	70.	4357	3220	38	123	53	8	—
Hamilton.....	41123	38047	212	312	381	853	60	25.	57749	38048	156	155	14	191	—
Hancock.....	4488	3613	50	242	13	23	—	60.	4321	5519	22	67	13	13	—
Hardin.....	3854	3852	42	63	3	8	6	50.	4236	3433	32	62	69	15	—
Harrison.....	2783	1971	93	9	11	1	2	36.	3151	2235	10	46	40	10	—
Henry.....	2657	3362	30	90	13	2	12.	25.38	4285	288	17	10	21	21	—
Hickman.....	3753	3386	121	73	6	1	10	68.	4106	3897	12	96	44	2	—
Hocking.....	2407	2643	36	170	5	36	1	26.	2746	3100	17	14	20	8	—
Holmes.....	1180	2857	41	8	8	1	2	18.	1296	3617	7	19	19	7	—
Huron.....	4142	3028	68	24	4	4	—	17.	5008	4158	27	62	26	6	—
Jackson.....	3890	3521	48	80	3	8	4	41.	4139	3766	22	23	45	15	—
Jefferson.....	4653	2751	192	53	6	15	4	35.	6186	3809	15	131	56	7	—
Jones.....	3923	3775	61	28	7	3	1	23.	3762	4018	14	81	20	8	—
Lake.....	2339	1213	63	15	8	3	4.	41.	3745	1317	9	35	8	6	—
Lancaster.....	4226	2564	23	4	5	—	1	41.	3408	3028	23	20	41	6	—
Licking.....	4187	6242	99	57	15	4	3	8.	5570	6543	18	69	7	20	—
Lorain.....	3823	2300	50	35	5	—	3	35.	4722	3107	13	50	23	7	—
Lorain.....	5786	3144	93	18	12	23	20	42.	7801	4347	20	88	39	21	—
Lucas.....	12247	11560	122	67	47	97	9	14.	16758	13984	75	91	21	81	—
Madison.....	2874	2439	32	29	9	1	8	20.	3808	2739	12	35	19	12	—
Manitowish.....	6410	5456	100	133	19	36	5	26.	8529	6796	27	86	22	14	—
Marion.....	8106	8962	49	9	11	1	—	69.	3433	4005	11	28	50	2	—
Medina.....	8139	2072	47	19	7	45	10	60.	3533	2548	27	28	18	7	—
Meigs.....	3757	1932	28	26	3	32	13	82.	4380	2521	15	39	23	9	—
Mercer.....	1443	3246	68	68	3	1	11.	19.	4733	27	23	6	8	—	—
Miami.....	6592	4332	49	85	5	12	47	60.51	5314	43	25	83	6	—	—
Monroe.....	1542	3525	29	13	5	3	—	12.	2001	4157	23	25	18	14	—
Montgomery.....	14136	13114	125	205	53	200	26	41.	18333	15456	84	112	39	160	—
Morgan.....	2585	2171	41	10	2	1	23.	2531	2354	19	26	15	4	—	—
Morrow.....	2331	2063	96	53	1	1	2	69.	2500	2493	24	36	69	6	—
Muskingum.....	6626	6225	226	54	10	14	2	41.	7245	6444	27	116	47	19	—
Noble.....	2522	2178	41	18	1	—	—	81.	2559	2306	12	32	21	4	—
Odessa.....	1042	2023	19	8	7	—	—	8.	2163	3250	10	13	8	18	—
Paulding.....	8196	3297	29	62	2	7	—	12.	3680	3625	31	15	6	6	—
Perry.....	3549	3516	76	44	13	162	21	32.	3983	4071	9	36	28	9	—
Pike.....	8109	2760	63	24	3	1	—	81.	3370	4158	7	63	22	9	—
Pike.....	2246	1945	12	15	3	1	23.	2229	2133	10	11	11	5	—	—
Portage.....	3869	3289	108	42	7	36	—	26.	4073	3949	46	45	21	7	—
Putnam.....	3050	2704	55	22	3	—	1	49.	3300	3229	25	40	57	6	—
Ramsey.....	2344	4166	37	56	4	8	2	19.	2725	5270	32	31	20	6	—
Richland.....	4357	5434	51	40	10	5	4	37.	6115	6231	31	31	27	15	—
Ross.....	5277	4515	46	9	6	8	6	88.	5562	4960	7	49	36	17	—
Sandusky.....	8157	4201	46	35	16	14	20	25.	3970	5039	34	50	15	19	—

Population.	Ballot	Thompson	Butler	Conner	Dea	Walt	Allen	Rock	von M. Kinley	Boyd	Hayden	Lyons	Lester	Bentley	Dal
25377 Seloto.....	4021	3266	60	22	11	18	1	18	5422	3945	13	39	18	30	
40899 Seneca.....	4284	5202	90	100	13	10	1	11	4288	6346	42	80	10	35	
24797 Shelby.....	2127	3149	32	67	—	—	1	26	2488	3227	—	27	21	11	
81140 Stark.....	10395	9613	323	208	33	505	2	35	12111	11361	78	129	26	26	
34389 Summit.....	6875	6593	301	211	11	80	3	43	8384	7983	37	73	38	13	
45773 Tumbull.....	6196	2951	135	43	13	24	1	36	7845	3750	—	102	52	—	
46218 Tuscarawas.....	5181	6238	85	525	16	77	—	25	6253	6838	31	36	21	11	
22860 Union.....	3231	2250	31	61	2	—	—	—	3431	2716	30	19	42	0	
25671 Van Wert.....	3731	3747	39	13	15	2	1	33	3037	3871	13	24	54	12	
16045 Vinton.....	1930	1743	17	11	—	—	1	8	2665	1812	9	16	5	4	
25468 Warren.....	3621	2181	38	24	6	8	6	35	4379	2775	19	32	16	21	
42380 Washington.....	5306	4761	117	32	8	4	6	21	5649	5140	42	54	19	21	
38005 Wayne.....	3945	4929	239	64	6	17	2	10	4929	5678	10	135	10	8	
24857 Williams.....	3136	2269	42	96	8	2	—	15	3121	3669	21	28	10	7	
44322 Wood.....	5065	4548	81	95	12	9	1	40	7530	6582	71	81	82	53	
21522 Wyandot.....	3042	2686	37	59	3	1	—	27	2574	3424	17	20	23	12	

Total..... 32915 30170 768 6254 1661 4214 476 3106 52391 45882 2615 5068 2716 1857  
Plurality..... 28165  
Per cent..... 50.29 47.00 0.88 0.72 0.19 0.49 0.05 0.36 51.35 46.82 .25 .49 .26 .18  
Scattering..... 9469  
Total vote..... 64022

In 1892 only one democratic elector received 404,115 votes, and he was elected. The next highest democratic elector had 401,503 votes. Ohio's vote in the electoral college stood 22 republican and 1 democratic.

In 1893 Watkins, S.-L., received 1867 votes for governor.

In 1896 Maichett, S.-L., received 1157 votes for president.

#### VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1897.

Lieut.-Gov.—Asahel W. Jones, Rep.....	427,966
Melville D. Shaw, Dem.....	409,946
John Danner, Pro.....	7,391
Horace Whitcomb, Pro.....	6,952
Albert E. Merrill, Nat. Dem.....	1,538
Daniel W. Wallace, Soc. Lab.....	4,235
Jason M. Tully, negro protective.....	466
Thomas M. Hillman, Liberty.....	3,124
Jones plurality.....	27,020
Treasurer—Samuel H. Campbell, Rep.....	427,521
James F. Wilson, Dem.....	401,924
Samuel Wells, Pro.....	7,345
Francis M. Morris, Pro.....	5,849
Samuel Stevens, Nat. Dem.....	1,535
Edward Larsen, Soc. Lab.....	4,182
B. W. Maxwell, negro protective.....	437
Thornton A. Rodefer, Liberty.....	3,112
Campbell's plurality.....	26,497
Att'-Gen.—Frank S. Monnett, Rep.....	427,337
William H. Dore, Dem.....	401,338
Olin J. Russ, Pro.....	6,585
Cyrus A. Kieder, Pro.....	5,965
Daniel Wilson, Nat. Dem.....	1,512
(No socialist labor nomination.)	
Charles F. Armistead, negro protective.....	453
John W. Roseborough, Liberty.....	3,127
Monnett's plurality.....	25,999
Judge of Supreme Court—	
Jacob F. Burket, Rep.....	427,952
John P. Spriggs, Dem.....	401,362
E. Jay Pinney, Pro.....	7,662
Charles C. Pomeroy, Pro.....	5,941
John H. Clark, Nat. Dem.....	1,623
(No socialist labor nominee.)	
Graham Denzell, negro protective.....	452
Jackson S. Weedman, Liberty.....	3,088
Burket's plurality.....	25,699
Member Board of Public Works—	
Charles A. Goddard, Rep.....	427,084
Peter H. Degnan, Dem.....	401,197
Madison L. Christian, Pro.....	7,583
J. A. Sanders, Pro.....	5,873
H. D. Coffinberry, Nat. Dem.....	1,483
John T. Jones, Soc. Lab.....	4,169
John McKee, negro protective.....	449
James B. Bolander, Liberty.....	3,111
Goddard's plurality.....	25,977
Commissioner of Common Schools—	
Lewis D. Bonebrake, Rep.....	427,456
Miron E. Hard, Dem.....	400,512
Thomas H. Paden, Pro.....	7,393
Silas E. Shook, Pro.....	5,877
William H. Johnson, Nat. Dem.....	1,477
Charles Bonsall, Soc. Lab.....	4,138

C. D. Horner, negro protective..... 464  
Arch Walker, Liberty..... 3,066  
Bonebrake's plurality..... 26,544

#### REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 13th, 26th and 27th wards of the city of Cincinnati, Anderson, Columbia, Spencer, Symmes and Sycamore townships, Northeast, Southeast, Bond Hill, Clifton, Avondale and St. Bernard precincts of Mill Creek township.

W. J. Shattuck, Rep..... 27,693  
T. J. Donnelly, Dem..... 17,466  
2. 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th and 30th wards of the city of Cincinnati, and the townships of Springfield, Colerain, Greene, Delhi, Storrs, Miami, Whitewater, Harrison and Crosby; Elmwood, College Hill, Western and Winton Place precincts of Mill Creek townships.

Jacob H. Brownell, Rep..... 30,675  
D. S. Oliver, Dem..... 20,878  
3. Counties of Butler, Montgomery and Preble.

R. M. Nevitt, Rep..... 27,244  
John L. Brainer, Dem..... 27,435  
J. S. Steward, Pro..... 305  
S. N. Stubbs, Nat..... 137  
4. Counties of Allen, Auglaize, Darke, Mercer and Shelby.

John P. McLean, Rep..... 16,671  
G. A. Marshall, Dem..... 25,688  
L. M. Kramer, Pro..... 484  
G. W. Mace, Nat..... 306

5. Counties of Deane, Henry, Paulding, Putnam, Van Wert and Williams.  
F. B. DeWitt, Rep..... 18,478  
David Meekison, Dem..... 24,383  
G. N. Rice, Pro..... 642

6. Counties of Brown, Clermont, Clinton, Greene, Highland and Warren.  
S. W. Brown, Rep..... 25,360  
H. W. Paxton, Dem..... 21,358  
F. S. Delo, Pro..... 326

7. Counties of Clarke, Fayette, Madison, Miami and Pickaway.  
W. L. Weaver, Rep..... 23,745  
F. M. Hunt, Dem..... 21,171  
R. S. Thompson, Nat..... 534

8. Counties of Champaign, Delaware, Hancock, Hardin, Logan and Union.  
A. Lybrand, Rep..... 26,211  
McElhin Dug, Dem..... 22,519

9. Counties of Fulton, Lucas, Ottawa and Wood.

James H. Southard, Rep.....	29,603	18. Counties of Columbiana, Mahoning and Stark.....	
S. Brophy, Dem.....	25,698	Robert W. Taylor, Rep.....	29,814
10. Counties of Adams, Gallia, Jackson, Lawrence, Pike and Scioto.....		I. R. Sherwood, Dem.....	24,770
Lucien J. Fenton, Rep.....	24,809	J. L. Swan, Pro.....	476
T. S. Hogan, Dem.....	18,029	Scattering.....	1
Scattering.....	2	19. Counties of Ashtabula, Geauga, Portage, Summit and Trumbull.....	
11. Counties of Athens, Hocking, Meigs, Perry, Ross and Vinton.....		Stephen A. Northway, Rep.....	31,789
Charles H. Grosvenor, Rep.....	24,333	W. A. Sawyer, Dem.....	20,626
William E. Fries, Jr., Dem.....	19,850	S. C. Thayer, Pro.....	208
Lawrence C. Clippes, Pro.....	196	Scattering.....	2
12. Counties of Fairfield and Franklin.....		20. Counties of Lake, Medina, and the townships of Bedford, Bricksville, Brooklyn, Chagrin Falls, Dover, East Cleveland, Euclid, Independence, Mayfield, Middleburg, Newburg, Olmsted, Orange, Parma, Rockport, Royalton, Solon, Strongsville and Warrensville of Cuyahoga county and the 26th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32d, 33d, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th and 40th wards of the city of Cleveland.....	
D. K. Watson, Rep.....	23,624	Clifton B. Beach, Rep.....	24,531
John J. Lentz, Dem.....	23,673	A. F. Van Tassel, Dem.....	21,384
L. F. Finley, Pro.....	118	J. J. Harrison, Pro.....	253
Jacob B. Turner, Pro.....	187	W. H. Watkins, Nat.....	76
13. Counties of Crawford, Erie, Marion, Sandusky, Seneca and Wyandot.....		Paul Dinger, Soc. Lab.....	237
Stephen R. Harris, Rep.....	23,506	31. 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d, 24th, 25th and 27th wards of the city of Cleveland.....	
James A. Norton, Dem.....	23,878	Theodore E. Burton, Rep.....	25,527
John H. Rhodes, Pro.....	458	L. A. Russell, Dem.....	20,025
John W. Belton, Pro.....	249	L. B. Tuckerman, Pro.....	226
14. Counties of Ashland, Huron, Knox, Lorain, Morrow and Richland.....		E. Jay Pinney, Pro.....	177
Winfield S. Kerr, Rep.....	26,850	T. P. McDonough, Nat.....	49
J. R. Collinberry, Dem.....	24,574	Walter Gillett, Soc. Lab.....	203
B. F. Mosher, Nat.....	232		
15. Counties of Guernsey, Morgan, Muskingum, Noble and Washington.....			
H. C. Van Voorhis, Rep.....	22,560		
J. B. Tammill, Dem.....	19,837		
T. E. Moore, Pro.....	205		
T. H. Paden, Pro.....	354		
16. Counties of Belmont, Carroll, Harrison, Jefferson and Monroe.....			
Lorenzo Danforth, Rep.....	21,690		
H. H. McFadden, Dem.....	18,635		
17. Counties of Cuyahoga, Holmes, Licking, Tuscarawas and Wayne.....			
A. S. McClure, Rep.....	21,169		
John A. McDevall, Dem.....	26,109		
I. N. Kleffer, Pro.....	357		
Homor E. Cole, Nat.....	104		
Scattering.....	34		

## LEGISLATURE.

	1897-9.	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.
Republicans.....	17	62	79..
Democrats.....	18	47	65..
Ind. Republic's 1	—	1..	—

## OKLAHOMA (Population 61,834).

COUNTIES. (23. Reorganized.)	—DEL. 1896— Rep. D. Pop.
Population.	Term. Colored.
2674 Beaver.....	854 224
Blaine.....	824 605
7156 Canadian.....	1280 1484
6606 Cleveland.....	937 1564
Custer.....	619 420
"D".....	806 822
Day.....	68 89
Garfield.....	1708 1486
Grant.....	1481 1496
Greer.....	499 613
Kay.....	1906 1750
8332 Kingfisher.....	1676 1685
Lincoln.....	2008 2118
12770 Logan.....	2537 1949
Noble.....	1135 1039
11742 Oklahoma.....	1892 2156
Pawnee.....	956 1071
7215 Payne.....	1540 1754
Pottawatomie.....	1213 2199
Roger Mills.....	67 253
Washita.....	457 652
Woods.....	2102 2186
Woodward.....	394 883
Total.....	26267 27435
Plurality.....	1168
Per cent.....	48.91 51.09
Total vote.....	55702

## LEGISLATURE, 1896.

	Council. House. J. Bal.
Republicans.....	— 3 3
Democrats.....	3 3 6
Fusion.....	10 20 80

COUNTIES. (22)	—DELEGATE 1894— Rep. Dem. Pro.
Population.	Term. Weber. Deaneat.
2674 Beaver.....	833 253 73
Blaine.....	655 335 474
7156 Canadian.....	1155 973 832
6606 Cleveland.....	787 897 962
Day.....	12 53 27
8332 Kingfisher.....	1747 548 1443
Lincoln.....	1319 679 1137
12770 Logan.....	2438 586 1408
11742 Oklahoma.....	1808 1181 1204
7215 Payne.....	1080 646 1237
Pottawatomie.....	822 683 1018
Roger Mills.....	20 223 17
Washita.....	219 214 196
"D".....	138 107 164
"G".....	321 252 161
"K".....	1665 858 976
"L".....	1306 375 1025
"M".....	345 635 1115
"N".....	237 241 140
"P".....	1480 839 1014
"Q".....	385 734 648
"Q".....	611 467 523
Total.....	20449 12058 156.8
Plurality.....	4461
Per cent.....	42.17 21.88 32.97
Total vote.....	48495

## LEGISLATURE, 1896.

	Council. House. J. Bal.
Republicans.....	7 16 23
Democrats.....	1 3 4
People's.....	5 7 13

## OREGON (Population 313,767).

COUNTIES. (31)	PRESIDENT 1896					GOVERNOR 1894					PRESIDENT 1892				
	Rep.	Fus.	Pro.	G. D.		Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	G. D.		Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Fus.	
Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Lever.	Palmer.		Land.	Galloway.	Pierce.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Wheeler.	Hild.	Dem.	Pro.	
6764 Baker.....	951	1849	6	35.	825	603	874.	755	355	620	11	743			
8850 Benton.....	1074	991	23	23.	891	640	336.	1067	680	572	59	59			
15233 Clackamas.....	2694	2385	48	46.	2281	641	1788.	1815	655	1474	134	2009			
10016 Clatsop.....	1849	1124	40	29.	1162	548	553.	1148	713	407	80	633			
5191 Columbia.....	1022	529	14	13.	368	80	977.	882	270	516	19	672			
8874 Cook.....	1105	1552	20	26.	858	359	1063.	403	294	904	36	1071			
3244 Crook.....	1007	576	1	39.	490	386	132.	317	411	120	4	408			
1709 Curry.....	300	288	8	7.	259	148	119.	183	90	87	5	120			
11864 Douglas.....	1917	2049	25	21.	1633	1073	905.	1329	529	1065	61	1280			
3600 Gilliam.....	551	469	3	3.	447	240	165.	462	253	185	7	432			
5080 Grant.....	796	850	12	37.	755	296	416.	568	437	281	8	607			
2559 Harney.....	270	519	1	5.	258	204	234.	213	276	149	4	421			
11455 Jackson.....	1387	2362	23	24.	1185	710	1330.	959	466	1251	51	1474			
4878 Josephine.....	844	1189	17	41.	683	113	585.	502	283	548	16	701			
2444 Klamath.....	546	465	8	8.	294	186	276.	269	76	324	6	392			
3034 Lake.....	551	585	—	—.	308	212	291.	257	110	300	1	406			
15198 Lane.....	2251	2468	45	73.	2032	1020	1338.	1902	828	1554	97	1861			
16293 Lincoln.....	553	533	8	15.	397	157	295.	—	—	—	—	—			
16293 Linn.....	2044	2731	71	36.	1862	1149	1702.	1689	635	1784	196	2348			
2601 Malheur.....	312	632	10	15.	313	241	238.	246	265	97	19	316			
22334 Marion.....	3744	3120	73	108.	2695	1068	1756.	2979	879	1833	294	2653			
4205 Morrow.....	585	543	5	15.	516	258	349.	470	352	301	13	647			
74884 Multnomah.....	11824	6446	156	178.	9397	2669	4441.	8011	2010	9055	517	6907			
7538 Polk.....	1254	1333	38	32.	1360	716	677.	943	432	714	114	898			
1732 Sherman.....	426	418	38	7.	360	108	202.	289	116	193	32	261			
2662 Tillamook.....	691	537	8	8.	493	218	505.	522	258	540	18	901			
15381 Umatilla.....	1858	2361	23	36.	1554	791	1234.	1446	398	1317	71	1886			
13044 Union.....	1310	2154	10	19.	1371	836	1045.	1198	596	1200	61	1729			
3601 Walla-Walla.....	380	640	13	11.	300	144	538.	273	81	481	13	519			
9183 Wasco.....	1701	1353	33	28.	1277	575	439.	1059	497	502	56	857			
11972 Washington.....	2082	1566	42	18.	1663	474	1131.	1587	293	1672	72	1204			
10632 Yamhill.....	1782	1730	97	27.	1560	737	860.	1490	682	786	246	1442			

Total.....	48779	46622	919	977.	41044	17498	26033.	35002	12443	23435	2281	35813			
Plurality.....	2117	—	—	—	15091	—	8017	—	—	—	—	—			
Per cent.....	50.01	47.94	.94	1.00.	47.43	3.10	23.41.	44.59	18.14	34.35	2.88	—			
Total vote.....	97337	—	—	—	82361	—	—	—	—	78481	—	—			

James H. Kennedy, Pro., received 3700 votes for governor, 1894.

\*Pierce's name (fusion—Pro., Dem.) printed twice—on the democratic and people's ticket in 1892. In these counties his democratic vote was 1639 and his fusion vote (Pro., Dem.) 2036.

## VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS, 1896.

Supreme Judge—Robert S. Bean, Rep.	40,451														
John Burnett, Dem.	18,623														
Joseph Gaston, Pro.	26,135														
REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.															
1. The counties of Benton, Clackamas, Coos, Curry, Douglas, Jackson, Josephine, Klamath, Lake, Lane, Linn, Marion, Polk, Tillamook, Washington and Yamhill.															
Thomas H. Tongue, Rep.	19,355														
Jefferson Myers, Dem.	7,914														
W. S. Vandenberg, Pro.	19,292														
N. C. Christiansen, Pro.	1,356														
2. The counties of Baker, Clatsop, Columbia, Crook, Gilliam, Grant, Harney, Malheur, Morrow, Multnomah, Sherman, Umatilla, Union, Walla-Walla and Wasco.															
W. R. Ellis, Rep.	12,617														
A. S. Bennett, Dem.	7,699														
Martin Quinn, Pro.	12,239														
H. H. Northrup, Ind. Rep.	8,897														
F. McKeher, Pro.	775														

## LEGISLATURE.

	1896-7.			1894-5.		
	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.
Republicans	23	35	58.	19	53	72
Democrats	3	4	7.	8	—	8
People's	3	14	17.	3	6	9
Mitchell	1	4	5.	—	—	—
U. Blumetalle.	—	3	3.	—	—	—

## PENNSYLVANIA (Population 5,253,014).

COUNTIES. (67)	AUDITOR-GENERAL 1897					PRESIDENT 1896					PRESIDENT 1892				
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S. L. Lab.		Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	G. D.		Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Fus.	
Population.	McCauley.	Ritter.	Lathrop.	Barnes.	Hogan.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Lever.	Palmer.	Hild.	Wheeler.	Hild.	Dem.	Pro.	
38480 Adams.....	2600	2403	211	8	3.	4167	3765	101	98	20	27	1	3	1	
551550 Allegheny.....	32005	11552	1138	1148	51.	70891	28782	380	452	1027	—	267	—	25	
40747 Armstrong.....	6170	2893	194	21	6.	6109	3738	168	122	29	58	1	16	8	
50077 Beaver.....	4073	2385	362	17	4.	6816	3408	262	37	282	132	2	26	7	
38344 Bedford.....	3094	2176	247	9	7.	4980	3534	73	47	23	28	—	3	8	
137327 Berks.....	5539	9421	68	117	6.	11318	18629	235	416	—	—	—	—	—	
70866 Blair.....	5118	3093	9131	72	2.	10065	4859	185	167	65	81	77	17	8	
56233 Bradford.....	3574	1439	743	24	12.	9472	4388	381	68	—	—	—	—	15	
70615 Bucks.....	6420	6016	359	28	5.	9798	6885	197	312	—	—	—	—	7	
55359 Butler.....	3004	2145	294	13	80.	6807	4947	285	26	79	101	3	14	46	
66375 Cambria.....	6442	6142	812	90	6.	8838	6500	211	81	178	105	22	27	—	
7228 Cameron.....	562	316	121	1	1.	925	556	41	9	9	10	1	—	1	
34234 Carbon.....	2635	3242	530	27	7.	4513	3543	127	130	25	43	4	21	3	
43370 Center.....	2576	2515	671	3	—	4870	4401	251	93	15	71	4	10	—	
85777 Chester.....	6436	2662	1059	13	29.	14198	5004	308	246	17	157	3	44	83	
36902 Clarion.....	1819	2798	265	5	5.	3225	2632	204	20	30	109	1	11	2	
65655 Clearfield.....	4444	4235	1935	101	9.	7529	6132	575	91	90	218	3	36	4	
28535 Clinton.....	1081	1654	734	13	2.	3486	3351	158	104	2	—	—	—	—	
93832 Columbia.....	1973	3272	924	40	3.	3292	4808	418	77	16	80	1	14	4	
62324 Crawford.....	6533	6503	484	11	46.	7551	8383	285	50	—	—	29	—	19	

Population.	McCaughey	Ritter	Lathrop	Barnes	Hogan	McKinley	Byran	Levee	Palmer	Byran	By	Male	WK	10	10	10
42271 Cumberland.....	4384	3970	1123	12	2.	6164	5147	324	102	15	40	3	14	5	3	5
40877 Dauphin.....	7671	5683	4083	15	4.	14679	6396	406	263	74	144	2	73	2	73	2
74883 Delaware.....	6137	1640	627	15	49.	13862	4071	184	184	8	90	10	27	46	16	16
22229 Elk.....	1263	2227	227	8	2.	2802	2064	87	44	10	43	8	5	—	—	—
80674 Erie.....	7191	6026	645	44	23.	11755	8536	356	193	515	139	18	64	16	16	16
80066 Fayette.....	7630	6063	478	29	10.	9218	8137	355	60	48	144	16	50	7	—	—
84882 Forest.....	435	270	251	1	2.	1234	805	85	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
51433 Franklin.....	3543	2455	636	2	1.	6735	4355	158	139	11	79	—	21	3	—	—
10137 Fulton.....	1540	636	64	1	—.	1080	1228	24	8	6	12	1	5	1	—	—
28355 Greene.....	1616	2767	34	2	—.	2458	4162	61	20	54	42	1	15	4	—	—
35741 Huntington.....	2688	1904	1115	8	7.	1956	2155	150	102	46	—	—	3	—	—	—
42175 Indiana.....	3513	1202	485	30	3.	5808	2102	196	27	551	99	12	15	6	—	—
44005 Jefferson.....	2906	1829	816	11	3.	5479	3402	407	35	136	143	4	21	2	—	—
16655 Juniata.....	1210	1150	652	1	1.	2057	1794	44	35	9	16	—	2	—	—	—
14268 Lackawanna.....	1246	1194	3519	128	40.	18654	11645	808	112	43	181	55	83	—	—	—
14066 Lancaster.....	16657	2620	1178	26	9.	24337	8145	479	498	—	—	6	—	25	—	—
35517 Lawrence.....	3161	1961	469	11	19.	6184	2801	285	13	177	145	1	44	22	—	—
48131 Lebanon.....	3681	1710	1029	7	—.	7368	2751	213	—	23	45	2	20	1	—	—
76331 Lehigh.....	6230	3753	533	41	4.	5437	3918	296	335	10	41	35	10	1	—	—
20126 Luzerne.....	13287	15442	2939	159	19.	25359	14867	810	334	142	206	104	119	7	—	—
70579 Lycoming.....	2882	3838	267	182	14.	8445	7128	1031	167	84	128	24	52	9	—	—
46883 McKean.....	3628	2138	1155	17	6.	5046	308	55	153	144	1	31	3	—	—	—
56744 Mercer.....	4089	2958	485	29	19.	7362	5500	270	31	—	—	2	—	12	—	—
10886 Mifflin.....	1415	1023	289	1	1.	2652	2622	118	76	4	26	—	2	—	—	—
20111 Monroe.....	984	1671	171	4	9.	1481	2811	131	79	6	70	1	16	4	—	—
12350 Montgomery.....	9061	6807	1339	70	21.	17329	10885	338	806	—	—	24	—	17	—	—
15645 Montour.....	873	1346	288	—	—.	1381	1624	58	56	14	39	—	3	—	—	—
84235 Northampton.....	5676	6584	823	34	2.	9762	10082	326	360	—	—	28	—	3	—	—
74688 Northumberland.....	4570	3847	2017	348	7.	9620	7159	574	120	35	173	35	39	1	—	—
20576 Perry.....	2219	1611	500	1	7.	3395	2423	196	154	13	41	—	11	6	—	—
109394 Philadelphia.....	116171	36552	6447	1506	106.	176492	65333	993	3115	—	—	674	3	330	—	—
3413 Pike.....	241	569	105	9	2.	773	1080	11	25	3	40	3	8	—	—	—
27778 Porter.....	1829	1475	230	9	4.	5258	1068	118	36	121	4	26	—	—	—	—
15453 Schuylkill.....	16240	11009	1017	130	9.	16885	14352	244	350	74	119	10	60	4	—	—
15041 Snyder.....	1020	661	216	1	—.	2564	1286	32	23	21	44	—	9	—	—	—
37047 Somerset.....	2949	1171	218	9	1.	5883	2254	147	14	18	43	1	—	1	—	—
11620 Sullivan.....	718	837	150	—	3.	1306	1247	92	29	18	35	—	9	—	—	—
40063 Susquehanna.....	3114	2556	563	10	60.	5275	3392	386	36	197	120	1	35	9	—	—
52013 Tioga.....	3229	915	740	8	7.	7862	2111	258	72	408	249	5	30	7	—	—
17829 Union.....	1349	571	372	4	6.	2573	1106	114	54	52	29	—	12	—	—	—
46040 Venango.....	2573	820	368	8	17.	5110	4192	531	332	219	158	1	23	8	—	—
35585 Warren.....	3147	1828	709	83	9.	4856	3048	312	52	—	—	—	—	13	—	—
71153 Washington.....	6629	4516	467	56	15.	10304	7128	348	139	117	14	34	13	—	—	—
51010 Wayne.....	1292	744	550	14	20.	5708	2408	245	21	14	61	1	4	—	—	—
112819 Westmoreland.....	9570	7570	700	232	12.	14349	10529	337	90	506	194	154	29	8	—	—
15891 Wyoming.....	1101	846	346	2	3.	2470	1885	113	17	35	31	—	3	—	—	—
94989 York.....	6640	8918	1121	36	1.	12223	12941	375	365	26	117	3	35	5	—	—
Total.....	412552	288341	38876	3045	842.	752298	423654	13274	11000	6108	5071	1083	1302	870	—	—
Plurality.....	144311	—	—	—	—	302944	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Per cent.....	35.38	35.98	7.89	0.08	0.11.	60.87	35.34	1.62	0.91	0.52	0.43	0.14	0.10	0.07	—	—
Scattering.....	96	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total vote.....	745856	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1897.

Treasurer—James S. Beacon, Rep.....	372,448
M. E. Brown, Dem.....	242,731
S. C. Swallow, Pro.....	118,969
W. H. Thomas, Soc. Lab.....	5,162
A. Steelsmith, Lib.....	630
W. R. Thompson, Ind.....	15,135

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

## At Large (two elected)—

Galusha A. Grow, Rep.....	711,246
Samuel A. Davenport, Rep.....	708,633
DeWitt C. DeWitt, Dem.....	412,051
Jerome T. Altman, Dem.....	414,659
Abraham A. Barker, Pro.....	18,336
George Alcorn, Pro.....	18,091
Jerome T. Altman, Pro.....	1,817
John P. Cowell, Pro.....	7,482
Emil Guwang, Soc. Lab.....	1,455
Fred W. Long, Soc. Lab.....	1,432
Henry S. Kent, Nat. Pro.....	671
Isaac G. Pollard, Nat. Pro.....	663
DeWitt C. DeWitt, Sil.....	1,749
Jerome T. Altman, Sil.....	1,742
Galusha A. Grow, Sil.....	530
Samuel A. Davenport, Sil.....	529
Benjamin C. Potts, Jeff. Nat. Dem., 7,234	
Hay Walker, Jr., Jeff. Nat. Dem., 7,255	
1. The 1st, 2d, 7th, 26th and 30th wards of Philadelphia.....	
Henry H. Bingham, Rep.....	32,466

Horace E. James, Dem.....	12,962
J. Lewis Jenkins, Pro.....	150
2. The 8th, 9th, 10th, 13th, 14th and 20th wards of Philadelphia.....	
Robert Adams, Jr., Rep.....	22,205
Fenton P. F. Mullins, Dem.....	6,100
Edward B. Cooper, Pro.....	148
3. The 1d, 3th, 5th, 6th, 11th, 12th, 16th and 17th wards of Philadelphia.....	
Frederick Halterman, Rep.....	9,556
William McAleer, Dem.....	11,555
Charles Roads, Pro.....	46
Frederick G. Haacker, Soc. Lab.....	139
Samuel E. Hudson, Sil.....	2,064
Edward J. Records, Am. Fin. Ref. 7	
4. The 15th, 21st, 24th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 32d and 34th wards of Philadelphia.....	
James Rankin Young, Rep.....	59,147
Mark D. Cunningham, Dem.....	16,536
Alben T. Evenson, Pro.....	543
5. The 18th, 19th, 22d, 23d, 25th, 31st, 35d and 36th wards of Philadelphia.....	
Alfred C. Harmer, Rep.....	47,953
Frank D. Wright, Dem.....	14,484
Samuel Christian, Pro.....	337
Ernest Kreft, Soc. Lab.....	202
6. The counties of Chester and Delaware.....	
Thomas S. Butler, Butler Rep.....	15,016
John B. Robinson, Robinson Rep.....	13,369
Wm. H. Berry, Dem., Nat., Sil.....	9,288
Jesse G. Yeager, Pro.....	422

## ELECTION RETURNS.

333

7. The counties of Bucks and Montgomery. Irving P. Wagner, Rep. .... 26,725 Charles S. Vandegrift, Dem. .... 16,740 H. G. Parker, Pro. .... 531	Frank E. Hollar, Rep. .... 21,382 George J. Benner, Dem. .... 22,160 William H. Albright, Pro. .... 529 Charles A. Hawkins, Jeffersonian.. 498
8. The counties of Northampton, Monroe, Pike and Carbon. William H. Kirkpatrick, Rep. .... 17,072 Leahd H. Barber, Dem. .... 16,743	20. The counties of Blair, Somerset and Bedford. Josiah D. Hicks, McKinley Sound Money. .... 19,974 Robert C. McNamara, Dem. .... 17,297 John W. Bracken, Pro. .... 781 Clement Pletsch, Pro. .... 104 Joseph E. Thropp, Protectionist.. 7,468
9. The counties of Berks and Lehigh. Oliver Williams, Rep. .... 23,022 Daniel Ermentrout, Dem. .... 26,123 Isaac P. Meisel, Pro. .... 408 Geo. H. Hoffman, Pro and Sil. .... 1,032 Thomas Polk Merrill, Jeffersonian. 523	21. The counties of Armstrong, Indiana, Jefferson and Westmoreland. Edward E. Robbins, Rep. .... 32,149 Samuel S. Blyholder, Dem. .... 19,464 John B. Blair, Pro. .... 1,063 St. Clair Thompson, Pro. .... 968
10. The county of Lancaster. Marriott Brosius, Rep. .... 24,122 Edward D. Kelly, Dem. .... 8,252 W. D. Snyder, Pro. .... 525	22. The county of Allegheny (part). John Ditzell, Rep. .... 28,860 John F. Miller, Dem. .... 12,788 Edwin Z. Smith, Jeffersonian. .... 166
11. The county of Lackawanna. William Connell, Rep. .... 15,598 Edward Merzfeld, Dem. .... 19,741 Hurry J. Hackenbury, Pro. .... 806 John Salapka, Pro. .... 54	23. The county of Allegheny (part). William A. Stone, Rep. .... 21,379 Morrison Foster, Dem. .... 6,191 Judson J. Brooks, Jeffersonian. .... 139
12. The county of Luzerne. Morgan B. Williams, Rep. .... 20,920 John M. Gorman, Dem. .... 17,976 William K. Netheron, Pro. .... 779 D. O. Coughlin, Pro. .... 234	24. The counties of Fayette, Greene, Washington and part of Allegheny. Ernest F. Acheson, Rep. .... 36,554 John Furman, Dem. .... 26,538 Butler C. McGraw, Pro. .... 903
13. The county of Schuylkill. Charles N. Brunner, Rep. .... 15,513 Watson F. Shepherd, Dem. .... 14,512 S. G. M. Hellepeter, Pro. .... 239	25. The counties of Beaver, Butler, Lawrence and Mercer. James J. Davidson, Rep. .... 25,529 John G. McNahy, Dem. .... 17,050 Ralph P. Allen, Pro. .... 1,034
14. The counties of Lebanon, Dauphin and Perry. Marlin E. Olmsted, Rep. .... 26,014 J. F. Klugh, Dem. .... 462 Benjamin H. Eagle, Pro. .... 1,101 Abraham Matlis, Pro. .... 1,948	26. The counties of Crawford and Erie. John C. Sturtevant, Rep. .... 18,840 Joseph C. Sibbey, Dem. .... 18,114 Benjamin Mason, Pro. .... 431
15. The counties of Bradford, Susquehanna, Wayne and Wyoming. James H. Cording, Rep. .... 20,210 Charles Percival Shaw, Dem. .... 19,444 Charles H. Daba, Pro. .... 1,150	27. The counties of Cameron, McKean, Venango and Warren. Charles W. Stone, Rep. .... 15,777 William J. Breene, Dem. .... 10,058 John E. Gill, Pro. .... 1,131 William J. Breene, Pro. .... 102
16. The counties of Tioga, Potter, Lycoming and Clinton. Horace B. Packer, Rep. .... 21,543 Luther H. Seibert, Dem. .... 15,152 Clevon Dinges, Pro. .... 1,654	28. The counties of Clarion, Clearfield, Center, Elk and Forest. William C. Arnold, Rep. .... 19,296 Jackson L. Spangler, Dem. .... 18,090 James T. Brennan, Pro. .... 1,035
17. The counties of Northumberland, Columbia, Montour and Sullivan. Monroe H. Kulp, Rep. .... 15,195 Alphonse Walsh, Dem. .... 14,073 Martin P. Lutz, Pro. .... 1,062	
18. The counties of Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Snyder, Union and Mifflin. Theodore M. Mahon, Rep. .... 22,455 Willis F. Kearns, Dem. .... 14,122	
19. The counties of Cumberland, Adams and York.	

## RHODE ISLAND (Population 345,506).

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR 1897				PRESIDENT 1896				GOVERNOR 1896			
	Rep.	Dem.	N.I.L.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	G.D.S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.-L. Pro.
Population.	249,100	136,755	357	20,061	138,636	36,437	144,569	116,018	558	23,008	142,891	23,247
11424 Bristol. ....	730	817	2	46	6	1,321	424	42	85	10	882	377
26754 Kent. ....	1737	566	11	164	42	2,817	645	75	84	20	2,083	710
26552 Newport. ....	2,327	1,429	7	121	50	3,115	10,32	92	144	30	2,490	1,245
25612 Providence. ....	17,453	10,535	323	1,119	1,229	25,844	11,644	554	794	480	17,684	11,269
23649 Washington. ....	2,032	738	14	646	50	30,40	645	397	109	18	1,976	648
Total. ....	24,910	136,755	357	20,061	138,636	36,437	144,569	116,018	558	23,008	142,891	23,247
Plurality. ....	10,654					21,978				10,009		
Percent. ....	58.1	32.7	0.8	5.0	8.3	67.74	26.58	2.15	2.16	1.08	56.9	32.4
Total vote. ....	41,923					53,785				44,110		

In 1896 Bentley, Pro., received 5 votes for president.

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1897.

Lieut.-Gov.-Abraham J. Pothier, Rep. .... 22,658	Briggs, Lib. .... 396
Bartlett, Dem. .... 13,785	Att'y-Gen.-Willard B. Tanner, Rep. .... 23,044
Jencks, Pro. .... 2,496	Brown, Dem. .... 13,943
Murray, Soc. .... 1,402	Williams, Pro. .... 2,720
Burlingame, Lib. .... 511	Devlin, Soc. .... 1,490
Sec'y of State-Chas. P. Bennett, Rep. .... 24,400	Gen'l Treasurer-Samuel Clark, Rep. .... 24,638
McNamee, Dem. .... 12,706	Walker, Dem. .... 13,239
Smith, Pro. .... 2,428	Helme, Pro. .... 2,099
Jefferson, Soc. .... 1,279	Frank, Soc. .... 1,325
	Graham, Lib. .... 589

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. Melville Bull, Rep.....	17,378
George T. Brown, Dem.....	8,542
James A. Williams, Pro.....	684
George A. Ballard, Soc. Lab.....	644
2. Adin B. Capron, Rep.....	16,612
Lucius F. C. Garvin, Dem.....	8,088
Henry B. Metcalf, Pro.....	1,207

## SOUTH CAROLINA (Population 1,151,149).

COUNTIES. (36)	PRESIDENT 1896			GOV. 1894			PRES. 1892			GOV. 1890	
	Pop.	Rep.	Dem.	Dem. I.	Dem.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Pres.	Dem. I.	Dem.
48554 Abbeville.....	337	2478	1..	1491	829	128	2559	1..	2815	108	
31822 Aiken.....	137	1819	11..	1800	392	126	1469	70..	2079	290	
43896 Anderson.....	368	8109	17..	1402	842	133	2248	144..	2043	191	
44613 Barnwell.....	239	2285	8..	1648	697	549	2187	40..	2388	404	
31119 Beaufort.....	444	289	—	801	437	294	175	—	275	636	
55428 Berkeley.....	143	518	9..	885	301	1171	1007	31..	917	1535	
54903 Charleston.....	1262	1059	549..	805	1363	480	1504	1..	1195	5.7	
26930 Chester.....	76	1254	10..	982	403	293	1508	7..	1449	245	
18468 Chesterfield.....	239	1465	—	1057	301	382	1494	24..	1459	218	
23238 Clarendon.....	207	1450	—	1101	300	394	2192	—	1145	180	
40238 Colleton.....	335	1646	—	1245	280	472	1312	—	1790	636	
29134 Darlington.....	201	1825	21..	931	676	102	1840	24..	1283	230	
49259 Edgefield.....	216	1523	7..	1402	417	26	2679	100..	8657	93	
28569 Fairfield.....	54	1078	—	776	403	204	1041	2..	985	771	
25027 Florence.....	136	1540	35..	1059	573	283	1009	—	1237	512	
20857 Georgetown.....	734	450	36..	276	782	888	552	1..	668	331	
44310 Greenville.....	288	5718	35..	1032	517	600	3095	60..	3399	180	
20544 Hampton.....	25	1072	—	672	212	254	1007	—	1548	209	
19256 Horry.....	196	1372	—	729	1063	—	—	—	1870	898	
22361 Kershaw.....	139	1191	2..	840	348	359	1107	8..	1388	277	
20761 Lancaster.....	177	1585	—	1275	419	634	1747	124..	1820	440	
31610 Laurens.....	111	1948	—	1319	109	173	1773	10..	2032	51	
22181 Lexington.....	197	1673	—	1290	576	71	1287	283..	2137	75	
29976 Marion.....	813	1006	11..	448	341	456	1737	238..	1802	747	
21500 Marlborough.....	257	1232	8..	789	106	262	1004	171..	1026	168	
26434 Newberry.....	64	1528	9..	1191	791	223	1504	62..	1694	344	
18887 Oconee.....	192	1322	—	135	450	220	906	428..	1214	210	
43838 Orangeburg.....	262	3729	—	2983	491	838	2796	7..	2923	639	
16389 Pickens.....	170	1261	—	718	174	129	608	464..	1392	43	
36821 Richland.....	408	935	29..	582	1091	140	794	—	982	846	
53386 Spartanburg.....	217	4294	—	2487	1119	551	3515	139..	2671	598	
43006 Sumter.....	326	1560	24..	800	476	639	1535	8..	588	749	
25883 Union.....	60	1241	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
25383 Union.....	168	1879	2..	1418	517	856	1339	56..	1890	707	
27777 Williamsburg.....	855	1570	4..	954	285	787	1178	31..	1294	621	
38831 York.....	152	2010	4..	1273	356	319	2212	3..	2624	107	
Total.....	9281	56126	528..	29507	17278..	13345	54822	2407..	60159	14828	
Plurality.....		49517		22229		41347			44381		
Per cent.....	13.47	83.33	1.20..	69.57	30.43..	18.94	77.62	8.42..	53.31	16.68	
Total vote.....		68907		56785		70444			74124		

\*The McKinley vote includes that of the two republican factions combined. The regular republican vote was 4223 and the reorganized republican vote was 5068.

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

S. Pope, Reorganized Rep.....	4,432
R. M. Wallace, Rep.....	2,780
W. H. Ellerbe, Dem.....	59,424

## OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896

Lieut.-Gov.—W. B. McSweeney, Dem.	
Secretary of State—D. H. Thompkins, Dem.	
Attorney-General—W. A. Barber, Dem.	
Treasurer—W. H. Zimmerman, Dem.	
Comptroller-General—James Norton, Dem.	

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. Parts of the counties of Berkeley, Charleston, Colleton, Orangeburg and all of Lexington.	
G. W. Murray, Reorganized Rep...	2,478
Cecil Cohen, Rep.....	173
William Elliott, Dem.....	4,652
2. Counties of Aiken, Barnwell, Edgefield, Hampton and part of Colleton.	
G. T. Chatfield, Rep.....	635
W. J. Talbert, Dem.....	7,999
3. Counties of Abbeville, Anderson, Newberry, Oconee, Pickens.....	6,590
W. H. Merrick, Rep.....	192
J. T. Gray, Ind. Rep.....	192
A. C. Latimer, Dem.....	9,746

## LEGISLATURE.

1898.			1897.		
Sen.	Ho.	J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho.	J. Bal.
..34	55	89..	35	69	104
.. 4	16	20..	2	3	5
—	1	1..	—	—	—

Republicans.....	34	55	89..	35	69	104
Democrats.....	4	16	20..	2	3	5
Independent.....	—	1	1..	—	—	—

LEGISLATURE.					
	1897-8.			1896-6.	
	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	
Republicans ..	—	1	1..	—	1 1
Democrats ....	36	123	159..	29	104 123
Conserv. Dem's —	—	—	—	7	17 24

## SOUTH DAKOTA (Population 323,806).

COUNTIES. (79)	PRES. 1896			GOV. 1894			PRES. 1892			
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	
Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Lewelling.	Sheldon.	Ward.	Hove.	Alexander.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Weaver.
3045 Aurora.....	887	479	12.	442	157	350	21.	461	207	314
9596 Beadle.....	986	915	26.	1118	189	582	43.	984	206	672
9067 Bon Homme.....	1163	893	7.	1054	162	723	25.	879	280	686
..... Boreman.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10132 Brookings.....	1263	1288	42.	1070	129	1008	77.	1082	189	827
18865 Brown.....	1618	1867	21.	1730	264	1613	85.	1446	279	1465
6737 Brule.....	441	668	5.	613	483	242	6.	538	200	484
993 Buffalo.....	68	79	—	100	6	74	3.	78	13	63
1067 Butte.....	222	238	2.	275	45	241	5.	154	28	202
3610 Campbell.....	449	369	4.	541	17	393	4.	390	77	204
4178 Charles Mix.....	698	594	11.	503	100	331	10.	516	116	368
8 Choteau.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
6728 Clark.....	696	816	33.	802	96	702	25.	731	197	621
7559 Clay.....	1238	1061	21.	1012	112	876	46.	918	164	629
7037 Coddington.....	1041	759	23.	1104	424	161	47.	882	408	401
4301 Custer.....	429	515	3.	528	223	290	6.	503	106	352
5449 Davison.....	618	733	16.	637	96	678	40.	519	120	640
9198 Day.....	1174	1230	35.	1061	95	1167	34.	752	362	818
40 DeLano.....	4	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4574 Deuel.....	698	608	4.	575	137	485	22.	441	122	440
4600 Dewey.....	538	390	5.	624	73	396	4.	514	109	414
4369 Edmunds.....	371	510	7.	501	209	285	10.	386	156	381
16 Ewing.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4478 Fall River.....	532	555	4.	636	227	192	10.	569	262	228
4052 Faulk.....	430	237	4.	608	121	149	12.	473	107	162
6314 Grant.....	1029	902	21.	973	63	673	9.	606	188	682
286 Gregory.....	110	116	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4626 Hamlin.....	702	559	13.	688	78	437	14.	537	161	359
6545 Hand.....	451	567	8.	639	59	595	6.	528	70	567
4267 Hanson.....	420	658	6.	413	339	391	10.	378	196	470
167 Harding.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5044 Hughes.....	402	327	8.	529	104	81	8.	459	102	169
10469 Hutchinson.....	1413	458	14.	1396	329	65	13.	1034	254	817
1360 Hyde.....	223	121	2.	237	44	60	6.	184	61	91
30 Jackson.....	18	30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
3905 Jerauld.....	274	336	9.	297	21	377	21.	327	45	323
8562 Kingsbury.....	950	1051	28.	818	117	925	45.	961	175	929
7508 Lake.....	894	999	11.	766	106	744	22.	742	198	769
11673 Lawrence.....	2210	2905	35.	1891	496	1612	23.	2140	548	1435
9143 Lincoln.....	1516	1393	14.	1424	189	830	20.	1130	206	669
..... Lugenebeel.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
233 Lyman.....	114	78	1.	139	45	58	8.	—	—	—
4544 Marshall.....	553	694	16.	404	80	456	12.	573	262	699
6448 McCook.....	678	1047	12.	671	467	516	15.	487	221	256
5949 McPherson.....	512	361	6.	772	78	273	13.	477	114	494
7 Martin.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4640 Meade.....	550	802	4.	425	206	581	12.	427	128	613
..... Meyer.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5185 Miner.....	562	705	5.	541	239	378	11.	486	290	484
21879 Minnehaha.....	2429	2967	56.	2580	646	1379	71.	2293	484	1529
5941 Moody.....	780	1012	7.	764	62	682	21.	735	96	543
149 Nowlin.....	16	23	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
6340 Pennington.....	739	1038	8.	732	202	610	11.	959	147	787
2910 Potter.....	333	380	5.	369	107	212	3.	320	57	249
23 Pratt.....	6	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
811 Prescho.....	67	43	1.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
84 Pyatt.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
..... Rinehart.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1997 Roberts.....	1824	929	22.	1065	75	576	23.	538	68	250
..... Rusk.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4610 Sanborn.....	530	500	15.	509	44	512	21.	564	95	855
..... Schnasse.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
83 Seobey.....	8	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
..... Shannon.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10581 Spink.....	1182	1061	13.	1211	109	1046	40.	1133	171	832
10228 Stanley.....	89	140	2.	115	79	9	2.	76	29	50
93 Sterling.....	17	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2412 Sully.....	262	198	5.	286	28	185	4.	278	39	167
189 Todd.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
..... Tripp.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10256 Turner.....	1616	950	21.	1496	396	332	40.	1108	429	418
9130 Union.....	1237	1491	17.	1135	215	1002	13.	860	241	86
..... Wagner.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2153 Walworth.....	250	296	5.	322	27	263	6.	187	45	191
..... Washabough.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
40 Washington.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10444 Yankton.....	1432	1330	16.	1320	822	869	13.	1166	228	706
610 Ziebach.....	14	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Levering.	Sheldon.	Ward.	Hove.	Alexander.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Weaver.
Unorganized counties.....	77	108	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total.....	41042	41225	683..	40401	8756	26568	1011..	34896	9081	26544
Plurality.....	183	—	—	18353	—	—	—	5844	—	105
Majority.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percent.....	49.47	49.69	84..	52.64	11.41	84.26	1.33..	49.40	12.84	37.58
Scattering.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total vote.....	82960	—	—	76736	—	—	—	70818	—	—

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

A. O. Ringsrud, Rep.....	40,963
A. E. Lea, Peo.....	41,187
J. F. Hanson, Pro.....	722

OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896

Lieutenant-Governor—D. T. Hinman, Rep.	
Secretary of State—W. H. Roddle, Rep.	
Auditor—H. E. Mayhew, Rep.	
Treasurer—R. G. Phillips, Rep.	
Attorney-General—M. Grigsby, Peo.	
Supt. Public Instruction—F. Crane, Rep.	

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

Rob. J. Gamble, Rep.....	40,943
C. I. Crawford, Rep.....	40,375
John E. Kelley, Fus.....	41,125
F. Knowles, Fus.....	41,233
M. D. Alexander, Pro.....	653
K. Lewis, Pro.....	722

## LEGISLATURE.

	1896-7.	1894-5.
Sen. Ho. J. Bal. Sen. Ho. J. Bal.		
Republicans.....	18	38
People's.....	26	46
	62..	10
	15	25

## TENNESSEE (Population 1,767,518).

Population.	PRESIDENT 1896					Gov. 1894					PRESIDENT 1892				
	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	G. D. Pro.	Ev.	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	G. D. Pro.	Ev.	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	G. D. Pro.	Ev.
15123 Anderson.....	2151	2575	21	70	50..	1508	1670	120	1470	2154	79	115	23	—	—
24739 Bedford.....	2151	1364	101	1	12..	699	912	211	583	1001	—	241	—	—	—
11230 Benton.....	745	478	—	12	—	765	440	3	720	505	2	12	—	—	—
6134 Bledsoe.....	2562	970	—	8	48..	2232	643	58	1935	821	—	64	—	—	—
17589 Blount.....	1745	1057	—	5	45..	1547	770	80	1592	871	54	68	—	—	—
13607 Bradley.....	2280	571	—	11	13..	1803	346	21	1503	813	5	62	—	—	—
13485 Campbell.....	774	1276	—	10	—	627	829	98	554	1092	4	63	—	—	—
12197 Cannon.....	3577	2060	208	6	61..	2394	1642	302	2067	1694	54	552	—	—	—
12599 Carter.....	2710	445	—	29	85..	2018	517	11	1877	479	60	161	—	—	—
8845 Cheatham.....	446	1085	64	80	9..	320	730	397	242	732	10	154	—	—	—
9208 Chester.....	466	910	108	2	14..	545	630	240	498	737	12	187	—	—	—
15103 Claiborne.....	2240	1152	—	8	8..	1480	888	100	1437	986	10	144	—	—	—
7280 Clay.....	544	836	—	1	22..	409	607	65	391	743	32	96	—	—	—
16523 Cocke.....	2592	980	—	5	—	1080	680	161	1831	875	8	22	—	—	—
13827 Coffee.....	659	1891	—	29	52..	461	955	278	414	1415	80	307	—	—	—
15146 Crockett.....	1140	1655	10	—	34..	1043	924	88	600	1371	30	161	—	—	—
5376 Cumberland.....	800	418	—	6	1..	688	310	7	632	839	6	16	—	—	—
108174 Davidson.....	5739	7374	137	209	150..	2478	5412	1401	2063	8392	389	371	—	—	—
8836 Decatur.....	820	977	20	—	3..	760	758	61	667	809	—	85	—	—	—
15850 DeKalb.....	1653	1626	—	5	28..	1395	1236	104	1293	1374	67	129	—	—	—
13645 Dickson.....	844	1938	38	14	35..	608	920	367	494	1368	17	312	—	—	—
19878 Dyer.....	868	2118	271	15	44..	618	1240	502	487	1948	46	165	—	—	—
28878 Fayette.....	1316	2355	13	22	9..	806	1701	110	660	2167	4	191	—	—	—
6226 Fentress.....	798	247	4	9	—	617	189	90	525	223	—	149	—	—	—
19929 Franklin.....	834	2502	82	34	50..	568	1476	788	577	1966	77	306	—	—	—
35859 Gibson.....	1865	3906	236	7	216..	1257	2224	688	1299	3995	210	324	—	—	—
31957 Giles.....	2372	3931	61	21	21..	1040	1333	393	1651	2722	96	185	—	—	—
13196 Grainger.....	1893	1001	1	—	6..	1152	466	145	1342	581	1	154	—	—	—
26814 Greene.....	3577	2726	—	8	53..	2559	1006	121	2744	2298	210	100	—	—	—
6845 Grundy.....	286	991	6	12	17..	211	711	77	236	779	18	26	—	—	—
11418 Hamblen.....	1506	1053	—	5	27..	1134	647	79	1164	915	43	105	—	—	—
63483 Hamilton.....	4482	8914	65	98	121..	589	284	305	3509	3749	213	168	—	—	—
10542 Hancock.....	1430	456	—	—	—	900	254	71	671	421	6	140	—	—	—
21079 Hardeman.....	1427	2129	105	46	1..	512	1180	440	780	1940	—	508	—	—	—
17084 Hardin.....	2165	1329	8	2	7..	1852	1008	85	1507	1193	42	146	—	—	—
22246 Hawkins.....	2824	1723	—	16	13..	2063	1377	79	1847	1740	8	75	—	—	—
23558 Haywood.....	624	2293	29	18	2..	76	947	164	662	1676	—	223	—	—	—
16336 Henderson.....	2009	1316	—	—	40..	1760	902	85	1535	1044	—	—	—	—	—
21070 Henry.....	1473	2976	101	17	14..	1208	2118	513	1933	2206	33	515	—	—	—
14419 Hickman.....	948	1523	30	12	18..	698	870	253	554	1170	16	301	—	—	—
5380 Houston.....	843	879	17	15	23..	237	491	110	306	704	15	83	—	—	—
11720 Humphreys.....	465	1507	97	6	10..	276	745	463	243	1178	35	306	—	—	—
13325 Jackson.....	754	1729	—	1	—	461	1141	368	454	1368	2	148	—	—	—
4903 James.....	647	1027	24	2	4..	626	207	80	618	363	4	28	—	—	—
16473 Jefferson.....	2638	881	21	13	9..	2328	740	79	2168	794	9	186	—	—	—
8658 Johnson.....	1683	224	—	—	5..	1191	177	1	1160	208	80	13	—	—	—
59557 Knox.....	6243	4006	14	56	117..	4567	3274	176	4160	3967	206	126	—	—	—
5304 Lake.....	126	811	—	6	11..	29	265	19	6	494	12	82	—	—	—
18756 Lauderdale.....	709	2073	172	33	7..	261	1235	468	907	1218	7	680	—	—	—
12298 Lawrence.....	1213	1376	—	7	—	1015	1021	4	738	1201	59	96	—	—	—
2555 Lewis.....	204	311	18	—	—	140	182	15	96	231	9	24	—	—	—
27382 Lincoln.....	982	3196	83	40	120..	724	1730	1004	690	2429	236	306	—	—	—
9273 Loudon.....	1447	564	—	3	11..	1254	380	77	1017	491	10	84	—	—	—
10678 Macon.....	1324	838	31	—	—	832	457	83	1096	648	—	151	—	—	—
17980 McMinn.....	2255	1388	—	12	34..	1942	1174	99	1642	1366	69	92	—	—	—
15610 McNairy.....	1463	1440	56	—	—	1170	708	292	1143	1193	9	458	—	—	—
30497 Madison.....	1024	3490	221	15	17..	584	2556	462	890	2269	50	408	—	—	—

## ELECTION RETURNS.

837

Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Lovring.	Evans.	Turney.	Mims.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Edwell.	Weaver.
15411 Marion.....	1801	1320	—	25	5..	1578	937	40..	1457	1201	5	47
19406 Marshall.....	849	2536	309	14	57..	648	2089	538..	696	2185	123	402
38112 Maury.....	2537	2930	91	33	59..	1312	2043	448..	1359	3191	119	813
6840 Meigs.....	641	713	9	4	2..	650	696	80..	561	564	17	134
15329 Monroe.....	1634	1569	9	9	47..	1489	1245	70..	1414	1367	10	167
29677 Montgomery.....	2634	2734	70	101	252..	1726	1557	867..	1927	2405	120	983
5975 Moore.....	78	890	52	2	28..	47	542	179..	62	717	86	218
7639 Morgan.....	1140	452	—	15	19..	792	249	47..	681	302	24	37
27273 Obion.....	1147	3579	246	41	98..	712	1736	747..	771	2904	71	964
12039 Overton.....	761	1485	10	1	—..	685	1088	36..	586	1287	7	114
7785 Perry.....	572	993	7	1	—..	554	673	45..	371	710	2	68
4736 Pickett.....	544	394	—	—	—..	452	389	—..	427	388	8	—
8361 Polk.....	947	749	—	3	3..	703	697	43..	694	636	—	58
13838 Putnam.....	1057	1720	30	4	14..	875	1086	185..	682	1089	15	267
12647 Rhea.....	1324	1118	6	18	46..	1122	874	52..	1183	1096	32	102
17118 Roane.....	3026	803	18	14	142..	2320	616	182..	1796	804	261	178
20078 Robertson.....	1396	2018	26	15	182..	869	1340	651..	879	1938	233	604
35087 Rutherford.....	2283	3318	59	23..	1781	1958	1127..	1210	2511	42	591	—
9794 Scott.....	1091	209	—	—	7..	1336	131	3..	1198	156	9	76
8027 Sequatchie.....	241	346	—	—	3..	213	343	21..	189	376	—	15
18761 Shelby.....	8376	428	—	4	13..	2911	373	28..	2248	490	29	44
112740 Shelby.....	5123	5734	96	215	42..	706	2724	168..	1194	6507	28	277
18404 Smith.....	1054	2414	—	6	20	859	1006	540..	847	1538	35	535
12193 Stewart.....	618	1620	22	3	9..	378	871	423..	387	1531	21	848
26878 Sullivan.....	1914	2512	3	33..	1350	1014	194..	1304	2281	97	139	—
23688 Sumner.....	1215	3019	152	48	11..	618	1682	324..	577	2121	38	775
24271 Tipton.....	1894	2119	—	123	13..	285	1376	684..	680	2169	—	60
5850 Trousdale.....	313	747	22	4	—..	222	506	67..	240	622	3	196
4619 Union.....	804	89	—	3	7..	699	93	2..	500	87	3	1
11459 Union.....	1862	599	—	2	2..	1579	454	68..	1368	457	1	79
2883 Van Buren.....	140	419	—	9	5..	91	300	46..	89	340	7	36
14413 Warren.....	842	2099	2	21	39..	698	1280	399..	633	1568	46	367
20354 Washington.....	2807	1690	1	18	43..	1922	1277	34..	2666	1722	164	44
11471 Wayne.....	1505	734	1	1	10..	1113	426	31..	1156	661	17	55
28965 Weakley.....	2003	3756	178	3	99..	1297	1882	478..	1644	2648	117	678
12448 White.....	617	1752	87	9	16..	550	1302	353..	539	1273	56	399
27221 Williamson.....	1281	2035	162	17	51..	474	1673	597..	575	1902	151	353
27148 Wilson.....	1563	3434	2	19	17..	894	1308	237..	1142	2523	102	321

Total.....	148773	163851	4525	1851	3098..	105104	104356	23092..	100331	138974	4851	23447
Plurality.....		19103				748				38543		
Per cent.....	46.21	50.80	1.39	.65	.96..	45.19	44.87	9.94..	37.56	51.91	1.81	8.72
Total vote.....		321998				232552				267543		

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

G. N. Tillman, Rep.....	149,374
R. L. Taylor, Dem.....	156,228
J. Hopwood, Pro.....	2,831
A. L. Mims, Peo.....	11,976

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. The counties of Carter, Claiborne, Cocke, Grainger, Greene, Hamblen, Hancock, Hawkins, Johnson, Sullivan, Union and Washington.

W. P. Brownlow, Rep.....	25,075
L. L. Lawrence, Dem.....	13,956
W. C. Nelson, Ind. Rep.....	950
R. S. Cheever, Pro.....	232
S. S. Taylor.....	1
A. H. Leplaw.....	1

2. The counties of Anderson, Blount, Campbell, Jefferson, Knox, Loudon, Morgan, Roane, Scott, Sevier and Union.

Henry R. Gibson, Rep.....	28,112
W. L. Ledgerwood, Dem.....	9,448
W. C. Murphy, Pro.....	234
Oliver.....	29

3. The counties of Blodsoe, Bradley, Franklin, Grundy, Hamilton, James, McMinn, Marion, Meigs, Monroe, Polk, Sequatchie, Van Buren, Warren and White.

W. J. Cliff, Rep.....	17,716
John A. Moore, Dem.....	19,498
J. M. Hopkins, Pro.....	227
W. J. Farris, Peo.....	133
F. V. Brown.....	1
J. D. Richardson.....	11

4. The counties of Clay, Cumberland, Fentress, Jackson, Macon, Overton, Pickett,

Putnam, Rhea, Smith, Sumner, Trousdale and Wilson.

C. H. Whitney, Rep.....	12,269
Benton McMinn, Dem.....	18,070

5. The counties of Bedford, Coffee, Cannon, De Kalb, Lincoln, Marshall, Moore and Rutherford.

Syd Houston, Rep.....	9,000
James I. Richardson, Dem.....	16,089
W. W. Erwin, Peo.....	2,384
A. M. Hughes.....	2

6. The counties of Cheatham, Davidson, Houston, Humphreys, Montgomery, Robertson and Stewart.

John W. Gaines, Sil. Dem.....	17,646
J. C. McReynolds, Gold Dem.....	12,135
George A. Gowan, Peo.....	825
B. F. C. Brooks, Ind.....	95

7. The counties of Dickson, Giles, Hickman, Lawrence, Lewis, Maury, Wayne and Williamson.

A. M. Hughes, Jr., Rep.....	10,744
N. N. Cox, Dem.....	15,434
J. R. P. Blackburn, Peo.....	1,794
W. W. Erwin.....	2
R. S. Cheers.....	1

8. The counties of Benton, Carroll, Chester, Decatur, Hardin, Henderson, Henry, Madison, McNairy and Perry.

John F. McCall, Rep.....	13,619
T. W. Sims, Dem.....	16,568
J. S. Leach, Peo.....	1,130
W. L. Nowell.....	82
James Sherry.....	6

9. The counties of Crockett, Dyer, Gibson,

Haywood, Lake, Lauderdale, Obion, Weakley.  
 Rice A. Pierce, Dem. .... 19,138  
 John H. McDowell, Peo. .... 10,714  
 10. The counties of Fayette, Hardeman,  
 Shelby and Tipton.  
 E. W. Carnack, Sll. Dem. .... 10,924  
 Josiah Patterson, Gold Dem. .... 10,556  
 B. G. West, Peo. .... 926

## LEGISLATURE.

	1897-8.		1896-7.	
	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.
Republicans ..	8	32	40..	10
Democrats ..	25	63	38..	30
People's ..	—	4	4..	—
Ind. People's ..	—	—	—	7

## TEXAS Population 2,335,523.

COUNTIES (246)	PRES. 1896			GOV. 1896			PRES. 1892		
	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	Dem.	Peo.	Pro.	Rep. W.	Rep. Dem.	Pro. Peo.
Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan.	Culberson.	Keasby.	Clark.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Blair.
20523 Anderson .....	1956	2723	365..	2050	1801	—	840	—	1708
24 Andrews .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
6300 Angelina .....	851	1319	659..	1225	992	6..	58	69	841
1824 Aransas .....	160	809	14..	200	231	—	91	—	7
2101 Archer .....	56	463	40..	370	181	6..	4	39	416
944 Armstrong .....	9	128	62..	102	99	—	4	4	243
6450 Atascosa .....	96	1004	298..	863	530	4..	2	—	536
17859 Austin .....	2185	1545	118..	1907	1538	—	904	—	2012
3782 Bandera .....	149	478	151..	492	226	—	50	—	277
20736 Bastrop .....	2016	1732	980..	1808	28-3	28..	1267	—	1425
2566 Baylor .....	72	399	26..	364	121	2..	30	—	400
3720 Bee .....	229	1203	116..	1000	336	—	89	—	780
33297 Bell .....	1741	5133	1628..	4690	3898	21..	510	—	4317
49296 Bexar .....	5001	5870	297..	5354	2529	54..	1239	896	4988
4635 Blanco .....	248	414	245..	444	409	—	30	18	508
222 Borden .....	8	81	19..	58	42	—	—	—	60
14157 Bosque .....	875	1799	717..	1746	1651	1..	188	9	1638
20267 Bowie .....	1022	2108	507..	2413	2289	—	854	—	1680
11506 Brazoria .....	1554	1261	103..	1010	1491	10..	1229	—	599
16950 Briscoe .....	1989	1636	294..	1914	1924	—	1207	—	1408
710 Brewster .....	79	219	1..	209	68	—	15	—	218
..... Briscoe .....	2	93	82..	72	96	85..	—	1	98
11369 Brown .....	328	1753	736..	1546	1255	28..	110	—	1486
807 Buchel .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14
19001 Burleson .....	1605	1628	169..	1691	1621	4..	685	—	1093
10721 Burnet .....	269	1210	435..	1027	991	6..	87	—	1173
15768 Caldwell .....	778	1928	724..	1588	1588	12..	390	2	685
815 Caldwell .....	21	21	21..	167	2	—	45	6	158
5434 Calhoun .....	123	980	400..	827	637	—	58	—	707
14424 Cameron .....	1374	1732	—	1841	968	—	995	—	1077
6824 Carap .....	825	536	2..	788	870	—	578	—	444
856 Carson .....	7	97	6..	98	21	—	11	3	134
22554 Cass .....	1742	1658	745..	2175	2073	—	549	26	1580
9 Castro .....	8	80	—	84	7	—	5	—	84
2241 Chambers .....	201	325	93..	317	189	—	31	26	241
22975 Cherokee .....	1611	1946	853..	2069	1690	11..	715	—	1926
1175 Childress .....	27	300	35..	369	83	—	22	—	380
7508 Clay .....	234	1145	335..	1119	618	5..	179	—	1050
2058 Coke .....	33	292	180..	251	247	8..	—	—	197
6078 Coleman .....	159	1003	400..	950	614	11..	49	—	902
36736 Collins .....	1381	6161	1438..	5708	3856	44..	978	1	4988
857 Collingsworth .....	3	143	58..	121	48	—	8	—	141
19512 Colorado .....	2045	1598	340..	1726	2237	—	1169	35	1369
6396 Comal .....	1081	252	16..	1154	149	—	299	11	690
16393 Comanche .....	158	1361	1170..	1556	1713	6..	51	6	1492
1059 Concho .....	17	40	2..	121	76	1..	28	—	151
24694 Cooke .....	827	8372	875..	8404	1764	18..	391	—	2908
16916 Coryell .....	438	2229	1255..	2300	1854	8..	126	13	1845
240 Cottle .....	5	104	12..	—	—	—	—	2	60
194 Crockett .....	215	160	—	161	219	—	—	—	141
848 Crosby .....	4	99	5..	93	12	—	5	—	141
75 Dallas .....	7	26	—	37	7	—	—	—	14
67042 Dallas .....	5655	9203	363..	7750	7872	170..	1975	249	7868
29 Dawson .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
179 Deaf Smith .....	8	100	8..	91	16	—	—	1	101
9117 Delta .....	807	961	718..	980	1220	—	124	8	758
21189 Denton .....	949	3944	439..	3789	1654	21..	433	129	2894
14307 De Witt .....	1776	1775	292..	1552	1908	1..	497	—	1811
295 Dickens .....	12	88	13..	74	55	—	8	—	91
1049 Dimmit .....	64	78	73..	66	122	—	—	—	91
1056 Donley .....	66	196	84..	198	770	8..	50	3	237
7508 Dowl .....	790	421	—	250	770	—	63	—	554
10345 Eastland .....	237	1598	985..	1471	1356	17..	91	—	1310
224 Ector .....	8	68	—	60	9	—	17	—	58
1962 Edwards .....	130	845	39..	814	187	1..	31	—	208
31774 Ellis .....	1763	6501	1969..	6113	4230	—	761	30	4786
15678 El Paso .....	1246	2307	—	2121	1585	—	—	—	—
1022 Encinal .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
21515 Erath .....	923	2460	1805..	2278	2900	28..	314	—	2124
20706 Falls .....	2734	3185	437..	3637	2847	—	1230	5	2705
38709 Fannin .....	2329	5704	1434..	5841	4536	12..	1172	—	4650

## ELECTION RETURNS.

339

Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan.	Culberson.	Keamy.	Clark.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Bidwell.	Warr.	
31481 Fayette.....	3388	2897	505.	4295	2454	1..	1680	—	8408	2	556
2396 Fisher.....	44	806	151..	279	217	7..	1	—	813	1	228
529 Floyd.....	18	198	83..	177	120	—	5	1	270	1	93
16 Foard.....	42	145	113..	136	164	—	6	1	167	—	137
10596 Fort Bend.....	2228	847	45..	2286	441	—	524	—	390	—	41
6481 Franklin.....	76	973	391..	377	625	2..	25	—	785	—	290
15967 Freestone.....	1345	1509	521..	1885	1498	—	774	—	1801	4	597
3112 Frio.....	197	620	58..	486	896	—	46	—	800	1	290
68 Gaines.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
31476 Galveston.....	4613	4406	187..	4205	3971	120..	1713	85	4361	39	174
14 Garza.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7028 Gillespie.....	1064	849	109..	905	576	—	351	21	618	2	877
208 Glasscock.....	49	38	6..	40	56	—	—	—	—	—	—
5910 Goliad.....	637	586	241..	548	857	—	286	—	453	—	422
18016 Gonzales.....	645	2232	1532..	1816	2410	—	204	—	1576	10	1770
208 Gray.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
53211 Grayson.....	3353	7743	1158..	7598	4517	87..	2074	187	6542	67	1123
Greer.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	85	—	834	—	682
9408 Gregg.....	881	658	198..	1174	736	—	640	—	691	9	252
21312 Grimes.....	2017	1752	715..	1981	2524	1..	1332	—	184	1	275
15217 Guadalupe.....	2229	1199	111..	1591	1699	2..	391	301	1693	2	549
721 Hale.....	23	220	55..	204	90	1..	—	—	—	—	—
708 Hall.....	23	261	22..	175	25	—	—	—	—	—	—
9279 Hamilton.....	354	1181	773..	1050	1286	18..	46	6	998	20	800
193 Hansford.....	17	15	1..	17	16	—	10	—	196	—	2
3904 Hardeman.....	49	490	27..	423	193	2..	88	1	602	6	51
3956 Hardin.....	245	690	62..	622	213	—	189	—	446	—	151
3719 Harris.....	5765	6103	72..	6242	5379	30..	1323	773	4498	20	91
26721 Harrison.....	1595	2076	54..	4524	691	26..	1440	15	1047	2	103
252 Hartley.....	19	91	6..	74	85	—	2	—	111	3	15
1685 Haskell.....	16	375	41..	238	88	2..	10	—	346	—	83
11353 Hays.....	682	1600	204..	1306	714	10..	291	—	1349	67	493
519 Hemphill.....	30	111	3..	79	43	—	34	—	116	—	—
12285 Henderson.....	684	1865	881..	1648	1561	—	307	—	1054	7	765
6534 Hidalgo.....	151	1083	—	1216	—	—	81	—	678	—	—
27683 Hill.....	1196	4948	2177..	4907	8471	64..	406	10	8708	32	1541
7591 Hood.....	189	973	527..	897	783	87..	16	57	802	25	545
40573 Hopkins.....	1476	2424	617..	2532	2338	66..	344	—	1898	62	1536
18940 Houston.....	1389	2419	896..	2535	2035	8..	—	—	351	4	1410
1210 Howard.....	110	247	68..	208	183	—	601	73	1450	10	181
31286 Hunt.....	1830	5328	998..	5305	8214	20..	756	8	4146	49	1024
870 Irion.....	45	157	—	155	42	—	6	—	117	1	56
9740 Jack.....	223	1004	714..	1016	951	13..	—	—	—	—	—
3281 Jackson.....	456	418	188..	425	643	—	300	—	233	—	78
5592 Jasper.....	367	573	232..	738	286	11..	97	113	407	5	319
1394 Jeff Davis.....	102	48	—	84	69	—	110	—	106	—	—
5967 Jefferson.....	943	1038	123..	1015	1092	—	534	6	681	17	67
22313 Johnson.....	899	8736	1629..	8346	2936	6..	197	36	2978	26	1456
3737 Jones.....	230	676	360..	478	498	1..	9	—	494	8	410
3637 Karnes.....	839	840	529..	885	792	—	121	—	455	1	346
31568 Kaufman.....	1211	8734	3396..	3616	2175	10..	759	2	3133	22	471
3309 Kendall.....	506	216	51..	275	461	—	224	13	211	—	207
324 Kent.....	112	217	20..	89	19	—	—	—	—	—	—
4445 Kerr.....	891	485	108..	564	898	—	108	—	452	7	327
2234 Kimble.....	96	325	—	261	168	—	47	—	217	—	202
173 King.....	1	88	—	94	9	—	—	—	76	—	5
3781 Kinney.....	467	149	—	158	450	—	239	—	356	—	86
1134 Knox.....	18	237	55..	180	104	—	1	—	282	—	34
37302 Lamar.....	2191	4321	1350..	4492	8453	—	1413	129	4922	8	996
7556 Lampasas.....	756	677	473..	565	832	12..	78	—	540	18	534
2130 Leake.....	261	243	—	283	127	—	85	54	303	—	17
21847 Lavaca.....	1476	2039	1206..	2177	1837	1..	857	—	2016	1	974
11952 Lee.....	1329	980	267..	982	1681	8..	391	—	1038	2	685
13841 Leon.....	1012	1518	537..	1477	1583	—	686	—	1241	—	683
4230 Liberty.....	403	700	190..	764	540	—	283	60	332	6	204
21678 Limestone.....	1169	8153	1787..	3507	2759	37..	587	—	2365	45	1062
682 Lipscomb.....	80	98	2..	97	84	—	—	—	100	1	3
2055 Live Oak.....	50	417	89..	405	180	—	15	—	218	2	162
6759 Llano.....	149	898	397..	650	500	—	12	65	861	16	690
3 Loving.....	80	50	4..	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 Lubbock.....	7	87	6..	89	10	—	5	—	84	3	13
24 Lynn.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
8512 Madison.....	369	790	622..	865	796	—	—	77	617	—	580
10863 Marion.....	1408	611	93..	1167	869	—	1881	2	597	—	249
264 Martin.....	22	97	—	97	23	—	14	—	123	—	4
5188 Mason.....	292	496	—	800	445	—	154	—	470	1	344
3985 Matagorda.....	561	449	222..	213	80	—	470	—	192	—	26
3998 Maverick.....	317	517	1..	671	153	—	234	84	491	—	11
3305 McCulloch.....	183	894	180..	867	322	—	12	4	411	1	201
39204 McLennan.....	4126	6511	873..	6242	4981	97..	1799	75	5105	111	824
1038 McMullen.....	58	141	7..	120	51	—	7	—	148	1	44
5730 Medina.....	580	752	84..	712	798	—	—	82	749	1	562
1307 Menard.....	124	234	55..	263	265	—	19	—	231	—	67
1038 Midland.....	45	272	17..	273	64	3..	20	—	175	3	118
34773 Milam.....	2190	3060	984..	3823	3533	11..	824	—	2140	2	1917

Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan.	Culbertson.	Kearby.	Clark.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Bids.	W. Weaver.
5480 Miller	180	604	537	508	731	—	27	559	8	571
2059 Mitchell	147	388	80	297	214	5	109	428	1	63
18473 Montgomery	375	3552	1063	8121	1571	24	123	2632	33	957
11765 Montgomery	938	1489	454	1570	1283	—	602	475	—	115
15 Moore	3	24	12	15	24	—	2	25	—	—
6580 Morris	505	784	220	893	623	—	101	614	2	582
139 Motley	7	134	28	101	55	—	11	135	—	16
15884 Neundachies	890	1708	1128	1808	2081	6	240	1263	—	1583
26373 Newton	2113	3845	2108	4225	3342	57	929	5	2367	43
4650 Newton	845	508	117	58	870	18	153	—	1	133
1573 Newton	26	293	98	183	108	—	3	217	2	123
8063 Newton	554	1525	10	1488	581	—	273	1129	—	92
198 Obitone	9	28	1	25	13	—	9	36	—	—
270 O'Brien	2	69	6	70	6	—	—	64	—	—
4770 Orange	426	795	60	786	490	7	65	553	5	189
8220 Palo Alto	196	1156	728	946	1084	—	69	947	3	675
14328 Pansola	291	2219	876	2236	610	—	349	1317	—	496
21682 Parker	637	3111	1332	2915	2112	34	228	51	2590	75
7 Parker	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1326 Pease	60	196	1	198	63	—	50	8	275	—
10332 Peck	589	1273	625	1284	1153	2	445	1	870	780
849 Peck	62	228	71	215	38	—	38	270	—	87
1038 Peck	418	517	—	538	397	—	211	852	—	—
3809 Peck	215	581	247	418	648	8	70	353	—	448
187 Peck	1	94	30	117	94	—	5	64	—	18
21452 Red River	1560	2900	731	2723	2515	—	962	9	2051	11
1247 Reeves	45	605	12	578	71	—	33	398	—	40
1239 Reeves	147	173	6	192	124	—	29	142	—	21
826 Roberts	19	123	15	138	30	—	—	—	—	—
26506 Roberts	2940	2447	422	2928	2915	5	2205	1665	28	518
5972 Rockwell	267	1144	139	1108	436	36	19	839	44	318
3182 Rockwell	109	418	197	410	816	4	52	554	—	133
18558 Rockwell	1674	2181	471	1224	2351	1	1306	1265	1	285
4948 Rockwell	83	462	502	446	638	7	—	357	2	583
6988 San Augustine	265	657	592	657	838	—	111	425	1	677
7390 San Jacinto	770	710	215	678	1009	—	406	123	291	6
1312 San Patricio	71	531	26	478	141	—	54	496	—	60
6621 San Sabal	118	711	471	630	675	1	51	653	—	547
155 Schleicher	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1415 Sherry	89	177	156	616	159	4	8	302	—	182
2012 Sherrillford	117	288	107	247	265	—	68	326	6	127
14365 Shelby	186	2162	882	2031	1037	31	155	28	1465	1
71 Sherman	8	6	—	6	8	—	6	10	2	8
2824 Smith	2038	3385	622	3361	2936	7	1815	2327	9	881
3411 Smith	23	393	812	393	394	2	3	253	—	301
10352 Smith	73	1035	—	1468	296	—	962	689	—	—
4526 Stephens	13	672	290	635	581	12	2	667	—	300
2876 Sterling	22	113	85	108	108	—	2	165	—	77
1024 Stonewall	17	126	78	117	94	—	4	144	—	35
658 Sutton	186	175	—	196	163	—	—	177	—	43
100 Swisher	15	115	78	100	98	—	21	4	150	64
41142 Tarrant	2293	6842	1083	6193	3889	47	1153	145	4740	51
6946 Taylor	246	868	458	877	971	4	125	12	943	13
21 Terry	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
602 Throckmorton	62	185	86	173	151	—	15	38	192	12
8190 Titus	245	1129	742	1115	1067	—	118	772	—	664
6152 Tom Green	463	740	37	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
37019 Travis	4138	3737	292	4036	414	115	1929	33	8631	23
7648 Trinity	443	762	508	922	763	—	202	644	1	632
10877 Tyler	480	1273	271	1337	756	—	428	11	1218	338
12696 Usher	822	1466	462	1539	1257	7	229	1119	13	795
52 Upton	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
3804 Uvalde	515	536	2	533	518	—	86	706	2	180
2874 Val Verde	200	408	—	528	284	—	334	11	819	6
16225 Van Zandt	691	2350	1230	2332	2308	33	104	1672	—	1457
8737 Victoria	1398	845	39	827	1277	—	742	916	—	60
12874 Walker	1057	1265	256	1251	1318	1	477	839	2	942
10888 Walker	1486	1107	221	1423	1314	—	814	573	2	490
77 Ward	71	93	9	78	93	—	12	59	1	7
29161 Washington	4198	1654	40	2711	3167	4	1797	69	2359	5
16584 Webb	2067	1193	1	1194	1758	—	233	1550	—	—
7581 Wharton	1168	844	46	1471	881	—	784	286	—	—
778 Wheeler	21	77	4	82	14	—	39	141	—	1
4931 Wichita	165	720	80	536	390	5	234	1040	20	102
7092 Wilbarger	137	743	129	651	84	18	115	1030	16	256
25878 Williamson	2151	3019	1164	3365	3591	90	781	3176	73	1682
10055 Wilson	191	1716	586	1280	1221	1	90	963	—	1087
18 Winkler	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
21311 Wood	540	3581	1447	3280	2303	10	304	2005	41	1280
13832 Wood	773	1750	816	1889	1553	—	108	45	1401	6
4 York	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5049 Young	99	809	306	764	413	—	42	637	3	266
3562 Zapala	300	14	—	531	42	—	—	—	—	—

Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan.	Culberson.	Kearby.	Clark.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Bidwell.	Weaver.
1097 Zavalla.....	20	119	18.	115	30	—	3	—	148	— 16
Total.....	167520	239432	79572.	239870	234315	1817.	77478	30939	239148	2165 99088
Plurality.....	202914			61055					139490	
Per cent.....	30.75	53.39	14.60.	—	—	—	18.31	.98	56.61	.51 23.64
Total vote.....	544786								422458	

\*The vote was for McKinley and Hobart electors, Bryan and Sewall electors, Bryan and Watson electors, Palmer and Buckner electors and Levering and Johnson electors.

†Three state tickets were voted—headed respectively by Charles A. Culberson, Dem., Jerome C. Kearby, Pop.-Rep., and Randolph Clark, Pro., for governor. Fusion was not generally regarded by the populists and republicans, many thousand colored voters supporting Culberson on account of dissatisfaction with the school provision in the platform of the populists who nominated Kearby.

‡Two republican electoral tickets were voted—the "regular" and the "lily white." In 1886 Palmer, Nat. Dem., received 5046 and Levering, Pro., 1736 votes for president. Counties for which no returns are given are unorganized and held no elections.

#### OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896

Lieut.-Gov.—George T. Jester, Dem.  
 Attorney-General—M. M. Crane, Dem.  
 Comptroller—R. W. Finley, Dem.  
 Treasurer—W. B. Wortham, Dem.  
 Land Commissioner—A. J. Baker, Dem.  
 Superintendent of Public Instruction—J. M. Carlisle, Dem.  
 Associate Justice Supreme Court—Leroy G. Denman, Dem.  
 Judge Court of Criminal Appeals—W. L. Davidson, Dem.  
 Railroad Commissioners—John H. Reagan, L. J. Storey, Allison Mayfield, all Dem.

#### REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. The counties of Chambers, Freestone, Grimes, Harris, Leon, Madison, Montgomery, Trinity, Walker and Waller.

T. H. Hall, Dem..... 19,161  
 J. H. Eagle, Pop.-Rep..... 15,169  
 A. C. Tompkins (scattering)..... 153

2. The counties of Anderson, Angelina, Cherokee, Harbison, Harrison, Houston, Jasper, Jefferson, Liberty, Nacogdoches, Newton, Orange, Panola, Polk, Sabine, St. Augustine, San Jacinto, Shelby, Tyler.

S. R. Cooper, Dem..... 25,196  
 B. A. Calhoun, Rep..... 12,822  
 J. M. Calaborne, Rep..... 5,168

3. The counties of Gregg, Henderson, Hunt, Rains, Rockwall, Rusk, Smith, Upshur, Van Zandt and Wood.

R. C. De Graffenreid, Dem..... 21,206  
 W. E. Farmer, Pop..... 16,351

4. The counties of Bowie, Camp, Cass, Delta, Franklin, Hopkins, Lamar, Marion, Morris, Red River and Titus.

J. W. Cranford, Dem..... 20,187  
 J. H. Davis, Pop..... 13,703  
 M. W. Johnson, Dem..... 3,468

5. The counties of Collin, Cooke, Denton, Fannin, Grayson and Montague.

J. W. Bailey, Dem..... 28,416  
 W. D. Gordon, Rep..... 9,050  
 R. C. Foster, Dem..... 4,747

6. The counties of Bosque, Dallas, Ellis, Hill, Johnson, Kaufman and Navarro.

R. E. Burke, Dem..... 33,144  
 Barnett Gibbs, Pop..... 25,230

7. The counties of Bell, Brazos, Falls, Limestone, McLennan, Milam and Robertson.

Robert L. Henry, Dem..... 26,151  
 T. A. Pope, Rep..... 11,632  
 W. F. Douthitt, Pop..... 9,634

8. The counties of Brown, Coleman, Comanche, Coryell, Erath, Hamilton, Hood, Lampasas, Mills, Parker, Runnels, Somervell and Tarrant.

S. W. T. Lanham, Dem..... 20,935  
 C. H. Jenkins, Pop..... 17,510  
 J. P. Smith, Dem..... 747

9. The counties of Bastrop, Burleson, Burnet, Caldwell, Hays, Lee, Travis, Washington and Williamson.

Joseph D. Sayers, Dem..... 20,361  
 W. K. Makemson, Rep..... 11,464  
 J. T. Harris, Rep..... 955  
 Reddin Andrews, Pop..... 6,787

10. The counties of Austin, Brazoria, Colorado, Fayette, Fort Bend, Galveston, Gonzales, Lavaca and Matagorda.

J. H. Shelburne, Dem..... 15,757  
 R. B. Hawley, Rep..... 17,936  
 Noah Allen, Pop..... 5,476

11. The counties of Aransas, Atascosa, Bee, Calhoun, Cameron, De Witt, Dimmit, Duval, Encinal, Frio, Goliad, Guadalupe, Hidalgo, Jackson, Karnes, LaSalle, Live Oak, McMullen, Nueces, Refugio, San Patricio, Starr, Uvalde, Victoria, Webb, Wharton, Wilson, Zapata and Zavala.

Rudolph Kleburg, Dem..... 19,159  
 H. Gross, Rep..... 15,439  
 J. M. Smith, Pop..... 4,254

12. The counties of Bandera, Bexar, Blanco, Brewster, Burch, Coke, Comal, Concho, Crane, Crockett, Ector, Edwards, Foley, Gillespie, Gillespie, Irion, Jeff Davis, Kendall, Kerr, Kimble, Kinney, Llano, Mason, Maverick, McCulloch, Medina, Menard, Midland, Pecos, Presidio, San Saba, Schleicher, Sterling, Sutton, Tom Green, Upton and Val Verde.

J. L. Slayden, Dem..... 14,744  
 George H. Noonan, Rep..... 13,558  
 Taylor McKee, Pop..... 3,210

13. The counties of Andrews, Archer, Armstrong, Bailey, Baylor, Borden, Briscoe, Callahan, Carson, Castro, Childress, Clay, Cochran, Collingsworth, Cottle, Crosby, Dallam, Dawson, Deaf Smith, Dickens, Donley, Eastland, El Paso, Fisher, Floyd, Ford, Gaines, Garza, Gray, Groer, Hale, Hall, Hansford, Hardeman, Hartley, Haskell, Hemphill, Hockley, Howard, Hutchinson, Jack, Jones, Kent, King, Knox, Lamb, Lipscomb, Loving, Lubbock, Lynn, Martin, Mitchell, Moore, Motley, Nolan, Ochiltree, Odham, Palo Pinto, Parker, Potter, Randall, Reeves, Roberts, Scruggs, Shackelford, Sherman, Stephens, Stonewall, Swisher, Taylor, Terry, Throckmorton, Ward, Wheeler, Wichita, Willinger, Winkler, Wise, Yoakum and Young.

J. H. Stephens, Dem..... 22,988  
 H. L. Bentley, Rep..... 14,219

#### LEGISLATURE.

1897-8. 1896-6.

Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.
Democrats .. 28 117 145..	29 103 132
Populists .. 3 7 9..	2 22 24
Republicans .. 1 4 5..	— 3 3

## UTAH (Population 307,905).

COUNTIES. (26)	PRESIDENT '96			GOV. '96			DEL. '94		DEL. '92		Lib.
	Rep. McKinley	Dem. Bryce	G.D. Palmer	Rep. Wells	Dem. Cannon	Pro. Cannon	Rep. Cannon	Dem. Bryce	Rep. Cannon	Dem. Bryce	
2340 Beaver.....	305	1061	—	404	300	2	400	302	199	292	32
7612 Box Elder.....	775	1879	—	728	681	4	704	712	452	557	130
15829 Cache.....	529	4395	—	1296	1070	32	1217	1628	1023	1413	59
Carbon.....	85	693	—	301	155	6	275	195	—	—	—
6751 Davis.....	450	1753	—	434	604	56	484	625	265	558	65
5476 Emery.....	281	965	—	315	381	17	261	375	395	461	118
2457 Garfield.....	249	615	—	256	213	—	265	238	197	169	7
841 Grand.....	28	246	—	139	31	11	117	61	77	13	27
2683 Iron.....	295	806	—	307	317	—	252	245	211	196	—
5582 Juab.....	439	2300	—	308	456	140	683	582	400	491	188
1635 Kane.....	283	220	—	183	84	8	177	85	106	67	—
4438 Millard.....	196	1384	—	593	350	8	403	330	304	324	19
1780 Morgan.....	139	562	—	213	176	11	186	189	131	160	19
2842 Piute.....	34	555	—	161	135	22	169	131	96	114	47
1531 Rich.....	162	408	—	159	179	1	133	168	73	145	18
58457 Salt Lake.....	2575	18617	21	5228	4118	1031	6284	4702	2570	3345	4023
805 San Juan.....	8	167	—	37	58	2	12	80	24	18	—
13146 San Pete.....	1813	3387	—	1559	1380	18	1420	1370	995	977	59
6199 Sevier.....	497	1858	—	679	590	7	672	516	443	414	38
7133 Summit.....	245	3402	—	1228	835	181	1101	773	445	699	633
3700 Tooele.....	274	1034	—	589	333	16	514	336	306	250	94
2702 Uintah.....	112	900	—	181	215	137	143	325	144	214	10
23788 Utah.....	2030	7375	—	2541	2544	106	2539	2641	1630	2115	255
3595 Wasatch.....	51	1333	—	294	431	4	312	437	233	280	—
4009 Washington.....	170	1210	—	225	510	3	183	483	153	412	3
Wayne.....	73	406	—	123	178	1	123	158	93	128	2
2.735 Weber.....	1373	6343	—	2043	1719	235	2196	1767	1330	1467	1135
Total.....	13191	64607	21	20333	18519	2051	21232	19505	12405	15211	6939
Plurality.....	38116	—	2314	—	1818	—	1818	—	2406	—	—
Percent.....	32.76	67.21	02.50	31	44.72	4.96	52.22	47.77	35.84	48.96	20.20
Total vote.....	—	95124	—	41803	—	—	40828	—	34605	—	—

## REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1896.

L. Holbrook, Rep.....27813

W. H. King, Dem.....47556

G. Foster, Peo.....2379

## LEGISLATURE, 1896.

## LEGISLATURE, 1895.

	Senate.	House.	Joint Ballot.
Republicans.....	11	31	42
Democrats.....	7	14	21
Liberals.....	—	—	—

	Coun. House.	Joint Ballot.
Republicans.....	5	10
Democrats.....	8	12
Liberals.....	2	6

## VERMONT (Population 332,423).

COUNTIES. (14)	PRESIDENT 1896			GOV. 1894			PRES 1892		
	Rep. McKinley	Dem. Bryce	G.D. Palmer	Rep. Wells	Dem. Cannon	Pro. Cannon	Rep. Cannon	Dem. Bryce	Pro. Cannon
22257 Addison.....	4114	404	36	31	4012	432	75	19	3146
20448 Bennington.....	3089	633	31	36	2180	1038	6	40	2196
23496 Caledonia.....	3474	729	130	94	2558	1166	50	48	2646
35893 Chittenden.....	4743	1116	89	51	4250	1734	31	91	3418
9511 Essex.....	3701	277	33	13	341	430	4	17	721
29755 Franklin.....	3444	1130	107	72	3598	1530	86	49	2540
3843 Grand Isle.....	425	198	31	2	425	215	—	27	349
12331 Lamoille.....	2001	440	33	27	1965	450	13	108	1470
19573 Orange.....	3075	967	124	69	2729	1119	60	24	2306
22101 Orleans.....	3412	442	30	45	2573	1030	22	36	2358
45897 Rutland.....	3734	1661	161	89	5513	1772	67	115	3210
29496 Washington.....	4475	1386	177	96	4024	2073	11	63	3134
26547 Windham.....	4829	670	100	50	3530	1040	13	44	2656
31705 Windsor.....	6128	674	126	34	3063	655	19	26	4733
Totals.....	51127	10657	1331	733	42953	14142	457	740	33992
Plurality.....	40030	—	—	—	28321	—	—	—	31677
Percent.....	30.08	16.66	2.09	1.15	73.63	24.37	.78	1.31	68.12
Total vote.....	63828	—	—	—	58002	—	—	—	53774

\*This is the combined democratic and populist vote. The Bryan and Sewall electors received 10179 votes and the Bryan-Watson electors 458.

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

Josiah Grout, Rep.....	53,426
John H. Jackson, Dem.....	14,355
Rodney Whittemore, Pro.....	755
Joseph Battell, Peo.....	831

## OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896

Lieutenant-Governor—N. W. Fisk, Rep.	
Treasurer—Henry F. Field, Rep.	
Secretary of State—C. W. Brownell, Rep.	
Auditor—Franklin D. Hale, Rep.	

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

J. Counties of Addison, Bennington, Chittenden, Franklin, Grand Isle, Lamoille and Rutland.

H. Henry Powers, Rep.....	26,145
Peter F. McManus, Dem.....	7,692
Andrew L. Bowen, Peo.....	363
2. Counties of Caledonia, Essex, Orange, Orleans, Washington, Windham and Windsor.	
William W. Grant, Rep.....	36,319
Henry E. Fitzgerald, Dem.....	6,202
Thomas I. Aldrich, Peo.....	309

## LEGISLATURE.

	1897-8.	1896-6.
Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	
Republicans.....	30	228
Democrats.....	17	17
Independent.....	—	1
Far. League.....	—	1

## VIRGINIA (Population 1,655,980).

COUNTIES. (100)	GOV. 1897			PRESIDENT 1896					GOV. 1898		
	Dem. Pro. Rep.			Rep. Dem. Pro. S.-L. G.D.					Dem. Pro. Rep.		
	Tyler.	Custer.	McCaull.	McKinley.	Bryant.	Lowrey.	Matchett.	Palmer.	O'Terrill.	Cook.	Miller.
2727 Accomac.....	1405	79	145..	1675	8115	186	1	28..	1981	126	182
32379 Albemarle.....	1278	24	732..	1918	2638	25	3	51..	1571	729	7
18547 Alexandria.....	249	1	248..	718	822	2	—	2..	161	46	1
9283 Alleghany.....	487	91	644..	1711	720	78	—	13..	470	198	140
9088 Amelia.....	496	15	416..	899	863	8	1	1..	508	883	—
17551 Amherst.....	1310	56	777..	1190	1751	4	6	10..	923	835	10
9689 Appomattox.....	769	9	198..	598	946	8	—	5..	694	799	1
37006 Augusta.....	2317	148	1270..	2823	3065	194	2	84..	2642	1290	1855
4587 Bath.....	375	2	245..	471	506	8	—	6..	338	216	1
12123 Bedford.....	1989	19	949..	2248	3065	32	2	35..	1624	1464	97
5129 Bland.....	423	4	245..	398	498	—	—	1..	469	866	26
14854 Botetourt.....	1308	23	948..	1614	1494	19	—	22..	1196	648	113
7245 Brunswick.....	1089	21	676..	966	1372	8	3	12..	1098	1696	8
5887 Buchanan.....	581	13	307..	605	509	—	—	—..	366	179	—
14883 Buckingham.....	852	11	534..	1199	1247	8	2	24..	1310	1014	4
41087 Campbell.....	1118	18	607..	1006	2115	8	2	8..	1314	1844	—
16381 Caroline.....	736	39	739..	1502	1298	9	1	9..	966	1422	8
15497 Carroll.....	1237	20	1311..	1672	1528	8	—	3..	1077	641	29
5006 Charlotte City.....	165	4	39..	362	472	6	—	7..	100	232	1
15077 Charlotte.....	857	6	115..	638	1072	9	5	3..	1303	567	37
26211 Chesterfield.....	1047	21	508..	1273	1729	14	1	22..	1238	862	29
8071 Clarke.....	756	6	77..	490	1114	18	—	7..	680	402	29
3835 Craig.....	383	41	147..	249	490	18	—	—..	417	143	19
13223 Culpeper.....	1113	4	457..	1113	1704	10	—	14..	1581	787	14
9482 Cumberland.....	455	1	151..	657	618	4	—	5..	564	778	1
5077 Dickenson.....	459	23	8-2..	534	547	1	—	10..	322	299	10
36195 Dinwiddie.....	943	16	225..	741	1099	1	—	7..	997	868	10
16168 Elizabeth City.....	689	10	492..	919	573	20	—	19..	768	693	7
10047 Essex.....	863	5	133..	699	924	1	—	3..	904	762	5
10655 Fairfax.....	1700	19	1019..	1677	2109	8	1	22..	1367	163	61
22540 Fauquier.....	1516	6	642..	1563	2144	9	—	22..	2048	963	23
14405 Floyd.....	517	7	902..	1525	948	12	1	2..	740	973	60
9508 Fuvanna.....	675	7	805..	708	919	8	1	12..	781	508	—
24885 Franklin.....	1491	33	918..	1711	2305	5	—	3..	1645	1699	—
17880 Frederick.....	686	12	12..	845	1848	24	—	11..	850	—	—
9080 Giles.....	987	92	486..	777	993	51	—	15..	797	628	16
11553 Gloucester.....	890	1	193..	549	819	10	1	7..	905	964	8
9688 Goochland.....	523	4	587..	877	676	8	—	10..	623	623	4
14394 Grayson.....	1155	11	1096..	1473	1328	2	—	28..	1044	920	10
5622 Greene.....	506	6	168..	581	583	2	—	3..	479	824	1
8239 Greensville.....	725	10	202..	471	850	8	—	3..	596	910	—
34424 Halifax.....	2112	29	632..	2050	8231	39	1	20..	2311	1865	84
17402 Hanover.....	1051	61	580..	1337	1499	26	1	37..	1255	874	11
108394 Henrico.....	1274	23	225..	1817	2332	13	5	48..	2183	1212	11
5852 Henry.....	1018	36	849..	1788	1409	10	—	4..	1145	1240	13
18208 Highland.....	812	7	275..	489	563	7	1	3..	272	121	119
11313 Isle of Wight.....	1257	4	294..	727	1264	7	7	3..	1424	855	10
5643 James City.....	283	8	128..	291	261	2	1	1..	345	290	1
9949 King George.....	506	3	428..	681	682	8	—	6..	471	845	—
6641 King and Queen.....	820	6	163..	655	853	5	—	3..	651	611	12
9405 King William.....	816	24	165..	980	692	6	—	5..	556	749	8
7191 Lancaster.....	912	19	614..	689	1073	16	8	4..	948	697	8
18216 Lee.....	1186	54	603..	1470	1475	16	—	11..	1217	1159	3
23274 Loudoun.....	1922	25	520..	1491	2471	95	—	9..	1469	498	811
18997 Louisa.....	1133	86	806..	1291	1396	25	—	10..	1296	826	34
11372 Lunenburg.....	467	16	159..	475	1045	6	—	4..	908	613	—
10225 Madison.....	806	26	221..	724	1089	5	—	—..	806	567	—
7594 Matthews.....	577	12	192..	444	797	30	—	7..	841	455	—
25359 Mecklenburg.....	988	12	1113..	2333	2099	26	—	6..	1544	2222	45
7458 Middlesex.....	463	9	48..	680	688	5	—	3..	622	674	14
17742 Montgomery.....	1123	56	825..	1564	1317	56	1	13..	941	926	161
19692 Nansemond.....	1257	7	585..	1060	1300	11	2	8..	1438	875	20
15336 Nelson.....	1228	57	645..	1183	1492	20	—	23..	1047	663	6
5511 New Kent.....	170	20	248..	446	389	3	—	5..	201	605	4
77088 Norfolk.....	1710	21	961..	3475	2137	33	7	29..	2693	421	250
10813 Northampton.....	493	10	285..	802	1096	21	—	11..	982	36	1
7985 Northumberland.....	545	25	213..	904	936	18	1	3..	710	749	3
11562 Nottoway.....	754	20	250..	478	838	16	—	2..	872	772	21
12814 Orange.....	847	39	445..	957	1524	11	—	13..	1254	496	9
12002 Page.....	691	17	838..	1454	1106	37	3	13..	856	644	8
14147 Patrick.....	980	5	989..	1140	886	10	1	3..	1096	654	—
59941 Pittsylvania.....	2064	114	1218..	3198	3867	36	—	26..	2736	2299	114
6791 Powhatan.....	407	2	371..	637	629	—	—	4..	815	854	4
14994 Prince Edward.....	717	60	274..	979	801	6	—	22..	879	1214	1
7872 Prince George.....	373	8	304..	518	—	1	1	6..	300	593	—
9510 Princess Anne.....	566	15	191..	637	790	6	—	2..	388	113	44
9805 Prince William.....	668	—	187..	727	1341	2	—	7..	812	170	—
12700 Pulaski.....	1000	8	977..	1489	1109	8	1	8..	820	676	165
8678 Rappahannock.....	998	—	220..	569	1076	1	—	8..	717	138	15

Population.	Tyler.	Cutler.	McCaull.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Levering.	Matchett.	Palmer.	O'Connell.	Codes.	Miles.	
1116 Richmond.....	578	64	330..	667	667	3	—	7..	536	565	—	
30191 Roanoke.....	726	29	802..	1484	1114	36	1	12..	1111	581	119	
2062 Rockbridge.....	1430	14	1287..	2240	1634	17	—	103..	1484	1381	45	
31299 Rockingham.....	2169	67	1537..	3524	2888	100	—	37..	2884	1659	226	
16126 Russell.....	1456	15	1856..	1475	1530	9	1	4..	1208	830	7	
21694 Scott.....	1755	89	1236..	2206	1793	4	1	11..	1489	—	—	
1861 Shenandoah.....	1688	110	846..	2102	2052	51	—	47..	1406	1182	127	
15593 Smyth.....	1134	10	754..	1546	1407	8	4	7..	1112	708	2	
3008 Southampton.....	1543	7	774..	439	1438	14	—	6..	1288	1069	38	
14263 Spotsylvania.....	490	3	381..	903	877	4	—	4..	701	617	—	
7932 Stafford.....	691	3	555..	1084	829	3	—	3..	610	364	—	
8256 Surry.....	667	3	226..	619	709	5	—	6..	510	329	3	
11100 Sussex.....	645	7	140..	418	769	2	—	4..	508	1040	6	
19830 Tazewell.....	1393	46	1270..	2525	1582	8	—	9..	1116	1742	60	
8280 Warren.....	770	13	145..	575	1172	25	—	20..	965	255	50	
6630 Warwick.....	536	5	80..	577	238	1	—	2..	309	269	7	
20020 Washington.....	1917	31	1632..	2939	2374	20	—	16..	2392	1038	50	
8399 Westmoreland.....	472	1	237..	827	705	2	1	8..	400	367	—	
1615 Wise.....	225	2	537..	1540	986	—	—	1..	740	615	8	
18019 Wythe.....	1565	5	1023..	1882	1683	9	4	71..	1542	1048	43	
7536 York.....	698	12	115..	223	722	16	—	1..	538	332	18	
<b>CITIES.</b>												
Alexandria.....	1198	30	469..	1281	1830	37	4	32..	1116	403	30	
Bristol.....	327	8	187..	384	413	16	—	12..	453	36	15	
Buena Vista.....	213	8	111..	184	219	—	—	3..	173	43	—	
Charlottesville.....	329	6	45..	371	801	7	—	11..	570	95	—	
Danville.....	850	60	303..	1078	1702	51	—	41..	1115	80	81	
Fredericksburg.....	473	8	97..	388	533	7	3	9..	623	107	8	
Lynchburg.....	1148	36	129	1647	1657	37	—	26..	1875	1045	85	
Manchester.....	600	10	249..	588	812	9	—	18..	705	532	71	
Newport News.....	654	7	181..	615	676	5	—	20..	—	—	—	
Norfolk.....	2513	23	375..	1985	3068	73	5	93..	4441	—	773	
Petersburg.....	824	44	259..	708	1082	5	2	83..	2390	401	17	
Portsmouth.....	842	8	173..	769	1380	7	1	48..	1146	6	138	
Radford.....	361	4	92..	309	312	18	—	10..	381	100	40	
Richmond.....	3339	4	505..	1160	789	90	5	334..	7419	1773	83	
Roanoke.....	1529	85	702..	1607	2015	58	2	33..	1827	1089	147	
Staunton.....	627	36	167..	556	713	92	1	42..	723	440	287	
Williamsburg.....	112	6	65..	90	113	8	—	1..	113	113	2	
Winchester.....	303	6	75..	447	490	23	1	27..	277	339	81	
Total.....	10955	2743	56810..	135368	154709	2250	108	2129..	127940	81239	0962	
Plurality.....	5215	—	—	1841	—	—	—	—	46701	—	—	
Per cent.....	64	43	1.61	33.40..	45.83	52.62	.79	.04	.72..	59.18	37.12	3.50
Scattering.....	—	—	—	170184	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Total vote.....	—	—	—	294034	—	—	—	—	216154	—	—	
For governor (1897) James S. Cowden, Ind., received 414 votes and John J. Quarts, socialist, received 528.												
<b>VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1897.</b>												
Lieut.-Gov.—Edward Echols, Dem.....	106,030	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
O. B. Roller, Rep.....	46,162	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
G. M. Smithdeal, Pro.....	2,134	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
R. T. Maycumber, Soc.....	2,034	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Edward R. Cooke, Pop.....	7,429	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Attorney-Gen.—A. J. Montague, Dem.....	110,444	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
James Lyons, Rep.....	48,706	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
F. B. Kennedy, Pro.....	4,385	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
There was no populist or socialist candidate.												
<b>REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.</b>												
1. The counties of Accomac, Caroline, Essex, Gloucester, King and Queen, Lancaster, Matthews, Middlesex, Northampton, Northumberland, Richmond, Spotsylvania, Westmoreland, and the city of Fredericksburg.....	9,695	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Walter B. Tyler, Rep.....	9,695	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
W. A. Jones, Dem.....	12,227	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
E. J. Winder, Pro.....	211	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
(Irregular votes: Jones, 3,298; Tyler, 1,052.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
2. The counties of Charles City, Elizabeth City, Isle of Wight, James City, Nansemond, Norfolk, Princess Anne, Southampton, Surry, Warwick, York, and the cities of Norfolk, Portsmouth and Williamsburg.....	13,390	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
R. A. Wise, Rep.....	13,390	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
W. A. Young, Dem.....	15,789	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
W. M. Whaley, Ind.....	1,895	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
A. B. Griffin, Ind.....	224	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
3. The counties of Chesterfield, Goochland, Hanover, Henrico, King William, New Kent, and the cities of Richmond and Manchester.....	12,716	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
J. L. Lewis, Rep.....	12,716	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
John Lamb, Dem.....	16,634	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
J. O. Atwood, Pro.....	81	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Elisha L. Lewis, Ind.....	222	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
W. H. Lewis, Ind.....	162	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
4. The counties of Amelia, Brunswick, Dinwiddie, Greensville, Lunenburg, Mecklenburg, Nottingham, Powhatan, Prince Edward, Prince George, Sussex, and the city of Petersburg.....	10,273	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
R. T. Thorpe, Rep.....	10,273	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Sydney P. Epes, Dem.....	12,894	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
J. L. Thorpe.....	631	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
5. The counties of Carroll, Floyd, Franklin, Grayson, Henry, Patrick, Pittsylvania, and the cities of Danville and North Danville.....	13,782	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
J. R. Brown, Rep.....	13,782	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Claud A. Swanson, Dem.....	14,333	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
6. The counties of Bedford, Botetourt, Campbell, Charlotte, Halifax, Montgomery, Roanoke, and the cities of Lynchburg and Roanoke.....	784	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
J. Hampton Hoge, Rep.....	784	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Peter J. Oley, Dem.....	17,187	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Duval Redford, Nat. Dem.....	11,702	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Joseph Johnson, Ind.....	453	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
7. The counties of Albemarle, Clarke, Frederick, Greene, Madison, Page, Rappahannock, Rockingham, Shenandoah, Warren, and the cities of Charlottesville and Winchester.....	13,250	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
R. J. Walker, Rep.....	13,250	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
James Hay, Dem.....	17,447	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	

## ELECTION RETURNS.

345

Harneberger, Nat. Dem.....	358
Forsyth, Ind.....	218
8. The counties of Alexandria, Culpeper, Fairfax, Fauquier, King George, Loudoun, Louisa, Orange, Prince William, Stafford and the city of Alexandria.	
P. H. McCull, Rep.....	13,114
J. F. Rixey, Dem.....	17,030
Pancoat, Ind.....	128
9. The counties of Bland, Buchanan, Craig, Dickenson, Giles, Lee, Pulaski, Russell, Scott, Smyth, Tazewell, Washington, Wise and Wythe.	
J. A. Walker, Rep.....	16,077
S. W. Williams, Dem.....	14,909

(Irregular votes: Williams, 3,035; Walker, 3,847.)

10. The counties of Alleghany, Amherst, Appomattox, Augusta, Bath, Buckingham, Cumberland, Fluvanna, Highland, Nelson, Rockbridge, and the city of Staunton.

Jacob Vost, Rep..... 16,194

H. D. Flood, Dem..... 16,047

## LEGISLATURE.

	1897-8.			1896-7.		
	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.
Democrats.....	35	96	130..	84	63	102
Republicans.....	4	4	8..	3	17	20
Populist.....	1	—	1..	2	12	14
Independent.....	—	1	1..	1	8	4

## WASHINGTON (Population 349,340).

COUNTIES. (34)	PRESIDENT 1896				PRESIDENT 1892				GOV. 1890			
	Rep.*	Fus.	Pro.	Nat. G. D.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.
Population.	McK.	Ken.	Bentley	Palmer	Harrison	Cleveland	Bidwell	Weaver.	Ferry.	Sample.		
2098 Adams.....	443	373	11	—	9..	211	139	6	181..	260	141	
1540 Asotin.....	214	254	3	1	15..	187	143	16	171..	171	135	
9249 Chesham.....	1287	1312	21	3	38..	994	708	43	525..	897	615	
2771 Clallam.....	550	676	6	5	41..	514	448	7	383..	222	231	
1479 Clarke.....	1497	1497	51	9	50..	1074	986	92	449..	1216	692	
6709 Columbia.....	776	847	9	4	15..	618	672	93	185..	696	618	
5917 Cowitz.....	989	945	23	2	39..	749	593	36	430..	698	355	
3161 Douglas.....	334	722	10	—	11..	347	253	19	294..	353	265	
696 Franklin.....	88	108	2	—	5..	29	54	3	31..	88	89	
3987 Garfield.....	378	499	14	1	13..	352	298	45	244..	517	418	
1787 Island.....	206	181	7	1	10..	162	127	18	93..	180	100	
8363 Jefferson.....	704	540	9	2	36..	622	495	15	38..	897	633	
6389 King.....	6413	7497	144	15	236..	6548	4974	467	801..	4319	3899	
4824 Kitsap.....	728	702	29	4	26..	437	370	58	400..	618	291	
5777 Kittitas.....	1044	1036	23	3	40..	860	800	32	573..	1339	1158	
5167 Kootenai.....	876	664	11	—	44..	612	279	48	367..	696	382	
11999 Lewis.....	1594	1584	37	12	70..	1354	1014	172	718..	1219	868	
9312 Lincoln.....	781	1715	31	5	56..	876	831	68	523..	1104	863	
2826 Mason.....	397	650	11	2	17..	352	356	6	124..	322	303	
1487 Okanogan.....	284	912	11	5	38..	565	425	5	146..	322	211	
4638 Pacific.....	925	512	19	5	50..	706	559	39	861..	494	150	
50940 Pierce.....	4651	6101	68	24	166..	3937	9621	297	2793..	4298	3611	
2072 San Juan.....	411	283	3	—	5..	301	236	15	45..	264	104	
8747 Skagit.....	128	1533	28	2	50..	1248	923	69	665..	961	563	
774 Skamania.....	122	237	4	—	15..	93	49	5	34..	62	72	
8514 Snohomish.....	1871	2775	43	2	83..	1495	1380	80	1302..	840	650	
37487 Spokane.....	2701	5725	111	11	104..	3308	2274	178	1616..	3236	2272	
4311 Stevens.....	433	1890	26	10	46..	526	501	5	529..	480	350	
9675 Thurston.....	1032	1371	17	5	44..	1015	810	107	514..	1067	725	
2626 Wacatomia.....	240	376	3	—	20..	240	222	4	49..	135	284	
12224 Walla Walla.....	1509	1632	37	2	64..	1378	1313	126	88..	1417	1118	
18591 Whitman.....	1971	2177	68	4	50..	1702	1161	168	1080..	1534	752	
19109 Yakima.....	1512	3578	77	8	112..	2198	2061	178	1339..	2149	1844	
4439 Yakima.....	948	1219	12	1	47..	630	498	14	370..	537	519	
Total.....	30153	51646	968	148	1608..	34550	28002	2542	19165..	33711	24732	
Plurality.....	12193					6957				8979		
Per cent.....	41.84	55.19	1.03	0.16	1.78..	41.44	33.85	2.86	21.83..	57.68	42.32	
Total vote.....	93583					87968				58443		

\*Democrats, people's party and silver republicans.

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

C. P. Sullivan, Rep.....	38,143
J. R. Rogers, Pro.....	50,849
R. E. Dunlap, Pro.....	2,542
OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED 1896	
Lieutenant-Governor—T. Daniel, Pro.	
Secretary of State—W. D. Jenkins, Pro.	
Treasurer—C. W. Young, Pro.	
Auditor—Neal Cheatham, Pro.	
Attorney-General—P. H. Winston, Pro.	
Superintendent of Public Instruction—F. J. Browne, Pro.	
Commissioner of Lands—R. Bridges, Pro.	
Judge of Supreme Court—J. E. Reavis, Pro.	
State Printer—Gwin Hicks, Pro.	

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

S. C. Hyde, Rep.....	37,939
W. H. Doolittle, Rep.....	38,196
James Hamilton Lewis, Pro.....	61,554
W. C. Jones, Pro.....	61,158
C. A. Salyer, Pro.....	1,011
Martin Olson, Pro.....	896
Charles E. Mix, Nat.....	156

## LEGISLATURE.

	1896-7.			1894-5.		
	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	Sen.	Ho. J. Bal.	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.
Republicans ..	13	15	28..	26	64	80
Democrats ..	—	—	—	6	3	9
People's ..	21	63	84..	2	21	23

## WEST VIRGINIA (Population 768,794).

COUNTIES. (55)	—PRESIDENT 1896—				—PRESIDENT 1892—				—PRESIDENT 1888—			
	Popu- lation.	Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	G. D. Pro. Palmer.	Rep. Harrison.	Dem. Cleveland.	Pro. Peo. McDowell.	Rep. Harrison.	Dem. Cleveland.	Pro. Peo. McDowell.	Rep. Harrison.	Dem. Cleveland.
127-12 Barbours.....	1573	1645	1	—	1497	1522	23	1497	1522	23	1473	1508
187-12 Berkeley.....	2497	2085	54	20..	2259	2133	13	2183	2011	5	2183	2011
68-8 Boone.....	678	813	2	3..	541	783	2	540	741	1	540	741
132-28 Braxton.....	1453	2188	8	28..	1113	1790	28	1052	1688	5	1052	1688
169-2 Brooke.....	936	748	5	20..	740	770	40	787	804	11	787	804
223-20 Cabell.....	3127	3076	22	32..	2328	2890	49	1947	2427	30	1947	2427
81-55 Calhoun.....	796	1186	—	—	602	993	6	577	925	1	577	925
46-30 Clay.....	661	606	1	2..	494	503	1	464	414	3	464	414
121-53 Doddridge.....	1747	1231	4	17..	1332	1156	43	1366	1151	8	1366	1151
208-42 Fayette.....	4544	2793	11	53..	2895	2322	101	2616	1923	26	2616	1923
97-16 Gilmer.....	1003	1358	3	8..	816	1187	8	838	1179	9	838	1179
69-42 Grant.....	1386	972	3	8..	1155	400	8	1027	878	9	1027	878
180-44 Greenbrier.....	1811	2414	21	18..	1259	2299	25	1398	2121	8	1398	2121
114-18 Hampshire.....	676	1909	15	3..	523	1878	11	519	1907	7	519	1907
64-14 Hancock.....	843	584	4	34..	683	593	72	675	489	12	675	489
75-67 Hardy.....	547	1146	45	—	381	1215	1	439	1153	5	439	1153
219-19 Harrison.....	3027	2486	13	26..	2567	2237	46	2544	2623	22	2544	2623
190-21 Jackson.....	2827	2266	6	26..	2131	1883	39	2284	2231	19	2284	2231
158-50 Jefferson.....	1283	2451	62	27..	1083	2530	8	1138	2357	7	1138	2357
427-50 Kanawha.....	6948	4224	28	47..	5078	4519	152	4441	3089	86	4441	3089
158-53 Lewis.....	1813	1718	4	68..	1550	1678	94	1537	1642	22	1537	1642
112-46 Lincoln.....	1335	1335	6	2..	840	1081	13	823	1040	11	823	1040
111-10 Logan.....	882	1092	2	1..	882	1522	—	893	1533	—	893	1533
73-00 McDowell.....	2735	908	4	1..	1265	607	—	582	409	—	582	409
207-21 Marion.....	3421	3305	26	105..	2584	2652	138	2283	2256	50	2283	2256
207-35 Marshall.....	3540	2107	17	112..	2568	1808	173	2339	1837	91	2339	1837
228-53 Mason.....	3067	2494	11	10..	2800	2260	41	2646	2321	47	2646	2321
160-02 Mercer.....	2889	2123	6	15..	1651	1827	10	1402	1374	6	1402	1374
120-05 Mineral.....	1548	1308	10	40..	1356	1279	19	1251	1209	31	1251	1209
111-05 Mingo.....	632	1304	3	2..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
157-05 Monongalia.....	2885	1484	18	32..	2255	1505	38	2441	1361	80	2441	1361
124-29 Morgan.....	1323	1579	3	9..	1141	1873	7	1222	1338	27	1222	1338
67-44 Morton.....	1107	433	28	30..	910	682	13	877	630	27	877	630
96-08 Nicholas.....	908	1226	6	63..	728	1063	97	821	1016	40	821	1016
418-57 Ohio.....	6721	5018	77	69..	5061	5220	154	4749	4855	92	4749	4855
167-11 Pendleton.....	784	1117	—	—	717	1075	4	779	1013	1	779	1013
175-30 Pleasants.....	887	922	4	3..	713	865	13	693	808	7	693	808
108-13 Pocahontas.....	632	963	7	3..	539	960	14	587	891	6	587	891
103-55 Preston.....	3628	1332	7	31..	2805	1323	88	2398	1408	44	2398	1408
48-42 Putnam.....	1877	1702	4	8..	1612	1597	15	1521	1280	10	1521	1280
96-07 Raleigh.....	1150	1103	4	2..	871	965	15	806	924	20	806	924
216-53 Randolph.....	1427	1389	10	14..	839	1622	17	772	1426	—	772	1426
65-31 Ritchie.....	2212	1601	2	56..	1773	1349	130	1360	1408	100	1360	1408
158-05 Roane.....	1849	2126	5	11..	1452	1709	22	1449	1636	3	1449	1636
131-17 Summers.....	1569	1738	3	17..	1233	1632	26	1272	1353	15	1272	1353
21-47 Taylor.....	1889	1307	8	21..	1522	1158	27	1339	1540	17	1339	1540
164-00 Tucker.....	1261	1111	—	—	830	867	8	680	628	80	680	628
119-02 Tyler.....	2430	1759	7	22..	1449	1106	24	1562	1137	14	1562	1137
127-14 Upshur.....	2281	949	18	36..	1849	938	83	1515	841	24	1515	841
186-52 Wayne.....	2032	2413	11	3..	1514	2006	5	1412	2059	3	1412	2059
47-93 Webster.....	709	972	—	—	853	737	—	296	668	—	296	668
188-41 Wetzel.....	1645	2625	9	13..	1183	1810	20	1385	2235	7	1385	2235
94-11 Work.....	1008	1162	5	9..	826	1110	18	921	1064	3	921	1064
236-12 Wood.....	4046	3485	27	31..	3201	2885	78	3255	2903	62	3255	2903
65-47 Wyoming.....	735	613	—	—	591	577	11	586	471	1	586	471
Total.....	105,568	94,490	675	1261..	80,298	84,467	2145	41,066	78,171	78,677	108,4	108,4
Plurality.....	10888	—	—	—	4174	—	—	—	506	—	—	—
Per cent.....	52.23	46.80	0.29	0.41..	46.94	49.32	1.25	2.49..	49.00	49.35	0.65	0.65
Total vote.....	201,739	—	—	—	171,071	—	—	—	159,440	—	—	—

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

G. W. Atkinson, Rep.....	105,477
C. C. Watts, Dem.....	93,974
N. W. Fitzgerald, Pro.....	1,054
T. C. Johnson, Pro.....	20

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. The counties of Braxton, Brooke, Doddridge, Gilmer, Hancock, Harrison, Lewis, Marshall, Ohio, Tyler and Wetzel. B. B. Dovenor, Rep.....	25,231
W. W. Arnett, Dem.....	21,473
2. The counties of Barbours, Berkeley, Grant, Hampshire, Hardy, Jefferson, Marion, Mineral, Monongalia, Morgan, Pendleton, Preston, Randolph, Taylor and Tucker. A. G. Dayton, Rep.....	25,500
W. G. Brown, Dem.....	23,249

3. The counties of Boone, Clay, Fayette, Greenbrier, Kanawha, Logan, Mercer, Monroe, McDowell, Nicholas, Pocahontas, Raleigh, Summers, Upshur and Wyoming.  
C. P. Dem. Rep.....

E. W. Wilson, Dem..... 23,650  
4. The counties of Cabell, Calhoun, Jackson, Lincoln, Mason, Pleasants, Ritchie, Roane, Putnam, Wayne, Wirt and Wood.  
W. Miller, Rep..... 24,885  
W. Pendleton, Dem..... 23,679

## LEGISLATURE.

1897-8.	1895-6.
Sen. Ho. J. Bal.....	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.....
Republicans..... 15	35
Democrats..... 5	32
People's..... 1	—

## WISCONSIN (Population 1,686,890).

COUNTIES. (98)	PRESIDENT 1896					GOVERNOR 1894					PRESIDENT 1892				
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Nat.	G. D. S. L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Gov.	Upham.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Gov.	Upham.
	McKinley	Bryant	Alving	Dentley	Palmer	Match	Upham.	Peck.	Powell	Chapman.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Bldg.	Upham.	Peck.
6889 Adams.....	1423	891	27	—	16	—	1129	832	29	18.	972	402	22	—	—
20063 Ashland.....	2738	1743	60	3	20	16.	1723	1525	210	114.	2293	2436	139	—	—
15416 Barron.....	2772	1324	155	4	27	—	1924	589	496	209.	1817	707	194	—	—
7599 Bayfield.....	2244	770	59	11	13	5.	1514	776	115	137.	1463	1349	61	—	—
39164 Brown.....	5436	2811	68	13	09	5.	3541	3464	138.	173.	2858	3653	180	—	—
15597 Buffalo.....	2301	1302	61	2	51	1.	1776	1170	247	48.	1523	1393	60	—	—
4383 Burnett.....	880	319	28	1	4	3.	602	38	173	49.	415	55	163	—	—
16739 Calumet.....	1547	1849	28	1	27	2.	1025	1526	118	89.	908	1863	26	—	—
25143 Chippewa.....	3601	2929	84	2	35	6.	2824	2062	547	122.	1979	2530	182	—	—
17708 Clark.....	3528	1518	97	1	30	12.	2361	1233	154	122.	2040	1711	161	—	—
26550 Columbia.....	4945	2380	280	2	108	7.	3842	2772	246	313.	3113	2977	478	—	—
15 87 Crawford.....	2323	1509	38	1	94	2.	1911	1414	111	17.	1725	1615	86	—	—
59678 Dane.....	9280	6521	410	12	159	4.	7876	5886	412	774.	6448	6883	980	—	—
41984 Dodge.....	5610	4900	120	9	236	7.	3700	6084	113	167.	2647	6820	190	—	—
15682 Door.....	2402	846	49	1	21	1.	19 0	932	58	53.	1565	1007	68	—	—
13468 Douglas.....	4274	2527	96	2	48	8.	2910	1323	796	216.	2368	2340	206	—	—
23654 Duane.....	3876	1418	181	3	73	5.	2472	844	601	197.	2168	1237	221	—	—
30673 Eau Claire.....	4522	2364	186	6	52	—	31 6	2076	282	305.	2714	2238	400	—	—
2301 Florence.....	488	129	6	—	2	—	302	113	64	6.	949	196	12	—	—
44088 Fond du Lac.....	6174	4933	157	4	128	5.	4818	4618	217	238.	1434	5254	239	—	—
1012 Forest.....	405	173	15	2	2	—	358	293	14	4.	222	228	14	—	—
70551 Grant.....	1815	803	185	6	67	8.	4519	9187	151	277.	4218	2636	431	—	—
22732 Green.....	3003	2339	158	2	63	7.	2351	1066	338	265.	2328	2052	350	—	—
15163 Green Lake.....	2108	1548	61	5	32	7.	1694	1441	70	86.	1430	1810	97	—	—
22117 Iowa.....	3115	2400	174	12	61	3.	2651	2153	63	345.	2273	2636	356	—	—
15797 Iron.....	1298	472	26	1	—	1.	794	446	81	8.	—	—	—	—	—
15797 Jackson.....	2710	778	98	7	39	2.	2048	787	57	180.	2079	1100	200	—	—
33630 Jefferson.....	4344	3504	138	4	263	4.	2949	3974	62	211.	2932	4951	211	—	—
1721 Juneau.....	2682	1671	59	5	85	4.	2330	1792	70	98.	1944	1978	144	—	—
15581 Kenosha.....	2827	1732	40	1	62	8.	1949	1670	153	54.	1626	1928	69	—	—
16153 Kewaunee.....	1835	1049	14	1	91	—	1046	1971	72	21.	520	2046	7	—	—
38801 La Crosse.....	6237	9358	161	2	226	6.	3882	2767	1441	219.	3654	3810	358	—	—
20235 Lafayette.....	2919	2238	114	3	59	1.	2549	2081	512	186.	2386	2291	200	—	—
9465 Langlade.....	1457	945	23	—	88	4.	1138	1134	41	29.	845	1289	48	—	—
13008 Lincoln.....	1706	1802	44	2	21	2.	1310	1279	578	63.	997	1443	80	—	—
37831 Manitowish.....	4430	3919	62	5	164	11.	2548	3473	819	52.	2276	4319	29	—	—
30649 Marathon.....	3858	3829	70	4	87	29.	3949	3272	220	67.	1983	3791	71	—	—
20904 Marinette.....	4277	1867	81	3	29	9.	2604	1839	189	134.	1816	194	102	—	—
9076 Marquette.....	1476	87	25	1	20	—	1280	888	29	31.	840	1198	52	—	—
23610 Milwaukee.....	35139	28536	640	80	520	679.	29739	15384	9478	798.	24142	24406	507	—	—
23311 Monroe.....	3883	2311	103	11	85	1.	2883	2225	111	197.	2528	2458	273	—	—
15109 Oconto.....	2856	1240	69	3	35	6.	1784	1355	79	69.	1275	1499	42	—	—
5010 Oneida.....	1453	863	27	—	14	—	1183	601	170	37.	1137	1917	30	—	—
3980 Outagamie.....	5433	4046	139	25	108	6.	3788	4015	162	244.	2735	4556	224	—	—
16243 Ozaukee.....	1535	1947	30	2	62	11.	884	1912	110	12.	652	2094	8	—	—
6832 Pepin.....	1301	436	37	1	19	1.	988	412	29	44.	865	539	88	—	—
20386 Pierce.....	3724	1413	156	8	88	3.	2556	905	169	183.	2314	1210	300	—	—
12968 Polk.....	2861	891	61	1	23	—	1552	475	254	106.	1471	585	175	—	—
24798 Portage.....	3357	2890	82	7	54	3.	2717	2708	72	115.	2291	2570	214	—	—
5258 Price.....	1448	550	87	1	19	7.	1061	612	68	39.	1100	876	84	—	—
38228 Racine.....	5849	3975	213	4	104	8.	4332	2870	1540	270.	3966	3750	352	—	—
19121 Richland.....	2396	2098	139	—	16	—	2332	1438	182	213.	2194	1670	231	—	—
43220 Rock.....	3282	3055	237	5	86	12.	6910	4845	188	457.	6052	4231	552	—	—
35132 St. Croix.....	8432	2176	153	3	88	4.	2123	2006	212	38.	2418	2220	373	—	—
30755 Sauk.....	4623	2611	242	8	97	9.	3798	2841	64	804.	3279	3139	384	—	—
1677 Sawyer.....	514	349	28	—	2	—	343	351	49	78.	412	328	87	—	—
19233 Shawano.....	3065	1584	54	3	32	12.	1762	1671	271	57.	1320	2040	49	—	—
42489 Sheboygan.....	6644	3372	90	15	247	306.	4459	3837	1070	106.	3642	5128	98	—	—
6731 Taylor.....	1387	710	20	4	27	2.	1051	769	153	32.	734	904	29	—	—
18923 Trempealeau.....	3306	1384	152	6	24	4.	2101	1009	119	221.	2118	1521	277	—	—
26111 Vernon.....	4933	1627	102	4	28	3.	3629	979	283	133.	3106	1440	253	—	—
..... Vilas.....	754	443	8	—	9	2.	721	649	47	24.	—	—	—	—	—
27840 Walworth.....	5347	1894	282	13	67	2.	4145	1617	104	401.	3871	2153	251	—	—
2923 Washburn.....	771	250	21	—	8	2.	551	348	60	15.	498	305	86	—	—
22751 Washington.....	2877	2404	31	5	8	6.	2135	2409	41	14.	1701	3324	23	—	—
33370 Waukesha.....	5411	3192	162	2	108	6.	3373	3230	176	205.	3802	3635	248	—	—
27794 Waupaca.....	5472	1577	129	32	63	8.	3309	1755	69	285.	3308	2186	306	—	—
13507 Waushara.....	3210	456	102	10	27	—	2398	474	39	159.	2092	787	141	—	—
50097 Winnebago.....	7888	5089	211	16	101	19.	6536	3964	1056	372.	5355	5893	351	—	—
18127 Wood.....	2839	1877	54	6	31	6.	2646	1523	111	55.	1734	2220	54	—	—

Total.....288135 166523 7509 346 4584 1314. 196150 142250 25604 11240. 170791 177386 18132  
 Plurality.....102612 .. 53900 .. 6544 ..  
 Per cent.....59.93 36.90 1.68 .08 .29 1.01. 52.96 31.83 6.81 3.00. 46.00 47.77 3.53  
 Total vote..... 447411 .. 375244 .. 371676 ..

In 1892 Weaver, Peo., received 9000 votes for president.

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

Edward Scofield, Rep.....	264,981
Willis C. Silverthorn, Peo.....	189,257
Joshua H. Berkey, Pro.....	8,144
Christ Tutthrop, Soc.-Lab.....	1,306
Robert Henderson, Nat.....	407

## OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED 1896

Lieutenant-Governor—Emil Baensch, Rep.	
Secretary of State—Henry Casson, Rep.	
Treasurer—Sewall A. Peterson, Rep.	
Attorney-General—W. H. Mylrea, Rep.	
Superintendent of Public Instruction—John Q. Emery, Rep.	
Railroad Commissioner—Duncan McKenzie, Rep.	
Commissioner of Insurance—William A. Fricke, Rep.	

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. The counties of Kenosha, Racine, Walworth, Rock, Green and LaFayette.	
Henry Allen, Rep.....	28,235
Jeremiah L. Mahoney, Dem.....	14,723
George W. White, Pro.....	1,084
2. The counties of Jefferson, Dodge, Dane and Columbia.	
Edward Sauerhering, Rep.....	23,957
W. H. Rogers, Dem.....	17,480
Jesse Meyers, Pro.....	1,025
3. The counties of Grant, Iowa, Crawford, Richland, Sauk, Vernon, Juneau and Adams.	
Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.....	26,691
Alfred J. Davis, Dem.....	15,168
4. 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 11th, 12th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th wards, in Milwaukee city, and the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake and Oak Creek, in Milwaukee county.	
Theobald Otjen, Rep.....	25,896
Robert Schilling, Dem. and Peo.....	21,429
Robert May, Pro.....	433

5. The counties of Waukesha, Washington, Ozaukee and Sheboygan and the 10th and 13th wards in Milwaukee city and the towns of Granville, Milwaukee and Wauwatosa in Milwaukee county.

Samuel S. Barney, Rep.....	26,613
G. W. Winans, Dem.....	16,492
Henry Mensing, Soc. Lab.....	657
6. The counties of Marquette, Green, Lake, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Calumet, Winnebago and Wausau.	
James H. Davidson, Rep.....	26,649
W. F. Gruenewald, Dem.....	18,944
J. S. Thompson, Pro.....	626
7. The counties of LaCrosse, Monroe, Jackson, Trempealeau, Buffalo, Pepin and Eau Claire.	
Michael Griffin, Rep.....	24,073
C. M. Hilliard, Dem.....	11,777
J. H. Moseley, Pro.....	791
8. The counties of Wood, Portage, Wau-paca, Outagamie, Brown, Kewaunee and Door.	
Edward S. Minor, Rep.....	26,471
George W. Cate, Dem.....	16,845
J. W. Evans, Pro.....	580
9. The counties of Clark, Taylor, Price, Ashland, Oneida, Lincoln, Marathon, Shawano, Langlade, Forest, Florence, Marinette, Oconto, Iron and Vilas.	
Alexander Stewart, Rep.....	30,428
W. W. O'Keefe, Dem.....	17,716
10. The counties of Bayfield, Douglas, Burnett, Sawyer, Washburn, Polk, Barron, Chippewa, St. Croix, Dunn and Pierce.	
John J. Jenkins, Rep.....	23,149
F. H. Remington, Dem.....	14,323

## LEGISLATURE.

	1897-8.	1896-7.
Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	
Republicans .....	29	110.. 30
Democrats .....	4	19 23.. 12

## WYOMING (Population 60,705).

COUNTIES. (13)	PRESIDENT 1896.				GOV. 1894.				PRES. 1892.			
	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.		Rep.	Pro.	Peo.	
	McKinley.	Bryas.	Bryas.	Levering.	Richards.	Holliday.	Tidball.	Harrison.	Bidwell.	Wheeler.		
8806 Albany.....	1220	1028	45	26..	1051	1005	244..	1100	82	1041		
Big Horn .....	538	518	73	15..	—	—	—	—	—	—		
6857 Carbon .....	1229	1039	41	11..	1245	722	141..	978	40	858		
2398 Converse.....	585	430	9	12..	625	384	72..	494	57	870		
2338 Crook.....	524	537	32	6..	456	274	322..	330	19	616		
2163 Fremont.....	535	499	24	7..	854	454	86..	648	24	496		
2357 Johnson.....	284	441	26	1..	443	538	144..	309	81	561		
16777 Laramie.....	1776	1590	58	16..	1836	1032	343..	1890	63	1329		
1094 Natrona.....	302	817	10	2..	827	202	29..	194	5	148		
1972 Sheridan.....	877	1045	69	12..	750	623	271..	509	72	517		
4941 Sweetwater.....	754	916	80	16..	961	622	222..	674	57	702		
2242 Uinta.....	907	1700	26	6..	1265	847	236..	965	67	991		
7881 Weston.....	451	206	23	6..	877	233	78..	294	13	307		
Total.....	10072	10359	286	136..	10119	6905	2176..	8454	530	7722		
Plurality.....	583				3184			732				
Per cent.....	48.29	49.70	1.36	.00..	52.61	26.10	11.28..	50.60	3.17	46.00		
Total vote.....	20863				19230			16706				

## VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS, 1896.

Justice of Supreme Court—	
H. V. S. Groesbeck, Rep.....	9,985
Sam T. Corn, Dem.....	10,461

## REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1896.

F. W. Mendell, Rep.....	10,044
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J. E. Osborne, Dem.....	10,310
W. M. Brown, Peo.....	623

## LEGISLATURE.

	1897-8.	1896-7.
Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	Sen. Ho. J. Bal.	
Democrats .....	6	17.. 14
Republicans ..	13	23 36.. 4
Fusion .....	—	4 — —

## CHICAGO AND COOK COUNTY.

## VOTE FOR MAYOR BY WARDS.

Election April 6, 1897.

Rep. Dem. Ind. Ind. S.L. Pro. Ind.													Rep. Dem. Ind. Ind. S.L. Pro. Ind.												
Sears Harrison Harlan Hiesing Glambeck Parmelee Pearce Collier													Sears Harrison Harlan Hiesing Glambeck Parmelee Pearce Collier												
WARDS.	1.....	1079	5484	568	197	13	22	9	2	24.....	1288	3851	2079	578	9	16	13	1							
2.....	1260	3292	1016	305	4	17	6	6	25.....	2629	2446	3359	1136	17	18	9	1								
3.....	2039	2594	1389	480	11	16	10	2	26.....	2232	4467	2738	752	45	34	17	4								
4.....	1732	2922	2236	577	25	22	12	3	27.....	1043	1852	1556	473	12	29	13	—								
5.....	1414	5190	1307	453	23	32	15	3	28.....	871	2345	1464	95	16	18	15	—								
6.....	1486	7016	1146	352	29	34	26	4	29.....	990	5969	4888	310	42	15	14	3								
7.....	1493	3641	409	332	71	9	8	3	30.....	2950	8347	4384	691	93	61	55	6								
8.....	981	4570	456	210	36	19	3	4	31.....	2294	2766	3473	422	42	37	14	1								
9.....	1362	5404	908	573	64	14	11	3	32.....	3008	3384	4817	942	23	28	31	1								
10.....	2357	7314	2354	577	98	45	22	9	33.....	1622	4300	1672	215	20	21	19	6								
11.....	1895	3755	2144	198	20	39	14	5	34.....	3583	5115	4642	602	55	62	52	6								
12.....	3146	5692	5174	522	28	65	31	4	GRAND TOTAL.																
13.....	2261	4533	2353	258	38	27	15	2	Totals—Sears .....																
14.....	2125	4710	3179	715	105	34	20	3	Harrison .....																
15.....	2068	5600	3100	495	61	33	20	2	Harrison .....																
16.....	1361	6171	1517	232	54	24	11	6	Harlan .....																
17.....	1123	2588	722	124	11	17	6	2	Hiesing .....																
18.....	1313	5564	703	113	16	22	10	—	Glambeck .....																
19.....	1729	6446	897	220	42	26	13	9	Parmelee .....																
20.....	1026	2526	1357	497	34	14	11	1	Pearce .....																
21.....	1080	3044	1514	887	26	12	10	1	Collier .....																
22.....	960	2602	2276	718	32	8	7	—	Grand total .....																
23.....	1272	3359	1824	172	15	18	9	2	Plurality—Harrison .....																

## VOTE FOR CITY OFFICERS.

WARDS.	-VOTE FOR CITY TREASURER-					-VOTE FOR CITY CLERK-					-VOTE FOR CITY ATTY.-				
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. S. L.	Ind.	Ind.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. S. L.	Ind.	Ind.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. S. L.	Ind.	Ind.
	Sears Harrison Harlan Hiesing Glambeck Parmelee Pearce Collier														
I.....	1405	5040	23	14	510.	3142	5622	19	14	435.	1503	5015	19	12	226
II.....	1885	2967	19	6	1089.	1710	2925	18	7	632.	2176	2907	22	7	412
III.....	2615	2251	21	9	1191.	2050	2315	23	7	808.	3195	2975	25	9	492
IV.....	2481	2640	27	29	1717.	2403	2649	20	27	1401.	3374	2574	34	30	837
V.....	1904	4863	29	62	731.	2105	4382	29	47	542.	2431	4814	25	104	751
VI.....	2172	6724	29	49	469.	2621	6736	21	40	309.	2265	6790	20	41	2181
VII.....	1597	3549	14	66	804.	1603	3985	11	53	315.	1795	3546	8	83	261
VIII.....	1194	4256	19	37	281.	1067	4384	16	37	222.	1408	4251	12	42	164
IX.....	1718	5176	28	68	744.	1735	2279	22	77	630.	1911	5266	31	80	569
X.....	3725	7072	49	124	1284.	3794	7245	73	121	633.	4475	7129	80	130	541
XI.....	2350	3571	42	18	1184.	2382	3528	44	21	978.	3255	3577	46	55	381
XII.....	4233	5414	97	30	8342.	4757	5011	106	35	2927.	6022	5003	197	52	1135
XIII.....	2564	4300	53	45	1240.	3047	4234	50	47	1635.	3725	4301	53	52	444
XIV.....	3100	4776	67	190	1762.	3317	4813	76	128	1495.	4220	4900	72	112	758
XV.....	3146	5531	50	95	1389.	3238	5473	48	105	1176.	4065	5604	47	107	473
XVI.....	1802	5770	35	67	690.	1908	5632	33	70	502.	2854	5725	34	73	245
XVII.....	1488	2923	15	22	314.	1547	2247	19	23	246.	1685	2962	16	28	153
XVIII.....	1710	5206	25	28	351.	1576	5940	21	34	246.	1825	5287	23	28	123
XIX.....	1904	6150	30	50	859.	1705	6273	35	60	437.	2940	6228	27	77	275
XX.....	1300	2635	12	29	629.	1923	2935	14	30	745.	2000	2450	17	33	412
XXI.....	1401	3444	16	31	1160.	1240	3377	22	35	1115.	2123	3102	14	38	620
XXII.....	1763	2804	28	59	1341.	2467	2949	6	64	114.	2264	2711	18	50	678
XXIII.....	2200	2221	25	10	410.	2564	3232	19	8	291.	2902	2185	23	11	127
XXIV.....	1800	3154	19	13	1744.	1946	3064	30	10	1525.	2788	3242	22	13	731
XXV.....	3273	2664	24	26	2735.	3400	3400	50	27	2420.	4032	2572	45	27	1400
XXVI.....	2375	4597	24	97	1637.	3481	4351	59	96	132.	4152	4094	45	104	739
XXVII.....	1710	1740	30	34	1038.	1747	1735	34	36	1018.	2240	1885	40	29	618
XXVIII.....	1425	2256	16	27	547.	1406	2514	29	32	411.	1907	2240	21	28	137
XXIX.....	1250	5386	12	35	405.	1709	5610	8	39	417.	1765	5346	3	35	278
XXX.....	431	8089	121	113	2381.	4627	5005	120	114	1843.	6182	7791	111	124	861
XXXI.....	3337	3447	30	53	2173.	3498	3537	104	57	1855.	4719	3575	100	48	807
XXXII.....	4450	2677	35	26	3000.	4419	3947	62	33	3865.	3339	3407	67	29	541
XXXIII.....	1711	5631	28	18	418.	2332	4282	38	32	432.	2420	4217	28	20	181
XXXIV.....	5038	4565	103	71	3511.	5341	4505	103	67	2219.	6300	424	80	932	509
Total.....	82223	143826	1294	1544	45098.	80000	143550	1418	1610	35982.	107804	140741	1409	1744	17047
Plurality.....	60308						57511						32937		

## VOTE FOR ALDERMEN.

April 6, 1897.

1. Francis P. Gleason, Rep.....	1,946	2. Charles Ailing, Jr., Rep.....	3,015
Michael Kenna, Dem. and Peo.....	4,589	Charles R. Stafford, Dem.....	3,971
Vincenzo Rossi, Ind. Rep. and Peo..	12	William H. Rexroat, Cit.....	27
Frank P. Cantwell, Peo.....	144	William A. Clancy, Ind.....	106
William H. King, Ind. Rep.....	379	4. Daniel F. Crilly, Rep.....	2,662
2. Augustus N. Eddy, Rep.....	3,382	Abraham A. Ballenber, Dem.....	3,140
Patrick J. Cook, Dem.....	3,083	J. J. Shibley, Ind.....	1,150

5. Frank X. Clodt, Rep.....	3,599	18. Hugh Mason, Rep.....	1,731
James M. Daly, Dem.....	3,110	John J. Brennan, Dem.....	5,585
Paul Tychen, Soc. Lab.....	50	William Roberts, Rep.....	52
Paul Kunt, Ind.....	57	19. Patrick J. Mcneely, Rep.....	1,249
Henry Meste, Ind.....	234	Joseph A. Haberkorn, Dem.....	3,438
William J. Doren, Ind.....	77	Rinaldo Rosal, Ind, Rep.....	46
Fred W. Schmidt, Ind.....	91	Louis P. Cardwell, Ind, Dem.....	124
John Kennedy, Ind, Dem.....	789	Patrick Morris, Ind, Dem.....	3,017
James W. Callery, Ind.....	232	Rocco V. Romano, Ind.....	1,381
6. Arthur J. Dwyer, Rep.....	3,378	Moses Tynny, Soc. Lab.....	511
William J. O'Brien, Dem.....	5,584	20. William Klafeldt, Ind, Rep.....	2,192
Frank Cimbach, Ind, Rep.....	2,041	Frederick W. Alwurt, Dem.....	2,798
7. Edward Haas, Rep.....	812	Edgar R. R. Van Buren, Ind, Rep.....	301
Henry Fleck, Jr., Dem.....	2,387	21. Frank Link, Rep.....	2,002
William J. Murphy, Ind.....	2,491	William Mangler, Dem.....	3,952
Lewis Marcus, Soc. Lab.....	46	Fred Schuermann, Ind.....	144
8. John Bennett, Dem.....	3,189	22. Charles Burmeister, Rep.....	1,425
George A. Mueller, Ind.....	115	Alphensius W. Marthy, Dem. and Ind.....	4,043
Matey Sikyta, Ind. and Rep.....	5,589	John H. Wandt, Dem.....	906
9. John D. Pwyer, Rep.....	1,447	Herman Ulrich, Soc. Lab.....	36
Rudolph Hurt, Dem.....	3,064	23. William G. Livingston, Rep.....	1,954
Richard Meins, Ind.....	913	William H. Lyman, Dem.....	3,302
Edward P. Callerton, Ind, Dem.....	2,757	John P. Lundell, Ind, Rep.....	1,224
10. Anton Novak, Rep.....	5,388	Thomas W. Shwerdt, Ind, Dem.....	23
Peter Biewer, Dem.....	6,666	24. George A. Carpenter, Rep.....	2,350
George Knop, Soc. Lab.....	182	Miles N. Barry, Dem.....	3,779
11. Daniel J. Avery, Rep.....	3,352	William R. Manniorte, Bus. Adm.....	1,299
George Donddeston, Dem.....	3,912	25. George B. Milne, Rep.....	2,752
Frank Schulz, Md. of Ind. Peo.....	10	John W. Kennedy, Dem.....	1,907
John Walters, Soc. Lab.....	23	James M. Hirsch, Bus. Adm.....	4,581
12. James L. Campbell, Rep.....	3,656	26. John C. Cannon, Rep.....	4,858
Joseph H. Francis, Dem.....	6,246	P. F. Haynes, Dem.....	4,740
Arthur O. Whitcomb, Pro.....	90	F. Germ, Peo.....	92
Charles Lane, Ind.....	2,887	27. Spencer S. Kimball, Rep.....	2,070
Herman Abrams, Ind, Rep.....	868	Shas F. Leachman, Dem.....	1,522
13. Charles F. Swigert, Rep.....	3,210	Henry Schwartz, Ind.....	1,252
Thomas F. Little, Dem. and Peo.....	5,023	28. Maurice R. Bortree, Rep.....	1,119
Nicholas C. Van Slouten, Ind.....	60	Frank M. McCarthy, Dem.....	2,135
William H. Schiefer, Ind.....	13	Thomas J. Hutchinson, Ch.....	31
George Bartholomew, Ind, Rep.....	487	Richard Travis, Ind.....	299
Edward J. Quinn, Peo.....	5	Thomas Saye, Ind, Rep.....	1,128
J. L. Blesing, Ind, Rep.....	75	29. Michael Schuerber, Dem. and Peo.....	4,253
John Collins, Soc. Lab.....	55	Thomas Carey, Ind.....	3,302
14. George A. Magler, Rep.....	3,158	30. Charles G. Sacitta, Rep.....	4,991
William C. L. Ziehu, Dem. and Peo.....	6,129	Ernst Reichardt, Dem. and Peo.....	6,899
William Bannerman, Ind.....	713	Dennis Kenney, Bus. Adm.....	1,343
15. Joseph P. Haas, Rep.....	3,355	Roman Schmidt, Jr., Ind.....	1,527
William A. Tufts, Dem.....	6,473	31. Elliott W. Spraul, Rep.....	3,479
Fred W. Duerba, Peo.....	75	John S. Kendall, Dem.....	2,529
Ernest Wambold, Ind.....	128	E. L. Griffith, Ind.....	2,037
Ernst Melms, Ind.....	472	Bernard Berlin, Soc. Lab.....	69
16. John J. Duhlmann, Rep.....	1,768	32. Edward C. Perley, Rep.....	3,025
Stanley H. Kutz, Ind, Dem.....	3,236	Walter C. Nelson, Bus. Adm.....	5,831
Henry Ludolph, Dem.....	3,681	H. O. Nourse, Dem.....	2,652
T. H. Schneider, Ch.....	12	33. George W. Shepherd, Rep.....	2,425
John P. Y. Gorny, Ind, Rep.....	12	Martin Wlora, Dem.....	3,541
17. Stephen P. Kewere, Rep.....	1,484	Charles Wenger, Ind.....	1,381
Nicholas Maggio, Dem.....	1,112	34. Frank I. Bennett, Rep.....	7,192
James Walsh, Ind.....	1,629	Frank E. Davidson, Dem.....	5,202
Arvid Okerlund, Ind, Rep.....	144	Charles Gerlach, Soc. Lab.....	65

## VOTE FOR TOWN OFFICERS.

Election April, 1897.

## WEST TOWN.

WARD.	ASSESSOR		SUP'R		COL'L'R		CLERK		
	Rep.	Dem. Ind.	Rep.	Dem. Ind.	Rep.	Dem. Ind.	Rep.	Dem. Ind.	
VII.....	1745	5498	81.....	1752	9454	1810	3444	1741	4557
VIII.....	1391	4205	59.....	1333	4222	2245	3511	1983	1187
IX.....	1982	5000	176.....	1996	5029	2728	4559	2125	1062
X.....	4290	6806	266.....	4328	6963	5191	6181	4370	7089
XI.....	2532	3896	414.....	3149	3008	2224	3044	3235	3560
XII.....	5467	5782	1117.....	6184	5573	6492	5221	6105	5515
XIII.....	8491	4432	290.....	3505	4480	2610	4608	3207	4443
XIV.....	8337	4533	461.....	4048	4756	4025	5002	3796	4989
XV.....	4126	5206	137.....	3730	5439	3790	5610	3575	5653
XVI.....	2148	5674	204.....	2191	5806	2228	3599	2051	1047
XVII.....	1502	2393	143.....	1543	2316	1556	2271	1328	2331
XVIII.....	1847	5242	41.....	1744	5295	1791	2277	1872	3170
XIX.....	2157	6184	119.....	2019	6018	2118	6031	3492	4916
Part of XXVIII.....	1367	1747	192.....	1387	1737	1412	1683	1381	1791
Total.....	38382	64870	3947.....	38339	61968	40421	61406	38988	64190
Plurality.....		2448	..		25377	..	22025		2499

## ELECTION RETURNS.

351

## NORTH TOWN.

WARDS.	ASSESSOR			COLL'R		SUP'V'R		CLERK	
	Rep.	Dem.	Ind.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
XX	Andrew Gray	Schmidt	1803	3068	188..	2121	2948..	2196	2642..
XXI	1895	3960	240..	2311	8481..	2224	3441..	2353	3570
XXII	1918	3101	855..	2376	3011..	2419	2884..	2483	2616
XXIII	2400	3546	154..	2348	3300..	2028	3322..	2528	3288
XXIV	2284	4280	424..	2880	3766..	2642	3916..	2643	3869
Total	10800	17885	1841..	12211	16206..	12109	16705..	12126	16047
Plurality	7585	..	..	3945..	..	4006..	..	3919	..

## SOUTH TOWN.

WARDS.	ASSESSOR			COLL'R		SUP'V'R		CLERK	
	Rep.	Dem.	Ind.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
I	Rep. Gunning	Getchell	1486	50	8..	1547	5026..	1483	5070..
II	2004	2968	378..	2174	2949..	2115	3067..	2098	3029
III	2917	2454	84..	3249	2425..	3190	2505..	2924	2937
IV	3274	2899	808..	3248	2761..	3111	2940..	3001	2922
V	2820	4084	117..	2374	4818..	2505	502..	2452	4910
VI	2177	6426	88..	2402	6888..	3143	6923..	2213	6941
Part of XXVIII	330	519	8..	243	567..	314	524..	293	518
Total	15858	25028	1889..	15522	25474..	15806	25001..	14392	25723
Plurality	9170	..	..	9652..	..	9795..	..	11531	..

## TOWN OF JEFFERSON.

WARD.	ASSESSOR			COLLECTOR		SUP'V'R		CLERK	
	Rep.	Dem.	Ind.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
XXVII	Rep. Johnson	Brooks	3361	915..	1811	1660	821..	1571	1530
Plurality	2446	..	849	..	341	..	318	..	912

## TOWN OF HYDE PARK.

WARDS.	ASSESSOR			COLL'R		SUP'V'R		CLERK	
	Rep.	Dem.	Ind.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
XXXII	Rep. Stern	Stevens	5664	2872	2223..	6336	3182..	6484	3218..
XXXIII	2328	4178	496..	2118	4545..	2590	4240..	2542	4224
XXXIV	5195	4276	746..	5628	4392..	5663	4402..	5599	4389
Total	13187	11326	3465..	14782	12119..	14746	11854..	14653	11792
Plurality	1861	..	..	2063	..	2882	..	2861	..

## LAKE VIEW.

WARDS.	ASSESSOR			COLL'R		SUP'V'R		CLERK	
	Rep.	Dem.	Ind.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
XXV	Rep. Wash	etson	5016	2689..	4684	2124..	4753	2641..	4499
XXVI	4474	4919..	4423	4735..	4292	4735..	4308	4714	..
Total	9490	7608..	9087	7459..	9045	7436..	8967	7546	..
Plurality	1882	..	1628	..	1009	..	1321	..	..

## LAKE.

WARDS.	ASSESSOR			COLLECTOR		SUP'V'R		CLERK	
	Rep.	Dem.	Ind.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
XXIX	Rep. McDonald	Hurbo	1561	5671	205..	1111	5523	311..	2195
XXX	5694	8337	806..	5173	8278	870..	5507	8129..	5510
XXXI	8621	2903	607..	8179	2402	567..	8634	2908..	3683
Total	10676	18611	1710..	10363	16703	1748..	11336	15622..	10682
Plurality	5736	..	..	5840	..	..	4486..	..	4983

## JUDICIAL ELECTION.

(June 7, 1897.)

WARDS.	JUSTICE OF SUPR. CT.		JUDGE OF SUPR. CT.		ADOPT'N OF CONST. TORRENS		RTE. OF THE PEO.	
	R. & D. C. L.	Magruder	Hubbard	Brentano	Miller	For.	Against.	Goodrich.
I	8211	65..	8147	67..	79	131..	37	..
II	2476	30..	2406	44..	806	135..	84	..
III	2920	34..	2910	43..	1186	147..	46	..
IV	3429	61..	3315	47..	1575	192..	27	..
V	3240	97..	3178	143..	1387	162..	41	..
VI	3185	182..	3403	197..	1547	154..	34	..
VII	2416	32..	2412	29..	1131	73..	14	..

	Magruder, Hubbard.	Brentano, Miller.	For.	Against.	Goodrich.		
VIII	2913	84..	2968	85..	1505	124..	30
IX	3115	70..	3188	84..	1292	119..	33
X	6694	186..	6650	231..	2327	220..	14
XI	3296	63..	3238	83..	1508	169..	76
XII	6169	175..	6079	242..	3278	310..	71
XIII	8418	145..	8363	137..	1532	191..	98
XIV	3624	110..	3853	96..	1866	170..	30
XV	3920	185..	3824	168..	1885	128..	34
XVI	8510	39..	8501	37..	1113	118..	19
XVII	1676	46..	1658	41..	747	126..	11
XVIII	8317	65..	8210	112..	1247	106..	121
XIX	8478	141..	8543	134..	1359	171..	72
XX	2215	50..	2196	49..	1025	102..	96
XXI	2906	40..	2811	42..	1620	184..	15
XXII	2873	49..	2873	65..	1614	129..	13
XXIII	2449	71..	2437	95..	1039	136..	34
XXIV	3210	124..	3158	110..	1581	213..	44
XXV	4729	61..	4679	57..	2250	204..	21
XXVI	4315	58..	4241	90..	1936	201..	18
XXVII	2427	29..	2124	45..	1211	105..	19
XXVIII	1552	84..	1530	90..	875	76..	12
XXIX	3176	109..	3093	77..	1326	143..	30
XXX	6773	334..	6771	297..	3431	257..	29
XXXI	4658	242..	4565	211..	2430	184..	15
XXXII	5826	98..	5698	83..	3073	250..	31
XXXIII	3248	129..	3126	145..	1611	125..	25
XXXIV	6365	272..	6365	335..	3312	276..	26
Total	121625	8500..	120190	8354..	56497	6510..	1193

## TOWNS.

Barrington	137	—	137	—	44	4..	—
Bloom.	334	8..	335	2..	189	16..	—
Bremen	93	—	93	—	65	7..	1
Calumet	347	14..	345	28..	237	23..	—
Cicero	1511	15..	1480	39..	878	61..	8
Elk Grove	66	—	66	—	63	8..	—
Evanson	1081	18..	1075	21..	949	74..	12
Hanover	57	—	57	—	26	3..	—
Lemont	279	4..	274	8..	92	8..	4
Leyden	130	—	131	—	79	4..	1
Lyons	703	9..	709	11..	266	21..	21
Maine	399	14..	406	8..	223	27..	1
New Trier	652	13..	618	17..	330	25..	2
Niles	87	1..	187	1..	111	5..	1
Northfield	227	8..	230	5..	75	19..	1
Northwood Park	53	—	53	—	20	1..	—
Oriand	59	—	59	—	39	8..	—
Palatine	137	—	138	—	49	7..	—
Palos	61	—	61	—	44	3..	—
Proviso	606	17..	603	25..	374	32..	157
Rich	90	—	88	8..	67	8..	—
Riverside	138	—	137	—	114	7..	—
Schaumburg	62	—	62	—	16	1..	—
Thornton	861	81..	824	157..	631	45..	8
Wheeling	208	2..	207	8..	128	11..	—
Worth	305	29..	391	38..	336	14..	3
Total towns	9563	221..	9516	359..	5493	427..	185
Grand total	131223	8723..	129706	4213..	61940	5687..	1379
Majority	127500	—	125493	—	56043	—	—

## VOTE FOR JUDGES CIRCUIT COURT.

## WARDS.

## REPUBLICAN NOMINEES.

	Neely.	Smith.	Gibbons.	Burke.	Baker.	Winder.	Clifford.	Haney.	Tuley.	Tuthill.	Donne.	Watson.	Adams.	Storton.
I	1083	1049	1258	1080	1092	1112	1143	2017	3175	3136	3172	3097	3133	3088
II	1577	1523	4560	1530	1498	1502	1641	2325	2432	2376	2443	2372	2426	2291
III	2245	2132	2360	2236	2167	2265	2330	2741	2918	2983	2902	2932	2875	2790
IV	2464	2432	2811	2647	2745	2913	2782	3123	3434	3330	3410	3274	3371	3199
V	1388	1394	1714	1537	1533	1597	1718	3002	3239	3123	3251	3018	3136	3043
VI	1282	1340	1805	1517	1410	1574	1747	3375	3388	3435	3616	3329	3428	3364
VII	1288	1263	1450	1323	1346	1354	1421	2336	2418	2379	2432	2343	2372	2316
VIII	1867	1838	1236	1678	1982	1018	1088	2773	2915	2988	3031	2854	2986	2776
IX	1375	1371	1705	1459	1398	1459	1591	3028	3198	3129	3209	3091	3044	2890
X	2580	2073	3046	2768	2699	2743	2923	5461	5198	5009	5691	5496	5556	5509
XI	2134	2088	2374	2220	2130	2223	2337	3074	3230	3204	3207	3131	3175	3067
XII	4460	4466	4923	4590	4567	4628	4814	5747	6124	6016	6190	5692	6032	5809
XIII	2177	2135	2520	2272	2198	2260	2400	3184	3392	3328	3400	3290	3335	3244
XIV	2280	2332	2449	2385	2359	2417	2439	3656	3735	3795	3813	3741	3694	3525
XV	1972	2147	2380	2294	2198	2271	2365	3689	3809	3810	3862	3766	3806	3741
XVI	1776	1750	1808	1823	1819	1816	1855	3399	3430	3476	3453	3451	3378	3400
XVII	106	177	1058	990	915	830	1049	1405	1699	1699	1699	1699	1699	1699
XVIII	1154	1118	1316	1179	1161	1262	1280	3227	3314	3250	3319	3296	3301	3200
XIX	1495	1400	2071	1659	1550	1597	1789	3053	3411	3365	3456	3294	3344	3164
XX	1244	1231	1378	1276	1301	1321	1355	2121	2227	2184	2159	2129	2178	2122
XXI	1584	1560	1697	1613	1625	1670	1700	2692	2858	2804	2829	2774	2808	2741

## ELECTION RETURNS.

353

	Nash.	Smith.	Gibson.	Barker.	Baker.	Winder.	Cutler.	Hansen.	Taylor.	Taylor.	Dunn.	Walton.	Adams.	Horton.
XXII.	1784	1754	1903	1872	1808	1881	2717	2848	2787	2832	2771	2825	2758	
XXIII.	1963	1958	1757	1514	1412	1502	1392	2440	2586	2533	2574	2457	2508	2
XXIV.	2007	1955	2287	2104	2035	2176	2238	2913	3290	3132	3267	3044	3176	3021
XXV.	2027	2091	2806	2668	2504	2741	2761	4288	4667	4596	4620	4530	4634	4485
XXVI.	2310	2262	2479	2329	2301	2404	2397	4075	4236	4178	4288	4164	4184	4080
XXVII.	1418	1395	1455	1436	1338	1447	1462	1356	2029	2011	2015	1984	2014	1904
XXVIII.	877	834	1017	871	899	890	866	1446	1594	1507	1590	1462	1517	1439
XXIX.	1196	1038	1769	1218	1154	1236	1478	2918	3065	3153	3115	2948	3046	
XXX.	3179	3155	3654	3304	3108	3291	3344	6178	6821	6928	6832	6736	6617	6590
XXXI.	2694	2664	3127	3040	2768	3078	3129	4838	4923	4835	4901	4903	4854	4600
XXXII.	1464	1428	1911	1687	1709	1822	1892	5330	5758	5624	5729	5602	5700	5493
XXXIII.	1376	1367	1596	1496	1377	1476	1559	2835	3201	3070	3136	3039	3119	3097
XXXIV.	4089	4057	4404	4207	4049	4283	4316	6199	6611	6460	6370	6361	6450	6329

Total.....6834 6726 7770 7105 6919 7360 7586 11478 12178 11031 12157 11740 11949 11639

## TOWNS.

Barrington.....	132	130	131	132	132	132	133	135	135	133	130	135	137	136
Bloom.....	271	262	265	265	260	265	266	334	336	336	337	331	337	332
Bremen.....	83	83	82	81	82	82	82	94	94	93	91	92	75	92
Calumet.....	248	246	251	248	247	257	255	339	351	342	350	346	348	344
Cleora.....	1300	1304	1338	1279	1288	1329	1339	1391	1451	1454	1458	1450	1464	1439
Elk Grove.....	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	67	67	67	67	67	67	67
Evanston.....	1751	1431	1528	1538	1455	1517	1433	1635	1647	1647	1655	1592	1609	1609
Hanover.....	145	145	145	145	145	145	145	145	145	145	145	145	145	145
Lemont.....	114	113	112	114	113	111	110	129	129	130	130	131	129	130
Loyens.....	574	569	597	582	581	567	574	723	764	745	747	736	746	734
Maine.....	351	347	351	352	350	355	355	401	406	403	404	393	405	391
New Trier.....	585	569	579	569	555	599	582	617	652	647	637	637	646	638
Niles.....	106	104	105	106	101	107	107	188	188	190	190	190	190	186
Northfield.....	135	138	139	137	136	139	179	228	232	228	232	232	233	216
Northwood Park.....	48	49	49	49	49	49	49	53	53	53	53	53	53	53
Orland.....	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
Palatine.....	108	107	107	107	107	107	107	132	137	133	135	132	136	134
Palos.....	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	61	61	61	61	61	61	61
Proviso.....	531	52	539	522	517	537	533	60	65	65	67	65	65	64
Rien.....	63	64	64	64	65	66	66	90	91	90	91	90	90	10
Riverside.....	130	120	128	121	119	127	127	124	114	143	144	138	143	129
Schaumburg.....	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	62	62	62	62	62	62	62
Thornton.....	649	651	654	657	642	650	617	876	889	881	870	869	875	877
Wheeling.....	170	163	168	168	170	170	169	202	209	206	201	205	206	205
Worth.....	323	319	323	323	320	323	323	385	394	385	390	383	385	385

Total towns.....6180 7183 8069 7939 7718 8011 8011 9281 9978 9573 9835 10276 9147 9011  
Grand total.....76827 75109 85150 79408 76912 80066 82786 124062 131325 128766 131045 126716 128906 125681

\*Democrats. Indorsed by democrats and placed on their ticket.

## DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

WARDS.	Brown's.	Trade.	Teller.	Flem's.	The'o's.	Cab'n's.	Pratt's.	TOWNS.	Brown's.	Trade.	Teller.	Flem's.	The'o's.	Cab'n's.	Pratt's.
I.....	2128	2243	2106	2121	2210	2141	218	Barrington.....	2	7	3	4	5	6	7
II.....	997	1067	910	873	1035	915	935	Bloom.....	71	76	76	71	75	73	75
III.....	899	1025	681	636	857	687	707	Bremen.....	13	13	13	14	13	13	13
IV.....	999	1114	838	749	1018	785	839	Calumet.....	100	111	100	104	116	107	104
V.....	1556	1590	1781	1765	1913	1940	1780	Cleora.....	177	172	168	174	198	185	206
VI.....	2355	2432	2152	2149	2425	2307	2192	Elk Grove.....	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
VII.....	1102	1194	1052	1113	1183	1071	1074	Evanston.....	232	227	185	161	273	181	650
VIII.....	1993	2051	1909	2085	2436	1939	1947	Hanover.....	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
IX.....	1941	1965	1742	1782	1887	1796	1794	Lemont.....	141	157	131	132	144	136	143
X.....	3122	3239	2936	2903	3103	3065	3002	Loyens.....	15	18	17	17	18	18	17
XI.....	1124	1319	1034	1035	1314	1105	1128	Lyons.....	190	222	177	171	222	493	204
XII.....	1840	1968	1622	1531	2003	1615	1731	Maine.....	46	57	58	55	69	62	61
XIII.....	1231	1341	1172	1110	1345	1173	1217	New Trier.....	93	84	83	61	93	62	110
XIV.....	1493	1612	1476	1497	1580	1476	1474	Niles.....	22	26	24	23	30	28	30
XV.....	1739	1854	1731	1636	1831	1737	1753	Northfield.....	43	51	46	45	54	45	86
XVI.....	1689	1716	1632	1610	1687	1637	1638	Northwood Park.....	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
XVII.....	778	851	738	773	857	775	790	Orland.....	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
XVIII.....	199	2413	1839	1810	2114	1912	1911	Palatine.....	27	29	29	27	29	28	26
XIX.....	960	1044	911	957	1000	934	945	Palos.....	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
XX.....	1255	1340	1193	1211	1286	1137	1242	Proviso.....	141	161	143	136	162	146	183
XXI.....	1046	1109	977	997	1076	943	1034	Rien.....	26	26	26	26	25	25	25
XXII.....	1150	1291	1015	1073	1241	1091	1091	Riverside.....	31	22	19	16	27	25	25
XXIII.....	1289	1388	1195	1152	1383	1136	1218	Schaumburg.....	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
XXIV.....	1122	1306	979	982	101	936	1073	Thornton.....	238	257	258	237	254	239	277
XXV.....	1934	2063	1875	1914	1943	1836	1929	Wheeling.....	39	41	40	39	41	39	40
XXVI.....	587	648	614	581	636	543	607	Worth.....	63	64	71	75	88	75	68
XXVII.....	696	737	640	636	622	712	671								
XXVIII.....	2192	1970	1874	2275	1913	1901									
XXIX.....	3713	3863	3929	3639	4192	3806	3922								
XXX.....	1694	1821	1688	1589	2592	1614	1698								
XXXI.....	1275	1578	1137	979	1416	1042	1159								
XXXII.....	1831	1971	1474	1785	1910	1806	1878								
XXXIII.....	2446	2699	2535	2622	2783	2430	2544								

Total towns.....6133 1889 1724 1592 2024 2042 2411  
Total wards.....54510 58744 51026 51315 58917 52189 62277

Grand total.....60633 60633 53300 52007 60941 54231 53391

## WARDS.

## SILVER AND ANTI-MACHINE.

	Black	Shed	17d.	Towns	Barnett	Shall.	Bull.	White	7-y.	Don.	Can	Whisky	Ruby	Pea	7-y.	Shall.	17d.	Over
I.....	374	252	273	251	385	246	245	259	161	258	267	261	251	251	251	251	251	246
II.....	306	147	132	143	147	144	135	108	151	144	163	165	165	165	165	165	165	165
III.....	211	102	95	92	95	98	98	101	112	96	110	115	115	115	115	115	115	115
IV.....	314	161	165	142	141	144	153	149	148	134	134	134	134	134	134	134	134	134
V.....	492	323	282	259	273	304	250	250	280	286	286	276	265	265	265	265	265	288
VI.....	412	240	236	235	231	231	222	248	248	242	242	242	242	242	242	242	242	251
VII.....	213	111	115	111	115	111	110	115	115	127	134	134	134	134	134	134	134	112
VIII.....	187	115	116	118	113	117	113	124	117	117	123	117	117	117	117	117	117	118
IX.....	325	174	170	167	169	169	170	180	179	176	176	176	176	176	176	176	176	184
X.....	567	360	347	343	333	344	343	378	378	378	378	378	378	378	378	378	378	387
XI.....	460	280	282	251	259	257	246	249	257	257	257	257	257	257	257	257	257	261
XII.....	1004	495	491	486	482	449	432	435	435	435	435	435	435	435	435	435	435	475
XIII.....	685	388	383	385	382	389	373	391	391	391	391	391	391	391	391	391	391	399
XIV.....	571	375	370	362	365	366	362	379	383	383	383	383	383	383	383	383	383	393
XV.....	696	607	581	589	601	595	572	585	600	577	601	591	589	589	589	589	589	581
XVI.....	845	281	280	254	249	249	241	257	246	246	251	252	252	252	252	252	252	241
XVII.....	280	208	185	192	184	187	181	186	183	180	186	181	178	178	178	178	178	179
XVIII.....	490	349	362	361	385	373	379	386	377	384	386	373	369	369	369	369	369	378
XIX.....	587	242	255	256	256	256	244	261	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	262
XX.....	1020	83	81	75	81	80	80	84	81	80	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	86
XXI.....	248	110	111	110	103	100	94	108	102	101	111	105	101	105	101	105	101	115
XXII.....	201	126	123	128	124	123	123	127	124	124	124	124	124	124	124	124	124	127
XXIII.....	266	175	171	176	170	169	166	177	177	177	177	177	177	177	177	177	177	180
XXIV.....	413	229	226	245	245	229	228	244	244	244	244	244	244	244	244	244	244	246
XXV.....	446	225	215	186	179	177	170	194	192	193	193	179	179	179	179	179	179	182
XXVI.....	368	189	180	189	187	184	186	193	194	199	194	191	185	185	185	185	185	190
XXVII.....	234	276	274	202	200	196	191	207	200	194	201	193	191	191	191	191	191	206
XXVIII.....	348	112	114	196	187	165	165	173	161	171	161	169	162	162	162	162	162	171
XXIX.....	369	229	230	245	243	235	225	239	234	238	231	227	226	226	226	226	226	229
XXX.....	421	367	357	349	362	344	344	373	350	356	353	348	346	346	346	346	346	348
XXXI.....	435	282	211	202	193	184	184	189	194	191	206	202	194	194	194	194	194	198
XXXII.....	625	358	346	246	244	249	217	239	232	235	237	217	216	216	216	216	216	245
XXXIII.....	843	480	490	481	491	447	440	465	449	450	505	447	510	510	510	510	510	448
XXXIV.....	1089	683	682	622	629	615	595	597	598	598	615	598	598	598	598	598	598	598

Total..... 15465 9200 9222 8714 8749 8482 8226 8800 8864 8642 9223 8467 8792 8721

## TOWNS.

Barrington.....	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	1	17	17	17	17	17	17	18
Bloom.....	23	16	17	16	18	17	17	20	17	18	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Bremen.....	8	7	7	7	8	8	8	7	7	10	10	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Calumet.....	68	50	54	48	50	50	48	48	48	49	52	47	44	44	44	44	44	54
Cleora.....	166	108	99	187	107	108	97	108	99	102	114	101	96	117	117	117	117	117
Elk Grove.....	77	32	35	33	28	33	29	30	29	33	37	31	20	36	36	36	36	36
Evanson.....	77	32	35	33	28	33	29	30	29	33	37	31	20	36	36	36	36	36
Hanover.....	18	6	7	6	4	8	4	3	6	3	6	4	10	6	6	6	6	6
Lemont.....	8	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Leyden.....	68	39	39	38	31	37	37	32	32	34	63	31	32	36	36	36	36	36
Lyons.....	117	90	61	59	60	57	62	59	62	56	62	59	55	57	57	57	57	57
Maine.....	62	29	29	21	23	24	21	26	27	24	24	20	14	21	21	21	21	21
New Trier.....	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Niles.....	11	6	4	4	5	7	2	6	4	6	4	6	5	4	4	4	4	4
Northfield.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Norwood Park.....	10	7	7	0	7	6	6	8	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Orland.....	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Palatine.....	94	62	62	61	58	56	60	59	65	61	60	56	58	60	60	60	60	60
Palos.....	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Proviso.....	9	5	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Rich.....	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Riverside.....	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Schaumburg.....	177	156	158	158	152	152	145	158	160	160	156	170	149	148	148	148	148	148
Thornton.....	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Wheeling.....	77	58	61	58	61	63	61	62	62	60	61	66	61	60	60	60	60	60
Worth.....	988	661	663	712	624	681	680	689	687	688	722	616	582	582	582	582	582	582
Total towns.....	16586	9661	9675	9426	9083	9113	8916	9649	9601	9390	9045	9063	9374	9374	9374	9374	9374	9374

## WARDS.

## CITY-LAWYERS.

## UNITED SILVER.

	Long	Byam	Morse	Wilson	Clawson	Wilton	Smith	Oslo
I.....	13	11	14	9	8	10	5	15
II.....	5	8	8	5	11	14	15	9
III.....	11	12	13	9	12	14	7	6
IV.....	12	16	28	18	15	19	15	24
V.....	11	10	34	12	12	15	15	19
VI.....	17	13	2	14	6	21	17	20
VII.....	5	2	2	10	8	7	10	9
VIII.....	14	10	13	6	5	6	6	5
IX.....	11	8	10	27	27	30	27	27
X.....	10	17	15	32	24	25	42	26
XI.....	12	6	12	5	13	14	12	20
XII.....	13	35	30	21	22	22	22	19
XIII.....	21	15	12	18	21	19	13	16
XIV.....	16	12	13	11	14	10	11	12
XV.....	12	15	10	17	17	20	20	19
XVI.....	9	4	6	8	7	9	8	20

## COOK COUNTY POLITICAL COMMITTEES.

855

	Long.	Bryan.	Morse.	Wilson.	Cleaver.	W.D'ma.	Smith.	Cole.
XVII.	7	8	42.	9	4	5	6	5
XVIII.	9	9	8.	24	23	26	23	25
XIX.	22	15	26.	10	10	12	11	14
XX.	135	20	30.	8	5	6	6	6
XXI.	80	20	9.	6	7	10	7	6
XXII.	15	6	12.	8	7	10	6	9
XXIII.	10	11	8.	15	12	15	14	12
XXIV.	15	10	20.	17	15	14	13	15
XXV.	51	24	31.	13	8	16	15	9
XXVI.	35	23	20.	8	5	9	11	12
XXVII.	9	9	6.	4	4	8	4	6
XXVIII.	8	10	6.	3	4	11	7	3
XXIX.	14	9	19.	15	15	17	16	23
XXX.	26	22	26.	30	28	30	33	36
XXXI.	25	21	17.	13	16	25	14	29
XXXII.	17	53	71.	13	19	21	11	5
XXXIII.	12	7	12.	11	14	15	11	13
XXXIV.	53	31	39.	151	95	98	95	91
Total city.....	723	511	615.	577	553	612	553	568
TOWNS.								
Barrington.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bloom.....	—	—	—	5	4	4	4	4
Bremen.....	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Calumet.....	1	2	—	6	2	2	3	2
Cicero.....	3	8	4.	3	2	4	5	2
Elk Grove.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Evanston.....	17	237	18.	14	8	8	2	7
Hanover.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lemont.....	1	—	1.	3	6	8	3	3
Leyden.....	3	—	—	1	1	1	1	—
Lyons.....	3	3	4.	—	—	1	2	—
Maine.....	1	1	8.	3	2	4	3	4
New Trier.....	5	8	6.	4	1	1	1	1
Niles.....	—	1	2.	—	—	—	—	—
Northfield.....	2	—	1.	2	1	2	1	1
Norwood Park.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Orland.....	1	1	1.	—	—	—	—	—
Palatine.....	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Palos.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Proviso.....	6	5	7.	15	13	18	14	12
Richton.....	—	—	—	1	1	1	1	1
Riverside.....	—	—	1.	—	1	2	—	—
Schaumburg.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thornton.....	7	8	12.	11	9	9	9	14
Wheeling.....	2	—	—	4	1	1	1	—
Worth.....	—	—	2.	1	1	1	1	—
Total towns.....	55	293	62.	74	47	56	50	53
Grand total.....	778	775	678.	651	610	668	608	621

## COOK COUNTY POLITICAL COMMITTEES.

## REPUBLICAN COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

President, vacant.  
 Vice-President, D. H. Kochersperger.  
 Secretary, Jas. R. B. Van Cleave.  
 Treasurer, Wm. Giffert.

Ward.	
1.	J. R. B. Van Cleave, Springfield.
2.	Geo. A. Gibbs, 185 Dearborn st.
3.	Ferry A. Hull, 136 LaSalle st.
4.	Marlin E. Madden, 320 Chamb. Commerce.
5.	E. J. Magerstadt, Clerk Criminal Court.
6.	Jas. A. Hogan, Lumber and 22d sta.
7.	Jno. A. Cooke, City Clerk's office.
8.	Patrick Burke, 322 S. Center av.
9.	J. F. Stepina, 357 Loomis st.
10.	Wm. Lorimer, 158 W. 15th st.
11.	A. F. Doremus, 533 Jackson bl.
12.	Wm. Giffert, 445 S. LaSalle st.
13.	D. A. Campbell, 1207 Chamb. Comm'ce.
14.	Fred. L. Wilk, Union Trust Co.
15.	Jas. Reddick, Kaito building.
16.	Philip Knopf, County Clerk.
17.	Fred. E. Erickson, 256 N. Carpenter st.
18.	Jno. M. Smyth, 150 N. Madison st.
19.	Christ. Mamer, City Trans. office.
20.	Wm. C. Pfister, 238 Fremont st.
21.	Chas. W. Andrews, 124 Lincoln av.
22.	Paul Redieski, 39 Clybourn av.
23.	John A. Linn, 12-14 Clybourn av.

Ward.	
24.	J. P. Whedon, Virginia hotel.
25.	Lloyd J. Smith, 32 Kaito bldg.
26.	Geo. W. Rogers, 21 Quincy st.
27.	Jno. W. Houston, 15 Dearborn st.
28.	Fred. Lamin, 70 S. Jefferson st.
29.	Wm. Webb, 430 Wentworth av.
30.	Chas. S. Denen, Marine building.
31.	J. P. Mallette, The Rookery.
32.	D. H. Kochersperger, County Treasurer.
33.	Fred. F. Fair, 801 Exchange av.
34.	Jno. J. Magos, Lake av. and 57th st.

## COUNTRY DISTRICTS.

- Alex. A. Dennison, Harvey.
- W. H. Webber, Sheriff's office.
- S. A. Goss, Sheriff's office.
- E. S. Conway, 243 Wabash av.
- Milan Reynolds, Palatine.
- L. W. Conkey, 7 Randolph st.

## EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Chairman, Jno. M. Smyth; Vice-Chairman, D. H. Kochersperger; Secretary, Jas. R. B. Van Cleave; Treasurer, Wm. Giffert; Jno. M. Smyth, Wm. Giffert, M. B. Madden, J. P. Mallette, D. A. Campbell, Wm. C. Pfister.

Jas. R. B. Van Cleave, D. H. Kochersperger, E. J. Magerstadt, Jas. Reddick, Wm. Lorimer, Geo. C. Rogers, E. S. Conway.

## SUBCOMMITTEES.

**Finance**—Chairman, D. H. Kochersperger, M. B. Madden, Wm. Giffert, Jas. R. B. Van Cleave, J. P. Mallette.

**Organization and Registration**—Chairman, Wm. Lorimer, J. P. Mallette, E. S. Conway, M. B. Madden, W. C. Pfister.

## REPUBLICAN CITY CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Chairman—Martin B. Madden.

Secretary—Vacant.

- Ward.
1. E. R. Brainerd.....140 Dearborn st.
  2. Dan L. May.....2417 Wabash av.
  3. Robt. J. McDonald.
  4. M. B. Madden.....Chamber Commerce.
  5. Chas. W. Schmidt.....Probate Clerk's office.
  6. Jas. Murphy.....Cook County Jail.
  7. Jas. P. Cavanaugh.....40 Ruble st.
  8. J. J. Banks.....737 S. May st.
  9. J. E. Bidwell.....474 Marshallfield av.
  10. Jas. Monaghan.....210 County bldg.
  11. Thos. W. Sennott.....81 Washington st.
  12. Jas. L. Morris.....125 West Randolph st.
  13. Geo. Grummett.....151 Emerson av.
  14. W. C. Eggert.....794 Shober st.
  15. Jno. F. Levine.....Elec. Commr's office.
  16. J. M. Horn.....33 Ayres ct.
  17. Jas. H. Burke.....139 N. Carpenter st.
  18. Albert Glade.....9 North Curtis st.
  19. W. G. Harmon.....291 Jefferson st.
  20. P. Hanprich.....411 Clibourn av.
  21. H. C. Farwell.....507 Ashland blk.
  22. F. A. Busse.....504 N. Clark st.
  23. B. F. Clettenberg.....136 Larrabee st.
  24. Oscar Hebel.....89 South Clark st.
  25. A. M. Pfister.....22 25th av.
  26. Scott McVeigh.....512 Otto st.
  27. H. W. Butler.....Reaper Block.
  28. Wm. Barclay.....19 W. 48th st.
  29. Bernard Duffy.....437 Wentworth av.
  30. Detrich Heltman.....5247 S. Ashland av.
  31. E. J. Noble.....334 Dearborn st.
  32. Herman Phillips.
  33. J. J. Hanberg.....100 Washington st.
  34. Kit Gould.....Pros. Atty's office.

## CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

## I.

- Ward.
3. E. H. Morris.....2713 Dearborn st.
  4. R. C. Harlow.....122 City Hall.
  5. Jefferson Hodgkins.....2706 Wentworth av.
  33. C. L. Hammond.....26 LaSalle st.
  34. Jacob Bremer.....3277 South Chicago av.
  34. J. B. Work.....7126 Woodlawn av.
  5. A. Green.....Blue Island.
  - A. Von Steinberg.....Thornton.

## II.

- Ward.
10. J. L. Monaghan.....210 County Building.
  28. John J. McKenna.....Sheriff's office.
  29. M. J. Murphy.....4308 South Wood st.
  29. Henry Oaks.....4057 Archer av.
  30. Roy O. West.....City Prosecuting Atty.
  30. P. O. Johnson.....5008 Wentworth av.
  - H. Robertson.....Austin.
  - Charles Anderson.....Matine.
  - John Fasse.....Schaumburg.

## III.

- Ward.
1. D. W. Nickerson.....Sheriff's office.
  2. Morris Sels.....1717 Michigan av.
  4. William Hamilton.....3640 Wentworth av.
  5. John A. Kunz.....2209 Archer av.
  6. Jacob Frank.....3063 Archer av.
  7. James Kasda.....39 Sixteenth st.

## IV.

- Ward.
12. T. C. MacMillan.....816 West Adams st.
  3. Jacob Matt.....706 South May st.
  9. George B. Elbe.....673 Blue Island av.
  12. P. J. Meaney.....327 South Jefferson st.

**Naturalization**—Chairman, E. J. Magerstadt, D. A. Campbell, Wm. Giffert, Geo. W. Rogers, Jas. Reddick.

**Halls, Speakers and Printing**—Chairman, M. B. Madden, Jas. Reddick, E. J. Magerstadt, Wm. Lorimer, Jas. R. B. Van Cleave.

**Detection and Prevention of Fraud**—Chairman, D. A. Campbell, D. H. Kochersperger, Geo. W. Rogers, E. S. Conway, Wm. C. Pfister.

## V.

- Ward.
11. Charles H. George.....Probate Clerk's office.
  13. F. S. Baird.....Elec. Commr's office.
  16. W. L. Householder.....471 Milwaukee av.
  17. E. J. Dwyer.....371 Austin av.
  18. Edgar Remington.....235 W. Monroe st.

## VI.

- Ward.
24. J. C. W. Rhode.....339 North Clark st.
  20. Thos. Rankin.....278 Seminary av.
  21. J. Henry Speers.....Sheriff's office.
  22. William Bauman.....432 North Wells st.
  23. Frank Chasler.....Sup. Court.
  25. George Milne.....448 Seminary av.
  26. James T. French.....337 Racine av.

## VII.

- Ward.
14. Chas. W. Peters.....790 North Irving av.
  15. Joseph F. Haas.....503 West Fullerton av.
  25. Fred J. Tucker.....189 Jackson st.
  26. W. H. McClure.....413 Roscoe st.
  27. Henry Esdoehr.....Jefferson Park.
  - Andrew Schmidt.....Niles, Cook county.

## SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

## I.

- Ward.
1. E. R. Brainerd.....57 Hartford bldg.
  2. F. H. Childs.
  6. John M. Lyons.....Criminal Court bldg.

## II.

- Ward.
10. E. J. McCarthy.....568 S. Fairfield av.
  10. Wm. Norris.....Elec. Commr's office.
  10. Howard Bridges.....1088 Central Park av.
  10. Martin Kusick.....757 S. Wood st.
  12. Thos. Robinson.....195 Monroe st.
  12. H. K. Galpin.....729 Monroe st.
  12. Dr. Chr. Davidson.....955 Jackson bd.
  12. F. C. Farham.....1040 W. Adams st.
  12. Wilson Brooks.....1335 W. Adams st.
  12. L. F. Newman.....24 Ogden av.
  12. W. Colhapp.....936 W. Harrison st.
  12. F. L. Wood.....1235 Lexington av.
  12. Chr. Granzow.....1497 Fillmore st.
  12. D. W. Clark.....956 Warren av.

## III.

- Ward.
31. J. W. Gibbs.....Merriam, Collins & Co.
  33. Wm. L. Evans.....931 1/2 Anthony av.
  34. Charles W. Taylor.....Criminal Court bldg.
  - Calumet—M. E. Baldwin, County Treas. office.

## IV.

- Ward.
29. John Morfa.....4047 Wallace st.
  29. Wm. McCarthy.....Halsted and 47th st.
  30. Jas. Kinloch.....4735 Dearborn st.
  30. Alfred Anderson.....5128 Wentworth av.
  30. Walter Page.....5942 Wright st.
  30. Carl Lunberg.....Halsted and 59th st.
  30. August Boecherding, City Clerk's office.
  30. Thomas Lyons.....U. S. Y. & T. Co.

## V.

- Ward.
2. H. L. Martin.....2436 Dearborn st.
  3. R. B. De Young.....Prairie av. and 30th st.
  4. W. E. Tagg.....3707 Cottage Grove av.
  32. F. L. Fake.....31 East 47th st.

## VI.

- Ward.  
 15. Henry Hahn.....1079 North Oakley av.  
 20. G. Lutz.....129 Center st.  
 26. W. V. Hayt.....Criminal Clerk's office.  
 28. Carl Herman.....787 Lincoln av.

## VII.

- O. W. Nash.....Oak Park.  
 C. H. Julian.....Palatine.  
 John Kirgis.....Bloom.  
 Louis Lanehart.....Lyons.  
 J. S. Belfeldt.....Thornton.  
 P. McDonald.....Clyde.  
 Fred Whitfield.....Evanston.  
 Ira McCord.....Blue Island.

## IX.

- Ward.  
 6. A. T. Jones.....3521 Hickory st.  
 6. Thomas Lynch.....3404 Lowe av.  
 6. I. N. Kelso.....3345 South Wood st.  
 9. Jacob Grosser.....601 W. Twentieth st.  
 10. Wm. Eldendorf.....920 W. Twenty-first st.  
 26. John Leggate.....2082 Smith av.

## X.

- Ward.  
 14. Niels Junl.....433 Potomac av.  
 14. John Olson.....89 Evergreen av.  
 15. Fred Killott.....388 Homer av.  
 27. M. Thomas.....47 South Canal st.  
 28. Henry Rebman.....Cor. W. Lake and 43d.

## XIII.

- Ward.  
 7. S. Drebber.....Newberry av. & Henry.

## DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE.

Chairman—Thomas Gahan.

Secretary—Robert E. Burns.

Treasurer—Fred. E. Eldred.

- Ward.  
 1. John J. Coughlin.....167 Madison st.  
 Michael Kenna.....284 Clark st.  
 2. John C. Schubert.....Monroe & Wabash av.  
 Edward Ponsonby.....1875 State st.  
 3. Wm. McAllister.....2800 LaSalle st.  
 Vacancy.  
 4. Patrick White.....3436 Indiana av.  
 Mich'l McDonough.....5 28th st.  
 5. Jacob P. Miller.....2181 Archer av.  
 James Daly.....3 531st st.  
 6. W. J. O'Brien.....170 Madison st.  
 Patrick Morris.....3643 Emerald av.  
 7. W. J. Roach.....721 South Union st.  
 Vacancy.  
 8. J. H. Duillard.....607 S. Sangamon st.  
 Wm. Loeffler.....2 19th pl.  
 9. Thomas Cusack.....500 Throop st.  
 Wm. H. Dunn.....345 Throop st.  
 10. Hugh Curran.....3005 16th st.  
 Peter J. Burns.....1106 West 70th st.  
 11. Geo. McConnell.....422 West Congress st.  
 John J. Hayes.....521 West Congress st.  
 James McAndrews.....80 Washington bd.  
 Edward Rooney.....1540 West Harrison st.  
 12. Thos. J. Little.....94 West Lake st.  
 Dennis F. Considine.....22 Clarkson ct.  
 13. Jos. S. Schwab.....718 Stock Exchange.  
 Dr. D. G. Leiniger.....1066 Milwaukee av.  
 15. John Fitzsimmons.....378 North Leavitt st.  
 Dr. O. W. Lewke.....968 North Oakley av.  
 16. J. J. Klein.....300 West Huron st.  
 A. J. Kowalski.....617 Noble st.  
 17. Frank H. Nasas.....387 Milwaukee av.  
 M. M. O'Connor.....278 W. Lake st.  
 18. John J. Brennan.....114 West Madison st.  
 M. C. Conlon.....Madison & Sangamon.  
 19. John Powers.....170 Madison st.  
 Jos. Haberkorn.....Polk st. & Center av.  
 20. Thomas Hanton.....Kedzie bldg.  
 Fred Rinder.....Clybourn av. & Willow  
 21. James J. Gray.....North Town assessor.  
 Frank Brandecker.....625 Sedgwick st.  
 22. James H. Farrell.....22 Dearborn st.  
 John H. Sullivan.....37 Sigel st.

## Ward.

8. Thomas Curran.....601 South Center av.  
 19. F. L. Pasdeloup.....417 South Halsted st.

## XV.

- Ward.  
 9. W. H. Ward.....585 1/2 Loomis st.  
 11. George McKenzie.....472 Jackson bd.  
 11. W. D. Kent.....450 West Congress st.  
 11. D. B. Cole.....98 York st.  
 19. W. G. Homan.....281 South Jefferson st.  
 19. James Mayer.....Congress st.

## XVII.

- Ward.  
 11. Louis Sitts.....440 Grand av.  
 17. Albert Obendorf.....243 Fulton st.  
 18. George Bers.....290 Jackson bd.

## XIX.

- Ward.  
 13. James E. Drum.....146 Walnut st.  
 13. D. B. Moore.....171 Emerson av.  
 16. S. Waldman.....580 Milwaukee av.

## XXI.

- Ward.  
 21. J. H. Theil.....522 Cleveland av.  
 22. Louis Warncke.....311 Larabee st.  
 25. Leo Gatzsch.....Schiller bldg.

## XXIII.

- Ward.  
 18. J. H. Marks.....136 North Front st.  
 23. Samuel E. Erickson.....57 Locust st.  
 23. C. Peterson.....191 Superior st.  
 24. T. J. Scanlan.....383 LaSalle av.  
 24. Robert Winheim.....43 Delaware pl.  
 24. A. Levison.....238 North Clark st.

## Ward.

23. M. E. Hughes.....119 East Huron st.  
 Vacancy.  
 24. Heaton Owsley.....408 Erie st.  
 Jos. S. Martin.....190 North State st.  
 25. F. Paus.  
 Vacancy.  
 26. Thos. G. Hechinger.....90 Fullerton av.  
 Vacancy.  
 27. Fred E. Eldred.....Times bldg.  
 Thomas Edgar.....1011 Kimball av.  
 28. W. H. O'Brien.....200 East Randolph st.  
 John Larney.....3732 South Western av.  
 29. M. McInerney.....4541 Sherman st.  
 Dennis Sullivan.....4212 Ashland av.  
 30. Thos. Byrne.....4209 South Halsted st.  
 J. E. Fitzgerald.....39th and State sts.  
 31. C. S. Thornton.....7400 Stewart av.  
 P. J. Murray.....6554 Sherman st.  
 32. Thomas Gahan.....4206 South Halsted st.  
 P. H. Keenan.....85 Dearborn st.  
 33. James Matthews.....833 Ontario av.  
 P. Loftus.....South Chicago.  
 34. Wm. E. Quinn.....Coroner's office.  
 Alex. J. Jones.....Masonic Temple.

## COUNTRY TOWNS.

- Barrington—M. C. McIntosh, 45 Washington st.  
 Bloom—H. Hawkins, Chicago Heights.  
 Bremen—William Moak, Tinley Park.  
 Calumet—Peter Kipley, Riverdale.  
 Cicero—R. H. Jompolis, 180 Washington st.  
 Ross C. Hall, 100 Washington st.  
 Elk Grove—John Martin, Elk Grove.  
 Evanston—W. Prentiss, 1st National Bk. bldg.  
 D. P. O'Leary, Evanston, Ill.  
 Lemont—J. W. McCarthy, Lemont, Ill.  
 G. A. Weimar, Lemont, Ill.  
 Lyons—John H. Banks, Willow Springs.  
 A. H. Hurd, LaGrange.  
 Maine—H. Kreft, Des Plaines, Ill.  
 New Trier—James A. Pugh, Winnetka, Ill.  
 Niles—Chris. Blaumeiser, Niles Center, Ill.  
 Northfield—Wm. Helmgartner, Glen View, Ill.  
 Norwood Park—B. F. Muercke, Norwood Park.  
 Palatine—J. G. Vehe, Palatine, Ill.  
 Palos—F. J. O'Connell, Worth Station, Ill.  
 Proviso—George Steele, River Forest, Ill.  
 John McMahon, Melrose Park, Ill.

Riverside—Con Sullivan, Riverside, Ill.  
 Thornton—John Anderson, Harvey, Ill.  
 Wheeling—C Sigwalt, Arlington Heights, Ill.  
 Worth—John Bush, Blue Island, Ill.  
 Hanover—J. A. Cooper, Bartlett, Ill.

## SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

- Ward.  
 1. John Mulhearn.....3147 Canal st.  
 2. Thomas Fitzgerald.....1123 Harrison st.  
 3. Vacancy.....  
 4. M. J. Doherty.....5438 Halsted st.  
 5. M. J. Bulger.....3119 South Park av.  
 6. John E. Fitzgerald.....23 Larrabee st.  
 7. Jere O'Rourke.....Harvey, Ill.  
 9. B. J. McGuire.....987 Thirty-second st.  
 11. John A. King.....213 West Washington.  
 13. Edward Prindville.....15th and Margaret sts.  
 15. J. E. McGlinley.....208 Forquer st.  
 17. M. J. Donohue.....310 Monroe st.

## PEOPLE'S PARTY COUNTY COMMITTEE.

## EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Chairman—Francis R. Cole, 503 Ft. Dearborn bldg.

Secretary—Lee Smith, 279 E. North av.

Treasurer—W. K. Lowe, 491 Gross av., Station "B."

- William J. Danforth.....234 Dayton st.  
 P. K. Dealy.....351 Mohawk st.  
 J. L. Seward.....38 Cass st.  
 D. M. Fulwiler.....514 79th st.  
 Ed. Mulloy.....3108 South Canal st.  
 F. P. Cantwell.....138 State st.  
 Chris. O'Brien.....47 Myrtle st.  
 F. W. Palmer.....884 W. Harrison st.  
 Sam Robbins.....43 South Carpenter st.

## COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Chairman—Francis R. Cole, 503 Ft. Dearborn bldg.

Recording Secretary—Lee Smith.

Financial Secretary—W. H. Bond.

Treasurer—W. K. Lowe.

Sergeant—E. J. Lindholm.

Assistant Sergeant—W. H. Bannigan.

- Ward.  
 1. J. C. Roberts.....510 Ft. Dearborn bldg.  
 W. H. Bond.....84 Dearborn st.  
 2. Martin Grady.....1706 State st.  
 F. P. Cantwell.....1938 State st.  
 3. D. J. Kane.....2970 Cottage Grove av.  
 J. W. Malcolm.....3158 Dearborn st.  
 4. F. E. Cole.....3348 Indiana av.  
 John McLean.....3550 State st.  
 5. F. C. Roth.....2918 Wallace st.  
 E. Mulloy.....3104 South Canal st.  
 6. P. J. O'Reilly.....3100 South Halsted st.  
 J. B. James.....3520 Winchester av.  
 7. James Gillis.....278 Newberry av.  
 Matt. Roach.....490 South Halsted st.  
 8. J. J. Flynn.....310 West 15th st.  
 W. J. Cody.....20 Waller st.  
 9. W. J. O'Brien.....263 Laflin st.  
 T. J. O'Brien.....714 West 12th st.  
 10. W. H. Bannigan.....10 Yeaton av.  
 Chris. O'Brien.....47 Myrtle st.  
 11. E. J. Tavenor.....516 Lake st.  
 T. J. Morrow.....529 Van Buren st.  
 12. F. W. Palmer.....888 West Harrison st.  
 F. N. Welsh.....42 Jackson bd.

## PEOPLE'S PARTY CITY

Chairman—J. S. Kirkpatrick, 6848 Grant pl.

Secretary—W. H. Hill, 6048 Sangamon st.

Treasurer—W. H. Bond, 84 Dearborn st.

- Ward.  
 1. A. G. Senn.....113 East Adams st.  
 W. H. Bond.....84 Dearborn st.  
 Thomas Tilly.....84 Dearborn st.  
 2. Thomas Casey.....2554 Wabash av.  
 F. P. Cantwell.....1938 State st.  
 G. A. Duncan.....227 Michigan av.

## Ward.

19. James J. Flannigan.....348 Michigan av.  
 21. Fred C. Knecht.....340 Sedgwick st.  
 23. James A. Quinn.....166 LaSalle av.

## CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

1. George E. Lapsley.....434 Forty-sixth st.  
 Thomas Foley.....3249 South Chicago av.  
 2. John Bigane.....1974 Thirty-ninth st.  
 J. B. McDonald.....4340 Emerald av.  
 3. Charles Martin.....3533 Emerald av.  
 Charles McDonald.....3258 Wentworth av.  
 4. James C. Strain.....1013 Jackson bd.  
 James O'Brien.....452 West Harrison st.  
 5. Frank Kinnare.....1485 Fulton st.  
 E. E. Walsh.....171 West Kinzie st.  
 6. Charles C. Stillwell.....289 Erie st.  
 Robert E. Burke.....63 Beethoven pl.  
 7. M. Fitzgerald.....Havlock, Ill.  
 Dr. D. G. Moore.....643 North Hoyne av.

## Ward.

13. R. A. Bamford.....1004 West Lake st.  
 D. P. Kivlin.....690 Grand av.  
 14. Mar. M. J. Mitchell.....772 North Rockwell st.  
 W. F. Cooling.....508 Evergreen av.  
 15. Charles A. Carson.....372 Talman av.  
 John Nyman.....972 Talman av.  
 16. Jno. Hammersmark.....17 Ayres ct.  
 G. L. Lindell.....36 Keith st.  
 17. Alban Boyjesson.....201 Erie st.  
 John H. O'Connor.....201 Erie st.  
 18. Sam. Robbins.....43 South Carpenter st.  
 19. J. W. Reedy.....356 South May st.  
 William J. Danforth.....234 Dayton st.  
 P. D. Thompson.....181 Webster av.  
 21. P. K. Dealy.....351 Mohawk st.  
 Lee Smith.....300 Center st.  
 22. Henry Dopheide.....407 Sedgwick st.  
 O. E. Thursee.....26 Otis st.  
 George Powers.....110 Orleans st.  
 G. A. Landgren.....388 Orleans st.  
 24. F. R. Brennan.....219 LaSalle av.  
 J. L. Seward.....38 Cass st.  
 25. C. H. Adams.....1316 Wellington av.  
 H. J. Klinks.....1218 Wolfman st.  
 26. W. W. Weaver.....538 Cornelia st.  
 W. R. Lome.....491 Gross av.  
 27. William Weber.....5455 North Troy st.  
 George Jefferson.....461 Basil av.  
 28. R. G. Budeaux.....498 West 41st st.  
 G. A. Ellingson.....2556 Fulton st.  
 29. W. J. Alexander.....629 West 43d st.  
 J. A. Logsdon.....691 West 42d st.  
 30. John M. James.....4714 Ashland av.  
 H. A. Wilson.....5004 Union av.  
 31. D. M. Fulwiler.....544 79th st.  
 H. S. Taylor.....6364 Stewart av.  
 32. Michael Wood.....4029 Wabash av.  
 C. A. Osborne.....633 38th pl.  
 33. Fred Freeman.....5211 Victoria av.  
 Thomas Hughes.....284 42d st.  
 34. Eugene Block.....3111 Evans av.  
 Phil. Howley.....7520 Adams av.

## COUNTRY TOWNS.

- Lyons—Earl B. Smith, 350 Dearborn st.  
 Cicero—R. M. Springer, Drexel P. O.  
 Palatine—Geo. C. Whipple, Palatine.  
 Thornton—J. H. DeVoe, Harvey, Ill.  
 G. M. Miller, North Harvey, Ill.

## Ward.

3. Francis J. Lafferty.....  
 Gus. Wischman.....3021 Cottage Grove av.  
 J. W. Malcolm.....3158 Dearborn st.  
 4. John McLean.....3841 State st.  
 F. L. Banta.....104 E. Thirty-ninth st.  
 Francis R. Cole.....3538 Indiana av.  
 5. John Mulloy.....3038 South Canal st.  
 F. C. Roth.....2918 Wallace st.  
 Ed. Mulloy.....3108 South Canal st.

## Ward.

6. E. J. O'Reilly ..... 5190 South Halsted st.  
 James B. James ..... 3520 Winchester av.  
 John W. Pfeiffer ..... 3388 Archer av.  
 7. Frank Iago ..... 282 Newberry av.  
 Thomas Iago ..... 282 Newberry av.  
 John Gillis ..... 278 Newberry av.  
 8. W. J. Cody ..... 498 West 14th st.  
 George E. McGrath ..... 19 West 13th st.  
 John Flinn ..... 310 West 15th st.  
 9. James Clark ..... 604 West 12th st.  
 S. F. A. Satalecki ..... 367 Ashland av.  
 Ed Wells ..... 575 West 14th st.  
 10. Henry Ashfield ..... 47 Myrtle st.  
 Chris. O'Brien ..... 13 Veston av.  
 J. E. Clark ..... 518 West Lake st.  
 11. E. J. Tavenor ..... 484 Austin av.  
 E. J. McLean ..... 484 Austin av.  
 S. T. Hammersmark ..... 482 Washington bd.  
 12. W. H. McGuire ..... 1300 Monroe st.  
 Dr. Geo. White ..... 1319 Madison st.  
 Eugene Smith ..... 1119 Jackson bd.  
 13. D. P. Kivlin ..... 186 Grand av.  
 Wm. League ..... 1438 Fulton st.  
 R. A. Bamford ..... 1004 West Lake st.  
 14. W. E. Cooling ..... 1446 Evergreen av.  
 Mark M. J. Mitchell ..... 772 Rockwell st.  
 James Teel .....  
 15. C. H. Carson ..... 572 Talman av.  
 John Nyman ..... 472 Talman av.  
 16. G. L. Lindell ..... 30 Keith st.  
 J. F. Hammersmark ..... 17 Ayres st.  
 Albert Alpers ..... 31 Keith st.  
 17. Albert Boreson ..... 201 West Erie st.  
 John H. O'Connor ..... 201 West Erie st.  
 John Gleason ..... 130 North Halsted st.  
 C. A. Keller ..... 243 Washington bd.  
 H. Hamilton ..... 205 Madison st.  
 Sam Robbins ..... 43 South Carpenter st.  
 19. C. A. Styles ..... 43 Pearce st.  
 Wm. Gleason ..... 43 Pearce st.  
 20. E. J. O'Brien ..... 102 Sholto st.  
 W. J. Danforth ..... 284 Dayton st.  
 N. P. Rosch ..... 283 Dayton st.  
 F. Lasher ..... 173 Fremont st.  
 21. P. K. Dealy ..... 357 Mohawk st.

## PROHIBITION COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

## OFFICERS.

Chairman—John H. Hill.  
 Secretary—Albert W. Fairbanks.  
 Treasurer—Henry J. Brubaker.

## EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Chairman, Dr. Frank Hurlburt Booth; W. F. Kellett, R. J. Mossop, D. A. Mitchell, J. A. Ruth, H. M. Baker, John G. Battershill.

- Ward.  
 1. Oscar Odellus ..... 200 East Van Buren st.  
 2. H. J. Brubaker ..... 2126 Michigan av.  
 3. Wm. F. Kellett ..... 208 Dearborn st.  
 Amasa Orelup ..... 2118 Cleveland av.  
 4. A. H. Sherman ..... 3611 Rhodes av.  
 S. F. Welbasky ..... 6131 Fifth av.  
 Bateman Gandy ..... 294 Westworth av.  
 5. S. F. Folia ..... 243 and Desiring sts.  
 H. C. Graves ..... 478 South Halsted st.  
 6. Nellie Johnson ..... 311 West 14th st.  
 C. R. Ferguson ..... 121 Washburn place.  
 7. Wm. W. Clark ..... 1857 West 23d st.  
 E. C. Parkhurst ..... 1738 West 22d st.  
 11. Dr. G. T. Carpenter ..... 11 St. John's place.  
 H. L. Parmelee ..... 30 Garden place.  
 12. S. J. Clarke ..... 1015 Jackson bd.  
 C. E. Ellsworth ..... 507 W. Madison st.  
 13. J. A. Ruth ..... 56 Fifth av.  
 14. Dr. H. H. Booth ..... 552 N. Sacramento av.  
 R. J. Mossop ..... 548 N. Ashland av.  
 15. John F. Cunneen ..... 167 North Riley st.  
 A. F. Hall ..... 1376 N. Artesian av.  
 16. S. D. Oftedahl ..... 704 North Center av.  
 17. Gust Sundquist ..... 139 Grand av.  
 John H. Siljander ..... 21 Austin av.  
 18. Arthur Ferris ..... 49 West Madison st.  
 T. C. Rice ..... 256 West Adams st.

## Ward.

- Lee Smith ..... 178 Orchard st.  
 O. R. Stein ..... 469 Larrabee st.  
 22. Henry Dophelds ..... 407 Sedgwick st.  
 Fred Dressler ..... 34 Goethe st.  
 H. Summerfeld ..... 440 Wayland st.  
 23. Gus Burquist ..... 181 East Oak st.  
 J. J. Menwiggin ..... 258 North Franklin st.  
 Thomas Power ..... 20 East Superior st.  
 24. Ernest Seyforth ..... 232 Wells st.  
 H. Cohn ..... 286 Elm st.  
 J. L. Perin ..... 643 Sheffield av.  
 25. Wm. Ralph ..... 1316 Wellington st.  
 C. H. Adams ..... 1218 Wolfram st.  
 H. J. Kline ..... 538 Cornelia st.  
 26. W. W. Weaver ..... 491 Gross av.  
 Geo. E. Beckwith ..... 605 School st.  
 27. Geo. Jefferson ..... 1461 Bissell st.  
 Wm. Weber ..... 5455 North Troy st.  
 H. Wilcox .....  
 28. W. H. Badeau ..... 208 LaSalle st.  
 G. A. Ellingsen ..... 2756 Fulton st.  
 Franklin Biehler ..... 239 West Adams st.  
 29. W. J. Alexander ..... 614 West 33d st.  
 Joseph Lagdon, Jr. .... 602 42d st.  
 Joseph Brown ..... 4431 Union av.  
 30. H. A. Wilson ..... 5004 Union av.  
 A. M. Heines ..... 5842 Tracy av.  
 Wm. Buell ..... 6212 Sangamon st.  
 31. H. S. Taylor ..... 6354 Stewart av.  
 D. M. Fulwiler ..... 544 79th st., Station P.  
 J. S. Kirkpatrick ..... 6948 Grant pl.  
 32. Frank Bayless ..... 4029 Wabash av.  
 Martin Wood ..... 383 30th pl.  
 33. Wm. Collins ..... 925 Avenue J.  
 Thomas Hughes ..... 231 92d st.  
 Fred Freeman ..... 125 Clark st.  
 34. H. M. Polite ..... 7520 Jefferson av.  
 Phil. Howley ..... 7520 Adams av.  
 Emanuel Linden ..... 11317 Michigan av.

## EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Chairman—J. S. Kirkpatrick, 6948 Grant pl.  
 Secretary—J. W. Hill, 6048 Sangamon st.  
 W. J. Danford, E. Mulloy, W. H. Badeau.

## Ward.

19. N. K. Thompson ..... 226 West Congress st.  
 20. A. B. Reynell ..... 421 Belden av.  
 U. G. Reynolds ..... 180 Webster av.  
 22. E. Johnson ..... 136 Hudson av.  
 Mrs. Sara Dawe ..... 64 Beethoven pl.  
 23. P. Scholeno ..... 340 North Franklin st.  
 24. N. R. Dresser ..... 255 LaSalle av.  
 25. James Forrest ..... 1585 N. Halsted st.  
 John Woollett ..... Rogers Park.  
 26. W. H. Cockingham ..... 34 Faye st.  
 27. Dr. T. E. Thornton ..... 34 West Belmont.  
 John R. Madison ..... Irving Park.  
 28. Gerhard Knudsen ..... 2454 Austin av.  
 Larned B. Mencham ..... 2154 West 25th st.  
 29. D. J. Stewart ..... 4420 Union av.  
 D. A. Mitchell ..... 645 Chestnut st.  
 Christ. Anderson .....  
 31. L. T. Regan ..... 68 West 65th st.  
 J. S. Stone ..... 8614 May st.  
 32. John H. Hill ..... 4154 Berkeley av.  
 C. E. Sawyer ..... 388 East 40th st.  
 33. Rev. Geo. Harris ..... 2445 7th av.  
 Rev. Mr. Lyon ..... Windsor Park.  
 34. C. H. Owen ..... 1323 69th st.  
 E. A. Luther ..... 7357 Cottage Grove av.

## COUNTRY TOWNS.

Barrington—Harvey Herndon, Barrington.  
 Bloom—Samuel E. Lewis, Chicago Heights.  
 Fred. Coble, Glenwood.  
 Calumet—W. H. Hauke, Morgan Park.  
 J. G. Sauers, Morgan Park.  
 Cicero—L. A. Crittenden, Austin.  
 H. W. Knapp, Oak Park.  
 Evanston—L. J. Arthur, Evanston.  
 J. L. Whitlock, 208 LaSalle st.

Hanover—Harry Pierce, Bartlett.  
H. P. Hay, Bartlett.  
Lemont—J. T. Derby, Lemont.  
Leyden—F. W. Ellsworth, Mont Clara.  
Lyons—James Craigmile, LaGrange.  
V. V. Phillips, LaGrange.  
Maline—George Wolfram, Des Plaines.  
Patrick Condon, Des Plaines.  
New Trier—C. H. Moreley, Wilmette.  
Niles—D. Winters, Niles.  
Northfield—Chas. Schmidt, Schermerville.  
Dr. Kennicott, Glen View.

Norwood Park—E. L. Kletting, Norwood Park.  
Orland—H. O. Mitchell, Orland.  
Palatine—E. E. Schaffer, Palatine.  
Proviso—C. W. Burnett, Melrose Park.  
Wm. Ferguson, Maywood.  
Riverside—E. A. Pollock, Grossdale.  
J. W. Halliday, Riverside.  
Thornton—Wm. L. Coryell, Harvey.  
Edward Page Gaston, Harvey.  
Wheeling—E. B. Wheeler, Arlington.  
Worth—A. P. Ballou, Evergreen Park.  
C. W. Salisbury, Blue Island.

## PROHIBITION CITY CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Chairman—Frank H. Booth.  
Secretary—Sam G. Priddle.  
Treasurer—Warren W. Burnham.

Ward	
1. Oscar Odellus	200 East Van Buren st.
2. H. J. Brubaker	2120 Michigan av.
3. W. F. Kellett	345 Dearborn st.
4. Amasa Orinup	3148 Groveland av.
5. William H. Craig	34 Clark st.
6. F. C. Baird	3520 Rhodes av.
7. B. F. Weibauky	3151 Fifth av.
8. Bateman Gault	2904 Westworth av.
9. August Larson	3015 st. and Stewart av
10. R. E. Carpenter	2431 Marshfield av
11. H. C. Graves	415 South Halsted st.
12. Neilla Johnson	111 West 14th st.
13. C. R. Ferguson	121 Washington pl.
14. S. S. Glendening	741 West 15th st.
15. Dr. W. W. Clark	1857 West 23d st.
16. B. C. Parkhurst	1138 West 23d st.
17. A. W. Fairbanks	542 West Monroe st.
18. Rev. J. A. McKelvey	1015 Washington bd.
19. J. J. Clarke	1015 Jackson bd.
20. L. G. Spencer	100 Warren av.
21. J. A. Ruth	56 Fifth av.
22. H. H. Gill	59 Park av.
23. R. J. Mosson	630 N. Claremont av.
24. Dr. F. H. Booth	325 N. Sacramento av.
25. A. F. Hall	1576 N. Artesian av.
26. John F. Cunnene	973 North Robey st.
27. O. L. Stangland	239 West Erie st.
28. Rev. S. D. Oftedal	104 North Center av.
29. John H. Stijander	71 Austin av.
30. Gus Sundquist	180 Grand av.

Ward	
31. Arthur Ferris	49 West Madison st.
32. T. C. Rice	248 West Adams st.
33. Rev. N. K. Thompson	26 West Congress st.
34. R. R. Kufin	350 W. Van Buren st.
35. J. J. Reynolds	129 Webster av.
36. A. B. Reynolds	481 Bolden av.
37. J. L. Steward	38 Cass st.
38. H. A. Mercord	434 LaSalle av.
39. W. H. Beebe, Jr.	406 North State st.
40. E. G. Hindberg	339 East Division st.
41. P. Scholone	340 N. Franklin st.
42. Gust. Myhrman	335 N. Franklin st.
43. N. R. Dresser	255 LaSalle av.
44. Carl Herigstad	65 Rush st.
45. Wm. J. Candlish	406 First Nat. Bank.
46. J. S. Forrest	128 N. Halsted st.
47. W. H. Cockingham	431 East st.
48. T. H. M. Coghlan	1152 Lincoln av.
49. John Soule	Irving Park.
50. W. A. Cook	1123 Armitage av.
51. G. Knudsen	2454 Austin av.
52. L. E. Meacham	2284 West 25th pl.
53. D. J. Steward	424 Union av.
54. D. A. Mitchell	Ashtland block.
55. Christ. Anderson	718 1st st.
56. L. T. Kagan	609 West 5th st.
57. J. A. Searce	1341 Inter bldg.
58. John B. Hill	415 Berkeley av.
59. C. L. Saylor	338 40th st.
60. Rev. Geo. Harris	1644 7th av.
61. A. J. Bassett	Grand Crossing.
62. T. J. Franklin	5550 Drexel av.

## COOK COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE SILVER REPUBLICAN PARTY.

Chairman—Gen. C. H. Howard.  
Secretary—F. C. Wood.  
Members—Isaac W. Higgs, M. H. Carter, R. M. Johnson, James W. Wilson, A. Milo Ben-

nett, John F. Eberhart, S. M. Biddison, H. V. Reed, W. J. Neill, B. H. Sloan, J. S. Kendall, G. M. Emrick, E. B. Weeks, James H. Teller.

## MAYORS OF CHICAGO.

Mayors and population of Chicago from its incorporation in 1837 to the present:

MAYORS.	Elected.	Census.	Pop.	MAYORS.	Elected.	Census.	Pop.
William H. Ogden	May, 1837	City	4,179	John Wentworth	Mar., 1860	U. S.	109,206
Huckner S. Morris	Mar., 1838	.....	.....	J. S. Rumsey	April, 1861	Est.	120,000
B. W. Raymond	Mar., 1839	.....	.....	Francis C. Sherman	April, 1862	City	126,181
Alexander Lloyd	Mar., 1840	U. S.	4,470	Francis C. Sherman	April, 1863	City	169,353
F. C. Sherman	Mar., 1841	.....	.....	John B. Rice	April, 1865	State	178,392
B. W. Raymond	Mar., 1842	.....	.....	John B. Rice	April, 1867	City	200,418
Augustus Garrett	Mar., 1843	City	7,589	Rosewell B. Mason	Nov., 1869	U. S.	205,636
A. S. Sherman	Mar., 1844	.....	.....	Joseph Medill	Nov., 1871	City	267,276
Augustus Garrett	Mar., 1845	State	12,068	Harvey D. Colvin	Nov., 1874	City	325,402
John P. Chapin	Mar., 1846	City	14,163	Monroe Heath	July, 1875	City	407,861
James Curtis	Mar., 1847	City	16,473	Monroe Heath	April, 1877	City	435,731
Jas. H. Woodworth	Mar., 1848	City	20,013	Carter H. Harrison	April, 1879	City	491,516
Jas. H. Woodworth	Mar., 1849	City	23,077	Carter H. Harrison	April, 1881	City	560,193
James Curtis	Mar., 1850	U. S.	25,360	Carter H. Harrison	April, 1883	City	629,985
W. S. Burnee	Mar., 1851	.....	.....	Carter H. Harrison	April, 1885	City	703,817
W. S. Burnee	Mar., 1852	Est.	28,734	John A. Roche	April, 1887	City	802,651
Charles M. Gray	Mar., 1853	City	30,143	DeWitt C. Ciegler	April, 1889	U. S.	1,008,576
I. L. Milliken	Mar., 1854	Est.	35,872	Hemp Washburne	April, 1891	City	1,224,010
Levi D. Boone	Mar., 1855	State	80,923	Carter H. Harrison	April, 1893	Est.	1,610,000
Thomas Dyer	Mar., 1856	City	94,113	George B. Swift	Nov., 1895	Est.	1,685,000
John Wentworth	Mar., 1857	.....	.....	John P. Hopkins	Dec., 1896	City	1,857,777
John C. Haines	Mar., 1858	.....	.....	George B. Swift	April, 1898	City	1,947,427
John C. Haines	Mar., 1859	.....	.....	Carter H. Harrison	April, 1899	Est.	2,000,000

## Events of the Year 1897.

## DOMESTIC.

## JANUARY.

2. Senator Wolcott sailed from New York for England to confer with the Europeans upon the subject of an international bimetallic monetary conference.
3. Severe storms swept through parts of Texas, Arkansas, Louisiana, Missouri and parts of Oklahoma, destroying many lives and much valuable property.
4. The Mississippi river rose 15½ feet at St. Louis.
8. The striking miners at Rutland, Ill., indulged in a riot. They had been on a strike for nearly two months, alleging unjust weights.
9. Troops are employed to hold the striking miners at Ottawa, Ill., in check.
13. Heavy snowstorms prevailed in many parts of the west.
16. Sixteen children were burned to death in a fire that destroyed the Buckner orphan asylum at Dallas, Tex.
18. The United States Supreme court decided that the South Carolina dispensary liquor law was unconstitutional. Severe storms prevailed in many parts of the west.
19. Portland, Mich., was flooded in consequence of an ice gorge in the river.
21. Gov. Leedy of Kansas pardoned H. C. Wilmoth, who had wives in eleven cities and towns.
23. A severe blizzard raged through Iowa, Nebraska and Kansas, the weather being severely cold. Ex-Queen Lilliulokani arrived in Washington.
25. Intensely cold weather very general throughout the entire country.
28. Snowstorm throughout New England unusually heavy, all sections reporting a depth of snow varying from fifteen to thirty-four inches on the level and drifts from five to ten feet high.
30. A treaty for the settlement of the Alaskan boundary line was signed in Washington between the secretary of state and the British ambassador.

## FEBRUARY.

2. The treaty for arbitration of the boundary dispute between Venezuela and Great Britain was signed at Washington.
3. The government practically completed the terms of the purchase of Fisher's island and a part of Plum island in Long Island sound for coast defense purposes.
11. President Cleveland's last formal reception was given at the white house to the army, navy and marine corps.
14. Joseph A. Isagi, Turkish consul at Boston, was arrested at New York, charged with embezzlement.
17. By a decision of the secretary of the interior the great tract of swamp land in Florida known as the Everglades, and comprising about 2,242,800 acres, was conveyed to the state of Florida. About 2,000 tanners and curriers in Chicago went on a strike.
22. The president issued thirteen executive orders establishing many additional forest reservations, embracing in the aggregate 21,397,940 acres. Floods were reported in the Ohio river.
23. Floods were general in western Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Pennsylvania, Kentucky, Tennessee and southern Ohio.

24. A bill making all contracts payable in gold noncollectible and void passed both houses of the Oklahoma legislature. Senator Wolcott left London for the United States.
27. The clothing house of Willoughby, Hill & Co. of Chicago failed.
28. A fire in Fort Wayne, Ind., caused the loss of \$150,000 worth of property.

## MARCH.

1. President-Elect McKinley left his home for Washington.
3. Thirty members of the Idaho legislature sent a telegram to the vice-president protesting against the swearing in of Mr. Heltfeld as United States senator from that state. John Corwine, naval paymaster, charged with embezzlement, was arrested in Chicago.
4. William McKinley was inaugurated as president of the United States. An explosion in a Boston subway killed eight and injured thirty persons. Senator Wolcott arrived in New York from England.
5. A fire in Worcester, Mass., caused the loss of \$300,000 worth of property. A grain elevator burned in Peoria, causing a loss of \$500,000.
8. Capt. John D. Hart was sentenced to two years' imprisonment and a fine of \$500 at Philadelphia for engaging in a filibustering expedition to Cuba.
10. A washout on the Evansville & Terre Haute railroad near Hazleton caused a train wreck that killed seven persons. The mine workers' strike at Leadville, Col., which began June 19, was called off, the mine-owners acceding to the demands of the men.
12. Beginning of the great floods on the Mississippi and other rivers.
13. A passenger train on the Southern railroad was wrecked near Rome, Ga., and four train hands were fatally injured.
14. The Mississippi river at Memphis was higher than it had been in twenty-five years and many towns in Arkansas were submerged.
15. Meeting of the extra session of congress.
17. Charges of wholesale corruption were made in the Iowa legislature and Speaker Byers resigned pending an investigation. Washington Heising, postmaster of Chicago, resigned to begin a campaign for the mayoralty of the city.
18. Sixty-four persons were lost in the wreck of the St. Nazaire off Cape Hatteras.
20. Disastrous floods continue throughout the Mississippi valley. A train on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad was wrecked near Oakland, Md., and one person was killed and several injured. Walling and Jackson were executed at Newport, Ky., for the murder of Pearl Bryan.
22. The high-school building at Arlington, Ga., was wrecked by a tornado and nearly 100 teachers and pupils were killed or injured. The tornado passed down the valley of the Chattahoochee, destroying many lives and much valuable property of all kinds.
23. Earthquake shocks were felt at Malone, N. Y., and through the province of Quebec and eastern Ontario.
24. A heavy snowstorm prevailed in many parts of Illinois, Iowa and Wisconsin.

25. More than 6,000 colored refugees from the deluged portions of the Mississippi valley were cared for at Memphis.
28. A large coal area in Jackson county, Ohio, sold to an English syndicate for \$4,000,000. A tornado passed through a portion of Texas, doing much injury to the state university and other buildings at the capital.
30. Fifteen hundred tanners in Chicago struck to secure an eight-hour day. A tornado visited Chandler, O. T., destroying every building in the town, with four exceptions, killing thirty-nine persons and wounding 170 others.
31. Killing frosts visited the fruit belt of California.

## APRIL.

1. A blizzard swept through parts of Nebraska, Colorado, Kansas, Wyoming and South Dakota.
4. Forest fires destroyed much timber in the mountains of Pennsylvania.
7. The German government filed a protest against the differential sugar duties under the new tariff law.
8. Serious fire in Knoxville, Tenn., caused an estimated loss of \$500,000.
9. The Mississippi river reached a higher stage at New Orleans than was ever before reported.
11. The Mississippi floods began to recede.
13. The New York senate passed the "Greater New York" bill over the veto of Mayor Strong. The Mississippi reached 51.3 at Vicksburg, the highest point ever recorded.
14. A fire destroyed the Moresque block in New Orleans, involving a loss of \$400,000.
16. Carter H. Harrison was inaugurated as mayor of Chicago.
17. Dr. Hunter, republican nominee for United States senator, was indicted for bribery at Frankfort, Ky., but the action was said to be a part of a political conspiracy.
20. The floods in the Mississippi that were reported to be subsiding were still devastating the region and the water was pouring through the crevasses in many places.
23. Red winter No. 2 wheat sold at \$1.03, the highest price since 1890.
25. Heavy rains in Nebraska and Iowa caused destructive local floods.
27. The Grant mausoleum in New York was dedicated with imposing ceremonies.
28. The town of Guthrie, O. T., was overwhelmed by a flood that came down the Cottonwood river, carrying everything before it.
30. The president decided not to interfere in the case of Joseph R. Dunlop of Chicago, who had been sentenced to two years' imprisonment for sending obscene matter through the United States mails.
31. The Humphrey bills providing for an extension of street-car franchises in Illinois were defeated in the legislature.
15. The Washington monument in Fairmount park, Philadelphia, was unveiled, the president delivering an address. Officials and others connected with the National Bank of Illinois indicted at Chicago.
17. Elverton B. Chapman, the broker convicted of contempt of the senate investigating committee, was committed to jail in Washington.
19. Sixty families in Hoboken, N. J., were made homeless by a fire.
23. The new telescope of the Chicago university at William's Bay, Wis., and the largest one in the world, was put in use. Christ's church in Savannah, Ga., in which John Wesley once preached, was burned.
25. El Paso, Tex., was flooded by the breaking of a levee on the Rio Grande river and 120 houses were swept away.
27. The Supreme court of South Dakota decided that the amendment repealing prohibition in that state was legal.
31. A slight earthquake shock was felt for five minutes at Washington and extended to Georgia, Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky and Tennessee. A trolley excursion with a party of twenty-one persons was struck by a train at Spring Valley, L. I., and five were killed and fifteen injured.

## JUNE.

1. The net debt of the United States at the close of the fiscal year was reported to be \$996,684,052, a decrease for the month of \$1,560,000.
2. Secretary Gage declined to dismiss employees at the Philadelphia mint and restore the ex-soldiers who had been discharged by the last administration.
3. The gunboat Princeton was launched at Camden, N. J.
4. The delegates to the universal postal union left Washington on a special train on a tour through the country.
5. A severe earthquake shock was felt in Montana.
8. A severe hailstorm visited portions of Texas and destroyed the growing crops.
10. Great damage was done in the New England states by heavy rains.
13. Caldwell, O., was visited by a terrible storm of wind and hail which unroofed many buildings.
14. As there was not a single vacancy in the regular army the graduates of West Point to the number of sixty-seven were commissioned "additional second lieutenants."
15. Bishops Hogan and Glennon of Kansas City, Mo., refused to offer prayers for Queen Victoria in their churches. The emigrant building on Ellis island in New York burned, involving a loss of \$800,000.
17. A severe cold wave passed over eastern Idaho and three inches of snow fell at Soda Springs.
18. Severe storms caused great damage in portions of Kentucky and some of the western states. The American Railway union was formally dissolved by Mr. Debs in Chicago and the "Social Democracy of America" instituted in its place.
19. The village of Rochelle, Kas., was almost totally destroyed by a tornado.
20. Two earthquake shocks were felt in California.
21. The tailors' strike in New York, which at one time involved 25,000 men, was closed, the employers yielding to the demands of the strikers.

## MAY.

1. The Tennessee centennial exposition was opened at Nashville, the president in Washington setting the machinery in motion.
2. Trinity church in New York celebrated its 200th anniversary.
3. A fire in Pittsburg caused the loss of \$3,000,000.
5. The universal postal congress was formally organized in Washington, fifty-five countries being represented.
9. The members of the bimetallic commission sailed for Europe.

24. A tornado did great damage in the vicinity of Salina, Kas.  
 27. Seven persons were killed and many injured by a train falling through a trestle on the Wabash road at Missouri City, Mo.

## JULY.

1. The Streator (Ill.) miners decided to strike, the number being about 2,000.
2. The corner stone of a monument in honor of Brigham Young was laid at Salt Lake City, Utah.
3. Severely warm weather very general in the west. Something like a cloudburst caused great loss at Duluth and two miles of pavement and twenty bridges were washed out. A convention of coal miners at Pittsburg voted to indorse the general order for a strike.
4. Intense heat almost universal in the country.
5. Opening meetings of the Christian Endeavor society at San Francisco. By the explosion of a thrashing machine at Hartsville, Tenn., nine persons were killed and five badly wounded. A cyclone swept over a part of Minnesota.
12. Judge Chester of New York decided the new anti-trust law to be unconstitutional and dissolved the order requiring the officials of the coal roads to appear for examination.
14. Two reservoirs that supply Fishkill Landing and Matteawan with water burst, sweeping away the settlement at Dutchess Junction, and eight persons were drowned.
17. The steamer Portland arrived at Port Townsend with \$700,000 of gold from Klondike on board.
19. The steamer Hope with the Peary Greenland expedition sailed from Boston.
22. President Andrews of Brown university resigned because his views on the silver question did not agree with those of the board of trustees of the institution. A monument to the memory of Gen. John A. Logan was unveiled at Chicago.
24. The new tariff law became effective, the president having signed the bill.
25. The bicycle corps of the 25th United States Infantry arrived at St. Louis, having ridden from Fort Missoula, Mont., a distance of 1,960 miles, in forty days.
27. A fire at Yonkers, N. Y., destroyed two large silk factories, involving a loss of \$450,000.
29. Decees for the sale of the Union Pacific railroad under foreclosure proceedings were entered at Omaha, the upset price being placed at \$50,637,455.
30. Wreckers derailed a train on the C., C. & St. L. road at Thornton, Ind., and four persons were killed.

## AUGUST.

1. A destructive hailstorm in South Dakota obliterated the growing crops in a region from six to ten miles wide and thirty miles long.
4. The amount of gold deposited in the San Francisco mint was \$3,750,000, the largest ever received in one day.
9. The Iowa miners decided at a convention held at Ottumwa not to strike but to contribute 25 cents a week each to the aid of the strikers.
11. The special election ordered to fill the place of Representative Holman of the 4th Indiana district resulted in the choice of Griffin, Dem.
12. Judge Collier of the United States Circuit court granted a preliminary in-

junction restraining the United Mine Workers and others from marching or camping in proximity to the mines for the purpose of intimidating or menacing the working miners.

13. The building trades council of Chicago began a strike on the public school buildings owing to a refusal of the board of education to place a clause in all contracts for school building work binding the contractors to employ none except union workmen.
15. A fire caused by lightning created a loss of \$600,000 in Baltimore.
18. Constructor of the navy was ordered to England to obtain information relative to the building of a system of dry docks for the navy, there being no docks in this country of sufficient size to admit the largest of our battleships, and for that reason the Indiana had to be sent to Halifax for repairs.
19. The Pittsburg coal operators formed a combination for the purpose of breaking the strike.
23. The government of Honduras granted to an American syndicate extensive railroad and mining franchises in consideration that the syndicate should assume and pay the national debt. Trial of Adolph L. Luetgert for the murder of his wife began in the Circuit court of Cook county, Illinois, before Judge Tut hill.
25. The American party, a new political organization, held its first convention at St. Louis, the headquarters of the party being established at Detroit.
28. Star Pointer paced a mile in 1:59 1/4 at Readville, Mass., thus beating the world's record.
31. The national farmers' congress began its session in St. Paul.

## SEPTEMBER.

1. President Andrews of Brown university was requested to withdraw his resignation by the board of trustees.
2. The farmers' congress at St. Paul declared against the ownership of railroads by the government.
4. Five persons were killed and twenty-five injured by an explosion of natural gas at Broad Ripple, a suburb of Indianapolis.
5. The defalcation of the treasurer of the Presbyterian board of aid for colleges was discovered, the loss amounting to something like \$50,000. Four masked men held up a train in New Mexico and captured \$18,000.
6. Yellow fever declared officially to exist at Ocean Springs, Miss., and a general quarantine was declared against the place by southern cities.
8. Investigation showed that yellow fever has existed at Ocean Springs since July 8 and that there had been 748 cases.
9. A railroad collision at Emporia, Kas., resulted in killing twelve persons and injuring fourteen others, some of them fatally.
10. At a collision of trains at Newcastle, Col., thirty persons were killed and 135 injured. Twenty-two miners were killed, thirteen fatally injured and between sixty and seventy more or less injured near Hazleton, Pa., by deputy sheriffs under command of Sheriff Martin firing on a party of miners who were marching along the highway near Lattimer.
11. The Columbus miners' convention accepted the proposal of the Pittsburg operators for a settlement of the strike.

13. Several towns in Texas were destroyed by a tornado.
14. President Andrews withdrew his resignation as president of Brown university.
15. Ex-Postmaster-General Wilson assumed the presidency of Washington and Lee university at Lexington, Va. Five members of a gang of robbers were lynched at Versailles, Ind.
16. Two hundred women armed with clubs compelled three hundred men at the McAdoo and Audenreid mines near Hazelton to leave their work.
17. Five men were killed in a railway accident on the Wisconsin Central road near Chippewa Falls, Wis.
19. A large body of Italian workmen at Waterford, Me., seized the foreman and two assistants and held them as hostages for their unpaid wages.
22. Sheriff Martin and his deputies were held for trial in the case of the Hazelton shooting.
24. A mob in New Orleans attempted to burn a schoolhouse that had been selected to be used as a hospital for yellow fever patients and it was partly destroyed.
28. A destructive fire in the big pine region of Wyoming burned at least 3,000,000 feet of timber.
30. The Minnesota Methodist conference declared by a practically unanimous vote in favor of equal lay representation in the general conference of the church.

## OCTOBER.

4. The Chicago Federation of Labor declined an invitation to assist in the celebration of the execution of the Haymarket anarchists.
5. Severe droughts prevailed universally through the west.
7. Prairie fires reported in Illinois, Indiana, Arkansas, Tennessee, Wisconsin and Michigan caused loss of life and much property.
8. Secretary Gage delivered the address at the dedication of the Bradley Polytechnic Institute at Peoria, Ill.
9. The first beet-sugar manufactory to be operated east of the Mississippi river was located at Rome, N. Y.
13. Evangelina Caselo y Cisneros, who escaped from a Cuban jail, reached New York. Justice Field resigned his position on the Supreme bench.
15. The war vessel Yantic sailed from Boston for Detroit to be used as a training ship for the Michigan naval reserve.
20. The secretary of war issued an order establishing a military post at St. Michael island in Alaska.
21. The centennial of the launching of the old frigate Constitution was celebrated in Boston. Trial of Adolph L. Luetgert for the murder of his wife closed, the jury disagreeing.
23. The sealing conference, consisting of delegates from Russia, Japan and the United States, met and organized at Washington.
24. Nineteen persons were killed by the falling of a train on the New York Central road into the Hudson river near West Point.

## JANUARY.

6. At the burning of an Ursuline convent at Roberval, in Canada, seven nuns perished in the flames. At a miners' convention in Great Britain a resolution

26. A blizzard raged in parts of Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Nebraska, Kansas and South Dakota.
27. Mayor Harrison and a portion of the "county democracy" left Chicago for New York to take part in the election in that city.
28. The sealing commission agreed upon a treaty for the preservation of the seals in Bering sea.

## NOVEMBER.

1. The Union Pacific railroad was sold at Omaha for \$57,554,932.76.
3. Light frost at the south imposed a check on the yellow-fever epidemic.
5. The members of the international monetary commission arrived in New York from Europe.
7. A vein of Bessemer iron ore seventy-seven feet deep and forty-four feet wide discovered on the Michigamme river in Michigan. Nineteen persons drowned by the sinking of the Idaho in Lake Erie.
13. The Court of Appeals of the United States circuit decided that boycotts were illegal.
14. Three Indians confined in jail in Emmons county, South Dakota, were taken by a mob and executed.
16. A blizzard raged through parts of Nebraska, Wyoming and South Dakota.
17. The Competitor prisoners were released from confinement in Havana.
18. A bill prohibiting matched games of football where admission is charged passed the Georgia senate, having already passed the house. Fred R. Ketcham, who was involved in the strike of 1894, received a judgment against the Chicago & Northwestern railroad for \$31,656 on the charge that he had been blacklisted.
20. The Inter Ocean of Chicago became the property of a syndicate of which Charles T. Yerkes is said to be the head.
22. Five of the released Competitor prisoners arrived in New York from Havana. The trial of Capt. Lovering for maltreating Private Hammond began at Fort Sheridan. Severe fire at Streator, Ill., caused a loss of \$250,000.
29. Second trial of Luetgert for the murder of his wife began before Judge Gary at Chicago.

## DECEMBER.

1. Justice Field retired from the Supreme bench. He was appointed in 1863 by Mr. Lincoln.
2. The national prison congress began its session at Austin, Tex.
3. Gov. Tanner of Illinois called an extra session of the state legislature.
4. The Nicaragua canal commission sailed from New York on the gunboat Newport.
5. It was officially announced that Gov. Griggs of New Jersey would succeed Mr. McKenna as attorney-general.
6. The first regular session of the LVth congress convened.
8. Severe fire in Owosso, Mich., the loss being \$50,000.
13. Serious fire in Chicago at 106-112 Wabash avenue.
19. Snow fell in various parts of Illinois. A full jury was obtained in the second Luetgert trial.

## FOREIGN.

was adopted favoring the nationalization of mines, lands and railroads.

7. The Transvaal government presented an indemnity bill against Great Britain amounting to \$30,000,000 for damages

- growing out of the Jameson raid.
8. Dr. Frederick Temple was enthroned as archbishop of Canterbury and primate of all England.
  10. There was a serious fight between the Roman Catholics and the members of the orthodox Greek church in Jerusalem.
  11. By an earthquake on the island of Kishm, in the Persian gulf, thousands of homes were destroyed and 2,500 persons lost their lives.
  12. Extent of the India famine officially reported by Lord Hamilton as involving 37,000,000 people.
  14. Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, issued a statement saying that it is because Spain lacks a government worthy of the name that the "United States flouts her."
  15. The election of Hugh J. Macdonald to the lower house of the dominion parliament from Winnipeg was declared void because he hired carriages to bring voters to the polls.
  16. The completed census of the German empire shows the total population to be 52,779,901.
  20. Several villages in Turkish Epirus, inhabited mostly by Christians, were destroyed by an earthquake.
  21. Three severe shocks of earthquake were felt at Bombay, India.
  23. A snowstorm of unusual severity prevailed throughout England and Scotland.
  27. Lieut. von Brusewitz of the German army, who killed a workman who accidentally brushed against his chair in a restaurant, was sentenced to imprisonment for three years and twenty days.

## FEBRUARY.

4. The queen regent of Spain signed the scheme of Cuban reforms as outlined by the Spanish cabinet.
5. The Portuguese ministry resigned. Fort Darwin, an important town in South Australia, destroyed by a hurricane.
9. By reason of the collapse of a scaffolding of a viaduct on a railroad in Cornwall, England, twelve men fell a distance of 150 feet and were all killed.
10. Prince George of Greece sailed from Athens with the torpedo flotilla for Crete to prevent the landing of Turkish reinforcements on the island.
14. A new volcano made its appearance in southern Mexico.
15. The Greek "corps of occupation" landed in Crete, near Canva.
20. The united squadrons of the powers bombarded the insurgent camp near Canva, in Crete.
23. Cecil Rhodes appeared before the committee appointed by the British parliament to investigate the Transvaal raid.

## MARCH.

1. The monastery of St. Bernard in the Alps was partially destroyed by an avalanche.
2. Diplomatic relations between Venezuela and Great Britain were resumed and Julian Pietrie was sent to London. The collective note of the powers concerning Crete was presented to the Greek and Turkish governments; it provided that Crete shall be converted into an autonomous state under the suzerainty of Turkey, and demanded that the Greek land and naval forces be withdrawn within six days.
3. A terrific southwesterly gale prevailed along the coast and in the interior of England.

4. The reserves of 1891, 1890, 1889 and 1888 were called to join the colors by the Greek government.
7. In the Mediterranean yacht races the Ailsa defeated the Britannia.
11. Greece informed France and Great Britain that she was willing to place the Greek troops in Crete under the direction of the powers, and also to abandon her proposal for a Cretan plebiscite and leave the Cretan chamber of deputies to pronounce in favor of autonomy or union with Greece as that body might elect.
13. The British steamer Normandy was lost in the Bay of Biscay.
17. The reply of Turkey to the note of the powers admits the principle of autonomy for Crete, but reserves discussion of the forms and details of such an administration with the diplomatic representatives of the powers.
19. Violent storms of hail devastated many parts of Germany.
21. The blockade of Crete by the warships of the powers began at 3 o'clock a. m.
22. A monument commemorating the life and services of William I. was unveiled at Berlin and the day was observed as a holiday throughout the empire.
24. The sultan issued an irade calling into active service forty-four battalions and the whole of the contingent of 1897.

## APRIL.

2. The German reichstag adopted a resolution favoring the complete abrogation of the Jesuit exclusion law.
3. The Oxford crew won the university boat race on the Thames, defeating Cambridge by two lengths in 19 minutes and 12 seconds.
6. The sultan of Zanzibar issued a decree abolishing slavery, the government pledging itself to pay for all slaves legally held. The king of Siam started from Bangkok on a tour through Europe and the United States.
9. Bands of Greek irregular troops entered Turkey near Gravaha and had an engagement with the Turks and were surrounded.
15. A revolution broke out in the Central American state of Honduras and the state was put under martial law.
16. The Greek irregulars were driven out of Krania by the Turks. The czar of Russia directed that all prisoners sentenced to transportation to Siberia should be sent by railroad instead of being compelled to march.
19. The Greeks occupied Epirus. The Turks were defeated at Kavut. News received of the annihilation of an Italian expedition under Battogo to southern Abyssinia.
21. The first regular battle between the Turks and the Greeks took place north of Larissa, in which the latter were greatly outnumbered, but fought with desperation and the result was a drawn battle.
22. King Humbert of Italy while riding in his carriage was attacked by a lunatic, who attempted to stab him, but failed.
23. The Greek troops captured Katrina on the gulf of Salonica and secured an immense quantity of military stores.
24. The Greeks after a desperate battle near Mati were defeated and fell back, evacuating Tyraovo and Larissa.
29. The international art exposition at Vienna was opened. The manuscript known as the log book of the Mayflower was delivered by

the bishop of London to Mr. Bayard to be delivered to the state of Massachusetts.

30. Several tons of dynamite exploded in the streets of San Salvador, causing the death of several persons and the destruction of two blocks of houses. A destructive earthquake was reported from the Windward Islands.

## MAY.

1. Informal proposals for an armistice were made to the powers by Greece. Twenty-six anarchists implicated in the bomb outrage at Barcelona in June, 1898, were sentenced to death. An earthquake causing great damage was felt at Lima, Peru.
3. Col. Vassos was relieved of the command of the Greek forces in Crete and Col. Staikos was put in charge.
5. By the burning of a bazaar in Paris 112 persons lost their lives.
6. Six Mussulmans implicated in the massacre of Christians at Tokat were sentenced to death.
7. The Turks captured Volo.
8. Slight shocks of earthquake felt at Rome and other parts of Italy.
11. The Greek government accepted the terms of the powers, which practically closed the war.
13. Severe frosts in France did great damage to vines, fruits and vegetables.
14. A military train in Russia was wrecked and 102 soldiers were killed.
15. The Maria Theresa monument was unveiled at Pressburg by the emperor of Austria.
16. The sultan of Turkey made his answer to the ambassadors of the powers, who had undertaken mediation between Turkey and Greece; the sultan demanded the retrocession of Thessaly and an indemnity of 10,000,000 Turkish pounds. The Turks began a general advance upon Do-moko. Street cars ran in Toronto, Ont., for the first time on Sunday, the question having been settled by popular vote, after many years' agitation.
17. The Turks attacked and occupied Do-moko, compelling the Greek army, under Crown Prince Constantine, to retire after furious fighting; the powers again asked for an armistice, ignoring the demands of the Porte, to which they would not accede; many arrests were made in Athens because of a plot to kill King George.
18. The sultan ordered a cessation of hostilities against Greece.
19. Oscar Wilde was released from a prison in London in which he had been confined for two years at hard labor, being convicted of immoral practices.
21. By a vote of 1,718 to 662 Cambridge university rejected the proposal to confer degrees upon women.
24. The 78th birthday of the queen was observed throughout England.
28. Four Irish members of the British parliament were suspended for persisting in an irregular discussion of the financial relations between England and Ireland.

## JUNE.

1. The international art exhibition was opened at Munich.
3. The members of the Spanish cabinet resigned.
3. The peace conference, composed of the ambassadors of the powers, and the Turkish minister of foreign affairs, began its sessions at Constantinople.

4. The king of Siam placed a wreath upon the grave of Victor Emmanuel and had an interview with the pope at Rome.
5. The Irish National league passed a resolution requesting Irishmen to refrain from taking any part in the Victorian jubilee. Gerault Richard, a socialist, was ejected by force from the French chamber of deputies amid a great uproar.
6. The queen regent of Spain confirmed Canovas in power. A cloudburst in France caused the destruction of property valued at 10,000,000 francs and many lives.
9. The memorandum containing the terms of peace was submitted by the powers to Turkey.
11. President Barrios officially announced that he had declared himself the dictator of Guatemala.
13. An attempt was made on the life of President Faure of France while riding in his carriage on the Bois de Boulogne, but no one was injured by the exploding bomb.
16. The queen left Balmoral for Windsor castle, taking the first step in the jubilee programme.
17. Severe shocks of earthquake shook up various points in southern Mexico.
18. The province of Assam, in British India, was devastated by an earthquake. The state council of Switzerland declared in favor of the state ownership of railroads.
20. The celebration of the queen's diamond jubilee was begun with thanksgiving services at St. Paul's and in the churches generally throughout the kingdom.
23. Lieut. Ayerst and Commissioner Rand were shot at Ganesbkind, India, by a native as they left the governor's reception in honor of the queen's jubilee and the former was killed.
24. The 40th anniversary of the discovery of Newfoundland by Cabot was celebrated at St. John's.
26. The British naval review was the greatest demonstration ever made and the United States cruiser Brooklyn, representing this country, was highly praised. Emperor William retired fifteen generals from the German army.
28. The Moslems in Teheran, Persia, attacked the Jewish quarter of the city and threatened to exterminate them unless they embraced Mohammedanism.
29. The steamer Aden, from Yokohama for London, was wrecked off the coast of Africa and eighty persons were lost.
30. Two German vessels, the Rembeck and the Berthilde, collided in the Bosphorus and sixteen sailors were lost.

## JULY.

1. The queen reviewed the troops at Alder-shot and was received with the greatest enthusiasm.
2. At Barcelona, Spain, the sea rose and fell a yard every ten minutes for several hours, a phenomenon that occurred in 1833 when the Krakatoa in the Straits of Sunda was destroyed.
3. Disastrous floods prevailed in France.
4. The powers sent a note to the Turkish minister of foreign affairs protesting against the dilatory practices in the peace negotiations.
7. Russia sent a note to the powers urging that steps be taken to hasten the conclusion of peace between Greece and Turkey.

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3. Report was received that the members of the English Cavendish party of sportsmen which left Berbera, East Africa, on a hunting expedition last year had been killed by the natives.
6. The government of India notified the British cabinet that it would not consent to the opening of the mints of that country to the free coinage of silver.
7. The committee of the India famine fund announced that the total cost of the famine was over \$50,000,000. The national council of Switzerland passed a bill providing for the purchase of the five principal railroads of the country at a cost of about \$200,000,000.
8. Prof. Slaby, who had been experimenting with wireless telegraphing in Germany, succeeded in sending a message a distance of twelve miles without wires.
9. Gen. Weyler was formally recalled from the command in Cuba.
10. The sixth anniversary of the death of Charles Stewart Parnell was celebrated in Dublin.
12. The Swiss parliament passed a bill making insurance against sickness compulsory with all persons not having independent means.
14. The preliminaries of a treaty of alliance between Turkey and Bulgaria were arranged.
17. The town of Windsor, the county seat of Hants county, Nova Scotia, was almost totally destroyed by fire, the loss being estimated at \$3,000,000.
19. The Serbian cabinet resigned because of the return of ex-King Milan, who abdicated in 1889 and promised never to return.
20. The czar visited the Emperor William at Wiesbaden.
21. The towns of Tagloban and Hernani on one of the Philippine islands, were wiped out by a cyclone, the loss of life being frightful.
23. The refusal of the czar to receive the duke and duchess of Baden was regarded as an insult by the Germans.
29. A bill providing for the prolongation of the Austria-Hungary compact for a year was adopted by the house of magnates.
30. Gen. Pino arrived in Havana to succeed Gen. Weyler as captain-general.
6. The Spanish cabinet approved of the proposal to offer amnesty to the Cuban and Philippine insurgents.
9. The birthday of the prince of Wales was appropriately celebrated in England.
11. Several Greek bands that crossed the Thessalian frontier repulsed by the Turks and a large number taken captive.
12. The police at Barcelona, Spain, seized 300 rifles supposed to be intended for use by the Carlists in an uprising.
17. German troops seized three forts at Kiau-Chau, China, to retaliate for the killing of German missionaries.
19. A destructive fire broke out in London, in the Cripplegate district, and two acres of ground were burned over, causing a loss of \$10,000,000. The Canadian cabinet agreed to submit a proposal to the United States for the creation of a commission to settle existing difficulties.
21. A destructive conflagration occurred in Melbourne, Australia, the damage being estimated at \$5,000,000.
22. Cuba rejects Spain's offer of autonomy.
24. The members of the lower house of the Austrian reichsrath indulged in a riot.
26. The German government made a demand upon China for 600,000 taels as an indemnity for outrages on German citizens.
28. The Austrian cabinet resigned, owing to differences between the Austrian and Hungarian divisions of the empire.
29. Serious riots in Prague, which were suppressed by the soldiers.
30. An imperial edict in Russia directed the coinage and issue of five-ruble pieces in gold equal in value to one-third of the imperial ruble.

## DECEMBER.

1. A revolt began in Albania against the Turks, from 5,000 to 10,000 persons being involved.
2. The Albanian insurgents captured the village of Guisla, compelling the Turkish garrison to surrender.
4. The definite treaty of peace between Turkey and Greece was signed.
5. Severe storms swept over Italy and twenty-five merchant vessels were wrecked in the Bay of Naples.
6. Two German naval vessels arrived at Port au Prince and demanded that the Haitian government pay the demand for an indemnity in the Lueders case within eight hours, which demand was complied with.
7. In a prize fight in England between Walter Croot and James Barry the former was killed by a knockout blow.
13. Gen. Weyler reached Madrid and met a reception in which he was warmly welcomed back to Spain. It was announced that Gen. Sanguilly, a citizen of the United States, had offered his services unconditionally to Gen. Gomez.

## NOVEMBER.

3. Joseph Chamberlain installed lord rector of the University of Glasgow.
4. The Schwarz aluminum airship, fitted with a motor operated by benzine, was tested at Berlin, but after reaching an elevation of 1,000 feet it became unmanageable.
5. In an attempt upon the life of the president of Brazil his brother was seriously wounded and the minister of war was killed.

## CHANGES IN ACREAGE OF PRINCIPAL CROPS.

CROP.	1879.	1889.	Increase or decrease		CROP.	1879.	1889.	Increase or decrease	
	Acres.	Acres	Decrease.....	Acres.		Acres.	Acres.	Increase.....	Acres.
Corn.....	219.0	201.3	Decrease.....	17.4	Hay .....	107.6	149.1	Increase.....	40.5
Wheat.....	124.4	93.9	Decrease.....	30.5	Cotton.....	50.7	66.2	Increase.....	5.3
Oats.....	66.7	79.3	Increase.....	22.5					
Barley.....	7.0	9.0	Increase.....	2.0	Total area				
Rye.....	6.5	6.1	Decrease.....	.4	in these				
Buckwheat.....	3.0	2.4	Decrease.....	.6	products.	574.9	596.5	Net increase	21.6

It is thus shown that for every 1,000 acres of improved land in 1889 there were 48.9 fewer acres in corn, wheat, rye and buckwheat, and 70.5 more in oats, hay, barley and cotton, than for the corresponding area in 1879.

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Farnsworth, Gen. John F., ex-member of congress from Illinois and a soldier in the last war, at Washington, July 14.  
 Finley, Robert J., well known in journalistic and magazine articles, at New York, June 8.  
 Flagg, George W., artist, at New Haven, Conn., Jan. 5.  
 Ford, Col. John S., widely known in the southwest as the "Indian fighter," at San Antonio, Nov. 4.  
 Ford, Nicholas, ex-member of congress, at St. Joseph, Mo., June 18.  
 Fouke, Judge Jacob, of the 5th judicial district of Illinois, at Vandalla, May 18.  
 Francis, Charles M., well-known journalist, diplomat and politician, at Troy, N. Y., June 18.  
 French, John R., of the faculty of Syracuse (N. Y.) university, at Syracuse, April 26.  
 Fullerton, Gen. J. S., veteran of the last war, at Oakland, Minn., March 20.  
 George, Henry, the leading exponent and advocate of the single or land tax in the world, at New York, Oct. 29.  
 George James Z., U. S. senator from Mississippi, at Mississippi City, Aug. 14.  
 Gilchrist, Prof. J. C., noted educator, at Laurens, Iowa, Aug. 12.  
 Ginter, Maj. Lewis, millionaire tobacco merchant, at Westbrook, Va., Oct. 2.  
 Goellet, Ogden, one of New York's wealthiest men, at sea, Aug. 28.  
 Gotthuss, Max von, a Russian nobleman, well known in this country, at Clark's ranch, in Montana, April 15.  
 Grace, the Rev. Thomas L., archbishop of St. Paul, Minn., at St. Paul, Feb. 22.  
 Green, Rear-Admiral J. N., U. S. N. (retired), at Brookline, Mass., Dec. 9.  
 Griffin, Daniel G., noted politician and chairman of the democratic state committee, at Watertown, N. Y., April 7.  
 Groesbeck, William S., distinguished lawyer and counsel for President Johnson during the impeachment trial of 1868, at Cincinnati, July 8.  
 Haller, Col. G. O., U. S. A. (retired), at Seattle, May 2.  
 Hardy, Prof. George E., of the College of New York city, at Roselle, N. J., April 15.  
 Hare, Darius D., ex-member of congress, at Upper Sandusky, O., Feb. 10.  
 Harris, Isham G., United States senator from Tennessee, at Washington, July 8.  
 Havemeyer, T. A., vice-president of the sugar trust, at New York, April 26.  
 Headley, Joel T., historian and politician, at Newburg, N. Y., Jan. 16.  
 Heath, Sidney, a pioneer of Kane county and one of the founders of the city of Elgin, at Elgin, Nov. 14.  
 Hoffman, the Rev. Dr. Charles F., notable clergyman, at Brunswick, Ga., March 4.  
 Hoey, William F., popular comedian, at New York, June 29.  
 Holman, W. S., member of congress from the 4th district of Indiana, at Washington, April 22.  
 Holmes, Prof. Geo. F., of the University of Virginia, at Richmond, Nov. 4.  
 Huribut, Calvin T., ex-congressman, at Brasher Falls, N. Y., in November.  
 Ide, Gen. Horace K., veteran of the last war, at Brattleboro, Vt., March 31.  
 Janssens, Francis, archbishop of the diocese of New Orleans, on board the steamer Creole, in the Gulf of Mexico, on a passage to Europe, June 10.  
 Jewett, Sherman S., prominent railroad and steamboat man, at Buffalo, Feb. 28.  
 Johnson, Richard W., brigadier-general, U. S. A. (retired), at St. Paul, April 21.

Jornes, C. W., ex-senator from Florida, Oct. 12.  
 Kellogg, Col. W. L., commanding 5th U. S. Infantry, April 17.  
 Kilgore, C. B., ex-member of congress from Texas, at Ardmore, I. T., Sept. 23.  
 King, Horatio, postmaster-general in Buchanan's cabinet, at Washington, May 20.  
 Landon, W. A., editor of the Humane Journal, at Chicago, Feb. 21.  
 Lane, George M., professor of Latin in Harvard university, at Boston, June 30.  
 Langston, John M., ex-member of congress, at Washington, Nov. 15.  
 Houghton, the Rev. George H., famous pastor of the "Little Church Around the Corner," at New York, Nov. 17.  
 Hovey, Charles E., widely known in educational circles in Illinois, at Washington, Nov. 17.  
 Lansett, Wilbur H., famous animal painter, at Dorchester, Mass., June 27.  
 Lathrop, George Van Ness, diplomat and ex-minister to Russia, at Detroit, July 11.  
 Lee, Samuel Phillips, rear admiral U. S. N. (retired), at Washington, June 6.  
 Lloyd, Walter, prominent populist politician, at Huron, S. D., Dec. 2.  
 Lowell, John, eminent jurist, at Boston, May 14.  
 Mallory, the Rev. G. S., noted writer, at New York, March 2.  
 Marcy, Henry P., railroad president and minister, at Belmont, Mass., Aug. 10.  
 Marczek, Max, famous opera conductor, at Staten Island, N. Y., May 14.  
 Martin, William L., ex-congressman, at Wilmington, Del., Jan. 22.  
 Mason, Col. John S., U. S. A. (retired), a veteran of the Mexican and civil wars, at Washington, Nov. 29.  
 McCabe, Lorenzo D., distinguished educator and Methodist clergyman, at Delaware, O., June 18.  
 McGiffin, Capt. Philo N., distinguished naval officer, at New York, Feb. 11.  
 McIlvaine, Joshua H., D. D., president of Evelyn college, Princeton, N. J., Jan. 30.  
 McKinley, Mrs. Nancy A., mother of the president, at Canton, O., Dec. 12.  
 McLaughlin, Frank, newspaper proprietor, at Philadelphia, July 14.  
 McLaws, Lafayette, oldest of the Confederate major-generals, at Savannah, July 24.  
 McMillan, Samuel J. R., ex-U. S. senator from Minnesota, at St. Paul, Oct. 3.  
 McPherson, John R., ex-U. S. senator from New Jersey, Oct. 8.  
 Meade, Richard W., rear-admiral U. S. N. (retired), at Washington, May 4.  
 Milliken, Seth L., member of congress from the 3d district of Maine, at Washington, April 18.  
 Mills, J. T., a pioneer and prominent Wisconsin politician, at Denver, Col., Nov. 21.  
 Mundy, Johnson M., celebrated sculptor, at Geneva, N. Y., Aug. 16.  
 Mussey, Col. F. D., well-known Washington correspondent, at Middlebury, Vt., June 28.  
 Nelson, Edward T., one of Ohio's most noted educators, at Washington, Feb. 28.  
 O'Donohue, Joseph J., "the coffee king of America," at New York, June 25.  
 Paddock, Algernon S., ex-U. S. senator from Nebraska, at Beatrice, Oct. 16.  
 O'Reilly, Mrs. John Boyle, well-known writer, at Boston, Nov. 12.  
 Picknell, William L., celebrated artist, at Marblehead, Mass., Aug. 8.

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Blondin, Charles, celebrated tight-rope walker, at Ealing, England, Feb. 22.  
 Borda, J. Idiarte, president of Uruguay, assassinated, at Montevideo, Aug. 25.  
 Bourbaki, Gen., distinguished French officer, at Bayonne, Sept. 22.  
 Boycott, Capt. C. C., whose name was the origin of the common word "boycott," June 22.  
 Brahms, Johannes, the musical composer, at Vienna, April 2.  
 Burgess, John B., celebrated English printer, at London, Nov. 12.  
 Canovas, Senor del Castillo, Spanish prime minister, assassinated by Michael Angiolillo, at Santa Ageda, Aug. 8.  
 Cordier, Stanislaus A., life senator of France, at Paris, Jan. 11.  
 Costa, Sig. G., Italian minister of justice, Aug. 15.  
 Dantan, Joseph E., noted French artist, killed by an accident, at Paris, July 7.  
 Dickson, Baron, arctic explorer, at Hjo, Sweden, June 6.  
 Dodson, John George (Baron Monk-Bretton), for eight years deputy speaker of the house of commons, at London, May 25.  
 Drummond, Prof. Henry, writer on Christian ethics, known throughout the world, at Tunbridge Wells, England, March 11.  
 Francals, F. L., distinguished French painter, May 28.  
 Gravelet, Jean Francois, better known as "Blondin," the famous rope walker, at London, Feb. 21.  
 Herbert, Gen. Sir Arthur J., distinguished English military officer, at London, Nov. 24.  
 Hewett, Lieut.-Gen. E. O., of the British army, June 4.  
 Hickson, Sir Joseph, railroad manager, at Montreal, Jan. 4.  
 Hungerford, Mrs. Margaret H., noted novelist, known as "The Duchess," at Dublin, Ireland, Jan. 24.  
 Ingelow, Jean, famous authoress and poet, at London, England, July 20.  
 Kneipp, Sebastian, a priest known throughout the world for his water cure, at Woerleshofen, June 17.  
 Le Royer, Philippe E., French statesman, at Paris, Feb. 22.  
 Martini, M., inventor of the famous rifle that bears his name, at Frauenfeld, Switzerland, Jan. 31.

## IN CHICAGO.

Badenoch, Joseph, an old resident and business man of this city, at Chicago, Oct. 13.  
 Baume, the Rev. James, pioneer methodist minister of Chicago, at Rockford, Ill., June 18.  
 Billings, Albert M., bank president and millionaire, at Chicago, Feb. 7.  
 Bird, H. G., noted in musical circles, at Chicago, April 7.  
 Bisbee, John R., a veteran of the Mexican war and an old resident of this city, at Chicago, Jan. 21.  
 Blake, Dr. Samuel C., well-known physician, at Chicago, Feb. 6.  
 Brady, Gilbert A., a resident of the city for fifty-six years, at Chicago, Nov. 14.  
 Brand, Michael, extensive brewer, at Chicago, Oct. 26.  
 Brooks, Elias N., prominent manufacturer, at Chicago, April 15.  
 Burgess, William, a pioneer in the city, at Chicago, Oct. 22.  
 Burley, Arthur G., pioneer crockery merchant, at Chicago, Aug. 27.

Mellhac, Henri, noted dramatist, at Paris, July 6.  
 Molyneux, Phillip, fourth earl of Shafton, June 26.  
 Morfit, Dr. Campbell, distinguished chemist, at London, Dec. 8.  
 Mundella, Anthony J., prominent English statesman and philanthropist, at London, July 21.  
 Mutzu, Count, the ablest of the Japanese statesmen and ex-minister from Japan to the United States, Aug. 24.  
 Newman, Prof. Francis W., British author and philosopher, at London, Oct. 4.  
 Oliphant, Mrs. Margaret, celebrated English novelist, at Wimbledon, June 25.  
 Palgrave, Francis T., British poet and essayist, at London, Oct. 24.  
 Pitman, Sir Isaac, originator of shorthand writing as now practiced, at London, Jan. 22.  
 Ras, Alula, great Abyssinian chief, Feb. 15.  
 Robinson, Sir William F. C., an English writer and composer of considerable note, at London, May 1.  
 Rosmead, Lord, distinguished British diplomat, at London, Nov. 2.  
 Ross, Alex. Mitten, noted Canadian scientist, at Detroit, Oct. 27.  
 Sedwick, Amy (Mrs. W. B. Parton), well-known English actress, at London, Nov. 7.  
 Skelton, Sir John, an English novelist of some note, at London, July 19.  
 Stephan, Von, of the imperial German cabinet, April 8.  
 Sylvester, Prof. James L., famous mathematician, at London, March 15.  
 Teck, duchess of, cousin of Queen Victoria and mother-in-law of the duke of York, at Richmond, England, Oct. 27.  
 Twiss, Sir Travers, celebrated scholar and author, at Fulham, England, Jan. 14.  
 Velasquez, Gen. Jose, the most distinguished Chilean soldier, at Valparaiso, July 17.  
 Wells, Sir Thomas S., noted English surgeon, at Cannes, Feb. 1.  
 Windisch-Graetz, Prince Alfred, a nobleman of high rank and formerly of the Austrian ministry, at Ajaccio, Corsica, Feb. 1.  
 Wolter, Charlotte, at one time known as the "tragedy queen of Germany," at Vienna, June 14.  
 Yorke, Charles Phillip, fifth earl of Hardwick, at London, May 17.

Burroughs, Alonzo, a pioneer of Evanston, at Evanston, Oct. 20.  
 Butler, Thaddeus J., well-known priest in this city, at Rome, Italy, July 18.  
 Campbell, Matthew F., pioneer of Kankakee county, at Chicago, July 18.  
 Campbell, Quinton, veteran soldier and journalist, at Chicago, Sept. 27.  
 Carpenter, Sarah L. W., the first lady employed as a public-school teacher in Chicago, at Aurora, Jan. 10.  
 Combs, Henry H., president of the Union Iron and Steel company, at Chicago, Jan. 16.  
 Cooke, Edward D., member of congress from Chicago, at Washington, June 24.  
 Coy, Irus, lawyer and politician, at Chicago, Sept. 20.  
 Crawford, William H., well-known breeder of trotting horses, at Evanston, May 23.  
 Cummings, Columbus R., well-known business man, at Chicago, July 12.  
 Curt's, Russell H., prominent lawyer, at Chicago, June 8.

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## Sporting Records.

[Corrected to Dec. 1, 1897.]

## Best Running Records.

- $\frac{1}{4}$  mile—0:21 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Bob Wade, 4yrs. Butte, Mont., Aug. 20, 1890.  
 2 $\frac{1}{2}$  furlongs—0:31 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Best Boy, 2yrs. Clifton, N. J., March 12, 1890.  
 $\frac{3}{8}$  mile—0:34. Fashion, 4yrs. Lampas, Texas, Aug. 15, 1891; 0:34, Red S A, 121lbs, Butte, Mont., July 22, 1896.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—0:46. Geraldine, 4yrs, 122lbs, straight course, Morris Park, Aug. 30, 1889; 0:47, April Fool, 4yrs, 123lbs, Butte, Mont., July 31, 1891.  
 $\frac{3}{4}$  mile—0:53. Meadows, 6yrs, 103lbs, Alexander Island, Va., March 28, 1895; 0:52, Handpress, 2yrs, 100lbs, Morris Park, straight course, May 26, 1897.  
 5 furlongs—0:57 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Maid Marian, 4yrs, 111lbs, Morris Park, Oct. 9, 1894.  
 5 $\frac{1}{2}$  furlongs—1:03. Tormentor, 5yrs, 121lbs, Morris Park, Oct. 10, 1895; 1:04 $\frac{1}{2}$ , La Tosca, 3yrs, 111lbs, Morris Park, June 4, 1891.  
 $\frac{3}{4}$  mile—1:04. 1:04 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Yemen, 3yrs, 104 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs, Morris Park, Oct. 1, 1892; Kingston, aged, 130 lbs, made the distance over the Futurity course (170 feet short) in 1:08, Sheepshead Bay, June 22, 1891; 1:12 $\frac{1}{2}$ , O'Connell, 4yrs, 121lbs, Oakley, circular course, July 18, 1895; Flora Louise, 2yrs, 88lbs, Harlem, Sept. 30, 1895, circular track.  
 6 $\frac{1}{2}$  furlongs—1:09 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Wernberg, 4yrs, 113lbs, Sheepshead Bay, Aug. 28, 1895; Irish Rebel, 3yrs, 103lbs, Sheepshead Bay, Aug. 31, 1895; 1:10 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Timemaker, 3yrs, 103lbs, Harlem, Aug. 24, 1897; 1:10 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Traverser, 3yrs, 102lbs, Harlem, Oct. 5, 1897.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—1:23 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Bella B., 5yrs, 101lbs, Monmouth Park, straight course, July 8, 1890; 1:25 2-5, Clifford, 127lbs, Coney Island, Aug. 29, 1894.  
 $\frac{3}{4}$  mile—1:39 $\frac{1}{2}$ . DeMamie Scott, 3yrs, 101lbs, Cal. Jockey Club, Oct. 17, 1896.  
 mile—1:55 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Salvator, 4yrs, 101lbs, Monmouth Park, against time, straight course, Aug. 28, 1890; 1:57 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Kildeer, 4yrs, 91lbs, Monmouth Park, straight course, Aug. 13, 1892; 1:58 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Libertine, 3yrs, 90lbs, Harlem, Oct. 24, 1894.  
 1 mile and 20 yds—1:40. Maid Marian, 3yrs, 101 lbs, Washington Park, July 19, 1893; 1:43 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Lucille Manette, 4yrs, 93lbs, St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 17, 1892.  
 1 mile and 25 yds—1:45 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Ruperta, 3yrs, 107lbs, Latonia, Ky., June 4, 1890.  
 1 mile and 50 yds—1:45. Marion C., 5yrs, 111lbs, Latonia, Ky., May 26, 1891, and Carus, aged, 10 lbs, Latonia, Sept. 25, 1891.  
 1 mile and 70 yds—1:43 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Lillian Lee, 3yrs, 106lbs, Harlem, July 31, 1894.  
 1 mile and 100 yds—1:45. Van Buren, 3yrs, 75 lbs, Washington Park, June 13, 1891.  
 1-16 miles—1:45 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Redskin, 6yrs, 101lbs, Forsyth, Ind., July 6, 1891; 1:45 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Yo Tambien, 3yrs, 100lbs, Washington Park, July 19, 1893; Cash Day, 3yrs, 102lbs, Harlem, Sept. 1, 1894.  
 $\frac{1}{8}$  miles—1:51 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Tristan, 6yrs, 114lbs, Morris Park, June 2, 1891.  
 1-3-16 miles—1:58 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Henry Young, 4yrs, 108lbs, Washington Park, July 14, 1891.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  miles—2:05 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Banquet, 3yrs, 108lbs, Monmouth, July 17, 1891, straight course; 2:05, Morello, 3yrs, 117lbs, Washington Park, July 22, 1893, and Salvator, 4yrs, 121lbs, Sheepshead Bay, June 15, 1890.  
 mile and 500 yds—2:10 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Bend Or, 4yrs, 115lbs, Saratoga, July 25, 1892.  
 1-16 miles—2:14 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Sir John, 4yrs, 116lbs, Morris Park, June 8, 1891.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  miles—2:18 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Sabine, 4yrs, 100lbs, Washington Park, July 5, 1894.  
 1-3 miles—2:33 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Lamplighter, 3yrs, 109lbs, Monmouth Park, Aug. 9, 1892; Evannatus,

- 6yrs, 73lbs, Harlem, Aug. 28, 1897; 2:43, Firenz, 6yrs, 117 $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., Sheepshead Bay, June 26, 1890.  
 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  miles—2:48. Hindocraft, 3yrs, 75lbs, New York Jockey Club, Aug. 27, 1890.  
 1 $\frac{1}{4}$  miles—2:49 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Ben Holladay, 4yrs, 118lbs, Morris Park, N. Y., Oct. 23, 1897.  
 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  miles—3:21. Enigma, 4yrs, 90lbs, Sheepshead Bay, Sept. 13, 1895.  
 2 miles—3:24 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Ten Broeck, 5yrs, 110lbs, Louisville, Ky., May 29, 1877 (against time), and Newton, 4yrs, 107 lbs, Washington Park, July 13, 1893.  
 2 $\frac{1}{4}$  miles—3:42. Joe Murphy, 4yrs, 90lbs, Harlem, Aug. 30, 1894.  
 2 $\frac{1}{4}$  miles—3:43 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Monitor, 4yrs, 110lbs, Baltimore, Oct. 20, 1890.  
 2 $\frac{1}{2}$  miles—3:50 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Springbok, 5yrs, 114lbs, and Breakness, aged, 114lbs, at Saratoga, July 29, 1873.  
 2 $\frac{1}{2}$  miles—4:27 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Aristides, 4yrs, 104lbs, Lexington, Ky., May 14, 1876.  
 2 $\frac{3}{4}$  miles—4:58 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Ten Broeck, 4yrs, 110lbs, Lexington, Ky., Sept. 16, 1876.  
 2 $\frac{3}{4}$  miles—4:59 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Hubbard, 4yrs, 107lbs, Saratoga, Aug. 9, 1872.  
 3 miles—5:04. Drake Carter, 4yrs, 115lbs, Sheepshead Bay, Sept. 6, 1891.  
 4 miles—7:15 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Ten Broeck, 4yrs, 104lbs, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 27, 1876 (against time); 7:19 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Yellowtail, 4yrs, 105lbs, Saratoga, Aug. 21, 1874; 7:11, Lucrezia Borgia, 4yrs, 83lbs, Oakland, Cal., May 30, 1897.  
 10 miles—26:18. Mr. Brown, 6yrs, 160lbs, Ranocous, N. J., March 2, 1880.

## HEAT RACING.

- $\frac{1}{4}$  mile—0:21 $\frac{1}{2}$ . 0:22 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Sleepy Dick, aged, Kiowa, Kas., Nov. 24, 1888.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—0:47 $\frac{1}{2}$ . 0:47 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Quirt, 3yrs, 122lbs, Vallejo, Cal., Oct. 5, 1894; 0:48, Bogus, aged, 113lbs, Helena, Mont., Aug. 22, 1888; 0:47 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 0:48, Bill Howard, 5yrs, Annacoda, Mont., Aug. 18, 1888; 0:48, 0:48, Eclipse, Jr., 5yrs, Dallas, Tex., Nov. 1, 1890.  
 $\frac{3}{8}$  mile—1:00. 1:00. Kittie Pease, 4yrs, Dallas, Tex., Nov. 2, 1887; 1:00 3-5, 1:01 1-5, Fox, 4yrs, 113lbs, San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 31, 1891; 1:00 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 1:03, Susie McNairy, 3yrs, 93lbs, Chicago, July 2, 1883.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—1:30. 1:30. Dock Wick, 4yrs, 100lbs, St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 5, 1891.  
 $\frac{3}{4}$  mile (straight course) 1:50 $\frac{1}{2}$ . 1:52 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Tom Hayes, 4yrs, 107lbs, Morris Park, June 17, 1892.  
 $\frac{3}{4}$  mile—1:54. 1:54 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Lizzie S., 4yrs, 118lbs, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 28, 1883.  
 1 mile—1:41 $\frac{1}{2}$ . 1:41. Guido, 4yrs, 117lbs, Washington Park, Chicago, July 11, 1891; three heats, 1:43, 1:44, 1:47 $\frac{1}{2}$ . L'Argentine, 6yrs, 115lbs, St. Louis, Mo., June, 1873.  
 1-16 miles—1:55 $\frac{1}{2}$ . 1:58. Slipalong, 5yrs, 115lbs, Washington Park, Chicago, Sept. 25, 1883.  
 1 $\frac{1}{4}$  miles—1:56. 1:56. Gabriel, 4yrs, 112lbs, Sheepshead Bay, Sept. 3, 1890.  
 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  miles—2:10. 2:14. Glenmore, 5yrs, 141lbs, Sheepshead Bay, Sept. 25, 1890.  
 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  miles—2:41 $\frac{1}{2}$ . 2:41. Patsy Duffy, aged, 115lbs, Sacramento, Cal., Sept. 17, 1884; 2:42 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 2:43. Blackoon, 4yrs, Lockport, July 4, 1872.  
 2 miles—3:35. 3:31 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Miss Woodford, 4 yrs, 107 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs, Sheepshead Bay, Sept. 20, 1894.  
 3 miles—5:25 $\frac{1}{2}$ . 5:26 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Norfolk, 4yrs, 100lbs, Sacramento, Cal., Sept. 23, 1885.  
 4 miles—7:23 $\frac{1}{2}$ . 7:41. Florida, 4yrs, 105lbs, Sheepshead Bay, Sept. 18, 1890.

## OVER HURDLES.

- 1 mile, 4 hurdles—1:49. Bob Thomas, 5yrs, 140lbs, Chicago, Ill., Aug. 13, 1890.

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## TROTTING TO WAGON.

- 1 mile—2:12½. David B. Fleetwood Park, New York city, Nov. 3, 1891. One mile by a stallion, 2:14½. Greenlander, Terre Haute, Ind., Nov. 10, 1893. One mile in a race, 2:16¾. Alfred S., Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 4, 1890.
- 2 miles—In a race, 4:56¾. Dexter, Long Island, Oct. 4, 1895.
- 3 miles—In a race, 7:53¼. Prince, Union course, Long Island, Sept. 15, 1897.
- 5 miles—In a race, 13:16. Fillmore, San Francisco, Cal., April 13, 1893.
- 10 miles—In a race, 25:04¼. Julia Aldrich, San Francisco, Cal., June 15, 1893.
- 20 miles—58:57. Controller, San Francisco, April 20, 1878.
- 50 miles—3:58:04. Spangle, Union course, Long Island, Oct. 15, 1895.
- Fastest three consecutive heats—2:16¼, 2:17, 2:17. Hopeful, Chicago, Oct. 12, 1878.

## DOUBLE TEAMS.

- 1 mile—2:12¾. Belle Hamlin and Honest George, Providence, R. I., Sept. 23, 1892. 2:1. Belle Hamlin and Globe, Detroit, Mich., July 22, 1892; same team trotted a mile over the Kirkwood, Del., kite-shaped track in 2:12. July 4, 1892; the finish was four feet lower than the start, making the track down-hill all the way. 2:13. Belle Hamlin and Justina, against time, skeleton wagon, kite-shaped track, Independence, Iowa, Oct. 27, 1890; 2:15. same team, circular track, Terre Haute, Ind., Oct. 10, 1890. 2:16¾. Lynn Bourbon and Bertie Girl, Toledo, O., Aug. 25, 1897, over a half-mile track.
- 1 mile—In a race, 2:15¼. Sallie Simmons and Roseleaf, Columbus, O., Sept. 2, 1894.

## TEAM OF FOUR HORSES.

- At Washington park, Chicago, July 4, 1896. John Stinson's team of four horses—Damiana, Bellnut, Maud V. and Nutspra—trotted a mile in 2:30.

## WITH RUNNING MATE

- 1 mile—Against time, 2:03¾. Ayres P., Kirkwood, Del., July 4, 1893.
- 1 mile—In a race, 2:06¾. Frank and J. O. Nay, Prospect Park, Long Island, Nov. 15, 1893.

## UNDER SADDLE.

- 1 mile—2:15¾. Great Eastern, New York, N. Y., Sept. 22, 1897.
- 2 miles—4:35. George M. Patchen, Fashion course, Long Island, July 1, 1893.
- 3 miles—7:32¼. Dutchman, Hoboken, N. J., Aug. 1, 1893.
- 4 miles—10:51. Dutchman, Centerville, Long Island, May —, 1896.

## Best Pacing Records.

- 1 mile—1:59¼. Star Pointer, Readville, Mass., Aug. 28, 1897. In a race, 2:00½. Star Pointer, Springfield, Ill., Oct. 1, 1897. Best mile by a stallion, 1:59¼. Star Pointer, Readville, Mass., Aug. 28, 1897. Best mile by a mare, 2:05¾. Bessie Bonehill and Lottie Loraine, Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 29, 1897. Best mile by a yearling colt, 2:22. Rosedale, Stockton, Cal., Nov. 14, 1893. Best mile by a yearling colt in a race, 2:33¾. Ambulator, Sturgis, Mich., Sept. 28, 1893. Best mile by a yearling filly, 2:30¼. Belle Acton, Lyons, Neb., Oct. 14, 1892. Best mile by a yearling filly in a race, 2:30¼. Belle Acton, Topeka, Kas., Sept. 14, 1892. Best mile by a yearling gelding, 2:28¼. Rollo, Independence, Iowa, Oct. 27, 1891. Best mile by 2-year-old colt, 2:07¼. Directly, Galesburg, Ill., Sept. 20, 1894. Best mile by a 2-year-old colt in a race, 2:11. Symboler, Dallas, Tex., Nov. 3, 1894. Best mile by a 2-year-old filly, 2:12¾. Lena Hill, Dallas, Tex., Oct. 28, 1893 (race record). Best mile by a 3-year-old colt, 2:07½. Directly (against time), Fresno, Cal., Feb. 1, 1895. Best mile by a 3-year-old colt in

- a race, 2:09¼. Judge Hunt, Galesburg, Ill., Aug. 29, 1895, and Sulphide, Springfield, Ill., Sept. 20, 1893, and Searchlight, Butte, Mont., Aug. 8, 187. Best mile by a 3-year-old filly, 2:09¼. Miss Rita, Galesburg, Ill., Sept. 1, 1895. Best mile by a 3-year-old gelding, 2:09¼. Agitator, Woodland, Cal., Aug. 27, 1893, and King of Diamonds, Lexington, Ky., Oct. 17, 1895. Best mile by a 4-year-old, 2:04. Online, against time, Sioux City, Iowa, Oct. 12, 1894. Best mile by a 4-year-old in a race, 2:00¾. Be Sure, Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 9, 1895, and Ananias, Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 22, 1897. Best mile by a 4-year-old filly, 2:07¼. Athlen, Freeport, Ill., July 26, 1895. Best mile by a 4-year-old gelding, 2:07. W. Wood, Stockton, Cal., Nov. 1, 1892 (kite-shaped track). Best mile by a 4-year-old gelding in a race, 2:07¼. Palmyra Boy, Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 11, 1897, and King of Diamonds, St. Joseph, Mo., Aug. 28, 1897. Best mile by a 5-year-old stallion, 2:03¾. John R. Gentry, Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 14, 1891 (race record). Best mile by a 5-year-old mare, 2:05¼. Bessie Bonehill, as above. Best mile by a 5-year-old mare in a race, 2:05¼. Bessie Bonehill, as above. Best mile by a 5-year-old gelding, 2:05¼. Robert J., Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 19, 1893, and Frank Agan, Louisville, Ky., Oct. 22, 1895. Best first heat in a race, 2:02. Star Pointer, Washington park, 1897. Best second heat in a race, 2:01¾. John R. Gentry, Glens Falls, N. Y., Sept. 10, 1895, and Joe Patchen, Columbus, O., Aug. 6, 1897. Best third heat in a race, 2:01½. Star Pointer, Springfield, Ill., Oct. 1, 1896. Best fourth heat in a race, 2:02¼. Robert J., Columbus, O., Aug. 6, 1896. Best fifth heat in a race, 2:06. Frank Agan, Providence, R. I., Sept. 10, 1895. Best sixth heat in a race, 2:06¼. Planet, Columbus, O., Aug. 7, 1897. Best three consecutive heats, 2:02, 2:03½, 2:03¾. Star Pointer, Boston, Mass., Sept. 18, 1894. Best four-heat race, 2:03¾. 2:01¾. 2:04¼. Robert J., Columbus, O., Aug. 6, 1896 (Frank Agan won first heat). Best five-heat race, 2:03¼. 2:05. 2:05½. 2:03¼. 2:05. Frank Agan, Providence, R. I., Sept. 10, 1895 (Robert J. won first and second heats). Best six-heat race, 2:07¼. 2:05¼. 2:04¼. 2:05¼. 2:02¼. 2:05¼. Planet, Columbus, O., Aug. 7, 1897 (Athlen won first and Frank Bogash second and third heats). Best mile over half-mile track, 2:04¼. Joe Patchen, Boston, Mass., Oct. 28, 1896. Best heat over half-mile track in a race, 2:08. Pearl C. Muncie, Ind., Aug. 28, 1897.
- 2 miles—4:19¼. Cheballis, Salem, Ore., Oct. 7, 1897.
- 3 miles—7:33¼. Joe Jefferson, Knoxville, Iowa, Nov. 6, 1891. In a race, 7:44. James K. Polk, Centerville, L. I., Sept. 15, 1897.
- 4 miles—10:10. Joe Jefferson, Knoxville, Iowa, Nov. 13, 1891. In a race, 10:34½. Longfellow, San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 31, 1892.
- 5 miles—12:54¼. Lady St. Clair, San Jose, Cal., Dec. 11, 1894 (race record, to wagon).

## PACING TO WAGON.

- 1 mile—2:04¼. Joe Patchen, Joliet, Ill., Oct. 20, 1897. In a race, 2:14¼. Johnston, Detroit, Mich., July 20, 1897.
- 3 miles—7:53. Longfellow, Sacramento, Cal., Sept. 21, 1893.
- 5 miles—12:54¼. Lady St. Clair, as above.

## TEAM PACING.

- 1 mile to wagon—2:04. Robert J. and John R. Gentry, Glens Falls, N. Y., Oct. 8, 1897.
- 1 mile to pole-cart, 2:18. Silvertail and Daisy D., Saginaw, Mich., July 15, 1897.

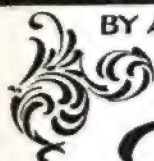
## UNDER SADDLE.

- 1 mile—2:13. Johnston, Cleveland, O., Aug. 8, 1893. In a race, 2:14¼. Billy Boyce, Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 1, 1893.
- 2 miles—5:04¼. Bowery Boy.

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miles—7:44. Oneida Chief, Hoboken, N. J., Aug. 14, 1893.

### PACING, WITH RUNNING MATE.

1 mile—1:58½. Flying Jib, Chillicothe, O., Oct. 4, 1894. Over half-mile track, 3:11, Silvertail.

### Trotters and Pacers.

2:10 or better in harness.

#### TROTTERS.

Alix.....	2:04½	Pat L.....	2:09½
Nancy Hanks.....	2:04	Countess Eve.....	2:09½
Azote.....	2:04½	Mosul.....	2:09½
Directum.....	2:05	Moroe.....	2:09½
Fantasy.....	2:06	Oakland Baron.....	2:09½
Palmyra Boy.....	2:06½	Pilot Boy.....	2:09½
Beuzetta.....	2:06½	Dan Cupid.....	2:09½
Ralph Wilkes.....	2:06½	Strader II.....	2:09½
Kentucky Union.....	2:07	James L.....	2:09½
William Penn.....	2:07½	Bush.....	2:09½
Stamboul.....	2:07½	Cheyenne.....	2:09½
Klawath.....	2:07½	Proytell.....	2:09½
Arion.....	2:07½	Albee.....	2:09½
Kremlin.....	2:07½	R. B. P.....	2:09½
Gyland T.....	2:07½	Dandy Jim.....	2:09½
Martha Wilkes.....	2:08	Edard.....	2:09½
Nightingale.....	2:08	Guy.....	2:09½
Grace Hastings.....	2:08	Harrietta.....	2:09½
Onoqua.....	2:08½	Ottlinger.....	2:09½
Pixley.....	2:08½	Pace.....	2:09½
Samol.....	2:08½	Baron Rogers.....	2:09½
Trevillian.....	2:08½	Dare Devil.....	2:09½
The Monk.....	2:08½	One Allen.....	2:09½
Hulda.....	2:08½	Dick Hubbard.....	2:09½
Lockheart.....	2:08½	Benton M.....	2:10
Phoebe Wilkes.....	2:08½	Early Bird.....	2:10
Dorcy Princess.....	2:08½	Jay Eye See.....	2:10
Belle Yara.....	2:09	Little Albert.....	2:10
Lord Clinton.....	2:09½	Maquette.....	2:10
Maud S.....	2:09½	Pamlico.....	2:10
Palo Alto.....	2:09½	Sensor A.....	2:10
Less Wilkes.....	2:09	Tomah.....	2:10
Nelson.....	2:09	Walter E.....	2:10
Allerton.....	2:09½	Ethel Downs.....	2:10
Bessie Wilton.....	2:09½	Bouvier.....	2:10
David B.....	2:09½	Athanas.....	2:10
Magnolia.....	2:09½	Ritma.....	2:10

#### PACERS.

Star Pointer.....	1:59½	Ananias.....	2:09½
John R. Gentry.....	2:00	Dan T.....	2:09½
Joe Patchen.....	2:01½	Guy.....	2:09½
Robert J.....	2:01½	Manager.....	2:09½
Frank Agan.....	2:02	Angie D.....	2:07
Flying Jib.....	2:04	Silkwood.....	2:07
Masoot.....	2:04	Tom Ogden.....	2:07
Online.....	2:04	Vassar.....	2:07
Frank Bogash.....	2:04½	W. Wood.....	2:07
Strathberry.....	2:04½	King of Diamonds.....	2:07½
Widol.....	2:04½	Directly.....	2:07½
Hal Pointer.....	2:04½	Aileen.....	2:07½
Planet.....	2:04½	Hal Braden.....	2:07½
Bumps.....	2:04½	Paul.....	2:07½
Hal Dillard.....	2:04½	Phenol.....	2:07½
Rubinstein.....	2:04½	Chechafis.....	2:07½
Gambetta.....	2:04½	Casey.....	2:07½
Roan Wilkes.....	2:04½	Palmyra Boy.....	2:07½
Coleridge.....	2:04½	Joe Wheeler.....	2:07½
Direct.....	2:05	Giles Noyes.....	2:07½
W. W. P.....	2:05½	Afrite.....	2:07½
Heir-at-Law.....	2:05½	Ontolun.....	2:07½
Bessie Bonchill.....	2:05½	Steel Prince.....	2:07½
Lottie Loraine.....	2:05½	Vera Capel.....	2:07½
Saladin.....	2:05½	Will Kerr.....	2:07½
Jay Eye See.....	2:05½	Prince Alert.....	2:07½
Fright Regent.....	2:05½	Hall Cloud.....	2:07½
Johnston.....	2:05½	Crawford.....	2:07½
Badger.....	2:05½	Reflector.....	2:07½
Parker S.....	2:05½	Roy the Kid.....	2:07½
Pearl Onward.....	2:05½	Choral.....	2:07½
Pearl C.....	2:05½	Anecdote.....	2:07½
Roy Wilkes.....	2:05½	Arlington.....	2:07½
B'n D.....	2:05½	Barney.....	2:07½
Be Sure.....	2:05½	Del Norte.....	2:07½
Lady Nottingham.....	2:05½	Rowdy Joe.....	2:07½

Waldo J.....	2:08	Namo.....	2:09½
Patchen Boy.....	2:08½	Kansas.....	2:09½
Javelin.....	2:08½	Itthwill.....	2:09½
Sunland Belle.....	2:08½	Miss Finley.....	2:09½
Milton S.....	2:08½	Au.....	2:09½
Passing Belle.....	2:08½	S. R.....	2:09½
Sally Tober.....	2:08½	Veta.....	2:09½
Billy C.....	2:08½	Vinette.....	2:09½
L. L. D.....	2:08½	Vistula.....	2:09½
Courier Journal.....	2:08½	Searchlight.....	2:09½
Sherman Clay.....	2:09	Favor.....	2:09½
Blue Sign.....	2:09½	Nicol B.....	2:09½
Bright Light.....	2:09½	Topsy S.....	2:09½
Ella T.....	2:09½	Wentworth.....	2:09½
Lelah W.....	2:09½	Amos R.....	2:09
Judge Swing.....	2:09½	Bizzard.....	2:09½
May Marshall.....	2:09½	Col. Thornton.....	2:09½
Miss Jennings.....	2:09½	Crafty.....	2:09½
Rachel.....	2:09½	Gil Curry.....	2:09½
Redna.....	2:09½	Jack Bowers.....	2:09½
Dan Q.....	2:09½	Jewel.....	2:09½
Silver Chimes.....	2:09½	Mary Russell.....	2:09½
Coastman.....	2:09½	Planet.....	2:09½
Jo He.....	2:09½	S. G. A.....	2:09½
J. H. L.....	2:09½	Venture.....	2:09½
Kentucky Star.....	2:09½	Vittello.....	2:09½
Merry Chimes.....	2:09½	Maj. Wonder.....	2:09½
Mocking Boy.....	2:09½	Miss Woodford.....	2:09½
Seymour Wilkes.....	2:09½	Winslow Wilkes.....	2:09½
Sphinxetta.....	2:09½	King Egbert.....	2:09½
Starr.....	2:09½	Cadet.....	2:09½
Brown Pilot.....	2:09½	Argoset.....	2:09½
Alhambra.....	2:09½	Bessie Leach.....	2:09½
Bert Oliver.....	2:09½	Atlantic King.....	2:09½
Direction.....	2:09½	Bullmont.....	2:09½
Miss Rita.....	2:09½	Dick Wilkes.....	2:09½
Queen McGregor.....	2:09½	Earlment.....	2:09½
Royal Victor.....	2:09½	Ed Easton.....	2:09½
Seal.....	2:09½	Fred K.....	2:09½
Thomas Edison.....	2:09½	Henry F.....	2:09½
Whisper.....	2:09½	Lantana.....	2:09½
Quadrant.....	2:09	Laura T.....	2:09½
Satin Slippers.....	2:09	Willie Walters.....	2:10
Bourbon Patch.....	2:09	Blanche Louise.....	2:10
Carbonate.....	2:09	Crickel.....	2:10
Doc Sperry.....	2:09	Edith.....	2:10
La Belle.....	2:09	Cleveland S.....	2:10
Moonstone.....	2:09	Fred Mason.....	2:10
Agltito.....	2:09	Woodford Belle.....	2:10
Colbert.....	2:09½	Forest Lierr.....	2:10
Dabio.....	2:09½	Alejo.....	2:10
Judge Hurt.....	2:09½	Josephine.....	2:10
Laurel.....	2:09½	Woodford Joy.....	2:10
Loupe.....	2:09½	Judge B.....	2:10
Miss Williams.....	2:09½	Haven.....	2:10
Pathmont.....	2:09½	Red Fox.....	2:10
Prima Donna.....	2:09½	Red Silk.....	2:10
Princess Euclid.....	2:09½	Robert Wilkes.....	2:10
Sulphide.....	2:09½	Sable Gift.....	2:10
W. H. G.....	2:09½	Wesley R.....	2:10
Stella.....	2:09½	Whirligig.....	2:10
Mignon.....	2:09½		

### Champions of All Classes Named.

Pacers are marked with asterisks(\*).

#### 1 MILE-RACE RECORD.

2:05½—Alix, b. m., by Patronage (1894).
2:05½—Directum, blk. s., by Direct (1894).
2:05½—Azote, b. g., by Whips (1895).
2:05½—Liberty J. b. g., by Hartford (1894).
2:05½—Star Pointer, b. s., by Brown Hal (1897).
2:05½—Bessie Bonchill, g. m., by Empire Wilkes (1897).
2:05½—Lottie Loraine, b. m., by Gambetta Wilkes (1897).

#### 1 MILE-TIME.

2:05½—Alix, b. m., by Patronage (1894).
2:05½—Directum, blk. s., by Direct (1894).
2:05½—Azote, b. g., by Whips (1895).
2:05½—Robert J. b. g., by Hartford (1894).
1:58½—Star Pointer, b. s., by Brown Hal (1897).
2:05—Lottie Loraine, b. m., by Gambetta Wilkes (1897).



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## TO WAGON-RACE.

- 2:16½—Alfred S. b. g., by St. Elmo (1890).  
2:14½—Johnston, b. g., by Joe Bassett (1887).

## TO WAGON-TIME.

- 2:12½—David B. ch. g., by Young Jim (1896).  
2:04½—Joe Patchen, blk. s., Patchen Wilkes (1897).

## TEAM-RACE.

- 2:15½—Rose Leaf and Sally Simmons (1894).  
2:15½—Belle Button and Tom Ryder (1882).

## Winners of Prominent Events.

Giving name, weight, time and value of the stake.

## AMERICAN DERBY.

1¼ miles—For 3-year-olds. Washington Park Chicago.

- 1884—Modesty, 117lbs. 2:43½; \$10,700.  
1885—Volante, 123lbs. 2:49½; \$1,500.  
1886—Silver Cloud, 121lbs. 2:57½; \$8,100.  
1887—T. H. Todd, 118lbs. 2:56½; \$13,600.  
1888—Emperor of Norfolk, 123lbs. 2:40½; \$14,340.  
1889—Spokane, 121lbs. 2:41¼; \$15,400.  
1890—Uncle Bob, 115lbs. 2:53¼; \$15,200.  
1891—Strathmeath, 122lbs. 2:49¼; \$18,610.  
1892—Carlbad, 122lbs. 2:44¼; \$16,900.  
1893—Bonaduss, 123lbs. 2:40; \$18,900.  
1894—Boy el Santa Anita, 122lbs. 2:36; \$20,000.

BROOKLYN HANDICAP.  
1¼ miles—Gravesend, L. I.

- 1887—Dry Monopoly, 106lbs. 2:07; \$5,550.  
1888—The Bard, 125lbs. 2:13; \$6,550.  
1889—Exile, 116lbs. 2:07¼; \$6,900.  
1890—Castaway II., 100lbs. 2:10; \$6,000.  
1891—Tenny, 120lbs. 2:10; \$14,800.  
1892—Judge Morrow, 116lbs. 2:08½; \$17,500.  
1893—Diablo, 121lbs. 2:08; \$17,500.  
1894—Dr. Rice, 112lbs. 2:07¼; \$25,000.  
1895—Hornpipe, 106lbs. 2:11¼.  
1896—Sir Walter, 118lbs. 2:18¼.  
1897—Howard Mann, 107lbs. 2:09¼.

## SUBURBAN HANDICAP.

1¼ miles—Sheepshead Bay.

- 1884—Gen. Monroe, 9yrs. 124lbs. 2:11½; \$4,945.  
1885—Pontiac, 4yrs. 102lbs. 2:03½; \$5,300.  
1886—Troubadour, 4yrs. 115lbs. 2:12¼; \$8,697.  
1887—Kurus, 4yrs. 102lbs. 2:12; \$6,605.  
1888—Elkwood, 3yrs. 119lbs. 2:07¼; \$6,872.  
1889—Raceland, 4yrs. 120lbs. 2:09 4-5; \$6,900.  
1890—Salvator, 4yrs. 127lbs. 2:06 4-5; \$6,000.  
1891—Lountaka, 3yrs. 110lbs. 2:07; \$9,000.  
1892—Montana, 4yrs. 115lbs. 2:07 2-5; \$17,500.  
1893—Lowlander, 3yrs. 105lbs. 2:00 4-5; \$17,500.  
1894—Earl rose, 130lbs. 2:05 1-5; \$10,000.  
1895—Lazarone, 115lbs. 2:07 4-5.  
1896—Henry of Navarre, 128lbs. 2:07.  
1897—Ben Brush, 123lbs. 2:07 1-5.

## FUTURITY STAKES.

6 furlongs—For 2-year-olds. Sheepshead Bay.

- 1887—Proctor Knott, 112lbs. 1:15 1-5; \$40,900.  
1889—Chaos, 109lbs. 1:16 4-5; \$24,500.  
1890—Potomac, 115lbs. 1:14 1-5; \$67,675.  
1891—His Highness, 109lbs. 1:15 1-5; \$61,573.  
1892—Morelio, 107lbs. 1:15 1-5; \$40,450.  
1893—Jenny, 140lbs. 1:15 4-5; \$40,850.  
1894—The Butterfield, 121bs. 1:11; \$55,240.  
1895—Requital, 115bs. 1:11 4-5.  
1896—Ogden, 123bs. 1:10.  
1897—L. Allouette, 115bs., 1:11.

## ECLIPSE STAKES.

6 furlongs—For 2-year-olds.

- 1889—El Rio Rey, 1:14; \$23,750.  
1890—Allie McClelland, 1:15½; \$24,135.  
1891—Tammany, 118lbs. 1:12¼; \$24,355.  
1892—Sir Walter, 119lbs. 1:13¼; \$19,750.  
1893—Domino, 118lbs. 1:12¼; \$16,750.  
1894—Connaisseur, 119lbs. 1:15; \$16,750.

## KENTUCKY DERBY.

1¼ miles—For 3-year-olds, Louisville, Ky.  
(Distance changed in 1886 to 1¼ miles.)

- 1884—Buchanan, 110lbs. 2:40½; \$3,500.  
1885—Joe Cotton, 110lbs. 2:37¼; \$1,600.  
1886—Ben Ali, 118lbs. 2:36½; \$2,800.  
1887—Montrose, 118lbs. 2:39¼; \$4,200.  
1888—Macheth II., 115lbs. 2:38¼; \$4,740.  
1889—Spokane, 115bs. 2:34½; \$4,970.  
1890—Riley, 118bs. 2:45; \$5,000.  
1891—Kingman, 122lbs. 2:32½; \$4,600.  
1892—Azra, 123bs. 2:41¼; \$4,350.  
1893—Leakout, 123bs. 2:38½; \$4,000.  
1894—Bant, 121bs. 2:41; \$4,000.  
1895—Haina, 122bs. 2:37¼.  
1896—Ben Brush, 117bs. 2:07¼.  
1897—Typhoon II., 117b 2:12½.

## CHAMPION STAKES.

1¼ miles—Monmouth Park.

- 1879—Spendthrift, 3yrs. 102bs. 2:41.  
1880—Luke Blackburn, 4yrs. 102bs. 2:34.  
1881—Hindoo, 3yrs. 106bs. 2:39.  
1882—Eole, 4yrs. 118bs. 2:39¼; \$3,350.  
1883—Monmouth, aged, 119bs. 2:39¼; \$3,325.  
1884—Miss Wrenford, 4yrs. 118bs. 2:40¼; \$3,325.  
1885—Freeland, 6yrs. 118bs. 2:39; \$4,450.  
1886—Vernona, 4yrs. 118bs. 2:45; \$4,500.  
1887—Hannover, 3yrs. 109bs. 2:38; \$4,500.  
1888—Firenze, 4yrs. 115 lbs. 2:38; \$4,500.  
1889—Los Angeles, 4yrs. 117bs. 2:44; \$5,000.  
1890—Salvator, 4yrs. 121bs. 2:35 4-5; \$4,000.  
1891—Firenze, aged, 120 lbs. 2:30½; \$5,700.  
1892—Lampighter, 3yrs. 102bs. 2:33¼; \$4,000.  
1893—Not run. Park closed.

## HYDE PARK STAKES.

¾ mile—3-year-olds, Washington Park.

- 1884—Vernona, 1:19; \$6,105.  
1885—Dan Fox, 1:15¼; \$6,375.  
1886—Grisette, 1:20; \$4,700.  
1887—Emperor of Norfolk, 1:18¼; \$5,640.  
1888—Cullente, 1:18¼; \$5,500.  
1889—El Rio Rey, 1:14½; \$5,540.  
1890—Baigowan, 1:16; \$11,005.  
1891—Carl Gunn, 1:15; \$10,500.  
1892—G. W. Johnson, 1:16½; \$11,500.  
1893—Domino, 1:14; \$16,000.  
1894—Handsome, 118bs. 1:14½; \$15,875.

## LORELLAND STAKES.

1¼ miles—For 3-year-olds, Monmouth Park.

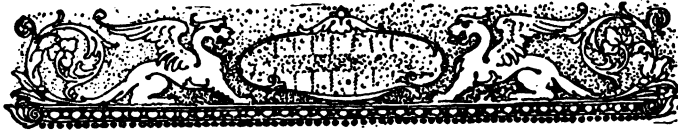
- 1884—Hannymede, 2:40; \$7,000.  
1885—George Kinney, 2:39¼; \$7,800.  
1886—Ecuador, 2:40½; \$5,515.  
1887—Wanda, 2:39¼; \$5,500.  
1888—Inspector B., 2:40; \$15,800.  
1889—Hannover, 2:40¼; \$15,000.  
1890—Sir Dixon, 2:37¼; \$17,000.  
1891—Salvator, 2:35¼; \$18,525.  
1892—Torse, 2:39¼; \$7,000.  
1893—Montana, 2:35; \$17,250.  
1894—Tammany, 2:39½; \$17,500.  
1895—Sir Walter, 2:31; \$16,900.  
1896—Not run. Park closed.

\*Reduced to 1¼ miles and run at Morris Park in 1891, 1892 and 1893.

## ENGLISH DERBY.

First race run at Epsom May 4, 1770. In 1784 distance was increased from 1 mile to 1¼ miles. Winners since 1884:

- 1884—St. Gatien, by Rotherhill; Harvester, by Sterling, 2:46 1-5.  
1885—Milton, by Master Kildare, 2:44 1-5.  
1886—Ormonde, by Bend Or, 2:40 4-5.  
1887—Merry Hampton, by Hampton, 2:43.  
1888—Ayrshire, by Hampton, 2:43.  
1889—Donovan, by Galpin, 2:44 2-5.  
1890—San Fein, by Springfield, 2:45¼.  
1891—Common, by Iscomomy, 2:46 4-5.  
1892—Sir Hugo, by Walsley, 2:46 4-5.  
1893—Isinglass, by Iscomomy, 2:43.



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1894—Ladas, by Hampton, 2:45 4-5.  
1895—Sir Visto, 2:43 2-5.  
1896—Persimmon, 2:42.  
1897—Galtee More, 2:47.

#### TURF ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Richest American stake ever run was the Futurity of 1890, won by August Belmont's Potomac; total value of the stake, \$77,300, divided between first, second and third horses. The largest amount ever won by an American 2-year-old, \$18,000, by Domino, owned by J. H. and F. P. Keene, 1890.

Greatest winning 3-year-old, Hanover, by Hindoo; won twenty races and \$89,837.

Highest price ever paid for a horse, \$150,000; paid by W. O. MacDonough of San Francisco for Ormonde, b. s., by Bend Or—Lilly Agnes, October, 1892.

Highest price ever paid for a trotter, \$125,000, by J. Malcolm Forbes of Boston to Leland Stanford, Palo Alto stock farm, California, in 1892, for Arion, b. c. 3-year-old record 2:10 3-4, by Electioneer—Manette.

Prince of Wales' entry won the English Derby two successive seasons—1895 and 1896.

#### Pedestrianism.

##### RUNNING.

Amateur performances designated by an \*.

20 yards—\*2 4-5s., E. B. Bloss, Boston, Mass., Feb. 22, 1892.

30 yards—\*4 1-2s., A. W. Grosvenor, Boston, Mass., March 14, 1890.

40 yards—\*4 3-8s., E. B. Bloss, Boston, Mass., Feb. 22, 1892; \*F. H. Bigelow, Worcester, Mass., March 28, 1896.

50 yards—5 1-8s., H. M. Johnson, New York city, Nov. 22, 1884; \*5 1-8s., L. E. Myers, New York city, Dec. 12, 1884; \*5 3-8s., E. B. Bloss, Boston, March 12, 1892.

75 yards—7 1-4s., James Quirk, against time, Pittsburgh, Canada, Oct. 30, 1888; \*7 3-8s., B. J. Wefers, Boston, Jan. 25, 1896.

75 yards—\*7 4-8s., B. J. Wefers, Oak Island, Mass., Aug. 1, 1896.

100 yards—9 2-5s., Edward Donovan, Natick, Mass., Sept. 2, 1896; 9 4-8s., H. M. Johnson, Cleveland, O., July 31, 1896; Harry Bethune, Oakland, Cal., Feb. 22, 1888; \*John Owen, Jr., Washington, D. C., Oct. 11, 1890; \*W. T. MacPherson, Auckland, New Zealand, Feb. 6, 1891; J. H. Hampton, Canterbury, England, Feb. 6, 1890; \*W. Stage, Cleveland, O., Sept. 2, 1893; \*John V. Crum, Chicago, Ill., June 15, 1895; Bernard J. Wefers, Manhattan Field, New York, Sept. 23, 1890; also in same field, May 30, 1896.

100 yards—\*11s., B. J. Wefers, Lowell, Mass., Aug. 29, 1896.

120 yards—11 1-4s., George Seward, England, May 3, 1897; \*11 3-8s., C. A. Bradley, England, Aug. 12, 1893; \*11 4-5s., B. J. Wefers, Travers Island, Sept. 25, 1896; \*12s., L. E. Myers, New York city, May 30, 1882; \*John V. Crum, New York, Sept. 23, 1890.

120 yards, over 10 hurdles each 3 ft. 6 in. high—15 2-5s., Stephen Chase, New York, Sept. 28, 1895.

130 yards—12 1-4s., W. Johnson, Fenham Park, England, Feb. 9, 1897; 12 3-8s., H. M. Johnson, Pittsburg, Pa., July 12, 1896; \*13s., Wendell Baker, Cambridge, Mass., May 28, 1896.

150 yards—14 1-4s., Harry Hutchens, Sydney, Australia, March 2, 1887; \*14 3-8s., B. J. Wefers, Toronto, Sept. 1896; C. G. Wood, Stamford Bridge, England, July 21, 1887; \*C. H. Sherrill, New York, May 17, 1890; \*John Owens (twice in one day), Detroit, Mich., Sept. 13, 1890.

200 yards—19 1-4s., Geo. Eward, England, March 22, 1887; \*19 4-5s., E. H. Polling, London, England, Sept. 28, 1896; 20s., Wendell Baker, Berkley Oval, New York, Nov. 8, 1890.

220 yards—\*21 1-5s., B. J. Wefers, Manhattan Field, May 30, 1896; 21 3-5s., Harry Jewett, Montreal, Canada, Sept. 24, 1892, and New Haven, Conn., Sept. 28, 1892; \*21 4-5s., L. H. Cary, Berkeley Oval, May 30, 1891; \*C. G. Wood, London, England, June 25 and July 22, 1887; H. Hutchens, London, May 11, 1885; \*B. J. Wefers, Manhattan Field, New York, Sept. 21, 1896.

230 yards (around turn)—\*21 2-5s., J. H. Maybury, Madison, Wis., May 9, 1896; \*B. J. Wefers, Travers Island, June 13, 1896.

250 yards—\*24 2-5s., J. L. Brower, New York, May 26, 1895; \*24 3-8s., W. T. MacPherson, Auckland, New Zealand, Feb. 7, 1891; \*25 4-5s., C. H. Sherrill, Jr., New Haven, Conn., June 15, 1888.

300 yards—30s., Harry Hutchens, Edinburgh, Scotland, Jan. 2, 1884; \*30 3-8s., B. J. Wefers, Travers Island, Sept. 25, 1896; \*31 1-5s., B. J. Wefers, New York, Sept. 28, 1896; \*31 3-8s., C. G. Wood, London, England, July 21, 1887; \*31 3-8s., L. E. Myers, New York, Oct. 22, 1891.

400 yards—\*43s., W. C. Downs, Boston, Mass. (straight course), July 9, 1890; \*43 3-8s., H. C. L. Tindall, London, June 29, 1889; \*45s., L. E. Myers, New York, June 3, 1892.

1/4 mile—\*47 3-4s., W. Baker, Boston, Mass., July 1, 1886; 48 3-4s., Richard Buttery, England, Oct. 4, 1873.

1/4 mile, 10 hurdles 2 ft. 6 in. high—57 2-5s., P. J. Tinneran, Cambridge, Mass., Oct. 13, 1891.

\*600 yards—1m. 11s., T. E. Burke, Columbia Oval, Sept. 19, 1891.

1/2 mile—1:53 2-5s., Charles J. Kilpatrick, Manhattan Field, Sept. 21, 1895; 1:53s., Frank Hewitt, Australia, Sept. 21, 1871; \*1:54 2-5s., F. J. K. Cross, Oxford, England, March 9, 1888; \*1:54 1-2s., W. C. Dohm, New York, Sept. 19, 1891.

1,000 yards—2:15 1-2s., L. E. Myers, New York, Oct. 8, 1891; \*2:15 4-5s., W. Pollock-Hill, Oxford, England, March 8, 1889.

1 mile—4:13 1-4s., W. G. George, London, England, Aug. 23, 1890; \*4:17 4-5s., T. P. Conneff, Cambridge, Mass., Aug. 25, 1896.

1 1/2 miles—\*6:12 1-2s., Thomas P. Conneff, Bergen Point, N. J., Sept. 3, 1896; \*6:30 3-5s., Sidney Thomas, Stamford Bridge, England, May 13, 1893.

2 miles—9:11 1-4s., William Lang, England, Aug. 1, 1888; \*9:17 4-5s., W. G. George, London, April 26, 1884; \*9:32 3-5s., W. D. Day, New York, May 17, 1890.

3 miles—14:19 1-4s., P. Cannon, Govan, Scotland, May 14, 1888; \*14:24, Sidney Thomas, England, June 3, 1896; \*14:30, W. D. Day, Bergen Point, N. J., May 30, 1890; James Grant, Holmesfield, Cambridge, Mass., Aug. 20, 1890.

4 miles—19:25 1-2s., P. Cannon, Glasgow, Scotland, Nov. 6, 1888; 19:33 4-5s., E. C. Willers, England, June 10, 1890; 19:12 1-4s., James Grant, Cambridge, Mass., Aug. 20, 1890; \*19:45 4-5s., W. D. Day, Bergen Point, N. J., Nov. 16, 1889.

5 miles—24:30, J. White, England, May 11, 1893; \*24:56 3-5s., Sidney Thomas, Romford, England, Sept. 24, 1892; \*25:03, W. H. Morton, Dublin, Ireland, May 7, 1890; 25:22 1-4s., James Grant, Cambridge, Mass., Aug. 20, 1890; \*25:23 3-5s., E. C. Carter, New York, Sept. 17, 1887.

10 miles—51:06 3-5s., W. Cummings, London, England, Sept. 18, 1889; 51:20, W. G. George, London, April 7, 1884; 51:31, Sidney Thomas, London, Oct. 22, 1892; \*52:38 2-5s., W. D. Day, West New Brighton, N. Y., Oct. 25, 1890.

15 miles—1:22, J. Hewitt, England, March 22, 1892; \*1:22:15 2-5s., Sidney Thomas, London, April 11, 1892.

20 miles—\*1:32:51 1-5s., W. H. Morton, London, March 23, 1890; 1:54, Patrick Burns, Halifax, N. S., Oct. 4, 1879.

25 miles—\*2:33:44, G. A. Dunning, London, Dec. 26, 1881; 2:36:34, G. Mason, England, March 14, 1881; 2:41:32, P. Hagelman, Philadelphia, March 5, 1887; \*2:52:24, J. Gassman, Brooklyn, N. Y., Feb. 25, 1884.

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## Sporting Records.

[Corrected to Dec. 1, 1897.]

## Best Running Records.

- $\frac{1}{4}$  mile—0:21 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Bob Wade, 4yrs, Butte, Mont., Aug. 20, 1880.  
 $\frac{2}{5}$  furlongs—0:31 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Best Boy, 2yrs, Clifton, N. J., March 12, 1880.  
 $\frac{3}{8}$  mile—0:34, Fashion, 4yrs, Lampas, Texas, Aug. 15, 1891; 0:34, Red S A, 122lbs, Butte, Mont., July 22, 1886.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—0:46, Geraldine, 4yrs, 122lbs, straight course, Morris Park, Aug. 30, 1888; 0:47, April Fool, 4yrs, 122lbs, Butte, Mont., July 31, 1891.  
 $\frac{4}{5}$  furlongs—0:50, Meadows, 6yrs, 105lbs, Alexandria Island, Va., March 28, 1895; 0:52, Handpress, 2yrs, 100lbs, Morris Park, straight course, May 26, 1897.  
 5 furlongs—0:59 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Maid Marian, 4yrs, 111lbs, Morris Park, Oct. 9, 1894.  
 $\frac{5}{8}$  furlongs—1:00, Tormentor, 5yrs, 121lbs, Morris Park, Oct. 10, 1885; 1:00 $\frac{1}{2}$ , La Tosca, 3yrs, 111lbs, Morris Park, June 4, 1891.  
 $\frac{3}{4}$  mile—1:00, Domingo, 3yrs, 128lbs, Morris Park, Sept. 20, 1893; 1:00 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Yemen, 5yrs, 105lbs, Morris Park, Oct. 1, 1892; Kingston, aged, 139 lbs, made the distance over the Fatality course (170 feet short) in 1:08, Sheephead Bay, June 22, 1891; 1:12 $\frac{1}{2}$ , O'Connell, 4yrs, 121lbs, Oakley, circular course, July 18, 1895; Flora Louise, 2yrs, 88lbs, Harlem, Sept. 30, 1897, circular track.  
 $\frac{6}{8}$  furlongs—1:18 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Wernberg, 4yrs, 113lbs, Sheephead Bay, Aug. 28, 1895; Irish Reel, 2yrs, 105lbs, Sheephead Bay, Aug. 31, 1895; 1:19 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Timemarker, 5yrs, 105lbs, Harlem, Aug. 24, 1897; 1:19 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Traverser, 2yrs, 102lbs, Harlem, Oct. 5, 1897.  
 $\frac{7}{8}$  mile—1:23 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Bella B., 5yrs, 103lbs, Monmouth Park, straight course, July 8, 1890; 1:25 2-4, Clifford, 125lbs, Coney Island, Aug. 29, 1894.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—1:33 $\frac{1}{2}$ , DeMunie Scott, 4yrs, 90lbs, Cal. Jockey Club, Oct. 17, 1896.  
 1 mile—1:35 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Salvator, 4yrs, 100lbs, Monmouth Park, against time, straight course, Aug. 28, 1890; 1:37 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Kildeer, 4yrs, 91lbs, Monmouth Park, straight course, Aug. 13, 1892; 1:38 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Liberator, 3yrs, 90lbs, Harlem, Oct. 24, 1890.  
 1 mile and 20 yds—1:40, Maid Marian, 3yrs, 101 lbs, Washington Park, July 19, 1893; 1:41 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Lucille Manette, 4yrs, 96lbs, St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 17, 1892.  
 1 mile and 25 yds—1:45 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Ruperta, 3yrs, 107lbs, Latonia, Ky., June 4, 1890.  
 1 mile and 50 yds—1:45, Marion C., 5yrs, 111lbs, Latonia, Ky., May 25, 1890, and Carus, aged, 10 lbs, Latonia, Sept. 25, 1890.  
 1 mile and 70 yds—1:43 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Lillian Lee, 3yrs, 96lbs, Harlem, July 31, 1894.  
 1 mile and 100 yds—1:45, Van Buren, 3yrs, 75 lbs, Washington Park, June 18, 1891.  
 1-16 miles—1:45 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Redskin, 6yrs, 98lbs, Forsyth, Ind., July 6, 1890; 1:45 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Yo Tambien, 3yrs, 100lbs, Washington Park, July 19, 1892; Cash Day, 3yrs, 102lbs, Harlem, Sept. 1, 1894.  
 $\frac{1}{8}$  miles—1:51 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Tristan, 6yrs, 115lbs, Morris Park, June 2, 1890.  
 1-3-16 miles—1:52 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Henry Young, 4yrs, 105lbs, Washington Park, July 14, 1893.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  miles—2:03 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Banquet, 3yrs, 108lbs, Monmouth, July 17, 1890, straight course; 2:05, Morello, 3yrs, 117lbs, Washington Park, July 22, 1893, and Salvator, 4yrs, 122lbs, Sheephead Bay, June 13, 1890.  
 1 mile and 500 yds—2:10 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Bend Or, 4yrs, 115lbs, Saratoga, July 25, 1892.  
 1-5-16 miles—2:11 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Sir John, 4yrs, 116lbs, Morris Park, June 9, 1892.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  miles—2:18 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Sabine, 4yrs, 100lbs, Washington Park, July 5, 1894.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  miles—2:33 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Lamplighter, 3yrs, 109lbs, Monmouth Park, Aug. 9, 1892; Evannatus,

- 6yrs, 73lbs, Harlem, Aug. 28, 1897; 2:33, Firenzi, 5yrs, 115lbs, Sheephead Bay, June 26, 1890.  
 $\frac{3}{4}$  miles—2:48, Hindocraft, 3yrs, 75lbs, New York Jockey Club, Aug. 27, 1893.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  miles—2:50 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Ben Holladay, 4yrs, 118lbs, Morris Park, N. Y., Oct. 25, 1897.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  miles—3:20, Enigma, 4yrs, 90lbs, Sheephead Bay, Sept. 15, 1895.  
 2 miles—3:25 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Ten Broeck, 3yrs, 110lbs, Louisville, Ky., May 29, 1897 (against time), and Newton 4 yrs, 107 lbs, Washington Park, July 15, 1893.  
 $\frac{3}{4}$  miles—3:42, Joe Murphy, 4yrs, 98lbs, Harlem, Aug. 31, 1894.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  miles—3:44 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Monitor, 4yrs, 110lbs, Baltimore, Oct. 20, 1890.  
 $\frac{3}{4}$  miles—3:50 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Springbok, 5yrs, 114lbs, and Preknness, aged, 114lbs, at Saratoga, July 29, 1897.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  miles—4:27 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Aristides, 4yrs, 101lbs, Lexington, Ky., May 14, 1896.  
 $\frac{3}{4}$  miles—4:58 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Ten Broeck, 4yrs, 110lbs, Lexington, Ky., Sept. 16, 1896.  
 $\frac{3}{4}$  miles—4:58 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Hubbard, 4yrs, 107lbs, Saratoga, Aug. 9, 1897.  
 3 miles—5:34, Drake Carter, 4yrs, 115lbs, Sheephead Bay, Sept. 6, 1891.  
 4 miles—7:15 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Ten Broeck, 4yrs, 104lbs, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 27, 1890 (against time); 7:19 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Fellowcraft, 4yrs, 105lbs, Saratoga, Aug. 2, 1894; 7:11, Lucrezia Morgia, 4yrs, 85lbs, Oakland, Cal., May 20, 1897.  
 10 miles—20:18, Mr. Brown, 6yrs, 160lbs, Ranocas, N. J., March 2, 1890.

## HEAT RACING.

- $\frac{1}{4}$  mile—0:21 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 0:22 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Sleepy Dick, aged, Klowa Kas., Nov. 24, 1888.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—0:47 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 0:47 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Quirt, 3yrs, 122lbs, Vallejo, Cal., Oct. 5, 1894; 0:48, 0:48, Rogus, aged, 150lbs, Helena, Mont., Aug. 22, 1890; 0:47 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 0:48, Bill Howard, 5yrs, Anaconda, Mont., Aug. 18, 1895; 0:48, 0:48, 0:48, Bellipse, Jr., 4yrs, Dallas, Tex., Nov. 1, 1890.  
 $\frac{3}{8}$  mile—1:00, 1:00, Kittle Pease, 4yrs, Dallas, Tex., Nov. 2, 1897; 1:00 3-5, 1:01 1-5, Fox, 4yrs, 113lbs, San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 31, 1891; 1:02 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 1:03, Susie McNairy, 3yrs, 96lbs, Chicago, July 2, 1893.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  furlongs—1:00, 1:00 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 1:00, Dock Wick, 4yrs, 100 lbs, St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 5, 1891.  
 $\frac{3}{4}$  mile (straight course) 1:10 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 1:12 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Tom Hayes, 4yrs, 107lbs, Morris Park, June 17, 1892.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  mile—1:13 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 1:13 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Lizzie S., 5yrs, 115lbs, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 28, 1888.  
 1 mile—1:43 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 1:41, Guido, 4yrs, 117lbs, Washington Park, Chicago, July 11, 1891; three heats, 1:43, 1:41, 1:47 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Argentine, 6yrs, 115lbs, St. Louis, Mo., June, 1890.  
 1-1-16 miles—1:50 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 1:48, Slipalong, 5yrs, 115lbs, Washington Park, Chicago, Sept. 25, 1895.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  miles—1:56, 1:56, Gabriel, 4yrs, 112lbs, Sheephead Bay, Sept. 3, 1890.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  miles—2:10, 2:14, Glenmore, 5yrs, 144lbs, Sheephead Bay, Sept. 25, 1890.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  miles—2:40 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 2:41, Patsy Duffy, aged, 115lbs, Sacramento, Cal., Sept. 17, 1894; 2:42 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 2:43, Blacemore, 4yrs, Lockport, July 4, 1872.  
 2 miles—3:25, 3:31 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Miss Woodford, 4 yrs, 107lbs, Sheephead Bay, Sept. 20, 1884.  
 3 miles—5:25 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 5:25 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Norfolk, 4yrs, 100lbs, Sacramento, Cal., Sept. 23, 1895.  
 4 miles—7:20 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 7:41, Ferida, 4yrs, 105lbs, Sheephead Bay, Sept. 18, 1890.

## OVER HURDLES.

- 1 mile, 4 hurdles—1:49, Bob Thomas, 5yrs, 160lbs, Chicago, Ill., Aug. 13, 1890.

Mile heats, 4 hurdles—1:53½, 1:50½, Joe Rhodes, 4 yrs, 1400s, St. Louis, Mo., June 4, 1887.

1½ miles, 5 hurdles—2:03½, Winslow, 4 yrs, 1380s, Chicago, Ill., Aug. 13, 1888.

1½ miles, 5 hurdles—2:16, Jim McGowan, 4 yrs, 1570s, Brighton Beach, Coney Island, Nov. 9, 1882.

1½ miles, 5 hurdles—2:25, Guy, aged, 1310s, Latonia, Ky., Oct. 8, 1885.

1½ miles, 6 hurdles—2:40½, Lodoie, 1020s, San Francisco, Nov. 14, 1884; 2:47, Kitty Clark, 3 yrs, 1400s, Brighton Beach, Coney Island, Aug. 24, 1881, and Speculation, 4 yrs, 1230s, same course, July 19, 1881.

1½ miles, 7 hurdles—3:16, Turfman, 4 yrs, 1400s, Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 7, 1882.

1½ miles, 7 hurdles—3:17, Kitty Clark, 4 yrs, 1420s, Monmouth Park, N. J., July 12, 1882.

2 miles, 8 hurdles—3:45½, Tom Leathers, aged, 1170s, New Orleans, La., April 15, 1879.

Steeplechase, full course—4:15, Disturbance, aged, 1550s, Jerome Park, 1883; 4:21, Jim McGowan, 3 yrs, 1000s, Jerome Park, 1883.

#### LONG-DISTANCE RIDING.

10 miles—20:02, Miss Belle Cook, 5 horses, changing five times, Minneapolis, Minn., Sept. 10, 1882.

20 miles—0:50, Little Cricket, changing horses at will, Minneapolis, Minn., Sept. 7, 1882.

30 miles—1:50:30, Carl Fuchs, ten horses, changing at will, match races, San Bernardino, Cal., July 7, 1883. Woman; 2:57, Miss Nellie Burke, Galveston, Tex., Feb. 24, 1884.

60 miles—2:33, George Osbaldistoun, 11 horses, Newmarket, England, Nov. 5, 1881.

100 miles—4:18:40, George Osbaldistoun, 10 horses, as above.

#### DISTANCE AND HIGH JUMPING.

Distance—37 feet over water, Chandler, ridden by Capt. Broadley, Leamington, England, March 22, 1847; 34 feet over hurdles, Calver Thorpe, England; 33 feet over a wall, Lottery, Liverpool, England.

Height—7 feet 4¼ inches, Filemaker, 1490s, Taunton, Mass., Oct. 7, 1891.

#### Best Trotting Records.

¼ mile—1:00¼, Directum, Fleetwood Park, New York, Sept. 5, 1886.

1 mile—2:08¼, Alix, Galesburg, Ill., Sept. 19, 1884. Best mile in a race, 2:05¼, Directum, Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 18, 1883, and Alix, Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 17, 1884. Best mile by a mare, 2:08¼, Alix, as above. Best mile by a mare in a race, 2:05¼, Alix, as above. Best mile by a gelding, 2:04¼ (against time), Azote, Galesburg, Ill., Sept. 5, 1885; race record, 2:05¼, Azote, Fleetwood, second heat, Aug. 28, 1883. Best mile by a stallion, 2:00¼, Directum, Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 18, 1883 (race record). Best mile by a yearling colt, 2:23, Adbell, San Jose, Cal., Sept. 28, 1884. Best mile by a yearling colt in a race, 2:23, Adbell, Woodland, Cal., Aug. 27, 1884. Best mile by a yearling filly, 2:23½, Pansy McGregor, Holton, Kan., Nov. 13, 1883 (race record). Best mile by a two-year-old colt, 2:10¼, Arion, Stockton, Cal., Nov. 10, 1891. Best mile by a two-year-old colt in a race, 2:19¼, Jupe, Readville, Mass., Sept. 29, 1886. Best mile by a two-year-old filly, 2:14, Janie T., Lexington, Ky., Oct. 15, 1897 (race record). Best mile by a two-year-old gelding, 2:18, Fred S. Moody, Lexington, Ky., Oct. 11, 1885. Best mile by a three-year-old colt, 2:10¼, Arion, Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 12, 1882. Best mile by a three-year-old colt in a race, 2:11¼, Directum, Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 18, 1882, and Crescens, Fort Wayne, Ind., Aug. 11, 1887. Best mile by a three-year-old filly, 2:08¼, Fantasy, Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 17, 1886 (race record). Best mile by a three-year-old gelding, 2:12¼, Preston, Lexington,

Ky., Oct. 5, 1897. Best mile by a four-year-old colt, 2:03¼, Directum, Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 18, 1883. Best mile by a four-year-old filly, 2:08, Fantasy, Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 13, 1884. Best mile by a four-year-old filly in a race, 2:06¼, Beuzetta, Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 9, 1885. Best mile by a four-year-old gelding, 2:08¼, The Monk, Lexington, Ky., Oct. 7, 1897 (race record). Best mile by a five-year-old stallion, 2:05¼, Ralph Wilkes, Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 19, 1884. Best mile by a five-year-old stallion in a race, 2:07¼, William Penn, Detroit, July 25, 1885. Best mile by a five-year-old mare, 2:07¼, Alix, Chicago, Ill., Sept. 14, 1883, and Beuzetta, Lexington, Ky., Oct. 18, 1886 (race record). Best mile by a five-year-old gelding, 2:09¼, Neosul, Columbus, O., Aug. 7, 1897 (race record). Fastest first heat in a race, 2:05, Alix, Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 17, 1884. Fastest second heat in a race, 2:05¼, Azote, Fleetwood, Aug. 28, 1885. Fastest third heat in a race, 2:05¼, Directum, Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 18, 1883, and Alix, Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 17, 1884. Fastest fourth heat in a race, 2:07¼, Beuzetta, Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 9, 1885. Fastest fifth heat in a race, 2:09¼, Alix, Columbus, O., Aug. 25, 1883; Directum, New York city, Aug. 30, 1883, and Nightingale, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 13, 1885. Fastest sixth heat in a race, 2:09¼, Countess Eve, Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 30, 1897. Fastest seventh heat in a race, 2:10¼, Pat L., Lexington, Ky., Oct. 19, 1885. Fastest eighth heat in a race, 2:11¼, Crescens (3 yrs.), Fort Wayne, Ind., Aug. 11, 1887. Fastest ninth heat in a race, 2:09¼, Alix, Chicago, Ill., Sept. 16, 1883. Fastest three consecutive heats in a race by a mare, 2:06, 2:08¼, 2:07¼, Alix, Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 17, 1884. Fastest three consecutive heats in a race by a stallion, 2:07¼, 2:09, 2:10, William Penn, Springfield, Ill., Oct. 1, 1897. Fastest three consecutive heats in a race by a gelding, 2:05¼, 2:05¼, 2:07, Azote, Fleetwood, Aug. 28, 1885. Fastest four-heat race, 2:09, 2:08¼, 2:07¼, 2:08, Fantasy, Readville, Mass., Aug. 27-28, 1884 (Kentucky Union won third heat). Fastest five-heat race, 2:08¼, 2:10, 2:08, 2:10, 2:09¼, Nightingale, Terre Haute, Ind., Oct. 4, 1885 (Onoqua won first and second heats). Fastest six-heat race, 2:09¼, 2:09¼, 2:12¼, 2:12¼, 2:12¼, 2:11, Nightingale, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 13, 1885. Fastest mile over half-mile track by a mare, 2:11¼, Magnolia, McKee's Rocks, Pa., Oct. 19, 1894. Fastest mile over half-mile track by a stallion, 2:10¼, Pat L., Huntington, Ind., Sept. 11, 1886. Fastest mile over a half-mile track by a gelding, 2:10¼, Dandy Jim, Crawfordsville, Ind., Sept. 10, 1897.

2 miles—4:32, Greenlander, Terre Haute, Ind., Nov. 6, 1883. In a race, 4:36, Nightingale, Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 9, 1891. By a yearling, 5:29¼, Perial, Saugus, Mass., Oct. 21, 1883.

3 miles—6:56¼, Nightingale, Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 20, 1883. In a race, 7:19½, Bishop Hero, Oakland, Cal., Oct. 7, 1883.

4 miles—10:12, Senator L., San Jose, Cal., Nov. 1, 1894. In a race, 11:05, Lady Dooley, San Francisco, Cal., July 1, 1893.

5 miles—12:30¼, Bishop Hero, Oakland, Cal., Oct. 14, 1883 (race record).

6 miles—16:08, Long Time, Denver, Col., May 31, 1883.

10 miles—26:15, Pascal, New York city, Nov. 2, 1883. In a race, 27:23¼, Controller, San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 23, 1878.

20 miles—58:25, Capt. MacGowan, Boston, Mass., Oct. 2, 1885.

50 miles—3:56:40¼, Ariel, Albany, N. Y., May 5, 1846.

100 miles—8 55:33, Conqueror, Long Island, Nov. 12, 1883.

## TROTTING TO WAGON.

- 1 mile—2:12½, David B., Fleetwood Park, New York city, Nov. 3, 1886. One mile by a stallion, 2:14½, Greenlander, Terre Haute, Ind., Nov. 10, 1886. One mile in a race, 2:15½, Alfred S., Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 4, 1886.  
 2 miles—In a race, 4:55½, Dexter, Long Island, Oct. 4, 1886.  
 3 miles—In a race, 7:53½, Prince, Union course, Long Island, Sept. 15, 1887.  
 4 miles—In a race, 13:16, Fillmore, San Francisco, Cal., April 18, 1883.  
 5 miles—In a race, 20:04½, Julia Aldrich, San Francisco, Cal., June 15, 1888.  
 6 miles—58:57, Controller, San Francisco, April 21, 1878.  
 7 miles—5:58 64, Spangle, Union course, Long Island, Oct. 15, 1885.  
 Fastest three consecutive heats—2:16½, 2:17, 2:17, Hopeful, Chicago, Oct. 12, 1873.

## DOUBLE TEAMS.

- 1 mile—2:12½, Belle Hamlin and Honest George, Providence, R. I., Sept. 23, 1882, 2:11, Belle Hamlin and Globe, Detroit, Mich., July 22, 1897; same team trotted 4 miles over the Kirkwood, Del., kite-shaped track in 2:12, July 4, 1882; the finish was four feet lower than the start, making the track down-hill all the way. 2:13, Belle Hamlin and Justina, against time, skeleton wagon, kite-shaped track, Independence, Iowa, Oct. 27, 1890; 2:15, same team, circular track, Terre Haute, Ind., Oct. 10, 1890. 2:15½, Lynn Bourbon and Bettie Girl, Toledo, O., Aug. 25, 1897, over a half-mile track.  
 1 mile—In a race, 2:15½, Sallie Simmons and Roseleaf, Columbus, O., Sept. 2, 1894.

## TEAM OF FOUR HORSES.

- At Washington park, Chicago, July 4, 1896, John Stinson's team of four horses—Diana, Bellini, Maud V. and Nutspru—trotted a mile in 2:30.

## WITH RUNNING MATE.

- 1 mile—Against time, 2:02½, Ayres P., Kirkwood, Del., July 4, 1883.  
 1 mile—In a race, 2:48½, Frank and J. O. Noy, Prospect Park, Long Island, Nov. 15, 1883.

## UNDER SADDLE.

- 1 mile—2:15½, Great Eastern, New York, N. Y., Sept. 22, 1877.  
 2 miles—4:55, George M. Patchen, Fashion course, Long Island, July 1, 1893.  
 3 miles—7:32½, Dutchman, Hoboken, N. J., Aug. 1, 1886.  
 4 miles—10:51, Dutchman, Centerville, Long Island, May —, 1886.

## Best Pacing Records.

- 1 mile—1:59½, Star Pointer, Rendville, Mass., Aug. 28, 1887. In a race, 2:00½, Star Pointer, Springfield, Ill., Oct. 1, 1887. Best mile by a stallion, 1:59½, Star Pointer, Rendville, Mass., Aug. 28, 1887. Best mile by a mare, 2:03½, Bessie Bonehill and Lottie Loraine, Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 23, 1887. Best mile by a yearling colt, 2:22, Rosedale, Stockton, Cal., Nov. 14, 1884. Best mile by a yearling colt in a race, 2:33½, Ambulator, Sturgis, Mich., Sept. 28, 1883. Best mile by a yearling filly, 2:30½, Belle Acton, Lyons, Neb., Oct. 14, 1882. Best mile by a yearling filly in a race, 2:30½, Belle Acton, Topeka, Kas., Sept. 14, 1891. Best mile by a yearling gelding, 2:28½, Rollo, Independence, Iowa, Oct. 27, 1891. Best mile by a 2-year-old colt, 2:05½, Directly, Galesburg, Ill., Sept. 20, 1894. Best mile by a 2-year-old colt in a race, 2:11, Symboler, Dallas, Tex., Nov. 3, 1894. Best mile by a 2-year-old filly, 2:12½, Lena Hill, Dallas, Tex., Oct. 28, 1893 (race record). Best mile by a 3-year-old colt, 2:07½, Directly (against time), Fresno, Cal., Feb. 1, 1885. Best mile by a 3-year-old colt in

- a race, 2:09½, Judge Hurt, Galesburg, Ill., Aug. 29, 1883, and Sulphide, Springfield, Ill., Sept. 29, 1880, and Searchlight, Butte, Mont., Aug. 3, 1887. Best mile by a 3-year-old filly, 2:49½, Miss Rita, Galesburg, Ill., Sept. 1, 1880. Best mile by a 3-year-old gelding, 2:49½, Agitator, Woodland, Cal., Aug. 27, 1884, and King of Diamonds, Lexington, Ky., Oct. 17, 1886. Best mile by a 4-year-old, 2:04, Online, (against time), Sioux City, Iowa, Oct. 12, 1894. Best mile by a 4-year-old in a race, 2:03½, Be Sure, Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 9, 1885, and Ananias, Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 23, 1887. Best mile by a 4-year-old filly, 2:47½, Alien, Freeport, Ill., July 26, 1885. Best mile by a 4-year-old gelding, 2:07, W. Wood, Stockton, Cal., Nov. 1, 1882 (kite-shaped track). Best mile by a 4-year-old gelding in a race, 2:07½, Palmyra Boy, Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 11, 1897, and King of Diamonds, St. Joseph, Mo., Aug. 28, 1897. Best mile by a 5-year-old stallion, 2:03½, John R. Gentry, Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 14, 1891 (race record). Best mile by a 5-year-old mare, 2:05½, Bessie Bonehill, as above. Best mile by a 5-year-old mare in a race, 2:08½, Bessie Bonehill, as above. Best mile by a 5-year-old gelding, 2:05½, Robt J., Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 19, 1883, and Frank Agan, Louisville, Ky., Oct. 21, 1885. Best first heat in a race, 2:02, Star Pointer, Washington park, 1887. Best second heat in a race, 2:04½, John R. Gentry, Glens Falls, N. Y., Sept. 10, 1886, and Joe Patchen, Columbus, O., Aug. 6, 1887. Best third heat in a race, 2:04½, Star Pointer, Springfield, Ill., Oct. 1, 1887. Best fourth heat in a race, 2:02½, Robert J., Columbus, O., Aug. 6, 1886. Best fifth heat in a race, 2:06, Frank Agan, Providence, R. I., Sept. 10, 1886. Best sixth heat in a race, 2:06½, Planet, Columbus, O., Aug. 7, 1887. Best three consecutive heats 2:02½, 2:03½, 2:04½, Star Pointer, Boston, Mass., Sept. 18, 1886. Best four-heat race, 2:03½, 2:04½, 2:04½, 2:05½, Robert J., Columbus, O., Aug. 6, 1886 (Frank Agan won first heat). Best five-heat race, 2:03½, 2:05, 2:06½, 2:05½, 2:06, Frank Agan, Providence, R. I., Sept. 10, 1886 (Robert J. won first and second heats). Best six-heat race, 2:03½, 2:05½, 2:04½, 2:05½, 2:05½, 2:06½, Planet, Columbus, O., Aug. 1, 1887 (Alien won first and Frank Bogash second and third heats). Best mile over half-mile track, 2:04½, Joe Patchen, Boston, Mass., Oct. 28, 1886. Best heat over half-mile track in a race, 2:08, Pearl C., Muncie, Ind., Aug. 28, 1897.

- 2 miles—4:10½, Chehalis, Salem, Ore., Oct. 7, 1887.  
 3 miles—7:33½, Joe Jefferson, Knoxville, Iowa, Nov. 6, 1891. In a race, 7:14, James K. Pola, Centerville, L. I., Sept. 18, 1887.  
 4 miles—10:10, Joe Jefferson, Knoxville, Iowa, Nov. 13, 1891. In a race, 10:34½, Longfellow, San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 31, 1889.  
 5 miles—12:54½, Lady St. Clair, San Jose, Cal., Dec. 11, 1874 (race record, to wagon).

## PACING TO WAGON.

- 1 mile—2:04½, Joe Patchen, Joliet, Ill., Oct. 20, 1887. In a race, 2:14½, Johnston, Detroit, Mich., July 21, 1887.  
 3 miles—7:53, Longfellow, Sacramento, Cal., Sept. 21, 1888.  
 5 miles—12:54½, Lady St. Clair, as above.  
 TEAM PACING.  
 1 mile to wagon—2:48, Robert J. and John R. Gentry, Glens Falls, N. Y., Oct. 8, 1887.  
 1 mile to pole-cart, 2:18, S. Silverdall and Daisy D., Saginaw, Mich., July 15, 1887.

## UNDER SADDLE.

- 1 mile—2:13, Johnston, Cleveland, O., Aug. 5, 1888. In a race, 2:14½, Billy Boyce, Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 1, 1883.  
 2 miles—5:04½, Bowery Boy.

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- 5 miles—11:56 4-5, O. B. Hochenberger, Dec. 12, 1896.  
 10 miles—24:19 2-5, A. G. Klenfer, July 2, 1897.  
 15 miles—33:25, A. L. Hochenberger, Nov. 16, 1896.  
 20 miles—51:21 3-5, A. L. Hochenberger, Nov. 16, 1896.  
 25 miles—1:04:20, A. L. Hochenberger, Nov. 16, 1896.  
 100 miles—5:16:24 3-5, Rudolph Louriks, July 31, 1897.

## PROFESSIONAL.

- ¼ mile—23 1-5, O. L. Stevens, Oct. 17, 1895.  
 1-3 mile—33 2-6, W. W. Hamilton, March 2, 1896.  
 ½ mile—54 1-5, J. S. Johnson, Oct. 2, 1896.  
 2-3 mile—1:18, C. R. Coulter, Oct. 2, 1896.  
 ¾ mile—1:32 2-5, Harry Tyler, Sept. 4, 1894.  
 1 mile—1:59 1-5, C. R. Coulter, Oct. 2, 1896.  
 2 miles—4:24 4-5, A. B. Hughes, July 31, 1897.  
 3 miles—6:46 2-5, A. B. Hughes, Aug. 21, 1897.  
 4 miles—9:17, Henry Brodia, Nov. 21, 1896.  
 5 miles—11:42, Henry Brodia, Nov. 21, 1896.  
 10 miles—24:10, A. F. Senn, Nov. 18, 1896.  
 15 miles—36:36 1-5, A. F. Senn, Nov. 18, 1896.  
 20 miles—49:20, A. F. Senn, Nov. 18, 1896.  
 25 miles—1:02:37 2-5, A. F. Senn, Nov. 18, 1896.  
 50 miles—2:16:03, John Lawson, Nov. 17, 1896.  
 100 miles—4:59:27 2-5, C. W. Miller, Oct. 13, 1897.

## PACED, FLYING START, AGAINST TIME

## AMATEUR.

- ¼ mile—24 4-5, John Davidson, Nov. 6, 1896.  
 1-3 mile—32 2-5, Fred Schode, Aug. 7, 1897.  
 ½ mile—51 2-5, H. M. Sidwell, Aug. 7, 1897.  
 2-3 mile—1:09 2-5, H. M. Sidwell, Oct. 7, 1897.  
 ¾ mile—1:18, H. M. Sidwell, Oct. 5, 1897.  
 1 mile—1:43 2-5, H. G. Gardner, Sept. 11, 1897.  
 2 miles—3:47 2-5, C. V. Dasey, Oct. 5, 1897.  
 3 miles—5:20 2-5, W. G. Douglas, Nov. 20, 1896.  
 4 miles—8:36 2-5, Fred Nelson, Aug. 14, 1897.  
 5 miles—9:53 2-5, C. V. Dasey, Oct. 2, 1897.  
 10 miles—21:48 2-5, A. J. Doughty, Oct. 23, 1897.  
 15 miles—33:05 4-5, L. S. McIntire, Aug. 12, 1893.  
 20 miles—41:24 3-5, Roy Duer, Oct. 20, 1897.  
 25 miles—51:49, Roy Duer, Oct. 20, 1897.  
 1 hour—Roy Duer, 23 miles 1,586 yards, Oct. 20, 1897.

## PROFESSIONAL.

- ¼ mile—20 2-5, J. S. Johnson, Oct. 23, 1896.  
 1-3 mile—27 4-5, J. S. Johnson, Oct. 23, 1896.  
 1 mile—44 1-5, J. S. Johnson, Oct. 23, 1896.  
 2-3 mile—58 3-5, W. W. Hamilton, March 2, 1896.  
 ¾ mile—1:10, J. S. Johnson, Nov. 12, 1896.  
 1 mile—1:35 2-5, J. W. Stocks, Sept. 19, 1897.  
 2 miles—3:27 4-5, J. Platts Betts, Aug. 10, 1897.  
 3 miles—5:13 1-5, J. Platts Betts, Aug. 10, 1897.  
 4 miles—7:02 2-5, J. Platts Betts, Aug. 10, 1897.  
 5 miles—8:50 4-5, J. W. Stocks, Sept. 26, 1897.  
 10 miles—17:47 1-5, J. W. Stocks, Sept. 27, 1897.  
 15 miles—26:54 1-5, J. W. Stocks, Sept. 27, 1897.  
 20 miles—36:05 1-5, J. W. Stocks, Sept. 27, 1897.  
 25 miles—45:19 3-5, J. W. Stocks, Sept. 27, 1897.  
 1 hour—J. W. Stocks, Sept. 27, 1897, 32 miles 1,086 yards.

- 12 hours—M. Cordong, Sept. 17, 1897, 319 miles 600 yards.  
 24 hours—M. Cordong, Sept. 17, 1897, 616 miles 340 yards.

## Freak Records.

- Locomotive, paced—1:03, 1 mile, E. E. Anderson, St. Louis.  
 Wind record, straightaway—1:00 4-5, 1 mile, Charles Murphy, New York.

## Baseball.

## NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Season closed Sept. 23, 1897. Boston won the pennant after a most exciting contest with Baltimore. The latter won the Temple cup series, losing one game only to Boston.

## CLUBS.

	Boston.	Baltimore.	New York.	Cincinnati.	Cleveland.	Brooklyn.	Washington.	Pittsburg.	Chicago.	Philadelphia.	Louisville.	St. Louis.	Games won.
Boston.....	100	92	84	77	71	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	103
Baltimore.....	92	100	84	77	71	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	100
New York.....	84	84	100	77	71	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	123
Cincinnati.....	77	77	77	100	71	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	117
Cleveland.....	71	71	71	71	100	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	118
Brooklyn.....	70	70	70	70	70	100	70	70	70	70	70	70	91
Washington.....	70	70	70	70	70	70	100	70	70	70	70	70	89
Pittsburg.....	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	100	70	70	70	70	89
Chicago.....	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	100	70	70	70	85
Philadelphia.....	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	100	70	70	85
Louisville.....	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	100	70	82
St. Louis.....	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	100	72
Games lost.....	39	40	45	56	62	71	71	71	73	77	78	103	

## WESTERN LEAGUE.

## CLUBS.

	Columbus.	Detroit.	Grand Rapids.	Indianapolis.	Kansas City.	Minneapolis.	Milwaukee.	St. Paul.	Games won.	Per cent.
Columbus.....	10	15	11	14	15	11	12	88	647	
Detroit.....	15	13	13	14	14	9	8	71	514	
Grand Rapids.....	11	13	10	19	7	4	4	35	250	
Indianapolis.....	14	13	17	18	12	11	100	746		
Kansas City.....	11	11	1	1	1	1	3	41	291	
Minneapolis.....	9	12	11	1	9	4	6	43	314	
Milwaukee.....	11	16	5	13	15	10	84	622		
St. Paul.....	8	11	16	8	17	14	10	84	618	
Games lost.....	48	67	100	34	100	94	51	546		

## Football.

The great surprise of the year in eastern football was Yale's defeat of Princeton. The New Haven team began with a new eleven which was pounded into condition by hard games.

## YALE.

	Trinity.	Wesleyan.	Amherst.	Williams.	Newton.	Brown.	Indiana.	West Point.	Chicago.	Harvard.	Princeton.	Total.
Trinity.....	10	to 0										
Wesleyan.....	30	to 0										
Amherst.....	14	to 0										
Williams.....	33	to 0										
Newton.....	10	to 0										
Brown.....	25	to 14										
Indiana.....	18	to 9										
West Point.....	6	to 8										
Chicago.....	16	to 6										
Harvard.....	0	to 0										
Princeton.....	6	to 0										
Total.....	170	to 35										

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## PRINCETON.

Lehigh.....	44 to 0
Rutgers.....	53 to 0
Annapolis.....	28 to 0
State College.....	34 to 0
Indians.....	18 to 0
F. & M.....	54 to 0
Cornell.....	10 to 0
Elizabeth.....	12 to 0
Dartmouth.....	30 to 0
Lafayette.....	57 to 0
Yale.....	0 to 6
Total.....	340 to 6

## HARVARD.

Williams.....	20 to 0
Bowdoin.....	24 to 0
Dartmouth.....	13 to 0
Amherst.....	38 to 0
West Point.....	10 to 0
Newton.....	24 to 0
Brown.....	18 to 0
Newtowne A. C.....	24 to 5
Cornell.....	24 to 0
Wesleyan.....	0 to 0
Yale.....	0 to 0
Pennsylvania.....	5 to 15
Total.....	222 to 20

## PENNSYLVANIA.

Bucknell.....	17 to 0
F. and M.....	33 to 0
W. and J.....	18 to 4
Gettysburg.....	57 to 0
Bucknell.....	38 to 0
Lehigh.....	52 to 0
Virginia.....	42 to 0
Dartmouth.....	34 to 0
State.....	24 to 0
Lafayette.....	46 to 0
Brown.....	40 to 0
Indians.....	20 to 10
Wesleyan.....	22 to 0
Harvard.....	15 to 5
Cornell.....	4 to 0
Total.....	463 to 19

## YALE-PRINCETON GAMES.

1870—Yale, 2 goals; Princeton, 0.
1871—Yale, 2 touchdowns; Princeton, 0.
1874—Princeton, 1 goal; Yale, 0.
1879—Yale, 2 safeties; Princeton, 5 safeties.
1880—Yale, 5 safeties; Princeton, 11 safeties.
1881—Yale, 0; Princeton, 0.
1882—Yale, 2 goals 1 safety; Princeton, 1 safety.
1883—Yale, 1 goal; Princeton, 0.
1884—Yale, 1 goal; Princeton, 1 touchdown.
1885—Princeton, 1 goal from touchdown; Yale, 1 goal from field.
1886—Yale, 1 touchdown; Princeton, 0.
1887—Yale, 2 goals; Princeton, 0.
1888—Princeton, 1 goal, 1 touchdown; Yale, 0.
1890—Yale, 31 points; Princeton, 0.
1891—Yale, 10 points 2 goals 2 touchdowns; Princeton, 0.
1892—Yale, 12 points, 2 goals; Princeton, 0.
1893—Princeton, 6 points, 1 goal; Yale, 0.
1894—Yale, 31; Princeton, 0.
1895—Yale, 33; Princeton, 10.
1896—Princeton, 34; Yale, 4.
1897—Yale, 5; Princeton, 0.

## The record stands thus:

Year.	Yale.	Harvard.	Year.	Yale.	Harvard.
1875.....	0	18	1896.....	29	4
1876.....	4	0	1897.....	17	8
1877.....	No game.		1898.....	Harv'd forfeit	
1878.....	4	0			
1879.....	12	0	1899.....	6	12
1880.....	9	0	1901.....	10	0
1881.....	8	0	1902.....	6	0
1882.....	14	0	1903.....	6	0
1883.....	23	2	1904.....	12	0
1884.....	52	0	1907.....	0	0
1885.....	No game.				

## MICHIGAN-CHICAGO GAMES.

1892—Michigan, 18; Chicago, 12.
1893—Chicago, 10; Michigan, 6.
1894—Michigan, 26; Chicago, 10.
1895—Michigan, 6; Chicago, 4.
1896—Michigan, 12; Chicago, 0.
1897—Chicago, 7; Michigan, 6.
1897—Chicago, 21; Michigan, 12.

\*Thanksgiving-day games.

Highest score—England: 15 goals to 0, Nottingham Foresters, match, Derbyshire, March 30, 1881. America: 15 points to 0, Harvard college, match with Exeter, Exeter, Mass., Nov. 8, 1883.

H. A. F. Chambers dribbled the ball around the hurdle forming the 120 yds. hurdle course in 44½. Finchley, England, May 18, 1878.  
Place kick, with a run—200 ft. 8 in., William P. Chadwick, Exeter, N. H., Nov. 29, 1886.  
\*187 ft. 10 in. B. Young, Glasgow, Scotland, July 2, 1881. 174 ft., S. Pritchard, Brisbane, Australia, October, 1882; S. Brutton, aged 14 years, placed 13 goals out of 14 attempts. Leatherhead, England, March, 1884.  
Drop kick—173 ft. 8 in., F. Hardgrave, Queen's Park, Brisbane, Australia, October, 1883. 161 ft. Wm. M. Cooper, Cambridge university, Cambridge, England, Nov. 21, 1881. \*160 ft. 7½ in., J. E. Duffy, Ann Arbor, Mich., May 22, 1886.

## Miscellaneous.

## TYPEWRITING.

Charles H. McGurrian, memorized sentences, 308 correct words in one minute before the Press club, London England, Sept. 15, 1892.  
John S. Cass, memorized sentences, 145 words in one minute; same, blindfolded, 126 words in one minute; new matter from dictator, 126 words per minute; accurate work; at Illinois state fair, Peoria, Sept. 29, 1892.  
Miss Mae E. Orr, writing five minutes each on legal testimony and ordinary correspondence, wrote 987 words, averaging nearly 99 words per minute; Toronto, Canada, Aug. 13, 1888.

8,700 words in 1 h. 30 m.; 4,394, or 55.55 per minute from dictation, and 4,15, or 58.11 per minute from copy, 45 m. each; Frank E. McGurrian, Cincinnati, O., July 25, 1888.  
At St. Louis June 12, 1890, Curtis St. John wrote 1,251 words, dictated from a newspaper, in ten minutes.

## SHORTHAND.

Isaac S. Dement, writing one minute on new matter, at Clear Lake, Iowa, on July 22, 1890, 300 words and read his notes accurately. Same conditions, at Dayton, O., Aug. 26, 1890, 315 words.  
In a private test at same place and same conditions, on Aug. 29, 1891, 347 words with perfect accuracy.  
Same conditions at Chicago, Oct. 4, 1891, 350 words.

## Billiards.

Best run, 3-ball straight-rail game, 2,572; Harvey McKenna, Boston, Mass., Dec. 21, 1887; average, 417½. At San Francisco in 1893 Jacob Schaefer ran 3,000 at straight-rail game on 4½ x 9 table. Best run, 4-ball carom game, 1,483; J. McDevitt, New York, Jan. 8, 1893. Best at champions' game, 3-ball carom, 14,725 lines—398, George Slosson, Paris, France, February, 1892; in America, 351, J. R. Heiser, New York, Feb. 14, 1894. English spot stroke game, 3,504; W. J. Paul, London, England, Nov. 3 to 8, 1886. Fourteen-inch balk-line game, 306, Jacob Schaefer, in a match with Frank Ives and George Slosson, New York, Dec. 16, 1893; 456, Frank Ives, in a match with Jacob Schaefer, Chicago, Nov. 24, 1888. Both these runs made with the "anchor nurse"; 339, Frank C. Ives, Chicago, match with Jacob Schaefer, Dec. 6,

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1894, "anchor nurse" barred. Cushion-carom game—Best run by Frank C. Ives at Boston, April 14, 1895, 83.

### Ocean Steamships.

The Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse broke all records for a single day by covering 567 miles, Nov. 16, 1897, on a westward trip. The Cunarder Lucania still holds the record from Queenstown to New York—5d., 7h., 23m.; average speed per hour, 22.01 knots; greatest day's run, 5d. knots, or average speed per day, 23.57 miles; greatest day's run, 5d. miles. The Lucania also holds the record from New York to Queenstown—5d., 8h. and 48m. Both runs were made in 1894.

The best trips for 1895 are: Umbria—Fastest trip westward from Liverpool, 5d., 21h., 7m.; Etruria—Fastest trip eastward from New York, 6d., 40m. Both belong to the Cunard line.

### THE TRANSATLANTIC RECORD BY YEARS.

1819—Eastward, Savannah, 23d.  
1820—Westward, Great Western, 18d.  
1845—Westward, Britannia, 14d.  
1851—Westward, Persia, 9d. 20h.  
1852—Westward, Baltic, 9d., 19h.  
1856—Westward, Scotia, 8d., 2h., 48m.  
1860—Eastward, City of Brussels, 7d. 15h., 2m.  
1873—Eastward, Baltic, 7d., 20h., 9m.  
1875—Eastward, City of Berlin, 7d., 15h., 48m.  
1876—Westward, Germania, 7d., 11h., 31m.  
1877—Westward, Britannia, 7d., 19h., 53m.  
1879—Westward, Arizona, 7d., 9h., 23m.  
1882—Westward, Alaska, 6d., 22h., 10m.  
1883—Westward, Oregon, 6d., 19h., 10m.  
1884—Westward, America, 6d., 10h.  
1885—Westward, Etruria, 6d., 5h., 31m.  
1887—Westward, Umbria, 6d., 4h., 42m.  
1888—Westward, Etruria, 6d., 1h., 55m.  
1890—Westward, City of Paris, 5d., 21h., 7m.  
1890—Westward, City of Paris, 5d., 19h., 15m.  
1890—Westward, Teutonic, 5d., 19h., 5m.  
1891—Westward, Majestic, 5d., 18h., 8m.  
1891—Westward, Teutonic, 5d., 16h., 31m.  
1891—Eastward, Teutonic, 5d., 21h., 3m.  
1892—Eastward, City of New York, 5d., 19h., 57m.  
1892—Westward, City of Paris, 5d., 14h., 24m.  
1893—Westward, Lucania, 5d., 12h., 47m.  
1894—Eastward, Campania, 5d., 12h., 7m.  
1894—Westward, Lucania, 5d., 7h., 48m.  
1894—Westward, Lucania, 5d., 7h., 25m.  
1896—Westward, St. Paul, 6d., 31m.  
1897—Eastward, Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, 5d., 21h., 10m.  
1897—Westward, Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, 5d., 22h., 35m.

### Rowing.

Performances by amateurs are designated by an \*.

1 mile—\*0:57, Edwin Hedley, straightaway, Newark, N. J., July 19, 1891; \*1:19, single-scutt, straightaway, dead water, John F. Corbet, Iroquois Boat club, July 23, 1890.  
3 mile—\*1:37½, six-oared barge, straightaway, Iroquois Boat club, Lake Calumet, Pullman, Ill., May 30, 1890.  
1 mile—5:01, Ellis Ward, Savannah river, June 24, 1888.  
1½ miles—\*7:41, eight oars, straightaway, Atlanta Boat club, Lake Calumet, Pullman, Ill., Aug. 9, 1890. [The Cornell university crew rowed the distance in 7:30 at Philadelphia July 4, 1889, but the conditions were unfair, the current running very strong.] 8:01½, four oars, straightaway, Fairmount Rowing association, Albany, N. Y., July 21, 1886. [The Watkins crew rowed the distance in 7:49½ at Detroit, Mich., Aug. 15, 1887, but the current was very strong.] \*7:58, double scull, straightaway, J. Buckley and W. O'Connell, Portland Boat club, Lachine, Canada, Aug. 21, 1882. \*8:35, single scull, straightaway, Joseph

Laing, Lachine, Canada, Aug. 19, 1882. \*8:39½, four oars, turn, still water, Modoc Boat club, Salt Lake, Utah, Aug. 30, 1888. \*8:41, paired oars, straightaway, J. H. Clegg and F. D. Standish, Excelsior Boat club, Lachine, Canada, Aug. 19, 1882.

2 miles—\*9:49½, eight oars, straightaway, Columbia college crew, New London, Conn., June 25, 1889. \*12:18, double-scutt, turn, F. E. Yates and C. E. Courtney, Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 8, 1876. \*12:20½, paired oars, straightaway, J. H. Riley and J. A. Kennedy, Greenwood lake, N. Y., Oct. 9, 1876. \*13:21½, single scull, turn, J. H. Riley, Saratoga, Aug. 9, 1876.

2½ miles—\*12:57, eight oars, straightaway, Yale university crew, New London, Conn., June 25, 1888.

3 miles—\*15:23, eight oars, straightaway, Yale university crew, New London, Conn., June 25, 1888. \*15:37½, four oars, straightaway, Argonaut R. A., Kill von Kull, N. J., Sept. 8, 1875. \*16:32½, six oars, straightaway, Amherst university, G. E. Brewer, B. L. Brown, L. Bradley, Jr., F. M. Wilkins, A. J. Benedict, W. Negley, Springfield, Mass., July 24, 1872. \*17:34½, eight oars, straightaway, Cornell university crew, Owasco lake, N. Y., July 17, 1878.

### RECORD OF AMERICA CUP RACES.

1851—Aug. 22, around the Isle of Wight: America, 10:37:00; Aurora second.  
1870—Aug. 8, New York Yacht club course: Magic, 3:58:21; Cambria, 4:37:58.  
1871—Oct. 16, New York Yacht club course: Columbia, 6:19:41; Livonia, 6:46:45. Oct. 18, 20 miles to windward of Sandy Hook and return: Columbia, 3:47:49½; Livonia, 3:18:15½. Columbia disabled in third race Oct. 19. Oct. 21, 20 miles to windward of Sandy Hook and return: Sappho, 5:25:02; Livonia, 6:09:23. Oct. 23, New York Yacht club course: Sappho, 4:16:17; Livonia, 5:11:55.  
1876—Aug. 11, New York Yacht club course: Madeleine, 5:23:54; Countess of Dufferin, 5:34:53. Aug. 12, 20 miles to windward of Sandy Hook and return: Madeleine, 7:18:46; Countess of Dufferin, 7:46:00.  
1881—Nov. 9, New York Yacht club course: Mischief, 4:17:00; Atalanta, 4:45:39½. Nov. 10, 16 miles to leeward of Sandy Hook and return: Mischief, 4:54:53; Atalanta, 5:33:47.  
1885—Sept. 14, New York Yacht club course: Puritan, 6:06:46; Genesta, 6:22:24. Sept. 16, 20 miles to leeward of Sandy Hook light and return: Puritan, 5:43:14; Genesta, 5:54:52.  
1886—Sept. 9, New York Yacht club course: Mayflower, 5:26:41; Galatea, 5:38:43. Sept. 11, 20 miles to leeward of Sandy Hook light and return: Mayflower, 6:49:10; Galatea, 7:18:00.  
1887—Sept. 27, New York Yacht club course: Volunteer, 4:58:18; Thistle, 5:12:41½. Sept. 30, 20 miles to windward of Scotland light and return: Volunteer, 5:12:56½; Thistle, 5:51:45.  
1893—Oct. 7, 15 miles to windward of Sandy Hook light and return: Vigilant, 4:03:47; Valkyrie, 4:11:35. Oct. 9, triangular 30-mile course, first leg to windward: Vigilant, 3:25:01; Valkyrie, 3:35:36. Oct. 13, 15 miles to windward of Sandy Hook light and return: Vigilant, 3:24:33; Valkyrie, 3:25:19.  
1895—Sept. 7, 15 miles to windward and return, east by south of Point Sanbright, N. J.: Defender, 4:57:56; Valkyrie III, 5:08:02. Sept. 11, triangular course, 10 miles in each leg: Valkyrie, 3:35:02; Defender, 3:55:36; won by Defender on a foul. Sept. 13, Defender sailed over course and claimed cup and race; claim allowed.

### YALE RACES AT HENLEY.

The Yale crew visited the Henley regatta during 1896, and on July 7 was defeated by the Leander crew. Yale's crew probably will make it an annual trip.

**A. I. Bacheller, President.**

**Charles K. Gaines, Vice-Pres.**

**Jos. Sawyer, Jr., Secretary and Treasurer.**

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## Railroading.

All long-distance railway runs were broken in 1886 by both the Lake Shore and New York Central systems. The following table shows the best runs made in America and Europe. It can be seen that the best run was made by the Lake Shore:

	Lake Shore & Mich. South'rn	N. Y. Central & H. R.	West Coast Route.
	1885.	1885.	1885.
Date.....	Oct. 24.	Sept. 11.	Aug. 22-3
Number of cars.....	3	4	3
Weight of cars.....	304,500 lbs.	361,310 lbs.	150,080 lbs.
Starting point.....	100th st., Chicago.	New York.	London.
Finish.....	Buffalo Creek.	East Buffalo.	Aberdeen.
Total dist. in miles	510.1	438.32	539.75
Total time in minutes and seconds	481m. 3s.	411m. 56s.	512m.
Average speed in miles per hour.....	63.61	63.54	63.24
Total time in motion.....	470m. 20s.	407m. 41s.	505m.
Average speed, deducting stops.....	65.07	64.22	63.93
Length of fastest run on which fastest average speed was made.....	36 miles.	145.6 miles.	141.25 miles.
Average speed on said division....	72.92 miles.	65.75 miles.	67.50 miles.

Some of the remarkable features of the Lake Shore run are as follows:

1 mile at the rate of 92.30 miles per hour.  
8 miles (Ripley to Westfield) at the rate of 83.44 miles per hour.

33 miles (Moorehead to Van Buren) at the rate of 80.06 miles per hour.

Prior to this the best runs were as follows: May 9, 1883, the Empire State express on the New York Central & Hudson River railroad, consisting of engine 999, three coaches and a Wagner drawing-room car, made a run of 102 miles in 1h.

May 10, 1883, the same train ran 1 mile in 32s., a rate of 112 1/4 miles in 1h.

The "Exposition Flyer," an engine and four Wagner coaches, repeatedly made the run from New York to Chicago, 976 miles, in 30h. The record noted on May 10—a mile in 32s.—has been questioned by some railroad men. Oct. 14, 1887, a Holman locomotive in a trial near Cape May, N. J., made 56 1-10 miles in 55 minutes, including starting and stopping. A mile for time was recorded in 42s., and on the run it was claimed that two miles were made in 66s.

1 mile—37s., Philadelphia & Reading railroad, Nov. 20, 1882; engine had 64-foot drivers; train, one combination car, two day coaches and a Pullman car.

2 miles—1m. 15s., same train; second mile in 38s.

8 miles—1m. 54s., same train; third mile in 38s. 5 miles—8m. 25s., same train, five consecutive miles, an average of 87.8 miles an hour; this train also ran five miles on a section having a heavy grade in 4m., an average of 75 miles an hour.

1 mile—39 1-5s., Philadelphia & Reading railroad, Aug. 27, 1891; 504s. during run of special train from West Philadelphia to Jersey City, Sept. 4, 1872.

2.1 miles—1m. 30s., engine 366 and an ordinary day coach, P. & R. R. R., Yardley to Trenton Junction, N. J., March 10, 1890.

2.9 miles—2m., engine 3 s and an ordinary day coach, P. & R. R. R., Somerton to Nesboay Falls, N. J., March 10, 1890.

3.1 miles—2m., engine, two parlor cars and dining-room car, P. R. R., Aberdeen to Perryman's, N. J., March 10, 1890.

4.1 miles—3m., engine 366 and an ordinary day coach, P. & R. R. R., Skillman to Belle Mead, N. J., March 10, 1890.

6.1 miles—4m. 30s., engine 355 and an ordinary day coach, P. & R. R. R., Bethayres to Nesboay Falls, N. J., March 10, 1890.

10 miles—8m. 38s., Skillman to Weston, N. J., engine 368 and one ordinary day coach, P. & R. R. R., March 10, 18 0.

14 miles—11m., locomotive Hamilton Davis and six cars, N. Y. Central R. R., 1885.

18 miles—15m., special train conveying the duke of Wellington, Paddington to Slough, England.

27.1 miles—25m., special extra 963 and two cars, Pennsylvania R. R., Morrisville to Germantown Junction, Pa., May 6, 1885.

36.7 miles—34m., special extra 963 and two cars, Pennsylvania R. R., Rahway to Trenton, N. J., May 6, 1885.

44 miles—43m. 30s., special train conveying newspaper correspondents, last 1 1/4 miles in 14m., Washington Junction to Washington, D. C., June 10, 1834.

53 1/4 miles—47m., broad-gauge engine Great Britain, four carriages and vans, Paddington to Uldcot, England, May 11, 1848.

54.9 miles—49m. 30s., engine 300 and one ordinary day coach, P. & R. R. R., Wayne Junction, Pa., to Bound Brook, N. J., March 10, 1890.

59.2 miles—56m., engine 300 and one ordinary day coach, P. & R. R. R., Philadelphia (9th and Green streets) to Bound Brook, N. J., March 10, 1890.

89.4 miles—91m. (actual running time 85m.), special train, engine 366 and one ordinary day coach, P. & R. R. R., 9th and Green streets, Philadelphia, to Jersey City, N. J., March 10, 18 0.

90 miles—1h. 37m. (actual running time 90m.), special extra 163 and two cars, Pennsylvania R. R., Jersey City to Broad street station, Philadelphia, May 6, 1885; 1h. 47m., train 19, engine 733 and six cars, two regular stops, Jersey City, N. J., to Broad street, Philadelphia, Feb. 12, 1890.

111 miles—93m., Fontaine engine and two coaches, Amherstburg to St. Thomas, Canada, May 3, 1831; 100m., locomotive, baggage car, one coach and one Pullman passenger car, St. Thomas to Amherstburg, Sept. 12, 1877.

118 miles—120m., engine No. 10, special palace car; 17 miles (Welland to Victoria) in 14 1/4m.; St. Thomas to Victoria, Canada, 153 miles, Fontaine engine and two coaches, in 261m., May 5, 1881. The schedule time from London to Bristol, England, 118 1/4 miles, by the train known as "The Flying Dutchman," is 123m.

157.74 miles—165m., special train, Niagara Falls to Syracuse, N. Y., March 1, 1873. 158 miles in 178m., West Coast Flyer, London to Crewe, England, Aug. 6, 1888.

180.1 miles—188m., exclusive of stops (no time given including stops), Chicago & Northwestern, Clarence, Iowa, to West Fortieth street, Chicago, April 22, 1891.

228 miles—A Pennsylvania railway train consisting of one Pullman combination car, a parlor car and an observation car made the run from New York to Washington, Nov. 23, 1891, in 4h. 11m. The 11m. was consumed in stops and changing locomotives, making the actual running time 4h., an average of 57 miles an hour.

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228.9 miles—4h, 18m., including stops, A. M. Palmer's special theater train, two parlor cars and a Pullman dining car, Pennsylvania R. R., Jersey City to Washington, D. C., March 10, 1890. Made return trip same day in 4h, 18m.

40 miles—4h, 25m., West Coast Flyer, London to Edinburgh, Scotland, Aug. 6, 1888.

43½ miles—New York to Buffalo, New York Central & Hudson River railroad (actual running time), 1h, 49m., Sept. 14, 1891. The train consisted of engine No. 870, weight 100 tons; private car No. 347, weight 88,500 lbs.; Wagner Palace Car company's private cars Traveler, weight 77,500 lbs., and Marquise, weight 88,000 lbs. Total weight of train, 280 tons, about equal to that of an ordinary passenger train of five cars. The run from New York to Albany, 143 miles, which was made without stop, occupied 140m.; the distance from Albany to Syracuse, 148 miles, was covered in 160m., and that from Syracuse to East Buffalo, 16 miles, in 147m. 48s. The change of engines at Albany required 2m. 28s., the change at Syracuse 2m. 58s., and a hot journal at Fairport occasioned a delay of 1m. 50s. The gross time of the trip from New York to East Buffalo, 43½ miles, was 43m. 49s. (7h, 49m.), including all stops, while the actual running time, exclusive of all stops, was 42m. 44s. (7h, 14m. 10s.) for the 43½ miles. An accurate schedule of the time between stations was kept by a disinterested party. The 4.08 miles between Kirkville and Chittenango were made in 3m.

34s. or at the rate of 68.63 miles an hour. The 5.37 miles between West Batavia and Corfu were made in 4m. 28s., a speed of 74.35 miles an hour. The run from Forks to East Buffalo, 3.35 miles was made in 3m. 36s., a rate of 5.6 miles an hour.

49½ miles—Council Bluffs to Chicago, April 22, 1891, Jay Gould's special train, including baggage car, one ordinary passenger coach, and Mr. Gould's private car. The entire distance was made in a little less than ten hours, including stops, an average of 49.6 miles per hour; actual running time averaged 35.9 miles per hour.

813 miles—23h., (actual running time 19h. 30m.), special train conveying Washington newspaper correspondents from convention, Chicago, Ill., to Washington, D. C., June 7 and 8, 1884.

1,025 miles—Chicago to Denver, Feb. 15, 1897, C. & O. R. R., 1.131 minutes. Actual running time 1,017 minutes, averaging 58.74 miles per hour.

Jersey City to San Francisco, Cal., 38h. 39 m. 30s. Jarrett & Palmer's train, combination passenger, mail and baggage car and Pullman hotel car, June 1 to 4, 1876. No stop between Jersey City and Pittsburg, Pa. Notable performances in 1886 were:

135 miles—25m., including stops, 18m. exclusive of stops, Chicago & Alton, Chicago to Springfield, April 20, 1886.

181 miles—221m., including stops, 210m. exclusive of stops, Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, Rock Island to Chicago, Nov. 8, 1886.

## THE SANITARY DISTRICT OF CHICAGO.

### OFFICERS.

**President**—William Boldenweck.  
**Clerk**—James Reddick.  
**Treasurer**—Fred M. Blount.  
**Chief Engineer**—Isaham Randolph.  
**Attorney**—Frederick W. C. Hayes.  
**Board of Trustees**—William Boldenweck, Joseph C. Braden, Zina R. Carter, Bernard A. Eckhart, Alexander J. Jones, Thomas Kelly, James P. Mallette, Thomas A. Smyth, Frank Wenter.

### RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.

The net receipts and disbursements of the district from organization to Dec. 1, 1897, were as follows:

#### RECEIPTS.

Bond account.....\$11,700,000.00  
Tax account.....11,975,992.06  
Tax levy, 1897.....2,062,807.97

Tax warrants, 1896—Outstanding... \$70,682.29  
Total.....\$25,869,462.31

#### DISBURSEMENTS.

Administration sundries.....\$1,653,261.20  
Construction account.....18,770,855.15  
General account.....858,711.67  
Interest account—Sundries.....1,683,539.68  
Labor account—Section E.....21,659.57  
Labor account—Section E.....12,978.24  
Maintenance account.....50,593.71  
Right of way—Land account.....2,782,579.26  
Streeter & Kenefick.....5,020.02

Total.....\$35,287,639.14  
Cash—Emergency fund, sundries.....12,000.00  
Cash—Treasurer's balance, Dec. 1, 1897.....666,793.17

Grand total.....\$36,869,469.21

## COAL PRODUCT OF UNITED STATES IN 1896 BY STATES.

States.	Short tons.	Total val.
Alabama .....	5,745,617	\$5,171,055
Arkansas .....	669,374	743,677
California and Alaska..	85,776	220,523
Colorado .....	3,139,075	3,630,853
Georgia and N. Carolina	246,359	179,770
Illinois .....	19,786,428	15,869,736
Indiana .....	3,905,779	3,361,737
Indian Territory.....	1,366,646	1,918,115
Iowa .....	3,954,028	4,628,023
Kansas .....	2,764,801	3,175,632
Kentucky .....	3,183,478	2,496,904
Maryland .....	4,143,936	3,299,928
Michigan .....	92,882	150,631
Missouri .....	2,331,542	2,514,194
Montana .....	1,484,445	2,176,123

States.	Short tons.	Total val.
New Mexico.....	622,636	\$980,381
North Dakota.....	78,060	84,908
Ohio .....	12,875,203	10,353,461
Oregon .....	101,721	194,564
Penn. rails—Bituminous	49,101,148	35,024,215
Anthracite .....	53,771,890	81,415,735
Tennessee .....	2,658,606	2,276,795
Texas .....	544,015	596,251
Utah .....	418,627	500,647
Virginia .....	1,254,723	848,851
Washington .....	1,195,504	2,396,078
West Virginia.....	12,876,396	8,336,685
Wyoming and Nebraska	2,223,194	2,918,225
Total .....	190,639,959	\$196,557,649

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69 West Washington Street,  
CHICAGO, ILL.

## NOTABLE CHICAGO BUILDINGS.

Completed, begun or projected in 1890-7.

NAME OF BUILDING.	Location.	Height in stories.	Cost.	Architects.
1897.				
Federal Building.....	Clark and Adams.....	8	\$4,000,000	Henry Ives Cobb.
Wells Building.....	Clark and Harrison.....	10	200,000	Holabird & Roche.
Williams Building.....	Fifth-av. and Monroe.....	10	200,000	Holabird & Roche.
Aldis Building.....	Market and Van Buren.....	8	150,000	Holabird & Roche.
Watson Building.....	84 Wabash-av.....	7	100,000	Holabird & Roche.
Mills-Spooford Building.....	Madison and Clark.....	8	100,000	
1898.				
Merrimac.....	State and Washington.....	12	600,000	D. H. Burnham & Co.
Ill. Trust & Savings Bk. Bldg.	LaSalle and Jackson.....	3	300,000	D. H. Burnham & Co.
Trude Building.....	Wabash and Randolph.....	12	250,000	
Silversmith Building.....	133 to 139 Wabash.....	10	250,000	D. H. Burnham & Co.
Olympic Theater.....	Clark near Randolph.....	10	150,000	John A. Rogers.
Schlesinger & Mayer.....	141-143 Wabash-av.....	4	100,000	Louis H. Sullivan.
Coliseum.....	63d and Illinois Central.....	2	250,000	S. S. Beman.
1899.				
Great Northern Theater.....	Jackson, near Dearborn.....	18	900,000	D. H. Burnham & Co.
Fisher.....	Dearborn and Van Buren.....	18	615,000	D. H. Burnham & Co.
Atwood.....	Clark and Madison.....	10	250,000	Holabird & Roche.
Office Building.....	160 Washington.....	11	225,000	Jarvis Hunt.
Studebaker.....	378-388 Wabash-av.....	10	250,000	S. S. Beman.
Apartment House.....	22d-st. and Indiana-av.....	6	200,000	Fridmore & Stanhope.
The Occidental.....	Market and Washington.....	8	150,000	John M. Van Osdel.
Davies.....	352-356 Dearborn.....	10	150,000	Jenney & Mundie.
Lewis Institute.....	W. Madison and Robey.....	5	215,000	Henry Ives Cobb.
1894.				
Reliance Building.....	Washington and State.....	16	500,000	D. H. Burnham & Co.
Fort Dearborn Building.....	Clark and Monroe.....	12	400,000	Jenney & Mundie.
New Temple of Music.....	Van Buren, near Michigan.....	11	280,000	Perkins & Selby.
Prospect Flats.....	Vincennes-av. and 36th-st.....	7	150,000	J. Speyer.
Ringold Hotel.....	Indiana-av. and 22d-st.....	6	150,000	Henry Ives Cobb.
First Regiment Armory (reb'd)	Michigan-av. and 16th-st.....	3	185,000	D. H. Burnham & Co.
1893.				
Stock Exchange.....	Washington and LaSalle.....	18	1,250,000	Adler & Sullivan.
The Marquette.....	Dearborn and Adams.....	16	1,000,000	Holabird & Roche.
The Champlain.....	State and Madison.....	16	900,000	Holabird & Roche.
New York Life.....	LaSalle and Monroe.....	12	600,000	Jenney & Mundie.
Academy of Sciences.....	Lincoln Park.....	4	75,000	Patton & Fisher.
1892.				
Public Library.....	Dearborn Park.....	3	1,250,000	Shepley, Rutan & Coolidge.
Monadnock Extension.....	Dearborn and Van Buren.....	16	1,000,000	Holabird & Roche.
Auditorium Annex.....	Michigan-av. and Congress-st.....	10	1,000,000	C. J. Warren.
Illinois Central Station.....	Park row.....	7	1,000,000	B. L. Gilbert.
The Columbus.....	State and Washington.....	14	800,000	W. W. Boyington.
Y. M. C. A. Building.....	LaSalle, near Madison.....	13	900,000	Jenney & Mundie.
1891.				
Art Institute.....	Lake Front.....	2	800,000	Shepley, Rutan & Coolidge.
Marshall Field Building.....	Washington and Wabash-av.....	9	800,000	D. H. Burnham.
The Lakota.....	Michigan-av. and 30th-st.....	10	750,000	Beers, Clay & Dutton.
Old Colony.....	Dearborn and Van Buren.....	16	600,000	Holabird & Roche.
Medinah Temple.....	Jackson-st. and 5th-av.....	12	500,000	Beers, Clay & Dutton.
Teutonic.....	Washington-st. and 5th-av.....	10	500,000	J. K. Cady.
Security.....	Madison-st. and 5th-av.....	14	450,000	C. J. Warren.
Criminal Court.....	Michigan-st. and Dearborn-av.....	7	450,000	Otto H. Matt.
The Potomac.....	Michigan-av. and 30th-st.....	8	450,000	J. de Horvath.
Ludington.....	Wabash-av. and Harmon-st.....	8	400,000	Jenney & Mundie.
Chicago University Buildings	Midway Place.....	4	300,000	Henry I. Cobb.
Groveland.....	Groveland-av. and 31st-st.....	8	300,000	Edbrooke & Burnham.
Ellsworth.....	Dearborn, near Harrison.....	14	300,000	J. M. Van Osdel & Co.
Boyce Building.....	112-114 Dearborn.....	12	250,000	Henry I. Cobb.
Mosher Building.....	Wabash-av. and 28th-st.....	8	250,000	Beers, Clay & Dutton.
Mallers Building.....	Market and Jackson.....	7	250,000	Flanders & Zimmerman.
Mayer Building.....	Van Buren and Franklin.....	7	250,000	Adler & Sullivan.
Armour Institute.....	Armour-av. and 33d-st.....	5	250,000	
Wilson Building.....	5th-av. and Jackson-st.....	10	250,000	

WM. D. KERFOOT.

GEO. BIRKHOFF, JR.

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181 Madison-st., Chicago.**

## NOTABLE CHICAGO BUILDINGS.—CONTINUED.

NAME OF BUILDING.	Location.	Height in stories.	Cost.	Architects.
Isabella.	Van Buren, near Wabash-av.	10	\$100,000	Jenney & Mundie.
Vendome Club.	Oglesby-av. and 62d-st.	8	200,000	F. B. Townsend.
Reynolds Apartment Bldg.	Cottage Grove-av. and 52d-st.	7	200,000	J. J. Kouhn.
Corbin Apartment Building.	Cottage Grove-av. and 51st-st.	8	200,000	J. M. Van Osdal & Co.
Van Buren.	Van Buren-st., near 5th-av.	10	250,000	Fland's & Zim'rman
Historical Society Building.	Dearborn-av. and Ontario-st.	24½	130,000	Henry I. Cobb.
Kuh, Nathan & Fischer Bldg.	Franklin and Walton-pl.	7	150,000	C. S. Frost.
Robens Apartment Building.	Cass-st. and Walton-pl.	7	150,000	E. Krause.
Stringfield Building.	Wabash-av. and 12th-st.	8	150,000	J. de Horvath.
Gillespie Building.	331-333 Dearborn	12	150,000	J. J. Egan.
Mineola.	LaSalle-av. and Oak-st.	7	125,000	Fromman & Jensen.
Kedzie Building.	Randolph, near Clark.	8	100,000	E. R. Krause.
Dexter Building.	Adams, near Dearborn.	8	100,000	Mayo & Curry.
Koch Apartment Building.	LaSalle-av. and Locust-st.	6	100,000	E. Krause.
Tattersalls.	Dearborn and 17th.	4	100,000	Lienau & Nash.
Unity.	Dearborn, near Randolph.	16	800,000	C. J. Warren.
Lexington Hotel.	Michigan-av. and 23d-st.	10	750,000	C. J. Warren.
Cook County Abstract.	100 and 102 Washington	16	700,000	Henry I. Cobb.
Ashtland.	Clark and Randolph.	16	650,000	Burnham & Root.
Mecca Apartments.	Dearborn and 34th.	4	600,000	W. J. Edbrooke.
German Theater and Hotel.	105-109 Randolph.	15	600,000	Adler & Sullivan.
Chicago Athletic Association.	Michigan-av., near Madison.	10	600,000	Henry I. Cobb.
Hartford Deposit Co.	Madison and Dearborn.	14	600,000	Henry I. Cobb.
Mrs. S. P. Lee's Building.	147-153 5th-av.	14	400,000	James G. Rogers.
Warren Apartment House.	Clark-st. and North-av.	8	400,000	C. J. Warren.
Venetian.	Washington, near State.	13	350,000	Holabird & Roche.
Chicago University Dormitory and Recitation Hall.	Midway Place	4	350,000	Henry I. Cobb.
Smith.	150-156 W. Madison.	8	350,000	William Strippem'n
American Ex. Co.'s Stables.	Sebor.	4	320,000	Jenney & Mundie.
Leiter.	Wabash-av. between Van Buren and Congress-sts.	8	250,000	Jenney & Mundie.
Waller's.	S. E. cor. Market and Quincy	10	210,000	Fland's & Zim'rman
Kimball.	Harmon-st. and Michigan-av.	7	200,000	Fland's & Zim'rman
N. W. Division High School.	Davis and Potomac.	2	125,000	Fland's & Zim'rman
1890.				
Masonic Temple.	State and Randolph	20	3,000,000	Burnham & Root.
W. C. T. U. Temple.	LaSalle and Monroe.	12	1,000,000	Burnham & Root.
Chicago Hotel.	227-245 Dearborn.	14	1,250,000	Burnham & Root.
Monadnock.	Dearborn and Jackson	16	1,000,000	Burnham & Root.
"The Fair" Building.	State and Adams.	16	3,000,000	W. L. B. Jenney.
Leiter Building.	State and Van Buren.	8	1,250,000	W. L. B. Jenney.
Cold-Storage Exchange.	Lake-st. and the river.	10	2,000,000	Adler & Sullivan.
Grand Central Depot.	Harrison-st. and 5th-av.	7	1,000,000	S. S. Beman.
The Manhattan.	307-321 Dearborn.	16	700,000	W. L. B. Jenney.
Chamber of Commerce.	LaSalle and Washington	13	2,000,000	H. W. Huehl.
First Regiment Armory.	Michigan-av. and 16th-st.	3	150,000	Burnham & Root.
Rand. McNally & Co.	LaSalle and Adams.	10	1,000,000	Burnham & Root.
The Pontiac.	356 Dearborn.	14	350,000	Holabird & Roche.
The Caxton.	Michigan-av. and 23d-st.	12	225,000	Holabird & Roche.
Hotel Metropole.	Michigan-av. and 23d-st.	7	425,000	C. J. Warren.
Newberry Library.	N. Clark and Washington-sq.	5		H. I. Cobb.
Virginia Hotel.	Ohio and Rush.	10	500,000	C. J. Warren.
Aldrich Hotel.	Lake-av. and 23d-st.	7	300,000	C. J. Warren.
Henning & Speed.	228-301 S. Clark.	10	300,000	W. L. B. Jenney.
Fairbank Hotel.	Michigan-av. and 21st-st.	10	450,000	C. J. Warren.
Ald. Kerr's Apartment House.	Washington-av. and 51st-st.	10	400,000	C. J. Warren.

Following is a list of the more important Chicago buildings begun or completed in 1897:

## FEDERAL BUILDING.

The bill for the construction of a new federal building in Chicago passed the house of representatives Jan. 21 and the senate Feb. 6, 1895. It was signed by the president and became a law Feb. 14. The work of building a temporary postoffice and tearing down the old one occasioned much delay, and it was not until the 13th of September, 1897, that actual work upon the foundation of the new structure was begun. In March, 1898, Henry Ives Cobb was appointed architect and in September of that year preliminary sketches and plans were submitted by him. These were accepted without substantial modifica-

tion, though a number of minor changes were made and doubtless more will be made before the building is completed. The first two stories are to be built dash with the inner sidewalk line, with ground dimensions of 321 by 336 feet. The first floor will be lighted from a skylight at the bottom of an ample shaft cut through the second story. Above the second story the building is to be of a cruciform shape, so as to admit of the maximum of light and air. In the center of the cross rise all the elevators and stairways to the eighth story from the ground, while surmounting the whole is a flat-topped dome 190 feet in diameter and 200 feet high. In this it is expected that the weather bureau will be quartered. The building is planned in the Corinthian style throughout. The

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material is to be smooth-dressed, light-gray granite, iron and brick. On the central dome, which is to be gilded, bronze eagles are to be placed, while bronze statuary will fill niches in other parts of the structure. The arrangement of the interior has not been fully decided upon at the time this is written, but ample provision will be made for the federal courts, customs officers and other departments in the upper stories.

The lower floors will, of course, be exclusively devoted to the postal work. Congress appropriated \$4,000,000 for the building.

#### WELLS BUILDING.

The Wells building at the southeast corner of Harrison and Clark streets will, when completed, be ten stories high. The lot is 100 feet square. The exterior will be of pressed brick, with terra-cotta trimmings, and the interior will be of steel skeleton construction. The building will be unusually substantial, some of the floors being designed to carry 150 pounds to the square foot and others a heavier load than that. The equipment so far as heating, lighting and power are concerned will be of a high grade. The building will be provided with passenger and freight elevators and will be heated by steam and lighted by electricity. The building will be devoted to the occupancy of printers and publishers. Holabird & Roche are the architects of the building, the cost of which will be approximately \$200,000. W. A. and E. A. Wells are the owners. They have a lease on the lot from Dr. J. E. Baker for ninety-nine years.

#### WILLIAMS BUILDING.

The Williams building, so named after the owner, Mr. J. M. Williams, is a ten-story structure at the southwest corner of Monroe street and 5th avenue. The lot on which it stands is 50 feet on Monroe street by 125 feet on 5th avenue, with an eleven-foot alley on the west, with larger space at the rear for teaming. The building is in Italian renaissance design, constructed of dark red brick, with terra cotta on front and with plate-glass, and is absolutely fireproof. The foundations are of combined steel and concrete. The building is designed for two tenants, each occupying one-half of the Monroe street front, or for one tenant for the entire building, and is also so arranged that each floor or portion of floors may be leased to separate tenants.

There are two entrances on Monroe street. The entire first story is of terra cotta and iron, with ample plate-glass. The building is provided with two passenger and two freight elevators of the latest improved hydraulic pattern, and is equipped with power plant, heated by steam and lighted by electricity. In construction the building is absolutely fireproof, using flat hollow tile arches and porous tile partitions. The floors throughout the building are of selected maple, and the inside finish is of red oak, finished in dark antique. The basement is lighted with semi-prism glass on the two

street fronts, and the entire building, from basement to ninth floor, inclusive, is plastered and finished complete. Holabird & Roche were the architects. The cost was about \$200,000.

#### ALDIS BUILDING.

The eight-story building at the southeast corner of Market and Van Buren streets was begun early in the summer and completed in December. It stands on a triangular lot 80 by 170 feet in area formerly occupied by a three-story structure which for several years was used by the American Express company. The new building is of the most modern construction, the material chiefly used being iron, pressed brick and glass. It is designed for the wholesale clothing trade and presents no distinctive features. The owners are represented by Owen Aldis. The architects were Holabird & Roche and the cost was about \$150,000.

#### WATSON BUILDING.

The Watson building at 84 Wabash avenue is seven stories high, 24 feet wide and 163 feet deep. There are two elevators, one for passengers and one for freight, both being operated by electricity. The street front is of iron and plate-glass. The alley front is of brick, with small wood mutins dividing large plate-glass. The amount of light in the rear is about equal to that of the front. The transoms are provided with semi-prism glass. The entrance to store and corridor is in mosaic, and the corridor floor is of the same material. The corridor entrance and first-story corridor have marble wainscoting five feet high. The upper corridors are finished with cement wainscoting and will be painted. The floors throughout the building are of maple. The building is arranged for two tenants on a floor if desired, or for one tenant on entire floor or entire building. The building is lighted by electricity and gas. The basement is provided with freight chute, and a large general packing and receiving room will be arranged near the freight elevator in the basement. The walls will be tinted with calcimine. Mrs. Julia M. Watson, represented by Frank M. Elliot, is the owner and Holabird & Roche were the architects. The cost was about \$100,000.

#### MILLS-SPOFFORD BUILDING.

The old Willoughby-Hill building, on the southeast corner of Madison and Clark streets, put up immediately after the fire of 1871, was remodeled and greatly enlarged during the summer and fall of 1897. Four stories were added, making the building eight stories high. The supporting pillars were strengthened and the structure made as nearly fireproof as possible, the construction being of brick, steel, stone and terra cotta. The first floor was divided into stores, while the other seven were made into a hotel of 225 rooms. The cost of the improvement was about \$100,000. D. W. Mills and George W. Spofford are the owners.

### CITIZENS' NONPARTISAN ORGANIZATIONS.

**The Civic Federation of Chicago.**  
215-216 First National Bank Building. Telephone Main 2502.

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#### Citizens' Association of Chicago.

33 Merchants' Building. Telephone Main 1212.

#### OFFICERS.

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#### Municipal Voters' Reform League.

Office, 1206 Marquette Building.

#### OFFICERS.

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#### FUNDED DEBT OF CITY OF CHICAGO.

(Dec. 1, 1897.)

<b>Municipal Bonds—</b>					
3½ per cent.....	\$135,000		3.65 per cent.....	\$392,000	
4 per cent.....	1,670,450		4 per cent.....	1,706,500	
7 per cent.....	1,342,000		6 per cent.....	82,000	
World's Fair bonds.....	4,517,000		4 per cent.....	1,485,000	\$6,939,000
		\$7,664,450			
<b>Sewerage Bonds—</b>			<b>Town of Lake Water B'ds—</b>		
4 per cent.....	2,117,500		5 per cent.....		75,000
4½ per cent.....	480,500		<b>Hyde Park Water Bonds—</b>		
		2,607,000	5 per cent.....		50,000
<b>River Improvement B'ds—</b>			<b>Lake View Water Bonds—</b>		
4 per cent.....	1,842,500		4 per cent.....	50,000	
4 per cent.....	1,265,000		5 per cent.....	23,000	73,000
		2,606,500			
<b>Water Bonds—</b>			<b>Total.....</b>		\$17,012,950
3½ per cent.....	333,500				

#### BONDED INDEBTEDNESS OF COOK COUNTY.

(Dec. 1, 1897.)

KIND OF BONDS.	Date of bonds.	When due.	Amount.
Four per cent refunding bonds, series A.....	May 1, 1890	May 1, 1900	\$1,158,500
Four per cent refunding bonds, series B.....	May 1, 1895	May 1, 1905	800,000
Four per cent funding bonds, expire \$50,000 each year.....	Mar. 1, 1898		550,000
Five per cent courthouse bonds.....	Feb. 1, 1899	Jan. 1, 1899	750,000
Four per cent refunding bonds, 1 to 20 years, series C, expire \$57,500 each year.....	May 1, 1892		1,012,500
<b>Total.....</b>			<b>\$3,971,000</b>

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Columbian Talc Co. }

Paper  
Talc  
Agolite  
Asbestine  
Clay  
Wood Pulp  
Graphite

## POLICE OF CHICAGO.

## STRENGTH OF THE FORCE.

The total number of men constituting the force Dec. 31, 1897, was 3,425, assigned to duty as follows:

General superintendent.....	1
Assistant superintendent.....	1
Superintendent's private secretary.....	1
Secretary, rank of captain.....	1
Inspectors.....	4
Clerks in secretary's office.....	3
Chief clerk of detectives.....	1
Superintendent bureau of identification.....	1
Photographer assistants.....	2
Stenographers.....	1
Printer.....	1
Assistant printer.....	1
Veterinary surgeon.....	61
Assistant veterinary surgeon.....	1
Captains.....	15
Lieutenants.....	56
Lieutenants of detectives.....	2
Sergeants of detectives.....	2
Patrol sergeants.....	98
Detective sergeants.....	61
Desk sergeants.....	108
Retired Haymarket pensioners.....	53
First-class patrolmen for duty on crossings and bridges.....	538
First-class patrolmen for duty on patrol wagons.....	176
First-class patrolmen for patrol duty.....	1,791
Custodian.....	1
Pound-keeper.....	1
Inspectors of vehicles.....	4
Chief operator.....	1
Assistant chief operator.....	1
Operators.....	119
Substitute operators.....	94
Drivers of patrol wagons.....	6
Substitute drivers.....	11
Supply drivers.....	8
Engineers.....	7
Assistant engineers, 8 months.....	29
Janitors.....	10
Hostlers.....	1
Chief matron.....	30
Matrons.....	1
Watchman.....	1

Foreman repair shop.....	1
Painters in shop.....	4
Wagonmakers.....	2
Carpenters.....	7
Blacksmiths.....	3
Blacksmith helpers.....	3
Saddlers and harnessmakers.....	2
Plumber.....	1
Foreman of construction.....	1
Painters and calciminers.....	6
Laborers.....	13
Probationary patrolmen.....	169
Feed inspector.....	1
Total.....	3,425

## ARRESTS AND FINES.

Arrests and amount of fines imposed each month during 1897:

Months.....	Arrests.....	Fines.....
January.....	6,599	\$24,825
February.....	5,569	19,039
March.....	6,421	18,565
April.....	7,869	19,568
May.....	8,493	25,714
June.....	9,234	30,689
July.....	9,576	35,662
August.....	10,115	37,221
September.....	9,547	30,379
October.....	7,613	21,761
November.....	7,651	23,635
December.....	6,360	23,427
Total.....	96,847	304,319

## RECAPITULATION.

Males.....	74,906	Married.....	26,484
Females.....	21,881	Single.....	70,383
Total.....	96,847	Total.....	96,847

## AGES OF PERSONS ARRESTED.


Under 10 years of age.....	826
From 10 to 20 years of age.....	16,683
From 20 to 30 years of age.....	43,420
From 30 to 40 years of age.....	32,409
From 40 to 50 years of age.....	9,234
From 50 to 60 years of age.....	3,270
From 60 to 70 years of age.....	943
From 70 to 80 years of age.....	153
From 80 to 90 years of age.....	12
From 90 to 100 years of age.....	1

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

Number of arrests, amount of fines imposed, value of property reported stolen, value of stolen property recovered, expenditure of the department, etc., each year since 1879.

YEAR ENDED DEC. 31.	Numerical strength of the police force, officers & men.	Number of arrests.	Amount of fines imposed.	Value of property reported stolen.	Value of property recovered.	Expenses of police department.
1879.....	453	27,388	\$305,147.00	\$106,064.71	\$68,370.76	\$445,196.42
1880.....	478	28,480	151,560.00	143,550.41	125,508.36	498,672.38
1881.....	508	31,713	163,937.00	147,444.36	119,504.56	577,037.77
1882.....	557	33,900	159,496.00	134,925.37	91,265.36	659,559.70
1883.....	637	37,187	223,441.00	144,802.04	90,739.06	769,579.06
1884.....	924	39,484	229,220.00	149,897.85	112,943.43	779,721.45
1885.....	924	40,908	202,000.00	152,113.43	106,116.21	1,079,844.74
1886.....	1,082	44,261	302,036.00	161,688.24	149,988.53	1,192,769.65
1887.....	1,145	46,505	259,249.00	210,970.41	168,029.08	1,305,562.67
1888.....	1,255	50,433	305,176.00	222,249.78	196,141.67	1,450,437.40
1889.....	1,334	48,119	375,825.00	318,163.48	206,532.12	1,602,944.60
1890.....	1,900	62,220	363,638.00	376,608.70	248,286.76	2,240,136.90
1891.....	2,306	70,550	464,850.02	369,144.95	309,586.43	2,622,048.45
1892.....	2,726	89,833	615,822.10	437,129.70	319,205.00	3,055,043.82
1893.....	3,139	96,676	623,359.00	556,330.15	394,139.88	3,550,557.90
1894.....	3,193	96,323	453,340.00	545,710.00	392,063.14	3,648,906.17
1895.....	2,860	88,464	301,555.00	501,523.90	390,246.22	3,421,813.68
1896.....	3,038	96,847	300,319.00	458,428.26	429,593.00	

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CHICAGO—J. HARPER BONNELL CO.—NEW YORK

**VALUE OF PROPERTY REPORTED STOLEN AND VALUE OF LOST  
AND STOLEN PROPERTY RECOVERED.—1896.**

MONTHS.	Value of property reported stolen.	Value of all prop- erty recovered and returned.	Value of property recovered, not in- cluding horses and vehicles.
January.....	\$39,745.05	\$39,420.00	\$17,945.00
February.....	28,887.55	33,245.00	15,845.00
March.....	34,331.70	37,375.00	23,575.00
April.....	38,055.95	31,300.00	18,478.00
May.....	36,063.50	32,005.00	19,885.00
June.....	37,108.40	35,455.00	23,070.00
July.....	40,087.70	34,185.00	24,774.00
August.....	28,774.65	24,405.00	8,870.00
September.....	35,026.00	48,482.00	36,053.00
October.....	40,977.70	40,740.00	21,220.00
November.....	41,462.05	35,620.00	16,005.00
December.....	35,955.10	37,150.00	30,780.00
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>\$453,428.95</b>	<b>\$429,822.00</b>	<b>\$245,979.00</b>

**CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES.**

	1895.	1896.		1895.	1896.
<i>Charges.</i>			Inmates of assignment house..	92	53
Abandonment .....	232	219	Inmates of disorderly house..	205	105
Abduction .....	32	24	Inmates of gaming house.....	2,535	1,892
Abortion .....	5	3	Inmates of house of ill fame..	5,547	2,894
Accessory to murder.....	14	14	Inmates of opium den.....	523	1,112
Accessory to assault.....	9	16	Interfering with officer in dis- charge of duty.....	43	24
Accessory to burglary.....	105	70	Intimidation .....	15	5
Accessory to larceny.....	344	373	Keeping assignment house.....	15	9
Accessory to robbery.....	123	122	Keeping a disorderly house.....	30	23
Adultery .....	135	122	Keeping a gaming house.....	310	300
Arson .....			Keeping a house of ill fame..	241	210
Assault .....	4,923	4,231	Kidnaping .....	14	11
Assaulting an officer.....	2	2	Larceny .....	6,780	6,600
Assault with a deadly weapon.	606	504	Larceny as baillee.....	459	442
Assault with intent to commit rape .....	110	74	Leaving team unhitched.....	2	15
Assault with intent to rob.....	149	111	Lounging on street corners.....	194	222
Assault with intent to kill.....	607	544	Malicious mischief.....	602	423
Assault with intent to do bod- ily injury.....	571	607	Manslaughter .....	6	25
Attempted murder.....	3	4	Mayhem .....	40	60
Attempt to commit larceny.....	31	26	Murder .....	29	23
Attempt to commit burglary.....	192	166	Obstructing street cars.....	62	34
Bastardy .....	123	136	Obtaining goods under false pretenses .....	101	112
Bigamy .....	40	50	Obtaining money under false pretenses .....	550	287
Burglary .....	1,947	1,985	Passing counterfeit money.....	11	24
Carrying concealed weapons...	1,084	1,115	Peddling without license.....	232	261
Cock fighting.....	69	154	Perjury .....	43	21
Compounding a felony.....	1	1	Prize fighting.....	11	78
Conspiracy .....	23	12	Rape .....	106	77
Contempt of court.....	16	7	Receiving stolen property.....	421	301
Counterfeiting .....	2	2	Representing himself an officer	63	30
Criminal carelessness.....	19	22	Resisting an officer.....	911	863
Crime against nature.....	12	12	Riot .....	40	37
Cruelty to animals.....	74	72	Robbery .....	1,032	1,099
Cruelty to children.....	22	9	Selling liquor to drunkards....	19	15
Destitute .....	3	7	Selling liquor to m'ns.....	21	27
Disorderly .....	50,641	44,450	Shooting inside of city limits..	265	265
Distributing obscene literature	1	7	Swindling .....	202	174
Dog fighting.....	2	.....	Threats .....	1,699	1,537
Doing business without a li- cense .....	369	553	Vagrancy .....	1,933	1,197
Embezzlement .....	150	129	Violation of minor ordinances..	7,329	6,190
Exposing person.....	125	132			
Extortion by threats.....	1	2	<b>Total.....</b>	<b>96,847</b>	<b>83,464</b>
Fast driving.....	85	104			
Forgery .....	122	73	<b>NATIONALITY OF PERSONS ARRESTED.</b>		
Fugitives from justice.....	30	22			
Having burglar's tools.....	15	6	Algerians .....	186	186
Having gaming devices.....	4	3	Americans .....	56,264	47,597
Horse stealing.....	6	.....	Americans (colored).....	9,490	8,106
Illegal voting.....	19	1	Arabians .....	39	13
Incest .....	7	5	Australians .....	22	2

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**Surplus \$1,000,000**

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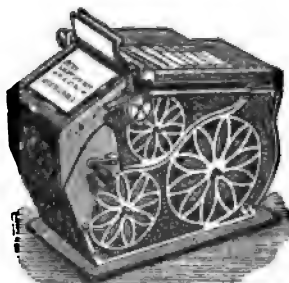
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	1896.	1895.		1896.	1895.
Austrians .....	411	264	Italians .....	1,540	1,237
Bohemians .....	1,060	1,061	Irish .....	5,709	5,549
Belgians .....	60	41	Japanese .....	4	9
Canadians .....	1,130	958	Mexicans .....	13	14
Chinese .....	714	661	Norwegians .....	826	716
Cubans .....	5	.....	Polanders .....	2,998	2,406
Danes .....	343	332	Portuguese .....	17	10
East Indians .....	1	2	Russians .....	1,430	1,254
English .....	1,099	1,129	Swedes .....	1,831	1,725
Finnlanders .....	15	18	Scotch .....	478	643
French .....	930	748	Spanish .....	26	33
Germans .....	3,957	7,994	Swiss .....	73	60
Greeks .....	593	458	Turks .....	13	4
Hollanders .....	161	120	Welsh .....	55	49
Hungarians .....	173	107			
Indians .....	29	5	Total .....	96,847	83,464

## CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE STATISTICS.

The following shows the lowest and highest prices for grain and produce in the Chicago market for the last 30 years and the months in which extreme prices were reached:

WHEAT.				WHEAT.			
YEARS.	Lowest in	Range.	Highest in	YEARS.	Lowest in	Range.	Highest in
1867.....	Aug.....	\$1.04 1/2 @ 2.20	May.....	1893.....	Oct.....	\$ .80 1/2 @ .90	June.....
1868.....	Nov.....	.76 1/2 @ 2.47	July.....	1894.....	Dec.....	.73 1/2 @ .91 1/2	Feb.....
1869.....	Dec.....	.73 1/2 @ 1.31 1/2	Aug.....	1895.....	Mar.....	.69 1/2 @ .84 1/2	Apr.....
1870.....	Apr.....	.99 1/2 @ 1.32	July.....	1896.....	Oct.....	.89 1/2 @ .94 1/2	Jan.....
1871.....	Aug.....	1.01 @ 1.61	Feb. & Apr. & Sep.	1897.....	Aug.....	.64 @ .92 1/2	June.....
1872.....	Nov.....	.89 @ 1.46	Aug.....	1898.....	Apr.....	.71 1/2 @ 2.00	Sept.....
1873.....	Sept.....	.81 1/2 @ 1.28	July.....	1899.....	June.....	.75 1/2 @ 1.09 1/2	Feb.....
1874.....	Oct.....	.83 1/2 @ 1.39 1/2	April.....	1900.....	Feb.....	.74 1/2 @ 1.06 1/2	Aug.....
1875.....	Feb.....	.88 @ 1.29 1/2	Aug.....	1901.....	July.....	.86 @ 1.16	Apr.....
1876.....	July.....	1.01 1/2 @ 1.76 1/2	Dec.....	1902.....	Oct.....	.69 1/2 @ .91 1/2	Feb.....
1877.....	Aug.....	.77 @ 1.14	May.....	1903.....	July.....	.54 @ .58	April.....
1878.....	Oct.....	.81 1/2 @ 1.33 1/2	April.....	1904.....	Sept.....	.50 @ .63 1/2	April.....
1879.....	Jan.....	.86 1/2 @ 1.33	Dec.....	1905.....	Jan.....	.49 1/2 @ .58 1/2	June.....
1880.....	Aug.....	.95 1/2 @ 1.43 1/2	Jan.....	1906.....	Aug.....	.58 @ .59 1/2	Nov.....
1881.....	Jan.....	.91 1/2 @ 1.40	Oct.....	1907, Dec. 1.....	Apr.....	.64 1/2 @ 1.17 1/2	Aug.....
1882.....	Dec.....	.90 @ 1.13 1/2	Apr. & May.....				

CORN.				OATS.			
YEARS.	Lowest in	Range.	Highest in	YEARS.	Lowest in	Range.	Highest in
1867.....	March.....	\$ .56 1/2 @ 1.12	Oct.....	Aug.....	\$ .38 1/2 @ .90	June.....	
1868.....	Jan.....	.52 @ 1.02 1/2	Aug.....	Oct.....	.41 1/2 @ .74	May.....	
1869.....	Dec.....	.44 @ .97 1/2	Aug.....	Oct.....	.35 1/2 @ .75	July.....	
1870.....	Dec.....	.45 @ .94 1/2	May.....	Sept.....	.37 1/2 @ .80 1/2	May.....	
1871.....	Dec.....	.39 1/2 @ .50 1/2	Mar. & May.....	Aug.....	.37 @ .51 1/2	Mar. & Apr.....	
1872.....	Oct.....	.29 1/2 @ .49 1/2	May.....	Oct. & Nov.....	.37 1/2 @ .43 1/2	June.....	
1873.....	June.....	.37 @ .54 1/2	Dec.....	Apr.....	.29 1/2 @ .40 1/2	Dec.....	
1874.....	Jan.....	.49 @ .86	Sept.....	Aug.....	.37 1/2 @ .71	July.....	
1875.....	Dec.....	.45 1/2 @ .70 1/2	May & July.....	Dec.....	.39 1/2 @ .64 1/2	May.....	
1876.....	Feb.....	.38 1/2 @ .49	May.....	July.....	.37 @ .38	Sept.....	
1877.....	March.....	.37 1/2 @ .58	April.....	Aug.....	.32 @ .43 1/2	May.....	
1878.....	Dec.....	.29 1/2 @ .49 1/2	March.....	Oct.....	.18 @ .37 1/2	July.....	
1879.....	Jan.....	.29 1/2 @ .49	Oct.....	Jan.....	.19 1/2 @ .39 1/2	Dec.....	
1880.....	April.....	.31 1/2 @ .45 1/2	Nov.....	Aug.....	.22 1/2 @ .35	Jan. & May.....	
1881.....	Feb.....	.35 1/2 @ .70 1/2	Oct.....	Feb.....	.23 1/2 @ .47 1/2	June.....	
1882.....	Dec.....	.49 1/2 @ .81 1/2	July.....	Sept.....	.20 1/2 @ .32	July.....	
1883.....	Oct.....	.46 @ .70	Jan.....	Sept.....	.25 @ .43 1/2	Mar.....	
1884.....	Dec.....	.34 1/2 @ .87	Sept.....	Dec.....	.23 @ .34 1/2	Apr.....	
1885.....	Jan.....	.34 1/2 @ .49	April & May.....	Sept.....	.24 1/2 @ .30 1/2	Apr.....	
1886.....	Oct.....	.33 1/2 @ .45	July.....	Oct.....	.22 1/2 @ .35	Jan.....	
1887.....	Feb.....	.38 @ .51 1/2	Dec.....	Mar. & Apr.....	.26 1/2 @ .31 1/2	Dec.....	
1888.....	Dec.....	.33 1/2 @ .60	May.....	Sept.....	.25 1/2 @ .37 1/2	May.....	
1889.....	Dec.....	.29 1/2 @ .61	Nov.....	Oct.....	.17 1/2 @ .29 1/2	Feb.....	
1890.....	Feb.....	.27 1/2 @ .53 1/2	Nov.....	Feb.....	.19 1/2 @ .48	Nov.....	
1891.....	Jan.....	.47 1/2 @ .75 1/2	Apr.....	Oct.....	.25 1/2 @ .57 1/2	Apr.....	
1892.....	March.....	.33 1/2 @ 1.00	May.....	March.....	.27 @ .35 1/2	June.....	
1893.....	Nov.....	.35 @ .44 1/2	Feb.....	Aug.....	.22 @ .35	Jan. & May.....	
1894.....	Jan. & Feb.....	.34 @ .50 1/2	Aug.....	Jan.....	.27 @ .50	June.....	
1895.....	Dec.....	.26 1/2 @ .55 1/2	May.....	Dec.....	.16 1/2 @ .31 1/2	June.....	
1896.....	Sept.....	.19 1/2 @ .30 1/2	Apr.....	Sept.....	.14 1/2 @ .30 1/2	Feb.....	
1897, Dec. 1.....	Jan. & Feb.....	.21 1/2 @ .32 1/2	Aug.....	Feb.....	.15 1/2 @ .32 1/2	Nov.....	

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## CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE STATISTICS.—CONTINUED.

YEARS.	LARD.			MESS PORK.		
	Lowest in	Range.	Highest in	Lowest in	Range.	Highest in
1867	Jan. & July.	\$11.25 @ \$13.75	Aug.	Jan.	\$18.00 @ \$21.50	Sept.
1868	Jan.	11.75 @ 13.50	May & Sept.	Jan.	19.50 @ 20.00	Oct.
1869	Oct. & Nov.	16.25 @ 20.75	Feb.	Jan.	27.00 @ 34.00	June & Aug.
1870	Dec.	11.00 @ 17.25	Jan.	Dec.	18.00 @ 30.50	July.
1871	Nov. & Dec.	8.37 @ 13.00	Feb.	Aug.	12.00 @ 23.00	Jan.
1872	Dec.	7.00 @ 11.50	July.	Nov.	11.00 @ 16.00	July.
1873	Nov.	6.50 @ 9.37	Apr.	Nov.	11.00 @ 18.00	Apr. & May.
1874	Jan.	8.20 @ 15.50	Oct.	Jan. Feb. Mar.	13.75 @ 23.75	Aug.
1875	Nov.	11.80 @ 15.75	Apr. & May.	Jan.	17.70 @ 23.00	Oct.
1876	Sept.	9.55 @ 13.85	Mar. & Apr.	Oct.	15.20 @ 22.75	Apr.
1877	Dec.	7.55 @ 11.55	Jan.	Dec.	11.40 @ 17.85	Jan.
1878	Dec.	5.82 @ 7.80	Aug.	Dec.	6.02 @ 11.35	Jan.
1879	Aug.	5.30 @ 7.75	Dec.	Jan.	7.27 @ 13.75	Dec.
1880	June	6.35 @ 7.55	Nov.	Apr.	9.37 @ 19.00	Oct.
1881	Feb.	9.30 @ 13.00	July	Jan.	12.40 @ 20.00	Sept.
1882	May	10.05 @ 13.10	Oct.	Mar.	16.00 @ 24.75	Oct.
1883	Oct.	7.15 @ 12.10	May.	Sept. & Oct.	10.20 @ 20.15	May. [July.
1884	Dec.	6.45 @ 10.00	Feb.	Dec.	10.55 @ 19.50	May. June &
1885	Oct.	5.82 @ 7.10	Feb. & Apr.	Oct. & Nov.	8.00 @ 13.25	Feb.
1886	May.	5.82 @ 7.70	Sept.	May.	8.30 @ 13.20	Dec.
1887	June & Oct.	6.20 @ 7.92	Dec.	Jan.	11.00 @ 24.00	May.
1888	Jan.	7.25 @ 11.20	Oct.	Dec.	12.00 @ 16.00	Oct.
1889	Dec.	6.75 @ 7.55	Jan.	Dec.	9.00 @ 13.37	Jan.
1890	Dec.	5.50 @ 8.52	Apr.	Dec.	7.50 @ 13.82	Apr.
1891	Feb.	5.47 @ 7.15	Sept.	Nov.	8.20 @ 13.00	Dec.
1892	Jan.	8.05 @ 10.50	Nov. & Dec.	April.	9.27 @ 15.05	May.
1893	Aug.	6.37 @ 8.20	March	Aug.	10.27 @ 21.80	May.
1894	March	6.45 @ 9.05	Sept.	March.	10.60 @ 14.57	Sept.
1895	Dec.	6.15 @ 7.17	March	Dec.	7.40 @ 12.37	May.
1896	July.	3.45 @ 5.85	Jan.	Aug.	5.50 @ 10.5	Jan.
1897	Dec. 1.	3.12 @ 4.00	Sept.	Nov.	7.20 @ 9.00	Sept.

## CHICAGO GRAIN INSPECTION.

Inspection on Arrival—Comparative statement of inspection from 1883 to 1897 inclusive.

YR.	Cars. No.	Boats. No.	W. wheat. Bushels.	S. wheat. Bushels.	Corn. Bushels.	Oats. Bushels.	Rye. Bushels.	Barley. Bushels.	Total. Bushels.
1883	235,218	477	6,963,091	18,010,066	72,288,360	38,592,184	4,980,600	6,824,316	137,418,846
1884	210,822	851	7,718,424	16,782,273	51,900,308	39,683,800	3,752,180	6,755,827	128,648,363
1885	212,270	460	2,554,848	24,024,972	56,709,083	38,890,000	1,798,951	8,082,764	131,779,960
1886	201,108	450	5,500,004	10,044,314	68,477,896	42,884,082	1,104,390	10,282,980	131,231,452
1887	189,180	508	6,500,073	17,007,375	50,700,476	45,874,724	862,334	9,462,000	130,397,009
1888	211,818	841	7,756,135	10,191,084	68,301,548	45,871,087	2,567,782	8,521,544	147,344,840
1889	249,353	362	12,605,186	4,754,580	84,715,500	56,708,512	9,205,163	17,670,447	178,070,447
1890	272,946	610	9,180,048	9,890,484	94,001,620	74,606,342	3,065,129	13,378,080	204,506,701
1891	277,216	422	27,706,776	15,167,188	68,288,523	75,400,372	8,135,375	11,042,168	205,836,347
1892	320,572	889	34,228,598	22,080,906	96,150,535	85,779,164	3,972,960	13,851,020	246,726,343
1893	271,041	881	17,414,308	23,732,064	85,135,925	75,294,700	1,508,863	12,662,400	215,898,345
1894	217,207	358	27,301,000	4,065,360	71,500,720	65,960,650	980,550	11,896,775	181,092,455
1895	264,616	557	11,024,128	9,751,517	71,782,278	76,300,860	1,166,208	9,578,184	179,695,105
1896	306,445	722	13,642,409	22,480,117	109,001,030	108,184,406	2,231,057	10,845,807	264,215,896
1897	310,159	900	11,087,789	11,581,708	122,768,456	118,741,310	3,700,636	14,577,802	277,386,365

Inspection from Store—Comparative statement of out-inspection from 1883 to 1897 inclusive.

YEAR.	Winter wheat. Bushels.	Spring wheat. Bushels.	Corn. Bushels.	Oats. Bushels.	Rye. Bushels.	Barley. Bushels.	Total. Bushels.	Combined totals of in and out inspection.
1883	5,201,303	5,565,521	52,301,148	6,415,597	3,190,923	744,086	73,797,578	211,215,444
1884	4,441,460	12,506,124	30,657,783	6,621,698	2,837,022	1,266,091	68,880,778	187,472,140
1885	1,501,085	7,715,090	41,681,591	3,605,687	789,200	298,790	45,578,922	177,266,893
1886	2,648,956	10,500,918	41,645,620	4,765,724	636,174	1,052,913	61,249,805	192,778,757
1887	6,019,371	17,542,828	39,843,323	10,153,570	394,948	1,044,871	75,089,411	205,886,480
1888	3,090,561	6,265,790	46,754,284	14,819,254	1,615,942	1,157,683	72,672,394	217,890,368
1889	9,154,010	3,857,273	65,617,282	20,082,531	1,770,381	1,399,573	104,156,949	276,527,456
1890	4,108,468	4,080,471	57,285,584	16,889,843	1,685,858	1,768,839	85,744,408	260,351,136
1891	26,127,995	8,488,506	41,318,503	14,161,975	5,672,607	2,070,177	94,309,663	300,946,389
1892	21,979,222	16,768,773	46,149,865	18,844,439	2,133,179	1,504,643	107,917,619	185,648,928
1893	17,183,320	10,911,213	62,014,463	16,064,746	676,180	1,380,529	108,190,508	234,058,747
1894	7,246,455	12,075,393	40,284,163	10,143,142	228,896	983,556	71,812,432	263,001,987
1895	15,890,908	3,208,447	49,640,871	16,428,089	307,754	601,421	90,642,420	295,727,555
1896	17,628,879	10,026,573	72,578,450	17,920,581	881,556	947,398	120,985,036	264,880,453
1897	11,288,913	24,892,404	87,764,160	20,767,610	3,110,677	1,174,249	149,933,609	298,299,715

## CIRCULATION CHICAGO DAILY NEWS.

1877.

Day	Jan.	Feb.	March	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1....	H'd' day	14,474	17,376	Sund'y	21,744	21,604	Sund'y	28,555	25,605	25,407	22,018	24,409
2....	9,305	14,239	16,722	16,561	20,792	21,926	23,756	28,498	Sund'y	24,925	21,124	Sund'y
3....	9,790	15,233	16,063	16,901	21,284	Sund'y	24,563	30,281	24,158	25,122	22,235	23,663
4....	11,088	Sund'y	Sund'y	16,213	21,192	20,427	H'd' y	27,970	23,626	26,361	Sund'y	25,487
5....	11,242	13,665	16,052	16,712	21,672	21,321	18,958	Sund'y	23,560	24,199	19,799	26,214
6....	11,234	14,528	16,647	16,562	Sund'y	22,536	23,061	25,176	25,490	24,946	26,724	2,042
7....	Sund'y	14,468	17,496	16,916	18,440	21,630	24,056	26,612	25,629	Sund'y	25,698	26,322
8....	7,459	16,229	14,143	Sund'y	20,208	21,780	Sund'y	25,988	23,940	22,135	19,233	25,751
9....	9,051	14,915	16,462	15,978	19,536	20,840	23,005	26,003	Sund'y	19,317	24,067	Sund'y
10....	10,999	3,810	18,456	16,568	20,952	Sund'y	25,883	26,015	22,027	21,508	22,829	25,507
11....	9,994	Sund'y	Sund'y	21,210	20,400	20,825	26,262	25,009	25,416	22,464	Sund'y	27,393
12....	10,301	12,062	13,198	18,064	22,512	22,019	26,242	Sund'y	25,011	22,042	22,654	28,891
13....	11,175	12,989	17,253	17,692	Sund'y	22,190	26,704	23,700	24,469	23,231	23,054	26,208
14....	Sund'y	14,168	17,077	20,928	19,800	22,746	26,819	25,202	23,972	Sund'y	27,224	27,822
15....	9,076	14,980	16,862	16,820	19,128	22,847	Sund'y	24,862	24,406	22,244	22,131	28,593
16....	9,993	16,900	15,351	16,845	20,424	23,330	26,068	25,912	Sund'y	22,911	28,376	Sund'y
17....	10,754	17,974	15,045	17,340	20,544	Sund'y	26,192	25,617	22,735	21,975	25,720	27,769
18....	12,050	Sund'y	Sund'y	18,143	20,494	20,607	24,533	23,012	21,207	Sund'y	26,310	27,769
19....	13,085	14,491	16,366	18,135	21,240	22,408	26,981	Sund'y	23,895	18,857	22,617	27,106
20....	12,162	15,777	14,419	18,540	Sund'y	23,254	26,000	23,700	26,699	23,099	23,474	27,114
21....	Sund'y	16,905	16,624	20,007	20,206	25,413	29,600	24,019	24,818	Sund'y	21,518	27,553
22....	11,483	16,911	17,694	Sund'y	20,544	26,158	Sund'y	23,867	25,902	23,192	24,991	27,000
23....	11,440	15,949	17,075	15,696	20,472	24,484	55,336	20,994	Sund'y	26,513	27,358	Sund'y
24....	12,440	17,386	15,427	18,250	21,120	Sund'y	61,838	23,997	31,856	24,911	26,329	25,993
25....	12,986	Sund'y	Sund'y	19,019	21,500	21,824	74,015	22,834	27,600	23,707	Sund'y	Chrm's
26....	13,309	15,223	16,529	19,283	23,046	23,632	72,593	Sund'y	26,165	24,735	26,053	25,773
27....	14,564	16,537	16,724	19,300	Sund'y	24,063	77,553	21,867	27,366	24,104	26,236	26,975
28....	Sund'y	16,568	17,139	19,176	20,680	25,224	41,535	23,319	26,977	Sund'y	26,670	27,063
29....	14,487	16,939	18,039	Sund'y	21,698	24,364	Sund'y	27,490	27,927	23,766	Th'n'g	27,073
30....	14,561	17,199	19,661	20,040	24,014	35,700	26,964	Sund'y	23,018	23,953	Sund'y	27,270
31....	14,256	17,202	21,144	.....	.....	31,165	26,206	.....	23,435	.....	.....	.....
Total	297,179	350,195	443,201	490,210	559,318	592,008	883,011	684,890	632,100	629,446	610,997	667,895
Avg	11,429	16,414	16,414	18,404	20,715	22,769	38,330	25,396	25,201	22,312	24,439	26,711

TOTAL ISSUE FOR 1877, 6,806,428 COPIES.

DAILY AVERAGE, 22,087 COPIES.

1878.

Day	Jan.	Feb.	March	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1....	H'd' y	22,036	39,631	37,671	37,850	39,294	40,708	41,824	Sund'y	38,500	37,896	Sund'y
2....	26,238	24,420	38,073	40,844	37,416	Sund'y	46,856	42,970	38,750	39,853	38,200	37,006
3....	26,430	Sund'y	Sund'y	40,169	38,734	37,973	44,833	41,064	39,077	37,529	Sund'y	36,526
4....	25,684	33,021	38,156	38,673	39,879	38,540	H'd' y	40,974	34,814	37,676	36,967	.....
5....	23,486	37,569	38,420	38,507	Sund'y	39,569	42,840	40,651	41,003	42,410	41,327	37,310
6....	Sund'y	34,403	37,682	40,210	38,374	38,591	42,074	41,062	40,602	Sund'y	42,135	38,062
7....	23,566	35,061	38,021	Sund'y	38,328	38,643	Sund'y	41,649	41,313	38,555	39,715	38,839
8....	23,174	35,634	37,074	37,153	38,092	38,469	41,900	41,337	Sund'y	40,626	39,323	39,839
9....	26,253	34,102	37,632	36,613	39,200	Sund'y	42,200	41,992	39,192	42,191	29,218	36,562
10....	27,077	Sund'y	Sund'y	37,436	39,021	37,973	42,025	40,508	40,115	40,729	Sund'y	37,356
11....	26,359	34,563	39,703	38,391	39,440	38,953	41,848	Sund'y	39,899	41,566	37,874	37,653
12....	27,050	35,402	36,953	38,395	Sund'y	39,883	46,859	38,776	42,022	37,799	37,017	.....
13....	Sund'y	37,731	36,180	38,009	38,148	39,962	47,257	40,747	40,114	Sund'y	38,623	37,327
14....	28,265	38,361	36,032	Sund'y	38,435	42,928	Sund'y	40,387	41,243	37,750	38,302	37,883
15....	27,396	36,528	36,655	36,862	38,223	40,960	44,330	40,343	Sund'y	38,153	36,217	Sund'y
16....	28,034	39,079	37,160	37,715	39,620	Sund'y	43,343	40,635	38,709	37,015	38,806	37,713
17....	28,650	Sund'y	Sund'y	37,549	39,718	41,906	43,044	40,237	38,633	37,800	Sund'y	37,787
18....	28,371	37,046	36,198	36,709	37,484	41,951	44,657	Sund'y	38,000	38,344	42,982	37,347
19....	30,403	36,888	36,725	37,149	Sund'y	42,096	41,077	41,421	38,828	38,281	38,067	39,400
20....	Sund'y	38,235	37,480	38,008	37,967	43,525	43,219	41,442	38,569	Sund'y	40,133	36,714
21....	29,290	37,890	37,072	Sund'y	39,577	62,732	Sund'y	41,692	39,588	39,964	38,111	36,070
22....	30,044	38,606	37,517	38,755	38,455	46,401	43,851	42,217	Sund'y	37,006	43,053	.....
23....	29,758	41,351	39,864	39,119	38,172	48,853	45,853	38,746	42,642	38,359	38,859	35,662
24....	30,500	Sund'y	Sund'y	39,887	37,434	42,803	44,723	40,639	38,808	38,480	Sund'y	38,890
25....	31,947	40,765	38,736	34,678	39,214	40,654	42,683	Sund'y	36,542	37,347	45,815	Chrm's
26....	32,574	29,483	38,667	36,448	Sund'y	39,764	43,734	39,580	39,003	38,408	38,193	34,337
27....	Sund'y	39,432	37,682	38,053	38,090	39,925	44,713	39,094	38,039	Sund'y	37,606	35,598
28....	30,042	39,546	38,386	Sund'y	38,346	38,628	Sund'y	40,621	36,494	H'd' y	37,402	.....
29....	31,450	.....	41,191	41,611	38,872	39,292	41,963	40,574	Sund'y	36,875	37,872	Sund'y
30....	31,943	.....	38,403	39,101	36,505	Sund'y	43,694	39,085	38,063	37,027	38,705	36,213
31....	29,541	.....	Sund'y	.....	38,367	.....	44,039	40,590	.....	37,367	.....	36,827
Total	738,578	888,456	981,147	984,504	1,005,417	1,068,551	1,139,003	1,104,601	984,293	1,046,983	984,905	920,426
Avg	23,809	27,019	27,739	27,867	28,748	33,743	40,844	40,911	39,571	38,777	39,360	36,817

TOTAL ISSUE FOR 1878, 11,577,426 COPIES.

DAILY AVERAGE, 38,214 COPIES.

1879.

Day.	Jan.	Feb.	March	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1....	H'd'ay	41,505	44,573	47,433	47,233	Sund'y	48,846	48,216	44,761	44,300	43,399	45,479
2....	29,619	Sund'y	44,573	46,139	47,512	48,741	48,895	48,780	44,717	43,879	Sund'y	44,668
3....	31,406	40,702	45,440	44,799	47,336	48,643	47,914	Sund'y	44,530	45,238	44,306	44,561
4....	37,126	41,522	45,419	42,119	Sund'y	47,802	H'd'ay	47,391	44,883	44,079	43,837	44,706
5....	Sund'y	41,511	45,144	46,850	46,631	47,396	49,547	47,367	45,741	Sund'y	47,093	44,592
6....	35,316	41,292	46,375	Sund'y	46,583	47,254	Sund'y	46,638	45,473	44,430	44,172	46,556
7....	36,783	41,004	45,392	44,836	47,204	48,042	46,438	47,890	Sund'y	45,721	46,112	Sund'y
8....	37,131	45,369	46,357	44,510	47,381	Sund'y	48,040	47,433	45,648	45,030	45,063	44,982
9....	37,305	Sund'y	45,304	47,446	48,281	48,019	47,772	45,884	42,258	Sund'y	45,077	45,306
10....	37,076	40,882	45,144	44,628	47,399	48,251	47,731	Sund'y	44,543	45,385	45,941	45,074
11....	38,925	39,596	40,845	45,498	Sund'y	49,835	46,912	48,389	44,431	44,046	45,219	44,874
12....	Sund'y	40,338	48,556	46,905	45,920	48,921	48,731	48,397	44,410	Sund'y	42,855	43,518
13....	37,817	39,523	40,430	Sund'y	46,037	49,072	Sund'y	46,346	44,685	44,496	46,422	46,035
14....	38,172	38,725	48,019	44,889	45,943	51,016	45,700	46,137	Sund'y	43,498	46,630	Sund'y
15....	34,980	40,550	50,543	45,520	46,670	Sund'y	46,056	45,722	43,901	42,246	46,774	44,277
16....	38,441	Sund'y	Sund'y	46,117	47,045	47,473	46,854	45,413	42,129	45,167	Sund'y	44,164
17....	38,711	40,523	43,855	46,303	48,178	48,940	48,105	48,900	45,386	45,370	45,829	44,299
18....	38,076	41,007	46,976	47,375	Sund'y	48,506	46,678	46,078	43,960	43,652	44,082	43,975
19....	Sund'y	41,070	46,592	49,436	46,515	49,574	48,161	45,015	44,179	Sund'y	45,079	44,221
20....	34,150	41,872	45,004	Sund'y	45,981	49,291	Sund'y	45,650	45,730	44,761	45,797	45,738
21....	40,179	42,386	46,236	47,071	46,670	49,270	45,710	44,373	44,541	44,781	Sund'y	45,781
22....	40,278	43,967	47,306	47,959	46,063	Sund'y	47,450	46,315	44,755	45,880	44,581	45,158
23....	41,231	Sund'y	Sund'y	47,377	45,507	50,529	47,712	47,441	42,978	43,221	Sund'y	46,087
24....	40,404	42,050	46,051	47,463	47,115	49,488	47,422	Sund'y	44,661	45,877	44,380	43,575
25....	41,918	42,557	46,190	47,011	Sund'y	50,708	47,007	44,505	46,925	43,133	44,981	Chrm's
26....	Sund'y	41,089	45,351	50,047	46,106	51,005	48,300	45,505	44,672	Sund'y	43,994	40,958
27....	42,454	42,255	45,525	Sund'y	46,286	50,525	Sund'y	46,389	43,923	43,702	Th'k'g	44,371
28....	42,960	43,441	44,892	48,775	46,275	55,469	46,229	44,829	Sund'y	45,246	44,885	Sund'y
29....	42,793	.....	46,637	48,342	48,574	Sund'y	46,408	46,233	44,244	45,108	45,234	46,443
30....	43,064	.....	Sund'y	48,215	48,244	49,982	47,306	47,033	43,072	44,963	Sund'y	45,786
31....	42,411	.....	44,980	.....	55,615	.....	47,443	Sund'y	.....	45,254	.....	46,716
Total	1,005,346	992,315	1,233,782	1,211,820	1,271,187	1,235,703	1,236,568	1,209,008	1,158,846	1,194,394	1,079,812	1,163,771
Av'g	38,607	41,340	46,239	46,008	47,103	49,428	47,500	49,500	44,571	44,310	44,962	44,790

TOTAL ISSUE FOR THE YEAR 1879.....12,965,203 COPIES.  
DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1879.....45,194 COPIES.

1880.

Day.	Jan.	Feb.	March	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1....	H'd'ay	Sund'y	48,670	49,706	50,110	58,425	54,767	Sund'y	58,763	56,358	60,718	56,183
2....	45,211	47,872	50,035	49,253	Sund'y	66,372	55,094	57,179	58,119	56,943	67,659	56,727
3....	44,332	49,532	49,144	50,397	48,807	68,893	54,025	62,087	58,319	Sund'y	62,198	56,277
4....	Sund'y	48,261	49,006	Sund'y	50,084	68,439	Sund'y	62,111	56,330	56,047	68,207	56,003
5....	46,081	48,572	49,058	48,514	49,520	68,480	H'd'ay	62,045	Sund'y	56,549	64,511	Sund'y
6....	46,490	47,904	51,054	49,321	49,251	Sund'y	54,224	62,243	55,428	56,841	57,735	53,341
7....	46,415	50,038	50,519	49,045	49,045	67,346	55,861	67,302	57,432	56,108	Sund'y	53,279
8....	46,775	Sund'y	49,465	50,234	49,553	67,488	53,859	Sund'y	58,828	56,678	60,526	52,976
9....	47,048	49,253	49,419	50,084	Sund'y	62,160	54,420	61,085	59,053	58,996	60,824	53,051
10....	48,209	50,223	49,530	47,556	52,600	62,128	54,679	62,740	59,434	Sund'y	58,815	54,421
11....	Sund'y	46,256	49,826	Sund'y	53,859	57,295	Sund'y	63,314	59,514	56,301	57,412	56,421
12....	46,432	50,337	49,067	48,140	54,530	56,232	54,426	61,003	Sund'y	70,692	59,057	Sund'y
13....	51,945	49,237	51,407	48,386	54,538	Sund'y	53,977	63,032	57,833	75,529	58,373	55,772
14....	50,386	50,439	Sund'y	41,581	55,138	50,573	62,472	58,447	63,751	Sund'y	57,548	.....
15....	49,711	Sund'y	48,514	49,740	56,276	55,263	54,813	Sund'y	56,704	57,827	54,979	56,047
16....	50,407	49,303	49,537	49,278	Sund'y	55,992	55,414	62,340	60,276	54,482	55,450	56,832
17....	53,273	49,957	48,927	50,152	53,762	55,308	56,432	53,305	59,633	Sund'y	54,571	54,094
18....	Sund'y	48,832	49,327	Sund'y	55,344	55,215	Sund'y	58,922	58,462	53,874	55,103	56,122
19....	47,845	48,234	49,519	49,268	50,732	53,780	57,754	59,329	59,395	59,534	57,700	56,044
20....	49,942	49,034	50,920	51,151	61,029	Sund'y	57,754	59,329	57,484	59,534	55,165	.....
21....	48,051	51,004	Sund'y	51,025	57,723	52,961	58,745	59,584	57,484	59,534	54,579	55,232
22....	49,589	Sund'y	52,068	50,744	50,922	54,456	57,717	Sund'y	57,978	58,480	54,579	55,232
23....	49,948	50,252	53,016	51,379	Sund'y	58,319	57,122	59,029	57,903	57,679	55,050	55,232
24....	52,098	51,778	50,654	45,185	55,274	60,718	56,717	60,159	57,630	Sund'y	54,884	Chrm's
25....	Sund'y	49,618	49,743	Sund'y	55,021	55,980	Sund'y	61,842	57,704	54,794	Th'k'g	Chrm's
26....	50,100	50,139	49,268	51,006	54,504	55,021	55,532	55,139	Sund'y	58,209	55,765	Sund'y
27....	51,065	50,030	49,070	51,049	54,979	59,128	61,265	55,548	58,290	56,916	47,064	.....
28....	49,963	49,967	Sund'y	51,450	55,388	55,624	56,332	56,871	56,102	58,306	Sund'y	51,550
29....	49,205	Sund'y	49,768	51,277	62,510	55,825	58,127	Sund'y	57,375	59,010	55,230	47,378
30....	50,052	.....	49,566	50,603	Sund'y	56,430	58,332	60,007	56,210	60,864	55,506	51,612
31....	50,420	.....	49,747	.....	64,793	.....	57,172	59,742	.....	Sund'y	.....	52,909
Total	1,271,180	1,186,211	1,346,610	1,285,580	1,309,025	1,528,198	1,457,290	1,574,199	1,500,913	1,522,462	1,491,812	1,416,531
Av'g	48,891	49,425	49,874	49,445	55,834	68,776	66,049	60,623	57,938	58,566	56,672	54,473

TOTAL ISSUE FOR THE YEAR 1880.....12,988,430 COPIES.  
DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1880.....54,901 COPIES.

1881.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	D.
1.....	H't'd'y	58,641	64,800	66,884	Sund'y	64,176	64,760	63,671	60,629	63,201	61,520	60,545
2.....	Sund'y	60,982	66,068	70,950	64,786	61,000	125,019	68,639	70,086	Sund'y	56,230	60,357
3.....	52,512	61,533	55,711	Sund'y	65,890	64,403	Sund'y	66,070	60,084	60,722	58,310	60,594
4.....	55,778	62,005	65,982	69,024	65,671	63,568	H't'd'y	65,523	Sund'y	61,790	56,522	Sund'y
5.....	56,472	62,394	67,058	78,730	65,419	Sund'y	64,471	52,901	64,657	62,858	56,409	60,245
6.....	57,078	Sund'y	Sund'y	75,071	66,280	61,896	79,735	65,534	68,955	62,622	Sund'y	60,940
7.....	55,582	59,746	66,701	74,721	66,448	64,073	73,902	Sund'y	68,215	62,862	58,122	61,712
8.....	55,897	62,455	68,004	74,550	Sund'y	64,325	66,438	60,682	62,475	60,542	60,291	61,291
9.....	Sund'y	60,154	63,429	72,619	65,117	63,445	67,631	67,461	70,040	Sund'y	60,601	61,771
10.....	54,856	64,177	69,099	Sund'y	64,827	65,335	Sund'y	66,920	63,918	61,574	59,640	60,207
11.....	56,956	63,598	69,070	65,580	64,381	63,243	67,771	65,229	Sund'y	61,792	46,958	Sund'y
12.....	68,436	62,715	69,078	67,989	66,088	Sund'y	66,763	66,462	68,370	62,455	56,745	61,219
13.....	55,961	Sund'y	Sund'y	68,793	64,671	64,178	67,518	64,736	68,315	61,432	Sund'y	60,373
14.....	58,436	62,552	71,673	68,594	64,453	64,236	69,146	Sund'y	66,244	59,896	56,910	61,630
15.....	56,215	65,007	70,701	67,372	Sund'y	65,206	67,444	74,257	56,712	61,065	57,203	62,034
16.....	Sund'y	63,807	69,551	68,013	65,710	63,400	61,578	68,845	65,659	Sund'y	58,185	60,945
17.....	57,303	64,868	69,154	Sund'y	66,134	64,006	Sund'y	78,962	66,219	63,080	58,713	60,568
18.....	58,455	62,471	69,139	68,948	65,713	61,806	67,081	70,482	Sund'y	62,304	56,212	Sund'y
19.....	58,087	65,294	65,484	67,230	66,147	Sund'y	67,085	69,086	86,255	62,619	56,914	61,265
20.....	58,710	Sund'y	Sund'y	68,530	65,447	61,467	65,496	73,046	102,343	66,629	Sund'y	61,279
21.....	59,884	64,067	67,550	67,522	65,137	65,214	66,220	Sund'y	73,895	68,388	59,485	59,345
22.....	61,709	65,041	71,390	69,137	Sund'y	64,328	67,584	73,189	64,752	63,687	60,185	60,314
23.....	Sund'y	62,978	71,906	69,040	64,706	64,784	70,407	71,381	69,173	Sund'y	59,322	58,722
24.....	58,948	64,174	71,540	Sund'y	65,771	64,406	Sund'y	70,950	63,514	58,868	H't'd'y	56,900
25.....	59,552	65,176	70,411	69,123	65,457	63,998	69,955	72,545	Sund'y	65,692	58,686	Sund'y
26.....	60,779	64,914	70,710	67,854	64,769	Sund'y	70,985	92,335	59,380	62,650	59,401	H't'd'y
27.....	59,812	Sund'y	Sund'y	67,971	64,753	63,775	71,573	65,087	63,577	62,046	Sund'y	60,602
28.....	60,354	61,500	68,627	67,335	62,647	62,776	67,635	Sund'y	66,119	56,888	59,416	62,436
29.....	62,348	.....	68,657	67,102	Sund'y	63,224	69,953	70,777	64,538	60,240	60,946	61,788
30.....	Sund'y	.....	67,307	66,437	64,156	63,280	65,733	71,443	60,354	Sund'y	56,240	55,693
31.....	60,833	.....	68,529	.....	65,368	.....	Sund'y	70,665	.....	60,355	.....	56,656
Total.	1,444,995	1,511,167	1,834,307	1,801,335	1,691,756	1,659,654	1,789,229	1,900,777	1,782,333	1,614,522	1,467,520	1,570,294
Avg'tg.	57,755	62,963	67,459	69,366	65,067	63,842	71,319	70,357	68,551	62,167	58,100	60,236

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1881.

DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1881.

20,044,394 COPIES.

64,870 COPIES.

1882.

ATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	Sund'y	67,396	65,052	64,289	63,962	69,043	74,908	71,376	68,822	Sund'y	64,131	66,444
2.....	H't'd'y	66,208	67,786	Sund'y	64,351	63,200	Sund'y	70,638	66,435	66,256	66,264	68,931
3.....	58,480	67,202	68,413	65,151	67,753	66,296	65,051	71,831	Sund'y	67,002	62,391	Sund'y
4.....	58,220	69,196	66,135	63,950	60,814	Sund'y	H't'd'y	69,134	67,462	63,257	61,715	72,367
5.....	58,831	Sund'y	Sund'y	65,726	63,419	66,968	67,180	69,807	68,667	65,795	Sund'y	66,715
6.....	60,106	67,257	66,375	66,248	65,494	68,622	68,236	Sund'y	68,057	65,845	61,867	63,096
7.....	58,849	60,147	65,057	66,027	Sund'y	68,365	66,257	68,504	68,183	63,908	77,035	56,544
8.....	59,750	70,947	67,130	64,447	63,575	66,113	68,152	71,907	67,917	Sund'y	67,472	68,483
9.....	56,495	69,647	59,372	Sund'y	65,253	62,608	Sund'y	71,900	68,132	64,752	68,080	61,357
10.....	58,621	66,474	62,474	62,387	64,549	68,879	62,803	72,352	Sund'y	60,047	66,077	Sund'y
11.....	59,324	66,758	65,547	64,420	65,281	Sund'y	83,810	71,214	64,766	61,857	63,488	64,166
12.....	60,138	Sund'y	Sund'y	66,344	63,914	65,389	83,545	68,007	68,315	66,331	Sund'y	66,335
13.....	61,851	67,123	66,167	66,088	63,530	67,148	72,537	Sund'y	66,735	65,719	61,949	64,177
14.....	58,005	67,729	66,919	65,997	Sund'y	66,758	79,009	67,750	65,191	63,437	63,690	66,964
15.....	Sund'y	67,487	69,114	65,247	66,551	67,319	72,435	68,643	59,318	Sund'y	65,350	67,908
16.....	58,331	68,314	67,036	Sund'y	68,009	66,624	Sund'y	72,063	67,624	59,264	60,176	62,905
17.....	58,095	66,298	62,976	65,336	66,856	66,846	75,750	73,995	Sund'y	64,733	63,889	Sund'y
18.....	60,160	66,779	66,067	65,351	66,435	Sund'y	76,988	72,912	67,641	64,182	61,065	65,091
19.....	61,769	Sund'y	Sund'y	64,907	66,108	65,035	75,312	68,619	68,236	64,175	Sund'y	65,536
20.....	63,007	61,062	65,067	67,943	64,965	68,928	74,172	Sund'y	68,767	63,391	63,681	65,862
21.....	61,301	66,356	62,453	63,411	Sund'y	69,371	72,044	69,606	68,957	61,615	63,325	65,082
22.....	Sund'y	64,023	66,801	63,037	66,364	67,815	69,315	70,588	66,370	Sund'y	64,991	65,783
23.....	58,100	63,915	67,628	Sund'y	68,596	60,222	Sund'y	71,216	63,902	62,796	62,770	62,335
24.....	62,916	66,060	67,233	65,072	62,758	64,950	70,849	72,400	Sund'y	61,823	62,886	Sund'y
25.....	72,230	67,193	63,764	66,126	66,880	Sund'y	70,185	68,815	66,758	64,185	62,243	H't'd'y
26.....	71,238	Sund'y	Sund'y	64,525	66,661	68,063	71,504	67,091	68,240	65,000	Sund'y	63,871
27.....	65,967	65,917	66,361	67,447	61,679	68,570	70,348	Sund'y	66,537	64,332	61,953	65,160
28.....	64,519	69,200	67,318	66,218	Sund'y	67,681	73,130	69,028	68,142	60,707	63,422	66,618
29.....	Sund'y	.....	67,396	63,623	67,534	73,525	68,555	72,166	66,710	Sund'y	62,701	65,394
30.....	64,354	.....	66,356	Sund'y	66,019	139,427	Sund'y	69,826	60,190	62,149	H't'd'y	62,684
31.....	60,814	.....	65,788	.....	66,821	.....	69,289	69,332	.....	64,541	.....	.....
Total.	1,540,900	1,606,067	1,783,571	1,630,224	1,700,251	1,830,621	1,830,954	1,902,321	1,763,016	1,661,472	1,620,485	1,609,989
Avg'tg.	61,679	66,941	66,068	65,308	65,193	70,448	73,078	70,156	67,808	65,267	64,819	61,399

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1882.

DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1882.

20,537,613 COPIES.

68,660 COPIES.

1883.

DATE	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.	H'd'y	66,159	77,894	Sund'y	76,054	80,502	Sund'y	81,742	70,487	70,296	75,581	74,384
2.	68,777	69,852	82,418	77,427	75,002	76,396	77,410	83,288	Sund'y	88,767	76,390	Sund'y
3.	66,597	65,770	75,246	83,404	75,376	Sund'y	75,508	82,964	78,015	70,527	73,625	76,088
4.	64,128	Sund'y	Sund'y	86,070	70,179	78,822	H'd'y	77,049	70,069	71,323	Sund'y	77,377
5.	65,416	66,067	77,252	78,373	71,128	81,386	78,261	Sund'y	75,041	71,128	65,167	77,301
6.	63,379	70,182	78,841	72,755	Sund'y	79,643	75,904	80,884	74,292	70,311	81,775	77,691
7.	Sund'y	71,450	76,056	75,319	73,960	79,966	71,538	81,823	73,521	Sund'y	79,528	77,639
8.	63,882	71,623	78,214	Sund'y	74,257	79,874	Sund'y	82,308	70,658	70,752	77,272	74,571
9.	65,015	70,517	78,341	76,384	75,744	74,904	76,708	82,068	Sund'y	72,757	75,881	Sund'y
10.	83,193	67,610	74,254	77,101	75,497	Sund'y	76,896	81,900	73,184	74,133	74,269	76,759
11.	71,389	Sund'y	Sund'y	77,636	77,093	75,827	77,393	74,544	74,832	70,980	Sund'y	77,950
12.	67,167	72,554	78,446	78,123	73,347	78,763	75,619	Sund'y	73,984	72,785	73,835	76,556
13.	61,988	73,826	79,065	76,856	Sund'y	80,574	77,492	79,010	75,078	69,386	75,367	79,136
14.	Sund'y	72,845	79,362	72,906	77,413	80,661	72,487	80,776	74,342	Sund'y	73,113	75,484
15.	67,550	73,787	76,882	Sund'y	78,546	79,284	Sund'y	77,630	71,500	70,953	70,823	78,835
16.	68,903	67,581	77,800	76,341	79,664	76,172	74,958	80,142	Sund'y	72,567	72,167	Sund'y
17.	68,681	67,968	71,640	77,245	80,219	Sund'y	77,885	77,969	73,134	72,181	71,964	72,318
18.	70,657	Sund'y	Sund'y	76,621	81,353	79,254	79,145	72,197	73,963	80,817	Sund'y	73,045
19.	67,882	74,313	74,221	76,674	77,789	79,332	105,080	Sund'y	74,002	71,845	74,518	72,239
20.	68,903	67,581	77,800	76,341	79,664	76,172	74,958	80,142	Sund'y	72,567	72,167	Sund'y
21.	61,493	75,870	76,453	75,889	Sund'y	80,970	79,949	76,876	74,404	69,123	74,510	73,549
22.	Sund'y	79,477	78,133	73,789	76,770	75,389	74,083	90,305	73,289	Sund'y	70,963	72,950
23.	57,794	75,952	77,852	Sund'y	81,488	80,319	Sund'y	81,102	72,420	70,919	75,140	70,479
24.	62,229	74,865	77,250	79,406	82,338	75,241	72,477	80,245	Sund'y	72,384	75,949	73,987
25.	68,845	66,836	74,301	75,951	81,698	Sund'y	78,183	71,563	72,774	73,574	71,280	71,280
26.	69,855	Sund'y	Sund'y	76,168	79,880	76,450	82,087	72,720	74,211	66,653	Sund'y	H'd'y
27.	68,316	72,749	76,110	75,828	77,008	81,024	80,017	Sund'y	73,617	72,300	74,954	73,806
28.	68,280	74,593	77,822	76,007	Sund'y	80,346	77,257	76,536	72,553	72,566	73,619	71,885
29.	Sund'y	77,020	77,852	73,083	79,763	77,433	75,278	76,185	74,423	Sund'y	76,839	74,377
30.	70,696	77,422	Sund'y	81,415	79,348	Sund'y	78,522	71,523	74,147	H'd'y	77,461	77,461
31.	71,582	77,485	75,283	75,808	75,102	79,799	77,559	Sund'y	76,044	75,486	Sund'y	76,121
31.	67,333	74,510	75,102	82,723	81,009	76,630	76,630	76,630	76,630	76,630	76,630	76,121
Total.	1,749,249	1,713,106	2,063,144	1,924,964	2,091,483	2,043,691	1,954,445	2,114,434	1,829,657	1,940,326	1,863,193	1,872,977
Av'g.	67,278	71,379	77,152	76,984	77,462	78,003	78,177	79,423	73,185	71,863	74,527	74,918

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1883..... 23,210,540 COPIES.  
DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1883..... 75,115 COPIES.

1884.

DATE	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.	H'd'y	81,572	84,543	92,581	79,839	Sund'y	83,187	89,389	84,132	86,694	86,006	85,771
2.	73,761	82,484	Sund'y	91,585	83,183	81,613	89,110	85,160	86,612	86,855	Sund'y	87,189
3.	69,693	Sund'y	85,808	91,473	81,252	105,404	Sund'y	89,971	Sund'y	87,886	90,680	86,556
4.	65,285	77,160	85,734	90,840	Sund'y	106,346	H'd'y	87,907	89,718	82,619	150,832	87,912
5.	66,178	83,383	87,506	88,650	82,830	111,551	85,180	91,018	85,953	Sund'y	170,078	86,114
6.	Sund'y	84,398	86,771	Sund'y	83,655	121,133	Sund'y	87,275	82,512	85,619	175,565	80,682
7.	74,074	84,072	86,707	87,702	80,166	98,197	93,366	91,872	Sund'y	83,608	170,427	Sund'y
8.	75,390	83,500	84,738	89,516	87,266	Sund'y	188,908	80,944	86,365	84,245	131,827	83,971
9.	75,300	81,500	Sund'y	89,943	85,411	89,645	104,041	84,818	82,089	86,494	Sund'y	86,839
10.	77,694	Sund'y	86,538	87,046	89,372	93,013	105,301	Sund'y	84,926	86,017	101,627	87,326
11.	74,154	81,370	87,136	88,504	Sund'y	94,038	107,508	90,481	87,063	84,373	107,637	86,910
12.	74,905	75,867	82,270	87,574	84,272	93,291	90,722	90,593	85,968	Sund'y	107,401	85,656
13.	Sund'y	82,484	89,933	Sund'y	86,711	91,549	Sund'y	91,510	83,564	85,566	105,289	86,575
14.	76,168	82,067	87,784	87,117	93,972	87,225	90,572	91,333	Sund'y	118,923	104,514	Sund'y
15.	76,338	83,883	86,190	95,458	90,742	Sund'y	90,574	88,923	85,780	104,510	90,381	81,925
16.	75,850	82,806	Sund'y	87,646	93,233	87,049	91,248	86,972	87,146	95,932	Sund'y	81,814
17.	77,587	Sund'y	81,991	88,200	85,003	88,108	91,161	Sund'y	87,096	92,047	93,905	77,864
18.	77,924	81,250	83,988	90,554	Sund'y	87,827	89,006	87,600	87,637	83,091	92,854	76,464
19.	75,406	80,997	86,906	86,578	88,485	90,533	86,450	88,763	89,068	Sund'y	91,823	78,212
20.	Sund'y	83,897	87,992	Sund'y	90,304	89,300	Sund'y	88,888	85,067	91,549	91,499	79,567
21.	76,454	84,635	88,506	87,458	88,801	85,662	89,215	88,793	Sund'y	79,409	91,907	Sund'y
22.	82,907	83,672	87,403	88,200	90,651	Sund'y	88,658	89,337	86,973	89,475	88,024	77,765
23.	80,222	82,551	Sund'y	87,276	90,336	85,756	88,538	88,429	84,355	85,250	Sund'y	78,521
24.	80,300	87,953	87,953	87,288	90,630	88,705	89,456	Sund'y	87,288	88,499	83,886	75,622
25.	81,800	84,615	80,371	87,483	Sund'y	86,861	90,710	88,250	87,419	88,217	85,632	H'd'y
26.	81,421	85,822	88,865	84,478	91,885	89,446	80,368	88,578	87,593	Sund'y	85,899	78,602
27.	Sund'y	84,042	89,052	Sund'y	90,362	90,462	Sund'y	89,651	85,533	87,552	H'd'y	77,904
28.	82,351	79,835	86,389	83,740	101,340	86,971	88,445	87,746	Sund'y	88,553	88,221	Sund'y
29.	83,579	82,549	89,346	86,484	92,655	Sund'y	89,801	88,369	82,762	88,918	84,586	81,159
30.	84,419	Sund'y	84,730	89,029	89,253	83,130	82,101	85,328	90,284	Sund'y	81,136	81,136
31.	82,971	92,121	89,942	89,942	90,400	Sund'y	90,400	Sund'y	89,623	89,623	81,428	81,428
Total.	1,908,821	2,063,400	2,597,555	2,284,732	2,331,477	2,332,314	2,372,912	2,300,878	2,241,758	2,408,304	2,578,304	2,144,103
Av'g.	76,877	82,588	86,848	87,265	88,645	89,269	91,231	84,495	81,221	89,196	107,428	82,465

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1884..... 27,875,101 COPIES.  
DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1884..... 86,506 COPIES.

1885.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	H'd'y	Sund'y	Sund'y	102,640	101,409	99,279	124,579	97,542	100,949	100,172	Sund'y	107,161
2.....	80,456	88,352	91,574	103,449	99,353	98,839	124,845	Sund'y	99,940	97,709	106,402	106,341
3.....	81,916	90,908	96,892	100,823	Sund'y	102,854	125,312	104,044	100,805	98,806	100,436	106,963
4.....	Sund'y	92,210	107,887	100,834	99,684	99,319	H'd'y	105,955	99,665	Sund'y	102,261	100,367
5.....	84,607	90,141	101,450	Sund'y	98,543	102,779	Sund'y	100,779	96,450	97,435	99,478	100,360
6.....	85,028	89,549	96,067	99,735	100,310	97,382	118,067	100,729	96,504	98,322	Sund'y	107,123
7.....	86,468	88,272	95,165	109,711	101,078	Sund'y	116,567	106,244	95,883	93,400	97,708	99,248
8.....	87,472	Sund'y	Sund'y	124,824	102,327	98,879	101,352	98,102	97,111	98,292	Sund'y	100,483
9.....	89,642	95,185	97,280	102,414	102,461	101,949	104,633	Sund'y	95,904	98,792	102,625	102,625
10.....	89,914	79,168	95,402	110,656	Sund'y	102,573	107,943	102,734	98,800	95,757	100,322	101,250
11.....	Sund'y	88,113	97,212	105,394	101,718	101,824	102,100	104,454	98,088	Sund'y	101,614	99,866
12.....	81,439	86,474	97,055	Sund'y	100,574	100,699	Sund'y	103,279	99,541	98,225	100,408	99,214
13.....	81,487	80,196	96,345	106,208	103,280	95,358	106,308	104,391	Sund'y	94,511	101,106	Sund'y
14.....	85,632	89,734	96,920	105,354	102,561	Sund'y	100,295	104,392	94,787	98,799	101,370	101,216
15.....	83,441	Sund'y	Sund'y	107,061	103,261	98,486	106,336	97,502	95,789	98,837	Sund'y	101,791
16.....	80,935	84,570	91,081	104,306	99,648	100,637	103,272	Sund'y	100,112	97,427	102,759	105,096
17.....	79,584	89,622	91,040	97,236	Sund'y	101,398	105,134	102,059	99,919	95,909	103,281	103,502
18.....	Sund'y	91,876	96,511	102,008	98,750	101,488	98,928	100,145	96,972	Sund'y	104,500	102,164
19.....	78,718	91,464	95,838	Sund'y	102,464	93,715	Sund'y	102,026	93,699	87,474	104,551	102,594
20.....	83,123	93,428	94,192	102,569	102,117	97,019	100,099	101,728	Sund'y	96,056	104,914	Sund'y
21.....	82,728	86,902	95,436	104,057	102,530	Sund'y	102,798	103,241	97,558	97,624	104,664	105,474
22.....	82,618	Sund'y	Sund'y	104,261	105,194	105,194	107,623	97,097	96,061	96,979	100,000	103,635
23.....	84,967	92,254	97,854	101,131	99,451	101,009	124,700	Sund'y	96,075	97,327	101,071	103,351
24.....	85,925	93,951	103,518	102,102	Sund'y	101,565	107,621	94,879	97,454	96,164	101,729	100,302
25.....	Sund'y	94,910	102,179	101,291	100,449	100,546	97,391	102,130	97,583	Sund'y	103,327	H'd'y
26.....	83,580	95,779	102,300	101,505	99,048	Sund'y	104,019	98,386	96,314	H'd'y	97,582	
27.....	83,892	95,240	103,136	103,800	101,084	92,532	104,400	102,400	Sund'y	96,607	105,377	Sund'y
28.....	85,444	94,264	99,949	105,388	100,135	Sund'y	103,813	102,734	97,749	97,539	109,190	103,440
29.....	87,406	Sund'y	Sund'y	104,048	95,301	102,714	103,442	92,603	97,741	99,402	Sund'y	103,469
30.....	87,007	Sund'y	Sund'y	101,386	95,917	95,480	109,884	102,862	Sund'y	98,591	97,333	104,308
31.....	87,536	Sund'y	Sund'y	100,581	Sund'y	Sund'y	101,753	101,055	Sund'y	97,145	Sund'y	102,291

Total..... 2,187,102 2,159,029 2,348,762 2,717,962 2,620,858 2,606,192 2,829,400 2,634,575 2,545,412 2,614,032 2,464,932 2,674,928  
 Avg'g..... 84,119 89,594 96,023 104,513 100,802 100,298 108,623 101,219 97,900 96,817 102,705 102,407

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1885.....

30,598,085 COPIES.

DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1885.....

85,005 COPIES.

1886.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	H'd'y	106,207	113,090	115,064	120,505	115,624	115,359	Sund'y	116,749	105,548	111,400	105,757
2.....	99,969	102,958	115,055	117,272	Sund'y	119,798	114,588	114,950	115,950	105,089	120,605	106,700
3.....	Sund'y	105,519	114,899	116,245	120,018	116,455	108,014	116,587	115,267	Sund'y	128,927	108,148
4.....	102,449	107,057	114,597	Sund'y	123,759	114,213	Sund'y	118,128	109,283	107,754	115,180	107,750
5.....	97,543	105,227	114,014	118,240	190,750	112,656	H'd'y	110,705	Sund'y	108,427	113,850	108,427
6.....	103,921	106,873	112,488	120,418	158,110	Sund'y	107,882	119,307	106,887	107,809	111,378	113,019
7.....	104,649	Sund'y	Sund'y	122,856	140,995	114,805	110,623	110,198	107,314	113,873	Sund'y	114,225
8.....	102,236	109,099	111,975	119,790	132,150	115,281	110,761	Sund'y	109,095	109,632	115,349	112,381
9.....	97,726	111,011	112,875	120,478	Sund'y	113,363	109,736	115,622	110,567	108,261	115,181	114,378
10.....	Sund'y	110,961	113,337	119,656	127,276	114,755	105,219	114,889	116,282	Sund'y	119,946	113,738
11.....	98,761	106,839	114,104	Sund'y	123,867	112,907	Sund'y	116,375	111,915	111,111	121,491	112,421
12.....	103,900	110,960	113,616	119,217	124,091	110,419	111,004	118,999	115,074	111,074	118,110	Sund'y
13.....	107,139	110,510	113,757	117,826	125,455	Sund'y	109,169	114,455	106,718	110,242	116,232	111,549
14.....	107,788	Sund'y	Sund'y	116,610	118,575	113,335	114,437	110,292	108,882	104,696	Sund'y	110,289
15.....	105,513	108,721	116,411	114,382	117,565	107,690	118,836	Sund'y	111,690	112,161	115,884	118,924
16.....	103,184	110,092	117,564	115,248	Sund'y	109,747	122,078	115,502	105,383	111,736	114,751	109,106
17.....	Sund'y	114,193	116,964	115,457	118,680	111,898	108,787	118,840	108,387	Sund'y	112,107	110,200
18.....	104,186	114,254	116,948	Sund'y	118,333	111,949	Sund'y	120,823	107,518	114,079	108,979	109,681
19.....	104,071	115,343	118,748	115,791	120,311	111,359	112,015	120,121	Sund'y	117,258	113,566	Sund'y
20.....	103,364	112,093	112,823	115,991	119,508	Sund'y	115,157	153,116	111,086	115,084	113,975	108,490
21.....	105,471	Sund'y	Sund'y	118,850	118,573	110,569	114,339	115,264	111,122	115,561	Sund'y	110,170
22.....	102,829	114,890	116,791	119,749	115,017	109,053	114,614	Sund'y	111,940	115,796	113,285	110,561
23.....	101,643	114,080	117,071	119,076	Sund'y	111,324	116,038	119,879	111,022	116,642	112,364	110,849
24.....	Sund'y	114,491	117,508	119,700	118,575	112,055	108,811	120,567	107,658	Sund'y	108,597	108,565
25.....	107,949	110,876	118,410	Sund'y	117,708	112,876	Sund'y	117,649	103,500	107,343	H'd'y	H'd'y
26.....	109,744	111,993	127,184	115,385	123,219	113,880	113,307	116,493	Sund'y	108,733	112,368	Sund'y
27.....	108,080	111,107	116,463	117,507	117,966	Sund'y	117,109	115,276	105,011	107,494	109,323	105,506
28.....	108,875	Sund'y	Sund'y	116,590	116,304	118,329	116,047	109,386	108,437	107,701	Sund'y	107,015
29.....	108,108	Sund'y	Sund'y	118,945	111,940	112,900	117,580	115,121	Sund'y	107,908	110,041	111,385
30.....	106,777	Sund'y	Sund'y	115,089	116,498	Sund'y	118,308	114,618	120,053	107,527	109,233	111,381
31.....	Sund'y	Sund'y	Sund'y	111,267	Sund'y	Sund'y	114,459	Sund'y	Sund'y	Sund'y	Sund'y	105,115

Total..... 2,604,988 2,647,806 2,812,653 3,054,613 3,257,632 2,950,251 2,925,408 3,093,601 2,852,951 2,871,975 2,877,598 2,863,856  
 Avg'g..... 104,197 110,325 116,024 127,264 125,294 118,471 112,458 117,677 109,729 110,400 115,108 110,148

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1886.....

85,107,222 COPIES.

DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1886.....

113,615 COPIES.

1887.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	H'd'y	115,800	123,128	124,734	Sund'y	120,799	123,849	141,208	127,617	118,533	124,447	125,394
2.....	Sund'y	117,649	121,714	124,122	117,079	121,182	119,142	138,004	121,853	124,077	141,677	124,645
3.....	104,622	118,837	120,524	Sund'y	119,766	121,815	Sund'y	135,728	119,575	124,392	128,845	118,961
4.....	110,589	116,913	119,180	121,068	119,308	116,588	H'd'y	136,438	Sund'y	125,496	130,552	Sund'y
5.....	111,063	117,716	117,021	140,308	118,821	Sund'y	124,054	144,848	114,380	125,288	127,030	123,729
6.....	110,212	Sund'y	Sund'y	131,309	118,847	123,900	125,510	132,901	120,045	127,452	Sund'y	127,800
7.....	110,122	118,184	120,869	133,003	116,443	121,845	125,034	Sund'y	125,661	128,286	142,232	127,718
8.....	109,800	119,741	127,050	128,815	Sund'y	120,240	125,112	133,231	126,013	124,332	154,021	128,710
9.....	Sund'y	121,701	122,131	125,927	117,716	120,487	118,809	133,816	116,380	Sund'y	160,420	126,476
10.....	109,742	118,226	122,333	Sund'y	117,875	121,434	Sund'y	130,074	119,800	122,434	133,504	120,070
11.....	111,911	117,426	121,621	122,854	119,379	117,158	126,240	135,267	Sund'y	125,783	147,477	Sund'y
12.....	114,943	115,383	121,273	128,406	119,503	Sund'y	125,385	131,475	122,000	125,793	176,472	125,005
13.....	115,807	Sund'y	Sund'y	130,090	118,825	118,411	127,053	121,594	130,038	124,044	Sund'y	125,508
14.....	112,964	116,714	119,612	127,411	116,707	120,758	125,688	Sund'y	122,354	124,544	144,582	125,738
15.....	112,752	121,614	121,758	123,278	Sund'y	125,532	125,462	133,678	132,142	121,805	145,011	125,247
16.....	Sund'y	120,198	122,378	120,608	117,253	128,774	118,213	136,941	125,009	Sund'y	140,771	125,512
17.....	111,804	115,425	120,333	Sund'y	119,011	125,728	Sund'y	133,334	119,540	127,716	137,479	122,063
18.....	109,088	118,073	122,796	121,708	130,887	118,183	126,555	135,545	Sund'y	124,215	133,996	Sund'y
19.....	115,776	119,500	121,480	123,600	120,374	Sund'y	127,440	135,854	118,565	133,031	118,944	128,856
20.....	118,708	Sund'y	Sund'y	122,028	119,408	119,511	127,277	125,447	121,804	121,850	Sund'y	126,295
21.....	118,823	121,245	121,885	123,322	114,059	124,172	129,453	Sund'y	124,282	122,388	124,482	116,899
22.....	112,621	120,034	123,895	122,066	Sund'y	125,569	130,971	126,774	124,645	116,894	126,096	119,478
23.....	Sund'y	124,364	124,811	118,773	117,851	124,127	123,088	124,965	125,495	Sund'y	129,240	119,806
24.....	117,604	121,276	123,738	Sund'y	123,611	128,656	Sund'y	128,590	130,163	117,941	H'd'y	118,504
25.....	119,006	121,586	134,411	124,167	121,577	121,190	133,955	129,311	Sund'y	125,516	124,000	Sund'y
26.....	118,830	117,761	123,865	124,143	120,974	Sund'y	133,351	121,707	116,545	119,738	122,675	H'd'y
27.....	120,408	Sund'y	122,508	122,539	121,857	125,462	133,982	123,241	114,941	120,435	Sund'y	120,161
28.....	119,657	122,061	122,500	122,718	117,733	130,192	133,799	Sund'y	117,162	121,516	110,723	122,999
29.....	119,061	.....	124,342	121,639	Sund'y	124,861	135,507	128,694	121,768	118,739	123,795	117,817
30.....	Sund'y	.....	126,067	116,777	115,485	119,701	128,470	129,716	124,927	Sund'y	125,202	118,417
31.....	115,119	.....	122,350	.....	117,403	.....	Sund'y	126,439	.....	124,404	.....	114,612
Total.	2,850,512	2,957,033	2,705,327	2,736,108	2,825,319	2,905,584	3,174,127	3,568,893	3,170,403	2,891,558	3,852,416	3,182,914
Av'g.	111,023	119,148	112,000	114,393	118,743	122,714	130,225	128,178	121,968	122,454	155,066	122,419

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1887.

23,624,795 COPIES.

DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1887.

125,255 COPIES.

1888.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	Sund'y	121,718	139,335	Sund'y	136,000	149,387	Sund'y	128,017	110,304	115,520	118,893	116,961
2.....	H'd'y	124,843	140,556	137,986	135,972	136,062	135,153	119,008	Sund'y	111,671	119,037	Sund'y
3.....	119,656	124,158	126,563	144,591	136,861	Sund'y	133,583	126,475	116,006	115,438	115,804	119,149
4.....	122,922	120,108	Sund'y	122,462	138,645	H'd'y	119,542	116,899	116,043	Sund'y	120,654	120,654
5.....	124,975	Sund'y	128,455	128,808	131,019	142,821	137,572	Sund'y	115,591	108,481	114,830	121,197
6.....	127,010	123,576	144,961	138,988	Sund'y	142,854	129,875	125,525	114,537	127,276	256,789	120,698
7.....	126,994	121,963	138,491	161,740	126,917	144,052	125,810	126,432	144,889	Sund'y	278,666	120,023
8.....	Sund'y	124,799	141,756	Sund'y	129,139	141,778	Sund'y	127,457	110,334	140,861	146,748	119,270
9.....	121,748	121,150	139,542	129,053	133,708	133,535	131,622	128,861	Sund'y	103,228	125,048	Sund'y
10.....	121,195	125,948	142,473	131,783	136,554	Sund'y	135,348	140,194	115,066	122,858	122,558	124,540
11.....	117,398	125,466	Sund'y	137,249	120,504	135,818	131,568	117,007	113,938	170,275	Sund'y	124,033
12.....	116,688	Sund'y	139,899	139,225	178,361	137,006	130,040	Sund'y	117,679	155,376	122,627	122,625
13.....	114,639	127,727	137,096	141,408	Sund'y	137,063	131,801	125,946	118,500	127,894	122,153	122,126
14.....	118,401	125,781	139,307	138,219	138,904	137,577	124,468	124,785	116,292	Sund'y	127,755	121,714
15.....	Sund'y	123,724	140,186	Sund'y	134,825	136,267	Sund'y	126,314	109,377	126,755	121,896	117,788
16.....	117,251	122,823	138,488	139,082	137,100	139,435	129,365	124,904	Sund'y	126,021	117,798	Sund'y
17.....	122,609	130,410	135,292	136,884	140,181	Sund'y	129,091	127,792	105,956	126,406	144,506	123,745
18.....	122,652	130,563	Sund'y	138,104	132,471	137,944	131,323	116,964	112,839	121,129	Sund'y	120,812
19.....	122,778	Sund'y	135,235	135,582	136,258	148,832	131,157	Sund'y	116,162	124,155	117,800	120,090
20.....	121,148	126,759	146,613	137,090	Sund'y	145,098	131,920	123,375	114,091	121,151	118,403	120,041
21.....	119,272	131,594	134,967	133,874	139,144	155,030	124,767	126,375	115,935	Sund'y	119,884	117,952
22.....	Sund'y	134,035	139,873	Sund'y	140,030	161,077	Sund'y	136,184	119,010	118,348	121,438	117,255
23.....	122,800	133,499	134,047	137,459	138,296	147,035	128,252	126,900	Sund'y	119,895	120,031	120,031
24.....	121,373	129,721	134,623	138,812	138,153	Sund'y	130,916	124,355	117,065	120,243	118,771	116,551
25.....	122,922	125,873	Sund'y	139,424	138,122	165,067	126,105	117,465	117,022	121,450	Sund'y	H'd'y
26.....	121,019	Sund'y	131,861	137,701	131,922	146,522	131,217	Sund'y	116,458	119,241	118,927	115,355
27.....	121,910	127,463	137,528	137,091	Sund'y	129,496	131,040	119,594	114,513	116,621	119,058	117,552
28.....	120,311	131,072	137,899	130,430	129,772	139,272	120,132	124,165	117,221	Sund'y	118,106	116,949
29.....	Sund'y	137,730	138,033	Sund'y	126,715	133,949	Sund'y	122,642	111,874	119,691	H'd'y	117,477
30.....	121,065	.....	140,008	129,352	129,229	132,006	124,994	121,915	Sund'y	118,911	119,835	Sund'y
31.....	123,661	.....	137,264	.....	137,601	.....	119,112	118,415	.....	119,569	.....	118,886
Total.	3,016,417	3,172,983	3,029,633	3,112,301	3,098,891	3,653,622	3,223,417	3,344,065	2,847,357	3,488,593	2,944,477	2,977,454
Av'g.	130,657	138,894	137,123	138,490	135,921	140,576	138,297	123,502	118,894	121,734	131,777	130,068

Unsold copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1888.

23,731,143 COPIES.

DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1888.

124,576 COPIES.

1889.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	H'd'y	124,417	128,077	129,867	131,013	144,795	142,508	133,002	Sund'y	129,543	129,800	Sund'y
2.....	126,155	126,303	129,732	215,022	130,134	Sund'y	143,173	135,718	128,500	130,377	130,329	137,241
3.....	122,601	Sund'y	129,732	141,000	130,705	148,750	145,695	128,874	129,759	130,881	Sund'y	138,078
4.....	124,222	126,800	137,947	135,591	126,280	154,479	H'd'y	Sund'y	124,539	128,861	133,715	139,446
5.....	120,839	121,367	135,792	131,587	Sund'y	153,724	142,522	133,813	129,611	134,579	140,361	140,060
6.....	Sund'y	122,601	131,013	131,156	129,837	152,679	135,900	137,896	132,211	Sund'y	138,384	139,757
7.....	121,965	126,755	132,568	Sund'y	130,613	150,193	Sund'y	133,500	129,013	127,412	135,359	138,270
8.....	119,691	127,992	129,705	122,138	128,583	144,895	222,775	138,420	Sund'y	134,411	134,118	Sund'y
9.....	116,734	Sund'y	129,242	131,450	124,818	141,413	157,252	129,550	137,011	126,382	Sund'y	141,675
10.....	118,744	126,075	Sund'y	131,450	124,818	141,413	157,252	129,550	137,011	126,382	Sund'y	141,675
11.....	121,143	124,583	131,811	132,154	125,520	161,498	149,137	Sund'y	134,521	125,767	129,181	135,243
12.....	120,101	124,240	132,900	124,626	Sund'y	155,795	145,198	134,912	134,521	125,767	Sund'y	139,667
13.....	Sund'y	144,448	131,288	128,531	125,930	154,198	135,910	135,900	133,879	Sund'y	139,667	139,667
14.....	118,865	130,157	132,008	Sund'y	129,750	149,142	Sund'y	139,449	131,575	128,702	138,249	139,243
15.....	121,426	127,946	131,383	130,672	129,430	140,810	143,911	135,889	Sund'y	129,297	136,338	136,338
16.....	121,142	127,161	130,511	130,161	130,182	Sund'y	141,922	136,806	133,710	129,850	134,920	243,494
17.....	121,144	Sund'y	Sund'y	130,121	128,407	150,575	139,491	130,523	133,314	128,878	Sund'y	135,650
18.....	120,618	125,168	129,224	131,069	126,198	146,382	139,953	Sund'y	131,963	128,918	131,240	147,510
19.....	120,651	125,429	130,068	131,418	Sund'y	151,588	138,157	135,850	132,042	128,065	137,148	145,561
20.....	Sund'y	127,365	130,779	129,073	129,361	146,893	132,402	133,683	130,498	Sund'y	137,698	144,513
21.....	117,655	129,310	130,621	Sund'y	130,084	149,066	Sund'y	134,953	127,787	129,278	138,811	140,495
22.....	122,700	120,211	132,157	129,549	135,381	145,620	137,522	Sund'y	135,278	129,711	137,361	Sund'y
23.....	122,759	130,722	129,677	130,684	137,528	Sund'y	139,584	136,400	129,540	Sund'y	143,035	143,035
24.....	123,126	Sund'y	Sund'y	131,167	140,304	145,922	139,858	138,130	130,588	131,585	Sund'y	138,111
25.....	123,954	126,569	129,282	132,198	132,254	148,064	137,768	Sund'y	129,259	129,533	137,848	H'd'y
26.....	121,975	129,271	132,237	130,449	Sund'y	147,479	135,812	137,520	126,651	128,719	132,079	137,161
27.....	Sund'y	130,548	127,890	125,586	137,445	138,851	127,740	137,005	127,943	Sund'y	135,083	257,621
28.....	121,806	131,408	133,073	Sund'y	149,495	146,631	Sund'y	139,609	127,212	132,386	H'd'y	135,429
29.....	123,830	.....	129,892	130,616	135,595	150,523	135,378	139,659	Sund'y	134,361	134,838	Sund'y
30.....	125,329	.....	129,848	95,362	133,491	Sund'y	139,495	135,986	128,429	129,388	132,966	136,528
31.....	124,191	.....	Sund'y	.....	142,241	.....	137,583	137,197	.....	132,156	.....	135,804
Total.....	3,144,640	3,034,723	3,401,595	3,441,063	3,547,216	3,714,411	3,708,982	3,624,422	3,540,410	3,474,103	3,388,188	3,934,602
Av'g.	120,947	126,449	130,828	132,348	131,578	148,576	142,653	134,238	130,016	128,670	135,327	147,786

Unsold copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1889..... 41,424,859 COPIES.  
 DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1889..... 134,059 COPIES.

1890.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	H'd'y	140,350	138,068	167,017	148,711	Sund'y	129,672	126,158	126,138	125,841	137,250	130,904
2.....	126,102	Sund'y	Sund'y	147,060	145,574	154,957	132,111	119,364	124,881	135,795	.....	138,741
3.....	126,232	140,103	145,024	141,214	134,613	132,295	130,058	Sund'y	125,195	126,583	129,479	137,479
4.....	133,063	143,009	142,580	144,179	Sund'y	134,079	H'd'y	126,023	124,238	124,730	139,845	139,015
5.....	Sund'y	140,332	140,345	141,731	140,335	133,050	130,844	126,560	123,844	Sund'y	217,002	129,410
6.....	131,441	142,230	141,201	Sund'y	140,314	134,051	Sund'y	132,702	120,189	126,151	152,083	128,789
7.....	135,158	137,207	143,192	144,896	139,684	130,564	134,872	131,480	Sund'y	126,753	139,694	Sund'y
8.....	135,554	137,369	144,000	145,759	140,851	Sund'y	135,844	127,549	124,351	127,008	126,139	130,066
9.....	137,495	Sund'y	Sund'y	144,425	138,566	130,581	127,541	120,836	129,738	126,872	Sund'y	130,793
10.....	145,849	141,419	144,066	141,365	136,547	132,611	127,418	Sund'y	126,177	127,392	132,834	131,972
11.....	126,273	141,576	143,310	144,289	Sund'y	135,522	127,076	127,336	134,647	124,225	135,399	132,222
12.....	Sund'y	141,592	146,848	144,337	136,409	132,022	121,588	125,025	Sund'y	132,006	139,912	130,917
13.....	132,672	146,424	146,242	Sund'y	138,510	132,240	Sund'y	127,794	125,454	125,405	135,553	135,763
14.....	139,053	140,894	143,393	144,347	139,929	129,318	123,265	126,381	127,794	125,454	135,192	Sund'y
15.....	136,067	141,131	138,652	144,390	138,770	Sund'y	138,229	128,885	121,527	127,481	128,544	132,041
16.....	132,645	Sund'y	Sund'y	145,033	139,261	131,015	127,942	120,370	123,188	125,647	Sund'y	133,387
17.....	135,817	142,188	148,704	144,947	134,233	132,525	126,561	Sund'y	125,854	127,126	132,815	134,479
18.....	135,470	141,915	145,084	146,353	Sund'y	134,566	127,166	125,246	125,027	123,720	134,975	134,900
19.....	Sund'y	140,947	145,286	142,364	130,264	131,579	121,294	125,962	125,403	Sund'y	135,709	134,065
20.....	136,761	140,432	144,802	Sund'y	129,854	133,612	Sund'y	126,197	123,238	126,400	134,382	131,732
21.....	155,172	140,478	145,574	143,161	138,003	130,465	126,973	125,978	Sund'y	127,627	134,906	Sund'y
22.....	134,087	139,845	142,737	141,906	139,326	Sund'y	126,139	126,295	127,968	136,223	132,627	135,742
23.....	139,230	Sund'y	Sund'y	142,221	140,711	131,025	128,452	129,464	129,466	137,028	Sund'y	133,169
24.....	137,122	126,568	145,023	143,612	134,108	130,633	129,093	Sund'y	125,716	126,231	134,584	129,230
25.....	138,272	143,318	144,634	144,373	Sund'y	131,519	126,557	128,412	126,629	124,273	134,405	H'd'y
26.....	Sund'y	144,297	145,367	136,303	135,830	122,838	130,223	131,235	127,338	Sund'y	133,032	130,814
27.....	139,629	147,571	142,888	Sund'y	138,123	130,401	Sund'y	128,656	123,882	128,130	H'd'y	137,862
28.....	141,013	140,856	145,354	145,417	136,343	122,232	124,187	126,708	Sund'y	128,439	134,370	Sund'y
29.....	140,808	.....	141,672	143,150	135,832	Sund'y	124,675	123,483	126,321	127,359	130,515	131,880
30.....	141,509	.....	Sund'y	144,835	125,621	128,937	125,872	121,084	128,284	128,482	Sund'y	134,306
31.....	142,456	.....	144,697	.....	133,065	.....	125,845	.....	.....	127,343	.....	131,916
Total.....	3,545,822	3,405,211	3,709,013	3,734,475	3,691,133	3,590,356	3,255,530	3,254,948	3,296,909	3,248,229	3,366,501	3,402,109
Av'g.	126,653	141,882	126,653	126,653	126,653	126,653	126,653	126,653	126,653	126,653	126,653	126,653

Unsold copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1890..... 41,063,790 COPIES.  
 DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1890..... 132,657 COPIES.

1891.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	H't'd'y	Sund'y	Sund'y	148,488	149,125	143,422	143,361	132,562	139,988	140,486	Sund'y	144,051
2.....	132,857	133,051	139,130	148,843	138,915	143,021	143,843	140,189	138,285	138,640	143,975	
3.....	139,118	135,088	141,855	145,006	Sund'y	143,838	142,524	165,405	141,209	134,351	168,829	144,456
4.....	Sund'y	135,384	142,662	145,757	142,475	144,251	H't'd'y	147,579	151,315	Sund'y	146,491	146,572
5.....	137,550	140,949	144,171	Sund'y	144,458	144,349	Sund'y	144,797	134,634	137,300	140,223	144,086
6.....	134,525	141,344	141,656	151,464	143,781	135,113	141,151	145,646	Sund'y	138,786	140,355	Sund'y
7.....	134,736	139,481	141,501	265,217	143,958	Sund'y	144,006	141,475	136,679	135,479	136,230	143,242
8.....	135,074	Sund'y	141,501	181,682	143,570	144,203	145,303	132,236	137,349	138,456	Sund'y	146,013
9.....	135,315	139,307	142,384	156,443	140,799	146,141	145,808	Sund'y	137,757	138,157	144,334	148,447
10.....	135,313	139,341	144,521	160,328	Sund'y	144,798	141,796	141,257	138,275	137,391	136,616	148,052
11.....	Sund'y	141,216	150,450	154,351	143,635	144,906	135,493	140,588	137,708	Sund'y	140,438	147,546
12.....	136,446	141,442	144,586	161,285	142,370	138,688	142,375	140,787	Sund'y	138,827	140,701	Sund'y
13.....	134,500	141,442	144,586	161,285	142,370	138,688	142,375	140,787	Sund'y	138,827	140,701	Sund'y
14.....	137,367	144,015	141,556	154,943	144,389	Sund'y	143,781	141,782	138,339	140,569	137,556	146,167
15.....	140,437	Sund'y	144,501	155,001	142,863	143,203	148,088	133,042	138,634	139,048	Sund'y	145,263
16.....	137,214	139,951	144,776	156,455	139,187	143,867	144,430	Sund'y	139,783	138,442	141,064	148,358
17.....	141,042	140,900	144,956	156,587	Sund'y	143,822	140,338	140,656	138,805	135,262	139,127	147,616
18.....	Sund'y	139,079	146,762	150,538	143,869	141,374	134,897	140,542	138,817	Sund'y	139,832	147,378
19.....	138,956	142,179	146,555	Sund'y	144,704	142,169	Sund'y	136,982	136,647	136,161	139,437	145,861
20.....	141,139	141,499	150,514	152,495	142,868	141,651	143,319	138,328	Sund'y	137,785	141,348	Sund'y
21.....	141,729	140,419	141,512	148,896	142,708	Sund'y	143,493	140,409	138,445	139,457	140,557	148,530
22.....	140,412	Sund'y	Sund'y	150,455	139,519	144,067	142,675	132,447	139,247	138,820	Sund'y	148,123
23.....	138,468	143,757	147,672	149,702	140,007	143,425	Sund'y	140,083	138,563	143,761	147,214	
24.....	137,328	141,402	145,448	160,641	Sund'y	142,237	143,290	137,932	139,192	137,962	143,022	147,470
25.....	Sund'y	141,708	148,755	148,773	141,809	135,722	135,068	140,656	138,178	Sund'y	142,980	H't'd'y
26.....	140,525	140,794	141,672	154,228	141,357	Sund'y	140,883	136,004	137,844	H't'd'y	138,557	
27.....	141,244	140,022	147,457	151,484	145,053	138,126	141,657	142,189	Sund'y	139,389	138,930	Sund'y
28.....	142,188	138,537	144,985	151,320	144,160	Sund'y	141,013	141,496	138,176	139,391	137,379	149,088
29.....	141,862	Sund'y	Sund'y	148,533	144,245	143,272	143,506	133,353	138,754	138,964	Sund'y	149,664
30.....	141,076	Sund'y	144,946	147,067	Sund'y	141,339	143,301	Sund'y	139,492	139,026	141,475	146,677
31.....	139,837	Sund'y	147,884	Sund'y	Sund'y	Sund'y	142,738	140,574	Sund'y	137,819	Sund'y	147,629
TOTAL.....	3,594,101	3,554,173	3,756,155	4,031,126	3,900,796	3,685,065	3,688,522	3,632,303	3,588,672	3,706,952	3,725,803	3,788,399
AV'G.....	135,929	138,529	144,497	156,196	141,393	141,533	141,858	139,707	138,025	137,294	140,524	145,707

Unsold copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1891.....

43,935,025 COPIES.

DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1891.....

142,002 COPIES.

1892.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	H't'd'y	154,152	157,567	161,084	Sund'y	164,881	174,022	167,484	169,676	160,288	166,610	168,132
2.....	141,292	156,121	159,724	159,362	160,234	166,796	158,514	172,834	168,432	Sund'y	169,143	169,598
3.....	Sund'y	155,795	159,759	Sund'y	161,995	168,248	Sund'y	171,310	164,387	166,918	169,321	164,989
4.....	146,721	156,650	155,289	161,906	161,696	162,943	H't'd'y	172,636	Sund'y	165,540	165,967	Sund'y
5.....	145,465	155,323	156,497	161,253	162,447	Sund'y	171,304	165,857	168,283	167,435	168,820	170,873
6.....	148,254	152,771	Sund'y	158,183	163,467	168,724	156,328	162,063	180,786	165,270	Sund'y	172,988
7.....	142,325	Sund'y	157,474	163,638	160,671	171,336	179,968	Sund'y	201,138	169,359	164,947	170,530
8.....	147,516	155,257	160,802	164,140	Sund'y	172,151	176,086	168,132	174,539	165,068	283,484	170,549
9.....	140,490	156,071	158,134	160,583	160,842	173,656	164,763	168,077	169,266	Sund'y	207,504	170,902
10.....	Sund'y	157,634	156,728	Sund'y	164,629	168,472	Sund'y	169,137	166,579	166,288	158,732	165,262
11.....	144,067	156,116	159,830	162,573	164,812	164,792	177,507	168,424	Sund'y	167,591	173,907	Sund'y
12.....	146,128	154,844	158,602	161,611	165,382	Sund'y	178,543	168,661	171,822	165,076	171,690	172,533
13.....	146,631	154,529	Sund'y	163,621	161,408	164,563	177,841	169,860	173,544	164,975	Sund'y	165,533
14.....	146,664	Sund'y	153,458	163,529	160,826	171,001	177,008	Sund'y	171,793	165,540	167,468	173,794
15.....	147,089	154,225	161,130	165,368	Sund'y	172,403	175,411	166,862	172,613	164,228	169,145	173,521
16.....	146,212	156,320	164,933	162,303	164,838	168,652	165,140	168,849	171,747	Sund'y	168,642	172,591
17.....	148,254	158,992	158,323	Sund'y	166,506	169,215	Sund'y	167,028	167,088	167,068	161,008	169,639
18.....	147,347	157,330	161,101	162,299	165,163	159,574	168,117	167,138	Sund'y	165,442	164,527	Sund'y
19.....	149,408	157,122	157,307	166,457	159,281	Sund'y	174,184	167,711	170,742	167,118	164,151	170,510
20.....	149,432	155,969	Sund'y	165,307	165,041	171,359	173,355	157,340	171,700	147,113	Sund'y	168,226
21.....	152,086	Sund'y	164,721	159,282	162,810	174,449	173,415	Sund'y	170,311	159,462	165,109	169,626
22.....	152,078	158,892	162,735	163,010	Sund'y	168,457	171,826	169,112	168,474	166,064	167,238	168,067
23.....	149,749	158,652	164,459	157,943	167,561	159,468	159,965	167,348	169,037	Sund'y	169,078	166,925
24.....	Sund'y	156,214	164,203	Sund'y	163,257	173,499	Sund'y	161,401	166,857	155,138	H't'd'y	162,939
25.....	155,759	157,516	162,901	166,845	165,328	165,894	165,894	166,857	Sund'y	164,241	162,283	Sund'y
26.....	156,289	157,898	158,848	164,673	167,416	Sund'y	168,884	168,078	171,841	170,473	162,508	H't'd'y
27.....	155,620	154,550	Sund'y	162,165	168,714	169,778	169,478	157,788	171,883	167,741	Sund'y	164,203
28.....	156,399	Sund'y	163,988	163,678	160,123	172,074	170,412	Sund'y	171,089	169,810	164,142	167,977
29.....	157,447	154,604	161,016	163,064	Sund'y	169,382	169,871	166,480	171,487	167,670	166,153	171,710
30.....	152,752	Sund'y	161,584	155,114	153,544	166,365	161,848	169,273	167,074	Sund'y	168,300	170,024
31.....	Sund'y	Sund'y	165,146	Sund'y	Sund'y	165,426	Sund'y	168,903	Sund'y	157,105	Sund'y	165,686
TOTAL.....	3,705,811	3,885,004	4,315,937	4,236,640	4,206,010	4,394,499	4,207,757	4,489,000	4,447,401	4,254,287	4,398,774	4,579,200
AV'G.....	148,221	155,402	159,549	162,569	161,804	169,006	170,430	166,269	171,063	165,026	173,070	168,430

Unsold copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1892.....

50,894,355 COPIES.

DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1892.....

144,175 COPIES.

1893.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	Sund'y	176,952	188,532	186,448	193,192	201,577	190,545	210,772	202,016	Sund'y	195,834	188,988
2.....	H'd'y	177,232	188,532	186,448	193,192	201,577	190,545	210,772	202,016	Sund'y	195,834	188,988
3.....	176,952	188,532	186,448	193,192	201,577	190,545	210,772	202,016	202,016	Sund'y	195,834	188,988
4.....	176,952	188,532	186,448	193,192	201,577	190,545	210,772	202,016	202,016	Sund'y	195,834	188,988
5.....	176,952	188,532	186,448	193,192	201,577	190,545	210,772	202,016	202,016	Sund'y	195,834	188,988
6.....	176,952	188,532	186,448	193,192	201,577	190,545	210,772	202,016	202,016	Sund'y	195,834	188,988
7.....	176,952	188,532	186,448	193,192	201,577	190,545	210,772	202,016	202,016	Sund'y	195,834	188,988
8.....	Sund'y	177,042	188,728	187,846	195,781	207,033	189,444	218,756	186,488	Sund'y	196,919	188,078
9.....	170,538	180,808	183,456	Sund'y	199,966	210,325	Sund'y	210,922	186,172	H'd'y	202,367	192,560
10.....	168,017	180,724	192,657	191,967	198,346	187,917	233,731	203,346	Sund'y	195,417	190,101	Sund'y
11.....	168,437	178,787	185,824	191,191	192,016	Sund'y	220,348	203,365	186,281	191,397	192,425	190,496
12.....	171,297	Sund'y	Sund'y	191,946	192,016	204,053	210,633	191,816	192,444	Sund'y	195,751	190,496
13.....	165,182	181,324	191,946	192,016	192,016	204,053	210,633	191,816	192,444	Sund'y	195,751	190,496
14.....	166,565	194,154	198,034	187,401	Sund'y	204,578	193,884	220,556	196,315	187,400	192,601	191,033
15.....	Sund'y	183,001	189,161	187,521	199,410	202,364	186,708	202,276	192,027	Sund'y	187,420	190,187
16.....	167,261	182,827	192,430	Sund'y	200,850	200,932	Sund'y	212,479	186,676	192,161	194,516	194,710
17.....	172,540	173,817	187,453	192,657	203,533	198,274	206,972	206,430	Sund'y	193,671	193,652	Sund'y
18.....	174,217	173,557	189,174	192,178	201,582	Sund'y	206,397	202,630	190,225	186,606	188,710	201,587
19.....	175,401	Sund'y	Sund'y	194,776	200,834	206,226	205,907	193,014	190,707	186,867	Sund'y	204,406
20.....	175,329	182,280	185,191	194,237	193,078	198,753	207,726	Sund'y	194,074	194,289	192,731	200,000
21.....	172,272	185,494	192,358	185,434	Sund'y	199,033	205,453	201,103	186,123	186,164	185,521	202,046
22.....	Sund'y	185,363	184,938	186,510	191,802	205,519	188,167	204,335	203,296	Sund'y	191,165	201,359
23.....	177,491	185,057	190,194	Sund'y	194,430	204,392	Sund'y	200,344	188,024	193,006	188,391	194,710
24.....	173,094	184,464	193,649	190,400	190,480	195,422	200,641	204,166	Sund'y	190,824	186,046	Sund'y
25.....	178,251	190,086	196,422	195,075	200,124	Sund'y	199,389	200,914	192,340	190,970	186,554	H'd'y
26.....	177,788	Sund'y	Sund'y	187,776	197,880	200,272	205,476	185,248	186,311	187,768	Sund'y	200,448
27.....	184,784	187,000	190,037	196,719	190,880	206,473	191,589	Sund'y	189,367	189,255	181,261	202,255
28.....	175,151	196,349	193,394	192,902	Sund'y	200,825	204,566	200,074	185,394	179,272	193,307	202,228
29.....	Sund'y	.....	194,071	192,034	196,023	205,734	190,689	203,067	190,443	Sund'y	190,125	203,807
30.....	178,616	.....	191,987	Sund'y	187,393	198,710	Sund'y	204,148	190,438	194,243	H'd'y	195,462
31.....	178,255	.....	188,884	.....	185,654	.....	207,738	207,029	.....	188,691	.....	Sund'y
Total.....	4,295,450	4,320,478	4,091,394	4,798,448	5,237,912	5,253,917	5,039,775	5,498,857	4,932,517	4,723,154	4,814,385	5,014,773
Average.....	171,818	180,019	188,567	191,353	196,218	202,267	201,594	223,216	190,481	188,943	192,579	200,488

Unpaid copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1893.....

59,094,963 COPIES.

DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1893.....

192,491 COPIES.

1894.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	H'd'y	214,350	208,744	Sund'y	202,118	200,386	Sund'y	211,488	176,767	180,647	193,357	192,277
2.....	204,476	208,320	207,974	207,484	204,084	192,555	226,243	209,097	Sund'y	180,331	183,086	Sund'y
3.....	204,077	201,065	204,273	254,069	198,415	Sund'y	237,003	202,171	172,368	188,487	187,706	190,246
4.....	201,162	Sund'y	Sund'y	208,794	205,160	190,719	H'd'y	188,482	186,072	190,448	Sund'y	195,321
5.....	202,393	205,856	201,760	208,791	192,712	200,965	244,066	Sund'y	187,002	187,743	192,585	190,400
6.....	194,106	210,005	205,538	208,289	Sund'y	200,834	250,229	.....	187,803	271,945	190,328	.....
7.....	Sund'y	211,274	202,910	201,368	201,155	200,908	202,474	201,719	186,500	Sund'y	217,256	201,575
8.....	201,913	211,581	246,088	Sund'y	207,511	198,864	Sund'y	200,406	179,174	185,747	198,500	195,444
9.....	206,922	202,344	208,337	203,470	209,385	190,371	202,681	198,926	Sund'y	183,823	191,537	Sund'y
10.....	204,362	201,502	203,563	204,833	198,517	Sund'y	202,401	197,237	187,365	182,722	188,270	192,068
11.....	202,000	Sund'y	Sund'y	211,118	199,845	194,800	270,700	183,270	189,066	189,195	Sund'y	204,051
12.....	201,348	179,896	204,391	202,181	192,832	201,450	253,775	Sund'y	189,742	186,325	188,014	200,765
13.....	200,083	205,413	206,419	207,731	Sund'y	198,434	337,050	197,130	183,928	181,020	190,023	200,228
14.....	Sund'y	206,213	205,823	205,030	197,158	197,940	224,234	198,157	188,101	Sund'y	190,608	204,017
15.....	193,594	205,221	228,315	Sund'y	205,343	195,888	Sund'y	190,329	180,494	185,546	201,601	197,265
16.....	208,045	204,773	203,376	206,635	192,871	188,541	244,048	195,350	187,518	190,684	Sund'y	200,265
17.....	207,649	206,407	196,344	208,374	190,180	Sund'y	229,722	186,878	188,278	188,540	190,107	202,365
18.....	207,958	Sund'y	.....	202,353	197,748	194,815	216,466	179,773	190,546	188,278	Sund'y	203,296
19.....	206,754	206,354	201,658	208,744	194,340	197,974	211,545	Sund'y	190,081	186,227	194,365	203,342
20.....	195,846	201,491	202,164	201,864	Sund'y	197,560	213,279	191,571	183,228	185,983	197,436	200,704
21.....	Sund'y	204,602	208,739	188,266	200,184	195,301	202,303	194,721	191,680	Sund'y	197,268	201,190
22.....	200,724	200,454	212,271	Sund'y	201,900	195,724	Sund'y	195,116	184,411	186,306	186,252	190,317
23.....	200,163	204,026	284,300	204,280	202,061	186,522	212,001	193,916	Sund'y	188,065	197,188	Sund'y
24.....	195,396	209,543	183,423	207,374	201,378	Sund'y	210,461	191,063	187,884	192,203	194,296	196,494
25.....	250,173	Sund'y	Sund'y	206,700	201,286	197,313	208,349	181,401	189,674	188,246	Sund'y	H'd'y
26.....	244,171	206,066	198,825	204,633	193,525	198,451	200,680	Sund'y	190,439	189,691	198,191	197,408
27.....	205,145	210,377	203,938	199,769	Sund'y	202,218	200,384	190,555	200,654	185,247	201,165	188,235
28.....	Sund'y	209,430	196,577	197,794	200,042	197,447	199,284	192,463	188,140	Sund'y	191,847	188,551
29.....	207,450	.....	206,156	Sund'y	201,813	200,352	Sund'y	191,816	184,898	188,840	H'd'y	191,044
30.....	209,579	.....	206,196	200,765	187,616	190,106	193,515	191,722	Sund'y	192,930	190,216	Sund'y
31.....	215,553	.....	200,882	.....	203,568	.....	201,473	192,519	.....	193,619	.....	194,235
Total.....	5,396,093	4,907,309	5,040,936	5,157,130	5,250,571	5,092,502	5,800,574	5,230,945	4,630,881	5,025,890	5,000,447	4,931,417
Average.....	206,388	204,471	207,500	206,285	198,495	195,865	223,022	194,071	185,595	186,016	188,017	197,259

Unpaid copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1894.....

62,073,503 COPIES.

DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1894.....

200,865 COPIES.

1895

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	H't'd'y	202,783	210,222	209,828	211,324	197,222	207,702	204,304	Sund'y	185,132	200,430	Sund'y
2.....	186,508	200,901	207,428	204,881	209,889	207,567	203,579	181,447	197,053	186,719	202,127	197,053
3.....	187,479	Sund'y	Sund'y	220,400	208,822	207,479	206,788	187,269	196,126	196,945	Sund'y	201,719
4.....	196,932	204,142	210,688	214,052	201,112	208,307	H't'd'y	Sund'y	196,178	196,810	202,876	201,820
5.....	192,201	204,520	213,578	212,088	Sund'y	208,228	206,850	201,179	196,979	188,468	217,517	201,289
6.....	Sund'y	204,237	213,033	208,257	206,354	209,000	192,472	202,381	196,917	Sund'y	201,196	202,256
7.....	198,369	201,130	213,892	Sund'y	207,304	209,822	Sund'y	206,507	196,063	194,740	199,748	198,008
8.....	197,088	202,826	211,306	205,733	210,837	198,292	205,222	203,907	Sund'y	195,880	202,353	Sund'y
9.....	200,199	201,330	208,228	210,483	206,008	Sund'y	206,740	201,560	194,298	194,126	198,889	202,732
10.....	201,349	Sund'y	Sund'y	211,433	206,624	205,438	208,288	185,963	201,497	194,089	Sund'y	202,701
11.....	196,351	211,672	213,241	213,648	200,082	201,008	200,503	Sund'y	196,607	200,627	201,356	205,125
12.....	190,996	200,961	214,711	212,123	Sund'y	207,224	203,491	201,283	198,886	205,817	204,823	202,823
13.....	Sund'y	211,532	213,390	206,611	202,640	205,008	190,598	202,755	196,335	Sund'y	205,174	201,498
14.....	199,058	211,091	211,411	Sund'y	21,501	206,530	Sund'y	204,443	189,087	186,559	201,112	197,317
15.....	200,618	210,378	211,889	208,663	208,828	194,968	203,434	198,722	Sund'y	197,168	201,853	Sund'y
16.....	201,124	205,740	200,523	210,805	209,434	Sund'y	203,083	199,130	196,062	198,065	197,242	204,359
17.....	201,343	Sund'y	Sund'y	211,089	207,901	204,212	203,237	181,861	197,213	198,265	Sund'y	206,408
18.....	199,065	206,772	213,055	211,270	198,824	199,026	201,711	Sund'y	194,675	196,707	204,388	204,068
19.....	197,024	212,578	215,149	211,662	Sund'y	207,101	201,963	198,013	193,619	193,451	199,505	198,493
20.....	Sund'y	210,496	213,821	206,640	209,018	217,131	187,802	192,520	192,657	Sund'y	212,304	209,206
21.....	200,447	211,532	214,275	Sund'y	210,899	206,315	Sund'y	200,363	187,264	188,221	201,132	201,715
22.....	202,111	206,457	215,062	210,316	210,750	192,528	200,969	199,351	Sund'y	198,284	223,400	Sund'y
23.....	205,338	206,388	207,529	211,334	210,680	Sund'y	202,957	195,735	194,614	197,057	200,957	205,867
24.....	202,889	Sund'y	Sund'y	210,851	210,027	200,349	201,682	182,072	197,075	197,628	Sund'y	202,678
25.....	198,684	211,965	212,528	215,519	200,827	203,747	203,819	Sund'y	196,296	197,757	203,168	201,649
26.....	210,315	212,581	206,436	204,148	Sund'y	205,794	202,475	199,067	196,283	191,321	202,793	207,570
27.....	Sund'y	214,012	214,467	204,865	208,292	200,181	187,887	197,725	191,553	Sund'y	202,942	206,244
28.....	200,577	214,605	213,888	Sund'y	208,837	205,461	Sund'y	194,977	182,452	196,821	H't'd'y	201,450
29.....	204,672	.....	211,237	211,237	207,067	199,634	200,351	196,779	Sund'y	197,413	204,765	Sund'y
30.....	207,747	.....	216,897	212,256	188,298	Sund'y	205,140	197,002	193,025	198,630	199,555	205,736
31.....	206,635	.....	Sund'y	.....	209,207	.....	205,087	182,626	.....	200,982	.....	206,772
Total.	5,173,627	4,753,916	4,495,825	5,337,811	5,554,785	5,065,133	5,253,845	5,265,504	4,892,792	5,280,174	5,063,849	5,029,063
Avg.	168,497	149,346	145,031	172,382	178,732	163,403	166,378	166,907	154,611	165,352	163,556	160,262

Unsold copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1895..... 63,571,254 COPIES.

DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1895..... 302,436 COPIES.

1896.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	H't'd'y	205,299	Sund'y	215,978	210,197	214,399	208,136	189,308	186,643	184,648	Sund'y	197,379
2.....	206,722	210,530	213,467	200,027	214,206	206,069	Sund'y	196,136	196,136	194,590	201,425	197,817
3.....	199,017	209,101	221,129	213,728	Sund'y	213,752	208,829	201,113	195,463	194,389	202,688	199,017
4.....	196,102	215,555	221,146	210,269	206,969	212,049	H't'd'y	203,440	194,366	Sund'y	248,965	198,810
5.....	Sund'y	215,708	218,042	Sund'y	207,719	220,741	Sund'y	201,367	194,765	205,689	193,390	201,367
6.....	207,179	214,259	221,680	214,026	208,505	190,130	205,530	198,000	Sund'y	194,961	207,369	Sund'y
7.....	206,856	212,749	212,657	211,600	225,534	Sund'y	202,549	199,804	178,288	196,305	198,265	204,824
8.....	208,996	207,441	Sund'y	215,923	210,980	211,022	224,366	193,509	187,508	190,466	Sund'y	202,043
9.....	210,559	Sund'y	217,734	216,117	199,204	212,831	225,133	Sund'y	189,067	190,386	205,970	202,032
10.....	209,547	213,061	218,730	213,146	Sund'y	214,525	211,911	193,357	190,338	188,474	197,328	201,713
11.....	202,946	213,049	214,853	208,028	208,338	214,044	199,434	196,736	200,177	Sund'y	203,430	202,500
12.....	Sund'y	206,713	215,730	Sund'y	208,810	204,002	Sund'y	197,298	185,130	195,505	202,040	201,365
13.....	211,411	206,139	217,570	212,657	208,000	198,969	205,832	Sund'y	196,138	201,473	201,548	Sund'y
14.....	202,225	210,517	212,608	214,083	208,364	Sund'y	206,500	196,351	196,867	195,484	193,390	201,215
15.....	210,449	207,263	Sund'y	213,887	214,184	212,840	205,000	181,351	191,208	194,178	Sund'y	203,229
16.....	210,824	Sund'y	218,398	214,031	200,183	215,044	206,152	Sund'y	191,233	194,101	201,261	203,677
17.....	211,162	214,259	217,682	213,296	Sund'y	220,338	206,461	197,323	189,127	182,223	201,736	206,203
18.....	202,730	215,779	218,330	206,840	208,183	224,507	198,385	198,547	194,304	Sund'y	201,810	201,403
19.....	Sund'y	205,626	218,676	Sund'y	211,083	204,182	Sund'y	197,882	184,480	190,948	200,267	195,662
20.....	210,644	209,881	220,766	208,571	212,109	198,572	206,643	197,435	196,779	201,229	Sund'y	201,229
21.....	212,197	247,630	212,061	210,825	211,301	Sund'y	207,153	196,611	194,139	194,650	196,551	211,292
22.....	211,148	205,609	Sund'y	210,767	211,436	210,737	206,710	191,616	194,636	194,788	Sund'y	205,615
23.....	206,871	Sund'y	218,756	220,722	201,019	212,103	196,351	Sund'y	195,232	193,548	200,016	203,026
24.....	216,245	218,246	210,422	210,626	Sund'y	212,137	206,665	190,630	194,830	185,474	205,154	201,508
25.....	205,000	218,470	218,648	204,062	210,359	206,871	195,139	198,677	193,351	Sund'y	198,589	H't'd'y
26.....	Sund'y	219,034	218,329	Sund'y	212,040	212,634	Sund'y	196,747	184,038	194,406	H't'd'y	195,393
27.....	213,588	219,034	217,799	211,764	213,302	196,502	204,944	197,068	Sund'y	193,752	198,064	Sund'y
28.....	215,461	219,669	209,150	211,875	243,352	Sund'y	205,508	196,131	192,731	194,507	200,165	203,739
29.....	215,330	213,861	Sund'y	214,430	216,468	209,470	205,313	181,770	188,252	191,428	Sund'y	203,739
30.....	215,089	.....	216,170	213,771	190,631	210,657	205,407	Sund'y	193,614	198,268	196,092	206,835
31.....	211,942	.....	218,363	.....	.....	.....	205,206	196,065	.....	188,887	.....	206,875
Total.	4,738,308	5,325,807	5,630,106	5,514,725	5,438,502	5,496,909	5,361,079	5,040,190	4,916,775	5,148,909	4,958,628	5,212,456
Avg.	152,851	170,481	178,441	176,104	174,160	176,341	171,973	162,971	158,928	164,644	159,957	162,971

Unsold copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1896..... 63,494,478 COPIES.

DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1896..... 304,724 COPIES.

1897.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	H'd'y	206,631	217,979	222,395	223,119	225,274	218,164	Sund'y	229,990	237,764	233,478	
2.....	197,549	210,252	217,063	222,730	Sund'y	222,064	217,592	213,195	221,232	231,121	240,235	
3.....	Sund'y	209,890	219,010	227,339	230,509	224,673	203,615	219,481	222,008	Sund'y	238,667	
4.....	203,031	209,451	223,589	Sund'y	231,068	224,999	219,711	219,711	220,094	240,077	236,540	
5.....	203,598	205,968	220,790	225,151	230,908	213,201	H'd'y	225,896	Sund'y	235,893	232,679	
6.....	205,057	208,777	214,914	226,749	230,191	Sund'y	216,078	220,355	219,757	237,578	227,948	
7.....	205,991	Sund'y	224,053	227,132	227,236	217,075	220,581	231,587	232,112	Sund'y	238,634	
8.....	205,640	202,300	221,511	234,894	221,178	225,592	216,539	Sund'y	232,304	238,634	235,208	
9.....	199,992	210,759	218,935	226,464	Sund'y	224,696	214,798	218,411	232,746	237,817	234,679	
10.....	Sund'y	210,113	225,148	225,440	226,823	221,998	201,119	222,156	233,778	Sund'y	235,618	
11.....	205,946	209,611	231,791	Sund'y	227,166	224,192	Sund'y	222,261	224,036	232,172	233,873	
12.....	206,690	204,626	222,398	232,024	228,823	212,401	216,351	222,843	Sund'y	237,514	232,285	
13.....	206,587	201,808	218,299	233,150	224,390	Sund'y	218,420	223,962	235,806	237,539	236,273	
14.....	207,429	Sund'y	Sund'y	233,913	225,125	222,729	227,932	206,995	236,533	227,282	Sund'y	
15.....	207,221	211,596	226,979	230,934	218,321	221,395	217,735	Sund'y	235,271	236,693	227,788	
16.....	197,572	214,053	227,181	221,064	Sund'y	217,301	218,278	221,974	235,812	228,112	231,553	
17.....	Sund'y	215,035	230,509	225,085	225,858	221,707	204,375	222,908	226,949	Sund'y	232,104	
18.....	203,528	213,001	226,129	Sund'y	225,670	221,011	Sund'y	224,040	227,559	240,138	235,038	
19.....	207,938	222,610	228,890	231,548	224,778	220,557	217,729	225,339	Sund'y	237,884	233,398	
20.....	205,959	208,032	228,107	233,444	224,452	Sund'y	215,785	228,330	235,484	234,570	227,324	
21.....	206,001	Sund'y	Sund'y	232,927	234,198	219,914	218,498	229,505	236,968	235,131	Sund'y	
22.....	203,071	228,953	232,419	232,413	215,240	220,957	212,657	Sund'y	236,567	247,064	238,111	
23.....	195,422	212,408	222,998	229,653	Sund'y	219,129	218,395	224,492	237,145	231,409	238,687	
24.....	Sund'y	215,202	221,745	232,193	223,935	214,928	204,908	226,405	237,900	Sund'y	230,613	
25.....	195,472	215,056	231,600	Sund'y	225,020	222,258	Sund'y	225,805	228,690	238,444	H'd'y	
26.....	192,984	215,119	220,817	234,521	225,674	208,628	218,675	225,887	Sund'y	234,302	231,058	
27.....	202,480	209,412	227,188	233,792	225,002	Sund'y	226,528	224,737	222,598	232,123	225,352	
28.....	204,139	Sund'y	Sund'y	233,200	226,071	219,544	219,390	225,836	237,703	Sund'y		
29.....	205,818		234,780	234,473	215,634	220,396	219,578	Sund'y	240,557	240,430	229,084	
30.....	204,040		221,340	222,700	Sund'y	219,589	218,955	226,579	240,468	241,516	231,909	
31.....	Sund'y		223,487		211,611		205,533	228,257		Sund'y		
Total.....	5,035,515	5,010,709	5,112,949	5,016,519	5,146,577	5,090,245	5,314,005	5,708,491	5,773,836	5,626,705	7,022,847	
Avg'g.....	201,340	208,779	223,592	231,395	222,550	217,707	212,111	219,557	229,763	238,863	238,113	

Unsold copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1897 (excluding December).....68,723,393 COPIES.

DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1897 (excluding December).... 221,699 COPIES.

## AVERAGE DAILY ISSUE OF THE CHICAGO DAILY NEWS FOR EACH MONTH FROM THE SECOND YEAR OF ITS PUBLICATION.

YEAR.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Avg'g.
1877.....	114,239	14,811	16,414	18,408	20,715	22,769	35,320	25,996	26,294	21,312	24,489	26,716	22,037
1878.....	38,603	37,029	37,796	37,267	38,548	43,745	49,844	40,911	39,371	39,380	36,817	28,314	
1879.....	38,095	41,346	46,299	46,008	47,105	49,428	47,300	46,500	44,371	44,319	44,092	44,700	45,194
1880.....	48,391	49,422	49,874	48,445	50,831	58,776	59,049	60,024	57,398	54,599	50,672	54,473	54,901
1881.....	57,746	62,965	61,959	60,935	63,007	63,882	71,299	70,897	68,551	62,091	58,100	60,950	64,970
1882.....	61,675	65,841	60,659	65,808	65,163	70,108	73,078	70,436	67,409	65,907	64,519	64,399	66,080
1883.....	67,274	71,373	71,153	78,044	77,092	78,003	78,177	78,435	75,185	71,939	74,337	74,919	75,115
1884.....	82,389	82,389	80,829	87,853	88,845	98,202	91,211	88,485	86,211	104,074	109,075	102,469	98,309
1885.....	84,119	80,059	88,054	104,571	100,892	100,234	100,359	101,329	97,000	94,817	102,775	102,497	100,065
1886.....	104,197	110,325	110,034	117,969	125,294	115,471	112,438	117,677	100,728	110,469	115,103	114,148	113,615
1887.....	114,122	123,148	123,049	124,972	128,743	122,714	120,025	132,178	121,363	122,659	134,008	122,419	125,275
1888.....	120,657	126,891	127,123	126,190	135,921	140,536	128,987	123,802	113,294	127,724	134,777	150,088	129,076
1889.....	129,167	136,440	130,828	132,448	131,378	145,576	134,228	131,019	135,070	135,327	147,799	159,160	139,160
1890.....	136,905	141,885	143,656	143,654	160,923	150,113	155,139	135,190	134,405	130,304	139,070	139,950	142,267
1891.....	136,526	139,790	144,067	156,179	141,953	141,738	141,326	138,707	138,055	137,294	140,553	145,707	142,022
1892.....	148,232	156,432	159,494	162,361	161,301	169,086	170,040	169,259	171,083	163,629	173,070	183,499	174,173
1893.....	171,818	180,019	188,597	191,455	196,214	202,397	207,501	203,214	183,369	183,369	191,379	200,581	192,491
1894.....	200,328	209,471	207,589	208,293	198,459	195,297	222,022	194,071	185,365	190,070	195,017	197,256	201,865
1895.....	198,947	207,948	211,378	213,792	208,732	202,005	213,378	185,807	193,211	193,567	202,558	202,492	202,984
1896.....	208,781	213,032	218,547	212,104	209,945	210,265	206,272	193,653	198,100	190,100	200,680	200,479	201,724
1897.....	201,340	208,779	223,592	231,395	222,550	217,707	212,111	219,557	229,763	238,863	238,113		

The omission of the circulation figures for December is due to going to press before the end of the month. The circulation for the entire year will be given in all subsequent editions of the Almanac.

## "THE UNPUBLISHED COOKING LORE

of all parts of this vast country," says the Boston Globe, "has been culled and sifted and put together in THE CHICAGO RECORD COOK BOOK. The volume is unique in that it shows how a family may live well at small expense." Mailed postpaid on receipt of \$1.00 by THE CHICAGO RECORD, 181 Madison-st., Chicago.

## CIRCULATION THE CHICAGO RECORD.

1881.

DATE.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.		1,062	Sund'y	12,841	14,385	14,524	18,338	18,534	16,664	16,048
2.		2,178	11,311	12,611	14,368	16,236	18,012	Sund'y	18,224	16,438
3.		1,817	10,755	12,828	Sund'y	16,258	18,638	17,446	18,188	16,902
4.		2,213	11,349	13,689	16,105	16,124	Sund'y	17,684	17,408	Sund'y
5.		4,502	11,163	11,956	18,808	16,718	17,244	Sund'y	18,258	15,929
6.		2,231	11,794	10,272	16,329	Sund'y	17,640	17,508	16,679	16,205
7.		2,880	Sund'y	10,620	16,038	15,374	17,667	18,163	16,142	16,130
8.		2,830	11,217	12,799	15,927	16,252	18,077	Sund'y	18,874	16,423
9.		Sund'y	11,907	13,144	Sund'y	16,310	18,225	16,742	16,066	16,744
10.		2,164	11,003	13,236	15,009	16,171	Sund'y	17,093	15,441	Sund'y
11.		1,938	12,507	16,054	16,131	16,749	17,280	16,191	15,827	
12.		2,070	12,611	12,569	15,874	15,673	17,519	17,228	Sund'y	16,053
13.		2,401	12,988	13,006	15,229	Sund'y	17,677	17,172	15,466	16,520
14.		2,705	Sund'y	12,554	15,307	15,387	17,990	17,748	16,095	16,308
15.		3,618	10,759	13,319	15,236	17,445	17,014	Sund'y	15,901	16,349
16.		Sund'y	11,558	13,614	Sund'y	18,178	18,383	16,875	15,939	
17.		3,319	11,753	14,447	14,955	17,347	Sund'y	17,256	15,944	Sund'y
18.		3,808	12,556	Sund'y	15,555	17,200	17,099	17,151	16,939	16,275
19.		3,974	12,246	12,922	15,549	17,631	14,160	17,300	Sund'y	16,587
20.		3,588	12,434	12,581	15,858	Sund'y	20,839	17,160	16,060	16,071
21.	11,085	4,001	Sund'y	12,696	16,106	16,008	19,009	18,586	16,136	16,562
22.	3,985	4,645	12,749	12,593	15,979	17,507	18,070	Sund'y	16,138	16,593
23.	3,970	4,645	12,749	12,593	15,979	17,507	18,070	Sund'y	16,138	16,593
24.	3,110	Sund'y	10,324	13,428	Sund'y	17,372	19,648	16,452	16,224	17,109
25.	2,456	4,147	11,085	13,882	14,629	17,964	Sund'y	16,931	15,919	Sund'y
26.	2,490	4,306	11,616	Sund'y	15,551	18,128	19,477	16,877	17,203	16,135
27.	16,868	19,423	12,641	14,781	15,582	15,573	17,297	16,726	Sund'y	16,735
28.	Sund'y	2,000	11,976	13,690	15,427	Sund'y	18,355	16,556	15,816	
29.	2,106	4,302	Sund'y	13,763	15,179	17,547	18,268	17,692	16,291	17,425
30.	1,918	4,346	11,707	14,300	14,963	17,325	Sund'y	16,265	17,443	
31.	1,900		12,649		Sund'y	18,834		16,013		17,308
Total.	35,152	84,549	305,496	336,712	401,734	435,765	400,019	449,137	427,625	446,971
Av'r g.	3,515	3,251	11,748	12,960	15,432	16,880	18,848	17,274	16,447	16,564

TOTAL ISSUE FOR 1881, 3,439,141 COPIES.

DAILY AVERAGE, 12,955 COPIES.

1882.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.	Sund'y	19,952	20,411	21,457	20,243	22,553	29,133	25,682	24,440	Sund'y	21,747	20,565
2.	16,968	20,351	20,808	Sund'y	20,647	22,467	Sund'y	24,806	24,228	22,171	21,447	19,974
3.	16,432	20,199	20,811	25,285	20,600	22,211	23,374	25,143	Sund'y	22,824	21,633	Sund'y
4.	17,124	20,351	21,651	25,135	20,776	Sund'y	23,208	25,174	24,567	22,662	21,366	24,998
5.	16,579	Sund'y	Sund'y	25,777	20,453	21,273	24,629	25,143	23,308	22,718	Sund'y	22,5176
6.	16,868	19,423	12,641	24,781	19,779	23,049	24,471	Sund'y	25,537	22,562	20,328	22,81
7.	17,777	20,292	20,906	25,300	Sund'y	21,623	24,134	25,848	23,291	24,184	21,237	20,975
8.	Sund'y	20,384	20,488	21,607	20,029	23,708	24,330	25,353	23,904	Sund'y		
9.	16,805	20,229	20,140	Sund'y	20,764	23,616	Sund'y	25,170	24,901	21,742	23,129	20,620
10.	17,146	20,130	20,306	19,740	20,121	24,865	23,527	25,265	Sund'y	22,645	22,047	Sund'y
11.	17,920	20,704	20,920	19,824	20,648	Sund'y	25,680	25,348	23,107	22,701	22,558	19,457
12.	17,806	Sund'y	Sund'y	20,159	20,854	24,228	26,048	25,647	25,545	23,653	Sund'y	22,665
13.	18,000	19,733	20,251	20,509	20,377	23,609	26,019	Sund'y	25,609	22,572	20,253	21,617
14.	18,067	20,005	20,738	20,928	Sund'y	23,525	25,457	24,310	26,005	23,285	20,591	21,875
15.	Sund'y	19,639	20,391	20,791	21,021	23,297	26,090	24,738	24,028	Sund'y	20,780	21,306
16.	17,786	20,255	20,377	Sund'y	21,743	24,477	Sund'y	25,274	24,769	21,754	20,791	20,129
17.	18,252	20,020	20,457	19,876	22,267	23,702	24,553	24,772	Sund'y	22,414	20,420	Sund'y
18.	18,433	20,626	20,897	21,122	21,907	Sund'y	26,375	24,808	22,466	22,714	21,315	19,944
19.	19,311	Sund'y	Sund'y	20,937	21,339	22,094	26,492	25,291	23,844	22,902	Sund'y	19,860
20.	18,765	20,151	19,723	20,188	22,894	22,810	26,570	Sund'y	23,632	22,108	20,289	22,046
21.	19,089	19,700	20,006	20,414	Sund'y	23,319	26,021	24,123	25,540	22,915	20,640	19,709
22.	Sund'y	20,114	20,280	20,422	21,689	23,311	25,693	25,564	23,488	Sund'y	20,229	19,831
23.	18,577	19,931	20,366	Sund'y	22,174	23,394	Sund'y	24,469	24,308	21,540	20,172	20,296
24.	18,964	20,740	20,554	20,749	22,359	25,397	24,279	25,004	Sund'y	21,871	19,622	Sund'y
25.	19,107	21,562	20,061	21,057	22,653	Sund'y	25,335	25,070	22,959	22,153	20,327	20,757
26.	24,221	Sund'y	Sund'y	20,617	22,612	23,087	25,194	24,000	23,342	21,612	Sund'y	19,747
27.	19,540	21,165	19,974	21,068	21,148	24,629	25,112	Sund'y	23,253	21,649	19,356	20,290
28.	20,449	21,187	21,240	21,061	Sund'y	25,098	25,316	24,912	23,928	22,043	20,100	22,297
29.	Sund'y		20,396	20,085	22,154	24,332	25,351	25,234	25,006	Sund'y	19,946	22,013
30.	19,510		21,487	Sund'y	22,568	25,300	Sund'y	24,736	23,929	21,267	22,738	19,940
31.	21,009		21,410		22,667		25,159	24,875		21,691		Sund'y
Total.	481,388	487,319	547,827	542,000	576,681	608,834	658,301	673,308	613,887	580,697	548,504	549,569
Av'r g.	18,514	20,304	20,289	21,692	21,358	24,116	25,319	24,923	23,611	22,334	21,684	21,137

TOTAL ISSUE FOR 1882, 6,868,265 COPIES.

DAILY AVERAGE, 22,013 COPIES.

## CIRCULATION OF THE CHICAGO RECORD.

425

1883.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	23,180	19,360	20,544	Sund'y	21,258	21,624	Sund'y	25,861	28,784	24,851	27,232	31,907
2.....	19,704	19,469	21,720	20,488	21,545	26,500	24,255	25,581	24,599	24,599	26,638	Sund'y
3.....	19,904	23,576	23,040	21,062	21,127	Sund'y	25,563	27,510	24,965	24,967	30,068	28,510
4.....	19,600	Sund'y	Sund'y	23,544	20,928	22,071	23,774	23,024	25,666	25,706	Sund'y	29,079
5.....	19,724	18,361	20,928	20,804	25,642	25,747	25,329	Sund'y	25,426	24,889	26,444	29,215
6.....	19,810	19,237	20,496	20,882	21,508	25,653	25,404	25,079	25,918	29,112	29,107	29,415
7.....	Sund'y	19,371	20,435	22,476	20,677	26,984	27,318	28,871	30,088	Sund'y	30,883	30,883
8.....	17,776	19,219	20,468	Sund'y	20,764	24,187	Sund'y	26,653	28,653	30,215	29,059	32,840
9.....	19,406	19,654	21,033	20,047	21,182	27,413	24,126	26,456	Sund'y	30,716	28,041	Sund'y
10.....	19,562	24,633	22,889	20,966	21,261	Sund'y	21,963	26,536	25,218	31,964	30,952	29,641
11.....	21,673	Sund'y	Sund'y	21,561	21,478	22,720	25,062	29,387	25,837	32,171	Sund'y	30,330
12.....	19,953	19,265	20,253	21,524	24,736	22,854	24,493	Sund'y	25,936	32,143	27,501	30,851
13.....	19,884	20,049	20,966	21,038	Sund'y	24,057	24,708	25,562	26,765	32,357	28,490	30,559
14.....	Sund'y	20,013	21,050	22,303	20,776	25,868	27,551	26,332	25,611	Sund'y	27,790	30,264
15.....	19,528	20,184	21,066	Sund'y	21,403	24,549	Sund'y	29,336	29,685	31,189	27,730	33,149
16.....	20,003	19,171	20,783	20,626	21,777	28,306	24,049	26,673	Sund'y	31,796	27,659	Sund'y
17.....	19,556	22,810	25,101	21,066	22,506	24,571	25,038	24,601	26,401	35,496	29,430	29,430
18.....	19,770	Sund'y	Sund'y	21,577	22,232	25,550	25,410	29,430	24,731	34,683	Sund'y	29,329
19.....	19,640	19,762	19,462	21,449	22,966	24,806	25,548	Sund'y	25,232	26,888	27,753	29,342
20.....	19,735	20,508	20,556	21,108	Sund'y	24,238	25,551	25,436	24,754	30,547	27,896	29,346
21.....	Sund'y	20,437	20,797	27,813	21,177	24,379	26,444	26,380	24,820	Sund'y	28,201	29,577
22.....	18,300	20,887	21,068	Sund'y	22,158	24,450	Sund'y	26,883	27,700	24,607	28,065	33,077
23.....	18,727	20,801	25,296	20,535	22,518	27,909	24,580	26,622	Sund'y	25,838	28,303	Sund'y
24.....	19,025	22,800	22,684	21,213	22,977	Sund'y	25,001	26,736	24,914	26,040	32,482	29,767
25.....	19,681	Sund'y	Sund'y	21,047	25,243	25,183	25,689	29,497	25,220	25,054	Sund'y	30,096
26.....	19,924	19,698	19,757	21,203	26,405	25,991	25,618	Sund'y	25,932	26,642	28,142	29,515
27.....	20,352	20,300	20,005	21,225	Sund'y	24,668	25,642	25,819	29,391	29,436	28,832	29,363
28.....	20,013	20,666	20,689	20,495	22,450	25,788	26,153	25,753	Sund'y	29,867	29,867	29,749
29.....	20,013	.....	20,753	Sund'y	23,330	24,799	26,752	26,752	30,419	25,522	30,717	Sund'y
30.....	20,040	.....	22,529	21,051	22,592	28,425	24,719	26,437	Sund'y	26,346	28,408	Sund'y
31.....	19,880	.....	22,650	.....	23,680	.....	25,408	28,525	.....	29,867	.....	30,264
Total.....	581,714	491,365	573,796	546,880	611,144	640,283	658,488	739,420	652,354	746,375	746,155	786,312
Average.....	19,840	20,176	21,251	21,676	22,634	24,626	25,328	26,304	26,000	27,638	28,638	30,242

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1883.

7,714,186 COPIES.

DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1883.

24,045 COPIES.

1884.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	31,659	32,557	43,006	37,748	37,149	Sund'y	37,845	37,670	34,653	34,896	38,037	30,993
2.....	29,028	31,572	Sund'y	39,436	37,455	40,180	37,822	40,249	40,614	35,075	Sund'y	31,470
3.....	24,181	Sund'y	38,751	37,404	40,639	45,028	40,649	Sund'y	35,588	31,805	35,484	31,551
4.....	29,096	31,175	38,934	38,062	Sund'y	40,396	40,455	36,627	35,335	39,490	38,281	31,260
5.....	31,518	32,302	39,076	41,934	36,458	44,027	39,861	37,424	35,766	Sund'y	68,690	31,007
6.....	Sund'y	32,283	39,650	Sund'y	36,966	46,815	Sund'y	37,264	37,264	34,649	59,277	31,459
7.....	28,949	35,175	40,111	37,048	38,667	49,824	39,241	37,391	Sund'y	34,975	57,303	Sund'y
8.....	29,707	33,117	44,699	37,582	37,835	Sund'y	39,075	36,914	34,490	34,048	58,483	30,990
9.....	29,771	36,366	Sund'y	39,078	37,065	41,026	41,833	39,125	35,793	34,633	Sund'y	30,357
10.....	30,102	Sund'y	39,947	38,061	41,081	41,082	40,753	Sund'y	35,800	34,884	50,418	30,923
11.....	30,403	32,454	39,268	38,378	Sund'y	40,622	40,820	35,807	35,544	38,028	48,529	30,708
12.....	32,384	33,338	39,339	41,806	37,687	40,065	43,168	36,761	35,552	Sund'y	45,112	30,409
13.....	Sund'y	33,177	39,008	Sund'y	38,051	39,433	Sund'y	36,770	38,800	34,489	37,534	32,529
14.....	30,306	32,445	39,206	36,576	40,194	42,084	37,736	39,841	Sund'y	35,317	37,348	Sund'y
15.....	30,901	33,134	41,323	39,364	38,800	Sund'y	38,733	36,982	35,357	41,383	39,768	29,510
16.....	30,781	37,153	Sund'y	37,741	38,905	38,561	38,291	39,165	35,486	35,697	Sund'y	29,612
17.....	30,629	Sund'y	38,649	37,986	41,363	38,272	38,122	Sund'y	35,621	36,701	35,694	29,201
18.....	31,293	33,547	39,773	37,736	Sund'y	32,553	37,921	35,818	35,534	38,163	35,248	28,724
19.....	34,496	33,919	39,040	41,617	37,367	38,739	40,645	36,045	35,937	Sund'y	37,731	28,471
20.....	Sund'y	33,705	39,572	Sund'y	38,193	38,873	Sund'y	38,422	38,429	35,173	34,404	31,147
21.....	30,011	33,920	40,313	36,711	38,639	41,717	37,116	35,929	Sund'y	35,794	33,778	Sund'y
22.....	31,459	34,750	43,940	37,124	39,807	Sund'y	38,482	36,005	34,783	33,724	36,530	29,152
23.....	31,865	37,400	Sund'y	37,363	38,812	37,484	36,531	38,875	34,840	35,302	Sund'y	28,815
24.....	31,071	Sund'y	38,535	37,488	41,766	38,167	35,642	Sund'y	35,375	40,304	31,865	28,836
25.....	31,470	38,213	39,211	37,571	Sund'y	37,006	37,490	35,120	35,635	38,119	33,778	35,511
26.....	35,751	39,829	39,943	40,630	38,177	37,391	40,415	36,738	35,940	Sund'y	31,983	29,606
27.....	Sund'y	38,967	41,113	Sund'y	36,381	37,087	Sund'y	39,441	38,023	34,788	38,179	30,034
28.....	31,006	38,522	37,310	39,267	39,811	40,536	36,815	34,374	Sund'y	35,074	31,288	Sund'y
29.....	32,549	38,488	40,043	37,486	39,792	Sund'y	37,734	36,074	35,095	35,467	34,230	28,611
30.....	32,481	.....	.....	37,656	39,578	37,421	37,752	38,876	35,666	35,459	Sund'y	28,723
31.....	32,624	.....	37,001	.....	41,302	.....	37,439	Sund'y	.....	35,181	.....	28,612
Total.....	841,815	871,629	1,000,486	965,196	1,032,428	1,021,387	1,007,151	961,216	882,777	1,008,904	1,032,944	776,783
Average.....	31,178	34,865	40,018	38,276	38,978	40,853	38,783	36,973	35,928	35,881	40,117	33,040

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1884.

11,576,458 COPIES.

DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1884.

36,867 COPIES.

1885.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	35,363	Sund'y	Sund'y	31,983	33,691	32,615	34,487	36,363	33,413	32,125	Sund'y	33,767
2.....	29,014	29,919	30,760	31,569	36,306	33,144	35,501	33,477	33,478	32,439	30,799	34,016
3.....	30,562	29,573	31,554	32,148	Sund'y	33,045	34,369	35,538	34,741	31,552	33,960	33,776
4.....	Sund'y	30,652	32,159	35,315	32,624	33,029	36,148	34,825	33,252	Sund'y	31,881	33,166
5.....	28,402	29,577	34,874	Sund'y	32,929	33,127	Sund'y	34,728	35,800	31,682	31,881	33,725
6.....	28,514	29,827	31,809	31,611	32,965	35,853	34,646	34,728	Sund'y	31,846	31,012	Sund'y
7.....	28,610	32,700	34,731	32,511	33,019	Sund'y	35,485	34,888	32,477	31,787	34,946	32,855
8.....	28,694	Sund'y	Sund'y	30,874	32,918	31,881	36,732	37,867	31,869	34,630	Sund'y	33,428
9.....	28,832	28,968	31,055	33,984	37,828	32,856	33,700	Sund'y	32,574	31,774	31,318	33,065
10.....	31,025	28,841	31,889	33,506	Sund'y	32,757	35,504	34,900	32,699	34,214	31,881	33,967
11.....	Sund'y	28,516	31,444	36,665	32,919	32,763	37,296	34,812	32,765	Sund'y	31,564	33,725
12.....	28,457	29,909	31,784	Sund'y	33,744	33,185	Sund'y	34,367	35,857	31,276	31,963	33,654
13.....	28,546	29,284	31,703	32,400	Sund'y	36,147	32,256	34,474	Sund'y	31,187	31,827	Sund'y
14.....	28,491	32,600	34,562	33,315	33,671	Sund'y	34,631	34,265	32,756	32,070	35,814	33,530
15.....	28,577	Sund'y	Sund'y	33,522	33,741	32,489	34,470	36,821	32,928	33,092	Sund'y	34,151
16.....	28,704	29,054	30,842	33,529	37,196	33,143	34,839	Sund'y	32,835	31,829	31,458	34,196
17.....	30,343	29,717	31,131	32,631	Sund'y	33,351	34,461	33,762	33,057	34,653	34,363	34,196
18.....	Sund'y	30,157	31,222	36,341	33,030	33,156	36,487	34,513	33,028	Sund'y	32,661	34,961
19.....	27,798	30,240	31,505	Sund'y	33,644	34,899	Sund'y	34,129	35,331	30,885	32,534	33,442
20.....	28,212	30,846	30,983	33,252	33,340	35,092	33,285	34,037	Sund'y	31,337	35,482	Sund'y
21.....	28,841	31,646	34,303	33,705	34,318	Sund'y	34,300	33,319	32,121	31,619	38,574	33,024
22.....	28,600	Sund'y	Sund'y	34,070	33,383	32,626	35,020	36,388	32,600	31,508	Sund'y	34,371
23.....	28,536	30,109	30,951	33,737	36,889	33,059	35,956	Sund'y	32,026	31,560	32,355	34,572
24.....	31,210	30,718	31,518	33,051	Sund'y	32,873	32,119	32,364	33,196	32,762	34,771	34,771
25.....	Sund'y	30,849	31,657	36,004	32,987	37,314	35,971	32,271	Sund'y	34,100	37,018	34,011
26.....	28,485	34,938	31,907	Sund'y	33,271	33,132	Sund'y	33,694	35,283	30,886	34,056	34,411
27.....	28,724	31,255	31,616	33,551	33,396	34,906	34,026	Sund'y	31,601	34,000	Sund'y	34,629
28.....	28,581	34,373	35,021	33,485	33,252	Sund'y	34,803	34,041	31,759	31,582	38,907	34,629
29.....	28,671	Sund'y	Sund'y	33,690	32,655	32,610	34,551	36,000	32,222	32,325	Sund'y	34,640
30.....	29,322	Sund'y	31,354	33,621	34,830	35,594	34,291	Sund'y	32,193	31,605	33,079	34,640
31.....	32,001	Sund'y	32,000	Sund'y	Sund'y	Sund'y	34,624	33,180	Sund'y	31,800	Sund'y	34,629
Total.	790,300	731,494	894,911	880,450	880,163	808,877	960,967	900,818	861,148	808,064	832,718	940,155
Av'g.	25,339	23,438	28,111	28,383	28,382	26,318	30,968	29,058	27,321	26,100	26,308	29,380

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1885..... 10,340,135 COPIES.  
DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1885..... 35,085 COPIES.

1886.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	37,178	35,359	36,371	38,006	51,991	38,126	38,343	Sund'y	39,469	36,606	36,485	35,278
2.....	38,154	35,484	37,001	37,845	Sund'y	38,246	38,307	37,045	38,908	44,546	36,712	34,218
3.....	Sund'y	35,362	37,065	51,974	37,279	38,408	47,818	38,510	38,758	Sund'y	45,997	34,111
4.....	33,758	35,781	37,283	Sund'y	38,742	38,093	Sund'y	38,484	46,900	36,107	37,613	40,191
5.....	34,043	35,716	37,506	37,701	50,501	49,051	39,703	38,121	Sund'y	36,337	36,800	Sund'y
6.....	33,900	32,406	32,850	37,851	35,353	Sund'y	38,521	38,714	37,663	37,106	44,023	34,282
7.....	34,133	Sund'y	Sund'y	40,710	47,104	38,561	39,222	47,276	38,984	36,572	Sund'y	34,574
8.....	34,026	35,685	36,972	38,239	38,206	37,267	38,492	Sund'y	38,898	36,542	35,462	34,964
9.....	40,404	36,110	37,906	38,028	Sund'y	39,032	38,667	37,990	38,637	44,729	35,886	34,686
10.....	Sund'y	36,301	37,379	32,710	40,812	38,529	48,360	38,475	38,336	Sund'y	36,758	34,512
11.....	32,919	35,098	37,454	Sund'y	41,033	38,539	Sund'y	39,333	47,048	36,371	36,558	42,523
12.....	33,649	35,749	37,001	37,883	41,903	49,181	38,012	39,511	Sund'y	36,613	36,334	Sund'y
13.....	34,037	33,149	32,429	38,118	40,010	Sund'y	38,770	38,823	37,414	37,394	43,701	34,012
14.....	34,363	Sund'y	Sund'y	38,575	40,898	37,765	38,466	47,424	38,053	35,758	Sund'y	34,272
15.....	34,656	36,009	37,409	38,375	53,643	39,026	39,016	Sund'y	38,776	36,369	35,712	34,264
16.....	47,222	36,034	37,296	38,235	Sund'y	38,127	38,620	37,709	38,212	44,687	35,943	34,264
17.....	Sund'y	36,534	37,891	35,139	39,679	38,109	47,910	38,804	37,832	Sund'y	36,009	33,485
18.....	34,218	37,010	38,534	Sund'y	37,187	37,856	Sund'y	39,090	46,003	35,951	35,052	42,287
19.....	34,622	36,707	38,374	37,761	39,639	47,223	37,890	39,142	Sund'y	36,540	35,161	Sund'y
20.....	34,462	34,006	53,602	37,936	39,408	Sund'y	39,511	39,927	36,759	37,125	43,072	33,494
21.....	34,852	Sund'y	Sund'y	38,400	39,441	37,327	39,102	34,303	37,103	36,638	Sund'y	34,079
22.....	35,012	36,777	38,235	38,450	51,266	37,423	38,862	Sund'y	37,598	36,423	35,265	34,083
23.....	48,561	37,063	38,747	37,557	Sund'y	38,238	38,554	38,496	37,094	44,597	35,524	34,148
24.....	Sund'y	37,108	38,301	52,876	38,795	37,611	47,922	39,711	37,220	Sund'y	35,718	33,955
25.....	35,000	36,599	38,307	Sund'y	37,741	Sund'y	37,741	Sund'y	45,456	36,215	38,277	43,506
26.....	35,006	36,528	38,146	38,129	38,487	47,477	38,047	39,214	Sund'y	36,319	42,283	Sund'y
27.....	35,928	32,531	32,956	38,322	38,929	Sund'y	38,597	38,793	36,579	36,540	42,283	38,462
28.....	35,734	Sund'y	Sund'y	38,281	38,389	37,442	38,793	47,325	37,280	36,033	Sund'y	33,520
29.....	35,687	Sund'y	37,791	38,088	49,773	38,007	38,735	Sund'y	37,529	35,885	34,670	33,762
30.....	32,664	Sund'y	38,957	37,551	Sund'y	38,719	38,689	40,851	36,307	33,806	34,969	33,618
31.....	Sund'y	Sund'y	37,944	Sund'y	Sund'y	Sund'y	47,725	38,088	Sund'y	Sund'y	Sund'y	33,596
Total.	955,639	936,905	1,079,743	1,062,102	1,158,757	1,033,080	1,086,524	1,062,307	1,030,112	987,883	975,459	900,484
Av'g.	30,755	29,057	33,990	34,465	37,382	33,731	40,388	40,499	39,235	37,906	37,517	35,573

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1886..... 12,232,442 COPIES.  
DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1886..... 33,341 COPIES.

1887.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	46,001	35,908	35,988	35,910	Sund'y	36,511	40,296	42,203	42,099	47,286	39,022	41,245
2.....	Sund'y	34,519	36,300	44,781	35,505	36,198	47,459	42,884	41,520	Sund'y	39,138	40,809
3.....	33,968	34,218	35,361	Sund'y	35,904	34,228	Sund'y	43,372	43,993	40,368	46,548	47,866
4.....	33,669	34,016	35,307	35,554	36,249	44,206	40,297	43,439	Sund'y	41,050	39,542	Sund'y
5.....	33,971	42,210	44,024	36,022	35,788	Sund'y	41,464	42,962	41,099	44,004	45,521	40,411
6.....	33,530	Sund'y	Sund'y	45,677	35,540	35,355	41,319	50,547	41,033	48,724	Sund'y	40,364
7.....	33,374	33,807	35,180	36,804	43,154	35,910	41,434	Sund'y	41,818	42,009	41,235	40,359
8.....	41,398	34,128	35,023	36,890	Sund'y	35,939	41,568	42,946	41,687	47,708	43,202	40,102
9.....	Sund'y	34,457	36,088	45,149	35,077	36,194	47,077	43,299	41,364	Sund'y	48,200	40,092
10.....	33,330	34,695	36,227	Sund'y	35,452	35,790	Sund'y	43,124	49,128	40,476	52,014	45,831
11.....	33,342	33,928	35,671	36,328	35,751	42,817	40,571	42,945	Sund'y	40,739	35,396	Sund'y
12.....	34,131	43,142	45,054	36,721	35,358	Sund'y	41,289	43,313	40,535	40,907	30,255	39,357
13.....	33,686	Sund'y	35,054	37,548	35,538	35,962	42,997	50,554	40,933	40,629	Sund'y	40,922
14.....	35,849	34,447	37,705	36,785	43,538	36,304	42,141	Sund'y	41,538	40,518	38,651	39,671
15.....	41,516	34,585	35,922	36,611	Sund'y	37,222	41,898	42,079	53,837	46,335	47,976	39,423
16.....	Sund'y	35,225	36,278	45,383	35,216	37,279	47,931	43,094	41,900	Sund'y	47,532	39,342
17.....	33,264	35,273	36,047	Sund'y	35,478	37,008	Sund'y	42,365	47,716	40,745	47,454	45,445
18.....	36,125	34,811	35,832	35,906	36,084	44,384	40,622	43,180	Sund'y	40,338	45,974	39,676
19.....	33,892	43,800	43,304	36,428	35,773	Sund'y	41,445	43,977	40,361	40,122	52,209	38,717
20.....	34,125	Sund'y	Sund'y	36,788	38,892	37,070	41,217	48,895	41,033	40,323	Sund'y	39,644
21.....	34,072	34,759	36,161	36,329	43,234	37,703	41,040	Sund'y	41,468	40,442	44,159	38,792
22.....	41,567	35,709	36,188	37,129	Sund'y	38,941	42,009	42,458	40,311	45,708	43,939	38,113
23.....	Sund'y	36,372	37,732	41,564	35,215	38,132	48,439	42,538	40,815	Sund'y	42,832	38,902
24.....	33,721	35,812	36,395	Sund'y	36,459	38,350	Sund'y	47,692	47,576	30,159	44,291	44,291
25.....	34,212	35,500	36,081	36,280	36,492	45,001	41,797	42,041	Sund'y	38,950	40,068	Sund'y
26.....	34,029	44,607	45,002	36,659	36,814	Sund'y	42,293	42,259	40,511	39,085	47,906	41,540
27.....	34,222	Sund'y	Sund'y	34,900	36,881	39,353	43,789	49,292	40,456	38,983	Sund'y	38,553
28.....	34,296	35,168	35,549	36,444	43,751	39,418	42,728	Sund'y	40,101	38,841	40,532	38,216
29.....	42,262	35,505	35,505	36,415	Sund'y	40,529	42,797	41,962	40,748	45,009	41,232	37,423
30.....	Sund'y	36,139	44,301	35,651	40,121	49,353	42,845	40,034	Sund'y	41,687	37,917	38,802
31.....	33,623	36,043	35,635	35,635	35,635	Sund'y	42,977	42,977	38,620	38,620	38,620	38,620
Total..	921,170	867,047	1,009,353	1,001,036	962,037	928,812	1,114,212	1,184,829	1,110,545	1,087,164	1,225,937	1,006,791
Av'g.	35,452	36,129	37,383	38,503	37,001	38,415	42,854	43,883	42,713	41,814	47,141	40,621

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1887. 12,575,215 COPIES.  
DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1887. 40,189 COPIES.

1888.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	Sund'y	34,894	38,908	Sund'y	35,821	32,609	Sund'y	77,783	107,600	12,507	94,708	86,923
2.....	40,847	34,839	39,206	36,080	35,886	37,733	33,265	79,290	Sund'y	92,228	34,549	Sund'y
3.....	36,172	34,857	45,031	37,871	35,192	Sund'y	34,703	90,455	90,215	35,000	103,442	86,581
4.....	36,493	41,564	Sund'y	39,653	35,105	32,359	40,029	90,828	90,695	92,612	Sund'y	87,467
5.....	36,431	Sund'y	38,903	37,822	41,202	39,207	38,197	Sund'y	88,365	92,344	95,808	86,637
6.....	36,421	35,505	36,361	38,237	Sund'y	36,025	32,800	82,631	98,439	104,019	99,756	86,634
7.....	42,191	36,006	38,266	44,138	34,510	36,029	37,801	83,544	98,132	Sund'y	136,093	86,114
8.....	Sund'y	35,965	38,833	Sund'y	34,604	37,001	Sund'y	85,081	107,165	96,014	120,713	83,707
9.....	35,557	35,673	39,574	37,773	35,013	37,067	31,776	85,256	Sund'y	88,499	111,749	Sund'y
10.....	35,634	35,621	43,922	37,707	34,475	Sund'y	34,337	86,387	96,710	98,839	116,686	85,495
11.....	35,542	41,510	Sund'y	38,157	34,294	32,307	35,228	95,900	97,996	89,990	Sund'y	87,028
12.....	34,540	Sund'y	33,569	38,197	40,597	37,763	38,241	Sund'y	89,935	101,221	96,195	85,849
13.....	35,180	36,071	39,255	37,732	Sund'y	32,873	40,173	82,540	98,670	109,416	94,541	85,034
14.....	40,564	37,002	39,824	43,754	34,277	32,812	46,440	91,478	97,425	Sund'y	93,714	94,893
15.....	Sund'y	36,044	38,351	Sund'y	33,535	32,556	Sund'y	91,110	106,121	96,447	93,456	90,829
16.....	34,704	37,152	39,567	37,300	34,631	37,597	46,332	94,906	Sund'y	97,216	92,692	Sund'y
17.....	35,138	37,405	46,201	37,357	33,733	Sund'y	49,465	95,573	95,532	96,340	99,697	84,005
18.....	35,098	42,290	Sund'y	37,130	33,433	33,294	55,455	104,342	96,940	95,011	Sund'y	84,489
19.....	34,742	Sund'y	39,313	36,717	38,941	37,451	57,854	Sund'y	96,232	95,212	91,316	84,353
20.....	34,784	36,852	39,444	36,873	Sund'y	35,148	59,410	96,081	95,897	101,039	90,391	83,723
21.....	40,562	37,243	39,600	42,502	33,123	38,323	68,300	98,382	95,130	Sund'y	90,284	83,440
22.....	Sund'y	38,158	39,079	Sund'y	33,638	38,393	Sund'y	93,773	105,568	94,352	88,739	91,303
23.....	34,658	37,536	39,453	36,009	33,483	43,778	62,549	95,352	Sund'y	94,896	88,233	Sund'y
24.....	34,874	37,740	45,119	36,302	35,286	Sund'y	66,525	98,173	91,118	94,716	96,595	85,642
25.....	34,910	43,911	Sund'y	36,564	32,804	37,507	69,051	107,650	94,822	93,852	Sund'y	90,558
26.....	34,527	Sund'y	38,047	37,097	37,593	69,430	Sund'y	94,890	94,083	97,605	82,758	88,640
27.....	34,855	36,983	38,227	36,870	Sund'y	35,132	71,523	98,985	95,847	102,130	88,711	83,143
28.....	40,434	38,048	39,300	42,199	32,340	35,065	80,249	100,045	95,342	Sund'y	87,788	83,033
29.....	Sund'y	38,988	39,232	Sund'y	32,713	35,287	Sund'y	100,978	101,647	95,267	92,308	89,658
30.....	34,552	39,411	35,547	32,970	38,361	74,657	100,896	Sund'y	93,957	88,394	Sund'y	88,040
31.....	34,647	44,945	32,490	32,490	32,490	76,534	99,932	94,191	94,191	94,191	94,191	88,040
Total..	531,439	529,108	1,072,384	1,011,902	908,721	906,952	1,320,183	1,491,939	1,449,642	1,595,882	1,516,742	1,223,117
Av'g.	35,824	37,164	39,723	37,254	35,656	34,767	50,776	62,341	67,983	96,141	96,797	88,952

Unsold copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1888. 19,384,606 COPIES.  
DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1888. 61,612 COPIES.

1889.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	90.413	79.956	83.372	82.983	89.081	94.013	100.012	95.007	Sund'y	88.878	84.056	Sund'y
2.....	82.704	87.586	91.348	113.088	87.180	Sund'y	94.638	94.335	94.559	88.745	91.680	93.086
3.....	82.889	Sund'y	Sund'y	95.171	81.296	93.374	91.221	100.865	91.466	88.074	Sund'y	93.440
4.....	83.174	80.528	83.576	83.684	87.513	87.187	94.044	Sund'y	94.104	88.240	93.697	92.808
5.....	89.906	80.100	98.737	82.778	Sund'y	88.105	94.046	93.127	91.978	93.719	86.091	93.389
6.....	Sund'y	79.766	95.507	89.151	79.800	98.064	100.872	91.507	94.073	Sund'y	92.502	91.370
7.....	81.708	80.186	81.475	Sund'y	80.073	89.283	Sund'y	95.000	100.401	96.803	87.173	104.475
8.....	81.988	80.779	83.093	81.030	81.130	95.259	95.107	94.459	Sund'y	87.249	87.018	Sund'y
9.....	80.617	88.886	91.270	81.851	80.463	Sund'y	110.637	94.311	92.717	86.010	94.976	95.000
10.....	80.489	Sund'y	Sund'y	82.067	80.283	87.724	97.676	100.889	94.153	85.959	Sund'y	95.128
11.....	80.273	80.374	85.880	81.204	86.627	80.834	97.304	Sund'y	95.006	85.570	87.771	95.995
12.....	88.262	80.644	84.430	80.111	Sund'y	100.978	97.350	93.591	90.239	91.116	88.857	96.020
13.....	Sund'y	82.630	85.070	88.884	77.102	91.793	103.405	96.100	92.924	Sund'y	89.214	97.400
14.....	80.459	83.720	84.331	Sund'y	70.807	91.704	Sund'y	93.938	99.708	84.821	92.268	100.430
15.....	80.393	80.157	81.635	79.196	80.432	88.080	96.094	94.029	Sund'y	84.758	90.030	Sund'y
16.....	80.120	88.091	92.545	80.592	80.112	Sund'y	97.304	91.251	91.695	95.323	97.336	97.269
17.....	80.274	Sund'y	Sund'y	81.394	80.449	91.658	97.013	100.160	91.966	84.757	Sund'y	112.536
18.....	80.349	81.925	83.730	81.699	87.188	91.869	96.618	Sund'y	91.346	84.801	89.844	97.975
19.....	88.296	81.418	84.942	80.678	Sund'y	92.862	93.014	93.265	90.813	91.508	91.174	98.985
20.....	Sund'y	82.017	84.090	87.708	79.221	92.782	102.704	98.800	90.678	Sund'y	91.919	95.935
21.....	78.835	82.251	81.533	Sund'y	79.479	91.511	Sund'y	93.776	97.336	83.881	92.627	102.560
22.....	79.880	83.186	84.445	79.616	79.283	99.487	94.589	93.880	Sund'y	84.355	92.828	Sund'y
23.....	79.974	88.212	92.405	80.964	81.156	Sund'y	95.493	95.736	93.708	84.359	90.745	95.384
24.....	79.947	Sund'y	Sund'y	80.188	79.706	91.319	95.958	100.097	90.631	81.837	Sund'y	95.570
25.....	80.251	81.949	82.729	80.026	87.354	93.620	95.804	Sund'y	89.627	84.230	92.882	95.902
26.....	88.063	83.109	84.644	80.507	Sund'y	93.015	93.784	93.749	89.251	91.687	93.747	94.213
27.....	Sund'y	83.530	83.344	87.006	81.639	92.811	102.941	100.670	89.322	Sund'y	92.498	94.029
28.....	79.492	83.739	82.745	Sund'y	82.818	93.965	Sund'y	95.108	95.108	84.137	100.029	99.717
29.....	80.082	82.013	81.015	83.035	100.340	84.081	Sund'y	98.637	Sund'y	84.785	92.825	99.717
30.....	80.173	.....	90.042	92.878	84.809	Sund'y	95.579	99.427	88.444	86.359	90.085	92.433
31.....	80.030	.....	Sund'y	.....	82.481	.....	95.289	102.645	.....	85.032	.....	91.900

Total 2,201,696 1,972,588 2,210,282 2,179,654 2,308,264 2,300,450 2,409,822 2,385,434 2,387,649 2,325,552 2,355,854 2,507,942  
 A Y R 81.543 82.190 85.357 83.833 81.783 92.258 95.633 95.768 92.906 86.124 90.994 96.365

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TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1889..... 27,781,970 COPIES.  
 DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1889..... 85.773 COPIES.

1890.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	91.998	93.661	91.894	80.865	81.197	Sund'y	78.978	82.276	78.044	79.625	115.717	72.193
2.....	91.287	Sund'y	Sund'y	81.022	81.041	78.364	79.567	85.015	77.699	79.971	Sund'y	71.360
3.....	91.134	86.559	85.294	80.124	87.677	78.256	79.341	Sund'y	78.017	79.853	73.923	71.108
4.....	97.445	87.206	85.380	80.068	Sund'y	79.378	84.732	79.245	78.092	84.577	74.020	70.906
5.....	Sund'y	87.320	85.168	89.082	81.274	78.883	82.762	80.790	78.153	Sund'y	103.388	71.307
6.....	80.114	86.953	85.302	Sund'y	85.000	79.200	Sund'y	83.799	82.448	77.413	90.923	75.643
7.....	90.048	86.791	84.771	79.378	81.798	86.075	78.676	81.932	Sund'y	80.007	78.844	Sund'y
8.....	89.953	92.084	91.842	80.771	82.468	79.713	81.128	75.334	81.549	81.729	70.491	.....
9.....	89.407	Sund'y	Sund'y	91.535	81.323	77.417	79.997	81.028	76.806	83.188	Sund'y	70.774
10.....	80.066	86.823	84.470	80.492	86.192	78.067	79.794	Sund'y	77.002	80.822	75.169	71.143
11.....	85.326	86.830	84.092	79.717	Sund'y	78.233	79.388	79.336	78.518	91.012	73.972	71.108
12.....	Sund'y	89.063	85.500	86.938	81.553	78.434	87.492	80.331	78.623	Sund'y	74.135	70.742
13.....	87.669	86.222	85.080	Sund'y	82.176	77.911	Sund'y	80.781	83.217	83.142	73.564	75.464
14.....	88.441	85.561	84.237	79.296	82.290	81.344	80.419	80.296	Sund'y	83.008	74.343	Sund'y
15.....	88.900	93.719	89.708	80.681	82.124	Sund'y	80.275	76.389	94.710	78.161	70.385	.....
16.....	88.029	Sund'y	Sund'y	81.288	82.221	77.023	80.643	83.959	77.191	100.014	Sund'y	71.050
17.....	88.067	86.140	84.008	80.729	87.492	77.379	80.562	Sund'y	78.074	128.546	71.391	71.090
18.....	94.191	86.717	84.344	80.241	Sund'y	77.453	80.434	78.455	78.103	129.301	73.359	72.265
19.....	Sund'y	86.550	84.108	86.554	90.013	77.689	83.464	79.413	78.042	Sund'y	73.044	71.962
20.....	86.771	85.063	82.707	Sund'y	81.151	77.637	Sund'y	79.232	82.475	75.165	73.505	.....
21.....	80.322	85.142	81.716	79.031	80.340	82.277	79.067	75.322	Sund'y	75.777	73.388	Sund'y
22.....	86.177	91.378	91.145	80.326	81.419	Sund'y	79.923	79.318	77.338	75.838	78.949	71.960
23.....	87.101	Sund'y	Sund'y	80.567	80.913	76.725	80.375	83.256	78.006	75.251	Sund'y	72.900
24.....	86.119	86.194	81.003	80.910	86.620	78.106	80.179	Sund'y	78.344	78.068	72.388	71.782
25.....	95.248	97.809	81.982	80.101	Sund'y	77.399	79.814	76.022	78.272	80.503	72.988	81.803
26.....	Sund'y	86.811	85.434	85.842	79.789	77.725	84.925	80.301	78.421	Sund'y	72.642	70.755
27.....	84.817	86.251	81.728	Sund'y	80.489	78.113	Sund'y	79.111	83.810	75.609	80.090	85.178
28.....	87.569	85.368	80.564	80.301	80.150	83.727	79.732	78.924	Sund'y	77.663	73.048	Sund'y
29.....	87.713	.....	96.111	80.921	79.914	Sund'y	80.113	78.841	77.866	76.490	77.492	70.966
30.....	80.350	.....	Sund'y	81.311	79.397	78.041	80.428	82.810	79.008	76.144	Sund'y	71.851
31.....	87.117	.....	80.336	.....	84.628	.....	81.825	Sund'y	.....	75.023	.....	72.192

Total 2,403,287 2,065,311 2,188,082 2,102,678 2,138,610 2,150,304 2,163,015 2,076,296 2,026,055 2,258,551 1,996,921 1,965,436  
 A Y R 88.991 87.205 84.532 80.872 81.431 78.024 80.111 79.894 77.923 80.630 77.476 71.832

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TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1890..... 55,541,853 COPIES.  
 DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1890..... 50.064 COPIES.

1891.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.	82,133	Sund'y	Sund'y	82,250	81,550	75,366	77,551	81,437	79,000	79,376	Sund'y	73,008
2.	69,917	76,758	77,002	82,294	84,991	76,711	77,015	79,617	78,617	78,150	75,995	73,087
3.	75,224	75,771	77,329	82,254	Sund'y	76,010	77,618	79,392	78,519	81,640	76,193	73,993
4.	Sund'y	75,110	77,180	85,328	79,279	75,882	80,094	79,089	79,181	Sund'y	88,719	73,896
5.	70,889	76,128	77,682	Sund'y	78,734	76,546	79,594	78,959	82,918	77,587	83,419	78,198
6.	71,678	76,494	77,381	82,275	78,816	79,836	77,270	78,165	Sund'y	77,411	76,517	Sund'y
7.	72,265	82,008	81,597	83,953	78,329	Sund'y	78,912	78,240	77,551	77,042	82,730	73,455
8.	72,679	Sund'y	80,581	100,581	78,413	75,668	77,412	81,584	78,652	79,554	Sund'y	73,814
9.	75,004	76,765	77,141	83,018	82,742	76,192	77,362	Sund'y	78,091	78,395	74,542	74,310
10.	78,024	75,892	77,354	80,700	Sund'y	76,615	77,085	77,351	77,571	83,298	73,505	75,072
11.	Sund'y	76,251	78,327	87,583	76,954	76,318	80,810	78,369	78,357	Sund'y	74,454	75,354
12.	75,240	76,587	80,634	Sund'y	77,754	77,069	Sund'y	78,302	81,692	76,464	74,738	79,747
13.	73,630	76,530	78,455	80,204	78,419	81,011	76,532	79,217	Sund'y	75,632	74,739	Sund'y
14.	73,921	81,595	82,227	81,160	78,881	Sund'y	77,042	78,906	77,481	79,089	78,670	74,169
15.	76,005	Sund'y	Sund'y	83,351	78,577	75,926	77,887	82,182	77,302	79,106	Sund'y	75,095
16.	74,461	76,453	78,618	82,825	82,000	76,830	77,715	Sund'y	78,099	77,942	74,268	74,705
17.	79,808	77,118	80,230	83,212	Sund'y	77,964	78,118	76,970	77,902	81,736	73,486	74,963
18.	Sund'y	76,943	80,247	86,669	77,776	76,789	81,384	79,543	77,881	Sund'y	72,395	74,811
19.	74,675	77,370	79,706	Sund'y	78,042	76,514	Sund'y	78,490	82,335	75,080	72,243	78,375
20.	75,835	76,837	80,624	81,389	78,191	80,652	76,875	78,645	Sund'y	78,885	72,105	Sund'y
21.	75,519	82,648	86,300	81,979	78,267	Sund'y	78,311	78,365	76,184	76,979	77,594	73,226
22.	76,091	Sund'y	Sund'y	82,343	77,489	75,542	78,091	82,176	77,291	76,741	Sund'y	74,194
23.	75,994	78,196	80,014	82,588	81,883	76,713	78,414	Sund'y	77,765	75,923	74,083	74,119
24.	80,325	78,219	81,100	82,141	Sund'y	77,253	78,339	75,759	78,117	82,861	74,815	74,094
25.	Sund'y	77,671	81,226	86,317	77,189	76,594	81,006	78,068	78,145	Sund'y	73,922	80,185
26.	75,658	78,040	81,186	Sund'y	77,635	77,075	Sund'y	78,755	82,700	77,694	77,485	78,437
27.	76,567	77,513	80,260	81,823	77,715	81,192	76,882	77,683	Sund'y	75,908	75,226	Sund'y
28.	76,877	81,979	85,748	82,040	78,052	Sund'y	78,403	78,541	77,357	75,924	79,183	73,871
29.	77,111	Sund'y	81,761	77,288	77,376	78,117	82,054	78,958	74,676	Sund'y	75,085	74,294
30.	76,994	Sund'y	79,445	82,189	80,817	77,354	77,715	Sund'y	78,129	75,277	72,982	Sund'y
31.	81,123	Sund'y	81,832	Sund'y	Sund'y	77,856	77,006	Sund'y	Sund'y	82,116	Sund'y	74,089
Total.	2,018,538	1,846,883	2,006,202	2,168,302	2,040,005	1,888,000	2,004,132	2,027,391	2,027,263	2,039,767	1,871,551	2,006,194
Av'g.	74,763	76,953	79,439	83,335	78,461	76,461	77,590	77,909	77,971	76,657	74,874	74,903

Unsold copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1891..... 24,225,194 COPIES.  
DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1891..... 77,536 COPIES.

1892.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.	76,090	76,236	79,618	82,637	Sund'y	78,672	80,420	90,002	93,102	102,393	96,080	91,393
2.	76,719	77,817	79,770	88,088	72,615	78,599	93,927	90,900	91,962	Sund'y	96,704	91,612
3.	Sund'y	77,413	80,758	Sund'y	74,152	79,325	Sund'y	91,678	97,400	91,881	96,882	90,897
4.	73,400	77,894	80,249	80,479	75,003	85,289	86,213	91,774	Sund'y	97,751	96,753	Sund'y
5.	73,389	77,467	84,445	82,616	Sund'y	80,251	81,105	91,188	96,065	102,172	92,730	92,730
6.	73,256	82,425	Sund'y	88,539	74,499	86,484	87,611	85,795	102,088	94,408	Sund'y	93,188
7.	75,440	Sund'y	79,117	85,175	Sund'y	84,765	88,885	90,470	129,556	90,979	102,006	92,736
8.	72,444	77,389	80,505	82,115	Sund'y	84,765	88,885	90,470	129,556	90,979	102,006	92,736
9.	75,002	78,165	80,549	86,929	73,770	80,683	92,307	91,545	97,396	Sund'y	116,899	92,620
10.	Sund'y	77,730	78,728	Sund'y	74,600	80,624	Sund'y	91,540	104,062	95,265	112,353	98,917
11.	72,633	78,238	78,901	81,157	75,138	97,425	87,400	90,982	Sund'y	94,982	106,176	Sund'y
12.	73,734	78,252	84,830	81,408	75,445	Sund'y	89,974	91,015	95,401	95,369	108,086	92,435
13.	72,922	82,045	Sund'y	81,711	75,212	82,624	91,347	95,920	97,329	96,637	Sund'y	93,218
14.	73,594	Sund'y	79,552	79,282	79,893	85,934	91,661	Sund'y	96,631	95,617	106,621	93,795
15.	72,994	77,282	79,996	79,908	Sund'y	84,285	90,400	90,422	96,635	100,928	96,402	93,880
16.	76,919	77,904	79,761	84,229	75,063	83,567	95,462	91,328	96,457	Sund'y	96,324	92,971
17.	Sund'y	78,495	80,324	Sund'y	76,129	85,051	Sund'y	92,555	102,353	94,496	94,051	Sund'y
18.	73,639	78,738	80,065	79,755	76,554	91,300	89,512	Sund'y	96,231	93,777	Sund'y	92,130
19.	77,957	77,490	85,114	80,253	75,122	Sund'y	91,155	91,439	85,454	99,134	100,318	92,165
20.	72,759	84,975	Sund'y	80,753	75,574	88,841	91,899	97,118	97,012	103,576	Sund'y	91,253
21.	74,622	Sund'y	80,178	79,931	80,585	92,003	91,112	Sund'y	97,322	102,064	97,145	91,139
22.	74,444	79,316	81,153	80,110	Sund'y	90,710	91,918	89,898	97,015	114,271	95,682	90,792
23.	80,211	79,888	81,378	85,302	75,620	97,157	95,508	92,450	95,980	Sund'y	94,643	90,702
24.	Sund'y	79,517	81,485	Sund'y	76,609	91,777	Sund'y	92,950	102,601	96,754	94,658	96,172
25.	74,507	78,780	81,868	80,519	78,501	97,741	89,387	92,438	Sund'y	96,400	95,540	Sund'y
26.	75,593	78,663	86,658	80,636	79,845	Sund'y	91,168	91,931	96,857	97,334	99,454	90,357
27.	75,428	81,245	Sund'y	81,979	77,818	92,013	91,561	95,834	96,774	96,724	Sund'y	90,651
28.	75,935	Sund'y	81,018	80,511	82,130	91,751	91,670	95,814	97,016	98,089	92,006	90,651
29.	76,144	78,510	82,018	85,585	Sund'y	10,822	90,338	91,114	97,262	110,344	95,385	90,730
30.	81,101	Sund'y	81,901	84,921	76,441	89,348	95,396	90,292	95,938	Sund'y	95,337	91,907
31.	Sund'y	Sund'y	81,880	Sund'y	78,055	Sund'y	Sund'y	Sund'y	Sund'y	96,532	Sund'y	97,906
Total.	1,916,336	1,850,644	2,172,826	2,107,467	1,919,072	2,285,678	2,313,416	2,474,415	2,558,291	2,561,268	2,585,836	2,500,009
Av'g.	76,704	78,025	80,475	81,059	74,976	87,508	90,151	91,665	98,395	98,125	99,455	92,292

Unsold copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1892..... 37,865,472 COPIES.  
DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1892..... 97,246 COPIES.

1893.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	Sund'y	96,455	102,762	111,371	110,414	113,722	131,271	138,882	147,227	Sund'y	139,794	112,691
2.....	91,657	94,542	102,357	107,214	112,634	119,518	Sund'y	131,508	151,359	132,052	133,374	118,427
3.....	90,417	95,909	101,482	107,214	112,634	119,518	Sund'y	131,508	151,359	132,052	133,374	118,427
4.....	91,040	101,681	107,551	105,689	113,800	Sund'y	121,551	138,361	141,356	135,022	136,385	122,960
5.....	91,913	Sund'y	Sund'y	128,689	109,770	118,512	130,240	142,442	142,943	135,310	Sund'y	114,210
6.....	100,004	96,498	100,469	105,678	117,023	130,630	124,106	Sund'y	143,842	130,232	126,001	113,891
7.....	97,619	96,716	102,650	104,001	Sund'y	121,869	131,477	134,354	142,378	142,763	129,550	114,551
8.....	Sund'y	95,527	103,946	110,505	110,842	121,956	126,750	137,925	144,413	Sund'y	138,652	114,504
9.....	91,581	96,874	111,348	Sund'y	112,888	121,298	Sund'y	140,120	151,327	146,068	129,633	121,050
10.....	91,901	97,637	104,223	101,330	113,064	128,489	137,369	138,611	Sund'y	160,334	128,321	Sund'y
11.....	91,354	103,859	110,155	104,292	114,035	Sund'y	168,951	138,855	139,762	145,487	136,270	122,068
12.....	102,329	Sund'y	Sund'y	115,333	114,187	125,749	133,343	143,900	145,151	141,101	Sund'y	115,368
13.....	91,934	97,267	104,089	105,103	121,596	124,784	137,508	Sund'y	140,678	140,882	135,769	122,516
14.....	97,887	95,459	104,773	103,958	Sund'y	125,327	141,921	140,013	145,232	144,785	135,806	114,547
15.....	Sund'y	98,584	102,471	109,556	115,550	124,912	140,401	141,399	144,386	Sund'y	122,443	114,892
16.....	92,467	98,569	102,008	Sund'y	116,797	125,637	Sund'y	135,151	132,807	139,013	121,033	122,272
17.....	93,597	98,272	102,597	101,217	117,074	132,001	133,959	142,850	Sund'y	137,373	122,347	Sund'y
18.....	95,232	103,006	110,197	103,540	117,254	Sund'y	137,942	142,471	144,792	135,739	129,032	114,538
19.....	94,021	Sund'y	Sund'y	102,038	117,004	125,607	137,883	146,019	143,474	131,979	Sund'y	115,349
20.....	95,345	98,545	102,132	102,400	122,894	127,424	137,249	Sund'y	139,642	144,489	138,976	134,139
21.....	101,011	96,248	103,249	101,300	Sund'y	129,539	138,194	139,151	142,910	142,640	118,774	116,896
22.....	Sund'y	100,096	103,723	108,421	115,144	125,177	143,744	142,216	141,893	Sund'y	117,967	116,809
23.....	95,715	99,614	103,310	111,002	127,455	Sund'y	141,006	151,436	151,436	131,156	117,911	123,064
24.....	97,141	96,059	103,310	103,682	116,797	130,321	145,529	145,529	145,529	131,884	Sund'y	117,911
25.....	96,855	106,140	111,309	105,131	115,904	Sund'y	138,104	145,081	138,966	131,283	122,906	117,919
26.....	97,103	Sund'y	105,205	106,250	116,206	128,152	137,593	150,270	138,934	123,184	Sund'y	115,503
27.....	106,559	109,438	103,194	104,890	122,632	131,511	135,389	Sund'y	138,006	129,258	114,414	115,614
28.....	105,062	101,412	105,875	105,958	Sund'y	130,545	137,112	143,311	137,942	135,876	116,399	116,330
29.....	Sund'y	.....	105,105	114,378	116,410	128,534	142,653	145,790	136,451	Sund'y	116,488	117,534
30.....	96,632	.....	104,853	Sund'y	118,388	129,231	147,353	137,975	146,123	119,256	122,727	.....
31.....	97,362	.....	104,172	.....	119,792	.....	133,975	147,582	.....	141,136	Sund'y	.....
Total.....	2,451,343	2,361,566	2,383,939	2,639,315	111,734	1,249,718	1,510,517	1,903,525	1,678,287	1,563,957	1,220,219	1,016,071
Av'g.....	94,282	98,389	94,849	105,568	115,242	124,389	135,019	149,871	141,472	137,074	124,281	116,002

Unsold copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1893.....

DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1893.....

37,420,075 COPIES.

119,936 COPIES.

1894.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	113,781	119,840	121,953	Sund'y	125,797	130,565	Sund'y	146,110	146,822	133,330	132,122	134,118
2.....	115,770	119,035	122,376	121,791	130,591	138,711	140,072	138,226	Sund'y	134,570	132,648	Sund'y
3.....	117,073	120,534	122,521	121,791	129,561	Sund'y	149,148	161,279	150,191	136,022	136,806	126,494
4.....	117,867	Sund'y	Sund'y	135,558	130,495	128,388	146,818	151,096	137,946	135,857	135,751	126,151
5.....	118,278	117,808	120,763	124,586	134,183	131,296	132,946	Sund'y	136,372	134,096	122,726	122,726
6.....	123,376	120,192	121,973	124,693	Sund'y	132,258	174,278	146,288	135,429	141,772	135,041	128,415
7.....	Sund'y	119,748	122,551	143,024	129,149	129,590	188,598	147,986	137,108	Sund'y	136,484	127,543
8.....	115,567	122,445	121,902	Sund'y	129,721	130,268	Sund'y	146,939	142,825	131,894	134,271	126,880
9.....	121,561	118,892	144,790	129,627	130,198	137,559	131,988	145,413	Sund'y	132,840	134,290	Sund'y
10.....	119,757	127,440	130,480	122,103	130,714	Sund'y	204,920	144,245	136,307	131,051	130,483	129,226
11.....	118,916	Sund'y	Sund'y	123,665	129,872	128,451	200,327	149,794	138,238	135,638	Sund'y	131,053
12.....	114,646	116,218	122,625	134,674	137,744	130,691	138,574	Sund'y	137,379	133,644	129,271	135,771
13.....	125,962	119,468	124,010	124,408	Sund'y	131,126	122,431	140,325	137,900	129,964	130,343	133,096
14.....	Sund'y	120,638	124,339	133,227	128,569	130,340	189,399	137,634	136,879	Sund'y	130,531	127,972
15.....	118,419	122,493	122,817	134,149	Sund'y	139,917	140,029	139,917	140,029	130,429	132,031	140,501
16.....	120,311	119,288	125,452	124,851	130,298	137,217	137,459	140,071	Sund'y	131,304	131,545	Sund'y
17.....	121,043	125,919	120,416	126,806	130,490	Sund'y	170,406	140,536	135,115	133,116	138,213	122,082
18.....	121,864	Sund'y	Sund'y	124,307	129,910	128,700	165,381	144,716	137,018	132,743	Sund'y	134,331
19.....	120,987	119,480	120,052	136,417	141,160	129,267	159,578	Sund'y	137,251	132,013	127,385	133,524
20.....	123,370	120,165	122,044	127,147	Sund'y	130,710	154,970	137,153	137,985	139,551	128,098	134,123
21.....	Sund'y	118,544	122,516	133,106	125,284	129,756	161,826	139,067	137,876	Sund'y	126,386	134,642
22.....	118,298	118,228	121,751	Sund'y	131,468	129,288	Sund'y	143,705	130,064	130,064	129,217	142,199
23.....	119,633	118,968	124,825	125,632	132,007	137,157	150,547	140,481	Sund'y	132,501	128,867	Sund'y
24.....	116,537	123,161	129,848	127,429	131,180	Sund'y	152,408	139,300	134,236	132,696	135,973	129,482
25.....	115,070	Sund'y	Sund'y	127,492	131,475	140,721	151,138	145,707	132,557	132,815	Sund'y	131,681
26.....	120,124	119,771	118,786	127,169	138,645	130,365	151,106	138,005	133,567	131,189	126,588	130,285
27.....	125,359	121,205	120,313	126,398	Sund'y	131,444	154,421	137,178	138,023	129,757	127,700	128,100
28.....	Sund'y	141,857	120,047	144,387	128,703	132,616	155,617	138,520	137,052	Sund'y	126,410	127,900
29.....	119,257	.....	118,676	Sund'y	131,482	135,438	Sund'y	139,684	145,122	131,428	124,831	135,342
30.....	119,557	.....	121,185	128,219	129,692	144,678	144,620	140,282	Sund'y	132,051	127,114	Sund'y
31.....	120,779	.....	128,657	.....	131,111	.....	145,990	139,678	.....	131,690	.....	127,266
Total.....	3,248,933	2,809,236	3,116,514	3,152,848	1,499,100	1,903,397	4,405,272	3,854,176	3,428,271	3,572,474	3,440,083	3,303,284
Av'g.....	120,300	120,551	122,833	126,113	129,569	130,670	164,312	142,747	137,130	132,313	132,311	130,510

Unsold copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1894.....

DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1894.....

41,408,574 COPIES.

132,467 COPIES.

## CIRCULATION OF THE CHICAGO RECORD.

431

1895.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.	132,807	153,782	165,925	161,246	165,754	172,418	159,382	162,957	Sund'y	146,770	141,972	Sund'y
2.	123,672	162,617	174,549	162,929	166,614	Sund'y	161,651	161,198	149,479	145,705	148,920	129,746
3.	131,371	Sund'y	159,685	165,466	166,832	165,429	161,797	170,025	152,972	147,373	Sund'y	129,492
4.	130,377	156,383	159,685	165,466	166,832	165,429	161,797	170,025	152,972	147,373	148,920	129,746
5.	138,988	157,712	164,207	165,227	Sund'y	164,485	164,640	160,910	150,825	153,591	142,710	128,800
6.	Sund'y	160,289	166,300	173,600	163,762	164,082	169,167	162,448	151,078	Sund'y	156,186	128,253
7.	131,108	157,852	166,521	Sund'y	164,828	164,543	Sund'y	162,251	157,008	145,628	140,881	126,961
8.	132,708	158,485	165,546	161,882	165,129	171,166	158,813	162,029	Sund'y	146,720	141,762	Sund'y
9.	133,152	166,919	173,747	162,906	166,770	Sund'y	163,024	161,379	148,409	145,084	146,061	126,120
10.	134,956	159,476	164,192	163,500	166,882	160,959	163,017	166,820	149,740	144,565	Sund'y	128,006
11.	134,956	159,476	164,192	163,500	170,160	162,519	162,839	Sund'y	150,017	147,011	159,808	128,238
12.	138,375	163,063	165,998	163,004	Sund'y	157,839	162,779	150,322	149,933	152,546	140,781	128,487
13.	Sund'y	163,201	175,353	170,915	160,757	165,881	168,841	160,284	149,153	Sund'y	158,578	128,342
14.	131,848	163,578	164,690	Sund'y	163,817	161,074	Sund'y	158,714	156,665	143,658	137,009	125,966
15.	133,957	165,115	165,283	161,244	165,163	169,521	161,531	158,579	Sund'y	145,301	126,879	Sund'y
16.	133,422	174,706	171,716	163,425	166,008	Sund'y	161,951	158,003	148,003	144,004	143,284	128,182
17.	134,207	Sund'y	164,296	165,717	158,163	161,183	164,047	149,905	144,620	Sund'y	128,543	Sund'y
18.	135,411	161,308	164,063	164,089	173,458	160,661	161,119	Sund'y	156,115	144,732	130,654	129,114
19.	144,207	163,304	165,414	164,274	Sund'y	159,570	158,178	158,827	149,806	151,786	129,197	129,482
20.	Sund'y	165,201	164,733	172,426	162,979	160,794	169,969	154,281	150,359	Sund'y	131,352	128,540
21.	133,720	164,649	165,456	Sund'y	164,071	160,642	Sund'y	154,513	157,891	142,738	131,406	128,557
22.	136,282	164,517	165,722	162,465	165,500	167,739	161,469	154,001	Sund'y	143,256	131,704	Sund'y
23.	137,972	174,365	172,348	164,224	166,539	Sund'y	161,732	154,502	148,611	143,348	140,722	131,704
24.	137,000	Sund'y	164,494	164,920	159,482	162,862	158,028	149,928	142,738	Sund'y	131,352	Sund'y
25.	140,242	164,739	163,343	164,266	173,794	156,348	161,996	148,922	142,588	129,008	131,352	Sund'y
26.	144,725	165,845	164,251	165,455	Sund'y	158,305	162,473	152,222	149,310	150,736	129,002	131,352
27.	Sund'y	164,900	165,588	171,724	163,169	164,789	160,440	149,310	149,352	Sund'y	130,769	128,663
28.	157,855	167,254	164,339	164,339	169,163	161,315	Sund'y	152,763	156,055	140,014	130,769	128,663
29.	148,058	164,129	163,265	164,374	167,853	161,267	150,307	Sund'y	140,841	130,736	Sund'y	Sund'y
30.	147,002	171,000	165,622	162,058	Sund'y	162,161	152,914	146,977	141,600	138,416	132,407	Sund'y
31.	154,437	Sund'y	164,635	164,635	163,039	160,478	160,478	160,478	160,478	141,063	132,006	Sund'y
Total.	3,656,286	3,887,931	4,292,599	4,295,145	4,444,735	4,071,453	4,345,000	4,273,643	3,724,823	3,870,833	3,522,641	3,357,266
Average	136,118	161,907	165,088	165,188	166,619	160,858	160,925	156,801	148,992	143,083	135,496	129,125

Unused copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1895..... 47,661,863 COPIES.  
 DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1895..... 152,272 COPIES.

1896.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.	134,320	155,199	Sund'y	160,723	214,214	198,575	226,075	240,814	247,153	249,149	Sund'y	209,315
2.	134,437	Sund'y	146,866	167,638	223,828	200,408	222,534	Sund'y	238,023	243,764	257,475	209,988
3.	136,131	140,580	149,514	189,009	Sund'y	200,364	223,937	230,369	245,358	255,440	262,079	210,350
4.	142,645	142,503	152,423	200,514	214,322	198,865	224,874	235,132	246,849	Sund'y	255,866	208,300
5.	Sund'y	146,249	148,588	Sund'y	203,304	199,688	224,440	235,669	243,894	248,142	253,925	216,721
6.	132,251	143,514	148,706	191,252	211,406	206,324	222,945	233,111	Sund'y	249,007	270,520	Sund'y
7.	134,729	145,180	160,247	194,141	210,206	Sund'y	226,310	233,632	241,001	250,739	274,752	204,783
8.	138,752	154,489	Sund'y	211,403	216,863	198,162	214,214	243,584	245,304	249,062	Sund'y	205,951
9.	136,143	Sund'y	148,794	194,466	214,845	197,535	232,119	Sund'y	246,845	250,407	251,053	206,546
10.	136,869	143,965	150,635	198,416	Sund'y	200,249	233,093	244,666	246,094	267,308	248,162	204,236
11.	148,327	144,027	155,406	211,733	203,411	197,843	242,857	245,840	246,701	Sund'y	246,232	204,125
12.	Sund'y	147,657	149,450	Sund'y	210,622	199,621	Sund'y	237,390	256,177	260,024	241,301	212,540
13.	136,183	142,765	149,138	202,129	206,207	210,488	229,280	236,765	Sund'y	252,962	259,828	Sund'y
14.	137,869	143,582	160,946	209,643	232,740	Sund'y	230,657	237,294	246,783	255,136	247,328	205,275
15.	142,107	155,267	Sund'y	212,124	232,750	203,178	251,657	246,333	249,425	252,480	Sund'y	202,496
16.	138,439	Sund'y	149,706	210,865	229,734	209,701	257,865	246,333	249,425	252,480	Sund'y	202,496
17.	138,404	143,318	152,183	213,836	212,455	228,788	238,413	248,532	254,961	261,862	242,149	Sund'y
18.	150,225	145,095	154,845	226,143	197,361	216,172	236,184	244,366	249,761	Sund'y	232,550	202,778
19.	Sund'y	146,878	151,521	Sund'y	199,339	217,379	Sund'y	242,961	248,634	251,853	229,823	210,615
20.	138,771	143,028	151,477	215,458	203,687	227,116	226,736	241,272	Sund'y	255,503	238,882	Sund'y
21.	140,762	143,687	162,608	217,387	195,519	Sund'y	229,429	242,125	249,366	256,584	245,212	200,553
22.	144,794	173,116	Sund'y	224,174	198,930	215,477	230,300	240,338	250,559	254,728	Sund'y	201,185
23.	139,524	Sund'y	158,773	178,766	200,202	217,688	229,564	Sund'y	251,896	249,575	255,500	200,808
24.	140,634	145,179	165,669	219,541	Sund'y	218,700	228,738	241,891	249,465	259,308	266,593	200,396
25.	152,967	147,322	172,975	200,608	166,148	218,185	239,364	245,946	248,761	Sund'y	230,427	198,332
26.	Sund'y	150,973	172,880	Sund'y	198,749	218,529	Sund'y	246,119	248,256	248,368	218,781	207,367
27.	141,057	148,160	175,207	218,384	204,346	226,692	229,165	244,758	Sund'y	250,700	215,145	Sund'y
28.	142,534	148,112	191,325	219,896	208,467	Sund'y	231,159	245,882	247,445	254,238	229,736	198,849
29.	145,365	160,562	Sund'y	222,075	203,867	218,222	235,493	245,912	247,027	252,787	Sund'y	195,498
30.	142,906	163,845	217,973	205,185	220,450	231,522	Sund'y	246,414	253,616	210,385	200,086	Sund'y
31.	142,655	165,925	Sund'y	205,185	220,450	231,522	Sund'y	246,414	253,616	210,385	200,086	Sund'y
Total.	3,746,544	3,643,039	4,001,285	3,891,852	5,003,062	5,447,352	6,211,652	6,255,897	6,406,777	6,786,317	6,069,105	5,452,239
Average	138,760	145,757	157,900	207,378	263,863	293,515	230,661	240,611	248,722	251,945	242,764	201,594

Unused copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1896..... 64,860,144 COPIES.  
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1897.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.	194,088	187,531	200,649	201,374	204,712	192,357	192,511	Sund'y	191,302	194,729	202,040	
2.	202,258	198,974	202,748	201,553	Sund'y	197,708	191,454	185,065	191,031	202,180	207,759	
3.	Sund'y	199,004	201,909	204,484	195,305	196,257	194,084	185,469	193,176	Sund'y	200,135	
4.	197,453	191,756	203,639	195,440	196,842	Sund'y	198,315	198,315	192,955	192,956	201,160	
5.	196,434	198,322	211,772	199,040	195,900	204,718	182,968	188,800	Sund'y	194,266	201,710	
6.	197,963	201,912	214,730	199,831	196,153	Sund'y	192,377	194,804	190,318	194,027	212,646	
7.	197,456	Sund'y	Sund'y	208,108	196,945	194,371	191,661	197,002	195,940	197,841	Sund'y	
8.	197,677	195,756	202,340	199,578	204,733	197,352	190,470	Sund'y	194,902	194,983	203,338	
9.	205,492	201,357	204,249	199,287	Sund'y	195,438	189,182	189,688	194,210	203,170	204,100	
10.	Sund'y	199,160	202,430	207,696	185,478	197,048	197,165	191,284	194,579	Sund'y	200,049	
11.	194,910	200,091	202,927	Sund'y	196,074	196,369	Sund'y	191,388	202,855	192,913	206,021	
12.	197,721	194,214	202,468	186,889	195,777	205,024	188,120	190,919	Sund'y	195,664	207,354	
13.	197,368	205,128	211,153	197,591	196,185	Sund'y	189,628	190,681	193,421	195,397	217,585	
14.	196,670	Sund'y	197,586	194,857	194,857	194,751	185,953	188,248	194,685	196,696	Sund'y	
15.	194,112	193,081	202,350	194,489	202,802	195,840	188,578	Sund'y	194,644	195,200	206,468	
16.	204,715	201,653	204,683	197,581	Sund'y	190,880	188,553	189,415	194,649	206,748	209,684	
17.	Sund'y	200,548	206,626	206,120	193,357	193,773	196,260	190,808	194,874	Sund'y	210,979	
18.	196,896	200,512	212,050	Sund'y	194,761	197,397	Sund'y	191,672	203,12	196,681	211,065	
19.	197,631	200,626	204,500	195,708	191,127	205,249	187,847	191,121	Sund'y	215,341	211,008	
20.	197,463	207,969	214,988	196,500	194,205	Sund'y	188,678	190,804	191,609	213,343	220,223	
21.	197,088	Sund'y	Sund'y	195,270	194,489	192,973	189,013	191,112	193,509	215,711	Sund'y	
22.	197,610	190,240	204,359	196,096	203,032	194,156	189,473	Sund'y	193,151	212,485	208,838	
23.	205,228	200,551	205,042	195,341	Sund'y	195,846	195,430	189,756	192,363	210,730	210,880	
24.	Sund'y	199,923	202,973	206,940	194,691	193,524	194,970	191,163	192,284	Sund'y	206,619	
25.	192,614	201,581	205,973	Sund'y	195,281	194,078	Sund'y	191,524	201,271	201,855	205,816	
26.	194,986	200,822	203,684	195,250	196,030	201,341	190,440	190,793	Sund'y	203,286	206,491	
27.	194,232	198,063	211,408	197,428	187,372	Sund'y	189,773	192,032	191,806	203,631	215,717	
28.	194,654	Sund'y	Sund'y	197,155	196,502	192,452	189,621	200,477	192,405	203,633	Sund'y	
29.	195,651	Sund'y	201,356	196,624	204,601	185,077	188,751	Sund'y	193,826	205,119	208,915	
30.	205,000	Sund'y	202,399	196,218	Sund'y	192,710	188,843	191,153	193,699	212,754	210,140	
31.	Sund'y	Sund'y	201,012	196,103	Sund'y	Sund'y	195,445	192,647	Sund'y	Sund'y	Sund'y	
Total.	5,087,281	4,762,285	5,495,515	5,145,376	5,007,115	5,034,677	5,078,800	4,922,371	4,979,025	5,155,405	5,221,957	
Average.	164,090	153,478	177,438	164,729	161,507	162,741	163,834	157,174	161,904	166,338	168,437	

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## AVERAGE DAILY ISSUE OF THE CHICAGO RECORD FOR EACH MONTH.

YEAR.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Average.
1881.....			3,515	3,251	11,748	12,950	15,432	16,880	18,848	17,374	16,447	16,554	13,955
1882.....	18,514	20,304	20,249	21,682	21,348	25,416	25,819	24,933	23,611	22,354	21,695	21,167	22,012
1883.....	19,804	20,476	21,251	21,875	22,334	21,616	25,836	25,901	26,004	27,629	29,626	30,342	24,445
1884.....	31,178	34,943	40,018	34,276	37,048	40,853	38,783	39,573	35,893	35,881	40,017	50,389	36,867
1885.....	29,246	30,178	32,111	33,748	34,852	35,416	35,196	34,644	33,121	32,150	35,208	51,870	35,035
1886.....	36,755	39,037	39,900	40,455	43,782	39,731	40,380	40,938	39,233	37,995	47,517	55,673	39,241
1887.....	55,451	56,130	57,381	58,803	57,001	54,415	42,854	48,882	42,713	41,814	47,141	40,621	40,189
1888.....	55,834	57,164	59,723	61,254	63,656	64,767	50,776	52,394	57,985	56,141	56,797	55,891	61,612
1889.....	51,543	52,190	55,357	58,832	51,790	52,248	53,660	55,758	52,306	56,134	50,094	56,305	58,773
1890.....	84,001	87,305	84,512	86,972	81,451	78,024	80,111	79,854	77,925	83,650	77,476	71,862	80,954
1891.....	74,762	76,943	79,469	83,026	78,461	76,491	77,569	77,309	77,309	76,657	74,874	74,305	77,866
1892.....	75,704	78,025	80,475	81,665	74,976	87,369	90,131	91,645	98,285	98,125	99,454	92,592	87,246
1893.....	94,282	98,298	103,849	105,969	115,440	124,988	135,019	140,871	141,477	137,074	124,239	116,002	119,996
1894.....	130,330	130,551	122,851	116,118	139,509	139,670	164,312	142,747	137,140	122,313	132,511	130,510	132,487
1895.....	127,418	131,195	135,028	125,198	164,619	169,858	169,725	156,801	148,662	143,698	135,896	129,125	132,272
1896.....	138,790	145,557	157,360	167,378	183,963	209,515	230,081	210,611	243,722	251,345	242,764	201,394	206,580
1897.....	165,644	168,426	203,048	197,820	194,256	193,641	188,087	189,321	191,523	188,380	204,597		

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## INDEX—1898.

Page.	Page.
Acresage of Principal Crops.....	365
Agricultural Products, Price of.....	103
Agriculture, Persons Engaged in.....	104
Agriculture, Products of.....	104
Agriculture, Statistics of.....	97
Alaska, Map of.....	256
Alaskan Boundaries.....	257
Alaskan Gold Fields.....	257
Alger, R. A., Sketch of.....	201
Allen, H. N., Sketch of.....	206
Alliance, National Farmers'.....	140
American Necrology.....	369
American Party, The.....	231
American Revolution, Sons of.....	137
Analysis of the Public Debt.....	57
Angell, J. B., Sketch of.....	204
Animals on Farms.....	101
Annexation of Hawaii.....	205
Apportionment of Representatives.....	173
Arbitration with Great Britain.....	260
Area of Governments.....	134
Area of the States.....	127
Army, The, Active List.....	147
Army, The Grand.....	138
Army, Disposition of the.....	151
Army, Retired List.....	149
Army, Strength of.....	151
Attorneys, United States District.....	105
Bank Clearings.....	79
Banks, National, Statistics of.....	132
Banks, Savings.....	280
Baptist Denominations.....	286
Beet Sugar in Europe.....	102
Beet Sugar in the United States.....	105
Bimetallism, International.....	262
Bliss, C. N., Sketch of.....	202
Bridges, Longest.....	245
Bryan, C. P., Sketch of.....	206
Buck, A. E., Sketch of.....	205
Buildings, College.....	87
Business Failures.....	119
Butterworth, B., Sketch of.....	207
Calendar, Perpetual.....	11
Carrying Trade, Foreign.....	241
Chairmen of State Committees.....	71
Chronology of Steamboating.....	66
Church Statistics.....	281
Chicago Citizens' Association.....	404
Chicago Civic Federation.....	402
Chicago Civil List.....	58
Chicago Death Roll.....	372
Chicago, Funded Debt of.....	404
Chicago Grain Inspection.....	412
Chicago Grain and Produce Statistics.....	410
Chicago, Mayors of.....	360
Chicago, Notable Buildings in.....	398
Chicago Police Statistics.....	406
Chicago Political Committees.....	356
Chicago Sanitary District.....	396
Chicago, Vote for Aldermen.....	349
Chicago, Vote for City Officers.....	349
Chicago, Vote for Mayor.....	349
Chicago, Vote for Town Officers.....	350
Chicago Voters' League.....	404
Cincinnati, Society of the.....	135
Citizens' Association of Chicago.....	404
Civic Federation of Chicago.....	402
Civil List, Chicago.....	58
Civil List, Cook County.....	58
Civil List, Illinois.....	59
Civil List, National Government.....	143
Clay, A. S., Sketch of.....	207
Clayton, Powell, Sketch of.....	204
Clearings, Bank.....	79
Climatology of the United States.....	131
Coal Product of the United States.....	396
Coal Strike of 1897.....	242
Coffee, Consumption of.....	51
College Benefactions.....	87
College Libraries.....	87
Colleges, Buildings.....	87
Colleges, Students in.....	88
Colonial Wars, Society of.....	135
Colored and White Population.....	55
Commercial Navies.....	248
Commission, The Mississippi River.....	280
Comm'ttees, Political.....	67
Coinage of the United States.....	48
Coins, Value of Foreign.....	107
Confederate Pensions.....	117

	Page.		Page.
Conger, E. H., Sketch of.....	205	Events, Foreign.....	364
Congregational Church.....	285	Events, Sporting.....	374
Congress, The LVth.....	167	Events of the Year.....	361
Congress, Important Acts of.....	195	Expenditures of the Government.....	112
Congress, Officers of.....	172	Exports of Gold and Silver.....	42
Consular Service, The.....	175	Exports of Merchandise by Countries..	24
Consumption of Liquor.....	54	Exports, Summary of.....	40
Consumption of Staples per Capita.....	111	Exports from 1835 to 1897.....	41
Consumption of Sugar.....	199-139	Exposition, The Transmississippi.....	240
Convention, The Indianapolis.....	228	Failures, Business.....	119
Convicts and Convict Labor.....	93	Fairbanks, C. W., Sketch of.....	208
Convicts in Prisons.....	96	Farm Animals.....	101
Cook County Civil List.....	58	Farmers' Alliance and Union.....	141
Cook County, Debt of.....	404	Farmers' Organizations.....	140
Cook County Judicial Election.....	351	Finances in State Platforms.....	187
Cook County Political Committees.....	355	Flags, Special United States.....	255
Corbett, H. W., Sketch of.....	209	Foreign Carrying Trade.....	241
Corn Crop, Disposition of.....	99	Foreign Coins, Value of.....	107
Corn for Fuel.....	101	Foreign Events, 1897.....	364
Cost of Schools.....	83	Foreign Governments.....	134
Cotton Crop and Prices.....	106	Foreign Immigration.....	113
County Officers of Illinois.....	62	Foreign Legations in United States..	185
Crete, Greece and Turkey.....	249	Foreign Necrology.....	371
Crops, Acreage of Principal.....	368	Foreign Rulers.....	134
Cuban Revolt, The.....	275	Foreign Wars, Order of.....	136
Death Roll of 1897.....	369	French, W. R., Sketch of.....	208
Deboe, W. J., Sketch of.....	208	Fuel, Corn as.....	101
Debt of Chicago.....	404	Gage, L. J., Sketch of.....	201
Debt of Cook County.....	404	Gary, J. A., Sketch of.....	202
Debt, The Public.....	50	Gobin, J. P. S., Sketch of.....	210
Debt, Public, Analysis of.....	57	Gold in Circulation.....	49
Debts, National.....	142	Gold, Exports of.....	42
Deep Waterways.....	236	Gold, Imports of.....	42
Democratic National Committee.....	67	Gold in the Treasury.....	50
Destination of Immigrants.....	80	Gold Products of United States.....	51
Diplomatic and Consular Service.....	175	Gold and Silver, Production of.....	45
Disposition of the Army.....	151	Gold and Silver Statistics.....	45
Disposition of the Corn Crop.....	99	Government Expenditures.....	112
Disposition of the Oats Crop.....	100	Government Receipts.....	112
Disposition of the Wheat Crop.....	98	Governors of States and Territories..	126
Domestic Events, 1897.....	361	Governments, Area of.....	134
Draper, W. F., Sketch of.....	204	Governments, Foreign.....	134
Dudley, J. B., Sketch of.....	206	Governments, Population of.....	134
Eastern Question, The.....	249	Grain Inspection, Chicago.....	412
Education, Higher.....	85	Grants to Railroads.....	279
Education, Statistics of.....	81	Grand Army.....	138
Election Returns by States.....	288	Grange, The National.....	140
Electoral Vote, 1896.....	80	Great Britain, Arbitration with.....	260
Electoral Vote of the States.....	127	Great Britain and Venezuela.....	253
Events, Domestic.....	361	Greece, Turkey and Crete.....	249

	Page.		Page.
Growth of Schools.....	84	Liberty Party, National Committee...	68
Hanna, M. A., Sketch of.....	209	Libraries in Colleges.....	87
Hardy, A. S., Sketch of.....	205	Limitations, Statute of.....	235
Harris, W. A., Sketch of.....	208	Liquor, Production of.....	124
Hart, C. B., Sketch of.....	206	Liquor Statistics.....	124
Hawaiian Annexation.....	265	Liquors, Consumption of.....	54
Hawaii, Population of.....	274	Liquors, Malt, Sales of.....	125
Hawaii, Trade of.....	274	Liquors, Production of.....	54
Hay, John, Sketch of.....	203	Long, J. D., Sketch of.....	201
Height of Observatories.....	245	Leomis, F. B., Sketch of.....	207
Heitfield, H., Sketch of.....	208	Loyal Legion.....	137
Higher Education.....	85	Mallory, S. R., Sketch of.....	207
Hitchcock, E. A., Sketch of.....	206	Malt Liquors, Sales of.....	125
Holidays, Legal.....	142	Manufactures, Persons Engaged in...	104
Horses on Farms.....	101	Manufactures, Products of.....	104
Hunter, W. G., Sketch of.....	205	Marshals, United States.....	166
Ice Data and Navigation.....	238	Mason, W. E., Sketch of.....	208
Illinois Chairmen of Co. Committees...	74	Materials Used in Spirits.....	54
Illinois Civil List.....	59	Mayors of Chicago.....	360
Illinois County Officers.....	62	Mayor of Chicago, Vote for.....	349
Illinois Legislature.....	64	McKenna, J. B., Sketch of.....	202
Illinois Political Committees.....	77	Medical Schools.....	90
Immigration, Foreign.....	113	Men of the Year.....	201
Immigrants, Destination of.....	80	Merchandise, Exports of by Countries..	24
Important Legislation.....	195	Merchandise, Imports of by Countries..	12
Imports of Gold and Silver.....	42	Merry, W. L., Sketch of.....	206
Imports of Merchandise by Countries..	12	Methodist Episcopal Church.....	285
Imports of Sugar.....	100	Messages of the President.....	214
Imports from 1835 to 1897.....	41	Metric System.....	120
Imports, Summary of.....	40	Milch Cows on Farms.....	101
Inaugural, The President's.....	211	Military Societies of the United States	135
Indian Schools.....	128	Mineral Production of United States..	118
Indianapolis Convention, The.....	228	Miners' Coal Strike.....	242
Industry, Patrons of.....	141	Mississippi River Commission.....	280
Inland Navigation, United States.....	239	Monetary System of United States....	47
Interest, Rate of.....	235	Money of the World.....	52
International Bimetallism.....	262	Money in Circulation.....	52
Internal Revenue Statistics.....	53	Mules on Farms.....	101
Judges United States District Courts..	164	National Bank Statistics.....	132
Judicial Election, Cook County.....	351	National Debts.....	142
Kenney, R. R., Sketch of.....	207	National Democratic Committee.....	70
Labor, Convict.....	93	National Farmers' Alliance.....	140
Lands, The Public.....	114	National Government, Civil List.....	143
Law Schools.....	90	National Grange, The.....	140
Legal Holidays.....	142	National Political Committees.....	67
Legal Tender Notes.....	50	National Silver Committee.....	70
Legations, Foreign, in U. S.....	185	Naval Stations and Vessels.....	156
Legislation, Important.....	195	Navies, Commercial.....	248
Legislature of Illinois.....	64	Navigation and Ice.....	238
Leishman, J. G., Sketch of.....	206	Navigation, Inland.....	239

	Page.		Page.
Navy, The United States.....	153	Prisons, Convicts in.....	96
Navy, The Active List.....	153	Private Secondary Schools.....	86
Navy, The Retired List.....	155	Products of Agriculture.....	104
Navy, Ships of the.....	159	Products of Manufacture.....	104
Necrology, American.....	369	Production of Liquor.....	124
Necrology, Chicago.....	372	Production, Mineral.....	118
Necrology, Foreign.....	371	Production of Tobacco.....	119
Newell, S., Sketch of.....	206	Protestant Episcopal Church.....	284
Normal Schools.....	85	Prohibition National Committee.....	68
Notable Buildings in Chicago.....	398	Public Debt, The.....	56
Notes, Legal-Tender.....	50	Public Debt, Analysis of.....	57
Oats Crop, Disposition of.....	100	Public High Schools.....	86
Observatories, Height of.....	245	Public Lands, The.....	114
Officers of Congress.....	172	Public and Private Schools.....	81
Organizations, Farmers'.....	140	Qualifications for Suffrage.....	122
Oxen and Other Cattle on Farms.....	102	Question, The Eastern.....	249
Paper Money in Circulation.....	49	Railroads, Grants to.....	279
Patrons of Industry.....	141	Railway Mileage.....	246
Pay of School Teachers.....	82	Railway Statistics.....	248
Penrose, Boise, Sketch of.....	209	Railways, United States.....	246
Pension Claims.....	116	Rates of Postage.....	174
Pension Disbursements.....	116	Rawlins, J. L., Sketch of.....	210
Pension Office, The.....	114	Receipts of the Government.....	112
Pensions Allowed.....	115	Regiments, Stations of.....	152
Pensions, Confederate.....	117	Representatives LVth Congress.....	168
Pensioners Dropped.....	117	Representatives, Apportionment of....	173
Pensioners, Number of.....	114	Republican National Committee.....	67
People's Party, The.....	234	Republicans, The Silver.....	229
People's Party National Committee....	69	Retired List, Army.....	149
Per Capita Statistics of United States	110	Revolution, Sons of the.....	136
Perpetual Calendar.....	11	Revolution, Sons of the American.....	137
Pettus, E. W., Sketch of.....	207	Revolt, The Cuban.....	275
Platforms, State.....	187	Rockhill, W. W., Sketch of.....	206
Platt, T. C., Sketch of.....	209	Roman Catholic Church.....	284
Political Committees.....	67	Rulers of Governments.....	134
Political Committees of Cook County..	355	Sampson, A. J., Sketch of.....	205
Political Committees of Illinois.....	76	Sanitary District, The.....	396
Population of Governments.....	134	Savings Banks.....	280
Population of Hawaii.....	274	Schools, Attendance.....	81
Population of the States.....	127	Schools, Cost of.....	83
Population of the United States.....	108	Schools, Growth of.....	84
Population, White and Colored.....	55-173	Schools, Indian.....	128
Police Statistics of Chicago.....	406	Schools, Law.....	90
Political Movements.....	228	Schools, Medical.....	90
Popular Vote, The.....	227	Schools, Normal.....	85
Popular Vote for President, 1896.....	287	Schools, Public, High.....	86
Postage, Rates of.....	174	Schools, Private Secondary.....	86
Postal Dates, Our.....	146	Schools, Public and Private.....	85
Porter, Horace, Sketch of.....	208	Schools in Southern States.....	84
Powell, W. F., Sketch of.....	206	Schools, Theological, Law, Medical....	90
Presbyterian Church.....	286	Senate, LVth Congress.....	167
President's Inaugural.....	211	Sewall, H. M., Sketch of.....	205
President's Messages.....	214	Sheep on Farms.....	102
President, Popular Vote for 1896.....	287	Sheep by States.....	103
Price of Agricultural Products.....	108	Sherman, John, Sketch of.....	201
Prices and Cotton Crop.....	106	Ships of the Navy.....	159

	Page.		Page.
Silver, Exports of.....	42	Territories, Governors of.....	126
Silver in Circulation.....	49	Theological Schools.....	90
Silver, Imports of.....	42	Timber Supply.....	197
Silver and Gold Statistics.....	45	Time, Standard.....	162
Silver and Gold, Production of.....	45	Tobacco, Production of.....	119
Silver and Gold Ratio.....	46	Tower, C., Sketch of.....	205
Silver in the Treasury.....	50	Townsend, L., Sketch of.....	206
Silver, Price of Bar.....	45	Trade of Hawaii.....	274
Silver Product of United States.....	51	Transmississippi Exposition.....	240
Silver Republicans, The.....	229	Treasury, Gold and Silver in.....	50
Sons of the Revolution.....	136	Treasury Note Issues.....	50
Sons of Veterans.....	130	Turkey, Greece and Crete.....	249
Southern States, Schools in.....	84	Turner, George, Sketch of.....	210
Special-Tax Payers.....	55	United States, Beet Sugar in.....	105
Spirits, Materials Used in.....	54	United States Climatology.....	131
Spooner, J. C., Sketch of.....	210	United States Coal Product.....	396
Sporting Records.....	374	United States Coinage.....	48
Standard Time.....	162	United States Courts.....	163
Staples, Consumption of Per Capita.....	111	United States Debt.....	56
State Committees, Chairmen of.....	71	United States, Expenditures of.....	112
State Conventions, Utterances of.....	187	United States Gold Product.....	51
State Platforms.....	187	United States Inland Navigation.....	239
States, Admission of.....	126	United States Marshals.....	166
States, Election Returns of.....	288	United States Military Societies.....	135
States, Electoral Vote of.....	127	United States Monetary System.....	47
States, Governors of.....	126	United States, Money in.....	52
States, Population of.....	127	United States, Population of.....	106
States, Settlement of.....	127	United States, Railways in.....	246
Stations of Regiments.....	162	United States, Receipts of.....	112
Statistics of Agriculture.....	97	United States Silver Product.....	51
Statistics of the Churches.....	281	United States Special Flags.....	255
Statistics of Education.....	81	United States, Financial Statistics.....	110
Statistics, Grain and Produce.....	410	Universities and Colleges.....	87
Statistics of Internal Revenue.....	53	Utterances of State Conventions.....	187
Statistics of National Banks.....	132	Veterans, Sons of.....	139
Statute of Limitations.....	235	Venezuela and Great Britain.....	253
Steamboating, Chronology of.....	63	Vessels of the Navy.....	159
Storer, B., Sketch of.....	206	Vote, Electoral, 1896.....	80
Strength of the Army.....	151	Vote, The Electoral of States.....	127
Strike, The Coal, of 1897.....	242	Vote, The Popular.....	227
Students in Colleges.....	88	Waterways, Deep.....	236
Suffrage, Qualifications for.....	122	Weights and Measures.....	120
Sugar, Average Price of.....	139	Wheat Crop, Disposition of.....	98
Sugar, Beet in Europe.....	102	Wheat Crops of the World.....	97
Sugar Beet, Product of.....	102	White and Colored Population.....	55
Sugar, Imports of.....	100	White Pine Timber Supply.....	197
Sugar, Consumption of.....	90-139	Wine, Consumption of.....	51
Sugar Crop, The World's.....	105	Wilson, H. L., Sketch of.....	203
Summary, Imports and Exports.....	40	Wilson, J., Sketch of.....	202
Supreme Court, The.....	163	Woodford, S. L., Sketch of.....	204
Swenson, E. B., Sketch of.....	206	Wool, Importations of.....	98
Swine on Farms.....	102	World, Money of the.....	52
Swine by States.....	108	World, Wheat Crops of the.....	97
Tariff Question, The.....	43	World's Sugar Crop.....	105
Tariff, State Conventions on.....	192	Year, Events of the.....	361
Teachers, School, Pay of.....	82	Year, Men of the.....	201
Tea, Coffee and Wines, Consumption of.....	51	Young, J. B., Sketch of.....	210

## CLASSIFIED INDEX

OF FIRST THIRTEEN VOLUMES [1885 TO 1897 INCLUSIVE] OF THE CHICAGO DAILY NEWS ALMANAC AND POLITICAL REGISTER.

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NOTE.—The figures following the year are the page numbers of that volume.

- Academy, The Military—1883, 26; 1894, 203.  
 The Naval—1894, 101.  
 Acceptance, Letters of—1893, 156.  
 Gen. Bidwell's—1892, 164.  
 Mr. Cleveland's—1893, 163.  
 Mr. Harrison's—1893, 156.  
 Gen. Weaver's—1893, 165.  
 Acreage of Cereal Crop—1890, 30.  
 Acres, Mortgages on—1896, 62.  
 Actors, Stage Names of—1889, 186.  
 Act, The World's Fair—1891, 110.  
 Acts of Congress, Important—1891, 77; 1892, 177; 1893, 70; 1894, 85.  
 Adams, J. G. H., Sketch of—1894, 64.  
 Admission of States—1896, 67; 1897, 281.  
 Adventists in the U. S.—1890, 162; 1891, 300.  
 African, Explorations—1891, 318.  
 Age, When a Man Is of—1889, 188.  
 Age, Population of, Militia—1892, 38.  
 Age of Presidents at Inauguration—1886, 16.  
 Agriculture, Exports of Products—1890, 188.  
 Agriculture, Statistics of—1895, 55; 1896, 54; 1897, 41.  
 Agricultural Colleges—1890, 166.  
 Air, Danger of Foul—1889, 162.  
 Alaskan Boundary Dispute—1896, 79.  
 Alcohol in Beverages—1891, 102.  
 Alexander, E., Sketch of—1894, 60.  
 Alien Land Owning—1896, 51.  
 Alloys, Principal—1895, 165.  
 Almshouses, Paupers in—1892, 100.  
 Alfeld, G. H., in Cleveland—1896, 82, 84.  
 Altitude of Cities—1892, 231.  
 Alver, R. H., Sketch of—1897, 158.  
 American Cities, Health of—1896, 65.  
 America, Discovery of—1894, 199.  
 American Institutions, to Protect—1893, 185; 1894, 110.  
 America, Religion in—1889, 169; 1890, 161; 1891, 300.  
 American Revolution, Sons of the—1891, 124; 1892, 127; 1893, 89.  
 American Telescopes, 1892, 39.  
 American Titled Women—1896, 239.  
 America's Cup Races—1896, 367.  
 Annexation, Hawaiian—1894, 71.  
 Animals, Farm, in the United States—1891, 119; 1895, 64; 1896, 57; 1897, 47.  
 Anti-Lottery Law—1891, 113.  
 Anti-Trust Law—1891, 111.  
 Apostles, Fate of the—1888, 128.  
 Apportionment, Congressional—1891, 152; 1892, 124; 1893, 119; 1894, 133; 1895, 168; 1896, 134.  
 Apportionment in Illinois—1894, 177.  
 Arbitration Laws of States—1895, 90.  
 Area of Chicago—1891, 99; 1892, 386; 1896, 432.  
 Area of Cities—1891, 99.  
 Areas of Foreign Countries—1896, 62; 1897, 62.  
 Area of States—1891, 128; 1896, 129; 1896, 67.  
 Area of States and Territories—1892, 64; 1893, 122; 1896, 57; 1897, 231.  
 Areas, Comparison of—1894, 216.  
 Armenia and Turkey—1897, 130.  
 Armies, The Commonwealth—1895, 94.  
 Armies of the World—1896, 232.  
 Army, Active List—1886, 22; 1887, 22; 1888, 23; 1889, 27; 1890, 26; 1891, 130; 1892, 134; 1893, 96; 1894, 114; 1895, 144; 1896, 112; 1897, 300.  
 Army, Retired List—1886, 25; 1887, 24; 1888, 26; 1889, 30; 1890, 23; 1891, 132; 1892, 136; 1893, 98; 1894, 116; 1896, 116; 1897, 203.  
 Army, Strength of the—1897, 204.  
 Assassinations, Noted—1897, 261.  
 Assessments, Digest of—1894, 48; 1896, 147.  
 Atlanta Exposition, The—1896, 97.  
 Attendance, World's Fair—1894, 186.  
 Auditorium Building—1891, 550.  
 Australian System of Voting—1890, 159.  
 Australian Federation—1892, 61.  
 Balance of Trade—1895, 242.  
 Baker, L., Sketch of—1894, 60; 1896, 89.  
 Balance of Trade—1896, 193.  
 Ballot Reform—1892, 51.  
 Bank Capital by States—1893, 79.  
 Bank Clearances—1894, 135; 1896, 226; 1896, 213; 1897, 196.  
 Banks of Chicago—1891, 346; 1892, 376; 1893, 404; 1894, 392; 1895, 418; 1896, 414; 1897, 444.  
 Banks of Illinois—1891, 120; 1892, 201.  
 Banks, National—1891, 69; 1893, 78; 1894, 332; 1896, 238; 1897, 238.  
 Banks, Savings—1894, 395.  
 Baptist Denomination—1891, 301; 1892, 123; 1893, 88; 1894, 106; 1895, 136; 1896, 103; 1897, 190.  
 Baptist Southern Convention—1892, 123; 1893, 88; 1897, 190.  
 Baptist Young People's Union—1897, 187.  
 Baptists, The—1891, 302.  
 Barley, Production of—1896, 54; 1897, 44.  
 Baseball—1891, 318; 1892, 351; 1893, 370; 1894, 354; 1895, 382; 1896, 364.  
 Baseball, History of—1890, 165.  
 Baseball, Pitching—1888, 8.  
 Bayard, T. F., Sketch of—1894, 59.  
 Beer, Consumption of—1892, 110; 1896, 67.  
 Beer, Dealers in—1891, 75.  
 Beer, Sales of—1891, 75; 1892, 111; 1893, 51; 1895, 68.  
 Beer, World's Production of—1892, 110; 1894, 31.  
 Beet, Sugar—1892, 114.  
 Bells, Great—1889, 178.  
 Bentley, C. E., Sketch of—1897, 156.  
 Bering Sea Dispute—1893, 65; 1894, 37.  
 Beverages, Alcohol in—1891, 102.  
 Bible, Statistics of the—1887, 13; 1894, 212.  
 Bible, The Seven—1889, 53.  
 Bidwell, J., Sketch of—1893, 62.  
 Bidwell, J., Letter of—1893, 166.  
 Bill, The Bond—1897, 111.  
 Bimetallism and Wealth—1894, 101.  
 Russell, W. S., Sketch of—1894, 58.  
 Blanchard, N. C., Sketch of—1895, 106.  
 Blind, Schools for the—1892, 96.  
 Bluefields Incident, The—1895, 233.  
 Bond Bill, The—1897, 111.  
 Bond Syndicate, The—1896, 191.  
 Bonded Debt of States—1893, 53.  
 Boundary, The Alaskan—1896, 79.  
 Bounty on Sugar—1894, 203; 1896, 367.  
 Bovines and Equines—1888, 9.  
 Boycott, The Pullman—1895, 79.  
 Boxes, Capacity of—1889, 189.  
 Bradley, O. W., Sketch of—1896, 93.  
 Breckenridge, C. R., Sketch of—1895, 105.  
 Brewer, D. J., Sketch of—1897, 158.  
 British Navy, The—1896, 368.  
 Broadhead, J. O., Sketch of—1894, 60.  
 Brokers' Technicalities—1893, 75.  
 Brown, Arthur, Sketch of—1897, 160.  
 Bryan, W. J., Sketch of—1897, 154.

- Buckner, S. J., Sketch of—1897, 157.  
 Buckwheat, Production of—1896, 54; 1897, 44.  
 Builders, Hints for—1897, 7.  
 Buildings, Notable Chicago—1891, 352; 1892, 378; 1893, 381; 1894, 376; 1895, 380; 1897, 448.  
 Bullion, Exports of—1894, 83.  
 Burrows, J. C., Sketch of—1896, 89.  
 Bushnell, A. S., Sketch of—1896, 83.  
 Business Failures in 1893-1894, 334; 1895, 350; 1897, 62.  
 Butler, Marion, Sketch of—1896, 90.  
 Calendar, Ready-Reference—1891, 11; 1892, 11; 1893, 11; 1894, 11; 1895, 11; 1896, 11; 1897, 11.  
 Camden, J. N., Sketch of—1894, 64.  
 Canada Retaliation—1893, 68.  
 Canada, Trade with—1896, 36.  
 Canal, The Hennepin—1891, 113.  
 Canal, The Nicaragua—1892, 50.  
 Cannon, E. J., Sketch of—1897, 160.  
 Capital, The National—1893, 151; 1895, 83.  
 Capitals of the States—1891, 126; 1896, 66; 1897, 280.  
 Car, Capacity of a—1887, 17.  
 Carlisle, J. G., Sketch of—1894, 57.  
 Car Wheels—1887, 17.  
 Carr, Gen. E. A., Sketch of—1893, 93.  
 Carrying Trade, Foreign—1889, 22; 1890, 18; 1891, 63; 1892, 54; 1893, 130; 1894, 41; 1895, 74; 1896, 61; 1897, 167.  
 Carter, T. H., Sketch of—1896, 89.  
 Casualties in Mexico—1891, 122.  
 Catchings, Cleveland to—1896, 126.  
 Catharals, Grant—1891, 334.  
 Cattle on Ranges—1892, 103.  
 Census, The Quinquennial, 1896, 104.  
 Centers of Population—1892, 36.  
 Cereal Crops, Acreage of—1886, 20.  
 Chairmen State Committees—1897, 257.  
 Chairmen County Committees—1892, 176; 1894, 157; 1895, 211; 1897, 260.  
 Committees, State—1892, 175; 1894, 159.  
 Changes, Political, in Fifty Years—1891, 322.  
 Chemicals, Common Names of—1886, 9.  
 Chicago, Area of—1891, 99; 1892, 336; 1895, 432; 1896, 425.  
 Chicago as a Railroad Center—1893, 396.  
 Chicago, Banks of—1891, 346; 1892, 376; 1893, 404; 1894, 392; 1895, 418; 1896, 414.  
 Chicago Bonded Debt—1890, 90; 1891, 206; 1892, 300; 1893, 186; 1894, 284; 1895, 258; 1896, 237; 1897, 304.  
 Chicago, Civil List—1886, 47; 1887, 47; 1888, 51; 1889, 90; 1890, 84; 1891, 198; 1892, 191; 1893, 187; 1894, 169; 1895, 249; 1896, 341; 1897, 292.  
 Chicago Civil Service—1896, 214.  
 Chicago, Consuls in—1894, 386.  
 Chicago, Criminal Statistics—1893, 402; 1894, 399; 1895, 416; 1896, 402.  
 Chicago, Death Rate of—1896, 369; 1896, 418.  
 Chicago, Death Roll—1897, 408.  
 Chicago, Directory of World's Fair—1891, 82.  
 Chicago Elevators—1891, 340.  
 Chicago Finances—1891, 358; 1893, 306; 1894, 394; 1895, 258; 1896, 237.  
 Chicago Grain Inspection—1891, 348; 1892, 372; 1893, 394; 1895, 243; 1896, 423; 1897, 456.  
 Chicago Grain and Produce Statistics—1891, 348; 1892, 370; 1893, 392; 1894, 354; 1895, 430; 1896, 420; 1897, 454.  
 Chicago, Growth of—1891, 342.  
 Chicago History, Hints of—1896, 416.  
 Chicago, Mayors of—1891, 342; 1892, 358; 1893, 406; 1895, 428; 1897, 308.  
 Chicago, Mortuary Statistics—1891, 342; 1892, 356; 1893, 406; 1895, 418.  
 Chicago, Nationality of Voters—1899, 157; 1894, 318.  
 Chicago, Notable Buildings in—1891, 352; 1892, 378; 1893, 381; 1894, 376; 1895, 408; 1896, 414; 1897, 448.  
 Chicago, Parks of—1891, 338.  
 Chicago, Police Statistics of—1891, 344; 1892, 374; 1893, 402; 1894, 390; 1895, 416; 1896, 402; 1897, 458.  
 Chicago Political Committees—1897, 393.  
 Chicago, Population of—1885, 12; 1889, 184; 1890, 181; 1891, 338; 1892, 386; 1893, 398; 1894, 392; 1895, 406; 1897, 456, 440.  
 Chicago Sanitary Trustees—1893, 394; 1894, 393; 1895, 424; 1896, 382; 1897, 411.  
 Chicago University, Gifts to—1896, 414.  
 Chicago, Valuation of—1893, 404; 1894, 388; 1895, 422; 1896, 406.  
 Chicago, Vote for Aldermen—1885, 43; 1886, 75; 1887, 109; 1888, 116; 1889, 155; 1890, 156; 1891, 297; 1892, 328; 1893, 349; 1894, 324; 1895, 360; 1896, 386; 1897, 392.  
 Chicago, Vote for Mayor—1885, 43; 1886, 75; 1888, 112; 1889, 156; 1890, 150; 1891, 297; 1892, 313; 1894, 319, 326; 1896, 375.  
 Chicago, Vote for President—1889, 151; 1893, 338; 1897, 384.  
 Chicago, Vote for State Officers—1889, 152; 1890, 152; 1891, 269; 1895, 350; 1897, 391.  
 Chicago, Vote for Town Officers—1888, 155; 1889, 155; 1891, 295; 1892, 321; 1893, 348; 1894, 323; 1895, 359; 1896, 384.  
 Children of School Age—1893, 37; 1894, 217.  
 Chilean Difficulty—1893, 66.  
 Chilean War, The—1892, 59.  
 China, Japan and Korea—1896, 235; 1896, 76.  
 Chinese Registration—1894, 801; 1896, 368.  
 Chinese Treaty, The—1896, 368.  
 Cholera, Asiatic—1886, 79.  
 Cholera, How to Escape the—1893, 108.  
 Cholera Mixture—1883, 123.  
 Christian Endeavor Society—1897, 185.  
 Christian Union—1897, 183.  
 Christian Union Church—1891, 303.  
 Christianity, Growth of—1896, 103.  
 Chronology, World's Fair—1894, 190.  
 Church Days—1885, 5; 1886, 6; 1887, 6; 1888, 7; 1889, 7; 1890, 3; 1891, 3; 1892, 3; 1893, 3; 1894, 3; 1897, 3.  
 Church Dignitaries—1886, 49; 1887, 49; 1888, 48; 1889, 52; 1890, 161; 1891, 300; 1892, 122; 1893, 88; 1894, 106; 1895, 135; 1896, 103; 1897, 190.  
 Churches, Capacity of—1893, 114.  
 Churches, Communicants in—1896, 98; 1897, 180.  
 Churches, Growth of the—1896, 101; 1897, 180.  
 Cigars and Cigarettes—1892, 113; 1896, 210.  
 Cincinnati, Society of the—1883, 21; 1889, 21; 1890, 21; 1891, 123; 1892, 127; 1893, 89; 1894, 107; 1895, 137; 1896, 104; 1897, 192.  
 Circulation, Money in—1894, 102; 1895, 52; 1896, 187; 1897, 81.  
 Clusters, Capacity of—1889, 189.  
 Cities, Altitude of—1892, 331.  
 Cities, Area of—1891, 99.  
 Cities, Fictitious Names of—1896, 50.  
 Cities, Fire Apparatus in—1891, 101.  
 Cities, Health of American—1896, 65.  
 Cities, Largest in United States—1889, 188; 1894, 37.  
 Cities, Largest in the World—1888, 2.  
 Cities, Manufactures in—1894, 32; 1895, 52.  
 Cities, Parks in—1896, 49.  
 Cities, Police Forces of—1891, 101.  
 Cities, Population of—1891, 94; 1892, 87.  
 Cities, Population of Great—1894, 27; 1895, 127.  
 Cities, Popular Names of—1889, 180; 1891, 118; 1896, 50.  
 Cities, Social Statistics of—1891, 99.  
 Cities, Strikes in—1886, 199.  
 Cities, Street Railways in—1891, 100.  
 Citizen, How to Become a—1896, 225.  
 Civil List Changes—1897, 292.  
 Civil List, Cook County—1897, 292.  
 Civil List, Ill. note—1897, 292.  
 Civil List, United States—1897, 297.  
 Clarkson, T. S., Sketch of—1897, 155.

- Clay, A. S., Sketch of—1897, 161.  
 Clearances, Bank—1895, 226; 1896, 213; 1897, 136.  
 Cleveland, Grover, Letters of—1893, 163; 1895, 83-84.  
 Cleveland, Messages of—1895, 109.  
 Cleveland, Grover, Sketch of—1893, 61.  
 Climatology of the U. S.—1890, 51; 1891, 103; 1892, 116; 1893, 81; 1894, 168; 1895, 248; 1896, 108; 1897, 57.  
 Coal, Products of—1888, 10; 1892, 102; 1893, 59; 1895, 245.  
 Coal, Status of—1891, 122.  
 Coin Equivalents—1896, 55.  
 Coinage, 1892-1893, 278; 1894, 335; 1897, 76.  
 Coinage, History of Our—1892, 27.  
 Coinage Laws—1897, 6.  
 Coinage of Nations—1894, 180.  
 Coinage, State Platforms on—1897, 82.  
 Coins, About—1887, 9.  
 Coins, United States—1893, 76; 1896, 184; 1897, 80.  
 Coins, Value of Foreign—1890, 22; 1891, 76; 1892, 106; 1894, 125; 1895, 107; 1896, 373; 1897, 171.  
 Colleges, Agricultural—1890, 166.  
 Colleges of the U. S.—1896, 166.  
 Colleges, Statistics of—1896, 202; 1897, 49.  
 Color and Population—1893, 32.  
 Colored and White Population—1892, 93.  
 Columbian World's Exposition—1891, 77-84; 1892, 203; 1893, 197.  
 Commerce, Trade and Manufactures—1891, 324; 1892, 356; 1893, 371; 1894, 360; 1895, 395; 1896, 369; 1897, 426.  
 Committee, The National Silver—1892, 34; 1896, 190; 1897, 256.  
 Committees, Chairman Illinois County—1891, 188; 1892, 176; 1893, 175; 1895, 211; 1897, 260.  
 Committees, Chairmen of State—1891, 190; 1892, 175; 1893, 173; 1895, 211; 1897, 257.  
 Committees, National—1891, 186; 1892, 173; 1893, 171; 1895, 207; 1896, 148; 1897, 253.  
 Committees, Political, Cook County—1891, 297; 1892, 330; 1893, 351; 1895, 361; 1896, 392; 1897, 293.  
 Committees, Single-Tax League—1891, 184.  
 Commonwealth Armies—1895, 94.  
 Compass, Watch as a—1892, 51.  
 Conference, The Monetary—1894, 67.  
 Conference, The Pan-American—1891, 114.  
 Conference, Members of the—1891, 115.  
 Congress, Messages to—1894, 81; 1895, 109; 1896, 165, 341.  
 Congress, Parties in—1895, 157.  
 Congress, United States—1885, 26; 1886, 34; 1887, 31; 1888, 37; 1889, 41; 1890, 39-42; 1891, 142; 1892, 146; 1893, 109; 1894, 127; 1895, 162; 1896, 219; 1897, 219.  
 Congressional Apportionment—1891, 152; 1892, 124; 1893, 119; 1894, 133; 1895, 168.  
 Congressional Elections in 1894—1896, 133.  
 Confederal Statistics—1895, 72.  
 Constitution of United States—1889, 170.  
 Consumption of Tea—1891, 76.  
 Contract, Indian Schools—1892, 58; 1893, 237; 1895, 206; 1897, 173.  
 Consumption of Beer—1892, 100; 1894, 31; 1895, 67; 1896, 207.  
 Conventions, National—1897, 116.  
 Conventions, Democratic—1897, 120.  
 Conventions, Gold Democratic—1897, 126.  
 Conventions, National Party—1897, 117.  
 Conventions, People's Party—1897, 125.  
 Conventions, Prohibition—1897, 116.  
 Conventions, Republican—1897, 117.  
 Conventions, Socialistic Labor—1897, 125.  
 Conventions, Gold and Silver—1896, 181; 1897, 126.  
 Conventions, Irrigation—1895, 259.  
 Conventions, Nominating—1890, 79.  
 Convicts in Penitentiaries—1892, 98.  
 Cook County, Assessment in—1881, 206; 1892, 20; 1893, 196; 1894, 380; 1895, 420; 1896, 410.  
 Cook County, Civil List—1888, 51; 1889, 90; 1890, 84; 1891, 199; 1892, 191; 1893, 187; 1894, 269; 1895, 249; 1896, 241; 1897, 292.  
 Cook County, Bonded Debt of—1890, 90; 1891, 205; 1892, 190; 1893, 195; 1894, 380; 1895, 258; 1896, 237; 1897, 304.  
 Cook County, Vote on Commissioners—1888, 116; 1889, 155; 1890, 156; 1891, 296; 1892, 328; 1893, 348; 1894, 325; 1895, 388; 1897, 392.  
 Cook County, Vote for President—1889, 103; 1893, 328; 1897, 384.  
 Cook County, Vote for State and County Officers—1889, 152; 1890, 153; 1891, 283; 1892, 322; 1893, 342; 1895, 350; 1897, 391.  
 Cook County, Political Committees—1890, 158; 1891, 258; 1893, 350; 1894, 330; 1895, 361; 1896, 392; 1897, 393.  
 Cook County, Real and Personal Property—1890, 158; 1893, 196; 1894, 380.  
 Cookery, Scientific—1887, 10.  
 Copper, Production of—1892, 329.  
 Copyright Laws—1896, 225.  
 Copying Pad—1889, 188.  
 Crandall, J. B., Sketch of—1893, 61.  
 Corn, Price of for Twenty-Eight Years—1891, 348; 1892, 370.  
 Corn, Production of—1896, 54; 1897, 43.  
 Corn, To Measure—1888, 11.  
 Corn, Wheat and Oats—1891, 303.  
 Cost of War and Education—1895, 366.  
 Cost of the World's Fair—1894, 183.  
 Cotton, Production of—1896, 54; 1897, 45.  
 Cotton Spinners' Strike—1895, 89.  
 Cotton States Exposition—1895, 97.  
 Corder, F. H., Sketch of—1897, 159.  
 Countries Compared—1894, 215.  
 Countries, Exports by—34; 1897, 25.  
 Countries, Imports by—34; 1897, 12.  
 Countries, Population of—1892, 238.  
 Country, Size of Our—1883, 17.  
 Country, The Indian—1889, 186.  
 County Officers, Illinois—1894, 171.  
 Courts, United States Circuit—1886, 39; 1887, 39; 1888, 42; 1889, 46; 1890, 44; 1891, 153; 1892, 152; 1893, 119; 1894, 133; 1895, 155; 1896, 125; 1897, 215.  
 Courts, United States Claims—1886, 40; 1887, 40; 1888, 42; 1889, 46; 1890, 44; 1891, 153; 1892, 152; 1893, 119; 1894, 133; 1895, 155; 1896, 125; 1897, 215.  
 Courts, United States Supreme—1886, 39; 1887, 39; 1888, 42; 1889, 46; 1890, 44; 1891, 153; 1892, 152; 1893, 119; 1894, 133; 1895, 155; 1896, 125; 1897, 215.  
 Coveriam—1896, 94.  
 Craighill, W. P., Sketch of—1896, 88.  
 Cranston, E., Sketch of—1897, 152.  
 Creed Revision—1892, 45.  
 Cronin Case Chronology—1890, 173.  
 Crop Reports, United States—1891, 303; 1896, 64; 1897, 43, 225.  
 Cuba, Constitution of—1896, 96.  
 Cuba, Revolt in—1896, 93; 1897, 125.  
 Cuban Affairs, Platforms on—1897, 107.  
 Currency, Fractional—1897, 173.  
 Curlew, W. E., Sketch of—1894, 62.  
 Cycles of Time—1891, 3; 1892, 3; 1894, 3.  
 Dakota, Facts About—1889, 180.  
 Daily News, Visit to the—1885, 59; 1886, 90.  
 Dairy Products on Farms—1895, 67.  
 Day Line, The—1888, 13.  
 Days, Special World's Fair—1894, 187.  
 Day, To Find the—1891, 141.  
 Day, When It Begins—1894, 204.  
 Days, Unlucky—1888, 10.  
 Deaf-Mute Schools—1892, 96.  
 Death Rate of Chicago—1895, 369; 1896, 418.  
 Debt, The National—1887, 34; 1888, 36; 1889, 13; 1890, 90; 1891, 205; 1892, 199; 1893, 195; 1895, 253; 1896, 257; 1897, 303.  
 Debt, Principal of the—1889, 186; 1890, 180; 1891, 185; 1892, 145; 1893, 25; 1894, 83; 1895, 161; 1896, 236; 1897, 302.

- Debt of Chicago—1890, 90; 1891, 206; 1892, 200; 1893, 196; 1894, 334; 1895, 358; 1896, 237; 1897, 304.
- Debt of Cook County—1890, 90; 1891, 206; 1892, 199; 1893, 196; 1894, 380; 1895, 258; 1896, 237; 1897, 304.
- Debt and Wealth of Nations—1894, 101.
- Deep-Sea Depths—1895, 168.
- Defalcations in 1893—1894, 874.
- Demonetization of Silver—1897, 66.
- Digest of Assessments—1894, 48.
- Digestion, Time Required for—1886, 83.
- Debts of States Per Capita—1892, 97; 1893, 58.
- Diplomatic and Consular Service—1886, 41; 1887, 41; 1888, 43; 1889, 47; 1890, 46; 1891, 154; 1892, 156; 1893, 124; 1894, 136; 1895, 173; 1896, 135; 1897, 231.
- Discovery of America—1894, 199.
- Diseases, Contagious and Eruptive—1885, 82.
- District Attorneys, U. S.—1897, 217.
- District Court Judges—1890, 46; 1893, 120; 1897, 216.
- Distance and Sight—1890, 181.
- Distilled Spirits, Materials Used in—1892, 113.
- Distribution of the Surplus—1896, 154.
- Doctrine, Time Required for—1896, 71.
- Divorce Laws—1893, 84.
- Dollar, Bullion Value of—1892, 200.
- Dollar, Silver in a—1894, 193.
- Domestic Events—1890, 167; 1891, 304; 1892, 332; 1893, 352; 1894, 336; 1897, 399.
- Domestic Products, Imports of—1890, 17.
- Domestic Wool—1896, 223.
- Drake, F. M., Sketch of—1896, 92.
- Drunkennes and Crime—1888, 124.
- Dun, E., Sketch of—1894, 60.
- Duties on Imports—1889, 23; 1890, 11; 1891, 141; 1895, 140.
- Earth, Age of the—1889, 162.
- Eclipses—1885, 1886, 6; 1887, 6; 1888, 7; 1889, 6; 1890, 3; 1891, 3; 1892, 3; 1893, 3; 1894, 3.
- Education and Schools—1891, 65; 1893, 35; 1896, 202; 1897, 49.
- Education and War, Cost of—1895, 366.
- Educational Institutions—1896, 205; 1897, 49.
- Effect of Heat—1885, 12.
- Elections, Non-Partisan—1888, 110; 1890, 149.
- Elections, Chicago and Cook County—1892, 313; 1893, 324; 1894, 319; 1895, 350.
- Elections, States and Territories—1885, 29; 1886, 63; 1887, 73; 1888, 76; 1889, 95; 1890, 92; 149; 1891, 208; 1892, 313; 1893, 239; 1894, 219; 1895, 262; 1896, 252.
- Electoral Vote of States—1892, 64; 1894, 388; 1896, 404.
- Elkins, S. B., Sketch of—1896, 91.
- Engravings, To Transfer—1883, 162.
- Episcopates—1890, 164; 1891, 302.
- Epworth League—1897, 187.
- Equipment of the Lakes—1892, 194.
- Europe, Illiteracy in—1891, 67.
- European Armies—1894, 126.
- European Languages—1894, 180.
- Eustis, J. B., Sketch of—1894, 59.
- Events, Domestic—1885, 7; 1886, 7; 1887, 121; 1888, 118; 1889, 163; 1890, 167; 1891, 304; 1892, 332; 1893, 352; 1894, 336; 1895, 370; 1896, 243; 1897, 399.
- Events, Foreign—1887, 122; 1888, 121; 1889, 165; 1890, 168; 1891, 307; 1892, 337; 1893, 356; 1894, 338; 1895, 374; 1896, 347; 1897, 403.
- Events, Monetary—1897, 60.
- Events, Necrology—1886, 7; 1887, 117; 1888, 117; 1889, 167; 1890, 170; 1891, 308; 1892, 340; 1893, 358; 1894, 340; 1895, 377; 1896, 350; 1897, 406.
- Events, Sporting—1885, 7; 1886, 87; 1887, 122; 1888, 120; 1889, 158; 1890, 175; 1891, 311; 1892, 344; 1893, 362; 1894, 344; 1895, 355; 1897, 412.
- Ewing, J. S., Sketch of—1894, 59.
- Excise Laws—1894, 221.
- Exemptions, Digest of—1894, 53.
- Expectation of Life—1886, 15.
- Expenditures of the Government—1891, 72; 1892, 107; 1893, 77; 1894, 89; 1895, 243; 1896, 59; 1897, 252.
- Expenditures Per Capita—1897, 60.
- Explorations, African—1891, 218.
- Explorations, Northern—1892, 39.
- Exports of Bullion—1894, 23; 1897, 41.
- Exports by Countries—1891, 18; 1897, 25.
- Exports of Merchandise—1892, 19-24; 1893, 18; 1895, 18; 1896, 18; 1897, 25.
- And Imports of Gold and Silver—1892, 105; 1894, 23; 1895, 25; 1896, 37; 1897, 41.
- And Imports, Summary—1892, 24-26; 1894, 26; 1897, 41.
- Under Reciprocity—1892, 130.
- Exports of Wheat—1891, 69.
- Exposition, The Atlanta—1896, 97.
- Exposition, World's Columbian—1893, 77; 1892, 202; 1893, 197.
- Exposition, The Transmississippi—1897, 259.
- Extension, University—1897, 141.
- Facts Briefly Stated—1888, 127.
- Failures—1894, 334; 1895, 365; 1897, 62.
- Families, Persons in—1893, 135.
- Farm Animals in the World—1889, 189.
- Farm Animals in United States—1890, 19; 1891, 112; 1896, 57; 1897, 47.
- Farm Crops—1896, 54; 1897, 44.
- Farm Homes—1894, 209.
- Farm Mortgages—1890, 176; 1894, 207; 1896, 62.
- Farmers' Organizations—1891, 116; 1892, 235; 1894, 181; 1895, 231; 1896, 230; 1897, 178.
- Farm Products, Profits on—1896, 38.
- Farmers' Leagues—1891, 119; 1892, 130.
- Farmers' Movements—1882, 186.
- Farmers' Mutual Benefit Associations—1891, 1892, 189; 1893, 295; 1894, 181; 1895, 224.
- Farms, Acres in—1896, 65.
- Farms, Live Stock on—1895, 57.
- Farms, Products of—1895, 56.
- Farms, Value of—1895, 65.
- Farms in the United States—1894, 210.
- Fastest Great Passenger—1891, 106.
- Federation, Australian—1892, 61.
- Fictitious Names of Cities—1896, 60.
- Fictitious Names of States—1893, 61.
- Field, J., Sketch of—1893, 62.
- Figures, Curiousities of—1890, 188.
- Financial Panics—1897, 143.
- Finances, State Platforms on—1897, 52.
- Finances, State and Municipal—1897, 147.
- Fish and Game Laws—1896, 211.
- Fisheries Dispute, The—1892, 44; 1893, 65; 1894, 27.
- Forsker, J. B., Sketch of—1897, 160.
- Foreign Carrying Trade—1889, 32; 1890, 18; 1891, 65; 1892, 66; 1893, 130; 1894, 41; 1895, 74; 1896, 61; 1897, 167.
- Foreign Coin Table—1895, 107; 1896, 373.
- Foreign Legations in United States—1896, 45; 1887, 45; 1888, 47; 1889, 61; 1890, 50; 1891, 150; 1892, 68; 1893, 129; 1894, 141; 1895, 178; 1896, 141; 1897, 279.
- Foreign Nations, Rulers, etc.—1886, 56; 1890, 20; 1891, 134.
- Foreign Countries, Area of—1896, 62; 1897, 134.
- Foreign Countries, Population of—1896, 62; 1897, 134.
- Foreign Countries, Rulers of—1896, 62; 1897, 134.
- Foreign Countries, Wages in—1896, 44.
- Foreign Coins, Value of—1892, 106; 1896, 373.
- Foreign Events—1892, 337; 1893, 356; 1894, 338; 1895, 374; 1896, 347; 1897, 171.
- Foreign Tariffs—1892, 52.
- Foreign Immigration—1890, 187; 1891, 62; 1892, 42; 1893, 49; 1894, 33; 1895, 140; 1896, 61; 1897, 288.
- Foreign Measures—1896, 43.
- Foreign Travel—1896, 134.
- Foreign Wars, Society of—1897, 193.
- Foreign Wool Supply—1891, 166; 1895, 228.
- Forest Reservations—1894, 306.
- Forests in the United States—1889, 23; 1894, 205.
- Forfeiture of Land Grants—1891, 110.

- Fractional Currency—1897, 78.  
 France and Siam—1894, 68.  
 Friends—1890, 163; 1891, 302.  
 Freight Rates—1891, 302.  
 Game and Fish Laws—1896, 211.  
 Gear, John H., Sketch of—1896, 106.  
 General Government, Civil List—1885, 26;  
 1886, 19; 1887, 19; 1888, 21; 1889, 25; 1890, 23;  
 1891, 127; 1892, 131; 1896, 109.  
 German Lutherans—1890, 163; 1891, 302.  
 Gilman, D. C., Sketch of—1897, 159.  
 Globe, The Unexplored—1896, 75.  
 Gold-Coinage Laws—1897, 65.  
 Gold Coinage, Our—18, 2, 27; 1857, 76.  
 Gold Committees—1896, 190.  
 Gold, Distribution of—1891, 72; 1892, 103.  
 Gold, Exports of—1894, 23; 1895, 25; 1896, 37;  
 1897, 74.  
 Gold, Imports of—1895, 25; 1896, 37; 1897, 74.  
 Gold Nuggets—1896, 342.  
 Gold, Party Utterances on—1896, 189.  
 Gold, Price of—1894, 198; 1895, 239.  
 Gold, Production of—1891, 73; 1892, 104; 1893,  
 74; 1896, 183; 1897, 71.  
 Gold Coin in United States—1893, 76; 1897, 74.  
 Gold in Circulation—1895, 75; 1897, 74.  
 Gold, Ratio to Silver—1894, 199; 1895, 239;  
 1896, 188; 1897, 73.  
 Gold and Silver—1894, 198; 1896, 188.  
 Government Receipts and Expenditures—  
 1891, 72; 1892, 107; 1894, 89; 1895, 243; 1896,  
 58; 1897, 252.  
 Governors of the States—1891, 126; 1892, 64;  
 1893, 119; 1895, 128; 1896, 66; 1897, 280.  
 Grain Measure—1891, 125.  
 God in Forty-Eight Languages—1888, 128.  
 Gothenburg System, The—1896, 103.  
 Governments, State—1893, 122; 1894, 56; 1895, 128.  
 Governments, Territorial—1893, 122; 1895, 128;  
 1896, 66.  
 Grand Army, The—1889, 21; 1890, 21; 1891, 123;  
 1892, 123; 1893, 90; 1894, 109; 1895, 138; 1896,  
 106; 1897, 194.  
 Grange, National—1891, 116; 1892, 189; 1893,  
 235; 1894, 181; 1895, 224; 1896, 230; 1897, 178.  
 Grange, State—1891, 116.  
 Gray, I. P., Sketch of—1894, 60.  
 Greater New York—1896, 366.  
 Great Britain and Venezuela—1896, 86; 1897,  
 127.  
 Great Northern Strike—1895, 78.  
 Groenbaige, P. T., Sketch of—1896, 92.  
 Grisham, W. Q., Sketch of—1894, 57.  
 Griggs, J. W., Sketch of—1896, 93.  
 Growth, Industrial—1897, 58.  
 Guard, The National—1888, 29; 1889, 33.  
 Hamlin, C. S., Sketch of—1894, 62.  
 Hand-Grenades—1899, 180.  
 Harman, J., Sketch of—1898, 87.  
 Harrison, Benjamin, Letter of—1893, 156.  
 Harrison, Benjamin, Sketch of—1893, 60.  
 Harvests of the World—1890, 188.  
 Hawaiian Question—1894, 71; 1895, 98.  
 Hay, Production of—1896, 54; 1897, 44.  
 Hay, Rules to Measure—1888, 11.  
 Health of American Cities—1896, 65.  
 Heat, Excessive—1897, 16.  
 Hebrew Race, The—1888, 128.  
 Hennepin Canal Law—1891, 112.  
 Herbert, H. A., Sketch of—1894, 57.  
 High and Low License—1895, 69.  
 History, Bits of Chicago—1896, 416.  
 History of Our Flag—1893, 82.  
 Hobart, G. A., Sketch of—1897, 152.  
 Holidays, Legal—1893, 88; 1896, 233; 1897, 174.  
 Home Rule, Irish—1891, 332; 1894, 210.  
 Homes and Farms—1894, 209.  
 Hornblower, W. B., Sketch of—1894, 61.  
 Horse, Draft of—1887, 14.  
 Horses of the World—1887, 11.  
 Horses, High-Priced—1894, 62.  
 Idaho, Facts About—1889, 150.  
 Illinois Apportionment—1894, 177.  
 Illinois, Chairmen of County Committees—  
 1886, 62; 1887, 62; 1888, 65; 1889, 82; 1890, 74;  
 1891, 188; 1892, 176; 1893, 176; 1895, 211; 1896,  
 152; 1897, 257.  
 Illinois Civil List—1895, 250; 1896, 242; 1897,  
 293.  
 Illinois Coal Record—1891, 122; 1896, 240.  
 Illinois, Governors of—1885, 14.  
 Illinois, Population of—1892, 56.  
 Illinois, State and County Civil List—1887,  
 70; 1888, 61; 1889, 90; 1890, 84-88; 1891, 199;  
 1892, 191; 1893, 187; 1894, 70; 1895, 251; 1897,  
 295.  
 Illinois State Legislature—1885, 23; 1887, 69;  
 1888, 71; 1889, 82; 1890, 86; 1891, 201; 1892,  
 195; 1893, 191; 1895, 253; 1896, 246; 1897, 297.  
 Illinois, Vote for Legislators—1887, 68; 1888,  
 70; 1889, 91; 1890, 86; 1891, 202; 1892, 197; 1893,  
 193; 1894, 173; 1895, 251; 1896, 255; 1896, 246;  
 1897, 299.  
 Illinois School Law—1891, 66.  
 Illinois, Railroads In—1891, 122.  
 Illiteracy in the United States—1889, 188;  
 1897, 290.  
 Illiteracy in Europe—1891, 67.  
 Immigration, Foreign—1887, 109; 1888, 70; 1889,  
 84; 1890, 187; 1891, 62-104; 1892, 42; 1893, 49;  
 1894, 33; 1895, 140; 1897, 238.  
 Immigrants, Destination of—1897, 289.  
 Immigrants, Illiteracy of—1897, 290.  
 Immigrants, Money Brought by—1897, 290.  
 Immigrants, Occupation of—1897, 289.  
 Imports and Duties—1895, 140; 1896, 12.  
 Imports of Merchandise—1889, 23; 1890, 11;  
 1891, 12; 1892, 12; 1893, 12; 1894, 11-102; 1895,  
 12; 1896, 12; 1897, 12.  
 Imports Under Reciprocity—1892, 130.  
 Important Legislation—1892, 117; 1893, 70;  
 1894, 85; 1896, 83; 1897, 109.  
 Import Duty on Wheat—1891, 141.  
 Imports by Countries—1896, 34.  
 Inaugural, Cleveland's—1894, 79.  
 Income-Tax Law—1895, 27.  
 Indian Population—1892, 93.  
 Indian Reservations—1891, 68.  
 Indian Schools—1891, 68; 1892, 58; 1893, 227;  
 1894, 215; 1897, 172.  
 Industrial Growth—1897, 58.  
 Industry, Returns of—1897, 179.  
 "In God We Trust"—1894, 201.  
 Inspection of Live Stock—1891, 121.  
 Insurance, Life, in Illinois—1891, 121.  
 Insurance, Fire, in Illinois—1891, 121.  
 Interest, Rates of—1897, 296.  
 Internal Revenue Receipts—1891, 108; 1892,  
 112; 1895, 369; 1896, 208; 1897, 291.  
 International Conference—1894, 67.  
 Iron Ore, Production of—1893, 121.  
 Italy, Difficulty with—1893, 59.  
 Iron, Pig, Product of—1891, 96; 1895, 172.  
 Irrigation Conventions—1896, 259.  
 Jackson, H. E., Sketch of—1894, 61.  
 Jails, Prisoners in—1892, 89.  
 Japan, China and Korea—1895, 235; 1896, 76.  
 Japanese Treaty, The—1895, 231.  
 Jarvis, T. J., Sketch of—1895, 105.  
 Jews in America—1897, 162.  
 Johnson, Hale, Sketch of—1897, 155.  
 Jury-Service Exemptions—1891, 297.  
 Juvenile Reformatories—1892, 101.  
 Korea, Japan and China—1895, 235; 1896, 76.  
 Labor Disturbances—1889, 164; 1895, 77.  
 Labor Laws—1895, 90.  
 Lake Losses—1896, 245.  
 Lakes, Equipment of—1892, 194.  
 Lakes, Size of—1885, 11.  
 Lament, D. S., Sketch of—1894, 57.  
 Lamoreaux, S. W., Sketch of—1894, 62.  
 Land-Grant Forfeitures—1891, 112.  
 Land Monopoly—1885, 125.  
 Land-Ownings Abroad—1896, 81.  
 Land Restored to Public Domain—1889, 182.  
 Land, Public—1891, 73; 1892, 55.

- Lands, Vacant Public—1894, 203; 1895, 368; 1897, 222.
- Languages Spoken—1894, 180; 1896, 201.
- Lard, Price for Twenty-Eight Years—1891, 350; 1892, 372; 1893, 392; 1894, 382; 1895, 430.
- Laws, Arbitration—1895, 80.
- Laws, Coinage—1897, 55.
- Laws, Copyright—1895, 225.
- Laws, Divorce—1893, 84.
- Laws, Excise—1896, 221.
- Laws, Fish and Game—1896, 211.
- Laws, Marriage—1893, 82.
- Laws, Naturalization—1896, 223.
- Laws, Patent—1896, 226.
- Laws, Trade Mark—1896, 225.
- League, Ball Games—1890, 165.
- League, Epworth—1897, 137.
- League, National—1892, 92; 1896, 244.
- League, Republican—1895, 246; 1897, 164.
- Legal Holidays—1893, 88; 1896, 238; 1897, 174.
- Legislation, Important—1892, 117; 1893, 70; 1894, 85; 1896, 82; 1897, 109.
- Letters of Acceptance—1893, 156.
- Levering, Joshua—1897, 155.
- Lieber, G. N., Sketch of—1896, 88.
- Life, Average of Human—1888, 18.
- Life Insurance, Cost of—1896, 226.
- Life-Saving Service—1887, 27; 1888, 29.
- Life Lost in Rebellion—1885, 10.
- Limitation, Statute of—1897, 296.
- Lindsay, W., Sketch of—1894, 63.
- Liquor Traffic, Cost of—1895, 70.
- Liquors, Consumption of—1892, 109; 1895, 67; 1896, 207.
- Liquor, The Gottenburg System—1895, 103.
- Liquors, Dealers in—1891, 75.
- Liquors, Materials Used in—1892, 112; 1896, 211.
- Liquors, Production of—1894, 31.
- Liquors, Sales of—1894, 31.
- Liquors, Tariff on—1893, 170.
- Live Stock on Farms—1895, 57.
- Locating the World's Fair—1891, 79.
- Lochren, W., Sketch of—1894, 61.
- Lock-Outs and Strikes—1895, 193.
- Lots, Mortgages on—1895, 62.
- Lottery, Law Against—1891, 113.
- Lowndes, L., Sketch of—1896, 92.
- Loyal Legion, The—1893, 21; 1896, 21; 1891, 123; 1892, 127; 1893, 80; 1894, 108; 1895, 138; 1896, 105.
- Lutherans, The—1891, 302; 1897, 194.
- Machines, Man-Power of—1887, 7.
- MacVeagh, W., Sketch of—1895, 105.
- Maguire, M., Sketch of—1897, 157.
- Malt Liquors, Sales in the U. S.—1892, 111; 1893, 51; 1894, 31; 1895, 57; 1896, 207.
- Man, Proper Weight of a—1890, 89.
- Manners Columbian Exposition—1891, 83; 1893, 222.
- Mantle, Lee, Sketch of—1896, 90.
- Manufactures of Cities—1895, 32.
- Manufactures, Exports of—1890, 185; 1891, 18; 1893, 48; 1894, 18; 1896, 18; 1897, 25.
- Manufactures, Trade and Commerce—1890, 183; 1891, 324; 1892, 356; 1893, 371; 1894, 360; 1896, 369; 1897, 436.
- Marriage Laws—1893, 82; 1895, 395.
- Marshals, United States—1897, 218.
- Matchett, C. H., Sketch of—1897, 157.
- Martin, J., Sketch of—1894, 64.
- Massacre, The New Orleans—1892, 35.
- Materials Used in Spirits—1895, 367.
- Mayflower, Passengers on the—1888, 126.
- Mayors of Chicago—1892, 386; 1893, 406; 1894, 386; 1896, 416; 1897, 398.
- Mayors of Chicago, Vote for—1892, 313; 1894, 319; 1896, 375.
- McBride, G. W., Sketch of—1896, 91.
- McCabe, Charles, Sketch of—1897, 161.
- McCook, A. McD., Sketch of—1895, 105.
- McEnery, S. D., Sketch of—1897, 161.
- McLaurin, Sketch of—1896, 82.
- McKinley, W., Sketch of—1897, 153.
- McKinney, L. F., Sketch of—1894, 60.
- McKenzie, J. A., Sketch of—1894, 59.
- Measurement of Time—1890, 158.
- Measures, Foreign—1896, 43.
- Measures and Weights—1892, 115; 1896, 52.
- Measures, United States—1892, 40.
- Meat-Inspection Law—1891, 111.
- Measure, Grain—1891, 125.
- Melline, J. F., Sketch of—1894, 62.
- Memphis Gold and Silver Platforms—1896, 181.
- Metals, Melting Point of—1892, 126.
- Metals, Specific Gravity of—1892, 126.
- Members Pan-American Congress—1891, 115.
- Men of the Year—1893, 60; 1894, 57; 1895, 106; 1896, 87; 1897, 157.
- Merchandise, Imports of—1890, 11; 1891, 18; 1892, 12; 1893, 18; 1894, 18; 1895, 18; 1896, 12; 1897, 12.
- Mennonites—1890, 164.
- Merchant Navies—1894, 206; 1896, 165, 341.
- Messages to Congress—1894, 81; 1897, 265.
- Methodist Episcopal Bishops—1890, 162; 1891, 301; 1892, 123; 1893, 88; 1894, 206; 1896, 103; 1897, 189.
- Methodists—1890, 163; 1891, 203; 1896, 103.
- Metric Table—1888, 8; 1892, 40; 1896, 52; 1897, 48.
- Michigan, Governors of—1885, 14.
- Miles, N. A., Sketch of—1896, 88.
- Miles of Different Nations—1890, 69.
- Military Academy—1894, 202.
- Military Societies of the United States—1893, 21; 1890, 21; 1891, 123; 1892, 127; 1893, 89; 1894, 107; 1895, 137; 1896, 104; 1897, 192.
- Militia Age, Population of—1893, 38.
- Militia Force, The—1895, 71; 1896, 50.
- Mineral Products, United States—1891, 91; 1893, 52; 1896, 48; 1897, 170.
- Mines, Casualties in—1891, 122.
- Ministers of Churches—1896, 18; 1897, 180.
- Minnesota, Governors of—1885, 15.
- Miscellaneous Churches—1891, 302.
- Mitchell, J. L., Sketch of—1894, 62.
- Molasses, Production of—1895, 66.
- Monetary Events—1897, 69.
- Monetary System of the United States—1896, 186; 1897, 75.
- Monetary Systems of the World—1896, 187; 1897, 81.
- Money, F. D., Sketch of—1897, 160.
- Money in Circulation—1891, 74; 1893, 58; 1894, 102; 1895, 51; 1896, 187; 1897, 81.
- Money in the Treasury—1894, 102; 1896, 187.
- Money in United States—1891, 74; 1892, 34; 1897, 74.
- Money in the World—1892, 62; 1894, 54; 1896, 87; 1897, 81.
- Money Brought by Immigrants—1897, 290.
- Money Per Capita—1895, 51.
- Monroe Doctrine—1896, 71.
- Montana, Facts About—1889, 180.
- Monuments, Height of—1885, 10.
- Moonlight, Col. T., Sketch of—1895, 105.
- Moravians—1890, 164; 1891, 302.
- Mortality of Pensioners—1892, 54.
- Mortgages on Acres—1895, 62.
- Mortgages, Farm—1894, 207.
- Mortgages on Lots—1895, 62.
- Mosquito Coast Incident—1895, 233.
- Mountains, Highest—1888, 17.
- Movement of Prices—1896, 70.
- Municipal Finances—1897, 147.
- Names of Coins—1893, 108.
- National Banks—1891, 69; 1892, 201; 1893, 78; 1894, 1896, 238; 1897, 282.
- National Banks, Chicago—1892, 376; 1893, 104; 1894, 392; 1895, 418; 1896, 414; 1897, 444.
- National Banks, Taxes on—1891, 69; 1893, 78; 1894, 332.
- National Conventions—1897, 116.
- Nations and Their Languages—1896, 201.
- National Government Civil List—1891, 127; 1892, 331; 1893, 33; 1894, 111; 1895, 144; 1896, 109; 1897, 197.

- National Farmers' Alliance—1891, 117; 1893, 180; 1893, 236; 1894, 182; 1895, 244; 1896, 230; 1897, 174.
- National Alliance and Industrial Union—1891, 117; 1892, 190; 1893, 236; 1894, 183; 1895, 244; 1896, 230; 1897, 178.
- National Grange—1891, 116; 1892, 180; 1893, 235; 1894, 183; 1895, 224; 1896, 230; 1897, 178.
- National Parks—1897, 153.
- National Party Platforms—1891, 161; 1892, 163.
- National Political Committees—1894, 153; 1895, 207; 1896, 146; 1897, 253.
- National World's Fair Commissioners—1891, 79; 1892, 227; 1893, 222.
- Nations, Wealth and Debts of—1894, 101.
- Naturalization Laws U. S.—1889, 181; 1896, 228.
- Nativity of Population—1892, 30.
- Naval Academy—1894, 101.
- Naval Stations and Vessels—1886, 17; 1887, 17; 1888, 34; 1889, 38; 1890, 37; 1891, 139; 1892, 143; 1893, 104; 1894, 123; 1895, 153; 1896, 122; 1897, 210.
- Naval Statistics, United States—1887, 32.
- Navies, Merchant—1894, 206; 1896, 51.
- Navies of the World—1887, 12; 1890, 177; 1896, 51.
- Navy, Active List—1886, 28; 1887, 28; 1888, 30; 1889, 31; 1890, 33; 1891, 125; 1892, 139; 1893, 101; 1894, 119; 1895, 150; 1896, 118; 1897, 206.
- Navy, Retired List—1886, 30; 1887, 30; 1888, 33; 1889, 37; 1890, 36; 1891, 133; 1892, 143; 1893, 103; 1894, 122; 1895, 152; 1896, 121.
- Navy, The New—1889, 182; 1897, 212.
- Navy Yards—187, 33; 1888, 36; 1889, 40; 1890, 38; 1891, 141; 1892, 145; 1893, 104; 1894, 125; 1895, 153.
- Nebraska, Governors of—1885, 16; 1896, 122.
- Neurology—1890, 170; 1891, 308; 1892, 340; 1893, 358; 1894, 340; 1895, 377; 1896, 350; 1897, 406.
- Nelson, K., Sketch of—1896, 89.
- New Mexico, Facts About—1889, 180.
- New Orleans, Masters—1892, 36.
- New States, The—1891, 112.
- New Tariff, The—1891, 26; 1895, 25.
- Nicaragua Canal—1892, 60.
- Nicknames of Cities—1891, 118.
- No Man's Land—1889, 154.
- Nominating Conventions—1893, 39.
- Nominating Conventions, Vote in—1889, 176.
- Northern Explorations—1892, 39.
- Notable Buildings, Chicago—1892, 378; 1896, 408.
- Notes, Legal Tender—1897, 78.
- Notes, Treasury—1897, 78.
- Nuggets, Gold—1896, 342; 1897, 443.
- Oats, Wheat and Corn—1891, 393.
- Oats, Price for Twenty-Eight Years—1891, 329; 1892, 470; 1893, 392; 1894, 387; 1895, 430; 1896, 420; 1897, 454.
- Oats, Production of—1896, 54; 1897, 43.
- Occupations of Immigrants—1897, 289.
- Occupations of the People—1896, 39.
- Oleomargarine, Taxes on—1891, 74; 1894, 143.
- Olney, R., Sketch of—1894, 57.
- Opera Houses, Capacities of—1893, 114.
- Original-Package Law—1891, 111.
- Paint, Luminous—1888, 13.
- Palmer, J. M., Sketch of—1897, 156.
- Pan-American Congress—1891, 114.
- Pan-American Congress, Members of—1891, 115.
- Panics, Financial—1897, 143.
- Paper Money in Circulation—1893, 76; 1897, 77.
- Parks in Cities—1896, 49.
- Parks, National—1897, 133.
- Parochial Schools—1892, 96; 1893, 35.
- Parties in Congress—1895, 157.
- Party Platforms, National—1885, 18; 1887, 50; 1888, 52; 1889, 55; 1890, 52; 1891, 161; 1892, 163; 1893, 131; 1897, 238.
- Party Platforms, State—1886, 56; 1887, 50; 1888, 52; 1889, 52; 1890, 59; 1891, 163; 1892, 163; 1893, 137; 1894, 143; 1895, 183; 1896, 142; 1897, 82.
- Patent Laws—1896, 225.
- Patent Office, The—1897, 229.
- Patton, J., Jr., Sketch of—1895, 106.
- Paupers in Almshouses—1892, 100.
- Peak, J. L., Sketch of—1896, 92.
- Peckham, H. W., Sketch of—1897, 153.
- Pension Claims—1891, 110; 1892, 55; 1893, 223; 1894, 29; 1895, 76; 1896, 233; 1897, 163.
- Pension Legislation—1891, 110.
- Pension Statistics—1889, 40; 1890, 181; 1891, 71; 1892, 53; 1893, 233; 1894, 30; 1895, 77; 1896, 233; 1897, 163.
- Pensioners by States—1891, 71; 1892, 54; 1893, 234; 1894, 28; 1895, 233.
- Pensions Dropped—1892, 154; 1894, 30; 1896, 76.
- Pensioners, Mortality of—1892, 54.
- Penitentiary Convicts—1892, 56.
- People, Occupation of—1896, 39.
- Perkins, B. W., Sketch of—1893, 64.
- Perkins, G. C., Sketch of—1896, 88.
- Perpetual Calendar—1891, 11; 1893, 11; 1896, 11.
- Pettigrew, R. F., Sketch of—1896, 91.
- Pettus, R. W., Sketch of—1897, 163.
- Photographs by Electricity—1887, 10.
- Phonograph, The—1887, 13.
- Pic-Lon Product—1891, 30; 1895, 172.
- Platform Single-Tax League—1892, 184.
- Platforms, Party—1897, 240.
- Poisons and Their Antidotes—1886, 80.
- Poles, The Two Cold—1888, 11.
- Police Force of Chicago—1893, 402; 1896, 402.
- Police Force of Cities—1891, 101.
- Police Statistics of Chicago—1891, 344; 1892, 374; 1896, 402.
- Political Changes in Fifty Years—1891, 322.
- Political Committees, National—1888, 62; 1887, 81; 1888, 63; 1889, 79; 1890, 74; 1891, 136; 1892, 273; 1893, 171; 1894, 153; 1895, 207; 1896, 146; 1897, 253.
- Political Committees, State—1886, 64; 1887, 64; 1888, 67; 1889, 32; 1890, 73; 1891, 140; 1892, 177; 1893, 177; 1894, 159; 1895, 214; 1896, 150.
- Politics of States—1896, 374.
- Popular Vote (1824-1893)—1891, 318; 1892, 237; 248; 1893, 238; 1895, 244; 1896, 232-251; 1897, 306.
- Population, Ages of the—1887, 7.
- Population of Foreign Countries—1896, 62; 1897, 124.
- Population, Chicago—1891, 338; 1893, 398; 1896, 404; 1896, 408; 1897, 440.
- Population by Color and Nativity—1893, 31.
- Population, Each Census—1892, 26; 1894, 34; 1897, 168.
- Population, Elements of—1892, 28.
- Population, Density of—1892, 33.
- Population by Families—1893, 34.
- Population, Employment of the—1887, 9.
- Population of Cities—1891, 34; 1892, 37; 1893, 37.
- Population of Illinois—1892, 65.
- Population, Indian—1892, 31.
- Population, Male and Female—1887, 16.
- Population of School Age—1892, 37.
- Population of States—1895, 130; 1896, 67.
- Population of Territories—1895, 130; 1896, 67.
- Population, Urban—1893, 29.
- Population of States (1790-1890)—1891, 92; 1893, 26; 1894, 34; 1896, 68; 1897, 165.
- Population, White and Colored—1892, 93; 1893, 32.
- Population of the World—1887, 8; 1892, 154.
- Pork Packing—1896, 260.
- Pork, Prices of for Twenty-Eight Years—1891, 350; 1892, 372; 1893, 392; 1894, 383; 1895, 430; 1897, 454.
- Porter, J. D., Sketch of—1894, 59.
- Postoffices, Number of—1891, 160.
- Postage, Rate of—1886, 50; 1887, 46; 1888, 30; 1889, 179; 1890, 178; 1891, 319; 1892, 353; 1893, 379; 1894, 213; 1895, 241; 1896, 227; 1897, 230.
- Postal Currency—1897, 78.
- Postoffice Department—1896, 257.
- Potatoes, Production of—1896, 54; 1897, 44.

- Presbyterian Church Officials—1890, 162; 1891, 301; 1892, 122; 1893, 88; 1894, 105; 1895, 136; 1896, 103; 1897, 190.  
 Presbyterians—1890, 164; 1891, 302.  
 Presidential Succession—1894, 209.  
 Presidential Vote, Electoral—1894, 335; 1896, 232.  
 Presidential Vote, Analysis of—1888, 29; 1892, 43.  
 Presidential Vote, Popular (1884-1888)—1888, 75; 1889, 95; 1890, 178; 1891, 207; 1892, 353; 1895, 244; 1896, 406.  
 Presidential Vote (1824-1888)—1888, 125; 1889, 179; 1890, 178; 1894, 218; 1895, 261.  
 Presidential Vote (1824-1892)—1893, 378; 1897, 365.  
 Presidents, Deaths of—1895, 179.  
 Presidents, Facts About—1885, 29; 1886, 67; 1887, 72; 1888, 75; 1889, 96; 1895, 179.  
 Presidents' Messages—1896, 165-341; 1897, 265.  
 Prices, Movement of—1896, 70.  
 Price of Silver—1891, 109; 1894, 198.  
 Press Statistics—1886, 16; 1887, 123; 1888, 19.  
 Prisoners in Jails—1892, 99.  
 Pritchard, J. C., Sketch of—1896, 91.  
 Private Schools—1892, 96.  
 Production of Gold and Silver—1893, 74; 1896, 183; 1897, 170-72.  
 Products, Dairy—1895, 57.  
 Products of Farms in Illinois—1891, 120.  
 Professional Schools—1895, 205.  
 Prohibition National Convention—1894, 153.  
 Property, Valuation of in U. S.—1893, 50.  
 Proportional Representation—1895, 101.  
 Protestant Episcopal Bishops—1891, 300; 1892, 122; 1893, 87; 1894, 105; 1896, 102.  
 Public Debt, The—1892, 199; 1894, 88-205; 1896, 237; 1897, 303.  
 Public Debt, Analysis of—1892, 145; 1895, 161; 1896, 236; 1897, 302.  
 Public Trusts—1893, 106.  
 Public Lands—1891, 73; 1892, 55; 1894, 203; 1895, 368; 1897, 228.  
 Public-Land System—1886, 78; 1888, 62.  
 Public-Land Sales—1892, 56.  
 Public Schools—1892, 96; 1894, 217; 1896, 204; 1897, 53.  
 Pulse, The Rate of—1886, 83.  
 Pullman Boycott—1895, 79.  
 Qualifications of Voters—1891, 323; 1892, 57; 1893, 123; 1894, 126; 1895, 180; 1896, 63; 1897, 175.  
 Quinby, W. E., Sketch of—1894, 60.  
 Railroad Building—1891, 70; 1892, 236; 1893, 186; 1894, 36; 1895, 132; 1896, 60; 1897, 64.  
 Railroad Mileage—1895, 238.  
 Railroads in Illinois—1891, 122.  
 Railroads, Introduction of—1887, 14.  
 Railroads, Speed on—1885, 123.  
 Rainfall in United States—1890, 61.  
 Ranges, Cattle on—1892, 103.  
 Ransom, M. W., Sketch of—1896, 88.  
 Ready-Reference Calendar—1892, 11; 1893, 11.  
 Rates of Freight—1891, 342.  
 Rates of Interest—1897, 296.  
 Rates of Postage—1891, 219; 1892, 353; 1893, 379; 1894, 213; 1895, 227; 1897, 230.  
 Receipts of the Government—1891, 72; 1892, 107; 1893, 77; 1894, 89; 1895, 243; 1896, 58.  
 Receipts, Internal Revenue—1892, 112; 1896, 204; 1897, 299.  
 Reciprocity Treaties—1892, 139.  
 Reeve, F. X., Sketch of—1894, 62.  
 Referendum—1895, 100.  
 Registration of Chinese—1895, 368.  
 Reform Ballot—1892, 51.  
 Reformed Episcopal Bishops—1890, 162; 1891, 300; 1892, 122; 1893, 88; 1894, 106; 1895, 136; 1897, 190.  
 Reformed Episcopalians—1890, 164; 1891, 301; 1896, 103.  
 Reformatories, Juvenile—1892, 101.  
 Registration of Titles—1892, 384.  
 Reid, Whitelaw, Sketch of—1893, 61.  
 Religion in Indian Schools—1891, 65; 1892, 58; 1893, 237.  
 Religion in the United States—1886, 49; 1889, 169; 1891, 300; 1897, 180.  
 Religion, Statistics of—1883, 127; 1890, 161; 1891, 301; 1892, 121; 1893, 85; 1895, 133; 1897, 180.  
 Republic of Hawaii—1895, 98.  
 Representation, Proportional—1895, 101; 1896, 134.  
 Republican National Committee—1894, 153; 1896, 148; 1897, 253.  
 Republics, Smallest—1897, 177.  
 Reservations, Forest—1894, 205.  
 Reservations, Indian—1891, 68; 1892, 59.  
 Reservations, National—1897, 133.  
 Revolt, The Cuban—1895, 93; 1897, 135.  
 Rivers, The Longest—1885, 11; 1888, 17.  
 Roach, W. N., Sketch of—1894, 63.  
 Roman Catholic Bishops—1890, 161; 1891, 300; 1892, 122; 1893, 86; 1894, 105; 1895, 135; 1896, 101; 1897, 188.  
 Ruggles, Gen. G. D., Sketch of—1895, 106.  
 Rulers, Foreign—1896, 62; 1897, 134.  
 Runyon, T., Sketch of—1894, 64.  
 Russian Treaty, The—1894, 70.  
 Rye, Production of—1896, 54; 1897, 44.  
 Saccharine—1897, 13.  
 Salvation Army—1891, 302-318.  
 Salaries of Governors—1892, 64; 1895, 129.  
 Salaries, Large—1888, 15.  
 Sanitary District, Chicago—1891, 336; 1895, 424; 1896, 412.  
 Sanitary Trustees—1891, 334; 1892, 386; 1895, 424; 1896, 412; 1897, 411.  
 Savings Banks—1894, 395.  
 Sawtelle, C. G., Sketch of—1897, 161.  
 Schoolhouse vs. Saloon—1889, 178.  
 School Age, Children of—1893, 37; 1894, 217.  
 School Law of Illinois—1891, 66.  
 School Law of Wisconsin—1891, 66.  
 Schools, Blind and Deaf—1892, 96.  
 Schools, Contract—1892, 58; 1893, 237.  
 Schools and Education—1891, 65.  
 Schools, Indian—1891, 68; 1892, 58; 1893, 237; 1894, 215; 1895, 364; 1896, 206; 1897, 172.  
 Schools, Professional—1896, 205; 1897, 52.  
 Schools, Public and Private—1892, 96; 1893, 35; 1896, 204; 1897, 55.  
 Schools, Pupils in—1892, 96.  
 Schools, Teachers in—1892, 96.  
 Schools, Training—1892, 58.  
 Seal Fisheries Dispute—1892, 44; 1893, 65; 1894, 37.  
 Seay, A. J., Sketch of—1892, 54.  
 Secretaries of States—1892, 162.  
 Seigniorage Bill Veto—1895, 122.  
 Settlement with Italy—1893, 59.  
 Seymour, J. S., Sketch of—1894, 61.  
 Sewall, Arthur, Sketch of—1897, 154.  
 Sex and Population—1893, 30.  
 Sexes, The—1890, 181.  
 Sight and Distance—1890, 181.  
 Signal-Service Flags—1884, 126.  
 Sheep and Wool of the World—1889, 182; 1894, 333; 1896, 56.  
 Sheep Per Square Mile—1893, 84.  
 Sherman Bill, Repeal of—1894, 87.  
 Shipping of the World—1895, 51.  
 Ship-Building of the World—1892, 123.  
 Shiras, G., Sketch of—1893, 63.  
 Shoup, G. L., Sketch of—1896, 88.  
 Siam and France—1894, 68.  
 Signals, Weather—1892, 63.  
 Sill, J. M. B., Sketch of—1895, 105.  
 Silver Circulation—1893, 75; 1897, 74.  
 Silver Convention—1894, 65.  
 Silver Coins of the United States—1893, 76.  
 Silver Coinage—1892, 57; 1897, 76.  
 Silver Committee—1892, 34; 1895, 190.  
 Silver, Demountization of—1897, 65.  
 Silver, Distribution of—1891, 72; 1892, 103.

Silver, Export of—1884, 23; 1886, 25; 1886, 37; 1897, 74.  
 Silver and Gold—1884, 198; 1886, 239; 1897, 65.  
 Silver, Government Purchase of—1884, 199.  
 Silver in a Dollar—1884, 198.  
 Silver Legislation—1891, 110.  
 Silver, Party Utterances on—1884, 189.  
 Silver, Price of—1891, 109; 1892, 35; 1893, 73; 1894, 193; 1897, 72.  
 Silver, Production of—1891, 73; 1892, 104; 1893, 74; 1896, 183; 1897, 71.  
 Silver Question—1884, 177.  
 Silver, Range in Price of—1893, 75; 1896, 184.  
 Silver, Ratio to Gold—1884, 199; 1886, 239; 1896, 183; 1897, 73.  
 Single-Tax League—1891, 184.  
 Smallest Republics—1897, 177.  
 Smith, H., Sketch of—1894, 68.  
 Smith, J., Jr., Sketch of—1894, 63.  
 Snow Limit—1893, 377.  
 Sons of the American Revolution—1891, 124; 1892, 127; 1893, 91; 1894, 107; 1896, 137; 1896, 105; 1897, 193.  
 Sons of Veterans—1889, 23; 1890, 22; 1891, 125; 1892, 127; 1893, 91; 1894, 110; 1896, 139; 1896, 107; 1897, 195.  
 Sound and Color—1887, 14.  
 Southgate, J. H., Sketch of—1897, 156.  
 Sparrows, Increase of—1887, 15.  
 Special Days, World's Fair—1894, 187.  
 Spirits, Materials Used in—1894, 201; 1896, 211.  
 Sporting Records—1890, 175; 1891, 311; 1892, 334; 1893, 363; 1894, 344; 1896, 363; 1896, 355; 1897, 412.  
 Specific Gravity of Metals—1893, 126.  
 Stage Favorites—1889, 186.  
 Standard Time, To Obtain—1890, 170; 1891, 320; 1893, 330; 1894, 214; 1896, 247; 1896, 250; 1897, 279.  
 Stanley in Africa—1891, 318.  
 Stars, Number of—1883, 12.  
 State Banks of Illinois—1891, 120.  
 States, Admission of—1889, 177; 1897, 281.  
 States, Area and Population—1887, 48; 1888, 50; 1889, 54; 1890, 70; 1891, 128; 1892, 64; 1893, 119; 1894, 56; 1896, 129; 1896, 67; 1897, 281.  
 State Committees, Chairmen of—1894, 155; 1896, 214; 1896, 150; 1897, 257.  
 State Finances—1897, 147.  
 States, Debts of the—1891, 154; 1892, 97; 1893, 53.  
 States, Governors, Capitals, etc.—1887, 48; 1888, 50; 1889, 54; 1890, 70; 1891, 26; 1893, 119; 1894, 55; 1896, 128; 1896, 66; 1897, 280.  
 States, New—1891, 112.  
 States, Pensioners in—1891, 71.  
 States, Popular Names of—1889, 180; 1896, 51.  
 States, Rank of the—1889, 20.  
 Statistics of Agriculture—1896, 55; 1896, 54; 1897, 41.  
 Statistics of the Bible—1887, 13.  
 Statistics of the Churches—1892, 181; 1893, 85; 1894, 103; 1896, 133; 1897, 186.  
 Statistics, Sunday School—1897, 183.  
 Statistics, Tobacco—1897, 44.  
 Statistics, Wool—1897, 47.  
 Statute of Limitation—1897, 296.  
 Steamboating Chronology—1883, 127.  
 Steel, Product of—1891, 89.  
 Stevenson, A. E., Sketch of—1893, 61.  
 Stills, Distill, Seized—1891, 109.  
 Stock, Live, Inspection of—1891, 121.  
 Street Railways in Cities—1891, 100.  
 Streets in China—1891, 99.  
 Strike, The Coal—1896, 77.  
 Strike, Cotton Spinners—1896, 69.  
 Strike, Great Northern—1896, 78.  
 Strike, The Pullman—1896, 79.  
 Strikes and Lock-Outs—1896, 193.  
 Strikes, Minor—1896, 77.  
 Subsidies Paid by All Nations—1890, 45.  
 Succession, Presidential—1894, 206.

Suffrage, Qualifications for—1889, 24; 1890, 182; 1891, 323; 1892, 57; 1893, 123; 1894, 126; 1896, 180; 1896, 63; 1897, 175.  
 Sugar, Consumption of—1892, 114.  
 Sugar Beet—1892, 114.  
 Sugar, Bounty—1894, 203; 1896, 367.  
 Sugar, Foreign and Domestic—1894, 203.  
 Sugar, Produced and Imported—1891, 64.  
 Sugar, Produced in United States—1892, 115.  
 Sugar, Produced in the World—1892, 114.  
 Sulfide, Facts About—1888, 16.  
 Sunday Schools—1894, 41.  
 Supreme Court—1894, 133; 1897, 215.  
 Syndicate, The Bond—1896, 191.  
 Tariff Bills Compared—1894, 90; 1896, 28.  
 Tariff Bill, How It Passed—1895, 26.  
 Tariff, History of the—1894, 25.  
 Tariff on Liquors—1893, 170.  
 Tariff and Wool—1891, 63.  
 Tariff, The New—1891, 26; 1896, 26.  
 Tariffs, Comparison of All—1889, 15.  
 Tariffs, Foreign—1892, 52.  
 Taxation, Digest of—1894, 42.  
 Taylor, H., Sketch of—1894, 60.  
 Tea, Consumption of—1891, 76.  
 Teachers in Schools—1892, 96.  
 Telescopes, American—1892, 39.  
 Terrill, A. W., Sketch of—1894, 61.  
 Territories, Area, Population, etc.—1885, 25; 1886, 48; 1887, 48; 1888, 50; 1889, 54; 1890, 70; 1891, 126; 1892, 64; 1893, 122; 1894, 56; 1896, 129; 1896, 67; 1897, 281.  
 Theaters, Capacity of—1893, 114.  
 Thompson, T. L., Sketch of—1894, 61.  
 Thurston, J. M., Sketch of—1896, 30.  
 Time, Measurement of—1890, 188.  
 Time Standard, To Obtain—1890, 179; 1891, 320; 1892, 354; 1893, 390; 1894, 211; 1896, 247; 1896, 250; 1897, 269.  
 Time Without a Watch—1894, 213.  
 Titled American Women—1896, 239.  
 Titles, Official—1896, 225.  
 Titles, Registration of—1892, 384.  
 Tobacco, Production of—1896, 54-57; 1897, 44.  
 Tornadoes, Destructive—1891, 321.  
 Torrens Title System—1894, 83.  
 Trade, Balance of—1896, 242; 1896, 193.  
 Trade, Our Canadian—1896, 36.  
 Trade, Commerce and Manufactures—1891, 334; 1892, 355; 1893, 371; 1894, 360; 1896, 396; 1896, 369; 1897, 436.  
 Trade, Foreign Carrying—1893, 130; 1894, 41; 1896, 74; 1896, 61; 1897, 167.  
 Trade-Marks—1896, 226.  
 Trans-Mississippi Exposition—1897, 239.  
 Travel, Foreign—1896, 134.  
 Travelers, Hints for—1887, 18.  
 Treasury, Money in the—1893, 80; 1894, 103; 1897, 78.  
 Treaty, The Chinese—1896, 108.  
 Treaty, The Japanese—1896, 221.  
 Treaty, The Russian—1894, 70.  
 Tree, How to Measure a—1883, 14.  
 Tripp, B., Sketch of—1894, 60.  
 Turkey and Armenia—1897, 130.  
 Unexplored Globe—1896, 75.  
 Union, States of the—1892, 352.  
 United States—Climatology—1892, 116; 1893, 81; 1894, 163; 1896, 248; 1896, 108; 1897, 57.  
 Circuit Courts—1892, 153; 1893, 119; 1894, 123; 1896, 155; 1897, 215.  
 Court of Appeals—1892, 153; 1893, 120; 1894, 134; 1896, 155; 1897, 215.  
 Court of Claims—1892, 153; 1893, 119; 1894, 134; 1896, 155; 1897, 215.  
 Diplomatic Service—1892, 156; 1893, 124; 1894, 137; 1896, 173; 1896, 135; 1897, 231.  
 District Court Judges—1892, 153; 1893, 120; 1894, 134; 1896, 155.  
 Financial Statistics—1897, 60.  
 Foreign Legations in—1892, 161; 1893, 129; 1894, 141; 1896, 178; 1896, 141; 1897, 237.  
 Gold Production—1894, 183; 1897, 71.

- Military Societies in—1892, 127; 1893, 90;**  
 1894, 107; 1895, 137; 1896, 104; 1897, 102.  
**Monetary System—1896, 186; 1897, 75.**  
**Money in the—1892, 24; 1893, 68; 1894, 102;**  
 1895, 51; 1896, 187; 1897, 81.  
**Population of—1896, 68.**  
**Silver, Production of—1896, 183; 1897, 71.**  
**Supreme Court.—1892, 153; 1893, 119; 1894,**  
 133; 1895, 155; 1896, 125; 1897, 215.  
**Vessels—1896, 122; 1897, 212.**  
**Wealth of—1897, 62.**  
**Weights and Measures—1892, 40.**  
**Union, Baptist—1897, 59.**  
**Union, Christian—1897, 188.**  
**Union, Sunday School—1897, 183.**  
**University of Chicago, Gifts to—1896, 414.**  
**University Extension—1897, 141.**  
**University Trustees, Vote for—1892, 329.**  
**Universities, Statistics of—1896, 202; 1897, 49.**  
**Urban Population—1893, 29.**  
**Vacant Public Lands—1894, 203; 1895, 368.**  
**Valuation of Property—1892, 153; 1893, 50.**  
**Value of Imports—1894, 26.**  
**Venezuela and Great Britain—1896, 88; 1897,**  
 127.  
**Vessels Built in the World—1891, 25.**  
**Vessels of the Navy—1897, 212.**  
**Vice-Presidents, Deaths of—1888, 122.**  
**Vineyards, Area of—1892, 102.**  
**Vote, Electoral—1894, 335; 1896, 404.**  
**Vote, Popular Presidential—1888, 125; 1889,**  
 179; 1890, 178; 1891, 219; 1892, 353; 1893, 338;  
 1894, 213; 1895, 244; 1896, 202-251; 1897, 306.  
**Voters' Qualifications—1891, 123.**  
**Voting Age, Population of—1893, 33.**  
**Voting, Australian System—1890, 159.**  
**Wages in Europe and America—1891, 125.**  
**Wages in Foreign Countries—1896, 44.**  
**Wages Lost in Strikes—1896, 201.**  
**Walker, I. N., Sketch of—1896, 92.**  
**Walker Case, The—1896, 220; 1897, 113.**  
**Walsh, Patrick, Sketch of—1895, 106.**  
**War, The Chilean—1892, 59.**  
**War and Education, Cost of—1895, 366.**  
**Wars of the United States—1896, 182.**  
**Warren, F. E., Sketch of—1896, 92.**  
**Watch as a Company—1892, 51.**  
**Water, Tests for Pure—1887, 17.**  
**Watson, T. E., Sketch of—1897, 154.**  
**Wealth and Debts of Nations—1894, 101.**  
**Wealth, Increase of—1890, 160.**  
**Wealth of the United States—1897, 59.**  
**Weather Indications—1888, 128.**  
**Weather Signals—1892, 63.**  
**Weaver, J. B., Letter of—1893, 165.**  
**Weaver, J. B., Sketch of—1893, 61.**  
**Wedding Anniversaries—1898, 74.**  
**Week, Days of the—1888, 14.**  
**Weights, United States Standard—1897, 40.**  
**Weights and Measures—1892, 115; 1896, 82.**  
**Weissert, A. G., Sketch of—1893, 54.**  
**Wellington, G. L., Sketch of—1897, 160.**  
**Wells, H. M., Sketch of—1896, 93.**  
**Wheat Acreage—1891, 100.**  
**Wheat, Corn and Oats—1891, 308.**  
**Wheat Crop of the World—1887, 11; 1890, 160.**  
**Wheat Exports—1891, 59.**  
**Wheat, Duty on—1891, 141.**  
**Wheat, Price of for Twenty-Eight Years—**  
 1891, 348; 1892, 270; 1893, 392; 1894, 283; 1896,  
 420; 1897, 454.  
**Wheat, Production of—1896, 54; 1897, 41.**  
**White, A. D., Sketch of—1893, 63; 1897, 153.**  
**White, E. D., Sketch of—1896, 104.**  
**White, S. M., Sketch of—1894, 63.**  
**White and Colored Population—1892, 93.**  
**Willis, A. S., Sketch of—1894, 60.**  
**Wilson and Cleveland—1896, 125.**  
**Wilson Bill, The—1894, 80.**  
**Wilson, J. L., Sketch of—1896, 91.**  
**Wilson, W. L., Sketch of—1896, 87.**  
**Wine, Dealers in—1891, 75.**  
**Wines, Aging of—1887, 13.**  
**Wines, Consumption of—1896, 67.**  
**Wisconsin, Governors of—1886, 14.**  
**Wisconsin School Law—1891, 66.**  
**Woman, Proper Weight of a—1890, 89.**  
**Woman's C. T. U.—1892, 108.**  
**Woman's C. T. U. Nonpartisan—1892, 108.**  
**Woman Suffrage, Vote on—1896, 236.**  
**Women, Titled American—1896, 239.**  
**Wonders, American—1893, 190.**  
**Wool, Consumption of—1896, 223.**  
**Wool, Foreign and Domestic—1896, 223.**  
**Wool, Our Foreign Supply—1894, 60.**  
**Wool, Prices of—1897, 47.**  
**Wool and Sheep—1894, 332; 1896, 56.**  
**Wool, Tariff and Prices—1891, 63; 1896, 260.**  
**World, Armies of the—1896, 232.**  
**World, Navies of the—1896, 51.**  
**World, Motive Power of the—1889, 169.**  
**World, Money in the—1892, 63; 1896, 67; 1897, 81.**  
**World's Columbian Exposition—1891, 77; Act**  
 Incorporating, 77-79; Commissioners and  
 Alternates, 79-80; Directory of, 79; Officers  
 of, 79; Committees of, 80-82; The Local  
 Directory, 82; Committees of, 82; Officers  
 of, 82; Lady Managers of, 83; Chicago Lady  
 Managers of, 84; Contesting Location of,  
 79; Stockholders of, 85-88; 1892, 202; 1893,  
 197-233; Attendance at, 1894, 186; Chronol-  
 ogy of, 1894, 190; Cost of, 1894, 188; Special  
 Days at, 1894, 187.  
**World's Fairs, Previous—1891, 89.**  
**World's Merchant Navies—1894, 206; 1896, 51.**  
**World's Production of Gold and Silver—1896,**  
 183; 1897, 72.  
**World's Railway Mileage—1896, 238.**  
**World's Shipping—1896, 51.**  
**World's Stock of Money—1894, 153; 1896, 87.**  
**World's Sunday Schools—1894, 41.**  
**Yeomans, J. D., Sketch of—1896, 107.**  
**Young, P. M. E., Sketch of—1894, 59.**

## Suggestions

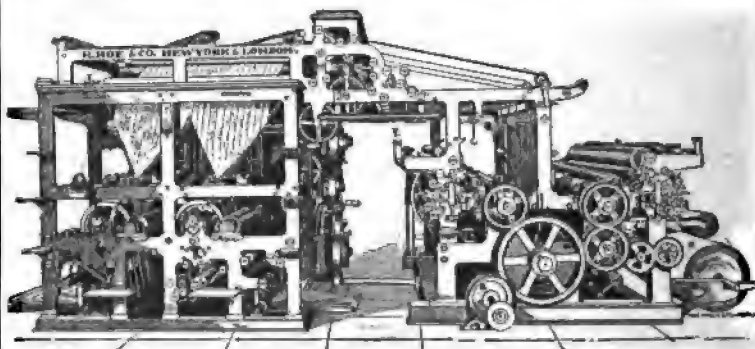
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# THE DAILY NEWS ALMANAC

AND

## POLITICAL REGISTER

FOR

# 1899.

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COMPILED BY GEO. E. PLUMBE, A. B., LL. B.

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FIFTEENTH YEAR.

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*ISSUED BY*  
*THE CHICAGO DAILY NEWS COMPANY.*

THE CHICAGO QUARTERLY  
OF  
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HARVARD COLLEGE  
AUG 11 1917U. S. Army  
Chicago  
(P. 1000)

## PREFACE.

The year 1898 was one of the most interesting and important in the history of the United States and of the world. It was the year that witnessed the war between this country and Spain, in which the achievements of our army and navy astonished the entire world; the destruction of Spanish sovereignty in the West Indies; the loss to Spain of her colonial power in the Pacific; the annexation of the Republic of Hawaii to the United States; the first steps in a movement for the dismemberment of China; the rapid growth of a sentiment among the Jews looking to their return to Palestine; the initiative having for its object the disarmament of Europe; the disastrous culmination of the most gigantic wheat speculation in the history of commerce; the almost total absorption of the continent of Africa by the European powers; the obliteration of the last remnant of sectional feeling between the northern and southern portions of this country; the election of a new congress, and many other less important events that will be lasting in their bearing on our national history.

THE DAILY NEWS ALMANAC for 1899 has made every effort to cover all these various subjects and to deal with the facts involved in a fair and wholly impartial manner. The articles on the Philippines, Puerto Rico, Cuba, the Mariana islands and Hawaii are prepared with the purpose of giving the reader a concise and accurate view of their people, products, trade and commerce that will show their present and prospective importance. The section devoted to the war with Spain deals exclusively with the facts as they have been established, leaving to general history the speculations and opinions that have grown out of it.

Much important and valuable statistical matter has been added to the departments of agriculture, education and finance, while the army and navy have been given an enlarged space devoted to the increased importance of these branches of the national government.

The election returns are full, accurate and complete, showing the trend of political preferences in each of the states and territories, and no pains have been spared to make THE DAILY NEWS ALMANAC for 1899 of permanent value to its possessors.

January 1, 1899.

# Chicago Daily News Almanac 1899.

NOTE.—The time given in this Almanac is local mean time, except when otherwise indicated.

## ECLIPSES.

In the year 1899 there will be five eclipses, three of the Sun and two of the Moon.

I.—A Partial Eclipse of the Sun, January 11. Invisible here. Visible to the extreme North-western portion of Alaska, and to the greater portion of the North Pacific Ocean.

II.—A Partial Eclipse of the Sun, June 8. Not visible here; but visible to Great Britain, France, Germany, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, and all the Polar Regions.

III.—A Total Eclipse of the Moon, June 22-23. Invisible here; but visible generally: the beginning, in the eastern portions of Asia and throughout the Pacific Ocean, and the western portions of North America; and the end, in Asia, the middle and western Pacific Ocean, and the eastern portions of Africa.

IV.—An Annular Eclipse of the Sun, December 2. Not visible here. Visible to a portion of New Zealand, the extreme Southwestern part of Australia, and to a great portion of the South Pacific and Indian Oceans. The line of Annulus passes almost exactly through the South Pole.

V.—A Partial Eclipse of the Moon, December 16, occurring as follows:

STANDARD	EASTERN	CENTRAL	MOUNTAIN	PACIFIC
Moon enters Penumbra....	16d. 5h. 33m. A.	16d. 4h. 33m. A.	16d. 3h. 33m. A.	16d. 2h. 33m. A.
Moon enters Shadow.....	16d. 6h. 45m. A.	16d. 5h. 45m. A.	16d. 4h. 45m. A.	16d. 3h. 45m. A.
Middle of Eclipse.....	16d. 8h. 26m. A.	16d. 7h. 26m. A.	16d. 6h. 26m. A.	16d. 5h. 26m. A.
Moon leaves Shadow.....	16d. 10h. 7m. A.	16d. 9h. 7m. A.	16d. 8h. 7m. A.	16d. 7h. 7m. A.
Moon leaves Penumbra....	16d. 11h. 19m. A.	16d. 10h. 19m. A.	16d. 9h. 19m. A.	16d. 8h. 19m. A.

First contact of shadow 66 degrees from North point of the Moon's limb toward the East.  
Magnitude of Eclipse — 0.994. (Moon's diameter — 1.0.)

## THE FOUR SEASONS.

SEASON.	Begins.	Lasts.	D.	H.	M.
Winter.....	December 21, 1898, 0:59 P.M.	.....	89	0	47
Spring.....	March 20, 1899, 1:46 P.M.	.....	92	20	00
Summer.....	June 21, 1899, 9:46 A.M.	.....	98	14	43
Autumn.....	September 23, 1899, 0:29 A.M.	.....	88	42	27
Winter.....	December 21, 1899, 6:56 P.M.	.....	Common Year, 365	5	57

## EMBER DAYS.

February.....	22, 24, 25	September.....	20, 22, 23
May.....	24, 26, 27	December.....	20, 22, 23

## MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

MERCURY will be Morning Star about January 11, May 10, September 5 and December 25; and Evening Star about March 24, July 22 and November 16.

VENUS will be Morning Star until September 16; and then Evening Star the rest of the year.

JUPITER begins as Morning Star and continues as such till April 25, after which he appears as Evening Star until November 13, and then as Morning Star to the end of the year.

## CHURCH DAYS AND CYCLES OF TIME.

Epiphany.....	Jan. 6	Whit Sunday.....	May 21
Septuagesima Sunday.....	Jan. 29	Trinity Sunday.....	May 28
Sextagesima Sunday.....	Feb. 5	Corpus Christi.....	June 1
Quinquagesima Sunday.....	Feb. 12	Hobrow New Year (3600)	Sept. 5
Ash Wednesday.....	Feb. 15	First Sunday in Advent.....	Dec. 3
Quadragesima Sunday.....	Feb. 19	Christmas.....	Dec. 25
Purim.....	Feb. 24	Dominical Letter.....	A
Mid-Lent Sunday.....	Mar. 12	Solar Cycle.....	4
Palm Sunday.....	Mar. 23	Lunar Cycle (or Golden Number).....	19
Good Friday.....	Mar. 31	Roman Indiction.....	12
Easter Sunday.....	Apr. 2	Epact (Moon's Age, Jan. 1).....	18
Low Sunday.....	Apr. 9	Julian Period.....	6612
Rogation Sunday.....	May 7	Year of the World (Septuagint).....	7407-7408
Ascension Day.....	May 11	Dionysian Period.....	226

# Moon's Phases.

1899		D.	EASTERN TIME.	CENTRAL TIME.	MOUNTAIN TIME.	PACIFIC TIME.
January.	Last Quarter.	4	H. M. 10 21 eve.	H. M. 9 21 eve.	H. M. 8 21 eve.	H. M. 7 21 eve.
	New Moon....	11	5 50 eve.	4 50 eve.	3 50 eve.	2 50 eve.
	First Quarter.	18	11 36 morn.	10 36 morn.	9 36 morn.	8 36 morn.
	Full Moon....	26	2 34 eve.	1 34 eve.	0 34 eve.	11 34 morn.
February	Last Quarter.	3	0 24 eve.	11 24 morn.	10 24 morn.	9 24 morn.
	New Moon....	10	4 32 morn.	3 32 morn.	2 32 morn.	1 32 morn.
	First Quarter.	17	3 52 morn.	2 52 morn.	1 52 morn.	0 52 morn.
	Full Moon....	25	9 16 morn.	8 16 morn.	7 16 morn.	6 16 morn.
March.	Last Quarter.	4	11 7 eve.	10 7 eve.	9 7 eve.	8 7 eve.
	New Moon....	11	2 53 eve.	1 53 eve.	0 53 eve.	11 53 morn.
	First Quarter.	18	10 24 eve.	9 24 eve.	8 24 eve.	7 24 eve.
	Full Moon....	27	1 18 morn.	0 18 morn.	11 18 eve.* *26th.	10 18 eve.* *26th.
April.	Last Quarter.	3	6 56 morn.	5 56 morn.	4 56 morn.	3 56 morn.
	New Moon....	10	1 21 morn.	0 21 morn.	11 21 eve.*	10 21 eve.*
	First Quarter.	17	5 43 eve.	4 43 eve.	3 43 eve.	2 43 eve.
	Full Moon....	25	2 22 eve.	1 22 eve.	0 22 eve. *9th.	11 22 morn. *9th.
May.	Last Quarter.	2	0 47 eve.	11 47 morn.	10 47 morn.	9 47 morn.
	New Moon....	9	0 39 eve.	11 39 morn.	10 39 morn.	9 39 morn.
	First Quarter.	16	0 13 eve.	11 13 morn.	10 13 morn.	9 13 morn.
	Full Moon....	25	0 49 morn.	11 49 eve.*	10 49 eve.*	9 49 eve.*
June.	Last Quarter.	31	5 55 eve.	4 55 eve. *24th.	3 55 eve. *24th.	2 55 eve. *24th.
	New Moon....	8	1 20 morn.	0 20 morn.	11 20 eve.*	10 20 eve.*
	First Quarter.	16	4 46 morn.	3 46 morn.	2 46 morn.	1 46 morn.
	Full Moon....	23	9 20 morn.	8 20 morn.	7 20 morn.	6 20 morn.
July.	Last Quarter.	28	11 45 eve.	10 45 eve.	9 45 eve. *7th.	8 45 eve. *7th.
	New Moon....	7	3 31 eve.	2 31 eve.	1 31 eve.	0 31 eve.
	First Quarter.	15	6 59 eve.	5 59 eve.	4 59 eve.	3 59 eve.
	Full Moon....	22	4 41 eve.	3 41 eve.	2 41 eve.	1 41 eve.
August.	Last Quarter.	29	7 42 morn.	6 42 morn.	5 42 morn.	4 42 morn.
	New Moon....	6	6 48 morn.	5 48 morn.	4 48 morn.	3 48 morn.
	First Quarter.	14	6 54 morn.	5 54 morn.	4 54 morn.	3 54 morn.
	Full Moon....	20	11 45 eve.	10 45 eve.	9 45 eve.	8 45 eve.
September	Last Quarter.	27	6 57 eve.	5 57 eve.	4 57 eve.	3 57 eve.
	New Moon....	4	10 33 eve.	9 33 eve.	8 33 eve.	7 33 eve.
	First Quarter.	12	4 49 eve.	3 49 eve.	2 49 eve.	1 49 eve.
	Full Moon....	19	7 31 morn.	6 31 morn.	5 31 morn.	4 31 morn.
October.	Last Quarter.	26	10 3 morn.	9 3 morn.	8 3 morn.	7 3 morn.
	New Moon....	4	2 14 eve.	1 14 eve.	0 14 eve.	11 14 morn.
	First Quarter.	12	1 10 morn.	0 10 morn.	11 10 eve.*	10 10 eve.*
	Full Moon....	18	5 5 eve.	4 5 eve.	3 5 eve.	2 5 eve.
November.	Last Quarter.	26	4 40 morn.	3 40 morn.	2 40 morn. *11th.	1 40 morn. *11th.
	New Moon....	3	5 27 morn.	4 27 morn.	3 27 morn.	2 27 morn.
	First Quarter.	10	8 35 morn.	7 35 morn.	6 35 morn.	5 35 morn.
	Full Moon....	17	5 19 morn.	4 19 morn.	3 19 morn.	2 19 morn.
December	Last Quarter.	25	1 35 morn.	0 35 morn.	11 35 eve.* *24th.	10 35 eve.* *24th.
	New Moon....	2	7 48 eve.	6 48 eve.	5 48 eve.	4 48 eve.
	First Quarter.	9	4 3 eve.	3 3 eve.	2 3 eve.	1 3 eve.
	Full Moon....	16	8 31 eve.	7 31 eve.	6 31 eve.	5 31 eve.
December	Last Quarter.	24	10 57 eve.	9 57 eve.	8 57 eve.	7 57 eve.

1st MONTH.

JANUARY.

31 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY MO.	DAY OF WEEK.	January is named from Janus, an ancient Roman divinity, and was added to the Roman Calendar 713 B. C.	Chicago, Iowa.			St. Louis, S. Ill.			St. Paul, N. E.		
				Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R.A.S.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R.A.S.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R.A.S.
1	1	SUN.	Slaves emancipated, 1863.	7 29	4 40	8 24	7 19	4 48	9 26	7 23	4 27	8 24
2	2	Mo.	Bragg defeated, 1862.	7 29	4 40	10 24	7 19	4 49	10 24	7 40	4 28	10 25
3	3	Tu.	Battle of Princeton, 1777.	7 29	4 41	11 29	7 19	4 50	11 25	7 40	4 29	11 31
4	4	We.	Battle of Stone River, 1862.	7 29	4 42	morn	7 19	4 51	morn	7 40	4 30	morn
5	5	Th.	Arnold burns Richmond, 1781.	7 29	4 43	0 36	7 19	4 52	0 31	7 40	4 31	0 41
6	6	Fri.	Great earthquake in N.E. 1863.	7 29	4 44	1 46	7 19	4 53	1 39	7 40	4 32	1 54
7	7	Sat.	Battle of Springfield, Mo., 1863.	7 29	4 45	2 56	7 19	4 54	2 50	7 40	4 33	3 6
8	8	SUN.	Battle of New Orleans, 1815.	7 29	4 46	4 9	7 19	4 55	4 1	7 40	4 34	4 21
9	9	Mo.	FL Sunbury, Ga., captured, 1779.	7 29	4 47	5 19	7 19	4 56	5 10	7 39	4 36	5 32
10	10	Tu.	Florida seceded, 1861.	7 29	4 48	6 23	7 19	4 57	6 14	7 39	4 37	6 35
11	11	We.	Alabama seceded, 1861.	7 29	4 49	7 17	7 19	4 58	7 9	7 39	4 38	7 29
12	12	Th.	Lincoln's 1st speech in Cong., 1848.	7 27	4 50	sets	7 18	5 0	sets	7 38	4 39	sets
13	13	Fri.	FL. Fisher attacked, 1865.	7 27	4 51	7 22	7 18	5 1	7 26	7 38	4 40	7 18
14	14	Sat.	Gen. Braddock sails, 1755.	7 27	4 52	8 42	7 18	5 1	8 45	7 37	4 42	8 40
15	15	SUN.	St. Fisher captured, 1865.	7 25	4 54	0 56	7 18	5 2	9 55	7 37	4 43	9 53
16	16	Mo.	Amnesty bill passed, 1872.	7 25	4 55	11 6	7 17	5 3	11 3	7 36	4 44	11 11
17	17	Tu.	Morgan defeats Tarleton, 1781.	7 25	4 56	morn	7 17	5 4	morn	7 35	4 45	morn
18	18	We.	Battle of Fredericktown, 1813.	7 25	4 57	0 18	7 16	5 5	0 13	7 35	4 47	0 25
19	19	Th.	Battle of Mill Springs, 1862.	7 24	4 58	1 27	7 16	5 6	1 20	7 34	4 48	1 36
20	20	Fri.	Battle of Somerset, N. J., 1777.	7 24	5 0	2 31	7 15	5 6	2 24	7 34	4 50	2 42
21	21	Sat.	Jackson enters N. Orleans, 1813.	7 23	5 1	3 31	7 15	5 7	3 23	7 33	4 51	3 43
22	22	SUN.	Stone fleet sunk Chari'st n, 1861.	7 22	5 2	4 28	7 14	5 8	4 20	7 32	4 52	4 41
23	23	Mo.	Massacre River Basin, 1813.	7 22	5 3	5 18	7 14	5 9	5 9	7 31	4 54	5 41
24	24	Tu.	Rhoddy driv'n fr'm Tenn., 1864.	7 20	5 6	6 38	7 13	5 11	6 32	7 30	4 55	6 13
25	25	We.	Orizaba taken, 1848.	7 20	5 7	rises	7 12	5 13	rises	7 29	4 56	rises
26	26	Th.	Webster's reply to Hayne, 1830.	7 19	5 8	6 14	7 11	5 14	6 18	7 27	4 58	6 10
27	27	Fri.	New Providence taken, 1778.	7 18	5 9	7 15	7 10	5 15	7 19	7 26	5	7 14
28	28	Sat.	First nat'l bank at Phila., 1773.	7 17	5 11	8 20	7 10	5 16	8 21	7 25	5 2	8 21
29	29	SUN.	British take Augusta, Ga., 1779.	7 16	5 12	9 19	7 9	5 18	9 16	7 24	5 4	9 22
30	30	Mo.	Constitution amended, 1865.	7 15	5 14	10 24	7 8	5 20	10 21	7 23	5 5	10 20
31	31	Tu.	Naval battle off Chari'st n, 1863.									

2d MONTH.

FEBRUARY.

28 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY MO.	DAY OF WEEK.	February is named from Roman divinity <i>Februus</i> (Pluto), or <i>Februus</i> (Juno), and was added to Roman Calendar about 713 B. C.	Chicago, Iowa.			St. Louis, S. Ill.			St. Paul, N. E.		
				Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R.A.S.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R.A.S.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R.A.S.
32	1	We.	Battle of Cowan's Ford, 1781.	7 14	5 15	11 33	7 7	5 21	11 27	7 22	5 7	11 39
33	2	Th.	Mexican cession of 1848.	7 13	5 16	morn	7 6	5 22	morn	7 21	5 8	morn
34	3	Fri.	Battle of Dover, 1862.	7 12	5 17	0 41	7 6	5 23	0 33	7 19	5 10	0 50
35	4	Sat.	Clinton reaches N. Y., 1776.	7 10	5 19	1 50	7 5	5 24	1 43	7 18	5 11	2 2
36	5	SUN.	Med'ling w'h st'ry il'gal, 1836.	7 9	5 20	2 59	7 4	5 26	2 50	7 17	5 13	3 17
37	6	Mo.	Treaty with France, 1778.	7 8	5 21	4 4	7 3	5 27	3 36	7 16	5 14	4 17
38	7	Tu.	Jeff Davis' case dismissed, 1869.	7 7	5 22	5 1	7 2	5 28	4 33	7 15	5 16	5 13
39	8	We.	Confederate gov't formed, 1861.	7 6	5 24	6 48	7 1	5 29	6 42	7 14	5 17	6 31
40	9	Th.	Confederate congress met, 1861.	7 5	5 25	6 29	6 59	5 30	6 22	7 10	5 20	sets
41	10	Fri.	Battle of Hornet & Resolute, 1813.	7 3	5 26	sets	6 58	5 31	sets	7 8	5 21	sets
42	11	Sat.	Lincoln left for Wash'n, 1861.	7 3	5 28	7 32	6 57	5 32	7 32	7 8	5 21	7 33
43	12	SUN.	First fugitive slave law, 1793.	7 2	5 29	8 42	6 56	5 33	8 40	7 7	5 23	8 45
44	13	Mo.	Massacre of Glencoe, 1691.	6 59	5 30	9 58	6 54	5 35	9 51	7 5	5 24	10 3
45	14	Tu.	Pickens routs the British, 1778.	6 57	5 32	11 11	6 53	5 36	11 3	7 4	5 26	11 10
46	15	We.	Battle of Maline destr'd, 1808.	6 57	5 33	morn	6 52	5 37	morn	7 2	5 27	morn
47	16	Th.	Hessian troops hired, 1776.	6 55	5 34	0 18	6 51	5 39	0 12	7 6	5 29	0 28
48	17	Fri.	Treaty of Ghent ratified, 1815.	6 54	5 35	1 22	6 50	5 40	1 14	6 50	5 30	1 24
49	18	Sat.	Lee com.-in-chief, 1864.	6 53	5 37	2 21	6 49	5 42	2 12	6 50	5 31	2 30
50	19	SUN.	First nat'l Thanksgiving, 1766.	6 51	5 38	3 34	6 47	5 43	3 51	6 50	5 32	3 37
51	20	Mo.	Braddock arrives in Va., 1755.	6 50	5 39	3 39	6 46	5 45	4 32	6 52	5 33	4 51
52	21	Tu.	Silver remonetized, 1878.	6 48	5 40	4 39	6 44	5 46	5 6	6 51	5 34	5 52
53	22	We.	Battle of Copenhagen, 1813.	6 47	5 42	5 12	6 44	5 48	5 5	6 50	5 35	6 50
54	23	Th.	Battle of Buena Vista, 1847.	6 45	5 43	6 41	6 42	5 46	6 35	6 49	5 36	7 10
55	24	Fri.	Johnson impeached, 1868.	6 44	5 44	8 5	6 41	5 47	6 2	6 48	5 41	8 10
56	25	Sat.	Conscription bill passed, 1863.	6 42	5 45	rises	6 39	5 48	rises	6 46	5 42	rises
57	26	SUN.	Nashville surrendered, 1862.	6 41	5 47	7 10	6 37	5 49	7 9	6 45	5 43	7 12
58	27	Mo.	Battle of Morris Neck, 1776.	6 39	5 48	8 16	6 35	5 50	8 13	6 42	5 45	8 20
59	28	Tu.	Private'r Nashville destr'd, 1863.	6 37	5 49	9 23	6 34	5 51	9 18	6 41	5 46	9 30

3d MONTH.

MARCH.

31 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY MO.	DAY OF WEEK.	March was named from Mars, the god of war. It was the first month of the Roman year.	Chicago, Iowa.			St. Louis, S. Ill.			St. Paul, N. E.		
				Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R. & S.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R. & S.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R. & S.
60	1	We.	Article's of confed. ratif'd, 1781	6 35	5 51	10 32	6 32	5 52	10 25	6 38	5 48	10 41
61	2	Th.	Grant made lieut.-gen., 1864.	6 34	5 52	11 30	6 31	5 51	11 33	6 36	5 49	11 50
62	3	Fri.	Battle of Briar Creek 1779.	6 32	5 53	morn	6 29	5 55	morn	6 34	5 51	morn
63	4	Sat.	First congress met, 1789.	6 30	5 54	9 47	6 28	5 56	9 38	6 33	5 52	9 0
64	5	SUN.	Boston massacre, 1770.	6 28	5 55	1 32	6 27	5 57	1 43	6 31	5 54	2 0
65	6	Mo.	Battle of Pea Ridge, 1862.	6 27	5 57	2 50	6 26	5 58	2 41	6 30	5 56	2 3
66	7	Tu.	Bible society formed, 1804.	6 25	5 58	3 40	6 24	5 59	3 33	6 28	5 57	3 52
67	8	We.	Stamp act passed, 1765.	6 24	5 59	4 22	6 23	5 59	4 14	6 27	5 58	4 31
68	9	Th.	Monter-Merrillme battle, 1862.	6 22	6 0	4 55	6 21	6 0	4 46	6 25	5 59	5 3
69	10	Fri.	McJannet crosses Potomac, 1862	6 20	6 1	5 25	6 19	6 0	5 22	6 23	5 59	5 38
70	11	Sat.	Confed const'n adopted, 1861.	6 18	6 2	5 51	6 17	6 1	5 51	6 19	6 2	5 52
71	12	SUN.	Grant made com.-in-chief, 1861	6 17	6 4	sets	6 16	6 5	sets	6 17	6 3	sets
72	13	Mo.	Red river expedition, 1864.	6 15	6 5	8 45	6 14	6 6	8 40	6 16	6 4	8 53
73	14	Tu.	Northen captured, 1862.	6 13	6 8	9 58	6 13	6 7	9 51	6 14	6 6	10 7
74	15	We.	Island No. 10 bombarded, 1861.	6 12	6 7	11 5	6 11	6 7	10 58	6 12	6 7	11 16
75	16	Th.	Battle of Guilford, 1781.	6 10	6 8	morn	6 10	6 8	11 50	6 10	6 8	morn
76	17	Fri.	Boston evacuated, 1776.	6 8	6 9	9 0	6 8	6 9	morn	6 8	6 9	9 0
77	18	Sat.	Stamp act repealed, 1766.	6 6	6 10	1 5	6 7	6 10	0 57	6 6	6 10	1 9
78	19	SUN.	The Oregon Terr. S. E. 1858.	6 5	6 12	1 53	6 6	6 11	1 45	6 5	6 12	1 3
79	20	Mo.	Washington enters Boston, 1776	6 3	6 13	2 36	6 3	6 12	2 29	6 3	6 13	2 28
80	21	Tu.	Battle of Henderson, 1864.	6 1	6 14	3 12	6 2	6 13	3 3	6 1	6 13	3 48
81	22	We.	Stamp act signed, 1765.	5 59	6 15	3 42	5 58	6 14	3 36	5 58	6 14	3 51
82	23	Th.	Battle of Winchester, 1862.	5 58	6 16	4 9	5 58	6 15	4 3	5 58	6 17	4 14
83	24	Fri.	Attack on Peckskill, 1777.	5 56	6 17	4 30	5 57	6 16	4 27	5 56	6 19	4 55
84	25	Sat.	Hudson river discovered, 1609.	5 54	6 18	4 52	5 55	6 17	4 51	5 55	6 20	5 18
85	26	SUN.	Forrest bent'n at Paducah, 1864	5 52	6 19	5 18	5 54	6 18	5 19	5 53	6 21	5 30
86	27	Mo.	Tamuning, Tex. massacre, 1859.	5 51	6 20	5 25	5 53	6 19	5 25	5 52	6 22	5 38
87	28	Tu.	Seminole treaty, 1832.	5 49	6 22	8 32	5 51	6 20	8 15	5 50	6 24	8 30
88	29	We.	Vera Cruz capitulated, 1847.	5 47	6 23	9 30	5 49	6 21	9 25	5 48	6 25	9 3
89	30	Th.	Battle of Souders, 1834, 1860.	5 45	6 24	10 30	5 47	6 22	10 22	5 47	6 26	10 51
90	31	Fri.	Treasury bldg. burned, 1833.	5 44	6 25	11 45	5 46	6 23	11 36	5 45	6 28	11 57

4th MONTH.

APRIL.

30 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY MO.	DAY OF WEEK.	April was named from <i>aprire</i> (to open), the season when buds open.	Chicago, Iowa.			St. Louis, S. Ill.			St. Paul, N. E.		
				Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R. & S.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R. & S.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R. & S.
91	1	Sat.	Battle Five Forks, 1865.	5 43	6 26	morn	5 45	6 24	morn	5 40	6 29	morn
92	2	SUN.	Battle at Selma, Ala., 1865.	5 41	6 27	0 44	5 43	6 25	0 35	5 38	6 30	0 57
93	3	Mo.	Richmond evacuated, 1865.	5 40	6 28	1 35	5 41	6 26	1 27	5 37	6 32	1 47
94	4	Tu.	First newspaper in U. S., 1704.	5 38	6 30	2 18	5 40	6 27	2 15	5 35	6 33	2 28
95	5	We.	Yorktown besieged, 1862.	5 36	6 31	2 55	5 38	6 28	2 48	5 33	6 34	2 39
96	6	Th.	1st house of rep. organized, 1786.	5 34	6 32	3 38	5 37	6 29	3 21	5 31	6 35	2 30
97	7	Fri.	Battle of Shiloh, 1862.	5 33	6 33	3 51	5 35	6 30	3 48	5 29	6 36	3 33
98	8	Sat.	Island No. 10 taken, 1862.	5 31	6 34	4 19	5 33	6 30	4 21	5 26	6 37	4 19
99	9	SUN.	Lee surrendered, 1865.	5 29	6 35	4 47	5 32	6 31	4 51	5 26	6 39	4 46
100	10	Mo.	Battle of Ft. Pulaski, 1862.	5 28	6 36	sets	5 30	6 32	sets	5 24	6 40	sets
101	11	Tu.	Ft. Sumter bombarded, 1861.	5 26	6 37	8 44	5 29	6 33	8 38	5 22	6 41	8 55
102	12	We.	Ft. Pillow massacre, 1864.	5 24	6 38	9 50	5 27	6 34	9 43	5 20	6 43	10 2
103	13	Th.	Ft. Sumter surrendered, 1861.	5 23	6 40	10 50	5 26	6 35	10 42	5 19	6 44	11 3
104	14	Fri.	Battle of Monks' Corners, 1780.	5 21	6 41	11 44	5 24	6 36	11 36	5 17	6 46	11 56
105	15	Sat.	Lincoln dies, 1865.	5 20	6 42	morn	5 23	6 37	morn	5 16	6 47	morn
106	16	SUN.	Porter passed Vicksburg, 1863.	5 18	6 43	0 29	5 22	6 38	0 25	5 13	6 48	0 41
107	17	Mo.	Death of Franklin, 1790.	5 16	6 44	1 30	5 20	6 39	1 22	5 11	6 49	1 19
108	18	Tu.	Ride of Paul Revere, 1775.	5 15	6 45	1 42	5 19	6 40	1 35	5 10	6 51	1 51
109	19	We.	Battle of Lexington, 1775.	5 13	6 46	2 10	5 17	6 41	2 4	5 8	6 52	2 17
110	20	Th.	Lee resigns U. S. A., 1861.	5 12	6 47	2 32	5 16	6 42	2 29	5 6	6 53	2 38
111	21	Fri.	Spanish-Amer. war began, 1898.	5 10	6 48	2 55	5 15	6 43	2 53	5 4	6 54	2 57
112	22	Sat.	Paul Jones at Whitehav'n, 1778	5 9	6 50	3 20	5 13	6 44	3 20	5 3	6 55	3 21
113	23	SUN.	Call for 125,000 men, 1864.	5 7	6 51	3 42	5 12	6 45	3 41	5 1	6 57	3 48
114	24	Mo.	Ranger takes the Drake, 1778.	5 6	6 52	4 5	5 11	6 46	4 9	5 0	6 58	4 2
115	25	Tu.	U.S. land office estab'd, 1812.	5 4	6 53	rises	5 9	6 47	rises	4 58	6 59	rises
116	26	We.	New Orleans taken, 1862.	5 3	6 54	8 27	5 8	6 48	8 20	4 56	7 0	8 38
117	27	Th.	Habeas corpus suspend'd, 1861.	5 2	6 55	9 36	5 7	6 49	9 27	4 55	7 2	9 45
118	28	Fri.	Battle of Saugus Creek riv., 1771.	5 0	6 56	10 39	5 6	6 50	10 30	4 53	7 3	10 51
119	29	Sat.	McClellan's net secer'n, 1861.	4 59	6 57	11 32	5 6	6 51	11 24	4 52	7 5	11 44
120	30	SUN.	Washington inaugurated, 1789.	4 57	6 59	morn	5 3	6 52	morn	4 50	7 6	morn

## 5th MONTH.

## MAY.

31 DAY

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY MO.	DAY OF WEEK.	May is from the Latin <i>Matius</i> , the growing month.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N. Y., Pa., S. Wis., S. Mich. N. Ill., Ind., O.			St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.			St. Paul, N. E. Wis. and Mich. N. E. New York Minn., Or.		
				Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R. & S.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R. & S.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R. & S.
121	1	Mo.	Dewey's victory, 1898.	4 56	6 58	0 17	5 26	6 53	0 11	4 49	7 17	0 0
122	2	Tu.	Battle of Chancellorsville, 1863	4 54	7 0	0 56	5 16	6 54	0 49	4 47	7 7	0 1
123	3	We.	First call for 4-year men, 1861	4 53	7 1	1 27	4 39	6 55	1 23	4 46	7 1	1 1
124	4	Th.	Grant crosses the Rapid, 1864	4 52	7 2	1 54	4 38	6 56	1 52	4 44	7 10	1 1
125	5	Fri.	Yorktown evacuated, 1862.	4 50	7 3	2 30	4 36	6 58	3 19	4 40	7 12	2 3
126	6	Sat.	Ark. and Tenn. secede, 1861.	4 49	7 4	2 49	4 35	6 57	3 20	4 43	7 11	2 3
127	7	SUN.	Baton Rouge, La., capt'd, 1862	4 48	7 5	3 15	4 35	6 59	3 19	4 42	7 10	3 3
128	8	Mo.	Battle of Palo Alto, 1846.	4 47	7 6	3 45	4 34	7 0	3 52	4 39	7 12	3 3
129	9	Tu.	Battle of Resaca, Mex., 1846.	4 46	7 7	4 20	4 33	7 1	4 26	4 37	7 12	3 3
130	10	We.	Jeff. Davis captured, 1865.	4 44	7 8	sets	4 32	7 2	sets	4 36	7 17	sets
131	11	Th.	Battle of Char's Neck, 1779.	4 43	7 9	9 33	4 31	7 3	9 25	4 35	7 18	9 31
132	12	Fri.	Crown Point taken, 1775.	4 42	7 11	10 22	4 30	7 4	10 14	4 34	7 19	10 13
133	13	Sat.	War declared ag'tst Mex., 1846	4 41	7 12	11 5	4 29	7 5	10 58	4 32	7 21	11 5
134	14	SUN.	Cape Cod discovered, 1602.	4 40	7 13	11 41	4 28	7 5	11 34	4 31	7 22	11 4
135	15	Mo.	St. Granby taken, 1781.	4 39	7 14	morn	4 27	7 6	morn	4 30	7 23	morn
136	16	Tu.	Lincoln nominated, 1860.	4 38	7 15	0 11	4 26	7 7	0 8	4 29	7 24	0 1
137	17	We.	First national fast, 1776.	4 37	7 16	0 35	4 25	7 8	0 31	4 27	7 25	0 3
138	18	Th.	Grant invests Vicksburg, 1863.	4 36	7 17	0 58	4 24	7 9	0 54	4 26	7 26	0 5
139	19	Fri.	The "dark day," 1780.	4 35	7 18	1 17	4 23	7 10	1 17	4 25	7 27	1 1
140	20	Sat.	Mecklenburg declaration, 1777.	4 34	7 19	1 44	4 22	7 11	1 46	4 24	7 28	1 1
141	21	SUN.	St. Galphin taken, 1781.	4 33	7 20	2 7	4 21	7 12	2 10	4 23	7 29	2 3
142	22	Mo.	Brooks assaults Sumner, 1860.	4 33	7 21	2 39	4 20	7 12	2 37	4 22	7 30	2 3
143	23	Tu.	Settlement at Jamestown, 1607.	4 32	7 22	3 2	4 19	7 13	3 9	4 21	7 31	3 3
144	24	We.	Banks evac's Strasburg, 1862.	4 31	7 23	3 41	4 18	7 14	3 48	4 20	7 32	3 3
145	25	Th.	Battle of Spotsylvania, 1863.	4 30	7 23	rises	4 17	7 15	rises	4 19	7 33	rises
146	26	Fri.	Last confeds. surrender, 1865.	4 29	7 24	3 25	4 16	7 16	3 18	4 18	7 34	3 18
147	27	Sat.	Fts. Erie & George abandoned, 1813.	4 29	7 24	3 45	4 16	7 16	3 38	4 18	7 35	3 38
148	28	SUN.	Battle of Dallas, Ga., 1864.	4 28	7 25	10 14	4 15	7 17	10 49	4 17	7 36	10 2
149	29	Mo.	Battle of Waxhaw, 1780.	4 28	7 25	11 30	4 15	7 18	11 25	4 17	7 37	11 3
150	30	Tu.	Corinth taken, 1862.	4 27	7 26	11 57	4 14	7 18	11 54	4 16	7 38	morn
151	31	We.	Battle of Fair Oaks, 1862.	4 27	7 26	morn	4 14	7 19	morn	4 16	7 39	0

## 6th MONTH.

## JUNE.

30 DAYS

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY MO.	DAY OF WEEK.	June traced to Juno, the queen of heaven, who was thought to preside over marriages.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N. Y., Pa., S. Wis., S. Mich. N. Ill., Ind., O.			St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.			St. Paul, N. E. Wis. and Mich. N. E. New York Minn., Or.		
				Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R. & S.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R. & S.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon R. & S.
152	1	Th.	Battle of Cold Harbor, 1864.	4 26	7 29	0 23	4 29	7 20	0 21	4 16	7 40	0 21
153	2	Fri.	Battle Lake Champlain, 1813.	4 26	7 30	0 54	4 30	7 20	0 56	4 16	7 40	0 53
154	3	Sat.	Merrimack sunk, Santiago, 1898.	4 26	7 31	1 18	4 30	7 21	1 21	4 16	7 41	1 14
155	4	SUN.	Ft. Pillow evacuated, 1862.	4 25	7 31	1 46	4 29	7 22	1 51	4 15	7 42	1 17
156	5	Mo.	Battle of Piedmont, 1864.	4 25	7 32	2 18	4 29	7 22	2 26	4 15	7 43	2 18
157	6	Tu.	Confeds. sur. Memphis, 1862.	4 24	7 33	2 57	4 28	7 23	3 3	4 14	7 44	3 13
158	7	We.	Feulans raid Canada, 1861.	4 24	7 33	3 41	4 28	7 23	3 49	4 13	7 44	3 31
159	8	Th.	Battle of Chattanooga, 1862.	4 24	7 34	sets	4 27	7 24	sets	4 13	7 45	sets
160	9	Fri.	Battle of Big Bethel, 1861.	4 24	7 34	9 1	4 27	7 24	8 54	4 13	7 46	9 13
161	10	Sat.	War declared ag'tst Tripoli, 1801.	4 23	7 35	9 39	4 27	7 25	9 33	4 13	7 46	9 41
162	11	SUN.	Walker lands in Nicaragua, 1855.	4 23	7 35	10 11	4 27	7 25	10 4	4 12	7 47	10 21
163	12	Mo.	Grant cross. Chickahominy, 1864.	4 23	7 36	10 37	4 27	7 26	10 58	4 12	7 47	10 44
164	13	Tu.	Fugitive slave law rep'd, 1863.	4 23	7 36	11 6	4 27	7 26	11 58	4 12	7 48	11 2
165	14	We.	National flag adopted, 1777.	4 23	7 37	11 22	4 27	7 26	11 46	4 12	7 48	11 24
166	15	Th.	Wash'n takes command, 1775.	4 23	7 37	11 45	4 27	7 26	11 46	4 12	7 48	11 24
167	16	Fri.	Mississippi discovered, 1803.	4 23	7 37	morn	4 27	7 27	morn	4 12	7 49	morn
168	17	Sat.	Battle of Bunker Hill, 1775.	4 23	7 38	0 9	4 27	7 27	0 11	4 12	7 49	0 9
169	18	SUN.	Can. evacuated by Am'ns, 1776.	4 24	7 38	0 32	4 27	7 27	0 36	4 12	7 50	0 28
170	19	Mo.	War declared ag'tst Eng'nd, 1812.	4 24	7 39	0 59	4 27	7 28	1 5	4 12	7 50	0 53
171	20	Tu.	Battle of Stony Ferry, 1779.	4 24	7 39	1 33	4 27	7 28	1 40	4 12	7 50	1 26
172	21	We.	U. S. A. recovers Santiago, 1898.	4 24	7 39	2 16	4 27	7 28	2 23	4 12	7 50	2 3
173	22	Th.	Evell crosses Potomac, 1863.	4 24	7 39	3 8	4 27	7 28	3 17	4 12	7 51	2 36
174	23	Fri.	Grant Eastern at N. Y., 1860.	4 25	7 39	3 51	4 27	7 29	3 53	4 13	7 51	3 38
175	24	Sat.	Battle of Sevilla, 1868.	4 25	7 39	4 30	4 27	7 29	4 34	4 13	7 51	4 39
176	25	SUN.	Custer massacre, 1876.	4 25	7 39	5 15	4 27	7 29	5 19	4 13	7 51	5 22
177	26	Mo.	Seven days' battles began, 1862.	4 26	7 39	10 0	4 28	7 29	10 25	4 13	7 51	9 38
178	27	Tu.	Morm'ns mob'd, Carthage, 1837.	4 26	7 39	10 27	4 28	7 29	10 55	4 13	7 51	10 29
179	28	We.	1st colonial assembly m'ts, 1639.	4 26	7 39	10 55	4 28	7 29	11 27	4 15	7 51	10 60
180	29	Th.	Hove ranches Sandy Ho'r, 1776.	4 27	7 39	11 23	4 27	7 29	11 26	4 15	7 51	11 21
181	30	Fri.	Gulieu hanged, 1862.	4 27	7 39	11 49	4 27	7 29	11 54	4 16	7 51	11 45

## 7th MONTH.

## JULY.

31 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY NO.	DAY OF WEEK.	July named in honor of Julius Caesar, who was born on the 13th of July.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N. Y. Pa., S. Wis., S. Mich., N. Ill., Ind., O.	St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Cal., Ind., Ohio.	St. Paul, N. E. Wis. and Mich., N. E. New York, Minn., Or.
DAY OF YEAR.	DAY NO.	DAY OF WEEK.	AMERICAN HISTORY.	Sun rises sets. H. A. S.	Sun rises sets. H. A. S.	Sun rises sets. H. A. S.
182	1	Sat.	Battle of San Juan, 1808.	4 28 7 39	4 38 7 29	4 17 7 50
183	2	Sun.	Garfield assassinated, 1881.	4 28 7 39	4 38 7 29	4 17 7 50
184	3	Mon.	Cervera's fleet destroyed, 1898.	4 29 7 39	4 39 7 28	4 18 7 49
185	4	Tu.	Vicksburg surrendered, 1863.	4 29 7 39	4 39 7 28	4 19 7 49
186	5	We.	Battle of Carthage, Mo., 1861.	4 30 7 38	4 40 7 28	4 20 7 49
187	6	Th.	Battle of Jamestown, 1781.	4 31 7 38	4 41 7 28	4 21 7 48
188	7	Fri.	Hawaii annexed to U. S., 1898.	4 32 7 37	4 42 7 27	4 22 7 47
189	8	Sat.	Wash. chosen as capital, 1792.	4 33 7 37	4 43 7 27	4 23 7 47
190	9	Sun.	Surrender of Ft. Hudson, 1863.	4 34 7 36	4 44 7 26	4 24 7 46
191	10	Mon.	French allies land, N. port, 1780.	4 34 7 36	4 44 7 26	4 24 7 46
192	11	Tu.	Battle of Rich Mountain, 1861.	4 35 7 35	4 45 7 25	4 25 7 45
193	12	We.	Dorwalk, Conn., burned, 1779.	4 36 7 35	4 46 7 25	4 26 7 45
194	13	Th.	Drift riots in N. Y., 1862.	4 37 7 34	4 47 7 24	4 27 7 44
195	14	Fri.	Battle of Currier's Ford, 1861.	4 37 7 34	4 47 7 24	4 27 7 44
196	15	Sat.	Battle of Baylor's Farm, 1861.	4 38 7 33	4 48 7 23	4 28 7 43
197	16	Sun.	Wayne takes Stony Point, 1759.	4 39 7 32	4 49 7 22	4 29 7 42
198	17	Mon.	Santiago surrendered, 1898.	4 40 7 31	4 50 7 21	4 30 7 41
199	18	Tu.	Maximilian shot, 1867.	4 41 7 31	4 51 7 21	4 31 7 41
200	19	We.	Morgan defeated, 1863.	4 42 7 30	4 52 7 20	4 32 7 40
201	20	Th.	Confed. cong. Richmond, 1861.	4 43 7 29	4 53 7 19	4 33 7 39
202	21	Fri.	Battle of Bull Run, 1861.	4 44 7 28	4 54 7 18	4 34 7 38
203	22	Sat.	Gen. McClellan takes cong., 1861.	4 45 7 27	4 55 7 17	4 35 7 37
204	23	Sun.	Gen. Grant dies, 1885.	4 46 7 26	4 56 7 16	4 36 7 36
205	24	Mon.	Mormons arrive in Utah, 1847.	4 47 7 25	4 57 7 15	4 37 7 35
206	25	Tu.	Battle of Landy's Lane, 1814.	4 48 7 24	4 58 7 14	4 38 7 34
207	26	We.	Julieck sup's McClellan, 1862.	4 49 7 23	4 59 7 13	4 39 7 33
208	27	Th.	Atlantic cable laid, 1866.	4 50 7 22	5 00 7 12	4 40 7 32
209	28	Fri.	Ponce, Puerto Rico, taken, 1898.	4 51 7 21	5 01 7 11	4 41 7 31
210	29	Sat.	The Alabama starts out, 1862.	4 52 7 20	5 02 7 10	4 42 7 30
211	30	Sun.	Petersburg taken, 1862.	4 53 7 19	5 03 7 9	4 43 7 29
212	31	Mon.	Battle of Malate, 1898.	4 54 7 18	5 04 7 8	4 44 7 28

## 8th MONTH.

## AUGUST.

31 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY NO.	DAY OF WEEK.	August was named in honor of Augustus Caesar, he having been made consul in this month.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N. Y. Pa., S. Wis., S. Mich., N. Ill., Ind., O.	St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Cal., Ind., Ohio.	St. Paul, N. E. Wis. and Mich., N. E. New York, Minn., Or.
DAY OF YEAR.	DAY NO.	DAY OF WEEK.	AMERICAN HISTORY.	Sun rises sets. H. A. S.	Sun rises sets. H. A. S.	Sun rises sets. H. A. S.
212	1	Th.	Chern's trip on Hudson, 1867.	4 53 7 18	5 03 7 7	4 43 7 27
213	2	We.	Battle of Ft. Stephenson, 1813.	4 54 7 17	5 04 7 6	4 44 7 26
214	3	Th.	Columbus sails from Sp'n, 1492.	4 55 7 16	5 05 7 5	4 45 7 25
215	4	Fri.	Col. Isaac Hayne hanged, 1781.	4 56 7 15	5 06 7 4	4 46 7 24
216	5	Sat.	Farragut's fleet at Mobile Bay, 1864.	4 57 7 14	5 07 7 3	4 47 7 23
217	6	Sun.	Ran Arkansas expelled, 1862.	4 58 7 13	5 08 7 2	4 48 7 22
218	7	Mon.	Lafayette departs, 1825.	4 59 7 12	5 09 7 1	4 49 7 21
219	8	Tu.	Battle of Mackinaw, 1814.	5 00 7 11	5 10 7 0	4 50 7 20
220	9	We.	Battle of Cedar Mountain, 1862.	5 01 7 10	5 11 7 0	4 51 7 19
221	10	Th.	Battle of Wilson Creek, 1861.	5 02 7 9	5 12 7 0	4 52 7 18
222	11	Fri.	Bat. Sulphur Bridge Sp's, 1864.	5 03 7 8	5 13 7 0	4 53 7 17
223	12	Sat.	Spanish protocol signed, 1898.	5 04 7 7	5 14 7 0	4 54 7 16
224	13	Sun.	Manila surrendered, 1898.	5 05 7 6	5 15 7 0	4 55 7 15
225	14	Mon.	Death of Farragut, 1869.	5 06 7 5	5 16 7 0	4 56 7 14
226	15	Tu.	Lafayette visits the U. S., 1824.	5 07 7 4	5 17 7 0	4 57 7 13
227	16	We.	Battle of Bennington, 1777.	5 08 7 3	5 18 7 0	4 58 7 12
228	17	Th.	Anti-Neb. con. Saratoga, 1854.	5 09 7 2	5 19 7 0	4 59 7 11
229	18	Fri.	Parade of 1820 began.	5 10 7 1	5 20 7 0	5 00 7 10
230	19	Sat.	Battle of Bluefields, Ky., 1782.	5 11 7 0	5 21 7 0	5 01 7 9
231	20	Sun.	Battle of Fallen Timbers, 1794.	5 12 7 0	5 22 7 0	5 02 7 8
232	21	Mon.	Lawrence, Kas., sacked, 1863.	5 13 7 0	5 23 7 0	5 03 7 7
233	22	Tu.	Att'ck on Ft. Sumter rep., 1863.	5 14 7 0	5 24 7 0	5 04 7 6
234	23	We.	Ft. Morgan surrendered, 1894.	5 15 7 0	5 25 7 0	5 05 7 5
235	24	Th.	British cap'tre Washington, 1844.	5 16 7 0	5 26 7 0	5 06 7 4
236	25	Fri.	Rail Road's Station, 1864.	5 17 7 0	5 27 7 0	5 07 7 3
237	26	Sat.	Stamp-act riot Boston, 1768.	5 18 7 0	5 28 7 0	5 08 7 2
238	27	Sun.	Battle of Long Island, 1780.	5 19 7 0	5 29 7 0	5 09 7 1
239	28	Mon.	Post-carvery, C. & N. W. Ry., 1864.	5 20 7 0	5 30 7 0	5 10 7 0
240	29	Tu.	Second battle Bull Run, 1862.	5 21 7 0	5 31 7 0	5 11 7 0
241	30	We.	America's evacuation B. I., 1778.	5 22 7 0	5 32 7 0	5 12 7 0
242	31	Th.	French fleet arrives, 1781.	5 23 7 0	5 33 7 0	5 13 7 0

9th MONTH.

## SEPTEMBER.

30 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY MO.	DAY OF WEEK.	September, from <i>Septem</i> (seventh), as it was the seventh Roman month.	Chicago, Iowa.			St. Louis, S. Ill.			St. Paul, N.E.		
				Neb., N. Y., Pa., S. Wis., S. Mich., S. Ill., Ind., O.			Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.			Wis., Mich., N. E. New York, Minn., Or.		
				Sun. rises.	Sun. sets.	Moon R.A.S.	Sun. rises.	Sun. sets.	Moon R.A.S.	Sun. rises.	Sun. sets.	Moon R.A.S.
AMERICAN HISTORY.												
244	1	Fri.	Battle of Chantilly, 1862.	5 23	6 33	1 56	5 29	6 30	2 4	5 22	6 37	1 49
245	2	Sat.	Atlanta surrenders, 1864.	5 26	6 32	2 57	5 30	6 28	3 8	5 23	6 35	2 61
246	3	Sun.	Treaty peace, U.S. & G. B. 1783.	5 27	6 30	3 58	5 31	6 27	4 2	5 24	6 33	3 55
247	4	Mo.	Gen. Morgan killed, 1864.	5 28	6 28	4 58	5 32	6 25	5 2	5 25	6 31	4 57
248	5	Tu.	Lee invades Maryland, 1862.	5 29	6 27	sets	5 32	6 22	sets	5 27	6 30	sets
249	6	We.	Mayflower sails, 1620.	5 30	6 25	6 47	5 34	6 20	7 13	5 28	6 28	6 46
250	7	Th.	Fl. Wayne captured, 1813.	5 32	6 23	7 9	5 35	6 19	7 41	5 30	6 24	7 50
251	8	Fri.	Battle of Molino del Rey, 1847.	5 33	6 22	7 35	5 36	6 17	8 14	5 31	6 22	8 30
252	9	Sat.	Geneva award paid, 1873.	5 34	6 20	8 45	5 38	6 16	8 52	5 32	6 20	8 36
253	10	Sun.	Perry's vict. in Lake Erie, 1813.	5 35	6 18	9 30	5 39	6 14	9 39	5 33	6 18	9 26
254	11	Mo.	Battle of Brandywine, 1777.	5 36	6 16	10 35	5 40	6 13	10 34	5 34	6 16	10 15
255	12	Tu.	Battle of Chapultepec, 1847.	5 37	6 14	11 20	5 41	6 11	11 37	5 35	6 14	11 20
256	13	We.	Gen. Wolfe killed, 1759.	5 38	6 13	11 30	5 42	6 10	11 37	5 36	6 12	11 30
257	14	Th.	City of Mexico taken, 1847.	5 39	6 11	morn	5 41	6 10	morn	5 37	6 12	morn
258	15	Fri.	Delegates adopt constn., 1787.	5 40	6 9	0 41	5 41	6 8	0 48	5 39	6 11	0 33
259	16	Sat.	Battle of Winchester, 1864.	5 41	6 7	1 55	5 42	6 6	2 2	5 40	6 9	1 50
260	17	Sun.	Battle of Antietam, 1862.	5 42	6 6	3 15	5 43	6 5	3 19	5 41	6 7	3 12
261	18	Mo.	Fugitive slave law signed, 1850.	5 43	6 4	4 35	5 44	6 4	4 38	5 42	6 5	4 36
262	19	Tu.	Battle of Iuka, 1862.	5 44	6 2	5 55	5 45	6 1	5 49	5 43	6 1	5 48
263	20	We.	Battle of Lexington, Va., 1861.	5 45	6 6	6 22	5 46	6 0	6 26	5 44	6 5	6 24
264	21	Th.	Battle of Fisher's Hill, 1864.	5 46	5 59	6 54	5 47	5 58	7 38	5 45	5 59	7 48
265	22	Fri.	Arnold's treason, 1780.	5 47	5 57	7 32	5 48	5 57	7 38	5 47	5 57	7 42
266	23	Sat.	Paul Jones's victory, 1779.	5 48	5 55	8 16	5 49	5 55	8 23	5 48	5 55	8 24
267	24	Sun.	Monterey captured, 1846.	5 50	5 53	9 4	5 50	5 53	9 12	5 49	5 53	8 54
268	25	Mo.	Philadelphia captured, 1777.	5 51	5 52	9 57	5 51	5 52	10 1	5 51	5 51	9 46
269	26	Tu.	Harrison leaves Vincennes, 1811.	5 52	5 50	10 53	5 52	5 50	11 0	5 52	5 49	10 43
270	27	We.	Battle of Pilot Knob, 1864.	5 53	5 48	11 51	5 52	5 49	11 57	5 53	5 47	11 43
271	28	Th.	Detroit retaken, 1813.	5 54	5 46	morn	5 53	5 47	morn	5 54	5 45	morn
272	29	Fri.	Andre convicted, 1780.	5 55	5 45	0 50	5 54	5 45	0 57	5 56	5 43	0 43
273	30	Sat.	Congress meets at York, 1777.	5 56	5 43	1 50	5 55	5 44	1 55	5 57	5 42	1 46

10th MONTH.

## OCTOBER.

31 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY MO.	DAY OF WEEK.	October was formerly the eighth month, and hence the name from <i>Octem</i> (eighth).	Chicago, Iowa.			St. Louis, S. Ill.			St. Paul, N.E.		
				Sun. rises.	Sun. sets.	Moon R.A.S.	Sun. rises.	Sun. sets.	Moon R.A.S.	Sun. rises.	Sun. sets.	Moon R.A.S.
AMERICAN HISTORY.												
274	1	SUN.	Jacks'n removes U.S.deps, 1839.	5 56	5 41	2 50	5 56	5 42	2 53	5 58	5 41	2 48
275	2	Mo.	Andre hung as a spy, 1780.	5 57	5 39	3 52	5 57	5 40	3 54	5 59	5 39	3 45
276	3	Tu.	Harrison at Terre Haute, 1811.	5 59	5 38	4 51	5 58	5 38	4 50	6 0	5 37	4 53
277	4	We.	Battle of Germantown, 1777.	6 0	5 36	5 55	6 0	5 36	5 51	6 1	5 35	5 58
278	5	Th.	Peacemaker killed, 1815.	6 1	5 34	sets	6 1	5 37	sets	6 1	5 38	sets
279	6	Fri.	Peace proclaimed, 1782.	6 2	5 33	6 9	6 1	5 35	6 16	6 1	5 35	6 2
280	7	Sat.	Bristol, R. I., bombarded, 1775.	6 3	5 31	6 46	6 2	5 33	6 53	6 1	5 33	6 38
281	8	SUN.	First great Chicago fire, 1871.	6 4	5 29	7 30	6 3	5 32	7 38	6 1	5 27	7 31
282	9	Mo.	Battle of Strasburg, Va., 1864.	6 5	5 27	8 21	6 4	5 30	8 30	6 1	5 25	8 11
283	10	Tu.	Naval academy opened, 1845.	6 7	5 26	9 22	6 4	5 29	9 30	6 1	5 24	9 12
284	11	We.	Battle Lake Champlain, 1776.	6 8	5 24	10 30	6 4	5 27	10 36	6 1	5 23	10 12
285	12	Th.	Battle of Resaca, Ga., 1864.	6 9	5 23	11 40	6 5	5 26	11 47	6 1	5 22	11 23
286	13	Fri.	Battle of Queenstown, 1812.	6 10	5 21	morn	6 5	5 24	morn	6 1	5 18	morn
287	14	Sat.	Declaration of rights, 1774.	6 11	5 19	0 55	6 6	5 23	1 1	6 1	5 16	0 51
288	15	SUN.	Great bank panic, 1857.	6 12	5 18	2 12	6 10	5 21	2 16	6 1	5 15	2 11
289	16	Mo.	Harper's F. arsenal capt., 1859.	6 14	5 16	3 30	6 11	5 20	3 30	6 1	5 13	3 31
290	17	Tu.	Burgoyne's surrender, 1777.	6 15	5 15	4 42	6 12	5 18	4 39	6 1	5 11	4 41
291	18	We.	Treaty with Seminoles, 1820.	6 16	5 13	5 58	6 13	5 17	5 54	6 1	5 10	5 4
292	19	Th.	Cornwallis surrenders, 1781.	6 17	5 11	7 15	6 14	5 16	7 15	6 1	5 8	7 15
293	20	Fri.	Grant relieves Rosecrans, 1863.	6 18	5 10	8 7	6 15	5 14	8 14	6 1	5 6	8 58
294	21	Sat.	Earthquake at San Fran., 1868.	6 19	5 8	8 54	6 16	5 13	7 1	6 1	5 5	8 56
295	22	SUN.	Hessians arrive, 1776.	6 21	5 7	7 45	6 17	5 12	7 53	6 1	5 3	8 52
296	23	Mo.	Topeka convent'n meets, 1855.	6 22	5 5	8 42	6 18	5 10	8 49	6 1	5 0	8 47
297	24	Tu.	Zagonyi's ch'ge, Springfield, 1861.	6 23	5 4	9 41	6 19	5 9	9 47	6 1	4 58	9 32
298	25	We.	British evacuate R. I., 1773.	6 24	5 3	10 39	6 20	5 8	10 46	6 1	4 57	10 32
299	26	Th.	Secession agreed R. L., 1860.	6 25	5 1	11 39	6 21	5 6	11 44	6 1	4 57	11 34
300	27	Fri.	Ram Albatross sunk, 1864.	6 27	5 0	morn	6 23	5 5	morn	6 2	4 56	morn
301	28	Sat.	Erie canal completed, 1825.	6 28	4 58	0 40	6 24	5 4	0 43	6 2	4 53	0 37
302	29	SUN.	McClellan dies, 1885.	6 29	4 57	1 41	6 25	5 3	1 45	6 2	4 52	1 41
303	30	Mo.	San Fran. bay discovered, 1789.	6 30	4 56	2 40	6 26	5 2	2 49	6 2	4 50	2 41
304	31	Tu.	Gen. Scott retires, 1861.	6 32	4 54	3 40	6 27	5 0	3 38	6 2	4 49	3 44

11th MONTH.

NOVEMBER.

80 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY MO.	DAY OF WEEK.	November, from <i>Novem</i> (nine), as it was formerly the ninth month.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N. Y., Pa., S. W. Mich., N. Ill., Ind., O.	St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Cal., Ind., Ohio.	St. Paul, N. E. Wis., and Mich., N. E. New York, Minn., Or.
			AMERICAN HISTORY.	Sun. rises sets. R. & S.	Sun. rises sets. R. & S.	Sun. rises sets. R. & S.
305	1	We.	Bat. French Creek, N. Y., 1813.	6 37 4 54	6 28 4 59	6 33 4 47
306	2	Th.	Washington's farewell, 1793.	6 31 4 53	6 29 4 58	6 41 4 40
307	3	Fri.	Battle of Opelousas, La., 1863.	6 34 4 51	6 30 4 57	6 42 4 44
308	4	Sat.	George Peckbody died, 1843.	6 37 4 50	6 31 4 56	6 44 4 43
309	5	SUN.	Battle near Nashville, 1862.	6 38 4 49	6 32 4 55	6 45 4 41
310	6	Mo.	Brownsville, Tex., taken, 1863.	6 39 4 48	6 33 4 54	6 47 4 40
311	7	Tu.	Battle of Tippecanoe, 1811.	6 40 4 47	6 35 4 53	6 48 4 39
312	8	We.	Confed. envoys taken, 1861.	6 42 4 46	6 36 4 52	6 50 4 38
313	9	Th.	Battle of Talladega, Ga., 1812.	6 43 4 45	6 37 4 51	6 51 4 36
314	10	Fri.	Burnside takes command, 1862.	6 44 4 44	6 38 4 50	6 53 4 35
315	11	Sat.	Cherry Valley massacre, 1778.	6 45 4 43	6 39 4 49	6 54 4 34
316	12	SUN.	Montreal taken, 1775.	6 47 4 42	6 40 4 49	6 55 4 33
317	13	Mo.	Provisional govt. in Tex., 1835.	6 48 4 41	6 41 4 48	6 56 4 32
318	14	Tu.	U. S. Christian con. org., 1861.	6 49 4 40	6 42 4 47	6 57 4 31
319	15	We.	Articles confn. adopted, 1777.	6 50 4 39	6 43 4 46	6 58 4 30
320	16	Th.	Manistee lost, 1855.	6 52 4 38	6 44 4 45	6 59 4 29
321	17	Fri.	Battle Knoxville, Tenn., 1863.	6 53 4 37	6 45 4 45	6 59 4 28
322	18	Sat.	Standard time adopted, 1883.	6 54 4 36	6 46 4 44	6 59 4 27
323	19	SUN.	Gettysb'g cem. dedicated, 1863.	6 55 4 35	6 47 4 43	6 59 4 26
324	20	Mo.	British take Ft. Lee, 1781.	6 57 4 35	6 48 4 43	6 59 4 25
325	21	Tu.	Surinder Frederickburg, 1862.	6 58 4 34	6 49 4 42	6 59 4 24
326	22	We.	Ft. George captured, 1780.	6 59 4 34	6 51 4 42	6 59 4 23
327	23	Th.	Fight at Chattanooga, 1863.	7 0 4 33	6 52 4 41	6 59 4 22
328	24	Fri.	Battle Columbia, Tenn., 1864.	7 1 4 33	6 53 4 41	6 59 4 21
329	25	Sat.	Ft. Indiana taken, 1863.	7 2 4 32	6 54 4 40	6 59 4 20
330	26	SUN.	Salisbury Truith died, 1883.	7 3 4 32	6 55 4 40	6 59 4 19
331	27	Mo.	Utah declar'd in rebellion, 1857.	7 4 4 31	6 56 4 40	6 59 4 18
332	28	Tu.	Ft. Rosalie massacre, 1723.	7 5 4 31	6 57 4 39	6 59 4 17
333	29	We.	Savannah, Ga., taken, 1733.	7 6 4 30	6 58 4 39	6 59 4 16
334	30	Th.	Battle of Franklin, Tenn., 1863.	7 7 4 30	6 59 4 39	6 59 4 15

12th MONTH.

DECEMBER.

31 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY MO.	DAY OF WEEK.	December, from <i>Decem</i> (ten), the Roman Calendar terming it the tenth month.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N. Y., Pa., S. W. Mich., N. Ill., Ind., O.	St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Cal., Ind., Ohio.	St. Paul, N. E. Wis., and Mich., N. E. New York, Minn., Or.
			AMERICAN HISTORY.	Sun. rises sets. R. & S.	Sun. rises sets. R. & S.	Sun. rises sets. R. & S.
335	1	Fri.	Habers corp. re-estab., 1865.	7 9 4 30	7 0 4 39	7 20 4 18
336	2	Sat.	Execution John Brown, 1859.	7 10 4 29	7 1 4 39	7 21 4 18
337	3	SUN.	Revolutionary army dis., 1783.	7 11 4 29	7 2 4 38	7 22 4 18
338	4	Mo.	Senate exp'ls Breck'nridge, 1861.	7 12 4 29	7 3 4 38	7 23 4 17
339	5	Tu.	Worcester, Mass., taken, 1780.	7 13 4 29	7 4 4 38	7 24 4 17
340	6	We.	Anti-slavery soc. org., 1833.	7 14 4 29	7 5 4 38	7 25 4 17
341	7	Th.	Bat. Prairie Grove, Ark., 1862.	7 15 4 29	7 6 4 38	7 26 4 17
342	8	Fri.	British take N. port, R. I., 1776.	7 16 4 29	7 6 4 38	7 27 4 17
343	9	Sat.	Battle of Great Bridge, 1775.	7 17 4 29	7 7 4 38	7 28 4 17
344	10	SUN.	Savannah besieged, 1864.	7 18 4 29	7 8 4 38	7 29 4 17
345	11	Mo.	Burnside loses S. Rap'nock, 1862.	7 19 4 29	7 9 4 38	7 30 4 17
346	12	Tu.	Battle Franklin, Tenn., 1862.	7 20 4 29	7 10 4 38	7 31 4 17
347	13	We.	Ft. McAllister taken, 1864.	7 21 4 29	7 11 4 38	7 32 4 17
348	14	Th.	Kan.-Neb. bill submitted, 1853.	7 22 4 29	7 12 4 39	7 33 4 18
349	15	Fri.	Hartford convent'mg met's, 1814.	7 23 4 29	7 13 4 40	7 34 4 18
350	16	Sat.	Boston "tea party," 1773.	7 24 4 29	7 14 4 40	7 35 4 18
351	17	SUN.	Battle Goldsboro, N. C., 1863.	7 25 4 29	7 15 4 41	7 36 4 18
352	18	Mo.	Battle Mississinewa, Ind., 1812.	7 26 4 29	7 16 4 41	7 37 4 19
353	19	Tu.	Am. army at Vail's For'e, 1777.	7 27 4 29	7 17 4 41	7 38 4 19
354	20	We.	Battle Dranesville, Va., 1863.	7 28 4 29	7 18 4 41	7 39 4 19
355	21	Th.	Sherm'n reaches Saratoga, 1814.	7 29 4 29	7 19 4 41	7 40 4 20
356	22	Fri.	The embargo act passed, 1807.	7 30 4 29	7 20 4 42	7 41 4 20
357	23	Sat.	Washington resigns, 1783.	7 31 4 29	7 21 4 43	7 42 4 21
358	24	SUN.	Treaty of Ghent, 1814.	7 32 4 29	7 22 4 43	7 43 4 21
359	25	Mo.	Amnesty proclaimed, 1863.	7 33 4 29	7 23 4 44	7 44 4 22
360	26	Tu.	Battle of Trenton, 1776.	7 34 4 29	7 24 4 45	7 45 4 23
361	27	We.	Washington's made dictat'r, 1776.	7 35 4 29	7 25 4 45	7 46 4 24
362	28	Th.	Mason and Slidell cap., 1862.	7 36 4 29	7 26 4 46	7 47 4 25
363	29	Fri.	Battle Moxey Cr'k, Tenn., 1863.	7 37 4 29	7 27 4 46	7 48 4 25
364	30	Sat.	Mexican Gadsden cession, 1853.	7 38 4 29	7 28 4 47	7 49 4 26
365	31	SUN.	Battle of Quebec, 1755.	7 39 4 29	7 29 4 48	7 50 4 27

# A Ready-Reference Calendar

11

For ascertaining any day of the week for any given time within two hundred years from the introduction of the New Style, 1752 to 1952 inclusive.

YEARS 1752 TO 1952.											Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.		
1761 1801	1767 1807	1778 1818	1789 1829	1795 1835	1846	1857 1903	1863 1919	1874 1925	1885 1931	1891 1942	4	7	7	3	5	1	3	6	2	4	7	2		
1762 1802	1773 1813	1779 1819	1790 1830	1841	1847	1858 1904	1869 1915	1875 1926	1886 1937	1897 1943	5	1	1	4	6	2	4	7	3	5	1	3		
1757 1806	1768 1814	1774 1825	1785 1831	1791 1842	1853	1859 1910	1870 1921	1881 1927	1887 1938	1898 1949	6	2	2	5	7	3	5	1	4	6	2	4		
1754 1805	1765 1811	1771 1822	1782 1833	1788 1839	1799 1850	1861 1901	1867 1917	1878 1929	1889 1935	1895 1946	2	5	5	1	3	6	1	4	7	2	5	7		
1755 1806	1766 1817	1777 1823	1783 1834	1794 1845	1800 1851	1862 1902	1873 1913	1879 1920	1890 1941	1947	3	6	6	2	4	7	2	5	1	3	6	1		
1758 1809	1769 1815	1775 1826	1786 1837	1797 1843	1804 1854	1865 1906	1876 1911	1882 1922	1893 1933	1899 1950	7	3	3	6	1	4	6	2	5	7	3	5		
1753 1810	1759 1821	1770 1838	1781 1838	1787 1849	1798 1855	1806 1906	1877 1917	1883 1923	1894 1934	1900 1945 1951	1	4	4	7	2	5	7	3	6	1	4	6		
LEAP YEARS.											...	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
1764	1792	1804	1832	1850	1888	1924	1924	1924	1924	1924	7	3	4	7	2	5	7	3	6	1	4	6		
1768	1796	1808	1836	1854	1892	1904	1932	1932	1932	1932	5	1	2	5	7	3	5	1	4	6	2	4		
1772	1800	1812	1840	1858	1896	1908	1936	1936	1936	1936	3	6	7	3	5	1	3	6	2	4	7	2		
1776	1804	1816	1844	1862	1900	1912	1940	1940	1940	1940	1	4	5	1	3	6	1	4	7	2	5	7		
1780	1808	1820	1848	1866	1904	1916	1944	1944	1944	1944	6	2	3	6	1	4	6	2	5	7	3	5		
1784	1812	1824	1852	1870	1908	1920	1948	1948	1948	1948	4	7	1	4	6	2	4	7	3	5	1	3		
1788	1816	1828	1856	1874	1912	1924	1952	1952	1952	1952	2	5	6	2	4	7	2	5	1	3	6	1		
											1	2	3	4	5	6	7							
Monday....	1 Tuesday....	1 Wednesday....	1 Thursday....	1 Friday....	1 Saturday....	1 Sunday....	1 Tuesday....	1 Wednesday....	1 Thursday....	1 Friday....	1 Saturday....	1 Sunday....	1 Tuesday....	1 Wednesday....	1 Thursday....	1 Friday....	1 Saturday....	1 Sunday....	1 Tuesday....	1 Wednesday....	1 Thursday....	1 Friday....	1 Saturday....	1 Sunday....
Tuesday....	2 Wednesday....	2 Thursday....	2 Friday....	2 Saturday....	2 Sunday....	2 Monday....	2 Tuesday....	2 Wednesday....	2 Thursday....	2 Friday....	2 Saturday....	2 Sunday....	2 Monday....	2 Tuesday....	2 Wednesday....	2 Thursday....	2 Friday....	2 Saturday....	2 Sunday....	2 Monday....	2 Tuesday....	2 Wednesday....	2 Thursday....	2 Friday....
Wednesday....	3 Thursday....	3 Friday....	3 Saturday....	3 Sunday....	3 Monday....	3 Tuesday....	3 Wednesday....	3 Thursday....	3 Friday....	3 Saturday....	3 Sunday....	3 Monday....	3 Tuesday....	3 Wednesday....	3 Thursday....	3 Friday....	3 Saturday....	3 Sunday....	3 Monday....	3 Tuesday....	3 Wednesday....	3 Thursday....	3 Friday....	3 Saturday....
Thursday....	4 Friday....	4 Saturday....	4 Sunday....	4 Monday....	4 Tuesday....	4 Wednesday....	4 Thursday....	4 Friday....	4 Saturday....	4 Sunday....	4 Monday....	4 Tuesday....	4 Wednesday....	4 Thursday....	4 Friday....	4 Saturday....	4 Sunday....	4 Monday....	4 Tuesday....	4 Wednesday....	4 Thursday....	4 Friday....	4 Saturday....	4 Sunday....
Friday....	5 Saturday....	5 Sunday....	5 Monday....	5 Tuesday....	5 Wednesday....	5 Thursday....	5 Friday....	5 Saturday....	5 Sunday....	5 Monday....	5 Tuesday....	5 Wednesday....	5 Thursday....	5 Friday....	5 Saturday....	5 Sunday....	5 Monday....	5 Tuesday....	5 Wednesday....	5 Thursday....	5 Friday....	5 Saturday....	5 Sunday....	5 Monday....
Saturday....	6 Sunday....	6 Monday....	6 Tuesday....	6 Wednesday....	6 Thursday....	6 Friday....	6 Saturday....	6 Sunday....	6 Monday....	6 Tuesday....	6 Wednesday....	6 Thursday....	6 Friday....	6 Saturday....	6 Sunday....	6 Monday....	6 Tuesday....	6 Wednesday....	6 Thursday....	6 Friday....	6 Saturday....	6 Sunday....	6 Monday....	6 Tuesday....
Sunday....	7 Monday....	7 Tuesday....	7 Wednesday....	7 Thursday....	7 Friday....	7 Saturday....	7 Sunday....	7 Monday....	7 Tuesday....	7 Wednesday....	7 Thursday....	7 Friday....	7 Saturday....	7 Sunday....	7 Monday....	7 Tuesday....	7 Wednesday....	7 Thursday....	7 Friday....	7 Saturday....	7 Sunday....	7 Monday....	7 Tuesday....	7 Wednesday....
Monday....	8 Tuesday....	8 Wednesday....	8 Thursday....	8 Friday....	8 Saturday....	8 Sunday....	8 Monday....	8 Tuesday....	8 Wednesday....	8 Thursday....	8 Friday....	8 Saturday....	8 Sunday....	8 Monday....	8 Tuesday....	8 Wednesday....	8 Thursday....	8 Friday....	8 Saturday....	8 Sunday....	8 Monday....	8 Tuesday....	8 Wednesday....	8 Thursday....
Tuesday....	9 Wednesday....	9 Thursday....	9 Friday....	9 Saturday....	9 Sunday....	9 Monday....	9 Tuesday....	9 Wednesday....	9 Thursday....	9 Friday....	9 Saturday....	9 Sunday....	9 Monday....	9 Tuesday....	9 Wednesday....	9 Thursday....	9 Friday....	9 Saturday....	9 Sunday....	9 Monday....	9 Tuesday....	9 Wednesday....	9 Thursday....	9 Friday....
Wednesday....	10 Thursday....	10 Friday....	10 Saturday....	10 Sunday....	10 Monday....	10 Tuesday....	10 Wednesday....	10 Thursday....	10 Friday....	10 Saturday....	10 Sunday....	10 Monday....	10 Tuesday....	10 Wednesday....	10 Thursday....	10 Friday....	10 Saturday....	10 Sunday....	10 Monday....	10 Tuesday....	10 Wednesday....	10 Thursday....	10 Friday....	10 Saturday....
Thursday....	11 Friday....	11 Saturday....	11 Sunday....	11 Monday....	11 Tuesday....	11 Wednesday....	11 Thursday....	11 Friday....	11 Saturday....	11 Sunday....	11 Monday....	11 Tuesday....	11 Wednesday....	11 Thursday....	11 Friday....	11 Saturday....	11 Sunday....	11 Monday....	11 Tuesday....	11 Wednesday....	11 Thursday....	11 Friday....	11 Saturday....	11 Sunday....
Friday....	12 Saturday....	12 Sunday....	12 Monday....	12 Tuesday....	12 Wednesday....	12 Thursday....	12 Friday....	12 Saturday....	12 Sunday....	12 Monday....	12 Tuesday....	12 Wednesday....	12 Thursday....	12 Friday....	12 Saturday....	12 Sunday....	12 Monday....	12 Tuesday....	12 Wednesday....	12 Thursday....	12 Friday....	12 Saturday....	12 Sunday....	12 Monday....
Saturday....	13 Sunday....	13 Monday....	13 Tuesday....	13 Wednesday....	13 Thursday....	13 Friday....	13 Saturday....	13 Sunday....	13 Monday....	13 Tuesday....	13 Wednesday....	13 Thursday....	13 Friday....	13 Saturday....	13 Sunday....	13 Monday....	13 Tuesday....	13 Wednesday....	13 Thursday....	13 Friday....	13 Saturday....	13 Sunday....	13 Monday....	13 Tuesday....
Sunday....	14 Monday....	14 Tuesday....	14 Wednesday....	14 Thursday....	14 Friday....	14 Saturday....	14 Sunday....	14 Monday....	14 Tuesday....	14 Wednesday....	14 Thursday....	14 Friday....	14 Saturday....	14 Sunday....	14 Monday....	14 Tuesday....	14 Wednesday....	14 Thursday....	14 Friday....	14 Saturday....	14 Sunday....	14 Monday....	14 Tuesday....	14 Wednesday....
Monday....	15 Tuesday....	15 Wednesday....	15 Thursday....	15 Friday....	15 Saturday....	15 Sunday....	15 Monday....	15 Tuesday....	15 Wednesday....	15 Thursday....	15 Friday....	15 Saturday....	15 Sunday....	15 Monday....	15 Tuesday....	15 Wednesday....	15 Thursday....	15 Friday....	15 Saturday....	15 Sunday....	15 Monday....	15 Tuesday....	15 Wednesday....	15 Thursday....
Tuesday....	16 Wednesday....	16 Thursday....	16 Friday....	16 Saturday....	16 Sunday....	16 Monday....	16 Tuesday....	16 Wednesday....	16 Thursday....	16 Friday....	16 Saturday....	16 Sunday....	16 Monday....	16 Tuesday....	16 Wednesday....	16 Thursday....	16 Friday....	16 Saturday....	16 Sunday....	16 Monday....	16 Tuesday....	16 Wednesday....	16 Thursday....	16 Friday....
Wednesday....	17 Thursday....	17 Friday....	17 Saturday....	17 Sunday....	17 Monday....	17 Tuesday....	17 Wednesday....	17 Thursday....	17 Friday....	17 Saturday....	17 Sunday....	17 Monday....	17 Tuesday....	17 Wednesday....	17 Thursday....	17 Friday....	17 Saturday....	17 Sunday....	17 Monday....	17 Tuesday....	17 Wednesday....	17 Thursday....	17 Friday....	17 Saturday....
Thursday....	18 Friday....	18 Saturday....	18 Sunday....	18 Monday....	18 Tuesday....	18 Wednesday....	18 Thursday....	18 Friday....	18 Saturday....	18 Sunday....	18 Monday....	18 Tuesday....	18 Wednesday....	18 Thursday....	18 Friday....	18 Saturday....	18 Sunday....	18 Monday....	18 Tuesday....	18 Wednesday....	18 Thursday....	18 Friday....	18 Saturday....	18 Sunday....
Friday....	19 Saturday....	19 Sunday....	19 Monday....	19 Tuesday....	19 Wednesday....	19 Thursday....	19 Friday....	19 Saturday....	19 Sunday....	19 Monday....	19 Tuesday....	19 Wednesday....	19 Thursday....	19 Friday....	19 Saturday....	19 Sunday....	19 Monday....	19 Tuesday....	19 Wednesday....	19 Thursday....	19 Friday....	19 Saturday....	19 Sunday....	19 Monday....
Saturday....	20 Sunday....	20 Monday....	20 Tuesday....	20 Wednesday....	20 Thursday....	20 Friday....	20 Saturday....	20 Sunday....	20 Monday....	20 Tuesday....	20 Wednesday....	20 Thursday....	20 Friday....	20 Saturday....	20 Sunday....	20 Monday....	20 Tuesday....	20 Wednesday....	20 Thursday....	20 Friday....	20 Saturday....	20 Sunday....	20 Monday....	20 Tuesday....
Sunday....	21 Monday....	21 Tuesday....	21 Wednesday....	21 Thursday....	21 Friday....	21 Saturday....	21 Sunday....	21 Monday....	21 Tuesday....	21 Wednesday....	21 Thursday....	21 Friday....	21 Saturday....	21 Sunday....	21 Monday....	21 Tuesday....	21 Wednesday....	21 Thursday....	21 Friday....	21 Saturday....	21 Sunday....	21 Monday....	21 Tuesday....	21 Wednesday....
Monday....	22 Tuesday....	22 Wednesday....	22 Thursday....	22 Friday....	22 Saturday....	22 Sunday....	22 Monday....	22 Tuesday....	22 Wednesday....	22 Thursday....	22 Friday....	22 Saturday....	22 Sunday....	22 Monday....	22 Tuesday....	22 Wednesday....	22 Thursday....	22 Friday....	22 Saturday....	22 Sunday....	22 Monday....	22 Tuesday....	22 Wednesday....	22 Thursday....
Tuesday....	23 Wednesday....	23 Thursday....	23 Friday....	23 Saturday....	23 Sunday....	23 Monday....	23 Tuesday....	23 Wednesday....	23 Thursday....	23 Friday....	23 Saturday....	23 Sunday....	23 Monday....	23 Tuesday....	23 Wednesday....	23 Thursday....	23 Friday....	23 Saturday....	23 Sunday....	23 Monday....	23 Tuesday....	23 Wednesday....	23 Thursday....	23 Friday....
Wednesday....	24 Thursday....	24 Friday....	24 Saturday....	24 Sunday....	24 Monday....	24 Tuesday....	24 Wednesday....	24 Thursday....	24 Friday....	24 Saturday....	24 Sunday....	24 Monday....	24 Tuesday....	24 Wednesday....	24 Thursday....	24 Friday....	24 Saturday....	24 Sunday....	24 Monday....	24 Tuesday....	24 Wednesday....	24 Thursday....	24 Friday....	24 Saturday....
Thursday....	25 Friday....	25 Saturday....	25 Sunday....	25 Monday....	25 Tuesday....	25 Wednesday....	25 Thursday....	25 Friday....	25 Saturday....	25 Sunday....	25 Monday....	25 Tuesday....	25 Wednesday....	25 Thursday....	25 Friday....	25 Saturday....	25 Sunday....	25 Monday....	25 Tuesday....	25 Wednesday....	25 Thursday....	25 Friday....	25 Saturday....	25 Sunday....
Friday....	26 Saturday....	26 Sunday....	26 Monday....	26 Tuesday....	26 Wednesday....	26 Thursday....	26 Friday....	26 Saturday....	26 Sunday....	26 Monday....	26 Tuesday....	26 Wednesday....	26 Thursday....	26 Friday....	26 Saturday....	26 Sunday....	26 Monday....	26 Tuesday....	26 Wednesday....	26 Thursday....	26 Friday....	26 Saturday....	26 Sunday....	26 Monday....
Saturday....	27 Sunday....	27 Monday....	27 Tuesday....	27 Wednesday....	27 Thursday....	27 Friday....	27 Saturday....	27 Sunday....	27 Monday....	27 Tuesday....	27 Wednesday....	27 Thursday....	27 Friday....	27 Saturday....	27 Sunday....	27 Monday....	27 Tuesday....	27 Wednesday....	27 Thursday....	27 Friday....	27 Saturday....	27 Sunday....	27 Monday....	27 Tuesday....
Sunday....	28 Monday....	28 Tuesday....	28 Wednesday....	28 Thursday....	28 Friday....	28 Saturday....	28 Sunday....	28 Monday....	28 Tuesday....	28 Wednesday....	28 Thursday....	28 Friday....	28 Saturday....	28 Sunday....	28 Monday....	28 Tuesday....	28 Wednesday....	28 Thursday....	28 Friday....	28 Saturday....	28 Sunday....	28 Monday....	28 Tuesday....	28 Wednesday....
Monday....	29 Tuesday....	29 Wednesday....	29 Thursday....	29 Friday....	29 Saturday....	29 Sunday....	29 Monday....	29 Tuesday....	29 Wednesday....	29 Thursday....	29 Friday....	29 Saturday....	29 Sunday....	29 Monday....	29 Tuesday....	29 Wednesday....	29 Thursday....	29 Friday....	29 Saturday....	29 Sunday....	29 Monday....	29 Tuesday....	29 Wednesday....	29 Thursday....
Tuesday....	30 Wednesday....	30 Thursday....	30 Friday....	30 Saturday....	30 Sunday....	30 Monday....	30 Tuesday....	30 Wednesday....	30 Thursday....	30 Friday....	30 Saturday....	30 Sunday....	30 Monday....	30 Tuesday....	30 Wednesday....	30 Thursday....	30 Friday....	30 Saturday....	30 Sunday....	30 Monday....	30 Tuesday....	30 Wednesday....	30 Thursday....	30 Friday....
Wednesday....	31 Thursday....	31 Friday....	31 Saturday....	31 Sunday....	31 Monday....	31 Tuesday....	31 Wednesday....	31 Thursday....	31 Friday....	31 Saturday....	31 Sunday....	31 Monday....	31 Tuesday....	31 Wednesday....	31 Thursday....	31 Friday....	31 Saturday....	31 Sunday....	31 Monday....	31 Tuesday....	31 Wednesday....	31 Thursday....	31 Friday....	31 Saturday....

NOTE.—To ascertain any day of the week first look in the table for the year required and under the months are figures which refer to the corresponding figures at the head of the columns of days below. For Example: To know on what day of the week July 4 was in the year 1886, in the table of years look for 1886, and in a parallel line, under July, is figure 1, which directs to column 1, in which it will be seen that July 4 falls on Thursday.  
 \*1752 same as 1772 from Jan. 1 to Sept. 2. From Sept. 14 to Dec. 31 same as 1780 (Sept. 3-13 were omitted).—This Calendar is from W. H. Laker's London Almanack, with some revisions.

## IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE WITH RATE OF DUTY.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1898, compared with the corresponding period of 1897.  
[Abbreviation: n. e. s., not elsewhere specified.]

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1897.		1898.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Agricultural implements.....free.....		\$11,468			
Animals (No.)—Cattle.....free.....	204	24,300	577	\$76,681	
Do.....dut.....	328,773	2,665,497	290,978	2,895,052	\$2.75 hd.
Horses.....free.....	638	97,058	798	145,456	
Do.....dut.....	6,299	387,750	2,298	268,443	Various
Sheep.....free.....	2,382	32,640	3,047	42,305	
Do.....dut.....	406,251	987,028	389,153	1,032,781	75c-\$1.50hd.
All other, including fowls.....free.....		146,378		156,967	
Do.....dut.....		64,744		83,598	20%
Total.....		300,438		421,859	
		3,985,019		4,260,819	
Horses (free, No.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	16	20,754	35	59,540	
British North America.....	646	68,639	721	97,640	
Other countries.....	37	7,665	43	18,276	
Total.....	699	97,058	798	145,456	
Horses (dut., No.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	16	10,391	43	18,800	
British North America.....	4,777	342,720	2,021	246,398	
Other countries.....	1,506	14,638	223	4,250	
Total.....	6,299	387,750	2,298	268,443	
Antimony ore.....free.....lbs.	4,464,608	201,963	5,359,560	78,510	
Antimony, as regulus or metal.....dut.....lbs.			2,230,902	121,116	3c lb.
Articles, the growth, product and manufacture of the U. S., returned, n. e. s.....free.....		3,370,107		3,793,043	
Articles for the use of the U. S., etc.....free.....				10,649	
Art works.....free.....		4,424,158		701,208	
Do.....dut.....		875		1,562,209	20%
Art Works (free)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		1,186,569		170,372	
France.....		2,448,719		363,403	
Germany.....		228,124		28,803	
Italy.....		301,208		80,424	
Other Europe.....		156,133		24,828	
British North America.....		89,944		36,040	
Other countries.....		14,568		7,938	
Total.....		4,424,158		701,208	
Art works (dut.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....				691,636	
France.....		375		524,216	
Germany.....				115,080	
Italy.....				173,294	
Other Europe.....				48,741	
British North America.....				5,569	
Other countries.....				8,631	
Total.....		875		1,562,209	
Asphaltum or bitumen, crude.....free.....tons	122,122	395,554	12,440	34,157	
Do.....dut.....tons			79,080	280,785	\$1.50 ton
Bark, hemlock.....free.c'rds	28,968	123,051	27,083	106,306	
Bolting cloth.....free.....		212,385		187,349	
Bones, horns & hoofs, unmanufact'd.....free.....				471,561	
Bones and horns, manufactures of.....dut.....		1,808,476		163,209	30%
Books, music, maps, engravings, etc.....free.....		1,373,230		1,598,607	
Do.....dut.....				1,346,141	25%
Books, etc. (free)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		737,795		645,343	
France.....		195,088		155,436	
Germany.....		656,327		564,291	
Other Europe.....		161,974		138,371	
British North America.....		35,575		35,506	
Other countries.....		19,007		9,830	
Total.....		1,806,476		1,538,607	
Books, etc. (dut.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		915,338		947,375	
France.....		52,212		65,843	
Germany.....		296,643		221,987	
Other Europe.....		41,400		59,115	
British North America.....		28,650		27,734	
China.....		2,545		3,494	

## IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

13

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1897.		1898.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Japan.....		\$53,554		\$13,431	
Other countries.....		8,727		6,212	
Total.....		1,573,230		1,345,141	
Brass, and manufactures of..... dut.....		147,130		35,085	
Breadstuffs—Barley..... dut..... bu.	1,271,787	394,749	134,933	43,892	30c bu.
..... dut..... bu.	6,284	2,070	3,381	1,453	15c bu.
Corn..... dut..... bu.	46,459	12,071	8,776	3,344	15c bu.
Oats..... dut..... bu.	1,523,408	32,742	287,232	15,672	1c lb.
Oatmeal..... dut..... lbs.	72	170	32,168	13,823	10c bu.
Rye..... dut..... bu.	1,534,117	1,176,337	2,046,551	1,948,260	25c bu.
Wheat..... dut..... bu.	2,350	9,914	2,724	12,118	25c bu.
Wheat flour..... dut..... brls.		249,635		196,824	
All other, and preparations of, etc. free.....		897,075		917,234	
Do..... dut.....		2,774,783		3,151,000	
Total.....					
Bristles (lbs.)—Crude, not sorted, bunched or prepared..... free.....	630	885	1,203	416	
Sorted, bunched or prepared..... dut.....	1,347,570	1,316,704	1,533,888	1,248,703	
Total.....	1,347,900	1,317,179	1,535,091	1,249,119	
Brushes..... dut.....		782,802		745,267	40c
Buttons and button forms..... dut.....		560,061		435,688	10c
Cement, Roman, Portland, etc..... dut..... lbs.	339,100,895	2,572,350	797,058,183	2,578,282	7c 100 lbs
Cement (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	184,297,053	596,199	113,733,296	379,758	
Belgium.....	258,312,102	749,174	240,127,308	716,440	
France.....	12,819,762	37,467	13,030,916	39,072	
Germany.....	464,932,050	1,511,273	107,467,529	1,396,339	
Other Europe.....	15,388,483	56,354	21,044,145	61,405	
British North America.....	2,719,425	11,454	2,170,799	10,330	
Other countries.....	802,011	3,872	5,300	67	
Total.....	339,100,895	2,972,350	797,058,183	2,578,282	
Chemicals, Drugs and Dyes—Alizarin and alizarin colors or dyes, etc. free..... lbs.	6,148,268	1,022,950	5,872,015	886,332	
Argol, or argol, or crude tartar..... free..... lbs.	23,457,576	1,307,043	741,154	65,184	
Argols, or w line leas..... dut.....		14,573	18,461,473	1,523,878	1c 1/2 lb
Barks, cinchona, or other, etc..... free..... lbs.	2,332,496	14,573	2,940,100	273,220	
Coal-tar colors and dyes..... free.....		11,943	138,055	3,680,214	30
Cochineal..... free..... lbs.	142,267	41,943	138,055	43,792	
Dye-woods—Logwood..... free..... tons	33,962	611,010	46,506	741,455	
All other..... free.....		110,719		171,386	
Extracts and decoctions of..... dut..... lbs.	5,502,304	281,468	4,084,072	256,176	1c 1/2
Total.....		1,015,494		1,172,017	
Logwood (tons)—Imported from—					
Central America.....	339	7,535		21,922	
Mexico.....	1,219	32,684	821	304,422	
British West Indies.....	7,928	144,740	16,625	453,649	
Other West Indies.....	23,344	414,354	29,064	1,465	
Other countries.....	610	11,627	67		
Total.....	33,962	611,010	46,506	741,455	
Dye-woods, Extracts of (lbs.)—Imp. from—					
United Kingdom.....	923,392	55,772	1,400,223	86,725	
France.....	1,571,717	90,125	912,377	61,010	
Germany.....	1,946,364	63,850	357,118	16,119	
Switzerland.....	557,200	44,112	281,900	26,020	
Other countries.....	563,021	22,011	1,192,934	66,372	
Total.....	5,562,294	281,868	4,084,072	256,176	
Glycerin..... dut..... lbs.	1,717,028	1,182,069	12,274,987	774,769	30
Gums (free, lbs.)—Arabic.....	681,673	55,807	942,229	114,943	
Camphor, crude.....	1,430,001	332,748	2,047,244	365,652	
Gambier, or terra japonica.....	31,349,544	959,501	4,334,600	1,021,241	
Shellac.....	7,151,459	1,082,401	6,384,365	939,561	
All other.....		3,294,730		2,509,301	
Total.....		5,755,247		5,040,688	
Indigo..... free..... lbs.	3,322,016	1,036,541	3,087,300	1,815,411	
Licorice root..... free..... lbs.	62,570,387	1,022,050	70,136,501	1,171,621	
Lime, chloride of, or bleaching pow- der..... free..... lbs.	29,274,138	1,375,550	6,730,638	92,487	
Do..... dut.....		2,449,634		1,329,433	
Mineral waters, all not artificial..... free..... gals.		891,947		75,545	
Mineral waters..... dut..... gals.		1,072,914		1,496,149	440,540
Opium, (lbs.) crude or unmanufactured..... free.....		2,184,727		14,414	32,340
Do..... dut.....				103,431	233,267
Prepared for smoking, and other, etc. dut.....	157,061	1,122,861	100,258	652,341	30

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1897.		1898.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Opium, Crude (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom	175,022	\$393,579	56,550	\$129,732	
Other Europe	249,011	565,717	42,584	83,062	
Asia and Oceania	606,142	1,186,925	22,711	42,113	
Other countries	2,709	6,522			
Total	1,072,914	2,154,727	133,845	265,607	
Opium, Prepared (lbs.)—Imported from—					
China	152,684	1,118,810	99,958	650,644	
Other countries	4,377	19,551	300	1,037	
Total	157,061	1,138,361	100,258	652,341	
Potash (lbs.)—Chlorate of	free	5,369,212	458,035	630,340	45,026
Do	dut.			4,297,699	263,432
Muriate of	free	89,540,419	1,400,603	117,544,204	1,817,221
Nitrate of, or saltpeter, crude	free	19,719,876	408,761	12,321,986	270,291
All other	free	25,838,028	632,203	35,829,415	863,132
Total		141,105,529	2,899,692	171,215,581	3,289,102
Soda—Caustic	dut., lbs.	66,476,152	1,147,763	29,097,185	476,032
Nitrate of	free, tons	83,331	2,640,389	125,105	2,729,750
Sul soda	dut., lbs.	18,875,023	82,035	9,851,011	40,209
Soda ash	dut., lbs.	362,585,674	1,241,321	87,833,619	689,714
All other salts of	dut., lbs.	3,919,330	67,694	21,400,565	225,626
Total			5,179,552		4,061,390
Quina, sulphate of, etc.	free, oz.	2,517,844	582,945	4,372,477	896,908
Sulphur, or brimstone, crude	free, tons	120,133	2,183,007	171,589	3,163,523
Sulphur, ground	dut., lbs.	18,698,655	248,018	7,301,235	120,261
Vanilla beans	free, lbs.	165,061	884,955	63,397	279,755
All other	free		5,534,434		5,291,634
Do	dut.		6,067,068		5,089,359
Total chemicals, drugs & dyes			31,367,867		25,773,522
Chicory root, raw, unground	free, lbs.	16,330,162	232,404	176,210	2,137
Do	dut., lbs.			139,497	2,363
Chocolate, prepared, etc. (not confectionery)	dut., lbs.			867,902	128,538
Clays or earths of all kinds	dut., tons	99,435	680,456	106,265	738,815
Clocks and Watches and Parts of dut.)—					
Clocks and parts of					25%
Watches, and watch materials, etc.					Various
Coal, anthracite	free, tons			5,861	14,729
Coal, bituminous	dut., tons	1,287,567	3,553,874	1,264,912	3,372,538
Coal, Bituminous (tons)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom		54,474	150,919	133,245	311,739
Other Europe		1,345	4,972	2,335	5,184
British North America		840,383	2,654,444	749,521	2,351,523
Mexico		99,740	218,456	108,103	291,728
Japan		1,575	3,008	2,475	8,075
Other Asia and Oceania		284,842	508,040	260,318	486,945
Other countries		4,561	14,137	3,035	8,160
Total		1,287,567	3,553,874	1,264,912	3,372,538
Cocoa, or cacao, crude, etc.	free, lbs.	31,406,612	2,927,866	25,717,404	3,492,633
Cocoa, prepared, etc.	dut., lbs.			636,536	223,491
Cocoa, Etc. (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom		2,665,693	352,238	1,060,636	304,147
Netherlands		1,074,195	130,146	722,579	113,588
Other Europe		279,394	31,381	627,676	94,348
Central America		2,154	205		
British West Indies		11,468,556	1,077,278	8,376,708	1,257,925
Other West Indies		706,134	76,397	1,612,194	224,345
Brazil		4,349,178	332,620	1,376,310	173,846
Other South America		10,689,194	984,558	10,617,740	1,303,376
East Indies		66,837	8,243	374,614	111,869
Other countries		43,915	4,226	48,399	7,966
Total		31,406,612	2,927,866	25,717,404	3,492,633
Coffee	free, lbs.	237,643,670	81,544,384	470,514,215	65,067,561
Coffee (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom		2,969,025	482,803	1,796,985	254,200
France		469,877	79,108	839,419	62,173
Germany		5,830,746	716,933	7,634,801	538,717
Netherlands		2,738,062	507,626	2,402,967	261,063
Other Europe		1,257,293	190,504	2,437,634	138,902
Central America		40,968,550	6,038,335	35,902,585	4,439,183
Mexico		28,704,190	4,573,865	31,511,168	3,589,392
West Indies		10,667,123	1,304,722	6,412,326	673,800
Brazil		542,857,265	52,732,937	601,008,372	40,956,953

## IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

15

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1897.		1898.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Other South America.....	80,087,960	\$11,160,238	90,113,241	\$9,276,212	
East Indies.....	14,051,884	2,517,892	21,511,159	3,804,055	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	5,241,732	878,002	4,947,018	918,104	
Africa.....	44,791	7,350	42,349	8,040	
Other countries.....	1,918,472	223,115	1,477,552	221,719	
Total.....	781,645,670	\$1,544,381	870,514,215	\$65,087,561	
Copper and Manufactures of—					
Ore and regulus..... free. tons	3,421	544,398	4,648	748,446	
Pigs, bars, ingots, etc..... free. lbs.	11,504,382	909,821	40,718,649	3,077,842	
Manufactures of..... dut.		80,814		42,730	20 lb.
Total, not including ore.....		1,060,638		3,120,572	
Cork wood, or cork bark, unmanufact'd. free.		1,323,406		1,152,325	
Cork, manufactures of..... dut.				251,501	80 lb.
Cotton and Manufactures of—Unman-					
ufactured..... free. lbs.	51,898,926	5,884,262	52,660,363	5,019,508	
Cotton, Unmanufact'd (lbs.) Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	13,536,095	1,471,082	12,594,972	1,286,438	
Other Europe.....	23,490	2,132	26,039	1,908	
South America.....	908,650	98,779	1,300,496	123,771	
East Indies.....	58,120	5,448	61,745	4,847	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	234,345	17,788	3,898,367	364,271	
Africa (Egypt).....	37,023,249	4,277,818	34,558,423	3,225,172	
Other countries.....	115,007	11,402	130,335	13,041	
Total.....	51,898,926	5,884,262	52,660,363	5,019,508	
Manufactures of (dut.)—Cloth (sq. yds.)—					
Not bleached, dyed, colored, etc.....	3,177,241	273,654	1,520,108	120,767	Various
Bleached, dyed, colored, etc.....	35,937,975	4,404,025	43,259,291	5,313,683	Various
Total.....	39,115,216	4,677,679	44,779,399	5,434,450	
Clothing, ready-made, etc.....		2,627,222		1,050,551	Various
Knit Goods—Stockings, hose, etc.....		5,596,703		4,034,493	Various
Laces, edgings, embroideries, etc.....		12,573,207		11,768,704	Various
Thread (not on spools), yarn, warps, etc. lbs.	1,664,217	647,348	1,817,966	697,989	Various
All other.....		8,307,164		4,290,742	Various
Total manufactures.....		34,429,363		27,266,932	
Cloths, Etc. (sq. yd.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	28,845,397	3,283,173	35,432,524	4,177,711	
France.....	4,454,219	582,609	4,242,348	559,076	
Germany.....	2,741,205	415,101	3,455,567	500,801	
Switzerland.....	2,969,744	389,262	1,271,022	156,467	
Other Europe.....	26,513	3,324	282,782	32,206	
Japan.....	54,296	3,794	83,130	6,643	
Other countries.....	3,842	412	12,026	1,546	
Total.....	39,115,216	4,677,679	44,779,399	5,434,450	
Other Manuf's of Cotton—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		11,178,712		6,567,468	
Belgium.....		420,975		318,900	
France.....		3,102,508		3,222,698	
Germany.....		8,932,847		6,715,855	
Switzerland.....		5,902,446		4,300,414	
Other Europe.....		77,602		85,884	
China.....		25,480		29,407	
Japan.....		73,681		34,082	
Other Asia and Oceania.....		21,039		22,922	
Other countries.....		18,155		34,381	
Total.....		29,751,684		21,832,482	
Earthen, Stone and China Ware (dut.)—China					
porcelain, earthen, bisque, etc.—					
Not decorated or ornamented.....		1,513,474		834,226	55%
Decorated or ornamented.....		8,087,443		5,578,273	80%
All other.....		376,980		273,721	Various
Total.....		9,977,297		6,686,220	
Earthen, Stone and China Ware—Imported					
from—United Kingdom.....		4,016,077		2,708,791	
Austria-Hungary.....		658,285		489,264	
France.....		1,656,301		909,056	
Germany.....		3,034,040		2,046,969	
Other Europe.....		114,181		119,132	
Japan.....		443,793		313,288	
Other countries.....		63,547		49,084	
Total.....		9,977,297		6,686,220	
Eggs..... dut. doz.	560,651	47,750	108,087	8,025	50 doz.

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1897.		1898.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Feathers, etc., natural and artificial—Feathers and downs, crude, not dressed, etc., free.		\$2,322,908		\$145,448	
Do. . . . .				2,083,507	50%
Feathers and downs, natural, dress'd, color'd, etc. . . . .		712,610		774,260	50%
Feathers, flowers, etc., fruits, grains & leaves, artificial, for millinery use. . . . .		2,138,215		2,248,183	50%
Fertilizers (free, tons)—Guano. . . . .	7,103	91,836	4,563	56,806	
Phosphates, crude or native. . . . .	9,931	65,420	9,840	56,726	
All other. . . . .		964,276		1,254,001	
Total. . . . .		1,111,532		1,370,533	
Fibers, Vegetable, etc., and Manufactures of—Unmanufactured (tons)—Flax, and tow of. . . . .	7,480	1,256,717	1,779	245,012	
Flax, barked. . . . .	1,710	641,259	3,750	949,585	5c lb.
Hemp, and tow of. . . . .	5,029	653,288	299	43,729	
Hemp, barked. . . . .	24	6,569	3,718	516,005	\$40 ton
Isle or Tampico fiber. . . . .	6,318	335,841	2,563	130,284	
Jute and jute butts. . . . .	68,550	1,640,484	112,306	2,543,498	
Manila. . . . .	40,300	3,408,322	50,270	3,230,341	
Sisal grass. . . . .	63,264	3,843,733	69,322	5,163,900	
All other. . . . .	8,734	579,306	9,791	609,222	
Total unmanufactured. . . . .	205,690	11,888,590	246,530	11,980,906	
Do. . . . .	1,731	617,928	7,408	1,465,190	
Flax (free and dutiable, tons)—Import'd from—United Kingdom. . . . .	2,380	709,065	2,116	632,532	
Other Europe. . . . .	4,055	777,657	2,702	471,000	
British North America. . . . .	2,730	410,227	711	89,853	
Other countries. . . . .	16	1,017		118	
Total. . . . .	9,190	1,897,976	5,529	1,193,503	
Jute (tons)—Imported from—United Kingdom	2,179	138,305	2,035	100,091	
East Indies. . . . .	62,954	1,447,495	102,908	2,428,400	
Other countries. . . . .	3,435	59,114	362	14,968	
Total. . . . .	68,568	1,640,484	112,306	2,543,498	
Manila (tons)—Imported from—United Kingdom. . . . .	7,085	659,820	1,572	135,030	
Philippine Islands. . . . .	38,329	2,701,651	48,511	3,042,595	
Other countries. . . . .	649	46,851	157	11,366	
Total. . . . .	46,063	3,408,322	50,270	3,230,341	
Sisal Grass (tons)—Imported from Mexico. . . . .	62,830	3,809,415	68,423	5,164,228	
Other countries. . . . .	427	25,317	800	65,672	
Total. . . . .	63,257	3,834,732	69,222	5,169,900	
Manufactures of (lbs.)—Bagging, gunny cloth, etc., free. . . . .		394,400		24,907	
Do. . . . .				440,014	6-10c sq. yd.
Bags for grain, made of burlaps. . . . .		2,019,856		330,310	
Bags of Jute. . . . .				568,006	1c lb. & 15g
Burlaps. . . . .		9,243,025		489,412	
Do. . . . .				5,181,721	100%
Cables, cordage and twine, n.e.s., dut. . . . .	135,161	20,375	492,846	69,507	1c lb.
Coil yarn. . . . .	4,792,809	118,328	3,028,501	131,450	
Twine, lashing. . . . .	1,374,347	79,350	426,056	34,391	
Yarns or threads. . . . .	1,899,573	517,617	1,666,883	388,048	5c lb.
All other. . . . .		30,155,905		14,249,014	
Total manufactures. . . . .		32,546,967		21,890,714	
Fish (lbs.)—Fresh—					
Loabers, canned or uncanned. . . . .			6,506,650	699,577	
Salmon. . . . .	1,848,545	163,106	160,083	16,379	
Do. . . . .		250	27	85,304	1c lb.
All other. . . . .		1,780,079		262,717	
Do. . . . .		100,309		907,255	30%
Cured or Preserved—Anchovies and sardines, etc. . . . .		902,742		1,110,897	Various
Cod, haddock, etc., dried, sm'd, etc. . . . .	14,321,139	451,154	16,632,567	525,908	
Herring—Dried or smoked. . . . .	4,685,362	86,085	5,432,145	105,840	1c lb.
Pickled or salted. . . . .	25,448,955	886,647	27,595,142	1,055,022	1c lb.
Mackerel, pickled or salted. . . . .	30,515,239	1,166,647	16,341,579	842,832	

## IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

17

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1897.		1898.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Figs.....dut.....	8,940,762	\$635,380	9,624,391	\$508,906	2½c lb
Lemons.....dut.....	4,043,822	2,848,124	2,848,124	1c lb	
Oranges.....dut.....	2,324,907	886,695	886,695	1c lb	
Plums and prunes.....dut.....	710,028	73,303	808,917	39,655	2c lb
Raisins.....dut.....	12,660,599	567,039	6,596,823	381,887	2½c lb
Prepared or preserved fruits.....dut.....		605,053		922,325	2c lb
All other fruits.....free.....		672,548		421,657	
Do.....dut.....		1,138,256		873,198	Various
Total fruits.....		14,926,771		12,328,996	
Bananas—Imported from—					
British North America.....		91,694		90,337	
Central American States.....		1,506,856		1,599,749	
British West Indies.....		1,568,483		1,862,843	
Cuba.....		147,133			
South America.....		679,180		671,361	
Hawaiian Islands.....		63,774		48,081	
Other countries.....		29,207		104,047	
Total.....		4,086,320		4,236,418	
Lemons—Imported from—Italy.....		3,831,137		2,771,875	
British North America.....		153,415		59,154	
Other countries.....		59,270		17,096	
Total.....		4,043,822		2,848,124	
Oranges—Imported from—United Kingdom.....		619,517		23,149	
Italy.....		697,198		217,464	
Mexico.....		258,340		134,672	
British West Indies.....		731,806		502,915	
Cuba.....		8,749		1,901	
Japan.....		11,788		9,448	
Other countries.....		97,483		7,066	
Total.....		2,324,907		886,696	
Nuts (lbs.)—Almonds.....dut.....	9,644,238	880,263	5,746,868	650,659	4c lb
Cocconuts.....free.....				554,061	
Do.....dut.....		471,287		21,874	1c lb
All other.....dut.....		848,511		1,002,344	1c lb
Total fruits and nuts.....		17,126,832		14,566,874	
Furs—Furs and fur skins, undressed.....free.....		2,938,979		3,832,603	
Furs, and manufactures of.....dut.....		3,076,125		4,048,545	
Furs and Fur Skins, etc.—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		826,162		1,722,891	
France.....		862,147		355,366	
Germany.....		915,577		1,428,953	
Other Europe.....		74,846		218,026	
British North America.....		239,769		289,462	
South America.....		16,428		62,965	
Japan.....		2,887		75	
Other countries.....		501,123		359,265	
Total.....		2,938,979		3,832,603	
Furs, and manufactures of—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		1,076,482		1,310,753	
Belgium.....		180,517		235,710	
France.....		917,492		1,331,078	
Germany.....		752,261		980,788	
Other Europe.....		13,999		15,733	
China.....		110,967		204,678	
Other countries.....		24,111		19,825	
Total.....		3,076,125		4,048,545	
Ginger ale or ginger beer.....dut.....doz.....			181,884	132,079	50c gal
Glass and Glassware (dut.)—Bottles, etc., empty or filled.....					
Cylinder, crown, etc., unpolished.....lbs.....	55,961,813	600,309	38,908,982	338,861	Various
Cylinder and crown glass, polished (sq. feet)—		1,181,686		163,116	
Unsilvered.....	1,232,819	301,412	2,810,541	569,380	
Silvered.....	2,632,013	772,243	244,044	60,768	
Plate glass (sq. ft.)—Fluted, rolled or rough.....	420,149	18,245	179,981	9,890	
Cast, polished, unsilvered.....	1,099,785	285,485	641,070	157,992	
Cast, polished, silvered.....	57,388	21,870	15,632	4,207	
All other.....		2,328,314		1,569,715	
Total.....		5,509,623		3,659,919	
Glass—Cylinder, etc. (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		181,893	2,890,943	150,083	
Belgium.....	51,504,608	952,919	35,639,022	75,334	
France.....	642,405	22,318	150,496	8,206	
Germany.....	237,178	23,228	126,711	27,985	
Other Europe.....	2,250	77	18,575	641	

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1897.		1898.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Other countries.....	42,882	\$1,300	25,245	\$867	
Total.....	55,961,813	1,181,696	38,908,902	953,116	
Glue.....dut. lbs.			3,720,324	408,068	
Grease and oils n. e. s.....free.		\$76,306		432,426	
Grease n. e. s.....dut.				161,748	54c lb.
Hair—Unmanufactured.....free.		1,890,632		1,838,822	
Manufactures of.....dut.		721,572		296,694	
Total.....		2,652,204		2,125,000	
Hats, Bonnets and Hoods, and Materials for, composed of straw, chip, grass, palm leaf, willow, osier, or rattan—Hats, bonnets and hoods, materials for, etc.....free.		1,980,735		36,308	
Hats, bonnets and hoods.....dut.				584,071	Various
Materials for, etc.....dut.				1,623,970	Various
Hay.....dut. tons.	119,942	1,080,497	3,847	84,105	\$4 ton
Hides and Skins, Other than Fur Skins (lbs.)—Goatskins.....free.	49,868,020	11,398,182	64,908,496	15,776,601	
All other, except hides of cattle, etc. free.	156,232,324	16,584,964	54,442,562	7,067,242	
Hides of cattle.....dut.			126,243,566	13,634,889	15%
Total.....	206,100,344	27,983,026	245,598,612	37,008,832	
Hides and Skins (lbs.)—Imported from—United Kingdom.....	37,437,185	4,596,932	46,678,962	6,432,181	
France.....	9,873,797	1,742,830	19,901,428	3,460,298	
Germany.....	6,771,893	1,279,417	13,756,842	2,572,451	
Other Europe.....	13,787,920	2,082,963	23,191,180	3,980,465	
British North America.....	21,467,734	1,555,344	14,414,711	1,148,955	
Central American States.....	1,923,941	238,429	1,932,903	198,874	
Mexico.....	13,744,511	1,827,615	13,300,719	1,685,574	
West Indies.....	10,745,372	815,400	4,230,753	419,858	
South America.....	61,052,241	9,296,133	59,135,330	9,178,328	
East Indies.....	12,423,674	1,746,807	23,500,789	3,853,296	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	6,250,167	1,154,132	18,067,856	3,023,792	
Africa.....	4,501,217	629,744	7,334,150	1,226,224	
Other countries.....	7,268,700	896,159		1,036,234	
Total.....	206,100,344	27,983,026	245,598,612	37,008,832	
Hops.....dut. lbs.	3,017,321	620,987	2,575,932	648,155	12c lb.
Household and personal effects, etc.....free.		2,439,353		1,778,421	
India rubber & gutta-percha, & manufactures of—Unmanufactured (free, lbs.)—Gutta-percha India rubber.....	1,117,663	100,187	636,477	150,381	
Total unmanufactured.....	35,574,449	17,457,976	46,056,083	25,395,010	
India rubber, Crude (lbs.)—Imported from—United Kingdom.....	36,692,114	17,559,163	46,092,170	25,545,361	
Germany.....	6,987,119	3,265,497	9,001,797	5,322,469	
Other Europe.....	993,635	368,750	1,091,688	632,985	
Central America.....	2,760,543	1,325,755	5,661,852	3,167,976	
Mexico.....	1,078,949	448,214	972,631	419,742	
West Indies.....	108,871	32,675	196,874	41,901	
South America.....	47,116	15,132	10,467	2,500	
East Indies.....	21,856,026	11,400,931	26,570,137	14,992,875	
Other South America.....	1,284,613	462,371	1,567,546	622,641	
East Indies.....	491,056	135,277	418,800	131,529	
Africa.....	4,761	1,614	11,731	8,892	
Other countries.....	11,757	8,730	22,163	9,560	
Total.....	35,574,449	17,457,976	46,056,083	25,395,010	
Manufactures of (dut.)—Gutta-percha.....		97,194		156,397	30%
India rubber.....		297,953		809,240	30%
Total manufactures.....		396,147		466,243	
Iron and Steel and Manufactures of—Iron ore.....dut. tons	543,241	778,064	352,555	470,080	40c ton
Pig iron.....dut. tons	22,150	520,745	25,640	675,883	34 ton
Scrap iron and steel, etc.....dut. tons	3,410	72,258	1,502	14,381	34 ton
Bar iron.....dut. lbs.	30,148,571	598,382	33,996,542	663,415	6-10c lb.
Bars, railway, of iron or steel.....dut. tons	7,777	208,054	629	18,294	4-10c lb.
Hoop, band or scroll.....dut. lbs.	5,564	1,930	69,463	3,097	Various
Ingot, bl'ms, sl'bs, bl'ts, of steel, etc.....dut. lbs.	39,560,628	1,554,438	30,821,157	1,202,055	Various
Sheet, plate and taggers iron or steel.....dut. lbs.	9,553,253	225,410	5,599,900	183,402	14c lb.
Pieces for baling cotton.....free. lbs.	16,365,506	239,496			5-10c lb.
Tin plates,terne plates and taggers tin.....dut. lbs.	230,073,888	5,444,636	171,063,345	8,809,148	11c lb.
Wire rods.....dut. lbs.	33,138,178	682,803	39,001,193	844,811	4c lb.
Wire, and articles made from.....dut. lbs.	6,288,110	889,297	5,238,133	848,854	Various
Manufactures of—Anvils.....dut. lbs.	733,482	44,781	777,908	47,797	14c lb.
Chains.....dut. lbs.	693,481	52,698	176,346	11,499	Various
Cutlery.....dut.		1,390,969		944,095	Various

## IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

19

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1897.		1898.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Files, file blanks, rasps and floats... dut.		\$47,407		\$35,342	Various
Firearms... dut.		758,112		400,081	Various
Needles, hand sewing and darning... free.		309,754		362,005	M & 26%
Machinery... dut.		1,288,693		1,875,223	Various
Shotgun barrels, forged, rough-bored... free.		33,089		48,986	
All other... dut.		1,896,696		1,097,094	Various
Total, not including ore		16,094,557		12,615,913	
Tin Plates, etc. (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom	229,206,496	5,320,238	170,872,133	3,786,636	
British North America	864,225	24,361	779,482	22,151	
Other countries	968	89	10,730	371	
Total	230,073,689	5,344,688	171,662,345	3,809,148	
Ivory (free, lbs.)—Animal	178,480	452,461	244,138	520,518	
Vegetable	4,445,100	44,618	15,156,126	155,964	
Jewelry, manufactures of gold and silver, and precious stones—Diamonds, rough or uncut, including miner's, etc., not set, free.		47,865		2,517,759	
Diamonds, n. e. s., not set... dut.		1,937,944		4,436,800	10%
Other precious stones, rough or uncut, free.				24,808	10%
Other precious stones, and imitations of, not set... dut.		696,799		1,982,446	20%
Jewelry, and manufactures of gold and silver... dut.		896,969		1,484,728	60%
Precious stones, etc. (free)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom		6,802		1,108,661	
France		1,308		124,454	
Netherlands		649		1,227,387	
Other Europe		38,785		71,660	
Brazil		2,318		1,909	
Other countries		8		7,096	
Total		47,865		2,540,561	
Jewelry, and other precious stones, etc. (dut.)—Imported from—United Kingdom					
France		799,478		1,958,618	
Germany		1,074,729		2,540,392	
Netherlands		319,412		539,041	
Other Europe		560,571		2,122,267	
British North America		707,059		563,186	
Mexico		4,378		92,111	
East Indies		3,737		6,747	
Other countries		8,542		3,944	
Total		8,796		5,908	
Total		3,511,702		7,855,204	
Lead, and Manufactures of (dut. lbs.)—Lead in ore, and base bullion					
Pigs, bars, and old			181,371,946	2,500,528	40 lb.
Pigs, bars, old and other in ore	169,008,200	1,943,700	8,318,060	82,271	2 1/2 lb.
Manufactures of		4,526		4,260	Various
Lead, pigs, bars, etc. (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom	1,198,485	32,506	644,432	17,330	
Germany			835,053	8,944	
Other Europe	222,169	4,224	1,120,528	28,988	
British North America	28,671,077	485,067	42,557,866	994,149	
Mexico	139,648,154	1,466,820	138,562,207	1,668,725	
Other countries	1,868,315	15,459	473,810	5,210	
Total	169,008,200	1,943,700	184,664,968	2,591,796	
Leather, and Manufactures of—Leather (dut.)					
Band or belting and sole leather		157,128		155,890	20%
Calfskins, tanned, etc.		53,395		176,578	20%
Skins for morocco		3,718,359		3,061,770	10%
Upper leather and skins, dressed, etc.		2,410,962		2,210,387	Various
Total leather		6,337,644		5,625,145	
Manufactures of (dut.)—Gloves, of kid or other leather		6,496,813		5,384,168	Various
All other		456,694		404,805	35%
Total manufactures		6,945,507		5,788,973	
Gloves—Imported from—Belgium		372,094		309,823	
France		2,371,939		1,624,114	
Germany		2,610,175		2,684,387	
Other Europe		1,238,698		765,476	
Other countries		108		468	
Total		6,496,813		5,384,168	
Malt—Barley... dut. bu.	11,084	9,334	4,766	4,412	45c bu.
Malt Liquors (dut. gals.)—In bottles or jugs	1,049,964	1,095,897	738,885	695,102	40c gal.

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1897.		1898.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
In other coverings.....	1,915,650	\$534,426	1,777,502	\$508,428	...20c gal.
Total.....	2,964,644	1,560,298	2,511,037	1,301,580	
Manganese ore or oxide..... free tons			97,820	772,310	
Marble and Stone, and Manufactures of (dut.).....		872,169		680,454	...Various
Marble, and manufactures of.....		825,039		249,502	...Various
Stone, and manufactures of, including slate.....		1,197,208		938,966	
Total.....	1,211,391	3,922,006	20,804	61,899	
Matting for floors..... free rolls			19,789,331	1,875,772	...60sq. yd.
Matting and mats for floors..... dut. sq. yds.					
Metals, Metal Compositions, and Manufactures of (dut.)—Bronze manufactures.....		519,456		511,498	...45c
All other.....		8,589,140		3,340,614	...Various
Total.....		4,118,596		3,852,107	
Musical Instruments..... dut.		1,147,393		920,094	...45c
Oils (gals.)—Animal or rendered—Whale and fish..... dut.	202,306	179,879	678,109	221,749	...8c gal.
Other..... dut.	98,334	6,098	14,143	5,697	...8c gal.
Mineral..... free.	21,980	20,871	1,875,137	92,363	
Do..... dut.	212,295	14,611	15,579	8,097	
Vegetable—Fixed or expressed—					
Olive..... dut.	928,567	1,134,077	732,877	923,804	...40c gal.
Other..... free.		1,627,098		1,508,878	
Do..... dut.		725,998		540,331	...Various
Volatile or essential, and distilled..... free.		1,624,312		1,133,871	
Do..... dut.		261,210		377,707	...Various
Total.....		5,594,111		5,197,886	
Paints, pigments and colors..... free		110,447		8,470	
Do..... dut.		1,276,909		1,056,558	...Various
Paper Stock, crude (free: see also wood pulp)—					
Rags, other than woolen..... lbs.	51,181,000	698,385	49,800,208	699,981	
All other.....		2,408,320		2,170,342	
Total.....		3,071,705		2,870,323	
Paper Stock, crude—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		1,031,088		1,038,772	
Belgium.....		301,559		279,141	
France.....		215,812		208,923	
Germany.....		459,647		571,935	
Italy.....		217,712		254,407	
Other Europe.....		147,959		129,840	
British North America.....		587,694		212,528	
East Indies.....		34,362		10,777	
Japan.....		38,004		80,318	
Other countries.....		36,928		60,104	
Total.....		3,071,705		2,370,323	
Paper, and manufactures of..... dut.		3,121,530		2,898,716	...25 to 35c
Paper and Manufactures of—Imported from					
United Kingdom.....		615,162		522,374	
Belgium.....		92,960		68,166	
France.....		186,683		255,625	
Germany.....		1,922,532		1,708,826	
Other Europe.....		60,877		55,474	
Japan.....		205,929		198,838	
Other countries.....		27,377		39,415	
Total.....		3,121,530		2,838,716	
Perfumeries, cosmetics, etc..... dut.		688,035		432,011	...60c lb. & 45c
Pipes and smokers' articles..... dut.		871,072		259,854	...60c
Platinum..... free. lbs.	6,957	1,049,790	6,003	1,032,132	
Plumbago..... free. tons	12,459	321,354	11,154	473,401	
Provisions, Comprising Meat and Dairy Products (dut.)—Meat products—					
Meat and meat extracts.....		601,808		344,497	...85c lb.
All other.....		49,434		73,034	...Various
Dairy Products (lbs.)—Butter.....		6,077	31,801	6,427	...6c lb.
Cheese.....	12,319,122	1,668,796	10,012,164	1,342,156	...6c lb.
Milk, condensed.....		58,467		67,628	...2c lb.
Total.....		2,384,632		1,840,420	
Cheese (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	95,012	18,462	197,439	30,537	
France.....	919,900	150,699	919,116	145,290	
Germany.....	381,800	47,915	263,735	34,315	
Italy.....	3,638,249	531,117	3,150,002	417,816	
Netherlands.....	905,747	99,679	897,089	95,100	

## IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

21

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1897.		1898.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Switzerland.....	6,002,544	\$783,767	4,346,590	\$588,905	
Other Europe.....	841,255	41,801	224,889	27,407	
British North America.....	32,100	4,591	27,385	3,759	
Other countries.....	7,349	900	5,822	674	
Total.....	12,819,122	1,068,798	10,012,164	1,343,168	
Rice (lbs.)—Rice..... dut.	128,056,330	2,324,449	126,690,972	2,620,912	2c 11
Do..... free	5,881,600	231,511	4,414,300	188,530	
Rice flour, rice meal and broken rice..... dut.	63,876,204	961,200	63,324,248	936,453	34c 11
Total.....	197,810,134	3,517,160	190,238,520	3,745,887	
Salt (lbs.)..... free	583,134,519	731,719	26,053,890	34,108	
Do..... dut. lbs.	15,223,837	19,179	315,200,327	490,491	8-12c 100lb.
Total..... lbs.	598,358,356	750,898	342,254,217	524,600	
Sausage casings..... free				488,755	
Seeds (bu.)—Linseed or flaxseed..... dut.	105,222	108,871	136,098	150,515	25c bu
All other..... free		839,955		698,387	
Do..... dut.		475,100		382,864	Various
Total.....		1,423,926		1,231,766	
Shells, unmanufactured..... free				800,708	
Silk, and Manufactures of—Unmanufactured (free, lbs.)—Cocoons.....			10,492	3,959	
Raw, or as reeled from the cocoon.....	6,513,612	18,496,944	10,315,161	31,416,800	
Waste.....	1,470,892	421,388	1,762,297	658,267	
Total unmanufactured.....		18,918,283		32,110,066	
Silk, Raw (lbs.)—Imported from—France.....	231,005	751,842	339,064	1,192,008	
Italy.....	895,972	3,019,515	1,712,157	6,250,671	
China.....	1,400,587	4,364,892	2,612,279	6,311,188	
Japan.....	5,474,875	10,010,886	5,217,181	16,510,502	
Other countries.....	139,173	300,306	403,610	1,182,431	
Total.....	6,513,612	18,496,944	10,315,161	31,416,800	
Manufactures of (dut.)—Clothing, ready-made, and other wearing apparel.....		2,285,012		1,855,279	Various
Dress and piece goods.....		7,576,001		10,486,667	Various
Laces and embroideries.....		2,157,357		3,349,464	Various
Ribbons.....		953,983		2,035,411	Various
All other.....		12,216,128		5,787,869	Various
Total manufactures.....		25,199,097		23,528,110	
Manufactures of—Imported from—United Kingdom.....		1,907,528		1,935,079	
Austria-Hungary.....		150,127		135,654	
Belgium.....		27,623		31,216	
France.....		11,321,678		10,802,561	
Germany.....		5,108,114		4,434,902	
Italy.....		233,207		256,978	
Switzerland.....		3,209,674		3,492,734	
Other Europe.....		85,114		47,063	
China.....		159,298		135,899	
Japan.....		2,758,963		2,061,966	
Other countries.....		70,741		49,684	
Total.....		25,199,097		23,528,110	
Soap (dut. lbs.)—Fancy, perfumed, etc.....	1,085,005	352,300	502,087	254,441	15c 11
All other.....		414,067		244,065	20c 11
Total.....		766,366		498,506	
Spices—Unground (lbs.)—Nutmegs..... free	1,690,740	451,614	1,213,304	301,225	
Pepper, black or white..... free	15,083,452	711,453	14,083,193	609,711	
All other..... free	20,411,490	1,076,963	13,784,413	598,922	
Do..... dut.	3,000,031	336,686	2,658,626	264,686	1c 11
Total.....		2,576,710		2,404,824	
Nutmegs, Pepper, etc. (free, lbs.)—Imported from—United Kingdom.....	8,925,107	473,087	7,576,062	599,742	
Netherlands.....	4,253,246	398,055	2,025,118	220,837	
Other Europe.....	1,227,114	60,889	1,142,643	55,988	
British North America.....	116,244	6,734	2,515	193	
British West Indies.....	3,648,538	184,484	2,398,364	169,365	
China.....	4,039,690	190,873	2,508,080	153,669	
East Indies.....	11,962,327	800,376	1,258,416	716,820	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	1,159,307	72,377	503,817	50,282	
Africa.....	1,093,752	50,872	1,696,226	60,079	
Other countries.....	124,561	6,083	48,157	2,190	
Total.....	37,114,892	2,240,030	29,078,543	2,139,938	
Spices, All Other (dut.)—Imported from—United Kingdom.....		276,084		121,680	
Other Europe.....		20,000		88,691	

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1897.		1898.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Mexico.....		\$30.135		\$30.498	
Other countries.....		9,778		18,877	
Total.....		339,889		264,696	
Spirits, Distilled (proof gals.)—Of domestic man- ufacture, returned (subject to in- ternal revenue tax)..... free.....	956,790	863,558	854,616	734,901	
Brandy..... dut.....	337,390	911,721	137,002	395,758	82.25 gal.
All other..... dut.....	1,727,110	2,074,835	709,832	1,004,136	Various
Total.....	3,021,465	3,850,114	1,762,350	2,134,794	
Spirits not of domestic manufacture, proof gals.—Imported from—United Kingdom.....	645,583	911,500	338,486	490,533	
Belgium.....	37,182	37,173	25,719	32,316	
France.....	301,639	1,070,329	172,907	492,307	
Germany.....	119,133	119,974	51,906	35,389	
Italy.....	29,752	48,032	9,046	16,767	
Netherlands.....	338,813	153,749	111,701	56,896	
Other Europe.....	41,802	62,714	9,329	16,569	
British North America.....	212,687	439,381	96,450	163,013	
West Indies.....	32,884	95,133	22,830	54,555	
China.....	131,017	28,340	41,324	11,243	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	36,967	9,232	21,751	6,594	
Other countries.....	7,409	11,132	3,465	2,230	
Total.....	2,064,705	2,986,599	907,734	1,390,893	
Sponges..... dut.....		487,143		401,725	20%
Sugar, Molasses and Confectionery— Molasses..... free gals.....	284,627	18,376	49,276	2,316	
Molasses above 40° polariscopic test, dut., gals.....	3,417,844	568,137	3,554,274	541,670	3c gal.
Sugar (lbs.)—Not above No. 16 Dutch standard— Beet..... dut.....	186,557,745	31,889,158	140,641,485	2,717,955	1.45c lb.
Cane..... free.....	451,196,260	13,164,379	388,793,798	16,930,109	
Cane and other..... dut.....	7,625,636,085	47,284,494	19,843,930,000	38,650,754	1.95c lb.
Above No. 16 Dutch standard— Beet, cane and other..... dut.....	190,136,109	4,928,150	100,907,892	2,434,875	
Total sugar..... free.....	451,196,260	13,164,379	388,793,798	16,930,109	
dut.....	4,887,768,733	53,901,802	21,904,632,452	43,812,504	
Not above No. 16 Dutch standard (lbs.), imported from—United Kingdom.....	71,290,451	1,300,003	16,551,990	388,472	
Austria-Hungary.....	56,547,897	1,084,410	1,046,130	24,473	
Belgium.....	130,317,484	2,468,723			
Germany.....	1,511,401,908	27,636,433	1,380,084,055	2,666,133	
Netherlands.....	21,996,329	390,843	2,368,083	57,128	
Other Europe.....	65,800,077	1,046,385	77,250	1,698	
British North America.....	922,607	66,527	935,904	44,705	
Central America.....					
Mexico.....	1,412,253	19,111	2,866,143	116,149	
West Indies— British.....	322,103,366	5,833,877	332,798,304	4,610,350	
Cuba.....	576,261,035	11,365,094	440,225,111	9,828,097	
Other West Indies.....	235,063,208	3,966,325	232,716,181	4,263,484	
Brazil.....	140,773,322	2,136,989	148,052,308	2,317,987	
Other South America.....	243,486,771	5,012,422	192,755,229	3,940,648	
China.....	333,000	7,031	365,973	5,756	
East Indies.....	343,344,707	13,264,848	610,393,566	11,246,988	
Hawaiian Islands.....	401,196,980	13,164,379	494,766,798	16,729,762	
Philippine Islands.....	72,463,377	1,189,302	29,489,834	381,779	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	171,841	8,156	239,056	7,425	
Africa.....	149,264,000	6,034,214	64,456,386	1,353,191	
Total.....	47,799,036	94,138,031	258,782,128	59,037,328	
Above No. 16 Dutch standard (lbs.), imported from—United Kingdom.....	18,757,131	446,976	4,091,933	126,655	
Austria-Hungary.....	11,589,531	273,617	866,833	32,977	
France.....	2,337,363	34,884	6,686	324	
Germany.....	92,851,103	2,307,588	37,100,435	864,661	
Netherlands.....	57,262,355	1,536,099	38,107,744	923,653	
China.....	11,115,476	398,281	6,794,691	170,596	
Other countries.....	5,136,200	182,014	13,300,057	310,006	
Total.....	199,196,109	4,928,150	100,907,892	2,434,875	
Confectionery..... dut.....		21,752		27,135	4-50c lb.
Tea..... free, lbs.....	113,047,173	14,835,802	68,454,381	9,653,304	
Do..... dut., lbs.....			2,501,868	400,611	10c lb.
Tea (lbs.)—Imported from—United Kingdom.....	6,212,068	1,165,765	3,011,384	680,183	
British North America.....	2,561,871	394,738	1,530,214	242,132	
China.....	56,481,924	7,281,931	38,651,994	5,811,061	
East Indies.....	2,120,000	272,688	2,254,302	278,273	
Japan.....	45,485,161	5,651,379	25,333,407	3,106,663	

## IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

23

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1897.		1898.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	454,111	857,226	308,179	\$34,951	
Other countries.....	60,507	10,240	2,477	742	
Total.....	113,947,175	14,835,862	70,966,750	10,054,006	
Tin in bars, blocks, pigs, etc.....free..lbs.	50,460,123	6,535,852	63,938,899	8,776,151	
Tin in Bars, etc. (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	20,903,129	2,723,133	21,622,562	3,122,569	
Netherlands.....	3,885,206	479,076	3,783,288	532,924	
East Indies.....	28,901,919	2,982,940	36,782,625	4,882,412	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	1,824,417	236,409	1,572,314	213,651	
Other countries.....	1,045,452	114,274	178,079	24,602	
Total.....	50,460,123	6,535,852	63,938,899	8,776,151	
Tobacco and Manufactures of—Leaf (dut., lbs.)					
—suitable for cigar wrappers.....	6,057,268	5,963,214	3,998,561	3,913,294	...\$1.85 lb.
Other.....	7,747,959	3,920,941	6,489,587	3,575,311	...35-65c lb.
Total leaf.....	13,805,227	9,584,155	10,477,098	7,488,605	
Tobacco, Leaf (lbs.)—Imported from—					
Germany.....	1,874,119	1,180,523	385,806	213,601	
Netherlands.....	5,413,448	5,033,250	3,065,435	3,585,932	
Other Europe.....	486,614	161,536	490,891	173,575	
British North America.....	676,337	568,501	305,241	255,691	
Mexico.....	279,560	207,282	678,548	259,279	
Cuba.....	4,409,269	2,306,063	4,346,478	2,848,524	
Other countries.....	185,830	39,099	585,718	161,553	
Total.....	13,805,227	9,584,155	10,477,098	7,488,605	
Manufactures of (dut. lbs.)—Cigars, cigarettes, etc.	455,697	2,040,444	331,902	1,551,009	84½c lb & 25%
All other.....		57,108		62,435	84½c lb & 25%
Total manufactures.....		2,097,547		1,603,504	
Toys.....dut.		3,295,057		2,214,482	...35%
Toys—Imported from—France.....		193,027		93,189	
Germany.....		2,979,138		2,020,045	
Other Europe.....		93,288		72,090	
Other countries.....		24,626		29,174	
Total.....		3,295,057		2,214,482	
Vegetables (dut., bu.)—Beans and dried peas...	482,994	489,274	164,543	149,197	...45c bu.
Onions.....	591,138	627,273	498,853	429,178	...40c bu.
Potatoes.....	246,178	145,584	1,171,232	473,575	...25c bu.
Pickles and sauces.....		332,243		243,351	...40%
All Other—In their natural state.....		256,752		239,728	...25%
Prepared or preserved.....		720,822		499,867	...2½c lb.
Total.....		2,571,948		2,094,490	
Wines (dut.)—Champagne and oth'r sparkl'g doz.	228,628	3,348,004	223,627	3,254,328	...\$2-88 doz.
Still Wines—In casks.....gals.	2,997,952	2,039,250	1,930,384	1,332,605	...40-60c gal.
In other coverings.....doz.	809,281	1,475,211	263,337	1,312,232	...Various
Total.....		6,862,465		5,969,180	
Wines—Imported from—United Kingdom.....		201,465		222,042	
France.....		4,112,307		3,783,074	
Germany.....		1,354,924		917,180	
Italy.....		319,047		280,747	
Other Europe.....		830,897		736,551	
Other countries.....		89,822		29,366	
Total.....		6,862,465		5,969,180	
Wood and Manufactures of—Unmanufactured (M ft.)—Cabinet woods—Mahogany free...	15,129	656,976	14,679	799,149	
All other.....free.....		544,490		90,187	
Logs and round timber.....free.....	833,727	2,618,327	275,547	2,430,089	
Timber, hewn, etc.....free.....	4,743	98,777	815	22,416	...1c cu. ft.
Do.....dut. cu. ft.....		385	138,796	17,118	
Lumber—boards, planks, etc.....free.....	883,735	9,072,282	107,953	1,055,126	
Do.....dut.....	48	3,719	245,074	2,452,252	...\$2 M
Shingles.....dut. M.....			435,221	701,705	...30c M
Other lumber.....dut.....		18,379		736,845	...Various
All other unmanufactured.....free.....		4,702,051		2,281,933	
Do.....dut.....		34		14,578	...Various
Manufactures of (dut.)—Cabinetware or house-furniture.....		264,240		274,153	...35%
Wood pulp.....tons.....	41,770	801,849	29,846	601,642	...1c lb.
All other.....		1,709,624		1,444,391	...½c lb.
Total wood and manufactures of.....		20,543,810		13,838,562	
Mahogany (M ft.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	448	131,251	1,331	261,086	
Central American States.....	3,990	116,642	4,753	141,724	

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1897.		1898.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Mexico.....	8,791	\$321,800	7,160	\$309,498	
Cuba.....	438	22,777	40	1,769	
Other West Indies.....	323	22,937	125	5,821	
South America.....	942	31,964	1,632	71,569	
Other countries.....	191	9,575	85	4,681	
Total.....	15,129	656,976	14,679	799,149	
Boards, Planks, etc. (M ft.)—Imported from—					
British North America.....	888,770	9,073,405	362,887	3,496,616	
Other countries.....	11	2,576	140	10,762	
Total.....	888,781	9,075,981	363,027	3,507,378	
Wood Pulp (tons)—Imported from—					
Germany.....	1,788	94,574	1,607	72,167	
Other Europe.....	5,188	207,608	3,849	159,049	
British North America.....	84,804	498,708	24,430	370,438	
Total.....	41,770	800,890	29,886	601,642	
Wools, hair of the camel, goat, alpaca, etc., and manufactures of—Unmanufactured (lbs.)—					
Class 1, clothing: In the grease..... free.....	176,350,510	27,894,507	10,902,270	1,841,522	Various
Do..... dut.....			32,159,202	5,461,318	
Scoured..... free.....	24,408,568	6,457,149	2,274,045	643,084	
Do..... dut.....			107,570	22,701	
Class 2, combing: In the grease..... free.....	37,627,967	7,119,201	3,197,646	681,829	Various
Do..... dut.....			1,107,917	224,452	
Scoured..... free.....	823,528	98,419	15,310	3,218	
Class 3, carpet: In the grease..... free.....	110,665,482	11,599,898	5,198,116	473,820	Various
Do..... dut.....			77,841,550	7,480,884	Various
Scoured..... free.....	1,476,025	174,099	2,197	209	
Do..... dut.....			1,479	115	
Total unmanufactured..... { free.....	330,862,026	53,343,191	21,577,584	3,583,767	
{ dut.....			111,217,718	13,189,955	
Wools (lbs.)—Imported from—					
Class 1—United Kingdom.....	107,515,170	18,982,124	20,074,328	2,896,259	
France.....	16,976,281	4,393,671	1,154,631	299,078	
South America.....	98,056,984	4,692,933	6,729,538	841,377	
Asia and Oceania.....	18,618,721	3,159,985	14,205,227	3,516,065	
Other countries.....	21,591,923	8,162,968	3,279,353	476,237	
Total.....	200,759,078	34,281,656	45,448,081	7,993,611	
Class 2—United Kingdom.....	21,011,983	4,297,774	3,090,310	646,560	
Other Europe.....	1,073,903	249,781	35,119	7,333	
British North America.....	7,374,453	1,448,137	989,549	177,509	
South America.....	8,339,497	1,173,816	222,533	28,411	
Asia and Oceania.....	22,454	8,639			
Other countries.....	129,190	14,479	3,962	199	
Total.....	37,951,490	7,187,620	4,320,873	859,599	
Class 3—United Kingdom.....	40,073,884	4,929,088	3,890,248	2,622,959	
France.....	8,799,115	1,146,891	3,146,122	393,080	
Germany.....	2,370,654	262,387	1,053,930	111,088	
Other Europe.....	16,214,393	1,818,559	19,147,436	1,925,607	
British North America.....	33,054	3,016	29,989	1,756	
South America.....	16,408,044	1,392,914	10,598,418	862,321	
China.....	21,449,747	1,553,947	20,308,267	1,510,166	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	6,725,776	661,534	5,696,141	552,777	
Other countries.....	57,790	5,584	417,732	34,845	
Total.....	112,141,457	11,773,915	83,031,342	7,954,482	
Manufactures of Wool—Carbonized, dut., lbs.		43,726			20c lb.
Carpets and carpeting..... dut., sq. yd.		470,757			Various
Clothing, etc., except shawls and knit goods..... dut., lbs.			984,689		Various
Cloths..... dut., lbs.			17,007,273	5,062,261	Various
Dress goods, women's and children's..... dut., sq. yds.			77,169,841	16,787,241	Various
Knit fabrics..... dut., lbs.				2,331,056	Various
Rags, rolls and wastes..... free, lbs.			44,243,140	5,230,738	1c lb. & 50g
Shoddy, mungo, flecks, etc..... dut., lbs.			1,714,845	1,574,232	25c lb.
Shawls..... dut., lbs.				464,835	Various
Yarns..... dut., lbs.			1,842,356	331,889	Various
All other..... dut., lbs.				2,690,227	Various
Total manufactures.....			49,162,902		
Carpets (sq. yds.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		352,988		545,907	509,745
Other Europe.....		78,114		146,642	245,683
Japan.....		6,085		5,709	12,244
Other Asia and Oceania.....		22,430		59,914	98,918
Other countries.....		11,140		24,763	25,986
Total.....		470,757		782,955	889,745

## EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

25

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1897.		1898.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Cloth (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	23,412,241	\$18,056,678	4,062,973	\$3,009,630	
Austria-Hungary.....	202,782	179,451	49,976	47,009	
Belgium.....	505,244	465,051	106,321	89,522	
France.....	421,165	417,181	111,700	128,940	
Germany.....	3,230,709	2,837,136	720,854	686,067	
Other Europe.....	13,542	10,039	3,580	3,080	
Other countries.....	13,568	11,717	6,797	6,359	
Total.....	27,859,311	17,007,278	5,062,261	3,965,577	
Dress Goods (sq. yds.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	28,221,043	5,218,649	13,396,474	2,818,568	
France.....	29,578,402	6,768,965	7,036,334	1,630,345	
Germany.....	18,748,912	4,633,530	7,381,048	2,060,994	
Other Europe.....	618,334	165,289	1,339,198	36,329	
Other countries.....	8,150	909	2,238	849	
Total.....	77,169,841	16,797,241	29,125,322	6,036,080	
Zinc or Spelter, and Manufactures of (dut.)—In blocks or pigs, and old..... lbs.	1,662,356	57,346	3,250,965	127,083	1½ lb.
Manufactures of.....		21,054		11,094	
Total.....		78,400		138,727	
All other articles..... free.....		9,900,502		6,356,382	
Do..... dut.....		8,079,506		5,544,671	
Total value of merchandise..... free.....		381,938,243		291,782,948	
Total value of merchandise..... dut.....		382,792,169		324,622,211	
Total value of imports of merchandise.....		764,730,412		616,005,159	

## EXPORTS OF DOMESTIC MERCHANDISE.

[Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1898.]

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1897.		1898.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Agricultural Implements—Mowers and reapers, and parts of.....		\$3,127,415		\$5,500,695
Plows and cultivators, and parts of.....		590,779		927,250
All other, and parts of.....		1,522,492		1,181,817
Total.....		5,240,686		7,609,732
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		642,817		1,145,025
France.....		623,806		1,252,107
Germany.....		710,818		1,232,242
Other Europe.....		1,070,241		1,451,284
British North America.....		464,359		781,415
Central American States and British Honduras.....		35,923		14,910
Mexico.....		120,825		124,368
Santo Domingo.....		1,428		1,079
Cuba.....		3,624		7,817
Puerto Rico.....		4,239		2,504
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		6,705		7,432
Argentina.....		415,312		377,064
Brazil.....		23,626		24,755
Colombia.....		3,392		4,843
Other South America.....		140,117		198,064
East Indies (British).....		8,708		8,338
British Australasia.....		480,949		697,565
Other Asia and Oceania.....		48,204		56,159
Africa.....		417,333		224,306
Other countries.....				420
Total agricultural implements.....		5,240,686		7,609,732
Animals—Cattle (No.)—United Kingdom.....	378,450	35,374,322	378,956	35,431,464
Other Europe.....	3,648	353,125		1,063,230
British North America.....	6,812	439,085	15,806	1,063,230
Central American States and British Honduras.....	897	16,561	98	7,058
Mexico.....	890	29,186	1,953	78,400
West Indies and Bermuda.....	1,962	183,303	42,119	1,232,157
South America.....	44	3,134	285	7,462
Asia and Oceania.....	157	8,434	39	2,720
Other countries.....	1	850		
Total.....	382,190	36,357,451	439,256	37,827,500
Hogs (No.)—United Kingdom.....	66	539	1,030	7,967
British North America.....	3,768	17,883	4,089	24,940
Mexico.....	22,164	263,083	4,097	44,487
West Indies and Bermuda.....	17	190	1,463	11,566

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1897.		1898.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
South America.....	8	\$110	24	\$192
Asia and Oceania.....	2,615	13,487	3,636	19,313
Other countries.....	113	735	122	1,866
Total.....	28,751	295,998	14,411	110,487
Horses (No.)—United Kingdom.....	19,350	2,579,736	22,098	3,053,348
France.....	28	8,500	72	9,000
Germany.....	4,897	822,250	7,913	1,161,750
Other Europe.....	4,218	467,365	7,559	769,170
British North America.....	3,902	478,574	9,476	893,824
Central American States and British Honduras.....	439	88,172	234	12,735
Mexico.....	1,894	84,978	1,475	35,490
West Indies and Bermuda.....	4,235	234,330	1,224	183,982
South America.....	170	11,655	21	5,760
Asia and Oceania.....	365	39,190	350	34,925
Africa.....	1	400	117	17,585
Other countries.....	1	125		
Total.....	39,532	4,799,265	51,150	6,176,569
Mules..... No.	7,473	545,831	8,098	694,739
Sheep (No.)—United Kingdom.....	180,304	1,816,104	131,339	948,546
Other Europe.....	3,751	34,405	1	50
British North America.....	48,437	90,353	59,164	181,795
Mexico.....	4,028	11,677	2,359	9,748
West Indies and Bermuda.....	5,493	39,307	5,056	35,871
South America.....	1,234	1,475	1,475	12,440
Other countries.....	254	25,022	396	27,467
Total.....	244,120	1,531,616	199,690	1,218,896
All other, and fowls.....		68,771		260,175
Total animals.....		43,568,461		46,243,406
Art Works—Paintings and statuary.....		901,262		273,521
Bark, and extract of, for tanning.....		241,979		329,994
Beeswax..... lbs.	(*)	(*)	(*)	41,827
Blacking—Stove polish.....		384,937		389,091
All other.....				361,567
Bones, hoofs, horns and horn tips, strips and waste.....		280,140		174,981
Books, Maps, Engravings, and Other Printed Matter—				
United Kingdom.....		890,087		941,098
France.....		44,612		30,454
Germany.....		112,158		102,385
Other Europe.....		38,870		62,402
British North America.....		612,598		722,049
Central American States and British Honduras.....		69,564		34,264
Mexico.....		161,345		125,006
Santo Domingo.....		1,395		550
Cuba.....		221,251		22,506
Puerto Rico.....		5,250		1,332
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		29,067		26,967
Argentina.....		25,813		26,614
Brazil.....		128,214		158,770
Colombia.....		72,389		17,484
Other South America.....		58,846		43,556
China.....		16,520		15,836
East Indies (British).....		8,041		12,831
Japan.....		23,699		27,908
British Australasia.....		67,275		82,708
Other Asia and Oceania.....		32,340		33,521
Africa.....		33,619		41,384
Total.....		2,647,548		2,434,325
Brass, and Manufactures of.....		1,171,431		1,220,068
Breadstuffs—Barley..... bu.	20,030,301	7,646,394	11,237,077	5,542,040
Brn, middlings and mill feed..... tons.			91,189	1,329,519
Bread and biscuit..... lbs.	15,214,619	697,696	15,980,256	789,254
Buckwheat..... bu.	1,677,102	678,969	1,370,408	686,286
Corn (bu.)—United Kingdom.....	75,430,129	22,952,199	82,876,994	29,590,758
France.....	7,042,156	2,113,638	11,455,121	3,961,773
Germany.....	31,784,181	9,861,821	39,246,387	14,165,476
Other Europe.....	40,444,535	11,930,395	48,311,639	17,308,435
British North America.....	9,508,879	2,541,453	32,476,599	7,860,840
Central American States and British Honduras.....	107,672	50,421	130,227	70,265
Mexico.....	8,325,800	3,233,781	125,310	43,557
Santo Domingo.....	1,097	399	409	108
Cuba.....	699,946	247,906	1,055,512	418,808
Puerto Rico.....	1,200	453	300	80
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	710,819	271,999	789,545	314,130
South America.....	34,235	13,931	95,419	38,126

\*Returned under "All other unenumerated articles" prior to July, 1897.

## EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

27

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1897.		1898.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Asia and Oceania.....	278,941	\$106,149	15,261	\$10,168
Africa.....	1,941,267	741,998	1,802,442	509,516
Other countries.....	1,452	4,294	1,008	1,008
Total.....	176,916,366	54,067,155	208,744,938	74,196,860
Cornmeal.....brls.	475,288	902,061	827,651	1,798,098
Oats.....bu.	35,096,796	8,756,207	69,130,287	20,632,914
Oatmeal.....lbs.	47,310,251	1,071,340	83,509,270	1,757,978
Rye.....bu.	8,560,271	8,667,506	15,541,572	8,826,769
Rye flour.....brls.	2,566	7,396	8,410	11,815
Wheat (bu.)—United Kingdom.....	55,742,689	41,975,655	90,163,805	76,894,524
France.....	261,422	185,008	30,041,238	32,566,250
Germany.....	3,000,477	1,997,639	3,218,401	3,124,543
Other Europe.....	8,504,852	6,800,919	22,124,014	21,807,984
British North America.....	5,581,151	3,975,439	5,118,901	5,104,800
Central American States and British Honduras.....	80,157	71,296	41,640	43,808
Mexico.....	40	32	45	41
West Indies and Bermuda.....	1,589	1,363	1,884	1,580
South America.....	178,423	165,292	1,657,432	1,705,171
British Australasia.....	1,829,501	1,538,845	102,510	85,086
Other Asia and Oceania.....	996,788	769,645	70,963	69,617
Africa.....	3,331,473	2,989,110	5,493,470	4,850,946
Total.....	79,562,020	59,290,178	148,231,261	145,684,660
Wheat Flour (brls.)—United Kingdom.....	8,256,630	30,925,512	9,132,465	41,068,120
France.....	408	1,850	8,328	16,960
Germany.....	160,363	618,309	180,039	851,713
Other Europe.....	968,531	2,754,209	1,282,437	5,146,060
British North America.....	709,873	2,748,353	651,471	2,787,203
Central American States and British Honduras.....	280,330	1,190,324	250,228	1,138,182
Mexico.....	24,659	96,762	19,240	86,848
Santo Domingo.....	35,968	163,078	35,889	197,328
Cuba.....	132,738	564,638	245,239	1,160,736
Puerto Rico.....	126,858	516,188	90,578	450,496
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	968,886	3,625,122	770,289	3,836,418
Brazil.....	796,378	3,541,579	687,522	3,240,382
Colombia.....	133,254	690,237	115,296	541,147
Other South America.....	578,207	1,500,624	265,297	1,740,204
China.....	18,270	72,100	19,048	89,305
East Indies (British).....	7,408	28,353	8,888	36,678
Japan.....	237,128	819,620	167,654	66,036
British Australasia.....	318,073	1,310,115	41,845	774,118
Other Asia and Oceania.....	1,049,554	3,850,108	1,078,804	4,450,210
Africa.....	214,402	964,004	332,533	1,511,956
Other countries.....	12,154	48,106	10,694	52,578
Total.....	14,569,545	55,914,347	15,349,943	69,263,718
Preparations of, for table food.....		4,508,026		1,765,207
All other.....				1,743,033
Total breadstuffs.....		197,867,319		333,897,119
Bricks—Building.....M.	4,732	30,213	4,368	80,014
Fire.....		118,176		127,260
Total.....		148,389		157,274
Broom corn.....		126,007		163,086
Brooms and brushes.....		198,066		158,272
Candles.....lbs.	2,673,717	216,565	3,072,868	232,214
Carriages, Cars, Other Vehicles, and Parts of—Cars, passenger and freight, and parts of—For steam railways.		990,960		1,473,188
For other railways.....		1,956,760		1,685,838
All other carriages, and parts of, except cycles.....		2,946,710		3,024,419
Total.....		575,000		606,671
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		26,076		71,031
France.....		64,986		103,583
Germany.....		41,577		80,865
Other Europe.....		126,558		188,238
British North America.....		155,143		155,149
Central American States and British Honduras.....		90,588		508,630
Mexico.....		20,588		24,111
Santo Domingo.....		12,957		22,194
Cuba.....		10,240		5,821
Puerto Rico.....		106,140		75,067
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		149,706		237,508
Argentina.....		119,334		561,773
Brazil.....		55,718		42,029
Colombia.....		47,042		79,864
Other South America.....		1,638		29,098
China.....		7,943		10,752
East Indies (British).....		1,418		10,987
Japan.....				

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1897.		1898.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
British Australasia.....		\$351,866		\$324,880
Other Asia and Oceania.....		44,752		58,895
Africa.....		412,642		359,139
Other countries.....		8		
Total.....		2,946,710		3,424,419
Cycles, and Parts of—United Kingdom.....		2,375,675		1,853,103
France.....		262,603		492,680
Germany.....		1,026,346		1,724,404
Other Europe.....		1,194,988		949,502
British North America.....		724,493		614,003
Central American States and British Honduras.....		53,801		8,267
Mexico.....		73,117		68,022
Santo Domingo.....		4,908		1,171
Cuba.....		4,016		9,214
Puerto Rico.....		4,120		3,339
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		132,607		84,368
Argentina.....		42,081		90,223
Brazil.....		29,356		98,482
Colombia.....		24,290		15,684
Other South America.....		73,507		48,946
China.....		18,410		27,449
East Indies (British).....		18,326		90,388
Japan.....		52,179		88,905
British Australasia.....		692,494		309,006
Other Asia and Oceania.....		61,368		81,164
Africa.....		125,979		197,366
Other countries.....		217		1,710
Total.....		7,006,323		6,846,529
Total carriages, cars, etc.....		9,962,083		10,370,946
Casings for sausages.....		1,514,651		1,821,702
Celluloid, and manufactures of.....		(*)		*155,361
Cement.....	88,490	71,100	48,836	86,208
Chemicals, Drugs, Dyes and Medicines—Acids.....		102,483		115,050
Asbes, pot and pearl.....	511,830	21,727	899,111	52,419
Copper, sulphate of.....		14,736,379		475,177
Dyes and dyestuffs.....		450,000		442,967
Ginseng.....	179,573	840,689	174,053	638,446
Lime, acetate of.....			37,496,268	537,556
Medicines, patent or proprietary.....		2,287,744		2,480,689
Roots, herbs and barks, n. e. s.....		151,347		147,830
All other.....		5,930,562		4,569,809
Total.....		9,787,578		9,441,763
Chlor.....		(*)		*465,873
Clocks and Watches—Clocks, and parts of.....		968,911		865,557
Watches, and parts of.....		801,491		771,912
Total.....		1,770,402		1,727,469
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		603,856		646,478
France.....		11,050		11,219
Germany.....		14,502		14,216
Other Europe.....		31,079		33,522
British North America.....		344,946		349,198
Central American States and British Honduras.....		12,474		6,908
Mexico.....		25,116		20,128
West Indies and Bermuda.....		11,865		12,036
Argentina.....		34,901		28,035
Brazil.....		50,520		40,388
Other South America.....		102,019		86,040
China.....		81,242		18,501
East Indies (British).....		37,493		48,943
Japan.....		177,607		163,438
British Australasia.....		165,420		152,722
Other Asia and Oceania.....		21,832		28,744
Africa.....		85,303		70,032
Other countries.....		85		307
Total.....		1,770,402		1,727,469
Coal and Coke—Coal (tons)—Anthracite.....	1,274,417	5,678,194	1,328,582	5,906,171
Bituminous.....	2,384,063	5,330,445	2,632,414	5,777,578
Total coal.....	3,658,480	11,008,639	3,960,996	11,683,749
Exported to (tons)—United Kingdom.....	53	241	53	550
France.....	779	3,965	2,067	11,322
Germany.....	164	470	37	156
Other Europe.....	6,922	48,732	5,904	37,441
British North America.....	2,975,813	9,076,567	3,186,743	9,510,822

\*Returned under "All other unenumerated articles" prior to July, 1897.

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1897.		1898.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Central American States and British Honduras.....	7,411	\$28,000	5,668	\$19,335
Mexico.....	221,081	649,955	340,429	974,040
Santo Domingo.....	6,415	26,311	8,384	11,286
Cuba.....	264,244	632,366	208,124	455,216
Puerto Rico.....	22,735	58,977	9,766	21,014
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	124,513	\$25,862	188,419	\$43,183
Brazil.....	16,853	88,080	17,570	93,778
Colombia.....	11,600	25,175	18,100	38,284
Other South America.....	8,296	32,548	6,165	28,425
Asia and Oceania.....	1,114	7,805	14,019	43,352
Other countries.....	854	3,338	4,551	9,974
Total coal.....	8,658,486	11,008,643	4,008,996	11,683,749
Coke.....	155,972	547,046	212,021	608,784
Coffee and cocoa, ground or prepared, and chocolate.....		128,078		137,869
Copper, and Manufactures of—Ore (tons)—				
United Kingdom.....	13,900	1,880,564	5,896	679,939
Germany.....			2	300
Other countries.....	1,041	170,215	2,507	243,926
Total.....	15,001	2,050,779	8,395	824,165
Ingots, bars and old (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	76,619,998	8,283,175	72,306,374	8,079,164
France.....	56,270,720	6,272,952	60,606,376	6,770,671
Germany.....	28,553,912	3,167,670	32,308,962	3,705,937
Other Europe.....	117,404,132	12,934,686	111,451,952	12,932,912
British North America.....	354,391	38,591	1,308,665	155,216
Mexico.....	96,898	11,045	186,545	22,583
Other countries.....	28,461	3,477	77,087	9,154
Total.....	279,298,807	30,711,597	278,936,641	31,075,636
Manufactures of.....		909,589		1,105,236
Total copper and manuf's of, not including ore.....		81,621,125		82,180,872
Cork, manufactures of.....		(*)		*46,891
Cotton and Manufactures of—Unmanufactured (lbs.)—				
Sea Island.....	21,595,300	4,078,044	15,610,302	2,767,291
Upland and other.....	306,816,669	226,812,927	389,463,808	227,674,924
Total.....	310,875,499	230,890,971	385,026,496	230,442,215
Exported to—United Kingdom.....	156,359,266	117,392,717	179,005,080	105,853,614
France.....	338,012,438	26,110,302	411,018,931	24,598,724
Germany.....	685,738,949	2,464,855	823,262,241	24,886,244
Other Europe.....	408,875,745	30,491,888	532,682,257	91,039,694
British North America.....	40,303,957	3,137,880	61,247,258	3,961,586
Mexico.....	16,108,628	1,236,417	21,216,287	1,321,473
South America.....	19,020	1,497		
Japan.....	32,011,252	2,345,018	112,106,828	7,428,226
Other Asia and Oceania.....	139,178	9,742	6,099,498	451,800
Other countries.....	8,415	649	8,558	663
Total unmanufactured.....	310,975,499	230,890,971	385,026,496	230,442,215
Waste.....				12,521,574
Manufactures of—Cloths (yds.), colored.....	83,408,441	4,770,231	79,415,378	4,138,887
Uncolored.....	230,123,003	12,511,369	191,092,442	9,151,936
Total.....	313,531,044	17,281,600	270,507,818	13,290,823
Exported to (yds.)—United Kingdom.....	11,094,345	830,421	10,765,644	738,284
France.....	683,346	33,238	163,087	8,878
Germany.....	1,588,698	95,672	487,387	43,096
Other Europe.....	687,003	62,397	1,382,134	91,877
British North America.....	29,460,800	1,775,483	14,116,228	785,985
Central American States and British Honduras.....	11,381,098	599,126	8,496,741	390,510
Mexico.....	6,577,809	394,733	6,679,429	415,910
Santo Domingo.....	1,837,047	92,681	2,042,036	130,167
Cuba.....	291,233	25,078	128,182	12,163
Puerto Rico.....	110,899	1,057	22,878	2,306
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	13,453,938	794,706	13,598,473	793,175
Argentina.....	3,262,993	270,814	2,673,051	181,868
Brazil.....	8,331,326	607,019	8,606,686	566,921
Colombia.....	6,736,924	382,546	8,857,708	281,803
Other South America.....	26,257,078	1,364,903	24,000,968	1,126,871
China.....	140,121,035	7,438,203	115,492,797	5,195,845
East Indies (British).....	3,670,380	199,880	13,291,373	622,293
Japan.....	2,525,993	141,264	578,741	47,107
British Australasia.....	651,432	98,423	1,148,627	114,098
Other Asia and Oceania.....	29,265,624	1,372,295	26,648,521	1,176,020
Africa.....	16,284,319	748,296	13,554,743	679,429
Other countries.....	78,674	5,350	100,641	5,296
Total cloths.....	313,531,044	17,281,600	270,507,818	13,290,823

\*Returned under "All other unenumerated articles" prior to July, 1897.

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1897.		1898.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Other Manufactures of—Wearing apparel		\$878,834		\$894,192
Waste, cop and mill	lbs.	2,877,254	7,096,006	283,043
All other				2,513,434
Total		3,756,088		3,733,299
Exported to—United Kingdom		467,456		280,089
France		10,492		4,478
Germany		219,029		190,041
Other Europe		51,517		69,390
British North America		1,351,179		1,091,845
Central American States and British Honduras		240,689		214,245
Mexico		346,139		354,829
Santo Domingo		31,012		18,491
Cuba		42,444		11,715
Puerto Rico		4,945		1,676
Other West Indies and Bermuda		85,305		96,400
Argentina		66,845		31,728
Brazil		67,175		50,828
Colombia		54,832		44,764
Other South America		56,883		36,110
China		21,775		7,587
East Indies (British)		4,055		1,824
British Australasia		181,367		167,374
Other Asia and Oceania		871,790		827,467
Africa		70,232		52,728
Other countries		10,787		7,812
Total other manufactures of		3,756,088		3,733,299
Total manufactures of		21,037,678		17,024,692
Earthen, Stone and China Ware—Earthen and stone ware		132,272		146,394
China ware		25,584		20,698
Total		177,852		232,992
Feathers	doz.	1,300,183	180,954	448,370
		(*)		*157,568
Fertilizers	tons	530,313	5,035,929	474,230
Fertilizers of—United Kingdom		146,515	945,549	98,915
France		32,770	279,000	88,130
Germany		195,825	1,944,411	1,739,461
Other Europe		139,879	1,341,791	1,184,198
British North America		4,468	86,373	93,437
Central American States and British Honduras		4	121	40
Mexico		10	23	21
West Indies and Bermuda		3,295	70,330	2,422
South America		88	1,338	74
Asia and Oceania		11,571	324,006	23,141
Other countries		103	3,831	210
Total		530,313	5,035,929	474,230
Fibers, Vegetable, and Textile Grasses—Manufactures of				
Hage		498,373		555,995
Cordage	lbs.	10,735,443	581,267	576,140
Twine		802,623		1,081,576
All other		351,381		332,823
Total		2,216,184		2,537,493
Fish—Fresh, other than salmon	lbs.	1,168,350	59,565	1,250,053
Dried, smoked, or cured—Cod, haddock, hake and				48,378
perch	lbs.	10,598,970	336,422	7,969,681
Herring	lbs.	10,630,570	108,770	3,091,636
Salmon	lbs.	710,924	28,571	1,083,327
Pickled—Mackerel	bris.	3,001	28,990	1,370
Other	bris.	21,881	84,978	20,345
Salmon—Canned	lbs.	35,916,209	3,215,788	27,279,455
Other, fresh or cured			281,491	832,051
Canned fish, other than salmon and shellfish			213,689	146,516
Shellfish			(*)	*195,110
Shellfish—Oysters			624,286	595,401
Other			3,69,498	238,406
All other fish, and fish products			(*)	*20,840
Total			6,361,435	4,674,637
Fruits and Nuts—Apples, dried	lbs.	30,715,401	1,340,150	31,051,251
Apples, green or ripe	bris.	1,463,281	2,371,143	605,386
Oranges			(*)	739,295
Peaches		(*)		1,421,288
Raisins	lbs.	(*)		107,002
All other green, ripe or dried			13,100,639	2,035,843
Total		3,172,190		

\*Returned under "All other unenumerated articles" prior to July, 1897.

\*Returned under "All other green, ripe, or dried fruit" prior to July, 1897.

## EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

31

## EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.

	1897.		1898.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
<b>Fruits, Preserved—Canned</b> .....		\$1,886,723		\$1,624,741
Other.....		43,276		82,504
<b>Nuts</b> .....		125,806		161,432
<b>Total</b> .....		7,739,305		9,013,310
<b>Exported to—United Kingdom</b> .....		3,683,577		3,415,616
France.....		301,380		747,389
Germany.....		1,080,304		1,644,723
Other Europe.....		1,087,409		1,186,547
British North America.....		750,752		1,202,968
Central American States and British Honduras.....		58,975		35,716
Mexico.....		72,654		58,513
Santo Domingo.....		2,389		1,391
Cuba.....		46,745		88,175
Puerto Rico.....		4,123		2,348
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		55,894		55,086
Argentina.....		4,610		6,853
Brazil.....		11,528		11,751
Colombia.....		9,472		10,517
Other South America.....		35,496		23,862
China.....		18,119		31,785
East Indies (British).....		13,175		12,858
British Australasia.....		811,635		203,757
Other Asia and Oceania.....		109,734		129,279
Africa.....		79,740		90,261
Other countries.....		204		847
<b>Total fruits and nuts</b> .....		7,739,305		9,013,310
<b>Furniture of metal</b> .....				21,758
<b>Furs and Fur Skins—United Kingdom</b> .....		2,432,774		2,020,459
France.....		1,025		15,107
Germany.....		579,353		527,320
Other Europe.....		8,378		15,271
British North America.....		249,116		386,719
Other countries.....		12,683		21,725
<b>Total</b> .....		3,284,349		2,986,970
<b>Glass and Glassware—Window glass</b> .....		13,388		23,480
All other.....		1,194,818		1,187,604
<b>Total</b> .....		1,208,187		1,211,084
<b>Glucose or grape sugar</b> ..... lbs.	194,419,250	2,736,674	196,980,605	2,871,839
<b>Glee</b> ..... lbs.	1,400,863	132,581	2,318,711	209,441
<b>Grease, grease scraps, and all soap stock</b> .....		2,070,111		1,964,545
<b>Gunpowder and Other Explosives—Gunpowder</b> ..... lbs.	1,086,465	118,001	1,202,971	139,614
Cartridges and other.....		1,437,317		1,255,762
<b>Total</b> .....		1,555,318		1,395,406
<b>Hair, and manufactures of</b> .....		517,468		635,716
<b>Hay</b> ..... tons	61,658	845,540	81,327	1,151,273
<b>Hides and Skins, Other than Furs (lbs.)—</b>				
<b>United Kingdom</b> .....				
France.....	2,068,358	157,030	318,551	29,456
Germany.....	4,832,171	404,728	687,736	67,382
Other Europe.....	8,353,974	652,013	4,879,327	392,282
British North America.....	1,830,284	184,714	382,021	64,432
Central American States and British Honduras.....	13,513,923	98,934	5,142,967	460,825
Mexico.....	12,933	1,411		
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	289,898	31,243	19,117	2,676
Japan.....	4,038	554	1,472	163
Other Asia and Oceania.....	28,808	1,892	20,200	1,205
Africa.....	13,600	1,385		
Other countries.....	185,700	9,000	80,962	6,060
<b>Total</b> .....	46	23	3,750	391
<b>Total</b> .....	31,119,166	2,388,590	11,537,073	1,015,032
<b>Honey</b> .....		22,383		98,504
<b>Hops (lbs.)—United Kingdom</b> .....				
<b>Other Europe</b> .....	9,913,152	1,159,262	15,809,457	2,468,853
British North America.....			1,365	280
Central American States and British Honduras.....	389,188	31,549	282,374	35,185
Mexico.....	22,501	2,665	21,335	3,279
Santo Domingo.....	474,132	55,619	230,772	32,425
Cuba.....	2,910	287	122	19
Puerto Rico.....	2,242	247	3,097	389
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	2,505	296	496	54
South America.....	7,218	738	6,784	773
East Indies (British).....	10,525	1,287	8,615	1,248
British Australasia.....	98,190	2,824	27,008	3,760
Other Asia and Oceania.....	552,445	48,450	682,590	98,101
Other countries.....	33,268	3,041	23,448	3,020
<b>Total</b> .....			8,697	383
<b>Total</b> .....	11,423,241	1,304,188	17,161,899	2,642,778

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1897.		1898.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Ice..... tons	36,454	\$51,500	32,542	\$38,775
India Rubber and Gutta Percha, manufactures of — Boots and shoes..... pairs	304,026	706,499	391,833	224,705
All other.....		1,611,646		1,428,133
Total.....		1,807,145		1,728,808
India rubber, scrap and old.....				257,063
Ink—Printers'.....		162,955		173,924
Other.....				10,005
Total.....		162,955		263,927
Instruments and Apparatus for scientific purposes, including telegraph, telephone, and other electric—				
United Kingdom.....		437,099		538,256
France.....		268,133		174,316
Germany.....		240,577		254,942
Other Europe.....		313,697		239,618
British North America.....		310,589		335,616
Central American States and British Honduras.....		15,434		58,711
Mexico.....		284,714		267,470
West Indies and Bermuda.....		102,379		88,815
Argentina.....		157,564		110,696
Brazil.....		110,468		88,243
Other South America.....		210,667		129,800
China.....		8,818		41,199
Japan.....		148,371		230,197
British Australasia.....		58,348		67,893
Other Asia and Oceania.....		82,188		107,673
Africa.....		126,060		94,037
Other countries.....				184
Total.....		3,034,453		2,770,809
Iron and Steel, and Manufactures of—Iron ore..... tons	9,770	\$4,108	11,337	\$4,224
Pig-iron—Ferro-manganese..... tons	108,800	2,331,771	8,403	344,743
All other..... tons			227,465	2,365,232
Scrap and old, fit only for remanufacture..... tons	16,566	106,503	40,159	652,534
Bar iron..... lbs.	7,794,306	126,616	12,306,615	181,846
Bars or rods of steel, other than wire..... lbs.	92,507,017	1,121,064	30,151,791	431,468
Bars or rails for railways—Iron..... tons	4,181	73,888	2,758	35,430
Steel..... tons	307,991	2,482,208	229,786	4,613,676
Bullets, ingots and blooms..... lbs.	890,896	16,984	5,478,998	47,327
Hoop, band and scroll..... lbs.			32,404,529	\$30,022
Rods, wire, of steel..... lbs.	4,275,049	92,362	1,087,071	182,800
Sheets and plates—Iron..... lbs.	5,634,423	118,965	27,994,044	364,579
Steel..... lbs.			20,827	962
Tin plates, tinned plates, and tappers tin..... lbs.			30,583	1,153,482
Structural iron and steel..... tons			30,583	2,368,194
Wire..... lbs.	107,129,165	2,212,617	136,951,294	120,446
Car wheels..... No.	18,503	112,187	21,000	804,973
Castings, n. e. s.....		189,402		81,161
Cutlery—Table.....		478,381		125,377
All other.....				672,229
Picnics.....		941,092		
Builders' hardware and saws and tools—Locks, hinges and other builders' hardware.....		4,152,897		8,907,796
Saws.....		2,474,630		2,907,799
Tools, n. e. s.....				2,224,767
Total.....		6,627,497		14,039,362
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		1,070,037		1,585,040
France.....		185,508		181,806
Germany.....		568,148		773,023
Other Europe.....		440,269		559,565
British North America.....		584,411		721,178
Central American States and British Honduras.....		110,712		82,462
Mexico.....		632,488		458,084
Santa Domingo.....		11,283		13,197
Cuba.....		84,072		61,361
Puerto Rico.....		13,298		9,400
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		74,385		61,729
Argentina.....		228,544		147,198
Brazil.....		246,819		310,884
Colombia.....		116,800		141,719
Other South America.....		252,851		207,423
China.....		31,462		19,020
East Indies (British).....		45,010		22,046
Japan.....		909,774		877,045
British Australasia.....		73,084		108,840
Other Asia and Oceania.....		237,286		216,622
Africa.....				

# EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

33

## EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.

	1897.		1898.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Other countries.....		\$4,093		\$3,716
Total builders' hardware, etc.....		6,627,468		6,428,232
Machinery, Machines, and Parts of—Electrical.....				2,632,554
Metal-working.....				4,618,693
Printing presses, and parts of.....		649,710		574,515
Pumps and pumping machinery.....				2,023,064
Sawing Machines, and Parts of—United Kingdom.....		1,074,489		879,660
France.....		123,006		103,824
Germany.....		78,428		861,687
Other Europe.....		194,488		211,643
British North America.....		108,119		141,222
Central American States and British Honduras.....		88,117		30,819
Mexico.....		199,016		197,642
Santo Domingo.....		1,788		1,282
Cuba.....		3,190		2,786
Puerto Rico.....		2,242		8,120
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		17,929		17,471
Argentina.....		101,628		77,188
Brazil.....		114,556		96,966
Colombia.....		118,048		82,859
Other South America.....		117,883		101,289
China.....		9,505		8,848
East Indies (British).....		2,814		4,363
Japan.....		7,275		5,886
British Australasia.....		249,510		274,154
Other Asia and Oceania.....		35,642		30,981
Africa.....		18,908		10,556
Other countries.....		264		159
Total.....		3,340,241		3,136,364
Shoe machinery.....				895,788
Steam engines, and parts of—Fire engines..... No.	2	6,790	9	7,497
Locomotive engines..... No.	338	3,225,831	468	3,983,719
Stationary engines..... No.	423	823,438	565	898,570
Boilers and parts of engines.....		671,901		927,552
Typewriting machines, and parts of—United Kingdom.....		731,152		896,575
France.....		99,222		94,008
Germany.....		228,710		425,614
Other Europe.....		175,978		232,253
British North America.....		80,710		51,752
Central American States and British Honduras.....		13,270		2,380
Mexico.....		25,298		28,900
Santo Domingo.....		267		90
Cuba.....		2,745		1,457
Puerto Rico.....		503		65
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		5,540		4,225
Argentina.....		11,914		18,187
Brazil.....		4,005		4,945
Colombia.....		3,665		4,228
Other South America.....		11,278		14,632
China.....		3,672		2,642
East Indies (British).....		7,608		9,014
Japan.....		4,858		4,220
British Australasia.....		67,622		60,069
Other Asia and Oceania.....		5,052		9,985
Africa.....		19,622		36,342
Total.....		1,453,117		1,902,158
All other.....		19,771,856		18,536,980
Nails and Spikes (lbs.)—Cut.....	26,476,565	519,471	22,310,303	612,234
Wire.....		357,541	228,946,699	458,787
All other, including tacks.....	9,941,714		4,308,082	245,722
Pipes and fittings.....				3,082,016
Scales..... No.			1,349	87,614
Scales and balances.....		325,625		345,300
Stoves, ranges, and parts of.....		325,625		382,980
All other manufactures of iron and steel.....		9,112,403		9,203,731
Total iron and steel, etc., not including ore.....		57,497,872		70,367,527
Jewelry, and Other Manufactures of Gold and Silver—				
Jewelry.....		658,678		555,719
Other manufactures of gold and silver.....				192,061
Total.....		658,676		747,780
Lamps, chandeliers, and all other devices for illuminating purposes.....		710,997		672,010
Lead, and Manufactures of (lbs.)—Pigs, bars, and old.....	17,632,455	474,030	22,500	1,462
Type.....		181,398	301,988	104,404
All other.....				117,152
Total.....		656,089		223,018

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1897.		1898.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
<b>Leather, and Manufactures of—Leather, sole (lbs.)—</b>				
United Kingdom.....	29,737,390	\$4,906,786	30,019,294	\$5,125,572
Germany.....	230,276	45,101	308,900	60,305
Other Europe.....	6,066,132	1,100,186	4,301,948	787,867
British North America.....	488,037	82,722	1,056,205	208,181
West Indies and Bermuda.....	44,809	8,892	41,823	8,672
South America.....	15,788	3,106	42,960	9,071
Japan.....	1,054,068	213,855	1,668,105	327,836
British Australasia.....	187,271	38,571	178,822	37,724
Other Asia and Oceania.....	271,087	54,819	192,118	40,935
Africa.....	170,751	33,125	168,586	34,539
Other countries.....	118,865	23,408	44,511	8,871
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>39,381,514</b>	<b>6,510,406</b>	<b>37,813,019</b>	<b>6,644,558</b>
<b>Leather, other—Upper leather—Kid, glazed.</b>				
Patent or enameled.....		213,151		251,298
Splits, buff, grain, and all other.....		8,798,902		9,949,593
<b>All other leather.....</b>		<b>813,798</b>		<b>857,123</b>
<b>Total.....</b>		<b>9,990,851</b>		<b>11,151,851</b>
<b>Exported to—United Kingdom.....</b>		<b>7,511,770</b>		<b>8,025,217</b>
France.....		178,618		291,326
Germany.....		317,174		587,602
Other Europe.....		964,165		1,162,151
British North America.....		654,001		674,998
Central American States and British Honduras.....		5,143		4,713
Mexico.....		16,456		9,310
Santo Domingo.....		1,177		569
Cuba.....		1,217		2,236
Puerto Rico.....		1,217		1,394
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		16,032		15,105
Argentina.....		4,055		4,390
Brazil.....		18,914		54,022
Colombia.....		2,388		4,793
Other South America.....		14,242		12,658
British Australasia.....		172,316		239,474
Other Asia and Oceania.....		18,756		37,678
Africa.....		28,185		23,896
Other countries.....		403		580
<b>Total leather, other.....</b>		<b>9,920,851</b>		<b>11,151,851</b>
<b>Manufactures of—Boots and shoes—United Kingdom.....</b>		<b>300,978</b>		<b>363,755</b>
France.....		17,119		26,778
Germany.....		15,288		68,572
Other Europe.....		32,399		36,113
British North America.....		227,679		285,064
Central American States and British Honduras.....		98,678		98,907
Mexico.....		58,636		87,689
West Indies and Bermuda.....		231,878		294,516
Colombia.....		42,719		41,735
Other South America.....		36,481		28,574
British Australasia.....		403,797		235,679
Other Asia and Oceania.....		129,955		177,418
Africa.....		87,370		98,247
Other countries.....		2,174		3,521
<b>Total.....</b>		<b>1,708,224</b>		<b>1,616,598</b>
<b>Harness and saddles.....</b>		<b>245,499</b>		<b>214,865</b>
<b>All other.....</b>		<b>775,488</b>		<b>1,296,063</b>
<b>Total leather and manufactures of.....</b>		<b>19,161,446</b>		<b>21,113,640</b>
Lime..... brls.	78,736	72,311	49,687	42,269
Salt..... bu.			406,709	287,473
Malt Liquors—In bottles..... doz.	549,910	636,837	406,241	497,081
In other coverings..... gals.	350,049	87,112	301,832	86,548
<b>Total.....</b>		<b>723,949</b>		<b>595,579</b>
<b>Marble and Stone, and Manufactures of—Unmanufactured</b>				
Manufactures of—Roofing slate.....		66,955		95,953
All other.....		780,112		1,870,075
<b>Total.....</b>		<b>847,067</b>		<b>1,966,028</b>
<b>Matches.....</b>		<b>70,968</b>		<b>78,548</b>
<b>Musical Instruments (No.)—Organs.....</b>		<b>13,725</b>		<b>799,153</b>
Pianofortes.....	826	214,849	987	232,144
All other, and parts of.....		262,786		408,760
<b>Total.....</b>		<b>1,276,717</b>		<b>1,880,867</b>
<b>Naval Stores—Resin, tar, turpentine, and pitch (brls.)—</b>				
Resin.....	2,429,116	4,698,168	2,206,236	3,690,262
Tar.....	17,640	34,878	19,818	36,475
Turpentine and pitch.....	18,920	44,398	19,225	48,611
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>2,465,676</b>	<b>4,787,444</b>	<b>2,245,279</b>	<b>3,775,348</b>

EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

35

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1897.		1898.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Exported to (bills.)—United Kingdom.....	726,042	\$1,523,543	614,303	\$1,088,356
Germany.....	610,998	1,122,781	520,427	843,611
Other Europe.....	713,760	1,301,391	698,053	1,102,578
British North America.....	54,657	116,123	49,900	111,432
Central American States and British Honduras.....	9,030	24,151	8,774	15,459
Mexico.....	2,843	8,910	5,323	10,212
Santo Domingo.....	2,053	5,036	2,855	6,156
Cuba.....	4,339	9,203	4,077	7,543
Puerto Rico.....	523	1,045	404	814
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	8,322	18,808	7,537	15,863
Argentina.....	34,310	75,851	53,732	95,161
Brazil.....	124,427	234,731	113,058	194,409
Colombia.....	9,029	19,163	6,087	13,103
Other South America.....	46,084	95,528	49,753	95,878
China.....	3,230	6,307	2,139	4,635
Japan.....	9,574	20,448	8,057	17,762
British Australasia.....	42,526	83,068	60,288	108,564
Other Asia and Oceania.....	62,279	99,438	42,979	62,731
Africa.....	1,593	3,042	952	2,046
Other countries.....	29	72	36	92
Total resin, tar, etc.....	2,465,676	4,767,407	2,344,744	3,774,398
Turpentine, Spirits of (gals.)—United Kingdom.....	8,478,994	2,111,862	7,508,837	2,156,130
Germany.....	2,418,795	613,772	2,810,720	797,125
Other Europe.....	4,922,734	1,270,136	6,079,499	1,753,074
British North America.....	491,050	132,670	670,432	207,600
Central American States and British Honduras.....	13,577	4,343	7,493	8,029
Mexico.....	7,612	2,617	10,071	8,636
Santo Domingo.....	859	312	1,223	491
Cuba.....	63,616	18,800	43,149	15,352
Puerto Rico.....	9,900	3,174	4,675	1,648
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	27,865	8,435	22,310	7,785
Argentina.....	168,350	50,264	335,677	129,506
Brazil.....	152,401	46,722	302,207	74,148
Colombia.....	15,620	5,781	11,757	4,513
Other South America.....	113,151	36,672	169,334	61,984
China.....	11,250	3,701	6,655	2,494
Japan.....	27,750	8,651	12,500	4,068
British Australasia.....	294,779	96,343	368,563	128,553
Other Asia and Oceania.....	18,470	4,134	20,554	7,338
Africa.....	70,254	23,183	60,083	24,102
Other countries.....	101	83	411	160
Total.....	17,302,828	4,447,551	18,361,140	5,390,806
Total naval stores.....	9,214,956		9,155,144	
Nickel, nickel oxide and matte..... lbs.	3,246,209	725,309	5,090,109	1,402,908
Nursery stock.....				96,390
Oil Cake and Oil-Cake Meal (lbs.)—Cottonseed.....	623,396,538	5,515,800	919,727,701	8,040,710
Flaxseed or linseed.....	433,106,448	4,065,244	436,206,321	4,540,824
Total.....	1,056,502,986	9,611,044	1,355,934,022	12,581,534
Exported to (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	250,438,938	3,170,869	351,137,738	3,295,950
France.....	31,703,238	268,749	67,343,237	629,967
Germany.....	311,526,721	2,827,295	433,308,964	3,705,548
Other Europe.....	348,152,367	3,198,013	487,844,589	4,661,127
British North America.....	1,100,497	10,310	3,519,093	36,571
West Indies and Bermuda.....	12,584,713	120,600	12,296,858	157,178
South America.....	560,417	5,619	301,292	3,724
Other countries.....	156,275	1,555	121,998	1,460
Total oil cake and oil-cake meal.....	1,056,502,986	9,611,044	1,355,934,022	12,581,534
Oilecloths—For floors.....				29,429
Other.....				89,212
Total.....				118,641
Oils—Animal (gals.)—Fish.....	798,211	155,052	585,980	108,194
Lard.....	991,407	419,843	775,102	305,825
Whale.....	55,129	21,234	84,302	37,728
Other.....	112,565	47,839	123,711	50,587
Total animal.....	1,927,302	643,921	1,568,045	502,332
Mineral, crude, including all natural oils, without regard to gravity (gals.)—France.....	100,158,329	4,584,562	85,125,657	3,221,437
Other Europe.....	18,223,394	736,845	16,042,042	544,761
British North America.....	18,390	898	100	8
Mexico.....	7,080,833	349,021	7,713,859	317,514
Cuba.....	4,772,549	298,819	3,819,463	207,649
Puerto Rico.....	623,958	59,676	685,230	61,808
Other countries.....	841,140	85,000	1,025	85
Total.....	131,726,243	6,171,862	113,297,397	4,343,262

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1897.		1898.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Mineral, Refined or Manufactured, not including residuum (gals.)—Naphthas, including all lighter products of distillation.....	14,249,028	\$1,128,347	16,232,929	\$1,080,797
Illuminating.....	771,850,626	48,543,916	824,435,581	42,922,662
Lubricating and heavy paraffin oil.....	50,199,345	6,619,964	60,319,365	7,239,454
Total.....	835,798,999	56,287,127	900,998,875	51,242,933
Exported to (gals.)—United Kingdom.....	213,627,168	13,240,527	212,965,563	11,157,459
France.....	9,065,114	932,988	12,636,631	1,133,288
Germany.....	124,261,436	6,617,189	152,203,222	6,838,474
Other Europe.....	244,386,854	14,165,611	280,431,316	12,431,565
British North America.....	10,018,517	724,447	11,087,502	737,389
Central American States and British Honduras.....	1,256,700	146,789	1,064,980	112,831
Mexico.....	836,628	174,107	1,108,863	184,089
Santo Domingo.....	536,871	62,496	579,825	50,061
Cuba.....	68,747	10,067	243,202	31,368
Puerto Rico.....	276,195	33,376	300,642	23,677
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	4,284,737	876,538	4,108,711	528,239
Argentina.....	10,394,716	1,000,214	11,089,132	1,007,488
Brazil.....	20,563,693	1,842,912	20,561,084	1,532,231
Colombia.....	1,245,185	121,861	1,069,622	108,145
Other South America.....	10,313,796	990,081	11,283,540	967,067
China.....	42,627,184	3,871,937	44,523,552	2,865,086
East Indies (British).....	21,361,346	1,897,051	35,762,592	2,577,216
Japan.....	47,411,176	4,222,388	53,398,126	3,815,125
British Australasia.....	16,837,914	1,915,693	20,495,398	1,965,605
Other Asia and Oceania.....	46,111,698	3,512,417	54,363,656	2,234,918
Africa.....	10,474,918	1,072,522	12,392,744	1,114,103
Other countries.....	63,548	5,277	42,020	3,458
Total mineral, refined or manufactured (not including residuum).....	835,798,999	56,287,127	900,998,875	51,242,933
Residuum, including tar, and all other, from which the light bodies have been distilled.....	142,612	176,058	475,562	639,383
Total refined or manufactured (including residuum).....	.....	56,463,185	.....	51,782,316
Vegetable—Corn.....	.....	.....	2,646,500	675,646
Cottonseed (gals.)—United Kingdom.....	1,147,573	259,611	2,680,080	829,679
France.....	10,464,362	601,628	14,393,681	3,617,133
Germany.....	1,786,586	430,595	2,800,577	639,812
Other Europe.....	9,614,594	2,568,614	15,471,225	3,977,385
British North America.....	277,630	62,220	460,649	115,648
Central American States and British Honduras.....	16,949	4,865	8,869	3,080
Mexico.....	1,616,407	320,498	1,727,412	328,798
Santo Domingo.....	46,828	15,616	82,773	27,824
Cuba.....	1,080	290	9,643	2,774
Puerto Rico.....	170	40	100	80
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	737,545	193,708	754,504	196,192
Argentina.....	85,651	11,594	19,370	5,947
Brazil.....	656,556	172,933	876,307	237,085
Other South America.....	230,521	78,379	323,247	104,841
British Australasia.....	52,262	16,833	76,506	22,698
Other Asia and Oceania.....	2,800	880	1,300	355
Africa.....	531,319	139,356	864,820	228,897
Total.....	27,198,882	6,897,361	40,220,784	10,137,619
Linseed.....	111,262	42,700	90,074	38,430
Volatile or Essential—Peppermint.....	162,492	267,484	145,375	186,811
Other.....	.....	146,589	.....	201,497
All other.....	.....	1,167,504	.....	895,067
Total vegetable.....	.....	8,511,618	.....	12,019,069
Paints, Pigments and Colors—Carbon black, gas black, and lampblack.....	.....	.....	.....	178,422
Zinc oxide of.....	.....	.....	7,140,099	211,259
All other.....	.....	944,636	.....	689,797
Total.....	.....	944,636	.....	1,079,518
Paper, and Manufactures of—Paper hangings.....	.....	111,146	.....	186,904
Printing paper.....	.....	.....	107,406,508	2,702,351
Writing paper and envelopes.....	.....	110,329	.....	100,499
All other.....	.....	3,111,688	.....	2,444,810
Total.....	.....	3,228,168	.....	5,494,564
Paraffin and Paraffin Wax (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	82,039,061	3,126,041	98,105,098	3,671,424
France.....	1,923,807	56,699	2,798,636	120,756
Germany.....	16,534,506	539,619	23,589,735	929,540
Other Europe.....	14,208,000	561,131	19,734,329	802,544
British North America.....	41,807	1,754	128,714	5,798
Central American States and British Honduras.....	530,342	31,083	404,759	19,745
Mexico.....	2,888,475	144,805	3,637,767	157,863
West Indies and Bermuda.....	101,664	4,069	31,656	1,246

## EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

37

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1897.		1898.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Brazil.....	250,554	\$13,900	284,989	\$10,968
Other South America.....	99,257	4,733	111,879	5,708
Japan.....	4,318,395	171,479	4,890,595	158,305
British Australasia.....	2,213,124	96,590	2,727,684	117,246
Other Asia and Oceania.....	79,502	3,215	58,154	2,656
Africa.....	1,351,003	52,926	715,391	29,506
Total.....	125,385,128	4,957,095	154,628,430	6,080,232
Perfumery and cosmetics.....		316,913		305,363
Plated ware.....		443,082		417,334
Provisions, comprising Meat and Dairy Products—Meat products—Beef products—Canned (lbs.)—				
United Kingdom.....	34,714,439	3,019,451	20,763,131	1,828,598
France.....	1,111,143	91,471	422,017	35,508
Germany.....	4,611,748	372,490	5,069,008	446,440
Other Europe.....	3,191,361	294,919	3,046,733	256,779
British North America.....	1,382,395	107,304	619,315	40,150
Central American States and British Honduras.....	309,220	37,407	257,398	23,584
Mexico.....	117,120	14,353	112,112	14,232
Santo Domingo.....	910	2,506	408	40
Cuba.....	2,686	192	81,049	6,412
Puerto Rico.....	2,496	192	384	30
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	370,982	32,028	449,213	41,651
Argentina.....	1,750	135	4,890	545
Brazil.....	220,260	17,610	184,800	17,744
Colombia.....	76,634	6,467	72,273	6,623
Other South America.....	154,239	12,750	157,317	14,492
China.....	117,084	16,782	173,858	24,470
East Indies (British).....	6,145	591	5,000	698
Japan.....	706,490	60,018	227,672	33,452
British Australasia.....	139,374	15,893	99,945	7,695
Other Asia and Oceania.....	638,957	36,695	516,655	76,670
Africa.....	6,147,302	490,383	4,976,519	306,855
Other countries.....	500	43	304	20
Total.....	54,019,772	4,656,308	37,109,570	3,279,657
Fresh (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	290,007,772	22,636,778	274,183,636	22,922,136
British North America.....	37,105	2,173	144,890	9,676
West Indies and Bermuda.....	350,053	24,725	439,578	34,744
Other countries.....	1,000	66		
Total.....	290,356,930	22,653,742	274,768,074	22,966,556
Salted or Pickled, and other cured (lbs.)—Salted or pickled				
Other cured.....	67,112,940	3,514,126	44,464,479	2,398,467
Total.....	68,652,388	3,597,827	46,053,531	2,518,518
Exported to (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	38,080,224	2,127,315	19,279,027	1,125,707
France.....	236,749	11,371	523,775	17,011
Germany.....	4,049,383	252,247	4,332,150	271,011
Other Europe.....	7,416,354	379,556	5,637,339	293,543
British North America.....	5,736,157	248,220	3,361,157	155,528
Central American States and British Honduras.....	581,291	27,921	795,631	39,079
Mexico.....	4,220	250	8,275	492
Santo Domingo.....	61,650	2,612	52,600	2,718
Cuba.....	91,000	4,141	279,189	13,720
Puerto Rico.....	147,100	6,960	16,700	859
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	6,486,683	305,304	5,969,459	311,031
Brazil.....	81,900	3,601	22,400	1,237
Colombia.....	276,687	12,632	232,189	13,240
Other South America.....	3,232,811	153,416	3,123,675	173,027
Asia and Oceania.....	794,197	39,775	1,597,625	85,650
Africa.....	446,263	20,473	613,500	30,752
Other countries.....	18,900	813	18,500	961
Total beef, salted, etc.....	68,652,388	3,597,827	46,053,531	2,518,518
Tallow (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	24,527,265	898,996	41,611,299	1,508,528
France.....	18,823,183	615,424	9,603,964	351,545
Germany.....	9,277,708	330,545	11,193,548	445,231
Other Europe.....	14,439,717	534,074	11,413,748	422,424
British North America.....	2,76,013	2,282	7,137,375	27,357
Central American States and British Honduras.....	2,724,512	119,156	2,206,331	95,679
Mexico.....	907,216	38,561	639,742	24,361
Santo Domingo.....	538,562	21,037	785,763	30,338
Cuba.....	506,729	20,958	343,217	11,554
Puerto Rico.....	4,595	256	5,307	287
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	2,323,087	102,019	2,041,605	85,917
Brazil.....	222,675	9,236	572,245	25,070
Colombia.....	245,644	11,701	434,833	17,907
Other South America.....	310,694	13,126	453,419	20,033
Asia and Oceania.....	20,545	1,016	133,563	5,417
Africa.....	1,704	68	1,534	111
Other countries.....				
Total.....	75,108,834	2,752,595	81,741,509	3,111,611

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1897.		1898.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
<b>Hog Products.—Bacon (lbs.)—United Kingdom</b>	296,457,491	\$27,564,915	473,301,692	\$34,919,807
France	1,979,636	133,096	2,370,965	165,925
Germany	26,878,289	1,572,234	51,524,565	3,238,869
Other Europe	44,825,694	3,642,802	68,533,846	6,525,717
British North America	10,730,240	641,485	19,690,776	1,267,387
Central American States and British Honduras	281,230	19,348	217,532	16,698
Mexico	101,727	9,449	95,100	9,804
Santo Domingo	46,908	2,708	81,324	2,213
Cuba	10,581,819	574,402	10,786,352	673,008
Puerto Rico	618,015	33,233	486,891	32,018
Other West Indies and Bermuda	530,576	39,004	737,730	55,123
Brazil	16,770,305	1,012,132	7,857,354	508,171
Colombia	27,781	1,662	15,460	1,385
Other South America	321,353	21,538	390,001	20,223
China	20,372	2,650	35,655	4,685
Other Asia and Oceania	78,306	9,787	128,318	17,905
Africa	91,915	5,987	33,342	2,150
Other countries	300	22	.....	.....
<b>Total</b>	<b>500,399,448</b>	<b>\$4,187,147</b>	<b>650,108,983</b>	<b>\$4,389,918</b>
<b>Hams (lbs.)—United Kingdom</b>	134,933,004	18,008,512	153,549,559	14,587,748
France	316,624	30,078	1,182,618	117,513
Germany	2,943,983	299,216	11,963,631	1,109,550
Other Europe	15,648,739	1,544,715	19,902,394	1,938,425
British North America	3,070,486	301,751	6,738,345	513,129
Central American States and British Honduras	312,078	33,654	278,180	28,291
Mexico	264,049	28,976	211,471	22,790
Santo Domingo	62,984	7,316	59,918	6,716
Cuba	4,012,432	374,185	3,528,940	365,343
Puerto Rico	898,946	79,393	603,415	60,941
Other West Indies and Bermuda	1,275,843	128,501	1,594,123	139,290
Brazil	18,373	1,738	35,016	3,242
Colombia	172,921	14,999	156,081	13,905
Other South America	854,375	94,131	735,108	84,298
China	49,233	6,557	68,159	8,788
British Australasia	11,680	1,544	6,995	909
Other Asia and Oceania	275,387	35,906	347,856	41,695
Africa	119,956	12,469	152,025	18,333
Other countries	5,200	540	15,598	1,450
<b>Total</b>	<b>165,247,302</b>	<b>15,970,021</b>	<b>200,186,851</b>	<b>18,987,535</b>
<b>Pork (lbs.)—Fresh</b>	1,905,424	94,816	12,224,286	815,075
<b>Salted or pickled</b>	66,798,920	8,297,314	88,138,078	4,905,951
<b>Total</b>	<b>68,075,344</b>	<b>8,392,080</b>	<b>100,367,353</b>	<b>5,722,086</b>
<b>Exported to (lbs.)—United Kingdom</b>	19,005,770	1,098,919	31,611,733	2,014,655
France	121,550	8,037	112,900	5,670
Germany	1,902,637	101,639	9,417,089	594,859
Other Europe	2,936,896	170,896	13,529,392	904,817
British North America	12,389,896	561,850	15,751,791	867,101
Central American States and British Honduras	1,301,265	57,323	1,423,016	70,438
Santo Domingo	65,500	4,357	95,000	6,338
Cuba	222,690	10,006	267,600	14,108
Puerto Rico	3,450,200	152,411	3,555,700	175,219
Other West Indies and Bermuda	21,381,575	985,397	19,206,017	985,379
Brazil	315,400	17,984	32,300	2,045
Colombia	135,722	6,830	154,039	8,890
Other South America	3,907,250	175,595	4,242,440	218,508
Asia and Oceania	278,546	19,047	144,739	9,840
Africa	128,900	6,476	102,900	6,316
Other countries	107,535	5,331	130,359	7,539
<b>Total</b>	<b>68,075,344</b>	<b>8,392,080</b>	<b>100,367,353</b>	<b>5,722,086</b>
<b>Lard (lbs.)—United Kingdom</b>	192,116,083	10,040,739	241,077,735	13,807,640
France	20,964,560	1,082,293	31,307,239	1,129,181
Germany	106,192,478	8,317,050	233,944,879	12,880,843
Other Europe	107,780,559	5,495,187	128,648,100	7,031,963
British North America	5,372,233	249,758	6,456,740	347,311
Central American States and British Honduras	2,104,781	111,747	2,995,022	156,161
Mexico	7,195,747	332,235	3,408,758	177,236
Santo Domingo	420,634	25,077	498,797	29,652
Cuba	26,717,439	1,254,015	20,128,015	1,067,057
Puerto Rico	4,572,985	228,051	5,608,131	150,530
Other West Indies and Bermuda	6,993,212	408,022	6,482,058	418,457
Argentina	83,903	4,693	46,012	3,153
Brazil	12,356,584	714,823	15,392,339	973,900
Colombia	2,917,280	152,501	2,057,905	130,436
Other South America	11,625,901	645,087	10,587,490	681,623
Asia and Oceania	468,403	32,095	651,299	45,854
Africa	1,411,089	90,172	2,018,217	145,226
Other countries	51,731	2,774	41,900	2,493
<b>Total</b>	<b>568,315,640</b>	<b>29,125,485</b>	<b>709,344,045</b>	<b>39,719,677</b>

# EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

29

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1897.		1898.	
	Quant'ry.	Values.	Quant'ry.	Values.
Lard compounds, and substitutes for (scotolene, lardine, etc., lbs.)	16,291,991	895,708	21,343,025	\$1,118,650
Mutton, lbs.	891,055	28,341	829,160	27,361
Oil and oleomargarine (lbs.)—Oil, the oil.	113,303,152	6,742,061	132,579,277	7,004,413
Oleomargarine, imitation butter.	4,864,331	472,856	4,328,536	386,237
Total	118,370,509	7,214,917	138,007,815	8,296,710
Exported to—United Kingdom	7,667,389	476,172	9,054,137	551,425
Germany	24,887,340	1,388,082	31,394,087	1,911,780
Netherlands	70,188,741	4,355,595	81,452,169	4,578,533
Other Europe	10,283,392	552,103	11,680,553	688,194
Central American States and British Honduras	1,261,193	65,227	825,902	45,044
Mexico	2,610	261	10,130	1,254
Colombia	6,414	701	9,017	961
Other West Indies and Bermuda	2,573,307	200,225	1,703,119	170,000
Other South America	80,375	32,683	101,766	15,855
Asia and Oceania	92,768	9,789	198,806	22,140
Other countries	181,875	18,622	112,000	12,304
Total	118,370,509	7,214,917	138,007,815	8,296,710
Poultry and game	72,032	86,759	86,759	86,759
All other meat products	2,944,486	4,166,978	4,166,978	4,166,978
Dairy Products—Butter (lbs.)—United Kingdom	20,022,410	2,936,031	14,810,641	2,290,531
Germany	2,834,117	329,892	1,449,896	171,785
Other Europe	2,028,165	297,179	1,314,279	139,118
British North America	1,757,689	276,005	3,800,452	594,072
Central American States and British Honduras	288,208	45,737	273,893	43,631
Mexico	228,565	40,089	249,074	43,730
Santo Domingo	53,037	7,331	55,816	7,391
Cuba	38,130	16,475	42,715	5,897
Puerto Rico	33,525	4,009	18,900	2,407
Other West Indies and Bermuda	1,981,029	289,484	1,851,262	244,855
Brazil	318,781	10,333	749,659	32,101
Colombia	121,347	15,333	134,594	16,672
Other South America	675,235	87,393	151,938	19,522
China	25,396	4,021	31,535	4,988
Japan	87,140	15,654	115,295	20,067
Other Asia and Oceania	156,194	27,079	255,394	52,395
Africa	15,829	2,791	20,187	4,196
Other countries	11,056	1,580	36,275	5,580
Total	31,345,224	4,400,054	25,000,020	3,364,795
Cheese (lbs.)—United Kingdom	40,660,737	3,701,536	38,116,216	3,267,567
Germany	550	76	105	105
British North America	8,473,813	716,487	13,149,952	1,074,417
Other Europe	172,859	19,707	186,187	17,721
Central American States and British Honduras	153,623	15,519	123,641	14,436
Mexico	40,663	4,711	52,796	5,394
Santo Domingo	64,869	11,281	219,331	25,988
Cuba	26,478	3,022	12,167	1,335
Puerto Rico	854,565	103,718	706,813	90,493
Other West Indies and Bermuda	1,704	212	2,283	257
Brazil	91,880	11,294	91,458	11,082
Colombia	129,723	16,143	134,594	17,070
Other South America	41,890	4,383	44,304	4,817
China	40,065	4,403	35,594	3,867
Japan	137,008	20,065	241,215	26,071
Other Asia and Oceania	20,040	2,399	10,398	1,341
Other countries	50,944,617	4,636,023	53,167,280	4,559,224
Milk	594,908	67,130	67,130	67,130
Total provisions, etc.	137,138,084	105,910,441	105,910,441	105,910,441
Quicksilver, lbs.	1,131,901	449,359	489,469	414,598
Rice, lbs.	3,518,496	20,143	5,583,841	35,468
Rice bran, meal and polish, lbs.	1,131,901	449,359	489,469	414,598
Salt, lbs.	1,131,901	449,359	489,469	414,598
Seeds—Clover, lbs.	13,042,004	1,003,137	31,155,391	1,892,101
Cotton, lbs.	26,506,024	170,004	32,764,751	197,258
Flaxseed or linseed, bu.	4,713,747	8,850,835	257,228	231,237
Timothy, lbs.	16,738,083	574,457	10,236,790	317,173
Other grass seeds	429,379	107,100	149,346	149,346
All other	6,028,482	2,054,723	2,054,723	2,054,723
Total	6,028,482	2,054,723	2,054,723	2,054,723
Exported to—United Kingdom	3,063,905	1,063,377	1,063,377	1,063,377
France	124,508	44,304	44,304	44,304
Germany	201,753	80,313	80,313	80,313
Other Europe	1,329,453	451,861	451,861	451,861
British North America	330,345	107,100	107,100	107,100

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1897.		1898.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Central American States and British Honduras.....		\$10,074		\$5,387
Mexico.....		20,085		23,472
Santo Domingo.....		539		864
Cuba.....		8,456		2,612
Puerto Rico.....		837		19
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		8,956		8,970
Argentina.....		732		368
Brazil.....		1,583		858
Colombia.....		2,768		1,733
Other South America.....		4,905		2,345
China.....		500		909
British Australasia.....		52,996		76,134
Other Asia and Oceania.....		4,542		5,609
Africa.....		1,934		2,229
Total seeds.....		6,023,432		2,954,723
Shells.....				129,143
Silk, manufactures of.....		224,630		297,074
Soap—Toilet or fancy.....		201,564		275,935
Other.....	24,632,178	932,816	29,387,736	1,114,668
Total.....		1,136,890		1,300,608
Spermaceti and spermaceti wax.....	224,777	72,568	236,587	68,428
Spirits, Distilled (proof gals.)—Alcohol—Wood.....	416,725	140,046	385,988	199,230
Other, including pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.....	11,815	12,640	1,619,230	463,616
Brandy.....	908,338	1,102,267	24,896	29,455
Rum.....	569,413	422,451	607,634	845,673
Whisky—Bourbon.....	21,282	88,402	295,599	241,056
Rye.....	500,338	225,897	17,496	31,164
All other.....	2,327,966	1,941,703	86,909	30,149
Total.....		2,979,651		1,850,353
Starch.....	79,084,876	1,975,926	72,905,313	1,371,549
Stationery, except of paper.....		928,378		1,006,016
Stereotype and electrotype plates.....		69,505		61,482
Straw and palm leaf, manufactures of.....		306,418		317,468
Sugar and Molasses—Molasses.....				
Sirup.....	8,913,890	788,323	3,817,829	267,202
Sugar, brown.....	1,107,964	36,387	7,573,541	794,727
Sugar, Refined (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....			400,682	17,353
Germany.....	491,835	20,127	547,132	24,698
Other Europe.....	10,630	535	2,075	98
British North America.....	17,948	906	5,949	318
Central American States and British Honduras.....	45,795	2,854	74,151	4,563
Mexico.....	1,313,239	59,006	1,041,456	50,408
Santo Domingo.....	484,112	23,619	416,961	18,722
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	49,179	2,332	30,290	1,618
Colombia.....	2,368,838	115,732	1,789,814	96,977
Other South America.....	926,094	44,396	625,699	26,815
Asia and Oceania.....	43,793	2,422	62,355	5,204
Africa.....	936,213	44,974	1,261,167	57,257
Total.....	474,654	24,059	260,561	14,958
Candy and confectionery.....	7,197,355	841,641	6,047,608	801,511
Total sugar and molasses.....		543,631		730,865
Tin, manufactures of.....		1,708,962		2,111,658
Tobacco, and Manufactures of—Unmanuf'd (lbs.)—Leaf.....		300,441		263,366
Stems and trimmings.....	306,978,232	24,513,567	252,258,902	21,924,387
Total.....	8,963,369	197,879	10,761,312	947,343
Exported to (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	314,981,091	24,711,446	263,020,214	22,171,590
France.....	89,684,816	8,121,335	88,480,225	8,575,636
Germany.....	23,762,881	1,832,903	22,016,308	1,724,682
Other Europe.....	67,097,967	4,650,021	60,308,408	4,325,743
British North America.....	103,852,977	7,488,108	70,462,438	5,485,039
Central American States and British Honduras.....	15,415,909	1,563,832	7,163,731	700,995
Mexico.....	138,967	16,797	118,429	30,770
West Indies and Bermuda.....	1,458,871	109,152	1,814,095	135,636
Colombia.....	2,720,656	261,428	8,201,379	811,645
Other South America.....	67,790	5,020	236,145	12,994
Japan.....	18,366	2,406	55,029	8,957
British Australasia.....	1,118,017	92,578	1,173,617	100,393
Other Asia and Oceania.....	961,677	55,134	2,751,249	197,086
Africa.....	1,752,036	261,312	2,346,127	323,399
Total unmanufactured.....	314,981,091	24,711,446	263,020,214	22,171,590
Manufactures of—Cigars.....		1,962		37,891
Cigarettes.....		921,316		2,018,616

EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

41

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1897.		1898.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Plug.....lbs.		\$3024880	9449,002	\$2,077,664
All other.....				654,553
Total.....		5,025,817		4,818,498
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		1,589,950		1,188,080
France.....		16,912		18,052
Germany.....		199,749		134,998
Other Europe.....		345,759		838,873
British North America.....		64,459		62,128
Central American States and British Honduras.....		67,765		49,871
Mexico.....		118,235		25,914
Cuba.....		116,679		143,332
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		204,642		148,689
Argentina.....		50,467		2,382
Brazil.....		1,355		560
Colombia.....		1,259		8,748
Other South America.....		65,412		82,015
China.....		229,956		828,404
East Indies (British).....		125,071		138,908
Japan.....		407,577		474,236
British Australasia.....		949,895		1,217,989
Other Asia and Oceania.....		224,012		244,678
Africa.....		351,000		219,854
Other countries.....		690		4,062
Total manufactures of.....		5,025,817		4,818,498
Toys.....		134,792		177,668
Trunks, valises and traveling bags.....		100,382		104,412
Varnish.....gals.	409,569	431,761	398,641	422,683
Vegetables—Beans and peas.....bu.	900,219	1,110,387	850,184	1,004,094
Onions.....bu.	73,511	60,088	100,148	90,832
Potatoes.....bu.	926,646	515,067	605,187	460,666
Vegetables, canned.....		408,840		396,029
All other, including pickles and sauces.....		243,542		850,167
Total.....		2,337,924		2,381,788
Vessels sold to Foreigners (tons)—Steamers.....	1,425	189,413	678	120,493
Sailing vessels.....	144	2,427	2,267	24,300
Total.....	1,569	191,840	2,945	144,793
Vinegar.....gals.	93,989	11,572	108,637	12,939
Whalebone.....lbs.	111,040	393,003	128,470	882,786
Wine—in bottles.....doz.	16,794	69,444	9,672	46,721
In other coverings.....gals.	1,389,375	629,270	1,623,103	682,028
Total.....		698,714		728,749
Wood, and Manufactures of—Timber and unmanufactured wood—Sawed.....M feet	391,291	4,086,214	384,571	3,488,578
Hewn.....cubic feet	6,405,824	1,236,112	5,489,714	1,128,843
Logs and other.....		8,945,106		3,189,820
Total.....		9,217,432		7,757,291
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		4,332,373		3,032,929
France.....		230,167		327,622
Germany.....		1,385,979		1,356,621
Other Europe.....		1,185,419		1,211,365
British North America.....		1,185,430		1,103,031
Central American States and British Honduras.....		145,861		49,526
Mexico.....		276,449		296,569
Cuba.....		18,637		14,863
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		23,645		5,121
Argentina.....		33,799		11,728
Brazil.....		18,434		7,278
Colombia.....		21,284		23,737
Other South America.....		19,320		50,997
British Australasia.....		189,308		154,201
Other Asia and Oceania.....		83,687		90,257
Africa.....		141,059		45,246
Total timber and unmanufactured wood.....		9,217,432		7,757,291
Lumber (M feet)—Boards, deals and planks.....	876,689	13,076,247	790,682	12,080,395
Joists and scantling.....	36,253	423,875	85,007	387,623
Total.....	912,942	13,500,122	875,689	12,468,018
Exported to (M feet)—United Kingdom.....		143,184		2,853,717
France.....		19,763		384,143
Germany.....		28,154		801,046
Other Europe.....		104,338		2,004,829
British North America.....		62,443		1,007,263
Central American States and British Honduras.....		12,293		88,448
Mexico.....		76,627		843,300
Santo Domingo.....		4,125		88,000

## EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.

	1897.		1898.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Cuba.....	27,451	\$296,987	23,997	\$256,076
Puerto Rico.....	9,500	124,510	4,050	51,120
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	56,446	813,208	35,994	513,302
Argentina.....	81,186	999,491	75,098	877,302
Brazil.....	58,877	700,007	48,705	629,796
Colombia.....	4,868	56,211	4,355	56,838
Other South America.....	60,308	708,474	46,085	516,490
China.....	7,371	60,709	17,256	121,480
Japan.....	20,280	172,589	7,695	62,287
British Australasia.....	63,948	636,761	40,801	451,554
Other Asia and Oceania.....	32,033	323,415	43,503	419,710
Africa.....	44,691	726,012	22,455	247,330
Other countries.....	899	7,441	147	2,171
Total boards, deals, etc.....	912,943	13,500,122	636,398	12,467,989
Shingles..... M.....	58,508	103,281	50,524	101,010
Shooks-Box.....		529,492		496,990
Other..... No.....	695,859	507,006	553,079	557,295
Staves..... No.....		3,922,081	541,327	3,559,750
Heading.....		3,162,470		227,828
All other.....		557,404		3,256,890
Manufactures of—Doors, sash and blinds.....				817,516
Furniture, n. e. s.—Exported to—United Kingdom.....		965,152		1,027,468
France.....		183,394		234,447
Germany.....		255,073		814,533
Other Europe.....		218,006		269,732
British North America.....		681,901		628,434
Central American States and British Honduras.....		155,854		74,588
Mexico.....		197,854		157,095
Santo Domingo.....		12,016		11,687
Cuba.....		34,298		24,910
Puerto Rico.....		15,700		6,041
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		187,300		113,390
Argentina.....		89,638		62,234
Brazil.....		51,537		38,010
Colombia.....		40,881		33,410
Other South America.....		101,652		75,303
China.....		30,046		21,200
East Indies (British).....		16,051		18,555
Japan.....		27,845		27,424
British Australasia.....		205,059		185,324
Other Asia and Oceania.....		109,327		147,238
Africa.....		332,909		343,178
Other countries.....		2,030		3,578
Total.....		3,785,143		3,701,861
Furniture, n. e. s.....		3,785,143		3,701,861
Hogheads and barrels, empty.....		297,345		288,800
Trimnings, moldings, and other house finishings.....		197,934		257,494
Woodenware.....		581,480		500,042
Wood pulp..... lbs.....		3,253,110	60,428,161	598,570
All other.....		30,624,800		3,017,787
Total wood, and manufactures of.....				37,513,262
Wool, and Manufactures of—Wool, Raw (lbs.)—Exported to—United Kingdom.....	1,634,083	162,621		
Germany.....	23,083	1,800		
Other Europe.....	131,712	18,520	16,005	1,600
British North America.....	1,977,898	236,497	105,099	16,461
Mexico.....	1,636,952	140,800	50	10
Other countries.....	808	85		
Total wool, raw.....	5,271,535	619,922	121,139	13,071
Manufactures of—Carpets..... yds.....	247,213	189,579	192,891	164,274
Dress goods..... yds.....		72,943	80,979	41,472
Flannels and blankets.....		825,845		47,430
Wearing apparel.....		815,011		429,083
All other manufactures of.....		947,808		407,414
Total manufactures.....				1,089,632
Zinc, and Manufactures of—Ore..... tons.....	5,311	122,755	11,310	313,370
Manufactures of—Pigs, bars, plates and sheets..... lbs.....	35,969,937	1,756,617	25,892,221	1,261,346
All other manufactures of.....		72,943		68,430
Total, not including ore.....		1,829,560		1,339,816
All other articles.....		4,670,123		4,569,668
Total value of exports of domestic merchandise.....		108,007,008		137,052,007
Carried in cars and other land vehicles.....		50,308,554		67,056,227
American vessels—Steam.....		53,184,482		45,495,733
Steam.....		21,461,110		10,243,668
Foreign vessels—Steam.....		2,130,284		302,513,61
Sailing.....		181,022,10		65,182,172

# TOTAL VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE. 43

## SUMMARY-IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

(Fiscal years 1897-8.)

GROUPS.	1897.		1898.	
	Values.	Per ct.	Values.	Per ct.
<b>IMPORTS.</b>				
Free of Duty—Articles of food and live animals.....	\$124,012,998	32.45	\$105,081,027	38.0
Articles in a crude condition for domestic industry.....	194,554,240	50.95	155,241,519	58.2
Articles Manufactured—For mechanic arts.....	29,894,491	7.38	17,381,891	6.5
For consumption.....	24,750,275	6.49	9,941,519	3.1
Articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc.....	8,746,339	2.36	4,457,899	1.5
Total free of duty.....	381,958,243	100.00	291,892,948	100.0
Dutiable—Articles of food and live animals.....	121,153,211	30.48	75,518,984	28.5
Articles in a crude condition for domestic industry.....	20,352,895	5.51	49,202,399	15.1
Articles Manufactured—For mechanic arts.....	57,809,091	14.97	52,575,422	16.2
For consumption.....	109,684,851	28.64	73,829,173	22.5
Articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc.....	14,522,681	3.80	72,995,168	22.4
Total dutiable.....	382,732,149	100.00	324,623,211	100.0
Free and Dutiable—Articles of food and live animals.....	245,165,173	32.04	181,480,011	29.4
Articles in a crude condition for domestic industry.....	214,916,625	28.10	204,543,917	33.2
Articles Manufactured—For mechanic arts.....	87,173,513	11.40	69,957,989	11.8
For consumption.....	124,375,129	17.58	82,570,697	13.4
Articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc.....	68,038,970	10.96	77,453,561	12.5
Total imports of merchandise.....	764,730,413	100.00	616,005,159	100.0
Per cent of free.....		49.95		47.2
Duties collected.....	178,316,386		149,819,594	
Remaining in warehouse at the end of the month.....				
<b>EXPORTS.</b>				
Domestic—Products of—Agriculture.....	658,471,139	66.23	854,627,929	70.6
Manufactures.....	277,235,591	26.57	239,871,449	23.8
Mining.....	20,814,573	2.01	19,809,417	1.6
Forest.....	40,489,321	3.92	37,900,171	3.1
Fisheries.....	6,477,951	.63	5,598,925	.4
Miscellaneous.....	8,479,228	.84	8,551,306	.7
Total.....	1,032,007,609	100.00	1,210,292,097	100.0
Foreign—Free of duty.....	9,746,495	54.96	9,328,898	44.2
Dutiable.....	9,239,459	45.64	11,710,953	55.8
Total.....	18,985,954	100.00	21,039,851	100.0

## GOLD AND SILVER.

	1897.	1898.
Gold—Imports.....	\$95,014,730	\$120,391,674
Exports.....	40,361,580	15,408,291
Silver—Imports.....	20,533,287	30,934,561
Exports.....	61,946,059	55,105,239

## TONNAGE.

	VESSELS.	1897.	1898.
Entered—Sailing.....	tons	4,755,812	4,604,31
Steam.....	tons	19,004,938	20,740,51
Cleared—Sailing.....	tons	4,614,829	4,740,42
Steam.....	tons	19,004,938	20,858,77

## TOTAL VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN MERCHANDISE BY COUNTRIES.

During the twelve months ended June 30, 1897-98.

COUNTRIES.	IMPORTS.		EXPORTS.	
	1897.	1898.	1897.	1898.
<b>EUROPE.</b>				
Austria-Hungary.....	\$8,158,328	\$4,716,510	\$4,023,011	\$5,007,91
Azores and Madeira Islands.....	12,358	23,797	289,308	377,71
Belgium.....	14,082,414	8,741,231	33,371,550	47,600,81
Denmark.....	391,555	21,837	10,134,357	12,007,43
France.....	67,680,231	62,730,009	57,554,341	56,452,02
Germany.....	111,210,614	102,691,997	125,246,088	155,084,07
Gibraltar.....	26,462	32,519	332,245	304,42
Greece.....	732,792	910,383	110,768	127,52
Greenland, Iceland, etc.....	40,030	144,221		22
Italy.....	19,067,352	30,360,291	21,502,425	23,270,85
Malta, Gozo, etc.....	8,445	13,476	2,597	64,35
Netherlands.....	12,524,126	12,535,110	61,045,011	64,274,62
Portugal.....	2,294,293	2,645,323	2,550,059	3,502,02
Roumania.....		12	42,063	111,13
Russia, Baltic, etc.....	1,365,367	2,649,091	5,905,304	6,353,31
Russia, Black Sea.....	1,533,682	1,899,723	1,607,073	1,002,74
Servia.....	12,646	12,086		
Spain.....	8,631,973	3,575,896	10,913,745	10,228,51
Sweden and Norway.....	2,500,118	2,673,894	5,463,611	6,313,72
Switzerland.....	13,549,723	11,299,234	70,871	268,57

COUNTRIES.	IMPORTS.		EXPORTS.	
	1897.	1898.	1897.	1898.
Turkey in Europe.....	82,766,084	82,119,337	854,767	8139,075
United Kingdom.....	167,047,824	161,138,535	483,271,938	540,860,152
Total Europe.....	430,192,955	400,091,514	813,385,641	1,073,699,289
NORTH AMERICA.				
Bermuda.....	621,831	495,780	854,832	998,941
British Honduras.....	225,683	156,875	569,767	658,179
British North America—Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, etc.	5,751,302	4,282,541	4,247,724	4,587,513
Quebec, Ontario, etc.....	30,319,400	22,774,918	57,130,661	74,965,989
British Columbia.....	3,638,630	4,604,853	3,541,436	4,262,483
Newfoundland and Labrador.....	413,421	375,355	1,090,904	1,305,275
Total British North America.....	40,722,732	32,017,767	66,028,725	84,911,200
Central American States—Costa Rica.....	3,430,374	2,667,661	1,357,472	1,578,343
Guatemala.....	1,862,680	1,867,450	1,047,181	1,200,280
Honduras.....	847,230	844,533	734,991	702,171
Nicaragua.....	1,202,701	1,085,513	1,190,626	1,088,680
Salvador.....	1,112,554	806,514	1,619,568	747,984
Total Central American States.....	8,524,428	7,266,480	7,669,907	6,320,158
Mexico.....	18,511,572	19,000,137	23,421,064	21,206,284
Miquelon, Langley, etc.....	139,803	161,000	167,449	206,005
West Indies—British.....	12,285,886	10,664,410	7,943,259	8,382,740
Danish.....	967,289	827,759	81,765	707,022
Dutch.....	96,345	174,345	652,341	544,463
French.....	9,944	301,888	1,679,025	1,617,248
Haiti.....	1,460,234	1,127,079	5,832,388	2,968,459
Santo Domingo.....	2,332,424	2,131,046	1,068,639	1,151,258
Spanish—Cuba.....	18,406,815	15,282,477	8,239,776	9,661,656
Puerto Rico.....	2,181,021	2,414,556	1,068,888	1,505,946
Total West Indies.....	37,176,944	32,302,854	25,976,717	26,439,512
Total North America.....	105,324,058	91,171,325	124,958,361	130,635,280
SOUTH AMERICA.				
Argentina.....	10,772,627	5,915,875	6,384,984	6,429,070
Bolivia.....	.....	.....	5,155	19,675
Brazil.....	6,168,389	61,750,367	12,441,053	13,317,056
Chile.....	3,792,434	3,739,622	2,500,539	2,551,737
Colombia.....	4,790,653	5,185,295	8,807,163	3,377,507
Ecuador.....	565,626	765,540	734,885	853,160
Falkland Islands.....	.....	.....	800	1,010
Gulanas—British.....	3,601,956	3,058,806	1,345,936	1,792,912
Dutch.....	1,036,988	1,455,749	884,336	381,522
French.....	8,137	16,009	113,674	132,506
Paraguay.....	.....	.....	740	680
Peru.....	722,089	735,362	1,108,436	1,302,636
Uruguay.....	3,615,054	1,772,310	1,215,429	1,214,248
Venezuela.....	9,543,575	7,711,449	8,417,522	7,462,361
Total South America.....	67,389,405	92,060,526	33,768,646	33,821,971
ASIA.				
Aden.....	1,503,802	2,017,756	991,397	593,345
China.....	20,463,862	20,326,388	11,924,133	9,902,804
East Indies—British.....	20,567,122	27,238,459	8,844,911	4,605,855
Dutch.....	15,604,890	14,322,353	2,684,109	1,201,574
French.....	.....	.....	135,183	152,147
Portuguese.....	619	.....	.....	.....
Hongkong.....	923,842	746,517	6,660,039	6,265,290
Japan.....	24,029,739	25,224,102	13,253,478	20,562,126
Korea.....	.....	.....	246	123,359
Russia, Asiatic.....	201,421	117,650	413,342	618,015
Turkey in Asia.....	4,009,027	2,325,078	74,899	243,150
All other Asia.....	70,389	76,352	480,063	433,976
Total Asia.....	87,284,597	92,926,087	39,274,006	44,824,268
OCEANIA.				
Auckland, Fiji, etc.....	.....	.....	19,776	4,743
British Australasia.....	5,900,141	5,378,808	17,400,283	15,033,738
French Oceania.....	373,144	185,121	530,389	300,446
German Oceania.....	4,384	.....	11,102	8,939
Hawaiian Islands.....	13,687,794	17,187,570	4,800,075	5,906,351
Spanish Oceania.....	5,047	8,511	.....	4,503
Tonga, Samoa, etc.....	40,971	68,665	46,576	34,802
Philippine Islands.....	4,283,740	3,830,415	94,507	127,804
Total Oceania.....	24,400,439	26,850,220	22,652,773	21,991,381
AFRICA.				
British Africa.....	1,408,001	875,338	13,066,643	12,027,142
Canary Islands.....	49,004	35,283	207,878	254,827
French Africa.....	254,756	476,836	302,010	693,196
German Africa.....	96	.....	334	2,319
Liberia.....	7,029	6,670	11,445	12,683

## IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER.

45

COUNTRIES.	IMPORTS.		EXPORTS.	
	1897.	1898.	1897.	1898.
Madagascar.....	\$17,088	\$15,395	\$473,358	\$230,778
Portuguese Africa.....	25,255	15,343	1,800,953	2,808,168
Spanish Africa.....	.....	39	4,749	20,674
Turkey in Africa—Egypt.....	7,027,005	5,093,295	323,761	696,005
Tripoli.....	119,238	59,459	37	130,910
All other Africa.....	502,552	688,006	673,008	401,210
Total Africa.....	9,529,713	7,198,638	16,968,127	17,357,752
Grand total.....	704,730,412	616,065,159	105,098,656	123,182,050
RECAPITULATION.				
Europe.....	600,102,205	506,064,514	813,385,644	973,089,289
North America.....	103,924,053	91,171,923	124,958,461	139,635,289
South America.....	107,390,408	102,063,576	34,798,640	43,811,971
Asia.....	8,294,597	10,595,037	39,274,906	41,824,298
Oceania.....	24,100,438	26,850,220	22,452,773	21,991,381
Africa.....	9,529,713	7,198,638	16,968,127	17,357,752

## IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER COIN AND BULLION.

## EXPORTS BY COUNTRIES.

COUNTRIES.	GOLD.		SILVER.	
	1897.	1898.	1897.	1898.
France.....	\$13,989,041	\$11,016,535	\$1,632,896	\$1,082,250
Germany.....	18,478,682	1,300,840	17,321	945
United Kingdom.....	906,017	444,109	50,144,808	42,456,020
Other Europe.....	550,447	.....	13,200	100
Dominion of Canada—Quebec, Ontario, etc.....	3,629,140	3,191,356	111,552	143,586
British Columbia.....	174,545	15,972	13,895	25,245
Central American States.....	37,154	113,778	297,089	373,337
Mexico.....	4,592	11,158	104,787	1,190,071
West Indies—Haiti.....	920,049	343,771	2,000	900
Sanfo Domingo.....	30,281	187,569	250,491	339,900
Spanish (Cuba).....	.....	4,197,546	900	.....
Other West Indies.....	20,285	40,049	14,420	33,341
Other North America.....	167,440	211,741	7,124	1,900
Colombia.....	35,949	35,100	.....	25,650
Venezuela.....	149,596	105,422	679	.....
Other South America.....	9,800	22,710	42,988	15,820
China.....	.....	.....	1,534,250	973,468
East Indies (British).....	.....	.....	535,300	1,439,588
Hongkong.....	77,680	64,300	3,827,332	6,824,747
Japan.....	.....	.....	2,387,351	61,901
Hawaiian Islands.....	975,088	1,880,355	116,100	75,000
All other countries.....	2,752	.....	14,430	3,240
Total.....	40,361,580	15,406,381	61,946,638	55,105,238
Ore and bullion.....	15,518,874	2,009,155	56,411,533	47,717,444
Coin.....	24,842,706	13,397,226	5,535,105	7,387,794

## IMPORTS BY COUNTRIES.

COUNTRIES.	GOLD.		SILVER.	
	1897.	1898.	1897.	1898.
France.....	\$19,444,810	\$22,799,157	\$2,722	\$24,719
Germany.....	3,574,027	8,428,050	12,573	3,240
United Kingdom.....	40,390,216	43,133,738	60,406	25,006
Other Europe.....	28,395	543,724	1,102	1,985
British Honduras.....	8,174	35,970	353,986	193,220
Dominion of Canada—Quebec, Ontario, etc.....	1,310,324	4,707,466	79,592	69,822
British Columbia.....	2,690,197	3,427,358	2,639,410	3,371,257
Central American States.....	479,509	516,943	1,114,061	709,690
Mexico.....	4,823,890	5,122,284	25,068,145	25,025,065
West Indies—British.....	167,175	127,349	30,707	18,749
Spanish (Cuba).....	4,454,632	5,165,053	67,652	2,048
Other West Indies.....	82,391	538,729	295,552	65,104
Other North America.....	540,284	534,484	19,757	12,244
Colombia.....	370,132	238,505	273,827	137,565
Venezuela.....	182,548	630,287	10	49
Other South America.....	100,450	18,308	425,325	570,560
British Australasia.....	8,404,190	22,279,470	8,650	.....
Other Asia and Oceania.....	178,797	2,131,087	3,421	16,462
Africa.....	12,254	.....	5,840	.....
Total.....	95,014,780	120,391,674	30,533,227	30,024,538
Ore and bullion.....	15,357,502	31,287,488	23,556,989	23,100,668
Coin.....	79,657,278	89,104,186	6,976,238	7,794,540

## STATISTICS OF AGRICULTURE.

## THE WHEAT CROP OF THE WORLD.

(Prepared by Henry Hyde, Statistician, Department of Agriculture.)

COUNTRY.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.
	<i>Bushels.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>
United States.....	396,192,000	469,267,000	467,108,000	427,684,000	520,149,000
Canada.....	42,650,000	44,588,000	57,490,000	40,800,000	58,567,000
Mexico.....	15,000,000	18,000,000	14,000,000	8,000,000	12,000,000
Total North America.....	453,782,000	522,855,000	538,598,000	476,483,000	590,716,000
Argentina.....	57,000,000	80,000,000	60,000,000	48,000,000	32,000,000
Uruguay.....	5,703,000	8,915,000	10,000,000	6,000,000	8,000,000
Chile.....	19,000,000	16,000,000	15,000,000	12,000,000	10,500,000
Total South America.....	81,703,000	104,915,000	85,000,000	66,000,000	46,100,000
Austria.....	43,680,000	48,190,000	41,200,000	43,991,000	35,187,000
Hungary.....	158,425,000	141,868,000	146,000,000	150,680,000	89,913,000
Croatia-Slavonia.....	8,223,000	8,786,000	6,200,000	8,000,000	6,221,000
Bosnia-Herzegovina.....	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,050,000	2,000,000
Total Austria-Hungary.....	212,328,000	200,834,000	195,400,000	204,641,000	133,321,000
Montenegro.....	260,000	250,000	220,000	220,000	200,000
Servia.....	8,651,000	7,500,000	9,400,000	9,900,000	6,000,000
Roumania.....	60,135,000	45,587,000	68,503,000	69,200,000	36,448,000
Turkey in Europe.....	20,000,000	20,000,000	21,500,000	24,000,000	17,000,000
Bulgaria.....	23,987,000	20,600,000	37,000,000	45,800,000	30,736,000
Greece.....	6,500,000	5,500,000	4,000,000	4,800,000	3,000,000
Italy.....	133,227,000	121,586,000	106,181,000	132,000,000	86,919,000
Spain.....	93,484,000	106,000,000	92,000,000	83,000,000	88,647,000
Portugal.....	5,500,000	9,000,000	7,000,000	5,600,000	9,000,000
France.....	277,509,000	347,537,000	339,129,000	337,828,000	261,298,000
Switzerland.....	3,300,000	4,500,000	5,000,000	4,000,000	4,300,000
Germany.....	110,040,000	110,681,000	110,000,000	106,140,000	107,900,000
Belgium.....	17,300,000	19,800,000	18,000,000	17,216,000	19,000,000
Netherlands.....	4,971,000	4,946,000	5,000,000	5,400,000	4,400,000
Great Britain.....	50,800,000	61,038,000	88,348,000	58,861,000	53,327,000
Ireland.....	1,696,000	1,532,000	1,109,000	1,191,000	1,300,000
Total United Kingdom.....	52,496,000	62,570,000	89,457,000	60,052,000	54,627,000
Denmark.....	4,601,000	4,162,000	4,500,000	4,340,000	3,700,000
Sweden.....	3,888,000	4,467,000	3,794,000	4,671,000	4,572,000
Norway.....	275,000	275,000	290,000	300,000	300,000
Russia in Europe.....	461,861,000	418,225,000	376,885,000	365,148,000	296,338,000
Total Europe.....	1,514,298,000	1,621,029,000	1,443,238,000	1,484,301,000	1,146,356,000
Russia in Asia.....	76,937,000	87,608,000	83,499,000	75,000,000	98,925,000
British India.....	269,539,000	252,784,000	224,879,000	181,997,000	178,098,000
Asiatic Turkey.....	48,000,000	45,000,000	46,000,000	44,000,000	48,000,000
Persia.....	20,000,000	22,000,000	22,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000
Japan.....	16,848,000	16,000,000	16,500,000	16,000,000	18,000,000
Cyprus.....	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,200,000	2,400,000	2,400,000
Total Asia.....	431,384,000	425,392,000	404,578,000	389,397,000	358,960,000
Egypt.....	10,000,000	12,000,000	14,000,000	12,000,000	12,000,000
Tunis.....	4,000,000	10,700,000	7,500,000	5,000,000	6,000,000
Algeria.....	20,274,000	28,500,000	24,800,000	17,600,000	16,000,000
Cape Colony.....	4,014,000	3,195,000	2,542,000	3,200,000	2,300,000
Total Africa.....	38,288,000	54,795,000	48,842,000	38,400,000	36,300,000
New South Wales.....	7,032,000	6,706,000	7,263,000	5,359,000	9,183,000
Victoria.....	15,282,000	15,736,000	11,897,000	5,848,000	7,290,000
South Australia.....	9,531,000	14,047,000	8,027,000	6,116,000	2,890,000
West Australia.....	443,000	537,000	178,000	194,000	262,000
Tasmania.....	1,051,000	890,000	889,000	1,202,000	1,327,000
New Zealand.....	8,642,000	5,046,000	3,727,000	7,069,000	6,118,000
Queensland.....	477,000	426,000	562,000	128,000	680,000
Total Australasia.....	42,458,000	43,330,000	32,461,000	25,908,000	27,696,000

## RECAPITULATION BY CONTINENTS.

North America.....	453,782,000	522,850,000	538,598,000	476,483,000	590,716,000
South America.....	81,703,000	104,915,000	85,000,000	66,000,000	46,100,000
Europe.....	1,514,298,000	1,621,029,000	1,443,238,000	1,484,301,000	1,146,356,000
Asia.....	432,384,000	425,392,000	404,578,000	389,397,000	358,960,000
Africa.....	38,288,000	54,795,000	48,842,000	38,400,000	36,300,000
Australasia.....	42,458,000	43,330,000	32,461,000	25,908,000	27,696,000
Grand total.....	2,562,913,000	2,672,341,000	2,552,677,000	2,400,487,000	2,214,066,000

## STATISTICS OF THE PRINCIPAL FARM CROPS.

Acreage, production and value\* of the principal farm crops in the United States, 1866 to 1897

YEAR.	CORN.			WHEAT.		
	Area.	Production.	Value.	Area.	Production.	Value.
1866	45,000,538	867,466,295	\$411,450,390	15,424,496	151,999,906	\$232,109,690
1867	32,520,249	705,620,000	437,799,768	18,421,561	212,441,400	305,357,406
1868	34,897,248	906,627,000	424,096,549	18,469,132	224,036,000	243,082,746
1869	37,103,345	874,520,000	522,550,459	19,194,004	230,146,900	199,029,000
1870	38,046,977	1,094,255,000	591,520,156	18,962,501	235,884,700	222,796,989
1871	34,491,187	901,888,000	450,355,910	19,040,368	230,525,400	264,075,851
1872	35,829,896	1,092,719,000	585,736,210	20,898,359	249,007,100	278,522,088
1873	39,197,148	932,374,000	411,961,151	22,171,676	241,254,700	300,669,533
1874	41,690,918	800,148,500	406,251,255	24,065,027	309,102,700	365,981,167
1875	44,841,371	1,321,099,000	484,674,824	26,981,512	262,136,000	361,306,926
1876	49,633,964	1,286,937,500	436,109,321	27,627,021	299,656,500	278,697,228
1877	50,062,118	1,342,568,000	467,035,330	26,277,546	304,194,148	365,080,444
1878	51,996,010	1,326,218,750	440,280,517	32,108,500	439,125,400	325,914,119
1879	53,095,450	1,547,901,700	580,496,217	32,545,450	444,738,850	497,082,142
1880	62,317,812	1,717,431,543	679,714,499	37,896,717	498,549,968	474,201,850
1881	64,292,025	1,194,916,000	759,482,170	47,702,020	583,261,080	456,890,427
1882	65,656,515	1,617,025,100	783,867,175	37,007,194	504,186,470	445,632,122
1883	68,301,889	1,551,046,896	668,061,485	36,466,568	421,086,160	383,646,272
1884	69,081,780	1,736,628,000	640,785,590	39,475,985	512,765,000	380,862,390
1885	70,190,150	1,836,176,000	635,674,830	34,189,246	357,112,000	273,923,800
1886	75,024,208	1,685,441,000	610,311,000	38,808,184	457,216,000	314,236,020
1887	72,820,720	1,456,161,000	646,106,770	37,641,788	456,329,000	310,612,960
1888	75,622,763	1,987,790,000	677,361,580	37,392,188	415,869,000	386,248,000
1889	73,019,651	2,112,822,000	687,459,329	38,123,850	404,390,000	342,484,707
1890	71,096,703	1,459,670,000	754,453,451	36,867,154	392,362,000	334,773,678
1891	76,304,151	2,000,154,000	839,432,228	39,916,397	401,790,000	312,472,711
1892	79,629,658	1,628,964,000	642,146,630	38,334,430	515,340,000	623,111,861
1893	72,036,466	1,919,407,131	501,625,127	34,629,118	336,131,725	218,171,381
1894	62,892,369	1,712,770,052	664,719,162	34,982,436	400,267,416	225,902,026
1895	62,075,830	2,151,138,580	544,186,534	34,047,332	467,102,947	237,938,998
1896	61,027,156	2,280,875,165	491,006,367	34,618,646	427,084,348	310,602,589
1897	60,006,051	1,902,967,963	561,072,952	39,465,086	530,149,168	428,547,121

YEAR.	OATS.			RYE.		
	Area.	Production.	Value.	Area.	Production.	Value.
1866	8,904,219	595,141,078	\$94,057,045	1,545,083	20,864,944	\$17,149,716
1867	10,109,416	778,688,000	123,902,566	1,698,175	23,181,000	22,320,584
1868	9,046,736	284,960,000	106,265,176	1,451,421	23,504,300	21,849,180
1869	9,461,441	398,334,000	103,521,734	1,667,564	22,327,900	17,941,861
1870	8,792,885	247,377,400	96,443,487	1,176,137	15,478,600	11,328,967
1871	8,065,009	255,745,000	92,597,159	1,069,681	15,965,500	10,927,628
1872	9,000,769	277,747,000	91,303,618	1,048,054	14,888,600	10,071,051
1873	9,751,700	270,540,000	91,474,161	1,150,455	15,142,000	10,628,258
1874	10,397,412	240,560,000	113,125,464	1,110,716	14,940,300	11,610,329
1875	11,015,075	334,347,500	113,441,491	1,369,788	17,722,100	11,994,223
1876	12,838,008	720,884,000	103,644,496	1,468,574	20,374,800	12,554,970
1877	12,836,149	406,394,000	115,544,194	1,412,302	21,170,100	12,201,759
1878	13,776,400	419,578,400	101,752,498	1,622,700	25,742,700	13,586,002
1879	12,685,400	363,791,200	124,593,884	1,635,450	25,682,160	15,507,491
1880	16,187,777	417,895,800	150,252,045	1,707,419	24,540,329	18,554,560
1881	16,830,000	416,001,000	109,108,700	1,769,100	20,704,860	19,327,415
1882	18,194,891	498,250,610	182,578,222	2,237,394	29,900,037	18,439,194
1883	20,024,932	671,302,400	187,040,164	2,414,754	28,056,362	16,300,506
1884	21,000,917	583,628,000	161,526,470	2,348,263	28,610,000	14,837,040
1885	22,363,380	629,409,000	175,621,160	2,129,801	21,766,000	12,584,820
1886	22,689,474	624,174,000	189,187,480	2,129,018	24,489,000	13,981,580
1887	25,080,406	639,618,000	300,409,790	2,063,447	20,625,000	11,283,140
1888	26,396,282	701,735,000	195,434,540	2,364,306	28,416,000	16,721,999
1889	27,462,016	751,616,000	171,781,076	2,471,626	28,438,400	17,000,752
1890	26,421,859	629,621,000	220,019,168	2,141,833	26,967,472	16,229,622
1891	25,841,861	778,594,000	228,312,167	2,176,466	31,151,868	24,569,217
1892	27,060,535	841,035,000	268,263,111	2,103,157	27,378,324	15,100,056
1893	22,773,633	699,694,450	187,579,422	2,009,485	26,565,446	13,612,322
1894	27,193,453	692,036,228	214,816,190	1,944,780	26,727,615	13,266,476
1895	27,676,406	824,443,587	259,653,688	1,880,145	27,210,070	11,994,896
1896	27,663,045	707,316,404	263,466,183	1,861,301	24,902,047	9,930,769
1897	26,700,375	698,767,909	147,974,179	1,708,361	27,603,224	12,269,647

\*All values in this and the following tables are in gold.

**STATISTICS OF THE PRINCIPAL FARM CROPS.—CONTINUED.**  
**Acreage, production and value of the principal farm crops in the United States, 1866 to 1897.**

YEAR.	BARLEY.			BUCKWHEAT.		
	Area.	Production.	Value.	Area.	Production.	Value.
	<i>Acres.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>		<i>Acres.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>	
1866.....	1,092,333	11,284,007	87,916,842	1,016,424	22,791,339	\$15,413,160
1867.....	1,181,217	12,727,000	10,027,746	1,257,336	28,881,000	16,811,020
1868.....	1,057,496	22,806,000	54,948,127	1,174,938	19,893,700	15,491,020
1869.....	1,125,736	28,632,000	20,238,164	1,029,983	17,431,100	12,534,451
1870.....	1,106,364	26,236,000	21,792,213	596,192	9,841,500	6,947,471
1871.....	1,172,785	26,718,000	20,364,015	413,015	8,828,700	6,208,165
1872.....	1,267,022	26,840,000	18,415,889	418,897	8,133,500	5,979,222
1873.....	1,267,106	22,044,000	27,794,229	454,152	7,857,700	5,478,229
1874.....	1,260,626	22,552,000	27,997,524	452,490	8,016,000	5,843,445
1875.....	1,780,022	26,908,000	27,367,522	575,380	10,082,100	6,254,464
1876.....	1,791,511	36,710,000	24,402,691	693,441	9,968,800	6,435,396
1877.....	1,711,854	34,441,000	21,629,130	649,225	10,177,000	6,980,180
1878.....	1,730,400	42,246,000	24,454,301	675,190	12,246,000	6,641,240
1879.....	1,680,700	40,283,000	23,714,444	769,400	13,140,000	7,896,491
1880.....	1,843,329	45,145,446	30,080,742	822,402	14,417,535	8,492,488
1881.....	1,367,510	41,161,300	33,862,513	828,915	9,486,300	8,205,105
1882.....	2,272,103	48,564,286	30,768,015	847,112	11,013,353	8,008,462
1883.....	2,279,009	50,136,697	29,420,423	857,549	7,998,654	6,302,480
1884.....	2,016,318	61,208,000	29,779,170	879,408	11,116,000	8,549,020
1885.....	2,720,359	58,500,000	32,967,696	914,394	12,626,000	7,097,263
1886.....	2,532,957	60,426,000	31,840,510	917,015	11,800,000	6,465,120
1887.....	2,601,953	60,812,000	29,464,394	910,006	10,844,000	6,172,120
1888.....	2,590,362	63,894,000	37,672,032	912,300	12,060,000	7,627,947
1889.....	3,230,854	78,482,076	32,614,271	887,162	12,110,329	6,113,119
1890.....	3,155,802	67,168,344	42,140,502	844,719	12,432,831	7,271,488
1891.....	3,569,579	80,859,153	45,470,842	849,342	12,700,832	7,371,488
1892.....	3,400,351	80,036,782	38,026,062	801,451	12,146,185	6,256,463
1893.....	3,270,371	80,892,495	38,729,386	815,614	12,122,311	7,054,450
1894.....	3,170,902	61,400,465	37,131,127	799,232	12,098,200	7,000,398
1895.....	3,000,973	87,072,744	29,312,413	768,777	15,341,396	6,906,225
1896.....	2,660,599	89,085,223	22,491,241	754,966	14,080,793	5,522,339
1897.....	2,719,116	66,085,127	25,142,139	717,336	14,907,451	6,319,188

YEAR.	POTATOES.			HAY.		
	Area.	Production.	Value.	Area.	Production.	Value.
	<i>Acres.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>		<i>Acres.</i>	<i>Tons.</i>	
1866.....	1,000,381	107,300,076	\$50,722,553	17,693,904	21,778,627	\$20,565,771
1867.....	1,192,195	97,783,000	44,462,486	20,020,554	26,277,000	28,300,623
1868.....	1,131,562	106,000,000	62,508,800	21,541,573	26,141,900	26,500,235
1869.....	1,222,250	103,896,000	57,481,362	18,591,281	26,133,000	26,500,148
1870.....	1,265,119	114,775,000	74,621,919	19,981,905	24,525,000	24,574,234
1871.....	1,291,913	120,461,700	64,005,189	19,000,052	22,340,400	31,568,799
1872.....	1,331,351	113,516,000	60,022,129	20,348,286	23,512,300	30,024,517
1873.....	1,286,139	106,080,000	69,153,709	21,804,484	25,065,100	314,241,187
1874.....	1,310,941	107,981,000	65,235,314	21,799,772	25,135,900	30,222,454
1875.....	1,310,941	106,857,000	67,397,515	22,923,264	27,863,800	30,937,399
1876.....	1,741,833	123,825,000	77,079,541	25,282,757	30,807,100	32,091,322
1877.....	1,790,287	170,092,000	74,272,400	25,467,708	31,429,000	34,879,196
1878.....	1,776,900	124,126,450	72,023,575	26,461,300	30,008,296	29,613,026
1879.....	1,846,400	181,629,000	79,158,773	27,484,901	35,403,000	32,800,494
1880.....	2,042,510	167,659,770	81,032,214	31,026,355	37,023,233	37,811,164
1881.....	2,041,770	169,145,494	86,201,341	30,898,700	35,165,064	413,181,696
1882.....	2,171,885	170,972,008	95,804,444	32,039,585	38,139,049	37,170,795
1883.....	2,280,375	206,164,425	87,840,391	35,515,948	40,964,008	34,844,451
1884.....	2,220,680	190,642,000	75,824,380	38,571,568	48,470,480	30,130,000
1885.....	2,236,423	175,029,000	78,163,400	39,849,701	44,791,650	30,732,773
1886.....	2,287,136	198,061,000	79,441,440	36,301,888	47,796,499	35,437,199
1887.....	2,265,422	194,100,000	79,590,740	37,094,739	47,454,558	413,440,165
1888.....	2,239,850	202,268,000	81,413,389	38,201,303	46,643,604	48,400,265
1889.....	2,447,899	204,960,445	72,704,413	62,942,236	69,820,612	47,574,448
1890.....	2,251,579	148,079,445	112,306,235	50,712,513	60,197,569	47,500,472
1891.....	2,714,770	254,426,971	91,024,521	51,044,490	60,577,771	44,113,616
1892.....	2,547,362	159,664,419	101,547,520	50,860,081	59,628,735	49,447,796
1893.....	2,085,195	183,034,003	108,061,101	49,613,169	65,795,158	57,882,372
1894.....	2,737,973	179,787,388	91,536,787	44,391,272	54,554,408	49,858,571
1895.....	2,645,352	205,205,570	78,984,801	47,076,541	54,106,541	30,186,516
1896.....	2,767,465	232,554,440	79,192,560	43,200,756	59,263,158	39,145,614
1897.....	2,654,577	164,015,664	70,043,059	42,406,770	60,004,976	40,380,728

## STATISTICS OF THE PRINCIPAL FARM CROPS.—CONTINUED.

Acreage, production and value of the principal farm crops in the United States, 1866 to 1897.

YEAR.	TOBACCO.			COTTON.		
	Area.	Production.	Value.	Area.	Production.	Value.
	<i>Acrea.</i>	<i>Pounds.</i>		<i>Acrea.</i>	<i>Bales.</i>	
1866	530,107	588,128,684	\$57,338,393	2,087,254	\$204,561,820	
1867	494,353	512,724,000	29,572,690	2,519,554	199,583,511	
1868	427,180	320,982,000	20,822,873	2,396,467	226,704,168	
1869	481,101	273,775,000	25,520,065	7,933,000	3,122,551	261,087,007
1870	330,698	350,628,000	24,010,018	9,985,000	4,562,817	282,703,084
1871	330,709	263,196,100	23,267,645	8,911,000	2,374,551	212,672,801
1872	416,512	342,391,000	31,647,817	9,660,000	3,360,508	240,552,625
1873	480,878	352,810,000	28,421,793	10,816,000	4,170,398	289,553,484
1874	291,692	178,355,000	21,095,515	10,985,000	3,832,991	228,115,096
1875	560,042	379,547,000	26,483,881	11,555,000	4,332,313	255,108,944
1876	540,457	381,002,000	25,323,894	11,500,000	4,474,089	211,635,041
1877	513,450	322,546,700	22,083,240	11,825,000	4,773,895	255,751,119
1878	402,100	301,278,550	22,797,524	12,566,800	4,684,942	180,467,701
1879	402,516	446,296,880	36,414,615	12,566,500	4,735,082	242,140,285
1880	646,239	449,890,014	43,372,336	15,475,500	6,708,942	280,296,245
1881	671,522	513,077,368	43,189,560	16,791,567	5,495,048	309,024,507
1882	658,739	451,545,641	40,455,962	16,777,943	5,700,000	284,335,754
1883	724,698	541,504,000	44,190,151	17,483,612	5,992,000	253,353,368
1884	752,520	562,736,000	43,265,398	18,900,963	6,575,300	269,869,511
1885	750,210	532,537,000	39,498,218	18,454,000	6,254,499	300,391,389
1886	708,230	398,240,000	40,377,259	18,641,097	7,030,269	357,372,455
1887	747,326	585,735,000	43,696,665	19,058,391	6,940,808	354,454,540
1888	683,301	488,556,619	32,308,740	20,171,806	7,472,511	402,361,814
1889	722,138	522,215,116	43,100,532	20,903,053	8,052,507	380,098,850
1890	742,945	556,877,000	47,492,584	20,714,937	9,016,379	380,513,379
1891	725,186	498,621,686	46,728,560	18,007,924	6,700,395	362,252,289
1892	702,352	483,623,963	39,155,442	19,525,000	7,483,000	274,479,637
1893	523,103	406,678,395	27,790,179	23,685,360	9,746,415	287,120,811
1894	633,331	491,544,000	35,574,220	20,184,368	7,161,084	290,338,084
1895	504,749	403,004,320	24,298,070	23,273,269	8,532,705	291,611,569
1896						
1897						

AVERAGE VALUE AND YIELD OF CEREAL CROPS IN THE UNITED STATES  
by geographical divisions and by periods of years. (Values are in gold.)

GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISION AND PERIOD.	CORN.			WHEAT.			OATS.		
	<i>Av. farm price per bu.</i>	<i>Av. yield p. r acre.</i>	<i>Av. value per acre.</i>	<i>Av. farm price per bu.</i>	<i>Av. yield per acre.</i>	<i>Av. value per acre.</i>	<i>Av. farm price per bu.</i>	<i>Av. yield per acre.</i>	<i>Av. value per acre.</i>
North Atlantic—									
1870 to 1879	\$0.65	34.8	\$23.00	\$1.33	14.2	\$18.94	\$0.43	31.6	\$13.54
1880 to 1889	.59	30.7	18.11	1.02	13.3	13.61	.39	28.4	11.00
1890 to 1896	.53	32.0	16.81	.81	14.9	11.99	.35	27.3	9.68
South Atlantic—									
1870 to 1879	.66	15.0	9.89	1.31	9.0	11.81	.51	15.6	7.94
1880 to 1889	.57	13.7	7.90	1.02	8.3	8.49	.48	11.3	5.44
1890 to 1896	.50	14.4	7.29	.80	9.4	7.47	.44	13.1	5.77
North Central—									
1870 to 1879	.33	32.3	10.56	.98	13.0	12.50	.28	30.8	8.67
1880 to 1889	.32	28.9	9.41	.79	12.6	9.94	.26	31.0	8.17
1890 to 1896	.30	24.4	8.46	.62	13.3	8.28	.25	27.2	6.85
South Central—									
1870 to 1879	.56	21.2	12.21	1.11	9.0	9.98	.48	20.5	9.87
1880 to 1889	.50	18.5	9.19	.91	8.1	7.34	.44	15.8	6.99
1890 to 1896	.44	18.8	8.37	.73	9.8	7.15	.39	17.7	6.94
Western—									
1870 to 1879	.88	31.0	27.26	1.10	13.9	15.18	.62	32.5	20.00
1880 to 1889	.72	26.3	18.84	.80	14.1	11.31	.46	29.5	13.55
1890 to 1896	.57	23.4	13.30	.68	14.7	9.95	.39	30.7	11.94
The United States—									
1870 to 1879	.426	27.1	11.54	1.049	12.4	13.00	.333	28.4	10.00
1880 to 1889	.383	24.1	9.46	.827	11.1	9.98	.309	26.6	8.22
1890 to 1896	.355	24.1	8.55	.658	13.0	8.54	.286	25.3	7.22

## CORN.

Acres, average yield per acre, average farm price, monthly range of cash prices at Chicago in December and May, and domestic exports (including cornmeal).

Y'RS.	Acres.	Average yield per acre.	Production.	Average farm price.	Value.	CHICAGO PRICE. No. 2.				Exports. Fiscal yrs. beginning July 1.
						December.		May of following year.		
						Cts. per bu. Low.	Cts. per bu. High.	Cts. per bu. Low.	Cts. per bu. High.	
1869	35,103,245	23.6	814,330,000	53.8	522,550,509	56	67	73	85	2,140,487
1870	38,546,977	28.3	1,094,255,000	49.4	540,520,456	41	59	46	52	10,676,873
1871	34,091,137	29.1	991,826,000	45.4	490,355,910	36	39	28	43	35,727,010
1872	35,526,836	30.8	1,091,719,000	35.3	385,736,210	27	28	34	39	40,151,374
1873	39,107,148	23.8	932,274,000	44.2	411,961,151	40	49	49	59	35,985,834
1874	41,696,918	20.7	850,148,500	58.4	496,271,255	64	76	53	67	30,025,666
1875	44,811,371	29.4	1,321,069,000	36.7	484,674,804	40	47	41	45	50,910,552
1876	49,033,364	26.2	1,283,827,500	34.0	436,108,321	40	45	45	54	72,652,611
1877	50,399,113	26.7	1,342,558,000	34.8	467,335,230	41	49	45	54	87,192,110
1878	51,585,000	26.9	1,388,218,700	31.7	410,280,517	30	32	33	36	87,884,822
1879	53,085,430	29.2	1,541,541,700	37.5	580,496,217	39	43½	32½	39½	99,572,329
1880	62,317,842	27.6	1,717,434,543	33.6	679,174,409	35½	42	41½	45	90,948,147
1881	64,282,025	18.6	1,191,916,000	63.6	759,482,170	59½	63½	69	76½	44,300,883
1882	65,639,545	24.6	1,617,025,100	48.5	788,867,175	49½	61	53½	56½	41,655,053
1883	68,701,880	22.7	1,551,060,805	42.4	658,051,485	54½	63½	52½	57	46,258,006
1884	69,683,780	26.5	1,786,526,000	35.7	630,745,560	34½	40½	41½	49	52,576,456
1885	73,130,150	29.5	1,895,176,000	32.8	685,674,630	36	42½	34½	36½	64,829,617
1886	75,994,208	22.0	1,655,441,000	36.9	610,311,000	35½	38	30½	35½	41,908,584
1887	72,392,730	20.1	1,456,161,000	44.4	646,105,770	47	51½	54	60	25,300,869
1888	75,672,763	26.3	1,987,730,000	34.1	677,561,580	39½	45½	39½	43	70,431,673
1889	78,319,631	27.0	2,132,862,000	28.3	597,918,829	29½	35	32½	35	103,418,709
1890	71,870,763	20.7	1,489,970,000	40.6	594,433,451	47½	54	55	69½	52,041,329
1891	76,204,515	27.0	2,090,154,000	40.6	836,430,224	39½	59	49½	100	76,602,256
1892	70,626,638	25.1	1,628,954,000	39.4	642,145,630	40	42½	39½	44½	47,121,894
1893	72,166,465	22.5	1,619,496,131	36.5	591,625,627	41½	36½	36½	38½	66,486,599
1894	62,562,296	19.4	1,212,770,652	45.7	554,719,162	41½	47½	47½	56½	28,685,405
1895	82,075,830	26.2	2,151,138,280	25.3	544,985,534	25	29½	27½	29½	101,100,375
1896	81,027,156	28.2	2,282,635,165	21.5	491,006,967	22½	29½	23	25½	178,812,417
1897	80,065,661	23.8	1,902,367,343	26.3	501,072,362	25	27½			

\*Result of a corner.

## WHEAT.

Acres, average yield per acre, average farm price, monthly range of cash prices at Chicago in December and May, and domestic exports (including wheat flour).

Y'RS.	Acres.	Average yield per acre.	Production.	Average farm price.	Value.	CHICAGO PRICE. No. 2 SPRING.				Exports. Fiscal yrs. beginning July 1.
						December.		May of following year.		
						Cts. per bu. Low.	Cts. per bu. High.	Cts. per bu. Low.	Cts. per bu. High.	
1869	19,181,004	13.4	257,142,000	76.5	199,024,906	63	76	79	92	53,900,780
1870	18,902,591	12.4	235,884,700	94.4	222,795,381	91	98	113	120	62,580,111
1871	19,943,863	17.6	350,722,100	114.5	264,075,851	107	111	120	143	38,995,755
1872	20,868,530	11.9	249,997,100	111.4	275,322,068	97	108	112	122	52,014,715
1873	22,171,076	12.7	281,264,400	106.9	300,929,533	96	106	105	114	91,510,388
1874	21,967,027	12.3	268,102,700	86.3	265,881,467	78	83	78	94	72,912,817
1875	26,381,512	11.1	292,136,000	88.5	281,336,326	82	91	80	100	71,730,082
1876	27,627,021	10.4	284,124,165	105.7	305,089,444	104	117	130	172	57,063,366
1877	26,277,516	13.9	364,136,116	105.7	385,089,444	104	108	98	113	92,071,726
1878	32,108,501	13.1	420,122,600	77.6	325,814,119	81	81	91	102	150,550,306
1879	32,345,950	13.8	446,556,630	119.8	467,030,132	122	133½	112½	119	180,304,180
1880	37,986,717	13.1	498,542,868	95.1	474,304,890	103½	109½	101	112½	186,321,514
1881	37,709,020	10.2	383,280,000	119.2	456,880,427	124½	129	123	140	121,892,889
1882	37,067,194	13.6	504,168,470	88.2	445,002,125	91½	94½	108	113½	147,811,516
1883	36,455,563	11.6	421,090,100	91.1	388,646,272	91½	99½	85	94½	111,534,182
1884	30,473,885	13.0	412,765,000	61.5	330,922,390	69½	76½	69½	79	132,570,326
1885	34,785,216	10.4	357,112,000	77.1	276,330,360	87½	88	73½	89½	94,535,768
1886	36,806,184	12.4	457,218,000	68.7	314,226,020	79½	79½	71½	86½	153,894,909
1887	37,641,783	12.1	455,828,000	92.6	385,218,680	98½	105½	87½	95½	119,624,844
1888	37,536,136	11.1	417,560,000	69.8	287,401,707	70½	80½	89½	100	88,600,742
1889	38,123,850	12.9	493,262,000	83.8	364,773,678	87½	92½	89½	108	108,430,467
1890	36,067,164	11.1	401,170,000	83.9	313,472,711	89½	93½	80	85½	106,181,316
1891	33,916,897	15.3	511,780,000	62.4	321,111,881	69½	73½	68½	76½	222,065,612
1892	34,029,418	11.4	386,131,725	59.8	213,771,381	59½	61½	53½	60½	164,280,120
1893	34,882,436	13.2	460,267,416	49.1	235,942,025	52½	59½	60½	65½	144,812,718
1894	34,047,362	13.7	467,102,367	50.9	237,369,998	53½	61½	57½	67½	145,465,368
1895	34,618,640	12.4	427,684,346	72.6	310,002,530	74½	85½	68½	97½	145,124,972
1897	39,465,060	13.4	530,149,168	80.8	428,547,121	92	109			

## FARM PRICES.

Table showing final estimates of average farm prices of various agricultural products,  
December 1, 1897.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Corn, per bushel.	Wheat, per bushel.	Rye, per bushel.	Oats, per bushel.	Barley, per bushel.	Buckwheat, per bushel.	Potatoes, Irish, per bushel.	Potatoes, sweet, per bushel.	Hay, per ton.	Cotton, per pound.
	Cts.	Cts.	Cts.	Cts.	Cts.	Cts.	Cts.	Cts.		Cts.
Maine.....	47	106	82	82	55	44	89	90	75	
New Hampshire.....	45	110	84	88	60	55	90	11	50	
Vermont.....	43	104	80	83	48	46	70	9	25	
Massachusetts.....	47	.....	81	88	56	58	90	13	50	
Rhode Island.....	54	.....	.....	84	54	.....	97	14	50	
Connecticut.....	49	100	80	84	57	57	90	13	00	
New York.....	40	90	48	37	42	40	67	90	8	25
New Jersey.....	38	93	50	30	.....	49	78	76	10	75
Pennsylvania.....	34	91	43	27	39	42	65	74	9	15
Delaware.....	30	94	.....	23	.....	36	68	10	00	
Maryland.....	30	93	46	26	.....	51	68	10	50	
Virginia.....	38	92	50	29	.....	70	70	10	25	5
North Carolina.....	43	94	60	37	.....	64	84	9	75	5
South Carolina.....	49	118	86	45	.....	105	40	11	50	5
Georgia.....	48	106	92	49	.....	100	45	14	25	5
Florida.....	55	.....	118	53	.....	120	45	14	25	5
Alabama.....	46	101	118	43	.....	94	48	10	25	4
Mississippi.....	45	99	.....	44	.....	82	51	9	50	4
Louisiana.....	45	.....	.....	38	.....	85	41	8	75	4
Texas.....	41	89	72	37	43	95	57	7	25	4
Arkansas.....	40	84	86	33	.....	84	56	8	50	4
Tennessee.....	36	95	58	28	59	57	73	61	10	75
West Virginia.....	40	89	51	30	.....	49	65	66	8	85
Kentucky.....	35	89	58	37	40	67	67	64	10	00
Ohio.....	25	88	44	30	40	60	63	78	6	25
Michigan.....	27	87	43	23	40	58	63	75	7	75
Indiana.....	21	89	44	19	44	49	62	80	6	15
Illinois.....	21	89	44	18	38	57	62	80	6	15
Wisconsin.....	25	84	41	19	32	36	38	.....	6	25
Minnesota.....	24	77	37	19	24	45	31	.....	4	50
Iowa.....	17	75	36	16	24	49	47	78	4	25
Missouri.....	24	84	44	19	40	60	63	66	6	15
Kansas.....	22	74	40	18	25	51	55	64	3	40
Nebraska.....	17	69	32	16	24	51	46	86	3	00
South Dakota.....	21	69	35	18	22	.....	32	.....	2	95
North Dakota.....	22	74	36	26	27	.....	38	.....	3	25
Montana.....	65	68	.....	36	50	.....	40	.....	7	75
Wyoming.....	60	70	.....	35	51	.....	53	70	5	50
Colorado.....	38	70	52	35	51	.....	56	.....	7	00
New Mexico.....	58	75	.....	41	55	.....	78	90	5	00
Arizona.....	.....	74	.....	33	45	.....	30	90	4	75
Utah.....	55	68	60	33	45	.....	73	.....	5	00
Nevada.....	90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	73	.....	5	00
Idaho.....	55	68	62	35	43	.....	32	.....	5	25
Washington.....	55	68	62	35	43	.....	32	.....	9	00
Oregon.....	53	72	59	35	45	55	40	.....	7	75
California.....	55	83	65	49	54	.....	49	80	9	00
Oklahoma.....	.....	78	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	.....	.....	4
Total.....	28.3	80.8	44.7	21.3	37.7	42.1	54.7	.....	6.63	.....

AVERAGE PRICES OF WHEAT IN ENGLAND,  
1041 to 1896, by periods of years.

PERIOD OF YEARS.	No. years represented.	Price per bu.	PERIOD OF YEARS.	No. years represented.	Price per bu.
1041 to 1100.....	7	70.351	1800 to 1800.....	10	82.48
1114 to 1197.....	10	511	1810 to 1810.....	10	2.76
1202 to 1284.....	27	1.829	1820 to 1820.....	10	1.72
1301 to 1391.....	20	1.032	1830 to 1830.....	10	1.67
1401 to 1500.....	29	1.491	1840 to 1840.....	10	1.64
1504 to 1600.....	41	1.735	1850 to 1850.....	10	1.57
1601 to 1700.....	96	1.108	1860 to 1860.....	10	1.51
1701 to 1800.....	96	1.026	1870 to 1870.....	10	1.51
1801 to 1896.....	96	1.000	1880 to 1880.....	10	1.48
			1890 to 1890.....	7	.....

## NUMBER AND VALUE OF FARM ANIMALS IN THE UNITED STATES, 1898-99.

	HORSES.		MULES.		MILCH COWS.	
	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.
1898	5,756,940	\$432,020,226	855,685	\$91,115,709	8,691,568	\$319,681,153
1899	5,592,753	435,021,737	921,062	108,886,329	9,247,714	361,752,676
1870	8,248,800	671,319,461	1,179,506	128,584,736	10,060,000	391,940,745
1871	8,402,000	683,257,587	1,242,300	134,127,740	10,023,000	374,179,030
1872	8,950,000	650,707,916	1,270,300	121,027,316	10,303,500	329,304,283
1873	9,222,470	684,461,657	1,310,000	124,658,055	10,575,500	314,358,331
1874	9,393,800	660,927,406	1,339,500	119,501,859	10,705,800	293,609,290
1875	9,504,200	646,370,889	1,363,750	111,532,713	10,906,800	311,089,824
1876	9,735,300	632,446,885	1,414,500	106,565,114	11,085,400	320,346,728
1877	10,155,400	619,200,631	1,443,500	99,480,375	11,290,800	307,743,211
1878	10,323,700	600,813,681	1,667,500	104,322,939	11,300,100	298,499,896
1879	10,938,700	573,254,808	1,713,100	96,033,371	11,826,400	296,953,928
1880	11,301,800	613,290,611	1,729,500	98,948,919	12,005,000	279,829,420
1881	11,423,625	597,054,325	1,720,741	120,045,325	12,311,632	296,277,000
1882	10,521,554	615,824,914	1,836,166	130,945,325	12,611,632	328,490,510
1883	10,888,111	705,041,508	1,871,079	148,722,350	13,125,682	326,575,405
1884	11,080,683	833,734,400	1,914,126	161,214,376	13,540,266	323,486,649
1885	11,360,572	852,282,947	1,972,569	162,407,087	13,904,722	412,002,605
1886	12,077,657	860,823,208	2,052,593	163,381,026	14,255,388	389,885,523
1887	12,406,744	901,085,756	2,117,141	167,057,538	14,522,083	378,789,580
1888	13,172,325	946,095,154	2,191,737	174,883,503	14,836,414	394,252,173
1889	13,693,294	982,194,825	2,257,574	179,444,481	15,288,025	396,226,376
1890	14,213,857	1,078,516,952	2,331,027	182,304,459	15,962,893	392,152,133
1891	14,666,730	1,041,823,272	2,396,552	178,817,370	16,030,591	346,307,000
1892	15,408,140	1,067,533,696	2,311,629	174,882,070	16,416,351	351,378,132
1893	16,306,822	1,023,925,185	2,331,128	164,763,751	16,424,087	357,290,785
1894	16,081,129	1,039,224,749	2,332,271	146,322,811	16,487,406	358,908,661
1895	15,836,318	1,076,730,540	2,333,108	110,927,854	16,504,629	362,601,729
1896	15,124,067	900,140,186	2,278,946	103,201,457	16,137,696	333,955,545
1897	14,961,647	452,649,336	2,215,654	92,372,040	15,941,737	309,229,953
1898	13,990,911	478,902,407	2,257,685	99,032,022	15,840,886	434,813,826

	CATTLE, OTHER THAN COWS.		SHEEP.		SWINE.		Total value of farm animals.
	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	
1898	11,947,181	\$249,144,509	38,299,912	\$98,407,809	24,317,258	\$10,760,266	\$1,277,111,822
1899	12,183,385	290,211,473	37,731,279	82,139,979	25,316,474	14,188,755	1,527,704,029
1870	13,889,500	346,166,410	40,853,000	95,761,434	29,751,400	187,191,662	1,522,527,377
1871	16,212,200	360,940,056	31,851,000	74,035,857	29,457,500	182,002,352	1,510,142,711
1872	16,589,800	321,562,603	31,679,300	88,771,197	31,796,300	138,793,828	1,639,211,363
1873	16,414,800	325,208,735	33,002,400	97,622,430	32,632,050	134,729,615	1,684,431,088
1874	16,218,100	310,649,843	33,938,200	88,600,569	30,960,900	134,565,526	1,619,944,472
1875	16,513,400	319,858,869	33,785,600	94,330,622	28,082,200	149,809,234	1,618,012,221
1876	16,783,300	319,623,569	33,955,300	93,693,318	25,726,800	115,070,484	1,647,719,138
1877	17,056,100	305,168,286	35,804,200	80,857,683	26,077,000	117,077,194	1,576,506,083
1878	19,223,300	329,541,703	35,740,500	80,035,032	32,292,500	160,888,592	1,574,620,788
1879	21,406,100	329,543,797	38,123,800	79,025,384	34,796,100	110,613,044	1,445,423,082
1880	21,231,000	341,761,154	40,765,000	90,220,327	34,034,100	145,781,515	1,676,917,551
1881	20,967,702	362,861,509	45,556,859	104,070,759	36,217,603	170,585,425	1,721,756,252
1882	21,280,228	463,009,620	45,016,224	106,504,564	44,122,200	203,543,185	1,906,430,250
1883	28,046,077	611,549,109	49,307,291	124,765,815	47,207,086	204,951,221	2,328,215,288
1884	29,046,101	688,229,054	50,626,626	119,902,706	44,300,801	246,301,139	2,467,868,924
1885	29,869,573	604,392,913	50,360,243	97,960,640	45,142,657	226,401,683	2,456,428,280
1886	31,375,242	661,956,274	48,322,331	92,443,867	46,092,043	196,569,894	2,395,159,862
1887	33,511,730	668,167,393	44,750,314	89,872,839	46,012,860	200,043,291	2,400,586,338
1888	31,378,393	611,730,529	45,544,755	89,279,936	44,546,525	203,811,082	2,409,043,418
1889	33,022,417	667,226,812	45,509,070	90,000,369	50,301,592	201,307,193	2,507,030,668
1890	36,849,024	560,625,137	44,556,072	100,659,701	51,692,280	234,418,536	2,418,736,078
1891	36,875,648	544,127,908	45,481,136	108,387,447	50,025,106	210,193,923	2,329,387,770
1892	37,406,230	570,749,155	44,508,265	116,121,220	52,638,019	241,031,415	2,461,756,028
1893	35,564,196	547,882,204	47,273,553	125,009,264	46,034,807	205,426,492	2,483,506,651
1894	36,628,108	536,789,747	45,048,017	81,186,110	45,306,498	270,384,628	2,481,818,754
1895	44,394,216	482,999,129	42,204,061	69,685,767	44,165,716	219,501,267	1,819,446,296
1896	39,028,028	508,928,416	38,268,783	65,107,725	42,842,759	189,529,745	1,727,936,084
1897	30,508,408	507,525,421	36,818,643	67,020,942	40,600,270	166,273,770	1,655,414,612
1898	29,364,137	612,206,634	37,656,900	92,721,133	38,750,969	174,331,409	1,801,577,471

## STATISTICS OF AGRICULTURE.

53

## FARM ANIMALS.

Number, average price, and total value of farm animals in the U. S. on January 1, 1908.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	HORSES.			MULES.			MILCH COWS.		
	Number.	Av. price.	Value.	Number.	Av. price.	Value.	Number.	Av. price.	Value.
Maine.....	114,272	\$50.60	\$5,770,805				105,919	\$27.55	\$2,907,568
New Hampshire.....	48,483	47.59	2,302,909				132,840	29.65	3,938,706
Vermont.....	53,939	44.14	2,381,039				295,276	27.25	7,256,021
Massachusetts.....	63,162	63.35	4,001,549				174,581	32.80	5,725,371
Rhode Island.....	10,230	76.54	782,976				25,258	34.00	858,772
Connecticut.....	43,465	70.19	3,050,873				138,930	32.75	4,549,358
New York.....	608,916	55.48	33,781,467	4,511	\$58.25	\$262,746	1,402,164	32.00	44,860,468
New Jersey.....	70,680	64.24	4,537,961	7,342	80.74	592,796	208,421	36.10	7,523,988
Pennsylvania.....	565,719	49.25	27,892,307	26,696	63.32	1,692,825	928,905	29.60	27,493,588
Delaware.....	30,571	52.35	1,619,177	5,343	68.91	367,370	55,554	29.00	1,614,464
Maryland.....	130,972	47.91	6,274,811	12,625	70.16	885,084	151,862	25.40	3,880,730
Virginia.....	258,714	37.25	9,691,021	36,723	51.54	1,893,285	222,512	20.55	4,581,122
North Carolina.....	146,801	47.16	6,931,738	112,323	58.14	6,596,320	259,807	14.70	3,801,523
South Carolina.....	67,113	51.59	3,446,710	58,340	61.27	3,574,889	130,682	16.25	2,123,582
Georgia.....	111,380	45.56	5,077,374	165,322	64.72	10,691,811	303,322	21.85	6,623,115
Florida.....	37,300	38.35	1,432,853	8,408	63.55	536,274	117,785	19.50	2,306,808
Alabama.....	130,915	40.52	5,304,161	131,036	50.15	6,571,322	286,194	12.50	3,702,425
Mississippi.....	109,482	35.40	7,061,779	162,452	49.45	8,029,440	287,657	14.85	4,274,705
Louisiana.....	112,819	29.54	4,220,230	20,004	56.28	1,125,747	138,184	10.70	1,470,673
Texas.....	1,148,500	17.30	19,866,178	265,349	30.86	8,214,550	722,476	10.00	7,224,760
Arkansas.....	227,927	28.40	6,465,888	104,974	36.52	3,837,254	223,645	16.10	3,600,694
Tennessee.....	327,424	33.17	11,518,319	100,930	37.67	3,801,550	279,800	18.50	5,171,466
West Virginia.....	153,381	35.25	5,406,355	7,497	43.97	334,737	167,240	22.15	3,703,392
Kentucky.....	380,853	32.49	12,393,042	113,348	33.80	3,832,739	294,051	22.55	6,548,730
Ohio.....	694,896	41.57	28,900,852	17,751	43.16	766,452	729,441	29.35	21,403,083
Michigan.....	418,786	46.44	19,446,741	2,756	46.43	127,329	454,541	30.85	14,023,207
Indiana.....	613,542	36.13	22,166,072	44,309	40.54	1,795,179	605,916	29.20	17,692,747
Illinois.....	1,040,707	36.05	37,519,129	56,553	40.49	2,304,277	1,003,218	32.85	32,955,711
Wisconsin.....	412,256	43.67	17,757,508	4,802	45.42	218,032	414,384	27.70	11,477,821
Minnesota.....	461,110	39.35	18,256,328	8,588	44.97	386,231	633,363	27.50	17,414,908
Iowa.....	1,022,242	34.01	34,770,027	32,861	39.94	1,312,466	1,214,343	31.65	38,708,323
Missouri.....	892,378	25.28	22,522,746	109,306	31.38	3,423,297	606,530	29.75	17,829,078
Kansas.....	170,879	26.12	4,469,852	80,212	34.48	2,755,355	654,296	29.15	19,073,457
Nebraska.....	592,883	30.53	18,102,648	42,510	37.29	1,585,025	571,561	20.65	11,816,294
South Dakota.....	267,807	38.27	10,239,207	6,622	39.34	262,394	341,279	28.10	9,568,537
North Dakota.....	170,035	37.94	6,451,858	7,005	52.04	362,712	167,719	27.85	4,687,115
Montana.....	171,795	18.23	3,131,388	9,168	32.77	302,884	42,713	31.80	1,359,917
Wyoming.....	73,733	14.63	1,100,348	1,511	46.08	69,620	17,800	31.85	562,026
Colorado.....	151,721	22.46	3,409,036	8,755	43.14	377,687	85,669	32.50	2,784,242
New Mexico.....	83,654	18.18	1,524,176	3,507	32.60	113,978	18,125	26.55	478,795
Arizona.....	91,973	25.28	2,343,620	1,081	24.67	26,454	18,222	26.25	478,328
Utah.....	67,619	17.21	1,163,449	1,615	26.14	42,218	55,564	23.95	1,330,759
Nevada.....	56,847	12.82	728,300	1,408	21.91	30,843	18,105	27.45	500,224
Idaho.....	130,091	13.69	1,789,805	1,696	23.79	39,932	23,167	25.60	593,758
Washington.....	173,157	24.66	4,269,817	1,425	44.02	62,710	120,267	25.85	3,108,657
Oregon.....	129,598	20.61	2,670,854	5,782	28.64	165,606	115,427	23.30	2,694,449
California.....	417,336	28.96	12,085,936	58,898	38.33	2,240,836	342,382	28.65	9,800,531
Oklahoma.....	42,227	17.34	732,177	7,331	26.40	193,675	55,360	26.20	1,459,438
Total.....	13,960,911	34.26	478,962,447	2,190,282	43.88	96,100,516	15,840,880	27.45	434,813,826

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	CATTLE, OTHER THAN MILCH COWS.			SHEEP.			SWINE.		
	Number.	Av. price.	Value.	Number.	Av. price.	Value.	Number.	Av. price.	Value.
Maine.....	167,294	\$22.03	\$3,685,306	232,698	\$2.84	\$661,196	76,067	\$7.71	\$588,474
New Hampshire.....	75,327	24.59	1,870,685	76,754	2.26	172,350	55,825	8.15	454,972
Vermont.....	155,139	22.67	3,522,522	161,115	3.38	543,897	75,453	7.88	594,194
Massachusetts.....	74,134	35.82	2,645,819	41,332	3.56	146,997	57,131	8.54	488,010
Rhode Island.....	10,676	30.18	322,321	10,769	3.23	34,731	14,146	7.95	111,187
Connecticut.....	65,282	30.05	1,960,673	30,820	3.52	108,963	54,274	9.83	533,514
New York.....	544,735	26.17	14,256,221	825,446	4.04	3,332,739	698,819	7.24	5,063,544
New Jersey.....	42,406	24.14	1,024,254	41,065	3.78	155,191	150,938	7.25	1,100,545
Pennsylvania.....	550,881	23.64	13,025,736	782,772	3.41	2,689,266	1,033,011	6.78	6,969,613
Delaware.....	23,933	22.10	528,545	12,852	3.50	45,112	50,065	7.16	358,394
Maryland.....	109,175	22.63	2,470,349	32,179	3.28	104,552	928,567	5.69	5,270,367
Virginia.....	245,340	19.46	4,773,550	280,066	2.57	718,561	955,781	8.45	8,087,444
North Carolina.....	321,228	9.92	3,188,029	200,445	1.47	293,542	1,426,774	3.03	4,318,844
South Carolina.....	152,100	9.55	1,453,811	70,771	1.59	112,197	1,051,150	3.91	4,082,781
Georgia.....	593,503	8.92	5,292,300	341,233	1.67	568,434	2,073,254	3.96	7,592,255
Florida.....	350,256	7.50	2,625,811	69,800	1.77	123,525	456,519	2.13	972,386
Alabama.....	426,736	7.02	3,000,908	219,336	1.28	279,808	1,848,138	2.51	4,648,117
Mississippi.....	370,876	8.31	3,082,348	296,336	1.40	417,808	1,919,019	2.83	5,432,741
Louisiana.....	220,108	9.61	2,115,346	126,769	1.41	175,808	751,435	2.91	2,180,611
Texas.....	4,823,265	15.27	73,680,656	2,049,914	1.67	3,409,457	2,829,322	3.14	8,874,588

## FARM ANIMALS.—CONTINUED.

Number, average price, and total value of farm animals in the U. S. on January 1, 1899.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	CATTLE, OTHER THAN MILCH COWS.			SHEEP.			SWINE.		
	Number.	Av. price.	Value.	Number.	Av. price.	Value.	Number.	Av. price.	Value.
Arkansas.....	806,622	\$12.08	\$9,675,896	136,090	\$1.40	\$190,698	1,238,051	\$3.17	\$2,905,920
Tennessee.....	879,168	13.41	5,995,544	328,808	1.75	575,907	1,098,538	3.25	5,449,955
West Virginia.....	268,894	20.79	5,573,056	445,894	2.89	1,282,304	562,721	3.98	1,359,317
Kentucky.....	802,162	20.65	8,367,948	649,612	2.48	1,599,995	1,475,351	3.35	4,933,219
Ohio.....	906,127	27.16	16,463,012	2,416,346	3.42	8,274,777	2,350,356	5.47	12,737,730
Michigan.....	848,508	23.13	8,062,519	1,355,391	3.46	4,695,075	727,787	5.70	4,148,943
Indiana.....	875,098	26.25	17,000,066	667,853	3.54	2,361,898	1,326,981	5.17	6,857,735
Illinois.....	1,204,192	27.72	36,160,911	601,168	3.44	2,065,914	2,159,435	5.57	13,019,200
Wisconsin.....	607,541	23.78	13,890,000	715,809	3.20	2,287,735	930,657	6.18	5,699,043
Minnesota.....	598,922	20.99	12,465,524	408,929	2.86	1,164,681	433,003	5.39	2,331,722
Iowa.....	2,207,729	29.71	68,395,211	873,218	3.56	3,044,046	3,025,381	5.99	21,704,225
Missouri.....	1,537,523	24.80	38,129,028	655,428	2.69	1,727,708	3,105,072	3.98	12,358,188
Kansas.....	2,085,774	26.88	58,705,755	229,659	2.78	681,586	1,922,916	5.10	8,941,489
Nebraska.....	1,213,764	26.89	32,548,206	295,168	2.85	709,899	1,327,128	5.29	7,165,592
South Dakota.....	432,079	25.08	10,825,078	849,703	2.08	1,766,189	142,617	5.55	791,534
North Dakota.....	245,293	23.08	5,660,008	852,823	2.48	2,106,128	119,106	5.23	623,045
Montana.....	1,082,498	22.00	23,814,955	3,247,841	2.40	7,804,081	44,961	7.26	324,983
Wyoming.....	688,092	23.82	16,300,048	1,940,021	2.06	5,714,323	22,345	5.84	130,575
Colorado.....	985,836	26.07	24,302,775	1,623,089	2.38	3,889,445	22,085	6.10	111,739
New Mexico.....	731,216	16.86	12,329,897	2,344,265	1.89	5,364,384	29,905	6.07	181,594
Arizona.....	509,082	15.34	7,807,026	845,239	2.10	1,773,734	24,772	8.40	208,341
Utah.....	822,444	17.75	5,726,345	1,978,467	2.10	4,144,898	47,285	6.31	298,471
Nevada.....	241,301	17.04	4,109,850	649,518	2.20	1,208,467	11,349	3.94	44,715
Idaho.....	249,143	18.61	4,638,692	1,651,343	2.19	3,612,813	71,452	4.61	329,452
Washington.....	294,862	19.44	5,836,952	744,325	2.18	1,622,446	169,546	4.98	839,599
Oregon.....	667,000	17.98	11,967,188	2,652,779	1.08	4,451,160	220,847	3.68	813,595
California.....	310,615	18.31	5,693,384	2,699,265	2.23	5,795,915	467,675	4.08	1,903,247
Oklahoma.....	212,514	22.43	4,771,600	26,538	2.07	52,846	84,010	4.72	394,539
Total.....	39,264,197	20.92	612,206,634	37,656,960	2.46	92,721,135	39,759,998	4.36	174,851,409

## YIELD PER ACRE OF CHIEF CROPS, 1897.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.						STATES AND TERRITORIES.								
	Wheat, bu.	Corn, bu.	Oats, bu.	Barley, bu.	Potatoes, bu.		Wheat, bu.	Corn, bu.	Oats, bu.	Barley, bu.	Potatoes, bu.			
					Hay, tons.					Hay, tons.				
Maine.....	16.5	37	31	28	59	1.10	Michigan.....	15.6	31.5	26	21.5	72	1.48	
New Hampshire.....	16	34	85	22.5	51	1.15	Indiana.....	13	30	20	19	31	1.43	
Vermont.....	17	35	33	28.5	70	1.30	Illinois.....	7.9	32.5	23	26	28	81	1.28
Massachusetts.....	18	32.5	32	24.5	62	1.40	Wisconsin.....	12.5	33	24	29	106	1.57	
Rhode Island.....	31	31	32	28	110	1.15	Minnesota.....	13	36	28	25.5	106	1.26	
Connecticut.....	20	31.5	29	26	54	1.20	Iowa.....	13	29	20	23	69	1.50	
New York.....	21.4	31	31	26	62	1.25	Missouri.....	9	28	22	23	42	1.15	
New Jersey.....	18.5	31.5	25	23	68	1.75	Kansas.....	15.5	18	24	17.5	49	1.20	
Pennsylvania.....	19.7	36	22	24.5	63	1.40	Nebraska.....	14.6	30	31	22	99	1.30	
Delaware.....	21.5	29	22	21	60	1.35	South Dakota.....	8	24	22	20	94	1.25	
Maryland.....	19.2	33	24	21	74	1.25	North Dakota.....	10.3	17	33	23.5	96	1.60	
Virginia.....	12	18	12	11	61	1.08	Montana.....	32.5	18	42	38	156	1.50	
North Carolina.....	8	13	13	11	66	1.25	Wyoming.....	25	13	35	36	150	1.05	
South Carolina.....	8.7	9	15.5	11	65	1.00	Colorado.....	24	19	34	28	97	2.25	
Georgia.....	9.4	11	14	11	52	1.35	New Mexico.....	24	27	35.5	33.5	90	3.30	
Florida.....	10	8	9	11	75	1.00	Arizona.....	18	21	35	31	145	2.95	
Alabama.....	10	12	18	11	56	1.45	Utah.....	21	22	35	31	145	2.95	
Mississippi.....	10	14.5	14	11	59	1.45	Nevada.....	24.8	21	35	31	145	2.95	
Louisiana.....	15.6	18.5	26	26	64	1.90	Idaho.....	22	25	35	36	140	2.30	
Texas.....	15.8	18.5	25	26	60	1.40	Washington.....	22.5	18	48	45	123	2.25	
Arkansas.....	10.5	16	17	17	55	1.30	Oregon.....	17	26	33	32.5	109	1.90	
Tennessee.....	11.2	21	10	18	40	1.45	California.....	10	31.5	18	33	106	1.00	
West Virginia.....	13	24.5	20	18	56	1.35	Oklahoma.....	19	31.5	18	33	106	1.00	
Kentucky.....	13.6	23	18	20	47	1.17								
Ohio.....	16.9	32.5	32	28.5	42	1.44	Total.....	13.4	23.8	27.2	24.5	64.7	1.43	

## THE COTTON CROP.

Acreage, total production, value per pound, and total value of the cotton crop of 1897, for upland and sea-island cotton separately.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Acres.	PRODUCTION.		Av. price per lb. Cents.	Total value.
		Bales.	Pounds.		
Alabama.....	2,656,333	838,789	422,731,023	6.69	\$28,390,796
Arkansas.....	1,542,653	605,643	308,427,143	6.46	19,601,398
Florida.....	284,325	48,730	20,370,641	10.28	2,094,364
Georgia.....	3,468,335	1,389,340	680,263,508	4.98	44,678,447
Indian Territory.....	141,124	87,705	46,308,240	6.45	2,986,881
Kansas.....	150	61	30,561	6.73	2,064
Kentucky.....	1,200	414	207,414	6.63	13,759
Louisiana.....	1,345,399	567,251	287,596,267	6.67	19,182,670
Mississippi.....	2,836,316	1,201,000	608,907,000	6.74	41,040,333
Missouri.....	77,938	24,119	12,068,619	6.42	775,768
North Carolina.....	1,228,714	521,786	266,167,756	6.96	17,768,980
Oklahoma.....	78,550	35,251	18,612,538	6.73	1,250,762
South Carolina.....	2,014,948	936,463	462,606,126	7.11	33,168,902
Tennessee.....	912,337	284,781	118,627,281	6.63	7,861,990
Texas.....	6,768,656	2,122,701	1,130,311,128	6.68	74,822,004
Utah.....	155	123	61,500	7.00	4,306
Virginia.....	47,747	11,589	5,584,876	6.90	385,356
Total.....	28,373,206	8,532,705	4,302,945,600	6.78	291,811,564

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	UPLAND CROP.		Price per lb. Cents.	SEA-ISLAND CROP.		Price per lb. Cents.
	Bales.	Pounds.		Bales.	Pounds.	
Alabama.....	838,789	422,731,023	6.69	.....	.....	.....
Arkansas.....	605,643	308,427,143	6.46	.....	.....	.....
Florida.....	22,290	10,841,912	6.75	26,431	9,498,729	14.38
Georgia.....	1,234,673	602,519,988	6.78	64,068	27,742,572	12.72
Indian Territory.....	87,705	46,308,240	6.45	.....	.....	.....
Kansas.....	61	30,561	6.73	.....	.....	.....
Kentucky.....	414	207,414	6.63	.....	.....	.....
Louisiana.....	567,251	287,596,267	6.67	.....	.....	.....
Mississippi.....	1,201,000	608,907,000	6.74	.....	.....	.....
Missouri.....	24,119	12,068,619	6.42	.....	.....	.....
North Carolina.....	521,786	266,167,756	6.96	.....	.....	.....
Oklahoma.....	35,251	18,612,538	6.73	.....	.....	.....
South Carolina.....	936,463	462,606,126	6.94	10,768	3,704,636	27.29
Tennessee.....	236,781	118,627,281	6.63	.....	.....	.....
Texas.....	2,120,201	1,119,466,128	6.68	2,500	845,000	12.00
Utah.....	123	61,500	7.00	.....	.....	.....
Virginia.....	11,589	5,584,876	6.90	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	8,428,337	4,261,164,763	6.71	104,368	41,780,887	14.36

## AVERAGE PRICES OF COTTON PER POUND IN NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL, 1791 to 1896, by periods of years. (In gold for all years.)

PERIOD OF YEARS.	In New York.	In Liverpool.	YEAR.	In New York.	In Liverpool.
	Cents.	Cents.		Cents.	Cents.
1791 to 1799.....	34.4	48.9	1800.....	11.5	12.2
1800 to 1809.....	25.2	36.0	1801.....	9.0	9.9
1810 to 1819.....	20.4	28.5	1802.....	7.6	8.5
1820 to 1829.....	13.2	15.4	1803.....	8.2	9.3
1830 to 1839.....	12.4	14.5	1804.....	7.7	8.5
1840 to 1849.....	8.1	9.7	1805.....	6.3	6.7
1850 to 1859.....	11.4	12.5	1806.....	8.0	8.3
1860 to 1869.....	29.4	30.5	1807.....	6.78	6.8
1870 to 1879.....	14.4	16.3			
1880 to 1889.....	10.8	12.1			
1890 to 1896.....	8.3	9.1			

## THE COTTON CROP AND PRICES.

The phenomenally low price of cotton recently reported, said to be the lowest point reached in many years, lends special interest to a series of tables just compiled by the treasury bureau of statistics, showing the remarkable increase in cotton production and coincidental fall in price. These tables show that the United States, the chief cotton producer of the world, has quadrupled her cotton production since 1873, and that the price of cotton in the same

period has fallen to about one-fourth that which prevailed in that year. In 1872 the cotton crop of the United States is shown to have been 1,384,084,494 pounds, with an average price of 22.19 cents per pound. In 1898 the crop is reported at 5,647,572,051 pounds, with an average price of 6.23 cents per pound. Thus the production of 1898 is more than four times that of 1872 and the average price but a little over one-fourth that of that year.

When it is considered that the other por-

tions of the world that grow cotton have not at all reduced their production meantime it is apparent that the increased cotton supply of the world in the quarter of a century under consideration has been very great and far in advance of the increase in population or consuming power.

Twenty-five years ago the United States produced 70 per cent of the cotton of the world; to-day she produces 85 per cent of the world's cotton. This increase in the percentage has been, not because of a reduction of the cotton produced in other parts of the world, but simply on account of the increase in our own. The cotton supply of the other cotton-producing sections of the world in 1873-3 was 1,667,000 bales and in 1897-8 1,665,000 bales. The average cotton production of other countries from 1872 to 1878 was 1,618,000 bales per annum and from 1890 to 1897 was 1,924,000 bales per annum, showing that there has also been a slight growth in cotton production in other parts of the world, while our own production has been increasing enormously.

Not only has the price of cotton fallen at about the same rate that the production has increased but there has also been a corresponding fall in the price of cloths manufactured from cotton. The reports of the bureau of statistics show that cotton "printing cloths" were quoted at 7.88 cents per yard in 1872, while reports just published show an average rate of 2.17 cents per yard in the cotton year 1898 for the same grade of cloths, the fall in the manufactured article thus having, in this case at least, nearly or quite kept pace with the fall in the price of raw cotton and the increase in production of that article.

It is proper to add that the prices quoted for the earlier years are based upon the currency values of that period, and if reduced to a gold basis would be slightly less. Cotton "printing cloths" whose prices are given in the table are of the quality manufactured for use in printing calicoes and accepted as a standard grade by which prices are constantly quoted:

Year ended Aug. 31.	Domestic cotton crop. Pounds.	Average price "printing cloths."	
		Per lb.	Per yd.
1872.....	1,354,064,494	22.19c	7.88c
1873.....	1,833,188,931	20.14c	6.69c
1874.....	1,940,648,362	17.95c	5.57c
1875.....	1,783,644,023	15.46c	5.33c
1876.....	2,157,948,182	12.98c	4.10c
1877.....	2,005,901,297	11.82c	4.38c
1878.....	2,260,285,666	11.22c	3.44c
1879.....	2,404,416,373	10.84c	3.93c
1880.....	2,771,797,156	11.51c	4.51c
1881.....	3,199,822,682	12.03c	3.95c
1882.....	2,588,240,050	11.56c	3.76c
1883.....	3,406,070,410	11.88c	3.60c
1884.....	2,757,544,422	10.85c	3.36c
1885.....	2,742,966,011	10.45c	3.12c
1886.....	3,182,305,650	9.28c	3.31c
1887.....	3,157,378,443	10.21c	3.33c
1888.....	3,439,172,391	10.03c	3.81c
1889.....	3,439,934,799	10.65c	3.81c
1890.....	3,367,366,188	11.07c	3.34c
1891.....	4,316,043,982	8.60c	2.96c
1892.....	4,506,575,987	7.71c	3.39c
1893.....	3,352,658,458	8.56c	3.30c
1894.....	3,769,381,478	6.92c	2.75c
1895.....	5,036,964,409	7.44c	2.86c
1896.....	3,592,416,851	7.93c	2.60c
1897.....	4,397,177,704	7.74c	2.47c
1898.....	5,667,372,051	6.23c	2.17c

### INTEREST AND STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.

STATES.	INTEREST.		LIMITATIONS.			STATES.	INTEREST.		LIMITATIONS.		
	Legal rate.	By con- tract.	Judg- ments.	Notes.	Accounts.		Legal rate.	By con- tract.	Judg- ments.	Notes.	Accounts.
P. ct.	P. ct.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	P. ct.	P. ct.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.		
Alabama.....	8	8	20	*6	3	Nebraska.....	6	10	5	5	4
Arkansas.....	8	10	10	5	3	Nevada.....	7	Any	6	6	4
Arizona.....	7	Any	5	5	3	New Hampshire.....	6	6	20	6	6
California.....	7	Any	5	4	2	New Jersey.....	6	6	20	6	6
Colorado.....	8	Any	20	6	6	New Mexico.....	6	12	7	6	4
Connecticut.....	6	Any	4	4	6	New York.....	6	6	20	6	6
Delaware.....	6	6	6	6	3	North Carolina.....	6	6	10	*3	3
Dist. of Columbia.....	6	10	12	3	3	North Dakota.....	6	12	10	6	6
Florida.....	8	10	20	5	2	Ohio.....	6	8	5	15	6
Georgia.....	7	8	7	6	4	Oklahoma.....	7	Any	1	5	8
Idaho.....	10	18	6	5	4	Oregon.....	8	10	10	6	6
Illinois.....	5	7	20	10	5	Pennsylvania.....	6	6	5	6	6
Indiana.....	6	8	10	10	6	Rhode Island.....	6	Any	20	6	6
Iowa.....	6	8	20	10	5	South Carolina.....	7	7	10	6	6
Kansas.....	6	6	10	5	3	South Dakota.....	7	12	10	6	6
Kentucky.....	6	6	15	5	*5	Tennessee.....	6	10	6	6	6
Louisiana.....	5	8	10	5	3	Texas.....	8	10	10	4	2
Maine.....	6	Any	20	16	6	Utah.....	8	Any	5	4	3
Maryland.....	6	6	12	3	3	Vermont.....	6	6	8	16	6
Massachusetts.....	6	Any	20	6	6	Virginia.....	6	6	10	5	2
Michigan.....	6	10	6	6	6	Washington.....	7	12	6	6	3
Minnesota.....	7	10	10	6	6	West Virginia.....	6	6	10	10	5
Mississippi.....	6	10	7	6	3	Wisconsin.....	7	10	20	6	6
Missouri.....	6	8	20	10	5	Wyoming.....	8	12	21	5	8
Montana.....	7	12	10	8	5						

\* Under seal 10. † No law. ‡ Negotiable notes 6; non-negotiable 17. § Varies by counties.  
 † Real estate 20. †† Under seal 12. ††† Under seal 11.

## STATISTICS OF EDUCATION.

POPULATION, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE, NUMBER AND SEX OF TEACHERS—1890-97.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Est. total population in 1897.	Pupils enrolled in common schools.	Per cent of population enrolled.	Average daily attendance.	TEACHERS.		
					Male.	Female.	Total.
United States.....	71,874,142	14,652,492	20.53	10,069,620	181,386	271,947	453,333
North Atlantic Division.....	19,947,800	3,545,164	17.77	2,529,086	18,781	79,503	98,284
South Atlantic Division.....	9,722,882	2,070,287	21.37	1,374,579	20,423	26,130	46,553
South Central Division.....	12,844,630	2,724,946	21.22	1,840,001	32,011	28,464	60,475
South Central Division.....	34,938,500	5,587,456	22.41	3,995,773	58,394	122,459	170,853
Western Division.....	3,915,360	724,639	18.50	517,175	6,237	15,351	21,578
North Atlantic Division—							
Maine.....	657,300	132,189	20.10	96,571	11,257	16,479	27,736
New Hampshire.....	308,700	64,307	16.10	47,717	202	2,509	2,711
Vermont.....	333,000	65,349	19.62	50,495	846	2,055	2,901
Massachusetts.....	2,634,000	489,367	18.60	334,945	1,120	11,733	12,853
Rhode Island.....	335,700	62,337	18.57	49,224	199	1,619	1,818
Connecticut.....	840,100	142,321	17.14	101,063	1442	14,639	16,081
New York.....	6,851,000	1,203,199	17.56	820,254	6,481	28,324	34,805
New Jersey.....	1,768,000	214,880	16.67	191,776	804	6,005	6,809
Pennsylvania.....	6,070,000	1,139,765	18.78	837,071	8,901	15,528	24,429
South Atlantic Division—							
Delaware.....	173,200	33,174	19.16	122,693	4218	1622	5840
Maryland.....	1,179,000	229,947	19.50	133,627	1,113	8,723	9,836
District of Columbia.....	277,782	42,985	15.50	33,313	147	924	1,071
Virginia.....	1,704,000	307,817	21.58	213,421	3,013	5,562	8,575
West Virginia.....	1,253,000	245,385	26.40	141,061	8,528	2,626	11,154
North Carolina.....	1,763,000	370,920	21.04	231,725	4,284	3,501	7,785
South Carolina.....	1,274,000	258,183	20.26	182,539	2,245	2,728	4,973
Georgia.....	12,015,000	446,171	22.14	246,983	14,435	14,776	29,211
Florida.....	497,600	106,415	21.19	69,477	1,080	1,578	2,658
South Central Division—							
Kentucky.....	1,938,000	400,126	20.68	286,861	4,962	5,247	10,209
Tennessee.....	1,877,000	481,585	25.66	338,176	6,121	4,014	10,135
Alabama.....	1,741,000	319,526	18.36	213,000	14,536	12,587	27,123
Mississippi.....	1,431,000	360,616	24.62	262,088	3,647	4,208	7,855
Louisiana.....	1,253,000	169,947	13.56	124,123	1,425	2,257	3,682
Texas.....	2,979,000	616,568	20.70	440,249	6,815	6,402	13,217
Arkansas.....	1,280,000	316,370	24.53	196,509	4,670	2,511	7,181
Oklahoma.....	280,600	70,309	25.06	129,400	835	1,338	2,173
Indian Territory.....							
North Central Division—							
Ohio.....	3,334,000	825,850	21.54	607,304	10,518	14,900	25,418
Indiana.....	2,244,000	551,073	24.56	402,747	7,115	7,937	15,052
Illinois.....	4,294,000	929,625	21.90	705,481	7,195	18,945	26,140
Michigan.....	2,240,000	491,312	20.04	347,219	3,563	13,098	16,661
Wisconsin.....	2,072,000	495,566	23.96	373,366	2,692	9,975	12,667
Minnesota.....	1,741,000	371,389	21.39	259,497	2,445	8,733	11,178
Iowa.....	2,101,000	548,396	26.08	347,420	2,934	29,306	32,240
Missouri.....	3,036,000	673,152	22.17	490,481	5,972	14,900	20,872
North Dakota.....	306,000	67,088	18.80	38,178	1,043	1,944	2,987
South Dakota.....	342,000	80,001	23.56	154,300	1,321	1,187	2,508
Nebraska.....	1,131,000	296,276	26.54	171,442	2,514	4,833	7,347
Kansas.....	1,329,000	367,390	27.67	254,002	4,133	7,438	11,571
Western Division—							
Montana.....	229,400	31,436	13.70	121,200	216	804	1,020
Wyoming.....	59,700	11,562	11.62	17,700	106	890	996
Colorado.....	564,800	100,880	17.88	169,600	1790	12,340	14,130
New Mexico.....	174,900	24,156	13.81	19,349	326	277	603
Arizona.....	80,650	18,861	16.57	10,439	116	278	394
Utah.....	280,700	69,228	26.55	48,315	494	636	1,130
Nevada.....	41,610	6,880	16.49	4,145	39	265	304
Idaho.....	138,100	31,883	23.09	22,645	268	428	696
Washington.....	479,700	90,118	18.79	63,212	1,184	2,061	3,245
Oregon.....	378,800	87,212	23.08	61,721	1,287	2,030	3,317
California.....	1,467,000	267,929	17.59	188,849	1,380	5,798	7,178

\*Including 409,433 secondary students in public high schools. †Approximately. ‡In 1890-96. §In 1891-92. ¶In 1894-95.

## AVERAGE NUMBER OF DAYS TAUGHT, SALARIES OF TEACHERS, VALUE OF SCHOOL PROPERTY, STATE AND LOCAL TAXATION—1896-97.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Average No. days schools were kept.	AVERAGE MONTHLY SALARIES OF TEACHERS.		Value of public school property.	Raised from state taxes.	Raised from local taxes.	Raised from other sources, state and local, etc.
		Males.	Females.				
United States.....	140.4	\$44.02	\$39.38	\$40,020,086	\$15,002,503	\$127,003,700	\$25,217,045
North Atlantic Division.....	172.0	55.35	49.85	187,006,486	12,492,312	40,878,330	11,500,885
South Atlantic Division.....	111.2	31.11	30.80	20,274,814	4,053,785	5,810,827	1,375,020
South Central Division.....	92.8	41.21	51.50	21,002,125	8,096,222	4,016,761	1,382,748
North Central Division.....	151.2	45.14	51.45	205,177,395	7,272,290	50,877,812	9,710,565
Western Division.....	111.5	50.47	52.56	25,005,000	3,000,301	8,375,061	1,641,780
North Atlantic Division—							
Maine.....	*136	40.63	25.88	4,081,951	518,284	1,049,092	61,375
New Hampshire.....	104.6	37.10	27.04	3,284,121	*56,831	*267,368	*16,391
Vermont.....	104	38.62	26.54	1,500,000	84,850	701,338	101,500
Massachusetts.....	186	144.80	63.20	96,780,727	.....	12,135,750	194,888
Rhode Island.....	140	30.24	50.48	4,414,512	119,876	1,261,891	88,025
Connecticut.....	187.5	88.77	42.70	9,344,680	290,810	2,176,200	207,981
New York.....	174	61.85	48.19	60,077,601	3,321,704	15,379,451	7,328,192
New Jersey.....	183	61.35	48.19	12,005,882	2,184,845	3,032,766	264,178
Pennsylvania.....	158.4	43.72	38.11	48,917,000	5,800,000	12,621,329	*5,128,056
South Atlantic Division—							
Delaware.....	*100	1500.00	1304.00	2904,326	1146,000	11209,000	1100,000
Maryland.....	182	1448.00	*140.40	64,500,000	520,125	1,000,000	227,073
District of Columbia.....	183	1611.62	1600.00	3,500,000	.....	1,131,648	.....
Virginia.....	120	31.38	26.67	3,000,777	.....	840,241	85,361
West Virginia.....	111	.....	.....	3,227,141	567,512	1,219,576	191,550
North Carolina*.....	85.4	25.38	21.40	1,004,165	735,169	15,258	103,874
South Carolina.....	83.3	25.18	21.29	845,836	511,259	85,058	179,714
Georgia.....	116.9	.....	.....	2,725,393	913,000	388,354	362,244
Florida.....	103	*37.81	*32.45	*628,340	*129,728	*447,722	*35,221
South Central Division—							
Kentucky*.....	115	44.03	37.18	4,276,750	1,804,360	1,079,254	144,375
Tennessee.....	*102	1481.88	1426.18	*1,133,789	*1,680,219	(*)	*41,579
Alabama.....	74	(b)	(b)	61,373,000	1,034,674	661,411,801	64,255,418
Mississippi.....	105.1	31.70	26.55	1,636,665	923,500	176,256	122,052
Louisiana.....	106	33.54	20.98	1,025,000	284,100	625,407	130,200
Texas*.....	92.8	56.71	46.48	7,389,184	2,839,751	801,623	442,028
Arkansas.....	67	37.60	32.50	1,845,375	328,903	951,067	51,613
Oklahoma.....	*84.8	30.50	27.00	482,072	71,722	229,000	23,455
Indian Territory.....							
North Central Division—							
Ohio.....	164	35.00	29.00	40,043,312	1,767,085	10,307,404	759,002
Indiana.....	2142.5	*48.25	*40.25	618,807,494	*1,708,008	*3,911,440	*1,017,398
Illinois.....	157.9	50.64	50.08	45,143,755	1,000,000	13,800,520	1,208,364
Michigan.....	161	47.79	34.96	17,377,477	*190,180	*1,904,033	*178,440
Wisconsin.....	180.5	67.90	55.50	11,648,000	600,000	3,914,335	636,540
Minnesota.....	*155.6	45.50	34.75	15,350,000	610,744	3,125,984	1,435,582
Iowa.....	162	37.01	31.42	10,355,842	.....	7,421,495	1,154,098
Missouri.....	141	42.50	40.50	16,718,410	692,217	5,838,474	686,610
North Dakota*.....	107.5	40.29	34.84	1,526,420	154,865	6,335,043	344,772
South Dakota*.....	*138.4	.....	.....	2,022,744	.....	1,151,037	144,478
Nebraska.....	129	42.57	36.14	8,822,340	167,802	1,869,572	1,100,540
Kansas.....	130.2	30.26	34.29	9,385,251	.....	8,335,076	470,000
Western Division—							
Montana.....	*149.2	68.58	52.01	1,053,245	.....	772,447	45,440
Wyoming*.....	100	58.04	45.80	428,703	.....	109,144	26,475
Colorado.....	*150.7	*67.07	*53.74	4,020,204	(*)	*1,063,394	*36,731
New Mexico.....	92.2	.....	.....	264,640	.....	133,089	20,016
Arizona.....	127	*72.00	*56.26	450,000	7,000	203,689	4,307
Utah.....	152	30.44	42.43	2,504,462	317,000	545,400	62,426
Nevada.....	154	38.00	61.00	461,895	*10,324	*75,232	*17,378
Idaho.....	88	61.00	41.00	608,005	.....	161,307	165,201
Washington*.....	83.2	44.58	39.14	4,897,413	.....	628,191	115,725
Oregon*.....	*100	45.10	37.42	2,068,812	.....	997,540	247,225
California.....	172.6	60.19	605.42	17,190,000	*2,704,808	*3,511,036	*130,571

\*In 1895-96. \*Approximately. †In 1890-91. ‡In 1889-90. §State appropriation for colored schools. ¶In 1894-95. ¶In 1895-96. ¶Includes money appropriated from federal treasury. †Reported. \*Report incomplete.

## EXPENDITURES FOR SITES, BUILDINGS AND FURNITURE, FOR TEACHERS' SALARIES AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES—1896-97.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Expended for sites, buildings, furniture, etc.	Expended for teachers' salaries.	Other expendi- tures.	Total expen- ditures, ex- cluding pay- ment of bonds.	Expended per capita of popula- tion.	Expended per pupil of average attend- ance.
United States.....	\$31,908,345	\$119,308,542	\$39,113,815	\$187,330,602	\$2.62	\$18.56
North Atlantic Division..	17,508,823	39,655,897	15,051,989	72,214,658	3.62	23.56
South Atlantic Division..	1,107,177	8,859,070	1,656,986	11,623,233	1.19	9.12
South Central Division..	1,176,077	10,917,205	1,040,018	13,133,296	1.02	7.14
North Central Division..	10,387,300	50,828,351	15,498,988	76,694,619	3.08	19.52
Western Division.....	1,745,899	9,048,019	2,896,908	13,655,797	3.40	26.40
North Atlantic Div.—						
Maine.....	269,966	1,164,828	169,570	1,596,364	2.43	16.50
New Hampshire.....	651,647	308,079	1,040,309	2,000,035	2.61	21.81
Vermont.....	264,598	631,991	16,412	912,986	2.74	18.06
Massachusetts.....	2,728,197	17,032,812	2,629,629	22,390,638	4.71	37.01
Rhode Island.....	550,977	1,263,680	247,078	1,781,735	14.88	35.16
Connecticut.....	555,819	1,587,518	598,488	2,669,825	3.52	29.22
New York.....	8,398,676	14,180,060	4,181,121	26,699,857	3.90	32.54
New Jersey.....	979,371	3,194,049	1,108,837	5,277,247	2.98	27.55
Pennsylvania.....	3,688,640	10,049,812	5,879,735	19,618,187	3.33	23.44
South Atlantic Div.—						
Delaware.....	123,795	225,000	26,205	375,000	11.63	13.98
Maryland.....	326,869	1,862,512	335,291	2,594,702	3.20	19.45
District of Columbia..	187,410	743,298	180,580	1,111,296	4.00	33.88
Virginia.....	171,019	1,459,969	222,561	1,853,549	1.09	8.68
West Virginia.....	**222,071	**1,112,513	**458,065	**1,798,649	**2.11	12.77
North Carolina**.....	58,172	705,416	58,172	811,560	1.48	3.55
South Carolina.....	43,814	590,180	54,074	697,068	1.55	**3.86
Georgia.....	119,080	1,534,020	212,922	1,765,972	1.88	7.11
Florida.....	58,967	547,172	107,304	713,443	1.43	10.27
South Central Division—						
Kentucky**.....	415,357	2,372,214	131,474	2,919,045	1.47	10.11
Tennessee**.....	182,638	1,342,870	165,244	1,690,750	1.90	5.01
Alabama†.....	118,230	618,698	126,461	663,389	1.89	3.54
Mississippi†.....	37,314	1,108,013	127,178	1,272,500	1.89	6.22
Louisiana.....	72,825	780,472	136,013	989,310	1.79	7.97
Texas**.....	256,246	3,404,064	398,378	3,998,778	1.84	9.08
Arkansas.....	135,134	1,080,511	61,239	1,276,984	1.99	6.55
Oklahoma.....	58,235	200,408	65,981	324,619	1.16	8.24
Indian Territory.....						
North Central Division—						
Ohio.....	1,178,770	5,430,875	2,999,745	12,574,980	3.28	20.71
Indiana.....	11,000,000	5,004,780	1,689,378	16,694,058	3.10	17.31
Illinois.....	2,912,353	10,377,443	3,048,255	16,338,050	2.56	23.11
Michigan.....	854,477	4,044,352	1,490,979	6,390,808	2.84	18.37
Wisconsin.....	711,963	3,451,986	911,696	5,075,645	2.45	18.55
Minnesota.....	768,477	3,406,580	984,138	5,159,195	3.08	21.81
Iowa.....	707,324	5,264,354	1,018,752	7,990,430	3.78	22.01
Missouri.....	1,260,854	4,300,304	1,347,934	6,711,092	2.21	18.61
North Dakota**.....	182,353	599,774	356,705	1,138,838	3.71	29.22
South Dakota**.....	144,728	829,083	306,852	1,280,663	3.74	23.24
Nebraska.....	485,846	2,280,018	576,384	3,342,247	3.02	19.91
Kansas.....	199,368	3,296,122	594,394	4,090,574	2.85	14.81
Western Division—						
Montana.....	213,919	438,193	140,046	792,098	3.45	37.31
Wyoming**.....	29,118	153,209	28,948	311,285	2.12	27.41
Colorado**.....	845,500	1,819,921	730,763	2,396,183	4.38	38.11
New Mexico.....	7,699	124,015	24,241	155,955	1.99	8.01
Arizona.....	12,747	155,991	37,114	205,852	2.55	19.77
Utah.....	174,446	514,573	216,694	905,713	3.47	18.77
Nevada.....	34,875	167,171	(§)	202,046	4.86	46.71
Idaho.....	95,165	197,253	**44,891	337,269	2.88	14.41
Washington**.....	140,070	709,150	1,425,509	2,274,729	3.37	22.55
Oregon.....	173,846	784,968	236,236	1,195,050	3.16	19.41
California.....	529,478	4,418,545	896,727	5,844,750	3.99	30.91

\* Includes expenditure for books, janitors and transportation of pupils. † Approximately  
 ‡ Includes some expenditure for evening schools. § In 1899-90. ¶ Includes city of Wilmington  
 only. \*\* In 1895-96. †† Report incomplete. ‡‡ In 1894-95. §§ Not reported separately.

## GROWTH OF THE COMMON SCHOOLS.

YEAR.	Total populat'n.	Pupils enrolled.	Per cent of population enrolled.	Average daily attend- ance.	TEACHERS.		Days in school term.
					Males.	Fe- males.	
1870-71	*29,500,200	7,561,582	19.14	4,545,317	90,298	129,932	132.1
1874-75	*43,700,164	8,780,978	20.10	5,248,114	108,791	149,074	130.4
1879-80	*50,159,153	9,847,056	19.67	6,144,143	122,785	168,796	130.3
1884-85	*56,221,938	11,847,244	20.27	7,297,559	121,702	204,154	130.7
1889-90	*62,602,350	12,723,881	20.32	8,153,635	126,525	238,397	134.7
1890-91	*63,808,370	13,050,182	20.42	8,408,823	128,360	246,028	135.7
1891-92	*64,044,251	13,250,921	20.41	8,500,608	121,573	252,653	136.9
1892-93	*66,280,180	13,498,340	20.34	8,837,199	122,472	260,278	136.3
1893-94	*68,004,250	13,665,357	20.56	9,263,350	125,402	263,547	139.5
1894-95†	*68,749,350	14,201,752	20.65	9,387,507	128,378	267,351	141.4
1895-96†	*70,505,321	14,729,078	20.37	9,747,015	130,366	269,959	140.5
1896-97	*71,374,142	14,932,492	20.58	10,089,630	131,386	271,947	140.4

YEAR.	School- houses.	Value of school property.	Paid for teachers' salaries.	Total expendi- tures.	Expended per capita of popula- tion.	Expended per pupil.
1870-71	132,119	\$145,815,703	\$42,580,353	\$60,107,612	\$1.75	\$15.30
1874-75	157,364	192,013,096	51,732,250	86,094,007	1.91	15.91
1879-80	178,222	209,571,718	55,942,072	78,034,375	1.56	12.71
1884-85	205,315	263,088,536	72,878,366	110,329,375	1.96	15.12
1889-90	224,526	342,541,791	91,890,484	140,508,715	2.24	17.23
1890-91	225,361	349,708,465	94,303,089	147,494,800	2.31	17.54
1891-92	228,553	369,160,739	100,298,256	156,811,012	2.40	18.20
1892-93	234,013	394,091,020	104,690,539	164,171,667	2.48	18.58
1893-94	238,423	429,298,256	104,392,405	172,672,543	2.53	18.62
1894-95†	237,416	429,071,990	113,654,374	178,215,560	2.56	18.96
1895-96†	240,908	455,988,164	116,377,778	184,453,790	2.61	18.92
1896-97	246,828	469,090,066	119,338,542	187,320,032	2.62	18.57

\*Estimated. †The figures for 1894-95 and 1895-96 are subject to correction.

## COMMON-SCHOOL STATISTICS OF THE SOUTHERN STATES CLASSIFIED BY RACE—1890-97.

STATE.	ESTIMATED NO. OF PERSONS 5 TO 18 YEARS OF AGE.		PUPILS EN- ROLLED IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.		AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE.		NUMBER OF TEACHERS.	
	White.	Colored.	White.	Colored.	White.	Colored.	White.	Colored.
Alabama	334,700	286,000	108,000	120,521	150,230	182,770	4,725	2,368
Arkansas	331,700	128,500	234,178	82,192	144,592	50,367	5,617	1,504
Delaware (1891-92)	38,800	8,000	28,316	4,808	119,746	42,947	734	806
District of Columbia	45,440	25,000	27,397	15,198	21,683	11,630	715	896
Florida	92,200	75,000	65,913	39,502	43,623	25,534	2,010	662
Georgia	599,000	346,000	266,301	179,190	156,504	90,179	5,014	3,247
Kentucky (1890-96)	557,400	50,000	337,171	62,308	247,303	39,056	8,727	1,620
Louisiana	200,500	220,000	104,808	94,073	75,394	48,528	2,600	774
Maryland	298,000	77,500	196,416	48,531	111,208	22,419	4,062	1,000
Mississippi (1894-95)	212,700	360,000	102,830	187,255	99,048	163,035	4,401	3,364
Missouri	800,000	54,300	641,237	31,915	408,611	24,839	14,176	762
N. Carolina (1890-96)	390,700	251,500	244,376	126,644	165,809	75,926	5,129	2,750
South Carolina	176,700	390,500	113,027	139,156	82,627	99,162	2,928	2,045
Tennessee (1895-96)	480,300	102,000	388,493	85,102	272,063	65,212	7,267	1,878
Texas (1896-97)	800,000	245,000	491,410	135,149	549,013	100,320	10,470	2,747
Virginia	340,100	242,000	244,593	125,234	145,218	68,303	6,448	2,127
W. Virginia (1896-97)	274,300	11,000	208,035	7,330	195,614	4,467	6,709	230
Total	5,909,400	2,916,300	3,937,092	1,000,094	2,935,106	994,635	92,078	27,435
Total (1890-90)	*5,132,000	*2,510,817	3,402,420	1,236,366	2,166,054	813,710	78,906	24,672

\*United States census. †Approximately.

## INSTRUCTORS AND STUDENTS IN PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOLS AND IN PRIVATE HIGH SCHOOLS AND ACADEMIES—1896-97.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOLS.					PRIVATE SECONDARY SCHOOLS.				
	Number.	Secondary teachers.		Secondary students.		Number.	Secondary teachers.		Secondary students.	
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
United States.....	5,109	7,658	9,151	173,445	235,988	2,100	4,162	5,412	53,218	54,415
North Atlantic Div....	1,227	1,930	3,194	54,553	71,846	965	1,804	2,376	20,944	19,524
South Atlantic Div....	855	437	533	8,320	11,901	421	675	790	9,443	8,947
South Central Div....	530	717	660	12,585	17,037	438	654	903	10,268	11,591
North Central Div....	2,784	4,117	4,342	89,407	122,131	3,965	780	1,124	10,279	11,301
Western Div....	213	427	422	9,280	13,043	181	246	329	2,284	3,052
North Atlantic Div.—										
Maine.....	151	162	158	3,642	4,535	35	60	86	1,429	1,589
New Hampshire.....	52	58	91	1,499	1,959	28	98	57	1,233	724
Vermont.....	50	46	79	1,167	1,595	26	50	77	1,058	1,050
Massachusetts.....	225	456	804	13,939	17,421	97	258	396	2,551	2,808
Rhode Island.....	14	63	68	1,295	1,613	11	47	63	415	372
Connecticut.....	64	106	174	2,639	3,427	58	108	168	1,178	1,505
New York.....	344	435	1,079	17,803	21,091	204	630	861	5,588	5,935
New Jersey.....	76	117	247	3,427	5,189	69	202	206	2,420	1,328
Pennsylvania.....	251	453	494	9,048	14,936	137	368	462	4,972	4,312
South Atlantic Div.—										
Delaware.....	14	15	33	485	768	3	10	6	121	89
Maryland.....	41	57	69	1,690	1,737	43	86	144	825	1,138
Dist. of Columbia....	4	44	55	924	1,489	19	50	88	354	520
Virginia.....	64	69	106	1,418	2,050	85	165	148	1,916	1,508
West Virginia.....	25	32	42	510	789	15	27	29	398	347
North Carolina.....	12	15	13	179	238	132	185	148	2,961	2,345
South Carolina.....	67	71	69	1,098	1,235	32	51	56	748	666
Georgia.....	100	98	119	1,814	2,838	85	99	145	2,065	2,109
Florida.....	28	86	28	532	704	7	2	18	37	180
South Central Div.—										
Kentucky.....	53	83	94	1,625	2,174	91	121	154	1,773	1,777
Tennessee.....	97	122	89	2,051	2,744	113	163	133	2,545	2,364
Alabama.....	52	59	67	1,106	1,441	76	90	93	1,512	1,658
Mississippi.....	81	90	81	1,411	1,740	59	66	115	1,180	1,387
Louisiana.....	18	32	51	423	1,002	31	26	86	401	641
Texas.....	181	260	228	4,637	6,488	80	142	169	2,150	2,764
Arkansas.....	43	61	45	1,127	1,353	27	33	31	501	500
Oklahoma.....	3	4	4	85	145	3	8	9	44	64
Indian Territory.....	2	6	1	110	.....	8	10	11	162	165
North Central Div.—										
Ohio.....	584	832	743	16,408	21,550	58	125	174	1,280	1,585
Indiana.....	345	509	359	9,447	11,897	26	48	84	650	1,071
Illinois.....	827	590	629	12,545	19,304	61	103	200	1,390	1,907
Michigan.....	285	397	585	10,952	14,738	19	27	90	896	691
Wisconsin.....	184	260	337	6,830	8,757	26	88	75	1,049	490
Minnesota.....	102	172	298	4,500	6,050	30	66	93	880	764
Iowa.....	325	428	578	10,288	14,358	45	90	98	1,558	1,853
Missouri.....	189	317	320	6,790	10,040	88	161	196	2,331	2,435
North Dakota.....	21	21	30	372	537	3	6	9	28	50
South Dakota.....	29	28	38	603	817	7	12	19	97	128
Nebraska.....	219	256	231	4,955	7,125	15	21	41	225	305
Kansas.....	174	247	230	4,707	6,852	18	33	45	428	542
Western Div.—										
Montana.....	14	13	29	404	539	4	1	8	19	80
Wyoming.....	2	2	6	103	117	1	2	1	18	12
Colorado.....	41	107	89	1,884	2,751	7	11	22	91	206
New Mexico.....	7	7	2	75	131	3	4	4	46	15
Arizona.....	2	6	2	59	68	2	3	8	25	180
Utah.....	2	14	11	261	389	13	48	25	555	584
Nevada.....	6	4	12	147	228	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Idaho.....	7	9	4	108	164	7	10	6	39	61
Washington.....	34	51	42	1,038	1,493	18	21	36	251	330
Oregon.....	12	22	23	629	839	18	37	39	300	393
California.....	86	192	198	4,539	6,254	62	112	181	880	1,231

# INSTRUCTORS AND STUDENTS IN COLLEGES AND SEMINARIES FOR WOMEN WHICH CONFER DEGREES—1896-97.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	No. of institutions.	PROFESSORS AND INSTRUCTORS		FEMALE STUDENTS.			
		Male.	Female.	Preparatory.	College.	Graduate.	Total income.
United States.....	157	696	1,823	4,700	14,390	452	\$2,125,842
North Atlantic Division.....	24	283	447	1,151	4,120	208	1,208,986
South Atlantic Division.....	49	302	438	1,038	4,671	102	665,951
South Central Division.....	54	182	518	1,461	3,914	112	559,680
North Central Division.....	28	72	321	1,007	1,658	28	456,119
Western Division.....	2	7	45	49	31	2	87,406
North Atlantic Division—							
Maine.....	2	7	6	75	33	3	16,500
New Hampshire.....	1	5	7	150	30	.....	30,000
Massachusetts.....	5	183	167	26	2,379	79	620,826
New York.....	5	59	124	820	949	72	432,142
New Jersey.....	2	25	16	31	24	.....	16,580
Pennsylvania.....	9	53	127	249	705	54	260,968
South Atlantic Division—							
Maryland.....	5	32	63	65	450	8	128,900
Virginia.....	15	64	140	275	875	22	165,815
West Virginia.....	1	1	3	16	14	.....	3,000
North Carolina.....	8	21	76	206	694	5	101,894
South Carolina.....	8	35	68	147	1,040	26	86,700
Georgia.....	12	49	143	333	1,568	42	177,550
South Central Division—							
Kentucky.....	11	24	110	241	898	8	106,800
Tennessee.....	12	45	157	431	1,046	61	156,800
Alabama.....	10	17	86	139	769	10	98,400
Mississippi.....	13	31	115	445	809	26	280,471
Louisiana.....	3	7	20	107	141	.....	38,000
Texas.....	3	7	23	83	221	7	43,569
Arkansas.....	1	1	8	25	60	.....	10,500
North Central Division—							
Ohio.....	6	8	95	207	306	4	98,680
Indiana.....	1	.....	10	70	10	.....	11,900
Illinois.....	4	12	48	183	241	6	102,644
Wisconsin.....	1	.....	15	149	22	.....	32,586
Minnesota.....	1	.....	7	13	28	.....	6,400
Missouri.....	13	47	123	317	971	16	178,620
Kansas.....	2	6	23	69	77	2	23,200
Western Division—							
California.....	2	7	45	49	32	2	87,406

## SPECIAL INSTITUTIONS OF EDUCATION—1896-97.

	Number of institutions.	Number of instructors.	Number of pupils.	Volumes in libraries.	Value of scientific apparatus.	Value of grounds and buildings.
Business schools.....	341	1,764	77,746	.....	.....	.....
Reform schools.....	98	465	21,243	.....	.....	\$16,519,017
Schools for defective classes—						
State schools for the deaf....	54	877	9,391	90,184	\$31,394	11,573,873
Public day schools for the deaf..	22	60	506	.....	.....	.....
Private schools for the deaf.....	19	83	532	.....	.....	.....
State schools for the blind....	36	367	3,630	95,879	13,200	6,183,586
Public institutions for the feeble-minded.....	18	190	8,177	.....	.....	4,631,917
Private institutions for the feeble-minded.....	10	58	357	.....	.....	.....

## INSTRUCTORS AND STUDENTS IN CO-EDUCATIONAL COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES AND IN COLLEGES FOR MEN ONLY—1896-97.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	No. of Institutions.	PROFESSORS AND INSTRUCTORS.		STUDENTS.						Total Income.
				Preparatory.		College.		Graduate.		
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
United States.....	472	7,484	1,490	30,306	14,287	52,439	15,652	3,516	884	\$18,972,414
North Atlantic Division.....	78	2,300	129	5,444	672	19,082	2,155	1,486	150	7,561,714
South Atlantic Division.....	72	910	150	3,210	1,508	5,691	842	364	11	1,583,508
South Central Division.....	87	822	279	5,048	2,892	6,474	2,264	68	91	1,523,776
North Central Division.....	194	2,877	783	14,008	7,613	17,896	5,887	1,224	522	6,980,833
Western Division.....	41	574	149	2,688	1,667	5,336	1,704	159	110	1,322,583
North Atlantic Division—										
Maine.....	3	45	2			576	189			112,456
New Hampshire.....	1	33				469		6		88,000
Vermont.....	2	41				277	97	2	2	91,392
Massachusetts.....	9	852	8	471	20	3,768	352	400	20	1,980,218
Rhode Island.....	1	76				671	127	34	18	170,000
Connecticut.....	2	194				2,008	61	200	30	855,176
New York.....	23	810	63	8,229	210	4,830	564	616	65	2,488,970
New Jersey.....	4	120	4	177	35	1,195		133		510,394
Pennsylvania.....	32	560	52	1,508	407	5,328	768	186	26	1,585,198
South Atlantic Division—										
Delaware.....	1	13				71		1		39,200
Maryland.....	10	176	14	537	55	756	84	210		333,253
District of Columbia.....	6	253	9	406	31	439	109	82	5	383,965
Virginia.....	10	117	5	124	93	1,039	68	38		267,980
West Virginia.....	3	86	8	157	5	301	128	1		71,412
North Carolina.....	18	125	39	683	446	1,339	167	13	4	176,654
South Carolina.....	9	67	11	458	268	953	40	6		100,150
Georgia.....	11	74	36	617	422	940	141	11		137,919
Florida.....	6	49	28	228	194	144	105	2	2	72,985
South Central Division—										
Kentucky.....	13	126	45	944	570	1,087	299	11	2	199,867
Tennessee.....	24	235	76	1,441	841	1,818	692	47	6	473,838
Alabama.....	9	79	13	443	302	760	144	1		120,155
Mississippi.....	5	42	8	238	132	539	67	7	1	74,263
Louisiana.....	9	101	29	706	128	691	244	7	76	247,371
Texas.....	15	157	64	972	424	1,153	495	10	6	253,079
Arkansas.....	9	80	33	561	345	408	304			109,808
Oklahoma.....	1	6	2	86	70	8	4			27,300
Indian Territory.....	2	5	9	55	70	11	14			8,100
North Central Division—										
Ohio.....	35	540	127	2,744	1,265	3,294	1,609	125	60	988,151
Indiana.....	14	217	30	944	313	1,569	723	84	31	496,691
Illinois.....	31	632	139	2,446	1,294	3,449	1,470	570	228	2,407,384
Michigan.....	11	178	63	796	445	1,601	864	52	42	576,935
Wisconsin.....	9	186	31	651	166	1,248	482	76	17	528,131
Minnesota.....	9	184	32	421	159	1,573	676	130	28	381,838
Iowa.....	23	227	109	1,391	1,087	1,544	967	98	23	390,599
Missouri.....	25	301	118	2,132	1,022	1,635	633	14	9	610,733
North Dakota.....	3	21	6	186	159	64	33			46,700
South Dakota.....	5	38	22	249	203	102	75	1	1	44,177
Nebraska.....	11	137	44	745	496	775	573	70	43	268,315
Kansas.....	18	216	62	1,813	948	1,032	563	34	21	246,065
Western Division—										
Montana.....	3	14	12	124	140	39	38			36,050
Wyoming.....	1	11	3	14	18	41	33	3	3	45,873
Colorado.....	4	85	21	348	287	245	163	17	13	152,981
New Mexico.....										
Arizona.....	1	11	3	64	53	27	8			49,116
Utah.....	2	33	3	251	164	78	84		1	82,555
Nevada.....	1	14	4	69	44	98	50			58,017
Idaho.....	1	17	6	117	72	39	21	2	2	48,840
Washington.....	8	69	25	303	190	380	163	5	6	123,033
Oregon.....	8	53	23	476	375	202	128	2	5	82,697
California.....	12	236	69	886	294	2,312	1,016	130	80	643,521

## INCOME OF UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES FOR MEN AND FOR BOTH SEXES—1890-97.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Tuition fees.	Total income.	From productive funds.	State or municipal appropriations.	United States government appropriations.	From other sources.	Benefactions.
United States.....	\$7,064,016	\$18,972,244	\$5,414,696	\$2,780,965	\$801,468	\$2,872,279	\$7,008,144
North Atlantic Division.....	3,289,021	7,501,714	2,735,021	565,445	131,000	840,329	3,544,132
South Atlantic Division.....	452,078	1,483,545	425,012	181,805	172,200	167,467	585,631
South Central Division.....	640,156	1,523,776	457,254	144,112	137,464	214,740	263,430
North Central Division.....	2,915,654	6,980,833	1,430,305	1,452,211	206,804	1,588,478	1,275,217
Western Division.....	232,737	1,322,583	388,193	446,384	185,000	63,279	1,919,754
North Atlantic Division—							
Maine.....	51,515	112,456	60,941				37,003
New Hampshire.....	35,000	88,100	50,000			2,000	58,000
Vermont.....	11,731	91,302	35,520	8,400	22,000	15,542	3,596
Massachusetts.....	763,179	1,690,218	704,153			187,891	608,873
Rhode Island.....	100,000	170,000	70,000				3,000
Connecticut.....	518,658	855,176	284,024			62,404	456,550
New York.....	828,951	2,488,970	1,092,005	163,620	37,000	352,935	1,019,386
New Jersey.....	100,394	510,394	171,000		37,000	142,000	
Pennsylvania.....	748,633	1,865,198	318,804	393,344	37,000	87,497	1,297,948
South Atlantic Division—							
Delaware.....	590	30,200	4,180		32,000	1,300	9,000
Maryland.....	205,133	353,753	102,500	16,000			61,300
District of Columbia.....	174,784	283,365	87,351		96,600	24,620	217,843
Virginia.....	94,450	267,380	89,153		65,000	18,886	50,775
West Virginia.....	11,204	71,412	6,708		36,000	17,000	450
North Carolina.....	82,625	176,654	24,331	20,000		39,638	161,807
South Carolina.....	21,080	100,150	27,051	30,000		22,019	2,021
Georgia.....	25,673	137,919	54,019	10,265	22,000	25,982	79,652
Florida.....	16,280	72,085	18,317	4,500	11,000	22,899	9,000
South Central Division—							
Kentucky.....	61,920	199,867	62,706	32,429	35,810	8,932	65,155
Tennessee.....	150,044	475,831	127,063	20,450	37,000	193,156	148,415
Alabama.....	26,672	190,155	25,301	3,400		6,953	20,100
Mississippi.....	22,200	71,263	41,035	5,400		5,000	12,000
Louisiana.....	89,684	241,371	100,836	16,317	25,694	14,800	6,250
Texas.....	140,470	253,079	57,000	22,500		33,168	27,885
Arkansas.....	33,946	109,808	10,196	27,101	31,000	4,700	3,125
Oklahoma.....		27,500	7,800	19,500			280
Indian Territory.....	6,100	8,100				2,000	110
North Central Division—							
Ohio.....	314,875	988,151	344,152	246,957	22,000	70,127	216,552
Indiana.....	256,325	485,021	113,005	80,000		37,360	82,355
Illinois.....	641,025	1,405,288	415,632	121,215	37,000	1,173,119	570,953
Michigan.....	247,800	575,986	95,333	157,000		32,732	128,873
Wisconsin.....	135,535	528,191	60,825	284,474	37,000	91,201	144,087
Minnesota.....	103,950	389,898	71,875	82,353	38,000	100,710	96,622
Iowa.....	200,906	380,599	91,634	76,100		21,929	45,943
Missouri.....	307,629	610,753	187,500	65,318	35,804	19,462	31,741
North Dakota.....	3,213	46,700	1,000	20,000		13,457	5,000
South Dakota.....	16,497	44,177	1,822	20,000		5,888	53,000
Nebraska.....	37,211	258,515	17,001	158,072	37,000	9,031	19,616
Kansas.....	90,529	246,065	27,004	100,800		24,732	60,155
Western Division—							
Montana.....	15,850	36,050	9,000	7,500		3,700	18,000
Wyoming.....	4,711	45,873	7,402	7,402	37,000		
Colorado.....	58,962	152,801	29,583	60,000		7,344	171,860
Arizona.....	120	49,116		11,896	37,000		
Utah.....	7,534	82,535	15,000	60,000			200
Nevada.....		58,017	5,080	15,625	37,000	812	1,000
Idaho.....	340	45,800	500	6,000	37,000		100
Washington.....	37,619	128,035	4,000	70,000		25,814	53,100
Oregon.....	24,255	82,627	25,047	20,000		3,400	2,280
California.....	106,025	640,521	289,398	177,761	37,000	22,709	1,673,175

PROPERTY OF UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES FOR MEN AND FOR BOTH SEXES—  
1896-97.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Number of fellow-ships.	Number of scholar-ships.	LIBRARIES.		Value of scientific apparatus and libraries.	Value of grounds and buildings.	Productive funds.
			Bound volumes.	Pamphlets.			
United States.....	332	5,463	6,068,046	1,737,951	\$16,014,847	\$130,142,960	\$114,312,292
North Atlantic Division....	167	2,967	3,071,196	896,909	7,743,253	49,094,317	59,732,098
South Atlantic Division....	23	508	732,039	156,527	1,287,800	13,745,085	8,486,134
South Central Division....	26	696	485,055	181,810	1,098,160	10,458,000	7,677,190
North Central Division....	151	954	2,038,137	492,070	4,896,780	37,875,097	31,315,998
Western Division.....	6	338	330,619	88,569	1,119,164	9,000,491	7,001,044
North Atlantic Division—							
Maine.....		234	110,859	10,800	200,000	850,000	1,832,975
New Hampshire.....			75,000	20,000	100,000	400,000	1,054,775
Vermont.....		135	72,590	12,000	205,000	700,000	775,000
Massachusetts.....	47	575	720,150	598,536	1,418,000	7,807,083	14,303,444
Rhode Island.....	1	100	90,000	20,000	540,000	1,177,967	1,160,000
Connecticut.....	27	88	387,000	7,000	645,255	6,731,300	5,862,235
New York.....	56	1,510	890,717	151,919	2,890,260	17,280,260	22,378,679
New Jersey.....	7	104	193,867	6,350	675,000	2,580,000	3,500,000
Pennsylvania.....	29	371	637,013	102,498	1,199,848	11,567,898	8,945,323
South Atlantic Division—							
Delaware.....	21		8,500	8,300	46,500	98,700	83,000
Maryland.....	3	191	171,850	23,100	323,700	2,119,000	3,047,000
District of Columbia.....	3	31	101,800	49,112	172,500	437,500	1,060,552
Virginia.....	6	90	147,900	18,600	281,250	2,151,000	1,890,932
West Virginia.....		31	17,600	4,700	101,000	470,000	114,750
North Carolina.....	138	111,850	22,950	154,800	1,506,500	777,479	585,700
South Carolina.....	10	69,800	4,550	80,600	799,000	585,700	585,700
Georgia.....	2	10	74,803	11,465	120,500	1,788,500	866,161
Florida.....		7	17,846	4,750	27,000	414,885	330,800
South Central Division—							
Kentucky.....	2	121	79,347	18,085	194,085	1,238,000	1,373,047
Tennessee.....	18	365	161,737	72,375	332,650	3,313,000	2,463,800
Alabama.....		38	25,400	4,550	118,100	1,032,500	865,000
Mississippi.....	3	9	30,700	9,500	69,700	490,000	690,500
Louisiana.....		107	70,360	12,000	169,250	1,853,000	1,943,813
Texas.....	3	46	74,941	4,550	170,575	1,337,500	695,500
Arkansas.....			21,600	10,800	37,750	563,000	155,500
Oklahoma.....			3,000		5,000	65,000	
Indian Territory.....		10	1,050	100	1,100	37,000	
North Central Division—							
Ohio.....	21	170	407,488	95,973	862,450	8,176,698	7,632,166
Indiana.....	1	22	189,026	15,900	361,500	8,000,000	2,040,711
Illinois.....	30	270	535,478	118,338	859,400	8,042,600	9,637,736
Michigan.....		28	215,113	68,750	361,745	2,198,737	1,632,688
Wisconsin.....	13	53	128,908	26,250	348,200	2,622,000	1,504,743
Minnesota.....	1		94,079	21,300	226,630	2,708,100	1,632,348
Iowa.....	9	136	151,284	30,300	370,230	2,202,000	1,469,978
Missouri.....	5	168	166,577	68,933	438,275	4,241,000	3,721,849
North Dakota.....			8,000	5,200	29,000	190,000	20,000
South Dakota.....		61	11,131	4,200	10,300	394,450	60,000
Nebraska.....	18	30	61,919	6,550	203,600	1,567,000	1,254,779
Kansas.....		16	99,043	25,434	268,950	1,802,500	436,000
Western Division—							
Montana.....			4,400	5,700	12,200	126,000	
Wyoming.....			4,680	8,000	50,000	100,000	
Colorado.....		32	64,400	10,500	138,973	1,242,303	549,306
Arizona.....			2,600		40,000	85,000	
Utah.....		130	18,500	10,600	67,100	430,000	196,437
Nevada.....			5,832	3,630	26,173	145,332	95,000
Idaho.....			3,500	9,500	85,000	125,000	6,638
Washington.....		6	20,480	8,930	41,808	804,000	85,000
Oregon.....		57	24,767	8,323	64,400	726,000	360,048
California.....	6	113	171,400	38,400	651,500	5,167,858	5,718,725

## INSTRUCTORS AND STUDENTS IN SCHOOLS OF TECHNOLOGY AND INSTITUTIONS CONFERRING ONLY THE B. S. DEGREE—1896-97.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	No. of Institutions.	PROFESSORS AND INSTRUCTORS.		STUDENTS.								Total Income.
				Preparatory		Collegiate.		Graduate.				
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.			
United States.....	48	1,094	90	2,038	409	8,717	1,017	190	77	\$3,500,190		
North Atlantic Division.....	13	377	13	244	.....	2,905	180	13	.....	1,308,289		
South Atlantic Division.....	11	211	1	359	15	1,632	12	46	.....	701,656		
South Central Division.....	5	99	1	529	49	868	25	30	.....	278,868		
North Central Division.....	11	290	50	423	158	2,600	526	78	53	819,808		
Western Division.....	8	117	25	483	187	687	274	23	24	391,540		
North Atlantic Division—												
Maine.....	1	30	1	.....	.....	290	17	.....	.....	90,450		
New Hampshire.....	1	21	.....	.....	.....	65	19	3	.....	52,173		
Vermont.....	1	8	.....	.....	.....	47	.....	.....	.....	4,500		
Massachusetts.....	3	174	1	.....	.....	1,470	71	11	.....	443,645		
Rhode Island.....	1	19	6	.....	.....	99	46	.....	.....	99,919		
Connecticut.....	1	8	4	.....	.....	84	23	.....	.....	58,968		
New York.....	3	77	1	.....	.....	437	4	.....	.....	483,714		
New Jersey.....	2	40	.....	244	.....	413	.....	.....	.....	74,320		
Pennsylvania.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
South Atlantic Division—												
Delaware.....	1	4	.....	24	6	10	2	.....	.....	8,400		
Maryland.....	2	77	.....	28	.....	343	.....	.....	.....	343,104		
District of Columbia.....	1	9	.....	.....	.....	47	.....	.....	.....	9,634		
Virginia.....	2	45	.....	19	.....	480	.....	31	.....	129,673		
West Virginia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
North Carolina.....	2	29	1	50	9	249	10	7	.....	54,536		
South Carolina.....	2	33	.....	200	.....	363	.....	8	.....	126,766		
Georgia.....	1	14	.....	40	.....	140	.....	.....	.....	28,500		
Florida.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
South Central Division—												
Kentucky.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Tennessee.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Alabama.....	1	31	.....	43	.....	306	12	16	.....	61,046		
Mississippi.....	2	36	.....	453	10	249	2	7	.....	94,721		
Louisiana.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Texas.....	1	22	.....	.....	.....	290	.....	7	.....	82,641		
Arkansas.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Oklahoma.....	1	10	1	33	39	48	11	.....	.....	40,491		
Indian Territory.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
North Central Division—												
Ohio.....	1	20	.....	.....	.....	240	.....	4	.....	63,000		
Indiana.....	2	78	6	.....	.....	665	61	24	23	181,116		
Illinois.....	1	43	17	196	83	133	23	.....	.....	100,000		
Michigan.....	2	45	2	.....	.....	463	43	11	2	150,049		
Wisconsin.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Minnesota.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Iowa.....	1	42	13	16	11	432	97	10	3	125,349		
Missouri.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
North Dakota.....	1	15	1	105	37	28	14	3	.....	45,900		
South Dakota.....	2	20	3	45	19	230	78	9	.....	59,574		
Nebraska.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Kansas.....	1	27	8	59	8	411	210	17	26	94,320		
Western Division—												
Montana.....	1	11	5	27	15	10	6	.....	.....	41,000		
Wyoming.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Colorado.....	2	32	4	58	28	252	55	9	1	120,000		
New Mexico.....	2	15	3	64	23	45	22	1	.....	63,064		
Arizona.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Utah.....	1	18	6	240	73	86	36	10	7	64,812		
Nevada.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Idaho.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Washington.....	1	22	3	94	48	117	48	.....	.....	58,664		
Oregon.....	1	19	4	.....	.....	177	107	8	16	46,000		
California.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		

## STATISTICS OF EDUCATION.

67

## SUMMARY OF STATISTICS OF PROFESSIONAL AND ALLIED SCHOOLS—1896-97.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	THEOLOGICAL.			LAW.			MEDICAL.		
	Schools.	In-struct-ors.	Stu-dents.	Schools.	In-struct-ors.	Stu-dents.	Schools.	In-struct-ors.	Stu-dents.
United States.....	157	980	8,173	77	744	10,448	150	3,986	24,377
North Atlantic Division.	49	365	3,062	18	223	3,580	27	799	7,365
South Atlantic Division.	28	140	957	17	115	1,567	21	456	2,913
South Central Division.	18	76	817	13	56	612	20	357	8,435
North Central Division.	60	358	3,197	28	288	4,268	70	2,080	9,643
Western Division.....	7	41	140	6	60	422	12	284	1,021
North Atlantic Division—									
Maine.....	2	15	90				2	80	167
New Hampshire.....							1	13	145
Vermont.....							1	25	221
Massachusetts.....	8	73	540	2	43	871	4	141	1,089
Rhode Island.....									
Connecticut.....	3	39	203	1	32	213	1	25	134
New York.....	16	119	948	7	121	2,015	12	349	3,199
New Jersey.....	5	31	467						
Pennsylvania.....	15	88	814	3	27	481	6	216	2,426
South Atlantic Division—									
Maryland.....	5	55	408	2	17	274	7	208	1,217
District of Columbia.....	4	22	145	5	61	808	4	100	478
Virginia.....	4	18	167	3	9	209	2	47	421
West Virginia.....				1	3	104			
North Carolina.....	5	31	93	2	6	88	3	18	127
South Carolina.....	3	12	51	1	1	14	1	10	90
Georgia.....	2	12	96	3	18	80	4	73	582
South Central Division—									
Kentucky.....	4	25	553	1	3	64	5	95	1,232
Tennessee.....	8	36	207	6	27	190	9	161	1,236
Alabama.....	3	10	50	1	3	36	2	34	170
Mississippi.....				1	5	42			
Louisiana.....	1	3	8	1	5	156	2	27	888
Texas.....	2	2	19	2	9	156	3	40	400
Arkansas.....				1	7	37			
North Central Division—									
Ohio.....	13	66	507	6	56	528	15	372	1,824
Indiana.....	4	28	165	5	38	420	5	189	495
Illinois.....	14	106	1,222	7	62	1,229	14	619	2,736
Michigan.....	3	22	121	2	47	712	5	150	879
Wisconsin.....	4	30	193	1	10	184	2	63	189
Minnesota.....	4	45	301	1	18	365	3	97	357
Iowa.....	4	11	174	2	15	305	6	106	794
Missouri.....	6	33	455	2	21	238	15	390	2,041
Nebraska.....	3	17	51	1	13	77	3	95	157
Kansas.....	1	3	8	1	8	150	2	59	165
Western Division—									
Colorado.....	2	11	87	3	26	78	4	105	235
Oregon.....	1	3	21	2	17	70	2	38	87
California.....	4	21	82	2	7	274	6	141	699

## RELIGIOUS AND DENOMINATIONAL COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES IN THE UNITED STATES.

FORM.	Institu-tions.	Pro-fess-ors.	Students.	Endow-ment.
Non-sectarian.....	114	3,247	31,941	\$67,559,867
Roman Catholic.....	59	711	5,954	829,080
Methodist Episcopal.....	63	846	8,432	10,493,497
Baptist.....	51	713	6,989	13,611,224
Presbyterian.....	54	459	4,087	5,133,295
Congregational.....	24	442	4,070	6,219,495
Christian.....	17	152	1,445	716,309
United Brethren.....	8	54	350	105,948
Protestant Episcopal.....	5	66	449	1,733,994
Lutheran.....	23	196	1,650	914,527
Friends.....	7	81	768	1,139,000
Universalists.....	4	65	491	2,030,980
German Evangelical.....	3	16	159	4,475
Methodist Protestant.....	2	26	214	85,000
Seventh-Day Adventists.....	3	31	266	
Reformed.....	7	90	662	1,408,344
All others*.....	5	36	134	322,427

\*One Moravian, one Dunkard, one Church of God, one Evangelical Association and one Mormon.

## GROWTH OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS IN THE UNITED STATES.

YEARS.	THEOLOGICAL SCHOOLS.			LAW SCHOOLS.			MEDICAL SCHOOLS.*					
	Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.	Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.	REGULAR.			HOMOPATHIC.		
							Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.	Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.
1890-91.....	143	734	7,328	51	406	5,252	95	2,147	14,538	14	311	1,220
1891-92.....	141	854	7,739	58	507	6,073	95	2,323	14,934	14	309	1,086
1892-93.....	142	882	7,896	62	587	6,776	94	2,404	16,139	16	330	1,445
1893-94.....	147	985	7,758	67	621	7,311	100	2,077	17,601	19	478	1,666
1894-95.....	149	906	8,060	72	604	8,950	113	2,738	18,690	20	476	1,845
1895-96.....	144	869	8,017	73	658	9,780	116	2,902	19,960	20	493	1,966
1896-97.....	157	980	8,173	77	744	10,449	118	3,142	21,438	21	582	2,038
	DENTAL SCHOOLS.			SCHOOLS OF PHARMACY.			NURSE TRAINING SCHOOLS.			VETERINARY SCHOOLS.		
1890-91.....	29	518	2,016	30	194	2,884	34	255	1,613	9	95	613
1891-92.....	24	686	2,874	29	216	2,709	36	457	1,862	8	105	633
1892-93.....	29	513	2,852	31	264	3,334	47	556	2,338	7	114	594
1893-94.....	35	794	4,152	35	283	3,658	66	.....	2,710	8	118	554
1894-95.....	45	968	5,397	39	317	3,859	131	.....	3,965	9	132	474
1895-96.....	46	854	6,399	44	354	3,873	177	.....	5,094	10	139	382
1896-97.....	48	826	6,460	43	392	3,426	298	.....	7,293	12	158	394

\*There were also in 1896-97 nine eclectic schools, with 213 instructors and 789 students; two physico-medical schools, with 49 instructors and 112 students; and in post-graduate schools there were 1,684 students.

## PERCENTAGE OF ILLITERATE POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES.

(Ten years of age and over.)

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Population.	White population.	Native white population.	Foreign white population.	Colored population.	STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Population.	White population.	Native white population.	Foreign white population.	Colored population.
Maine.....	5.5	5.4	2.5	24.1	31.8	North Dakota.....	6.0	5.8	1.8	8.7	47.4
New Hampshire.....	6.8	6.8	1.5	26.3	23.8	South Dakota.....	4.2	4.1	1.2	9.0	53.4
Vermont.....	6.7	6.7	3.2	25.8	21.3	Nebraska.....	3.1	2.8	1.3	7.3	25.7
Massachusetts.....	6.2	6.1	8.1	16.2	15.4	Kansas.....	4.0	2.9	2.0	8.8	32.5
Rhode Island.....	9.8	9.6	2.3	22.1	18.5	North Central Division.....	5.7	5.1	8.4	10.6	32.8
Connecticut.....	5.3	5.1	1.0	14.9	15.9	Kentucky.....	21.6	15.8	16.1	9.8	55.9
New York.....	5.5	5.4	1.8	13.1	18.4	Tennessee.....	26.6	17.8	18.0	9.5	54.2
New Jersey.....	6.5	5.7	2.7	13.3	28.4	Alabama.....	41.0	18.2	18.4	7.9	69.1
Pennsylvania.....	6.2	6.4	3.5	17.8	23.2	Mississippi.....	40.0	11.3	11.3	10.1	60.9
North Atlantic Division.....	6.2	5.9	2.3	15.6	21.7	Louisiana.....	45.8	20.1	20.3	18.7	72.1
Delaware.....	14.3	7.4	6.2	16.8	49.5	Texas.....	19.7	10.8	8.3	23.6	52.5
Maryland.....	15.7	7.0	5.9	13.8	50.1	Oklahoma.....	5.4	3.5	4.4	6.1	29.2
District of Columbia.....	13.2	2.7	1.7	9.3	35.0	Arkansas.....	26.6	16.3	16.6	7.5	53.6
Virginia.....	30.2	13.9	14.0	10.1	157.2	South Central Division.....	22.7	15.3	15.0	20.2	61.2
West Virginia.....	14.4	13.0	12.9	15.1	14.4	Montana.....	5.5	4.1	1.6	8.2	36.3
North Carolina.....	35.1	23.0	23.1	5.0	60.1	Wyoming.....	8.4	3.0	1.3	7.1	16.8
South Carolina.....	45.0	17.9	9.1	9.4	27.0	Colorado.....	5.2	4.8	3.8	7.8	25.0
Georgia.....	39.8	16.8	16.5	4.4	67.3	New Mexico.....	44.0	41.6	42.8	30.5	80.6
Florida.....	27.8	11.3	11.3	10.8	50.6	Arizona.....	23.4	21.1	7.0	42.2	50.9
South Atlantic Division.....	30.9	14.5	14.6	12.2	60.1	Utah.....	5.6	5.1	2.3	10.3	46.1
Ohio.....	5.2	4.7	3.5	11.1	25.4	Nevada.....	12.8	4.2	8.0	10.0	59.7
Indiana.....	6.3	5.8	5.3	11.0	32.3	Idaho.....	5.1	3.5	1.9	8.3	48.6
Illinois.....	6.2	4.9	3.1	9.4	27.0	Washington.....	4.3	3.1	1.3	7.0	44.6
Michigan.....	5.9	5.7	2.5	12.4	29.2	Oregon.....	4.1	3.0	1.8	7.9	27.6
Wisconsin.....	6.7	6.6	2.1	13.4	36.7	California.....	7.7	4.5	1.7	10.5	39.3
Minnesota.....	6.0	5.9	1.4	11.1	123.3	Western Division.....	8.3	6.2	4.5	10.4	41.5
Iowa.....	3.0	3.5	1.8	9.3	26.4						
Missouri.....	9.1	7.1	6.8	9.1	41.7						
						Average.....	13.3	7.7	6.2	13.1	56.8

## PERCENTAGE OF ILLITERACY IN EUROPE AND THE UNITED STATES.

GROUPS. COUNTRIES (OR STATES).	Percentage.	Date.	Category of population.	How found.	Sources of information.
<b>TEUTONIC NATIONS.</b>					
German Empire.....	0.11	1896	Male .....	Army recruits...	Imperial bureau of statistics, Berlin.
Prussia.....	.16	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Bavaria.....	.03	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Saxony.....	.02	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Württemberg.....	.06	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Baden.....	.03	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Hesse.....	.10	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Mecklenburg-Schwerin.....	.05	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Saxe-Weimar.....	.00	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Mecklenburg-Strelitz.....	.29	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Oldenburg.....	.10	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Brunswick.....	.11	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Saxe-Meiningen.....	.09	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Saxe-Altenburg.....	.00	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Saxe-Coburg-Gotha.....	.00	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Anhalt.....	.00	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Schwarzburg-Sondershausen.....	.00	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Schwarzburg-Rudolstadt.....	.00	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Waldeck.....	.00	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Reuss, senior line.....	.00	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Reuss, junior line.....	.00	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Schaumburg-Lippe.....	.00	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Lippe.....	.00	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Lubeck.....	.00	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Bremen.....	.00	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Hamburg.....	.00	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Alsace-Lorraine.....	.10	1896	do.....	do.....	Do.
Sweden and Norway.....	.11	1896	do.....	do.....	Hubner's Annual Tables.
Denmark.....	.64	1891	do.....	do.....	Do.
Finland.....	1.60	1892	Male and female over 10 years.	Census.....	Do.
<b>MIXED TEUTONIC.</b>					
Switzerland.....	.50	1896	Male.....	Army recruits...	Schweizerische Lehrerzeitung.
Scotland.....	3.57	1896	Male and female.	Signing marriage certificates.	Statesman's Year-Book.
Netherlands.....	5.40	1894	Male.....	Army recruits...	Hubner's Annual Tables.
England.....	5.80	1896	Male and female.	Signing marriage certificates.	Statesman's Year-Book.
United States.....	18.08	1890	Male and female over 10 years.	Census.....	U. S. Tables.
<b>ROMANIC, TEUTONIC, MAG-YARIC MIXTURE.</b>					
France.....	5.50	1896	Male.....	Army recruits...	Levasseur's Statistique.
Belgium.....	13.50	1896	do.....	do.....	Hubner's Annual Tables.
Austria.....	13.80	1894	do.....	do.....	Army Returns.
Ireland.....	17.00	1896	Male and female.	Signing marriage certificates.	Statesman's Year-Book.
Hungary.....	28.10	1894	Male.....	Army recruits...	Army Returns.
Greece.....	45.00	1892	Male and female.	Census.....	Hubner's Annual Tables.
Italy.....	38.90	1894	Male.....	Army recruits...	Do.
Portugal.....	79.00	1890	Male and female.	Census.....	Do.
Spain.....	68.10	1899	Male.....	do.....	Do.
<b>SLAVIC NATIONS.</b>					
Russia.....	70.97	1897	do.....	Army recruits...	Do.
Servia.....	86.07	1890	do.....	do.....	Do.
Roumania.....	89.07	1892	do.....	do.....	Do.

## COMPULSORY SCHOOL LAWS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Twenty-nine states and two territories have passed compulsory school laws defining the ages to which the law shall apply, the annual term of school attendance, and the penalty imposed upon parents or guardians for violation of the law.

(Prepared by the United States bureau of education.)

STATE.	Age.	Annual period.	Penalty on parents or guardians.
Maine.....	8-15	16 weeks (2 terms of 8 weeks each, if practicable).	Fine, \$25 (maximum).
New Hampshire.....	6-16	12 weeks.....	Each offense, \$10 (maximum).
Vermont.....	8-15	20 weeks.....	Fine, \$10 to \$50.
Massachusetts.....	8-14 or 15	30 weeks.....	Each offense, forfeit not exceeding \$50.
Rhode Island.....	7-15	12 weeks; 6 consecutive....	Each offense, fine \$30 (maximum).
Connecticut.....	*8-14 or 15	8 to 13 years of age, 24 weeks; 13 to 14, 12 weeks.	For each week's neglect, fine \$5 (maximum).
New York.....	*8-14	8 to 12 years of age and unemployed youths 14 to 16, full term; for children 12 to 14, at least 80 days consecutive.	First offense, fine \$5 (maximum); each subsequent offense, \$50 (maximum) or imprisonment 30 days.
New Jersey.....	7-12	20 weeks; 8 consecutive....	Each offense, \$10 to \$35 or imprisonment 1 to 3 months.
Pennsylvania.....	*8-13	70% of the entire term.	First offense, \$2 (maximum); each subsequent offense, \$5 (maximum).
District of Columbia..	16-15	12 weeks; 6 consecutive....	Fine, \$30 (maximum).
West Virginia.....	8-14	16 weeks.....	Fine, not exceeding \$5.
Kentucky.....	7-14	8 consecutive weeks.....	Fine, \$5 to \$30 (first offense); \$10 to \$50 each subsequent offense.
Ohio.....	*8-14	20 weeks, city district; 16 weeks, village and township districts.	Fine, \$5 to \$30.
Indiana.....	8-14	12 consecutive weeks.....	\$10 to \$50; also, if court so orders, imprisonment 2 to 30 days.
Illinois.....	7-14	16 weeks; 8 consecutive....	Fine, \$3 to \$30.
Michigan.....	*8-14	16 weeks; 6 consecutive....	First offense, \$5 to \$10; each subsequent offense, \$10 (minimum).
Wisconsin.....	7-13	12 weeks.....	Fine, \$3 to \$30.
Minnesota.....	8-16	12 weeks; 6 consecutive....	First offense, \$10 to \$25; each subsequent offense, \$25 to \$50.
North Dakota.....	8-14	.....do.....	First offense, \$5 to \$30; each subsequent offense, \$10 to \$50.
South Dakota.....	8-14	.....do.....	Fine, \$10 to \$20.
Nebraska.....	8-14	12 weeks.....	Each offense, \$10 to \$50.
Kansas.....	8-14	12 weeks; 6 consecutive....	First offense, fine \$5 to \$10; each subsequent offense, \$10 to \$30.
Montana.....	8-14	.....do.....	Each offense, \$5 to \$30 or 30 days' imprisonment.
Wyoming.....	16-21	12 weeks.....	Each offense, \$25 (maximum).
Colorado.....	8-14	12 weeks; 8 consecutive....	Each offense, \$5 to \$25.
New Mexico.....	8-16	12 weeks.....	Fine, \$1 to \$35, or imprisonment for not more than 10 days.
Utah.....	8-14	16 weeks; 10 consecutive....	First offense, \$10 (maximum); each subsequent offense, \$30.
Nevada.....	12-14	16 weeks; 8 consecutive....	First offense, \$50 to \$100; each subsequent offense, \$100 to \$300.
Idaho.....	8-14	.....do.....	First, \$5 to \$30; subsequent offenses, \$10 to \$50.
Washington.....	8-15	12 weeks.....	Fine, \$10 to \$25.
Oregon.....	8-14	12 weeks; 8 consecutive....	First offense, \$5 to \$35; subsequent offense, \$35 to \$50.
California.....	8-14	Two-thirds of school term; 12 weeks consecutive....	First offense, \$30; each subsequent offense, \$50 to \$50.

\*To 16 if unemployed in labor.

†The law applies to youths 12 to 16 years of age if discharged from employment in order to receive instruction.

‡Law not enforced.

§In cities, 7 to 16.

¶Penalty imposed only for children 7 to 16.

## COMPULSORY EDUCATION IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

COUNTRY.	Age.	Attendance required.	Penalty.
Austria .....	6-14	Until scholar has acquired prescribed subjects, religion and reading, writing and arithmetic.	Fine \$3.50 (maximum) or imprisonment up to 2 days.
Bavaria .....	6-14	.....do.....	Fine \$11 (maximum) or 8 days' imprisonment.
Belgium .....	.....	No compulsory law.	.....
France .....	6-13	For 4 absences of half a day in a month the parent is summoned before local school committee.	First and second offenses, warning; subsequent, fine, \$3 (maximum) and imprisonment 5 days
England .....	5-13	Full school term unless by special arrangement.	Determined by local by-laws.
Scotland .....	5-13	.....do.....	Fine \$5 or imprisonment 14 days.
Holland .....	.....	No compulsory law.	.....
Hungary .....	10-12	8 months, country; 10 months, town.	Fine from 35 cents to \$1.50.
Italy .....	6-9	No fixed rule.	Each offense, 10 cents to \$2.
Norway .....	13	12 weeks per annum.	Fines.
Prussia .....	6-14	8 years, or until elementary education is completed.	Each offense, 70 cents (maximum) or imprisonment up to 3 days.
Saxony .....	7-15	Same as Austria.	Fine \$1.50 to \$7, or imprisonment from 1 day to 8 weeks.
Sweden .....	7-14	34½ weeks.	Fines and imprisonment.
Berne .....	6-15	Five-sixths of possible attendances.	.....
Geneva .....	6-15	4 days a week, 6 hours a day.	Do.
Neuchâtel .....	7-16	After 13 years of age, 10 hours a week.	Fine 38 cents (minimum) or imprisonment 30 days (maximum)
Tessin (Switzerland) ..	6-14	28 hours a week for 6 to 9 months.	Each offense 2 to 3 cents, and 4 hours' imprisonment.
Vaud (Switzerland) ..	7-16	38 hours a week.	Fines or imprisonment.
Grisons (Switzerland) ..	7-15	Every day; penalties for 10 absences.	Warnings; subsequently fines, 5 cents to \$3.
Zurich .....	6-16	Every school day.	Fine or imprisonment.
Württemberg .....	6-14	.....	Do.
British Columbia .....	7-12	No compulsory law.	.....
Cape Colony .....	.....	One-half the period during which the school is open.	Fine \$10 (maximum).
New Zealand .....	7-13	.....	.....
Nova Scotia .....	7-12	80 days a year.	Fine \$2.
Ontario .....	7-13	100 days a year.	\$1 per month for each of the child given not attending a school.
Prince Edward Island ..	8-13	18 weeks a year.	Fine.
Quebec .....	.....	No compulsory law.	.....
Queensland .....	6-13	60 days in each half-year, but law not yet enforced.	Fine \$5 to \$25, or imprisonment 7 to 30 days.
South Australia .....	7-13	35 school days a quarter.	Fine \$1.25 to \$5.
Tasmania .....	7-13	3 days a week.	.....

\*13 to 16 in secular Sunday schools. †12 to 15 continuation. ‡From 8 until confirmation; in town from 7 until confirmation. §Special dispensation after 7 years' attendance and 1 year's prolongation for ignorance.

## POPULATION OF EUROPE.

According to figures given by La Revue Française de l'Etranger, the total population of Europe, by calculations made on the latest census, is 350,000,000, which is a gain of 37,000,000 over that computed January, 1888. Here is a table showing the figures given in the Revue:

Bulgaria .....	3,000,000
Switzerland .....	3,000,000
Greece .....	2,400,000
Denmark .....	2,300,000
Servia .....	2,300,000
Norway .....	2,000,000
The density of the population according to each square kilometer (about .386 square mile) is thus reckoned: In Belgium, 230	
Italy, 169; Holland, 149; England, 126; Germany, 97; Switzerland, 73; France, 72; Austria, 69; Spain, 36; Russia, 20. While the	
annual increase of the population of Russia has been 1.45 for every 100 in the last ten years, that of Germany has been 1.15, of Austria-Hungary .96, of England .35, of Italy .45, of France .08. At this rate of	
augmentation in 100 years Russia would have 228,000,000 inhabitants, Germany 104,000,000, Austria 79,000,000, England 65,000,000, Italy 44,000,000 and France only 40,000,000.	
European Russia and Finland .....	106,250,000
Germany .....	52,300,000
Austria-Hungary .....	43,500,000
United Kingdom .....	39,800,000
France .....	38,000,000
Italy .....	31,300,000
Spain .....	18,000,000
Belgium .....	6,500,000
Turkey in Europe .....	5,500,000
Roumania .....	5,000,000
Portugal .....	5,000,000
Sweden .....	5,000,000
Holland .....	4,000,000

## QUALIFICATIONS FOR SUFFRAGE.

REQUIREMENTS AS TO CITIZENSHIP IN THE VARIOUS STATES.	PREVIOUS RESIDENCE REQUIRED.				Registration.	Ballot reform.	Excluded from voting.
	State.	County.	Town.	Precinct.			
ALABAMA—Citizens, or alien who has declared his intention; must exhibit poll-tax receipt.	1 y.	3 m.	30 d.	30 d.	Yes.	Yes.	If convicted of treason, embezzlement of public funds, malfeasance in office or other penitentiary offenses, idiots or insane.
ARKANSAS—Like Alabama.	1 y.	6 m.	...	30 d.	No.	Yes.	Idiots, insane, convicts until pardoned.
CALIFORNIA—Citizens by nativity; naturalized for 90 days or treaty of Quintanaro.	1 y.	90 d.	...	30 d.	Yes.	Yes.	Chinese, insane, embezzlers of public moneys, convicts.
COLORADO—Citizens, male or female, or alien who has declared his intention 4 months before offering to vote.	6 m.	90 d.	90 d.	30 d.	Yes.	Yes.	Persons under guardianship, insane, idiots, prisoners.
CONNECTICUT—Citizens who can read.	1 y.	...	6 m.	...	Yes.	Yes.	Convicted of felony or other infamous crime.
DELAWARE—Citizens paying \$1 registration fee.	1 y.	4 m.	1 m.	15 d.	No.	Yes.	Insane, idiots, felons, paupers.
FLORIDA—Citizens of United States.	1 y.	6 m.	...	...	Yes.	No.	Persons not registered, insane or under guardian, felons, convicts.
GEORGIA—Citizens who have paid all taxes since 1877.	1 y.	6 m.	...	...	(a)	No.	Persons convicted of crimes punishable by imprisonment, insane, delinquent taxpayers.
IDAHO—Citizens, male or female.	6 m.	90 d.	3 m.	30 d.	Yes.	No.	Chinese, Indians, insane, felons, polygamists, bigamists, traitors, bribers.
ILLINOIS—Citizens of United States.	1 y.	90 d.	30 d.	30 d.	Yes.	Yes.	Convicts of penitentiary until pardoned.
INDIANA—Citizens, or alien who has declared intention and resided 1 year in U. S.	6 m.	90 d.	90 d.	30 d.	No.	Yes.	Convicts and persons disqualified by judgment of a court.
IOWA—Citizens of United States.	6 m.	90 d.	30 d.	30 d.	(b)	Yes.	Idiots, insane, convicts.
KANSAS—Citizens; aliens who have declared intention; women vote at municipal and school elections.	6 m.	90 d.	30 d.	30 d.	(b)	Yes.	Insane, persons under guardianship, convicts, bribers, defrauders of the government and persons who have borne arms against the United States.
KENTUCKY—Citizens of United States.	1 y.	6 m.	6 m.	30 d.	(c)	No.	Treason, felony, bribery, idiots, insane.
LOUISIANA—Citizens, or alien who has declared intention.	1 y.	6 m.	...	30 d.	Yes.	No.	Idiots, insane, all crimes punishable by imprisonment, embezzling public funds.
MAINE—Citizens of the United States.	3 m.	3 m.	3 m.	3 m.	Yes.	Yes.	Paupers, persons under guardianship, Indians not taxed, persons who cannot read and write.
MARYLAND—Citizens of United States.	1 y.	6 m.	...	...	Yes.	Yes.	Persons convicted of larceny or other infamous crime, persons under guardianship, insane, idiots.
MASSACHUSETTS—Citizens who can read and write English.	1 y.	6 m.	6 m.	30 d.	Yes.	Yes.	Paupers (except United States soldiers), persons under guardianship.
MICHIGAN—Citizens, or alien who declared intention prior to May 8, 1882.	3 m.	...	30 d.	30 d.	Yes.	Yes.	Indians holding tribal relations, duellists and their abettors.
MINNESOTA—Citizens and aliens who have declared intention; civilized Indians; women can vote at school elections.	6 m.	...	...	30 d.	(d)	Yes.	Treason, felony unless pardoned, insane, persons under guardianship, uncivilized Indians.
MISSISSIPPI—Citizens who can read or understand the constitution.	2 y.	1 y.	1 y.	1 y.	Yes.	Yes.	Insane, idiots, felons, delinquent taxpayers.
MISSOURI—Citizens, or alien who has declared his intention not less than 1 nor more than 5 years before offering to vote.	1 y.	90 d.	30 d.	30 d.	(e)	Yes.	United States soldiers or sailors, paupers, persons convicted of felony or other infamous crime or misdemeanor or violating right of suffrage, unless pardoned; second conviction disfranchises.
MONTANA—Citizens of U. S.	1 y.	90 d.	6 m.	30 d.	Yes.	Yes.	Indians, felons, idiots, insane.
NEBRASKA—Citizens, or alien who has declared his intention 90 days before election.	6 m.	90 d.	30 d.	30 d.	(b)	Yes.	Lunatics, persons convicted of treason or felony unless pardoned, U. S. soldiers and sailors.

(a) Registration required in some counties. (b) In all cities. (c) In the cities of first, second and third class. (d) Required in cities of 1,200 inhabitants or over. (e) In cities of 100,000 population or over.

QUALIFICATIONS FOR SUFFRAGE.—CONTINUED.

REQUIREMENTS AS TO CITIZENSHIP IN THE VARIOUS STATES.	PREVIOUS RESIDENCE REQUIRED.				Registration.	Ballot reform.	Excluded from voting.
	State.	County.	Town.	Precinct.			
NEVADA—Citizens of United States.	6 m	30 d	30 d	30 d	Yes.	Yes.	Insane, idiots, convicted of treason or felony, unannettled confederates against the United States.
NEW HAMPSHIRE—Citizens of United States.	6 m	6 m	6 m	6 m	Yes.	Yes.	Paupers (except honorably discharged soldiers), persons excused from paying taxes at their own request.
NEW JERSEY—Citizens of United States.	1 y.	6 m	.....	.....	Yes.	Yes.	Paupers, insane, idiots and persons convicted of crimes which exclude them from being witnesses unless pardoned.
NEW YORK—Citizens who have been such for 90 days.	1 y.	4 m	30 d	30 d	Yes.	Yes.	Convicted of bribery or any infamous crime unless sentenced to the reformatory or pardoned, bettors on result of election, bribers for votes and the bribed.
NORTH CAROLINA—Citizens of United States.	1 y.	30 d	.....	.....	Yes.	No.	Idiots, lunatics, convicted of felony or other infamous crimes, United States soldiers and sailors.
NORTH DAKOTA—Citizens, or alien who has declared intention 1 year and Indians who have severed tribal relations; limited woman suffrage.	1 y.	6 m	.....	30 d	(a)	Yes.	Felons, idiots, convicts unless pardoned. United States soldiers and sailors.
OHIO—Citizens.....	1 y.	60 d	20 d	30 d	(b)	Yes.	Idiots, insane, United States soldiers and sailors, felons unless restored to citizenship.
OREGON—White male citizens, or aliens who have declared intention 1 year before election.	6 m	30 d	30 d	30 d	No.	Yes.	Idiots, insane, convicted felons, Chinese, United States soldiers and sailors.
PENNSYLVANIA—Citizens at least 1 month, and if 23 years old must have paid tax within 3 yrs.	1 y.	.....	2 m	.....	Yes.	Yes.	Persons convicted of some offense forfeiting right of suffrage, non-taxpayers.
RHODE ISLAND—Citizens of United States.	2 y.	.....	6 m	.....	(c)	Yes.	Paupers, lunatics, idiots, convicted of bribery or infamous crime until restored.
SOUTH CAROLINA—Citizens of United States.	2 y.	1 y.	4 m	4 m	Yes.	No.	Paupers, insane, idiots, convicted of treason, dueling or other infamous crime.
SOUTH DAKOTA—Citizens, or alien who has declared intention.	6 m	3 m	10 d	10 d	(d)	Yes.	Persons under guardian, idiots, insane, convicted of treason or felony unless pardoned.
TENNESSEE—Citizens who have paid poll tax preceding year.	1 y.	6 m	.....	.....	(e)	Yes.	Convicted of bribery or other infamous crime, failure to pay poll tax.
TEXAS—Citizens, or alien who has declared intention 6 months before election.	1 y.	6 m	6 m	.....	(f)	Yes.	Idiots, lunatics, paupers, convicts, United States soldiers and sailors.
UTAH—Citizens of United States, male or female.	1 y.	4 m	60 d	.....	.....	.....	Idiots, insane, convicted of treason or violation of election laws.
VERMONT—Citizens of United States.	1 y.	.....	3 m	30 d	Yes.	Yes.	Unpardoned convicts, deserters from United States service during the war, ex-confederates.
VIRGINIA—Citizens of United States.	1 y.	3 m	3 m	.....	Yes.	No.	Idiots, lunatics, convicts unless pardoned by the legislature.
WASHINGTON—Citizens of United States.	1 y.	30 d	30 d	30 d	.....	Yes.	Indians not taxed.
WEST VIRGINIA—Citizens of the state.	1 y.	60 d	.....	.....	No.	Yes.	Paupers, idiots, lunatics, convicts, bribery, United States soldiers and sailors.
WISCONSIN—Citizens, or alien who has declared intention.	1 y.	1 y.	10 d	10 d	(a)	Yes.	Insane, under guardian, convicts unless pardoned.
WYOMING—Citizens, male or female.	1 y.	30 d	.....	.....	Yes.	Yes.	Idiots, insane, felons, unable to read the state constitution.

(a) In cities of 3,000 population or over. (b) In cities of not less than 9,000 inhabitants. (c) Non-taxpayers must register yearly before Dec. 31. (d) In towns having 1,000 voters and counties where registration has been adopted by popular vote. (e) All counties having 50,000 inhabitants or over. (f) In cities of 10,000 or over.

In a more or less limited form, relating to taxation and school matters, woman suffrage exists in Arizona, California, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Texas, Vermont, Washington and Wisconsin.

## GOLD AND SILVER.

## WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER.

(From the Report of the Director of the Mint, 1897.)

CALENDAR YEARS.	Gold.	Silver (coinable value).	Per cent gold.	Per cent silver.	CALENDAR YEARS.	Gold.	Silver (coinable value).	Per cent gold.	Per cent silver.
1492-1520....	\$107,931,000	\$54,703,000	66.4	33.6	1851-1855....	\$962,566,000	\$184,169,000	78.3	21.7
1521-1541....	114,203,000	98,086,000	55.9	44.1	1856-1860....	670,415,000	188,022,000	78.1	21.9
1542-1560....	90,492,000	79,240,000	30.4	69.6	1861-1865....	614,344,000	228,361,000	72.9	27.1
1561-1580....	90,017,000	248,950,000	25.7	74.3	1866-1870....	648,971,000	278,343,000	70.0	30.0
1581-1600....	98,085,000	348,254,000	22.0	78.0	1871-1875....	577,885,000	409,332,000	58.5	41.5
1601-1620....	113,248,000	351,579,000	24.4	75.6	1876-1880....	572,361,000	509,256,000	53.0	47.0
1621-1640....	110,324,000	327,221,000	25.2	74.8	1881-1885....	456,582,000	594,773,000	43.5	56.5
1641-1660....	116,571,000	301,525,000	27.7	72.3	1886....	105,163,500	120,626,800	46.8	53.2
1661-1680....	123,048,000	280,166,000	30.5	69.5	1887....	105,774,500	124,281,000	45.9	54.1
1681-1700....	143,088,000	284,240,000	33.5	66.5	1888....	110,196,500	140,706,400	43.9	56.1
1701-1720....	170,408,000	286,620,000	36.6	63.4	1889....	123,489,200	155,427,700	44.3	55.7
1721-1740....	253,671,000	358,480,000	41.4	58.6	1890....	118,848,700	163,032,000	42.1	57.9
1741-1760....	327,161,000	443,292,000	42.6	57.4	1891-1895....	130,650,000	177,552,300	42.4	57.6
1761-1780....	275,211,000	542,558,000	33.7	66.3	1896....	146,651,300	198,014,400	42.5	57.5
1781-1800....	296,464,000	730,810,000	24.4	75.6	1897....	157,494,800	215,944,400	42.4	57.6
1801-1810....	118,152,000	371,677,000	24.1	75.9	1898....	180,567,800	212,825,600	46.3	53.7
1811-1820....	76,053,000	224,786,000	25.3	74.7	1899....	200,406,000	217,010,800	47.7	52.3
1821-1830....	94,479,000	191,444,000	33.0	67.0	1899....	202,556,000	213,463,700	48.1	51.9
1831-1840....	134,841,000	247,930,000	35.2	64.8	Total....	8,983,320,600	10,556,706,800	45.9	54.1
1841-1850....	363,328,000	324,400,000	52.9	47.1					

## PRICE OF BAR SILVER.

Highest, lowest and average price of bar silver in London, per ounce British standard (925), since 1833, and the equivalent in United States gold coin of an ounce 1.000 fine, taken at the average price.

CALENDAR YEAR.	Lowest quotation.	Highest quotation.	Average quotation.	Value of a fine ounce at average quotation.	CALENDAR YEAR.	Lowest quotation.	Highest quotation.	Average quotation.	Value of a fine ounce at average quotation.
1833....	58 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/4	\$1.297	1896....	62 1/2	61 1/2	61 1/4	\$1.330
1834....	59 1/2	60 1/2	59 15/16	1.313	1897....	60 1/2	61 1/4	60 15/16	1.328
1835....	59 1/2	60	59 11/16	1.308	1898....	60 1/2	61 1/4	60 1/2	1.326
1836....	59 1/2	60 1/2	60	1.315	1899....	60	61	60 7/16	1.325
1837....	59	60 1/2	59 1/2	1.306	1870....	60 1/2	61 1/4	60 1/2	1.328
1838....	59 1/2	60 1/2	59 1/2	1.301	1871....	60 1/2	61 1/4	60 1/2	1.325
1839....	59 1/2	60 1/2	59 1/2	1.323	1872....	60 1/2	61 1/4	60 1/2	1.322
1840....	60 1/2	61 1/2	60 1/2	1.323	1873....	59 1/2	60 1/2	59 1/2	1.298
1841....	59 1/2	60 1/2	60 1/2	1.316	1874....	57 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2	1.278
1842....	59 1/2	60	59 7/16	1.303	1875....	56 1/2	57 1/2	56 1/2	1.246
1843....	59	59 1/2	59 3/16	1.297	1876....	56 1/2	57 1/2	56 1/2	1.156
1844....	59 1/2	60 1/2	59 1/2	1.304	1877....	56 1/2	57 1/2	56 1/2	1.201
1845....	59 1/2	60 1/2	59 1/2	1.298	1878....	56 1/2	57 1/2	56 1/2	1.152
1846....	59	60 1/2	59 5/16	1.300	1879....	56 1/2	57 1/2	56 1/2	1.123
1847....	59 1/2	60 1/2	59 11/16	1.298	1880....	51 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2	1.145
1848....	59 1/2	60	59 1/2	1.324	1881....	50 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2	1.138
1849....	59 1/2	60	59 1/2	1.319	1882....	50	51 1/2	51 1/2	1.136
1850....	59 1/2	60 1/2	59 1/2	1.316	1883....	50	51 1/2	51 1/2	1.110
1851....	61	61 1/2	61	1.337	1884....	49 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2	1.113
1852....	60 1/2	61 1/2	60 1/2	1.330	1885....	49 1/2	50	49 1/2	1.045
1853....	60 1/2	61 1/2	61 1/2	1.348	1886....	47	48 1/2	47 1/2	.946
1854....	60 1/2	61 1/2	61 1/2	1.348	1887....	47 1/2	48 1/2	47 1/2	.97323
1855....	60	61 1/2	61 5/16	1.344	1888....	47 1/2	48 1/2	47 1/2	.93907
1856....	60 1/2	61 1/2	61 5/16	1.344	1889....	47 1/2	48 1/2	47 1/2	.93512
1857....	61	62 1/2	61 1/2	1.353	1890....	47 1/2	48 1/2	47 1/2	1.04633
1858....	60 1/2	61 1/2	61 5/16	1.344	1891....	47 1/2	48 1/2	47 1/2	.96782
1859....	61 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2	1.360	1892....	47 1/2	48 1/2	47 1/2	.87100
1860....	61 1/2	62 1/2	61 11/16	1.352	1893....	47 1/2	48 1/2	47 1/2	.79031
1861....	60 1/2	61 1/2	60 15/16	1.341	1894....	47 1/2	48 1/2	47 1/2	.69479
1862....	61	62 1/2	61 7/16	1.346	1895....	27 3/16	31 1/2	31 1/2	.65408
1863....	61	61 1/2	61 1/2	1.345	1896....	29 3/4	31 15/16	30 3/4	.67437
1864....	60 1/2	62 1/2	61 1/2	1.345	1897....	24 13/16	29 1/2	27 9/16	.60492
1865....	60 1/2	61 1/2	61 1/16	1.338					

## SILVER WITH GOLD.

The following table exhibits the value of the pure silver in the silver dollar, reckoned at the commercial price of silver bullion, from 60 cents to \$1.329 (parity of our coinage rate) per fine ounce. [From report on precious metals in the United States, 1882, and subsequent additional reports by the director of the mint.]

Price of Silver Per Fine Ounce	Value of the Pure Silver in a Silver Dollar.	Price of Silver Per Fine Ounce	Value of the Pure Silver in a Silver Dollar.	Price of Silver Per Fine Ounce	Value of the Pure Silver in a Silver Dollar.	Price of Silver Per Fine Ounce	Value of the Pure Silver in a Silver Dollar.
\$0.60	\$0.464	\$0.78	\$0.608	\$0.96	.742	\$1.14	\$0.882
.61	.471	.79	.611	.97	.750	1.15	.889
.62	.480	.80	.619	.98	.758	1.16	.897
.63	.487	.81	.626	.99	.766	1.17	.905
.64	.496	.82	.634	1.00	.773	1.18	.913
.65	.504	.83	.642	1.01	.781	1.19	.920
.66	.510	.84	.649	1.02	.789	1.20	.928
.67	.518	.85	.657	1.03	.797	1.21	.936
.68	.526	.86	.665	1.04	.804	1.22	.944
.69	.534	.87	.673	1.05	.812	1.23	.951
.70	.541	.88	.681	1.06	.820	1.24	.959
.71	.549	.89	.688	1.07	.828	1.25	.967
.72	.557	.90	.696	1.08	.836	1.26	.975
.73	.565	.91	.704	1.09	.843	1.27	.982
.74	.572	.92	.712	1.10	.851	1.28	.990
.75	.580	.93	.719	1.11	.859	1.29	.998
.76	.588	.94	.727	1.12	.866	1.30	1.000
.77	.596	.95	.735	1.13	.874		

## COMMERCIAL RATIO OF SILVER TO GOLD EACH YEAR SINCE 1688.

From 1688 to 1832 the ratios are taken from Dr. A. Soetbeer; from 1833 to 1878 from Pixley and Abell's tables; and from 1879 to 1894 from daily cablegrams from London to the bureau of the mint:

YEAR.	Ratio.	YEAR.	Ratio.	YEAR.	Ratio.	YEAR.	Ratio.	YEAR.	Ratio.	YEAR.	Ratio.
1688.	14.94	1723.	15.20	1758.	14.85	1793.	15.00	1828.	15.78	1863.	15.14
1689.	15.02	1724.	15.11	1759.	14.15	1794.	15.37	1829.	15.78	1864.	15.14
1690.	15.02	1725.	15.11	1760.	14.14	1795.	15.55	1830.	15.83	1865.	15.14
1691.	14.98	1726.	15.15	1761.	14.54	1796.	15.65	1831.	15.72	1866.	15.14
1692.	14.92	1727.	15.24	1762.	15.27	1797.	15.41	1832.	15.73	1867.	15.14
1693.	14.83	1728.	15.11	1763.	14.90	1798.	15.59	1833.	15.93	1868.	15.14
1694.	14.87	1729.	14.92	1764.	14.70	1799.	15.74	1834.	15.78	1869.	15.14
1695.	15.02	1730.	14.81	1765.	14.83	1800.	15.68	1835.	15.80	1870.	15.14
1696.	15.00	1731.	14.94	1766.	14.80	1801.	15.46	1836.	15.72	1871.	15.14
1697.	15.20	1732.	15.09	1767.	14.85	1802.	15.26	1837.	15.83	1872.	15.14
1698.	15.07	1733.	15.18	1768.	14.80	1803.	15.41	1838.	15.85	1873.	15.14
1699.	14.94	1734.	15.39	1769.	14.72	1804.	15.41	1839.	15.82	1874.	15.14
1700.	14.81	1735.	15.41	1770.	14.62	1805.	15.79	1840.	15.62	1875.	15.14
1701.	15.07	1736.	15.18	1771.	14.66	1806.	15.62	1841.	15.70	1876.	15.14
1702.	15.52	1737.	15.02	1772.	14.52	1807.	15.43	1842.	15.87	1877.	15.14
1703.	15.17	1738.	14.91	1773.	14.62	1808.	16.08	1843.	15.93	1878.	15.14
1704.	15.22	1739.	14.91	1774.	14.62	1809.	15.98	1844.	15.86	1879.	15.14
1705.	15.11	1740.	14.94	1775.	14.72	1810.	15.77	1845.	15.92	1880.	15.14
1706.	15.27	1741.	14.92	1776.	14.55	1811.	15.53	1846.	15.90	1881.	15.14
1707.	15.44	1742.	14.85	1777.	14.54	1812.	16.11	1847.	15.80	1882.	15.14
1708.	15.41	1743.	14.86	1778.	14.68	1813.	16.26	1848.	15.85	1883.	15.14
1709.	15.31	1744.	14.87	1779.	14.80	1814.	15.04	1849.	15.78	1884.	15.14
1710.	15.22	1745.	14.98	1780.	14.72	1815.	15.26	1850.	15.70	1885.	15.14
1711.	15.28	1746.	15.13	1781.	14.78	1816.	15.28	1851.	15.46	1886.	15.14
1712.	15.31	1747.	15.26	1782.	14.42	1817.	15.11	1852.	15.69	1887.	15.14
1713.	15.24	1748.	15.11	1783.	14.48	1818.	15.35	1853.	15.23	1888.	15.14
1714.	15.13	1749.	14.80	1784.	14.70	1819.	15.33	1854.	15.33	1889.	15.14
1715.	15.11	1750.	14.65	1785.	14.92	1820.	15.62	1855.	15.38	1890.	15.14
1716.	15.09	1751.	14.89	1786.	14.96	1821.	15.95	1856.	15.38	1891.	15.14
1717.	15.13	1752.	14.54	1787.	14.92	1822.	15.80	1857.	15.27	1892.	15.14
1718.	15.11	1753.	14.54	1788.	14.65	1823.	15.84	1858.	15.38	1893.	15.14
1719.	15.09	1754.	14.48	1789.	14.75	1824.	15.82	1859.	15.19	1894.	15.14
1720.	15.04	1755.	14.68	1790.	15.04	1825.	15.70	1860.	15.29	1895.	15.14
1721.	15.05	1756.	14.94	1791.	15.05	1826.	15.76	1861.	15.50	1896.	15.14
1722.	15.17	1757.	14.87	1792.	15.17	1827.	15.74	1862.	15.35	1897.	15.14

## PRODUCT OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES.

Approximate distribution, by producing states and territories, of the product of gold and silver in the United States for the calendar year 1898, as estimated by the director of the mint.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	GOLD.		SILVER.		Total value.
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.	
Alabama.....	275	85.700			85.700
Alaska.....	99,444	2,055,700	145,300	9187,863	2,343,563
Arizona.....	125,978	2,804,300	1,913,000	2,473,373	5,077,673
California.....	787,086	15,235,900	600,800	776,533	16,012,433
Colorado.....	731,330	14,911,000	22,573,000	29,185,298	44,096,298
Georgia.....	7,305	151,000	800	776	151,776
Idaho.....	104,263	2,155,300	5,149,900	6,658,457	8,813,757
Iowa.....	48	1,000			1,000
Maryland.....	15	300			300
Michigan.....	1,800	37,300	59,000	76,293	113,593
Minnesota.....	59	800			800
Montana.....	209,307	4,324,700	16,737,500	21,640,400	25,965,100
Nevada.....	119,404	2,469,300	1,048,700	1,355,295	3,824,595
New Mexico.....	23,017	475,800	687,800	889,377	1,365,177
North Carolina.....	2,143	44,300	500	646	44,946
Oregon.....	60,517	1,251,000	61,100	78,908	1,330,908
South Carolina.....	3,052	68,300	800	888	69,188
South Dakota.....	240,414	4,993,800	229,500	295,727	5,289,527
Tennessee.....	15	300			300
Texas.....	387	8,000	525,400	679,305	687,305
Utah.....	91,908	1,899,900	8,837,600	11,413,463	12,313,363
Vermont.....	49	1,000			1,000
Virginia.....	169	3,500			3,500
Washington.....	19,626	406,700	274,500	355,429	762,129
Wyoming.....	692	14,300	100	129	14,429
Total.....	2,568,132	53,088,000	58,884,900	76,039,295	129,157,295

## PRODUCT OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES FROM 1792 TO 1898.

The estimate for 1792-1873 is by R. W. Raymond, Commissioner, and since by the Director of the Mint.

YEARS.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	YEARS.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
April 2, 1792- July 31, 1834	\$14,000,000	Insignificant.	\$14,000,000	1870.....	\$50,000,000	\$16,000,000	\$66,000,000
July 31, 1834- Dec. 31, 1844	7,500,000	250,000	7,750,000	1871.....	43,500,000	25,000,000	68,500,000
1845.....	1,008,327	50,000	1,058,327	1872.....	38,000,000	25,750,000	63,750,000
1846.....	1,139,357	50,000	1,189,357	1873.....	38,500,000	26,750,000	65,250,000
1847.....	989,085	50,000	1,039,085	1874.....	38,500,000	27,300,000	65,800,000
1848.....	10,000,000	50,000	10,050,000	1875.....	39,400,000	31,700,000	71,100,000
1849.....	40,000,000	50,000	40,050,000	1876.....	39,900,000	36,800,000	76,700,000
1850.....	50,000,000	50,000	50,050,000	1877.....	45,900,000	39,600,000	85,500,000
1851.....	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000	1878.....	51,200,000	45,200,000	96,400,000
1852.....	60,000,000	50,000	60,050,000	1879.....	38,900,000	40,800,000	79,700,000
1853.....	65,000,000	50,000	65,050,000	1880.....	38,000,000	36,200,000	74,200,000
1854.....	60,000,000	50,000	60,050,000	1881.....	31,700,000	42,000,000	73,700,000
1855.....	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000	1882.....	32,500,000	45,900,000	78,400,000
1856.....	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000	1883.....	30,000,000	45,200,000	75,200,000
1857.....	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000	1884.....	30,800,000	48,500,000	79,300,000
1858.....	50,000,000	500,000	50,500,000	1885.....	31,800,000	51,600,000	83,400,000
1859.....	50,000,000	100,000	50,100,000	1886.....	35,000,000	51,000,000	86,000,000
1860.....	46,000,000	150,000	46,150,000	1887.....	33,000,000	53,850,000	86,850,000
1861.....	48,000,000	2,000,000	50,000,000	1888.....	33,175,000	56,156,000	89,331,000
1862.....	39,200,000	4,500,000	43,700,000	1889.....	32,900,000	64,646,000	97,546,000
1863.....	40,000,000	8,500,000	48,500,000	1890.....	32,845,000	70,465,000	103,310,000
1864.....	45,100,000	11,000,000	56,100,000	1891.....	33,175,000	75,417,000	108,592,000
1865.....	53,226,000	11,250,000	64,476,000	1892.....	39,000,000	89,101,000	128,101,000
1866.....	58,500,000	10,000,000	68,500,000	1893.....	35,955,000	77,576,000	113,531,000
1867.....	61,725,000	13,500,000	75,225,000	1894.....	39,500,000	64,000,000	103,500,000
1868.....	48,000,000	12,000,000	60,000,000	1895.....	45,610,000	73,051,000	118,661,000
1869.....	49,500,000	12,000,000	61,500,000	1896.....	53,088,000	76,039,295	129,127,295
1898.....	49,500,000	12,000,000	61,500,000	Total.....	2,113,084,709	1,444,970,000	3,558,054,709

## STOCK OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES FROM 1873 TO 1897.

The stock of gold and silver and the amount per capita at the close of each fiscal year, from 1873 to 1897, in the United States, is exhibited in the following table, compiled from the reports of the director of the mint:

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30—	POPULATION.	TOTAL COIN AND BULLION.		PER CAPITA.		
		Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	Total metal <sup>o</sup>
1873.....	41,077,000	\$135,000,000	80,149,305	\$3.23	\$0.15	\$3.38
1874.....	42,796,000	147,379,498	10,355,478	3.44	.24	3.68
1875.....	43,951,000	121,134,306	19,367,995	2.75	.44	3.19
1876.....	45,137,000	100,066,907	36,415,992	2.89	.81	3.69
1877.....	46,353,000	167,501,472	56,494,437	3.61	1.21	4.82
1878.....	47,508,000	213,159,977	89,047,907	4.47	1.85	6.32
1879.....	48,996,000	245,741,887	117,539,341	5.02	2.40	7.42
1880.....	50,155,783	351,841,808	148,322,978	7.01	2.98	9.97
1881.....	51,316,000	479,494,538	175,384,144	9.35	3.41	12.75
1882.....	52,406,000	506,757,715	209,217,124	9.65	3.87	13.52
1883.....	53,683,000	542,732,088	233,007,965	10.10	4.34	14.44
1884.....	54,911,000	545,500,797	255,569,143	9.93	4.65	14.58
1885.....	56,148,000	585,637,086	293,478,798	10.43	5.05	15.53
1886.....	57,404,000	590,774,481	312,252,344	10.29	5.44	15.73
1887.....	58,694,000	654,520,325	352,990,568	11.15	6.00	17.15
1888.....	59,974,000	705,818,355	396,611,108	11.76	6.44	18.20
1889.....	61,269,000	680,063,505	430,648,329	11.09	6.86	17.95
1890.....	62,622,350	685,903,029	463,211,919	11.10	7.39	18.49
1891.....	63,973,000	646,582,352	522,217,740	10.10	8.16	18.26
1892.....	65,320,000	664,275,335	579,815,544	10.15	8.70	18.85
1893.....	66,648,000	597,607,885	615,567,484	8.98	9.20	18.18
1894.....	68,367,000	637,264,301	634,747,757	9.18	9.13	18.31
1895.....	69,578,000	636,534,349	629,534,949	9.10	8.97	18.07
1896.....	71,300,000	639,507,994	629,728,071	8.40	8.81	17.21
1897.....	72,937,000	636,270,542	634,500,781	8.55	8.70	18.25

## CIRCULATION OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES.

JULY 1.	Amount of money in United States.	Amount in circulation.	Population June 1.	Money per capita.	Circulation per capita.
1872.....	\$762,721,565	\$738,309,549	40,796,000	\$18.79	\$18.19
1873.....	774,446,610	751,881,809	41,077,000	18.58	18.04
1874.....	806,024,781	776,989,081	42,796,000	18.83	18.13
1875.....	798,275,609	754,101,947	43,951,000	18.16	17.16
1876.....	790,685,294	727,000,898	45,137,000	17.52	16.12
1877.....	763,063,847	722,314,893	46,353,000	16.46	15.56
1878.....	791,252,510	729,132,654	47,508,000	16.62	15.32
1879.....	1,061,521,541	813,641,739	48,996,000	21.52	16.52
1880.....	1,305,929,197	973,862,228	50,155,783	24.04	19.41
1881.....	1,406,541,823	1,114,298,119	51,316,000	27.41	21.71
1882.....	1,480,581,719	1,174,290,419	52,406,000	28.20	22.57
1883.....	1,645,490,816	1,291,306,086	53,683,000	30.61	22.91
1884.....	1,765,454,189	1,243,925,909	54,911,000	31.06	22.65
1885.....	1,817,056,296	1,262,598,815	56,148,000	32.37	23.03
1886.....	1,808,559,494	1,252,700,325	57,404,000	31.51	21.89
1887.....	1,900,442,672	1,317,539,143	58,694,000	32.39	22.45
1888.....	2,062,665,949	1,372,170,870	59,974,000	34.40	22.86
1889.....	2,075,559,711	1,380,361,949	61,269,000	33.96	22.62
1890.....	2,144,286,150	1,438,261,270	62,622,350	34.24	22.92
1891.....	2,185,224,075	1,497,446,707	63,973,000	34.31	23.41
1892.....	2,572,569,501	1,604,347,197	65,320,000	36.21	24.44
1893.....	2,323,402,892	1,506,701,245	66,648,000	34.75	23.47
1894.....	2,249,025,276	1,664,061,223	68,367,000	32.88	24.33
1895.....	2,300,216,995	1,606,179,556	69,578,000	31.68	23.03
1896.....	2,345,631,928	1,508,631,025	71,300,000	32.89	21.10
1897.....	2,396,110,531	1,546,028,245	72,937,000	32.46	22.57
1898.....	2,442,523,241	1,543,435,749	74,522,000	32.77	24.74

The difference between the amount of money in the country and the amount in circulation represents the money in the treasury. Currency certificates, act of June 8, 1872, are included in the amount of United States notes in circulation in tables for years 1873 to 1891, inclusive; since 1891 they are reported separately.

## GOVERNMENT PAPER CURRENCY IN CIRCULATION.

JUNE 30.	Legal-tender notes.	Treasury notes 1890.	Currency certificates.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Total government paper.
1880	\$313,921,457		\$14,235,000	\$7,903,900	\$5,786,509	\$341,648,996
1881	316,471,924		11,654,000	5,750,330	39,110,729	372,987,153
1882	312,010,422		12,245,000	5,029,020	51,546,060	381,790,502
1883	310,182,177		13,000,000	50,807,370	72,620,686	456,609,233
1884	306,497,214		12,190,000	71,146,649	96,427,011	496,360,875
1885	301,634,637		20,585,000	126,729,790	101,530,946	550,479,313
1886	305,962,659		18,250,000	70,044,375	88,116,235	487,973,269
1887	317,807,219		8,770,000	91,225,437	142,118,017	560,910,673
1888	294,282,812		14,415,000	119,887,370	200,387,376	628,972,558
1889	300,344,931		16,735,000	116,702,759	257,102,445	680,975,135
1890	325,046,826		11,830,000	131,380,019	297,210,043	765,466,888
1891	323,714,272	840,463,165	21,905,000	120,857,389	307,354,148	1,113,736,984
1892	311,814,840	98,051,657	20,820,000	141,255,839	338,880,863	1,007,812,699
1893	330,875,081	140,661,031	11,863,000	161,570,019	336,489,115	1,082,961,261
1894	338,178,371	134,862,009	58,835,000	66,544,409	327,004,281	1,065,482,079
1895	265,109,456	115,978,708	55,405,000	48,381,659	319,781,752	804,666,485
1896	225,962,750	58,080,546	35,430,000	42,961,909	326,313,080	739,548,291
1897	228,883,578	83,903,197	61,130,000	37,285,919	358,336,368	779,241,062
1898	291,572,329	98,065,530	26,045,000	35,820,639	300,659,080	928,162,628

## GOLD AND SILVER IN CIRCULATION IN THE UNITED STATES.

The treasury notes of 1890 are not included in the total for silver, although presented in the table, as they are based upon silver.

JUNE 30.	Gold coin.	Gold certificates.	Total gold.	Silver dollars.	Silver certificates.	Treasury notes of 1890.	Subsidary silver.	Total silver.	Ratio silver to gold Per cent.
1880	225,635,779	\$7,961,900	\$233,597,679	19,500,455	\$5,786,509		\$4,511,788	\$238,109,467	54.1
1881	235,312,877	5,709,520	241,022,397	28,857,880	39,110,729		52,830,364	270,778,076	57.6
1882	238,251,225	5,029,020	243,280,245	31,500,964	54,506,060		52,379,949	338,877,073	58.2
1883	244,653,495	59,807,370	304,460,865	35,341,889	72,620,686		52,474,290	360,433,865	59.7
1884	240,024,303	71,146,649	311,170,952	39,794,913	96,427,011		45,000,808	381,882,782	44.2
1885	241,695,111	126,729,790	368,424,901	38,471,209	101,530,946		41,702,321	383,765,136	50.2
1886	235,369,237	70,044,375	305,413,612	43,180,712	88,116,235		40,156,255	363,742,302	43.0
1887	276,419,224	91,225,437	367,644,661	55,405,171	145,118,017		48,570,326	458,488,488	52.6
1888	292,046,826	119,887,370	411,934,196	55,435,919	200,387,376		50,354,633	667,287,314	59.8
1889	274,055,482	116,702,759	390,758,241	54,417,967	257,102,445		51,476,834	625,297,246	60.6
1890	274,055,482	131,380,019	405,435,501	56,166,375	210,043,115		54,093,743	671,441,423	73.5
1891	408,077,300	120,857,389	528,934,689	57,683,041	130,794,148	148,840,463	58,200,244	826,938,111	80.0
1892	408,507,740	141,255,839	549,763,579	56,709,484	134,880,863	98,051,657	62,481,518	842,966,806	81.1
1893	413,632,700	161,570,019	575,202,719	57,029,744	161,570,019	140,661,031	65,400,268	848,919,176	90.4
1894	407,873,190	166,544,409	574,417,599	51,191,377	200,387,376	134,862,009	68,231,344	846,919,102	77.4
1895	430,275,057	48,381,659	478,656,716	51,983,162	171,731,732	115,978,708	60,219,718	831,334,632	81.7
1896	436,128,482	42,961,909	479,090,391	52,175,996	210,389,509	66,217,861	60,990,869	838,435,312	89.0
1897	519,166,672	47,285,019	566,451,691	53,043,394	221,043,115	83,903,197	50,228,540	838,471,307	65.0
1898	640,169,880	52,820,639	692,990,519	57,259,791	260,659,080	98,065,530	64,323,747	911,242,618	73.5

## COINAGE OF GOLD AND SILVER OF THE WORLD FOR THE YEARS 1875-98.

CALENDAR YEARS.	GOLD.		SILVER.	
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining Value.
1873	12,402,800	\$257,030,502	101,741,421	\$131,544,464
1874	6,948,279	135,778,387	79,010,875	102,931,232
1875	9,480,822	195,087,428	92,747,118	119,915,467
1876	10,369,645	213,119,275	97,899,555	126,577,164
1877	9,753,196	201,816,460	185,449,790	114,350,622
1878	9,115,242	188,386,611	124,671,870	161,191,915
1879	4,390,167	90,732,811	81,124,555	104,884,315
1880	7,242,951	149,735,081	65,442,074	84,611,974
1881	7,111,864	147,015,275	83,530,051	106,010,086
1882	4,822,851	99,037,170	86,086,996	110,785,364
1883	5,071,882	104,845,114	84,541,904	109,306,705
1884	4,810,061	98,432,735	74,120,127	96,382,084
1885	4,632,273	95,757,582	98,044,475	126,704,571
1886	4,578,510	94,642,070	96,566,544	124,854,101
1887	6,046,510	124,192,495	126,388,502	163,411,307
1888	6,522,346	134,628,835	104,354,000	134,922,344
1889	8,170,611	168,601,519	107,788,256	150,362,305
1890	7,210,745	149,344,965	117,739,228	152,596,144
1891	5,782,453	119,534,122	106,962,640	138,254,367
1892	8,344,387	172,475,124	120,282,947	155,517,347
1893	11,243,642	232,420,517	106,697,783	137,352,630
1894	11,025,680	227,921,062	87,472,523	113,026,788
1895	11,178,835	231,087,438	94,057,903	121,810,219
1896	9,476,620	195,899,517	118,642,018	153,306,740
Total	185,568,002	3,831,890,424	2,344,620,840	3,011,428,164

## TREASURY HOLDINGS OF GOLD AND SILVER.

JUNE 30.	Total gold coin and bullion.	Gold less certificates outstanding.	Total silver dollars and bullion.	Silver dollars and bullion less certificates outstanding.	Subsidiary silver.	Total net silver.	Ratio silver to gold. Per cent.
1878	\$128,460,303	\$103,562,525	\$15,052,898	\$15,052,748	\$6,860,506	\$21,913,254	21.1
1879	135,230,475	119,060,655	33,239,917	32,825,437	8,905,401	41,730,838	34.8
1880	126,145,421	108,148,327	49,549,851	48,740,482	10,110,764	58,851,246	57.8
1881	133,171,631	117,412,141	65,854,671	64,743,942	27,347,937	92,091,879	69.5
1882	148,506,390	143,477,370	90,384,724	88,878,634	26,048,631	114,927,265	77.4
1883	198,078,568	193,271,198	116,396,235	114,775,549	28,480,001	143,255,550	72.3
1884	201,876,294	193,729,954	139,616,414	138,489,468	29,600,720	168,090,188	83.4
1885	247,028,626	220,288,865	168,451,908	167,921,062	31,236,899	199,157,961	80.4
1886	262,838,724	256,793,749	181,346,764	180,229,530	28,904,682	209,134,211	79.6
1887	278,101,107	266,875,609	222,401,405	220,285,388	26,977,494	247,262,882	88.9
1888	313,753,617	293,866,247	254,439,241	251,911,865	26,051,741	277,963,606	88.4
1889	303,304,320	286,711,561	239,988,574	237,585,629	25,129,733	262,715,362	86.8
1890	321,612,423	292,532,404	225,909,300	223,699,317	22,805,226	246,504,543	76.6
1891	258,618,122	217,097,724	379,706,279	372,341,151	19,656,035	391,997,186	151.6
1892	235,577,705	114,542,367	437,838,402	430,977,369	14,324,714	445,302,083	189.4
1893	188,455,433	65,485,414	480,476,527	473,967,362	11,855,546	485,822,908	258.0
1894	131,217,434	64,873,025	495,409,178	488,314,797	17,889,531	506,204,328	386.0
1895	155,393,832	107,512,393	495,785,906	487,054,154	18,552,845	505,607,000	325.4
1896	151,307,143	108,345,234	496,502,413	488,249,353	18,552,845	506,802,198	335.0
1897	178,076,654	140,790,735	504,583,579	496,247,211	16,210,344	512,457,555	287.2
1898	202,825,047	167,004,419	504,932,225	496,373,145	12,057,682	508,430,827	250.6

## MONEY OF THE WORLD.

Monetary systems and approximate stocks of money in the principal countries of the world as reported by the treasury department's bureau of mint.

COUNTRIES.	Monetary system.	Ratio between gold and full legal-tender silver.	Ratio between gold and gold and silver.	Population in millions.	Gold in millions.	Silver in millions.	Uncovered paper in millions.	PER CAPITA.			
								Gold.	Silver.	Paper.	Total.
United States*	G. & S.	1 to 15.36	1 to 14.95	72.9	\$396.3	\$234.5	\$397.0	\$9.55	\$8.70	\$5.45	\$23.70
United Kingdom	Gold.	1 to 14.28	1 to 14.28	39.6	584.0	121.7	112.1	14.75	3.07	2.31	20.13
France	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	38.5	772.0	443.9	119.2	20.05	11.53	8.10	49.68
Germany	Gold.	1 to 13.97	1 to 13.97	52.3	654.5	212.8	123.8	12.15	4.07	2.37	18.59
Belgium	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	6.4	35.0	57.0	72.5	5.47	8.91	11.32	25.70
Italy	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	31.3	96.9	45.4	161.0	3.10	1.45	5.14	9.65
Switzerland	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	3.0	24.0	10.7	14.3	8.00	3.56	4.77	16.33
Greece	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	2.2	5.5	1.5	26.0	2.51	0.68	11.61	12.79
Spain	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	19.0	45.0	49.0	106.0	2.50	2.72	5.72	10.94
Portugal	Gold.	1 to 14.06	1 to 14.06	5.1	5.5	7.5	49.8	1.08	1.86	9.76	11.70
Roumania	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	5.4	38.0	10.6	11.8	7.15	1.96	2.19	11.30
Servia	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	2.3	2.7	1.7	2.4	1.18	2.04	1.04	4.26
Austria-Hungary	Gold.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	45.0	178.5	63.7	177.6	3.97	1.41	3.95	9.33
Netherlands	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	4.9	21.9	56.1	37.9	4.47	11.45	7.73	23.65
Norway	Gold.	1 to 14.88	1 to 14.88	2.0	7.5	2.0	3.8	3.75	1.00	1.80	6.55
Sweden	Gold.	1 to 14.88	1 to 14.88	5.0	10.6	4.9	19.0	2.12	3.98	3.80	9.90
Denmark	Gold.	1 to 14.88	1 to 14.88	2.3	15.4	5.4	6.4	6.79	2.55	2.78	11.89
Russia & Finland	Silver.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	126.0	696.9	74.2	497.2	4.69	5.86	3.70	14.25
Turkey	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	22.0	30.0	40.0	22.5	2.27	1.82	4.50	8.59
Australia	Gold.	1 to 14.28	1 to 14.28	5.0	132.1	7.0	22.5	26.42	1.40	4.50	32.32
Egypt	Gold.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	13.0	129.3	6.4	4.0	16.58	8.82	1.74	27.14
Mexico	Silver.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	3.3	1.0	19.9	8.4	50	8.15	8.07	16.22
Cent. Am. states	Silver.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	37.5	65.0	25.0	550.0	1.73	2.81	14.67	19.21
So. Am. states	G. & S.	1 to 16.25	1 to 14.38	45.0	80.1	94.0	1.78	2.00	3.91	3.88	10.69
Japan	G. & S.	1 to 16.25	1 to 14.38	236.0	660.0	37.0	3.21	8.21	1.12	3.35	12.68
India	Silver.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	360.0	750.0	242.0	2.08	2.08	2.08	2.08	6.24
China	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	3.8	16.0	5.0	35.0	3.01	3.96	6.00	10.97
Straits Settlements	Gold.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	1.8	5.0	1.5	2.78	2.78	4.93	3.01	10.72
Cuba	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	1.0	4.0	4.5	4.1	4.00	5.00	4.10	13.10
Haiti	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	3.3	1.0	6.8	2.0	3.0	2.06	2.36	7.72
Bulgaria	Silver.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	5.0	20.0	195.0	4.00	28.08	2.00	42.08	175.16
Siam	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	1.1	5.0	1.0	50.00	50.00	10.00	60.00	120.00
Hawaii	Gold.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	1.7	37.5	1.0	22.06	22.06	5.88	27.94	50.00
Cape Colony	Gold.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	1.8	29.2	1.2	35.50	35.50	1.50	37.00	72.50
S. A. Rep.	Gold.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	1.8	29.2	1.2	35.50	35.50	1.50	37.00	72.50
Total				4,269.6	4,283.0	2,565.8					

\*July 1, 1897; all other countries Jan. 1, 1897.

## MONETARY SYSTEM OF THE UNITED STATES.

[From Muhleman's Monetary Systems of the World.]

	Wgt.	Fine- ness.	Ra- tio to gold.	Limit of issue.	Denomi- nations.	Legal-ten- der qual- ity.	Receiv- able.	Exchange- able.	Redeem- able.
Gold coin.	25.8 gr. to dollar.	900-1000	.....	None.	\$20 10 5 2½	Unlimited	For all dues.	For certifi- cates under limitations.	.....
Gold cer- tificates.	.....	.....	.....	Issue sus- pended so long as free gold in treasury is below \$100,000,000.	\$10,000 5,000 1,000 500 100 50 20	None.	For all public dues.	For gold coin at treasury or any other money.	In gold coin at treasury.
Silver dol- lars.....	412.5 gr. to dollar.	900-1000	15.988 to 1.	Require- ment to redeem treasury notes.	\$1	Unlimited unless otherwise contracted.	For all dues.	For silver certificates or smaller coins at treasury.	Maybe de- posited for silver certifi- cates.
Silver cer- tificates.	.....	.....	.....	Silver dol- lars in use	\$1,000 500 100 50 2 1	None.	For all public dues.	For dol- lars or smaller coins.	In silver dollars.
U.S. notes.	.....	.....	.....	\$346,681,016.	Same as silver cer- tificates.	Same as silver dol- lars.	For all dues.	For all kinds of money ex- cept gold certifi- cates.	In coin at sub-treas- ury in N. Y. and San Francisco in sums of \$20 or over
Treasury notes of 1890.....	.....	.....	.....	\$156,044,615.	Same as silver cer- tificates.	Same as silver dol- lars.	For all dues.	For U. S. notes.	In coin at treasury.
Currency certifi- cates.....	.....	.....	.....	Same as U.S. notes.	\$10,000	None.	Not re- ceivable.	For U. S. notes.	In U. S. notes at subtreas- ury where issued.
National bk. notes.	.....	.....	.....	Volume of U.S. bonds and their cost.	\$1,000 500 100 50 20 10 5	None.	For all dues ex- cept du- ties and interest on public debt.	For silver and minor coins.	In lawful money at treasury or bank of issue.
Subsidiary coins.....	885.8 gr. to dollar.	900-1000	14.958 to 1.	Needs of the coun- try.	50c 25c 10c	Not to ex- ceed \$10.	To amount of \$10 for all dues.	For minor coins.	In lawful money at treasury in sums of \$20 or any multiple.
Minor coins.....	5-ct. pes. 77.16 gr. 1-ct. pes. 48 gr.	50-¾ copper ¾ nick- el. 1c-¾ per 5% tin and zinc.	.....	Needs of the coun- try.	5c 1c	Not to ex- ceed 25c.	To amount of 25c for all dues.	.....	In lawful money at treasury in sums of \$20 or over.

\*Duties on imports by regulation only.

## COINS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Authority for coining and changes in weight and fineness, total amount coined, legal-tender quality.

## GOLD COINS.

**Double Eagles**—Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1849; weight, 516 grains; fineness, .900. Total amount coined to June 30, 1897, \$1,357,496.046. Full legal tender.

**Eagles**—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 270 grains; fineness, .916½; weight changed, act of June 28, 1834, to 258 grains; fineness changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to .900. Total amount coined to June 30, 1897, \$274,581,286. Full legal tender.

**Half-Eagles**—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 135 grains; fineness, .916½; weight changed, act of June 28, 1834, to 129 grains; fineness changed, act of June 28, 1834, to .900. Total amount coined to June 30, 1897, \$234,370,045. Full legal tender.

**Quarter-Eagles**—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 67.5 grains; fineness, .916½; weight changed, act of June 28, 1834, to 64.5 grains; fineness changed, act of June 28, 1834, to .900. Total amount coined to June 30, 1897, \$28,770,880. Full legal tender.

**Three-Dollar Piece**—Authorized to be coined, act of Feb. 21, 1853; weight, 77.4 grains; fineness, .900; coinage discontinued, act of Sept. 26, 1890. Total amount coined, \$1,619,376. Full legal tender.

**One Dollar**—Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1849; weight, 25.8 grains; fineness, .900; coinage discontinued, act of Sept. 26, 1890. Total amount coined, \$19,469,357. Full legal tender.

## SILVER COINS.

**Dollar**—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 416 grains; fineness, .892.4; weight changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to 412½ grains; fineness changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to .900; coinage discontinued, act of Feb. 12, 1873. Total amount coined to Feb. 12, 1873, \$8,631,281. Coinage reauthorized, act of Feb. 28, 1878. Coinage discontinued after July 1, 1891, except for certain purposes, act July 14, 1890. Amount coined to June 30, 1897, \$400,024,981. Full legal tender except when otherwise provided in the contract.

**Trade Dollar**—Authorized to be coined, act of Feb. 12, 1873; weight, 420 grains; fineness, .900; legal tender limited to \$5, act of June 22, 1874 (rev. stat.); coinage limited to export demand and legal-tender quality repealed, joint resolution, July 22, 1876; coinage discontinued, act of Feb. 12, 1873. Total amount coined, \$35,965,924.

**Half-Dollar**—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 38 grains; fineness, .892.4; weight changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to 392.5 grains; fineness changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to .900; weight changed, act of Feb. 21, 1853, to 192 grains; weight changed, act of Feb. 12, 1873, to 12½ grains, or 192.9 grains. Total amount coined to June 30, 1897, \$134,933,136. Legal tender, \$10.

**Columbian Half-Dollar**—Authorized to be coined, act of Aug. 5, 1892; weight, 102.9 grains; fineness, .900. Total amount coined, \$2,301,052.50. Legal tender, \$10.

**Quarter-Dollar**—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 104 grains; fineness, .892.4; weight changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to 103½ grains; fineness changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to .900; weight changed, act of Feb. 21, 1853, to 96 grains; weight changed, act of Feb. 12, 1873, to 64 grains, or 96.45 grains. Total amount coined to June 30, 1897, \$22,386,062. Legal tender, \$10.

**Columbian Quarter-Dollar**—Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1893; weight, 36.45 grains;

fineness, .900. Total amount coined, \$10,005.75. Legal tender, \$10.

**Twenty-Cent Piece**—Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1855; weight, 5 grams, or 77.16 grains; fineness, .900; coinage prohibited, act of May 2, 1878. Total amount coined, \$271,000.

**Dime**—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 4.5 grains; fineness, .892.4; weight changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to 41¼ grains; fineness changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to .900; weight changed, act of Feb. 21, 1853, to 38.4 grains; weight changed, act of Feb. 12, 1873, to 2½ grains, or 38.5 grains. Total amount coined to June 30, 1897, \$29,428,613.90. Legal tender, \$10.

**Half-Dime**—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 20.8 grains; fineness, .892.4; weight changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to 20¼ grains; fineness changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to .900; weight changed, act of Feb. 21, 1853, to 19.2 grains; coinage discontinued, act of Feb. 12, 1873. Total amount coined, \$4,880,219.40.

**Three-Cent Piece**—Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1851; weight, 12½ grains; fineness, .900; weight changed, act of March 3, 1853, to 11.32 grains; fineness changed, act of March 3, 1853, to .900; coinage discontinued, act of Feb. 12, 1873. Total amount coined, \$1,282,087.20.

## MINOR COINS.

**Five-Cent (nickel)**—Authorized to be coined, act of May 16, 1860; weight, 77.16 grains, composed of 75 per cent copper and 25 per cent nickel. Total amount coined to June 30, 1897, \$14,362,054.75. Legal tender for \$1, but reduced to 25 cents by act of Feb. 12, 1873.

**Three-Cent (nickel)**—Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1855; weight, 30 grains, composed of 75 per cent copper and 25 per cent nickel. Total amount coined, \$341,349.48. Legal tender for 60 cents, but reduced to 25 cents by act of Feb. 12, 1873. Coinage discontinued, act of Sept. 26, 1890.

**Two-Cent (bronze)**—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1864; weight, 96 grains, composed of 96 per cent copper and 4 per cent tin and zinc. Coinage discontinued, act of Feb. 12, 1873. Total amount coined, \$912,020.

**Cent (copper)**—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 25½ grains; weight changed, act of Jan. 14, 1793, to 26 grains; weight changed by proclamation of the president, Jan. 26, 1793. In conformity with act of March 3, 1793, to 168 grains; coinage discontinued, act of Feb. 21, 1857. Total amount coined, \$1,562,887.44.

**Cent (nickel)**—Authorized to be coined, act of Feb. 21, 1857; weight, 72 grains, composed of 88 per cent copper and 12 per cent nickel. Coinage discontinued, act of April 22, 1864. Total amount coined, \$2,047,720.

**Cent (bronze)**—Coinage authorized, act of April 22, 1864; weight, 48 grains, composed of 96 per cent copper and 4 per cent tin and zinc. Total amount coined to June 30, 1897, \$8,449,600.48. Legal tender, 25 cents.

**Half-Cent (copper)**—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 132 grains; weight changed, act of Jan. 14, 1793, to 104 grains; weight changed by proclamation of the president, Jan. 26, 1793. In conformity with act of March 3, 1793, to 84 grains; coinage discontinued, act of Feb. 21, 1857. Total amount coined, \$39,929.11.

TOTAL COINAGE.		COINAGE 1897.	
Gold.....	\$1,896,538,646.00	Gold.....	\$7,166,706.00
Silver.....	733,792,129.75	Silver.....	\$7,877,796.50
Minor.....	28,811,558.26	Minor.....	184,509.39
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>\$2,659,945,646.01</b>	<b>Total 97.....</b>	<b>\$26,339,001.34</b>

## COINAGE OF NATIONS.

COUNTRIES.	1894.		1895.		1896.	
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.
United States.....	\$79,548,100	\$9,200,351	\$59,616,368	\$5,898,010	\$47,063,080	\$23,069,599
Mexico.....	554,107	29,481,033	604,193	24,882,351	565,965	21,032,397
Great Britain.....	27,633,897	4,002,657	18,547,229	5,770,594	23,402,580	6,470,352
Australasia.....	35,203,648		33,655,008		34,609,796	
India.....		2,238,504		4,044,583		5,579,692
France.....	1,697,365	772,000	30,845,337	1,544,000	21,719,830	
Germany.....	37,433,154	1,067,945	25,588,334	1,828,083	25,133,476	2,713,768
Russia.....	2,315,431	233,361	38,590,432	3,698,192	10,394	30,935,566
Finland.....		41,365				
Austria-Hungary.....	40,395,456	10,742,232	18,308,728	9,056,186	38,398,739	7,904,911
Eritrea.....						771,800
Spain.....		3,945,225		305,649		5,385,342
Japan.....	1,576,440	24,131,993	1,515,000	23,993,505	1,125,000	13,394,062
Portugal.....		478,440		119,560		1,900,900
Netherlands.....	70,597	100,300	135,692	140,700		423,130
Norway.....		130,600		80,400		67,000
Sweden.....	165,239	46,443	806,921			109,007
Denmark.....		121,533				
Switzerland.....	485,516	579,000	772,000	44,390	1,544,000	1,330
Turkey.....	84,408	450,018	3,420,717	414,483	50,114	7,473
Egypt.....						562,770
Abyssinia.....		30,759				376
Liberia.....						12,000
Hongkong.....		2,100,000		2,300,000		1,700,000
China.....		6,000,000		8,256,340		8,638,630
Indo-China.....		1,532,087		6,082,709		12,542,172
Tunis.....	232	347	232	347	232	347
Canada.....		144,518				140,000
Newfoundland.....		68,000				98,000
Costa Rica.....		12,517				
Haiti.....		718,753		730,286		
Argentina.....					982,715	
Bolivia.....						1,508,067
Peru.....		4,360,153		4,073,370		2,704,531
Colombia.....		8,252				
Ecuador.....		83,308		1,102,073		169,798
Venezuela.....		193,000				
Chile.....		121,779	8,353,313	4,243,919	5,424,686	677,877
Uruguay.....				1,000,000		
Guatemala.....		3,581,988	245	600,000		
British Honduras.....		50,000		30,000		
British West Indies.....		9,733				
Puerto Rico.....				8,389,222		167,240
German East Africa.....		93,067				392
German New Guinea.....		47,608	11,300			
Monaco.....			386,000		386,000	
Straits Settlements.....		306,000		450,446		463,554
Congo State.....		96,500				198,000
Morocco.....		327,337		354,630		589,985
Bulgaria.....	579,007	2,316,224				
Roumania.....		579,000				
Ceylon.....		142,110		286,854		
Siam.....		2,338,268		2,569,323		3,332,758
Total.....	227,921,063	113,065,788	231,067,438	121,610,219	195,890,517	159,395,740

\*Rupee calculated at coining rate, \$0.4737.

†Silver ruble calculated at coining rate, \$0.7718.

‡Florin calculated at coining rate, \$0.4052, under the coinage act of August 2, 1892.



## FAILURES IN THE UNITED STATES.

Quarterly statements of failures and average of liabilities, 1875-1898.  
(From Dunn's Review, New York.)

FIRST QUARTER.				Years.			
Years.	Number.	Amount.	Average.	Years.	Number.	Amount.	Average.
1875.....	1,982	\$43,173,000	\$21,782	1885.....	2,173	23,874,391	10,886
1876.....	2,806	64,644,000	23,039	1886.....	1,832	27,227,530	14,980
1877.....	2,969	54,538,074	19,010	1887.....	1,928	73,032,556	37,674
1878.....	3,365	82,078,826	24,464	1888.....	2,361	22,114,254	9,366
1879.....	2,624	43,112,665	17,081	1889.....	2,276	39,227,045	17,335
1880.....	1,432	12,777,074	8,922	1890.....	2,196	35,452,436	16,144
1881.....	1,761	24,447,250	13,900	1891.....	2,754	44,302,494	16,098
1882.....	2,127	33,358,271	15,670	1892.....	1,984	18,659,235	9,406
1883.....	2,321	38,372,643	16,502	1893.....	4,015	82,469,821	20,402
1884.....	3,296	40,156,978	12,193	1894.....	2,868	29,411,196	10,028
1885.....	2,658	46,121,051	12,608	1895.....	2,792	32,167,179	11,528
1886.....	3,203	29,681,726	9,266	1896.....	3,757	73,285,349	19,507
1887.....	3,007	32,161,762	10,695	1897.....	2,903	28,963,261	9,977
1888.....	2,948	38,884,789	13,190	1898.....	2,540	25,104,778	9,898
1889.....	3,311	42,972,516	12,979	FOURTH QUARTER.			
1890.....	3,223	37,852,968	11,747	1875.....	2,405	\$70,888,000	\$29,475
1891.....	3,645	42,167,631	11,894	1876.....	2,042	34,844,393	17,064
1892.....	3,384	39,284,349	11,609	1877.....	2,307	48,717,680	21,117
1893.....	3,302	47,338,300	14,784	1878.....	1,900	37,173,003	20,651
1894.....	4,304	64,127,333	14,900	1879.....	1,338	17,094,113	12,775
1895.....	3,802	47,813,683	12,577	1880.....	1,269	20,741,815	16,474
1896.....	4,031	57,425,135	14,246	1881.....	1,692	30,096,922	17,800
1897.....	3,832	48,007,911	12,210	1882.....	1,841	32,023,761	17,394
1898.....	3,687	32,946,555	8,936	1883.....	2,744	54,612,354	19,902
SECOND QUARTER.				1884.....	3,112	45,324,324	14,547
1875.....	1,582	\$33,667,000	\$21,295	1885.....	2,460	26,523,575	10,416
1876.....	1,794	43,771,000	24,398	1886.....	2,748	36,982,029	13,467
1877.....	1,880	45,068,097	23,972	1887.....	2,784	39,400,296	14,152
1878.....	2,470	48,753,940	19,738	1888.....	3,129	33,601,560	10,738
1879.....	1,634	22,666,725	14,776	1889.....	3,003	43,723,439	14,661
1880.....	1,065	20,111,689	18,884	1890.....	3,326	59,085,144	28,784
1881.....	1,105	16,499,395	14,931	1891.....	3,445	53,149,877	15,428
1882.....	1,470	17,242,649	11,722	1892.....	2,867	33,111,252	11,549
1883.....	1,816	27,816,391	15,317	1893.....	4,826	95,430,529	19,770
1884.....	2,214	34,204,304	15,466	1894.....	3,979	41,948,354	10,172
1885.....	1,868	28,601,304	15,317	1895.....	3,743	53,188,737	13,924
1886.....	1,953	20,752,734	10,616	1896.....	4,305	54,941,803	12,763
1887.....	1,906	22,976,330	12,061	1897.....	3,649	37,038,096	10,150
1888.....	2,241	29,229,370	13,043	TOTAL FOR THE YEAR.			
1889.....	2,292	22,856,337	9,972	1875.....	7,740	\$201,060,322	\$25,960
1890.....	2,162	27,466,416	12,704	1876.....	9,092	191,117,786	21,020
1891.....	2,529	50,248,636	19,868	1877.....	8,872	190,869,936	21,491
1892.....	2,119	22,989,331	10,849	1878.....	10,478	234,363,132	22,369
1893.....	3,199	121,541,239	37,984	1879.....	6,668	98,149,053	14,741
1894.....	2,734	37,595,973	13,751	1880.....	4,735	65,752,000	13,896
1895.....	2,855	41,026,261	14,370	1881.....	5,582	81,165,392	14,630
1896.....	2,995	40,444,547	13,504	1882.....	6,738	101,647,564	15,070
1897.....	2,889	43,684,876	15,121	1883.....	9,184	172,874,172	18,823
1898.....	3,031	34,498,074	11,381	1884.....	10,968	226,945,427	20,632
THIRD QUARTER.				1885.....	10,637	154,220,321	11,678
1875.....	1,771	\$54,328,000	\$30,676	1886.....	9,834	114,644,119	11,651
1876.....	2,450	47,857,371	19,533	1887.....	8,634	167,569,944	17,392
1877.....	1,816	42,346,085	23,318	1888.....	10,679	123,829,973	11,595
1878.....	2,853	66,378,363	23,266	1889.....	10,382	348,784,937	17,672
1879.....	1,262	15,275,550	12,104	1890.....	10,907	189,866,964	17,406
1880.....	979	12,121,422	12,381	1891.....	12,273	189,868,638	15,471
1881.....	1,024	10,112,865	9,875	1892.....	10,344	114,044,167	11,025
1882.....	1,800	18,942,893	14,571	1893.....	15,242	346,779,889	22,751
1883.....	1,803	52,072,884	28,881	1894.....	13,885	272,992,356	12,458
1884.....	2,346	\$56,627,821	24,138	1895.....	13,197	173,196,080	13,124
				1896.....	15,088	226,995,494	14,992
				1897.....	13,351	154,332,071	11,558

## TELEPHONES OF THE WORLD.

Electrical Engineering, of Chicago, publishes the following list of the number of telephones in use in various countries. It is compiled from the latest statistics.

Angola, Province of.....	200	England.....	75,000	Roumania.....	400
Austria, Province of.....	20,000	Finland.....	6,000	Russia.....	18,000
Australia.....	2,000	France.....	85,000	Senegal.....	100
Bayaria.....	15,000	Germany.....	140,000	Spain.....	13,000
Belgium.....	11,000	Holland.....	12,000	Sweden.....	60,000
British India.....	2,000	Hungary.....	10,000	Switzerland.....	80,000
Bulgaria.....	300	Italy.....	14,000	Tunis.....	400
Cape of Good Hope.....	600	Japan.....	3,500	United States.....	200,000
Cochin China.....	200	Luxemburg.....	2,000	Württemberg.....	7,000
Cuba.....	2,500	Norway.....	16,000		
Denmark.....	15,000	Portugal.....	2,000	Total No. subscribers, 1,403,100	

## RAILROAD BUILDING.

[From Poor's Railroad Manual.]

Number of miles of railroad in operation in each state and territory of the United States during the years ended Dec. 31, named in the heading.

STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.	1880.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1897.
<i>New England.</i>								
Maine.....	1,005	1,377.47	1,388.26	1,401.64	1,515.00	1,631.38	1,704.71	1,754.77
New Hampshire.....	1,015	1,446.89	1,441.38	1,061.83	1,155.89	1,170.38	1,173.44	1,173.54
Vermont.....	914	989.45	1,011.91	966.01	966.51	975.38	974.99	985.74
Massachusetts.....	1,915	2,098.69	2,100.32	2,136.69	2,131.26	2,124.76	2,126.05	2,130.59
Rhode Island.....	210	284.43	223.48	223.48	227.46	225.95	223.37	223.08
Connecticut.....	923	1,008.64	1,006.54	1,008.54	1,013.22	1,013.22	1,014.09	1,008.15
Total.....	5,963	6,840.57	6,860.39	6,914.69	7,019.36	7,131.05	7,224.65	7,265.52
<i>Middle Atlantic.</i>								
New York.....	5,991	7,745.95	7,765.22	8,116.10	8,110.51	8,148.10	8,205.26	8,241.15
New Jersey.....	1,684	2,032.51	2,132.17	2,201.91	2,176.10	2,205.05	2,205.07	2,229.98
Pennsylvania.....	6,191	8,700.58	8,919.38	9,150.56	9,485.56	9,511.21	9,591.54	9,935.40
Delaware.....	275	314.93	320.12	314.94	315.44	315.44	315.44	349.10
Maryland.....	1,040	1,270.04	1,269.44	1,269.44	1,300.80	1,292.67	1,291.54	1,315.04
District of Columbia.....	20.66	20.66	20.66	20.66	20.66	22.66	22.66	22.66
Total.....	15,161	20,114.89	20,427.88	21,102.50	21,359.07	21,495.13	21,704.78	22,123.64
<i>Central Northern.</i>								
Ohio.....	5,792	7,997.99	8,167.63	8,351.88	8,558.74	8,574.49	8,690.12	8,769.79
Michigan.....	3,938	7,106.15	7,167.44	7,440.96	7,492.53	7,474.81	7,561.68	7,525.11
Indiana.....	4,373	1,106.19	6,135.35	6,322.12	6,321.07	6,380.66	6,415.03	6,431.87
Illinois.....	7,851	10,129.65	10,189.38	10,439.55	10,428.19	10,564.90	10,610.59	10,768.43
Wisconsin.....	3,155	5,614.95	5,735.61	5,927.57	5,970.07	6,031.49	6,105.98	6,315.44
Total.....	25,109	36,944.93	37,465.31	38,932.45	39,770.40	39,936.23	40,398.52	40,112.14
<i>South Atlantic.</i>								
Virginia.....	1,863	3,367.65	3,573.54	3,576.69	3,590.90	3,575.18	3,608.89	3,638.70
West Virginia.....	691	1,433.30	1,547.11	1,906.19	1,893.33	1,976.99	2,075.16	2,161.19
North Carolina.....	1,478	3,128.17	3,305.46	3,289.57	3,353.81	3,371.25	3,397.45	3,477.65
South Carolina.....	1,427	2,236.65	2,491.06	2,545.30	2,561.73	2,617.18	2,632.15	2,695.07
Georgia.....	2,458	3,892.83	3,870.25	3,949.39	3,968.02	3,940.66	3,910.04	3,914.91
Florida.....	518	2,630.52	2,506.87	2,676.88	2,840.26	2,978.74	3,050.05	3,149.13
Total.....	8,474	17,308.12	18,254.36	19,781.02	19,812.63	19,656.97	19,967.63	20,496.75
<i>Gulf and Miss. Valley.</i>								
Kentucky.....	1,530	2,946.38	2,962.45	2,997.23	3,051.25	3,029.95	3,056.28	3,096.09
Tennessee.....	1,843	2,798.98	2,966.20	3,064.26	3,091.42	3,124.28	3,116.54	3,106.82
Alabama.....	1,843	3,423.20	3,576.47	3,566.76	3,627.59	3,633.55	3,694.45	3,800.75
Mississippi.....	1,127	2,470.85	2,440.36	2,448.87	2,459.23	2,467.55	2,467.76	2,445.09
Louisiana.....	652	1,749.36	1,860.01	1,967.09	1,982.84	2,007.35	2,107.08	2,274.19
Total.....	6,995	13,368.36	13,855.52	14,072.71	14,222.63	14,342.69	14,442.13	14,918.96
<i>Southwestern.</i>								
Missouri.....	3,955	6,142.08	6,178.45	6,300.56	6,464.80	6,517.05	6,571.59	6,695.41
Arkansas.....	859	2,213.44	2,304.36	2,310.67	2,399.91	2,424.05	2,439.20	2,560.69
Texas.....	3,244	6,730.45	8,812.67	9,040.73	9,134.61	9,230.95	9,434.12	9,579.64
Kansas.....	3,410	8,900.11	8,960.87	8,983.83	9,031.28	8,973.16	8,975.35	8,943.21
Colorado.....	1,570	4,291.11	4,441.83	4,451.53	4,488.23	4,586.86	4,606.19	4,676.88
New Mexico.....	758	1,268.77	1,423.82	1,429.57	1,439.50	1,510.36	1,565.98	1,609.07
Indian Territory.....	289	1,380.65	1,272.06	1,375.02	1,379.14	1,384.28	1,152.50	1,209.08
Oklahoma.....							431.17	484.97
Total.....	14,085	32,906.95	33,324.17	33,861.90	34,256.96	34,477.72	34,912.04	35,538.98
<i>Northwestern.</i>								
Iowa.....	5,400	8,416.14	8,436.51	8,506.00	8,513.44	8,508.37	8,523.13	8,513.91
Minnesota.....	3,151	5,545.35	5,670.89	5,674.08	5,944.58	6,090.70	6,057.67	6,176.76
Nebraska.....	1,953	5,407.47	5,480.49	5,524.29	5,564.33	5,541.96	5,544.37	5,538.73
North Dakota.....	1,226	2,116.49	2,222.77	2,315.24	2,317.30	2,328.16	2,354.16	2,403.36
South Dakota.....		2,610.41	2,699.99	2,707.90	2,722.15	2,707.61	2,900.80	2,901.41
Wyoming.....	512	1,002.98	1,048.71	1,150.13	1,157.63	1,177.98	1,177.98	1,177.93
Montana.....	103	2,135.58	2,280.82	2,667.87	2,721.63	2,824.61	2,828.55	2,906.90
Total.....	12,347	27,240.37	27,900.10	28,745.49	29,210.94	29,417.44	29,405.06	29,719.50
<i>Pacific.</i>								
California.....	2,195	4,336.45	4,354.63	4,623.65	4,692.39	4,691.89	4,757.55	5,198.71
Oregon.....	608	1,455.68	1,503.32	1,521.82	1,627.19	1,514.00	1,513.06	1,533.59
Washington.....	284	1,560.65	1,600.23	1,722.13	1,867.52	2,005.15	2,230.05	2,311.91
Nevada.....	739	983.18	923.18	923.29	923.29	923.29	915.63	919.87
Arizona.....	749	1,094.61	1,079.57	1,161.97	1,161.97	1,167.49	1,412.30	1,412.63
Utah.....	842	1,265.49	1,335.69	1,356.59	1,369.06	1,404.87	1,404.39	1,436.32
Idaho.....	203	946.11	959.69	1,073.29	1,089.99	1,089.49	1,087.79	1,111.67
Total.....	5,128	12,020.22	12,613.47	13,382.06	13,601.87	13,719.11	13,911.06	14,432.74
United States.....	96,295	166,417.41	170,601.18	175,223.44	177,758.96	179,279.34	181,091.43	184,008.19

## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL STATISTICS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Upon a per capita basis 1890-97.

YEAR.	Population June 1.	GOVERNMENT FINANCE (Per Capita).							GOLD AND SILVER.				
		Amount of money in the United States.	Money in circulation.	Debt, less cash in treasury.	Interest paid.	Net ordinary receipts.	Net ordinary expenditures.	Dollars paid for pensions.	Unit value of paper money, July 1.	Commercial ratio of silver to gold.	Annual average price of silver in London per oz.	United States silver dollar.	
1890	31,758,000	\$18.95	\$17.60	\$64.48	\$3.32	\$9.82	\$8.55	\$0.78	\$0.73	15.00	\$1.325		
1870	38,558,371	18.73	17.50	60.46	3.09	10.67	8.03	.72	.69	15.57	1.329		
1871	39,555,000	18.75	18.10	56.81	2.83	9.68	7.96	.64	.66	15.57	1.329		
1872	40,506,000	18.79	18.19	55.96	2.57	9.22	6.84	.67	.67	15.53	1.322		
1873	41,677,000	18.84	18.04	50.52	2.35	8.01	6.97	.70	.66	15.32	1.296		
1874	42,796,000	18.83	18.13	49.17	2.31	7.13	7.07	.71	.61	16.17	1.278		
1875	43,951,000	18.16	17.16	47.53	2.20	6.55	6.25	.68	.87	16.59	1.245		
1876	45,137,000	17.52	16.12	45.66	2.11	6.52	5.87	.68	.89	17.88	1.155		
1877	46,353,000	16.46	15.58	43.56	2.01	6.07	5.21	.63	.94	17.22	1.201		
1878	47,594,000	16.62	15.32	42.01	1.99	5.41	4.96	.56	.99	17.94	1.152	\$0.93	2
1879	48,995,000	21.52	16.75	40.85	1.71	5.60	5.45	.69	1.00	18.40	1.123	.86	7
1880	50,155,794	24.01	19.41	38.27	1.59	6.65	5.34	1.14	1.00	18.06	1.145	.88	5
1881	51,316,000	27.41	21.71	35.46	1.46	7.01	5.07	1.03	1.00	18.16	1.138	.88	1
1882	52,436,000	28.20	22.37	31.91	1.08	7.64	4.89	1.09	1.00	18.19	1.126	.87	9
1883	53,683,000	30.61	22.91	28.28	.93	7.37	4.90	1.13	1.00	18.64	1.110	.86	6
1884	54,911,000	31.06	22.81	26.28	.87	6.27	4.38	1.04	1.00	18.57	1.115	.86	1
1885	56,148,000	32.37	23.02	21.50	.84	5.77	4.64	1.17	1.00	19.41	1.073	.84	5
1886	57,404,000	31.51	21.82	22.34	.79	5.76	4.15	1.18	1.00	20.78	.965	.79	8
1887	58,680,000	32.39	22.45	20.03	.71	6.20	4.47	1.27	1.00	21.13	.973	.76	3
1888	59,974,000	34.40	22.88	17.72	.65	6.32	4.38	1.33	1.00	21.99	.939	.74	7
1889	61,289,000	33.85	22.52	15.92	.53	6.01	4.38	1.45	1.00	22.10	.935	.73	1
1890	62,322,250	34.24	22.82	14.22	.47	6.44	4.75	1.71	1.00	19.78	1.046	.74	9
1891	63,175,000	34.31	23.41	13.33	.37	6.14	5.55	1.85	1.00	20.92	.999	.80	6
1892	65,403,000	36.21	24.44	12.96	.35	5.43	6.23	2.16	1.00	23.72	.871	.72	4
1893	66,525,000	34.75	25.87	12.55	.34	5.77	6.87	2.37	1.00	26.49	.780	.65	1
1894	68,275,000	35.44	24.34	15.17	.37	4.36	6.48	2.07	1.00	32.56	.635	.69	1
1895	69,753,000	34.38	22.93	12.93	.44	4.43	5.11	2.03	1.00	31.60	.654	.60	6
1896	71,293,000	32.38	21.10	13.41	.49	4.59	4.98	1.95	1.00	30.53	.684	.62	3
1897	72,207,000	34.25	22.49	13.63	.47	4.73	5.02	1.91	1.00	34.28	.604	.46	8

YEAR.	COINAGE PER CAPITA OF—		PRODUCTION PER CAPITA OF—		IMPORTS PER CAPITA		EXPORTS PER CAPITA		INTERN'L REVENUE		CUSTOMS REVENUE.			
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	Imports per capita.	Exports per capita.	Collected per capita.	Expenses of collecting.	Merchandise imported for consumption, per cap.	Duty collected per capita.	Average ad valorem rate of duty.	On dutiable.	On free trade.	Expenses of collecting.
1890	\$0.47	\$0.03	\$1.31	\$0.32	\$0.53	\$1.51	\$4.19	\$4.56	\$10.45	\$4.68	47.29	\$44.65	\$2.29	\$2.29
1870	.50	.04	1.30	.41	.58	1.51	4.79	3.92	11.06	4.93	47.09	42.23	3.20	3.20
1871	.53	.08	1.11	.58	.64	2.49	5.02	5.30	12.65	5.12	43.95	38.94	3.16	3.16
1872	.54	.07	.99	.71	.39	2.97	3.39	4.36	13.89	6.23	43.35	37.08	3.21	3.21
1873	1.37	1.10	.86	.96	.52	2.03	2.75	4.69	15.91	4.44	38.07	36.45	3.25	3.25
1874	.82	.16	.78	.87	.66	1.56	2.39	4.40	13.26	3.75	38.55	36.88	3.40	3.40
1875	.75	.35	.76	.72	.48	2.10	3.52	3.89	11.97	3.51	40.62	38.30	4.27	4.27
1876	1.03	.64	.88	.86	.35	1.26	2.56	3.38	10.29	3.22	44.74	40.19	4.53	4.53
1877	.96	.61	1.01	.89	.34	1.21	2.55	2.99	9.49	2.77	42.89	36.68	4.96	4.96
1878	1.05	.60	1.08	.95	.63	.71	2.33	2.96	9.31	2.67	42.75	37.13	4.47	4.47
1879	.80	.66	.80	.84	.42	.51	2.32	3.10	8.99	2.78	44.87	39.97	3.93	3.93
1880	1.24	.66	.72	.79	.78	1.85	3.4	2.47	9.95	3.64	43.48	39.07	3.88	3.88
1881	1.39	.64	.68	.84	.26	1.39	2.64	3.20	12.68	3.79	43.20	39.75	3.22	3.22
1882	.54	.62	.62	.89	.81	.94	3.79	2.80	13.64	4.12	42.60	40.11	2.86	2.86
1883	.54	.64	.56	.87	.63	.63	5.69	3.05	15.49	3.97	42.45	39.98	3.07	3.07
1884	.44	.62	.56	.89	.88	1.22	2.21	3.47	12.16	4.17	41.61	38.44	3.44	3.44
1885	.49	.51	.57	.90	.77	.75	2.00	3.42	10.32	3.17	45.83	40.59	3.67	3.67
1886	.50	.56	.61	.88	.67	1.26	2.03	3.06	10.84	3.30	45.55	40.18	3.33	3.33
1887	.41	.60	.56	.91	1.03	.61	2.02	3.22	11.65	3.65	47.19	41.02	3.16	3.16
1888	.52	.57	.55	.99	.99	.76	2.07	2.92	11.88	3.60	45.63	39.99	3.27	3.27
1889	.35	.59	.53	1.05	.47	1.58	2.13	2.88	12.10	3.60	45.13	39.50	3.14	3.14
1890	.33	.63	.52	1.13	.54	.83	2.28	2.05	12.35	3.62	44.41	39.19	2.98	2.98
1891	.46	.43	.52	1.18	.57	1.70	2.28	2.75	13.36	3.69	46.28	39.25	3.17	3.17
1892	.63	.19	.50	1.15	1.07	1.27	3.35	2.52	12.44	2.65	48.71	41.26	3.75	3.75
1893	.63	.19	.54	1.16	.67	2.24	2.41	2.57	12.64	2.97	49.63	42.49	3.32	3.32
1894	1.17	.13	.53	1.14	1.24	1.87	2.15	2.55	9.32	1.90	50.09	40.23	6.15	6.15
1895	.85	.08	.56	1.13	.81	1.63	2.08	2.62	10.48	2.02	44.15	40.23	4.23	4.23
1896	.85	.08	.56	1.13	.81	1.63	2.08	2.62	10.48	2.02	44.15	40.23	4.23	4.23
1897	.85	.08	.56	1.13	.81	1.63	2.08	2.62	10.48	2.02	44.15	40.23	4.23	4.23

## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL STATISTICS OF THE U. S.—CONTINUED.

YEAR.	EXPORTS.							CONSUMPTION PER CAPITA OF—									
	Domestic merchandise.		Per cent of domestic products exported.														
	Exports per capita.	Agriculture, stock, and fish, total exports.	Cotton.	Wheat.	Corn.	Crude mineral oil.	Raw cotton.	Wheat.	Corn.	Sugar.	Coffee.	Tea.	Distilled spirits.	Malt liquors.	Wines.		
1869.....	\$7.28	75.35	57.01	20.92	.94	73.24	12.88	5.21	23.79	35.0	6.45	1.08	1.69	5.21	.....		
1870.....	9.77	78.40	65.96	22.50	.24	75.14	12.82	5.41	22.62	35.0	6.00	1.10	2.07	5.31	.....		
1871.....	10.88	70.74	72.36	22.80	.98	78.98	14.10	4.69	27.40	36.2	7.91	1.14	1.62	6.10	.....		
1872.....	10.55	74.13	67.44	16.88	3.60	71.23	11.10	4.79	21.08	40.4	7.28	1.46	1.68	6.66	.....		
1873.....	12.12	76.10	65.47	20.80	3.68	85.70	15.19	4.81	22.83	39.8	6.87	1.53	1.68	7.21	.....		
1874.....	13.81	79.37	70.03	23.54	3.89	73.03	13.60	4.46	20.95	41.5	6.59	1.27	1.51	7.00	.....		
1875.....	11.36	76.95	70.69	23.60	3.53	58.13	11.90	5.39	18.06	43.6	7.09	1.44	1.50	6.71	.....		
1876.....	11.64	71.67	70.75	25.34	3.85	56.77	14.77	4.89	28.14	36.2	7.33	1.35	1.33	6.83	.....		
1877.....	12.72	72.63	68.97	19.75	5.66	97.02	14.09	5.01	26.13	39.9	6.94	1.23	1.29	6.58	.....		
1878.....	14.30	77.07	71.23	25.23	6.48	72.67	13.71	5.72	26.67	34.3	6.24	1.39	1.09	6.69	.....		
1879.....	14.23	78.12	67.74	25.16	6.33	71.47	16.30	5.58	26.61	40.7	7.23	1.21	1.11	7.06	.....		
1880.....	16.43	83.23	65.73	40.18	6.45	61.17	18.94	5.38	28.88	43.9	8.78	1.38	1.27	8.26	.....		
1881.....	17.23	82.63	68.47	37.83	5.45	43.22	19.64	6.09	31.64	44.2	8.25	1.54	1.38	8.65	.....		
1882.....	13.97	75.31	67.23	31.82	3.71	68.85	16.15	4.98	21.32	48.4	8.30	1.47	1.40	10.03	.....		
1883.....	14.98	77.04	67.20	29.33	2.54	47.22	20.80	6.64	29.24	51.1	8.91	1.30	1.46	10.27	.....		
1884.....	14.23	73.92	67.56	26.49	2.99	62.35	16.20	5.64	27.40	53.4	9.26	1.09	1.48	10.74	.....		
1885.....	12.94	72.94	68.96	25.86	2.95	67.24	15.16	6.77	31.04	61.8	9.60	1.18	1.26	10.62	.....		
1886.....	11.60	72.82	61.69	26.48	3.35	76.07	19.59	4.57	32.50	56.9	9.26	1.37	1.25	11.20	.....		
1887.....	11.98	74.40	68.71	33.66	2.48	60.13	16.64	5.17	27.68	52.7	8.58	1.49	1.21	11.23	.....		
1888.....	11.40	73.23	65.83	26.23	1.74	57.77	19.59	5.62	23.88	56.7	6.81	1.40	1.26	12.80	.....		
1889.....	11.92	72.87	69.33	21.31	3.57	63.80	17.22	5.34	31.23	51.8	9.16	1.29	1.32	12.72	.....		
1890.....	13.50	74.51	68.15	22.31	4.85	53.08	18.50	6.09	22.08	52.8	7.83	1.33	1.40	16.67	.....		
1891.....	13.63	73.69	67.36	26.60	2.15	43.80	22.02	4.58	22.79	56.1	7.99	1.29	1.42	15.28	.....		
1892.....	15.58	78.69	65.13	36.88	3.72	37.36	24.08	5.91	30.33	63.5	9.61	1.37	1.50	15.10	.....		
1893.....	12.44	74.05	65.98	37.20	2.80	45.10	17.07	4.85	23.06	63.4	8.24	1.32	1.51	16.08	.....		
1894.....	12.73	72.28	71.20	41.47	4.11	53.28	15.91	3.41	22.76	68.0	8.01	1.34	1.33	15.18	.....		
1895.....	11.37	69.73	69.88	31.46	2.36	50.76	22.48	4.54	16.98	62.6	9.22	1.38	1.12	14.95	.....		
1896.....	12.11	66.02	65.00	27.07	8.78	43.34	18.46	4.78	14.73	61.6	8.04	1.31	1.00	15.16	.....		
1897.....	14.17	66.23	70.59	38.98	7.33	55.06	18.43	3.89	28.91	64.5	9.95	1.55	1.01	14.68	.....		

YEAR.	CONSUMPTION OF RAW WOOL.		Tonnage of vessels: annual increase or decrease (+ or -).	Imports and exports of merchandise carried in American vessels.	POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT.		PUBLIC SCHOOLS.		Immigration—Per cent of annual increase of population.	
	Total per capita.	Per cent foreign.			Revenue per capita.	Expenditure per capita.	Population 5 to 15 years of age.	Expenditures per capita of population 5 to 15 years of age.		
	Lbs.		Per cent.	Per cent.			Millions.			
1869.....	5.78	17.8	+ 4.76	85.2	\$0.48	\$0.65	12.1	65.24	45.05	
1870.....	5.43	32.7	+ 2.41	35.6	.51	.62	12.3	5.92	48.28	
1871.....	5.73	29.4	+ .85	31.9	.51	.62	12.4	5.90	32.24	
1872.....	6.75	45.3	+ 9.62	29.2	.54	.66	12.6	5.90	36.89	
1873.....	5.67	33.2	+ 5.32	26.4	.55	.70	12.8	5.95	42.33	
1874.....	4.81	17.5	+ 2.23	27.2	.62	.75	13.1	6.11	28.00	
1875.....	5.23	22.1	+ 1.10	30.3	.61	.79	13.4	6.13	19.70	
1876.....	5.21	18.3	+ 11.33	37.7	.63	.74	13.7	6.06	14.33	
1877.....	5.16	16.3	+ .86	26.9	.69	.72	14.0	5.67	11.67	
1878.....	5.28	16.9	+ .70	26.3	.62	.72	14.4	5.49	11.12	
1879.....	5.08	14.2	+ 1.03	23.0	.62	.69	14.7	5.18	14.02	
1880.....	6.11	34.9	+ 2.43	17.4	.66	.78	15.1	5.17	35.45	
1881.....	5.66	19.3	+ .26	16.5	.70	.77	15.4	5.43	57.71	
1882.....	6.36	17.0	+ 2.66	15.8	.80	.86	15.7	5.67	66.92	
1883.....	6.62	18.7	+ 1.67	16.0	.86	.91	16.0	6.05	50.44	
1884.....	6.85	20.6	+ .84	17.2	.79	.86	16.4	6.29	42.58	
1885.....	6.69	18.0	+ .12	15.3	.76	.89	16.7	6.61	31.96	
1886.....	7.39	28.9	+ 8.16	15.5	.77	.96	17.1	6.93	26.61	
1887.....	6.68	27.4	+ .60	14.3	.83	.91	17.4	6.65	38.41	
1888.....	6.31	28.9	+ 2.10	14.0	.88	.94	17.8	6.28	42.26	
1889.....	6.33	31.8	+ 2.74	14.3	.92	.92	18.2	7.28	34.08	
1890.....	6.03	27.0	+ 2.71	12.9	.97	.97	18.5	7.00	34.16	
1891.....	6.43	30.8	+ 6.88	12.5	1.08	1.14	18.8	7.35	41.41	
1892.....	6.72	33.1	+ 1.71	12.3	1.08	1.19	19.2	8.12	43.63	
1893.....	7.05	35.7	+ 1.26	12.2	1.14	1.26	19.6	8.31	35.34	
1894.....	5.08	14.2	+ 2.90	13.3	1.10	1.23	20.1	8.49	21.70	
1895.....	6.32	46.1	+ 1.02	11.7	1.10	1.29	20.4	8.60	21.19	
1896.....	6.88	45.9	+ 1.47	12.0	1.16	1.32	20.9	8.81	22.73	
1897.....	8.26	57.8	+ 1.38	11.0	1.11	1.43	(*)	(*)	14.08	

\*No data.

# RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE GOVERNMENT, 1866-98. REVENUE BY FISCAL YEARS.

YEAR	Customs.	Internal revenue.	Direct tax.	Sales of public lands.	Miscellaneous sources	Total revenue.	Excess of revenue over ordinary expenditures.
1866.	\$179,046,652	\$800,226,915	\$1,954,754	\$995,031	\$8,083,006	\$229,039,314	\$558,032,020
1867.	176,417,811	266,027,537	3,300,234	1,163,576	27,797,830	15,037,522	490,034,010
1868.	164,464,600	191,087,569	1,788,146	1,348,715	29,203,029	17,745,494	405,038,995
1869.	180,048,427	158,354,461	765,086	4,030,344	13,755,491	13,997,359	370,943,747
1870.	194,535,374	184,809,756	229,108	5,350,482	15,235,644	12,942,118	411,255,478
1871.	206,270,408	143,006,154	580,365	2,388,647	8,892,840	22,003,541	383,323,945
1872.	216,370,287	130,642,178		2,575,714	9,412,628	15,106,071	374,106,868
1873.	188,089,526	110,729,314	315,255	2,882,312	11,560,381	17,161,270	363,738,205
1874.	163,103,834	102,409,748		1,832,429	5,037,065	17,075,043	289,478,755
1875.	167,167,722	100,067,494		1,413,640	3,979,240	15,431,915	288,000,661
1876.	148,071,085	116,700,732	83,730	1,129,467	4,029,281	17,496,776	287,482,039
1877.	130,555,450	118,530,408		976,254	405,777	18,037,555	299,000,567
1878.	130,170,680	110,581,625		1,079,745	1,614,728	25,735,870	30,740,553
1879.	137,250,048	113,561,611		924,781	1,505,048	20,585,097	27,827,184
1880.	186,522,065	124,009,374	31	1,016,507	110	21,978,325	333,526,611
1881.	189,159,676	135,264,386	1,517	2,201,835		25,151,851	360,782,293
1882.	220,410,730	146,457,505	160,142	4,753,140		31,703,643	403,525,259
1883.	214,706,497	144,730,369	108,157	7,955,864		30,706,625	368,287,582
1884.	196,067,400	121,598,073	70,721	9,810,705		21,984,882	348,519,870
1885.	181,471,938	112,498,739		5,735,886		21,014,053	329,690,706
1886.	192,935,023	116,806,936	108,240	5,630,999		20,989,528	326,438,727
1887.	217,296,951	118,823,911	32,892	9,234,286		20,605,815	371,403,279
1888.	219,091,174	124,290,872	1,566	11,202,017		24,674,449	379,396,075
1889.	225,835,742	134,881,514		8,038,672		24,297,151	387,034,049
1890.	224,684,584	147,608,707		6,338,272		24,247,419	403,080,982
1891.	219,522,205	145,696,249		4,029,535		23,474,457	392,612,447
1892.	177,452,964	133,971,073		3,261,876		20,251,872	354,397,784
1893.	203,355,017	161,027,024		3,182,000		18,253,898	385,918,629
1894.	141,818,531	147,111,232		1,673,637		17,118,818	297,722,019
1895.	152,158,617	143,421,672		1,103,317		16,706,435	313,300,075
1896.	160,021,731	146,762,864		1,005,523		19,186,000	326,976,390
1897.	176,554,125	146,688,774		894,381		23,614,122	347,721,905
1898.	149,575,032	170,900,641		1,243,129		31,602,501	405,321,535

\* Expenditures in excess of revenue.

## EXPENDITURES BY FISCAL YEARS.

YEAR	CIVIL AND MISCELLANEOUS	War department.	Navy department.	Indians.	Pensions.	Interest on public debt.	Total ordinary expenditures.
1866.	\$179,046,652	\$284,449,702	\$43,324,119	\$3,247,065	\$15,605,352	\$133,067,742	\$550,809,417
1867.	176,417,811	61,110,224	95,224,416	31,634,011	4,642,532	143,781,382	357,542,075
1868.	164,464,600	53,000,898	123,246,649	29,775,503	4,100,682	140,424,046	377,340,265
1869.	180,048,427	56,474,032	78,501,391	20,000,738	7,042,923	130,634,243	322,865,278
1870.	194,535,374	53,237,462	57,655,675	21,780,230	3,467,036	129,235,498	309,551,561
1871.	206,270,408	60,481,916	35,706,992	19,431,027	7,426,197	141,443,895	292,177,183
1872.	216,370,287	60,984,757	36,372,157	21,249,810	7,091,729	138,583,406	277,517,968
1873.	188,089,526	55,328,110	46,328,198	23,536,257	7,051,705	120,539,427	290,945,248
1874.	163,103,834	60,641,363	30,932,587	16,682,492	29,458,415	107,119,815	297,119,815
1875.	167,167,722	71,070,703	41,780,646	21,457,626	8,384,557	103,043,545	274,025,568
1876.	148,071,085	68,358,374	38,070,889	18,933,310	5,994,558	100,243,371	258,459,797
1877.	130,555,450	66,292,077	37,082,736	14,899,935	5,277,007	97,194,512	238,030,009
1878.	130,170,680	55,177,704	32,154,148	17,365,301	4,629,280	102,500,875	236,964,307
1879.	137,250,048	65,741,555	30,423,061	15,125,127	6,306,109	105,327,949	236,947,883
1880.	186,522,065	64,713,530	38,116,916	15,536,985	6,945,457	95,757,575	287,642,958
1881.	196,067,400	64,416,325	40,496,461	15,696,672	6,514,161	82,508,741	280,712,888
1882.	181,471,938	57,219,715	43,570,494	15,032,046	9,736,747	61,345,194	257,961,440
1883.	192,935,023	69,078,022	49,911,383	15,283,437	7,302,780	60,012,574	260,108,131
1884.	217,296,951	70,490,434	30,429,043	17,292,991	6,475,990	54,578,378	244,126,344
1885.	219,091,174	87,494,356	32,070,578	16,021,090	6,532,495	56,102,267	260,239,935
1886.	225,835,742	74,166,300	54,321,153	15,907,888	6,009,158	50,580,146	242,485,138
1887.	224,684,584	85,294,852	38,561,028	15,111,157	6,194,532	47,741,577	267,952,180
1888.	219,522,205	72,652,261	38,522,436	16,926,438	6,243,308	48,248,007	277,854,407
1889.	219,091,174	80,694,034	44,455,271	21,578,809	6,692,306	47,924,779	279,048,771
1890.	224,684,584	81,803,256	44,822,858	22,000,306	6,708,917	106,396,856	286,099,284
1891.	219,522,205	110,405,167	46,730,055	26,113,806	8,537,499	124,415,561	337,373,935
1892.	177,452,964	99,846,988	48,705,456	29,174,139	11,150,578	104,583,033	323,778,116
1893.	186,522,065	106,732,790	49,641,773	30,196,084	13,345,447	159,357,385	27,964,392
1894.	196,067,400	104,943,930	54,667,930	31,791,234	10,281,682	141,177,285	27,841,406
1895.	181,471,938	93,279,730	50,804,759	28,757,795	9,009,754	141,386,228	30,978,090
1896.	186,522,065	87,216,224	50,830,920	27,147,732	12,165,538	139,434,000	35,395,028
1897.	176,554,125	90,401,267	48,950,267	34,561,546	13,016,802	141,055,164	37,791,110
1898.	149,575,032	95,520,505	91,092,000	58,824,967	10,944,667	147,452,308	37,585,056

## STATISTICS OF COAL PRODUCTION.

89

## STATISTICS OF COAL PRODUCTION.

By Edward W. Parker, U. S. Geological Survey.

## COAL PRODUCT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1897, BY STATES.

STATE.	No. of mines.	Total product. Short tons.	Total value.	Av. price per ton.	Av. No. of days active.	Av. No. of em- ployes.
Alabama.....	78	5,892,770	85,192,085	80.88	233	10,597
Arkansas.....	14	865,190	908,998	1.06	161	1,990
California.....	8	108,913	365,236	2.65	156	381
Alaska.....	1	8,961,708	2,947,186	1.17	190	5,893
Colorado.....	2	195,899	140,468	.72	804	499
Idaho.....	2	645	2,150	3.39	91	7
Nebraska.....	310	20,072,758	14,472,529	.72	185	83,798
Illinois.....	115	4,151,109	2,472,348	.84	170	8,988
Indiana.....	19	1,236,390	1,787,356	1.34	176	3,188
Indian Territory.....	162	4,611,895	5,219,508	1.13	201	10,708
Iowa.....	71	3,054,012	3,602,826	1.18	194	6,699
Kansas.....	109	3,002,097	2,928,329	.79	178	7,953
Kentucky.....	25	4,442,138	3,923,988	.76	262	4,719
Maryland.....	13	222,592	325,416	1.46	230	587
Michigan.....	106	2,693,696	2,887,884	1.08	191	6,414
Missouri.....	22	1,647,893	2,897,408	1.76	252	2,387
Montana.....	15	716,981	991,611	1.38	208	1,659
New Mexico.....	1	21,280	27,000	1.34	215	51
North Carolina.....	20	77,246	83,808	1.08	108	170
North Dakota.....	360	12,196,943	9,585,409	.78	148	26,410
Ohio.....	8	101,765	313,890	3.09	171	254
Oregon.....	575	54,597,891	37,698,347	.69	305	77,599
Pennsylvania.....	45	2,988,849	2,329,534	.81	221	6,837
Tennessee.....	16	689,341	972,323	1.52	220	1,765
Texas.....	11	621,540	618,280	1.19	204	744
Utah.....	21	1,585,302	1,021,918	.67	213	2,344
Virginia.....	23	1,434,112	2,777,857	1.94	226	2,739
Washington.....	198	14,248,159	8,567,368	.63	205	20,504
West Virginia.....	20	2,597,896	3,136,694	1.21	219	8,137
Wyoming.....	2,455	147,789,902	119,740,052	.81	196	248,144
Total bituminous.....	349	52,431,763	79,129,126	1.61	150	149,557
Pennsylvania anthracite.....	2,804	200,221,665	198,869,178	.99	179	397,701
Grand total.....						

## THE WORLD'S PRODUCT OF COAL.

COUNTRY	Usual unit in produc- ing country.	Equivalent in short tons.
Great Britain (1897).....	long tons..	202,119,196
United States (1897).....	do.....	178,169,344
Germany (1897).....	metric tons..	120,430,000
France (1896).....	do.....	29,310,833
Austria-Hungary (1896).....	do.....	33,678,000
Belgium (1896).....	do.....	21,218,000
Russia (1896).....	do.....	9,328,000
Canada (1897).....	do.....	3,376,201
Japan (1896).....	metric tons..	4,849,000
India (1896).....	long tons..	3,848,000
New South Wales (1897).....	do.....	4,383,591
Spain (1897).....	metric tons..	1,989,400
New Zealand (1896).....	long tons..	798,000
Sweden (1896).....	metric tons..	236,000
Italy (1896).....	do.....	776,197
South African Republic (1897).....	long tons..	1,600,212
Queensland (1896).....	do.....	871,000
Victoria (1896).....	do.....	227,000
Natal (1896).....	do.....	216,000
Cape Colony (1896).....	metric tons..	107,060
Tasmania (1896).....	do.....	36,556
Other countries*.....	long tons..	2,000,000
Total.....		689,391,234
Percentage of the United States.....		29

\*Includes China, Turkey, Servia, Portugal, United States of Colombia, Chile, Borneo and Labuan, Mexico, Peru, Greece, etc.

## LABOR STATISTICS OF COAL MINING SINCE 1895.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	1895.		1896.		1897.	
	No. of days active.	Av. No. em. ployed.	No. of days active.	Av. No. em. ployed.	No. of days active.	Av. No. em. ployed.
Alabama.....	214	10,346	248	9,894	233	10,597
Arkansas.....	176	1,218	168	1,507	161	1,940
California.....	261	190	*291	177	*156	891
Colorado.....	182	6,125	172	6,704	180	5,852
Georgia.....	312	848	301	731	296	680
Idaho.....					191	7
Illinois.....	182	38,630	184	39,500	185	23,788
Indiana.....	189	8,530	163	8,906	176	8,866
Indian Territory.....	161	3,212	170	3,549	176	3,168
Iowa.....	188	10,008	178	9,672	201	10,708
Kansas.....	159	7,482	168	7,127	194	6,680
Kentucky.....	146	7,865	165	7,549	178	7,968
Maryland.....	248	3,912	204	4,089	202	4,719
Michigan.....	180	320	157	820	220	637
Missouri.....	163	6,299	168	5,963	191	6,414
Montana.....	223	2,184	224	2,536	252	2,537
Nevada.....						
New Mexico.....	180	1,383	172	1,508	208	1,650
North Carolina.....	226	61				
North Dakota.....	139	65	166	141	168	170
Ohio.....	176	24,644	161	25,500	148	26,410
Oregon.....	69	414	191	254	171	254
Pennsylvania bituminous.....	206	71,130	206	*72,625	205	77,599
Tennessee.....	224	5,120	211	6,531	221	6,337
Texas.....	171	1,642	187	1,968	220	1,786
Utah.....	208	670	202	679	204	704
Virginia.....	225	2,158	196	2,510	213	2,344
Washington.....	224	2,840	221	2,622	236	2,739
West Virginia.....	185	19,159	201	19,073	216	20,104
Wyoming.....	184	3,449	*210	2,937	219	3,137
Total.....	194	239,962	192	244,171	196	248,144
Pennsylvania anthracite.....	196	142,917	174	148,591	150	149,557
Grand total.....	195	382,879	185	383,162	179	397,701

## AVERAGE PRICES FOR COAL AT THE MINES SINCE 1892.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.
Alabama.....	\$1.05	\$0.90	\$0.98	\$0.90	\$0.90.	\$0.86
Arkansas.....	1.24	1.34	1.22	1.25	1.11	1.06
California.....	2.46	2.31	2.31	2.33	*2.35	*2.55
Colorado.....	1.62	1.24	1.24	1.20	1.16	1.17
Georgia.....	.99	.98	.86	.83	.70	.72
Idaho.....						13.33
Illinois.....	.91	.86	.89	.89	.80	.72
Indiana.....	1.08	1.07	.96	.96	1.04	1.04
Indian Territory.....	1.11	1.19	1.59	1.42	1.40	1.34
Iowa.....	1.32	1.30	1.26	1.20	1.17	1.13
Kansas.....	1.31	1.27	1.23	1.20	1.15	1.18
Kentucky.....	.92	.86	.88	.88	.78	.79
Maryland.....	.89	.88	.77	.81	.80	.76
Michigan.....	1.56	1.79	1.47	1.60	1.62	1.46
Missouri.....	1.23	1.23	1.17	1.12	1.08	1.08
Montana.....	2.36	1.99	2.04	1.89	1.47	1.76
Nevada.....			3.15			
New Mexico.....	1.62	1.47	1.57	1.49	1.40	1.38
North Carolina.....	1.44	1.50	1.76	1.66	1.50	1.34
North Dakota.....	.96	1.13	1.12	1.07	1.09	1.06
Ohio.....	.94	.92	.83	.79	.79	.73
Oregon.....	4.29	3.57	3.87	3.36	2.90	3.69
Pennsylvania bituminous.....	.84	.80	.74	.72	.71	.69
Tennessee.....	1.13	1.08	.97	.98	.86	.81
Texas.....	2.32	2.28	2.32	1.88	1.65	1.52
Utah.....	1.56	1.48	1.40	1.31	1.20	1.19
Virginia.....	.86	.84	.76	.63	.68	.67
Washington.....	2.28	2.31	2.35	2.16	2.00	1.94
West Virginia.....	.80	.77	.75	.68	.65	.63
Wyoming.....	1.27	1.35	1.31	1.38	1.17	1.21
Total bituminous.....	.99	.96	.91	.86	.83	.81
Pennsylvania anthracite.....	1.57	1.59	1.52	1.41	1.50	1.51
General average.....	1.16	1.14	1.09	1.02	1.02	.99

\*Includes Alaska.

†Includes Nebraska.

‡Includes North Carolina.

## AMERICAN TRUSTS.

	Capital.		Capital.
Acid trust (forming).....	\$50,000,000	Match trust.....	\$50,000,000
Alcohol trust.....	5,000,000	Match trust, Chicago.....	8,000,000
American corn harvester trust*.....	50,000,000	Menhaden trust.....	10,000,000
Anglo-American thread trust.....	18,000,000	Merchants' steel trust.....	25,000,000
Anthracite coal combine, Penn- sylvania*.....	85,000,000	Morocco leather trust.....	2,000,000
Asphalt trust.....	3,146,000	Naval stores combine*.....	1,000,000
AX trust.....	15,000,000	Oatmeal trust, Ohio*.....	3,500,000
Barbed wire trust, Chicago*.....	10,000,000	Oilcloth trust*.....	2,500,000
Biscuit and cracker trust.....	12,900,000	Paint combine*.....	2,000,000
Bituminous coal trust*.....	16,000,000	Paper bag trust.....	2,000,000
Bleachery combine*.....	10,000,000	Paper box trust*.....	5,000,000
Bolt and nut trust*.....	10,000,000	Paper trust.....	55,000,000
Boiler trust, Pittsburgh*.....	15,000,000	Patent leather trust.....	5,000,000
Borax trust, Pennsylvania*.....	2,000,000	Pitch trust*.....	10,000,000
Brass trust.....	10,000,000	Plate glass trust, Pittsburgh*.....	8,000,000
Broom trust, Chicago*.....	2,500,000	Pocket cutlery trust*.....	2,000,000
Brush trust, Ohio*.....	2,000,000	Pork combine*.....	20,000,000
Buckwheat trust.....	6,000,000	Powder trust.....	1,500,000
Button trust*.....	3,000,000	Preserves trust, West Virginia*.....	8,000,000
Carbon candle trust, Cleveland*.....	3,000,000	Pulp trust*.....	5,000,000
Carnegie trust.....	25,000,000	Refrigerator trust (forming).....	8,000,000
Cartridge trust*.....	10,000,000	Ribbon trust*.....	18,000,000
Cash register trust*.....	10,000,000	Rice trust, Chicago.....	2,500,000
Casket and burial goods trust*.....	1,000,000	Rock salt combine.....	5,000,000
Castor oil trust, St. Louis.....	500,000	Rubber trust.....	50,000,000
Celluloid trust.....	8,000,000	Rubber trust No. 2.....	7,000,000
Cigarette trust, New York.....	25,000,000	Safe trust.....	2,500,000
Clothes wringer trust*.....	2,000,000	Salt trust*.....	1,000,000
Colorado coal combine.....	20,000,000	Sandstone trust, New York*.....	1,000,000
Condensed milk trust, Illinois.....	15,000,000	Sandpaper trust*.....	250,000
Confectioners' trust*.....	2,000,000	Sash and door combine.....	20,000,000
Copper ingot trust*.....	20,000,000	Sash, door and blind trust*.....	1,500,000
Cordage trust.....	35,000,000	Saw trust.....	5,000,000
Cotton duck trust.....	10,000,000	School book trust*.....	2,000,000
Cotton press trust*.....	6,000,000	School furniture trust.....	15,000,000
Cottonseed oil trust.....	20,000,000	Sewer pipe trust.....	2,000,000
Crockery trust*.....	15,000,000	Sheet copper trust*.....	40,000,000
Cutlery trust (forming).....	2,000,000	Sheet steel trust*.....	2,000,000
Dressed beef and provision trusts (two).....	100,000,000	Skewer trust.....	60,000
Dye and chemical combine*.....	2,000,000	Smelters' trust.....	25,000,000
Electrical combine No. 2.....	1,800,000	Snatch trust*.....	500,000
Electric supply trust*.....	10,000,000	Snow shovel trust.....	200,000
Envelope trust.....	7,000,000	Soup trust*.....	500,000
Flax trust.....	5,000,000	Soda water apparatus trust.....	3,750,000
Flint glass trust, Pennsylvania.....	8,000,000	Speed bolbin and shuttle trust.....	2,000,000
Flour trust (forming).....	150,000,000	Sponge trust*.....	500,000
Fruit canners' trust.....	500,000	Standard Oil company.....	100,000,000
Fruit jar trust*.....	1,000,000	Standard Distilling company (new whisky trust).....	24,000,000
Fur combine*.....	10,000,000	Starch trust.....	10,000,000
Galvanized iron and steel trust, Pennsylvania*.....	2,000,000	Steel rail trust.....	60,000,000
Glove trust, New York*.....	2,000,000	Stove board trust.....	200,000
Gossamer rubber trust.....	12,000,000	Structural steel trust*.....	5,000,000
Green glass trust*.....	4,000,000	Sugar trust.....	75,000,000
Harrow trust.....	2,000,000	Tack trust*.....	3,000,000
Harvester trust*.....	1,500,000	Tangle trust*.....	200,000
Hinge trust.....	1,000,000	The Iron League*.....	60,000,000
Hop combine.....	500,000	Tissue paper trust*.....	10,000,000
Indurated fiber trust.....	500,000	Tobacco combination.....	2,500,000
International Silverware com- pany (forming).....	30,000,000	Tombstone trust.....	100,000
Iron and coal trust.....	10,000,000	Trunk trust.....	2,500,000
Iron and steel trust.....	75,000,000	Tube trust.....	11,500,000
Knit goods trust.....	30,000,000	Type trust.....	6,000,000
Lead trust.....	30,000,000	Typewriter trust.....	18,015,000
Leather trust.....	124,483,000	Umbrella trust*.....	1,000,000
Leather board trust*.....	500,000	Vapor stove trust*.....	20,000,000
Lime trust*.....	3,000,000	Wallpaper trust.....	10,000,000
Linotype trust.....	5,000,000	Western flour trust.....	10,000,000
Linseed oil trust.....	18,000,000	Wheel trust*.....	1,000,000
Lithograph trust, New Jersey.....	11,500,000	Whip trust*.....	500,000
Locomotive tire trust*.....	2,000,000	Window glass trust*.....	20,000,000
Locomotive trust.....	5,000,000	Wire trust*.....	10,000,000
Lumber trust.....	40,000,000	Woodscrow trust*.....	10,000,000
Lumber trust*.....	2,000,000	Wool hat trust.....	1,500,000
Maltng trust.....	30,000,000	Wrapping paper trust.....	1,000,000
Manila tissue trust.....	2,000,000	Yellow pine trust*.....	2,000,000
Marble trust*.....	20,000,000		
		Total .....	2,238,698,000

\*Capital estimated.

## CONVERTING UNITED STATES WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

(Prepared by T. C. Mendenhall, of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey.)

## CUSTOMARY TO METRIC.

LINEAR.					CAPACITY.				
	Inches to meters.	Feet to meters.	Yards to meters.	Miles to kilometers.		Fluid drums to milliliters or cubic centimeters.	Fluid oz. to milliliters.	Quarts to liters.	Gallons to liters.
1.....	25.4001	.304801	.914402	1.60935	1.....	3.70	29.57	.94636	3.78543
2.....	50.8001	.609601	1.828804	3.21869	2.....	7.39	59.15	1.89272	7.57087
3.....	76.2002	.914402	2.743205	4.82804	3.....	11.09	88.72	2.83806	11.25690
4.....	101.6002	1.219202	3.657607	6.43739	4.....	14.79	118.20	3.78543	15.14174
5.....	127.0003	1.524003	4.572009	8.04674	5.....	18.48	147.87	4.73179	18.92717
6.....	152.4004	1.828804	5.486411	9.65608	6.....	22.18	177.44	5.67815	22.71261
7.....	177.8004	2.133604	6.400813	11.26543	7.....	25.88	207.02	6.62451	26.49804
8.....	203.2005	2.438405	7.315215	12.87478	8.....	29.57	236.58	7.57087	30.23849
9.....	228.6005	2.743205	8.229616	14.48412	9.....	33.27	266.16	8.51723	34.06891
SQUARE.					WEIGHT.				
	Sq. in. to sq. centimeters.	Sq. ft. to sq. decimeters.	Sq. yds. to sq. meters.	Acres to hectares.		Grains to milligrammes.	Avoirdupois oz. to grammes.	Avoirdupois pounds to kilogrammes.	Troy oz. to grammes.
1.....	6.452	9.290	.836	.4047	1.....	64.7989	28.3495	.45359	31.10348
2.....	12.903	18.581	1.672	.8094	2.....	129.5978	56.6991	.90719	62.20696
3.....	19.355	27.871	2.508	1.2141	3.....	194.3968	85.0486	1.36078	93.51044
4.....	25.807	37.161	3.344	1.6187	4.....	259.1957	113.3981	1.81487	124.41382
5.....	32.258	46.452	4.181	2.0234	5.....	323.9946	141.7476	2.26786	155.57140
6.....	38.710	55.742	5.017	2.4281	6.....	388.7935	170.0972	2.72156	186.68098
7.....	45.161	65.032	5.853	2.8328	7.....	453.5924	198.4467	3.17515	217.79457
8.....	51.613	74.323	6.689	3.2375	8.....	518.3914	226.7982	3.62974	248.82776
9.....	58.065	83.613	7.525	3.6422	9.....	583.1903	255.1457	4.08338	279.98133
CUBIC.									
	Cubic in. to cubic centimeters.	Cubic ft. to cubic meters.	Cubic yards to cubic meters.	Bushels to hectoliters.					
1.....	16.387	.02832	.765	.35239					
2.....	32.774	.05663	1.529	.70479					
3.....	49.161	.08495	2.294	1.05718					
4.....	65.549	.11327	3.058	1.40957					
5.....	81.936	.14158	3.823	1.76196					
6.....	98.323	.16990	4.587	2.11436					
7.....	114.710	.19822	5.352	2.46675					
8.....	131.097	.22654	6.116	2.81914					
9.....	147.484	.25485	6.881	3.17154					

The only authorized material standard of customary length is the Troughton scale belonging to this office, whose length at 59°.32 Fahr. conforms to the British standard. The yard in use in the United States is therefore equal to the British yard.

The only authorized material standard of customary weight is the troy pound of the mint. It is of brass of known density, and therefore not suitable for a standard of mass. It was derived from the British standard troy pound of 1758 by direct comparison. The British avoirdupois pound was also derived

from the latter, and contains 7,000 grains troy.

The grain troy is therefore the same as the grain avoirdupois, and the pound avoirdupois in use in the United States is equal to the British pound avoirdupois.

The British gallon = 4.54346 liters.

The British bushel = 36.3477 liters.

The length of the nautical mile given above and adopted by the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey many years ago is defined as that of a minute of arc of a great circle of a sphere whose surface equals that of the earth (Clarke's Spheroid of 1866).

1 Gunter's chain	=	20.1168	meters.
1 sq. statute mile	=	260.000	hectares.
1 fathom	=	1.829	meters.
1 nautical mile	=	1853.25	meters.
1 foot = .304801 meter,			
1 avoirdupois pound	=	437.595677	gram.
15432.35839 grains	=	1	kilogramme.

## CONVERTING UNITED STATES WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

## METRIC TO CUSTOMARY.

LINEAR.					CAPACITY.				
	Meters to inches.	Meters to feet.	Meters to yards.	Kilometers to miles.	Multiples or centimeters to fluid drams.	Centiliters to fluid ounces.	Liters to quarts.	Decaliters to gallons.	Hectoliters to bushels.
1.....	39.3700	3.28083	1.093611	.62137	.27	.338	1.0567	2.6417	2.8377
2.....	78.7400	6.56167	2.187222	1.24274	.54	.676	2.1134	5.2834	5.6755
3.....	118.1100	9.84250	3.280833	1.86411	.81	1.014	3.1700	7.9251	8.5132
4.....	157.4800	13.12333	4.374444	2.48548	1.08	1.353	4.2267	10.5698	11.3510
5.....	196.8500	16.40417	5.468056	3.10685	1.35	1.691	5.2834	13.2095	14.1887
6.....	236.2200	19.68500	6.561667	3.72822	1.62	2.029	6.3401	15.8502	17.0265
7.....	275.5900	22.96583	7.655278	4.34959	1.89	2.367	7.3968	18.4919	19.8442
8.....	314.9600	26.24667	8.748889	4.97096	2.16	2.705	8.4535	21.1336	22.7019
9.....	354.3300	29.52750	9.842500	5.59233	2.43	3.043	9.5101	23.7753	25.5397
SQUARE.					WEIGHT.				
	Square centimeters to square inches.	Square meters to square feet.	Square meters to square yards.	Hectares to acres.	Multiples to grains.	Kilogrammes to grains.	Hectogrammes to oz. avoirdupois.	Kilogrammes to lb. avoirdupois.	
1.....	.1550	10.764	1.196	2.471	.01543	15432.36	3.5274	2.20462	
2.....	.3100	21.528	2.392	4.942	.03086	30864.71	7.0548	4.40924	
3.....	.4650	32.292	3.588	7.413	.04629	46297.07	10.5822	6.61387	
4.....	.6200	43.056	4.784	9.884	.06173	61739.43	14.1096	8.81849	
5.....	.7750	53.819	5.980	12.355	.07716	77161.78	17.6370	11.02311	
6.....	.9300	64.583	7.176	14.826	.09259	92594.14	21.1644	13.22773	
7.....	1.0850	75.347	8.372	17.297	.10803	108026.49	24.6918	15.43236	
8.....	1.2400	86.111	9.568	19.768	.12346	123458.85	28.2192	17.63698	
9.....	1.3950	96.875	10.764	22.239	.13889	138891.21	31.7466	19.84160	
CUBIC.					WEIGHT—Continued.				
	Cubic centimeters to cubic inches.	Cubic decimeters to cubic inches.	Cubic meters to cubic feet.	Cubic meters to cubic yards.		Quintals to lb. avoirdupois.	Meters or tonnes to lb. avoirdupois.	Kilogrammes to oz. troy.	
1.....	0.0610	61.023	35.314	1.308	1.....	220.46	2204.6	32.1507	
2.....	0.1220	122.047	70.629	2.616	2.....	440.92	4409.2	64.3015	
3.....	0.1831	183.070	105.943	3.924	3.....	661.39	6613.9	96.4522	
4.....	0.2441	244.094	141.258	5.232	4.....	881.86	8818.5	128.6030	
5.....	0.3051	305.117	176.572	6.540	5.....	1102.31	11023.1	160.7537	
6.....	0.3661	366.140	211.887	7.848	6.....	1322.77	13227.7	192.9044	
7.....	0.4272	427.164	247.201	9.156	7.....	1543.24	15432.4	225.0552	
8.....	0.4882	488.187	282.516	10.464	8.....	1763.70	17637.0	257.2059	
9.....	0.5492	549.210	317.830	11.771	9.....	1984.16	19841.6	289.3567	

By the concurrent action of the principal governments of the world an International Bureau of Weights and Measures has been established near Paris. Under the direction of the International Committee two ingots were cast of pure platinum-iridium in the proportion of 9 parts of the former to 1 of the latter metal. From one of these a certain number of kilogrammes were prepared, from the other a definite number of meter bars. These standards of weight and length were inter-compared, without preference, and certain ones selected as international standards. The others were distributed by lot. In September, 1889, to the different governments and are called national prototype standards. Those apportioned to the United States were received in 1890 and are in the keeping of United States coast and geodetic survey.

The metric system was legalized in the United States in 1893.

The international standard meter is derived from the meter des archives, and its length is defined by the distance between two lines at 0° centigrade, on a platinum-iridium bar deposited at the International Bureau of Weights and Measures.

The international standard kilogramme is a mass of platinum-iridium deposited at the same place, and its weight in vacuo is the same as that of the kilogramme des archives.

The liter is equal to a cubic decimeter, and it is measured by the quantity of distilled water which, at its maximum density, will counterpoise the standard kilogramme in a vacuum, the volume of such a quantity of water being, as nearly as has been ascertained, equal to a cubic decimeter.

## FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.

COUNTRIES.	Rulers.	Titles.	Pop.	Area.
Abyssinia.....	Menelik II.	Emperor.	3,000,000	150,000
Afghanistan.....	Abdur Khan.	Ameer.	4,000,000	300,000
Argentina.....	Julio A. Roca.	President.	4,086,492	1,125,086
Austria-Hungary.....	Franz Josef I.	Emperor.	41,281,342	249,942
Belgium.....	Leopold II.	King.	6,282,272	11,373
Bokhara.....	Sayid Abdul Ahad.	Ameer.	2,500,000	92,000
Bolivia.....	Señor S. F. Alonzo.	President.	2,019,549	567,300
Brazil.....	Prudente de Moraes.	President.	9,930,470	3,209,878
Bulgaria.....	Ferdinand.	Prince.	5,399,816	24,390
Chile.....	Fred. Errazuriz.	President.	2,915,332	293,570
China.....	Tuen-Tsoun-Hsi.	Emperor.	386,853,029	1,327,308
Colombia.....	M. A. Caro.	President.	3,878,000	501,773
Congo Free State.....	Leopold II.	Sovereign.	14,000,000	900,000
Costa Rica.....	Rafael Iglesias.	President.	213,205	21,000
Denmark.....	Christian IX.	King.	2,185,335	15,299
Ecuador.....	Gene Alfaro.	President.	1,270,000	12,000
Egypt.....	Abbas Hilmi.	Khedive.	6,817,265	10,000
France.....	M. Felix Faure.	President.	35,344,192	521,002
Germany.....	Wilhelm II.	Emperor.	52,274,901	208,670
Prussia.....	Wilhelm II.	King.	29,954,281	184,597
Bavaria.....	Otto.	King.	5,591,982	29,282
Saxony.....	Albert.	King.	3,502,684	5,787
Württemberg.....	Wilhelm II.	King.	1,985,185	7,288
Baden.....	Friedrick I.	Grand Duke.	1,657,867	5,822
Hesse.....	Ernst Ludwig.	Grand Duke.	922,883	2,995
Lippe.....	Alexander.	Prince.	128,436	400
Anhalt.....	Friedrick.	Duke.	271,953	906
Brunswick.....	Albrecht.	Rogent.	404,773	1,424
Mecklenburg-Schwerin.....	Franz IV.	Grand Duke.	578,342	5,135
Mecklenburg-Strelitz.....	Wilhelm I.	Grand Duke.	37,978	1,131
Oldenburg.....	Peter I.	Grand Duke.	354,968	2,479
Saxe-Altenburg.....	Ernst.	Duke.	170,864	511
Saxe-Coburg-Gotha.....	Alfred.	Duke.	206,513	757
Saxe-Meiningen.....	George II.	Duke.	223,532	963
Saxe-Weimar.....	Karl Alexander.	Grand Duke.	329,091	1,388
Reuss (elder branch).....	Heinrich XII.	Prince.	62,754	120
Reuss (younger branch).....	Heinrich XIV.	Prince.	120,382	319
Waldeck.....	Friedrich.	Prince.	57,281	433
Great Britain and Ireland.....	Victoria.	Queen.	38,104,975	120,979
Greece.....	Georges I.	King.	2,787,208	25,011
Guatemala.....	Mannuel E. Cabrera.	President.	1,000,017	46,000
Haiti.....	T. S. Sam.	President.	980,000	107,000
Honduras.....	P. Bonilla.	President.	369,048	45,000
India (British).....	Victoria.	Empress.	221,172,952	964,923
Italy.....	Umberto I.	King.	28,459,628	110,623
Japan.....	Mutsu Hito.	Mikado.	40,135,461	147,655
Khiva.....	Syed Mohamed Rahim.	Khan.	700,000	23,320
Korea.....	Li-Huen.	Emperor.	10,528,957	82,000
Lahore.....	W. D. Coleman.	President.	1,059,000	14,320
Luxemburg.....	Adolf.	Duke.	211,088	908
Mexico.....	Porfirio Diaz.	President.	12,066,046	767,006
Monaco.....	Albert.	Prince.	13,304	8
Montenegro.....	Nicholas I.	Prince.	220,000	2,600
Morocco.....	Mulais Abdul Aziz.	Sultan.	5,600,000	219,000
Nepal.....	Jang.	Sovereign.	2,000,000	54,000
Netherlands.....	Wilhelmina.	Queen.	4,732,911	12,648
Nicaragua.....	S. Zelaya.	President.	282,485	49,500
Oman.....	Seyyid Feysal.	Sultan.	1,500,000	82,000
Orange Free State.....	M. T. Steyn.	President.	207,503	48,326
Paraguay.....	Gen. Fraguiza.	President.	480,000	98,000
Persia.....	Muzaffer-Ed-Din.	Shah.	9,000,000	628,000
Peru.....	S. de Pierola.	President.	2,621,844	463,747
Portugal.....	Carlos I.	King.	4,598,178	34,008
Romania.....	Carol I.	King.	5,800,000	48,307
Russia.....	Nicholas II.	Czar.	118,014,187	8,660,282
Sanador.....	E. A. Gutierrez.	President.	651,130	7,225
Samoa.....	G. Heurenux.	King.	81,000	1,701
Santo Domingo.....	C. Heurenux.	President.	610,000	18,045
Serbia.....	Alexander I.	King.	2,256,084	79,000
Siam.....	Chulalongkorn I.	King.	8,000,000	200,000
South African Republic.....	S. J. P. Kruger.	President.	409,278	119,120
Spain.....	Alfonso XIII.	King.	17,565,632	197,670
Sweden and Norway.....	Oscar II.	King.	6,825,067	297,321
Switzerland.....	E. Ruffy.	President.	2,917,734	15,976
Tonga.....	George II.	King.	17,500	374
Turkey.....	Abdul Hamid II.	Sultan.	27,004,320	1,147,000
United States.....	William McKinley.	President.	74,522,000	3,607,600
Uruguay.....	Juan L. Cuevas.	President.	728,447	72,110
Venezuela.....	Gen. J. Andrade.	President.	2,323,527	508,943

## WHEAT CORNER OF 1897-98.

The year 1898 marked the culmination and collapse of one of the most gigantic and spectacular operations in wheat ever inaugurated in this or any other country. The center of activity was Chicago, and the central figure was Joseph Leiter, a resident of that city. Operations were continued over a period of more than ten months, during which it is estimated that nearly 100,000,000 bushels of wheat were traded in by the party in interest, including what is generally known as his "scalping" operations, and the price was advanced from 35 cents at the start to \$1.55 a bushel before the end was reached, a net improvement of nearly \$1.20. The amount of cash wheat handled by one party, the capital involved and the wide interest excited were without precedent. The attention of the whole civilized world was attracted and the Chicago market was constantly watched by the people of all foreign lands, as well as by those of our own.

Prices were pushed to a dizzy height, but the collapse was sudden and disastrous. Joseph Leiter and his immediate following being the principal sufferers, those best informed estimating their losses at nearly, if not fully, \$10,000,000.

Joseph Leiter was a young man of 29, who had never been known as an operator in wheat, and was not even a member of the board of trade; he came of good mercantile stock, however, his father—L. Z. Leiter—having been for many years a leading and successful merchant in Chicago, finally retiring from the business with a large fortune, which was eventually increased to \$30,000,000 or more. The son was thought to have inherited the mercantile instincts of his father, and had already demonstrated in many ways his keen business sagacity. It is claimed, and generally admitted, that when Leiter ventured upon his first operations in wheat nothing was more foreign to his thoughts than the colossal transactions in which he eventually became the directing spirit. The idea of "speculation" he disclaimed from first to last, stoutly contending that he was simply a merchant, and a speculator only in the sense that he expected to sell what he bought at a handsome profit, and without resorting to any of the tricks known to the typical speculator.

A fortunate investment made early in September, 1897, was the humble beginning of the Leiter deal, which did not end until June 13, 1898. From the inception the transactions gradually grew in magnitude until every previous experience in that line was completely overshadowed, and the world watched its development with increasing wonder.

The reasons which led Leiter to think so favorably of wheat were found in the then prevailing conditions the world over, but more especially in Europe, and these he freely made known to the public. He attempted no deception, but openly warned every one of the folly of selling wheat at the then prevailing prices, and he at the same time proceeded to buy freely what the public seemed so greedy to sell, with the result that when the conditions he had foreseen came finally to be generally acknowledged, prices were greatly enhanced and the soundness of his judgment apparently vindicated.

The world's crop of wheat in 1897 was

much below the average. England, France, and other countries which found it necessary to import wheat, found also their harvests more than usually deficient; while Russia, India, Argentina and Austria-Hungary—countries which usually raise a large surplus for export—found this surplus greatly curtailed. So with enlarged necessities came diminished supplies, and the problem of feeding Europe soon began to attract attention in America. As figured out statistically, the breadstuffs situation, when the harvests in 1897 were gathered, compared with that of 1896 as follows:

—Wheat crop (bushels).—		
	1897.	1896.
France .....	248,000,000	337,000,000
Russia .....	232,000,000	319,000,000
Italy .....	88,000,000	132,000,000
Austria .....	36,000,000	41,000,000
Hungary .....	53,000,000	101,000,000
Roumania .....	29,000,000	69,000,000
Bulgaria .....	25,000,000	46,000,000
United Kingdom..	54,000,000	60,000,000

The above-named countries, with the minor ones not named, showed a deficiency in the European wheat production of 1897 of 356,000,000 bushels, as compared with the year previous. To offset this was an increase in the United States of about 120,000,000 bushels and about 20,000,000 bushels in other parts of the world, leaving a net shortage in the world's wheat supply of over 200,000,000 bushels. These figures early attracted Leiter's attention, and he argued openly that they foreshadowed an unusual demand for American wheat, and predicted an astonishing advance in values. So it was not long before he became a heavy buyer—simply as a merchant, he always protested, or as he would buy a piece of real estate when it was offered below its intrinsic value. He was in the market because the inexorable law of supply and demand must eventually enhance the price of wheat. Probably no man ever bought a bushel of wheat with more complete confidence in its legitimate value than did Joseph Leiter in his earlier dealings, and, despite his many disappointments and the serious obstacles he frequently encountered, his faith rarely wavered until the disastrous end of his long campaign was finally reached. In the whole ten months of its continuance he never descended to any of the tricks of the ordinary speculator, nor endeavored to take advantage of the seller by concealing his real purpose; he openly proclaimed himself on the "bull side," warned the trade of the danger of "selling short," and bought without limit whatever was offered for sale. In August, 1897, his presence in the market and his extensive operations began to attract attention; the price was then about 75½ cents, having sold at 64½ cents earlier in the season. As his accumulations went on prices were gradually enhanced. When the end of September approached, and the time was near at hand for the delivery of the wheat Leiter had bought for that month's delivery, it was found that there was little here, and to avoid the odium of running a corner he announced his willingness to transfer all his trades to December, but warned the trade that the price would be very much higher when that delivery matured. But the large traders—and especially that class known to

include the elevator interest—were almost uniformly "bears," and, confident that an amateur speculator, as Leiter was acknowledged to be, could not successfully carry through a campaign on the lines he had undertaken, all kept selling heavily, and Leiter kept on buying with equal persistency, prices in the meanwhile continuing to advance steadily.

By this time the world had become deeply interested and everybody was watching the course of prices on the Chicago board of trade, the up turn abroad having kept pace with that in America. As the end of December, 1897, drew near, the stocks of contract wheat in Chicago were found to be greatly depleted and nearly 6,000,000 bushels less than Leiter had bought in the meantime, and which must be delivered to him before the end of the month. Many, considering the situation hopeless for the shorts, settled and paid their differences. But the great elevator proprietors, who, as before stated, were the largest "shorts," determined to get the wheat and deliver it, evidently expecting that the delivery of 6,000,000 to 6,000,000 bushels practically in one lump—and which had to be paid for in cash on delivery—would financially embarrass the daring young operator. For this purpose the northwest was ransacked by the large and wealthy interests which had been caught "short," and wheat was bought wherever it could be found, with little regard to the price, and, favored by unusually open weather, millions of bushels were brought to Chicago by lake from Duluth and by car from Minneapolis. During the last days of December there were delivered to Leiter over 5,000,000 bushels of wheat, which was promptly accepted and paid for in cash, apparently without effort and without any unusual strain on his financial credit. This large delivery, with his other holdings, left Leiter the absolute owner of from 8,000,000 to 10,000,000 bushels of the cereal, though in the meantime he had been sending it forward very liberally to tidewater or to Europe. There was some expectation that the enormous demands made on Leiter's bank account by the delivery of so much property, on which instant payment was demanded, might prove too much of a load for the young speculator; but his father, L. Z. Leiter, promptly came to his assistance with his \$30,000,000 fortune, and his credit soon became practically unlimited.

For a moment Leiter hesitated at this juncture, but his indecision did not last long; he was the owner of a vast amount of grain which he felt forced to protect, and his only course now seemed to be to carry his campaign into May, 1898. At the same time he began those tremendous shipments abroad which soon became the wonder of the trade, and, with a single exception, finally eclipsed anything before known in the history of the grain trade. In order to guard against a repetition of his experience in December, 1897, he extended his operations into the northwest, and before long owned millions of bushels of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, in addition to his immense and daily increasing holdings at Chicago. But wheat was still offered freely; the farmers, attracted by the high prices, were selling everything they had stored, until the interior reserves were well-nigh exhausted everywhere. In the meantime prices had gone up by leaps and bounds, and the foreign markets were keeping pace with

those in this country. Yet Leiter's representatives still stood in the pit and demanded more wheat, though in the meantime his accumulations probably amounted to 20,000,000 bushels—a larger load than any single individual was ever before known to carry. But his faith had not yet begun to waver; "shorts" had become badly frightened, however, and with Leiter's aggressive confidence and the "shorts'" efforts to cover prices continued to soar.

The end of May, 1898, finally came, and Leiter's opponents again disappointed him; they had made the most strenuous exertions; had ransacked the country, and finally succeeded in delivering him 8,000,000 bushels, for which prompt payment was necessary; but his star was still in the ascendant, or at least his financial sky was unclouded, and payment was easily made. By this time, however, his holdings had enlarged to something like 25,000,000 bushels, representing not less than \$30,000,000 in cash—a staggering load for any one but Leiter. Yet, still undaunted, he at once commenced to buy wheat for July delivery, and this move was the beginning of the end. His skies darkened, the load became tiresome, and financial difficulties began to press more or less heavily, and his confident smile had departed. Prices abroad had risen to a point which restricted consumption, and the old world was driven to other markets. Argentina and India had begun to ship their bountiful crops, and the promise for this country for 1898 as well as for the old world generally was most brilliant. Every hour the burden became heavier for the man who had undertaken to fight the whole world. The speculative element fought him with frantic vigor, and every available bushel of wheat on both sides of the ocean was sold, so that the theoretical supplies which Leiter had figured on were enormously exceeded by the actual marketings. The end drew near; it came suddenly. On Monday, June 12, 1898, Leiter found himself with 30,000,000 to 35,000,000 bushels of wheat on hand, his ready cash gone and his credit with the banks shattered by the withdrawal of the financial support of L. Z. Leiter, which he had hitherto had.

Realizing at last the hopelessness of his battle, he struck his colors, threw all the wheat he had bought for July on to the market, and in little more than an hour had divested himself of fully 8,000,000 bushels. The price had also dropped 20 cents a bushel, aggregating fully \$7,000,000 on his entire holdings. The 15,000,000 bushels or more of cash wheat he held in this country and Europe then became a matter of grave concern. A general panic was likely to follow the forced marketing of such a vast amount of property, and to avoid such a calamity it was protected by the banks and finally placed in the hands of trustees to be sold at leisure when shortened supplies might warrant it or circumstances dictate. This eminently wise action prevented the disastrous consequences which would otherwise have followed such a complete collapse and minimized the ruin which might, without such precaution, have followed the Leiter fiasco.

It will no doubt be interesting to trace the course of prices each month during the ten months that Leiter was carrying on his campaign, or from Aug. 1, 1897, to June 12, 1898, comparing them with the current values the same month of the year previous,

the quotations being for cash wheat and embracing the entire range for the month:

Monthly price cash wheat.			
	1897.		1896.
August .....	\$0.74½ @ 1.03½	\$0.53 @ .63½	
September .....	.85¼ @ 1.01½	.55 @ .70	
October .....	.87½ @ .99½	.65¼ @ .81¼	
November .....	.91 @ 1.00½	.71 @ .94½	
December .....	.92 @ 1.09	.74½ @ .93½	
	1898.		1897.
January .....	.89¼ @ 1.10	.71¼ @ .94	
February .....	.96 @ 1.08	.71½ @ .81½	
March .....	1.00 @ 1.06½	.69½ @ .90½	
April .....	1.01 @ 1.23½	.64½ @ .97	
May .....	1.17 @ 1.86	.68½ @ .97½	

The price in June, up to the day of the collapse, had ranged at \$1.05 @ 1.20, and on the day that Leiter threw his holdings overboard the price fell to 85 cents, and a week later had fallen to 75 cents, a loss of \$1.10 from the top figure, \$1.85, which was reached in May.

The advance started wheat to Chicago from all over the country and the receipts were far in excess of what any one had calculated. From September to May, inclusive, the receipts each month compared with the same month the year previous were as follows:

Cass wheat a mo.			
	1897-98.		1896-97.
September .....	9,083	6,246	
November .....	4,044	2,055	
December .....	7,670	1,175	
January .....	1,187	839	
February .....	1,561	558	
March .....	3,352	505	
April .....	2,637	261	
May .....	7,711	303	
Total for 8 months..	37,195	11,961	

The exports from this country were also unusually heavy, for as soon as Leiter's operations became well understood not only was there a healthy legitimate foreign demand but Leiter himself was disposed to market his wheat abroad and used every effort to get it across the ocean. The monthly exports from and including January, 1898—when the foreign movement got well under way—to and including June, compare with former years as follows:

Wheat and flour (bushels).			
	1898.	1897.	1896.
January .....	16,653,000	11,670,000	13,523,000
February .....	12,239,000	8,151,000	11,678,000
March .....	15,520,000	7,895,000	8,575,000
April .....	16,492,000	6,285,000	7,722,000
May .....	17,151,000	8,774,000	8,331,000
June .....	17,771,000	7,997,000	10,932,000
Total .....	96,826,000	40,702,000	60,771,000

That the Leiter deal was of immense pecuniary benefit to the wheat growers of the world there can be no question, however disastrous it may have been to himself and his financial backers and followers. It created an unusual, even though it was partially fictitious, demand, which greatly enhanced the price. The persistent "short" seller, who had for so many years coined money by depreciating the price, found that he was for a time overmatched, and the wheat "bear" was, for the time being, out of fashion. Leiter's campaign added from 10 cents to 50 cents a bushel to the farmers' staple crop, and, while the aftermath was serious loss or absolute ruin to many, its good effects were felt on thousands of farms and will continue to be for years to come.

## THE ARMIES OF EUROPE.

**AUSTRIA-HUNGARY**—The imperial active army is made up of 13,129 officers, 329,112 men, 60,369 horses and 1,984 guns. Of these 1,642 officers and 22,664 men belong to the Austrian landwehr and 3,355 officers and 24,964 men to the Hungarian landwehr, the remainder (14,133 officers and 281,492 men) comprising the Austria-Hungarian army. The war footing of the empire is estimated at 1,853,327. The Mannlicher rifle is in use.

**BELGIUM**—The active army embraces 3,360 officers, 45,030 men, 9,044 horses and 254 guns. The war strength is estimated at 170,939. On a war footing the army is estimated at about 171,000 men. The Mauser rifle is in use.

**DENMARK**—The Danish active army has 834 officers and 27,720 men. Its war strength is estimated at 117,136. The Krag-Jorgensen rifle is in use.

**FRANCE**—The French active army is composed of 21,963 officers, 540,041 men, 123,000 horses and 3,048 guns. This is divided into 584 battalions of infantry, 448 squadrons of cavalry, 508 field, horse and mountain batteries, 103 batteries of foot artillery, twenty-two battalions of engineers and twenty squadrons of various other branches of the service. The war footing of the army is about 4,849,572. The Lebel rifle is in use.

**GREAT BRITAIN**—The British army consists of 7,721 officers and 213,148 men. This force is divided into 143 battalions of in-

fantry, 124 squadrons of cavalry, eighty-eight field batteries, twenty-two horse batteries, ten mountain batteries, ninety-three companies of garrison artillery, besides sixty-seven bodies of engineers, service and medical corps. The war footing of the army is estimated at 638,000. The army is raised by volunteer enlistments. The Lee-Metford rifle is in use.

**GERMANY**—The imperial active army of Germany consists of 18,750 officers, 528,696 men, 93,301 horses and 3,000 guns and comprises twenty corps. These are divided into 634 battalions of infantry, 465 squadrons (ninety-three regiments) of cavalry, 500 batteries of field and horse artillery, thirty-seven batteries of foot artillery, besides fifty-one battalions of pioneers and other troops. The war footing of the army is estimated at 5,166,582. The Mauser rifle is in use.

**GREECE**—The active army of Greece contains 12,824 infantry, 1,263 cavalry, 2,320 artillery, 6,186 engineers, or a total of 23,529 men. The reserve force is large, on paper, including 98,000 first reserves and 176,000 second reserves, making an estimated war strength of about 297,000 men. The Mannlicher rifle is in use.

**ITALY**—The active army of Italy consists of 10,993 officers, 219,625 men, 34,038 horses and 1,243 guns. These are divided into 283 battalions of infantry, thirty-six battalions

of rifles, twenty-two battalions of Alpini, 144 squadrons of cavalry, 186 batteries of field, sixteen batteries of horse and fifteen batteries of mountain artillery; seventy-six companies of seacoast and fortress artillery, besides forty-one companies of engineers, etc. The war footing embraces 54,407 officers and 2,127,300 men. The Carcano rifle is in use.

**NETHERLANDS**—The Dutch army is made up of 1,630 officers, 62,811 men, 5,290 horses and 120 guns. To this should be added the East Indian troops, about 38,000. There is also the militia, active and sedentary, which brings the total up to 3,786 officers and 191,783 men. The regular army, exclusive of militia, is divided into forty-five battalions of infantry, fifteen squadrons of cavalry, eighteen field and two horse battalions, forty companies of fortress artillery, besides engineer, torpedo, telegraph and other companies. The war strength is put at 234,000.

**PORTUGAL**—The active Portuguese army is made up of 2,543 officers, 25,668 men and 3,985 horses. The estimated war strength is about 100,000 men. The Kropatschek rifle is in use.

**RUSSIA**—The Russian active army consists of 23,700 officers, 893,900 men, 163,000 horses and 2,672 guns, besides 38,000 men classified as non-combatants. These are divided into 487,000 infantry, 112,300 cavalry, 110,444 artillery and 33,900 engineers and the remainder are in other branches of the service. On a war footing the army is estimated at 3,400,000. The Mouzin rifle is in use.

**SPAIN**—The Spanish army before the war with the United States consisted of an ac-

tive army of 64,314 infantry, 14,314 cavalry, 11,605 artillery and 5,102 engineers and other troops, making a total of 84,335 men. Besides these were the sanitary troops and administrative troops, 28,790; the West Indian establishment (Cuban and Puerto Rican forces), 201,312, and the Philippine establishment, 37,760. This gives a total of 352,197 as the peace strength of the army. Besides these are the first (160,000 men) and the second (1,000,000) reserves, giving a war footing of about 1,500,000. The Mauser rifle is in use.

**SWEDEN AND NORWAY**—The active army of the kingdom is 40,440 men. The war strength is estimated at 225,440. The Mauser rifle is in use.

**SWITZERLAND**—The active army of the Swiss republic is composed of sixty-nine general staff officers, 103,107 infantry, 3,758 cavalry, 21,633 artillery, 6,356 engineers, 4,980 sanitary troops, 1,580 administrative and 183 cyclists, making a total of 141,666. There are also the first and second reserves. The first includes 79,205 and the second 284,733 men of all classes and branches of the service, making the war strength about 490,000 men. The Schmit-Rubin rifle is in use.

**TURKEY**—The personnel of the sultan's active army comprises about 24,000 officers and 220,000 men, 30,000 horses and 1,458 guns, divided into 318 battalions of infantry, 197 squadrons of cavalry; 169 field, forty-four mountain, eighteen horse and twelve howitzer batteries; 430 companies of dismounted and 234 mounted gendarmes. The war strength is estimated at about 1,500,000 men. The Mauser rifle is in use.

### PRINCIPAL NAVIES OF EUROPE.\*

CLASS OF VESSEL.	Great Britain.	France.	Germany.	Italy.	Austria-Hungary.	Russia.	Denmark.	Turkey.	Portugal.	Sweden & Norway.
Battleships—1st class.....	29	15	6	8	.....	14	.....	1	.....	.....
Guns.....	1,371	672	200	368	.....	458	.....	20	.....	.....
Battleships—2d and 3d class.....	24	9	10	3	10	4	.....	8	1	.....
Guns.....	829	292	255	120	284	120	.....	180	6	.....
Sea-going coast defense.....	6	12	8	7	3	7	26	6	2	8
Guns.....	106	224	140	90	78	104	90	108	51	148
Non-sea-going.....	11	12	11	.....	4	21	.....	3	.....	18
Guns.....	129	104	89	.....	12	116	.....	14	.....	71
Armored cruisers.....	18	13	.....	8	2	14	.....	.....	.....	.....
Guns.....	963	337	270	343	110	404	.....	.....	.....	.....
Protected cruisers.....	123	47	13	23	8	.....	5	6	4	2
Guns.....	2,897	1,131	285	547	53	79	82	76	48	22
Unprotected cruisers.....	3	14	6	.....	2	20	1	2	3	4
Guns.....	72	849	93	.....	23	283	14	45	28	68
Gunboats—1st class.....	42	16	2	.....	.....	12	9	.....	.....	21
Guns.....	117	67	2	.....	.....	68	55	.....	.....	50
Gunboats—2d and 3d class.....	20	28	1	2	8	3	.....	12	2	.....
Torpedo boat destroyers.....	106	17	18	18	11	39	.....	6	5	6
Torpedo boats—1st class.....	51	46	104	117	36	88	6	13	13	.....
Torpedo boats—2d class.....	32	149	54	4	6	6	6	20	9	37
Torpedo boats—3d class.....	107	54	16	70	35	97	13	4	27	20
Stationary vessels.....	129	86	12	3	9	2	6	3	.....	7
Other vessels.....	28	12	10	16	.....	36	.....	54	.....	.....
Tugs, transports, etc.....	219	105	47	55	21	98	61	86	44	38
Obsolete.....	32	30	5	7	5	8	2	12	23	37
Total vessels.....	1,007	690	827	870	149	467	126	225	129	196
Officers and men.....	97,947	80,900	21,513	21,724	18,313	40,582	1,539	23,376	5,059	8,379

\*Navy statistics are being constantly changed by the building of new ships, and repairing or retiring of old ones.

## PARTITION OF CHINA.

It was not until after the close of the war between China and Japan that the colonial empire attracted the aggressive cupidty of the colonizing nations of Europe. At the close of the so-called opium war in 1841 Hongkong, an island in the mouth of the Canton river, was ceded to Great Britain, and is now one of the strongest naval and military stations of the British empire in Asia, being known as the "Eastern Gibraltar." With this exception the Chinese empire remained practically untouched. The weakness displayed by the Chinese in the war with its insular neighbor and the total want of national coherency among the Chinese people themselves were simply an invitation to the stronger powers of Europe to enrich themselves at the expense of the Chinese empire.

At the close of the war with Japan a treaty was negotiated between the two nations which may be found in full in The Daily News Almanac for 1896, page 77, by virtue of which China surrendered to Japan Shashih, in the province of Hupeh; Chungking, in the province of Sze-chuen; Suchow, in the province of Kiangsu; Hangchow, in the province of Chehkiang; the Liau-Tong peninsula, besides the temporary possession of Wei-Hai-Wei, in the province of Shangtung.

Russia, joined by France and Germany, at once interfered to prevent the Japanese occupancy of the Liau-Tong peninsula. Russia took this course for the purpose of keeping open for herself a road through Manchuria and Liau-Tong to an open port on the Pacific, which she might convert into a great military and naval depot, giving her an outlet for the commerce of Siberia, which is becoming of vast size and importance. For centuries Russia has been making an attempt to reach an ice-free port on the Pacific, being blocked from progress for that purpose toward the Atlantic by England, France and Turkey. Russia lost no time in raising her flag at Port Arthur, in the province of Liau-Tong, and on the 27th of March, 1898, she secured from China the cession of that port. It was announced from St. Petersburg that the lease from China under which Port Arthur was held would not injure any foreign nation, but when the compact between Russia and China was published in full it was found that no such construction could be put upon the transaction, for the ports of Talien-Wan and Port Arthur were to be reserved for the exclusive use of Russian and Chinese war vessels, and that the remainder of the territory named in the cession, while open to merchant vessels, was closed to the war vessels of every other nation. France also received concessions in the re-forming of the boundaries of Tonquin which were of substantial benefit to her.

Germany, on the other hand, found that, while she was a party to the dual alliance, she had received little or no recognition from a division of the spoils which followed the breaking of the Japanese treaty. The incident at Yen-Chu-Fu furnished Germany an excuse for seizing a large area of territory. In November, 1897, at the above-named place, in the southern part of the province of Shangtung, a mission established by the German Roman Catholics was attacked by a mob of Chinese, and two missionaries were killed and one was disposed

of in a way yet unknown, while the mission buildings were destroyed. A few days later, on the 15th of November, 1897, a Chinese mob in the city of Wuchung, in the province of Hoo-Pec, made an attack upon the German minister to China and upon the commander of a German gunboat, insulting the German flag as well. Germany was prompt to resent this action, and on the 18th of November, 1897, a German fleet of four war vessels appeared at Kiao-Chau, a strongly fortified port in the province of Shangtung. A force of marines was landed and took a position which commanded the harbor. A demand for the surrender of the harbor was made and the Chinese garrison fled in haste. This was followed by a demand upon the Pekin government for compensation for the previous outrages on the missions and the German minister and officer. The German government demanded the punishment of the persons implicated in the murder of the priests, rebuilding of the destroyed mission houses, the payment of an indemnity of \$450,000 to the families of the murdered men, together with the payment of a very large sum to meet the expenses of the naval expedition and for the support of a military force at Kiao-Chau.

The Chinese government demanded the evacuation of Kiao-Chau before it would consent to negotiations, which demand the Germans refused to consider. The dispute was finally settled the very last of December, 1897, by China yielding all Germany demanded, giving a lease, in March, 1898, for ninety-nine years, of the territory that Germany had seized.

These movements produced a profound sensation in Europe, and at one time there was every appearance that a general war would follow. Great Britain felt that she had been "tricked" by Russia in the concessions that had been secured from China and in the wider influence the czar had acquired at Pekin; Russia herself did not approve of the transfer of Kiao-Chau to Germany, being desirous of securing that port for her own purposes; Japan felt sorely disappointed at being deprived of nearly all she had gained by her costly war with and complete victory over China, while European nations stepped in and took nearly everything that Japan coveted and had won; Germany, while satisfied with what she had seized, was suspicious that Russia had used her to further the schemes of the czar, while France was fearful of the strenuous opposition of Great Britain to the demands the republic was making in the southern portion of China bordering on Tonquin. Both Russia and France were using all their influence to prevent the loan of \$80,000,000 which China had negotiated in London. Great Britain, which controlled two-thirds of the entire trade of China, felt that she was being deprived of it by means that were unfair even in European diplomacy. Russia was the country that Great Britain was most disposed to criticize for the securing of Port Arthur as the southern terminal of the Siberian railway system, while the transforming of that port into a Gibraltar was calculated to give the czar a dominating influence both in China and Korea, which was a menace to Great Britain's most important commercial interests in Asia. The feeling in Great Britain was still further intensified by the removal of an

Englishman, Mr. Brown, who had been employed to supervise Korean finances, and the appointment of a Russian, Mr. Alexief, in his place, against the protest of Great Britain. Such an appointment would have placed Korea in the hands of Russia. Great Britain followed up her protest against this change by sending a strong fleet to Chemulpo, and the result was that a compromise was effected under which the Korean customs were administered by a joint commission of British and Russian officials. The seizure of the island of Hainan by the French in December, 1897, brought a protest from the British foreign office and a declaration by France that permanent occupation was not designed.

With her enormous interests involved in China, Great Britain could not remain passive to Russia's occupation of Port Arthur, which commanded the Gulf of Pe-chi-li, and, incidentally, the Chinese capital itself. So strongly opposed was the British government to the Russian occupancy that every effort was made to dissuade the czar from his purpose, the government pledging itself not to occupy any port in the gulf if Russia would abandon the Port Arthur scheme. Russia flatly refused to consider the British proposal, and in self-defense a demand was made upon China by the British government for a lease of the port of Wei-Hai-Wei, after it had been evacuated by Japan, which then held it as security for the unpaid war indemnity, and demanded it of China upon the same terms granted to Russia in the cession of Port Arthur. The demand of Great Britain was acknowledged, the indemnity was paid to Japan in May, 1898, and on the 20th of that month the British forces occupied the port.

By this movement Great Britain more than matched Russia, for the port of Wei-Hai-Wei is a more commanding position than Port Arthur. While the latter commands Peking, the former commands the Chinese capital by commanding the Gulf of Pe-chi-li and Port Arthur itself. While Port Arthur is of no value as a commercial point, Wei-Hai-Wei is of importance as a mercantile harbor and is capable of better defense than the Russian naval entrepot. It cannot be denied that in the Gulf of Pe-chi-li Great Britain holds a far stronger naval and commercial position than Russia does.

While these scrambles were going on in northern China, France was strengthening herself along the Tonquin frontier in the south. She acquired the lease of a large bay on the southern coast of China; the right to build a railroad between Tonquin and Yunnan-Fu, in the province of Yunnan, an important point on the road from Kwei-Yung-Fu to the western frontier of

China; a promise from China not to alienate any of the territory in the four southern provinces of the empire, which comprise about one-eighth of the entire domain; an agreement not to transfer to any other power the island of Hainan, which lies off the coast of the French possessions in Tonquin and commands the entire coast, besides some voice in the administration of the Chinese postal service, then under English control. The important part of this agreement to France is the railroad concession to Yunnan-Fu, in the center of that province, which is one of the richest in the Chinese empire. This road ending in French territory will be of inestimable value to France from a commercial point of view.

Of course Great Britain must have concessions in the south to equal those of France, as she had in the north to offset such as had been granted to Russia and Germany. The result was that China leased to Great Britain, for ninety-nine years, about 200 square miles of territory on the mainland north of Hongkong, taking in parts of Mirs bay on the east and Deep bay on the west, as well as the island of Lantau.

While the partition of China is yet in its infancy, it is plainly to be seen that so far British diplomacy and influence have been more than a match for Russian ambition; German greed and French aggression, much as those nations have already secured from China. No nation in Europe has been more fully aware of the inherent weakness of China than Great Britain, and the main desire she has had has been to strengthen her hold on the trade of the fabulously rich valley of the Yang-tse-Kiang, which embraces nearly one-half of the valuable area of the empire. The river is 3,350 miles in length, and drains, with its tributaries, nearly 800,000 square miles of territory, while they together furnish a system of inland waterways about 12,000 miles in length. The eastern portion of this rich valley, the province of Szechuen, borders British Burma. This entire valley is under British influence, while the footholds Great Britain has at Wei-Hai-Wei and Hongkong give her practically the control of the mouth of that mighty stream. With railroads entering this open back door of China, Szechuen, Great Britain can control the trade of the entire Yang-tse basin for its whole distance. In the northern provinces of Shansi and Honan there are immense deposits of coal, and these are controlled by an Anglo-Italian syndicate which has railroad concessions of great value and importance. This, with the financial obligations of China to Great Britain, gives the latter an influence that cannot be overlooked in the discussion of any plan proposed for the dismemberment of the Chinese empire.

### THE PARTITION OF AFRICA.

The scramble among the nations of Europe for colonial possessions in Africa is of comparatively recent origin. While the earliest explorations began in 1563, when a body of British merchants sent out in search of trade a few vessels to Guinea, there was no thought of anything more than an effort to find a new market for English productions. It was more than forty years later, in 1596, that the Dutch followed the English merchants in the attempt to establish a trading

station on the coast of Guinea. About the same time that the British traders began the exploration of the Guinea coast the French set out on the same errand and located at what is now known as French Guinea. Thus at the beginning of the seventeenth century nearly all the portions of Africa that were held by the nations of Europe were the three divisions of the coast of Guinea that were known respectively as British, French and Dutch Guinea.

Even at the end of that century England and France were the principal rivals for African trade, but at the close of the French wars France had lost nearly all her possessions in Africa as well as elsewhere. In this war Great Britain acquired the ascendancy in African affairs, which she stubbornly held for 200 years. Leaving the coast, England pushed into the interior, while France annexed Algeria, Senegambia and Sierra Leone. Generally the partition of Africa went on slowly and peaceably, and it was not until the Brussels conference in 1878 that the unrestrained scramble began that has resulted in the division of the entire continent among the different nations of Europe. Thus in 1878, while Great Britain, France, Spain and Portugal had located colonies on the coast of Africa, the interior was held by the wild tribes that occupied it against all foreign aggression. The Berlin conference in 1878 was the time at which the energetic division of the continent was inaugurated, and at the close of 1890 of the 11,900,000 square miles of territory composing the continent of Africa only some 1,500,000 remained open to seizure by the nations of Europe. There were even then some conflicting claims that had not been settled, as the conflicts between French, German and British interests on the Niger clearly testified. But these, together with the disputes between Portugal and England in the upper Zambesi, have been decided, or are in process of amicable settlement, and it is mainly the claims that arise out of the British occupation of Egypt and the Sudan that still appear to threaten war.

The following table shows the possessions held by each of the European nations, the area of each and the estimated population:

	Area sq. m.	Popula- tion.
Great Britain—		
Basutoland .....	10,293	218,902
Bechuanaland .....	170,000	60,376
Cape Colony .....	221,311	956,485
Central Africa .....	500,000	3,000,000
East Africa (pro.) .....	1,000,000	.....
Mauritius .....	706	371,655
Natal .....	20,460	361,587
Niger coast (pro.) .....	.....	.....

	Area sq. m.	Popula- tion.
Niger territories .....	500,000	30,000,000
South Africa .....	750,000	.....
West Africa .....	66,271	1,768,148
Zanzibar .....	686	150,000
Zululand .....	12,500	175,000
Egypt (pro.) .....	10,698	6,817,266
France—		
Algeria .....	184,474	4,212,732
Comoro Islands .....	758	65,000
Congo (French) .....	228,500	6,900,000
Madagascar .....	228,500	3,500,000
Obok .....	46,320	200,000
Reunion .....	300,000	2,750,000
Dahomey (pro.) .....	4,000	250,000
Senegal .....	140,000	182,764
Guinea .....	.....	.....
Sahara (pro.) .....	1,000,000	.....
Tunis (pro.) .....	45,000	1,500,000
Mayotte .....	143	9,598
Nossi-Be .....	113	7,803
Ste. Marie .....	64	7,667
Germany—		
Cameroons .....	191,130	4,570,000
East Africa .....	400,000	4,000,000
Southwest Africa .....	350,000	250,000
Togoland .....	23,160	2,500,000
Portugal—		
Angola .....	517,200	2,500,000
Cape Verde Islands .....	1,650	110,328
Guinea and Bissagos .....	14,000	800,000
East Africa .....	275,000	1,500,000
Italy—		
Somaliland and Galla- land .....	190,000	400,000
Dahlak .....	420	2,000
Spain—		
Ifni .....	27	6,000
Fernando Po .....	850	20,000
Sahara coast .....	243,000	100,000

Omitting area over which only a protectorate is established or maintained, the area owned by these countries in Africa may be roughly estimated as follows: Great Britain, 2,250,000 square miles; France, 3,500,000; Germany, 890,000; Portugal, 900,000; Italy, 600,000, and Spain, 250,000. Besides these possessions there are the Congo Free State, 850,000 square miles; Liberia, 37,000; the Boer republics, 162,640, and unappropriated territory, 1,500,000.

## THE WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF WINE.

According to the Monteur Vinicole, the world's wine production for 1896 and 1897, by countries, was as follows:

COUNTRIES.	1897.	1896.	COUNTRIES.	1897.	1896.
	Gallons.	Gallons.		Gallons.	Gallons.
France .....	854,713,420	1,179,811,520	Greece .....	81,704,000	55,903,000
Algiers .....	115,402,560	107,001,000	Bulgaria .....	28,797,800	35,881,200
Tunis .....	2,377,800	2,508,900	Servia .....	21,306,400	29,062,000
Italy .....	665,836,780	569,958,600	Roumania .....	85,544,000	198,160,000
Spain .....	510,338,000	471,068,600	United States .....	30,303,740	17,968,000
Portugal .....	66,060,000	86,657,600	Mexico .....	1,586,200	1,949,400
Azores, Canary and Ma- deira Islands .....	8,805,000	8,454,400	Argentine Republic .....	39,044,800	42,007,800
Austria .....	49,556,000	66,060,000	Chile .....	73,976,000	45,706,600
Hungary .....	81,704,000	43,508,000	Brazil .....	10,303,800	12,549,600
Germany .....	55,468,000	62,106,200	Cape Colony .....	5,151,900	2,377,600
Russia .....	66,060,000	75,619,000	Persia .....	690,500	845,440
Switzerland .....	38,025,000	32,630,000	Australia .....	2,401,220	4,966,000
Turkey and Cyprus .....	49,556,000	80,581,000			
			Total production .....	2,843,478,920	3,262,108,920

## DISARMAMENT OF EUROPE—THE CZAR'S DECLARATION.

Following is the text of the note which was handed to the foreign diplomats at St. Petersburg Aug. 24, 1895, by Count Muraviev, Russian minister of foreign affairs, at the dictation of Emperor Nicholas. The czar's proposal in this note of a conference looking to the preservation of peace was the subject of world-wide discussion:

"The maintenance of general peace and the possible reduction of the excessive armaments which weigh upon all nations present themselves in existing conditions to the whole world as an ideal toward which the endeavors of all governments should be directed. The humanitarian and magnanimous ideas of his majesty the emperor, my august master, have been won over to this view in the conviction that this lofty aim is in conformity with the most essential interests and legitimate views of all the powers; and the imperial government thinks the present moment would be very favorable to seeking the means. International discussion is the most effectual means of insuring all peoples benefit—a real, durable peace, above all putting an end to the progressive development of the present armaments. In the course of the last twenty years the longing for general appeasement has grown especially pronounced in the consciences of civilized nations and the preservation of peace has been put forward as an object of international policy. It is in its name that great states have concluded between themselves powerful alliances.

"It is the better to guarantee peace that they have developed, in proportions hitherto unprecedented their military forces, and still continue to increase them without shrinking from any sacrifice. Nevertheless, all these efforts have not been able to bring about the beneficent result desired—pacification. The financial charges following the upward march strike at the very root of public prosperity. The intellectual and physical strength of the nations' labor and capital are mostly diverted from their natural ap-

plication and are unproductively consumed. Hundreds of millions are devoted to acquiring terrible engines of destruction, which though to-day regarded as the last word of science, are destined to-morrow to lose all their value in consequence of some fresh discovery in the same field. National culture, economic progress and the production of wealth are either paralyzed or checked in development. Moreover, in proportion as the armaments of each power increase they less and less fulfill the object the governments have set before themselves.

"The economic crisis, due in great part to the system of armaments a outrance, and the continual danger which lies in this massing of war material are transforming the armed peace of our days into a crushing burden which the peoples have more and more difficulty in bearing. It appears evident that if this state of things were to be prolonged it would inevitably lead to a very cataclysm it is desired to avert and the horrors whereof make every thinking being shudder in advance. To put an end to these incessant armaments and, to seek the means of warding off the calamities which are threatening the whole world—such is the supreme duty to-day imposed upon all states. Filled with this idea, his majesty has been pleased to command me to propose to all the governments whose representatives are accredited to the imperial court the assembling of a conference which shall occupy itself with this grave problem.

"This conference will be, by the help of God, a happy presage for the century which is about to open. It would converge into one powerful focus the efforts of all states sincerely seeking to make the great conception of universal peace triumph over the elements of trouble and discord, and it would at the same time cement their agreement by a corporate consecration of the principles of equity and right whereon rest the security of states and the welfare of peoples."

## TABLE OF WIND PRESSURES.

Adopted by the English navy. The following table, taken from London Engineering, was prepared by Mr. J. T. Conor, engineer-in-chief of the Portsmouth Dock Yard, and it gives the figures adopted by the English navy for the pressure of the wind due to various velocities. As the velocity table is in English knots, we have added a column of English miles.

Naut. No. Name of wind.	—Velocity—Force pr. sq.			Naut. No. Name of wind.	—Velocity—Force pr. sq.		
	Knots.	Miles.	ft. in lbs.		Knots.	Miles.	ft. in lbs.
1. Light air.....	1	1.15	0.0067	7. Moderate gale ..	22	25.30	3.23
	2	2.30	0.027		24	27.60	3.84
	3	3.45	0.060		26	29.90	4.51
2. Light wind.....	4	4.60	0.107	8. Fresh gale.....	28	32.20	5.23
	5	5.75	0.167		30	34.50	6.00
3. Light breeze ....	6	6.90	0.240		32	36.80	6.83
	7	8.05	0.327	9. Strong gale.....	34	39.10	7.71
	8	9.20	0.437		36	41.40	8.64
4. Moderate breeze	9	10.35	0.540		38	43.70	9.63
	10	11.50	0.667	10. Heavy gale.....	40	46.00	10.7
	11	12.65	0.807		45	51.75	13.5
5. Fresh breeze....	12	13.80	0.960	11. Storm.....	50	57.50	16.7
	13	14.95	1.13		60	69.00	24.0
	14	16.10	1.31		70	81.50	32.1
	15	17.25	1.50	12. Hurricane.....	80	92.00	42.7
	16	18.40	1.71		90	103.50	54.0
6. Strong breeze....	17	19.55	1.93		100	115.00	66.7
	18	20.70	2.16				
	19	21.85	2.41				
	20	23.00	2.67				

## THE CUBAN REVOLT.

From Nov. 1, 1897, to April 25, 1898.

The record of events in the Cuban rebellion, in *The Daily News Almanac* for 1898, was brought down to Nov. 1, 1898. Active hostilities were resumed between the insurgent and Spanish forces at the beginning of the winter season. There was no yielding on the part of the rebel leaders, but they were wary and were watching the course of events in the United States, with the expectation that this government would intervene in their behalf. The reports of starvation and suffering in Cuba were so well attested that the American people were rapidly approaching a condition of sentiment which would ultimately force the government to espouse the cause of the Cubans upon humanitarian grounds if upon no other.

On the 8th of November Capt.-Gen. Blanco issued a proclamation of amnesty in the following terms:

"I pardon in full all those who have been prosecuted for the crime of rebellion. Rebels prosecuted for common crimes, independent of rebellion, such as spoliation, immorality and the like, will be pardoned as rebels, but judged for other offenses committed by them."

The proclamation of amnesty had no effect upon the rebels and passed without notice from them. Nor did the offer of autonomy, made by the Spanish government late in October, 1897, have any effect in placating the patriots or satisfying the conservatives. At a mass-meeting of the latter, held Oct. 26, it was unanimously resolved that the conservative party should energetically oppose autonomy and the policy of the Sagasta cabinet. The response of the insurgents to the offer of autonomy was more energetic and pronounced. Toward the end of October a proclamation was issued, signed by Capote, president of the republic of Cuba, and countersigned by Gens. Gomez and Garcia. The document declared that the war would soon end and in proof of the assertion presented the following facts:

1. That the public assembly at Guimarrilla for the election of a new president was duly announced to the whole world in spite of Spain's effort to prevent it.

2. The siege and capture of Victoria de las Tunas.

3. The regular collection of taxes throughout the island, due to complete civil and military organization.

4. The stability of the Cuban government in the free city of Cabañas, continually visited by noted journalists of the United States, England and France, and never by our enemy.

5. The regular arrivals from abroad of war materials, food and medical supplies, and diplomatic and political correspondence, papers, etc.

6. The establishment of diplomatic agencies of the republic of Cuba in the principal countries.

7. That out of 250,000 men sent to Cuba by Spain only 70,000 remain.

8. The lapse of two years and seven months since the glorious Feb. 24, during which time Spain has not been able to reconquer the island, to the astonishment of the great European powers, which cannot understand so long a war in our days.

Spain having at her disposal all the resources of an established power.

9. The impossibility of Spain's floating in Paris, London or Berlin a loan to continue the war in Cuba, and the exhaustion of the Spanish treasury.

10. The daily desertion from the Spanish ranks of her soldiers, the lack of food admitted by the Madrid press, and the fact that the Spanish treasury is eight months in arrears in the pay of her troops.

11. The noted failures of Gens. Calleja, Campos, Morin and Weyler.

12. The ruin of the interior and exterior trade of the towns still in Spain's possession and the paralyzing of farm work caused by the Cuban republic.

13. The inaction of the Spanish troops in Camaguey and in Santa Clara, where Gomez' headquarters are, Weyler having systematically refused to fight.

14. The uselessness of the reconcentration methods of Weyler.

The proclamation closes with a declaration that autonomy will never be accepted; that the assassination of their chiefs is not to be forgotten and that their memory will not be offended by surrendering to autonomy. The last sentence of the document is:

"Therefore, while rejecting the autonomy so lately offered by Spain, we do not believe it necessary to remind her that our laws punish as guilty of high treason all persons who come to the territory of free Cuba with overtures for the establishment of peace through autonomy." As might be expected, the Spaniards saw that autonomy was a failure from the first and little effort was made to establish it.

On Sunday, Nov. 21, the palace of the captain-general was fired upon by a party of rebels from Casa Blanca, some 600 yards across the entrance to the harbor. Gen. Rafael de Cadenas, with a band of fifty rebels, had effected an entrance to Casa Blanca shortly before midnight, and about 4 o'clock they retired, each man leading an extra horse loaded with booty of all kinds. During the month engagements were reported on the heights of Romero, in Pinar del Rio, and at La Cuchilla de los Calmitos, in which the rebels were defeated with slight loss. A little later several rebel camps at Aranjuez were broken up. Another engagement was reported at Piedra, in Santiago province, in which the insurgents were forced to retreat.

An important victory was gained by the rebels at Guisa, fifteen miles from Bayamo, under the command of Gens. Rabi and Klos, in which ninety Spaniards were killed besides the commanding officer and several blockhouses destroyed. A successful rebel raid was made Dec. 9 on Calmanera, the port of Guantanamo, and goods to the value of \$30,000 were carried off. About the same time a rebel force under Gen. Rabi besieged the town of Guamo, near Cauto, and the Spanish garrison was forced to retreat with a loss of 150.

## DEATH OF RUIZ.

One of the most tragic events of the war was the death of Joaquín Ruiz, who left Havana on the 16th of December for the purpose of consulting with the insurgent leaders with a view of inducing them to accept the proffered autonomy proposed by

Spain. Ruiz was a lieutenant-colonel of engineers in the Spanish army. He went to the camp of Gen. Nestor Aranguren for the purpose of inducing him to abandon the rebel cause and to accept autonomy. The two men were intimate friends and Ruiz had no doubt as to the success of his mission. Ruiz perfectly understood the fact that the proclamation of the president of the Cuban republic threatened with death any one who should enter their camps offering terms of peace upon any terms other than complete independence. As Ruiz did not return to Havana at the time specified upon his departure Gen. Blanco became alarmed for his safety and asked the aid of Consul-General Lee to obtain his release if he was a prisoner. Ruiz had already been executed and the following is the official report of the circumstances: "Col. Ruiz wrote to Aranguren saying he wished to have an interview with him, but Aranguren refused to enter into the proposition, knowing the purpose of his visit. In the face of this and in spite of the counsels of his friends in Havana, Ruiz went on his mission. Only four days previously Aranguren had solemnly bound himself by oath to fight to the death for independence. He only did his duty as a soldier in ordering an instant court-martial, which tried Ruiz and ordered him to be shot to death. Aranguren declares that Ruiz entered the Cuban camp accompanied by two guides who were deserters from the rebel army; that he bore no flag of truce, and that the moment he came into Aranguren's presence he broached the subject of autonomy and amnesty in the hearing of several of Aranguren's officers."

In answer to the criticisms passed upon Aranguren for this act the Cuban junta in New York made the following explanation in justification of Aranguren's conduct: "Col. Ruiz tried to avail himself of Aranguren's friendship to win the young Cuban chief over to the Spanish cause. He was warned by Aranguren not to take the fatal step, as he knew what the consequences would be. He did not heed his friend's advice and went. Now Ruiz was a military man and knew what military orders meant and how military men have to act in such cases. The Cuban war is no child's play and decrees are not made to be set aside at the pleasure of the first-comer. No military chief in the world would tolerate any emissary of the enemy to come freely among his men and promote desertion, destroy discipline and demoralize them with offers of any kind. Aranguren acted as any military man would have done in his place. Perhaps no one more than he deplores what has happened; yes, the case may be deplored, but it was justifiable. It was dire necessity."

The death of Ruiz was avenged on the 19th of January. Aranguren was in the habit of visiting a lady in the Tapaste hills, in the province of Havana. On this occasion he was betrayed by Claudio Morales, a negro camp follower of the insurgents. The house was surrounded and Aranguren, his mistress, her sister, Aranguren's body servant and a child were all killed.

Although an election had been held in September, at which Capote had been chosen president, another was ordered in December, at which Bartolome Masso was selected as his successor. This peculiar proceeding was due to the fact that the military leaders were distrustful of Capote in case terms of peace should be offered by Spain to the insurgents. The leaders were

opposed to any treating with Spain or to the reception of any proposals except independence from the mother country. On the 21st of January it was reported from Havana that Esperanza, the rebel capital in the Cubitas hills, had been captured by a Spanish force under Gen. Castello, with 2,600 troops. He is reported to have burned all the houses in the city, together with the government buildings, and that on the following day he met and routed a rebel force of 2,500 men in the Inferno forests.

The reversal of Weyler's orders respecting the reconcentrados on the 10th of November had no effect in improving the condition of those unfortunate or in relieving the distress and suffering of the pacificos. Early in 1898 several United States senators visited Cuba with the view of ascertaining the exact condition of affairs. The reports of these men electrified the whole country as well as congress, and the speeches of Senators Gallingher of New Hampshire, Thurston of Nebraska and Proctor of Vermont portrayed the actual condition of the starving, suffering people of Cuba. Senator Proctor made his report to the senate on the 17th of March in a long speech, from which the following is an extract:

"West of Havana is mainly the rich tobacco country; east, so far as I went, a sugar region. Nearly all the sugar mills are destroyed between Havana and Sagua. Two or three were standing in the vicinity of Sagua and in part running, surrounded, as are the villages by trochas and 'forts' or palisades of the royal palm, and fully guarded. Toward and near Cienfuegos there were more mills running, but all with the same protection. All the country people in the four western provinces, about 400,000 in number, remaining outside the fortified towns when Weyler's order was made, were driven into these towns, and these are the reconcentrados. They were the peasantry, many of them farmers, some land-owners, others renting lands, and owning more or less stock; others working on estates and cultivating small patches, and even a small patch in that fruitful clime will support a family. Some of them had houses of stone, the blackened walls of which are all that remain to show that the country was ever inhabited. The first clause of Weyler's order reads as follows: 'First—All the inhabitants of the country or outside the line of fortifications of the towns shall, within the period of eight days, concentrate themselves in the town so occupied by the troops. Any individual who, after the expiration of this period, is found in the uninhabited parts will be considered a rebel and tried as such.' Many doubtless did not learn of this order. Others failed to grasp its terrible meaning. Its execution was left largely to the guerrillas to drive in all that had not obeyed, and I was informed that in many cases a torch was applied to their homes with no notice and the inmates fled with such clothing as they might have on, their stock and other belongings being appropriated by the guerrillas. When they reached the town they were allowed to build huts of palm leaves in the suburbs and vacant places within the trochas, and left to live if they could. Their huts are about 10 by 15 feet in size and for want of space are usually crowded together very closely. They have no floor but the ground and no furniture, and after a year's wear but little clothing except such stray substitutes as they can extemporize. With large families or with more

than one in this little space, the commonest sanitary provisions are impossible. Conditions are unmentionable in this respect. Torn from their homes, with foul earth, foul air, foul water and foul food, or none, what wonder that one-half have died and that one-quarter of the living are so diseased that they cannot be saved!

"Of the hospitals I need not speak. Others have described their condition far better than I can. It is not within the narrow limits of my vocabulary to portray it. I went to Cuba with a strong conviction that the picture had been overdrawn; that a few cases of starvation and suffering had inspired and stimulated the press correspondents, and they had given free play to a strong, natural and highly cultivated imagination. What I saw I cannot tell so that others can see it. It must be seen with one's own eyes to be realized. The Los Pasos hospital in Havana has been recently described by one of my colleagues, Senator Gallinger, and I cannot say that his picture was overdrawn, for even his fertile pen could not do more. He visited it after Dr. Lescar, one of Miss Barton's very able and efficient assistants, had renovated it and put in cots. I saw it when 400 women and children were lying on the stone floors in an indescribable state of emaciation and disease, many with the scantiest covering of rags—and such rags!—and sick children, naked as they came into the world. And the conditions in the other cities are even worse.

"When will the need for this help end? Not until peace comes and the reconcentrados can go back to their country, rebuild their homes, reclaim their tillage plots, which quickly run up to brush in that wonderful soil and climate, and until they can be free from danger of molestation in so doing. Until then the American people must in the main care for them. It is true that the alcaldes, other local authorities and relief committees are now trying to do something, and desire, I believe, to do the best they can. But the problem is beyond their means and capacity, and the work is one to which they are not accustomed."

No accurate report has been made, and probably it is impossible to make one, that will give the number of deaths by starvation that followed Weyler's order for concentrating the non-combatants in the fortified towns held by the Spanish forces, but conservative estimates place the number at from 200,000 to 400,000 persons.

#### AN APPEAL TO THE PEOPLE.

On the 17th of March the Cuban junta in New York issued the following address:

"To the American People: The frequency with which there have lately appeared in the public press suggestions made by malicious or misinformed individuals that Cuba would accept or could be forced to accept autonomy, or anything short of independence, has impelled us to make a definite and final statement on this subject.

"From the first our motto has been 'Independence or death.' We are now more firmly than ever determined to carry out our programme. As we will not accept, we will not even discuss the proposals of autonomy. After three years of the most sanguinary, barbarous and uncivilized warfare of modern times, carried on by Spain, we are stronger than ever. It is for us to say what will satisfy us, not for others. Our ideals and our national honor we can confide to the keeping of ourselves alone.

"I cannot think that the American people have forgotten the principle laid down in their own declaration of independence, nor can I believe that any true American can be found who would advise us to forsake the ideal of republican government for the monarchical, even in its most liberal form.

"There is no way to compel the Cubans to accept autonomy except by force of arms. We have fought three years, not against Spain alone, but against the whole world. Not a helping hand was extended to us, no country gave us equal rights with Spain. The right to arm our people by purchasing weapons in this country and transporting them to Cuba is admitted, but although engaged in lawful traffic we had to run the blockade to get from these shores, and again run the gauntlet in Cuba. Our ships and cargoes were seized, subjected to delay, but invariably restored by the slow and costly process of the law. Nevertheless we never faltered. We always appreciated the fact that the sympathy of the American people was with us. Spain has proved impotent to compel us by force to accept autonomy. She now desires the aid of the United States to compel us to accept.

"I cannot believe that the American people would lend themselves to the most treacherous and bloodstained monarchy of history for such a purpose. Should such prove to be the case, however, I declare in the name of the Cuban people in arms that force alone can compel our submission. We, who have seen hundreds of thousands of our race and families exterminated by slow starvation by a cowardly decree of the most inhuman commander of sanguinary Spain, will fight against anything but independence, no matter who opposes us.

"If unfortunately, this incredible proposal be carried into effect, and American bayonets are arrayed against us in our struggle for freedom and in aid of the Spanish monarchy, we will fight on sadly but determinedly, and let history judge whether the vanquished had not a purer ideal of free institutions than the victors. In such case we will be exterminated, but future generations will again take up our flag and our aspirations and Cuba will yet be free. Nor will we ever agree to a truce until our independence is established. We will continue to fight, as did the Americans under Jackson at the battle of New Orleans, even after the treaty of peace is signed, if it should be necessary.

"The Cubans cannot be convinced that the United States will ever try to force us to remain under the Spanish flag, but I have deemed it my duty to appeal to the generosity, the sympathy and the patriotism of the American people, to the end that they may understand the justice and firmness of our demand for complete independence.

"TOMAS ESTRADA PALMA."

In the senate several resolutions were introduced which expressed the sense of that body upon the Cuban situation. On the 29th of March the following resolutions were offered. Those by Senator Allen (Pop.) of Nebraska were as follows:

"Whereas, The war now and for some time past being waged between the kingdom of Spain and the Cuban insurgents has fully demonstrated the total inability of the former to subdue the insurgents; and,

"Whereas, Said war has become one of extermination by starvation, and the duties of Christian civilization and common humanity alike demand the speedy cessation of hostilities and the immediate ter-

mination of the deliberately planned starvation now going on in the island of Cuba; and,

"Whereas, Under existing circumstances it is the bounden duty of the United States to intervene; and,

"Whereas, The assertion of the Monroe doctrine, forbidding interference of foreign powers in the affairs of any state or nation on the western hemisphere, creates an obligation on the part of the United States to guarantee the people thereof against unusual cruelties and barbarities and extermination by any such foreign power; and,

"Whereas, The Cubans have, in the opinion of the American people and of congress, by their valor and sacrifices during the four years of war, won their independence from Spain and are entitled to political recognition by the United States; and,

"Whereas, It is apparent that Spain can no longer govern or control the people of Cuba; therefore,

"Resolved, by the senate and the house of representatives. That the republic of Cuba, now and for some time maintained by force of arms, is hereby recognized by the United States of America as a separate and independent nation; that the United States shall immediately intervene and put an end to the war now being waged on the island of Cuba, and shall succor and release from imprisonment the people there concentrated for the purpose of starvation and extermination; and be it further

"Resolved, That for the purpose of enabling the president of the United States to provide for concentrated non-combatant Cubans with the necessary food, raiment and medicine for their immediate relief from starvation the sum of \$500,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated."

Senator Foraker (Rep.) of Ohio offered the following:

"Be it resolved by the senate and the house of representatives of the United States of America:

"1. That the people of the island of Cuba are, and of right ought to be, free and independent.

"2. That the government of the United States hereby recognizes the republic of Cuba as the true and lawful government of that island.

"3. That the war Spain is waging against Cuba is so destructive of the commercial and property interests of the United States and so cruel, barbarous and inhuman in its character as to make it the duty of the United States to demand, and the government of the United States does hereby demand, that she at once withdraw her land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters.

"4. That the president of the United States be and hereby is authorized, empowered and directed to use if necessary the entire land and naval forces of the United States to carry these resolutions into effect."

Senator Frye (Rep.) of Maine presented these:

"Whereas, The war which has been waged in the island of Cuba for the last three years has been conducted by the Spanish government in violation of the rules of civilized warfare; said government has driven the unarmed and peaceable inhabitants from their homes and forced them within the armed camps, where it has permitted hundreds of thousands of men, women and children to die of starvation,

and as a result of this system of inhuman warfare tens of thousands of the helpless people are now dying for want of food; and,

"Whereas, The war has paralyzed and almost destroyed the large commercial relations which have heretofore existed between the United States and Cuba, and has rendered useless and brought to ruin the many millions of dollars of property of American citizens invested in the island; and,

"Whereas, The existence and prolongation of the hostilities have imposed heavy financial expenditures and burdensome official labors upon the government of the United States in the enforcement of its neutrality laws; and,

"Whereas, The consuls of the United States and other impartial and competent observers have reported that the Spanish government has lost control of much of the greater portion of the island; that it is powerless to restore its authority and bring about peace, and that a continuance of the contest will have no other effect than to increase the horrors, misery and starvation which now exist, to utterly extinguish the commerce with and destroy the property of American citizens and add to the expense and burdens of the government of the United States; therefore,

"Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to take such effective steps as in his discretion may be necessary to secure a speedy termination of the hostilities between the government of Spain and the people of Cuba, the withdrawal of the military and naval forces of Spain from said island and the complete independence of said people."

Senator Rawlins (Rep.) of Utah offered the following:

"Whereas, The war waged by the kingdom of Spain against the people of Cuba has destroyed the commerce between them and the people of the United States, and its revival will be impossible so long as such war may continue; and,

"Whereas, By the authority of that kingdom, in the course of such war, much American property has been destroyed and many American citizens, without just cause, have been imprisoned and some assassinated in their prison cells; and,

"Whereas, While our ship Maine was at anchor in the harbor of Havana, within the dominion and under the control of the kingdom of Spain, at a place designated by her authority that ship and most of the men on board in the service of their country, by the explosion of a submarine mine, were willfully, wickedly and treacherously mangled and destroyed; and,

"Whereas, The kingdom of Spain has proved herself incompetent to tranquilize the island of Cuba either by the methods of peace or by means of civilized warfare, and, accordingly, has proceeded to make desolate the homes of its peaceful inhabitants, driving men, women and children into guarded camps, detaining them there without making provisions to shelter, clothe or feed them, thus willfully causing their extermination to the number of hundreds of thousands by the slow and torturous process of starvation; and,

"Whereas, Against these wrongs, against these revolting acts of inhumanity, this government has time and again made peaceful protest to the kingdom of Spain, at the same time endeavoring by a helpful char-

ity to relieve those whom she has thus brought to such dire distress, and our repeated protests having been disregarded and our efforts of philanthropy having proved unavailing; and,

"Whereas, Firmly convinced that further peaceful protest will prove equally in vain and that the recognition of the independence of the republic of Cuba and armed intervention in its behalf by this government will alone be effective for the redress of past and the prevention of future wrongs; and,

"Whereas, While regretting the necessity—now imperative—for such action, but mindful of our duty to a neighboring people and to humanity, and with a clear consciousness as to the justness of our cause and that our action will meet with the approving judgment of all civilized peoples; now, therefore, be it

"Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the independence of the republic of Cuba be and the same is hereby recognized, and that war against the kingdom of Spain be and the same is hereby declared, and that the president is hereby authorized and directed to employ the land and naval forces of the United States of America to wage such war to success."

The feeling in the house of representatives was as pronounced as in the senate, although less active. On the 30th of March Representative Mahany (Rep.) of New York presented the following:

"Whereas, It has been the immemorial spirit of the American republic to foster, with due respect to the just restrictions of international obligations, the growth of freedom everywhere in the world, and especially in the western hemisphere; and,

"Whereas, The kingdom of Spain has during the last three years failed utterly to maintain its dominion in the island of Cuba, or to exhibit the attributes of actual sovereignty, either in the conduct of the war or the civil administration of the law; and,

"Whereas, During the same period the Cuban insurgents have continuously had and victoriously defended nine-tenths of Cuban territory; and,

"Whereas, The war as now prosecuted by the Spanish forces in that island dooms uncounted thousands of non-combatants—old, helpless men, defenseless women and children—to the inconceivable horrors of death by starvation; now, therefore, be it

"Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the American people impelled by a solemn sense of their duty to humanity and animated with a just regard for the rights of a people who have heroically sacrificed and

nobly battled to be free, do hereby recognize the republic of Cuba as a free and independent state and welcome her to the sisterhood of republics in the western world."

Similar resolutions were offered by Broderick (Rep.) of Kansas, Wheeler (Dem.) of Alabama, Adamson (Dem.) of Georgia, Todd (Pop.) of Michigan and others.

The result of these resolutions was a conference committee of the two houses of congress, when the following preamble and resolutions were agreed upon and adopted April 19, 1898:

"Whereas, The abhorrent conditions which have existed for more than three years in the island of Cuba, so near our own borders, have shocked the moral sense of the people of the United States, have been a disgrace to Christian civilization, culminating, as they have, in the destruction of a United States battleship, with 266 of its officers and crew, while on a friendly visit in the harbor of Havana, and cannot longer be endured, as has been set forth by the president of the United States in his message to congress, April 11, 1898, upon which the action of congress was invited; therefore,

"Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled:

"1. That the people of the island of Cuba are, and of right ought to be, free and independent.

"2. That it is the duty of the United States to demand, and the government of the United States does hereby demand, that the government of Spain at once relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba and withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters.

"3. That the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into the actual service of the United States the militia of the several states, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

"4. That the United States hereby disclaims any disposition or intention to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over said island, except for the pacification thereof; and asserts its determination, when that is accomplished, to leave the government and control of the island to its people."

Adopted by Senate—Yeas, 42; nays, 35.

Adopted by House—Yeas, 310; nays, 6.

This brings the record of the Cuban revolt down to the time when the patriots' cause was espoused by the United States and the war bill was passed by congress pursuant to the request of the president, as conveyed in his message to congress bearing date April 25, 1898.

## THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR.

In his message to congress, transmitted on the 6th of December, 1897, the president reviewed the history of the relations subsisting between the United States and the government of Spain in which the island of Cuba was involved for the last seventy-five or eighty years. This message may be found in *The Daily News Almanac* for 1898, page 216.

The war with Spain was not inspired on the part of this country either by a spasmodic outburst of sympathy for the Cuban patriots or by a sudden resentment against

Spain for her efforts to force the suffering insurgents again into a condition worse than that of servitude. Nor was it encouraged by the American people against a nation their inferiors in every way with the expectation or hope of acquiring territorial or financial gain or benefit. For more than half a century the people of the United States had witnessed the almost continuous efforts of the Cubans to free themselves from a government wholly infamous and universally detested by the vast majority of the inhabitants of the island. They had

seen the insurgents cruelly butchered after each failure to secure their freedom and basely cheated in all the promises that Spain had made to better their condition. They understood that Spain had become incapable of governing Cuba because the measures employed by her for that purpose were those of past centuries, which the civilized world had long ago outgrown and abandoned. They understood that Cuba was held by Spain only for the purpose of plundering and robbing her people for the benefit of the Spanish treasury and the corrupt and dishonest horde of officials sent by the home government to enrich themselves at the expense of a suffering race. Through all this long period public opinion in the United States was gradually becoming more and more in favor of freedom for the Cubans and for the extinction of Spanish tyranny on this continent. The government of the United States had been exceedingly conservative upon the subject of the various Cuban revolutions. Peace and friendly relations had long existed between the two countries, although the efforts of lawless individuals who sympathized with the insurgents in Cuba had several times nearly involved the government in war with Spain. It had come to be simply a question of time when the people of the United States would force the government to intervene in the affairs of Cuba and put a stop to the wars and disorders that had been increasing in number and severity for the last fifty years. Besides this, American interests in Cuba were increasing in value and importance, while the trade and commerce between this country and the island were becoming too important to be disturbed or sacrificed by the disordered condition of political affairs. It will thus be seen that the people of the United States, as well as their government, had reached the firm conviction that safety for themselves demanded that Spanish rule in Cuba must and should terminate. This was the universal sentiment in this country when congress met in December, 1897, the only difference of opinion being as to how such a desirable condition of things should or could be brought about.

A short synopsis of the various revolutionary movements in Cuba for the last seventy-five years may not be devoid of interest, as they tend to show the spirit and determination of the Cubans and the difficulty this country has had in preserving the friendly relations that existed unbroken between the United States and Spain. An English authority, in speaking of Cuba, said, as long ago as 1875, that "the deprivation of political, civil and religious liberty, and the exclusion from all public stations, combined with heavy taxation to maintain the standing army and navy, have resulted in a deadly hatred between the native Cubans and the mass of officials sent from Spain. This has manifested itself in frequent uprisings for greater privileges and freedom." Inspired by these acts of injustice the first revolution broke out in 1829 and is known in history as the conspiracy of the "Black Eagle." This was quickly suppressed and most of the participants who were taken alive were put to death. In 1844 the black population in the province of Matanzas revolted, but little or nothing was done that could give it the character of an armed revolution except the severity with which the Spanish government treated those who were supposed to have been involved in it. More than 1,300 persons were convicted

of complicity with the affair; about eighty were shot, a large number of others were variously punished and the incident was over. Of those convicted only fourteen were white, while 1,242 were free colored and some sixty were slaves.

The Lopez conspiracy was fomented in 1849. Narciso Lopez, a Venezuelan by birth but a Spanish officer by profession, made an attempt to invade Cuba with a small filibustering force, but was intercepted by the Spanish authorities and his efforts were held in abeyance. The next year he resumed operations and effected a landing at Cardenas with 600 men, but before he obtained a foothold he was compelled to abandon the undertaking and to re-embark his men. He was pursued to Key West by a Spanish vessel. In 1851 he attempted to take advantage of a revolt in Cuba and set out from New Orleans with 450 men and landed at Playitas, near Havana. Meeting a strong Spanish force he retreated into the interior and he and all his companions were captured. Lopez was taken to Havana, where he was garroted Aug. 18, 1851. Of his companions some were shot, but the most of them were transported and afterward pardoned.

In 1854 another filibustering expedition was set on foot by Gen. Quitman of Mississippi, who was a veteran of the Mexican war. The leaders were betrayed and the attempt wholly failed.

While the government of the United States did its best to prevent its citizens from engaging in these lawless adventures they served to seriously complicate the relations between the government and Spain. The Madrid government was displeased with the act of this country when, in 1852, it declined to join with France and Great Britain in a treaty guaranteeing to Spain the possession of Cuba, and this made her still more alert against all revolutionary movements on the island and watchful for American connection with them. This led to collisions between Spain and American citizens, of which the attack on an American steamer, the Black Warrior, by a Spanish war vessel was an instance. To put an end to all causes of trouble between Spain and the United States President Polk proposed to the Spanish government a transference of the island of Cuba to this country for the sum of \$1,000,000, which was refused. Ten years later a proposal was debated in congress to offer Spain \$30,000,000 for the island, but nothing came of it.

The breaking out of the revolution in Spain which resulted in the abdication of Queen Isabella. In 1868, encouraged the Cuban liberals to set on foot a new revolt. In October of that year Carlos M. de Cespedes collected a force of 125 men near Bayamo and issued a declaration of independence Oct. 16, dated at Manzanillo. The rebellion immediately assumed formidable proportions and within three weeks Cespedes had a rabble of nearly 15,000 poorly armed but determined men at his command. On the 15th of October, 1868, the city of Bayamo was taken, and on the 26th the jurisdiction of Holguin revolted. In November the insurgents defeated a Spanish force sent against them from Santiago de Cuba, and a number of Spanish-American republics recognized the belligerency of the Cuban patriots. For the first two years of the revolution the insurgents were almost uniformly successful. They maintained an army of 50,000 men, but they had great difficulty in supplying them with arms and am-

munition. The result was that in 1871 a large portion of the rebel forces in central Cuba laid down their arms. Gen. Agramonte, however, refused to do so, and, with his cavalry as a nucleus, he organized an army and kept up the war for two years until he was killed. In 1873 Cespedes, who had been chosen president of the republic of Cuba by the provisional congress, was deposed and Cisneros was chosen in his place. Cespedes was later killed by the Spaniards. In a desultory way the war was continued until 1878, when Gen. Martinez Campos on behalf of Spain brought it to a close by promises of concessions and reforms, and a treaty of peace was entered into near El Zanjón in February of that year. In this ten years of war Spain employed 235,298 men, of whom 81,098 died or were killed. No one of the promises made by Gen. Campos, as a condition for the surrender of the rebels, was ever kept.

The Virginian affair did more than any previous incident to arouse the American people against Spain. The Virginian was a blockade-running steamer that was taken during our civil war and sold as a prize. She was purchased by an American and given an American register. While cruising in Caribbean waters she was captured by the Spanish gunboat Tornado, Oct. 31, 1873, and taken into the port of Santiago de Cuba. She had on board 156 persons, some of whom were British and others American subjects. The men were immediately tried, and before Nov. 8 six British and thirty Americans had been shot. Further executions were prevented by the arrival of the British warship Niobe, commanded by Sir Lambton Lorraine, who threatened to bombard the city if the executions were not stopped. The United States government took the case in hand and instructed Gen. Sickles, our minister at Madrid, to demand satisfaction from Spain for the outrage. It was not until Gen. Sickles had demanded his passports from the Spanish government that an arrangement was effected. The result was that on the 19th of December, 1873, the Virginian and the surviving crew were surrendered to the United States and the sum of \$80,000 was paid by Spain as an indemnity to the American families who had suffered by the killing of their members. This brings the story of Cuba's efforts for freedom and America's connection therewith down to the revolution that broke out in February, 1895. It is unnecessary to go over the events of this revolt, as they have been given in detail in *The Daily News Almanac* for the years 1896, 1897, 1898 and in the present volume.

The devotion of the Cubans to their cause, the brutality and inhumanity with which the peaceable inhabitants of the island have been treated and the inability of our government to induce Spain to adopt reforms in the island that would be acceptable to the Cubans made intervention a duty the United States could not evade. It is possible that war might have been avoided had not a number of unfortunate circumstances prevented. The bitterness in Havana against this country, the insulting procrastination with which Spain treated every attempt of the United States to bring about an amicable settlement of existing difficulties, the avowed determination of Weyler to depopulate the island by starving the non-combatants, regardless of sex or age, and the sacrifice of all American interests in Cuba

aroused the people of this country to a pitch of feeling that was wholly new and irresistible.

The first event after the beginning of the new year (1898) to seriously disturb the public mind was the publication of a letter written by Senor de Lome, the Spanish minister at Washington, to Jose Canalejas, which contained very insulting and deprecatory references to the president. This letter was given out by the Cuban junta and published Feb. 8, 1898. Literally translated it was as follows:

"Legation de Espana, Washington.—Eximo Senor Don Jose Canalejas—My Distinguished and Dear Friend: You need not apologize for not having written to me. I also ought to have written to you, but have not done so on account of being weighed down with work and nous sommes quittes."

"The situation here continues unchanged. Everything depends on the political and military success in Cuba. The prologue of this second method of warfare will end the day that the colonial cabinet will be appointed, and it relieves us in the eyes of this country of a part of the responsibility for what may happen there, and they must cast the responsibility upon the Cubans, whom they believe to be so immaculate."

"Until then we will not be able to see clearly, and I consider it to be a loss of time and an advance by the wrong road, the sending of embassies to the rebel field, the negotiating with the autonomists not yet declared to be legally constituted and the discovery of the intentions and purpose of this government. The exiles will return one by one, and when they return will come walking into the sheepfold, and the chiefs will gradually return. Neither of these had the courage to leave en masse, and they will not have the courage to thus return."

"The message has undeceived the insurgents, who expected something else, and has paralyzed the action of congress, but I consider it bad. Besides the natural and inevitable consciousness with which he repeats all that the press and public opinion of Spain has said of Weyler, it shows once more what McKinley is, weak and catering to the rabble, and besides, a low politician, who desires to leave a door open to me and to stand well with the jingoes of his party."

"Nevertheless, as a matter of fact, it will only depend on ourselves whether he will prove bad and adverse to us. I agree entirely with you, without a military success nothing will be accomplished there, and without military and political success there is here always danger that the insurgents will be encouraged, if not by the government, at least by part of the public opinion."

"I do not believe you pay enough attention to the role of England. Scarcely all that newspaper cannibal which swarms in your hotel are English, and at the same time that they are correspondents of the Journal they are also correspondents of the best newspapers and reviews of London. Thus it has been since the beginning. To my mind the only object of England is that the Americans should occupy themselves with us and leave her in peace, and if there is a war, so much the better; that would further remove what is threatening her—although that will never happen."

"It would be most important that you should agitate the question of commercial relations, even though it would be only for

effect, and that you should send here a man of importance in order that I might use him to make a propaganda among the senators and others in opposition to the junta and to win over exiles.

"There goes Amblarad. I believe he comes too deeply taken up with little political matters, and there must be something very great or we shall lose.

"Adela returns your salutation, and we wish you in the new year to be a messenger of peace and take this New Year's present to poor Spain.

"Always your attentive friend and servant, who kisses your hands,

"ENRIQUE DUPUY DE LOME."

While there was some question as to how the letter came into the hands of the junta there was no doubt of its authenticity, and when De Lome was called before the secretary of state to explain the matter he promptly acknowledged the authorship and assumed full personal responsibility for the letter, which he declared Senor Canalejas had never received. De Lome at once cabled his resignation of office to Madrid, which was immediately accepted. While the Spanish government expressed the most profound regret for the misconduct of its representative, the incident increased the severe tension of the situation. The Spanish government at once appointed Senor Polo y Bernabe to succeed De Lome as its minister at Washington.

On the 24th of January the United States battleship Maine, commanded by Capt. C. D. Sigbee, was ordered to the harbor of Havana. The secretary of state, Mr. Day, took special pains to explain this order by publicly declaring that the vessel was sent to Cuba not as a menace to Spain nor for the purpose of protecting American interests at Havana, but simply as an evidence of "the resumption of friendly naval relations with Spain." In the orders issued to Capt. Sigbee it was expressly set forth that the vessel was only going to resume friendly calls at Cuban ports. That such was the full understanding of the order is attested by the declaration of the Spanish minister at Washington, who said, regarding the visit of the Maine to Havana, that "the only remote contingency which might lead to unpleasant consequences would be some overt act on the part of the insurgent sympathizers with the hope of embroiling Spain and the United States." In acknowledgment of the visit of the Maine to Havana, the cruiser Vizcaya was ordered by the Spanish government to visit American ports, and did come to New York for that purpose. The Maine had a crew of 354 men, and arrived at the harbor of Havana on the 25th day of January, 1898. The ship was assigned anchorage by the regular government pilot. On the 15th of February the Maine was destroyed by an explosion. Of her crew 266 men, including two officers, were killed or received wounds of which they afterward died. The explosion took place at 9:40 in the evening. An account of the affair was given in these words: "The night was intensely dark. At a distance of 200 or 300 yards from the doomed ship were anchored the Ward line's steamer City of Washington and the Spanish cruiser Alfonso XII. The men were asleep below; Capt. Sigbee was in his cabin. He had just finished writing a letter when the crash came. Capt. Sigbee said: 'The ship lurched heav-

ily to port and I knew in an instant what it meant—that my ship had blown up.' The force of the explosion shook the whole water front of the city and threw down many telegraph and telephone poles. The captain's first order was to flood the magazines, but they were already flooding themselves. A great flame broke out from the Maine, illuminating the whole harbor.

On the 8th and 9th of March congress voted to place in the hands of the president the sum of \$50,000,000 to be expended as he saw fit as an emergency fund to be used for the protection of the government. Most of this fund was expended in the purchase of war vessels and naval supplies and to put the army upon a war footing.

A naval court of inquiry was appointed to ascertain the cause of the destruction of the Maine, consisting of Capt. W. T. Sampson, U. S. N.; Capt. F. E. Chadwick, U. S. N.; Lieutenant-Commander A. Marx, U. S. N.; and Lieutenant-Commander W. P. Potter, U. S. N. Capt. Sampson was president of the court and Lieutenant-Commander Marx was the judge-advocate. The court began its investigations at Havana on the 26th of February, and after twenty-three days of continuous investigation transmitted its report, with the mass of testimony, to the president on the 21st of March. The report was as follows:

"United States Steamship Iowa, First Rate, Key West, Fla., Monday, March 21, 1898.—After full and mature consideration of all the testimony before it, the court finds as follows:

"1. That the United States battleship Maine arrived in the harbor of Havana, Cuba, on the 25th day of January, 1898, and was taken to buoy No. 4, in from five and one-half to six fathoms of water, by the regular government pilot.

"The United States consul-general at Havana had notified the authorities at that place the previous evening of the intended arrival of the Maine.

"2. The state of discipline on board the Maine was excellent, and all orders and regulations in regard to the care and safety of the ship were strictly carried out. All ammunition was stowed away in accordance with instructions, and proper care was taken whenever ammunition was handled. Nothing was stowed in any one of the magazines or shellrooms which was not permitted to be stowed there. The magazines and shellrooms were always locked after having been opened, and after the destruction of the Maine the keys were found in their proper place in the captain's cabin, everything having been reported secure that evening at 8 o'clock.

"The temperatures of the magazines and shellrooms were taken daily and reported. The only magazine which had an undue amount of heat was the after ten-inch magazine, and that did not explode at the time the Maine was destroyed.

"The torpedo war heads were all stowed in the after part of the ship under the wardroom and neither caused nor participated in the destruction of the Maine.

"The dry gun cotton primers and detonators were stowed in the cabin aft and remote from the scene of the explosion.

"The waste was carefully looked after on board the Maine to obviate danger. Special orders in regard to this had been given by the commanding officer.

"Varnishes, driers, alcohol and other combustible of this nature were stowed on or

above the main deck and could not have had anything to do with the destruction of the Maine.

"The medical stores were stowed aft under the wardroom and remote from the scene of explosion. No dangerous stores of any kind were stowed below in any part of the other storerooms.

"The coal bunkers were inspected. Of these bunkers adjoining the forward magazine and shellrooms four were empty, namely, B 3, B 4, B 5 and B 6. A 15 had been in use that day and A 16 was full of New River coal. This coal had been carefully inspected before receiving it on board. The bunker in which it was stored was accessible on three sides at all times, and the fourth side at this time, on account of bunkers B 4 and B 6 being empty. This bunker, A 16, had been inspected that day by the engineer officer on duty.

"The fire-alarms in the bunkers were in working order, and there had never been a case of spontaneous combustion of coal on board the Maine.

"The two after boilers of the ship were in use at the time of the disaster, but for auxiliary purposes only, with a comparatively low pressure of steam, and being tended by a reliable watch. These boilers could not have caused the explosion of the ship. The four forward boilers have since been found by the divers, and are in a fair condition.

"On the night of the destruction of the Maine everything had been reported secure for the night at 8 p. m. by reliable persons, through the proper authorities, to the commanding officer. At the time the Maine was destroyed the ship was quiet, and therefore least liable to accident caused by movements from those on board.

"3. The destruction of the Maine occurred at 9:40 p. m. on the 15th day of February, 1898, in the harbor of Havana, Cuba, being at the time moored at the same buoy to which she had been taken upon her arrival.

"There were two explosions of a distinctly different character, with a very short but distinct interval between them, and the forward part of the ship was lifted to a marked degree at the time of the first explosion.

"The first explosion was more in the nature of a report like that of a gun, while the second explosion was more open, prolonged and of greater volume. The second explosion was, in the opinion of the court, caused by the partial explosion of two or more of the forward magazines of the Maine.

"The evidence bearing on this, being principally obtained from divers, did not enable the court to form a definite conclusion as to the condition of the wreck, although it was established that the after part of the ship was practically intact, and sunk in that condition a very few minutes after the destruction of the forward part.

"The following facts in regard to the forward part of the ship are, however, established by the testimony:

"That portion of the port side of the protective deck which extends from about frame 30 to about frame 41 was blown up aft and over to port. The main deck, from about frame 30 to about frame 41, was blown up aft and slightly over to starboard, folding the forward part of the middle superstructure over and on top of the after part.

"This was, in the opinion of the court, caused by the partial explosion of two or

more of the forward magazines of the Maine.

"5. At frame 17 the outer shell of the ship, from a point eleven and one-half feet from the middle line of the ship and six feet above the keel, when in its normal position, has been forced up so as to be now about four feet above the surface of the water; therefore, about thirty-four feet above where it would be had the ship sunk uninjured. The outside bottom plating is bent into a reversed V shape, the after wing of which, about fifteen feet broad and thirty-two feet in length, from frame 17 to frame 25, is doubled back upon itself against the continuation of the same plating extending forward.

"At frame 18 the vertical keel is broken in two and the flat keel bent into an angle similar to the angle formed by the outside bottom plating. This break is now about six feet below the surface of the water and about thirty feet above its normal position.

"In the opinion of the court this effect could have been produced only by the explosion of a mine situated under the bottom of the ship at about frame 18 and somewhat on the port side of the ship.

"6. The court finds that the loss of the Maine, on the occasion named, was not in any respect due to fault or negligence on the part of any of the officers or members of the crew of said vessel.

"7. In the opinion of the court the Maine was destroyed by the explosion of a submarine mine, which caused the partial explosion of two or more of her forward magazines.

"8. The court has been unable to obtain evidence fixing the responsibility for the destruction of the Maine upon any person or persons.

W. T. SAMPSON,

Captain, U. S. N. President.

A. MARIX,

Lieutenant-Commander, U. S. N., Judge-Advocate.

"The court, having finished the inquiry it was ordered to make, adjourned at 11 a. m. to await the action of the convening authority.

W. T. SAMPSON,

Captain, U. S. N. President.

A. MARIX,

Lieutenant-Commander, U. S. N., Judge-Advocate.

"U. S. Flagship New York, March 22, 1898, off Key West, Fla."

"The proceedings and findings of the court of inquiry in the above case are approved.

M. STWARD,

Rear-Admiral, Commander-in-Chief of the U. S. Naval Force on the North Atlantic Station."

(In this connection see president's message on the same subject under the heading "Messages of the President," in this volume.)

While these investigations were in progress a court of inquiry was appointed by Spanish authority to make a similar examination to that conducted by the American court. The following is a synopsis of the report of the Spanish officers:

"The report contains declarations made by ocular witnesses and experts. From these statements it clearly deduces and proves the absence of all those attendant circumstances which are invariably present on the occasion of the explosion of a torpedo.

"The evidence of witnesses comparatively close to the Maine at the moment is to the

effect that only one explosion occurred; that no column of water was thrown into the air; that no shock to the side of the nearest vessel was felt, nor on land was any vibration noticed, and that no dead fish were found.

"The evidence of the senior pilot of the harbor states that there is abundance of fish in the harbor, and this is corroborated by other witnesses. The assistant engineer of works states that after the explosions made during the execution of works in the harbor he has always found dead fish.

"The divers were unable to examine the bottom of the Maine, which was buried in the mud, but a careful examination of the sides of the vessel, the rents and breaks, in which all point outward, shows without a doubt that the explosion was from the inside.

"A minute examination of the bottom of the harbor around the vessel shows absolutely no sign of the action of a torpedo, and the fiscal (judge-advocate) of the commission can find no precedent for the explosion of the storage magazines of a vessel by a torpedo.

"The report makes clear that, owing to the special nature of the proceedings followed and the absolute respect shown for the extra-territoriality of the Maine, the commission has been prevented from making such an examination of the inside of the vessel as would determine even the hypothesis of the internal origin of the accident. This is to be attributed to the regrettable refusal to permit of the necessary co-operation of the Spanish commission both with the commander and crew of the Maine and the different American officials commissioned to investigate the causes of the accident and later on with those employed in salvage work.

"The report finishes by stating that an examination of the inside and outside of the Maine as soon as such examination may be possible, as also of the bottom where the vessel rests, will prove that, supposing the remains [of the wreck] not to be totally or partially altered in the process of extraction, the explosion was undoubtedly due to some interior cause."

There was only one opinion in the United States regarding the responsibility for the loss of the Maine. The American people, while not asserting that the act was one of treachery on the part of the Spanish government, did believe that without complicity on the part of Spanish officials at Morro castle the vessel would not have been blown up by mines operated by electric batteries located within that fortification. As indicating the sentiment at foreign capitals the plea for peace made by six of the representatives of the leading governments of Europe was significant.

On the 6th of April Consul-General Lee was directed to leave Havana and return to the United States, closing the American consulate in that city. This he did on the 10th inst., turning over the affairs of this government to the British consul. This was deemed necessary on account of the threatening attitude of the Spaniards of the city, and the president believed that the life of the consul-general was in danger, an opinion which all the American residents in Cuba shared.

On the 7th of April, 1898, several diplomatic officials met at the British embassy shortly before noon and proceeded to the

president's mansion and the department of state. The party was made up as follows:

Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador, dean of the diplomatic corps.

M. Cambon, the French ambassador, and M. Thiebaud, first secretary of the French embassy.

Dr. Von Holleben, the German ambassador, with Baron Speck von Sternburg, first secretary of the German embassy.

Mr. Hengelmüller, the Austrian minister. Count Vincl, the Italian charge d'affaires.

Mr. de Wollant, the Russian charge d'affaires.

Arriving at the white house they were ushered into the blue room and there were received by President McKinley. After a social exchange and mutual well wishes Sir Julian Pauncefote said:

"Mr. President: We have been commissioned by the great powers of Europe, whom we represent here to-day, to approach your excellency with a message of friendship and peace at the present critical juncture in the relations between the United States and Spain, and to convey to you the sentiments expressed in the collective note which I have the honor to place in your hands."

The British ambassador then handed to President McKinley the collective note of the powers, which reads as follows:

"The undersigned, representatives of Germany, Austria-Hungary, France, Great Britain, Italy and Russia, duly authorized in that behalf, address, in the name of their respective governments, a pressing appeal to the feelings of humanity and moderation of the president and of the American people in their existing differences with Spain. They earnestly hope that further negotiations will lead to an agreement which, while securing the maintenance of peace, will afford all necessary guaranties for the re-establishment of order in Cuba.

"The powers do not doubt that the humanitarian and purely disinterested character of this representation will be fully recognized and appreciated by the American nation."

President McKinley then handed to Sir Julian Pauncefote the answer of the United States, as follows:

"The government of the United States recognizes the good will which has prompted the friendly communication of the representatives of Germany, Austria-Hungary, France, Great Britain, Italy and Russia, as set forth in the address of your excellencies, and shares the hope therein expressed that the outcome of the situation in Cuba may be the maintenance of peace between the United States and Spain by affording the necessary guaranties for the re-establishment of order in the island, so terminating the chronic condition of disturbance there which so deeply injures the interests and menaces the tranquillity of the American nation by the character and consequences of the struggle thus kept up at our doors, besides shocking its sentiment of humanity.

"The government of the United States appreciates the humanitarian and disinterested character of the communication now made on behalf of the powers named, and for its part is confident that equal appreciation will be shown for its own earnest and unselfish endeavors to fulfill a duty to humanity by ending a situation the indefinite prolongation of which has become insufferable."

On the 10th of April the Spanish minister presented to Assistant Secretary of State Day the final plea of his government for peace. It was as follows:

"The minister plenipotentiary of Spain has the honor to inform the honorable secretary of state of the United States of America that her majesty the queen regent, yielding to the reiterated requests of his boldness, and inspired by sentiments of peace and concord which animate her, has given proper instructions to the general-in-chief of the army of Cuba, in order that he should concede an immediate suspension of hostilities for such time as he shall deem proper for preparing and facilitating peace in that island.

"Gen. Blanco has published to-day the corresponding proclamation, and reserved to himself to fix in another term and other details of its execution, with the sole object of making sure that a measure of such transcendent importance may lead in the shortest possible time to the desired pacification of the Great Antilla. In the fixing of this term the general-in-chief, inspired by the most elevated sentiments, far from raising any difficulties or obstacles, is disposed to concede all possible facilities.

"The government of her majesty by this important measure has crowned its extraordinary efforts to obtain the pacification of Cuba by means of reason and right.

"The autonomic constitution, which grants to the inhabitants of the island of Cuba a political regime at least as liberal as that which rules in the Dominion of Canada, will shortly enter upon its complete development, when, the elections having taken place, the insular parliament shall meet in Havana on the 4th of May next, and such are the franchises and liberties granted to the Cubans that no pretext is left to them to ask for more ample concessions.

"Furthermore, as the island of Cuba is represented in the cortes of the kingdom, a privilege which is not enjoyed by any other foreign autonomic colony, the Cuban senators and deputies can there explain their aspirations, if they should have any.

"No one who knows the liberal spirit of the majority of the Spanish cortes recently elected and the patriotic attitude of the principal parties of the opposition can doubt that the Cubans will obtain such modifications as they may desire in justice within the limits of reason and of the national sovereignty, according to the solemn offer of the preamble of the royal decree of the 27th of November, 1897, while at the same time the government of her majesty declared that it would not withdraw, nor consent that there should be withdrawn, anything from the colonial liberties, franchises and privileges recorded.

"The repeal of the decree of reconcentration, the aid of all kinds which the government of her majesty has granted and has permitted to be given to the reconcentrados, have put an end to a lamentable state of affairs, which was the inevitable consequence of the bloody conflict provoked by a small minority of the sons of Cuba, directed and supported principally by foreign influences.

"No impartial mind which has full knowledge of the facts, so distorted as they have been, and are actually, in everything referring to the Cuban question, can, with justice, charge Spain with being remiss in seeking the means for pacifying the island or grudging in the concession of privileges, liberties and franchises for the welfare and happiness of the inhabitants.

"The government of her majesty does not doubt that the government of the United States must recognize this, as it will recognize the manifest injustice with which a part of public opinion in this country presumes to find responsibilities for Spain in the horrible catastrophe which occurred in the port of Havana on the unhappy night of Feb. 15 last.

"Her majesty the queen regent, her responsible government, the governor-general of Cuba, the insular government and all the principal authorities of Havana manifested from the first moment the profound sentiments of horror which the profound misfortune caused them, and the sympathy which on that most sad occasion bound them to the American government and people.

"The proofs of these were the visits of the charge d'affaires of his majesty to the illustrious president of the United States, those of the highest Spanish functionaries of state to Mr. Woodford, the unstinted aid given to the victims, as well as the funeral arrangements provided by the municipality of Havana, and the notes addressed to the department of state by this legation on the 16th and 17th of February and the 2d of this month, Nos. 12, 13, 14 and 33 respectively.

"The officers and crew of the vessels of war of her majesty near the Maine, disregarding the evident danger which threatened them, as the officers of that American battleship recognized, immediately lowered their boats and saved a number of the drowning, who only owe their lives to the prompt and efficacious aid of the Spanish sailors.

"It is strange that these notorious facts and these solemn manifestations appear to be forgotten by public opinion, which gives credit on the other hand to the most absurd and offensive hypothesis.

"The government of her majesty would be deeply grateful to the justice and courtesy of that of the United States if it should re-establish officially the truth of facts which appear to be ignored or not appreciated, and ignorance of which contributes so powerfully to maintain the extraordinary excitement which endangers, without any reason or motive, the friendly relations between the two nations.

"With reference to the question of fact which results from the diversity of opinion between the reports of the Spanish and North American commissions, the government of her majesty, which as yet does not know the official text of these opinions, has hastened to declare itself ready to submit the question to the decision of impartial and disinterested experts, accepting in advance the decision of the arbitrators named by both parties—an evident proof of the loyalty and good faith with which Spain proceeds on this as well as on all occasions.

"The minister of Spain trusts that these manifestations, inspired by the loyal desire for peace and concord which animates the government of her majesty, will be appreciated at their just value by the president and government of the United States.

"Washington, 10th of April, 1898."

At this time the feeling in the country was intense, while congress was becoming restive under the delay in declaring war against Spain. In many sections of the country the president was criticised for the check he imposed upon congress, in the hope of a peaceful settlement of the questions at issue between the two countries, but no

one recognized better than the president himself that he could not much longer hold back the people and their representatives from the adoption of the most radical measures, which meant immediate war. When he had exhausted every effort to prevent a resort to arms, and had failed, he sent to congress, on the 11th day of April, his war message, which will be found in full under the heading "Messages of the President" in this volume. An exciting debate followed the reception of this message in both houses of congress, the main question being recognition of the insurgent government established in Cuba. The two houses concurred on the 19th of April and passed the following joint preamble and resolutions, which were sent to the president and approved by him on the day succeeding:

"Whereas, The abhorrent conditions which have existed for more than three years in the island of Cuba, so near our own borders, have shocked the moral sense of the people of the United States, have been a disgrace to Christian civilization, culminating as they have in the destruction of a United States battleship with 266 of its officers and crew while on a friendly visit in the harbor of Havana, and cannot longer be endured, as has been set forth by the president of the United States in his message to congress of April 11, 1898, upon which the action of congress was invited; therefore,

"Resolved, 1. That the people of the island of Cuba are of right ought to be free and independent.

"2. That it is the duty of the United States to demand, and the government of the United States does hereby demand, that the government of Spain at once relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba and withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters.

"3. That the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into actual service of the United States the militia of the several states, to such extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

"4. That the United States hereby disclaims any disposition or intention to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over said island except for the pacification thereof, and asserts its determination, when that is accomplished, to leave the government and control of the island to its people."

The resolutions passed the senate by a vote of 42 yeas to 35 nays, and the house by a vote of 310 yeas to 6 nays. The following is the vote in the senate:

Yeas—Messrs. Aldrich, Allison, Baker, Burrows, Carter, Chandler, Clark, Cullom, Davis, Deboe, Elkins, Fairbanks, (rep.); Faulkner (dem.), Foraker, Frye, Gallinger, Gehr, (rep.); Gray (dem.), Hale, Hanna, Hansbrough, Hawley, (rep.); Kyle (pop.), Lodge, McBride, McMillan, Mason, (rep.); Morgan (dem.), Morrill, Nelson, Penrose, Perkins, Platt of Connecticut, Pritchard, Proctor, Quay, Sewell, Shoup, Spooner, Warren, Wilson and Wolcott, (rep.)—42.

Nays—Messrs. Allen (pop.), Bacon, Bate, Berry, (dem.); Butler (pop.), Caffery (dem.), Cannon (rep.), Chilton, Cockrell, Daniel, (dem.); Harris, Helfield, (pop.); Jones of Arkansas (dem.), Jones of Nevada, (rep.), Kenney, Lindsay, McEnery, McLaurin, Mal-

lory, (dem.); Mantle (rep.), Martin, Mitchell, Money, Pasco, (dem.); Pettigrew (rep.), Pettus, Rawlins, Roach, (dem.); Stewart (pop.), Teller (rep.), Turley (dem.), Turner (pop.), Turple and White (dem.)—35.

In the house the six negative votes were cast by:

Charles A. Boutelle (rep.) of Maine. Willis Brewer (dem.) of Alabama. John J. Gardner (rep.) of New Jersey. Henry U. Johnson (rep.) of Indiana. Eugene F. Loud (rep.) of California. Samuel W. McCall (rep.) of Massachusetts. On the same day (April 20) the following ultimatum was sent to Gen. Woodford, our minister at Madrid, to be delivered to the Spanish government:

"You have been furnished with the text of a joint resolution voted by the congress of the United States on the 19th inst., approved to-day, in relation to the pacification of the island of Cuba. In obedience to that act the president directs you to immediately communicate to the government of Spain said resolution, with the formal demand of the government of the United States that the government of Spain at once relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba and withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters. In taking this step the United States hereby disclaims any disposition or intention to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over said island except for the pacification thereof, and asserts its determination when that is accomplished to leave the government and control of the island to its people under such free and independent government as they may establish.

"If by the hour of noon on Saturday next, the 23d day of April inst., there be not communicated to this government by that of Spain a full and satisfactory response to this demand and resolution, whereby the ends of peace in Cuba shall be assured, the president will proceed without further notice to use the power and authority enjoined and conferred upon him by the said joint resolution to such extent as may be necessary to carry the same into effect.

"SHERMAN."

On Thursday, April 21, the following reply was received from Gen. Woodford:

"Madrid, April 21, 1898. Received 9:02 a. m.—Sherman, Washington: Early this [Thursday] morning, immediately after the receipt of your open telegram, and before I had communicated same to Spanish government, Spanish minister for foreign affairs notified me that diplomatic relations are broken between the two countries, and that all official communications between their respective representatives have ceased. I accordingly asked for safe passports. Turn legation over to British embassy and leave for Paris this afternoon. Have notified consuls. WOODFORD."

The ultimatum was not, therefore, delivered. On the same day, April 20, about 11 o'clock a. m., the department of state served notice of the purposes of this government by delivering to Minister Polo a copy of an instruction to Minister Woodford, and also a copy of the resolutions passed by the congress of the United States on the 19th inst. After the receipt of this notice the Spanish minister forwarded to the state department a request for his passports, which were furnished to him in the afternoon.

It will be seen that it was Spain which broke off the relations between the two governments—first, by the act of the minister in demanding his passports from the secretary of state, and, second, by that government sending to the American minister his passports before receiving a request therefor.

On the 22d day of April the president issued the following proclamation:

"Whereas, By a joint resolution passed by the congress and approved April 20, 1898, and communicated to the government of Spain, it was demanded that said government at once relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba and withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters, and the president of the United States was directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into the actual service of the United States the militia of the several states to such extent as might be necessary to carry said resolution into effect; and,

"Whereas, In carrying into effect said resolution, the president of the United States deems it necessary to set on foot and maintain a blockade of the north coast of Cuba, including all ports of said coast between Cardenas and Bahla Honda, and the port of Cienfuegos on the south coast of Cuba;

"Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, president of the United States, in order to enforce the said resolution, do hereby declare and proclaim that the United States of America has instituted, and will maintain, a blockade of the north coast of Cuba, including ports on said coast between Cardenas and Bahla Honda, and the port of Cienfuegos on the south coast of Cuba, aforesaid, in pursuance of the laws of the United States and the law of nations ap-

plicable to such cases. An efficient force will be posted so as to prevent the entrance and exit of vessels from the ports aforesaid. Any neutral vessel approaching said ports, or attempting to leave the same, without notice or knowledge of the establishment of such blockade, will be duly warned by the commander of the blockading forces, who will indorse on her register the fact and the date of such warning, where such indorsement was made; and if the same vessel shall again attempt to enter any blockaded port she will be captured and sent to the nearest convenient port for such proceedings against her and her cargo as prize as may be deemed advisable. Neutral vessels lying in any of said ports at the time of establishment of such blockade will be allowed thirty days to issue therefrom."

April 25 the president sent a message to congress asking that body to issue a formal declaration of war, which message will be found in full under the heading "Messages of the President," in this volume. On the same day both houses of congress passed and the president signed the following bill:

"A bill declaring that war exists between the United States of America and the kingdom of Spain.

"Be it enacted, etc.

"1. That war be and the same is hereby declared to exist and that war has existed since the 21st day of April, A. D. 1898, including said day, between the United States of America and the kingdom of Spain.

"2. That the president of the United States be and he hereby is directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into actual service of the United States the militia of the several states, to such extent as may be necessary to carry this act into effect."

## CHRONOLOGY OF THE WAR WITH SPAIN.

### APRIL, 1898.

21. Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, the American minister at Madrid, received his passports from the Spanish government and Polo y Bernabe, the Spanish minister at Washington, left the city. The navy department bought the Brazilian warship *Nittheroy* and the yachts *Corsair* and *Penelope*. The Spanish government ordered out 80,000 reserves.

22. The first prize is captured by the gunboat *Nashville*. It is the Buena Ventura. Cuban ports blockaded by the American squadron.

23. The president issued a call for 125,000 volunteers.

24. Spain issued a decree declaring that a state of war exists with the United States.

25. Congress passed a bill declaring that war exists between the United States and Spain.

26. The president by proclamation reaffirmed the intention of this government to "adhere to the declaration of Paris" in regard to privateering.

27. The first battle of the war was fought off Matanzas by Admiral Sampson, with the New York, the Puritan and the Cincinnati, in which the land batteries were silenced. Commodore Dewey left Mirs bay with his squadron for Manila.

29. The Spanish squadron, consisting of the cruisers *Maria Teresa*, *Almirante Oquendo*, *Vizcaya* and *Cristobal Colon*, and the torpedo-boat destroyers *Pluton*, *Terror*

and *Furor*, sail from the Cape Verde islands.

30. The battleship *Oregon* arrived at Rio de Janeiro from San Francisco. In accordance with instructions Capt. Clark sailed from San Francisco on March 19 on the journey around the Horn, and it is probable that no ship that ever made the trip attracted so much attention. Her first stopping place was Callao, whence she sailed again on April 6, making direct for Sandy point without stopping at Valparaiso. With 6,588 knots to her credit, everything in good order and all on board well, she passed through the Straits of Magellan and steamed north to Rio de Janeiro, which port she made on April 30 at 6 p. m. At Sandy point she picked up the gunboat *Marletta*, and as the smaller vessel could make only about twelve knots an hour the *Oregon's* progress to Rio was slower than it would have been had she gone alone. A third vessel, the *Buffalo*, joined the American ships at Rio, and they were reported safe at Bahla on May 9. The *Oregon* left Rio de Janeiro May 4 and arrived at Key West May 26, having without accident made a voyage of 16,764 miles.

### MAY.

1. Commodore Dewey steamed into Manila harbor at daybreak. His squadron consisted of the cruisers *Olympia* (flagship), *Raleigh*, *Baltimore* and *Boston*, and gunboats *Concord* and *Petrel*, and the revenue cutter *McCulloch*, with two trapsorts. Here he met

the Spanish fleet, consisting of the Reina Cristina, Castilla, Don Antonio de Ulloa, Isla de Luzon, Isla de Cuba, Gen. Lezo, Marquis de Duero, Cano, Velasco, Isla de Mindanao, some small gunboats and a transport. The American ships opened a heavy fire on the Spanish vessels. The total tonnage of the American fleet was 19,098 tons and that of the Spanish real fighting ships was 8,722 tons. The result of the battle was the entire destruction of all the Spanish vessels and the silencing of the land batteries. Commodore Dewey did not lose a ship nor a man, while the Spanish lost their entire fleet and from 600 to 700 men.

2. Commodore Dewey cut the cable communications between Manila and Hongkong, destroyed the fortifications at the entrance of Manila bay and took possession of the naval station at Cavite. He demanded the surrender of the city of Manila, which was refused.

4. The vessels of Rear-Admiral Sampson's fleet, consisting of the flagship New York and the battleships Iowa and Indiana, the monitor Puritan, the cruisers Cincinnati, Detroit and Marblehead, and the torpedo boat Mayflower, sailed from Key West, coaled, for a long voyage.

6. The French steamer Lafayette was captured while attempting to run the blockade at Havana.

7. Commodore Dewey was promoted to be rear-admiral and given the thanks of congress.

11. Spanish gunboats and shore batteries attacked the blockading vessels Wilmington, Hudson and Winslow at Cardenas, disabling the Winslow. Ensign Bagley and four sailors were killed and Lieut. Bernadon and two others wounded. Bagley was the first officer killed in the war. The cable at Cienfuegos was cut by American sailors and one was killed. The first land fight of the war took place at the harbor of Port Cabanas. The transport steamer Gussie, carrying members of the 1st infantry, made a temporary landing and had a brush with the Spanish troops.

12. A portion of the fleet under Admiral Sampson bombarded the batteries defending San Juan, Puerto Rico, inflicting great damage and losing two men. The Spanish squadron was sighted at Martinique, Windward islands.

13. The fleet known as the "flying squadron," under Commodore Schley, consisting of the cruiser Brooklyn, the battleships Texas and Massachusetts, the dispatch boat Scorpion and a collier, sailed from Hampton Roads.

14. The Spanish squadron was reported to be off the Venezuelan coast, near Curacao.

15. The entire Spanish cabinet resigned.

16. A new military department of the Pacific created, including the Philippines, and Gen. Merritt was assigned to the command. Camp Thomas, at Chickamauga, was occupied by volunteer troops.

18. The cruiser Charleston, Capt. Glase, bound for the Philippines to re-enforce Admiral Dewey, sailed from San Francisco.

19. The Spanish fleet under Admiral Cervera was reported to be at Santiago de Cuba.

21. The monitor Monterey ordered to Manila to re-enforce Admiral Dewey.

22. The 1st California regiment embarked on the City of Peking for Manila. This composed the first detachment of a brigade to be commanded by Brig.-Gen. T. N. Anderson.

25. The president called for 75,000 more volunteers. The transports City of Peking, City of Sydney and Australia sailed from San Francisco with 2,500 men and a year's supplies of ammunition and naval stores for the fleet at Manila.

26. The battleship Oregon arrived at Key West.

28. The Spanish reserve fleet left Cadiz for a practice cruise. A night attack of the torpedo-boat destroyers Pluton and Furor was made on Commodore Schley's fleet off Santiago de Cuba and repulsed.

30. A dispatch received from Commodore Schley at the navy department at 12:30 this morning says he had seen and recognized the Spanish fleet commanded by Cervera in the bay of Santiago de Cuba. Maj.-Gen. Miles, commanding the United States army, left Washington for Tampa, Fla.

31. The battleships Massachusetts and Iowa and the cruiser New Orleans of Commodore Schley's fleet engaged the Spanish flagship Cristobal Colon and four strong land batteries guarding the harbor of Santiago de Cuba and the batteries were silenced and some damage was done to the flagship.

#### JUNE.

1. Admiral Sampson joined Commodore Schley off Santiago de Cuba and took command of the united American fleets, comprising sixteen warships.

3. At 4 o'clock in the morning Lieut. Richmond P. Hobson, U. S. N., with a volunteer crew of seven men, sunk the collier Merrimac in the narrow channel at the entrance of the harbor of Santiago de Cuba. The seven men were: Osborn Deignan, George F. Phillips, Francis Kelley, George Charrette, Daniel Montague, J. C. Murray and Randolph Clausen. The eight men, after the sinking of the Merrimac, drifted ashore on a catamaran and were taken prisoners by the Spanish forces. By a flag of truce from the Spanish admiral, "sent in recognition of their bravery," Admiral Sampson was informed that all had been made prisoners of war and that two were slightly wounded. In offering to exchange them for Spanish prisoners Cervera said that "daring like theirs makes a bitterest enemy proud that his fellow-men can be such heroes."

6. Ten ships maintained a bombardment of the batteries at Santiago de Cuba. The forts were silenced and the Spanish warship Reina Mercedes was sunk. Later in the day the defenses at Aguadores, a town east of Santiago de Cuba, were destroyed.

7. The cruiser St. Louis, protected by the Marblehead and Yankee, cut the French cable off the port of Calmanera in Guantamano bay.

10. A landing is effected by 600 American marines from the transport Panther near the entrance of Guantamano harbor. The force was under the protection of the guns of the Oregon, Marblehead, Dolphin, Yankee, Yosemite, Porter and Vixen. A lodgment was effected on a small flat-topped hill and the camp was named McCalla.

11. Shortly after 5 o'clock in the afternoon the Spanish forces attacked Camp McCalla. A brisk skirmish was kept up until dark, during which the Americans lost four men. The Spanish loss is unknown.

12. Fighting at Camp McCalla was resumed, the Americans beginning the battle with fieldpieces. The Texas arrived and re-enforced the troops with forty marines and two Colt automatic guns, while the Marblehead shelled the woods on the south side of

the hill. The Spaniards opened fire with artillery, but the guns were soon silenced by the Texas. The camp was removed to the base of the hill. The fight was kept up during the night, the guns on board the Panther, Abarenda and Marblehead throwing shells. In the morning the Spanish troops retired.

13. A portion of the first military expedition left Tampa, Fla., for Santiago de Cuba, via Key West. Maj.-Gen. Shafter, who is in command of the expedition, reports the following as the troops composing his corps: Infantry—6th, 16th and 71st New York volunteers; 10th, 22d, 2d, 18th, 9th, 24th and 3th Massachusetts; 1st, 7th, 1st, 3d and 20th United States Infantry; 10,700 men and 561 officers. Cavalry—Two dismounted squadrons of four troops each from the 3d, 6th, 9th, 1st and 10th United States cavalry; two dismounted squadrons of four troops each from the 1st United States volunteer cavalry ("rough riders"), and one squadron of mounted, 3d cavalry; 8,155 men and 188 officers. Artillery—Light batteries E and K, 1st artillery; A and F, 2d artillery, and G and H, 4th artillery; 465 men and fifteen officers. Engineers—Companies C and E, 200 men and four officers. Signal corps—Forty-five men and two officers. The staff corps numbered fifteen officers. This made a total force of 14,564 men and 773 officers.

14. Scouting parties of marines and Cubans pursued the Spanish troops on Guantanamo bay, the Spanish loss being estimated at 200 killed and wounded.

15. The forts at Calmanera were bombarded by the warships Texas, Marblehead and Suwanee. The firing began at 2 o'clock and at 3 the forts and batteries were destroyed. The transport ships China, Colon, Zealandia and Senator, carrying 4,200 men, under command of Gen. F. V. Greene, sailed from San Francisco for Manila.

16. The forts at the Santiago harbor were again shelled by Sampson's fleet. The Spanish reserve fleet under Camara at Cadix sailed south.

17. Admiral Camara's fleet arrived at Cartagena.

18. United States troopships reached Santiago de Cuba. Gen. Shafter, Admiral Sampson and Gen. Garcia held a long conference at Aserradero in the afternoon.

19. Landing of troops from the transports began at Balquidri, seventeen miles east of Santiago de Cuba. The Spaniards on the island of Guam, one of the Mariana group, capitulated to the United States cruiser Charleston.

20. The auxiliary cruiser St. Paul attacked while off San Juan, Puerto Rico, by the Spanish torpedo-boat destroyer Terror; the St. Paul's fire disables the Terror, killing an officer and two men and wounding others.

21. The monitor Monadnock and the collier Nero sailed for Manila to re-enforce Admiral Dewey. Landing of the troops at Balquidri was completed.

22. In advancing from Balquidri Gen. Young's brigade of cavalry and the "rough riders" encountered a superior force of Spaniards at La Guasima, near Sevilla. A heavy fire was opened on the Americans and Sergt. Hamilton Fish, Jr., of the rough riders was killed and Capt. A. K. Capron mortally wounded. The enemy was finally driven from his position after the Americans had sustained a loss of sixteen killed and fifty-two wounded.

23. The Americans under Gen. Chaffee oc-

cupy Sevilla, which was abandoned by the enemy.

24. The advance guard of the American army reached San Juan, four miles distant from Santiago. This was the 7th regular infantry.

25. The third Manila expedition, consisting of the transport ships Indiana, Ohio, Morgan City and City of Para, commanded by Gen. Arthur McArthur, sailed from San Francisco.

26. The president issued a proclamation extending the blockade of Cuban ports to those of the southern coast, which extended also to the port of San Juan, Puerto Rico.

27. Maj.-Gen. Merritt sailed from San Francisco for the Philippines on board the Newport. Gen. Snyder's division, numbering more than 8,000 men, sailed from Tampa to re-enforce Gen. Shafter at Santiago de Cuba.

28. The cruiser Charleston, with three transports of the first Philippine expedition, arrived at Cavite in Manila bay.

## JULY.

1. The heights of El Caney and San Juan, overlooking Santiago de Cuba, are taken by the American troops. At 6 o'clock in the morning Capt. Capron's battery of four guns opened fire on El Caney from an elevation about a mile and a half distant. The guns were not heavy enough to destroy the enemy's works and at 8 o'clock Gen. Lawton's infantry of Chaffee's brigade, being the 7th, 12th and 17th regular infantry, assaulted the hill. They took it with more than 100 prisoners. At the San Juan hill a similar work was done. Grimes' battery opened the battle, while the charge was made by the 1st volunteer cavalry "rough riders" and the 1st and 10th regulars. The hill was carried and held. Gen. Linares, the Spanish commander, was wounded at El Caney and Gen. Vara del Rey, second in command, was killed. The next officer in rank was Gen. Jose Toral.

2. The Spaniards attempted to retake San Juan hill, but after severe fighting they were repulsed and Gen. Lawton extended the American lines to the north of Santiago de Cuba. The American losses in the two days' engagements were: Killed—Officers, 23; men, 208. Wounded—Officers, 80; men, 1,203; missing, 81 men. Several thousand Spanish re-enforcements succeeded in entering the city from the north.

3. The Spanish fleet under Admiral Cervera attempted to run out of the harbor of Santiago de Cuba. As the vessels appeared in line they were pursued by the Brooklyn, the Oregon, the Iowa and the Texas of the American squadron and the converted yacht Gloucester. The Spanish ships Maria Teresa, Almirante Oquendo and the Viscaya were within a few minutes forced ashore and surrendered. The Cristobal Colon made a desperate attempt to escape, but was run ashore and sunk about sixty miles from the mouth of the harbor. The two torpedo-boat destroyers Furor and Pluton were wrecked within four miles of the harbor. Admiral Cervera, Capt. Eulate and more than 1,300 officers and men were taken prisoners. The loss of life on the Spanish vessels was terrible, while on the American fleet only one was killed. None of the American vessels were injured seriously in the engagement. Gen. Shafter gave notice to Gen. Toral, commanding the Spanish forces at Santiago de Cuba, to remove from the city all non-combatants, as he was about to shell the city.

4. Truce was established between the two armies.

5. Gen. Toral was again called upon to surrender the city, but declined and the truce was extended.

6. The Spanish authorities exchange Lieut. Hobson and his seven men for prisoners taken by our troops.

7. An extension of the armistice at Santiago de Cuba is granted in order that non-combatants may leave the city and to permit the Spanish commander to communicate with Madrid in regard to capitulation. Gen. Miles left Washington for Santiago de Cuba via Charleston.

8. The Concord and the Raleigh of Admiral Dewey's fleet took possession of Isla Grande in Subig bay on the island of Luzon.

9. Gen. Miles sailed from Charleston on the Yale for Santiago de Cuba; with him went the 6th Massachusetts and the 1st battalion of the 6th Illinois, in all 1,720 men, to re-enforce Gen. Shafter. Gen. Toral offered to surrender the city of Santiago de Cuba if his troops were allowed to march out with their arms. The proposal was declined.

10. At 11:30 a. m. Gen. Shafter informed the Spanish commander that by the direction of the president the offer to surrender made yesterday was rejected and that the United States would accept no terms other than an unconditional surrender. Gen. Toral declined to discuss any other terms than those proposed by himself yesterday. About 5 o'clock the Brooklyn, Texas and Indiana, lying off Agadores, threw shells over the bluffs in an attempt to reach the city, which was about five miles distant. Re-enforcements arrive at Siboney for Gen. Shafter; these are the 1st Illinois, 8th Ohio, 1st District Columbia and 330 recruits, making 4,546 men. The "rough riders" practiced on the Spanish outposts with their dynamite gun. Capt. Roswell and one private were killed and four were wounded.

11. Gen. Miles arrived at Santiago de Cuba and conferred with Gen. Shafter. At 6 o'clock in the morning the American lines were ordered to open fire on the Spanish defenses. The firing was very effective and great damage was done. The fleet threw 166 shells, of which 101 were effective, at a distance of 8,500 yards. Camanes, northwest of the city, was taken possession of by Gen. Ludlow.

12. Flag of truce remained up all day while Gen. Toral considered the demands for surrender.

13. Gen. Miles reports: "At a meeting between the lines at which Gen. Shafter, Gen. Wheeler and Gen. Toral were present the latter claimed that he is unable to act without the authority of his government, but has received authority to withdraw and surrender harbor, port, munitions of war and eastern portion of Cuba. He urgently requests until tomorrow noon to receive an answer from his government regarding offer of our government to send his forces to Spain, which was granted."

14. Gen. Toral surrendered. A dispatch from Gen. Shafter to the war department says: "Have just returned from interview with Gen. Toral. He agrees to surrender upon the basis of being returned to Spain. This proposition embraces all eastern Cuba from Aserradero on the south to Sagua on the north, via Palma, with practically the 4th army corps. Commissioners meet this afternoon at 2:30 to definitely arrange terms." The agreement for the surrender of Santiago consists of nine articles, of which the following is the gist:

"1. That all hostilities shall cease pending the agreement of final capitulation.

"2. That the capitulation includes all the Spanish forces and the surrender of all war material within the prescribed limits.

"3. The transportation of the troops to Spain at the earliest possible moment, each force to be embarked at the nearest port.

"4. That the Spanish officers shall retain their sidearms and the enlisted men their personal property.

"5. That after the final capitulation the Spanish forces shall assist in the removal of all obstructions to navigation in Santiago harbor.

"6. That after the final capitulation the commanding officers shall furnish a complete inventory of all arms and munitions of war and a roster of all the soldiers in the district.

"7. That the Spanish general shall be permitted to take the military archives and records with him.

"8. That all guerrillas and Spanish irregulars shall be permitted to remain in Cuba if they so elect, giving a parole that they will not again take up arms against the United States unless properly released from parole.

"9. That the Spanish forces shall be permitted to march out with all the honors of war, depositing their arms, to be disposed of by the United States in the future, the American commissioners to recommend to their government that the arms of the soldiers be returned to those 'who so bravely defended them.'

15. The fourth Manila expedition, consisting of the steamships Peru and City of Puebla, with 1,700 troops, sailed from San Francisco under command of Gen. Otis.

16. Admiral Cervera and the captured officers of his fleet reached Annapolis as prisoners of war.

17. The city of Santiago de Cuba was formally surrendered to Gen. Shafter, and the United States flag was hoisted over the palace. Gen. Shafter and Toral, with their staffs, met at a point between the lines of the American and Spanish forces at 9 o'clock in the morning. The Spanish commander, with a brief statement to the effect that Santiago de Cuba—city and province—had now been delivered to the United States government, offered to give up his sword, but it was returned to him. The United States flag was hoisted at exact noon. The second military expedition to Manila arrived at Cavite.

18. The president issued his proclamation regarding the government of Santiago de Cuba. One sentence gives the key-note of the lengthy document. He said: "We come not to make war on the inhabitants of Cuba nor upon any party or faction among them, but to protect them in their homes, in their employments and in their personal and religious rights." The first troops for Puerto Rico, numbering 6,200 men, under Gen. Wilson, commenced embarking at Charleston. Gen. Schwan's brigade had already left Tampa for the same destination.

20. A dispatch from Gen. Miles said: "We have the Massachusetts, Dixie, Gloucester, Cincinnati, Annapolis, Leyden, Wasp, Yale and Columbia. We expect to sail [for Puerto Rico] at 3 o'clock." The number of troops conveyed from Guantanamo was 3,415.

23. Five troops of cavalry stationed at Camp Alger were ordered to Puerto Rico.

The City of Rio de Janeiro, with 890 men, sailed from San Francisco for Manila, under command of Gen. H. G. Otis.

25. The military expedition under Gen. Miles effected a landing on the island of Puerto Rico at Guanica, on the southern coast of the island, fifteen miles west of Ponce, after a skirmish between the Gloucester and a small Spanish force. About 35,000 men in all, sailing from various points, compose the army going to Puerto Rico. The Newport, with Gen. Merritt on board, arrived at Manila.

26. The French ambassador, M. Jules Cambon, on behalf of the government of Spain, and at the request of the Spanish minister of foreign affairs, presented to the president a message designed to inaugurate negotiations for peace.

27. The American troops advanced on Yauco, in Puerto Rico.

28. Gen. Brooke sailed from Newport News with his command for Puerto Rico. Another expedition composed of the 1st battalion of South Dakota volunteers and recruits for the Colorado and Minnesota regiments sailed for Manila. Ponce surrendered to Commander Davis, U. S. N.

29. The American troops advanced from Cavite toward Malate on the road to Manila. Jibara, on the northern coast of Cuba, outside the province not ceded by Gen. Toral, was taken by the gunboat Nashville, the Spanish garrison retreating to Holguin.

30. A statement embodying the views of the president as to the basis of peace acceptable to the United States was transmitted to Spain.

31. The Spanish troops attacked the Americans intrenched near Malate, between Cavite and Manila. The American loss was nine killed and forty-seven wounded, while the Spanish loss was very heavy.

#### AUGUST.

1. American troops in Puerto Rico advanced toward San Juan, Gen. Miles having formed a junction with Gen. Brooke and Schwan.

2. Gen. Merritt requested the war department to increase his command to 50,000 men. The troops with him and those on the way to join him amount to 20,000.

4. Five volunteer regiments of immunes are ordered to Santiago de Cuba for garrison duty.

5. The town of Guayama in Puerto Rico was captured by the 4th Ohio and the 3d Illinois after a slight skirmish.

6. Transports sailed from Santiago de Cuba with troops of Shafter's command ordered north.

7. Admiral Dewey and Gen. Merritt demanded the surrender of Manila, which was refused. Spain's reply to the president's statement of the terms of peace was sent to Paris for transmission to Washington. The note suggests that a suspension of hostilities would make negotiations easier.

8. Skirmish near Guayama, Puerto Rico, in which five of the 4th Ohio were wounded.

9. The town of Coamo, Puerto Rico, was captured. Our loss was one killed and six wounded, while the Spanish loss was the commander, two captains and nine privates killed, thirty-five wounded and 180 taken prisoners. Spain's reply to the peace proposition was presented to President McKinley by the French ambassador, M. Cambon.

10. Secretary Day and M. Cambon agreed on the terms of a protocol to be transmitted

to Spain for approval. Gen. Schwan drove back a strong force of Spaniards north of Mayaguez, Puerto Rico.

11. A protocol suspending hostilities between the United States and Spain was signed at 4:23 p. m. in Washington, M. Cambon having received authority to act in behalf of Spain. The following is the text of the document:

"Protocol of agreement between the United States and Spain, embodying the terms of a basis for the establishment of peace between the two countries, signed at Washington Aug. 12, 1898. Protocol: William R. Day, secretary of state of the United States, and his excellency Jules Cambon, ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the republic of France at Washington respectively possessing for this purpose full authority from the government of the United States and the government of Spain, have concluded and signed the following articles, embodying the terms on which the two governments have agreed in respect to the matters hereinafter set forth, having in view the establishment of peace between the two countries—that is to say:

"Article 1. Spain will relinquish all claim of sovereignty over and title to Cuba.

"Art. 2. Spain will cede to the United States the island of Puerto Rico and other islands now under Spanish sovereignty in the West Indies, and also an island in the Ladrões, to be selected by the United States.

"Art. 3. The United States will occupy and hold the city, bay and harbor of Manila, pending the conclusion of a treaty of peace, which shall determine the control, disposition and government of the Philippines.

"Art. 4. Spain will immediately evacuate Cuba, Puerto Rico and other islands now under Spanish sovereignty in the West Indies, and to this end each government will, within ten days after the signing of this protocol, appoint commissioners, and the commissioners so appointed shall, within thirty days after the signing of this protocol, meet at Havana for the purpose of arranging and carrying out the details of the aforesaid evacuation of Cuba and the adjacent Spanish islands, and each government will, within ten days after the signing of this protocol, also appoint other commissioners, who shall, within thirty days after the signing of this protocol, meet at San Juan, Puerto Rico, for the purpose of arranging and carrying out the details of the aforesaid evacuation of Puerto Rico and other islands now under Spanish sovereignty in the West Indies.

"Art. 5. The United States and Spain will each appoint not more than five commissioners to treat of peace, and the commissioners so appointed shall meet at Paris not later than Oct. 1, 1898, and proceed to the negotiation and conclusion of a treaty of peace, which treaty shall be subject to ratification according to the respective constitutional forms of the two countries.

"Art. 6. Upon the conclusion and signing of this protocol hostilities between the two countries shall be suspended, and notice to that effect shall be given as soon as possible by each government to the commanders of its military and naval forces.

"Done at Washington in duplicate, in English and in French, by the undersigned, who have hereto set their hands and seals, the 12th day of August, 1898.

"WILLIAM R. DAY.  
"JULES CAMBON."

On the same day the president issued the following proclamation:

"By the president of the United States of America—A proclamation.

"Whereas, By a protocol concluded and signed Aug. 12, 1898, by William R. Day, secretary of state of the United States, and his excellency Jules Cambon, ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the republic of France at Washington, respectively, representing for this purpose the government of the United States and the government of Spain, the United States and Spain have formally agreed upon the terms on which negotiations for the establishment of peace between the two countries shall be undertaken; and

"Whereas, It is in said protocol agreed that upon its conclusion and signature hostilities between the two countries shall be suspended, and that notice to that effect shall be given as soon as possible by each government to the commanders of its military and naval forces;

"Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, president of the United States, do, in accordance with the stipulations of the protocol, declare and proclaim on the part of the United States a suspension of hostilities, and do hereby command that orders be immediately given through the proper channels to the commanders of the military and naval forces of the United States to abstain from all acts inconsistent with this proclamation.

"In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the city of Washington this 12th day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-third.

"By the president:

"WILLIAM MCKINLEY,  
"WILLIAM R. DAY, Secretary of State."

12. The troops under Gen. Merritt and the fleet under Admiral Dewey made a simultaneous attack upon Manila. The brigades under Gens. McArthur and Greene carried the Spanish works with a loss in killed, wounded and missing of about fifty men. After six hours' fighting the Spaniards surrendered the city with about 7,000 prisoners.

17. The president named as commissioners to adjust the evacuation of Cuba Maj.-Gen. James F. Wade, Rear-Admiral William T. Sampson and Maj.-Gen. Matthew C. Butler.

For Puerto Rico, Maj.-Gen. John R. Brooke, Rear-Admiral Winfield S. Schley and Brig.-Gen. William W. Gordon.

19. Spain named as commissioners for Cuba Maj.-Gen. Gonzales Parrade, Rear-Admiral Pastor y Landers and Marquis Montoro. For Puerto Rico, Maj.-Gen. Ortega y Diaz, Commodore Vallarino y Carrasco and Judge-Advocate Sanchez Agulia y Leon.

20. The New York, Brooklyn, Massachusetts, Indiana, Texas, Oregon and Iowa joined in a grand naval parade in New York harbor.

25. Transports Rio de Janeiro and Pennsylvania arrived at Manila.

#### SEPTEMBER.

9. The president appointed as peace commissioners William R. Day of Ohio, Senators William P. Frye of Maine, Cushman K. Davis of Minnesota, George Gray of Delaware and Mr. Whitelaw Reid of New York.

17. The American commissioners sailed for Paris.

18. The Spanish government named as commissioners Senor Montero Rios, Senor Abarzuza, Senor Garnica, Gen. Cerero and Senor Villarrutia.

20. The evacuation of Puerto Rico commenced.

21. Mustering out of volunteers to begin at once.

24. The commission appointed by the president to investigate the conduct of the war met at Washington. The commission was composed of the following persons: Maj.-Gen. Grenville M. Dodge of Iowa, Col. J. A. Sexton of Illinois, Capt. E. P. Howell of Georgia, Maj.-Gen. J. M. Wilson, chief of engineers of the United States army; the Hon. Charles Denby of Indiana, late minister to China; ex-Gov. Urban A. Woodbury of Vermont, ex-Gov. James A. Beaver of Pennsylvania, Maj.-Gen. A. McD. McCook of the army (retired), Dr. Phineas S. Connor of Cincinnati. Gen. Dodge was elected chairman of the commission.

#### OCTOBER.

1. The American and Spanish peace commissioners held their first conference at the apartments of the French foreign office in Paris. It lasted ninety minutes.

18. United States flag was raised over San Juan, Puerto Rico, the Spanish evacuation having been completed.

#### CASUALTIES IN THE AMERICAN ARMIES.

Total casualties in killed and wounded during the war with Spain from May 1 to Sept. 30:

	Killed.		Wounded.	
	Off- cers.	Priv- ates.	Off- cers.	Priv- ates.
Cuba .....	23	237	99	1,332
Puerto Rico.....		3	4	36
Manila .....		17	10	96
Died of wounds	4	61	...	...
Total .....	27	318	113	1,464

Number of deaths by disease and accidents from May 1 to Sept. 30 was as follows:

Camp Thomas, Chickamauga Park, Ga.	425
Camp Cuba Libre, Jacksonville, Fla.	246
Tampa, Fla.	56
Cuba .....	427
At sea, en route from Cuba to Montauk Point .....	87

Manila, Philippine islands.....	63
Camp Wilkoff, Montauk Point, N. Y.	267
Puerto Rico.....	137
Camp Alger, Falls Church, Va.	107
Camps in San Francisco, Cal.	139
Camp Poland, Tenn.	23
Camp Shipp, Ala.	12
Camp Meade, Pa.	64
Camp Hamilton, Ky.	29
Camp Wheeler, Ala.	35
At posts and minor camps.	373
Officers .....	80
Total .....	2,566

Grand total of deaths, all causes...2,910

The total force was 274,717 men and the loss by death from all causes was 1.069 per cent.

## QUOTAS OF THE STATES UNDER THE TWO CALLS FOR TROOPS.

(From the Report of the Adjutant-General of the Army, Nov. 1, 1898.)

## FIRST CALL, 125,000 MEN.

Alabama, 2 regiments and 1 battalion of infantry.  
 Arkansas, 2 regiments of infantry.  
 California, 2 regiments and 2 battalions of infantry, 4 batteries of heavy artillery.  
 Colorado, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Connecticut, 1 regiment of infantry, 1 battery of light artillery and 2 batteries of heavy artillery.  
 Delaware, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Florida, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Georgia, 2 regiments of infantry and 2 battalions of light artillery.  
 Idaho, 2 battalions of infantry.  
 Illinois, 7 regiments of infantry, 1 battery of light artillery and 1 regiment of cavalry.  
 Indiana, 4 regiments of infantry and 2 batteries of light artillery.  
 Iowa, 4 regiments of infantry.  
 Kansas, 3 regiments of infantry.  
 Kentucky, 3 regiments of infantry and 2 troops of cavalry.  
 Louisiana, 2 regiments of infantry.  
 Maine, 1 regiment of infantry and 1 battery of heavy artillery.  
 Maryland, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Massachusetts, 4 regiments of infantry and 1 battery of heavy artillery.  
 Michigan, 4 regiments of infantry.  
 Minnesota, 3 regiments of infantry.  
 Mississippi, 2 regiments of infantry.  
 Missouri, 6 regiments of infantry and 1 battery of light artillery.  
 Montana, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Nebraska, 2 regiments of infantry.  
 Nevada, 1 troop of cavalry.  
 New Hampshire, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 New Jersey, 3 regiments of infantry.  
 New York, 12 regiments of infantry and 2 troops of cavalry.  
 North Carolina, 2 regiments of infantry.  
 North Dakota, 2 battalions of infantry.  
 Ohio, 3 regiments of infantry and 3 troops of cavalry.  
 Oregon, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Pennsylvania, 15 regiments of infantry, 3 batteries of light artillery and 3 troops of cavalry.  
 Rhode Island, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 South Carolina, 1 regiment and 1 battalion of infantry, 1 battery of heavy artillery.  
 South Dakota, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Tennessee, 3 regiments of infantry.  
 Texas, 3 regiments of infantry and 1 of cavalry.  
 Utah, 2 battalions of light artillery and 1 troop of cavalry.  
 Vermont, 1 regiment of infantry.

Virginia, 3 regiments of infantry.  
 Washington, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 West Virginia, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Wisconsin, 3 regiments of infantry.  
 Wyoming, 1 battalion of infantry.  
 District of Columbia, 1 regiment of infantry.

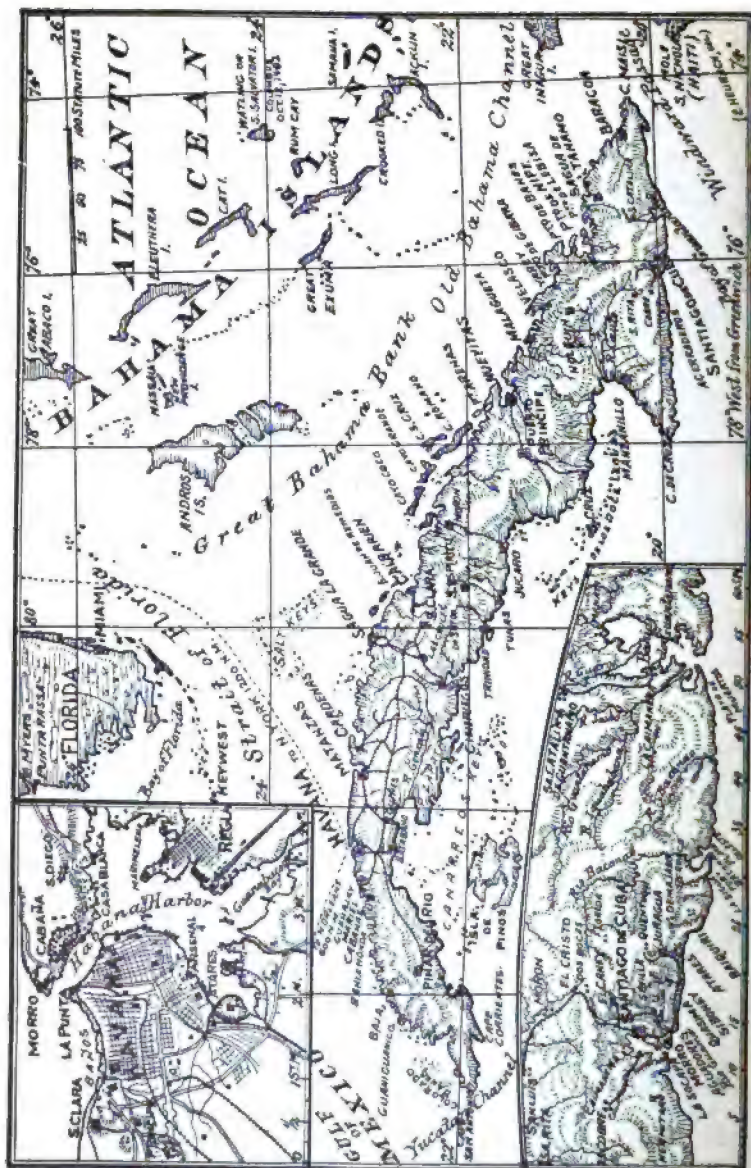
## SECOND CALL, 75,000 MEN.

Alabama, 2 battalions of infantry.  
 California, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Colorado, 1 battery of light artillery.  
 Connecticut, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Georgia, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Illinois, 2 regiments of infantry.  
 Indiana, 1 regiment and 2 companies of infantry.  
 Iowa, 2 batteries of light artillery.  
 Kansas, 2 battalions of infantry.  
 Kentucky, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Louisiana, 3 batteries of light artillery.  
 Maine, 3 batteries of heavy artillery.  
 Maryland, 1 battalion of infantry.  
 Massachusetts, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Michigan, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Minnesota, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Mississippi, 6 companies of infantry.  
 Missouri, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Nebraska, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Nevada, 4 companies of infantry.  
 New Jersey, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 New York, 3 regiments of infantry and 3 batteries of light artillery.  
 North Carolina, 7 companies of infantry.  
 Ohio, 1 regiment and 9 companies of infantry.  
 Oregon, 2 batteries of light artillery.  
 Pennsylvania, 13 companies of infantry.  
 Rhode Island, 2 batteries of light artillery.  
 South Carolina, 2 battalions of infantry.  
 Tennessee, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Texas, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Utah, 1 battery of light artillery.  
 Virginia, 2 battalions of infantry.  
 Washington, 1 battalion of infantry.  
 West Virginia, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Wisconsin, 1 regiment of infantry and 1 battery of light artillery.  
 Wyoming, 1 battery of light artillery.  
 Arizona, New Mexico, Oklahoma and Indian Territory, 1 regiment of infantry.  
 Four regiments of engineers, aggregating 3,600 men, were recruited at large. Three regiments of cavalry (1st, 2d and 3d volunteer cavalry, including Roosevelt's and Torrey's rough riders) were recruited at large also, aggregating 3,000. Ten immune regiments of infantry were recruited south of Mason and Dixon's line and west to include the Mississippi valley, aggregating 10,000 men.

## STRENGTH OF THE ARMY.

	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.		Officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.
May—Regular army	2,191	41,934	44,125	July—Regular army	2,337	53,951	56,288
Volunteer army.....	6,224	118,540	124,764	Volunteer army....	8,633	206,461	215,094
Aggregate.....	8,415	160,474	168,889	Aggregate.....	10,970	260,412	271,382
June—Reg. army....	2,198	49,513	51,711	August—Reg. army.	2,323	56,955	59,278
Volunteer army....	7,169	153,355	160,524	Volunteer army....	8,785	207,244	216,029
Aggregate.....	9,367	202,868	212,235	Aggregate.....	11,108	264,199	275,307

The last volunteer organization was mustered into the service Aug. 24, 1898.



## THE ISLAND OF CUBA.

The island of Cuba was discovered by Columbus on his first voyage, Oct. 28, 1492, and settled by Velasquez in 1511-12. It is the largest of the Antilles and lies between 20 and 23 degrees north latitude and 74 and 85 degrees of longitude west of Greenwich. The western portion is about 130 miles south of Florida and about ninety miles from Key West, and from time immemorial it has been known as "the key to the Gulf of Mexico." On the coat of arms of the city of Havana is a key conspicuously displayed, which seems to imply that the city controls the waters in which it is so centrally located. The northern coast has a length of about 918 miles indented with thirty-two harbors, of which ten are denominated as "first class." The most important of these are Havana, Mariel, Cabanas, Bahia Honda, Matanzas, Cardenas, Sagua, Calbarien, Nuevitas and Jibara. The southern coast has a length of 973 miles, with twelve important harbors, the best of which are Guantanamo, Santiago de Cuba and Cienfuegos. Most of the important harbors of the island are spacious and will admit vessels drawing twenty-six feet of water.

cleanliness is practically unknown. The following table, prepared by W. F. K. Phillips of the United States weather bureau, shows the average monthly temperature and rainfall at Havana for the last ten years.

At Matanzas the temperature is slightly higher than at Havana and at Santiago de Cuba the annual average is about 4 degrees higher than at the capital city. At Havana the maximum temperature is between noon and 2 o'clock p. m. and the minimum between dawn and sunrise.

There are only two marked seasons in Cuba, the dry and the rainy. The rainy season at Havana begins in the latter part of May and ends with October. Relatively the greater bulk of the rain falls during the months from June to October, for during this period the average rainfall is 32.57 inches, or 43 per cent of the annual fall. The number of days upon which rain falls is about one day out of three. Notwithstanding the frequency of rain during the summer months they do not present the greatest number of cloudy days. The rains, "although copious, are of short duration, and those days on which showers do fall

	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Annual.
Temperature—Mean..	70.3	72.0	73.2	76.1	78.8	81.5	82.4	82.2	80.7	78.1	75.3	71.4	76.8
Highest.....	84.4	87.6	91.4	93.8	96.0	97.7	100.6	98.6	96.6	91.9	86.7	81.0	100.6
Lowest.....	52.2	49.6	55.0	52.9	54.4	56.1	57.2	56.9	57.9	61.7	66.5	61.8	49.6
Rainfall—Mean.....	2.32	2.52	2.50	1.46	5.15	8.29	5.09	5.43	7.62	8.49	4.24	1.58	55.14
Greatest.....	6.31	6.18	5.05	5.67	17.51	17.56	7.13	9.36	13.57	13.53	7.94	5.54	61.06
Least.....	0.02	0.20	0.50	.....	0.33	1.50	3.10	1.45	3.15	1.47	1.45	0.30	46.02
No. days on which rain fell—Mean.....	7.5	6.2	5.9	3.8	9.9	14.3	13.0	13.3	16.7	15.6	12.3	9.0	127.5
Greatest.....	14	11	10	9	16	20	16	21	25	22	18	16	119
Least.....	1	2	3	.....	3	7	11	9	11	10	8	4	120
Humidity—													
Mean relative per cent.	75	73	70	69	71	76	74	75	79	78	77	74	74
Mean absolute gra. per cu. ft.....	6.2	6.4	6.3	6.8	7.6	8.7	8.8	8.8	8.9	8.1	7.4	6.9	7.5
Wind—Average velocity, miles per hour.	7.8	8.3	8.7	9.2	7.8	6.7	6.5	6.3	6.5	7.8	8.7	8.3	7.8
Prevailing direction..	e.	e.	e.	e.	e.	e.	e.	e.	e.	n.e.	e.	e.	e.

The exact area of the island has not been determined. Estimates vary from about 35,000 to 72,000 square miles. At the lower estimate Cuba would be about equal in size to the state of Indiana and a little larger than the state of Maine. At the larger estimate it would exceed somewhat the state of North Dakota. Through the island from east to west extends a chain of mountains the highest of which is about 8,000 feet. The territory is well supplied with streams, there being more than 200 rivers, the most important of which is the Cauto in the province of Santiago de Cuba, which is 150 miles long and navigable for small craft for fifty miles. Another large stream is the Sagua, in the province of Santa Clara, which is 111 miles long and has twelve miles of navigable channel.

As a rule the climate of Cuba is healthful, especially in the rural districts in the east and center of the island. There are some localities where malarial fevers prevail and in many of the cities yellow fever, but this is confined mainly to towns in which the sanitary conditions are bad and where

are in general perfectly cloudless. It may almost be said that during these months clouds are to be seen in the atmosphere except while the showers are falling, while in other months cloudy days sometimes occur without rain."

According to an official census taken in 1890 the population of Cuba was then 1,631,687. For years Cuba has been the theater of war and great mortality and devastation have occurred. An official statement made by our government says:

"It may be assumed that the present population is not in excess of the figures of 1890 and it may be considerably lower. It has been estimated that, taking as a basis the kingdom of Belgium (482 inhabitants to the square mile), Cuba could support 24,000,000 people. Of the population in 1890 the percentages, according to race, were: Whites, 65; colored and Chinese, 35. The actual number of white Cubans was given at 950,000; colored Cubans, 500,000, and Spaniards, 160,000."

In a report made to the government in 1897 by Mr. Hyatt, United States consul at

Santiago de Cuba, he says: "The productive soil, mineral wealth and climatic conditions of the island entitle it to rank among the foremost communities of the world. The soil is a marvel of richness and fertilizers are seldom used, unless in the case of tobacco, even though the same crops be grown on the same land for a hundred years, as has happened in some of the old sugar-cane fields. The mountains are of coral formation, while the lowlands of eastern Cuba at least seem to be composed largely of fossils of sea matter from prehistoric times and are extremely rich in lime and phosphate, which accounts for their apparent inexhaustibleness. Although founded and settled more than fifty years before the United States, Cuba has still 13,000,000 acres of primeval forests; mahogany, cedar, logwood, redwood, ebony, lignum-vitæ and caiguaran (which is more durable in the ground than iron or steel) are among the woods.

"If all the land suitable to the growth of sugar cane were devoted to that industry it is estimated that Cuba might supply the entire western hemisphere with sugar. The island has already produced in a single year for export 1,000,000 tons and its capabilities have only been in the experimental stage. The adaptability of the soil for tobacco culture has long been known. Cuba takes great pride in the quality of her coffee and until the war the plantations were flourishing."

The land is not suited to the cultivation of cereals. No flour mill, Mr. Hyatt thinks, exists on the island. The consul continues:

"In mineral wealth Cuba is capable of taking high rank. Gold and silver have not been found in paying quantities. Copper was mined at Cobre by the natives before Columbus discovered the island and there is strong proof that native copper was carried across to Florida and used by the Florida Indians hundreds of years ago. The mound-builders of that state buried with their dead copper ornaments and utensils hammered from native copper, which always has an admixture of more or less foreign matter. As no copper ore is found in Florida or in the United States for a long distance from there, and as that found in the United States or in Mexico does not correspond chemically with that buried with the mound-builders, it occurred to Prof. R. H. Sanders of the Academy of Natural Sciences in Philadelphia that it was possible that these mound-builders had water communication with Cuba and got their copper from here. He therefore communicated with the writer and procured a sample of native Cuban copper, which proved upon analysis to be identical with that used in the copper ornaments mentioned. In the early part of the present century some English capitalists purchased these mines, which are nine miles from Santiago. The books of this consulate show that from 1823 to 1840 an average of from \$2,000,000 to \$3,000,000 worth of copper ore was shipped annually to the United States from these mines. How much was shipped elsewhere I have not the means of knowing.

"The iron mines of Cuba, all of which are located near Santiago, overshadow in importance all other industries on the eastern end of the island, constituting the only industry that has made any pretense of withstanding the shock of the present insurrection. The Juragua and Baiquiri iron

companies (American), with a combined capital of over \$5,000,000, now operate mines in this vicinity and employ from 800 to 1,400 men, shipping to the United States from 30,000 to 50,000 tons of iron ore per month, the largest portion of which is used at Bethlehem, Steelton, Sparrows Point and Pittsburg. The ore of these mines is among the richest in the world, yielding from 63 to 67 per cent of pure iron, and is very free from sulphur and phosphorus. There are numerous undeveloped mines of equal value in this region.

"In the Sierra Maestra range, on the southern coast of Cuba, from Santiago west to Manzanillo, within a distance of about 100 miles, are found numerous deposits of manganese, an ore indispensable in the manufacture of steel. American capital opened a mine about twenty miles distant, at a place called Ponce, and built a railroad to it. After shipping one cargo the mines were stopped by insurgents. As nearly all the manganese used in the United States comes from the Black sea regions of Europe and a smaller quantity from the northern part of South America, it is but reasonable to suppose that the products of these near-by mines will be in great demand when the conditions are such that they can be operated in safety.

"Railroads and other highways, improved machinery and more modern methods of doing business are among the wants of Cuba, and with the onward march of civilization these will doubtless be hers in the near future. Cuba, like other tropical and semi-tropical countries, is not given to manufacturing; her people would rather sell the products of the soil and mines and buy manufactured goods. The possibilities of the island are great, while the probabilities remain an unsolved problem."

Regarding the agricultural productions of Cuba the Bulletin of the Bureau of American Republics, published by the United States government, says:

"The great wealth of Cuba lies in the wonderful fertility of its soil. It is estimated that the island has 35,000,000 acres of land, but in 1868, according to official statistics, only 2,689,400 were under cultivation, 9,974,134 acres were utilized in cattle-raising and nearly 16,000,000 were still virgin forest. Ten years later, after the long insurrection, considerable land was cleared and the production of sugar assumed large proportions. On the other hand, old lands were abandoned and the acreage was not greatly increased. It may be assumed, therefore, that only a small fraction of the agricultural wealth of Cuba has been developed and that at least 20,000,000 acres of land await the application of industry and capital.

"The principal industry of Cuba has been for many years the cultivation of sugar cane and the making of sugar, but this industry has suffered in recent years by the competition of European beet sugar and the internal disorders of the island. With the occupation of the island by the United States it is more than probable that the sugar industry will again revive and become remunerative. The great advantage of sugar-growing in Cuba is found in the fact that the cane reproduces itself, without the necessity of reseed, for ten, fifteen or twenty years, according to the nature of the soil. The sugar is of superior quality and

the proximity of the island to the United States of America is a favoring condition. The production of sugar from 1894 to 1896 aggregated over 1,000,000 tons. From 1896 to 1898 it was only 225,000 tons.

"Cuba has long been famous for the superiority of its tobacco. Efforts have been made to rival the Cuban tobacco in different parts of the world, but it seems to hold its own as excelling all others. The plant is grown in greatest abundance in the western part of the island, Vuelta Abajo, and in some localities in the provinces of Santa Clara and Santiago de Cuba. Next in rank in quality and quantity is the product of the district of Manicaragua in the province of Santa Clara. The Vuelta Abajo region, where the best tobacco on the island is raised, has suffered considerably from insurrection and it is believed that the crop for 1897 will not exceed 30,000 bales of 110 pounds—a tenth part, approximately, of the ordinary yield. Nearly all the leaf tobacco and about half the twist of Cuba is exported to the United States.

"Coffee for a long time constituted one of the principal products of Cuba, but since 1845 the development of the coffee product of Brazil and other countries, together with economic conditions in Cuba, caused the cultivation to decline and coffee is now raised almost exclusively for local consumption.

"Besides sugar, tobacco and coffee Cuba produces all the different classes of fruits known to the tropics and many of those belonging to the temperate zone. Among them are the pineapple, the banana, the orange, the mango and the guava. The coconut is also an important product. The forest wealth of Cuba is very great and but slightly developed. The island is rich in cabinet wood, among which the most important are mahogany and cedar. Among the trees the one most characteristic of a Cuban landscape is the palm, of which there are thirty-two species. Its wood and leaves are employed in the manufacture of several articles of trade, including hats and baskets. The soil of the island is well adapted to the production of all kinds of vegetables. The Cuban potato is said to be as good as that of Bermuda or Peru and the sweet potatoes are of superior quality.

"The price of Cuban land varies to a considerable extent. In the wealthy sugar districts 1,000, 1,200 and sometimes 3,000 pesos (\$526, \$1,111 and \$2,778) was paid per 'caballeria' (about 32.1 acres), but in other sections of the island, and especially where there are no railway facilities, land could be obtained at a nominal price."

Cuba has several important cities and towns. The largest is Havana, the capital, situated on the northern coast, and which has long been famous for its commerce. The city has a population of about 200,000; it is the residence of the captain-general and other authorities. It is defended by eight forts, has a fine navy yard, arsenal, gun manufactory, repair shops, barracks and hospitals. It has also three large markets, twenty-four churches, six theaters, a university, a school of fine arts, several public libraries and many educational institutions. It has several manufactories, street-railway and omnibus lines, railroads connecting with other parts of the island, gas and electric lighting plants and eighty newspapers and other periodicals.

Pinar del Rio, capital of the province of

the same name, has a population of 30,000. It is situated about 135 miles southwest of Havana, with which it is connected by a railroad. It is noted for the fine quality of the tobacco grown in its vicinity.

Matanzas, capital of the province of Matanzas, is sixty-six miles east of Havana and has a population of 55,000. It is famous for its proximity to the Bellamar caves and the valley of the Yumuri.

Cardenas is ninety miles east of Havana and is a commercial port of importance. It has a population of 23,000.

Santa Clara, 215 miles east of the capital, with which it is connected by rail, has a population of 32,000.

Sagua la Grande, eighty miles east of Havana, is situated on the river of the same name, seven miles from its mouth, and has a population of 18,000.

Cienfuegos, in the province of Santa Clara, is situated on the southern coast of the island, on the fine bay of Jagua, and is a thriving center of trade. It is about 100 miles southeast of Havana and has 40,000 inhabitants. In the same province are Trinidad, with 29,000 inhabitants; Sancti Spiritu, 20,000, and San de los Remedios, 15,000.

Puerto Principe, capital of that province, some 200 miles east of Havana, has 49,000 inhabitants.

Santiago de Cuba is the capital of the province in which it is situated, has a population of about 50,000 and one of the finest harbors on the southern coast. It has a number of important buildings and at one time was the capital of the island. It is a noted city, but in the future it will be best known because of its capitulation to the American army of invasion on the 14th of July, 1898. In the same province are the important towns of Mansanillo, Bayamo, Jiguani, Holguin, Jibara, Guantanamo and Baracoa.

There are ten railway companies operating lines of road in Cuba, the more important being the Ferrocarriles Unidos, with 1,000 miles of main road connecting Havana with Matanzas, Batabano, Union and Guanajay. The next in importance is the Western railway, ninety-six miles long, running to Pinar del Rio.

The telegraph and telephone systems in Cuba belong to the government, but the latter is farmed out for a limited number of years to a company called the Red Telefonica de la Habana. Nearly all the public and private buildings in the city and suburbs are connected by telephone. The Statesman's Year Book, 1898, says that there are 2,300 miles of telegraph line with 103 offices.

Under the Spanish administration Cuba was divided into three regions—the western, central and eastern. Each region comprises two provinces, divided into several judicial districts, and these again subdivided into municipal sections. The western region embraces the provinces of Pinar del Rio and Havana, the central comprises the provinces of Matanzas and Santa Clara and the eastern provinces are made up of Puerto Principe and Santiago de Cuba. The capital of the island is the city of Havana.

Prior to 1898 the island was governed by a governor and captain-general, appointed by the Spanish crown, who is the superior political, military and economic chief. Each of the six provinces was administered by a

governor. On the 1st of January, 1898, the Spanish government adopted a system of autonomous government for the island, providing for popular representation in the administration of affairs, but it was not accepted by the insurgents and has had no practical effect. Under the terms of the suspension of hostilities between the United

States and Spain the affairs of the island are likely to be administered for the present by the military commanders of the United States forces.

The trade of the United States with Cuba since 1891 is given as follows by the bureau of statistics, treasury department:

DESCRIPTION.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.
Imports—Free .....	\$20,044,512	\$08,140,835	\$91,049,300	\$67,418,280	\$17,684,765	\$2,074,763	\$1,270,050
Dutiable .....	35,639,893	11,790,836	12,657,137	8,259,973	85,198,494	37,942,937	17,136,756
Total .....	61,714,385	77,981,671	78,706,506	75,678,261	52,871,259	40,017,730	18,406,815
Exports—Domestic .....	11,924,605	17,622,411	23,004,084	19,855,237	12,533,380	7,312,348	7,569,757
Foreign .....	285,233	331,159	553,604	270,084	274,401	218,532	660,019
Total .....	12,224,868	17,953,570	24,157,498	20,125,321	12,807,661	7,530,880	8,269,776

The commerce of Spain with Cuba since 1891, the figures up to 1896 being taken from a compilation by the department of agricul-

ture and those for 1896 from a British foreign office report in 1896, was:

DESCRIPTION.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.
Imports from Cuba .....	\$7,193,173	\$0,570,399	\$5,697,391	\$7,385,120	\$7,176,105	\$4,257,390
Exports to Cuba .....	22,168,050	28,046,636	21,689,373	22,562,943	26,298,497	26,145,800

#### WHERE REGULAR-ARMY OFFICERS WERE BORN.

Tabular statement showing number of army officers born in each state, territory or foreign country, compiled from the official United States army registers for 1893 and 1896:

STATE, TERRITORY, ETC.	1893.		1896.		STATE, TERRITORY, ETC.	1893.		1896.	
	Active.	Retired.	Active.	Retired.		Active.	Retired.	Active.	Retired.
Alabama.....	26	3	39	2	Utah.....	3	4	1	1
Arizona Territory.....	1	2	2	1	Vermont.....	41	9	25	17
Arkansas.....	1	2	2	1	Virginia.....	84	13	94	17
California.....	13	3	30	1	Washington.....	3	4	4	4
Colorado.....	1	1	1	1	West Virginia.....	3	3	13	1
Connecticut.....	49	19	42	2	Wisconsin.....	29	2	39	6
Dakota.....	1	1	3	1	Wyoming.....	1	1	3	3
Delaware.....	11	2	7	5	Alaska.....	2	2	1	3
District of Columbia.....	53	11	60	13	Asia.....	1	1	1	1
Florida.....	10	1	11	1	Austria.....	1	1	1	1
Georgia.....	26	1	35	1	Belgium.....	1	1	1	1
Illinois.....	81	8	109	10	Canada.....	14	3	13	2
Indiana.....	63	11	66	28	Cherokee Nation.....	1	1	1	1
Indian Territory.....	15	2	23	1	China.....	1	1	1	1
Iowa.....	7	1	16	2	East Indies.....	17	11	11	12
Kansas.....	63	17	64	20	France.....	8	1	7	1
Kentucky.....	10	1	16	1	Germany.....	25	7	11	14
Louisiana.....	64	18	51	23	Hungary.....	1	1	1	1
Maine.....	67	14	62	17	Ireland.....	54	29	33	36
Maryland.....	116	31	94	40	Isle of Man.....	1	1	1	1
Massachusetts.....	65	12	71	11	Italy.....	2	1	1	2
Michigan.....	13	1	28	1	Malta.....	1	1	1	1
Minnesota.....	19	1	26	1	Netherlands.....	1	1	1	2
Mississippi.....	50	5	71	8	New Brunswick.....	1	1	1	1
Missouri.....	1	1	2	1	Norway.....	1	1	1	1
Nebraska.....	30	17	18	13	Nova Scotia.....	1	1	1	1
Nevada.....	44	7	51	10	Poland.....	1	1	1	1
New Hampshire.....	2	1	6	1	Prince Edward Island.....	1	1	1	1
New Jersey.....	357	90	239	119	Prussia.....	8	7	4	7
New Mexico Territory.....	21	2	33	2	Sandwich Islands.....	1	1	1	1
New York.....	173	29	162	50	Saxony.....	1	1	1	1
North Carolina.....	9	1	8	1	Scotland.....	9	6	7	5
Ohio.....	285	75	245	105	South America.....	22	1	1	2
Oregon.....	28	4	23	13	Sweden.....	1	1	1	1
Pennsylvania.....	18	1	32	2	Switzerland.....	1	1	1	1
Rhode Island.....	24	4	30	5	Wales.....	1	1	1	1
South Carolina.....	19	1	32	3	Total.....	7109	476	2164	663
Tennessee.....	19	1	32	3					
Texas.....	19	1	32	3					

## THE ISLAND OF PUERTO RICO.

The island of Porto Rico, or, according to the spelling of the Spanish, Puerto Rico, meaning "a rich port," ranks fourth in size with the islands of the Greater Antilles, being exceeded in area by Cuba, Santo Domingo and Jamaica. It lies between the seventeenth and nineteenth parallels of north latitude and the sixty-sixth and sixty-seventh degrees of longitude. Authorities are not exactly agreed as to the area of the island. A recent report by a British consul gives it an area of about 3,668 square miles—thirty-five miles broad and ninety-five miles long. An American authority says the "island is, in shape, an irregular parallelogram, being a little under 100 miles long by one-third of that distance broad." The island was discovered by Columbus on his second voyage, on the 16th day of November, 1493. According to tradition he landed on the western extremity of the island at the site of the present town of Aguadilla, which means "a watering place," and, as the locality is now famous for its supply of excellent fresh water, it is supposed that he touched there to refill the tanks of his vessels. The native name of the island was Borinquen and the inhabitants were of the same Indian race that occupied Haiti. The Spaniards were delighted with the beauty of the island and with its fertility, and Prince Juan Ponce de Leon, one of Columbus' officers, assumed control in the hope of acquiring fortunes for himself and some of his personal followers. He remained and established a government, the object being to wring as much out of the peaceable and inoffensive people as was possible. The Indians in 1508 arose in rebellion against the arbitrary rule of Ponce de Leon; the revolt lasted until 1510, the result being that the inhabitants were defeated and the Spanish rule thoroughly established on the island. In 1511 the present capital city was founded and called San Juan Bautista de Puerto Rico.

There was nothing of interest in the history of the island between 1510 and 1596. The period is filled with the stories of the wrongs of the Spaniards and the sufferings of the people, for the aversion of the conquerors was unappeased and the rights of the inhabitants were unrespected. In 1565 the during British admiral Drake made an attack upon San Juan, burned a portion of the town and destroyed some of the Spanish ships in the harbor, but he was forced to embark without being able to hold the city permanently. The next year the earl of Cumberland, another British officer, attacked the place and compelled the citadel, Morro, to capitulate, but his sailors fell victims to the fevers and diseases incident to the climate and he was obliged to abandon his conquest. In 1625 Gen. Heinrich, a Dutch officer, led an expedition against the island and laid siege to the town and citadel, but in an attack upon the fortifications the Dutch were routed and Heinrich was killed. Again in 1673 the English planned an attack upon San Juan, but it failed, owing to a storm that scattered the fleet and destroyed some of the vessels. The attempt was repeated in 1703, when a landing was effected at Arecibo, a point some thirty miles west of San Juan, but it was repulsed with great loss and the British admiral was compelled to re-embark his forces and give up the attempt to take the island. The last attack on the island was made by the

noted British commander, Sir Ralph Abercromby, in 1797. He laid siege to San Juan, which he maintained for some two weeks, when, owing to insufficiency of his forces, he abandoned the effort and retired. Until the bombardment of the fortifications by Admiral Sampson on the 12th of May, 1898, the city had had a century's respite from attacks by the enemies of Spain.

There have been several ineffectual attempts of the people to throw off the Spanish rule, one of the earliest of which was the effort to establish a republic in 1820. The movement was checked without loss of life by the wise course of the governor, Torre, who was one of the ablest men that Spain has ever intrusted with the direction of any of her colonies. Another rebellion broke out in 1867, which was inspired by a sympathy with the revolt in Cuba then being carried on. An earthquake so frightened the people that the rising was weakened and was not again actively taken up, although peaceable efforts to secure independence have never been wholly abandoned on the part of the more influential portion of the people. The island has a population of about 815,000, of whom over 300,000 are negroes, the remainder being mostly Spaniards, besides some Americans, English, Germans and other European peoples. The surface of the island is broken by hills and low mountain ranges, one of which passes through it from east to west, with spurs projecting nearly to the northern coast. The highest point in this range is El Yunque, which rises 3,705 feet above the sea level and is visible for fifty or sixty miles from the coast. The island abounds with streams of the purest water, there being 1,300 flowing into the sea, of which forty-seven are rivers of considerable size. The island is thus abundantly watered and furnishes pasturage for immense herds of wild cattle.

The climate is exceptionally salubrious for a tropical one, and much of this is due to the fact that there is very little stagnant water, most of it being in running streams, and this has the effect of rendering the air pure and healthful. For foreigners the island of Puerto Rico has been more attractive than any of those surrounding it, the winters being especially pleasant, and from November to April living in the mountain valleys is delightful. In the northern section of the island the rainy season begins in May and extends to the last of September, the rain falling often like a deluge. It is estimated that in some sections the fall of water in those months aggregates about seventy cubic inches. During this period of the year there is an almost constant sea breeze from the north during the entire day, which makes life on that coast endurable. In the southern portions there is often very little rain, it being frequently the case that none is seen for the entire twelve months of the year. The most unfavorable months for those not acclimated are August and September, when fevers and malarial disorders are prevalent, but living in the mountains affords some protection against sickness.

The island is naturally adapted to agriculture, for the soil is rich and easily worked. It is chiefly clay mixed with marl, and the abundant natural supply of water keeps it productive even in those portions that are not visited by the rains that are common to the northern sections of the



island. The mountains are covered with timber, of which the palm is the most useful, the wood for lumber, the fruit for food and the leaves for thatching the dwellings of the negroes. A good deal of mahogany is exported and the plantain and the banana supply large quantities of food for the poorer classes. Coffee, tobacco and sugar cane grow in profusion, while cotton of peculiar fineness is easily cultivated. In 1894 the exports of the leading staples were: Sugar, 54,204 tons; coffee, 26,655 tons; hides, 160 tons; cattle, 3,187 head; timber, 30 tons; molasses, 14,740 tons, and tobacco, 1,029 tons. Besides these the island produces flax, cassia, ginger, rice, maize, citrons, lemons, oranges and many other varieties of fruits. So far as is now known there are no important deposits of ores or minerals, although traces of gold have been found in the beds of the streams and indications of iron, copper, lead and coal have been discovered.

There is no portion of the West India islands in which the people are in a better condition than in Puerto Rico. This is due to the fact that it is an agricultural country and the poorer classes have been encouraged to become the possessors of land and many of them have become small landed proprietors. When slavery existed in the island slaves were encouraged to purchase their freedom and many availed themselves of the favorable terms offered. In 1873 slavery was abolished. The island has therefore been comparatively free from revolts and political disorders, notwithstanding the fact that the people disliked the Spanish rule. The island has become the home of a free, self-sustaining peasantry, imposing no burdens upon the government, but each family usually having its modest home, with necessary stock, and producing all that is required for support. The way the American soldiers were greeted shows the simplicity and hospitality of the plain people. The worst thing in the social condition of the inhabitants is their ignorance and superstition. They need schools of every kind and religious instruction.

Puerto Rico was a province of Spain, governed by a captain-general, who was the civil governor and also commander of the military forces stationed on the island, as well as the head of the highest court. Outside of San Juan the island is divided into seven military departments, each being under a separate official. The towns are governed by alcaides, or mayors, appointed from San Juan. The government is supported by duties on imports, licenses for lotteries, public gambling houses and cockpits. The more important cities and towns are San Juan, Ponce, Mayaguez, Aguadilla, Arecibo, Fajardo, Naguabo and Arroyo. The following description of these places is taken from the United States consular reports:

#### SAN JUAN.

San Juan is situated on a long and narrow island, separated from the main island at one end by a shallow arm of the sea, over which is a bridge connecting it with the mainland, which runs out at this point in a long sand spit some nine miles in length apparently to meet the smaller island; at the other end the island ends in a rugged bluff or promontory some hundred feet high and three-fourths of a mile distant from the main island. This promontory is crowned by Morro castle, the principal fortification of the town. At this end of the island is the entrance to the harbor, with a

narrow channel and rocky bottom, so close under the headland that one can almost leap ashore from a passing vessel. The water here is some thirty feet deep. To a mariner unacquainted with the locality, or when a norther is blowing, this entrance is one of difficulty and danger. After rounding the bluff one finds a broad and beautiful bay, landlocked and with a good depth of water, which is being increased by dredging. It is by far the best harbor in Puerto Rico and probably as good a one as can be found in the West Indies. However, it has its drawbacks. Sailing vessels are frequently detained by the northerly winds during the winter months, and even steamers with a draft of over twenty feet are sometimes delayed; but these occasions are rare. When they do occur the "boca," or entrance to the harbor, is a mass of seething, foaming water and presents an imposing spectacle. To see steamers of sixteen to eighteen feet draft enter in a severe norther is a sight to be remembered, as the great waves lift them up and seem about to hurl them forward to destruction. At such times there is need of a staunch vessel, steady nerves and a captain well acquainted with the channel, as no pilot will venture out. The island upon which the city stands is shaped much like an arm and hand; it is about two and one-fourth miles long and averages less than one-fourth of a mile in width. The greatest width is a little over half a mile in the portion representing the hand, which also contains the major part of the city. San Juan is a perfect specimen of a walled town, with portcullis, moat, gates and battlements. Built over 250 years ago, it is still in good condition and repair. The walls are picturesque and represent a stupendous work and cost in themselves. Inside the walls the city is laid off in regular squares, six parallel streets running in the direction of the length of the island and seven at right angles. The houses are closely and compactly built of brick, usually of two stories, stuccoed on the outside and painted in a variety of colors. The upper floors are occupied by the more respectable people, while the ground floors, almost without exception, are given up to negroes and the poorer class, who crowd one upon another in the most appalling manner. The population within the walls is estimated at 26,000 and most of it lives on the ground floor. In one small room, with a flimsy partition, a whole family will reside. The ground floor of the whole town reeks with filth and conditions are most unsanitary. In a tropical country, where disease readily prevails, the consequences of such dwelling may be easily inferred. There is no running water in the town. The entire population depends upon rain water, caught upon the flat roofs of the buildings and conducted to the cistern, which occupies the greater part of the inner courtyard that is an essential part of Spanish houses the world over, but that here, on account of the crowded conditions, is very small. There is no sewerage, except for surface water and sinks, while vaults are in every house and occupy whatever remaining space there may be in the patios not taken up by the cisterns. The risk of contaminating the water is very great and in dry seasons the supply is entirely exhausted. Epidemics are frequent and the town is alive with vermin, fleas, cockroaches, mosquitoes and dogs. The streets are wider than in the older part of Havana and will admit two carriages abreast. The sidewalks are narrow and in

places will accommodate but one person. The pavements are of a composition manufactured in England from slag, pleasant and even, and durable when no heavy strain is brought to bear upon them, but easily broken and unfit for heavy traffic. The streets are swept once a day by hand, and, strange to say, are kept very clean. From its topographical situation the town should be healthy, but it is not. The soil under the city is clay mixed with lime, so hard as to be almost like rock. It is consequently impervious to water and furnishes a good natural drainage. The trade wind blows strong and fresh and through the harbor runs a stream of sea water at a speed of not less than three miles an hour. With these conditions no contagious diseases, if properly taken care of, could exist; without them the place would be a veritable plague spot. Besides the town within the walls there are small portions just outside, called the Marina and Puerta de Tierra, containing 2,000 or 3,000 inhabitants each. There are also two suburbs, one, San Turce, approached by the only road leading out of the city, and the other, Catano, across the bay reached by ferry. The Marina and the two suburbs are situated on sandy points or spits and the latter are surrounded by mangrove swamps. The entire population of the city and suburbs, according to the census of 1887, was 27,000. It is now (1896) estimated at 30,000. One-half of the population consists of negroes and mixed races. There is but little manufacturing and it is of small importance. The Standard Oil company has a small refinery across the bay, in which crude petroleum, brought from the United States, is refined. Matches are made, some brooms, a little soap and a cheap class of trunks. There are also ice, gas and electric light works. The climate is warm, but for three months of the year agreeable, although one is subject, from the sudden change, to colds and catarrh. The natives are particularly susceptible to this class of ailments and to consumption and bronchitis.

#### PONCE.

The city is situated on the south coast of the island of Puerto Rico, on a plain, about two miles from the seaboard. It is regularly built—the central part almost exclusively of brick houses and the suburbs of wood. It is the residence of the military commander and the seat of an official chamber of commerce. There is an appellate criminal court, besides other courts; two churches—one protestant, said to be the only one in the Spanish West Indies—two hospitals besides the military hospitals, a home of refuge for the old and poor, a perfectly equipped fire department, a bank, a theater, three first-class hotels and gas works. The city has an ice machine and there are 115 vehicles for public conveyance. The inhabitants, who number about 15,000, are principally occupied in mercantile pursuits, but carpenters, bricklayers, joiners, tailors, shoemakers and barbers find good employment. The department of Ponce counts about 40,000 inhabitants. The chief occupations of the people are the cultivation of sugar, cocoa, tobacco and oranges, and the breeding of cattle. Commercially Ponce is the second city of importance on the island. A fine road leads to the port (Playa), where all the import and export trade is transacted. Playa has about 5,000 inhabitants, and here are situated the custom house, the office of the captain of the port and all the consular offices. The port is spacious and will hold vessels of twenty-five feet draft.

The climate, on account of the sea breezes during the day and land breezes at night, is not oppressive, though warm; and, as water for all purposes, including the fire department, is amply supplied by an aqueduct, it may be said that the city of Ponce is perhaps the healthiest place in the whole island.

#### MAYAGUEZ.

Mayaguez, the third city of importance of the island, is situated in the west part, facing what is generally known as the "Mona channel." Of industries there is little to be said, except that there are three manufactories of chocolate, which is for local consumption. Sugar, coffee, oranges, pineapples and coconuts are exported largely—all, except coffee, principally to the United States. Of sugar the muscovado goes to the United States and the centrifugal to Spain. Mayaguez is the second port for coffee, the average annual export being 170,000 hundredweight. The quality is of the best, ranging in price with Java and other first-rate brands. The lower grades are sent to Cuba. About 50,000 bags of flour are imported into this port every year from the United States, out of the 180,000 bags there are consumed in the whole island. The population is nearly 20,000, the majority white. The climate is excellent, the temperature never exceeding 90 degrees Fahrenheit. The city is connected by tram with the neighboring town of Aguadilla, and a railroad is being constructed to Lares, one of the largest interior towns.

#### AGUADILLA.

The city, which is the principal town and the port of Aguadilla district. In the northwest portion of the island, has 5,000 inhabitants. Industries in the vicinity consist of the cultivation of sugar cane, coffee, tobacco and coconuts and the distillation of rum from molasses. In the town are three establishments for preparing coffee for exportation. The climate is hot, but healthy; there is hardly ever yellow fever.

#### ARECIBO.

The town, of from 6,000 to 7,000 inhabitants, is situated on the north coast of Puerto Rico, facing the Atlantic ocean, and some fifty miles distant by rail from San Juan. It is similar to all Spanish towns, with a plaza surrounded by the church and other public buildings in the center, and streets running from it in right angles, forming regular squares. The buildings are constructed of wood and brick. The harbor is poor, being nothing more than an open roadstead exposed to the full force of the ocean, in which vessels during northerly winds can hardly lie in safety. Close inshore, on one side, dangerous reefs stretch, a constant menace to vessels if the anchor does not hold. Into this harbor empties a narrow and shallow stream called the Rio Grande de Arecibo. Goods are conveyed on this river to and from the town in flat-bottomed boats, with the aid of long poles and by dint of much pushing and patience. At the bar of the river everything is again transferred into lighters, and thence to vessels. It is a tedious and expensive process. However, Arecibo is quite an important port and has tributary to it a large district of some 30,000 inhabitants. The want of good roads in the island makes such a place as Arecibo far more important than it would naturally be.

#### FAJARDO.

The town, on the east coast of the island, has a population of 8,779, according to the

last official statistics (December, 1887). The port is handsome, with a third-class lighthouse at the entrance at the point called Cabezas de San Juan and a custom house open to universal commerce. The town is about one and one-quarter miles from the bay. The only important industry of the district is the manufacture of muscovado sugar, to which most of the planters devote themselves. Shooks, hickory hoops, pine boards and provisions come from the United States in considerable quantities. Sugar and molasses are exported and occasionally tortoise shell. The climate is temperate and healthy.

#### NAGUABO.

Naguabo (on the east side) is a small town of only about 2,000 inhabitants, and in the harbor there is another smaller place, called Playa de Naguabo, or Ucares, with about 1,500. The capital of the department, Hnmacao, is nine miles from Naguabo and has 4,000 inhabitants, the district comprising more than 15,000.

#### ARROYO.

Arroyo, in the district of Guayama (south-east portion), is a small seaport of about

1,200 inhabitants. The annual exports to the United States average 7,000 to 10,000 heads of sugar, 2,000 to 5,000 casks of molasses and 50 to 150 casks and barrels of bay rum.

#### VIQUE.

The island of Vieque, situated thirteen miles east of Puerto Rico, is twenty-one miles long and six miles wide. Its land is very fertile and adapted to the cultivation of almost all the fruits and vegetables that grow in the West Indies. Cattle are raised and sugar cultivated. It has a population of some 6,000. The town, Isabel Segunda, is on the north, and the port is unsafe in times of northerly wind, like all the anchorages on that side; the few ports of the south are better, the best being Punta Arenas. Not long ago there were two importing and exporting houses on the island of Vieque, but on account of the long period of drought and the high duties on foreign imported goods trade has decreased to local consumption only. All supplies are brought from San Juan, the majority being of American origin. The climate is fine and may be considered healthy; there have never been any contagious diseases.

### COMMERCE OF THE UNITED STATES WITH PUERTO RICO FROM 1880 TO 1897 BY PRINCIPAL ARTICLES.

#### IMPORTS FROM PUERTO RICO.

ARTICLES.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.
<b>FREE OF DUTY.</b>								
Coffee.....lbs.	\$35,841	174,174	141,150	91,906	372,427	66,782	150,649	133,068
	\$140,435	\$39,985	\$26,891	\$23,814	\$81,226	\$11,724	\$24,101	\$22,489
Fruits, including nuts.	\$27,551	\$32,965	\$31,534	\$26,028	\$15,177	\$397	\$63	\$61
Sugar and molasses—								
Molasses.....gals.	(*)	*1,626,924	8,312,448	2,502,686	2,554,265			
	(*)	*\$425,930	\$961,079	\$708,905	\$630,370			
Sugar.....lbs.	(*)	*42,928,798	80,474,347	99,578,182	75,484,143	16,085,702	(*)	(*)
	(*)	*\$1,349,247	\$2,308,657	\$3,227,522	\$2,362,514	\$311,704	(*)	(*)
All other free articles.	\$8,408	\$9,107	\$8,176	\$7,804	\$7,608	\$51,534	\$24,444	\$79,161
Total free of duty.	\$176,394	\$1,856,955	\$3,236,557	\$3,994,673	\$3,126,805	\$375,364	\$48,008	\$101,711
<b>DUTIABLE.</b>								
Sugar and molasses—								
Molasses.....gals.	4,106,368	1,887,390	(+)	(+)	(+)	2,088,121	2,256,073	2,639,124
	\$1,110,473	\$218,991	(+)	(+)	(+)	\$418,645	\$520,275	\$470,532
Sugar.....lbs.	75,926,984	137,085,254	(+)	130,729	161,887	40,286,820	81,562,810	95,007,317
	\$2,750,774	\$1,057,156	(+)	\$41,411	\$41,537	\$982,903	\$1,708,318	\$1,577,911
All other dut. articles.	\$15,965	\$21,008	\$11,670	\$12,539	\$7,202	\$30,134	\$19,452	\$30,870
Total dutiable.....	\$3,877,232	\$1,307,155	\$11,670	\$13,959	\$8,739	\$1,131,148	\$2,248,045	\$2,079,313
Total imports.....	\$403,626	\$3,164,110	\$3,248,007	\$4,008,633	\$3,135,534	\$1,506,512	\$2,296,053	\$2,181,024
Gold.....	5,730	19,450	11,431	6,025		11,855	6,905	24,154
Silver.....	4,424	276,158	53	11,743	165,551	53,484	13,004	6,950

#### EXPORTS TO PUERTO RICO.

<b>AGRICULTURAL AND OTHER PRODUCTS.</b>								
<b>Breadstuffs—</b>								
Bread & biscuit.....lbs.	427,032	509,992	762,076	432,075	398,445	194,729	399,697	673,128
	\$23,832	\$97,807	\$93,787	\$22,708	\$16,959	\$10,431	\$19,393	\$29,787
Corn.....bu.	12,907	9,676	37,267	23,874	17,449	1,200	595	1,200
	\$6,523	\$5,393	\$22,214	\$14,614	\$9,141	\$714	\$275	\$433
Cornmeal.....brls.	9,038	9,197	11,010	14,847	28,414	2,417	855	867
	\$23,928	\$26,089	\$35,634	\$43,065	\$77,409	\$6,765	\$694	\$1,698
Wheat flour.....brls.	151,946	127,983	162,147	167,053	200,813	118,617	129,021	136,998
	\$394,516	\$398,828	\$525,661	\$733,308	\$734,443	\$382,676	\$496,482	\$516,198
All other.....	\$17,964	\$20,762	\$29,569	\$23,301	\$33,222	\$10,318	\$13,768	\$13,879
Total.....	\$771,757	\$748,375	\$952,705	\$937,056	\$971,174	\$410,804	\$521,350	\$561,485
Fruits, including nuts.	\$3,890	\$2,937	\$5,925	\$5,873	\$5,008	\$2,712	\$3,512	\$4,123
Hops.....lbs.	4,195	2,507	3,191	2,953	2,167	2,488	3,928	2,506
	\$631	\$523	\$986	\$518	\$434	\$294	\$423	\$206
Oil cake and oil-cake meal.....lbs.	24,621	51,512	8,750	8,050	16,500	600		

\*See "Dutiable." †See "Free of Duty."

## EXPORTS TO PUERTO RICO.—CONTINUED.

ARTICLES.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.
Oils—	\$383	\$735	\$135	\$129	\$208	\$91		
Animal & other gals.	648	364	380	443	949	229	424	955
Vegetable—	\$410	\$204	\$267	\$300	\$579	\$155	\$267	\$454
Cotton and linseed								
.....gals.	918	726	4,277	5,697	2,294	1,510	2,548	461
	\$611	\$473	\$2,080	\$2,768	\$1,114	\$575	\$919	\$166
Provisions, comprising								
meat and dairy								
products—								
Beef—Canned...lbs.	980	4,236	2,252	4,045	6,195	1,584	2,119	2,496
	898	\$300	\$190	\$351	\$509	\$123	\$163	\$198
Salt'd or pickl'd lbs.	91,600	82,490	104,180	80,960	79,300	35,625	32,985	61,100
	\$4,534	\$3,922	\$5,157	\$3,994	\$4,159	\$1,781	\$1,995	\$2,905
Tallow.....lbs.	14,704	16,514	7,472	11,109	3,305	3,930	7,594	4,565
	907	968	446	\$773	\$224	\$224	\$421	\$265
Bacon and hams lbs.	1,044,256	1,224,763	1,501,943	992,205	1,090,798	1,079,633	1,281,114	1,506,930
	\$79,189	\$106,201	\$124,430	\$113,844	\$117,739	\$99,908	\$111,735	\$112,002
Pork, pickled....lbs.	2,312,900	3,546,000	4,762,900	3,318,900	4,490,400	3,285,200	4,495,550	3,450,200
	\$173,723	\$224,311	\$301,731	\$282,080	\$390,694	\$221,848	\$243,311	\$152,411
Lard.....lbs.	3,531,226	3,075,060	4,397,820	3,239,094	3,979,794	3,414,798	4,027,501	4,572,985
Oleomargarine—	\$270,988	\$237,632	\$324,976	\$306,909	\$343,573	\$243,148	\$241,467	\$228,051
Imitat'n butter lbs.	68,010	59,100	20,700	48,670	76,534	110,515	18,440	
	\$8,022	\$6,648	\$2,448	\$5,456	\$10,182	\$12,540	\$1,738	
All other meat prod's	\$17,930	\$9,151	\$16,037	\$10,895	\$17,723	\$14,025	\$17,042	\$23,529
Dairy products—								
Butter.....lbs.	108,557	109,210	103,417	63,535	139,774	102,914	20,655	33,525
	\$17,711	\$12,042	\$13,539	\$9,730	\$21,456	\$12,448	\$2,754	\$4,000
Cheese.....lbs.	186,624	275,907	247,532	244,884	180,545	25,319	25,404	26,478
	\$22,448	\$32,691	\$31,268	\$29,721	\$16,508	\$3,038	\$2,946	\$3,022
Milk.....	\$103	\$145	\$229	\$544	\$906	\$997	\$727	\$729
Total.....	\$591,879	\$936,731	\$820,595	\$764,057	\$993,363	\$609,820	\$920,900	\$627,706
Tobacco, unmanufactured.....lbs.	10,215	9,365	14,100					
	\$1,031	\$1,200	\$1,841					
Vegetables—								
Beans and peas..bu.	7,585	7,016	43,025	16,091	30,976	5,289	26,522	44,849
	\$15,198	\$12,357	\$80,343	\$23,685	\$44,105	\$7,338	\$44,244	\$67,550
Onions.....bu.	4,476		410	40	127		395	
	\$1,849		\$425	\$44	\$130		\$369	
Potatoes.....bu.	738	2,343	2,701	1,547	659	1,770	2,769	8,989
	\$544	\$2,345	\$1,552	\$1,559	\$999	\$1,240	\$1,075	\$5,707
All other.....	\$736	\$1,238	\$771	\$981	\$542	\$319	\$381	\$213
Total.....	\$18,327	\$15,940	\$33,392	\$25,908	\$45,908	\$8,867	\$46,909	\$63,470
All other agricultural products.....	\$1,825	\$1,779	\$962	\$2,636	\$1,943	\$1,185	\$2,771	\$3,020
Total agricultural products.....	\$1,389,954	\$1,408,487	\$1,868,688	\$1,939,301	\$1,819,193	\$1,035,459	\$1,208,001	\$1,160,689
Agricultural implem'ts	\$5,516	\$4,507	\$2,000	\$3,170	\$7,510	\$2,728	\$6,967	\$4,239
Cotton, mfrs. of.....	\$94,144	\$22,529	\$34,048	\$15,744	\$21,294	\$14,430	\$26,543	\$12,023
India rubber and gutta-percha, mfrs. of.....	\$2,694	\$1,697	\$2,144	\$3,241	\$2,530	\$2,629	\$3,000	\$3,149
Iron and steel, mfrs. of—								
Car wheels.....	\$720				\$900			\$98
Cutlery.....	\$779	\$363	\$274	\$1,104	\$408	\$900	\$327	\$337
Firearms.....	\$2,409	\$1,480	\$418	\$140		\$450		
Machinery, n. e. s.....	\$25,007	\$18,987	\$20,028	\$66,389	\$31,372	\$56,642	\$44,594	\$69,469
Nails and spikes lbs.	120,045	67,739	85,490	186,179	108,079	121,813	106,358	\$2,075
	\$5,653	\$1,992	\$2,505	\$4,582	\$3,989	\$2,592	\$2,890	\$2,417
Railway bars.....	\$911					\$1,765	\$1,394	
Saws and tools.....	\$10,068	\$10,754	\$10,571	\$11,496	\$16,471	\$7,881	\$12,095	\$7,085
Station'y engin's.No.	3	4	6	7	4	8	4	
	\$1,025	\$2,300	\$2,023	\$4,291	\$4,046	\$3,000	\$1,365	\$3,141
Wire.....lbs.	418,162	\$22,471	\$21,539	1,073,142	1,401,182	677,000	1,077,900	\$13,485
	\$15,057	\$29,179	\$19,736	\$28,891	\$31,407	\$13,476	\$21,251	\$15,719
Leather, and mfrs. of.	\$11,068	\$12,625	\$9,880	\$9,291	\$8,404	\$6,300	\$9,339	\$7,268
All other articles.....	\$749,114	\$666,953	\$835,681	\$726,158	\$758,546	\$675,161	\$747,424	\$680,165
Total domestic exp.....	\$2,247,700	\$2,112,334	\$2,808,631	\$2,502,788	\$2,705,649	\$1,830,293	\$2,080,400	\$1,964,865
Total foreign exp.....	\$49,838	\$42,900	\$47,372	\$7,819	\$14,862	\$13,341	\$21,694	\$24,088
Total exp. of indse.....	\$2,297,538	\$2,155,234	\$2,856,003	\$2,510,607	\$2,720,511	\$1,843,634	\$2,102,094	\$1,988,953
Gold.....		989			5,000		1,400	
Silver.....	10,990				2,754			



THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

There are few portions of the globe concerning which less is accurately known than that division which is embraced within what is commonly called the Philippine archipelago. The Spanish occupants of the territory have been opposed to the development of the islands, and have imposed taxes so onerous on all branches of industry that explorations to ascertain what the islands really contained or were capable of producing have been

limited to incursions prompted more by curiosity than for any practical object. An English resident has this summer published a pamphlet on the gold productions of the Philippines, in which he says: "Not five books in the English language are worth considering about them [these islands]. Crawford's history of the Indian archipelago, published early in this century, is still the student's textbook. Whatever has been published since then,

when it rises above the level of a mere traveler's tale, is either not comprehensive or not reliable."

The archipelago lies between 4.40 and 20 north latitude and 116.40 and 126.30 east longitude. So little is known about the region that writers do not agree as to the number of islands that make up the archipelago. A recent writer says: "The number of islands which form the Philippine archipelago will astonish many readers. It is said to approach 2,000. There are among them two that are larger than Ireland—namely, Luzon, with 42,000, and Mindanao, with 36,000 square miles. There are other islands with 5,500, 5,000, 4,500, 4,000, 3,500 and 3,000 square miles." Of the whole number some 600 are habitable. While there is much uncertainty regarding the area of the Philippines there is as little known as to the number of inhabitants that dwell upon them. Mr. Joseph T. Mannix, an educated native of Luzon, in an article published in June, 1898, says: "There are in the Philippines between 6,000,000 and 9,000,000 people—probably about 7,500,000. Nearly half of this number inhabit Luzon, the principal island of the group." Of these he says: "The Tagals of Luzon are a copper-colored people, and, like all people of the Malay family, are short of stature. These Tagals are the most advanced and influential element of the entire population of the islands. There are a great many very intelligent and ambitious men among them—men who got their start in the schools established by the monastic friars, whose political domination furnishes one of the many grievances which have given rise to the present rebellion." The Tagals number about 2,000,000, and they are rapidly increasing. Next to the Tagals in point of intelligence come the Vicos, or Bicolos, who occupy the Camarines peninsula, with the islands of Catanduanes, Burias, Ticao and half of Masbate. They greatly resemble the Tagals, and, like them, have made considerable progress in civilization. They number at least 400,000. The third division of the people are the Visayas, or Bisayas, who occupy the islands between Luzon and Mindanao, and are estimated at 2,500,000. Besides these are the Moors of the Sulu archipelago, the Negritos and some other families of the Malay race. On the whole, the Philippine natives find and take life easily. Their requirements are few. The sum of \$5 will provide a native household with a dwelling of its own and ample furniture. Under a genial climate, on a soil lavishly grateful for the slightest tending, by waters teeming with fish, they know naught of hunger and have much time left for amusements—such as dancing and public rejoicings on the smallest occasion, music, for which they have a natural talent, so that there is scarcely a commune without a fairly trained brass band—and gambling! Cockfighting is the national sport and no mean source of revenue to the authorities. Almost every native owns a fighting fowl, which is as dear to him as his lap dog is to a European lady. He carries it about with him and bets his bottom dollar on its performance in the arena. Thus the native is an intermittent rather than a steady worker, and his delight in feasts and holy days, and his content, which passes him off as rich in his own mind with \$10 in his purse, make him as a laborer, docile as he is and willing to

please, a source of frequent annoyance to his employers.

The Philippine islands were discovered by Magellan, who landed at the island of Cebu (or Zebu), where he anchored in March, 1521, and lost his life in a skirmish with the natives. In 1545 the islands were taken possession of by a fleet from Mexico, which first stopped at Cebu and subdued it. In 1570 a settlement was effected at the mouth of the Manila river, which place became the capital of the Spanish possessions in the Philippines and has remained so to the present time. At the time of the arrival of the Spaniards at Manila there were two fortified villages, one on either side of the Pasig river, and these they took on the 9th of May, 1571, the chiefs making their submission to their conquerors, and their example was followed by many of the tribes of Luzon. Previous to this the island had been practically under the dominion of the Chinese, who had shaken off the authority of that empire, but these people still continued to control the trade of the island after the Spanish capture. A little later a Chinese pirate, Li Ma Hong, attempted to drive out the Spaniards, but failed in the attempt with the loss of his fleet and his own life. In 1606 the Dutch attempted to take the islands, but their ships were destroyed and the enterprise failed. In 1762 Manila was captured by the British, and would probably have remained a possession of that country had not political conditions in Europe forced England to evacuate the city after Spain had promised a ransom of \$5,000,000, which has not been paid to this day.

Rebellions have been frequent in which the people have attempted to rid themselves of Spanish rule. Those of 1822, 1841, 1842, 1872, 1896 and 1897 have been the most important. The revolts have all had a common cause—the tyranny and exactions of the Spanish officials. Although the Spaniards made their appearance forty-four years after the death of Magellan the conquest of the archipelago is still far from complete. By an abuse of language the Philippines are mentioned as a Spanish colony, but they form in reality only a military possession, in which the whites are mainly officials, who control the natives, but they have founded few permanent settlements in the country. Except at Manila there are few towns or villages that are Spanish in fact. To extort money from the people, under the various forms of taxation that cunning and rapacity have devised, is, and for many years has been, the sole purpose of Spain and the business and object of the governmental officials that have been maintained there.

Upon this subject a recent writer has said: "It is no natural or physical disadvantage that accounts for the waste and neglect of the rich resources of the Philippines. These richly endowed islands have been kept in their primitive darkness and barbarism by the power that should have lifted them into the light of civilization and set them in the flowing stream of modern life. Her treatment of them is but one count in the long and terrible indictment that history brings against Spain for the opportunities she has neglected and the trusts she has betrayed. She has regarded her subject peoples in no other light than as sources of revenue for her government and her officials, and for that crim-

inal error, with all its cruel consequences, she is paying the penalty to-day. In the Philippines the representative of Spanish rule has been the tax collector. The system that ruined the Roman empire was revived there, a *gobernadocillo* being appointed for each district and held personally responsible for the taxes. If the receipts fell below the estimate he had to make up the deficiency; if they exceeded it he pocketed the surplus—the result being that the last peseta was relentlessly wrung from the luckless inhabitants. There were poll taxes, taxes on every form of property, taxes on all mercantile transactions, taxes on every kind of amusement. There were taxes on marriages and taxes on funerals. In some provinces the native must carry his tax receipts with him; if found without them he is liable to arrest and punishment. For non-payment—after confiscation of property—were whipping and imprisonment. For failure to pay taxes men and women alike are subjected to such brutalities as the collector can devise, and from his judgments there is no appeal.

The Philippine Islands are under the supreme charge of a governor-general, who resides in Manila, a town of considerably more than 300,000 inhabitants, among them a goodly number of British men of business, whose well-appointed club is the center of foreign and social intercourse. In Madrid the interests of the colony are specially intrusted to a council of state for the Philippines, which acts as an advisory body to the minister of the colonies. There is also a council of state in Manila, which has a voice in questions affecting the material progress of the islands, which are divided into provinces, each under its governor. The provinces are subdivided into districts, and these again into communes or parishes. The *gobernadocillo* (little governor) stands on the lowest rung of the official ladder, being the elected head of a commune, and wearing as the symbol of office a stiff, mushroom-shaped hat, resplendent with solid ornaments of silver bullion. In these communes or parishes the cure (priest), especially if he be a Spaniard, as is generally the case in the more important parishes, exercises supreme power. He is the father and counselor of his people, and helps them not only with spiritual advice but also furthers their material interests. Many of these Spanish curas have done much good work in the way of making roads and bridges and the building of churches, acting frequently as their own engineers and architects, with far less unsightly results than one might expect from persons who are supposed to be more conversant with breviary and rosary than with rule and compasses.

The Spanish priests, friars of strict orders, come to the islands for aye and good, and, with scarcely any exception, do their duties faithfully and devotedly. Priests of native extraction do not quite come up to the high standard of their Spanish confratres. They cannot all live up to the severity of monastic rules. These native curas, moreover, suffer under the proverbial disadvantage which affects the prophet in his own country, and, lacking the strength of mind and tenacity of vow of the Spanish priests, sometimes seek consolation in diversions of not quite a clerical or monastic character.

The climate of the Philippines is not

such as will repel either Americans or Europeans. Upon this subject Col. W. Winthrop of the United States army says: "There are two seasons at Manila, the wet and the dry, or the seasons of the southwest and northeast monsoons. Broadly speaking, the wet or rainy season, ushered in by the southwest monsoon, is from June to November; the dry season, when the northeast monsoon prevails, is from November to June. The divisions are not, however, exact or invariable. Thus, in January and February north winds are not infrequent, and in March and April winds from the southeast sometimes prevail. In the beginning of October the winds vary between southeast and southwest, setting down to northeast by the close of the month. In the wet seasons the country is inundated, the roads become impassable and bridges disappear. The annual rainfall at Manila is variously reported as from seventy-five to ninety-one inches.

"The hottest months are April and May; the droughts are then long and accidental fires are to be guarded against; it is then that mosquitoes and white ants are most troublesome. The coolest months are December to February, when the freshness is grateful at night. The average temperature for the year is about 80 degrees. The periods of the changes of the monsoons in May to June and in September to October are marked by the heaviest blows and thunderstorms. Cyclones, typhoons and hurricanes then visit the coast. A typhoon on Sept. 27, 1865, drove some twenty vessels ashore and did great damage to the city of Manila. A typhoon or hurricane Oct. 30, 1876, killed 250 persons and destroyed 3,800 houses. The hurricanes of these times often sweep away crops and destroy plantations."

Almost everywhere in the islands are to be seen evidences of gigantic volcanic forces, although the number of active volcanoes is small. The volcanoes, active and extinct, are grouped in two lines, running, approximately, east and west. Earthquakes are not infrequent and the buildings are designed to resist them. The more violent seismic disturbances appear to be confined to certain centers, among which the neighborhood of Manila seems to be prominent. In a general sense the direction of the chains of mountains is north and south, with occasional deflections to east and west. The highest mountain in the group is Apo, in Mindanao, with over 9,000 feet, while Halcón, in Mindoro, reaches nearly 8,900 feet, and Majón, in Luzon, exceeds 8,200 feet. Of the earthquakes Sir John Bowring, an English traveler, says: "The destructive ravages and changes produced by them are nowhere more remarkable than in the Philippines. They have produced great changes in the geography of the islands. They have overturned mountains, filled up valleys, desolated extensive plains and opened passages from the sea into the interior and from the lakes into the sea." He refers to several of the most serious earthquakes that have been known at the islands, and to those of 1796, 1824 and 1828 as especially "calamitous." The most destructive earthquake of recent times was that of June, 1863, which rendered the city of Manila a mass of ruins, in which 400 persons were buried, 2,000 were injured and property valued at \$3,000,000 was destroyed.

The soil of the Philippines is of phenomenal fertility, although its capacities have been most imperfectly developed. It is difficult to say what product is a staple, although the Manila hemp is, perhaps, best known in the commerce of the islands. This is not a product of the hemp plant, but is the fiber of a species of the banana (*musa* textile). Where the soil is only slightly cultivated the products are: Sugar, hemp, tobacco, rice, coffee, cacao, gums of various kinds, arrowroot, indigo, cotton, pepper, cochineal, betelroot, areca nut, coconuts and coconut oil. In the forests grow the ebony, bamboo, logwood, rattans and numberless other valuable hard woods and gum-yielding trees and plants. The Hon. John Barrett, late United States minister to Siam, who is thoroughly acquainted with the resources of the Philippines, says that "a richer isolated land or group of islands, viewed comparatively as to area and population, variety of agriculture, mineral and forest resources undeveloped, in addition to those already improved, cannot be pointed out on the map of the world."

That the Philippines are fabulously rich in deposits of gold is not to be questioned. Books are extant that mention gold as the chief product of Luzon in the third century A. D., and there is no doubt that mining of the precious metal was extensively practiced in the islands long before the advent of the Spaniards. In a pamphlet written the present year by Mr. Frank Karuth, F. R. G. S., entitled "A New Center of Gold Production," the author says: "The question is often asked, 'How is it that so little is known of Philippine gold?' The answer is simple. There is no official control of the output or tax on it. The miners live in isolated districts and villages, with rare communication between them. And the universal man of business is the omnipresent Chinaman, now storekeeper, with a fixed abode, now perambulating peddler, who penetrates the most distant settlements, buys the gold with his wares and sends it out of the country, over to Hongkong or Amoy, or elsewhere. It is not his business to swagger over the volume of his trade; in fact, he keeps it dark. Those who know are aware that the gold export is considerable and very much exceeds the official computation, whatever that may be. 'Paracale' gold is well known in Manila, but few Manila-ese know where Paracale is, and still less have ever visited the place. Yet it is a prosperous village, with a good deal of trade and a large native mining population. . . . The Paracale gold dust is melted into tiny ingots, a small bivalve serving as a mold, so that the gold shows the shape of the shell. These tiny ingots are tested by the Chinese purchaser, the traces of whose probing auger are always in evidence on the ingots. Gold is found in many other islands of the group. Senor Abella found traces of alluvial workings in Cebu. Mindoro, which is but little known, is said to be rich in gold. Panaon, a small island north of Mindanao, has at least one well-defined vein of auriferous quartz, while Mindanao itself is the center of a considerable trade in alluvial gold. From specimens brought from that island the occurrence of rich quartz veins cannot be a matter of mere conjecture."

Copper is found in many parts of the Philippines, and cupreous pyrites is not

infrequently met with accompanying quartz veins, but in such small quantities as to exclude all commercial value. In the central mountain ranges of Luzon, however, between Cagayan and Ilocos, considerable deposits of copper ore are distributed and had been worked by a tribe of natives, called Igorrotes, long before the advent of the Spaniards. They obtain the ore in excavations which they make with the aid of wood fires, thus softening the rocks. They separate the ore according to quality and roast the poorer repeatedly before smelting it. Their furnace is a cylindrical hole, walled with clay, about twelve inches deep and eight inches in diameter, and they use blowers of bamboo worked with plungers to produce the requisite draft.

The coal which up to present times has been found in the Philippine islands is not true coal, but lignite, probably of the tertiary period, and of a variety which can scarcely be distinguished by the eye from true coal. There is no reason why true coal should not eventually be found, for it is found and worked in Japan, whose geological formation has much in common with that of the Philippines. There has been no systematic search made in these islands for coal, and wherever it has been found it has betrayed its presence by outcrops. Thus, in the island of Masbate, a local steamship owner drew his supplies from a bed of coal which is so tilted as to have the appearance of a vein. He supplied himself as long as his native laborers could get the coal with crowbars. An expert, who examined this bed recently, estimated the available quantity of coal at about 600,000 tons in that particular concession. He is, however, of opinion that very much larger quantities are available in adjoining concessions. These mines are practically untouched, and as they are situated within a few miles of the coast they can be worked at a profit by whosoever should venture to introduce the necessary capital.

The only coal deposits which have been to a certain extent developed in the Philippine archipelago, and of which a scientific and reliable record exists in the shape of a report by the chief inspector of mines, Senor Enrique Abella y Casariego, are those in the island of Cebu. This report is embodied in a work entitled "Rapida Descripcion Fisica, Geologica y Minera de la Isla de Cebu (Archipelago Filipino)."

The coal deposits of Cebu were first examined in 1855 by the government mining engineer, Senor Hernandez, who, without hesitation, described the coal as "lignite" (lignite). A few years later, however, another government engineer, Senor Centeno, declared the formation in which coal occurs to belong to the true carboniferous system, and proclaimed the discovery of a true coal field of large dimensions, the eastern rim of which cropped out in the island of Cebu, while its western rim came to the surface in the island of Negros. Analysis proved Senor Centeno to be in the wrong, for the contents—or carbon—of the coal of Cebu do not exceed 54 per cent, against the minimum of 75 per cent, which true coal contains.

The situation of affairs at the Philippines at the present time makes it necessary to take some notice of the rebellion that broke out against the Spanish rule in August,

1898. In 1872 there was an uprising of the people, the exciting cause of which was the oppressive taxes, excises, license fees and other burdens imposed upon the people by the government. Not only did the natives complain of these extortions, but objected to the corvee, or forced exactions of forty days' labor, which every man was compelled to furnish annually to the government. In addition to these complaints the natives were still further exasperated by the usurious loans to which they were obliged to submit. In case they had to raise money, and by the confiscation of their property in case these loans were not paid at maturity. This power of confiscation was lodged in the hands of certain officials, who used it for the purpose of making still greater exactions. To resist these aggressions a secret revolutionary society was formed, the membership of which in August, 1898, was more than 50,000. The basis of this league was freemasonry, which had been introduced into the islands by the Spanish many years before. The army of the rebels was increased by deserters from the native troops in the Spanish forces, by vagabonds, criminals and a large number of people who had lost all their property through confiscation upon various pretexts. The war that was waged between the Spaniards and the rebels was exceedingly bitter, neither side giving any quarter to the other. It was not war, but savage butchery, in which prisoners, captured or who surrendered were smothered in dungeons, burned alive, disemboweled and put to death in other barbarous ways without regard to the usages of civilized warfare. The revolutionary forces were too strong and too well officered and armed for the Spanish army to subdue, and in December, 1897, Gen. Primo de Rivera proposed to Gen. Emilio Aguinaldo y Femi, the supreme head of the revolutionary movement, a cessation of hostilities between the insurgents and the Spanish forces. A council of the revolutionary government was held Dec. 14, 1897, in which twenty-four insurgent chiefs agreed to lay down their arms on condition that certain reforms were introduced by Spain in the administration of affairs. The insurgents demanded (1) that the Filipinos should have representation in the Spanish national parliament, (2) reforms in the land and tax systems of the islands, (3) curtailment of the civil powers of the friars and (4) the recall of many of the Spanish officials in the islands with a view to a more honest, economical and efficient government. Gen. Primo de Rivera agreed to these reforms in substance and made its condition that the principal rebel leaders must leave the country during his majesty's pleasure. As these leaders had lost all of their property or had it confiscated and plundered, the government agreed to provide them with funds to live in a becoming manner on foreign soil.

The rebels laid down their arms and peace was apparently secured. But no sooner had they done so and returned to their houses or retired from the country than the intransigent religious orders commenced at once to again prosecute them and trump up imaginary charges to procure their rearrest. The Spanish government, on its side, imagining itself secure, desisted from carrying out the promised reforms, thinking another trick like that played on the Cubans, after the peace arrangement by Martinez Campos, might succeed. The Filipinos, however, refused to be made dupes and took up

arms again, not alone in the immediate districts around Manila, but throughout the archipelago, and early in March, 1898, the revolt was as formidable in the province of Manila as ever, the rebels having captured several important towns connected by rail with the capital, while the inhabitants refused to pay their taxes or acknowledge Spanish authority. Such was the condition of affairs in the Philippines at the date of the opening of the war between the United States and Spain.

#### COMMERCE WITH THE PHILIPPINES.

The following table shows the commerce of the islands, the years named being the latest attainable:

Countries.	Imports from Philippines.	Exports to Philippines.
Great Britain, 1897.....	\$6,223,426	\$2,063,598
France, 1896.....	1,990,297	359,796
Germany, 1896.....	223,720	774,923
Belgium, 1896.....	272,240	45,660
Spain, 1895.....	4,819,344	4,973,589
Japan, 1897.....	1,332,300	92,823
China, 1897.....	56,137	97,717
India, 1896.....	7,755	80,156
Straits Settlements, 1896.....	274,130	236,001
New South Wales, 1897.....	119,550	176,858
Victoria, 1896.....	180	178,370
United States, 1897.....	4,383,740	94,597

Total..... 19,702,819 9,174,093

The average value of the trade of the Philippines is greater than indicated in the above table, having suffered in the last few years on account of political conditions. This is shown by the fact that in 1893 the imports of Great Britain from the islands were to the value of \$10,407,000, and the exports nearly \$1,500,000 more than the shipments in 1897. France imports three times as much as she did in 1893, but her exports have diminished in an even larger proportion, from over \$2,000,000 to \$350,000. China imports more than twice as much, but exports considerably less than in 1893. India imports less, but her exports have risen from \$57,000 to \$80,000. The Straits Settlements have lost over \$100,000 in imports and some \$140,000 in exports. The trade with New South Wales has grown, but that with Victoria has greatly diminished, and United States commerce, which was \$3,314,235 in 1893, has fallen to \$4,478,337 in 1897.

The following statements show the principal articles of import and export:

COUNTRY.	Hemp.	Tobacco.	Cocoanuts and copra.	Sugar.
Great Britain.....	\$3,694,314	\$716,767	\$222,404	\$1,512,708
France.....	78,754	89,451	1,797,196	.....
Germany.....	166,800	81,654	.....	.....
Japan.....	100,998	64,477	.....	1,156,411
India.....	4,965	3,058	.....	.....
Spain.....	.....	2,538,150	.....	413,794
United States.....	2,701,651	.....	.....	1,190,202
Total.....	6,745,177	3,435,522	2,009,602	4,282,110

It must not be inferred from the absence of statistics in regard to some of the above articles that there are no imports into the countries mentioned. They are either covered in the general heading, "All other imports," or are classified in some other way.

## PRINCIPAL EXPORTS TO PHILIPPINES.

COUNTRY.	Cotton manfg.	Silk and woolen.	Apparel.	Machin- ery and metals.	Coal.	Provi- sions.
Great Britain.....	\$1,268,087	\$30,148	\$5,274	\$317,043	\$15,866	\$73,455
France.....	143,223	81,213	3,912	15,388		
Germany.....	111,028	88,040	99,246	175,413		31,651
Japan.....	120	4,418	157	648	40,986	7,429
United States.....	2,164					
Total.....	1,524,622	205,839	109,488	528,485	57,853	118,536

The figures covering Spain's trade with the Philippines are taken from "Spain's Foreign Trade," by Frank H. Hitchcock, department of agriculture, 1898.

Details of the trade by articles are not given, except in certain imports from the Philippines:

Year.	Imports from Philippines.	Exports to Philippines.	Year.	Tobacco.	Sugar.	Coffee.
1891.....	\$4,342,009	\$2,712,515	1891.....	\$2,605,987	\$216,909	\$360,481
1892.....	4,450,492	2,655,398	1892.....	3,511,303	301,838	440,396
1893.....	4,013,643	4,378,530	1893.....	2,632,816	272,953	153,832
1894.....	3,473,004	5,516,735	1894.....	2,138,068	389,724	231,541
1895.....	4,819,344	4,973,589	1895.....	2,533,150	413,794	107,656

## COMMERCE OF UNITED STATES WITH THE PHILIPPINES.

The following figures are taken from the Monthly Summary of Finance and Commerce, April, 1898, bureau of statistics, treasury department:

## IMPORTS FROM PHILIPPINES.

ARTICLES.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.
<b>FREE OF DUTY.</b>						
Sugar, cane and other.....	\$2,417,100	\$2,965,986	\$3,655,637	\$487,200	(*)	(*)
Textile grasses, etc., Manila.....	3,798,823	6,217,192	3,324,223	3,572,236	\$2,499,494	\$2,701,651
All other free articles.....	23,691	84,012	12,514	18,516	99,536	874,406
Total free of duty.....	6,239,614	9,117,170	6,992,364	3,657,952	2,599,020	3,086,057
<b>DUTABLE.</b>						
Sugar.....	(†)	(†)	(†)	1,043,806	2,370,902	1,199,202
All other dutiable articles.....	99,011	42,687	15,978	29,608	112,935	98,481
Total dutiable.....	99,011	42,687	15,978	1,073,414	2,383,837	1,297,683
Total imports of mdse.....	6,338,625	9,159,857	7,008,342	4,731,366	4,982,857	4,383,740

## EXPORTS TO PHILIPPINES.

DOMESTIC MERCHANDISE.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.
Cotton, manufactures of.....	\$6,483	\$8,444	\$45,761	\$3,355	\$9,714	\$2,164
Oils, mineral, refined.....	43,001	105,986	35,495	67,887	89,958	45,908
Varnish.....	1,530	2,443	191	2,605	1,500	2,239
All other articles.....	9,900	37,506	64,019	45,458	61,169	44,285
Total domestic mdse.....	60,914	154,378	145,466	119,255	162,341	94,597
Total foreign mdse.....					106	
Total exports of mdse.....	60,914	154,378	145,466	119,255	162,446	94,597

\*See dutiable. †See free of duty.

## EUROPEAN COLONIAL POSSESSIONS.

A comparative table of the extent and number of inhabitants of the European colonial possessions shows:

COUNTRY.	EXTENT.		POPULATION.	
	Motherland.	Colonies.	Motherland.	Colonies.
	Sq. miles.	Sq. miles.		
Great Britain.....	120,979	18,682,073	36,325,000	322,000,000
France.....	204,062	2,506,000	38,520,000	44,230,000
German Empire.....	208,830	1,615,577	53,325,000	7,450,000
Portugal.....	36,038	809,914	5,050,000	10,215,000
Holland.....	12,848	788,000	4,980,000	34,210,000
Spain.....	197,670	405,466	17,300,000	9,900,000
Italy.....	110,646	242,430	31,250,000	196,000
Denmark.....	15,289	85,614	2,175,000	130,000

## THE MARIANA OR LADRONE ISLANDS.

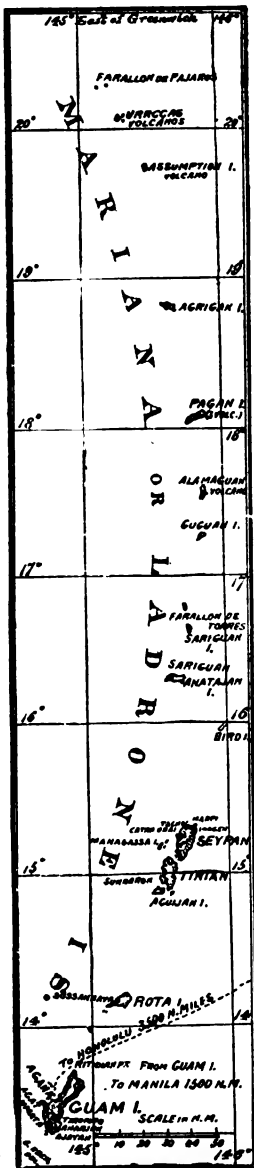
The Mariana archipelago is a chain of islands in the Pacific stretching north and south a winding distance of about 600 miles and embraces some seventeen islands, having an area of about 500 square miles. They were the first group discovered by Magellan in 1521, while making his voyage around the globe, about ten days after he had reached the island of Cebu, one of the Philippines. Some years later, when the Spaniards had assumed sovereignty over the Philippines, they established a regular service for their vessels across the Pacific to the island of Guam, one of the Mariana group, which became a regular station for vessels sailing between Manila and the Mexican coast.

The native inhabitants of the Marianas soon disappeared under the dominion of Spain and the group was repopled by immigrants from the Philippines, who brought with them a new language, plants and customs.

The name of "Ladrones" was given to the islands by Magellan because, it is said, of the character of their inhabitants, the word meaning "robbers," but history declares such a designation to have been entirely unjust to the aborigines of the group. Later they were renamed Mariana in honor of Mariana of Austria, the wife of Philip IV., king of Spain. A distance of about 1,200 miles separates the most southwesterly island of the Mariana group from the nearest of the Philippines and the entire intervening distance is wholly free from reefs or other obstructions to navigation, except a few rocks on the northern extremity toward Japan and the Felew island on the south. Geologically the group has no connection with the Philippines, but belongs to the same formation as the Aleutian islands that project west from the coast of Alaska.

The principal island of the group is Guam or Guahn, which comprises nearly one-half of the entire area of the archipelago. From a commercial point of view the Mariana group of islands is of little value, as the trade is wholly insignificant. The products are such only as are required by the inhabitants of the tropics, and even these are not sufficiently abundant to induce trade and commerce. The natives grow sugar cane, rice, corn and melons. Coconuts, pineapples, bananas, limes, lemons, oranges and the breadfruit grow wild in greatest profusion. It rains nearly all the time—half a dozen squalls of from ten to thirty minutes every day—but no one minds that. It keeps the temperature down and makes everything grow. It is a fine coffee country, but there is almost no attention paid to the industry. The principal product is copra. When the islands were discovered they were found to have a considerable population, which resembled the Malays of the Philippines in language but in no other particular. In physical appearance they resembled the Indonesian and Papuan race and were divided into two classes, one composing the nobility and the other the common people, between which marriage, by their own laws and customs, was not permitted. As soon as the Spaniards acquired possession of the islands all the inhabitants were reduced to a common state of servitude. This was not brought about without a long and serious struggle, for the natives held out valiantly against their oppressors and resistance did not cease until 60,000, or more than one-half of the native population had fallen in the conflict or had escaped to the Caroline islands, while more than one-third of the 180 villages had been destroyed. In 1760 the population of the group had been reduced to 1,600 inhabitants, and to supply the deficiency occasioned by the long struggle Tagul colonists were brought from the Philippines, but these compulsory immigrants perished from epidemics and the severity of the demands made upon them by the new masters of the islands. In 1876 the native population had become reduced to about 600 souls.

The entire population of the group is concentrated on the island of Guam, except a few colonies of fishermen. The island of Tinian has only a single village and a community of lepers, while Reta and Sayan have only a few hundred inhabitants each. Not only have the people fallen off in numbers but in capacity as well. While they have learned all the vices of the few Spaniards and Malays who have supplanted the larger portion of the aborigines, they have forgotten the virtues and the industries that their forefathers practiced. Agriculture has been



practically abandoned, modern pottery has taken the place of that made by the natives, imported cloths have destroyed the manufacture of the coarser domestic fabrics, houses that the natives used to build and inhabit have disappeared and the rudest huts have taken their places, and many of the arts practiced by the people have been wholly lost under the blighting rule of the Spaniards.

The government of the archipelago has, of necessity, been military in its character, the garrison at the capital, Agaña, on the island of Guam, being composed of some sixty Spanish and 300 native recruits drawn from the population by conscription, under a captain-general appointed by the Spanish cabinet. The garrison has been usually supported by a small and inefficient gunboat, which has been necessary to restrain the people as well as the native troops.

The importance of the Mariana archipelago to the United States depends entirely upon the part it is to play in the peace conference at Paris. When Capt. Glass, in command of the Charleston, left Honolulu he was given sealed orders which were not to be opened until he was out of sight of land. He was destined to Manila to reinforce Admiral Dewey and convey a fleet carrying troops to Gen. Merritt. These orders directed him to stop at Guam, capture the governor and all the Spanish officials and soldiers and destroy the fortifications at Agaña, the capital, or in the bay of San Luis d'Apra, upon which the town is situated. Early on the morning of June 20 land was sighted, the Charleston cleared for action and sailed into the bay. Entering the harbor, Capt. Glass directed his course to Fort Santa Cruz, upon which he opened fire at a range of 3,000 yards with his three-pounders. Thirteen shells were fired without eliciting any response. At length Lieut. García Gutierrez of the Spanish navy and Dr. Romero of the army rowed out to the vessel to see if the men on the Charleston were in good health and to give the promise to Capt. Glass that they would return his salute just as soon as they could borrow some powder for the two old guns that were in the fort. The following account of the surrender is by Oscar King Davis and was published in Harper's Weekly, the official report of Capt. Glass not having been made public:

Gutierrez and Romero were thunderstruck at being informed of the real situation, and when told that Manila was in Dewey's hands, practically, the Spanish fleet destroyed, and that they were prisoners of war, they were most unhappy. Francis Portusac, a native of Guam and an Agaña merchant, who was naturalized in Chicago in 1888, was with the officials to act as interpreter, but Capt. Glass used him more as a bureau of information about the island. Finally the captain paroled the Spaniards for the day and sent them away in their boats with a verbal message to the governor, Lieut.-Col. Don Jose Marina y Vega, to hurry up and pay his official call. That evening Gov. Marina sent Capt. Glass a message to the effect that the military regulations of Spain forbade him to set foot on a foreign vessel, but he would be pleased to see the captain at his office in the morning. Capt. Glass replied that he would see the governor himself, or send an officer to represent him.

The next morning Lieut. William Braun-

ersreuther, the navigator of the Charleston, with Ensign Waldo Evans and five men, went ashore. Lieut. Braunersreuther carried a formal note to the governor from Capt. Glass, which gave him thirty minutes in which to surrender unconditionally. The guns of the Charleston were ready to enforce the demands. Lieut. Braunersreuther met the governor at the landing place at the native village of Pitti. With the governor were Capt. Duarte of the Spanish army, his secretary, the port captain, Lieut. Gutierrez and Dr. Romero. In presenting the note from Capt. Glass Lieut. Braunersreuther said, in Spanish:

"I have the honor to present a communication from my commandant. I am authorized to wait one-half hour for your reply. In presenting this communication I call your attention to the fact that we have, as you see, three large ships in the harbor, and a fourth [the Sydney had remained outside] outside ready to come in. One of these ships is a modern war vessel of high power, with large guns. The others are transports full of soldiers. We have a large force here. I call your attention to these facts in order that you may not make any hasty or ill-considered reply to the note of my commandant."

Gov. Marina bowed and thanked Lieut. Braunersreuther, took the note and retired with his staff into his office. From its window, if he chanced to look out, he could see the steam launch of the Charleston towing a string of boats full of men up toward the landing place. In the boats were Lieut. Myers, U. S. M. C., of the Charleston, with forty marines from the ship, and part of company A, 2d Oregon. Capt. H. L. Heath, from the Australia. This was the first detachment of the landing force. Gen. Anderson and Capt. Glass had agreed on the night before. The rest of company A and company D, Capt. A. T. Prescott, were waiting on the Australia for the launch to return and tow them to land. To their intense disgust, not a man of them set foot on land. The first detachment tied up to the Japanese brigantine while the launch went back for the rest, and before it came back the work had all been done.

For twenty-nine minutes Lieut. Braunersreuther waited, watch in hand, for the reply. Then Gov. Marina came out of his office with a sealed letter addressed to Capt. Glass. "It is for your commandant," he said, as Lieut. Braunersreuther broke it open. "I represent my commandant here," was the reply. Gov. Marina had written: "Sir: In the absence of any notification from my government concerning the relations of war between the United States and Spain, and without any means of defense, or the possibility of defense in the face of such a large opposing force, I feel compelled, in the interests of humanity and to save life, to make a complete surrender of all under my jurisdiction. Trusting to your mercy and justice, I have the honor to be," etc., etc.

So Guam was surrendered, with all the Mariana Islands. The unhappy governor had no notice that the force which had threatened him was intended really for Manila, and thought that it had been sent out solely against the Mariana group. He had but fifty-four Spanish regulars and a company of Chamorros, and was, as he said, quite without means of making a defense. Lieut.

Braunersreuther required him to write an order to Lieut. Ramon, in command of the troops at Agaña, to have them on the pier at Piti, with all arms, accoutrements and ammunition and the four Spanish flags in the island, at 4 o'clock that afternoon. That done, the governor wrote a long farewell to his wife, telling her to send his clothing and personal effects to Piti at once.

Soon after the arrival of the prisoners on the Charleston Capt. Glass took a large United States flag and went in his barge to Fort Santa Cruz, where he hoisted the stars

and stripes on the old Spanish staff. As the first broad red stripe rose over the ruined battlements the six-inch rifles of the Charleston roared out the national salute. Formal possession had been taken of Guam. At the same time the bands on the Australia and Peking played the "Star-Spangled Banner," and the soldiers and sailors on the troopships and cruiser gave three times three for Uncle Sam's new island.

The captures consisted of 108 Mauser and Remington rifles and 15,000 rounds of ammunition.

## POPULAR VOTE

For presidential candidates from 1824 to and including 1896. Prior to 1824 electors were chosen by the legislatures of the different states.

1824—J. Q. Adams had 106,821 to 155,872 for Jackson, 44,252 for Crawford and 46,537 for Clay. Jackson over Adams, 50,551. Adams less than combined vote of others, 139,859. Of the whole vote Adams had 39.32 per cent, Jackson 44.37, Clay 13.23, Crawford 23.23. Adams elected by house of representatives.

1828—Jackson had 647,231 to 569,097 for J. Q. Adams. Jackson's majority, 138,134. Of the whole vote Jackson had 55.97 per cent, Adams 44.03.

1832—Jackson had 687,502 to 530,189 for Clay and 33,108 for Floyd and Wirt combined. Jackson's majority, 124,295. Of the whole vote Jackson had 54.94 per cent, Clay 43.39 and the others combined 2.65.

1836—Van Buren had 761,548 to 736,656, the combined vote for Harrison, White, Webster and Mangum. Van Buren's majority, 24,892. Of the whole vote Van Buren had 60.33 per cent and the others combined 49.17.

1840—Harrison had 1,275,017 to 1,128,703 for Van Buren and 7,069 for Birney. Harrison's majority, 139,256. Of the whole vote Harrison had 52.89 per cent, Van Buren 46.83 and Birney .29.

1844—Polk had 1,337,343 to 1,299,068 for Clay and 62,369 for Birney. Polk over Clay, 38,175. Polk less than others combined, 14,125. Of the whole vote Polk had 49.56 per cent, Clay 48.14 and Birney 2.21.

1848—Taylor had 1,360,101 to 1,226,544 for Cass and 291,263 for Van Buren. Taylor over Cass, 139,577. Taylor less than others combined, 151,706. Of the whole vote Taylor had 47.34 per cent, Cass 42.60 and Van Buren 10.14.

1852—Pierce had 1,601,474 to 1,386,678 for Scott and 155,149 for Hale. Pierce over all, 55,747. Of the whole vote Pierce had 50.90 per cent, Scott 44.10 and Hale 4.97.

1856—Buchanan had 1,528,159 to 1,351,264 for Fremont and 874,534 for Fillmore. Buchanan over Fremont, 496,905. Buchanan less than combined vote of others, 377,629. Of the whole vote Buchanan had 45.81 per cent, Fremont 33.09 and Fillmore 21.57.

1860—Lincoln had 1,866,352 to 1,375,157 for Douglas, 345,763 for Breckinridge and 589,531 for Bell. Lincoln over Breckinridge, 491,195. Lincoln less than Douglas and Breckinridge combined, 354,558. Lincoln less than combined vote of all others, 244,149. Of the whole vote Lincoln had 39.91 per cent, Douglas 29.40, Breckinridge 18.08 and Bell 12.61.

1864—Lincoln had 2,216,067 to 1,809,725 for McClellan (eleven states not voting, viz.: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia). Lincoln's majority, 406,342. Of the whole vote Lincoln had 55.08 per cent and McClellan 44.91.

1868—Grant had 3,015,071 to 2,709,613 for Seymour (three states not voting, viz.: Mississippi, Texas and Virginia). Grant's majority, 306,458. Of the whole vote Grant had 52.67 per cent and Seymour 47.33.

1872—Grant had 3,597,070 to 2,534,079 for Greeley, 29,403 for O'Connor and 5,808 for Black. Grant's majority, 729,976. Of the whole vote Grant had 55.63 per cent, Greeley 42.83, O'Connor .15, Black .09.

1876—Hayes had 4,033,950 to 4,284,885 for Tilden, 51,740 for Cooper, 9,522 for Smith and 2,436 scattering. Tilden's majority over Hayes, 250,935. Tilden's majority of the entire vote cast, 157,037. Hayes less than the combined vote of others, 344,833. Of the whole vote cast Hayes had 47.95 per cent, Tilden 50.94, Cooper .97, Smith .11 scattering .3.

1880—Garfield had 4,449,053 to 4,442,035 for Hancock, 307,306 for Weaver and 12,576 scattering. Garfield over Hancock, 7,018. Garfield less than the combined vote for others, 313,864. Of the popular vote Garfield had 48.26 per cent, Hancock 48.25, Weaver 3.32, scattering .13.

1884—Cleveland had 4,874,986 to 4,851,981 for Blaine, 150,369 for St. John, 173,370 for Butler. Cleveland had over Blaine 23,006. Cleveland had 48.48 per cent, Blaine 48.22, St. John 1.49, Butler 1.74.

1888—Harrison had 5,441,902 to 5,638,560 for Cleveland, 349,937 for Fisk, 147,521 for Streeter, 3,073 for Cowdrey, 1,591 for Curtis and 9,845 scattering. Harrison had 96,658 less than Cleveland. Of the whole vote Harrison had 47.83 per cent, Cleveland 48.63, Fisk 2.21 and Streeter 1.30.

1892—Cleveland had 5,558,562 to 5,162,874 for Harrison, 264,066 for Bidwell, 1,055,474 for Weaver and 22,813 for Wing. Of the whole vote Cleveland had 46.73 per cent, Harrison 42.49, Bidwell 2.17 and Weaver 8.67.

1896—McKinley had 7,507,822; Bryan, 6,511,073; Levering, 120,633; Bentley, 13,950; Matchett, 33,545; Palmer, 133,800. Of the whole vote McKinley had 50.49 per cent and Bryan had 46.26.

Of the presidents, Adams, federalist; Polk, Buchanan and Cleveland, democrats; Taylor, whig; Lincoln, Hayes, Garfield and Harrison, republicans, did not, when elected, receive a majority of the popular vote. The highest percentage of popular vote received by any president was 55.97 for Jackson, democrat, in 1828, and the lowest 39.91 for Lincoln, republican, in 1860; Buchanan, democrat, next lowest, with 45.34. Hayes and Harrison, with the exception of John Quincy Adams, who was chosen by the house of representatives, were the only presidents ever elected who did not have a majority over their principal competitors, and Tilden and Cleveland the only defeated candidates who had a majority over the president-elect.

## THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

The republic of Hawaii, the union of which to the United States was completed on the 12th of August, 1898, consists of eight islands in the Pacific ocean, between longitude 154.40 and 160.30 west from Greenwich and latitude 22.16 and 18.55 north. They were discovered by Capt. Cook in 1778, and on Hawaii he was killed by the natives Feb. 14, 1779. They are located on the edge of the tropics, but their position in mid-ocean and the prevalence of the northeast trade winds gives them a climate of perpetual summer without enervating heat. The group occupies a central position in the North Pacific, 2,089 nautical miles southwest of San Francisco, 4,840 from Panama, 3,800 from Auckland (New Zealand), 4,950 from Hongkong, 3,440 from Yokohama and 4,350 from Manila. It will thus be seen that Hawaii lies about one-third of the distance on the accustomed routes from San Francisco to Japan and Chinese ports, from San Francisco to Australia, from the Pacific ports of British Columbia to Australia and British India and about half way from the Isthmus of Panama to Yokohama and Hongkong. A government publication has the following to say as to the importance of Hawaii as a naval station: "From a naval standpoint Hawaii is the great strategic base of the Pacific. Under the present conditions of naval warfare, created by the use of steam as a motive power, Hawaii would secure to the maritime nation possessing it an immense advantage as a depot for the supply of coal. Modern battleships, depending absolutely upon coal, would be enabled to avail themselves of their full capacity of speed and energy only by having some halfway station in the Pacific where they could replenish their stores of fuel and refit. A battleship or cruiser starting from an Asiatic or Australian port, with the view of operating along the coast of either North America or South America, would be unable to act effectively for any length of time at the end of so long a voyage unless she were able to refill her bunkers at some point on the way. On the other hand, the United States, possessing Hawaii, will be able to advance its line of defense 2,000 miles from the Pacific coast, and, with a fortified harbor and a strong fleet at Honolulu, will be in a position to conduct either defensive or offensive operations in the North Pacific to greater advantage than any other power."

There are eight principal islands in the group, the others being mere rocks of no present value. They are named, beginning from the northwest:

	Area in sq. miles.
Niihau .....	97
Kauai .....	590
Oahu .....	600
Molokai .....	270
Maul .....	760
Lanai .....	150
Kahooolawe .....	63
Hawaii .....	4,210
Total .....	6,740

By comparison it will be seen that the area of the islands is only a little less than that of the state of New Jersey, while it is

more than three times that of the state of Delaware.

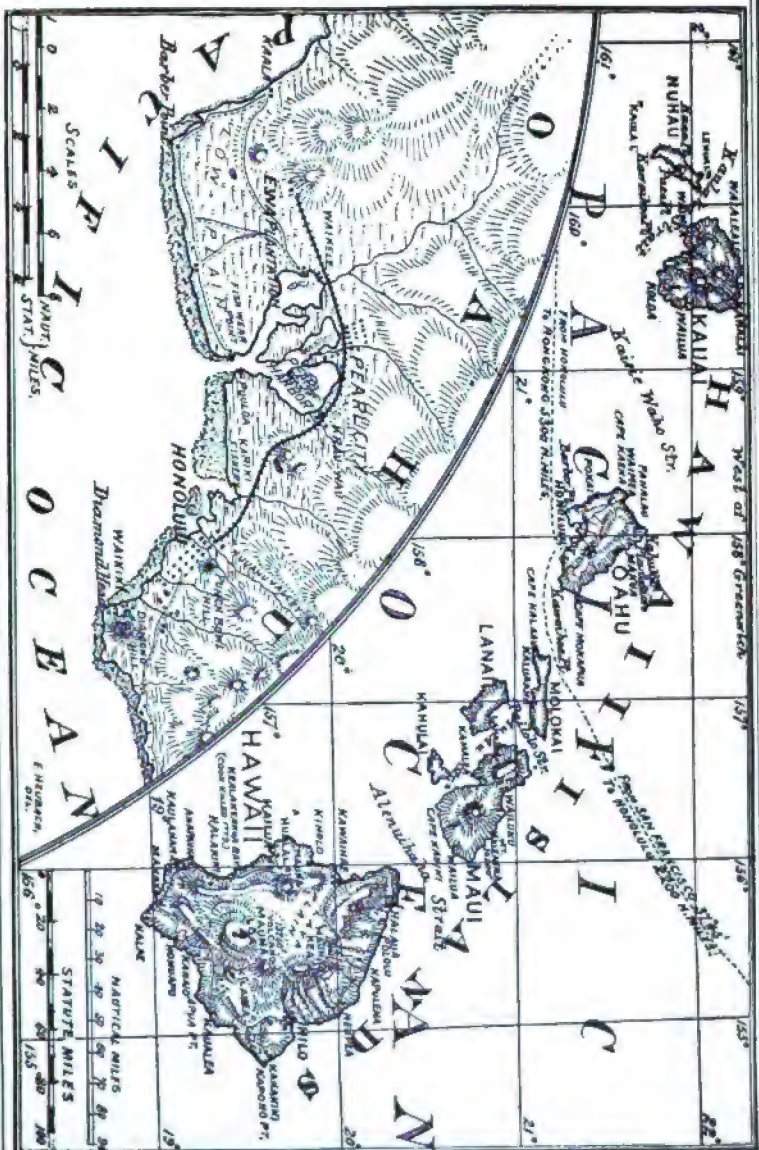
The islands that present the most attractions are Hawaii, Maui, Oahu and Kauai, as it is on these that coffee, fruits, potatoes, corn and vegetables of various kinds are produced in the most luxuriant profusion and where land can be obtained on reasonable terms. Hawaii is the largest of the group and presents the greatest variety of soil and climate. The island is divided into eight districts. Those on the windward side—North Kohala, Hamakua, Hilo and Puna—are well watered by plentiful rains, while on the lee side South Kohala, North Kona, South Kona and Kau are rarely without necessary water supply. The Kona district is noted for both its coffee and sugar. The coffee industry is carried on by several hundred proprietors, whose plantations embrace an acreage ample for 200,000 trees down to those who work an acre or more. A government report says of this island that there are "thousands of acres at present uncultivated and only awaiting the enterprise of the temperate zone to develop them."

Maui is one of the most productive islands in the group and produces sugar and coffee, the cultivation of which is largely confined to the eastern portion, which has been only recently devoted to those products. On this island is a large mountain, Haleakala, the western slope of which is covered with farms where the smaller grains are raised, with some swine. On this island thousands of acres are lying fallow.

No one of the group offers better advantages than Oahu. Very many acres of land in the fertile valleys are yet wholly undeveloped, the inhabitants being devoted to the cultivation of sugar on the larger islands. On this is situated the capital of the country. A line of railroad has been built extending west from Honolulu a distance of about thirty miles, and it is proposed to continue it entirely around the island. The road runs through a very rich coffee-producing region and affords good facilities for transporting the product to the capital, which is the chief port of entry in the group.

Kauai is popularly known as "the garden island" from the luxuriance of its vegetation. The chief products are sugar and rice. Little coffee is being grown, its introduction being but recently made. There are larger areas of rich unoccupied lands on the island of Kauai.

On Oahu is Honolulu, the capital of the whilom republic. It is a city of 30,000 inhabitants and is one of the most advanced capitals on the globe. It is lighted with electric lights and has an extensive telephone system and street cars. Any variety of goods that can be bought in any southern city in the world can be purchased at its stores, while the public buildings are ornate and commodious. It is abundantly supplied with churches and the best of schools, a large public library, a Young Men's Christian association hall, a Masonic temple, an Odd-Fellows' hall and all other appliances of an advanced civilization, not to mention four daily and two weekly English papers, besides others printed in the Hawaiian, Portuguese, Japanese and Chinese languages. Among the native Hawaiians the



percentage of illiteracy is very small, it having been officially declared not to be greater than it is in the state of Massachusetts.

The Hawaiian islands are of volcanic formation, and there are two active volcanoes on Hawaii—Kilauea and Mauna Loa. The altitude of Mauna Kea, the highest point on Hawaii, is 13,806 feet. The mountains on other islands range from 4,000 to 5,000 feet. The topography is broken and diversified, with many valleys and streams. The mountain sides abound in forests, containing an abundance of ship timber and many ornamental woods. Among the minerals that have been noticed are sulphur, pyrites, common salt, sal ammoniac, limonite, quartz, augite, chrysolite, garnet, labradorite, feldspar, gypsum, soda, alum, copperas, glauher salts, niter and calcite.

"In the Hawaiian islands," says a pamphlet of the Hawaiian government, "Americans and Europeans can and do work in the open air at all seasons of the year, as they cannot in countries lying in the same latitude elsewhere. To note an instance: Calcutta lies a little to the north of the latitude of Kaula, our most northerly island and in Calcutta the American and European can only work with his brain; hard physical labor he cannot do and live. On the Hawaiian islands he can work and thrive."

The rainfall varies, being greater on the windward side of the islands, and increasing up to a certain elevation. Thus, at Oloa, on the island of Hawaii, windward side and elevation of about 2,000 feet, the rainfall from July 1, 1894, to June 30, 1895, was 176.32 inches, while at Kailua, on the leeward side, at a low level, it was only 51.21 inches during the same period.

The temperature also varies according to elevation and position. On the island of Hawaii one can get any climate from the heat of summer to actual winter at the summits of the two great mountains. A meteorological record, kept carefully for a period of twelve years, gives 89 degrees as the highest and 54 degrees as the lowest temperature recorded, or a mean temperature of 71.5 degrees for the year. A case of sunstroke has never been known. People take no special precautions against the sun, wearing straw and soft felt hats similar to those worn in the United States during the summer months.

The prevailing winds are the northeast trades. These blow for about nine months of the year. The remainder of the period the winds are variable and chiefly from the south. The islands are outside the cyclone belt, and severe storms accompanied by thunder and lightning are of rare occurrence.

The islands possess a healthful climate. There are no virulent fevers such as are encountered on the coast of Africa or in the West India islands. Epidemics seldom visit the islands, and when they do they are generally light. A careful system of quarantine guards them now from epidemics from abroad.

The pamphlet entitled "The Republic of Hawaii," issued by the department of foreign affairs of the islands in 1896, gives a full account of the agricultural resources of the country, with interesting details as to the coffee industry, from which the following matter is extracted: The mainstay of the islands, it says, has for the last thirty-five years been the sugar industry. From this source a large amount of wealth has

been accumulated. But the sugar industry requires large capital for expensive machinery and has never proved remunerative to small investors. An attempt has been made at profit-sharing, and has met with some success, the small farmer cultivating and the capitalist grinding at a central mill. Of late years, moreover, the small farmer has been steadily developing in the Hawaiian islands, and attention has been given to other products than sugar.

Rice neither Europeans nor Americans can cultivate as laborers. It requires working in marshy land, and, though on the islands it yields two crops a year, none but the Chinaman can raise it successfully. A dry-land or mountain rice has been introduced.

The main staple, after sugar and rice, is coffee. Of this, hundreds of thousands of trees have been planted out within the last five years. This is essentially the crop of the future, and bids fair to become as important a staple as sugar. Coffee does not require the amount of capital that sugar does and it can be worked remuneratively upon a small area. It is estimated that at the end of the fourth year the return from a seventy-five-acre coffee plantation will much more than pay the running expenses, while from that time on a return of from \$3,000 to \$10,000 per annum may be realized.

Fruits can also be cultivated to advantage. At present the banana trade of the islands amounts to over 100,000 bunches per annum, valued at over \$100,000, and the quantity might very easily be quadrupled. The banana industry may be regarded as in its infancy. The export of the fruit is only from the island of Oahu, but there are thousands of acres on the other islands of the group which could be profitably used for this cultivation and for nothing else. The whole question of the banana industry hinges on the market. At present the market is limited.

Limes and oranges can be cultivated and the fruit can be easily packed for export; at present the production does not meet the local market. The fruits can be raised to perfection. The Hawaiian orange has a fine flavor and the Hawaiian lime is of superior quality. In the uplands of Hawaii and Maui potatoes are raised. Their quality is good. Corn is also raised. In these industries many Portuguese, Norwegians and others have embarked. Both these products find an ample local market. The corn is used largely for feed on the plantations, and ground with the cob makes an excellent feed for working cattle, horses and mules.

In the uplands where the climate is temperate, as at Waimea, Hawaii, vegetables of all kinds can be raised; excellent cauliflower, cabbages and every product of the temperate zone can be grown to perfection.

Cattle raising in so small a place as the Hawaiian islands does not present great opportunities except for local consumption. Pigs are profitable to the small farmer. In the Kula district of Maui pigs are fattened upon the corn and potatoes raised in the district. The price of pork, dressed, is 25 cents a pound in Honolulu and about 15 cents a pound in the outside districts.

The Chinese, of whom there are some 20,000 resident on the various islands, are extremely fond of pork, so that there is a large local market, which has to be supplemented by importations from California.

Attention has lately been given to fiber plants, for which there are many suitable

locations. Ramie grows luxuriantly, but the lack of proper decorticating and cleaning machinery has prevented any advance in this cultivation.

Sisal hemp and anseveira have been experimented with, but without any distinct influence upon the trade output.

The cultivation of pineapples is a growing industry. In 1896 'pineas' were exported from the islands to San Francisco to the value of nearly \$9,000. This has grown up in the last half-dozen years. There is every reason to think that canning pineapples for the coast and other markets can be made profitable.

The guava, which grows wild, can also be put to profit for the manufacture of guava jelly. It has never been entered upon on a large scale, but to the thrifty farmer it would be a convenient addition to his income, just as the juice of the maple adds to the income of farmers of the eastern states. Well-made guava jelly will find a market anywhere. In England it is regarded as a

great delicacy, being imported from the West India islands. Besides the guava there are other fruits which can be put up to commercial profit, notably the poha, or cape gooseberry (*Physalis edulis*). This has been successfully made into jams and jelly, which command an extensive local sale and should find their way into larger markets.

In fact, outside the great industries of sugar, coffee and rice there is a good field for many minor industries which can be carried on with profit.

In the Hawaiian islands a simple life can be lived, and entering gradually upon the coffee industry a good competence can be obtained long before such could be realized by the agriculturist in less favored countries. However, it is useless to go to the islands without the necessary capital to develop the land that can be obtained. Between arriving and the time that the crops begin to give returns there is a period where the living must be close and cash must be paid out for the necessary improvements.

### HAWAIIAN ANNEXATION.

The record of the proceedings having for their object the annexation of Hawaii to the United States was brought down in *The Daily News Almanac* for 1898 to September, 1897, when the Hawaiian senate met in special session for considering the annexation treaty then pending in the senate of the United States, which will be found on page 266 of that volume. The Hawaiian senate signified its assent to the annexation of the islands to the United States, although there was a strong feeling of opposition to such action among the native royalists, who opposed a surrender of their government and territory. It will be remembered that the annexation treaty was transmitted to the United States senate in June, 1897, just before the close of the special session, and it was publicly expected that it would be acted upon early in the session of the regular congress which met in December of that year. The treaty was considered in secret session, and it became evident that although the annexation of Hawaii was supposed to be a republican measure the ratification of the treaty was opposed by some of the ablest members of that party in the senate, while it had the unqualified support of several members of the opposition. It was publicly stated that Mr. Morrill (Rep.) of Vermont and Mr. Hoar (Rep.) of Massachusetts opposed the ratification of the treaty, while Mr. Morgan (Dem.) of Alabama, recognized leader of his party, warmly advocated its adoption. Other republicans were disposed to object to the union, while some of the other democrats and all the populists favored the proposal.

On the 24th of January, 1898, Mr. Joseph G. Carter arrived in Washington from Hawaii to oppose the adoption of the treaty, which he declared would be injurious to both countries, while he affirmed that Hawaii was amply able to take care of herself. On the 26th of January President Dole of the Hawaiian republic visited Washington and was received as the chief executive of a neighboring state. He remained at the capital some two weeks, and during the time he refrained from expressing himself publicly upon the subject of annexation. The treaty was reported from the committee

on foreign relations to the senate near the middle of January, and the opposition to its ratification at once developed itself. On the 3d of February Senator White (Dem.) of California offered a resolution setting forth that the people of Hawaii had the right to maintain their own form of government and the United States ought not to interfere with such right. On the 7th Senator Morgan (Dem.) of Alabama offered an amendment to this resolution, which was as follows:

"That the republic of Hawaii, established in and based upon its present constitution, is a rightful government, and has been and still is recognized as such by the United States of America and by other great powers, without any question by any nation of its rightful and sovereign independence; and said constitution is the true and recognized authority that fixes the measure and the distribution of the rights and powers of government in that republic while said constitution remains in force.

"That in conformity with the existing constitution of the republic of Hawaii, and so long as the same is in force, the powers of government reside in and are to be exercised by the incumbents of the departments, tribunals and offices created by said constitution and filled in pursuance of law, and the lawful electors under said constitution who qualify as such by taking the oath of allegiance prescribed therein are entitled to share in the government of Hawaii according to the rights secured to them in said constitution, and to the extent and in the manner therein provided, so long as the same is in force.

"And said government of the republic of Hawaii having in due form signified its consent in the manner provided in its constitution that the Hawaiian islands, with all the territory appurtenant thereto, over which said government now claims to exercise sovereign jurisdiction, shall be annexed to and become a part of the territory of the United States of America, and shall be subject to the national power and sovereign jurisdiction thereof, it is hereby enacted and declared that said cession is accepted, ratified and confirmed, and that said Hawaiian islands are annexed as a part of the

territory of the United States of America, and are subject to the sovereign dominion thereof."

Mr. Davis (Rep.) of Minnesota, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, moved that the resolution of Mr. White and the amendment proposed by Mr. Morgan be referred to the foreign relations committee, and after a brief colloquy between Mr. White and Mr. Morgan they were so referred.

The subject was debated in both the senate and house of representatives and on the 5th of March, 1898, the foreign relations committee of the senate became satisfied that the proposed treaty could not be ratified, for the number of votes in the senate was from four to six less than the requisite number. Two courses were open to the friends of annexation to pursue—first, to amend the treaty so as to make it acceptable to those who objected to it in its present form, and, second, to drop the treaty entirely and substitute for it a joint resolution which would require only a majority vote of the two houses of congress and could be openly discussed in both bodies. It was decided to adopt the second method, and on the 16th of March, 1898, Senator Davis (Rep.) of Minnesota reported to the senate from the foreign relations committee a joint resolution drawn by Senator Morgan of Alabama, which was as follows:

"Section 1. The government of the republic of Hawaii having in due form signified its consent, in the manner provided by its constitution to cede absolutely and without reserve to the United States of America all rights of sovereignty of whatsoever kind in and to the Hawaiian islands and their dependencies, and also to cede and transfer to the United States the absolute fee and ownership of all public, government or crown lands, public buildings or edifices, forts, harbors, military equipment and all other public property of whatever kind or description belonging to the government of the Hawaiian islands, together with every right and appurtenance thereunto appertaining; therefore be it

Resolved, That said concession is accepted, ratified and confirmed, and that the said Hawaiian islands and their dependencies be and they are hereby annexed as a part of the territory of the United States, and are subject to the sovereign dominion thereof, and that all and singular the property and rights hereinbefore mentioned are vested in the United States of America."

The resolution then adopts the language of the treaty (see Daily News Almanac, 1898, page 266), beginning with the second paragraph of the second section, and taking all the remainder of it, but does not cite it as a part of the treaty. These provide for the disposal of the Hawaiian public lands, for the temporary government of the islands until congress decides upon a permanent form of government, the abrogation of Hawaiian treaties and the preservation of Hawaiian customs regulations until those of the United States shall be put into operation, the assumption of the public debt of Hawaii by the United States to the extent of \$4,000,000, the regulation of Chinese immigration and the appointment by the president of five commissioners to prepare a code of laws for the government of the islands.

Section 2 provides that the commissioners provided for shall be appointed by the

president, by and with the advice and consent of the senate. The sum of \$100,000 is appropriated by the third and last section for the purpose of carrying the resolution into effect, and this sum is made immediately available.

During these discussions the war feeling in the United States had been raised to a fever heat by the destruction of the battleship Maine in the harbor of Havana and by the declaration of war against Spain on the 21st of April. On the 27th of April President Dole sent a communication to President McKinley offering to transfer the Hawaiian islands to the United States for the purposes of its war with Spain and to furnish the American ships of war in the Pacific ocean with coal, provisions and ammunition. In the opinion of high officers of both the army and navy and of many members of both houses of congress it became the duty of this government to protect Hawaii from the legitimate results of its friendship for the United States, as expressed in the offer of its chief executive, and to guard it against attacks from Spain and her allies. Some were of the belief that all this could be accomplished by having this government establish a protectorate over Hawaii, without exposing the United States to the liabilities and burdens that would have to be assumed in case of annexation. On the 4th of May Mr. Newlands (silver Rep.) from Nevada introduced into the house the following joint resolution:

"Whereas, The government of the republic of Hawaii having in due form signified its consent, in the manner provided by its constitution, to cede absolutely and without reserve to the United States of America all rights of sovereignty of whatsoever kind in and over the Hawaiian islands and their dependencies, and also to cede and transfer to the United States the absolute fee and ownership of all public, government or crown lands, public buildings or edifices, forts, harbors, military equipment and all other public property of every kind and description belonging to the government of the Hawaiian islands, together with every right and appurtenance thereunto appertaining; therefore,

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That said cession is accepted, ratified and confirmed, and that the said Hawaiian islands and their dependencies be and they are hereby annexed as a part of the territory of the United States, and are subject to the sovereign dominion thereof, and that all and singular the property and rights hereinbefore mentioned are vested in the United States of America.

"The existing laws of the United States relative to public land shall not apply to such lands in the Hawaiian islands, but the congress of the United States shall enact special laws for their management and disposition; provided, that all revenue from or proceeds of the same, except as regards such part thereof as may be used or occupied for the civil, military or naval purposes of the United States, or may be assigned for the use of the local government, shall be used solely for the benefit of the inhabitants of the Hawaiian islands for educational and other public purposes.

"Until congress shall provide for the government of such islands all the civil, judicial and military powers exercised by the officers of the existing government in said

islands shall be vested in such person or persons and shall be exercised in such manner as the president of the United States shall direct; and the president shall have power to remove said officers and fill the vacancies so occasioned.

"The existing treaties of the Hawaiian Islands with foreign nations shall forthwith cease and determine, being replaced by such treaties as may exist, or as may be hereafter concluded, between the United States and such foreign nations. The municipal legislation of the Hawaiian Islands, not enacted for the fulfillment of the treaties so extinguished and not inconsistent with this joint resolution nor contrary to the constitution of the United States, nor to any existing treaty of the United States, shall remain in force until the congress of the United States shall otherwise determine.

"Until legislation shall be enacted extending the United States customs laws and regulations to the Hawaiian Islands the existing customs regulations of the Hawaiian Islands with the United States and other countries shall remain unchanged.

"The public debt of the republic of Hawaii lawfully existing at the date of the passage of this joint resolution, including the amounts due to depositors in the Hawaiian postal savings bank, is hereby assumed by the government of the United States, but the liability of the United States in this regard shall in no case exceed \$4,000,000. So long, however, as the existing government and the present commercial relations of the Hawaiian Islands are continued as heretofore provided said government shall continue to pay the interest on said debt.

"There shall be no further immigration of Chinese into the Hawaiian Islands, except upon such conditions as are now or may hereafter be allowed by the laws of the United States, and no Chinese, by reason of anything heretofore contained, shall be allowed to enter the United States from the Hawaiian Islands.

"The president shall appoint five commissioners, at least two of whom shall be residents of the Hawaiian Islands, who shall, as soon as reasonably practicable, recommend to congress such legislation concerning the Hawaiian Islands as they shall deem necessary or proper.

"Sec. 2. That the commissioners heretofore provided for shall be appointed by the president, by and with the advice and consent of the senate.

"Sec. 3. That the sum of \$100,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated and to be immediately available, to be expended at the discretion of the president of the United States of America for the purpose of carrying this joint resolution into effect."

The debate on these resolutions began in the house on the 11th day of June and was continued until the 15th, when they passed by a vote of 209 to 91, six not voting, although present. The following is the vote in detail:

## YEAS.

Acheson.	Barney.	Berry.
Adams.	Barrows.	Bingham.
Adrich.	Bartholdt.	Bishop.
Alexander.	Belden.	Booze.
Babcock.	Belford.	Botkin.
Baker (Ill.).	Belknap.	Boutell.
Baker (Md.).	Benner.	Boutelle.
Barham.	Bennett.	Brewster.

Broderick.	Henry (Ind.).	Otjen.
Bromwell.	Hepburn.	Packer.
Brown.	Hicks.	Parker.
Brownlow.	Hilborn.	Payne.
Brucker.	Hill.	Pearce.
Brumm.	Hitt.	Pearson.
Bull.	Hooker.	Perkins.
Burleigh.	Hopkins.	Peters.
Butler.	Howe.	Pitney.
Cannon.	Howell.	Powers.
Capron.	Hull.	Prince.
Chickering.	Hurley.	Pugh.
Clark (Iowa).	Jenkins.	Ray.
Clarke.	Johnson(N.D.).	Ridgely.
Cochran.	Jones (Wash.).	Robbins.
Cochrane.	Joy.	Russell.
Coddington.	Kelley.	Sauerhering.
Connell.	Kerr.	Shannon.
Connolly.	Ketcham.	Shattuc.
Cooper (Wis.).	Kirkpatrick.	Shelden.
Corliss.	Knowles.	Sherman.
Cousins.	Knox.	Showalter.
Crump.	Kulp.	Simpson.
Cummings.	Lacey.	Skinner.
Curtis (Iowa).	Landis.	Smith (Ill.).
Curtis (Kas.).	Lawrence.	Smith, S. W.
Dall.	Lewis (Ga.).	Smith, W. A.
Danford.	Lewis (Wash.).	Snover.
Davenport.	Linney.	Southard.
Davidson.	Littauer.	Southwick.
Davison.	Livingston.	Spalding.
Dayton.	Loud.	Sperry.
De Vries.	Loudenslager.	Steele.
Dingley.	Lovering.	Stevens.
Dolliver.	Low.	Stewart(N.J.).
Dovener.	Lybrand.	Stewart(Wis.).
Driggs.	McCall.	Stone, C. W.
Ellis.	McCleary.	Strode.
Ermentrout.	McComick.	Strout.
Faris.	McDonald.	Sulzer.
Fenton.	McEwan.	Tawney.
Fischer.	Mann.	Taylor.
Fletcher.	McIntire.	Thorp.
Foot.	Marsh.	Todd.
Foss.	Mabany.	Tongue.
Fowler (N. J.).	Mahon.	Updegraff.
Gibson.	Marshall.	Van Voorhis.
Gillet.	Meekison.	Vehelage.
Graff.	Mercer.	Walker (Va.).
Green.	Messick.	Wanger.
Griffin.	Miller.	Ward.
Griffith.	Mills.	Warner.
Grosvenor.	Minor.	Weaver.
Groat.	Mitchell.	Weymouth.
Grow.	Moody.	White (Ill.).
Hager.	Morris.	White (N. C.).
Hamilton.	Mudd.	Wilber.
Hawley.	Newlands.	Williams.
Heatwole.	Northway.	Wise.
Hemingway.	Norton (S. C.).	Yost.
Henderson.	Osborne.	Young—209.
Henry (Conn.).	Olmedo.	

## NAYS.

Adamson.	Cowherd.	Hinrichsen.
Bailey.	Crumpacker.	Howard(Ala.).
Baird.	Davey.	Howard(Ga.).
Bail.	Davis.	Jett.
Banthead.	De Graffenried.	Johnson(Ind.).
Bartlett.	Dinsmore.	Johnson (Va.).
Bell.	Dockery.	Kitchin.
Benton.	Elliott.	Kleberg.
Bland.	Fitzgerald.	Land.
Bradley.	Fleming.	Landham.
Brantley.	Flower(N.C.).	Lester.
Brewer.	Fox.	Little.
Bronsaard.	Gaines.	Lloyd.
Brundidge.	Griggs.	Love.
Carmack.	Handy.	McAleer.
Clardy.	Hartman.	McCulloch.
Clayton.	Hay.	McDowell.
Clark (Mo.).	Henry (Miss.).	McMillin.
Cooney.	Henry (Tex.).	McRae.

McGuire.	Robinson.	Strait.
Martin.	Sayers.	Strowd.
Maxwell.	Settle.	Swanson.
Meyer.	Shafroth.	Tate.
Moon.	Shuford.	Underwood.
Ogden.	Sims.	Vandiver.
Pierce(Tenn.).	Slayden.	Wadsworth.
Rhea.	Sparkman.	Wheeler(Ky.).
Richardson.	Stallings.	Williams.
Rixey.	Stark.	(Miss.)
Robb.	Stephens.	Wilson—\$1.
Robertson.	Stokes.	

## RECAPITULATION.

For Annexation—	
Republicans .....	179
Democrats .....	18
Populists .....	8
Fusionists .....	4
Total .....	209

Against Annexation—	
Democrats .....	77
Republicans .....	3
Populists .....	7
Fusionists .....	4
Total .....	91

## DEMOCRATS FOR ANNEXATION.

Benner (Pa.)—	Kelley (S. D.).
Berry (Ky.).	Lewis (Ga.).
Brucker (Mich.).	Livingston (Ga.).
Cochran (Mo.).	Marshall (O.).
Cummings (N. Y.).	Norton (S. C.).
De Vries (Cal.).	Osborne (Wyo.).
Driggs (N. Y.).	Sulzer (N. Y.).
Ermentrout (Pa.).	Taylor (Ala.).
Griffith (Ind.).	Vehsage (N. Y.).

## REPUBLICANS AGAINST ANNEXATION.

Crumpacker (Ind.).	Wadsworth (N. Y.).
Johnson (Ind.).	

The resolutions then went to the senate, where, by the dilatory tactics of the opponents of annexation, they remained until July 6, when they were passed by a vote of 12 to 21. The following is the vote in detail:

## YEAS.

Allison.	Gorman.	Perkins.
Baker.	Hale.	Pettus.
Burrows.	Hanna.	Platt (Conn.).
Cannon.	Hansbrough.	Pritchard.
Carter.	Hawley.	Proctor.
Clark.	Hoar.	Sewell.
Cullom.	Kyle.	Shoup.
Davis.	Lodge.	Sullivan.
Deboe.	McBride.	Teller.
Elkins.	McLaurin.	Warren.
Fairbanks.	Money.	Wellington.
Forsaker.	Morgan.	Wetmore.
Frye.	Nelson.	Wilson.
Hallinger.	Penrose.	Wolcott.

## NAYS.

Allen.	Daniel.	Morrill.
Bacon.	Faulkner.	Pasco.
Bate.	Jones (Ark.).	Pettigrew.
Berry.	Lindsay.	Rosch.
Jeffery.	McEnery.	Turley.
Whitton.	Mallory.	Turpie.
Jay.	Mitchell.	White.

## RECAPITULATION.

or Annexation—	
Republicans .....	33
Democrats .....	6

Independent .....	1
Silver republicans .....	2
Total .....	42

## Against Annexation—

Democrats .....	18
Republican .....	1
Silver republican .....	1
Populist .....	1
Total .....	21

## DEMOCRATS FOR ANNEXATION.

Gorman.	Money.	Pettus.
McLaurin.	Morgan.	Sullivan.

## REPUBLICAN AGAINST ANNEXATION.

## Morrill.

The resolutions went to the president and were signed by him on the 7th of July, 1898. In accordance with the resolutions the president selected as the five commissioners who are to recommend to congress such legislation as they regard necessary and proper for the government of the new possessions the following: Senators Shelby M. Cullom (Rep.) of Illinois and John T. Morgan (Dem.) of Alabama, Representative Robert R. Hitt (Rep.) of Illinois, and Sanford B. Dole, president of Hawaii, and Walter F. Frear, representing Hawaii.

That this government has annexed the Hawaiian islands without the consent of the large majority of the native population is not to be denied. Upon this subject Rear-Admiral L. A. Beardslee, U. S. N., who, from being a time stationed at Honolulu, is thoroughly competent to express an opinion, says in a recent article in the North American Review:

"That we have not obtained the full and free consent of these people seems to be a fact. Circumstances which occurred on and before annexation day, the 12th of August, indicate this very strongly. A short time before protests against annexation had been filed with both governments by political societies. On the day when annexation was consummated of the great number of the best of Honolulu people who, through social or official standing, were entitled to places on the great platform built on the steps of the executive building—formerly the palace of Hawaii's monarchs—to witness and participate in the ceremonies but one of the three principal classes into which Honolulu people are divided was present in any force, these, namely, who affiliated with or supported the party of which the government was formed. The other parties, the natives and half-whites, and the royalists, took no part, and among them were people whose official and social standing are such that their absence could not have been the result of accident. There were at the time in Honolulu the ex-Queen Liliuokalani, the ex-Dowager Queen Kapiulani, the ex-Princess Kalulani, and in the list I have before me as I write I cannot find their names nor the name of any of the prominent royalists, nor of a Hawaiian not attached to the government.

"The band of Hawaiian damsels who were to have lowered for the last time the Hawaiian flag as the government band played for the last time the Hawaiian ponol would not lower it. The band refused to play the ponol and loud weeping was the only music contributed by the natives. Very evidently there was dis-

cord, and as evidently the breach which had been made by the events of 1893 was not yet healed, the opposing factions into which the Hawaiian people had then been split had not coalesced. Beyond question, a large body of those who were to be governed did not consent to the new government. The native population that remains loyal to Queen Liliuokalani and opposed the union is estimated at about 40,000.

Aug. 12, 1898, was decided upon as the day for the ceremonies at Honolulu upon which the formal transfer of the islands to the United States should take place. The following is the press account of the proceedings:

"Every nationality was represented in the grounds of the executive building on the morning of Aug. 12 except the Hawaiian. The throng of sightseers began to arrive early, but no Kanakas came. At 10 o'clock the Hawaiian national guard marched to the water front to escort the men from the United States steamship Philadelphia to the grounds of the executive building. There were many Hawaiians in the guard, but they hoped to be able to avert their faces at the critical moment and so avoid seeing what they regarded as the death of their nation.

"The beautiful grounds of the executive building, planned for royal pastimes and never anticipating such a scene as this, were crowded with people. The seats had been arranged on the sward in the deep shade of the banana and bread-fruit trees. Since early in the morning these had been occupied by a medley of Chinese, Japanese and Portuguese, craning their necks to see the sights and caring not a jot that a nationality was to set that day. The guests of prominence were admitted to the balconies and to the platform that jutted over the drive, and men of the foreign office; literally staggering under pounds of gold braid, had as much difficulty in seating these people in the places assigned to them as if they had all been petty German princes at a Victorian jubilee. Heraldry is an art in Honolulu, and in spite of the mixture of blood, or, perhaps, because of it, they are sticklers in matters of precedence. On the platform, decorated with entwined Hawaiian and American flags, were seated all of Honolulu's official life, including the cabinet officials and their wives, the ministers and their wives, the judges and members of the legislature, the foreign diplomats and the navy officers. The long verandas and platform were as brilliant as flower beds with bright frocks of all imaginable hues and the white clothes of the men.

"At 11:45 President Dole and his cabinet appeared, followed immediately by United States Minister Sewall, Admiral Miller, U. S. N., and his staff. These took their appointed places and every one stood while the last prayer of the provisional government was said. The Rev. G. L. Pearson of the First Methodist church was appointed to say it, and the crowd maintained an almost reverent silence as he spoke. The men from the Philadelphia, the Hawaiian national guard, the members of the citizens' guard and the sharpshooters, who were seated behind them, bent their heads while a blessing was asked on this union of America and Hawaii.

"Then came the formal transfer of sovereignty. Mr. Sewall, United States minister, had been carrying under his arm a square

blue envelope of official appearance, and this he handed to President Dole with the information that it contained the joint resolution of annexation. President Dole received the envelope and said:

"A treaty of peaceful union having been made in the interest of the Hawaiian body politic, with full confidence in the honor justice and friendship of the American people we yield up to you as the representative of the government of the United States the sovereignty and public property of the Hawaiian Islands."

"Mr. Sewall accepted the gift in the name of the people of the United States and every American there felt richer than before. The minister then called on the admiral to do his duty, and at a signal from President Dole the Hawaiian band played the first notes of 'Hawaii Ponoi,' the national anthem, while vigorous wig-wagging from the American sailors made it certain that in a second or two they would begin the salute to the Hawaiian flag. Chopin's funeral march was never more melancholy than the notes of this national melody. The natives in the band had begged to be released from playing it and could be seen peering round the corner seeking to get away from sight of their beloved flag.

"In a moment guns were roaring their last good-by and the flag of Hawaii was shivering convulsively at the top of the masts. Another moment and it was slowly settling to earth and all eyes were bent upon it. There went up a fluttering sigh from thousands of people. Just as it neared the ground and was caught in the arms of its friends Admiral Miller signaled and the blare of an American bugle rent the air. It was a call to colors.

"Then began to roll up from the ground a magnificent American flag, so ample, so soft in coloring that it seemed to drape the whole front of the building in its ascent. At sight of it there did not burst forth cheers as there would in more northern latitudes, but the Philadelphia's band hailed it with 'The Star-Spangled Banner,' and when it reached its lofty place there came a hearty hurrah from the American throats while a rain of tears coursed over the face of those Hawaiians who had witnessed the change of emblems.

"The president's proclamation, read by Minister Sewall, followed almost immediately. It made no change of officials, leaving the personnel of the government the same as before. The minister's speech came next, and then the solemn oath of allegiance to the United States was taken by Mr. Dole and his cabinet, the uplifted hands of some officials trembling as if with palsy.

"The next scene in the annexation drama was at the barracks, which were once the king's. Drawn up in a hollow square Hawaii's national guard took the oath, while a multitude looked on. The men who wished to swear allegiance were ordered to uncover and raise their right hands. Some refused to abjure their allegiance and stood with covered heads while the rest were swearing. Later Gov. Dole presented to the men the faded and historic flag, no less one than that which was carried by the marines of the Boston when they landed here in 1898. About the same time there was run up on the judiciary building the identical flag that Commissioner Blount ordered down on a memorable occasion."

## POPULATION OF HAWAII, 1897.

Nationality.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Nationality.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Hawaiian .....	16,399	14,620	31,019	Portuguese .....	8,202	6,989	15,191
Part Hawaiian .....	4,249	4,236	8,485	Japanese .....	19,212	5,196	24,407
American .....	1,975	1,111	3,086	Chinese .....	19,167	2,449	21,616
British .....	1,406	844	2,250	South Sea Islanders...	321	124	455
German .....	866	566	1,432	Other nationalities...	448	152	600
French .....	56	46	101				
Norwegian .....	216	162	378	Total .....	72,517	34,503	109,020

## TRADE OF HAWAII.

Value of merchandise imported into Hawaii from the United States and other countries during the calendar years 1892 to 1897, inclusive.

COUNTRIES.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.
United States.....	\$3,838,859.91	\$4,308,188.06	\$4,354,230.42	\$4,516,319.23	\$5,464,208.20	\$5,900,028.34
Great Britain.....	880,079.89	421,018.35	465,479.72	471,122.98	755,801.34	866,781.25
Germany.....	59,113.87	73,966.51	140,233.07	110,751.61	147,526.61	132,932.19
China.....	154,066.56	172,153.84	230,270.41	223,701.56	269,070.37	260,417.40
Japan.....	60,008.67	129,428.84	183,387.52	207,125.59	278,425.40	320,116.34
Australasia.....	105,203.42	126,044.43	186,518.75	122,804.60	113,644.65	122,458.19
Canada.....	25,159.00	65,349.51	118,198.57	30,731.21	62,981.99	56,674.92
Pacific Islands.....	4,806.86	17,265.80	21,670.24	1,192.51	4,596.33	5,864.04
France.....	4,642.31	5,300.98	8,786.31	7,849.90	17,721.02	30,997.52
Other countries.....	12,139.20	18,112.38	8,966.42	22,418.20	32,536.49	208,736.10
Total.....	\$4,684,207.31	\$5,346,808.58	\$5,713,181.43	\$5,714,017.54	\$7,164,561.40	\$8,838,208.09

Value of merchandise exported from the Hawaiian Islands to various countries.

COUNTRIES.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	Annual av. 1892-96.	P ct.
United States.....	\$8,029,918.02	\$10,754,248.70	\$8,997,089.27	\$8,392,189.54	\$15,480,098.15	\$10,526,704.74	99.28
China.....	2,282.60	4,081.15	7,789.51	42,221.50	3,444.00	11,953.75	.11
Japan.....	546.50	1,822.50	2,940.00	655.00	655.00	1,132.80	.01
Australasia.....	13,009.00	2,532.31	5,301.52	6,124.75	26,580.85	10,491.65	.10
Canada.....	615.00	42,536.51	109,238.61	23,270.07	24,866.18	40,117.09	.39
Pacific Islands.....	8,761.17	8,007.56	17,018.87	10,582.29	677.15	8,350.41	.09
Other countries..	4,954.92	5,179.56	1,476.78	.....	.....	2,322.35	.02
Total.....	\$9,060,087.21	\$10,818,158.00	\$9,140,794.56	\$8,474,138.15	\$15,515,230.13	\$10,401,681.43	100.00

## WAR BUDGETS OF THE WORLD.

(From the French Revue de Statistique. No. 28, September, 1898.)

COUNTRIES.	War budget.	Amt. per cap.	COUNTRIES.	War budget.	Amt. per cap.
EUROPEAN STATES.			NON-EUROPEAN STATES.		
Russia (1896).....	\$148,640,191	\$1.17	Servia (1897).....	\$2,724,271	\$1.16
Germany (1896).....	141,135,450	2.70	Denmark (1898).....	1,635,952	1.22
France (1898).....	124,517,881	2.21	Finland (1897).....	1,543,688	.62
England (1897).....	88,192,750	3.21			
Austria (1897).....	55,183,024	2.08	British India (1897).....	116,637,288	.40
Italy (1896).....	45,680,000	1.46	United States (1896).....	51,026,227	.72
Spain (1897).....	38,255,498	2.12	Japan (1897).....	23,272,839	.54
Turkey (1897).....	19,999,765	.83	China (1897).....	11,899,500	.08
Netherlands (1897).....	9,617,298	1.92	Brazil (1897).....	10,108,187	.69
Sweden and Norway (1897).....	9,407,354	1.36	Argentina (1897).....	5,120,226	1.28
Belgium (1897).....	9,442,480	1.44	Chile (1897).....	4,695,619	1.72
Roumania (1898).....	5,865,776	1.56	Egypt (1897).....	2,494,250	.23
Portugal (1897).....	5,084,477	1.05	Guatemala (1897).....	2,022,308	1.40
Bulgaria (1898).....	4,498,190	1.36	Canada (1897).....	1,611,267	.23
Switzerland (1897).....	4,447,764	1.49	Cape of Good Hope (1897).....	917,296	.61
Greece (1897).....	3,154,445	1.29	Korea (1897).....	492,109	.07

**WAR REVENUE TAXES IMPOSED UNDER THE ACT APPROVED JUNE 13, 1898.****TAX ON FERMENTED LIQUORS.**

[To take effect from date of act.]

Beer, lager beer, ale, porter and other similar fermented liquor, per barrel of thirty-one gallons—\$2. (Seven and one-half per cent discount on all sales of stamps.)

**ANNUAL SPECIAL TAXES.**

[To take effect July 1, 1898.]

Bankers using a capital (including surplus) not exceeding \$25,000—\$50.

For every additional \$1,000 in excess of \$25,000—\$2.

Brokers (except those paying tax as bankers)—\$50.

Pawnbrokers—\$30.

Commercial brokers—\$30.

Custom-house brokers—\$10.

Proprietors of theaters, museums and concert halls in cities of more than 25,000 population, as shown by last preceding United States census—\$100.

Proprietors of circuses—\$100.

Proprietors of other public exhibitions or shows for money—\$10.

Proprietors of bowling alleys and billiard rooms, for each alley or table—\$5.

**TOBACCO, CIGARS, CIGARETTES AND SNUFF.**

[To take effect from date of act.]

Tobacco and snuff, manufactured—12 cents per pound.

Cigars and cigarettes:

Cigars weighing more than three pounds per 1,000—\$3.50 per M.

Cigars weighing not more than three pounds per 1,000—\$1 per M.

Cigarettes weighing more than three pounds per 1,000—\$3.50 per M.

Cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per 1,000—\$1.50 per M.

**DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF TOBACCO AND CIGARS.**

[To take effect from date of act.]

Dealers in leaf tobacco and manufacturers of tobacco:

When annual sales do not exceed 50,000 pounds—\$5.

When annual sales exceed 50,000 and do not exceed 100,000 pounds—\$12.

When annual sales exceed 100,000 pounds—\$24.

Dealers in tobacco whose annual sales exceed 50,000 pounds—\$12.

Manufacturers of cigars:

When annual sales do not exceed 100,000 cigars—\$5.

When annual sales exceed 100,000 and do not exceed 200,000—\$12.

When annual sales exceed 200,000—\$24.

**STAMP TAXES.**

[To take effect July 1, 1898.]

Bonds, debentures or certificates of stock and indebtedness issued after July 1, 1898, on each \$100 of face value—5 cents.

Certificates of stock, original issues of, on organization or reorganization, on each \$100 of face value or fraction thereof—5 cents.

Sale, or agreement to sell stock in any association company or corporation, on each \$100 of face value or fraction thereof—3 cents.

Sale, or agreement to sell any products of

merchandise at any exchange, board of trade or similar place:

For each \$100 in value—1 cent.

For each additional \$100 or fraction thereof—1 cent.

Bank check, draft or certificate of deposit not drawing interest, or money order at sight—2 cents.

Bill of exchange (inland), draft, certificate of deposit drawing interest, or money order other than at sight or on demand, or promissory note (except bank notes) and original domestic money orders issued by the United States after July 1, 1898:

For a sum not exceeding \$100—2 cents.

For each additional \$100 or fraction thereof—3 cents.

Bill of exchange (foreign) or letter of credit (including orders by telegraph, or otherwise, for the payment of money issued by express, or other companies, or any person), drawn in, but payable out of the United States:

If drawn singly or otherwise than in a set of three or more—

Not exceeding \$100—4 cents.

For each additional \$100 or part thereof—4 cents.

If drawn in sets of two or more—

For every bill of each set not exceeding \$100—2 cents.

For each additional \$100 or part thereof—2 cents.

Bill of lading or receipt (other than charter party) for merchandise for export—1 cent.

Bill of lading, manifest, or receipt, and each duplicate thereof, express and freight—1 cent.

Telephone messages costing 15 cents or over—1 cent each.

Bonds of indemnity—50 cents.

Certificates of profit and transfers thereof on each \$100 or part of—2 cents.

Certificates issued by port warden or surveyor—25 cents.

Certificates, all other, required by law, no elsewhere specified—10 cents.

Charter contracts or agreements, or renewals or transfers of:

For vessels not exceeding 300 tons—\$3.

For vessels exceeding 300 and not exceeding 600 tons—\$5.

For vessels exceeding 600 tons—\$10.

Broker's note or memorandum of sale—1 cent.

Conveyance deed or instrument or written transferring realty:

When value exceeds \$100 and does not exceed \$500—50 cents.

For each additional \$500 or fraction thereof—50 cents.

Telegraphic dispatch—1 cent.

Custom-house entry of merchandise:

Not exceeding \$100 in value—25 cents.

Exceeding \$100 and not exceeding \$500—1 cent.

Exceeding \$500—\$1.

Entry for withdrawal of merchandise from customs bonded warehouse—50 cents.

Life insurance policies (except any fraternal beneficiary society or order, or farmer purely local co-operative company or a association, or employees' relief associations operated on the lodge system, or local co-operation plan, organized and conducted solely by the members thereof for the exclusive benefit of its members and not for profit):

For each \$100 or fractional part of—cents.

On policies issued on weekly payment plan—40 per cent on amount of first weekly premium.

Insurance policies (marine, inland, fire), except purely co-operative or mutual, on each dollar of the amount of premium— $\frac{1}{2}$  of 1 cent.

Insurance policies (casualty, fidelity and guaranty, on each dollar of amount of premium— $\frac{1}{2}$  of 1 cent.

Lease, agreement or contract for rent: Not exceeding one year—25 cents. Exceeding one year and not exceeding three years—60 cents. Exceeding three years—\$1.

Manifest for entry or clearance of vessel for foreign port: When registered tonnage does not exceed 300 tons—41. When registered tonnage exceeds 300 tons and does not exceed 600 tons—\$3. When registered tonnage exceeds 600 tons—\$5.

Mortgage or pledge of lands, estate or property, real or personal, or assignment, transfer, or renewal of: Exceeding \$1,000 and not exceeding \$1,500—25 cents. On each \$500, or fractional part of, in excess of \$1,500—25 cents.

Passage tickets from United States to foreign ports: Costing not over \$30—\$1. Costing more than \$30 and not over \$40—\$2. Costing more than \$40—\$5.

Power of attorney, or proxy for voting at any election of officers of any incorporated company or association, except religious, charitable or literary, or public cemeteries—10 cents.

Power of attorney, other—25 cents.

Protests of notes, etc.—25 cents.

Warehouse receipts—1 cent.

Medicinal proprietary articles and preparations (on every packet, box, bottle, pot, phial, or other inclosure): On retail value not exceeding 5 cents— $\frac{1}{4}$  of 1 cent. Exceeding 5 cents and not exceeding 10 cents—2-3 of 1 cent. Exceeding 10 cents and not exceeding 15 cents— $\frac{1}{2}$  of 1 cent. Exceeding 15 cents and not exceeding 25 cents— $\frac{3}{4}$  of 1 cent. Each additional 25 cents of retail price or fractional part thereof— $\frac{1}{4}$  of 1 cent.

Perfumery, cosmetics and other similar articles (on every packet, box, bottle, etc.): On retail value not exceeding 5 cents— $\frac{1}{4}$  of 1 cent. Exceeding 5 cents and not exceeding 10 cents—2-3 of 1 cent. Exceeding 10 cents and not exceeding 15 cents— $\frac{1}{2}$  of 1 cent. Exceeding 15 cents and not exceeding 25 cents— $\frac{3}{4}$  of 1 cent. Each additional 25 cents or part of— $\frac{1}{4}$  of 1 cent.

Sparkling or other wines, bottled: Each bottle containing one pint or less—1 cent. Each bottle containing more than one pint—2 cents.

Chewing gum, or substitutes: On each jar, box or other package, of not more than \$1 retail value—4 cents. On each additional \$1 or part thereof—4 cents.

On every ticket sold for a seat in a palace or parlor car, or berth in a sleeping car—1 cent.

## ANNUAL EXCISE TAX.

Corporation, company, person or firm refin-

ing petroleum or sugar, or owning or controlling any pipe line for transporting oil or other products where gross annual receipts exceed \$350,000—on gross amount of receipts in excess of \$350,000— $\frac{1}{4}$  of 1 per cent.

## LEGACIES AND DISTRIBUTIVE SHARES OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.

[To take effect on date of act.]

- Where the person or persons entitled to beneficial interest shall be the lineal issue or lineal ancestor, brother or sister of deceased:
  - When the whole amount exceeds \$10,000 and does not exceed \$35,000—75 cents on each \$100.
  - When the whole amount exceeds \$35,000 and does not exceed \$100,000—\$1.125 on each \$100.
  - When the whole amount exceeds \$100,000 and does not exceed \$500,000—\$1.50 on each \$100.
  - When the whole amount exceeds \$500,000 and does not exceed \$1,000,000—\$1.875 on each \$100.
  - When the whole amount exceeds \$1,000,000—\$2.25 on each \$100.
- Where the person or persons entitled to beneficial interest shall be the descendant of a brother or sister:
  - When the whole amount exceeds \$10,000 and does not exceed \$25,000—\$1.50 on each \$100.
  - When the whole amount exceeds \$25,000 and does not exceed \$100,000—\$2.25 on each \$100.
  - When the whole amount exceeds \$100,000 and does not exceed \$500,000—\$3 on each \$100.
  - When the whole amount exceeds \$500,000 and does not exceed \$1,000,000—\$3.75 on each \$100.
  - When the whole amount exceeds \$1,000,000—\$4.50 on each \$100.
- Where the person or persons entitled to any beneficial interest shall be the brother or sister of the father or mother or a descendant of a brother or sister of the father or mother:
  - When the whole amount exceeds \$10,000 and does not exceed \$25,000—\$3 on each \$100.
  - When the whole amount exceeds \$25,000 and does not exceed \$100,000—\$4.50 on each \$100.
  - When the whole amount exceeds \$100,000 and does not exceed \$500,000—\$6 on each \$100.
  - When the whole amount exceeds \$500,000 and does not exceed \$1,000,000—\$7.50 on each \$100.
  - When the whole amount exceeds \$1,000,000—\$9 on each \$100.
- Where the person or persons entitled to beneficial interest shall be the brother or sister of the grandfather or grandmother or a descendant of the brother or sister of the grandfather or grandmother:
  - When the whole amount exceeds \$10,000 and does not exceed \$25,000—\$4 on each \$100.
  - When the whole amount exceeds \$25,000 and does not exceed \$100,000—\$6 on each \$100.
  - When the whole amount exceeds \$100,000 and does not exceed \$500,000—\$9 on each \$100.
  - When the whole amount exceeds \$500,000 and does not exceed \$1,000,000—\$10 on each \$100.

When the whole amount exceeds \$1,000,-  
000—\$12 on each \$100.

5. Where the person or persons entitled to beneficial interest shall be a person of any other degree of collateral consanguinity, or a stranger in blood, or a body politic or corporation.

When the whole amount exceeds \$10,000 and does not exceed \$25,000—\$5 on each \$100.

When the whole amount exceeds \$25,000 and does not exceed \$100,000—\$7.50 on each \$100.

When the whole amount exceeds \$100,000 and does not exceed \$500,000—\$10 on each \$100.

When the whole amount exceeds \$500,000 and does not exceed \$1,000,000—\$12.50 on each \$100.

When the whole amount exceeds \$1,000,-  
000—\$15 on each \$100.

## MIXED FLOUR.

[To take effect sixty days after passage of act.]

Person, firm or corporation making, packing or repacking—\$12 per annum.

On each barrel or package containing more than 38 pounds and not more than 196 pounds—4 cents per barrel or package.

On each half-barrel or package containing more than 49 pounds and not more than 98 pounds—2 cents per barrel or package.

On each quarter-barrel or package containing more than 24½ pounds and not more than 49 pounds—1 cent per barrel or package.

On each eighth-barrel or package containing 24½ pounds or less—½ cent per barrel or package.

## CUSTOMS DUTIES.

[To take effect on date of act.]

Tea imported from foreign countries—10 cents per pound.

## EXPORTS OF MINERAL OILS.

The large production of mineral oils in other parts of the world, while it has not reduced our exportation, has probably reduced the prices which our producers and exporters have been able to realize. The exports of oil in the year 1898 were practically double those of 1888 and three times those of 1878, but the money received for them was only about 25 per cent greater than that received either in 1878 or 1888. The total receipts for the 1,034,269,676 gallons of oil exported in 1898 were \$54,124,578, while for the 578,351,638 gallons exported in 1888 the receipts were \$47,043,409, and for the 328,841,303 gallons exported in 1878 the receipts were \$46,574,974. The average export value of refined illuminating oil was in 1872 24.9 cents per gallon; in 1878, 14.4 cents per gallon; in 1888, 7.9 cents per gallon, and in 1898, 5.2 cents per gallon, having thus fallen from 24.9 cents to 5.2 cents from 1872 to 1898. Notwithstanding this steady fall the production and exportation continues to increase, the exports having increased over 60,000,000 gallons in the last year over that of the preceding year and over 100,000,000 gallons over that of any earlier year, while the production for 1897 was 2,525,067,954 gallons, against 2,033,331,972 in 1894, 1,476,367,546 in 1890, 1,017,174,396 in 1885, 826,394,132 in 1880 and 510,825,588 in 1876. Thus, while the price has been steadily and rapidly falling, the quantity produced and the quantity exported have as steadily and rapidly increased. The production in 1897 was five times that of 1876 and the exportation of last year nearly five times that of 1876. Great as the fall in price has been, the exports of illuminating oil bring over \$1,000,000 a week into the country and have in the last twenty years added a round \$1,000,000,000 to our foreign sales.

The following table shows the quantity and value of our exports of mineral oils of all grades since 1876:

Year.	Gallons.	Value.
1876.....	221,965,308	\$30,078,568
1877.....	243,660,153	32,915,786
1878.....	209,198,914	61,789,438
1879.....	338,841,303	46,574,974
1880.....	578,351,010	40,306,249
1881.....	422,964,099	36,218,625
1882.....	597,954,590	40,315,609

Year.	Gallons.	Value.
1882.....	597,954,590	\$51,232,706
1883.....	506,931,622	44,913,079
1884.....	513,660,092	47,103,248
1885.....	574,668,180	50,287,947
1886.....	577,781,752	50,199,844
1887.....	592,908,267	46,324,915
1888.....	578,351,638	47,043,409
1889.....	616,195,459	49,913,677
1890.....	664,068,170	51,403,089
1891.....	709,819,439	53,026,734
1892.....	715,365,819	44,806,992
1893.....	804,221,230	42,142,058
1894.....	908,252,314	41,490,806
1895.....	884,502,082	46,660,082
1896.....	890,458,944	62,332,403
1897.....	973,514,946	62,635,037
1898.....	1,034,269,676	54,124,578

The following table showing the countries to which our oil has been exported in 1897 and 1898 indicates the wide distribution which this article of our commerce obtains:

## EXPORTS OF REFINED MINERAL OIL.

	Gallons.	Value.
Exported to—	1897.	1898.
United Kingdom.....	213,637,168	212,285,563
France.....	9,065,114	12,835,681
Germany.....	124,261,426	152,203,222
Other Europe.....	244,336,854	260,431,316
British N. America.....	10,013,517	11,087,502
Central Amer. States and Brit. Honduras	1,256,760	1,064,980
Mexico.....	536,638	1,106,853
Santo Domingo.....	526,671	579,835
Cuba.....	68,197	242,302
Puerto Rico.....	376,195	300,542
Other W. Indies and Bermuda	4,854,737	4,108,714
Argentina.....	10,394,716	11,099,132
Brazil.....	20,568,084	20,581,084
Colombia.....	1,246,595	1,069,622
Other South America.....	10,213,796	11,382,540
China.....	42,427,184	44,523,553
British East Indies.....	21,261,846	25,752,592
Japan.....	47,431,176	53,393,185
British Australasia.....	16,837,914	20,495,396
Other Asia and Oceania	46,111,698	34,353,656
Africa.....	10,474,918	12,292,744
Other countries.....	66,548	42,020
Total.....	973,674,946	1,064,340,976

## POLITICAL MOVEMENTS OF THE YEAR 1898.

Arranged in the Order of Their Occurrence.

## BIMETALLIC LEAGUE OF THE OHIO VALLEY.

The second annual convention of this organization was held at Indianapolis, Ind., on the 7th of April. While nominally a financial gathering it was in fact political in its character and strongly advocated the nomination of Mr. Bryan for the presidency in 1900, while the sentiment among the delegates was strongly in favor of George Fred Williams of Massachusetts for the second place on the national ticket. Judge James P. Tarvin of Covington, Ky., presided, and the following resolutions were adopted:

"Resolved, by the League of Bimetallic Clubs of the Ohio Valley, in annual convention assembled at Indianapolis on April 7, 1898, that we regard the financial question as the paramount political issue of the day, and hereby pledge ourselves to continue the battle for bimetallicism until the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, with full legal tender quality, is secured, without waiting for the consent or co-operation of any other nation.

"We are unalterably opposed to the single gold standard and the so-called reform of the Indianapolis monetary convention and all kindred projects.

"We believe that congress alone has power to coin and issue money and that this power should not be delegated to individuals and corporations; that the power to control and regulate a paper currency is inseparable from the power to coin money, and that all currency intended to circulate as money should be issued and its volume controlled by the general government only.

"We invite the co-operation of all persons who believe that the financial question is the paramount political issue and urge that all other domestic questions be held in abeyance until the principles enumerated in the foregoing resolutions shall be embodied into law.

"We express our continued confidence in the brave and sagacious leader of the bimetallic forces in 1896, William Jennings Bryan, whose high character, eminent ability, impeccable integrity, dauntless courage, inspired with unparalleled devotion the democratic silver republican and populist hosts in 1896.

"We extend our sympathy to the struggling and starving Cuban patriots in their contest for liberty, and are in favor of immediate intervention by the United States to secure the absolute independence of the Cuban republic. And while we deprecate war, unless necessary to maintain the national honor and to enforce the rule of civilization and humanity in this hemisphere, we favor such a vigorous foreign policy as will preserve the dignity of the nation, secure proper respect for the stars and stripes and prevent in future the cowardly assassination of our brave and gallant sailors."

The following officers were chosen for the ensuing year: President, James P. Tarvin, Covington, Ky.; vice-presidents, N. R. Tucker of Ohio, F. J. Van Voorhis of Indiana, A. C. Bentley of Illinois; secretary, Allen C. Clark of Indiana; treasurer, Col. Shote of Ohio.

Louisville, Ky., was designated as the place for holding the convention of 1899.

## THE SOCIAL DEMOCRACY OF AMERICA.

This organization held a meeting in Chicago, Ill., in June, which resulted in a split. Mr. Debs and his followers retiring to another hall and organizing a new political party. The point of difference was the colonization scheme which Mr. Debs had once championed, but which experiment had satisfied him was chimerical and fatal to the purposes of the organization. The question of colonization came up, and after a night of rather bitter debate the convention upheld colonization by a vote of 52 to 34, when Mr. Debs and his followers withdrew. The leaders claim something like 4,000 members for the new organization. The following platform was adopted:

"Labor, manual and mental, being the creator of all wealth and all civilization, it rightfully follows that those who perform all labor and create all wealth should enjoy the fruit of their efforts. This is rendered impossible by the modern system of production. The fruits of co-operative labor are in a great measure appropriated by the owners of the means of production. This system is gradually extinguishing the middle class and necessarily leaves but two classes in our country—the large class of workers and the small class of great employers and capitalists. The producers can never be in reality free until they become the owners of the means of production. This is possible in but two ways:

"1. Individual ownership, which has never been generally realized and which the industrial development is from day to day obliterating and rendering impossible.

"2. Social ownership, which has been made necessary by the development of the mode of production. The individual instrument, the tool has developed into a social instrument, the machine. In order to conform to the change we must substitute social ownership for individual ownership of the means of production.

"This social control of the means of production must naturally follow the economic development. To accomplish the transition it is necessary that the producers of the country shall unite in an independent political party, the social democratic party of America, which aims to effect the change by all honorable means at the disposal of the producers, especially the ballot, which from a means of corruption and office-hunting must be transformed into a means of emancipation.

"To arrive at this end we declare in favor of the following demands:

"1. The public ownership of all industries controlled by monopolies, trusts and combines.

"2. The public ownership of all railroads, telegraphs, telephones, all means of transportation, communication, water works, gas and electric plants and all other public utilities.

"3. The public ownership of gold, silver, copper, lead, coal, iron and all other mines; also all oil and gas wells.

"4. Reduction of the hours of labor in proportion to the progress of production.

"5. The inauguration of a system of public works and improvements for the employ-

ment of the unemployed, the public credit to be utilized for that purpose.

"6. All useful inventions to be free to all, the inventor to be remunerated by the public.

"7. The people to provide honorable maintenance for aged and disabled toilers.

"8. Labor legislation to be made national instead of local and international where possible.

"9. National insurance of working people against accidents and lack of employment.

"10. Equal civil and political rights for women and the abolition of all laws discriminating against women.

"11. The adoption of the initiative and referendum and the right of recall of representatives by the voters; also minority representation.

"12. Abolition of war as far as the United States is concerned and the introduction of international arbitration instead.

"Draft of a farmers' programme—While in the field of industry the instruments of production have become centralized to such a degree that only in collective form can they be restored to the producers, this is by no means the case in the field of agriculture; here the main instrument of production—to wit, the soil—is generally the individual possession of the producer. We adopt the following platform for the purpose of uniting the workers in the country with those in the city:

"1. Nationalisation of all mortgages on land, the rate of interest to be lowered to cost price.

"2. The national credit to be at the disposal of the farmers for improvement of their land to the extent of half its value. Money to be issued for this purpose, which is to be destroyed when the instalments are paid.

"3. No more public land to be sold, but to be utilized by the United States or the state directly for the public benefit, or leased to farmers in small parcels of not over 640 acres, the state to make strict regulations as to improvement and cultivation. Forests and waterways to be put under direct control of the nation.

"4. Erection of grain elevators, magazines and cold-storage buildings by the nation to be used by the farmers at cost price.

"5. A uniform postal rate for the transportation of agricultural products on all railroads.

"7. Public credit to be at the disposal of counties and towns for the improvement of roads and soil and for irrigation and drainage. Money to be used for such purpose to be destroyed when repaid."

#### THE PEOPLE'S PARTY CONVENTION.

Pursuant to a call issued by the national organization committee of the people's party a convention was held in Cincinnati, O., on the 6th day of September. The delegates, numbering about 246, who were in attendance represented that wing of the party known as the "middle-of-the-road" or "non-fusionist" element. Ignatius Donnelly of Minnesota was chosen chairman of the convention. A committee on resolutions was appointed to present an address to the people of the United States and to formulate a platform. This committee was composed of the following named delegates:

Florida, F. H. Lytle; Georgia, W. J. McDaniel; Illinois, Ray Goodwin; Indiana, O. L. Ross; Kentucky, Jo A. Parker; Michigan, James E. McBride; Mississippi, Frank

Burkitt; Ohio, John Phalen; Pennsylvania, Wharton Barker; Tennessee, Horne Merritt; Minnesota, Ignatius Donnelly; Missouri, W. O. Atkeson; Arkansas, M. K. Coffman.

The committee presented the following address and platform, which were adopted:

"Prosperity is the first right of a people.

"The preamble of the constitution of the United States declares the purpose of that instrument to be to 'promote the general welfare'—in other words, to enrich the people and make them happy.

"Liberty is desired of all men, because it means equality of opportunity; and this means universal prosperity. Poverty, lacking liberty, is unable to defend itself against privilege.

"All history is but a record of the struggles of mankind to rise to happiness in the face of misgovernment.

"Labor in the ancient civilizations was but another name for slavery. All the workers in the forest, on the farm, in the shop and in the mine, were slaves.

"The monuments of Egypt still rear their massive fronts to heaven, enduring testimony to the enormities of injustice inflicted upon the workmen who built them.

"The producers of the wealth of Greece and Rome were denied happiness in life and heaven in death. They were regarded as soulless beings, forbidden to be present at the religious mysteries, and refused even the rights of sepulture.

"Their degraded estate was branded in their very faces, and when they became too numerous for their masters' safety they were slaughtered by thousands.

"The fact that they belonged to the same race, and even to the same families, as their owners did not in the least mitigate their sufferings. Nor was it considered any argument in behalf of the poor creatures that their outlawed caste had given birth to great geniuses and commanders, like Æsop, Probus, Vitellius, Diocletian, and even Augustus Cæsar.

"The producers of all food were hungry; the creators of all wealth were paupers, the manufacturers of all clothing were naked; the forgers of all weapons were defenseless.

"Out of their very faith in God were welded the chains that rendered them helpless; for they feared the denial of the sacred rites of sepulture more than they feared death itself, and the baseless hope of future bliss, in pagan heaven, were received by them as an equivalent for a life of continuous misery on earth.

"When these wretched beings, unable longer to bear the incalculable sufferings broke out in great insurrections, under Spartacus, Eunus, Athenion and others more than a million of them were crucified and left to rot on the public highways.

"The birth of the Christian religion was the first break of light amid the gloomy horrors of this awful spectacle. It came as a outburst from the depths of the oppression and servile class. Its Founder was a mechanic; His apostles fishermen. It preached to the multitude equality and universal brotherhood, the immortality of the soul and the love of a Heavenly Father. It scourged the money-changers out of the temple and consigned the wicked rich to the tortures of an eternal hell.

"The growth of Christianity was a successful insurrection of the poor and was adopted by the great only after it had embraced the great body of the people.

gradually abolished slavery, mitigated the evils of human selfishness and lifted up all mankind.

"The next step in this preordained advancement was the voyage of Columbus and the transfer of the best blood of the old world to the shores of the new. A flood of poor, hungry men struggled across the Atlantic, and, on terms of perfect equality and filled with the positive demands of liberty, spread themselves over the virgin land, kept void of inhabitants, therefore, by the providence of God.

"Then began a process of splendid development for which the previous experience of mankind had afforded no parallel. The genius of humanity cast away its chains and stepped forward into the light with a continent for an arena, surrounded by the glorious effulgence of universal prosperity.

"All who stood before it went down, and resistance was but a stepping-stone to nobler heights of development. The dreams of the poets and sages of antiquity were realized, and government of equal rights and human brotherhood, enlightened by universal education, rose like a mountain before the gaze of the astonished world.

"From the Atlantic to the Mississippi the forests were brushed away and endless gardens and magnificent cities covered the land. The bodies and the minds of men were enlarged to nobler proportions and all the magnificent qualities of the human soul shone forth with resplendent luster.

"But the width of the Atlantic had not changed human nature. Into this paradise the old serpent of injustice drove the toiler himself. He took possession of the garden and drove the toiler from beneath his vine and fig tree. He changed the lovely scene into an abode of unhappiness, filled with lamentations.

"The census of 1890 showed that one-fourth of the dwellers in this land of free homes had become tenants. While population had in ten years increased 25 per cent and wealth 45 per cent the mortgaged indebtedness on the homes of the people had, in the period, advanced 156 per cent. The farm-owning families, despite the homestead law, had increased but 2½ per cent, while the tenants of land had increased 40½ per cent.

"It was shown by that census that 4,047 families owned \$12,000,000,000 of the wealth of the whole country. In other words, three one hundredths of 1 per cent of the people owned one-fifth of all the wealth, 9 per cent of the people owned 71 per cent of the entire property of the country, while the remaining 91 per cent owned but 29 per cent of the wealth. Bankruptcy, suicide and insanity had grown beyond all precedent.

"These facts struck terror to the souls of all thinking people.

"They asked themselves, If less than 100 years of national life, starting from an ideal condition of equality, under the noblest institutions ever known to man, had produced these terrible results, what would another hundred years bring forth?

"They perceived that the great American people were rapidly becoming landless, homeless and hopeless.

"They beheld the birth of that product of modern times—the corporation—an artificial creature, unknown to the ancient world; a demon possessed of all the attributes of God's creatures, but clothed with immortal life and boundless power. They saw it rise in a few generations from

nothingness to the control of congress, state legislatures, municipal governments, the avenues of public opinion, and all the instrumentalities of production and transportation. They saw it a government within the government—levying taxes and collecting revenues never voted by the people. They saw it lessening the opportunities of labor; driving the farmer from his farm and the workman from his bench, concentrating the earth's surface in the hands of a few and consigning the toiler to change and starvation.

"Thoughtful men looked down the vista of the future and saw the people returning to the awful conditions of pre-Christian slavery. To the evil rich Christ had become but a name; the horrid image of Moloch displaced the gentle Nazarene in the hearts of the rulers of the world.

"Appalled by the revelations of the census of 1890 the friends of mankind assembled in this city of Cincinnati on the 19th and 20th days of May, 1891, in a convention of 1,415 delegates from thirty-two states, and with vast enthusiasm and complete unanimity established the people's party of the United States.

"They adjourned until Feb. 22, 1892, to meet at St. Louis, a great assemblage, representing all the extensive labor organizations of farmers and mechanics, including those which met in St. Louis in 1889, the Ocala conference of 1890 and the Omaha assemblage of the Northwestern alliance held in 1891.

"It was there unanimously resolved that a new party should be established; the call was issued for a delegate convention, to be held at Omaha on the 4th of July, 1892, to place in nomination candidates for the presidency and vice-presidency.

"The slowly gathering discontent, extending over many years, found voice at last in the preamble and resolutions of that convention.

"They built the new party on the broadest and grandest principles. They declared that 'wealth belongs to him that creates it,' and that 'every dollar taken from industry without an equivalent is robbery.' They announced that 'the interests of rural and civic labor are the same, their enemies identical.'

"They declared:

"The conditions that surround us justify our co-operation; we meet in the midst of a nation brought to the verge of moral, political and material ruin. Corruption dominates the ballot box, the legislatures, the congress, and touches even the ermine of the bench. The people are demoralized. In most of the states have been compelled to isolate the voters at the polling places in order to prevent universal intimidation or bribery. The newspapers are subsidized, public opinion silenced, business prostrated, our homes covered with mortgages, labor impoverished and the land concentrating in the hands of capitalists. The urban workmen are denied the right of organization for self-protection; imported, pauperized labor beats down their wages; a hireling standing army, unrecognized by our laws, is established to shoot them down, and they are rapidly degenerating into European conditions. The fruits of the toil of millions are boldly stolen to build up colossal fortunes, unprecedented in the history of mankind, and the possessors of these in turn despise the republic and endanger liberty. From the prolific womb of gov-

ernmental injustice we breed two great classes—tramps and millionaires.

"They denounced both the old parties as equally responsible for the terrible condition of the people. The platform said:

"We have witnessed for more than a quarter of a century the struggles of the great parties for power and plunder, while grievous wrongs have been inflicted upon a suffering people. We charge that the controlling influences dominating both these parties have permitted the existing dreadful conditions to develop without serious efforts to prevent or restrain them. Neither do they promise us any substantial reform. They have agreed to ignore in the coming campaign every issue but one. They propose to drown the outcries of a plundered people with the uproar of a sham battle over the tariff, so that capitalists, corporations, national banks, rings, trusts, watered stocks, the demoralization of silver and the oppression of the users may all be lost sight of. They propose to sacrifice our homes and children on the altar of Mammon, to destroy the multitude in order to secure corruption funds from the millionaires."

"Upon this platform, with its familiar concluding demands, we went before the people, and after four months' campaign we polled 1,666,424 votes and carried four states and partially two more, receiving altogether twenty-two electoral votes. The democrats won in the contest and elected Grover Cleveland president by 277 electoral votes, against 145 for Benjamin Harrison. In the campaign both the old parties kept up their 'sham battle' over the tariff and studiously ignored the great issues raised by the people's party.

"In 1893 the Omaha platform received striking corroboration from the terrible panic which fell upon the country, sweeping away banks and business and plunging millions into bankruptcy. Mr. Cleveland's panacea of free trade did not relieve the sufferings of the people. In the elections of 1894 the democratic party was generally repudiated, and it became apparent that that venerable organization must find new issues or be borne to its everlasting resting place. There did not seem to be a state it was certain to carry in 1896.

"The people's party vote in 1894 and 1896 rose to nearly 2,000,000, and everything indicated its speedy national triumph.

"In this emergency the democratic party saw that it had no resource but to steal one of the principles of the despised populists, and after having persistently opposed the remonetization of silver in congress and defeating a dozen bills looking to that end it changed front in the twinkling of an eye, and in the Chicago convention of 1896, in a prearranged, theatrical scene of great uproar and enthusiasm, moved to the front as the devoted and lifelong champion of that which it had ever opposed.

"Having stolen one of the principles of our platform it became necessary to steal our votes and break up our organization. Hence, when the people's party national convention met, a tremendous pressure was brought to bear upon it to do what no political party had ever done in the history of our country—to wit, to nominate the candidates of another party for president and vice-president and stop in mid-career of its own tremendous growth and tie itself to the doubtful fortunes and still

more doubtful sincerity of a rival organization.

"In vain it was urged upon the convention that if we maintained our separate existence and nominated our own candidates we could still unite with any other party in support of a joint electoral ticket in every state.

"If this plan had been adopted the republican party would surely have been defeated, but democracy insisted that the battle must be won under their banner. Hence our noble candidate for vice-president was ostracized and pushed aside in behalf of a man whose every principle was in fundamental antagonism to the creed of our party, and our organization with its twenty-two electoral votes and nearly 2,000,000 voters was ignored and spat upon. Our nomination was thrown back in our faces by a telegram from the gentleman we had nominated; we were denied all recognition. The telegram of declination was not produced, but our votes were carefully exploited in the election which followed.

"By an extraordinary calamity a gentleman was made chairman of our national committee and commander-in-chief of our forces who had achieved success by a combination with republicans, and who was ready to equalize things by sacrificing our party to accomplish another unholy union with the democrats.

He preached disintegration and demoralization, just as Benedict Arnold stipulated for the scattering of the American forces: that the British might the more readily overthrow the young republic. Mr. Butler taught our forces the first duty of a soldier was to break ranks and go over to the enemy. It was as if Gen. Miles had issued orders to our troops at Santiago to tear down the American flag and merge into the Spaniards—because we all thought alike of the question of God and the immortality of the soul.

"All efforts to chain the boundless subtlety of this cunning man had been in vain. As late as Aug. 25, 1898, in a speech at Denver, Col., despite all previous compacts and promises, he urged all friends of free silver to act together, and he denounced those who were 'trying to divide its friends because they differed on other questions. And yet he well knew that the republicans and prohibitionists of Colorado and all the western states were also in favor of free silver, and that there was just as much reason to unite with them as with the democrats. He also knew that where a smaller and weaker party unites with a greater and stronger it is the inevitable union of the lion and the lamb. He knew that the experiment had nearly obliterated the people's party in several states and that he was leading the rest of those who trusted him into the abyss where repose the moldering bones of the greenback party. He well knew that the free-silver issue was but one of many planks of the people's party, and while desirable in itself could not bring the people relief if corporate power were to continue to rule the nation and plunder unchecked the industry of the land.

"Our chief battle is not against the demoralization of one metal for the benefit of another, but against the chaining of the world's progress to the car wheels of prehistoric superstition in the shape of both metals. The growth of population and the happiness of mankind are thus made con-

tingent upon accidental discoveries of two intrinsically worthless metals. The whole adoration of gold and silver is but a survival of pagan barbarism, more deadly in its effects than slavery, polygamy and witchcraft.

"While it is conceded that money is a governmental measure of value, and consists not in its material but in the stamp of the nation, the whole world is to-day held in check by a system of gold bars, while enterprise languishes, industry suffers and cemeteries are becoming populous with the bodies of bankrupts and suicides. Recognizing that a terrible emergency requires desperate remedies and that we must appeal to the highest qualities of the human mind and heart, and not in degrading 'dickers' and trades of scrambling politicians, we cast aside all precedents and go directly to the people. We commence anew the campaign of education which gave us, in the first two years of our existence, nearly 2,000,000 votes.

"We believe the soul is bigger than the pocketbook. We address ourselves to the reason of men and their love of country. We have nothing but kind words for democrats and republicans, individually. We beg them to join our ranks and help us fight the battles of mankind. For those who, eager for immediate results, have innocently left us and merged with the enemy and helped on our demoralization, we extend the open arms of invitation and reconciliation. We ask them for the sake of the great truths which fired their hearts in 1892 to be with us in 1898 and forever after. If the birth of our party was demanded by events six years ago circumstances clamor in thunder tones for its continuance to-day. The whole experiment of self-government is at stake. We are about to add to our population as many millions of alien and strange people as our whole voting force amounts to, and no one can say how soon these will be dragged to the ballot box by the money power to bury our liberties in universal ruin.

"By all the dreadful past of the world, by the memory of all the millions who ended lives of miserable enslavement in degraded graves, by the teachings and sacrifices of the martyred Christ, by the sufferings of the great revolution that made us a nation, by all the hopes of humanity all over this round globe, we implore our fellow-citizens to unite with us in one grand effort to build up a reform party that will liberate mankind.

"Our hearts go out to the wretched and oppressed of the whole world, and if placed in power in this country we shall try to do as to help all mankind.

#### PLATFORM OF THE REVIVIFIED PEOPLE'S PARTY.

"As a fundamental step to the preservation of our endangered liberties we demand that the reign of corruption shall cease in our legislative halls by the establishment of direct legislation. We must shorten the plow handles of government by bringing the legislator closer to his principals—so close that no lobbyist can intrude between them. Through the initiative and referendum all moral and political questions can be submitted to a fair and impartial vote of the people and if adopted by a majority of the voters become the law of the land.

"While we demand that if either gold or silver is to be used as money both shall be

so used, we insist that the best currency this country ever possessed was the full legal tender greenback of the civil war. And we look forward with hope to the day when gold shall be relegated to the arts of the country and the human family possess free of tribute to bankers, a governmental full legal measure of value, made of paper, that will expand side by side with the growth of wealth and population. Then, and only then, will the people realize the full benefits of civilization and the world be made a garden of delights for mankind.

"We call attention to the public school system and the postal service as exemplifications of a beneficent state socialism which our people would only relinquish with their lives. And we demand that the carrying of messages written with pen and ink be amplified to embrace messages written by electricity, and that the train of cars which carries our letters be owned by the government to carry those who wrote the letters. No other reforms will avail much if corporations are permitted to say how much they shall take from the producers and how much they will leave them. This is taxation without representation in its worst form. It is the disgrace of our republic that foreign despots have defended the right of the people in these particulars, while corruption has made self-government a helpless failure in this land. We believe in the collective ownership of those means of production and distribution which the people may elect, such as railways, telegraphs, telephones, coal mines, etc.

"We are opposed to individuals or corporations fastening themselves, like vampires, on the people, and sucking their substance, and we demand that whatever can be better done by government for the enrichment of the many shall not be turned over to individuals for the aggrandizement of the few.

"Hence we insist that banks have no more right to create our money than they would have to organize our army or pass our laws.

"We reaffirm the fundamental principles of the Omaha platform and declare it to be the immutable creed of our party, coeval with it in birth and filled with the spirit that launched it on its grand career. It must not be whittled away or traded off for offices. The man who proposes to do this is an enemy of mankind; he would sell the kingdom of heaven for a mess of pottage.

"In order to maintain the liberties of the people we must preserve their homes, and we therefore demand laws in the several states exempting the homes of the people from taxation absolutely in a sum not less than \$2,000, and a personal property exemption of not less than \$300 to each head of a family. To make up for this reduction of taxation we favor an income, inheritance and other like taxes.

"With malice toward none, with charity to all, with devotion to the right as God gives us to see the right, we commit our cause to the hearts and consciences of the American people."

After the adoption of the address and platform the convention proceeded to the nomination of candidates for the presidency and vice-presidency. Upon a call of the states Mr. Rahilly of Minnesota presented the name of Ignatius Donnelly; Dr. Fay of the same state and Mr. Burton of Illinois seconded the nomination. Florida yielding

to Michigan. Mr. Fogg of the latter state presented the name of Wharton Barker of Pennsylvania. Mr. McDaniel of Georgia and Mr. Kogan of Tennessee seconded the nomination. Mr. Houghwatt of Missouri presented the name of Frank Burkitt of Mississippi, but he declined. Nominations being declared closed, the roll was called by states and resulted in 123 4-5 votes for Barker and 117 1-5 votes for Donnelly, whereupon Mr. Donnelly moved to make the nomination unanimous, and Wharton Barker of Pennsylvania was declared to be the nominee of the convention for president of the United States.

The nomination of a candidate for vice-president being in order, Dr. Fay of Minnesota presented the name of Ignatius Don-

nely, whereupon the nomination was made by acclamation.

Capt. Burkitt of Mississippi moved the following resolutions, which were adopted: "Whereas, The sole object of this convention has been and is to secure to the rank and file of the people's party an absolute certainty that a straight populist ticket on a straight populist platform should be presented to them in 1900; therefore,

"Resolved, That the ticket nominated here to-day is subject to a referendum vote of the populists of the United States.

"Resolved, second, That the referendum vote above referred to shall be taken in accordance with the plan provided in the report of the committee on plan of organization made to this convention."

### CANADIAN-AMERICAN JOINT COMMISSION.

For several years the perplexing questions and disputes between the Canadian and United States governments have been increasing both in number and gravity. Some of these have at times assumed threatening aspects, and it has only been because both countries were determined to prevent a clash that serious complications have been avoided. With the purchase of Alaska by the United States the right of this government to protect the seals in the waters of the North Pacific was so energetically disputed both by Great Britain and Canada that an open rupture was seriously threatened, but after several attempts on the part of our government to bring about a peaceable solution of the question it is yet an open que. The boundary line between British Columbia and this country has been given an additional importance by the discovery of gold in the Klondike region and serious disputes over the collection of customs duties.

On the 30th of May, 1898, negotiations were begun in Washington with the view to the drawing of a treaty which would settle and dispose of all the questions in controversy between the two governments. The conference was conducted by Sir Julian Pauncefote, British ambassador, and Sir Louis H. Davies, Canadian minister of marine and fisheries, representing Great Britain and Canada, on the one hand, and on the other ex-Secretary of State John W. Foster and John A. Kasson, reciprocity commissioner, representing the United States. On the 25th of May an agreement was concluded between them for the creation of a joint commission, the members of which should be appointed by the executive branches of the two governments, to negotiate a treaty adjusting, so far as possible, all subjects of controversy between Canada and the United States. To defray the expenses of the commissioners congress appropriated the sum of \$50,000 and Quebec was designated as the place of meeting of the commissioners.

The president appointed as representatives of the United States Charles W. Fairbanks of Indiana, United States senator (Rep.); Charles J. Faulkner of West Virginia, United States senator (Dem.); Nelson Dingley of Maine, member of the house of representatives (Rep.); John A. Kasson of Iowa, United States reciprocity commissioner (Rep.); John W. Foster of the District of Columbia (Rep.); T. Jefferson Coolidge of Massachusetts.

The queen appointed as representatives of Great Britain and Canada Baron Herschell, lord high chancellor of England; Sir Wil-

frid Laurier, G. C. M. G., premier of Canada; Sir Richard Cartwright, K. C. M. G., Canadian minister of trade and commerce; Sir Louis Henry Davies, Canadian minister of marine and fisheries; Sir James T. Winter, premier of Newfoundland.

The first meeting of the joint commission was at Quebec on the 21st of August, 1898.

The principal questions for the consideration of the commission are as follows:

1. The questions in respect to fur seals in Bering sea and the waters of the North Pacific ocean.

2. Provisions in respect to fisheries off the Atlantic and Pacific coasts and in the waters of their common frontiers.

3. Provisions for the delimitation and establishment of the Alaska-Canadian boundary by legal and scientific experts, if the commission shall so decide, or otherwise.

4. Provisions for the transit of merchandise in transportation to or from either country, across intermediate territory of the other, whether by land or water, including natural and artificial waterways and intermediate transit by sea.

5. Provisions relating to the transit of merchandise from one country to be delivered at points in the other beyond the frontier.

6. The question of the alien labor laws, applicable to the subjects or citizens of the United States and of Canada.

7. Mining rights of the citizens or subjects of each country within the territory of the other.

8. Such readjustment and concessions as may be deemed mutually advantageous of customs duties applicable in each country to the products of the soil or industry of the other upon the basis of reciprocal equivalents.

9. A revision of the agreement of 1817 respecting naval vessels on the lakes.

10. Arrangements for the more complete definition and marking of any part of the frontier line by land or water where the same is now so insufficiently defined or marked as to be liable to dispute.

11. Provisions for the conveyance for trial or punishment of persons in the lawful custody of the officers of one country through the territory of the other.

12. Reciprocity in wrecking and salvage rights.

Other questions relating to the United States and Canada will undoubtedly be brought before the commission as the work goes forward. The findings will be submitted in the form of a treaty for the approval of the senate of the United States and of Great Britain.

## United States Diplomatic and Consular Service.

NOV. 1, 1898.

Explanation—A. E. and P. Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary; E. E. and M. P., Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary; M. R., Minister Resident; M. R. and C. G., Minister Resident and Consul-General.

COUNTRY.	Representative.	Location.	App'ted from.	Salary.
Argentine Republic.....	Wm. I. Buchanan, E. E. & M. P. Francis S. Jones, Sec. of Leg.	Buenos Ayres. Buenos Ayres.	Iowa..... Louisiana.....	\$10,000 1,500
Austria-Hungary.....	C. Tower, E. E. & M. P. Chas. V. Herdliska, S. of L.	Vienna..... Vienna.....	Pennsylvania..... Dis. Columbia.....	12,000 1,500
Belgium.....	Comdr. F. M. Barber, Nav. Att. Bellamy Storer, E. E. & M. P.	Brussels..... Brussels.....	Ohio.....	10,000
Bolivia.....	Lt. G. T. Langhorne, Mil. Att.	La Paz.....	Illinois.....	5,000
Brazil.....	G. H. Bridgeman, E. E. & M. P. Chas. P. Bryan, E. E. & M. P.	Rio de Janeiro. Rio de Janeiro.	Iowa..... Iowa.....	12,000 1,500
Chile.....	Thos. C. Dawson, Sec. of Leg. Lt. James A. Shipton, Mil. Att.	Santiago..... Santiago.....	Washington..... Massachusetts.....	10,000 1,500
China.....	H. L. Wilson, E. E. & M. P. C. R. Sumpkins, Sec. of Leg.	Peking..... Peking.....	Illinois..... New York.....	12,000 2,625
Colombia.....	H. G. Squires, Sec. of Leg. W. E. Baldwin, 2d Sec. of Leg.	Peking..... Peking.....	Wisconsin..... China.....	1,500 3,000
Costa Rica, Nicaragua and Salvador.....	Fleming D. Cheshire, Int. Chas. B. Hart, E. E. & M. P.	Bogota..... Bogota.....	W. Virginia..... Massachusetts.....	10,000 2,000
	J. C. McNally, Sec. of Leg.	Bogota.....	Massachusetts.....	2,000
	W. L. Merry, E. E. & M. P. Rufus A. Lane, Sec. of Leg.	Managua..... Managua.....	California..... California.....	10,000 1,500
Denmark.....	L. S. Swenson, E. E. & M. P.	Copenhagen.....	California.....	1,500
Dominican Republic.....	Wm. F. Powell, Charge d'A.	Port-au-Prince.....	New Jersey.....	5,000
Ecuador.....	A. J. Sampson, E. E. & M. P.	Quito.....	Arizona.....	5,000
Egypt.....	Thos. S. Harrison, Agt. & C. G.	Cairo.....	Pennsylvania.....	5,000
France.....	Horace Porter, A. E. & P. Henry Vignaud, Sec. of Leg.	Paris..... Paris.....	New York..... Louisiana.....	17,500 2,625
	Edgar T. Scott, 2d Sec. of Leg. Maj. S. C. Kellogg, Mil. Att.	Paris..... Paris.....	Pennsylvania..... Paris.....	2,000 1,500
Germany.....	Lieut. Wm. S. Simms, N. A. Andrew D. White, A. E. & P.	Paris..... Berlin.....	New York..... New Jersey.....	17,500 2,625
	John B. Jackson, Sec. of Em. Geo. M. Fisk, 2d Sec. of Em.	Berlin..... Berlin.....	Ohio.....	2,000
Great Britain.....	Comdr. F. M. Barber, Nav. Att. Henry White, Sec. of Em.	Berlin..... London.....	Ohio..... Dis. Columbia.....	2,000 17,500
	John H. Carter, 2d Sec. of Em. Lieut. John C. Colwell, N. A.	London..... London.....	Rhode Island..... Maryland.....	2,625 2,000
Greece.....	Lt.-Col. A. E. Bates, Mil. Att. W. W. Rockhill, E. E. & M. P.	London..... Athens.....	Maryland..... Dis. Columbia.....	2,000 6,500
Guatemala.....	and C. G. W. G. Hunter, E. E. & M. P.	Athens..... Guatemala.....	Dis. Columbia..... Kentucky.....	6,500 10,000
Haiti.....	A. M. Beaupre, Sec. Leg. & C. G.	Guatemala.....	Kentucky.....	1,000
Hawaiian Islands.....	Wm. F. Powell, E. E. & M. P. H. M. Sewall, E. E. & M. P.	Port-au-Prince..... Honolulu.....	New Jersey..... Maine.....	5,000 7,500
Honduras.....	W. Haywood, Sec. of L. & C. G.	Honolulu.....	Dis. Columbia.....	4,000
Italy.....	W. G. Hunter, E. E. & M. P. Wm. F. Draper, A. E. & P.	Guatemala..... Rome.....	Kentucky..... Massachusetts.....	10,000 12,000
	L. M. Iddings, Sec. of Em. R. C. Parsons, Jr., 2d Sec. of Em.	Rome..... Rome.....	New York..... Rome.....	1,500 12,000
Japan.....	Capt. G. P. Scriven, Mil. Att. Comdr. F. M. Barber, Nav. Att.	Rome..... Tokyo (Yedo).....	Minnesota..... Georgia.....	7,500 12,000
	Alfred E. Buck, E. E. & M. P. J. R. Herod, Sec. of Leg.	Tokyo (Yedo)..... Tokyo (Yedo).....	Indiana..... Illinois.....	2,625 1,500
	H. Wilson, 2d Sec. of Leg. Randolf S. Miller, Jr., Int.	Tokyo (Yedo)..... Tokyo (Yedo).....	Illinois..... New York.....	1,500 2,500
Korea.....	Lt. N. Allen, M. R. & C. G. W. F. Sands, Sec. of Leg.	Tokyo (Yedo)..... Seoul.....	Ohio..... Ohio.....	2,000 1,500
	Pang Kyung Hui, Int. Leg. Ye Ho Yung, Int. Leg.	Seoul..... Seoul.....	Korea..... Korea.....	5,000 4,000
Liberia.....	O. L. W. Smith, M. R. & C. G. C. Max Manning, Sec. of Leg.	Seoul..... Monrovia.....	N. Carolina..... Georgia.....	4,000 1,500
Mexico.....	Powell Clayton, E. E. & M. P. F. R. McCreery, Sec. of Leg.	Monrovia..... Mexico.....	Arkansas..... Michigan.....	17,500 2,625
	Wm. Helmke, 2d Sec. of Leg. Stanford Nowell, E. E. & M. P.	Mexico..... The Hague.....	New York..... Minnesota.....	2,000 7,500
Netherlands.....	Maj. Jas. N. Wheelan, Mil. Att. Wm. B. Finch, E. E. & M. P.	The Hague..... Montevideo.....	Minnesota..... Wisconsin.....	7,500 7,500
Paraguay and Uruguay.....	Arthur S. Hardy, M. R. & C. G. John Tyler, Int. Leg.	Montevideo..... Tehran.....	Texas..... N. Hampshire.....	1,000 1,000
Persia.....	John Tyler, Int. Leg. I. B. Dudley, E. E. & M. P.	Tehran..... Lima.....	Persia..... California.....	1,000 10,000
Peru.....	Richard R. Neill, Sec. of Leg. L. Townsend, E. E. & M. P.	Lima..... Lisbon.....	Pennsylvania..... Pennsylvania.....	1,500 7,500
Portugal.....		Lisbon.....	Pennsylvania.....	7,500

## UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

COUNTRY.	Representative.	Location.	App'ted from.	Salary
Roumania and Servia....	W. W. Rockhill, E. E., M. P. and C. G.	Athens.	Dis. Columbia	\$6,500
Russia.....	E. A. Hitchcock, A. E. and P. E. O. Achorn, Sec. of Em.	St. Petersburg.	Missouri.....	17,500
	Lieut. W. S. Simms, Nav. Att.	St. Petersburg.	Massachusetts.	2,625
Siam.....	Hamilton King, M. R. & C. G.	Bangkok.	Michigan.....	5,000
Spain.....	James A. Chivers, Int.	Bangkok.	.....	500
		Madrid.....	.....	12,000
		Madrid.....	.....	1,800
		Madrid.....	.....	.....
Sweden and Norway.....	W. W. Thomas, E. E. & M. P.	Stockholm.....	Maine.....	7,500
Switzerland.....	J. G. A. Leishman, E. E. & M. P.	Berne.....	Pennsylvania.....	7,500
	1st Lt. J. R. Williams, Mil. Att.	Berne.....	.....	.....
Turkey.....	Oscar S. Straus, E. E. & M. P.	Constantinople.....	New York.....	10,000
	J. W. Riddle, Sec. of Leg.	Constantinople.....	Minnesota.....	1,800
		Constantinople.....	.....	.....
Venezuela.....	A. A. Garguilo, Int.	Constantinople.....	Turkey.....	8,000
	F. B. Loomis, E. E. & M. P.	Caracas.....	Ohio.....	7,500
	W. W. Russell, Sec. of Leg.	Caracas.....	Maryland.....	1,500

## CONSULS-GENERAL AND CONSULS, AGENTS AND CONSULAR AGENTS.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
<b>ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—</b>			
Buenos Ayres.....	Daniel Mayer.....	West Virginia.....	\$3,500
Bahia Blanca.....	Walter T. Jones.....	Argentine.....	.....
Cordoba.....	John M. Thome.....	Argentine.....	Fees
Rosario.....	J. M. Ayres.....	Ohio.....	Fees
<b>AUSTRIA-HUNGARY—</b>			
Budapest, Hungary.....	Frank Dyer Chester.....	Massachusetts.....	Fees
Fiume.....	Giovanni Gelletich.....	Austria-Hungary.....	.....
Prague, Bohemia.....	Hugo Donzelmann.....	Wyoming.....	8,000
Reichenberg, Bohemia.....	F. W. Mahin.....	Iowa.....	2,500
Halda.....	F. Siller.....	Wisconsin.....	.....
Trieste, Austria.....	Frederick W. Hoessfeld.....	Iowa.....	2,000
Vienna, Austria.....	Carl Bailey Hurst.....	District of Columbia.....	8,000
Brunn.....	Gustavus Schoeller.....	Austria-Hungary.....	.....
Innsbruck.....	August Bargehr.....	Austria-Hungary.....	.....
<b>BELGIUM—Antwerp.</b>			
Brussels.....	George F. Lincoln.....	Connecticut.....	8,000
Charleroi.....	George W. Roosevelt.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,500
Ghent.....	J. Fisher Reese.....	New York.....	.....
Liege.....	Henry C. Morris.....	Illinois.....	1,000
Verviers.....	A. A. Winslow.....	Indiana.....	1,500
	Henry Dodd.....	Germany.....	.....
<b>BOLIVIA—La Paz.</b>	Gerardo Zalles.....	Bolivia.....	Fees
<b>BRAZIL—Bahia.</b>	H. W. Furniss.....	Indiana.....	2,000
Aracaju.....	Lutz Schmidt.....	Brazil.....	.....
Para.....	K. K. Kenneday.....	Mississippi.....	2,000
Manaos.....	John C. Redman.....	New York.....	.....
Maranhao.....	Luis E. de S. Santos.....	United States.....	.....
Pernambuco.....	Benjamin F. Clark.....	New Hampshire.....	2,000
Coara.....	Antonio E. da Frota.....	Brazil.....	.....
Macelo.....	Charles Noble.....	Brazil.....	.....
Natal.....	Lyle Nelson.....	Brazil.....	.....
Rio de Janeiro.....	Eugene Seeger.....	Illinois.....	5,000
Victoria.....	Jean Zinzen.....	Brazil.....	1,500
Santos.....		.....	.....
Rio Grande do Sul.....	Jorge Vereker.....	Brazil.....	.....
<b>CHILE—Antofagasta.</b>			
Arica.....	Charles C. Greene.....	Rhode Island.....	Fees
Iquique.....	David Simpson.....	Chile.....	Fees
Valparaiso.....	Joseph W. Merriam.....	Massachusetts.....	Fees
Caldera.....	John E. Tapies.....	Oregon.....	8,000
Coronel.....	John C. Munro.....	Chile.....	.....
Punta Arenas.....	William Taylor.....	Chile.....	.....
Talcahuano.....	Moritz Braun.....	Chile.....	.....
	John O. Smith.....	Chile.....	.....
<b>CHINA—Amoy.</b>	Anson B. Johnson.....	Colorado.....	8,500
Canton.....	Edward Bedloe.....	Pennsylvania.....	8,500
Chefoo.....	John Fowler.....	Massachusetts.....	2,500
Chinkiang.....	William Martin.....	New York.....	8,000
Chungking.....	George F. Smithers.....	Delaware.....	8,000
Fuchau.....	Samuel L. Gracey.....	Massachusetts.....	8,000
Hankow.....	Levi S. Wilcox.....	Illinois.....	8,000
Nuchwang.....	J. J. F. Baudinet.....	China.....	Fees
Shanghai.....	John Goodnow.....	Minnesota.....	5,000
Tientsin.....	J. W. Ragdale.....	California.....	8,500

## UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
<b>COLOMBIA—</b>			
Barranquilla.....	W. I. Shaw.....	Pennsylvania.....	\$2,000
Rio Hacha.....	T. V. Henriquez.....	Colombia.....	.....
Santa Marta.....	Gerardo M. Davies.....	Colombia.....	2,000
Bogotá.....	J. C. McNally.....	Pennsylvania.....	.....
Bucaramanga.....	Gustave Volkman.....	Colombia.....	.....
Cucuta.....	P. Tillinghast, Jr.....	Washington.....	.....
Honda.....	Henry Hallam.....	Colombia.....	.....
Cartagena.....	Rafael Madrigal.....	Maryland.....	Fees
Colon (Aspinwall).....	William W. Cobbs.....	Virginia.....	3,000
Bocas del Toro.....	David R. Hand.....	Colombia.....	.....
Medellin.....	Thomas Herrán.....	Colombia.....	Fees
Panama.....	Hezekiah A. Gudgey.....	North Carolina.....	4,000
<b>COSTA RICA—San José.</b>			
Punta Arenas.....	John C. Caldwell.....	Kansas.....	2,000
Max Diemissen.....	Max Diemissen.....	Costa Rica.....	.....
<b>DENMARK AND DOMINIONS—</b>			
Copenhagen.....	J. C. Ingersoll.....	Illinois.....	\$1,500
Dybbø, Iceland.....	N. Chr. Grain.....	Iceland.....	.....
Elsinore.....	Alfred Christensen.....	Denmark.....	.....
St. Thomas, W. I.....	Mahlon Van Horne.....	Rhode Island.....	2,500
Christiansted.....	And'w J. Blackwood.....	West Indies.....	.....
Frederiksted.....	William F. Moore.....	West Indies.....	.....
<b>DOMINICAN REPUBLIC—</b>			
Puerto Plata.....	Thomas Simpson.....	Rhode Island.....	Fees
Monte Cristi.....	Isaac T. Pettit.....	Dominican Republic.....	.....
Samana.....	Jean M. Villain.....	Dominican Republic.....	Fees
Santo Domingo.....	C. L. Maxwell.....	Ohio.....	1,500
Azuá.....	John Hardy.....	Massachusetts.....	.....
Macoris.....	Edward C. Reed.....	Dominican Republic.....	.....
Sanchez.....	Jose A. Puente.....	Dominican Republic.....	.....
<b>ECUADOR—</b>			
Guayaquil.....	Perry M. De Leon.....	Georgia.....	3,000
Bahía de Caraquez.....	Zephyr Constantine.....	Ecuador.....	.....
Esmeraldas.....	Ferdinand Servat.....	Ecuador.....	.....
Manta.....	Pedro A. Moreira.....	Ecuador.....	.....
<b>FRANCE AND DOMINIONS—</b>			
Algiers, Africa.....	Charles T. Grellet.....	California.....	Fees
Beni-saf.....	E. J. C. Milson.....	Algeria.....	.....
Bone.....	Antoine Felix Garbe.....	Algeria.....	.....
Oran.....	Renj. A. Conzelme.....	Algeria.....	.....
Bordeaux.....	Alben W. Tourgee.....	New York.....	3,000
Pau.....	J. Morris Post.....	New York.....	.....
Calais.....	J. B. Milner.....	Indiana.....	Fees
Boulogne-sur-Mer.....	William Hale.....	North Carolina.....	.....
Goree-Dakar, Africa.....	Peter Strickland.....	Connecticut.....	Fees
Grenoble.....	G. B. Anderson.....	District of Columbia.....	1,500
Guadaloupe Island, W. I.....	L. H. Ayme.....	Illinois.....	1,700
Havre.....	Alexander M. Thackara.....	Pennsylvania.....	3,500
Cherbourg.....	H. J. E. Holmerville.....	France.....	.....
Honfleur.....	Henry M. Hardy.....	France.....	.....
Rennes.....	Ernest Polliard.....	France.....	.....
St. Malo.....	Raymond Boulton.....	France.....	.....
La Rochelle.....	Geo. H. Jackson.....	Connecticut.....	.....
Limoges.....	Walter T. Griffin.....	New York.....	1,500
Lyons.....	John C. Covert.....	Ohio.....	2,500
Dijon.....	Ernest Bourette.....	France.....	.....
Marseilles.....	R. P. Skinner.....	Ohio.....	2,500
Bastia.....	Simon Damiani.....	Corsica.....	.....
Cette.....	L. S. Nabimens.....	France.....	.....
Toulon.....	Louis J. B. Jouve.....	France.....	.....
Martinique, W. I.....	G. L. Darte.....	Pennsylvania.....	1,500
Nantes.....	J. I. Brittain.....	Ohio.....	1,000
Angers.....	Jules B. Luneau.....	France.....	.....
Brest.....	A. Pitel.....	France.....	.....
L'Orient.....	L. Deprez.....	France.....	.....
Nice.....	Harold S. Van Buren.....	New Jersey.....	1,500
Cannes.....	Philip T. Riddett.....	France.....	.....
Menton.....	Ange Clerley.....	France.....	.....
Monaco.....	Emile de Loth.....	Monaco.....	.....
Noumea, New Caledonia.....	Paul E. Wolf.....	New Jersey.....	Fees
Paris.....	John K. Gowdy.....	Indiana.....	5,000
Rhélms.....	W. J. Prickett.....	New Jersey.....	2,000
Troyes.....	Gaston Ballet.....	France.....	.....
Roubaix.....	William P. Atwell.....	District of Columbia.....	2,000
Caudry.....	Hans Dietker.....	France.....	.....
Dunkirk.....	Benjamin Morel.....	France.....	.....
Lille.....	C. Dubois Gregoire.....	France.....	.....
Bouen.....	Horatio R. Bigelow.....	Pennsylvania.....	Fees
Dieppe.....	Raoul le Bourgeois.....	France.....	.....
Salgon, Cochin China.....	Edward Schneegans.....	Salgon.....	Fees
St. Bartholomew, W. I.....	R. Burton Dinzey.....	Pennsylvania.....	Fees

## UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
St. Etienne.	Hilary S. Brunot.	Pennsylvania.	\$2,000
St. Pierre, Miquelon.	C. M. Freeman.	New Hampshire.	Fees
Tahiti, Society Islands.	Jacob L. Doty.	New York.	1,000
Tamatave, Madagascar.	M. W. Gibbs.	Arkansas.	2,000
Tunis, Africa.	Alfred Chapelle.	Tunis.	Fees
GERMANY.—			
Aix-la-Chapelle.	F. M. Brundage.	Pennsylvania.	2,500
Annaberg.	J. F. Winter.	Illinois.	2,500
Eibenstock.	E. L. Harris.	Illinois.	2,500
Bamberg.	Louis Stern.	Minnesota.	1,500
Barmen.	Max Bouché.	Illinois.	3,000
Berlin.	Frank Mason.	Ohio.	4,000
Guben.	William B. Murphy, Agt.	North Carolina.	2,500
Bremen.	Louis Lange, Jr.	Illinois.	2,500
Brake and Nordenham.	Wilhelm Clemens, Agt.	Germany.	2,500
Breslau.	C. W. Erdman.	Kentucky.	1,500
Brunswick.	T. J. Albert.	Maryland.	2,000
Chemnitz.	James C. Monahan.	Rhode Island.	2,500
Coburg.	O. J. Hughes.	Connecticut.	2,000
Cologne.	John A. Barnes.	Illinois.	2,000
Crefeld.	Julian Phelps.	Iowa.	2,000
Dresden.	Charles L. Cole.	Pennsylvania.	3,000
Düsseldorf.	George P. Pettit.	Pennsylvania.	2,000
Essen.	F. Auther, Jr., Agt.	Germany.	2,500
Frankfort.	Richard Guenther.	Wisconsin.	3,000
Cassel.	Gustav C. Kothe, Agt.	Kansas.	2,500
Langen Schwalbach.	Ernest Grebert, Agt.	Germany.	2,500
Freiburg, Baden.	E. T. Leifeld.	Connecticut.	1,500
Fürth.	Charles W. Erdman.	Kentucky.	2,000
Glauchau.	George Sawyer.	Connecticut.	2,000
Hamburg.	Hugh Pitcairn.	Pennsylvania.	2,500
Kiel.	August Sartori, Agt.	Germany.	2,500
Lübeck.	Jacob Meyer, Jr., Agt.	Germany.	2,500
Ritzbüttel and Cuxhaven.	Johann G. F. Starke, Agt.	Germany.	2,500
Hanover.	Wm. K. Anderson.	Michigan.	1,500
Kehl.	B. H. Warner, Jr., Agt.	Maryland.	2,000
Leipzig.	Charles Neuer, Agt.	New York.	2,000
Magdeburg.	Henry W. Diederich.	District of Columbia.	2,000
Mannheim.	Walter J. Hoffman.	District of Columbia.	1,500
Neustadt.	Leopold Blum, Agt.	Germany.	2,500
Münch.	Benj. Nusbaum.	Pennsylvania.	1,500
Augsburg.	G. Oberndorf, Agt.	New York.	2,000
Nuremberg.	Gustav C. E. Weber.	Ohio.	3,000
Plauen.	Thomas W. Peters.	District of Columbia.	2,500
Markneukirchen.	Oscar Malmros, Agt.	Minnesota.	2,000
Stettin.	J. E. Kehl.	Ohio.	1,000
Danzig.	Philipp Albrecht, Agt.	Germany.	2,500
Königsberg.	Edward H. Ozmun.	Minnesota.	2,500
Stuttgart.	Thomas E. Moore.	District of Columbia.	2,000
Weimar.	William K. Herzog.	Illinois.	1,500
Zittau.			
GREAT BRITAIN AND DOMINIONS.			
Aden, Arabia.	E. S. Cunningham.	Tennessee.	Fees
Hodeida.	Vittorio Cremaschi, Agt.	Arabia.	1,500
Amherstburg, Ont.	C. W. Martin.	Michigan.	1,500
Antigua, W. I.	H. M. Hunt.	Illinois.	1,500
Montserrat.	Richard Hannan, Agt.	Antigua.	1,500
Portsmouth, Dominica.			
Roseau, Dominica.	H. A. Frampton, Agt.	Dominica.	2,000
Auckland, N. Z.	Frank Dillingham.	California.	2,000
Christchurch.	Robt. Pitcaithly, Agt.	New Zealand.	2,000
Dunedin.	W. G. Neill, Agt.	New Zealand.	2,000
Mongonui.	Robert Wyles, Agt.	New Zealand.	2,000
Wellington.	John Duncan, Agt.	New Zealand.	2,000
Barbados, W. I.	S. A. Macallister.	Delaware.	2,000
St. Lucia.	William Peter, Agt.	St. Lucia.	2,000
St. Vincent.	E. A. Richards, Agt.	St. Vincent.	2,000
Bathurst, Africa.	Henry Goddard.		Fees
Belfast, Ireland.	William W. Tenuelle.	Ohio.	3,000
Ballymena.	John G. Ballentine, Agt.	Ireland.	2,000
Londonderry.	P. T. Rodger, Agt.	Ireland.	2,000
Lurgan.	F. W. Magahan, Agt.	Ireland.	2,000
Belize, Honduras.	F. L. Avery.	Montana.	1,500
Bellefleur, Ont.	M. J. Hendrick.	New York.	Fees
Deseronto.	Charles A. Milliner, Agt.	Canada.	2,000
Napawee.	William Templeton, Agt.	Canada.	2,000
Pictou.	Jacob F. Berlinger, Agt.	Canada.	2,000
Trenton.	Stephen J. Young, Agt.	Canada.	2,000
Birmingham, England.	Marshall Halstead.	New York.	2,500

## UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
Kidderminster.....	James Morton.....	Agt. England.....	
Redditch.....	H. C. Browning.....	Agt. England.....	
Wolverhampton.....	John Neve.....	Agt. England.....	
Bombay, India.....	H. J. Smith.....	C. South Dakota.....	Fees
Karachi.....	A. H. K. Armstrong.....	C. India.....	
Bradford, England.....	Erastus Sheldon Day.....	C. Connecticut.....	\$3,000
Bristol, England.....	Lorin A. Lathrop.....	C. California.....	1,500
Gloucester.....	Arnold Henry Fallin.....	Agt. England.....	
Brockville, Ont.....	C. W. Merriam.....	C. Wisconsin.....	1,500
Calcutta, India.....	Robert F. Patterson.....	C. Tennessee.....	5,000
Akyah.....	Charles Findlay.....	Agt. India.....	
Bassein.....	John Young.....	Agt. India.....	
Chitragong.....	R. A. MacTaggart.....	Agt. India.....	
Madras.....	Henry Scott.....	Agt. India.....	
Moulmein.....	W. J. Davidson.....	Agt. India.....	
Rangoon.....	Charles Galdner.....	Agt. India.....	
Campbellton, N. B.....	James S. Benedict.....	New York.....	Fees
Bathurst.....	Benedict C. Mullins.....	Agt. New Brunswick.....	
Cape Town, Africa.....	J. G. Stowe.....	C. G. Missouri.....	3,000
Durban, Natal.....	Wm. A. E. Moore.....	Agt. Ohio.....	
East London.....	William H. Palmer.....	Agt. Cape Colony.....	
Kimberley.....	Gardner Williams.....	Agt. Cape Colony.....	
Port Elizabeth.....	John A. Chabaud.....	Agt. Cape Colony.....	
Cardiff, Wales.....	Daniel T. Phillips.....	C. Illinois.....	2,000
Newport.....	William E. Beard.....	Agt. Wales.....	
Ceylon, India.....	William Morey.....	C. Maine.....	1,500
Point de Galle.....	H. Breitenstein.....	Agt. Ceylon.....	
Charlottetown, P. E. I.....	Delmar J. Vail.....	Vermont.....	1,500
Albion.....	Albert Giddens.....	Agt. Prince Edward Island.....	
Georgetown.....	A. J. McDonald.....	Agt. Prince Edward Island.....	
Souris.....	Caleb C. Carlton.....	Agt. Prince Edward Island.....	
Summerside.....	John Gaffney.....	Agt. Prince Edward Island.....	
Chatham, Ont.....	C. E. Monteith.....	Agt. Idaho.....	2,000
Clifton, Ont.....	H. W. Bush.....	New York.....	1,500
St. Catharines.....	L. H. Collard.....	Agt. Ontario.....	
Cootesock, Que.....	Joel Linsley.....	Vermont.....	1,500
Hereford.....	John R. Nichols.....	Agt. Canada.....	
Lineboro.....	Hoel S. Boone.....	Agt. Canada.....	
Potter.....	Chandler Bailey.....	Agt. Vermont.....	
Standstead.....	B. F. Butterfield.....	Agt. Vermont.....	
Collingwood, Ont.....	William Small.....	District of Columbia.....	Fees
Barrie.....	A. E. H. Creswicke.....	Agt. Canada.....	
Indsley.....	Wes. M. Knowlson.....	Agt. Canada.....	
Owen Sound.....	Wm. T. Robertson.....	Agt. Canada.....	
Parry Sound.....	Walter R. Foot.....	Agt. Canada.....	
Cork (Queenstown).....	Daniel Swiney.....	Agt. Ohio.....	2,000
Waterford.....	Wm. H. Farrell.....	Agt. Ireland.....	
Dawson City, N. W. T.....	J. C. McCook.....	Pennsylvania.....	3,000
Demerara, Guiana.....	G. H. Moulton.....	Colorado.....	3,000
Dublin, Ireland.....	J. Wilbour.....	Agt. Rhode Island.....	2,000
Athlone.....	John Burgess.....	Agt. Ireland.....	
Limerick.....	Edmund Ludlow.....	Agt. Ireland.....	
Dundee, Scotland.....	John C. Higgins.....	Delaware.....	2,500
Aberdeen.....	Andrew Murray.....	Agt. Scotland.....	
Durfermaline, Scotland.....	John N. McCunn.....	Agt. Wisconsin.....	2,000
Kirkcaldy.....	Andrew James.....	Agt. Scotland.....	
Edinburgh.....	R. Fleming.....	Agt. Ohio.....	2,500
Falmouth, England.....	Howard Fox.....	England.....	Fees
Scilly Islands.....	John Banfield, Jr.....	Agt. England.....	
Fort Erie, Ont.....	Ossian Bedell.....	New York.....	1,500
Gaspé Basin, Que.....	Almar F. Dickson.....	Massachusetts.....	1,000
Paspéblac.....	Daniel Bisson.....	Agt. Canada.....	
Gibraltar, Spain.....	Horatio J. Sprague.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Glasgow, Scotland.....	Samuel M. Taylor.....	Agt. Ohio.....	3,000
Greenock.....	James A. Love.....	Agt. Scotland.....	
Troy.....	Peter H. Wadell.....	Agt. Scotland.....	
Goderich, Ont.....	Robert S. Culhoun.....	District of Columbia.....	1,500
Clinton.....	A. O. Pattison.....	Agt. Canada.....	
Guelph, Ont.....	Charles N. Day.....	New Jersey.....	1,500
Halifax, N. S.....	John G. Foster.....	Vermont.....	3,500
Bridgewater.....	William H. Owen.....	Agt. Nova Scotia.....	
Liverpool.....	Jason M. Mack.....	Agt. Nova Scotia.....	
Lunenburg.....	Daniel M. Owen.....	Agt. Nova Scotia.....	
Hamilton, Bermuda.....	W. M. Greene.....	Rhode Island.....	2,000
Hamilton, Ont.....	James M. Shepard.....	Michigan.....	2,000
Brantford.....	Frank R. Pollard.....	Agt. Illinois.....	
Galt.....	W. H. Wilson.....	Agt. Illinois.....	
Paris.....	Wm. W. Hume.....	Agt. Canada.....	
Hobart, Tasmania.....	Alexander G. Webster.....	Agt. Tasmania.....	Fees
Launceston.....	Lindsay Tullock.....	Agt. Tasmania.....	
Hongkong, China.....	Rousevelte Wildman.....	California.....	3,000

## UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
Huddersfield, England.....	B. F. Stone.....	Ohio.....	\$2,500
Hull, England.....	William P. Smyth.....	Missouri.....	1,500
Kingston, Jamaica.....	Louis A. Dent.....	District of Columbia.....	3,000
Black River.....	C. N. Farquharson.....	Jamaica.....	1,500
Falmouth.....	Charles A. Nunes.....	Jamaica.....	1,500
Montego Bay.....	G. L. P. Corinaldi.....	Jamaica.....	1,500
Port Morant.....	L. D. Baker, Jr.....	Jamaica.....	1,500
Port Maria.....	R. B. Baker.....	Maryland.....	1,500
St. Ann's Bay.....	R. W. Harris.....	Jamaica.....	1,500
Savannah-la-Mar.....	Ch. S. Farquharson.....	Jamaica.....	1,500
Kingston, Ont.....	Marshall H. Twitchell.....	Louisiana.....	1,500
Gananoque.....	E. E. Abbott.....	Canada.....	1,500
Leeds, England.....	Lewis Dexter.....	Rhode Island.....	2,000
Liverpool, England.....	James Boyle.....	Ohio.....	5,000
Holyhead.....	Richard D. Roberts.....	England.....	5,000
St. Helen's.....	John Hammill.....	England.....	5,000
London, England.....	William M. Osborne.....	Massachusetts.....	5,000
Dover.....	F. W. Prescott.....	England.....	5,000
London, Ont.....	H. S. Culvert.....	Ohio.....	1,500
Malta Island.....	J. H. Grout, Jr.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Manchester, England.....	William F. Griannel.....	New York.....	3,000
Melbourne, Australia.....	John P. Bray.....	North Dakota.....	4,500
Albany.....	Charles A. Murphy.....	South Australia.....	1,500
Freemantle.....	Frank R. Dymes.....	West Australia.....	1,500
Moncton, N. B.....	Edward Maybaw.....	West Australia.....	1,500
Montréal, Que.....	G. Bentelspacher.....	Ohio.....	Fees
Coteau.....	John L. Bittinger.....	Missouri.....	4,000
Grenville.....	Thomas Stapleton.....	Canada.....	1,500
Hemmingford.....	Alex. Fridham.....	Canada.....	2,000
Huntingdon.....	W. W. Wark.....	Canada.....	2,000
Morrisburgh, Ont.....	John Dineen.....	Canada.....	1,500
Cornwall.....	John E. Hamilton.....	Kentucky.....	1,500
Nassau.....	David A. Flack.....	Canada.....	2,000
Albert Town.....	Thomas J. McLain.....	Ohio.....	2,000
Dunmore Town.....	N. E. B. Munro.....	Agst. Bahamas.....	1,500
Governor's Harbor.....	Abner W. Griffin.....	Agst. Bahamas.....	1,500
Green Turtle Cay.....	Edward W. Bethel.....	Agst. Bahamas.....	1,500
Mathewtown.....	Daniel D. Sargent.....	Agst. Bahamas.....	1,500
Newcastle-on-Tyne, England.....	Hernace W. McCall.....	Agst. Maine.....	2,000
Carlisle.....	J. Hewetson Brown.....	Agst. England.....	2,000
Bartlepool.....	Hans C. Nielsen.....	Agst. England.....	2,000
Sunderland.....	Thos. A. Horan.....	Agst. England.....	2,000
Newcastle, N. S. W.....	F. W. Godling.....	Agst. Illinois.....	Fees
Brisbane.....	Wm. J. Weatherill.....	Agst. Queensland.....	2,000
Townsville.....	John B. Rogers.....	Agst. Queensland.....	2,000
Nottingham, England.....	Asa D. Dickinson.....	Agst. New York.....	2,500
Derby.....	Chas. K. Eddowes.....	Agst. England.....	2,000
Leicester.....	S. S. Partridge.....	Agst. England.....	2,000
Orillia, Ont.....	E. A. Wakefield.....	Agst. Maine.....	Fees
North Bay, Nipissing.....	Daniel J. McKeown.....	Agst. Canada.....	1,500
Ottawa, Ont.....	Charles E. Turner.....	Agst. Connecticut.....	5,000
Arnprior.....	C. H. Sawyer.....	Agst. Connecticut.....	1,500
Palmerston, Ont.....	Loton S. Hunt.....	Agst. New York.....	Fees
Warton.....	J. H. Tibbando.....	Agst. Canada.....	1,500
Wingham.....	John Nicoll.....	Agst. Canada.....	1,500
Plymouth, England.....	Joseph G. Stephens.....	Agst. Indiana.....	Fees
Dartmouth.....	Jasper Bartlett.....	Agst. England.....	2,000
Guernsey.....	William Carey.....	Agst. England.....	2,000
Jersey.....	E. B. Renouf.....	Agst. Jersey.....	2,000
Port Antonio, Jamaica.....	N. K. Sawyer.....	Agst. Pennsylvania.....	Fees
Port Hope, Ont.....	Harry P. Hill.....	Agst. Maine.....	1,500
Peterborough.....	Frank J. Bell.....	Agst. Canada.....	1,500
Port Louis, Mauritius.....	John P. Campbell.....	Agst. California.....	2,000
Port Rowan, Ont.....	Geo. B. Killmaster.....	Agst. Michigan.....	Fees
Port Sarnia, Ont.....	Neal McMillan.....	Agst. Michigan.....	1,500
Port Stanley, F. I.....	John E. Rowen.....	Agst. Iowa.....	1,500
Prescott, Ont.....	Grenville James.....	Agst. New York.....	1,500
Quebec.....	Wm. W. Henry.....	Agst. Vermont.....	2,000
Rimouski, Quebec.....	C. A. Boardman.....	Agst. Maine.....	Fees
St. Christopher, W. I.....	Charles C. Greaves.....	Agst. St. Christopher.....	Fees
Nevils.....	Charles C. Greaves.....	Agst. St. Christopher.....	Fees
St. George's, Bermuda.....	R. P. Pooley.....	Agst. New York.....	1,500
St. Helena Island.....	J. M. Antier.....	Agst. Rhode Island.....	Fees
St. Hyacinthe, Que.....	Isalo Sylvestre.....	Agst. Canada.....	1,500
Sorel.....	Arthur S. Newell.....	Agst. Canada.....	1,500
Waterloo.....	Ira B. Myers.....	Agst. Indiana.....	2,000
St. John, N. B.....	John I. Alexander.....	Agst. New Brunswick.....	2,000
Campobello Island.....	James T. Sharkey.....	Agst. New Brunswick.....	2,000
Fredericton.....	James T. Sharkey.....	Agst. New Brunswick.....	2,000
Grand Manan.....	William A. Fraser.....	Agst. New Brunswick.....	2,000

## UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
St. George.	Charles C. Ludgate. Agt.	New Brunswick.	
St. John's, N. F.	Martin J. Carter.	Pennsylvania.	\$1,500.
St. John's, Quebec.	Charles Dea.	New York.	1,500.
Farnham.	William L. Hibbard. Agt.	Quebec.	
Lacolle.	Henry Hoyle. Agt.	Quebec.	
St. Stephen, N. B.	Charles A. McCullough.	Maine.	1,500.
St. Andrew.	George H. Stickney. Agt.	New Brunswick.	
St. Thomas, Ont.	M. J. Burke.	Illinois.	2,000.
Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.	G. W. Shotts.	Michigan.	Fees.
Sheffield, England.	James Johnston.	New Jersey.	2,500.
Barnsley.	Robert D. Maddison. Agt.	England.	
Sherbrooke, Que.	Paul Lang.	New Hampshire.	2,000.
Cookshire.	Charles C. Bailey. Agt.	Quebec.	
Megantic.	M. F. Townsend. Agt.	Maryland.	
Sierra Leone, Africa.	J. T. Williams.	North Carolina.	1,000.
Singapore, S. S.	E. Spencer Pratt.	Alabama.	2,000.
Penang.	Otto Schule. Agt.	Straits Settlements.	
Southampton, England.	J. E. Hopley.	Ohio.	2,500.
Portsmouth.			
Weymouth.			
Stanbridge, Que.	Henry A. Burt.	Vermont.	Fees.
Clarenceville.	Edmund Macomber. Agt.		
Freilighsburg.	William A. Reynolds. Agt.	Quebec.	
Sutton.	James B. Ireland. Agt.	Quebec.	
Stratford, Ont.	A. B. Seyfert.	West Virginia.	1,500.
Suva, Fiji Islands.	Alexander B. Joske.	Fiji.	Fees.
Swansea.	Griffith W. Preece.	Wisconsin.	2,500.
Llanelli.	W. Bowen. Agt.	Wales.	
Milford Haven.	G. S. Kelway. Agt.	Wales.	
Sydney, N. S.	George N. West.	District of Columbia.	1,500.
Antigonish.	Rupert Cunningham. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	
Arlchat.	Peter Campbell. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	
Cape Canso.	Alfred W. Hart. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	
Pictou.	John R. Davies. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	
Port Hawksbury & Mulgrave.	Alexander Bain. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	
Pugwash and Wallace.	Conrad W. Morris. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	
Sydney, N. S. W.	George W. Bell.	Washington.	2,000.
Norfolk Island.	Isaac Robinson. Agt.	New South Wales.	
Three Rivers, Que.	Urbain J. Ledoux.	Maine.	1,500.
Arthabaska.	Arthur Potras. Agt.	Quebec.	
Toronto, Ont.	William L. Sewell.	Ohio.	2,000.
Oshawa.	W. P. Stericker. Agt.	Ontario.	
Trinidad, W. I.	Alvin Smith.	Ohio.	2,000.
Grenada.	P. J. Dean. Agt.		
Scarborough.	Edward Keens. Agt.	Tobago.	
Tunstall, England.	Wm. Harrison Bradley.	Illinois.	2,500.
Turks Island, W. I.	H. H. Ellis.	California.	Fees.
Cockburn Harbor.	Cleophas B. Dunham. Agt.	Turks Island.	
Salt Cay.	Daniel F. Harriott. Agt.	Turks Island.	
Vancouver, B. C.	L. Edwin Dudley.	Massachusetts.	Fees.
Rossland.	F. R. Blochberger. Agt.	Oregon.	
Union.	George W. Clinton. Agt.	British Columbia.	
Victoria, B. C.	Abraham E. Smith.	Illinois.	2,500.
Chemainus.	J. S. Gibbon. Agt.	Alabama.	
Nanaimo.	G. S. Shetky.	New York.	
Wallaceburgh, Ont.	Isaac G. Worden.	Michigan.	1,500.
Windsor, N. S.	J. T. Hoke.	West Virginia.	1,000.
Cornwallis.	Fenwick W. Rand. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	
Kempt.	John G. Burgess. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	
Parrboro.	David A. Huntley. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	
Port Joggins.	William Moffat. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	
Windsor, Ont.	Julius G. Lay.	District of Columbia.	1,500.
Winnipeg, Man.	W. H. N. Graham.	Indiana.	1,500.
Deloraine.	Albert M. Herron. Agt.	Manitoba.	
Emerson.	Duncan McArthur. Agt.	Manitoba.	
Fort William, Ont.	C. W. Jarvis. Agt.	Ontario.	
Gretna.	Enoch Winkler. Agt.	Manitoba.	
Lethbridge.	Thomas Curry. Agt.	Manitoba.	
North Portal, Assiniboia.	W. H. Dorsey. Agt.	Assiniboia.	
Rat Portage, Ont.	George E. Frieble. Agt.	Manitoba.	
Woodstock, N. B.	Frank G. Denton.	Vermont.	1,500.
Edmundston.	J. Adolphe Guy. Agt.		
Yarmouth, N. S.	Rudolf H. Ford.	Maine.	1,500.
Annapolis.	Jacob M. Owen. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	
Barrington.	T. W. Robertson. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	
Digby.	William B. Stewart. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	
Shelburne.	T. Howland White. Agt.	Nova Scotia.	
GREECE—Athens.	D. E. McKinley.	Wisconsin.	6,800.
Piræus.	Apollo Abbati. Agt.	Greece.	
Patras.	A. C. Yates.	Virginia.	1,000.
Corfu.	Charles E. Hancock. Agt.	Greece.	

## UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
Kalamata.....	D. A. Pantasopoulos, Agt.	Greece.....	
Zante.....	Alfred L. Crowe..... Agt.	Greece.....	
GUATEMALA—Guatemala.	A. M. Beaupre..... Agt.	Illinois.....	\$2,000
Champerico.....	J. A. C. Kaufman..... Agt.	United States.....	
Livingston.....	Frank C. Dennis..... Agt.	Guatemala.....	
Ocos.....	Samuel Wolford.....	California.....	
San Jose de Guatemala.....	Upton Lorentz..... Agt.	United States.....	
HAITI—Cape Haitien.....	L. W. Livingston.....	Florida.....	1,000
Gonaves.....	Carl A. Begg..... Agt.	Haiti.....	
Port de Paix.....	John B. Terres..... Agt.	Haiti.....	
Port-au-Prince.....	Henry E. Roberts..... Agt.	Haiti.....	
Aux Cayes.....	Jean B. Vital..... Agt.	Haiti.....	
Jacmel.....	L. Treband Rouzier..... Agt.	Haiti.....	
Jeremie.....	Francis W. Mitchell, Agt.	Haiti.....	
Miragoane.....	F. Merantle..... Agt.	Haiti.....	
Petit Goave.....	Charles Miot..... Agt.	Haiti.....	
St. Marc.....	William Raywood.....	District of Columbia.....	4,000
HAWAII—Honolulu.....	F. H. Allison.....	New York.....	2,000
HONDURAS—Tegucigalpa.	William Hayden..... Agt.	Honduras.....	
Amapala.....	John Eler..... Agt.	Louisiana.....	
Celala.....	John E. Foster..... Agt.	New York.....	
Nacome.....	William E. Alger..... Agt.	Massachusetts.....	
Puerto Cortes.....	E. E. Dickason..... Agt.	Texas.....	
San Juanillo.....	J. M. Mitchell, Jr..... Agt.	Pennsylvania.....	
San Pedro Sula.....	H. P. Boyce..... Agt.	Illinois.....	
Truxillo.....	B. Johnston.....	Iowa.....	1,000
Utiila.....	William Bayly..... Agt.	Honduras.....	
Bonacca.....	William C. Wildt..... Agt.	Illinois.....	
Ruatan.....			
ITALY—			
Castellamare di Stabia.....	Joseph E. Hayden.....	District of Columbia.....	1,500
Sorrento.....	Francesco Clampa..... Agt.	Italy.....	
Catania.....	Oscar Durante.....	Illinois.....	1,500
Florence.....	E. C. Crauser.....	Wisconsin.....	1,500
Bologna.....	Carlo Gardini..... Agt.	Italy.....	
Genoa.....	James Fletcher.....	Iowa.....	1,500
San Remo.....	Albert Ameglio..... Agt.	Italy.....	
Leghorn.....	James A. Smith.....	Vermont.....	1,500
Carrara.....	Ulisse Bocacaci..... Agt.	Italy.....	
Messina.....	Charles M. Caughy.....	Maryland.....	1,500
Reggio, Calabria.....	Nicola Siles..... Agt.	Italy.....	
Milan.....	William Jarvis.....	New Hampshire.....	1,500
Naples.....	A. Homer Byington.....	Connecticut.....	1,500
Bari.....	Nicholas Schuck..... Agt.	Italy.....	
Rodi.....	Thomas del Giudice..... Agt.	Italy.....	
Palermo.....	Church Howe.....	Nebraska.....	2,000
Carlini.....	F. Crocchiolo..... Agt.	Italy.....	
Girgenti.....	Francis Clotta..... Agt.	Italy.....	
Licata.....	Arthur Verderame..... Agt.	Italy.....	
Trapani.....	Ignazio Marrone..... Agt.	Italy.....	
Rome.....	Hector de Castro.....	New York.....	3,000
Ancona.....	A. P. Tomassini..... Agt.	Italy.....	
Cagliari.....	Alphonse Dol..... Agt.	Italy.....	
Civita Vecchia.....	Gustav Marsantek..... Agt.	Italy.....	
Turin.....	Perce McElrath.....	New York.....	1,500
Venice.....	Henry A. Johnson.....	District of Columbia.....	1,500
JAPAN—Nagasaki.....	Chas. B. Harris.....	Indiana.....	8,000
Tamsui, Formosa.....	James W. Davidson, Agt.	United States.....	
Osaka and Hiogo (Kobe).....	Samuel S. Lyon.....	New Jersey.....	3,000
Yokohama.....	John F. Gowey.....	Washington.....	4,000
KOREA—Seoul.....	Horace N. Allen.....	Ohio.....	7,500
LIBERIA—Monrovia.....	O. L. W. Smith.....	North Carolina.....	4,000
Cape Coast Castle.....	George E. Eminsang, Agt.		
MAKAT—Maskat.....			Fees
MEXICO—Acapulco.....	G. W. Dickinson.....	New York.....	2,000
San Benito.....	L. E. Brewer..... Agt.	United States.....	
Tehuacan and Salina Cruz.....	Jerry Jeffers..... Agt.	Pennsylvania.....	
Chihuahua.....	W. W. Mills.....	Texas.....	Fees
Parral.....	James J. Long.....	Pennsylvania.....	Fees
Ciudad Juarez.....	Charles W. Kendrick.....	Louisiana.....	2,500
Ciudad Porfirio Diaz.....	C. P. Snyder.....		2,000
Durango.....	W. N. Faulkner.....	Texas.....	Fees
Toreon.....			
Ensenada.....			Fees
La Paz.....	E. H. Cheney.....	New Hampshire.....	Fees
San Jose and Cape St. Lucas.....	Abraham Karnitzky, Agt.	Mexico.....	
Matamoros.....	P. M. Grifth.....	Ohio.....	1,500

## UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary
Mier.....	Henry Vizcayo..... Agt.	Mexico.....	
Mazatlan.....	Louis Kaiser.....	Illinois.....	Fees
Mexico.....	Andrew D. Barlow.....	Missouri.....	\$4,000
Agua Calientes.....	A. M. Baphall..... Agt.	New York.....	
Guadalupe.....	Edward B. Light..... Agt.	Colorado.....	
Guajuato.....	Dwight Furness..... Agt.	Mexico.....	
Puebla.....	J. R. Hardy..... Agt.	Missouri.....	
Zacatecas.....	E. von Gehren..... Agt.	Texas.....	
Monterey.....	J. K. Pollard..... Agt.	Ohio.....	
Nogales.....	J. F. Darnell.....		1,500
Guaymas.....	Frank M. Crocker..... Agt.	Iowa.....	
Nuevo Laredo.....	R. B. Mahone.....	Virginia.....	2,500
Progreso.....	Edward H. Thompson.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Laguna de Torminos.....	German Hahn..... Agt.	United States.....	
Saltillo.....	C. B. Towle.....	New Hampshire.....	Fees
Tampico.....	Samuel E. Magill.....	Illinois.....	2,000
San Luis Potosi.....	J. H. Tarwell.....	Nebraska.....	
Tuxpan.....	A. B. Jones.....	Alabama.....	Fees
Vera Cruz.....	William W. Canada.....	Indiana.....	3,000
Coahuacoalcos.....	W. S. Linscott.....	Kansas.....	
Frontera.....	Michael Girard..... Agt.	Mexico.....	
MOROCCO—Tangier.....	S. R. Gummere.....	New Jersey.....	2,000
Casa Blanca.....	John Cobb..... Agt.	United States.....	
Larache.....	Harry Carleton..... Agt.	United States.....	
Managan.....	John J. de Maria..... Agt.	Morocco.....	
Mogador.....	George Broome.....		
Rabat.....	Elias Bensaude..... Agt.	Morocco.....	
Safi.....	John Rossi..... Agt.	Morocco.....	
NETHERLANDS AND DOMINIONS—Amsterdam.....	George J. Corey.....	Illinois.....	1,500
Batavia, Java.....	Sidney B. Everett.....	Massachusetts.....	1,000
Macassar, Celebes.....	Karl Auer..... Agt.	Celebes.....	
Samarang.....	F. W. Beauchlerk..... Agt.	Java.....	
Curacao, W. I.....	L. E. Smith.....	Maine.....	2,000
Buen Ayre.....	Lodewyk C. Boye..... Agt.	Curacao.....	Fees
Padang, Sumatra.....	Hirsh F. Haacke.....	Sumatra.....	\$2,000
Rotterdam.....	Soren Listoe.....	Minnesota.....	
Flushing.....	Peter Smith..... Agt.	Netherlands.....	
Schedam.....	Leonard Koot..... Agt.	Netherlands.....	
St. Martin, W. I.....	Diederic C. Van Romondt.....	St. Martin.....	Fees
St. Eustatius.....	J. G. C. Every..... Agt.		
NICARAGUA—Managua.....	Chester Donaldson.....	New York.....	2,000
Corinto.....	Henry Palazzo..... Agt.	Nicaragua.....	
San Juan del Sur.....	Charles Holmann..... Agt.	Nicaragua.....	
San Juan del Norte.....	W. B. Sorsby.....	Mississippi.....	2,000
Bluefields.....	M. J. Clancy..... Agt.	Indiana.....	
PARAGUAY—Asuncion.....	John N. Ruffin.....	Tennessee.....	1,500
PELUSIA—Tcheran.....	Arthur S. Hardy.....	New Hampshire.....	5,000
PERU—Callao.....	William B. Dickey.....	Louisiana.....	8,500
Chileno.....	Alfred Soli..... Agt.	Peru.....	
Mollendo.....	Enrique Meier..... Agt.	Peru.....	
Paiza.....	John F. Hopkins, Jr. Agt.	Peru.....	
Truxillo.....	Edward Gottfried..... Agt.	Peru.....	
Tumbes.....	William Balami..... Agt.	Peru.....	
PORTUGAL AND DOMINIONS—Lisbon.....	Thomas C. Jones.....	Kentucky.....	1,500
Lisbon.....	J. H. Thieriot.....	New York.....	Fees
Faro.....	F. J. Tavares..... Agt.	Portugal.....	
Louisa, Africa.....	Frank Weston.....	Africa.....	
Oporto.....	William Stuve.....	Portugal.....	
Setubal.....	Josquin T. O'Neil..... Agt.	Portugal.....	
Mozambique, Africa.....	W. Stanley Hollis.....	Massachusetts.....	1,000
Beira.....	W. B. Diepeveen..... Agt.	Mozambique.....	
Lorenco Marques.....	James McIntosh..... Agt.	Mozambique.....	
St. Michael's, Azores.....			1,500
Flores.....	James Mackay..... Agt.	Azores.....	
San Jorge.....	Joaquin J. Cardozo..... Agt.	Azores.....	
Terceira.....	Henrique de Castro..... Agt.	Azores.....	
Santiago, Cape Verde Islands.....	Ernest Beaumont.....	Cape Verde Islands.....	Fees
Brava.....	Joao J. Nunes..... Agt.		
FORO.....	C. J. Barbosa..... Agt.	Cape Verde Islands.....	
St. Vincent.....	J. B. Guimaraes..... Agt.	Cape Verde Islands.....	
ROUMANIA—Bucharest.....	W. G. Borsball.....	Roumania.....	6,500
RUSSIA—Batumi.....	James C. Chambers.....	New York.....	Fees
Helingsfors.....			
Abo.....	Victor Forsellius..... Agt.	Russia.....	
Wilberg.....	C. Edwin Ekstrom..... Agt.	Russia.....	

## UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
Moscow.....	Thomas Smith.....	New Jersey.....	Fees
Odesa.....	Thomas E. Heenan.....	Minnesota.....	\$2,000
Rostoff and Taganrog.....	Wm. K. Martin, Act'g Agt.	Russia.....	
Riga.....	Niels P. A. Bornholdt.....	Russia.....	Fees
St. Petersburg.....	William H. Holloway.....	Indiana.....	3,000
Cronstadt.....	Peter Wignus.....	Russia.....	
Libau.....	Hugo Smit.....	Russia.....	
Revel.....	Edmund Von Glehn, Agt.	Russia.....	
Vladivostok.....	R. T. Greener.....	New York.....	2,500
Warsaw.....	Joseph Rawicz.....	Russia.....	Fees
SALVADOR—San Salvador.....	John Jenkins.....	Nebraska.....	2,000
Acajutla.....	F. W. Melville.....	Salvador.....	
La Libertad.....	A. Cooper.....	Salvador.....	
La Union.....	John B. Couriade.....	Salvador.....	
SAMOA—Apia.....	Luther W. Osborn.....	Nebraska.....	3,000
SERBIA—Belgrade.....	Elie Litzikas.....	Servia.....	6,500
SIAM—Bangkok.....	H. King.....	Michigan.....	5,000
SOUTH AFRICAN REPUBLIC—			
Pretoria.....	C. E. Macrum.....	Ohio.....	2,000
SPAIN AND DOMINIONS—			
Alicante.....			Fees
Barcelona, Cuba.....	Perry Glussek.....	Indiana.....	2,000
Barcelona.....	Herbert W. Bowen.....		1,500
Bilbao.....			
Gijon.....			
Granada.....	Theodor Mertens.....	Spain.....	
Palma Majorca.....			
Port Mahon.....	Jose Sibila.....	Spain.....	
San Felix de Guixols.....	Julian de Salazar.....	Spain.....	
San Sebastian.....	Faustino Adrioizola.....	Spain.....	
Santander.....			
Tarragona.....			
Torrevieja.....	Jose Hodor.....	Spain.....	
Cadiz.....	J. H. Carroll.....	Spain.....	1,500
Huelva.....	John R. Catlin.....	Spain.....	
Jerez de la Frontera.....	George M. Daniels.....	Spain.....	
Port St. Mary's.....	Samuel B. Caldwell.....	New York.....	
Seville.....	G. Bulle.....	New York.....	1,500
Cardenas, Cuba.....			Fees
Carthagena.....	W. T. Fee.....	Ohio.....	2,500
Cienfuegos, Cuba.....	Carlos Yznaga.....	United States.....	
Trinidad de Cuba.....	Julio Harmony.....	New York.....	Fees
Coruna.....	Rogelio Fereiros.....	Spain.....	
Chiril.....	Placido Castro.....	Spain.....	
Concepcion.....	Enrique Mulder.....	Spain.....	
Vigo.....	Joaquin Muniz.....	Spain.....	
Vivero.....	Jose Garcia Suesca.....	Spain.....	Fees
Garrucha.....			5,000
Havana, Cuba.....	Ignacio F. Hernandez.....	Spain.....	Fees
Madrid.....	Richard M. Bartleman.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Malaga.....	Franklin C. Bevan.....	Maryland.....	
Almeria Malaga.....	Miguel Calzado.....	Spain.....	
Port of Marbella.....	O. E. Williams.....	New York.....	2,000
Manila, Philippine Islands.....	G. E. A. Cadell.....		
Cebu.....	H. L. Saylor.....	Pennsylvania.....	3,000
Matanzas, Cuba.....	Jose H. Beola.....		
Gibara.....	Walter B. Barker.....	Mississippi.....	2,000
Sagua la Grande, Cuba.....	Philip C. Hanna.....	Iowa.....	2,000
San Juan, P. R.....	Aug. Ganslandt.....	Puerto Rico.....	
Aguadilla.....	J. B. Carrion.....	Puerto Rico.....	
Arecibo.....	J. B. Ariens.....	Puerto Rico.....	
Fajardo.....	J. C. McCormick.....	Puerto Rico.....	
Guayama.....	Mannal Badmenn.....	Puerto Rico.....	
Mayaguez.....	Antonio Roig.....	Puerto Rico.....	
Naguabo.....	Felix W. Preston.....	Puerto Rico.....	
Ponce.....	H. N. Longpre.....	Puerto Rico.....	
Vieques.....			Fees
San Juan de los Remedios, Cuba.....	Paulskel F. Hyatt.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,500
Santiago de Cuba.....	Paul Brooks.....	Cuba.....	
Guantanamo.....	W. Stakeman.....	Cuba.....	
Manzanillo.....	Walter Voigt.....	Cuba.....	
Santa Cruz.....	Thomas Miller.....	Canary Islands.....	
Grand Canary (Canary Islands).....	John G. Topham.....	Canary Islands.....	
Lanzarote (Canary Islands).....			
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—			
Bergen, Norway.....	Victor E. Nelson.....	California.....	Fees
Tromso.....	Richard Killengren, Agt.	Norway.....	

## UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
Christiania, Norway.....	Henry Bordewich.....	Minnesota.....	\$1,000
Arendal.....	Christian Eyde.....	Agt. Norway.....	
Christiansand.....	Berne Reinhardt.....	Agt. Norway.....	
Göteborg, Sweden.....	R. S. Bergh.....	Agt. North Dakota.....	1,500
Helsingborg.....	Lars Virgin.....	Agt. Sweden.....	
Malmö.....	Peter M. Flensburg.....	Agt. Sweden.....	
Stockholm, Sweden.....	Edward W. Winslow.....	Illinois.....	1,500
SWITZERLAND—Aarau.....	H. H. Morgan.....	Louisiana.....	
Basle.....	George Gifford.....	Maine.....	3,000
Chaux-de-Fonds.....	J. K. Scott.....	Agt. Illinois.....	
Berne.....	A. L. Frankenthal.....	Massachusetts.....	Fees
Geneva.....	Benjamin H. Ridgely.....	Kentucky.....	1,500
Vevey.....	William Cuenod.....	Agt. Switzerland.....	
St. Gall.....	J. T. Dubois.....	Illinois.....	3,000
Zürich.....	Adam Lieberknecht.....	Illinois.....	2,000
Winterthur.....	Heinrich Langsdorf.....	Agt. Switzerland.....	
TONGA—Nukualofa.....	L. W. Osborn.....	Nebraska.....	
TURKEY AND DOMINIONS—			
Alexandretta.....	Horace L. Washington.....	Texas.....	1,500
Aleppo.....	Frederick Poche.....	Agt. Syria.....	
Metaline.....	Richard Viterbo.....	Agt. Turkey.....	
Bagdad.....	E. J. Banks.....	Virginia.....	
Basorrah.....	James Hamilton.....	Agt. Great Britain.....	
Beirut, Syria.....	G. B. Ravndal.....	South Dakota.....	2,000
Damascus.....	Nasif Meshaka.....	Agt. Syria.....	
Haifa.....	Gottlieb Schumacher.....	Agt. Syria.....	
Cairo, Egypt.....	Thomas S. Harrison.....	Pennsylvania.....	5,000
Alexandria.....	James Hewat.....	Agt. Egypt.....	
Assiout.....	B. W. Khayat.....	Agt. Egypt.....	
Keneh.....	Abdel K. Melammari.....	Agt. Egypt.....	
Luxor.....	Aly Mourad.....	Agt. Egypt.....	
Mansourah.....	Ibrahim Daoud.....	Agt. Egypt.....	
Port Said.....	Samuel G. Broadbent.....	Agt. Egypt.....	
Suez.....	Alfred W. Haydn.....	Agt. Egypt.....	
Constantinople.....	Charles M. Dickinson.....	New York.....	3,000
Candia, Crete.....	A. L. Calokerinos.....	Agt. Crete.....	
Daniellies.....	Frank Calvert.....	Agt. Turkey.....	
Salonica.....	Pericles H. Lazzaro.....	Agt. Turkey.....	
Erzerum, Armenia.....	Leo A. Bergholz.....	New York.....	2,000
Jerusalem, Syria.....	Selah Merrill.....	Massachusetts.....	2,500
Yafa.....	E. Hardegg.....	Agt. Syria.....	
Sivas.....	Milo A. Jewett.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Samoun.....	G. C. Stephopoulos.....	Agt. Turkey.....	
Trebizonde.....	H. Z. Longworth.....	Agt. Turkey.....	
Smyrna.....	James H. Madden.....	Illinois.....	2,500
Mytilene.....	Michael M. Fottion.....	Agt. Turkey.....	
URUGUAY—Colonia.....	Benjamin D. Manton.....	Rhode Island.....	Fees
Montevideo.....	Albert W. Swalm.....	Iowa.....	3,000
Paysandu.....	John G. Hufnagel.....	Maryland.....	Fees
VENEZUELA—La Guayra.....	Louis Goldschmidt.....	New Hampshire.....	1,500
Barcelona.....	Ignacio H. Balz.....	Agt. Venezuela.....	
Caracas.....	Frederick De Sola.....	Agt. United States.....	
Carupano.....	Juan A. Orsini.....	Agt. Venezuela.....	
Ciudad Bolívar.....	Robert Henderson.....	Agt. Venezuela.....	
Cumana.....	Jose G. N. Romberg.....	Agt. Venezuela.....	
Maracaibo.....	Eugene H. Plumacher.....	Tennessee.....	2,000
Coro.....	Josiah L. Senior.....	Agt. Venezuela.....	
San Cristobal.....	Alexander Bone.....	Agt. Venezuela.....	
Tovar.....	W. J. N. Muehe.....	Agt. Germany.....	
Valera.....	L. T. Ellsworth.....	Ohio.....	1,500
Puerto Cabello.....	T. H. Grosewisch.....	Agt. Venezuela.....	
Valencia.....	J. C. Billheimer.....	Indiana.....	2,000
ZANZIBAR—Zanzibar.....			

## FOREIGN LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

COUNTRIES.	Name.	Rank.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC	Dr. Martin G. Merou.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Antonio del Viso.....	Secretary of Legation.
	Col. R. A. Day.....	Military Attache.

## FOREIGN LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.—CONTINUED.

COUNTRY	Name.	Rank.
AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.....	Mr. L. H. von Hengervar..... Baron F. R. Von Kiedenan..... Lieut. Comdr. J. Rodler.....	E. E. and M. P. Secretary of Legation. Naval Attache.
BELGIUM.....	Count G. de Liechtenfeld..... Baron R. Nothomb..... Mr. Maurice Joostens.....	E. E. and M. P. Secretary of Legation. Counselor of Legation.
BOLIVIA.....	Señor Luis Paz.....	E. E. and M. P.
BRAZIL.....	Mr. J. F. de Assis Brasil.....	E. E. and M. P.
CHILE.....	Señor Manoel de O. Lima..... Señor Don Carlos M. Vicuña..... Señor Don E. de la Parra..... Señor Don V. Eastman.....	First Secretary. E. E. and M. P. First Secretary. Second Secretary.
CHINA.....	Mr. Wu Ting-fang..... Mr. Shen Tung..... Mr. Shou Tung..... Mr. Chow Tsz-chi..... Mr. Chung Mun-yew.....	E. E. and M. P. First Secretary. Secretary. Secretary. Interpreter.
COLOMBIA.....	Señor Don Jose M. Hurtado..... Señor Don Julio Rengifo..... Señor Don Joaquín B. Calvo.....	E. E. and M. P. Counselor, First Secretary. E. E. and M. P.
COSTA RICA.....	Mr. Constantín Brun.....	E. E. and M. P.
DENMARK.....	Señor Don A. W. y Gill.....	Charge d'Affaires.
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC.....	Señor Don L. F. Carbo.....	E. E. and M. P.
ECUADOR.....	Mr. J. Cambon.....	E. E. and P.
FRANCE.....	Mr. E. Thiebaut..... Clement de Granprey..... Mr. Jules Berafve..... Herr von Hollenben..... F. S. von Sternburg..... Count von Hache..... Lt. Count von Gatzert.....	First Secretary. Military Attache. Chancellor. A. E. and P. Counselor, First Secretary Second Secretary. Attache.
GERMANY.....	Sir J. Pauncefoot, G.C.B., G.C.M.G. Mr. C. E. F. Adam..... Mr. Hugh J. O'Brien..... Mr. Reginald Tower..... Mr. Geo. Young.....	A. E. and P. Secretary of Embassy. Second Secretary. Second Secretary. Attache.
GREAT BRITAIN.....	Señor Don J. D. Rodriguez..... Señor Don L. F. Corea..... Señor Don A. L. Ariaga..... Mr. J. N. Lezer.....	E. E. and M. P. Secretary of Legation. E. E. and M. P. E. E. and M. P.
GUATEMALA.....	Baron de Fava.....	E. E. and M. P.
HAITI.....	Count Vinel.....	Secretary Legation.
ITALY.....	Señor C. Romano..... Jufiro Komura..... Mr. T. J. Nakagawa..... M. Funnakoshi..... Mr. Durham W. Stevens..... Mr. Chio Poin Ye..... Mr. Bong Sun Pak.....	Secretary E. E. and M. P. First Secretary. Secretary of Legation. Counselor of Legation. E. E. and M. P. Secretary.
JAPAN.....	Señor Don Matías Romero..... Señor Don Jose F. Godoy..... Señor Don Luis G. Pardo..... Señor Don Enrique Santibañez..... Mr. G. de Weckertlin..... Don Victor Eguiguren..... Don Manuel Alvarera..... Viscount de Santo-Thyrs..... Comte Cassini..... Mr. de Wollant..... Mr. Alex. Zelenoy..... Phya Visuddha.....	E. E. and M. P. First Sec. and Charge d'Affaires Second Secretary. Second Secretary. E. E. and M. P. E. E. and M. P. Secretary of Legation. E. E. and M. P. A. E. and P. First Secretary. Second Secretary. E. E. and M. P. E. E. and M. P.
MEXICO.....	Señor Don Victor Eguiguren..... Don Manuel Alvarera..... Viscount de Santo-Thyrs..... Comte Cassini..... Mr. de Wollant..... Mr. Alex. Zelenoy..... Phya Visuddha.....	First Secretary. Third Secretary. Attache. Attache. Military Attache. Naval Attache. First Secretary.
NETHERLANDS.....	Mr. A. Grip..... Mr. N. J. Knagenhjelm..... Mr. J. B. Plocha..... Mr. W. Deucher..... Ali Fernan Bey..... Edhem Bey..... Señor Jose Andrade..... Señor Manuel M. Ponte, Jr.....	E. E. and M. P. Secretary of Legation. Charge d'Affaires. Sec. Leg. and Charge d'Affaires. E. E. and M. P. First Secretary. E. E. and M. P. Secretary of Legation.
PORTUGAL.....		
RUSSIA.....		
SIAM.....		
SPAIN.....		
SWEDEN AND NORWAY.....		
SWITZERLAND.....		
TURKEY.....		
VENEZUELA.....		

## Judicial.

## SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Chief Justice—MELVILLE W. FULLER, Illinois, 1888.

Justices—Jno. M. Harlan.....	Kentucky.....	1877	George Shiras, Jr.....	Pennsylvania.....	1892
Horace Gray.....	Massachusetts.....	1881	Edward D. White.....	Louisiana.....	1894
David J. Brewer.....	Kansas.....	1889	Rufus W. Peckham.....	New York.....	1895
Henry B. Brown.....	Michigan.....	1890	Joseph McKenna.....	California.....	1898
	Clerk—J. H. McKenney.....	1890	D. C.....		1890
	Salaries: Chief Justice, \$10,500;		Justices, \$10,000; Clerk, \$6,000.		
Marshal—J. M. Wright, Kentucky.....	\$3,500		Reporter—J. C. B. Davis, New York.....	\$4,500	

## UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURTS OF APPEALS.

FIRST CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice Horace Gray; Circuit Judges, Le Baron B. Colt, W. L. Putnam; District Judges, Francis C. Lowell, Nathan Webb, Arthur L. Brown, Edgar Aldrich. Clerk—J. G. Steitsin. Boston, Mass.

SECOND CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice Rufus W. Peckham; Circuit Judges, William J. Wallace, E. H. Lacombe, Nathaniel Shipman; District Judges, Hoyt H. Wheeler, W. K. Townsend, A. C. Coxe, Edw. B. Thomas, Addison Brown. Clerk—Wm. Parkins. New York city.

THIRD CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice George Shiras, Jr.; Circuit Judges, M. W. Acheson, G. M. Dallas; District Judges, William Butler, Andrew Kirkpatrick, Joseph Bunting, Edward G. Bradford. Clerk—W. V. Williamson. Philadelphia.

FOURTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, Chief Justice United States; Circuit Judges, C. H. Simonton, Nathan Goff; District Judges, John J. Jackson, Thomas R. Funnell, Hamilton G. Ewart, W. H. Brewster, T. J. Morris, Edmund Waddill, Jr., John Paul. Clerk—H. V. Meloney. Richmond, Va.

FIFTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice E. D. White; Circuit Judges, D. A. Pardo, P. McCormick; District Judges, W. T. Newman, Emory Spear, Charles Swayne, J. W. Locke, John Bruce, H. T. Toutinlin, H. C. Niles, Charles Partridge, Aleck Boardman, Edward R.

Meek, D. E. Bryant, T. S. Maxey. Clerk—James M. McKee. New Orleans, La.

SIXTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice John M. Harlan; Circuit Judges, W. H. Taft, H. H. Lurton; District Judges, Albert C. Thompson, A. J. Ricks, H. H. Swan, H. F. Severens, J. W. Barr, E. S. Hammond, C. D. Clark. Clerk—Frank O. Loveland. Cincinnati, O.

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice H. B. Brown; Circuit Judges, W. A. Woods, J. G. Jenkins, J. W. Showalter; District Judges, P. S. Grosscup, J. H. Baker, W. J. Allen, W. H. Seaman, R. Bunn. Clerk—Edw. M. Holloway. Chicago, Ill.

EIGHTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice D. J. Brewer; Circuit Judges, H. C. Caldwell, W. H. Sanborn, A. M. Thayer; District Judges, Wm. H. Munger, O. P. Shiras, J. S. Woolson, Wm. Lochren, J. F. Phillips, J. A. Williams, Moses Hallett, C. G. Foster, J. A. Riner, Elmer B. Adams, John H. Rogers, Chas. F. Amidon, John E. Carland, Jno. A. Marshall. Clerk—J. D. Jordan. St. Louis, Mo.

NINTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice Joseph McKenna; Circuit Judges, E. M. Rose, William B. Gilbert, W. W. Morrow; District Judges, James H. Beatty, J. J. DeHaven, C. P. Bellinger, T. P. Hawley, O. Wellborn, Hiram Knowles, C. H. Hanford. Clerk—F. D. Monckton. San Francisco.

## CIRCUIT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

(Salaries of Circuit Judges, \$6,000 each.)

FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Gray, Boston, Mass. Districts of Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island. Circuit Judges—Le Baron B. Colt, Bristol, R. I., July 5, 1894; W. L. Putnam, Portland, Me., March 17, 1892.

SECOND JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Peckham. Districts of Vermont, Connecticut, New York. Circuit Judges—Wm. J. Wallace, Albany, N. Y., April 6, 1892; E. H. Lacombe, New York, May 28, 1887; Nathaniel Shipman, Hartford, Conn., March 17, 1892.

THIRD JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Shiras. Districts of New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware. Circuit Judges—Marcus W. Acheson, Pittsburgh, Pa., Feb. 8, 1891; George M. Dallas, Philadelphia, Pa., March 17, 1892.

FOURTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Chief Justice Fuller, Washington, D. C. Districts of Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina. Circuit Judges—C. H. Simonton, Charleston, S. C., Dec. 19, 1893; Nathan Goff, Clarkburg, W. Va., March 17, 1892.

FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice White. Districts of Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas. Circuit Judges—Don A. Pardoe, New Orleans, La.,

May 13, 1891; A. P. McCormick, Dallas, Tex., March 17, 1892.

SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Harlan. Districts of Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky, Tennessee. Circuit Judges—W. H. Taft, Cincinnati, O., March 17, 1892; H. H. Lurton, Nashville, Tenn., March 27, 1893.

SEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Brown, Chicago, Ill. Districts of Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin. Circuit Judges—W. A. Woods, Indianapolis, Ind., March 17, 1892; J. G. Jenkins, Milwaukee, Wis., March 23, 1893; J. W. Showalter, Chicago, Ill., March 1, 1895.

EIGHTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Brewer, Leavenworth, Kas. Districts of Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wyoming, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Utah. Circuit Judges—W. H. Sanborn, St. Paul, Minn., March 17, 1892; H. C. Caldwell, Little Rock, Ark., March 4, 1890; Amos M. Thayer, St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 9, 1894.

NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice McKenna. Districts of California, Montana, Washington, Idaho, Oregon, Nevada. Circuit Judges—E. M. Rose, Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 22, 1895; W. B. Gilbert, Portland, Ore., March 18, 1892; Wm. W. Morrow, San Francisco, Cal., May 20, 1897.

## UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.

(Salaries of Judges, \$4,500 each.)

Judges—Lawrence Weldon.....	Illinois.....	1883	Chief Justice—C. C. Norton.....	New York.....	1885
John Davis.....	Dia. Columbia.....	1885	S. J. Peelle.....	Indiana.....	1892
	Chief Clerk—Archibald Hopkins.....	Massachusetts, 1873, \$3,000.	C. B. Howry.....	Mississippi.....	1897

## JUDGES OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURTS.

(Salaries, \$5,000 each.)

DISTRICTS.	Name.	Residence.	Date of commission.
ALABAMA—Northern and Middle Dist.	John Bruce	Montgomery	Feb. 27, 1875
Southern District	H. T. Toulmin	Mobile	Jan. 13, 1887
ALASKA	Charles S. Johnson	Sitka	July 28, 1897
ARKANSAS—Eastern District	John A. Williams	Little Rock	Sept. 22, 1890
Western District	John H. Rogers	Fort Smith	Nov. 27, 1895
ARIZONA	Webster Street	Phoenix	Nov. 6, 1897
CALIFORNIA—Northern District	John J. De Haven	San Francisco	June 8, 1897
Southern District	Olin Wellborn	Los Angeles	Mar. 1, 1895
COLORADO	Moses Hallett	Denver	Jan. 12, 1877
CONNECTICUT	W. K. Townsend	New Haven	Mar. 29, 1895
DELAWARE	Edward G. Bradford	Wilmington	May 11, 1897
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	E. F. Bingham	Washington	April 22, 1887
FLORIDA—Northern District	Charles Swayne	Pensacola	May 17, 1889
Southern District	James W. Locke	Jacksonville	Feb. 1, 1872
GEORGIA—Northern District	Wm. T. Newman	Atlanta	Aug. 13, 1886
Southern District	Emory Speer	Macon	Feb. 18, 1885
IDAHO	James H. Beatty	Boise	May 7, 1891
ILLINOIS—Northern District	P. S. Grosscup	Chicago	Dec. 20, 1892
Southern District	Wm. J. Allen	Springfield	April 18, 1887
INDIANA	John H. Baker	Indianapolis	Mar. 29, 1892
INDIAN TERRITORY—Northern Dist.	W. M. Springer	Muscogee	Mar. 20, 1895
Middle District	Wm. H. H. Clayton	South McAlester	May 28, 1897
Southern District	Hosea Townsend	Ardmore	Sept. 30, 1897
Additional Judge	John R. Thomas	Vinita	July 1, 1897
IOWA—Northern District	Oliver P. Shlras	Dubuque	Aug. 4, 1882
Southern District	John S. Woolson	Mount Pleasant	Aug. 14, 1893
KANSAS	Cassius G. Foster	Tupeka	Mar. 10, 1874
KENTUCKY	John W. Barr	Louisville	April 16, 1880
LOUISIANA—Eastern District	C. Parlange	New Orleans	Jan. 15, 1894
Western District	Aleck Boardman	Shreveport	May 18, 1881
MAINE	Nathan Webb	Portland	Jan. 24, 1872
MARYLAND	Thomas J. Morris	Baltimore	July 1, 1879
MASSACHUSETTS	Francis C. Lowell	Boston	Jan. 30, 1898
MICHIGAN—Eastern District	Henry H. Swan	Detroit	Jan. 19, 1891
Western District	Henry F. Severens	Grand Rapids	May 23, 1886
MINNESOTA	William Loehren	Minneapolis	May 18, 1896
MISSISSIPPI—Two Districts	Henry C. Niles	Kosciusko	Aug. 11, 1891
MISSOURI—Eastern District	E. B. Adams	St. Louis	May 17, 1895
Western District	John F. Phillips	Kansas City	June 25, 1888
MONTANA	Hiram Knowles	Helena	Feb. 21, 1890
NEBRASKA	Wm. H. Munger	Omaha	Feb. 18, 1897
NEVADA	Thomas P. Hawley	Carson City	Sept. 9, 1890
NEW HAMPSHIRE	Edgar Aldrich	Littleton	Feb. 20, 1891
NEW JERSEY	Andrew Kirkpatrick	Newark	Nov. 20, 1895
NEW MEXICO	Wm. J. Mills	Las Vegas	Jan. 31, 1898
NEW YORK—Northern District	Alfred C. Cox	Utica	May 4, 1882
Southern District	Addison Brown	New York City	June 2, 1881
Eastern District	Edw. B. Thomas	Brooklyn	Feb. 15, 1898
NORTH CAROLINA—Eastern District	Thomas R. Purnell	Raleigh	May 5, 1897
Western District	Hamilton G. Ewart	Hendersonville	July 13, 1898
NORTH DAKOTA	Charles F. Amidon	Fargo	Aug. 31, 1896
OHIO—Northern District	A. J. Kieck	Cleveland	July 1, 1889
Southern District	Albert C. Thompson	Cincinnati	Sept. 23, 1898
OKLAHOMA	John H. Burford	Guthrie	Feb. 16, 1898
OREGON	Charles B. Bellinger	Portland	April 15, 1895
PENNSYLVANIA—Eastern District	William Butler	Philadelphia	Feb. 19, 1879
Western District	Joseph Buffington	Pittsburg	Feb. 23, 1892
RHODE ISLAND	Arthur L. Brown	Providence	Oct. 15, 1896
SOUTH CAROLINA	W. H. Brawley	Charleston	Jan. 18, 1894
SOUTH DAKOTA	John E. Carland	Siox Falls	Aug. 31, 1896
TENNESSEE—Eastern and Middle Dist.	Charles D. Clark	Chattanooga	Jan. 21, 1895
Western District	Ellis S. Hammond	Memphis	June 17, 1878
TEXAS—Eastern District	David E. Bryant	Sherman	May 27, 1890
Western District	Thomas M. Maxey	Austin	June 25, 1888
Northern District	Edw. R. Meek	Fort Worth	July 13, 1896
UTAH	John A. Marshall	Salt Lake City	Feb. 4, 1896
VERMONT	Hoyt H. Wheeler	Brattleboro	Mar. 16, 1877
VIRGINIA—Eastern District	Edmund Waddell, Jr.	Richmond	Mar. 22, 1889
Western District	John Paul	Harrisonburg	Mar. 3, 1883
WASHINGTON	C. H. Hanford	Seattle	Feb. 25, 1890
WEST VIRGINIA	John J. Jackson	Parkersburg	Aug. 3, 1861
WISCONSIN—Eastern District	W. H. Seaman	Sheboygan	April 3, 1893
Western District	Romanzo Bunn	Madison	Oct. 30, 1877
WYOMING	John A. Riner	Cheyenne	Sept. 22, 1890

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

DISTRICTS.	Name.	Residence.
ALABAMA—Northern District.....	Wm. Vaughan.....	Birmingham.
Middle District.....	Warren S. Reese, Jr.....	Montgomery.
Southern District.....	Morris D. Wickersham.....	Mobile.
ARKANSAS—Eastern District.....	Jacob Trieber.....	Little Rock.
Western District.....	James N. Barnes.....	Fort Smith.
ALASKA.....	Robert A. Friedrich.....	Sitka.
ARIZONA.....	Robert E. Morrison.....	Prescott.
CALIFORNIA—Northern District.....	Henry S. Foote.....	San Francisco.
Southern District.....	Frank P. Flint.....	Los Angeles.
COLORADO.....	Greeley W. Whitford.....	Denver.
CONNECTICUT.....	Charles W. Comstock.....	Hartford.
DELAWARE.....	Lewis C. Vanderkrift.....	Wilmington.
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.....	Henry E. Davis.....	Washington.
FLORIDA—Northern District.....	John Eagan.....	Pensacola.
Southern District.....	Jos. N. Strippling.....	Jacksonville.
GEORGIA—Northern District.....	Edgar A. Angier.....	Atlanta.
Southern District.....	Marion Erwin.....	Macon.
IDAHO.....	Robert V. Cosier.....	Boise.
ILLINOIS—Northern District.....	John C. Black.....	Chicago.
Southern District.....	J. Otis Humphrey.....	Springfield.
INDIANA.....	Albert W. Wishard.....	Indianapolis.
INDIAN TERRITORY—Northern District.....	Pliny L. Soper.....	Vinita.
Central District.....	John H. Wilkins.....	South McAlester.
Southern District.....	William B. Johnson.....	Ardmore.
IOWA—Northern District.....	Horace G. McMillan.....	Cedar Rapids.
Southern District.....	Lewis Miles.....	Corydon.
KANSAS.....	Isaac E. Lambert.....	Topeka.
KENTUCKY.....	Reuben D. Hill.....	Louisville.
LOUISIANA—Eastern District.....	J. Ward Gurley, Jr.....	New Orleans.
Western District.....	Milton C. Elstner.....	Shreveport.
MAINE.....	Isaac W. Dyer.....	Portland.
MARYLAND.....	John C. Rose.....	Baltimore.
MASSACHUSETTS.....	Boyd B. Jones.....	Boston.
MICHIGAN—Eastern District.....	William D. Gordon.....	Detroit.
Western District.....	George G. Covell.....	Grand Rapids.
MINNESOTA.....	Robert G. Evans.....	St. Paul.
MISSISSIPPI—Northern District.....	Wm. Mack A. Montgomery.....	Oxford.
Southern District.....	Albert M. Lee.....	Vicksburg.
MISSOURI—Eastern District.....	Edward A. Rosier.....	St. Louis.
Western District.....	William Warner.....	Kansas City.
MONTANA.....	William B. Rodgers.....	Helena.
NEBRASKA.....	A. J. Sawyer.....	Lincoln.
NEVADA.....	Sardis Summerfield.....	Carson City.
NEW HAMPSHIRE.....	Charles J. Hamblett.....	Concord.
NEW JERSEY.....	J. Kearny Rice.....	New Brunswick.
NEW MEXICO.....	William B. Childers.....	Albuquerque.
NEW YORK—Northern District.....	Emory P. Close.....	Buffalo.
Southern District.....	Henry L. Burnett.....	New York city.
Eastern District.....	George H. Pettit.....	Brooklyn.
NORTH CAROLINA—Eastern District.....	Claude M. Bernard.....	Raleigh.
Western District.....	Alfred E. Holton.....	Winston.
NORTH DAKOTA.....	Patrick H. Rourke.....	Fargo.
OHIO—Northern District.....	Samuel D. Dodge.....	Cleveland.
Southern District.....	William E. Bundy.....	Cincinnati.
OKLAHOMA.....	Samuel L. Overstreet.....	Guthrie.
OREGON.....	John H. Hall.....	Portland.
PENNSYLVANIA—Eastern District.....	James M. Beck.....	Philadelphia.
Western District.....	Daniel B. Heiner.....	Pittsburg.
RHODE ISLAND.....	Charles A. Wilson.....	Providence.
SOUTH CAROLINA.....	Abial Lathrop.....	Charleston.
SOUTH DAKOTA.....	James D. Elliott.....	Sioux Falls.
TENNESSEE—Eastern District.....	William D. Wright.....	Knoxville.
Middle District.....	Abram M. Tillman.....	Nashville.
Western District.....	George Randolph.....	Memphis.
TEXAS—Eastern District.....	Sinclair Tallafarro.....	Galveston.
Northern District.....	William H. Atwell.....	Dallas.
Western District.....	Henry Terrell.....	San Antonio.
UTAH.....	Charles O. Whittemore.....	Salt Lake City.
VERMONT.....	James L. Martin.....	Brattleboro.
VIRGINIA—Eastern District.....	William H. White.....	Norfolk.
Western District.....	Thomas H. Alderson.....	Abingdon.
WASHINGTON.....	W. R. Gay.....	Seattle.
WEST VIRGINIA.....	Joseph H. Gaines.....	Charleston.
WISCONSIN—Eastern District.....	Milton C. Phillips.....	Oshkosh.
Western District.....	David F. Jones.....	La Crosse.
WYOMING.....	Timothy F. Burke.....	Cheyenne.

## UNITED STATES MARSHALS.

DISTRICTS.	Name.	Residence.
ALABAMA—Northern District.....	D. N. Cooper.....	Birmingham.
Middle District.....	Leander J. Bryan.....	Montgomery.
Southern District.....	Frank Simmons.....	Mobile.
ARKANSAS—Eastern District.....	Henry M. Cooper.....	Little Rock.
Western District.....	Solomon F. Stahl.....	Fort Smith.
ALASKA.....	James M. Shoup.....	Sitka.
ARIZONA.....	William M. Griffith.....	Tucson.
CALIFORNIA—Northern District.....	John H. Shine.....	San Francisco.
Southern District.....	Henry Z. Osborne.....	Los Angeles.
COLORADO.....	Dewey C. Bailey.....	Denver.
CONNECTICUT.....	Edson S. Bishop.....	New Haven.
DELAWARE.....	John C. Short.....	Wilmington.
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.....	Aulick Palmer.....	Washington.
FLORIDA—Northern District.....	Thomas F. McGourin.....	Pensacola.
Southern District.....	John F. Horr.....	Jacksonville.
GEORGIA—Northern District.....	Walter B. Johnson.....	Atlanta.
Southern District.....	John M. Barnes.....	Macon.
IDAHO.....	Frank C. Ramsey.....	Boise City.
ILLINOIS—Northern District.....	John C. Ames.....	Chicago.
Southern District.....	Charles P. Hitch.....	Springfield.
INDIANA.....	Samuel E. Kercheval.....	Indianapolis.
INDIAN TERRITORY—Northern District.....	Leo E. Bennett.....	Muskege.
Southern District.....	Jasper P. Grady.....	Soula McAlester.
IOWA—Northern District.....	John S. Hammer.....	Arden.
Southern District.....	Edward Knott.....	Dubuque.
KANSAS.....	Geo. M. Christian.....	Des Moines.
KENTUCKY.....	Wm. Edgar Sterne.....	Topeka.
LOUISIANA—Eastern District.....	A. D. James.....	Louisville.
Western District.....	Charles Fontellieu.....	New Orleans.
MAINE.....	James M. Martin.....	Shreveport.
MARYLAND.....	Hutson B. Saunders.....	Portland.
MASSACHUSETTS.....	William F. Airey.....	Baltimore.
MICHIGAN—Eastern District.....	Henry W. Swift.....	Boston.
Western District.....	William R. Bates.....	Detroit.
MINNESOTA.....	A. Oren Wheeler.....	Grand Rapids.
MISSISSIPPI—Northern District.....	Richard T. O'Connor.....	St. Paul.
Southern District.....	Alexander J. Cooke.....	Oxford.
MISSOURI—Eastern District.....	Frederick W. Collins.....	Jackson.
Western District.....	Louis C. Bohle.....	St. Louis.
MONTANA.....	Edwin H. Durham.....	Kansas City.
NEBRASKA.....	Joseph P. Woolman.....	Helena.
NEVADA.....	George H. Thummel.....	Omaha.
NEW HAMPSHIRE.....	J. F. Emmitt.....	Carson City.
NEW JERSEY.....	Clark Campbell.....	Concord.
NEW MEXICO.....	Thomas J. Alcott.....	Trenton.
NEW YORK—Northern District.....	Creighton M. Furaker.....	Santa Fe.
Southern District.....	William K. Compton.....	Elmira.
Eastern District.....	William Henkel.....	New York city.
NORTH CAROLINA—Eastern District.....	Charles J. Haubert.....	Brooklyn.
Western District.....	Henry C. Dockery.....	Raleigh.
NORTH DAKOTA.....	Jas. M. Millikan.....	Greensboro.
OHIO—Northern District.....	John E. Haggart.....	Fargo.
Southern District.....	Matthias A. Smalley.....	Cleveland.
OKLAHOMA.....	Michael Devanney.....	Cincinnati.
OREGON.....	C. H. Thompson.....	Guthrie.
PENNSYLVANIA—Eastern District.....	Geoth Housner.....	Portland.
Western District.....	James B. Reilly.....	Philadelphia.
RHODE ISLAND.....	Frederick C. Leonard.....	Pittsburg.
SOUTH CAROLINA.....	James S. McCabe.....	Providence.
SOUTH DAKOTA.....	Lawson D. Melton.....	Charleston.
TENNESSEE—Eastern District.....	Edward G. Kennedy.....	Sioux Falls.
Middle District.....	Richard W. Austin.....	Knoxville.
Western District.....	John W. Overall.....	Nashville.
TEXAS—Eastern District.....	Thomas H. Baker.....	Memphis.
Northern District.....	John Grant.....	Paris.
Western District.....	George H. Green.....	Dallas.
UTAH.....	George L. Siebrecht.....	San Antonio.
VERMONT.....	Glen Miller.....	Salt Lake City.
VIRGINIA—Eastern District.....	Fred A. Field.....	Rutland.
Western District.....	Morgan Treat.....	Richmond.
WASHINGTON.....	S. Brown Allen.....	Harrisonburg.
WEST VIRGINIA.....	Clarence W. Ide.....	Tacoma.
WISCONSIN—Eastern District.....	John K. Thompson.....	Parkersburg.
Western District.....	Thomas B. Reid.....	Milwaukee.
WYOMING.....	William H. Canon.....	Madison.
	Frank A. Hadsell.....	Cheyenne.

## STATES AND TERRITORIES.

The following table gives the capitals, governors, their salaries and terms of office and data regarding the state legislatures:

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Capitals.	Governors.	Term Yrs.	Salaries.	Term expires.	Next session legislature.	Limit of session.
Alabama.....	Montgomery...	J. F. Johnston, <i>D.</i> ...	2	\$3,000	Nov. 1901	*Nov. 1900	50 days
Alaska Territory.	Sitka.....	†John G. Brady, <i>R.</i> ...	4	8,000	Sept. 1901		
Arizona Territory	Phoenix.....	†N. O. Murphy, <i>R.</i> ...	4	2,600	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
Arkansas.....	Little Rock...	D. W. Jones, <i>D.</i> ...	2	3,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
California.....	Sacramento...	H. T. Gage, <i>R.</i> ...	4	6,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
Colorado.....	Denver.....	C. S. Thomas, <i>Fus.</i> ...	2	5,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
Connecticut.....	Hartford.....	G. E. Lounsbury, <i>R.</i> ...	2	4,000	Jan. 1901	Jan. 1901	None.
Cuba Protect./rate	Havana.....	Maj.-Gen. J. F. Wade					
Delaware.....	Dover.....	E. W. Tunnell, <i>D.</i> ...	4	2,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	None.
Dist. of Columbia.	Washington...						
Florida.....	Tallahassee...	W. D. Bloxham, <i>D.</i> ...	4	3,500	Jan. 1901	*Apr. 1901	60 days
Georgia.....	Atlanta.....	A. D. Chandler, <i>D.</i> ...	2	3,000	Nov. 1900	Nov. 1899	50 days
Hawaii Colony...	Honolulu.....	†S. B. Dole					
Idaho.....	Boise City...	†Stuenkel, <i>D.</i> ...	2	8,000	Dec. 1900	*Dec. 1899	60 days
Illinois.....	Springfield...	J. R. Tanner, <i>R.</i> ...	4	6,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	None.
Indiana.....	Indianapolis...	J. A. Mount, <i>R.</i> ...	4	5,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
Iowa.....	Des Moines...	L. M. Shaw, <i>R.</i> ...	2	3,000	Jan. 1900	*Jan. 1900	None.
Indian Territory.	Tahlequah...	†S. H. Mayes, <i>R.</i> ...	4	1,500			
Kansas.....	Topeka.....	W. E. Stanley, <i>R.</i> ...	2	3,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
Kentucky.....	Frankfort.....	W. O. Bradley, <i>R.</i> ...	4	6,500	Sept. 1900	*Dec. 1900	60 days
Louisiana.....	Baton Rouge...	M. J. Foster, <i>D.</i> ...	4	4,000	May 1900	*May 1900	60 days
Maine.....	Augusta.....	L. Powers, <i>R.</i> ...	2	2,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	None.
Maryland.....	Annapolis...	†Lloyd Lowndes, <i>R.</i> ...	4	4,500	Jan. 1900	*Jan. 1900	90 days
Massachusetts...	Boston.....	Roger Wolcott, <i>R.</i> ...	1	8,000	Jan. 1900	Jan. 1900	None.
Michigan.....	Lansing.....	H. S. Pingree, <i>R.</i> ...	2	4,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	None.
Minnesota.....	St. Paul.....	John Lind, <i>Fus.</i> ...	2	5,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	90 days
Mississippi.....	Jackson.....	A. J. McLaurin, <i>D.</i> ...	4	3,500	Jan. 1900	*Jan. 1900	60 days
Missouri.....	Jefferson City	L. V. Stephens, <i>D.</i> ...	4	5,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	70 days
Montana.....	Helena.....	R. B. Smith, <i>Peo.</i> ...	4	5,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	90 days
Nebraska.....	Lincoln.....	W. J. Poynter, <i>Fus.</i> ...	2	2,500	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
Nevada.....	Carson City...	Reinhold Sadler, <i>F.S.</i> ...	4	4,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
New Hampshire...	Concord.....	F. W. Rollins, <i>R.</i> ...	2	2,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	None.
New Jersey.....	Trunton.....	F. M. Voorhees, <i>R.</i> ...	3	10,000	Jan. 1902	Jan. 1901	None.
New Mexico Ter.	Santa Fe.....	†M. A. Otero, <i>R.</i> ...	4	2,600	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
New York.....	Albany.....	T. Roosevelt, <i>R.</i> ...	2	10,000	Jan. 1901	Jan. 1900	None.
North Carolina...	Raleigh.....	D. L. Russell, <i>R.</i> ...	4	3,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
North Dakota...	Bismarck...	F. B. Fancher, <i>R.</i> ...	2	3,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
Ohio.....	Columbus...	A. S. Bushnell, <i>R.</i> ...	2	8,000	Jan. 1900	*Jan. 1900	None.
Oklahoma Ter.	Guthrie.....	†Cassius M. Barnes, <i>R.</i> ...	4	2,800	May 1901	*Jan. 1900	60 days
Oregon.....	Salem.....	T. T. Geer, <i>R.</i> ...	4	1,500	Jan. 1902	*Jan. 1900	60 days
Pennsylvania...	Harrisburg...	W. A. Stone, <i>R.</i> ...	4	10,000	Jan. 1903	*Jan. 1901	None.
Philippines Pro.	Manila.....	Maj.-Gen. E. M. Otis					
Puerto Rico Col.							
ony	San Juan...	Maj. Gen. J. R. Brooke					
Rhode Island...	Newport and Providence						
South Carolina...	Columbia...	Elisha Dyer, <i>R.</i> ...	1	3,000	May 1899	Jan. 1900	None.
		W. H. Ellerbe, <i>D.</i> ...	2	3,500	Dec. 1901	Nov. 1900	None.
South Dakota...	Pierre.....	Andrew E. Lee, <i>Peo.</i> ...	2	2,500	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
Tennessee.....	Nashville...	B. McMillin, <i>D.</i> ...	2	4,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	75 days
Texas.....	Austin.....	J. D. Sayers, <i>D.</i> ...	2	4,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	90 days
Utah.....	Salt Lake City	H. M. Wells, <i>R.</i> ...	5	2,000	Jan. 1901	(†)	60 days
Vermont.....	Montpelier...	E. C. Smith, <i>R.</i> ...	2	1,500	Oct. 1900	*Oct. 1900	None.
Virginia.....	Richmond.....	J. Hoge Tyler, <i>D.</i> ...	4	5,000	Jan. 1902	*Dec. 1901	60 days
Washington.....	Olympia.....	J. R. Rogers, <i>D.</i> ...	4	4,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
West Virginia...	Charleston...	Geo. W. Atkinson, <i>R.</i> ...	4	2,700	Mar. 1901	*Jan. 1901	45 days
Wisconsin.....	Madison.....	H. Scofield, <i>R.</i> ...	2	5,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	None.
Wyoming.....	Cheyenne.....	D. F. Richards, <i>R.</i> ...	4	2,500	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days

\*Biennial sessions. †Appointed by the president. ‡Called by the governor. Republican governors, 30; democratic governors, 14; people's governors, 3; free-silver governor, 1; fusion, 2.

## STATES AND TERRITORIES.

The following table gives valuable historical data as to the states and territories, their area, population and electoral vote:

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Admitted to the union.	Population, 1890.	Area, Sq. M.	Settled at	Date	By whom.	Rep. in cong.	Electoral vote.
Alabama.....	Dec. 14, 1819.	1,513,017	52,250	Mobile.....	1702	French.....	9	11
Alaska Ter.....	†July 27, 1868.	36,500	577,390					
Arizona Ter.....	†Feb. 24, 1863.	59,620	113,020		1526	Spaniards.....	†1	
Arkansas.....	June 15, 1836.	1,128,179	53,850	Arkansas Post	1685	French.....	6	6
California.....	Sept. 9, 1850.	1,208,130	156,360	San Diego.....	1769	Spaniards.....	7	9
Colorado.....	Aug. 1, 1876.	412,198	103,925	Near Denver.	1860		2	4
Connecticut.....	†Jan. 9, 1788.	148,258	4,990	Windsor.....	1635	Puritans.....	4	6
Cuba Protectorate	†Aug. 12, 1898.	1,631,687						
Delaware.....	†Dec. 7, 1787.	168,493	2,050	Cape Henlopen.....				
Dist. of Columbia	†July 16, 1790.	230,392	70		1627	Swedes.....	1	3
Florida.....	March 3, 1845.	391,422	58,680	St. Augustine	1565	Spaniards.....	2	4
Georgia.....	†Jan. 2, 1788.	1,847,363	59,475	Savannah.....	1733	English.....	11	13
Hawaii Ter.....	§July 7, 1898.	100,020	6,740					
Idaho.....	July 3, 1890.	64,385	84,800		1842		1	3
Illinois.....	Dec. 3, 1818.	3,626,351	56,650	Kaskaskia.....	1720	French.....	22	24
Indiana.....	Dec. 11, 1816.	2,192,404	36,950	Vincennes.....	1730		13	15
Iowa.....	March 3, 1845.	1,911,586	55,025	Burlington.....	1788	French.....	11	13
Indian Ter.....	(?)	120,389	31,400					
Kansas.....	Jan. 29, 1861.	1,427,083	82,080				8	10
Kentucky.....	Feb. 4, 1791.	1,858,635	40,400	Lexington.....	1768	From Va.....	11	13
Louisiana.....	April 8, 1872.	1,118,587	48,720	Iberville.....	1699	French.....	6	8
Maine.....	March 3, 1820.	661,086	33,040	Bristol.....	1624	English.....	4	6
Maryland.....	†April 28, 1788.	1,042,360	12,210	St. Marys.....	1634	English.....	6	8
Massachusetts.....	†Feb. 6, 1788.	2,238,943	8,315	Plymouth.....	1620	Puritans.....	13	15
Michigan.....	Jan. 26, 1837.	2,098,899	58,915	Near Detroit.	1650	French.....	12	14
Minnesota.....	May 11, 1858.	1,301,826	83,265	St. Peter's R.	1906		7	9
Mississippi.....	Dec. 10, 1817.	1,283,400	46,810	Natchez.....	1716	From S. C.....	7	9
Missouri.....	March 2, 1821.	2,679,184	69,415	St. Louis.....	1764	French.....	15	17
Montana.....	Feb. 22, 1889.	132,159	145,080		1852		1	3
Nebraska.....	March 1, 1867.	1,058,910	77,510				6	8
Nevada.....	Oct. 13, 1864.	45,761	110,700		1850		1	3
New Hampshire	†June 21, 1788.	375,530	9,305	Dover and Portsmouth	1623	Puritans.....	2	4
New Jersey.....	†Dec. 18, 1787.	1,444,333	7,815	Bergen.....	1620	Swedes.....	8	10
New Mexico Ter	†Sept. 9, 1850.	158,338	122,540	Santa Fe.....	1537	Spaniards.....	†1	
New York.....	†July 26, 1788.	5,997,853	49,170	Manhattan Id	1614	Dutch.....	34	36
North Carolina.....	†May 23, 1785.	1,617,947	52,250	Albemarle.....	1650	English.....	9	11
North Dakota.....	Dec. 19, 1889.	182,719	70,795	Pembina.....			1	3
Ohio.....	Nov. 30, 1802.	3,672,316	41,090	Marietta.....	1788		21	23
Oklahoma Ter.....	†May 2, 1890.	61,834	39,130				†1	
Oregon.....	Feb. 14, 1859.	313,767	96,030	Astoria.....	1810	Americans.....	†2	4
Pennsylvania.....	†Dec. 12, 1787.	5,258,014	45,215	Delaware R.....	1682	English.....	30	33
Philippines Pro.	†Nov. 28, 1898.	8,000,000	114,000					
Puerto Rico Ter	†Aug. 12, 1898.	814,000	8,600	Caparra.....	1510	Spaniards.....		
Rhode Island.....	†May 29, 1790.	945,505	1,250	Providence.....	1636	Spaniards.....	2	4
South Carolina.....	†May 23, 1788.	1,151,149	30,670	Port Royal.....	1670	Huguenots.....	7	9
South Dakota.....	Feb. 22, 1889.	328,808	77,650				2	4
Tennessee.....	June 1, 1796.	1,767,518	42,050	Ft. London.....	1757	English.....	10	12
Texas.....	Dec. 29, 1845.	2,245,523	265,780	Matagorda B.	1696	French.....	13	15
Utah.....	Jan. 4, 1896.	297,905	84,970				1	3
Vermont.....	Feb. 18, 1791.	332,422	9,565	Ft. Dummer.....	1764	English.....	2	4
Virginia.....	†June 26, 1788.	1,655,990	42,450	Jamestown.....	1607	English.....	10	12
Washington.....	Feb. 22, 1889.	349,390	69,180	Astoria.....	1810		2	4
West Virginia.....	Dec. 31, 1862.	762,734	24,780	Wheeling.....	1774	English.....	4	6
Wisconsin.....	March 3, 1847.	1,698,880	55,040	Green Bay.....	1670	French.....	10	12
Wyoming.....	July 10, 1890.	60,705	97,890		1867		1	3

\*Ratified the constitution. †Organized as territory. ‡Delegate. §Signing of act of union. ¶Signing of protocol relinquishing sovereignty. \*\*Yielding sovereignty.  
 Historians do not all agree as to some of the dates in the above table. The dates given are from the statistical abstract of the United States published by the government, and are well supported in all disputed cases.

## POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES AT EACH CENSUS, FROM 1850 TO 1890.

[From the reports of the Superintendents of the Census.]

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	1890.	1880.	1870.	1860.	1850.
Alabama.....	17 1,513,017	17 1,382,506	16 906,092	13 964,291	12 771,023
Arkansas.....	24 1,128,119	26 802,525	26 484,471	25 435,450	26 309,497
California.....	22 1,208,100	24 864,604	24 560,247	26 579,994	29 92,597
Colorado.....	31 412,198	35 194,327	30 89,894	34 277	37 370,792
Connecticut.....	29 746,238	28 622,700	25 537,454	24 480,147	21 370,792
Delaware.....	41 168,483	37 146,008	34 125,015	32 112,216	30 91,332
Florida.....	32 591,422	34 284,493	33 187,748	31 140,424	31 87,445
Georgia.....	12 1,537,353	13 1,542,180	12 1,184,109	11 1,067,286	9 906,185
Idaho.....	48 84,388	47 367,873	4 2,539,894	4 1,711,561	3 881,470
Illinois.....	8 2,192,404	6 1,978,301	6 1,680,637	6 1,330,428	7 988,416
Indiana.....	10 1,911,896	10 1,824,615	11 1,194,020	20 674,913	27 192,314
Iowa.....	19 1,427,096	20 985,086	20 364,894	33 107,296	34 962,405
Kansas.....	11 1,858,638	8 1,648,000	8 1,321,011	9 1,155,684	8 517,782
Kentucky.....	25 1,118,587	22 930,946	21 726,915	17 708,002	18 517,782
Louisiana.....	30 961,098	27 648,336	23 626,915	22 628,279	16 583,169
Maine.....	2 1,042,300	23 994,943	20 780,894	19 687,048	17 585,034
Maryland.....	6 2,238,943	7 1,783,085	7 1,457,351	7 1,231,066	6 794,314
Massachusetts.....	9 2,083,894	9 1,636,337	15 1,184,039	16 749,118	20 297,654
Michigan.....	21 1,801,324	26 780,773	28 439,706	30 172,024	33 609,665
Minnesota.....	21 1,280,000	18 1,181,507	18 627,322	14 791,365	15 608,529
Mississippi.....	5 2,679,184	5 2,168,386	5 1,721,250	8 1,182,012	13 682,194
Missouri.....	43 132,150	42 452,402	35 122,900	35 28,811	36 1,980,325
Nebraska.....	26 1,038,910	30 45,761	37 82,396	37 42,491	36 6,837
Nevada.....	45 376,530	31 346,901	31 318,300	27 326,075	22 217,976
New Hampshire.....	18 1,444,933	19 1,131,116	17 906,096	21 672,035	19 609,665
New Jersey.....	1 5,907,553	1 5,082,871	1 4,830,735	1 3,880,735	1 3,097,394
New York.....	16 1,617,947	15 1,390,750	14 1,071,361	12 992,622	10 939,169
North Carolina.....	39 182,719	3 3,198,092	3 2,685,240	3 2,339,511	3 1,980,325
North Dakota.....	4 3,072,316	3 174,708	36 14,181	6 4,837	2 51,887
Ohio.....	2 5,238,014	2 4,282,891	2 3,521,954	2 2,904,215	2 2,311,786
Oregon.....	35 345,506	33 276,531	32 217,355	29 174,630	28 147,445
Pennsylvania.....	23 1,151,149	21 908,577	22 705,006	18 703,708	14 668,367
Rhode Island.....	37 328,808	37 328,808	30 330,551	28 315,098	23 214,120
South Carolina.....	13 1,767,518	12 1,542,359	9 1,258,530	10 1,100,801	5 1,002,777
South Dakota.....	7 2,235,223	11 1,361,749	19 694,579	23 694,215	25 1,421,061
Tennessee.....	40 207,905	32 332,422	30 330,551	28 315,098	23 214,120
Texas.....	34 1,665,949	14 1,512,565	10 1,235,163	5 1,506,318	4 1,421,061
Utah.....	28 762,794	29 618,457	27 442,014	1 775,881	24 305,304
Vermont.....	44 1,886,880	16 1,315,497	15 1,064,670	15 775,881	24 305,304
Virginia.....	44 60,705	49 371,340	38 155,506	31 218,021	23 967,392
Washington.....	6 36,500	6 40,440	9 9,058	6 4,837	2 51,887
Washington Territory.....	5 50,020	3 135,177	8 14,181	6 4,837	2 51,887
West Virginia.....	1 230,392	1 177,624	1 151,700	2 75,080	2 51,887
Wisconsin.....	3 130,389	8 32,610	7 14,999	2 75,080	2 51,887
Wyoming.....	3 130,389	8 32,610	7 14,999	2 75,080	2 51,887
Alaska.....	3 130,389	8 32,610	7 14,999	2 75,080	2 51,887
Arizona.....	3 130,389	8 32,610	7 14,999	2 75,080	2 51,887
Dakota.....	3 130,389	8 32,610	7 14,999	2 75,080	2 51,887
District of Columbia.....	3 130,389	8 32,610	7 14,999	2 75,080	2 51,887
Idaho.....	3 130,389	8 32,610	7 14,999	2 75,080	2 51,887
Indian Territory.....	3 130,389	8 32,610	7 14,999	2 75,080	2 51,887
Montana.....	3 130,389	8 32,610	7 14,999	2 75,080	2 51,887
New Mexico.....	3 130,389	8 32,610	7 14,999	2 75,080	2 51,887
Oklahoma.....	3 130,389	8 32,610	7 14,999	2 75,080	2 51,887
Utah.....	3 130,389	8 32,610	7 14,999	2 75,080	2 51,887
Washington.....	3 130,389	8 32,610	7 14,999	2 75,080	2 51,887
West Virginia.....	3 130,389	8 32,610	7 14,999	2 75,080	2 51,887
Wisconsin.....	3 130,389	8 32,610	7 14,999	2 75,080	2 51,887
Wyoming.....	3 130,389	8 32,610	7 14,999	2 75,080	2 51,887
The States.....	62,116,811	49,371,340	38,155,506	31,218,021	23,067,392
The Territories.....	465,438	784,443	402,897	225,300	124,614
The United States.....	62,779,139	50,155,783	38,558,403	31,443,321	23,191,976
Percent of gain.....	24.8	30.08	22.65	25.11	26.85

NOTE.—The narrow column under each census year shows the order of the states and territories when arranged according to magnitude of population.

## POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES AT EACH CENSUS, FROM 1790 TO 1840.

[From the reports of the Superintendents of the Census.]

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	1840.	1830.	1820.	1810.	1800.	1790.
Alabama.....	13 590,756	15 309,527	19 127,901			
Arkansas.....	25 97,574	27 80,898	25 14,256			
California.....						
Colorado.....						
Connecticut.....	20 309,978	16 267,675	14 275,148	9 261,542	8 261,002	8 237,954
Delaware.....	26 78,066	24 76,748	23 72,749	19 72,674	17 64,273	16 59,096
Florida.....	27 54,477	25 84,730				
Georgia.....	9 691,362	10 616,822	11 340,986	11 252,433	12 163,686	13 82,548
Idaho.....						
Illinois.....	14 478,188	20 157,445	24 55,162	28 12,282		
Indiana.....	10 686,866	13 343,031	18 147,178	21 24,520	20 5,641	
Iowa.....	28 43,112					
Kansas.....						
Kentucky.....	6 779,326	6 697,917	8 564,136	7 406,511	9 220,966	14 73,677
Louisiana.....	19 352,411	19 215,738	17 153,223	13 76,556		
Maine.....	13 501,733	12 369,455	12 298,209	14 238,706	14 151,719	11 96,540
Maryland.....	15 470,019	11 447,040	10 407,360	8 380,546	7 341,548	6 319,728
Massachusetts.....	8 737,689	8 610,408	7 523,156	5 472,040	5 422,945	4 378,787
Michigan.....	23 212,267	26 31,639	26 8,786	24 4,763		
Minnesota.....						
Mississippi.....	17 375,651	22 136,621	21 75,448	20 40,359	19 8,850	
Missouri.....	16 383,709	21 140,451	23 66,567	22 20,845		
Montana.....						
Nebraska.....						
Nevada.....						
New Hampshire.....	22 294,674	18 268,328	16 244,022	16 214,460	11 183,866	10 141,965
New Jersey.....	13 373,306	14 390,323	13 377,426	10 311,149	9 211,149	9 184,139
New York.....	1 2,428,921	1 1,918,608	1 1,372,111	2 959,049	3 660,051	5 340,120
North Carolina.....	7 763,419	5 737,987	4 638,839	4 555,500	4 478,108	3 393,751
North Dakota.....						
Ohio.....	8 1,519,467	4 987,908	5 561,286	13 230,760	18 45,365	
Oregon.....						
Pennsylvania.....	2 1,794,033	2 1,348,333	3 1,047,507	8 810,091	8 602,365	2 434,373
Rhode Island.....	24 108,830	23 97,199	20 83,015	17 76,981	16 69,122	15 68,825
South Carolina.....	11 564,309	9 561,186	8 502,741	6 415,115	6 345,591	7 249,073
South Dakota.....						
Tennessee.....	5 829,210	7 661,904	9 422,771	10 261,772	15 105,002	17 35,091
Texas.....	21 291,948	17 280,652	16 235,968	15 217,506	13 154,465	12 95,425
Vermont.....	4 1,239,797	3 1,211,405	2 1,065,116	1 974,600	1 680,200	1 747,610
Virginia.....						
Washington.....						
West Virginia.....						
Wisconsin.....	29 80,945					
Wyoming.....						
The States.....	17,019,641	12,820,988	9,600,783	7,215,858	5,294,390	
Alaska.....						
Arizona.....						
Dakota.....						
Dist. of Columbia.....	1 43,712	1 39,834	1 33,038	1 24,023	1 14,063	
Idaho.....						
Indian.....						
Montana.....						
New Mexico.....						
Oklahoma.....						
Utah.....						
Washington.....						
Wyoming.....						
The Territories.....	43,712	39,834	33,038	24,023	14,063	
On public ships in service of U.S.....	6,100	5,318				
United States.....	17,069,453	12,866,020	9,633,822	7,239,881	5,308,453	3,929,214
Per cent. of gain.....	33.52	32.51	33.06	36.38	35.10	

NOTE.—The narrow column under each census year shows the order of the states and territories when arranged according to magnitude of population.

## IMMIGRATION INTO THE UNITED STATES.

Number of immigrants arrived in the United States, by sex and nationality.  
(Compiled by the Bureau of Immigration, Treasury Department.)

NATIONALITIES.	1897.			1898.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Austria-Hungary—						
Bohemia and Moravia.....	947	1,007	1,954	1,181	1,287	2,468
Galicia and Bukovina.....	3,152	2,815	5,967	6,865	5,552	12,417
Other Austria.....	5,976	4,489	10,465	5,469	2,765	8,233
Hungary.....	8,688	6,327	15,015	9,561	7,101	16,662
Belgium.....	490	270	760	424	270	694
Denmark.....	1,312	873	2,085	1,204	742	1,946
France (including Corsica).....	1,350	868	2,107	1,232	757	1,989
Germany.....	11,899	10,634	22,533	9,073	7,989	17,062
Greece.....	546	25	571	2,265	93	2,358
Italy.....	41,446	17,985	59,431	40,241	18,965	59,206
Netherlands.....	568	352	920	507	267	774
Norway.....	2,535	2,307	5,842	3,006	1,931	4,936
Portugal.....	962	912	1,874	839	869	1,708
Rumania.....	413	378	791	522	381	903
Russia (proper).....	12,436	10,314	22,750	15,716	11,478	27,194
Sweden.....	1,458	1,004	2,462	1,374	1,225	2,599
Switzerland.....	2,654	1,511	4,165	2,968	1,725	4,693
Spain.....	407	41	448	511	65	576
Sweden.....	6,281	6,261	12,542	5,442	6,956	12,398
Switzerland.....	975	591	1,566	824	422	1,246
Turkey in Europe.....	110	42	152	139	87	226
England.....	5,908	3,976	9,884	5,943	3,994	9,937
Ireland.....	11,549	16,872	28,421	9,362	15,176	24,538
Scotland.....	1,664	829	2,493	1,100	697	1,797
Wales.....	539	351	890	758	461	1,219
Not specified.....	18	7	25	1		1
Total Europe.....	124,473	91,925	216,397	127,162	90,568	217,730
Mexico.....	42	49	91	30	68	107
Central American States—						
Costa Rica.....	1		1			1
Nicaragua.....	1		1	1		1
Honduras.....						1
Guatemala.....				1		1
Salvador.....	1		1			1
Central America, not specified.....	2		2	2		2
Total Central American States.....	6		6	5		5
British Honduras.....	1		1		2	2
British North America—						
Quebec and Ontario.....	151	97	248	158	38	196
Nova Scotia.....	5	3	8	12	2	14
New Brunswick.....	1		1	10	1	11
Prince Edward Island.....				12		12
British Columbia.....		3	15	91	34	125
Newfoundland and Labrador.....	11	7	18	11	1	12
Total British North America.....	180	110	290	284	86	370
Asia—						
China.....	1,938	1,585	3,523	907	880	1,787
Other West Indies.....	283	255	538	145	102	247
South America.....	28	21	49	30	9	39
Turkey in Asia (Arabia and Syria).....	3,263	1,529	4,792	2,651	1,024	3,675
China.....	3,314	29	3,343	2,061	10	2,071
Japan.....	1,439	106	1,545	2,115	115	2,230
Asia, not specified.....	40	1	41	51	4	55
Australia.....	65	74	139	115	64	179
Swedish Islands.....	29	26	55	26	14	40
Pacific Islands, not specified.....	3	2	5	6	2	8
Friends.....	24	13	37	38	10	48
Grand total.....	135,107	95,725	230,832	135,735	101,406	237,141

## Military Societies of the United States.

## SOCIETY OF THE CINCIINNATI.

## GENERAL OFFICERS.

*President-General*—William Wayne, Pa.  
*Vice-President-General*—Whinslow Warren, Mass.  
*Treasurer-General*—Vacant.  
*Secretary-General*—Hon. Asa Bird Gardiner, LL. D., of Rhode Island, Garden City, N. Y.  
*Assistant Secretary-General*—Nich. Fish, N. Y.

## STATE SOCIETIES.

*Massachusetts*—Organized June 9, 1783; Winslow Warren, president.  
*New York*—Organized June 9, 1778; William G. Wood, president, New York city.  
*Pennsylvania*—Organized Oct. 4, 1783; Hon. William Wayne, president, Paoli, Chester county, Pa.  
*Maryland*—Organized Nov. 21, 1788.  
*Rhode Island*—Organized June 24, 1783; Hon. Nathaniel Greene, president, Newport, R. I.  
*New Jersey*—Organized June 11, 1783; William S. Stryker, president, Mount Holly, N. J.  
*Connecticut* (revived 1898)—George B. Sanford, acting president.  
*South Carolina*—Organized Aug. 29, 1783; James Simons, president, Charleston, S. C.  
*Virginia*—John Cropper, president.

*France*—Organized at Paris Jan. 7, 1784; re-instituted July 1, 1887; Marquis de Rochambeau, president, 51 Rue de Naples, Paris.  
 The historic and patriotic Order of the Cincinnati was founded by the American and French officers at the cantonments of the continental army on the Hudson at the close of hostilities in the war of the revolution for American independence in May, 1783.

In forming the society it was declared that "to perpetuate, therefore, as well the remembrance of this vast event as the mutual friendships which have been formed under the pressure of common danger and, in many instances, cemented by the blood of the parties, the officers of the American army do hereby, in the most solemn manner, associate, constitute and combine themselves into one society of friends, to endure as long as they shall endure, or any of their eldest male posterity, and in failure thereof the collateral branches who may be judged worthy of becoming its supporters and members."

Membership descends to the eldest lineal male descendant, if judged worthy, and, in failure of direct male descent, to male descendants through intervening female descendants.

The number of living members of the Society of the Cincinnati, as reported at the triennial meeting May, 1893, was 430.

## SOCIETY OF THE SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

[Organized June 29, 1876.]

## GENERAL OFFICERS.

Elected April 30, 1896.

*President-General*—Edwin Shepard Barrett, 15 Broad street, New York city.  
*Vice-Presidents-General*—Col. Thos. M. Anderson, U. S. A., Vancouver Barracks, Wash.; John Whitehead, Morristown, N. J.; James M. Richardson, Cleveland, O.; Franklin Murphy, Newark, N. J.; Gen. Joseph C. Breckinridge, U. S. A., Washington, D. C.  
*Secretary-General*—S. E. Gross, Chicago, Ill.  
*Treasurer-General*—C. W. Haskins, 30 Broad street, New York city.  
*Registrar-General*—A. Howard Clarke, Washington city.  
*Historian-General*—E. M. Gallaudet, Washington, D. C.  
*Chaplain-General*—Rev. Rufus W. Clark, D.D., Detroit, Mich.

## STATE SOCIETIES AND OFFICERS.

*Arizona*—H. F. Robinson, president, Phoenix.  
*Arkansas*—S. W. Williams, president, Little Rock.  
*California*—J. C. Currier, president, San Francisco.  
*Colorado*—J. F. Tuttle, Jr., president, Denver.  
*Connecticut*—Jonathan Trumbull, president, Norwich.  
*Delaware*—Wm. A. La Motte, president, Wilmington.  
*District of Columbia*—Edw. M. Gallaudet, LL. D., president, Washington.  
*Florida*—Hon. John C. Avery, president, Pensacola.  
*France*—Gen. Horace Porter, president, Paris.  
*Hawaii*—Peter Cushman Jones, president, Honolulu.  
*Illinois*—I. B. Blackwelder, president, Chicago.  
*Indiana*—Wm. E. Engleah, president, Indianapolis.  
*Iowa*—G. H. Richardson, president, Belmont.  
*Kansas*—George D. Hale, president, Topeka.

*Kentucky*—Geo. D. Todd, president, Louisville.  
*Louisiana*—Marshall J. Smith, president, New Orleans.  
*Maine*—Archie L. Talbot, president, Lewiston.  
*Maryland*—Joseph L. Brent, president, Baltimore.  
*Massachusetts*—F. H. Appleton, president, Boston.  
*Michigan*—Thos. W. Palmer, president, Detroit.  
*Minnesota*—Daniel R. Noyes, president, St. Paul.  
*Missouri*—Gen. Geo. H. Shields, president, St. Louis.  
*Montana*—Arthur J. Craven, president, Helena.  
*Nebraska*—John R. Webster, president, Omaha.  
*New Hampshire*—Howard L. Porter, president, Concord.  
*New Jersey*—John Whitehead, president, Morristown.  
*New York*—Chauncey M. Depew, president, New York city.  
*Ohio*—J. W. Richardson, president, Cincinnati.  
*Oregon*—Col. Thomas M. Anderson, president, Vancouver Barracks, Wash.  
*Pennsylvania*—W. A. Herron, president, Pittsburg.  
*Rhode Island*—W. T. C. Wardwell, president, Providence.  
*Texas*—Ira H. Evans, president, Austin.  
*Utah*—Eugene Lewis, president, Salt Lake City.  
*Vermont*—Jackson Kimball, president, Waterbury.  
*Virginia*—Chas. U. Williams, president, Richmond.  
*Washington*—Col. S. W. Scott, president, Seattle.  
*Wisconsin*—Geo. H. Noyes, president, Milwaukee.

The membership of the society was 9,141 at the annual meeting in Morristown, N. J., April 30, 1895.

# SONS OF THE REVOLUTION.

[Organized 1875.]

## GENERAL OFFICERS.

*General President*—Hon. John Lee Carroll, Ellicott City, Md.  
*General Vice-President*—Garret Dorset Wall Vroom, Trenton, N. J.  
*Second General Vice-President*—John Screven, Savannah, Ga.  
*General Secretary*—James Mortimer Montgomery, N. Y.  
*Assistant General Secretary*—William Hall Harris, Baltimore, Md.  
*General Treasurer*—Richard McCall Cadwalader, Philadelphia, Pa.  
*Assistant General Treasurer*—Henry Cadle, Bethany, Mo.  
*General Chaplain*—Rt.-Rev. Henry Benjamin Whipple, D. D., L.L.D., Faribault, Minn.  
*General Registrar*—Francis Ellingwood Abbot, Cambridge, Mass.  
*Mergal Historian*—Gallard Hunt, Washington, D. C.

## OFFICERS OF STATE SOCIETIES.

*New York*—President, Frederick Samuel Tallmadge, New York city; Secretary, Alexander R. Thompson, New York city.  
*Pennsylvania*—President, William Wayne Paoli; Secretary, Ethan Allen Weaver, Philadelphia.  
*District of Columbia*—President, Rear-Admiral John Primus Walker, Washington; Secretary, Henry Greenway Kemp, Washington.  
*Iowa*—President, Hon. Samuel Francis Smith, Davenport; Secretary, Edward Seymour Hammatt, Davenport.  
*New Jersey*—President, S. Meredith Dickinson, Trenton; Secretary, John Alexander Campbell, Trenton.  
*Georgia*—President, Col. John Screven, Savannah; Secretary, William Harden, Savannah.  
*Massachusetts*—President, Clement Kelsey Fay, Brookline; Secretary, Henry Dexter Warren, Boston.  
*Colorado*—President, John Cromwell Butler, Denver; Secretary, John Wright Barron, Denver.  
*Maryland*—President, Hon. John Lee Carroll, Ellicott City; Secretary, Robert Clinton Cole, Baltimore.  
*Minnesota*—President, Rukard Hurd, St. Paul; Secretary, John Townsend, St. Paul.  
*Ohio*—President, Achilles Henry Fugh, Cincinnati; Secretary, John Ward Bailey, Cincinnati.  
*California*—President, Holdridge Osro Collins, Los Angeles; Secretary, Arthur Burnett Benton, Los Angeles.

*Connecticut*—President, Hon. Morgan Gardner Bulkeley, Hartford; Secretary, Rev. Henry N. Wayne, New Britain.  
*New Hampshire*—President, Rev. Henry Emerson Hovey, Portsmouth; Secretary, J. Louis Harris, Portsmouth.  
*North Carolina*—President, Peter Evans Hines, M. D., Raleigh; Secretary, Marshall DeLancey Haywood, Raleigh.  
*Illinois*—President, Horace Kent Tenney, Chicago; Secretary, Frank Kimball Root, Chicago.  
*Missouri*—President, Rt.-Rev. Daniel Sylvester Tuttle, D. D., S. T. D., St. Louis; Secretary, Henry Cadle, Bethany.  
*Alabama*—President, James Edward Webb, Birmingham; Secretary, Thomas McAdory Owen, Birmingham.  
*West Virginia*—President, John Marshall Hagans, Morgantown; Secretary, Alexander Updegraff, Wheeling.  
*Florida*—President, George Troup Maxwell, M. D., Jacksonville; Secretary, Clarence Sherman Hammatt, Jacksonville.  
*Tennessee*—President, Col. J. Van Deventer, Knoxville; Secretary, Edward R. H. Maynard, Knoxville.  
*South Carolina*—President, Christopher S. Gadsden, Charleston; Secretary, William Mosley Fitch, Charleston.  
*Kentucky*—President, Lucas Brodhead, Spring Station; Secretary, Prof. Wilbur R. Smith, Lexington.  
*Montana*—President, Charles H. Benton, Great Falls; Secretary, Herbert Hughes Mattoon, Great Falls.  
*Texas*—President, H. M. Aubrey, San Antonio; Secretary, G. Stuart Simons, San Antonio.  
*Washington*—President, Rt.-Rev. Wm. Morris Barker, D. D., Bishop of Olympia; Secretary, Charles Tallmadge Conover, Seattle.  
*Virginia*—President, Hon. James A. Mason Cabell, Richmond; Secretary, Dr. Charles R. Robins, Richmond.  
*Michigan*—President, John Walter Beardslee, D. D., Holland; Secretary, Frank Dickinson Haddock, Holland.  
*Rhode Island*—President, William Watts Sherman, Newport; Secretary, William G. Ward, Jr., Newport.  
*North Dakota*—President, Rev. F. M. J. Craft, Elbow Woods; Secretary, G. H. Phelps, Fargo.  
*Indiana*—President, (not advised of the name of the president); Secretary, Harold Taylor, Indianapolis.

## MILITARY ORDER OF FOREIGN WARS.

[Instituted Dec. 27, 1894.]

## GENERAL OFFICERS OF THE NATIONAL COMMANDERY.

*Commander-General*—Brevet-Major-General Alexander Stewart Webb, late U. S. A.  
*Vice-Commanders-General*—Rear-Admiral Bancroft Cherrard, U. S. N., New York; Rear-Admiral Richard W. Meade, U. S. N., Pennsylvania; A. Floyd Delafield, Connecticut; James H. Gilbert, Illinois; Horace Davis, California; Rodney Macdonough, Massachusetts; Lieut. J. H. Bull, Florida; Col. H. A. Ramsey, Maryland.  
*Secretary-General*—James Henry Morgan, New York.  
*Treasurer-General*—Edward S. Sayres, Philadelphia, Pa.  
*Registrar-General*—Rev. Henry N. Wayne, New Britain, Conn.

*Historian-General*—Capt. Henry Hobart Bellas, U. S. A.  
*Judge-Advocate General*—Frank Montgomery Avery.  
*Chaplain-General*—Rev. C. Ellis Stevens, LL. D., D. C. L.  
*Recorder-General*—Frederick J. Huntington.

## OFFICERS OF STATE COMMANDERIES.

*New York*—David Banks, commander.  
*Pennsylvania*—Rev. C. E. Stevens, commander.  
*Connecticut*—Morgan G. Buckley, commander.  
*District of Columbia*—Admiral J. G. Walker, U. S. N., commander.  
*Ohio*—Gen. T. J. Wood, U. S. A., commander.  
*Georgia*—Capt. J. E. P. Stevens, U. S. A., commander.  
*Maine*—Gen. F. Fessenden, U. S. A., commander.

**Massachusetts**—Gen. Z. B. Tower, U. S. A., commander.  
**Maryland**—Col. H. A. Ramsey, commander.  
**Mississippi**—Henry St. L. Capper, commander.  
**Vermont**—E. A. Chittenden, commander.

**California**—E. S. Holden, commander.  
**Illinois**—S. E. Gross, commander.  
**Florida**—Admiral S. B. Luce, U. S. N., commander.  
**Tennessee**—Capt. J. Biddle, U. S. A., commander.

## SOCIETY OF AMERICAN WARS.

[Founded Jan. 11, 1897.]

## GENERAL OFFICERS OF THE NATIONAL COMMANDERY.

**Commander-General**—Edward J. Edwards.  
**Vice-Commanders-General**—Gen. J. C. Breckinridge, U. S. A.; Admiral Bancroft Gherard, U. S. N.; Senators Henry C. Lodge, Boies Penrose; Gen. A. Hickenlooper, U. S. A.; Lt. Gen. J. M. Schofield, U. S. A.;  
**Recorder-General**—Percival M. Vilas.

**Treasurer-General**—Frank T. Heffliger.  
**Genealogist-General**—David S. Jordan.  
**Historian-General**—William W. Henry.  
**Registrar-General**—John W. Griggs.  
**Chaplain-General**—Henry C. Potter.  
**Surgeon-General**—Myles Standish.

## OFFICERS OF STATE COMMANDERIES.

**Minnesota**—Philip B. Winston, commander.

## SOCIETY OF COLONIAL WARS.

## OFFICERS OF THE GENERAL SOCIETY.

**Governor-General**—Frederick J. de l'eyster, New York.  
**Secretary-General**—Howland Pell, 40 Exchange place, New York.  
**Deputy Secretary-General**—F. E. Haight, 40 Leonard street, New York.  
**Treasurer-General**—Edward Shippen, Philadelphia, Pa.  
**Deputy Treasurer-General**—Walter Chandler, Elizabeth, N. J.  
**Registrar-General**—George Norbury Mackenzie, Baltimore, Md.  
**Historian-General**—Rev. C. E. Stevens, Philadelphia, Pa.  
**Chaplain-General**—Rev. H. B. Whipple, LL. D., D. C. L., Faribault, Minn.  
**Surgeon-General**—C. S. Ward, M. D., Bridgeport, Conn.

## GOVERNORS-GENERAL AND SECRETARIES.

**New York**—F. J. de l'eyster, New York; David Banks, Jr., New York.  
**Pennsylvania**—William Wayne, Philadelphia; Edward Sayce, Philadelphia.  
**Maryland**—M. Henry Howard, Baltimore; Geo. N. Mackenzie, Baltimore.  
**Massachusetts**—Arthur J. G. Snowden, Boston; Edward W. McIlennan, Boston.  
**Connecticut**—Jas. J. Goodwin, Hartford; Chas. S. Ward, Bridgeport.  
**District of Columbia**—Chas. F. T. Beale, Washington; Joseph C. Hardie, Washington.

**New Jersey**—Gen. E. B. Grubb, Edgewater Park; George E. Koues, Elizabeth.  
**Virginia**—Joseph Bryan, Thomas Balling, Jr., Richmond.  
**New Hampshire**—Henry O. Kent, Lancaster; Charles L. Parsons, Durham.  
**Illinois**—Edmund M. Teall, Chicago; W. K. Smith, Chicago.  
**Missouri**—Horatio N. Spencer, St. Louis; H. Brinsmade, St. Louis.  
**Ohio**—Samuel M. Felton, Cincinnati; Edwin C. Goshorn, Cincinnati.  
**Nebraska**—W. H. Alexander, Omaha; William F. Smith, Omaha.  
**Minnesota**—Henry P. Upham, St. Paul; Capt. E. C. Bowen, St. Paul.  
**Kentucky**—Thomas F. Grant, Louisville; William L. Halsey, Louisville.  
**California**—H. O. Collins, Los Angeles; Charles P. Fenner, Los Angeles.  
**Colorado**—Joel F. Valle, Denver; Clifton F. Thompson, Denver.  
**Iowa**—Judson K. Duning, Dubuque; Horace G. Torbett, Dubuque.  
**Georgia**—John A. G. Carson, Savannah; John H. Kenzie, Savannah.  
**Michigan**—F. T. Sibley, Detroit; Charles A. DuCharme, Detroit.  
**Wisconsin**—W. W. Strong, Robert Camp, Milwaukee.  
**Delaware**—Thomas F. Bayard (deceased), Willard H. Porter, Wilmington.  
**Rhode Island**—V. M. Francis, Newport; Lewis E. Burroughs, Providence.  
 Twenty-four societies; membership, 2,368.

## GENERAL SOCIETIES OF THE WAR OF 1812.

**President-General**—John Cadwalader of Pennsylvania.  
**Vice-Presidents-General**—Col. John Biddle Porter, U. S. V., Pennsylvania; James Edward Carr, Maryland; Franklin Thomason Hearty, M. D., Massachusetts; Col. George Elias Sanford, U. S. A., Connecticut; Orlando W. Aldrich, Ph. D., LL. D., D. C. L., Ohio; Charles Page Bryan, Illinois; Rear-Admiral Francis Ashbury Roe, U. S. N., District of Columbia; George Comstock Baker, New York; Appleton Morgan, New Jersey.  
**Secretary-General**—Capt. Henry Hobart Bellas, U. S. A., Pennsylvania.  
**Assistant Secretary-General**—Rodney MacDonough, Massachusetts.  
**Treasurer-General** (pro tempore)—Charles Williams.

**Assistant Treasurer-General**—Marcus Benjamin, District of Columbia.  
**Registrar-General**—Albert Kimberly Nadel, M. D., Maryland.  
**Surgeon-General**—George Horace Burgin, M. D., Pennsylvania.  
**Judge Advocate General**—A. Lee Knott, Maryland.  
**Chaplain-General**—The Rt. Rev. Leighton Coleman, S. T. D., LL. D., Pennsylvania.  
**Executive Committee**—Robert Adams, Jr., M. C., Pennsylvania; James Davidson Iglehart, M. D., Maryland; A. Finney, Massachusetts; the Rev. Alexander Hamilton, Connecticut; D. E. Gard, Ohio; Charles Cromwell, Illinois; H. R. Webb, District of Columbia; Oscar H. Condit, New Jersey.

## MILITARY ORDER OF THE LOYAL LEGION OF THE UNITED STATES.

[Instituted 1865. Membership July 31, 1886, 9,071.]

**Commander-in-Chief**—Rear-Admiral Bancroft Gherard, U. S. N., New York city.

**Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief**—Brig. Gen. Selden Connor, U. S. V., Portland, Me.

*Junior Vice-Commander-in-Chief* - Bvt. Maj.-Gen. John R. Brooke, U. S. A., Chicago, Ill.

*Recorder-in-Chief* - Bvt. Lieut.-Col. J. P. Nicholson, U. S. V., Philadelphia, Pa.

*Register-in-Chief* - Bvt. Maj. W. P. Huxford, Washington, D. C.

*Treasurer-in-Chief* - Col. Cornelius Cadle.

*Chaplain-in-Chief* - Rev. Henry Hopkins.

#### COMMANDERIES.

*Pennsylvania* - Bvt. Maj.-Gen. D. McM. Gregg, U. S. V., commander; Bvt. Lieut.-Col. John P. Nicholson, U. S. V., recorder, Philadelphia.

*New York* - Maj.-Gen. Grenville M. Dodge, U. S. V., commander; Paymaster A. Noel Blakeman, U. S. N., recorder, New York.

*Maine* - Bvt. Brig.-Gen. Charles W. Tilden, U. S. V., commander; Bvt. Maj. Henry S. Burroughs, U. S. V., recorder, Portland.

*Massachusetts* - Bvt. Brig.-Gen. Henry S. Russell, U. S. V., commander; Col. Arnold A. Rand, U. S. V., recorder, Boston.

*California* - Capt. John C. Currier, U. S. V., commander; Bvt. Lieut.-Col. William R. Smedberg, U. S. A., recorder, San Francisco.

*Wisconsin* - Capt. Fred H. Magdeburg, U. S. V., commander; Capt. A. Ross Houston, U. S. V., recorder, Milwaukee.

*Illinois* - Lieut.-Col. Charles W. Davis, U. S. V., commander; Capt. Roswell H. Mason, U. S. V., recorder, Chicago.

*District of Columbia* - Col. John M. Harlan, U. S. V., commander; Bvt. Maj. William P. Huxford, U. S. A., recorder, Washington.

*Ohio* - Bvt. Lieut.-Col. Wm. R. Warnock, U. S.

V., commander; Bvt. Maj. Augustus M. Van Dyke, U. S. V., recorder, Cincinnati.

*Michigan* - Lieut.-Col. Claudino B. Grant, U. S. V., commander; Bvt. Brig.-Gen. F. W. Swift, U. S. V., recorder, Detroit.

*Minnesota* - Bvt. Brig.-Gen. James H. Baker, U. S. V., commander; Lieut. David L. Kingsbury, U. S. V., recorder, St. Paul.

*Oregon* - Bvt. Maj. John H. Woodward, U. S.

V., commander; Mr. Robert G. Morrow, recorder, Portland.

*Missouri* - Capt. Samuel W. Fordyce, U. S. V., vice-commander; Capt. William R. Hodges, U. S. V., recorder, St. Louis.

*Nebraska* - Bvt. Brig.-Gen. Charles F. Mander-son, U. S. V., commander; Lieut. F. B. Bryant, U. S. V., recorder, Omaha.

*Kansas* - Capt. Bertrand Rockwell, U. S. V., commander; Capt. W. B. Reynolds, U. S. A., recorder, Fort Leavenworth.

*Iowa* - Maj. Samuel Mahon, U. S. V., commander; Lieut. Joseph W. Muffy, U. S. V., recorder, Des Moines.

*Colorado* - Lieut. Julius B. Bissell, U. S. V., commander; Lieut. James R. Saville, U. S. V., recorder, Denver.

*Indiana* - Rear-Admiral George Brown, U. S. N., commander; Bvt. Col. Z. A. Smith, U. S. V., recorder, Indianapolis.

*Washington* - Lieut.-Col. James B. Holt, U. S. V., commander; Capt. Henry L. Achilles, U. S. V., recorder, Tacoma.

*Vermont* - Bvt. Maj. Alonzo B. Valentine, U. S. V., commander; First Lieut. William L. Greenleaf, U. S. V., recorder, Burlington.

### GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.

#### GENERAL OFFICERS.

*Commander-in-Chief* - James A. Sexton, Chicago, Ill.

*Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief* - W. C. Johnson, Cincinnati, O.

*Junior Vice-Commander-in-Chief* - Daniel Ross, Wilmington, Del.

*Surgeon-General* - Dr. A. S. Pierce, Nebraska.

*Chaplain-in-Chief* - Daniel Lucas, Indianapolis, Ind.

The national council of administration has forty-five members, each department being represented by one member.

#### DEPARTMENT COMMANDERS AND MEMBERSHIP.

Departments.	Commanders.	Assistant Adjutant-Generals.	Members.
Alabama.....	A. G. Bethard.....	Decatur.....	E. D. Bacon..... Birmingham..... 200
Arizona.....	James Finley.....	Tucson.....	Douglas Snyder..... Tucson..... 220
Arkansas.....	W. G. Gray.....	Fayetteville.....	J. J. Curry..... Fayetteville..... 746
Cal. and Nev. Sol. Cohen.....	San Francisco.....	T. C. Masteller.....	San Francisco..... 5,360
Col. and Wyo. W. S. May.....	Denver.....	N. T. Cox.....	Denver..... 2,236
Connecticut.....	W. M. Simmonds.....	Hartford.....	H. T. Webster..... Hartford..... 5,231
Delaware.....	R. Liddell.....	Wilmington.....	W. A. Reilly..... Wilmington..... 470
Florida.....	G. H. Packwood.....	Tampa.....	F. G. Parcell..... Tampa..... 381
Georgia.....	J. O. Ladd.....	Somerville, S. C. J. P. Averill.....	Atlanta..... 585
Idaho.....	N. T. Kimball.....	Wells.....	Charles Clark..... Boise..... 376
Illinois.....	J. C. Black.....	Chicago.....	C. A. Partridge..... Chicago..... 23,930
Indiana.....	Daniel Ryan.....	Utica.....	R. M. Smock..... Indianapolis..... 18,166
Indian Ter. David Redfield.....	Armstrong.....	Stewart Dennet.....	Armstrong..... 364
Iowa.....	R. W. Tirrell.....	Manchester.....	H. A. Dyer..... Des Moines..... 13,234
Kansas.....	D. W. Eastman.....	Emporia.....	S. J. Churchill..... Lawrence..... 13,220
Kentucky.....	J. W. Hammond.....	Louisville.....	J. H. Browning..... Louisville..... 4,021
La. and Miss. C. W. Keeting.....	New Orleans.....	E. H. Wheeler.....	New Orleans..... 1,562
Maine.....	C. A. Southard.....	Lewiston.....	J. L. Merrie..... Waterville..... 7,663
Maryland.....	D. L. Staunton.....	Baltimore.....	R. C. Sunstrom..... Baltimore..... 2,843
Massachusetts.....	W. H. Bartlett.....	Worcester.....	W. B. Stetson..... Boston..... 20,296
Michigan.....	A. L. Patrick.....	Detroit.....	C. V. R. Pond..... Lansing..... 15,963
Minnesota.....	E. W. Mortimer.....	Minneapolis.....	J. K. Merz..... Minneapolis..... 7,110
Missouri.....	J. G. Peterson.....	St. Louis.....	J. B. Wilde..... St. Louis..... 13,317
Montana.....	W. H. Dickinson.....	Missoula.....	J. S. Wisner..... Anaconda..... 423
Nebraska.....	T. J. Majors.....	Peru.....	James D. Gage..... Lincoln..... 6,497
N. Hampshire N. S. Twitchell.....	Gorham.....	Frank Battles.....	Concord..... 4,002
New Jersey W. C. Smith.....	Plainfield.....	E. C. Moore.....	Plainfield..... 6,271
New Mexico.....	Francis Downs.....	Santa Fe.....	W. S. Fletcher..... Santa Fe..... 151
New York.....	Anson S. Wood.....	Walcott.....	Nathan Munger..... Albany..... 25,503

Departments.	Commanders.	Assistant Adjutant-Generals.	Members.		
N. Dakota.....	E. Southard.....	Grafton.....	W. Ackerman.....	Grand Forks.....	480
Ohio.....	D. F. Pugh.....	Columbus.....	K. S. Allbritain.....	Columbus.....	29,888
Oklahoma.....	D. G. Munger.....	Oklahoma City.....	A. C. Calhoun.....	Oklahoma City.....	1,151
Oregon.....	C. F. Holloway.....	Portland.....	J. E. Mayo.....	Portland.....	1,861
Pennsylvania.....	W. J. Patterson.....	Pittsburg.....	C. L. Lelper.....	Philadelphia.....	82,497
Potomac.....	Arthur Hendricks.....	Washington.....	S. Vanderhorf.....	Washington.....	2,732
Rhode Island.....	S. W. K. Allen.....	Greenwich.....	Philip S. Case.....	Providence.....	2,042
S. Dakota.....	E. P. Farr.....	Pierre.....	J. S. Sebrée.....	.....	1,911
Tennessee.....	W. H. Nelson.....	Backwoods.....	F. Seaman.....	Knoxville.....	2,118
Texas.....	W. T. Connor.....	Dallas.....	J. C. Bigger.....	Dallas.....	790
Utah.....	Newman Ivcs.....	Ogden.....	C. O. Farnsworth.....	Salt Lake City.....	204
Vermont.....	L. B. Harris.....	Lyndonville.....	E. L. Wells.....	Lyndonville.....	426
Va. and N. C.....	J. M. Davis.....	Richmond.....	W. N. Eaton.....	Portsmouth.....	1,124
Washington					
and Alaska.....	Geo. W. Tibbetts.....	Issaquah, W.....	S. W. Clark.....	Seattle, W.....	2,048
W. Virginia.....	R. Robertson.....	Wheeling.....	J. A. Arkie.....	Wheeling.....	1,936
Wisconsin.....	C. H. Russell.....	Berlin.....	Z. C. Hamilton.....	Berlin.....	10,942

Total number of posts..... 7,213

Total Jan. 1, 1898..... 305,006

## NATIONAL ENCAMPMENTS AND COMMANDERS-IN-CHIEF.

1866 Indianapolis.....	S. A. Hurlbut.....	Illinois.....	1884 Minneapolis.....	John S. Kuntz.....	Ohio.....
1868 Philadelphia.....	John A. Logan.....	Illinois.....	1885 Portland, Me.....	S. S. Burdette.....	Washington.....
1869 Cincinnati.....	John A. Logan.....	Illinois.....	1886 S. Francisco.....	Lucius Fairchild.....	Wisconsin.....
1870 Washington.....	John A. Logan.....	Illinois.....	1887 St. Louis.....	John P. Rea.....	Minnesota.....
1871 Boston.....	A. E. Burnside.....	Rhode Isl'd.....	1888 Columbus, O.....	William Warner.....	St. Louis.....
1872 Cleveland.....	A. E. Burnside.....	Rhode Isl'd.....	1889 Milwaukee.....	Russell A. Alger.....	Detroit.....
1873 New Haven.....	Chas. Devens, Jr.....	Mass'ch'tts.....	1890 Boston.....	W. G. Veasey.....	Rutland, Vt.....
1874 Hurlburg.....	Chas. Devens, Jr.....	Mass'ch'tts.....	1891 Detroit.....	John Palmer.....	Albany.....
1875 Chicago.....	J. F. Hartmann.....	Penns'lv'a.....	1892 Washington.....	A. G. Welsert.....	Milwaukee.....
1876 Philadelphia.....	J. F. Hartmann.....	Penns'lv'a.....	1893 Indianapolis.....	J. B. Adams.....	Lynn, Mass.....
1877 Providence.....	J. C. Robinson.....	New York.....	1894 Pittsburg.....	T. G. Lawler.....	Rockf'd, Ill.....
1878 Springfield.....	J. C. Robinson.....	New York.....	1895 Louisville.....	I. N. Walker.....	Indianap'a.....
1879 Albany.....	Wm. Farnshaw.....	Ohio.....	1896 St. Paul.....	T. S. Clarkson.....	Omaha, Neb.....
1880 Dayton, O.....	Louis Wagner.....	Penns'lv'a.....	1897 Buffalo.....	J. P. S. Gobin.....	Lebanon, Pa.....
1881 Indianapolis.....	Geo. S. Merrill.....	Mass'ch'tts.....	1898 Cincinnati.....	Jas. A. Sexton.....	Chicago, Ill.....
1882 Baltimore.....	P. Vandervoort.....	Nebraska.....	1899 Philadelphia.....	.....	.....
1883 Denver.....	Robert B. Booth.....	Penns'lv'a.....			

## SONS OF VETERANS, U. S. A.

Headquarters Commandery-in-Chief.....	Chicago, Ill.	J. D. Rowen, Des Moines, Iowa; J. E. Haycraft, Madella, Minn.
Quartermaster-General's Department.....	Chicago.	Adjutant-General—Geo. B. Abbott, Chicago.
OFFICERS OF COMMANDERY IN-CHIEF.		Quartermaster-General—F. E. Batton, Boston, Mass.
Commander-in-Chief.....	Frank L. Shepard, Chicago, Ill.	Inspector-General—F. W. Briggs, Shickshinny, Pa.
Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief.....	Geo. E. Cox, Hartford, Conn.	Surgeon-General—Dr. F. H. B. McDowell, Raleigh, Wis.
Junior Vice-Commander-in-Chief.....	Z. C. Green, White, S. D.	Judge Advocate General—James W. Noel, Indianapolis, Ind.
Counsel-in-Chief.....	H. H. Hammer, Reading, Pa.;	Chaplain-in-Chief—Rev. A. J. Morris, Frankfort, Mich.

## DIVISION COMMANDERS.

Division.	Commander.	Address.	No. of members.
Alabama and Tennessee.....	H. T. Cooper.....	Knoxville.....	268
California and Hawaii.....	Charles L. Pierce.....	San Francisco, Cal.....	401
Colorado.....	Paul Limbach.....	Denver.....	182
Connecticut.....	Leon Hall.....	Menden.....	790
Gulf.....	A. M. Buchmann.....	New Orleans, La.....	150
Illinois.....	W. T. Church.....	Chicago.....	1,930
Indiana.....	R. S. Thompson.....	Rising Sun.....	904
Iowa.....	W. W. Bisby.....	Des Moines.....	1,453
Kansas.....	John Bodmon.....	.....	1,338
Kentucky.....	E. H. Hanford.....	Somerset.....	826
Maine.....	G. K. Leighton.....	Skowhegan.....	1,779
Maryland.....	W. B. King.....	Hagerstown.....	517
Massachusetts.....	L. C. Couch.....	Taunton.....	4,067
Michigan.....	G. E. Cogshall.....	Grand Rapids.....	1,425
Minnesota.....	L. M. Cermany.....	South Minneapolis.....	927
Missouri.....	J. W. S. Dillon.....	Grant City.....	782
Nebraska.....	A. W. Rautzer.....	Omaha.....	537
New Hampshire.....	H. E. Chamberlin.....	Concord.....	626
New Jersey.....	J. M. Mathews.....	Trenton.....	944
New York.....	E. W. Estis.....	Albany.....	3,281
Ohio.....	E. H. Archer.....	Columbus.....	2,048
Oregon.....	A. Q. Desart.....	Silverton.....	256
Pennsylvania.....	A. S. Monthrop.....	DuBois.....	6,973
Rhode Island.....	W. R. Williams.....	Woonsocket.....	313
South Dakota.....	W. A. Morris.....	Redfield.....	245
Vermont.....	William W. Lapoint.....	Barre.....	888
Washington.....	W. T. Cavanaugh.....	Olympia.....	270
West Virginia.....	A. R. Jones.....	Elkins.....	272
Wisconsin.....	R. M. Smith.....	Marinette.....	460

Total number of camps..... 1,306

Total.....

34,256

## COMMANDERS OF THE ARMY SINCE 1775.

(Prepared by the Adjutant-General U. S. A.)

NAME AND RANK.	BORN.		COMMANDED ARMY.		DIED.
	When.	Where.	From—	To—	
Gen. George Washington.....	Feb. 22, 1732	Westmoreland Co., Va.....	Jun. 17, 1775	Dec. 23, 1783	Dec. 14, 1799
Maj.-Gen. Henry Knox.....	Jul. 25, 1750	Boston, Mass.....	Dec. 23, 1783	Jun. 30, 1794	Oct. 25, 1806
Capt. John Dougherty* (Artillery)	1754	New York city.....	Jun. 30, 1794	Aug. 12, 1794	Sep. 16, 1823
Lt.-Col. Josiah Harmar† (Inf.)	1758	Philadelphia, Pa.....	Aug. 12, 1794	Mar. 4, 1791	Aug. 30, 1813
Maj.-Gen. Arthur St. Clair....	Jun. 18, 1784	Edinburgh, Scotland	Mar. 4, 1791	Mar. 5, 1792	Aug. 31, 1818
Maj.-Gen. Anthony Wayne....	Jan. 1, 1745	Eastown, Pa.....	Apr. 13, 1792	Dec. 15, 1796	Dec. 15, 1796
Brig.-Gen. James Wilkinson..	1757	Near Benedict, Md.....	Dec. 15, 1796	Jul. 18, 1798	Dec. 28, 1825
Lt.-Gen. George Washington..	Feb. 22, 1732	Westmoreland Co., Va.....	Jul. 18, 1798	Dec. 14, 1799	Dec. 14, 1799
Maj.-Gen. Alex'd'r Hamilton†	Jan. 11, 1757	Nevia, W. Ind. Isls.....	Dec. 14, 1799	Jun. 15, 1800	Jul. 12, 1804
Brig.-Gen. James Wilkinson..	1757	Near Benedict, Md.....	Jun. 15, 1800	Jan. 27, 1812	Dec. 28, 1825
Maj.-Gen. Henry Dearborn†..	Feb. 23, 1751	N. Hampton, N. H.....	Jan. 27, 1812	Jun. 15, 1813	Jun. 6, 1839
Maj.-Gen. Jacob Brown†.....	May 9, 1775	Boyle Co., Pa.....	Jun. 15, 1813	Feb. 24, 1826	Feb. 24, 1826
Maj.-Gen. Alexander Macomb..	Apr. 8, 1752	Detroit, Mich.....	May 29, 1826	Jun. 25, 1841	Jun. 25, 1841
Maj.-Gen. Winfield Scott.....	Jun. 13, 1786	Petersburg, Va.....	Jul. 5, 1841	Nov. 1, 1861	May 30, 1866
Maj.-Gen. Geo. B. McClellan†	Dec. 8, 1828	Philadelphia, Pa.....	Nov. 1, 1861	Mar. 11, 1862	Oct. 29, 1865
Maj.-Gen. Henry W. Halleck..	Jan. 16, 1815	Westernville, N. Y.....	Jul. 23, 1862	Mar. 9, 1864	Jan. 9, 1877
Gen. Ulysses Simpson Grant**	Apr. 27, 1822	Point Pleasant, O.....	Mar. 9, 1864	Apr. 1, 1869	Jul. 23, 1885
Gen. William Tecumseh Sherman	Feb. 8, 1820	Mansfield, O.....	Mar. 8, 1869	Nov. 1, 1883	Feb. 14, 1891
Gen. Philip Henry Sheridan††	Mar. 6, 1831	Albany, N. Y.....	Nov. 1, 1883	Aug. 6, 1898	Aug. 5, 1898
Lt.-Gen. Jno. McA. Schofield††	Sep. 29, 1831	Chautauq's Co., N.Y.....	Aug. 14, 1898	Sep. 29, 1896	.....
Maj.-Gen. Nelson App'n Miles	Aug. 8, 1839	Westminster, Mass.....	Oct. 5, 1896	.....	.....

\*Brevet major Sept. 30, 1783.

†Brevet brigadier-general July 31, 1787.

‡From the date of Gen. Washington's death, Dec. 14, 1799, to June 1, 1821, when Gen. Brown assumed command, there was no general officer formally assigned to the permanent command of the army. During this period direct control of the army (except at irregular intervals from June, 1800, to January, 1812, when Gen. Wilkinson exercised command) was exercised by the secretary of war. In the above list, however, the name of the senior officer of the army is given for each period specified from December, 1799, to June, 1821.

§Brevet lieutenant-general March 29, 1847. Gen. Scott left for Mexico Nov. 24, 1846, and from that date to May 11, 1848, he had no control of the army not included in his own command. He was assigned to the command of the eastern division Aug. 31, 1848, and resumed command of the army May 11, 1849.

|| Gen. McClellan did not exercise command of the army after March 11, 1862. Gen. Halleck assumed command July 23, 1862.

\*\*Lieutenant-general March 2, 1864, to July 25, 1895.

††Lieutenant-general March 4, 1889, to June 1, 1898.

‡‡Major-general March 4, 1899, to Feb. 5, 1905.

The president of the United States is at all times the commander-in-chief of the army and navy.

## FARMERS' NATIONAL CONGRESS.

## OFFICERS 1898-99.

Hon. W. D. Hoard, president, Fort Atkinson, Wis.

Col. F. L. Maxwell, first vice-president, Mound, La.

Hon. C. A. Wisting, second vice-president, Auburn, N. Y.

N. G. Spalding, treasurer, Schodack Landing, N. Y.

John M. Stahl, secretary, 4818 Langley-av., Chicago, Ill.

Assistant Secretaries—D. O. Lively, Fort Worth, Tex.; G. A. Stockwell, Providence, R. I.; A. H. Dunlap, Manistee, Mich.

Executive Committee—Hon. B. F. Clayton, Indiana; Iowa: T. E. Orr, Pittsburg, Pa.; H. E. Hoath, Lincoln, Neb.

Little is known of the history of this organization prior to 1833, as no records were kept of meetings previous to that time. From the best data attainable there was a meeting in Chicago in 1831; Indianapolis, Ind., 1832; Louisville, Ky., 1833; Nashville, Tenn., 1834, and from the best information the meeting at Indianapolis in the fall of 1835 was fixed as the fifth annual session of the Farmers' National Congress of the United States of America.

At the Louisville session in 1833 Col. Robert Beverly of Virginia was elected president and Mr. Knott of Louisville, Ky., was chosen secretary. The same officers presided at Nashville, Tenn., in 1834, but there is no record of these or any previous meetings of this body.

Col. Robert Beverly served as president from 1833 to 1837, when Col. R. F. Kolb of Montgomery, Ala., was elected president and acted as such until the meeting at Sedalia, Mo., in 1891, where A. W. Smith of Kansas was elected. Hon. B. F. Clayton was elected at Savannah, Ga., in 1834, and re-elected at Atlanta, Ga., in 1836. Hon. W. D. Hoard of Wisconsin was elected at St. Paul, Minn., in 1897.

The meetings since 1835 have been as follows:

St. Paul, 1836; called meeting at Washington, D. C., February, 1837; regular meeting, Chicago, 1837; Topeka, Kas., 1838; Montgomery, Ala., 1839; Council Bluffs, Iowa, 1840; Sedalia, Mo., 1891; Lincoln, Neb., 1892; Savannah, Ga., 1893; Parkersburg, W. Va., 1894; Atlanta, Ga., 1895; Indianapolis, Ind., 1896; St. Paul, Minn., 1897, and Fort Worth, Tex., 1898.

## Religious.

## STATISTICS OF THE CHURCHES.

(From the New York Independent.)

MINISTERS, CHURCHES AND COMMUNICANTS IN 1896 AND 1897 IN UNITED STATES.

DENOMINATIONS.	MINISTERS.		CHURCHES.		COMMUNICANTS.	
	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.
<b>ADVENTISTS—</b>						
1. Evangelical.....	34	34	30	30	1,147	1,147
2. Advent Christians.....	912	912	610	610	26,500	26,500
3. Seventh Day.....	256	282	1,258	1,848	45,109	47,779
4. Church of God.....	19	19	29	29	647	647
5. Life and Advent Union.....	50	60	28	28	1,013	3,000
6. Churches of God in Jesus Christ.....	94	94	95	95	2,872	2,872
<b>Total Adventists.....</b>	<b>1,365</b>	<b>1,401</b>	<b>2,050</b>	<b>2,140</b>	<b>77,336</b>	<b>81,945</b>
<b>BAPTISTS—</b>						
1. Regular (north).....	14	14	18	18	987	937
2. Regular (south).....	27,250	14,700	40,658	36,250	3,824,088	3,125,000
3. Regular (colored).....	12,672	12,672	14,471	14,471	1,728,334	1,728,334
4. Six Principle.....	14	14	18	18	987	937
5. Seventh Day.....	117	121	105	109	9,173	9,235
6. Freewill.....	1,335	1,379	1,514	1,624	86,088	91,911
7. Original Freewill.....	120	120	167	167	12,000	12,000
8. General.....	380	550	430	590	22,500	28,000
9. Separate.....	19	19	24	24	1,509	1,509
10. United.....	25	25	204	204	13,208	13,208
11. Baptist Church of Christ.....	80	80	152	152	8,254	8,254
12. Primitive.....	2,130	2,130	3,530	3,530	126,000	126,000
13. Old Two-Seed-in-the-Spirit Predestinarian.....	300	300	473	473	12,851	12,851
<b>Total Baptists.....</b>	<b>31,759</b>	<b>32,112</b>	<b>47,275</b>	<b>47,692</b>	<b>4,117,239</b>	<b>4,157,300</b>
<b>BRETHREN (RIVER)—</b>						
1. Brethren in Christ.....	128	152	78	78	2,698	4,000
2. Old Order, or Yorker.....	7	7	8	8	214	214
3. United Zion's Children.....	20	20	25	25	525	525
<b>Total River Brethren.....</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>3,437</b>	<b>4,739</b>
<b>BRETHREN (PLYMOUTH)—</b>						
1. Brethren (I.).....	.....	.....	109	109	2,290	2,290
2. Brethren (II.).....	.....	.....	88	88	2,419	2,419
3. Brethren (III.).....	.....	.....	86	86	1,235	1,235
4. Brethren (IV.).....	.....	.....	31	31	718	718
<b>Total Plymouth Brethren.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>314</b>	<b>314</b>	<b>6,661</b>	<b>6,661</b>
<b>CATHOLICS—</b>						
1. Roman Catholic.....	10,752	11,055	14,859	14,875	8,150,963	8,314,754
2. Polish Catholic.....	.....	20	.....	8	.....	17,000
3. Russian Orthodox.....	13	13	12	12	13,504	13,504
4. Greek Orthodox.....	3	3	3	3	200	200
5. Armenian.....	7	7	6	6	335	335
6. Old Catholic.....	3	3	5	5	700	425
7. Reformed Catholic.....	8	8	8	8	1,000	1,000
<b>Total Catholics.....</b>	<b>10,786</b>	<b>11,106</b>	<b>14,893</b>	<b>14,917</b>	<b>8,172,702</b>	<b>8,347,218</b>
<b>CATHOLIC APOSTOLIC.....</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>1,491</b>	<b>1,491</b>
<b>CHINESE TEMPLES.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>.....</b>
<b>CHRISTADELPHIANS.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>1,277</b>	<b>1,277</b>
<b>CHRISTIANS—</b>						
1. Christians (Christian Connection).....	1,365	1,400	1,320	1,325	105,000	105,600
2. Christian Church South.....	105	100	170	170	15,000	15,000
<b>Total Christians.....</b>	<b>1,500</b>	<b>1,500</b>	<b>1,380</b>	<b>1,495</b>	<b>120,000</b>	<b>121,600</b>
<b>CHRISTIAN CATHOLIC (Dowle).....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>5,000</b>
<b>CHRISTIAN MISSIONARY ASSOCIATION.....</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>754</b>	<b>754</b>
<b>CHRISTIAN SCIENTISTS.....</b>	<b>3,040</b>	<b>3,500</b>	<b>313</b>	<b>313</b>	<b>25,000</b>	<b>40,000</b>
<b>CHRISTIAN UNION.....</b>	<b>183</b>	<b>183</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>18,214</b>	<b>18,211</b>
<b>CHURCH OF GOD (Winebrennerian).....</b>	<b>450</b>	<b>460</b>	<b>560</b>	<b>560</b>	<b>36,000</b>	<b>38,000</b>
<b>CHURCH TRIUMPHANT (Schweitzer).....</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>844</b>	<b>844</b>
<b>CHURCH OF THE NEW JERUSALEM.....</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>7,527</b>	<b>7,674</b>
<b>COMMUNISTIC SOCIETIES—</b>						
1. Shakers.....	.....	.....	15	15	1,650	1,650
2. Amara.....	.....	.....	7	7	1,000	1,000
3. Harmony.....	.....	.....	1	1	250	250
4. Separatists.....	.....	.....	1	1	300	300
5. Altruists.....	.....	.....	1	1	25	25
6. Church Triumphant (Koreshan Ecclesia).....	.....	.....	5	6	306	306
<b>Total Communistic Societies.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>3,990</b>	<b>3,990</b>

## STATISTICS OF CHURCHES.—CONTINUED.

DENOMINATIONS.	MINISTERS.		CHURCHES.		COMMUNICANTS.	
	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.
CONGREGATIONALISTS.....	5,406	5,466	5,518	5,625	615,195	630,000
DISCIPLES OF CHRIST.....	5,390	5,780	9,007	10,029	1,003,672	1,051,079
DUNKARDS—						
1. Dunkards or German Baptists (Conserva-						
tives).....	1,709	2,315	755	775	69,250	85,000
2. Dunkards or German Baptists (Old Order)	180	150	120	100	4,000	4,000
3. Dunkards or German Baptists (Progress-						
ive).....	243	250	145	145	10,031	12,000
4. Seventh-Day Baptists (German).....	5	5	6	6	194	194
Total Dunkards.....	2,137	2,720	1,026	1,026	83,475	101,194
EVANGELICAL BODIES—						
1. Evangelical Association.....	852	996	1,673	1,614	96,065	94,742
2. United Evangelical Church.....	406	425	521	605	55,118	57,088
Total Evangelical.....	1,258	1,421	2,194	2,219	148,783	151,770
FRIENDS—						
1. Friends (Orthodox).....	1,151	1,298	824	830	90,435	90,921
2. Friends (Hicksite).....	115	115	201	201	21,902	21,902
3. Friends (Wilburite).....	34	38	53	53	4,229	4,229
4. Friends (Primitive).....	11	11	9	9	232	232
Total Friends.....	1,311	1,462	1,087	1,093	116,899	117,474
FRIENDS OF THE TEMPLE.....	4	4	4	4	340	340
GERMAN EVANGELICAL PROTESTANT.....	45	45	55	55	36,500	36,500
GERMAN EVANGELICAL SYNOD.....	866	878	1,101	1,130	186,000	194,618
JEWS—						
1. Jewish Congregations (Orthodox).....	180	135	328	340	60,500	62,000
2. Jewish Congregations (Reformed).....	160	165	240	240	79,000	81,000
Total Jews.....	340	301	568	570	139,500	143,000
LATTER-DAY SAINTS—						
1. Church of Jesus Christ Latter-Day Saints.	575	600	560	600	212,000	259,000
2. Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of						
Latter-Day Saints.....	1,500	2,000	431	600	22,000	38,370
Total Latter-Day Saints.....	2,075	2,600	1,011	1,200	234,000	297,370
LUTHERANS—						
GENERAL BODIES.						
1. General Synod.....	1,162	1,185	1,547	1,506	190,319	190,594
2. United Synod in the South.....	221	204	437	435	41,304	40,820
3. General Council.....	1,108	1,128	1,796	1,840	315,299	323,054
4. Synodical Conference.....	1,775	2,222	2,418	3,225	492,540	520,086
5. United Norwegian.....	350	350	1,120	1,026	110,000	125,110
INDEPENDENT SYNODS.						
6. Joint Synod of Ohio.....	410	434	600	590	85,000	85,373
7. Buffalo.....	23	25	35	40	4,248	4,409
8. Hauge's, Norwegian.....	81	91	215	215	16,027	16,156
9. Elcisen's, Norwegian.....		7		50		2,100
10. Texas.....	44	10	40	18	7,097	1,319
1. German of Iowa.....	374	382	798	593	66,273	67,807
2. Norwegian Lutheran.....	215	215	676	651	61,347	64,164
3. Michigan.....		83		128		12,843
1. Danish in America.....	37	45	55	40	1,250	5,380
5. German Augsburg.....	23		20		4,750	
6. Icelandic.....	7	21		21	4,751	8,000
7. Immanuel.....	18	22	19	27	3,668	5,100
8. Suomi, Finnish.....	10	9	40	11	4,000	4,708
9. Norwegian Free.....		50		60		5,309
10. Slovakian.....		7		9		650
1. Danish United.....	77	70	107	140	7,532	7,000
Independent congregations.....	75	63	150	121	22,500	21,000
Total Lutherans.....	6,001	6,620	10,102	10,738	1,437,911	1,507,436
VALDENSTROMIANS.....	140	140	150	150	20,000	20,000
WENNONITES—						
1. Mennonite.....	380	375	270	280	19,451	21,000
2. Bruderhof.....	9	9	5	5	352	352
3. Amish.....	238	241	115	118	11,000	12,151
4. Old Amish.....	75	75	25	25	2,498	2,498
5. Apostolic.....	2	2	2	2	209	209
6. Reformed.....	43	43	84	84	1,655	1,655
7. General Conference.....	98	100	48	50	8,033	8,773
8. Church of God in Christ.....	18	18	18	18	471	471
9. Old (Wisler).....	17	17	15	15	610	610

## STATISTICS OF CHURCHES.—CONTINUED.

DENOMINATIONS.	MINISTERS.		CHURCHES.		COMMUNICANTS.	
	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.
10. Bundes Conference.....	40	41	15	16	2,650	2,960
11. Defenseless.....	20	20	11	11	1,156	1,156
12. Brethren in Christ.....	42	80	56	57	4,329	2,779
Total Mennonites.....	962	1,021	614	631	52,941	54,544
<b>METHODISTS—</b>						
1. Methodist Episcopal.....	16,246	16,411	25,001	25,232	2,675,085	2,689,419
2. Union American Methodist Episcopal.....	62	63	60	61	2,642	2,675
3. African Methodist Episcopal.....	4,640	4,825	4,850	4,960	615,851	630,550
4. African Union Methodist Protestant.....	80	80	70	70	7,000	7,000
5. African Methodist Episcopal, Zion.....	2,581	2,641	1,615	1,663	492,898	508,075
6. Methodist Protestant.....	1,540	1,600	2,265	2,314	183,418	182,260
7. Wesleyan Methodist.....	600	600	565	565	18,400	18,600
8. Methodist Episcopal, South.....	5,837	5,900	13,725	13,800	1,442,665	1,482,665
9. Congregational Methodist.....	205	200	240	275	12,600	13,000
10. Congregational Methodist (colored).....	5	5	5	5	319	819
11. New Congregational Methodist.....	20	20	35	35	1,200	1,200
12. Zion Union Apostolic.....	30	30	32	32	2,346	2,346
13. Colored Methodist Episcopal.....	1,680	1,687	1,000	1,100	164,308	161,968
14. Primitive Methodist.....	72	77	102	90	6,400	5,587
15. Free Methodist.....	938	938	709	708	26,038	26,135
16. Independent Methodist.....	8	8	15	15	2,569	2,569
17. Evangelist Missionary.....	87	87	13	13	4,600	4,600
Total Methodists.....	34,663	35,232	50,810	50,948	5,658,282	5,736,806
<b>MORAVIANS.</b> .....	123	120	100	112	13,614	14,220
<b>PRESBYTERIANS—</b>						
1. Presbyterian in the United States of America (northern).....	6,623	6,709	7,267	7,317	923,515	89,399
2. Cumberland Presbyterian.....	1,617	1,571	2,867	2,915	165,847	175,642
3. Cumberland Presbyterian (colored).....	400	400	250	260	13,250	13,250
4. Welsh Calvinistic.....	105	105	185	185	12,000	12,000
5. United Presbyterian.....	812	826	891	898	108,838	110,383
6. Presbyterian in the United States (southern).....	1,349	1,393	2,788	2,816	210,539	211,694
7. Associate Church of North America.....	12	12	31	31	1,058	1,058
8. Associate Reformed Synod of the South.....	96	96	127	130	10,277	10,824
9. Reformed Presbyterian in the United States (Synod).....	108	115	107	116	9,400	9,800
10. Reformed Presbyterian in North America (General Synod).....	33	35	41	48	5,000	5,000
11. Reformed Presbyterian (Covenanted).....	1	1	4	4	37	37
12. Reformed Presbyterian in the United States and Canada.....	1	1	1	1	600	600
Total Presbyterians.....	11,154	11,324	14,559	14,701	1,460,346	1,460,162
<b>PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL—</b>						
1. Protestant Episcopal.....	4,618	4,659	6,097	6,098	636,773	658,640
2. Reformed Episcopal.....	87	87	93	93	8,893	8,893
Total Episcopal.....	4,705	4,745	6,190	6,196	645,666	667,533
<b>REFORMED—</b>						
1. Reformed in America.....	636	634	605	610	102,681	105,869
2. Reformed in United States.....	1,000	1,089	1,633	1,633	229,100	234,612
3. Christian Reformed.....	81	81	123	123	16,740	16,740
Total Reformed.....	1,717	1,754	2,361	2,366	348,471	357,221
<b>SALVATIONISTS—</b>						
Salvation Army.....	2,120	2,414	675	718	40,000	40,000
Volunteers.....	450	650	150	200	.....	7,000
Total Salvationists.....	2,570	3,064	825	918	40,000	47,000
<b>SCHWENKFFELDIANS.</b> .....	3	3	4	4	306	306
<b>SOCIAL BRETHREN.</b> .....	17	17	20	20	918	918
<b>SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE.</b> .....	.....	.....	4	4	1,084	1,084
<b>SPIRITUALISTS.</b> .....	.....	.....	334	334	45,090	45,090
<b>THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.</b> .....	.....	.....	122	122	3,000	3,000
<b>UNITED BRETHREN—</b>						
1. United Brethren in Christ.....	1,671	1,724	4,178	4,172	230,706	225,117
2. United Brethren (Old Constitution).....	615	700	893	855	40,562	45,000
Total United Brethren.....	2,286	2,424	5,036	5,027	271,268	280,117
<b>UNITARIANS.</b> .....	526	585	458	458	70,000	70,000
<b>UNIVERSALISTS.</b> .....	797	773	825	849	49,025	51,025
<b>INDEPENDENT CONGREGATIONS.</b> .....	54	54	156	156	14,128	14,128
Grand total.....	134,026	139,262	181,962	184,284	25,368,076	25,919,027

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*Cardinal*—James Gibbons, Baltimore, Md.

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Chicago, Ill.....	Patrick A. Feehan.
Boston, Mass.....	John Joseph Williams.
Philadelphia, Pa.....	Patrick John Ryan.
Portland, Ore.....	Vacant.
New York, N. Y.....	M. A. Corrigan.

<i>Archdioceses.</i>	<i>Names.</i>
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San Francisco, Cal.....	Patrick W. Riordan.
St. Paul, Minn.....	John Ireland.
Milwaukee, Wis.....	Frederick Katzer.
Santa Fe, N. M.....	Vacant.
Dubuque, Iowa.....	John Hennessy.

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Tucson, Ariz.....	P. Bourgade.
Manchester, I. H.....	D. M. Bradley.
Boston, Mass.....	John Brady.
Helena, Mont.....	John B. Brondel.
St. Joseph, Mo.....	M. F. Burke.
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Nashville, Tenn.....	T. S. Byrne.
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Wheeling, W. Va.....	P. J. Donaghue.
Dallas, Tex.....	E. J. Dunne.
Natchitoches, La.....	Anthony Durler.
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Little Rock, Ark.....	B. Fitzgerald.
Detroit, Mich.....	J. S. Foley.
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Galveston, Tex.....	N. A. Gallagher.
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Sacramento, Cal.....	Thos. Grace.
Belmont, N. C.....	Leo Hald.
Providence, R. I.....	M. J. Hartina.
Portland, Me.....	J. A. Healy.
Wichita, Kan.....	John J. Hennessy.
Natchez, Miss.....	Thomas Heslin.
Ashley, Pa.....	M. J. Hoban.
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Cleveland, O.....	J. F. Horstmann.
Bellefonte, Ill.....	John Janssen.
Washington, D. C.....	T. J. Keane.
Cheyenne, Wyo.....	M. M. Lenihan.
Victoria, B. C.....	Vacant.
Syracuse, N. Y.....	P. A. Ludden.
Louisville, Ky.....	W. G. McCloskey.
Brooklyn, N. Y.....	C. E. McDonnell.

<i>Dioceses.</i>	<i>Names.</i>
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Duluth, Minn.....	James McGovern.
Harrisburg, Pa.....	Thomas McGovern.
Indianapolis, Ind.....	F. S. Chataud.
Davenport, Iowa.....	Henry Cosgrove.
Winona, Minn.....	J. B. Cotter.
Wilmington, Del.....	John J. Monaghan.
Rochester, N. Y.....	B. J. McQuaid.
Covington, Ky.....	C. P. Maca.
Denver, Col.....	N. C. Matz.
Guthrie, Oklahoma.....	T. Meerschaert.
Green Bay, Wis.....	S. Messmer.
Burlington, Vt.....	Louis de Goebsbriand.
St. Augustine, Fla.....	J. J. Michael.
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Erie, Pa.....	George Montgomery.
Charleston, S. C.....	Thomas Mullin.
Newquay, Wash.....	H. P. Northrop.
Shoux Falls, S. D.....	Thos. O'Gorman.
Scranton, Pa.....	W. O'Hara.
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Philadelphia, Pa.....	E. F. Prendergast.
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Omaha, Neb.....	B. Scannell.
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Fargo, N. D.....	John Shanley.
Peoria, Ill.....	J. L. Spaulding.
Hartford, Conn.....	M. Tierney.
St. Cloud, Minn.....	James Tobie.
Richmond, Va.....	A. Van de Vyver.
Laredo, Tex.....	P. Verdague.
Marquette, Mich.....	John Vertin.
Columbus, O.....	A. Waterson.
South Orange, N. J.....	W. M. Wigger.

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<i>Dioceses.</i>	<i>Bishops.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
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	H. M. Jackson, co-adjutor.....	Montgomery.
Ariz. & N. M.....	J. M. Kendrick.....	Santa Fe.
Arkansas.....	H. N. Pierce.....	Little Rock.
Boise.....	James B. Funsten.....	Boise City.
	Wm. M. Brown, co-adjutor.....	Little Rock.
California.....	W. F. Nichols.....	San Francisco.
Sacram'to.....	Wm. H. Moreland.....	
Los Ang's.....	J. H. Johnson.....	Los Angeles.
Colorado.....	J. F. Spaulding.....	Denver.
Connecticut.....	John Williams.....	Middletown.
	Chauncey B. Brewster, coadjutor.....	New Haven.
Delaware.....	L. Coleman.....	Wilmington.
Florida—		
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Southern.....	W. C. Gray.....	Orlando.
Georgia.....	C. K. Nelson.....	Atlanta.
Illinois—		
Chicago.....	W. E. McLaren.....	Chicago.
Spr'gfield.....	G. F. Seymour.....	Springfield.
	C. R. Hale, coadjutor.....	Chicago.
Quincy.....	Alex. Burgess.....	Peoria.

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Iowa.....	Vacant.....	
Kansas.....	F. E. Milspaugh.....	Topeka.
Kentucky.....	T. U. Dudley.....	Louisville.
Lexington.....	L. W. Burton.....	Lexington.
Louisiana.....	Davis Sessums.....	New Orleans.
Maine.....	H. A. Neely.....	Portland.
Maryland.....	W. Paret.....	Baltimore.
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Eastern.....	W. Lawrence.....	Boston.
Western.....	T. F. Davies.....	Detroit.
Minnesota.....	G. DeN. Gillespie.....	Grand Rapids.
	Marquette.....	Marquette.
	H. B. Whipple.....	Faribault.
	M. N. Gilbert, co-adjutor.....	St. Paul.
Duluth.....	J. D. Morrison.....	Duluth.
Mississippi.....	H. M. Thompson.....	Jackson.
Missouri.....	D. S. Tuttle.....	St. Louis.
W. Missouri.....	E. R. Atwill.....	Kansas City.
Montana.....	L. R. Brewer.....	Helena.
Nebraska.....	G. Worthington.....	Omaha.
N. Hamp.....	A. N. Graves.....	Keamy.
	W. W. Niles.....	Concord.

## PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—CONTINUED.

<i>Dioceses.</i>	<i>Bishops.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
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Newark.....	T. A. Starkey.....	Newark.
New York.....	H. C. Potter.....	New York City
Central.....	F. D. Huntington.....	Syracuse.
Albany.....	W. C. Doane.....	Albany.
Long Id.....	A. N. Littlejohn.....	Brooklyn.
Western.....	W. D. Walker.....	Buffalo.
N. Carolina.....	J. B. Chesbro, Jr.....	Raleigh.
E. Carolina.....	A. A. Watson.....	Wilmington.
N. Dakota.....	Julius M. Horner.....	Asheville.
	Samuel C. Edsall.....	Fargo.
Ohio.....	W. A. Leonard.....	Cleveland.
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	B. Vincent, coadjutor.....	Cincinnati.
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Indian T.....	F. K. Brooke.....	Guthrie.
Oregon.....	B. W. Morris.....	Portland.
Penn.....	O. W. Whitaker.....	Philadelphia.
Pittsburg.....	C. W. Whitehead.....	Pittsburg.
Central.....	E. Talbot.....	S. Bethlehem.
Rhode Isl'd.....	T. M. Clark.....	Providence.
	Wm. N. McVickar, coadjutor-elect.....	Providence.
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Utterances of State Conventions.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED AT VARIOUS STATE CONVENTIONS ON NATIONAL QUESTIONS.

THE FINANCES.

[Where parties are omitted no declaration was made.]

ALABAMA.

REPUBLICAN.

We hereby reaffirm our faith in and allegiance to the principles of the republican party, and we do also indorse the national platform of the party adopted in convention at St. Louis in 1896.

We specifically declare in favor of a protective tariff and for a sound and stable currency, both of which give employment alike to labor and capital and provide sufficient revenue in time of peace to run the government without a resort to bond issue, which can only be justified in time of war.

DEMOCRATIC.

We do reaffirm our unalterable faith in the principles declared in our platform, adopted in 1896, and especially in the platform adopted at Chicago in July of the same year, not so much because those platforms were declarations of our party, but for the much higher reason that the principles therein announced are the principles upon which the democratic party and the federal government are founded and because those principles are eternally true.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

Free coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, and that all other money shall be issued by the federal government and shall be a legal tender for all the public and private dues and demands, with inhibition by law of any contract that annuls the full exactions of these requirements, and with no one kind of money redeemable in any other kind of money. We denounce the effort to increase the national bonded debt by placing the sovereign power in the ridiculous position of borrowing what it alone has power to create, and insist that no bond should be issued until the volume of currency shall reach \$50 per capita.

ARKANSAS.

REPUBLICAN.

We reaffirm our adherence to the doctrine of sound money, by which every dollar, gold, silver or paper, put forth under the sanction of the government shall be equal to every other dollar.

DEMOCRATIC.

We indorse the national platform of the democratic party adopted at Chicago, in its national convention of 1896, and reaffirm the principles therein enunciated.

CALIFORNIA.

REPUBLICAN.

We reaffirm our belief in the financial plank of the republican national platform of 1896 as being a sound and correct exposition of the views of the republican party upon the finances of the country. We commend the efforts of the national administration to secure an international monetary

agreement, and urge that the attempt be renewed whenever an opportunity to do so shall be presented.

DEMOCRATIC.

We reaffirm our allegiance to the national platform of the democratic party adopted at Chicago in 1896, and specifically declare our adherence to the paramount purpose enunciated in that platform, viz.: A return to the constitutional system of free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver as money at the ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the consent of any other nation.

PROHIBITION.

The stability of our money system is based upon the industry and sobriety of the citizen. We believe that the currency problem has been largely produced by the brewery and distillery, which, through their agents, the saloons, have drawn from the products of our workmen silver to be piled up uselessly in the banks, and, after being changed for gold, to be largely shipped to foreign countries.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We demand the free and unrestricted coinage of silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation, and we are unalterably opposed to the policy of the republican party in demanding the retirement of greenbacks and the surrender to national banks of the sovereign power of issuing money, and we especially denounce the avowed attempt of said party to fasten upon the country irrevocably and forever the single gold standard.

We demand a national money, safe and sound, issued by the general government only, without the intervention of banks of issue, to be full legal tender for all debts, public and private; also a just, equitable and efficient means of distribution direct to the people through the lawful disbursements of the government.

We demand that the volume of circulating medium be speedily increased to an amount sufficient to meet the demands of a growing business and population of the country and to restore the just level of prices of labor and production.

We demand such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal-tender money by private contract.

We demand that the government, in payment of its obligations, shall use its option as to the kind of money in which they are to be paid, and we denounce the present and preceding administrations for surrendering this option to the holders of government obligations.

We demand that there shall be no further issue of United States interest-bearing bonds.

COLORADO.

REPUBLICAN.

We favor the restoration of the money of the constitution by throwing open the mints

of the country to the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

#### DEMOCRATIC.

The democratic party of the state of Colorado reaffirms the fundamental principles of the national democratic platform adopted in Chicago in 1896. The free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and without the consent of any other nation on earth, is and must remain the paramount issue in American politics until it is accomplished by national legislation.

#### SILVER REPUBLICAN.

The silver republicans of the state of Colorado again declare their allegiance to the cause of bimetalism and demand the restoration of silver to an equal plane of dignity and power with gold as a monetary metal, and that the mints of the United States be opened to the coinage of both silver and gold at the old ratio of 16 to 1, without asking or awaiting the aid or consent of any other nation. The gold standard was introduced to the financial systems of the leading nations of the world twenty-five years ago, without popular demand or knowledge, and has proved a disastrous experiment from that time to this. Numerous international conventions have been called for the sole purpose of getting rid of it, and in every leading nation commissions almost without number appointed to investigate the progressive depression in agriculture and trade have reported in favor of its abolition.

By depriving silver of its rights and by vastly adding to the demand for gold the par of exchange between gold-using and silver-using nations has been broken and trade between them reduced to a game of hazard. The increased necessity of attempting to do more business with less money has involved a ruinous fall of prices, with resulting discouragement to enterprises, loss of employment to labor, multiplication of the burdens of debt, taxes and fixed charges, the growth of trusts and combines, and the aggrandizement of the hoarders as against the producers of wealth.

We declare that the only practicable method of restoring unexed commercial relations between gold-using and silver-using countries, and of stopping the fall of prices with its resultant wrongs, is to be found in a return to the time-honored policy of bimetalism. The evil results of the gold-standard experiment are not denied by its advocates and they stand mute in the face of a demand for a remedy. To enforce the gold standard throughout the world is impossible. The present condition is intolerable. The silver republican party and its allies believe that the issue thus presented is the most important in American politics and calls for settlement before all others.

We arraign the gold-standard republican party for its artificial deception of the American people by false pretenses in favor of an international agreement for the free coinage of silver, while actively engaged in furthering the designs of the gold monopoly and the bankers' trust, and we congratulate the American people that in the present attitude of the administration and in the declarations of the leading republican state conventions of this year the nation at last has frank avowal by that party of its absolute surrender to the gold-standard system.

In the state of Colorado an especial effort has been made to cloak and disguise the de-

signs of the supporters of the gold standard. The history of these times is a woeful chapter in the literature of political dissimulation. It has within the last few days reached its appropriate culmination in an act which has disgraced the state and may well appeal the citizenship of the country. The advocates of the gold standard in Colorado have attempted the theft of a whole political party. The unfortunate occurrence at the opera house in Colorado Springs on the morning of Sept. 7 is a fit illustration of the desperation of these men and of the extent to which they are willing to go in furtherance of this scheme to thwart the will of the silver republicans of Colorado.

#### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The people's party of the state of Colorado reaffirms its unswerving allegiance to the principles of the Omaha and St. Louis national platforms of 1892 and 1896. We believe the financial question to be the paramount question of the present campaign, and we reiterate our demand for the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the constitutional rate of 16 to 1.

#### CONNECTICUT.

##### REPUBLICAN.

After the experience of the last two years it [the party] reaffirms its advocacy of the single standard of value, and that standard gold, as the only financial policy which will assure public confidence and national credit at home and abroad, and which will promote such investment of capital in the enterprise of commerce, trade and manufacture as will insure a remunerative employment to the farmers, mechanics and wage-earners of America.

It believes that the impossibility of effecting an international agreement with the leading commercial nations of the world for the free coinage of silver has been clearly demonstrated. It therefore favors such national monetary legislation as will maintain our paper and silver currency at a parity with gold, by which the weight of a gold dollar shall be established at the present standard, and by which every paper and silver dollar and every obligation for the payment of money shall be redeemable in gold, and such changes as in our present monetary system as will furnish ample credit facilities for conducting business in all parts of the country, by the retirement of government notes and the issue of bank notes so secured as to insure their redemption in gold of the present standard of fineness. To the accomplishment of these results it cordially asks the co-operation and support of all gold democrats and patriotic Americans, and earnestly invites them to unite in the support of its platform and tickets.

#### DELAWARE.

##### REPUBLICAN.

Believing that the money of the government should be the best in the world, and that its value should be unquestioned everywhere, we demand the maintenance by the government of the present gold standard of the value of said money, that notes of the government payable on demand shall only be issued when gold to the amount of the notes so issued is deposited with the national treasury for the redemption thereof. And that the gold so deposited shall be pre-

served and kept in said treasury for the sole purpose of redeeming such notes.

**DEMOCRATIC.**

The necessity of reforming our currency system is admitted on all sides and confessed by the president himself (who sent a monetary commission abroad to consult foreign governments and asked for the appointment of another monetary commission to consider the question here at home); but, notwithstanding the admitted evils of our present complicated, illogical and injurious currency system, the republican congress and administration have taken no positive and effective measure for reform.

**GEORGIA.**

**DEMOCRATIC.**

We reaffirm and indorse the democratic national platform as adopted at Chicago in 1896, and especially do we reiterate and urge its declaration upon the question of currency reform and the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the existing ratio of 16 to 1, and without the aid or consent of any other nation. We emphasize the declaration of that platform and also of the platform of the Georgia democracy of the same year, in its unalterable opposition to the single gold standard, and we hold that events have justified the truth of every charge made against it in the campaign of 1896.

**IDAHO.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

We heartily indorse the financial policy of the republican party as the same has been applied to the management of the financial affairs of the government.

**DEMOCRATIC.**

Demands "the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the present established ratio of 16 to 1 by independent action of the United States, without waiting for the consent or permission of other nations."

**ILLINOIS.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

We invite the attention of the people of Illinois to the fact that upon the surrender by the republican party in 1893 of the affairs of the nation to the democratic party there was then and there closed an era of prosperity unprecedented in this country; that following the inauguration of President Cleveland in 1893 new policies of administration were adopted, old, tried and approved policies of the republican party were rejected, and there followed an era of business depression, commercial distress, financial embarrassment and injury to labor too familiar to all, and of greater evil than had occurred in this country since the close of the war of the rebellion.

The republican party was restored to power in 1897 and was confronted with the problem of restoring to the people of the United States a greater and more reasonable measure of prosperity. To do this President McKinley convened congress in session in eleven days after his inauguration. The republican party was unable to see how prosperity could be brought to the laborer and to business by paying labor in depreci-

ated currency and transacting business upon such a basis. Properly to protect labor and capital and maintain a safe and sound currency were made the cardinal doctrines of the party. The revenues of the government, which had run down until they were far inadequate to meet the current expenses of the government, gradually began to increase until they reached a sum equal to the necessary normal current requirements of the government. Labor, which had been poorly paid and much of it idle, found employment at increased wages. In short, the conditions of the country were so developed that it was possible that the mass of the people might become more prosperous. To all of which we point with most commendable pride.

**DEMOCRATIC.**

Pledges the party to "the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the present established ratio of 16 to 1, by independent action of the United States, without waiting for the consent or permission of other nations."

**PEOPLE'S PARTY.**

We are uncompromisingly opposed to banks of issue under any name or title whatsoever. Both of the old parties during their entire existence have both favored and fathered such labor-robbing institutions.

We are opposed to the issuance of government treasury notes, promises to pay some body in coin, because that somebody ever has and ever will be the money changer, a vile and useless creature who under and by means of such a system of money has been the overshadowing curse of all nations in all ages of the world. Both of the old parties by virtue of the influences that control them are eternally pledged to a redeemable currency, the one favoring a single gold redeemer, the other favoring two redeemers, silver and gold.

We stand unalterably opposed under any circumstances to the issuance of interest-bearing United States bonds. Both of the old parties are wedded to the bond and bondage method of raising money.

We believe it to be the right and the duty of the people in their governmental capacity to issue full legal-tender paper money in such amounts as the industrial and business needs of the country may from time to time require, and that without any regard whatever to the wish or will of a panic-making, business-paralyzing, labor-enslaving and man-degrading money trust, composed of money changers at home or abroad. Both of the old parties during their entire existence have been wedded to the single or double barreled specie basis system of money, by means of which nothing but gold, or gold and silver, can be a full legal tender for debts within the United States.

We demand, as long as either of the metals is used as money, the independent, free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1.

**INDIANA.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

The republicans of Indiana are unreservedly for sound money, and are therefore opposed to the heresy to which the democratic party is wedded of the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, which we regard as absolutely

sure to debase our money and destroy our private credit and cause general business disaster. We recognize the necessity of comprehensive and enlightened money legislation, and believe that the declaration in the St. Louis national republican platform for the maintenance of the gold standard and the parity of all our forms of money should be given the vitality of public law and the money of the American people should be made, like all its institutions, the best in the world.

#### DEMOCRATIC.

We reaffirm and emphasize the platform adopted by the national democratic convention of 1896 at Chicago. We are in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the existing ratio of 16 to 1, without the aid or consent of any other nation.

We are unalterably opposed to the single gold standard, and we specially protest against the declared purpose of the present republican secretary of the treasury of applying that policy more thoroughly. We believe that the practice of the treasury in paying treasury notes in gold only, in violation of law, and in surrendering the option of the government, reserved by the statute, to pay in gold or silver, is chiefly responsible for the great money depression now and for so long a period existing in this country, is destructive of business enterprise, dangerous to the public credit and the prosperity of the people and a serious menace to the national honor.

#### IOWA.

#### REPUBLICAN.

The experience of the last two years has fully approved the gold-standard policy of the republican party as declared by the national convention of 1896. We recognize the necessity of comprehensive and enlightened monetary legislation. The monetary standard of this country and the commercial world is gold. The permanence of this standard must be assured by congressional legislation, giving to it the validity and vitality of public law. All of the money must be kept at a parity with gold. Our money, like our institutions, should be maintained equal to the best in the world. On this plank we invite the support of all voters who desire honesty and stability in business affairs and an immediate and permanent settlement of the question of the standard of value.

#### DEMOCRATIC.

The democracy of Iowa discern in the democratic national platform of 1896, which we hereby heartily reaffirm, the best expression of democratic principles enunciated since Thomas Jefferson wrote the declaration of independence. The utterances of that platform concerning finance explicitly define our faith on the money question. The free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1 we hold to be indispensable to the financial, industrial and political independence of our people, and recognizing William J. Bryan as preeminently the representative and exponent of the platform we earnestly favor his nomination for president of the United States in 1900.

We impeach the republican party of criminal insincerity in declaring for bimetalism in its national platforms of 1888 and 1892 and for international bimetalism in 1896

and now in its latest state platform unequivocally committing itself to the gold standard. And we denounce as being dangerous to the public welfare the proposal for legislation involving the conversion of the 500,000,000 silver dollars and the \$346,000,000 of greenbacks first into exclusive gold obligations and next into an interest-bearing bonded debt and filling the vacuum created by the obliteration of the nearly \$1,000,000,000 of legal-tender money with non-legal-tender bank notes.

#### SILVER REPUBLICAN.

We, the silver republicans of Iowa, reaffirm our adherence to the Chicago platform of 1896.

The legal ratio being 16 to 1, we demand that there shall be no tinkering with that ratio at the instance of those who are trying to create confusion in the interest of the gold standard.

We view with alarm the programme of the so-called "Honest Money league" to retire all government currency by the sale of interest-bearing bonds and the substitution therefor of national bank notes, and declare that the issuance of money is an act of sovereignty and demand that all money of every kind shall be issued by the general government.

We believe a tax upon that part of an income in excess of \$4,000 is juster than to tax the mortgage given to secure a debt. The one asks prosperity to contribute, the other tends to tax misfortune and add to its burdens.

We denounce the shameless abandonment by the so-called republicans of Iowa of the declaration for the free coinage of silver in the platform at St. Louis in 1896 and the substitution therefor of the currency plank of the gold democrats adopted at Indianapolis in that year.

In the language of the republican national platform adopted at Minneapolis, we believe "that the American people, by tradition and interest, are bimetalists and demand the use of both gold and silver as standard money," and in the further language of a platform adopted by the republicans of the state of Iowa: "Whereas, the silver dollar was the unit of value from the foundation of the federal government up to 1873, the law under which its coinage was suspended should be repealed at the earliest possible day and silver made, with gold, a legal tender for the payment of all debts, both public and private."

#### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

For the purpose of meeting the obligations of our contracts and for foreign commerce the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 meets our approval, but for internal commerce the truly scientific money of the United States is a money issued solely by the government, without the intervention of corporations; such a money should be full legal tender for all debts, public and private, without any exception or limitation; it should be received by the government in payment of all public dues. It should be issued in volume commensurate with the business demands of the country and increase of population. It would stimulate business instead of repressing it. It would tend to stability of prices and wages, and such a money, when not discredited by the government issuing it, would be beyond the reach of speculators and would never be discredited by a loyal people.

**KANSAS.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

We reaffirm the principles enunciated in the national republican platform of 1896 and direct attention to the fact that every promise has been kept and every prediction has been verified. We heartily approve the policy of President McKinley in the preparation for and conduct of the war and pledge to him our loyal support in this contest, begun as it was at the dictates of humanity and waged as it is for the honor of the nation and the freedom of the oppressed.

**DEMOCRATIC.**

We, the democrats of Kansas, pledge our allegiance to the principles of the renewed democracy which found expression in the democratic national platform of 1896. We stand to-day for every principle therein enunciated and especially for the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the consent of foreign nations. We take special pleasure in recording our appreciation and indorsement of the splendid campaign waged in behalf of people's rights by their intrepid champion, who stands in merit and esteem with the historic leaders of democracy, William J. Bryan.

**PEOPLE'S PARTY.**

We demand the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 of silver to 1 of gold and the issue of legal-tender notes good for all debts in preference to the issue of interest-bearing bonds.

We oppose the issuance of all bonds and we condemn the republican party for its action in fastening upon the people a large bonded debt ostensibly for war revenue, but in reality for the perpetuation of the national banking system.

**MAINE.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

Demand "a currency for business and labor, the soldier and the pensioner, that is as good as gold the world over; all necessary legislation in the interest of labor, of temperance, education and economy in the state administration."

**DEMOCRATIC.**

An unqualified indorsement of the principles of the Chicago platform.

**PEOPLE'S PARTY.**

We are opposed to the labor-robbing institutions known as national banks, and demand that the government alone shall have the power to issue money and regulate the value thereof; this money should be a full legal tender for all debts, public and private, and issued in sufficient volume to transact the legitimate business of the country.

The system of issuing bonds in every public emergency is most dangerous and pernicious and should be strictly prohibited by the American people.

As long as the barbaric system of metal money is retained we demand that silver should receive the same recognition as gold and be admitted to our mints for free coinage in the ratio of 16 to 1.

**MASSACHUSETTS.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

We affirm anew our support of sound money. True to the pledge of the St. Louis

platform, the president and congress, earnestly and in good faith, strove to secure an agreement of the great commercial nations for the coinage of silver and gold at an established ratio. The attempt has utterly failed. All our currency must rest upon the single gold standard. Every dollar must be kept equal in value to the dollar in gold. All government indebtedness, which, by the terms of the contract, is payable in coin must be paid in gold at the option of the creditor. We rejoice in the defeat of the Teller resolution in a republican house of representatives as the repulse of an attack upon the integrity of our monetary system and the fair fame of the republic.

The time has come for the reform of our currency in the direction of the ready conversion of its different forms, each into the other, and the redemption of all in gold upon demand, with adequate provision for the extension of banking facilities to the agricultural and sparsely settled portions of the country, to the end that in those sections capital may be responsive to the demands of business and lower rates of interest prevail.

**DEMOCRATIC.**

The democracy of Massachusetts indorses and reaffirms with emphasis and profound conviction the great and patriotic platform of principles adopted by the party in national convention at Chicago in 1896. In that year both political parties confronted by a disastrous depression in production and general business, by the distress of labor, by the condition of financial affairs and the monetary system in particular, declared a return to bimetalism to be a measure calculated to remedy the existing evils.

The republican party, impressed with the importance of the restoration of bimetalism, pledged itself to promote the same by international agreement, while the democratic party declared that the United States, with or without the co-operation of other nations should restore the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold.

After two years we find the promises of the victorious party wholly unfulfilled. The business of our country is, in reality, in a more deplorable condition than in 1896. The promised prosperity has not been realized; nothing better than a specious local activity has anywhere appeared. The general industrial and economic condition runs at even a lower ebb than when the present administration was put into power. The wages of labor have been reduced. Thousands of workmen have been thrown out of employment in the dead of winter; other thousands are working on part time and are struggling desperately with adverse conditions.

The futile policy of the republican administration in sending a commission to Europe to secure international bimetalism and at the same time in thwarting and bringing to naught every effort of that commission and in making its success impossible has revealed the predetermined purpose of the republican party to violate its pledges to the American people and to prevent bimetalism in any form, not only in the United States, but throughout the world.

The democratic party, with a conviction and persistency which have now been confirmed by the observation and experience of two additional years of disaster, again demands the return to bimetalism by restoring silver and gold to coinage at the ratio which was maintained during so many previous years.

perous years in the history of our country, the ratio of 16 to 1.

#### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We believe in an invariable dollar. To secure this our currency should consist of a volume of legal-tender notes issued only by the government as standard money, expanded or contracted as shall be necessary to make the dollar buy always the same average of a selected number of staple commodities.

As a measure of immediate relief we favor the free coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1.

#### MICHIGAN.

##### REPUBLICAN.

We reaffirm the principles of the St. Louis platform and pledge them our support as a sure guaranty of national prosperity and honor. We stand upon the existing gold standard and condemn the proposition to admit silver to free and unlimited coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1 by this country alone, believing that such a proposition would irreparably disturb business already recovering from the shock of democratic rule.

##### DEMOCRATIC.

The democracy of Michigan in state convention assembled hereby reaffirms its loyalty and devotion to the platform adopted at Chicago in 1896.

##### UNION SILVER PARTY.

We, the representatives of the union silver party of Michigan, in convention assembled, do heartily declare our loyalty and unswerving fidelity to the principles of bimetalism and demand the restoration of silver to equal coinage privilege with gold at the ratio of 16 of silver to 1 of gold, and that all money, whether gold, silver or paper, shall be issued by the government direct, without the aid or intervention of national banks or banking corporations, and that such money shall be a legal tender for all dues and demands, public and private.

Whereas, The present administration has proved its utter inability to bring about international bimetalism, so called, and Secretary Gage and President McKinley have by numerous utterances committed the republican party to the principles of the single gold standard as enunciated and set forth by the Indianapolis Sound Money league, so called, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we invite all friends of bimetalism to stand with us in a united effort to preserve both gold and silver as the basic currency of the nation at the present ratio.

Resolved, That we view with alarm the rapidity with which the gold-standard policy inaugurated by Grover Cleveland and championed by Hanna, Gage and McKinley is bonding the nation, and we point to the lamentable fact that since the adoption of said policy in 1893 \$665,000,000 in bonds have been issued. We point to this as proof of the claim of bimetalists that the only way to maintain the single gold standard is to continue and even increase the national debt.

#### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We, the representatives of the people's party of Michigan, in convention assembled this 22d day of June, 1898, in the city of Grand Rapids, hereby reaffirm our adherence to the principles enunciated at the Omaha convention, as reaffirmed at St. Louis and in Bay City in 1896.

We demand that all money, whether gold, silver or paper, shall be issued by the government and shall be full legal tender for all debts, public and private.

We demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1.

We are unalterably opposed to the issuance of interest-bearing bonds by the national government.

#### PEOPLE'S (MIDDLE-OF-THE-ROAD).

We demand a national money, safe and sound, based on the wealth, industry and loyalty of the whole people of the United States, on the whole property therein and on the stability of our republic, in which we have unbounded confidence under the intelligent direction of the producers of wealth—the plow holders—but no confidence while it remains under the dominating influence of the money power—the bond holders—and that such money be of paper, issued by the national government only, without the intervention of banking corporations, and be made a full legal tender for all debts, including taxes and duties to the United States, and that it shall not be made redeemable in metallic coin.

We demand the free and unrestricted coinage of silver and gold at the legal ratio of 16 to 1, regardless of foreign nations, so to increase and cheapen the volume of metallic money, as compared with all other forms of property and wages, that the government and people may obtain the means at less sacrifice to meet and cancel their metallic coin obligations according to the letter of the contract; and to prevent such exigency for the future we demand that all public and private contracts be henceforth made, under legal enactment, payable in lawful money of the United States, and that metallic coin contracts be forbidden.

#### MINNESOTA.

##### REPUBLICAN.

The republicans of Minnesota in convention assembled congratulate the country on the evident signs of returning prosperity, largely due to the party's unswerving allegiance to the cause of sound money and the wise revenue legislation of the republican congress.

We believe the national honor and the material interests of the American people require the maintenance of the present gold standard. We declare our unalterable opposition to the free coinage of silver and all schemes looking to the debasement of the currency and the repudiation of debt. We condemn the continual agitation of free silver as tending to debauch the public morals and jeopardize the prosperity of the country, the highest interests of which demand at all times a sound and stable financial system.

##### DEMOCRATIC.

The democrats of Minnesota in convention assembled hereby reaffirm the Chicago national democratic platform and pledge to it their unswerving support until its principles shall have become the established governmental policy.

We recall with pride the courage and gallant leadership of our late presidential candidate, William J. Bryan. His devotion to the principles of free government and his splendid elucidation of those principles in

the campaign entitle him to the lasting gratitude of the people.

**SILVER REPUBLICAN.**

We reaffirm our attachment and loyalty to the principles of Washington, Jefferson, Lincoln and Bryan.

We reaffirm and indorse the principles laid down in the platform of the national republican convention which met in Minneapolis in 1892, which declared as follows: "The American people, from tradition and interest, favor bimetallicism. The republican party demands the use of both gold and silver as standard money."

We denounce and repudiate the humiliating and degenerate doctrine of the national republican platform, adopted at St. Louis in 1896, dictated by the gold monopoly forces of the world and the great trusts and corporations which contributed so liberally to its campaign fund, to the effect that the gold standard must be maintained in this country until foreign nations consent to our use of silver as standard money.

**MISSOURI.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

We reaffirm our faith in the declaration of principles of the republican party of 1896, and in this connection we call the attention of the people to the fact that the national administration, under the control and with the support of the republican party, has faithfully redeemed every pledge in that platform; has restored the public credit, dispelled panic and depression, revived industry and trade, reopened the factories and workshops of the nation, renewed and restored enterprise and production, and given full protection to American citizens and American interests at home and abroad, inspired the American people with renewed hope and new and honorable aspirations, and has again demonstrated that the republican party is the party of progress, entitled to the confidence of the people and furnishing in its administration of public affairs the surest proof of the stability and success of free institutions.

**DEMOCRATIC.**

The democrats of Missouri reindorse the national platform adopted at Chicago in 1896, and especially do we renew our demand for the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the consent of any other nation, and this demand we especially emphasize at this time by reasserting our belief that the money question is and will remain the most important of all political questions affecting the prosperity and happiness of our people until it is finally settled by the restoration of bimetallic coinage in accordance with our demand. And we declare our unswerving confidence in Col. William J. Bryan as the leading exponent of the foregoing principles.

**PEOPLE'S PARTY.**

Resolved, That we favor the issue of full legal-tender paper money to pay the expenses of the Spanish-American war, and that we are unalterably opposed to the issue of interest-bearing bonds either in time of war or peace.

**MONTANA.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

We indorse without reservation or excep-

tion the declaration of principles adopted by the last national republican convention as promising wise policies of public action and bringing to the country a prosperity which we have not heretofore known.

**DEMOCRATIC.**

The democrats of Montana in state convention assembled reaffirm their belief in the great principles of Jeffersonian democracy as expressed in the Chicago platform. They declare that the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 is the paramount issue of American politics to-day.

They enthusiastically and loyally accept and support the leadership of William J. Bryan, whose record meets their entire approbation and admiration.

**SILVER REPUBLICAN.**

We reaffirm our belief in and devotion to the principle of bimetallicism as expressed in the declaration for the free coinage of silver and gold at a ratio of 16 to 1 by the independent action of the United States, and that we firmly believe the only method through which this desirable result can be attained and the country placed on a basis of permanent prosperity is the policy of a fusion of the silver forces so clearly and ably outlined by William J. Bryan and other national leaders in the movement for the restoration of silver as money of ultimate redemption.

**NEBRASKA.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

We favor the payment of our soldiers and sailors in the same money paid bondholders.

We reaffirm unswerving allegiance to the principles enunciated in the republican national platform of 1896. We are in favor of the maintenance of the present gold standard and unalterably opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

**DEMOCRATIC.**

We are proud to belong to a party that acknowledges as its chieftain and leader the Hon. W. J. Bryan, the people's champion, whom arm is ever lifted in defense of their rights and in redressing their wrongs whether in peace or in war.

We renew our allegiance to the principles taught by Thomas Jefferson and courageously defended by Andrew Jackson, and we demand that the great political problems of to-day be solved by the application of these principles to the present conditions; and, therefore, reaffirm our adherence to the platform of 1896, adopted by the democratic party in national convention assembled. And that the paramount issue of the campaign of 1896 ought and will be the restoration of our monetary system to its position prior to 1872, the free and unlimited coinage of the two metals at the ratio of 16 to 1, and believe that no permanent prosperity will reward the efforts of our producers until such a law is enacted.

We believe that all money issued by the government, whether gold, silver or paper, should be made a full legal tender for all debts, public and private, and that no citizen should be permitted to demonetize by contract that which the government makes money by law.

We further declare that we are opposed to banks of issue, and demand that all money, whether gold, silver or paper, shall be issued by the national government.

While always willing and ready to furnish

for the support of the nation in her hour of peril every dollar of our property and every possible assistance; both in money and men, the democratic party is opposed to the issuance of interest-bearing bonds except as a last resort, but is in favor of the issuance of full legal-tender money, and we hold the recent issue of \$200,000,000 of bonds unnecessary under the circumstances and therefore condemn it.

#### SILVER REPUBLICAN.

We reaffirm the principles set forth in the party platform at our last state convention, and we take no backward step on the money question. We are in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the consent of any other nation on earth.

Maintaining and supporting republican principles upon the question of gold and silver as money as advocated by the old republican party until its repudiation of those principles at St. Louis in 1894, we renew our loyalty to the principles thus repudiated at the behest of the money power, and declare, as formerly declared by the old republican party and its honored leaders and accepted as good republican doctrine, as well as a doctrine as old as the national constitution itself, that we are in favor of the use of both gold and silver as money, and we condemn the policy of the gold-standard republican administration in its efforts to demonetize silver.

Silver is the money of the constitution; indeed, the money of the American people anterior to the constitution, which the great organic law recognized as quite independent of its own existence. The people are too intelligent to permit values to be measured in gold alone. This would make money dearer and property cheaper. We are for the largest use of silver in the currency of the country. We would not dishonor it; we would give it equal credit and honor with gold; we would make no discrimination; we would utilize both metals and discredit neither; we want the double standard. Silver, until a few years ago, was money the wide world over. Silver was one of the standard coins of the United States from the birth of independence until demonetization crept into the statute of congress, either by fraud or mistake.

#### NEVADA.

##### REPUBLICAN.

Resolved. That we reiterate our faith in and devotion to the great republican principles of bimetallicism, protection and reciprocity. We are firmly convinced that the final adjustment of the money question must come by and through the republican party. The party is pledged to bimetallicism. We therefore declare that the settlement of this important question may safely be left to the great republican party of the nation.

##### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We reiterate with emphasis that the financial question is the paramount issue and demand the free and unrestricted coinage of silver and gold at the American ratio of 16 to 1.

We denounce in unmeasured terms the action of the republican party and the democratic party in advocating the redemption of legal tenders in gold or in coin, and we

demand that all United States money, whether of gold, silver or paper, be made a full legal tender without any exception clause whatever.

The recent bond issue was one of the most atrocious financial acts of the nineteenth century, and the indecent haste with which the administration issued the bonds when the treasury was already overloading with lawful money proves conclusively that Wall street and the bondholders have an unfair and corrupt influence over the treasury department.

The so-called gold reserve is a disguise to our financial power and boundless resources, and we demand that it be abolished.

#### NEW HAMPSHIRE.

##### REPUBLICAN.

The republicans of New Hampshire reaffirm the St. Louis platform, especially indorsing the gold standard as therein provided, and congratulate the people upon the speedy fulfillment of its important pledges.

##### DEMOCRATIC.

We, the democrats of New Hampshire, reaffirm the principles of the democratic party as announced in the national conventions since the foundation of the party. We emphatically declare our admiration for and confidence in the wisdom and patriotism of our great leader, William J. Bryan.

#### NEW JERSEY.

##### REPUBLICAN.

We indorse the national platform of 1896 and "specifically declare our undying opposition to any proposition to debase the national currency, a proposition so repugnant that the voters of New Jersey buried it under an unprecedented majority of 87,000 when they declared in favor of the representatives of national honor and honesty, McKinley and Hobart."

##### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We demand a national currency, safe, sound and flexible, issued by general government only, a full legal tender for all debts, public and private, and that without the use of banking corporations, a just, equitable and efficient means of distribution direct to the people at a tax not to exceed 2 per cent per annum, to be provided as set forth in the sub-treasury plan of the Farmers' alliance, or a better system; also by payments in discharge of its obligations for public improvements.

We demand that the amount of circulating medium be speedily increased to not less than \$50 per capita.

#### NEW YORK.

##### REPUBLICAN.

We renew our allegiance to the doctrines of the St. Louis platform. We continue to condemn and resist the democratic policies declared at Chicago. The organized democratic party of the nation adheres to these policies of free silver and free trade, and denies the right of the courts and of the government to protect persons and property from violence. On the coming 8th of November we are to elect not only our state officers, but also representatives in congress and members of our state legislature. That

legislature, in its turn, will elect a United States senator to succeed the present democratic senator from this state.

The election of republican members of congress and of a republican state legislature will mean that New York will stand for the maintenance of the gold standard and for such a revision of the currency laws as will guarantee to the labor of the country that every promise to pay a dollar, issued under the authority of the United States, shall be of absolute and equal value with a gold dollar always and everywhere.

## NORTH CAROLINA.

### REPUBLICAN.

The republican party of North Carolina renews its allegiance to the principles and policies set forth in the national republican platform adopted at St. Louis in 1896; and we point with pride and enthusiasm to the triumphant vindication of those principles and policies under the wise and splendid administration of William McKinley.

### DEMOCRATIC.

We denounce the republican party for its defeat of the Teller resolutions declaring our national bonds payable in silver as well as gold, and denounce it for its determined purpose of more thoroughly fastening the single gold standard upon our people, and for its avowed hostility to the free and unlimited coinage of silver, as well as gold, at the ratio of 16 to 1, into full legal-tender money.

We denounce the republican party for its determination to issue bonds at this time, and we denounce the republican war tax bill which lately passed the house of representatives as unjust, unequal in its burdens, unnecessary and vexatious, and we demand that the silver seigniorage be coined, that an income tax be levied, and that the secretary of the treasury be authorized to issue the necessary amount of full legal-tender greenbacks, or United States treasury notes, in order to meet the expenses of the war with Spain and to supply the revenue deficit under the Dingley law.

### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We believe that all money demands should be payable in the lawful money of the United States without preference or discrimination, and therefore favor the passage by the general assembly of a law to prohibit the taking or giving of gold notes, bonds and mortgages in this state, and to make all the money demands solvable in any kind of lawful money of the United States.

We condemn the present national administration for its efforts to fasten upon the people and future generations the burden of interest-bearing bonds and for indorsing and carrying out the infamous bond and monopoly policy of the preceding administration of Grover Cleveland.

We commend the action of the populists, silver republicans and silver democrats in congress for their wise, brave and patriotic course in solidly co-operating to strike out the bond provision of the pending war revenue bill and to substitute therefor an issue of greenbacks and the coinage of the silver seigniorage to carry on the war.

## NORTH DAKOTA.

### REPUBLICAN.

Money being an instrument of international concern, we are unalterably opposed to the independent free coinage of silver. The currency of the American people is now and should continue to be the best in the world, and the parity of all forms of money should be maintained by wise and conservative laws. We favor the use of both gold and silver as the standard of all commercial countries, and indorse the efforts of the republican administration to promote the policy of bimetallism under agreement with the civilized nations of the world.

### DEMOCRATIC.

We reaffirm our belief in and adherence to the great principles of the democratic party as laid down in the democratic platform at the Chicago national convention of 1896.

## OHIO.

### REPUBLICAN.

We reaffirm the declaration of facts and principles adopted by the eleventh national republican convention at St. Louis June 17, 1896.

### DEMOCRATIC.

We reaffirm the platform of principles adopted at Chicago by the democrats at their convention in July, 1896. And we particularly reaffirm and indorse the financial plank therein, declaring for the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of any and all other nations.

### NATIONAL LIBERTY PARTY.

All money should be issued by the general government only, and without the intervention of any private citizen, corporation or banking institution. It should be based upon the wealth, stability and integrity of the nation. It should be a full legal tender for all debts, public and private, and should be of sufficient volume to meet the demands of the legitimate business interests of the country. For the purpose of honestly liquidating our outstanding coin obligations we favor the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold, at a ratio of 16 to 1, without consulting any other nation. As a partial remedy for our financial troubles we declare for postal savings banks.

## OREGON.

### REPUBLICAN.

We are in favor of the maintenance of the present gold standard; we are unqualifiedly opposed to the free coinage of silver and to all other schemes looking to the debasement of the currency and the repudiation of debt. We believe that the best money in the world is none too good to be assured by the government to the laborer as the fruit of his toil and to the farmer as the price of his crop. We condemn the continued agitation for free silver as calculated to jeopardize the prosperity of the country and to shake the confidence of the people in the maintenance of a wise financial policy; we particularly condemn as unpatriotic the efforts of the free-silver agitators to array class against class and section against section; we declare that the interests of all classes

and of all sections of our country alike demand a sound and stable financial system.

#### FUSION.

(Democrats, People's Party and Silver Republicans.)

We demand the free and unrestricted coinage of silver and gold at the present ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the consent of foreign nations, and we are unalterably opposed to the policy of the present republican administration in demanding the retirement of greenbacks and the turning over of the money-making power of the government to the national banks, as presented by the bill drawn by the republican secretary of the treasury and indorsed by President McKinley, and we especially denounce the avowed attempt by said bill to fasten the country irrevocably and forever to the single gold standard.

We demand a national money, safe and sound, issued by the general government only, without the intervention of banks of issue, to be a full legal tender for all debts, public and private; also a just, equitable and efficient means of distribution direct to the people through the lawful disbursement of the government.

We demand that the volume of circulating medium be speedily increased to an amount sufficient to meet the demands of the business and population of this country and to restore the just level of prices of labor and production.

We favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal-tender money by private contract.

We demand that the government, in payment of its obligations, shall use its option as to the kind of lawful money in which they are to be paid, and we denounce the present and preceding administrations for surrendering this option to the holders of government obligations.

We demand that there shall be no further issue of United States interest-bearing bonds.

#### PENNSYLVANIA.

##### REPUBLICAN.

The republican party of Pennsylvania ratifies and reaffirms the doctrines enunciated in the republican national platform adopted at St. Louis in 1896 and approved by the people at the last presidential election.

##### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The people's party strenuously opposes any issue of bonds for the purpose of defraying the expenditure incurred in the impending war with Spain, believing that the cost of the said war can and by right ought to be met by the government issue of non-interest-bearing treasury notes and that the said notes be full legal tender.

#### RHODE ISLAND.

##### REPUBLICAN.

Since it is the avowed purpose of all the political opponents of the republican party to unite in a crusade against the existing gold standard and in favor of a depreciated silver currency, with free coinage, we declare the same to be a serious menace to our continued prosperity and should lead to the active political co-operation of all those who believe in the necessity of a stable currency and of securing to it, by proper legislation, equivalence of purchasing power at all

times with the best money of the commercial world.

We reiterate our desire for such a stable and honest currency. We are inflexibly opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver, and believe the continued agitation of the silver question, so called, to be unpatriotic and destructive to the best interests of industry and commerce. The existing gold standard is the measure of value adopted by the nations with which the United States has the most important commercial relations, and the very suggestion of a departure from it inflicts injury to the credit of a nation whose honor should be unquestioned at home and abroad.

#### SOUTH DAKOTA.

##### REPUBLICAN.

The republican party of South Dakota renews its unqualified allegiance to the fundamental principles of republicanism, protection and sound money. We are opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver and unhesitatingly indorse the gold standard of money under which the nation has made such unsurpassed strides of progress.

##### DEMOCRATIC.

We demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver by the federal government at the ratio of 16 to 1, without asking for the consent or waiting for the aid of any other nation on earth.

##### SILVER REPUBLICAN.

We reaffirm and indorse the national platform of the silver republicans adopted at St. Louis in July, 1896, in its entirety, and declare it the purpose of the silver republicans of South Dakota to unite at all times with other political reform parties which favor just and equitable principles, such as were put forth by the national conventions of the people's and democratic parties in 1896 and elucidated from the Atlantic to the Pacific by that matchless leader, William J. Bryan.

We commend the brave and patriotic position of the silver republicans, populists and democratic senators and congressmen who have for the last two years so nobly stood by the principles enunciated in the various national platforms and pledge to them our political and moral support until success shall be attained in this, the people's government.

We most emphatically demand the re-monetization of silver upon the basis of 16 to 1, without waiting for the consent of any other nation, and that the government issue full legal-tender money to meet the necessities and demands of the people, without the intervention of national banks or other private corporations. We are uncompromisingly opposed to the issue of interest-bearing bonds as advocated and adopted by the present republican administration, but believe it is the duty and function of government to issue full legal-tender money and control the circulation thereof, and that a legal-tender non-interest-bearing treasury note, countersigned by the government officials, is as honest money as any interest-bearing bond signed by the same authority and its payment guaranteed by the same people.

##### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The people's party of South Dakota triumphantly reaffirms its allegiance to the fundamental principles enunciated in the Omaha and St. Louis platforms.

We distinctly reaffirm our position in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 and our unalterable opposition to the issue of interest-bearing bonds in time of peace or war.

We are opposed to banks of issue and in favor of the issue of all money direct by the government.

# TENNESSEE.

## REPUBLICAN.

As to the national issues, we heartily indorse the platform adopted by the national republican convention held at St. Louis, 1896, and reaffirm our allegiance to the principles therein declared.

## DEMOCRATIC.

We hereby indorse the enunciation of principles contained in the democratic platform adopted by the national democratic convention at Chicago in 1896, it being a true expression of the democratic creed. We especially reaffirm our demand for the restitution of the money of the constitution by a law providing for the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at a ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the consent of any other nation.

We oppose the increase of the public debt by the issuance of interest-bearing bonds and condemn the action of the present republican administration in the issuance of such bonds instead of treasury warrants, which warrants would furnish a circulating medium and would be taxable, while interest-bearing bonds are not taxable and will not circulate as currency.

We demand that all obligations of the United States shall be discharged according to the terms of the contract in either gold or silver at the option of the government and not at the option of the creditor.

# UTAH.

## REPUBLICAN.

We reaffirm our allegiance to the cause of the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of the action of any other nation, as fully set out in our first Utah state convention platform, upon which we elected the present governor and other state officers.

## DEMOCRATIC.

We reaffirm the principles declared in the democratic platform adopted in Chicago for 1896. The imperative necessity of the use of both gold and silver for the purposes of money throughout the world is generally conceded. The use of both is essential to the welfare and happiness of mankind. The re-establishment of such use is of such vital importance that no ordinary difficulty should be permitted to stand in the way of its attainment. It is generally acknowledged that without both gold and silver people must sink in the scale of happiness and civilization. They must languish in poverty. They must continue to struggle in vain to better their condition. They must toil on without even the hope of adequate reward. Yet it is said that for this pervading, flagrant wrong there is and can be no remedy without the aid and consent of those who are and will remain deaf to all appeals for relief. It is true that at this time there is a right which cannot be made to prevail, a wrong for which there is no remedy. Have the maxims of our race proved false?

There is a remedy. It is declared in the national platform of the democratic party, to which we now declare our steadfast devotion. That remedy is the enactment of a law by the congress of the United States providing for the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of other nations, such consent being notoriously impossible to obtain; and that such coin be legal tender in payment of all debts, both public and private.

## PEOPLE'S PARTY.

Believing that this nation is capable of passing and enforcing its own laws, we demand a law opening the mints to the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the present ratio of 16 to 1.

We demand that the money of this country be speedily increased by the issuing of legal-tender notes to an amount sufficient to transact the business of the country upon a cash basis, and that all money, gold, silver or paper, be made a full legal tender for all debts, thereby making "every dollar as good as every other dollar."

# TEXAS.

## REPUBLICAN.

We reaffirm our allegiance to the principles laid down by the St. Louis platform in 1896, and we particularly announce that we are unreservedly for sound money.

We heartily indorse the action and course of President McKinley and the administration since their inauguration. They have inspired universal confidence, restored normal conditions in American industrial life and developed an industrial prosperity of unexampled proportions.

## DEMOCRATIC.

We indorse in every particular the platform adopted by the national democratic convention of Chicago in 1896, but we especially commend and approve the declarations in favor of an income tax, against the power of banks to issue money, for a tariff for revenue that will operate without discrimination against classes or sections and for the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, with full legal-tender qualities and without reference to the action of other governments.

We declare that the present war excitement cannot and shall not obscure the money question, upon which the fight in 1900 will be chiefly made, and that the interest now being taken in the 2,000,000 people of Cuba and Puerto Rico must not detract from the vital interest of the 75,000,000 of our own people.

# VERMONT.

## REPUBLICAN.

We reaffirm our loyalty to the cardinal principles of the republican party as enunciated in the platform of the national convention at St. Louis in 1896, especially to the doctrines of protection and sound money, and our confidence is unshaken that this party, which represents the mind and heart and conscience of the American people, will wisely settle the tremendous questions of American policy as they confront us.

## DEMOCRATIC.

We, the democrats of Vermont, declare our adherence to the principles of democracy

formulated by Jefferson, exemplified by a long line of democratic statesmen since his time and crystallized in the platform adopted by the democratic national convention at Chicago in 1896.

We lift aloft the unstained banner of the Vermont democracy and emphasize our unswerving loyalty to the money of the constitution, the money of Washington, Jefferson, Jackson and the long line of illustrious American statesmen; the money that brought prosperity and contentment to this country for eighty years is the money that will restore prosperity to business and a suffering people. The man who calmly deliberates is the man who will be impressed with the fact that the money standard of the Rothschilds, Morgans, Belmonts, Goulds and Sages is the standard these money barons have purposely designed for their selfish upbuilding, and not to confer blessings upon the toiling and producing masses who plainly note their downward progress.

The Vermont democracy takes especial pride in expressing its undiminished admiration of and confidence in William J. Bryan, whose unanswerable logic so clearly voices the principles and benefits of that government which confers the greatest good upon the greatest number of people.

#### WASHINGTON.

##### REPUBLICAN.

We favor the existing gold standard and oppose the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

##### DEMOCRATIC.

The act of 1873 demonetizing silver was surreptitious, passed without the approval or knowledge of the American people. This infamous act demonetizing silver has caused the steady appreciation of gold, a corresponding fall in the prices of commodities produced by the people, a heavy increase in the burden of all debts, public and private, the enrichment of the money-lending class, the paralysis of industry and the impoverishment of the people.

We therefore renew our demand for the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. We demand that standard silver dollars shall be full legal tender, equally with gold, for all debts, public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal-tender money by private contract.

##### FUSION.

We demand the re-establishment of bimetallicism by return to the free and un-

limited coinage of both gold and silver into money at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the action of any other nation.

We demand that our money shall be issued by the government only, without the intervention of banks of issue, as full legal tender for all debts, public and private; that the volume of the circulating medium shall be sufficient to meet the requirements of the country, for the purpose of restoring and maintaining a just level of prices for labor and commodities, to the realization of all of which we pledge our representatives in congress.

We demand that there shall be no further issue of United States interest-bearing bonds.

#### WISCONSIN.

##### REPUBLICAN.

We believe that the declaration in the St. Louis national republican platform for the maintenance of the gold standard and the parity of our forms of money should be enacted into law, and the money of the American people should be made and kept, like all its institutions, the best in the world.

##### DEMOCRATIC.

We affirm our allegiance to the democratic principles, justice, liberty and equality, upon which our institutions are founded and which the democratic party has advocated from Jefferson's time to our own, and we declare our firm devotion to democratic principles as enunciated in the Chicago platform of 1896.

##### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The issue of all money by the government directly to the people in connection with government savings banks. We hold that the issue is not so much between gold and silver, but whether the money of the country shall be controlled by the government or by private banking corporations.

#### WYOMING.

##### REPUBLICAN.

We reaffirm the declaration of facts and principles adopted by the eleventh national republican convention at St. Louis, July 17, 1896.

The financial policy of the republican party having brought prosperity to the entire country and given us a place among the nations of the earth and enabled us to conduct successfully a foreign war, we therefore unhesitatingly reaffirm the financial plank of the platform as expressed by the national convention at St. Louis.

### THE WAR AND FOREIGN POLICY.

#### ALABAMA.

##### DEMOCRATIC.

Standing "to arms" as we do to-day, we pledge our lives and sacred honor to the cause of our country, for its defense, for the maintenance of its honor and prestige and for its support in any conflict with a foreign foe.

#### ARKANSAS.

##### REPUBLICAN.

To the army and navy of the restored

union we send greetings and express our entire appreciation of the patriotic and heroic feeling which has prompted their enlistment, our sincere sympathy with their trials and sacrifices, our deep and profound interest in their movements, our resolve to honor and applaud their services and our anxiety to welcome their triumphant return. The country to whose renown they are contributing will ever hold them in grateful remembrance.

We favor the annexation of Hawaii as a strategic position and a commercial neces-

sity and the immediate building of the Nicaragua canal.

**DEMOCRATIC.**

We recognize the Monroe doctrine as a cardinal tenet of the democratic party and a part of the public policy of the national government and favor its strict observance.

Believing that the war now being waged by the United States with Spain is for the purpose of maintaining the national honor and to assist an oppressed people struggling for liberty, we note with pride the promptness with which all sections of our common country have responded to the call for men and means for its prosecution, and pledge the democratic party of Arkansas to an indorsement of all necessary measures to bring it to a successful, speedy and triumphant conclusion.

**CALIFORNIA.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

The national welfare demands the retention of the island of Puerto Rico and other West Indian islands coming under our control, and of the Philippines, in order to permit the expansion of American trade, and in case of the latter to safeguard the commerce already secured in the orient. In the event of the retention of this foreign territory it should be the policy of the United States to extend to it the benefit of free commercial intercourse with all sections of the American union, and to that end the provision of the constitution requiring that all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States should be rigidly enforced.

We pledge the nominees of the republican party in the various congressional districts in the state to use their utmost efforts, if elected, to secure the speedy extension of the revenue system of the United States to the islands of Puerto Rico and the Philippines, that all parts of our country may enjoy the benefits of trade intercourse with our new acquisitions on the same terms that now prevail throughout the United States.

We rejoice in the acquisition of Hawaii and Puerto Rico and favor the retention by our country of every foot of soil that has been conquered by the victorious hosts of our great republic.

**DEMOCRATIC.**

We indorse the action of congress in declaring war against the government of Spain for the purpose of securing liberty to the people of Cuba and of putting an end to the long-continued oppression and gross misgovernment under which they have suffered.

We congratulate the people of the United States upon the speedy and successful termination of the war for the accomplishment of this purpose. We rejoice in the success that has come to the American arms on land and sea, and glory in the bravery and skill of the soldiers and sailors of our country. The sublime courage and fortitude displayed by our land and naval forces in achieving the victories of Manila and Santiago have shown to the world the value of free institutions, universal suffrage and general public education in developing the highest qualities of character, intelligence and courage, making our volunteer soldiers, trained in the schools of the state militia organizations, more than equal to those who compose the great standing armies of Europe.

We favor the fullest investigation of all conditions existing in the Philippine islands affecting the interests and obligations of our country in the matter of their future treatment and disposition, to the end that final action in relation thereto shall be intelligent and based upon a full knowledge of all facts that can affect the interests of the United States.

While we do not favor an aggressive policy of territorial expansion, we are opposed to the surrender to Spain of any of the territory that has been acquired by American valor and the expenditure of the blood and treasure of our people. And we do not favor the surrender to Spanish dominion of the people of any of the Spanish colonies who co-operated with our forces against our enemy in the late war. We are unalterably opposed to the assumption by this government of any portion of the debts of Spain incurred in maintaining her sovereignty in Cuba and to the imposition of any portion thereof upon the people of that island or to any recognition thereof.

**PROHIBITION.**

We favor the hearty support of the government in the present war and pledge ourselves to this end.

**PEOPLE'S PARTY.**

The war against Spain, compelled by the sentiments of the people of the United States in vindication of honor, duty, humanity and liberty, should be prosecuted with overwhelming vigor until the ends for which it was undertaken have been fully and satisfactorily achieved.

**COLORADO.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

We commend the patriotism, skill and ability displayed by the present administration during the trying times of the late war with Spain, and are proud of the achievements of our army and navy in the victories over the enemy, especially the bravery and patriotism displayed by the Colorado volunteers in the Philippines and the daring courage of the 7th infantry at Santiago.

We condemn as un-American and unpatriotic the position of the democrats and others in congress who spoke and voted against the annexation of Hawaii.

We are unqualifiedly in favor of keeping forever in place the American flag wherever it has been unfurled to the breeze, whether as a result of conquest or peaceable acquirement.

**DEMOCRATIC.**

The democratic party heartily approves of the recent war with Spain and justly shares in the glories of its results. We favor the independence of Cuba and the retention by this government of the other Spanish West India possessions and the control of all other Spanish territories taken by the American forces in the war just closed.

To the soldiers and sailors of the army and navy and to their gallant commanders on land and on sea we tender our sincere and fervent gratitude. Their achievements have added to the luster of our arms, to the glory and power of the nation and to the limits of our domain. They have destroyed every lingering vestige of sectionalism and have cemented the union forever with the love of all for our common country. A grateful country will bind up their wounds, sustain

their sick, care for their afflicted and dependent and keep from want their widows and orphans.

#### SILVER REPUBLICAN.

We congratulate the country upon the conclusion of a war whose purpose was the highest that ever impelled a nation to take up arms, and whose record of glory on land and sea has never been surpassed in history. We declare that the war was waged in deference to the demand of the liberty-loving people of this country, whose sympathies were aroused by the suffering of the people of Cuba under the barbarous misgovernment of Spain; that it was an American war, and that the attempt manifested in some quarters to claim it as the property of a certain political party in this country is not creditable to the patriotism of those who make it.

We declare our belief in the mission of the people of the United States as the evangel of liberty and self-government to the nations of the world, and in their ability to discharge all of the responsibilities which the fortunes of war have thrust upon them. Wherever the flag waves it shall be a symbol of civilized freedom and to all men who gaze upon its folds a guaranty of the inalienable rights of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

#### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

Recognizing that the recent war with Spain for the liberation of Cuba has thrown upon our nation the responsibility for the protection of millions of people debased by centuries of inhumanity; therefore, recognizing the injustice involved in the return of these people to the conditions from which the United States has been the instrument of their release, we favor the retention and government of these islands over which our flag now floats and where our heroic dead lie buried, until such a time as a majority of the people of these respective countries shall express a desire to establish a government of their own.

#### CONNECTICUT.

##### REPUBLICAN.

It [the party] approves the annexation of Hawaii and is in favor of acquiring and controlling such additional lands, naval stations and harbors as will enable us at all times to give the most complete protection to our growing commerce with Asia and the countries of the far east.

##### DEMOCRATIC.

We call attention to the fact that while a successful war in the cause of a common people adds fresh glory to their flag the management of the various war departments has chilled our exultation and brought home to us a sense of shame.

The American sailor and soldier have done their full duty, but the administration of President McKinley has been utterly incompetent to discharge the obligations which the management of the war imposed. Incompetency and venality in places of high trust have brought disgrace upon the administration and aroused the ire of an indignant people.

#### DELAWARE.

##### REPUBLICAN.

We believe in the maintenance of an army

and navy sufficient to assert and maintain the rights of our nation and all its citizens against the encroachments of other nations.

We believe that our seacoasts should be thoroughly fortified in the best manner.

We believe that the United States should keep all territory either surrendered to it or captured by its forces in the late war with Spain.

We congratulate the nation on the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands. While we congratulate the nation upon the completion of the war with Spain, we demand that there shall be a vigorous, thorough and honest investigation by a competent and impartial tribunal of the alleged disgraceful and incompetent management of our war department, whereby the lives of many of our brave soldiers and sailors were needlessly sacrificed, and whereby the men who so cheerfully went forth to fight the nation's battles were without cause compelled to suffer great distress, discomfort, misery, starvation, sickness and death, and that the guilty parties, whoever they may be, be properly punished.

We believe that the Nicaragua canal should be built and controlled by the United States government.

#### DEMOCRATIC.

We heartily congratulate ourselves and the country on the happy ending of the war with Spain, and, now that its declared end has been accomplished, we demand that the country as quickly as possible be restored to the conditions of peace and that the burdens of war taxation be lessened.

#### FLORIDA.

##### DEMOCRATIC.

We rejoice in the brilliant successes attained by the American sailors and soldiers in the present war with Spain, and glory in the fact that the last vestige of sectional feeling has been swept away forever as we have assembled on the call of the nation as one people to meet a foreign foe, and that henceforth we shall know no north, no south, no east, no west, but shoulder to shoulder, with the star-spangled banner waving over us and the love of country inspiring us, we shall onward march to the high destiny among the people of the earth for which the God of nations intended us.

We condemn the policy of insular territorial expansion upon which the administration at Washington has embarked as unwise, un-American, unjust to the masses of our people, and especially to the laboring and producing classes, and as dangerous to our free institutions; and we pledge the democracy of the state of Florida to the opposition of the same. Whereas the present war with Spain was inaugurated for the declared purpose of aiding the Cuban patriots in their struggle for liberty and in the efforts to establish a free government, and we have solemnly announced to the world that we have no intention to annex the island of Cuba to the United States; and whereas war at best is un-Christianlike, demoralizing in its tendencies and a drain upon all the resources of the country; therefore, when the declared objects of the present war shall be accomplished it will be the duty of the government to grant peace on terms just to this government and honorable to our people, and in the adjustment of such terms of

peace Cuba should be left free by this government and untrammelled by our army and navy to establish, by the free action of her people, a free and independent government of its own; the democrats of Florida will support the administration in all its efforts to conduct the present war to an early, honorable and satisfactory close, and it would be an act of bad faith on the part of our government and a blot upon our civilization for us, as a result, either directly or indirectly, of the war, to annex the island of Cuba to the United States, and thus to rob the Cubans of that free and independent government for which they have fought so long.

GEORGIA.

DEMOCRATIC.

We affirm that the cause for which the United States is at present engaged in war with Spain is just and righteous. Without regard to political division, all loyal and patriotic citizens of the republic should unite in the support of the common cause represented by the flag, and it is with pride that we point to the record of the democratic party, made through its senators and representatives, in having been the first to urge in behalf of freedom and humanity active measures looking to the suppression of Spanish oppression in the West Indies. There is cause for universal congratulation in the fact that the patriotic uprising of the whole people has obliterated sectionalism from the politics of our country, and while the people of the south unite with those of the north in cordial enthusiasm over the marvelous victory of Dewey in annihilating Spain's Asiatic fleet it is gratifying to observe that those of the north are no less cordial in bestowing praise and commendation upon the heroic deeds of the two brave young southerners—Bagley and Hobson—who, with their intrepid comrades, have won distinction which will render their names immortal and add new luster to the American navy.

As to the incidental questions that will arise as the result of the war, we believe that the people can safely be trusted to dispose of every such question in a manner which will be in keeping with the spirit of our institutions and in harmony with the principles and record of the democratic party. This country should first address its undivided attention and throw its full energy to securing decisive results in the war with Spain, rather than engage in political controversy over issues which are yet unshaped, and which, in the nature of things, cannot be intelligently discussed until the termination of the war.

IDAHO.

REPUBLICAN.

We congratulate the nation upon the successful issue of the war with Spain, prosecuted under the direction of William McKinley, commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, with the loyal support of the brave volunteers on both land and sea. We declare our hearty approval of the terms demanded of Spain by our president as the conditions of restored peace. And we declare our full and complete confidence in the patriotism and ability of the republican administration to

make such just and wise provisions touching the government and control of our newly acquired territory as will best accord with the policy of our government and the best interests of all the people. And we declare our full faith and confidence in the patriotism and wisdom of the republican administration so to conduct the affairs of the nation, both at home and abroad, that the prosperity of our people and the honor of our flag will reach the highest mark to which our institutions entitle us to aspire.

DEMOCRATIC.

We declare our unfaltering allegiance to the Monroe doctrine and are strenuously opposed to the annexation of Cuba, believing that the inhabitants of that island should be given the opportunity of self-government. We also advocate the retention of all territory acquired by American valor in the war waged for humanity, always provided the people to be governed yield their consent.

We pronounce the war with Spain justified by every consideration of justice and sound national policy. We congratulate the democratic minority in congress for its firm stand in demanding the redress of our national honor and indorse the declaration of war on Spain and glory in its results.

We rejoice in the glorious deeds of valor of our soldiers and sailors and greatly deplore the fatalities and injuries which have so far resulted, and we favor the adoption of the most liberal policy toward the sick and wounded and the families of the slain.

ILLINOIS.

REPUBLICAN.

We believe that the present war with Spain is a righteous and just cause. We rejoice that the American people are a unit in sustaining the government and that the spirit of patriotism has swept away the last vestige of sectional feeling.

We pledge to the president the earnest support of the state of Illinois in the prosecution of the war to a triumphant close.

The United States should hold all the possessions it has conquered and may conquer from Spain until the Spanish government has agreed and given security that it will pay the United States an indemnity for this affair, which might have been avoided had Spain been humane; also that the United States hold such possessions in the conquered territory as shall be advantageous to its interests in times of war and peace.

DEMOCRATIC.

We reaffirm the Monroe doctrine and again pledge ourselves to abide by the advice of Washington, "to keep ourselves free from entangling alliances with foreign nations."

INDIANA.

REPUBLICAN.

While we sincerely deplore the necessity of war, we believe the president and congress acted wisely in demanding the complete withdrawal of Spanish sovereignty from the island of Cuba and in proceeding to enforce the demand with the military and naval power of the government. And now that our army and navy, through their splendid achievements, have blessed our na-

tion with triumphs not excelled in the world's history, rendering many names illustrious and immortal, and adding prestige and glory, limited only by civilization, to our great republic, the occasion is one of supreme gratitude to the great Ruler of nations.

#### DEMOCRATIC.

We congratulate the country on the universal patriotic uprising which has swept away the last vestige of sectionalism and revealed us to the world as a united people. We rejoice in the heroic deeds of Dewey, Bagley, Hobson and their brave comrades, which have added new luster to the American name. We demand, now as heretofore, the most vigorous prosecution of the war until it shall have ended in vindication of the national honor, the absolute relinquishment by Spain of possession or control of any part of the western hemisphere, and the formal acknowledgment by that kingdom of the independence of the Cuban republic. We favor the prompt recognition by the United States of such independence as a war measure and as an act of justice to a brave people struggling for freedom. We urge the immediate increase of the volunteer forces of our army and navy to any extent necessary to assure speedy and decisive results, and the appropriation of all the funds requisite for the adequate equipment and support and for the comfort of our gallant soldiers and sailors in armed conflict against the public enemy. The supreme duty of the hour is to relieve the perishing victims of Spanish cruelty and secure the complete triumph of the national arms. When this shall have been accomplished the justice and wisdom of the American people may be safely trusted to deal with all complications, in such a way as best to promote the objects for which this republic was founded.

#### IOWA.

#### REPUBLICAN.

We favor the upbuilding of the American merchant marine, the speedy construction of the Nicaragua canal, the securing of naval and coaling stations and the protection of American rights in every quarter of the world with an adequate navy.

The republican party, under whose policies and administration prosperity has been restored and a foreign war successfully conducted, has earned the right to be further intrusted with the task of solving the territorial, colonial and commercial problems that have resulted from the war.

It is due to the cause of humanity and civilization, for which the war with Spain was fought, that no people who have in consequence thereof been freed from oppression shall, with the consent or through the indifference of the United States, be returned to such oppression or permitted to lapse into barbarism.

#### DEMOCRATIC.

The war with Spain was necessary and undertaken in the interest of humanity, and we commend the action of the democrats in congress who voted ample supplies for prosecuting it to a successful conclusion.

We demand that the solemn declarations as to the purposes of the war be faithfully carried out by the government. We glory in the valor of the soldiers and sailors of the

army and navy and rejoice in their unexampled victory on land and sea. The congress provided amply in money to furnish them supplies and the best of care when they became disabled by wounds or disease, and we denounce the criminal incompetency and negligence of the agents of the government who have caused them to suffer and die in camp and hospitals for the lack of care which humanity and justice demand. And we insist upon a speedy, searching and impartial investigation to the end that the guilty may be exposed and fittingly punished.

We express our unbounded admiration of the patriotic, self-sacrificing courage of the soldiers who enlisted but were not sent to the front, as well as those who faced shot and shell and deadly disease on foreign soil, and we hold that all are equally deserving of the love and gratitude of the republic.

While recognizing the importance and demanding the maintenance of an effective navy, we hold that militarism is a menace to free institutions and we oppose any policy which will supply a reason or a pretext for supporting a large standing army in time of peace.

The immortal Washington, for profound reasons, wisely warned his countrymen against entangling foreign alliances. The admonition is as pertinent as when it was uttered a century ago. Therefore, while sincerely desiring friendly relations with all nations, we earnestly protest against alliance with any.

#### SILVER REPUBLICAN.

We are not in favor of adding to our population millions of Asiatics in far-off islands to compete in the field of labor with our own producers and wage-earners.

#### PROHIBITION.

While we believe in arbitration as the best means of settling international difficulties, and we deplore the causes which have led to the present war with Spain, and while we hope for a speedy termination of said war, we pledge our loyalty to our government in the present crisis, and we earnestly hope for the day when the government will intervene to rid our home land of the cruel rule of the saloon.

#### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We indorse the present war with Spain upon the sentiment expressed in the joint resolution of the American congress that "the people of the island of Cuba are, and of right ought to be, free and independent," and we demand that the same be conducted upon that theory. To this end we therefore insist upon a vigorous prosecution and speedy termination of the war and the establishment of peace and local government upon the island.

We cannot consent that this war, commenced for the relief of suffering humanity there, shall be made a pretext for the maintenance of a large standing army, or for territorial aggrandizement, or the cultivation of a vainglorious military spirit with attendant burdens of increased taxation, perpetual interest-bearing debt and inevitable tendency toward monarchical government.

#### KANSAS.

#### REPUBLICAN.

The experience of recent events has dem-

onstrated that our navy should be immediately strengthened and enlarged so that it will command and compel the respect of the world. We believe that the necessities of war have supplemented the arguments of peace and that the Nicaragua canal should be built as speedily as possible. We believe that the Hawaiian Islands should be annexed and we urge our representatives in congress to support the resolution providing for their immediate acquisition.

**DEMOCRATIC.**

We are in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the present war with Spain, and see in it not only the passing of Cuba from despotism to freedom but for ourselves a more advanced place among the nations of the world and a broader commercial horizon. The American navy should be greatly enlarged and in its wake our merchant marine, under new tariff laws, should open the world's markets to American buyers and sellers, and rights should be reserved in all territory conquered during the war to facilitate and protect such extended commercial interests, but with no view to territorial aggrandizement nor the establishment of a colonial policy for this government. We congratulate our state that she was the first to respond to the president's call with her full quota of volunteers, and assure our Kansas soldiers that in this righteous battle for human rights they will be followed through the march, the bivouac and the battlefield by the hopes and prayers of their fellow-citizens at home.

**PROHIBITION.**

In behalf of liberty and humanity we are in fullest sympathy with the action of congress touching Spain's long and continued and cruel oppression of Cuba.

**MAINE.**

**DEMOCRATIC.**

While we deprecate the horrors of war, it is now the duty of all to give their aid and support in order to bring to a successful termination the present conflict, and we do hereby pledge our cordial support to all such measures as are necessary to accomplish the purpose for which this war was instituted.

**PEOPLE'S PARTY.**

The present war with Spain, if conducted for the liberation of the Cuban people, is just and humane, but it should not be prolonged for the benefit of contractors and money-lenders.

**MASSACHUSETTS.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

The war with Spain, undertaken by the United States from the highest motives, has been justified in the intelligence and compassion of mankind. Our brilliant victories have brought us solemn obligations and grave responsibilities, for we cannot, in the interest of honor, humanity or civilization, return to Spain the peoples whom we have freed from her tyranny.

The people of Massachusetts do not propose to abandon the ancient doctrines of republican liberty, upon which the commonwealth and the country are builded, and by which the American people have grown to be without a rival among the nations in

wealth, power and happiness. What they enjoy themselves they desire shall be enjoyed by all other peoples, especially by those whom the valor of our soldiers and sailors have wrested from Spain, and whose destiny must now be determined by the United States alone.

While we would not interfere with the diplomatic negotiations now in progress, we desire that they be so conducted and terminated as to secure to the Philippine Islands and to Cuba in amplest measure the blessings of liberty and self-government.

The building of the Nicaragua canal, controlled and operated by the United States, is now imperative. Our possessions in the Caribbean sea, the annexation of Hawaii, our position in the Philippine Islands and the notable voyage of the Oregon have made its necessity clear to all. We confidently look to congress for the early undertaking of this work and its completion with all reasonable dispatch.

**DEMOCRATIC.**

We note with alarm and indignation the perversion of the powers and purposes of our republic from its true end and aim as prescribed by the fathers. We mark the stealthy approach and insinuation of European methods in place of the democratic methods which alone distinguish the American republic from despotism of foreign lands. We reaffirm the patriotic policy of the "father of his country," as declared in his farewell address, that we should ever be on our guard against the insidious advances of foreign influence, and that our country should cultivate friendly relationships with all nations and entangling alliances with none.

Following this policy the democratic party of Massachusetts declares its uncompromising opposition to imperialism, whether within or out of the dominion of the United States. We declare in particular that the pledge made by our congress at the outbreak of the war with Spain, that "the people of Cuba are, and of right ought to be, free and independent," should be sacredly maintained. We believe in the independence and freedom of every country and people capable of self-government. We should encourage the people of every land throughout the world, when unjustly governed and oppressed, to gain their freedom; we should assist them by pointing out to them the beneficent results of our own free institutions and by maintaining those institutions in their pristine purity and democratic form.

**PROHIBITION.**

Organized and existing for the economic and moral advancement of humanity, it sympathizes with all humanitarian projects, and tenders its loyal and hearty support to the national government in its war measures to relieve the sufferings and secure the independence of our Cuban neighbors.

**MICHIGAN.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

We congratulate the nation upon the victories recently won on land and sea and offer our tribute of praise to the heroes of Manila and Santiago, whose deeds have broadened the national horizon and won the respect of the civilized nations of the world.

While believing that Providence has made

this nation the instrument for the uplifting of an oppressed people, and believing also that our flag once raised should never be lowered, nevertheless we leave our future destiny in this regard in the hands of the properly delegated authorities, believing that they will act for the glory and honor of the nation and the elevation of mankind.

#### DEMOCRATIC.

We favor a vigorous prosecution of the war with Spain, which was begun and is being waged in the interests of humanity and for the extension of political freedom. We urge the most liberal supply of modern arms to our soldiers and the utmost energy in their equipment. We declare our conviction that there should be no cessation of effort until every righteous purpose shall have been achieved. We congratulate the nation upon the skill and valor of its defenders and the prompt and effective response to the call for troops; especially do we feel just pride in the high character and earnestness of the brave men of Michigan, who, in the volunteer service, have reflected such credit upon our commonwealth.

#### UNION SILVER.

We most heartily support the national administration in all worthy efforts to maintain our national dignity and honor and forever to drive Spanish oppression from the western hemisphere. We also favor a vigorous prosecution of the war to a successful termination, as set forth in the declaration thereof.

#### MINNESOTA.

##### REPUBLICAN.

We are in favor of the immediate annexation of the Hawaiian islands, not only as an absolute military necessity, but as the fruition of one of the noblest aspirations of a long line of our great statesmen and because such annexation would be of unquestioned advantage to the American people.

We desire especially to commend the wisdom and patriotism of the present administration in the management of the existing war between this country and Spain, a war which appeals to the patriotism of every citizen in that it is being prosecuted in the interest of humanity and for no selfish ends whatever. To the end that its objects may be speedily realized and the war brought to an early termination we pledge all moral and material support in our power.

#### SILVER REPUBLICANS.

We pledge our united support to the government in a vigorous prosecution of the war against Spain.

#### PEOPLE'S (MIDDLE-OF-THE-ROAD).

We heartily sympathize with the oppressed people of Cuba in their struggle for self-government, and with gratitude and pride we commend and rejoice in the patriotism of our young men who have volunteered in the battle of freedom for Cuba.

#### MISSISSIPPI.

##### REPUBLICAN.

We believe that the flag of no despotic nation should ever again be allowed to float over soil which has been hallowed by the blood of American heroes, shed in the cause of humanity and freedom and in the defense of American honor.

We reassert the Monroe doctrine in its full extent as a principle of our polity, and

we believe that the United States should stand aloof from interference with the affairs and disputes of European powers when American interests, the integrity of American territory and freedom of the nations of the western hemisphere are not involved, but we assert that the Monroe doctrine does not compel our government to abandon or to return to the tyranny of Spanish rule any of the helpless peoples who have by force of circumstances in the conduct of the Spanish-American war been placed under our protecting care. And we further assert that the Monroe doctrine does not forbid the enlargement and extension of American territory or the protection of American interests in the eastern as well as the western hemispheres, and especially in the Pacific ocean, where our great coast line and the requirements of the commercial development of our western states establish paramount rights and impose on our government corresponding duties, and we therefore approve of the annexation of the Hawaiian islands, and we favor the acquisition and ownership of additional naval stations and ports, sufficient to afford ample protection to our rightful and naturally growing commerce with Asia and the other countries of the far east. We believe in the upbuilding of the American merchant marine, and we favor such legislation by congress as will accomplish that end.

#### DEMOCRATIC.

We assert that the declaration of war against Spain was justified by the causes which called it forth. We direct attention to the fact that the national republican administration, backed by the republican majority in congress, was opposed to war, and yielded only after delay to strong public sentiment, aroused by the first and persistent demands of democratic senators and representatives, foremost among whom were those from Missouri, and for their part in forcing the republican president and congress to defend the rights of our country we extend them our hearty congratulation.

We are opposed to waging a war for conquest, but as this war was forced on us by the intolerant conduct of the Spanish government and people we declare that it should be prosecuted until Spain is driven from the western hemisphere. And since the prosecution of the war has entailed great loss to us of both life and treasure we demand that Puerto Rico and all Spanish territory in the West Indies, except Cuba, shall be seized by the United States or be taken possession of by arms and held under the sovereignty of this country. We favor carrying out in good faith the resolution of congress under which we intervened in Cuba, and aiding the Cubans to establish and maintain an independent government of their own. If they desire this, and we will favor its peaceful annexation whenever it can be done with the consent of the people of the island.

We insist on the strict maintenance of the Monroe doctrine and hold that any departure from it would be both unwise and hazardous. At the same time we declare that no American people should be held by force in unwilling subjection to European authority.

We oppose an alliance of a political nature with any European government, believing that the maintenance of the Monroe doctrine in all its integrity, both in letter and spirit, is necessary to the exclusion of European authority from these continents.

and essential to our undisputed supremacy in American affairs.

We are opposed to the acquisition of the Philippines or other territory in the eastern hemisphere. We declare that as an important incident to war our government should acquire all necessary harbors and coaling stations in the Philippines or elsewhere, and that the treaty of peace with Spain or any other government established on the islands should guarantee to us commercial privileges equal or superior to those enjoyed by any other nation.

#### MONTANA.

##### REPUBLICAN.

As a result of our 110 days of war new interests and new duties have come to the country, and an increase of the army and navy is thereby required. We favor such an enlargement of the American navy as will protect our ever-widening commerce and make our flag respected on every sea.

##### DEMOCRATIC.

We congratulate our brethren, the people of the United States, upon the return of peace and on the renown achieved by our navy and army in a war waged in the sacred cause of humanity and liberty. We send greeting to our brave regiment now in a far-away island of the Pacific and commend the patriotism of those volunteers who gave their services to their country, though the exigencies of the war never required them to go to the front.

We arraign the war department for its criminal incompetency and inefficiency in failing to provide adequate food, shelter, raiment and medical supplies and attention for our brave soldiers, and demand the most rigid and searching investigation of the abuses resulting in the suffering and death of so many of our patriotic and devoted citizens.

Serenely confident of the ability of the United States to maintain its position among the nations of the earth, we are opposed to any alliance with any European power.

##### SILVER REPUBLICANS.

We are opposed to an Anglo-Saxon alliance as antagonistic to that safe policy of freedom from foreign entanglements counseled by the immortal Washington and steadfastly adhered to in the past, and that as we stand for the free coinage of silver, without the aid or consent of any foreign government, so we hold that our country, secure in the bravery of her sons and strengthened by the friendship of every lover of liberty throughout the world, needs the aid of neither kingdom nor empire to maintain her high position among the nations of the earth.

#### NEBRASKA.

##### REPUBLICAN.

We congratulate the nation upon the successful issue of the war with Spain prosecuted under the direction of William McKinley, commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, with the loyal support of brave volunteers on both sea and land.

We emphasize our hearty approval of the terms demanded of Spain by President McKinley as the condition of restored peace.

##### DEMOCRATIC.

We send greeting to the brave men of our

nation who are fighting humanity's battle and attempting to relieve the suffering, privation and hunger of a courageous but oppressed people, and for that purpose to guarantee unto the fertile isle of Cuba a government created, maintained and upheld by the consent of the governed, and pledge the president of the United States our most hearty support in the vigorous prosecution of the conflict.

##### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The policy to be pursued by the United States respecting foreign nations and peoples of the islands of the sea is one of great moment and far-reaching in its consequences to present and future generations of our countrymen. It is of such magnitude that it should not be hastily determined, and in view of the probable close of the war with Spain at an early date we affirm that the wise course for this government to pursue with respect to its relations with the islands lost to Spain during the war would be to postpone consideration thereof until the conclusion of the war, to be then taken up for mature deliberation by the people when no public excitement exists.

##### SILVER REPUBLICANS.

We endorse the policy of the people of the United States in prosecuting the war against Spain as a protection to our citizens and as a punishment for the destruction of a war vessel in one of the ports of Spain while this country was at peace with that nation, and as being in the interest of humanity and freedom, but we oppose the prosecution of the war for the purposes of conquest. We pledge to the present administration our undivided support in securing all the men and all the money necessary to bring the war to a speedy, honorable and successful end. We demand as a part of the conditions of the proposed peace with Spain that the Spanish dynasty shall be required to pay the cost of the war, the value of the battleship Maine and her armament, and an adequate sum as damages to the United States to be distributed among the wounded and the widows, orphans and dependents of those who lost their lives by the destruction of the Maine. We tender to our heroic soldiers of all ranks our warmest thanks and our heartiest congratulations, without regard to party, nationality, creed or color. Their sacrifices shall be remembered and those dependent upon them cared for.

#### NEVADA.

##### REPUBLICAN.

We stand for the policy of territorial expansion. The statesmanship of the war was intervention in behalf of Cuba; the statesmanship of the peace of to-day is freedom for the oppressed peoples of all lands acquired by the splendid victory of our arms. These victories demand not only expansion of territory, but, in the interests of justice and humanity, they demand expansion of civilization, which means for the Philippines, for Puerto Rico, for the Ladrones, free schools, a free church, open courts, no caste and equal rights to all those magnificent bulwarks of liberty.

We commend the annexation of the Sandwich Islands. It means the uplifting of a struggling people and the opening to them and their children of new avenues of promise, with wider and more hopeful prospects.

We urge the enactment of such laws as will protect the laboring classes of these islands, as well as those of any other territory that may be acquired by the United States, from the ruinous competition of cheap contract labor.

#### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The islands which recently belonged to Spain, but over which the American flag now floats, belong to the United States by right of conquest, and we are emphatically opposed to any scheme that will saddle any part of the Spanish or Cuban debt on this country.

The war with Spain has demonstrated the great necessity of a ship canal connecting the Atlantic and the Pacific, and we favor the immediate construction of such canal over the most feasible route, to be built, owned and controlled by the United States government.

#### NEW HAMPSHIRE.

##### REPUBLICAN.

We approve the increase of the navy, the upbuilding of our merchant marine, the enlargement of the regular army to meet the present requirements of the country, the construction of a canal connecting the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, the annexation of Hawaii and Puerto Rico, the provision for a free and stable government for Cuba and its ultimate annexation. While reaffirming the Monroe doctrine, we favor such disposition of the Philippines as will best promote the growing commercial and political interests of the United States, extinguish the sovereignty of Spain and make good our obligations to the peoples of those islands.

#### NEW JERSEY.

##### REPUBLICAN.

We approve the annexation of the Hawaiian islands and view this act as an important step in the advance of American civilization, and we repose entire confidence in the wisdom and patriotism of the president and the commission appointed by him to negotiate such a treaty of peace as will meet the just expectations of our people by insisting on an adjustment in which the interests of this republic and of civilization and humanity will be secured as far as possible as the fruits of the valor of our soldiers and sailors in the war with Spain.

#### NEW YORK.

##### REPUBLICAN.

We have abiding confidence that the president will conclude this peace upon terms that will satisfy the conscience, the judgment and the high purpose of the American people. We realize that when the necessity of war compelled our nation to destroy Spanish authority in the Antilles and in the Philippines we assumed solemn duties and obligations alike to the people of the islands we conquered and to the civilized world. We cannot turn these islands back to Spain. We cannot leave them, unarmed for defense and untried in statecraft, to the horrors of domestic strife or to partition among European powers. We have assumed the responsibilities of victory, and wherever our flag has gone, there the liberty, the humanity and the civilization which that flag embodies and represents must remain and abide forever. The republican party has

been the party of brave conservatism, of wise progress and of triumphant faith in the nationality of this people, and we know that the president and statesmen and voters of the republican party will meet these issues of the future as bravely and triumphantly as we have met the issues of the past.

We commend the annexation of Hawaii in the interest of commerce, of national security and national development.

#### DEMOCRATIC.

We congratulate the country upon the successful termination of a war undertaken, not for conquest or aggrandizement, but in the interests of humanity, liberty and civilization. We glory in the patriotic devotion and valor of our brave soldiers and sailors, who have honored the American people and heightened the luster of our national fame, and we favor the adoption of a liberal policy toward the sick and wounded and the families of those who lost their lives in the service of their country. We rejoice that the democracy has been connected with every honorable and creditable step in the war and with nothing that is dishonorable or discreditable.

The scandalous abuse by the president of his power of appointment in scattering army commissions among inexperienced and incompetent civilians as rewards to personal favorites, and almost to the exclusion of experienced officers in the service, is largely accountable for the fearful sufferings and the appalling loss of life among the gallant soldiers, that have brought disgrace upon the administration and a sense of shame to the nation. A democratic congress will, if chosen by the people, rigidly investigate the conduct of the war and expose and punish all who may be responsible for the unnecessary deaths, privations, sufferings and neglect of the soldiers, which have saddened the nation and abated the natural rejoicing over the triumphs of our army.

#### NORTH CAROLINA.

##### DEMOCRATIC.

While we deplore the war with Spain, we pledge our earnest support to the government in all honorable ways to effect a speedy and successful conclusion of hostilities.

#### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

To avenge the Maine, to advance republican institutions and in the interests of humanity, the brutal and treacherous Spaniards should be driven from the western hemisphere and a republican form of government established in the islands which she has misgoverned, robbed, persecuted and pillaged.

#### NORTH DAKOTA.

##### REPUBLICAN.

In the interest of humanity and a more progressive and enlightened civilization we most earnestly advocate closer relations and a better understanding between the English-speaking peoples of the earth.

In the future as in the past we welcome to our shores and to our hospitality all liberty-loving individuals from every clime and offer to each of them a full share of the great blessings that belong to and are a part of the free institutions under our republican form of government.

We condemn the uncivilized and dark-ages policy of Spain in its barbarous treatment of the inhabitants of Cuba, Puerto Rico, the Philippines and those islands yet remaining under Spanish control, and to those of our patriotic citizens who have pledged their lives in behalf of these oppressed people we offer our tenderest devotion and our united support. In the marvelous victories on sea and land our nation has achieved in the last three months we recognize the hand of Providence and accept them as assurances of the success of our nation in the future.

We sincerely believe that Cuba must, and of right ought to be, free and independent.

Spanish dominion over Puerto Rico and the Philippines must cease forever, and we favor such wise policy as may be deemed necessary by the administration for the future government and control of these islands.

We fully indorse the action of congress and the executive in the annexation of Hawaii.

#### DEMOCRATIC.

We rejoice in the glorious achievements of our army and navy, whose magnificent victories, participated in by citizens of every state in the union, have added imperishable luster to our arms, swept away the last vestige of sectionalism in our country and revealed us to the world a united people, and we pledge the loyal support of the democratic party in this state to the national administration in waging and bringing to a successful termination the present war with Spain. We urge the vigorous prosecution of the war so unselfishly begun in the interests of humanity, civilization and progress, until Cuba and all other possessions of Spain on this continent are freed from her blighting influence and dominion.

The supreme duty of the hour is to relieve the oppressed and perishing victims of Spanish cruelty and to secure the complete triumph of our national arms. When this has been accomplished the wisdom and justice of the American people may be safely trusted to deal with all questions which may grow out of existing complications, in such a way as to promote the objects for which the war was entered upon and to perpetuate the principles upon which our government is founded.

#### OHIO.

##### REPUBLICAN.

We most heartily approve of the steps now being taken by congress and the president providing for the annexation of the Hawaiian islands as a part of the United States, and hereby express the urgent wish that the same be fully accomplished at the earliest practicable date by the passage by the senate of the joint resolution which has already met with the approval of the house of representatives.

Knowing that justice and humanity alike made it our duty to put an end to the hopeless and barbarous warfare waged by Spain against Cuba, and secure for that unhappy island a free and stable government, we most heartily approve of the declaration of war made by the United States against Spain, and pledge our lives and fortunes for the purpose of bringing it to a quick and successful termination.

We indorse and approve the patriotic

American administration of William McKinley. We commend the great statesmanship displayed by him in his tireless endeavors to secure an honorable settlement of the Cuban question by diplomatic methods, and his fearless refusal to be driven into war until all hopes of a peaceful settlement had failed and wise and needful steps had been taken to prepare for hostilities. We heartily indorse the conduct of the war by the administration and feel confident that time will continue more and more to demonstrate the great wisdom and matchless leadership of President McKinley so far remarkably displayed in his management of the war and its conduct, and we rejoice with him that, in the present crisis, the American people are united in sustaining him and that patriotism has completely obliterated the last vestige of sectional feeling.

Since the war with Spain could not be avoided, we approve all that congress has done to provide for the vigorous and successful prosecution thereof, and gratefully thank all members of that body who have patriotically voted the revenues necessary for its conduct. We also commend the action of congress in providing for raising necessary funds to carry on the war by the popular loan, thus affording an opportunity to citizens of moderate means to invest in the bonds of the government.

##### DEMOCRATIC.

We recognize the eternal truth that life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness is the natural and inalienable heritage of all mankind, and since the hand of despotism has been lifted from the island of Cuba, dominated by Spain, we should afford its inhabitants an untrammelled opportunity to establish a free and independent constitutional government, deriving its powers from the consent of the governed, and we remind the country that congress, in the resolutions which declared war, resolved "that the United States hereby disclaims any disposition or intention to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over said island, except for the pacification thereof, and asserts its determination when that is accomplished to leave the government and control of the island to its people," and we believe that until the people of the islands of Cuba and the Philippines, redeemed from Spanish domination, declare otherwise we should keep the faith upon which the war was begun and prosecuted.

##### PROHIBITION.

While we hold that the policy of arbitration ought in general to prevail in cases of dispute between nations, yet we hereby express to the president of the United States and the authorities of the nation at Washington our loyal sympathy and support in the humanitarian war that is now being waged by our country in behalf of the oppressed people of Cuba and the cause of popular freedom.

#### OREGON.

##### REPUBLICAN.

While we deplore the imminence of war, we recognize that the country is on the eve of a war, undertaken for the vindication of the national honor and the performance of a work dictated by every instinct of humanity; we declare that the administration

is entitled in this conflict to the confidence and support of the entire people.

#### PENNSYLVANIA. REPUBLICAN.

We declare our emphatic approval of the wise and patriotic course of the president and congress in the present war. We appreciate the high statesmanship which led the president to resort to every honorable means to avoid the necessity of a war with Spain. The conditions prevailing in the island of Cuba, under Spanish control, had become seriously injurious to our important commercial interests, and the suffering, misery and death occasioned by Spanish cruelty and barbarity had instilled a sentiment of resentment among the American people, who cannot help but feel a generous sympathy with people so near our own border. The destruction of the Maine by Spanish agencies, in the opinion of our people, demanded atonement; and our negotiations with Spain clearly developed the fact that but one alternative was left to the United States, that Spain should relinquish her sovereignty over that island and that the freedom of Cuba should be recognized. With these purposes in view we demand a vigorous prosecution of the war to a successful conclusion and we pledge our earnest support to the president of the United States in whatever measures he may deem necessary.

#### DEMOCRATIC.

We pledge our hearty support to the government in an active and aggressive conduct of the war with Spain.

#### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We demand for the people of the United States an American policy thorough and strict, and with all possible emphasis we reaffirm the principles of the Monroe doctrine as enunciated by Thomas Jefferson—"that our first and fundamental maxim should be never to entangle ourselves in the broils of Europe; our second, never to suffer Europe to intermeddle with cis-atlantic affairs;" and we pledge our support of the Cuban policy declared in the joint resolution adopted by congress and approved by the president April 20, 1898.

#### RHODE ISLAND. REPUBLICAN.

We sympathize with the unfortunate and distressed people of the island of Cuba in their efforts to obtain a larger measure of liberty and security in their government. Fervently do we hope that wise counsels may prevail and that the privations and sufferings of that gallant people may not longer be a reproach to our common humanity. Sincerely do we desire to remain at peace with all the nations of the earth, but if the vindication of the national honor and the firm maintenance of well-considered principles of justice shall necessitate a resort to the arbitrament of arms, we pledge Rhode Island to the national defense and the supremacy of our flag.

#### SOUTH DAKOTA. REPUBLICAN.

We earnestly commend the republican administration and congress for the annexa-

tion of Hawaii, despite the strenuous opposition of the conspiracy created by the sugar trust.

#### SILVER REPUBLICAN.

We are in favor of a vigorous prosecution and successful termination of the present war with Spain for the independence and freedom of Cuba, yet we believe the time has come to protest against any effort to convert the present war into one of conquest.

#### PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We approve of the war now being waged in behalf of the oppressed people of Cuba and the Philippines, and demand its energetic prosecution and that it be terminated as quickly as possible after the purpose for which it was inaugurated shall have been accomplished.

#### PROHIBITION.

We declare ourselves in favor of Cuban independence, and long for the time to come when our national government shall take as decided a stand for the oppressed of our own nation, caused by the drink curse, as it now takes in the interests of oppressed Cuba.

#### TENNESSEE. REPUBLICAN.

We believe in an extension of trade and commerce with foreign countries. Believing that trade follows the flag, we declare in favor of the annexation of Puerto Rico and all the West India islands; the ultimate annexation of Cuba by the free consent of the people of the island, and such control of the Philippines and other islands as shall secure to the United States the trade and commerce of those islands and good government for their people.

#### DEMOCRATIC.

The United States is engaged in a foreign war with Spain, inaugurated in the name of humanity and for the freedom of Cuba, and we indorse the action of our senators and representatives in congress in voting to institute this war for these high purposes. We urge its vigorous prosecution, to the end that it may be speedily terminated and the blessings of peace restored to our country. We recognize the Monroe doctrine as a cardinal tenet of the democratic party and a part of the public policy of the national government, and favor its strict observance.

#### UTAH. REPUBLICAN.

While we insist on maintaining the Monroe doctrine in all its integrity, we believe it consistent with it and safe for us to hold and maintain possession for commercial purposes of other lands in any part of the world, and we believe in protecting our flag wherever it has been successfully raised.

#### DEMOCRATIC.

The war with Spain was necessary and inevitable if the nation was to have any regard for the protection of its citizens and the redress of wrongs and outrages on the part of Spain which had become intolerable. Every consideration of justice and humanity demanded quick and decisive action. Such was the demand of the American people. Yet, after this condition became known for months, a republican administration hesi-

tated and, in weakness, sought to avoid the responsibility growing out of this most important crisis. After resorting to various devices and deceptive representations it was at length compelled, through the patriotic efforts of democratic members of congress and an array of public sentiment, to favor a declaration of war. Through the skill, willingness, sacrifice and heroism of the army and navy of the United States the war has been waged to a triumphant and glorious conclusion.

TEXAS.

REPUBLICAN.

We favor an increase in our army and navy to the extent that circumstances and conditions require to establish and carry into effect permanently the plans and policies of our administration with reference to the annexation of Puerto Rico and other Spanish possessions and to establish and guarantee a stable government in the island of Cuba.

We approve with satisfaction the terms upon which peace will be entered into between Spain and the United States, as set forth in the president's acts and protocol, and we congratulate him and the administration upon their conduct of and successful termination of the war.

We approve the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands as being wise and tending to increase our commerce and trade, providing a safe, convenient and sufficient naval base and coaling station and adding much to the wealth and resources of our country. We insist that the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands is within the spirit and letter of the constitution and an evidence of a determination on the part of our administration to carry into effect the Monroe doctrine.

DEMOCRATIC.

We favor the carrying out to the letter and spirit of the resolutions under which we intervened in Cuba, and we insist that the Cubans shall be permitted to establish an independent government of their own, but in the event that the people of that island shall hereafter desire to be annexed to this country and the terms of annexation can be satisfactorily arranged between the two countries we will welcome Cuba as a part of the territory of the United States.

We favor the acquisition of Puerto Rico and all other Spanish possessions in the western hemisphere.

We reaffirm our faith in the Monroe doctrine and oppose the annexation or continued retention of the Philippine Islands or any territory upon the eastern hemisphere.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The war between the United States and Spain was at its inception declared and understood to be in the interest of humanity, and not for conquest. We cordially indorse this sentiment and demand that the war shall be vigorously prosecuted to a successful termination on these lines and in this spirit, and we now and here pledge to the president and his administration our cooperation to that end.

VERMONT.

REPUBLICAN.

For the first time in a generation the republicans of Vermont assemble with the nation at war. Many of our citizens have

become soldiers. They are beyond our borders—perhaps on foreign soil. They are fighting for the nation's honor as their fathers fought for the nation's life. It is therefore fitting that we should proclaim our faith and purpose. We are at war with Spain not for revenge, not for conquest, not for glory, not for love of war. But we are at war with Spain for the love of fellow-men, for the sake of humanity—in the holy cause of liberty. We are at war with Spain because we have heard the poor that cry and have remembered them that are in bonds as bound with them. Therefore the war must go on until the infamy of mediæval methods of government in the dawn of the twentieth century and at the very door of this republic shall have forever passed away and until a permanent and honorable peace is secured; and to that end we pledge our loyal support to the president of the United States.

We are opposed to the resurrender to Spanish misrule of any territory which the valor of our army and navy has rescued or may hereafter rescue from the hands of the enemy, and we have an abiding confidence that a republican president and congress will so shape the future of such territory as best to promote the welfare of its inhabitants and the true glory of our country.

DEMOCRATIC.

The republican administration in its declaration of war solemnly declared to the world that the purpose of this country in entering upon the war with Spain was solely one of humanity, and in its declaration expressly disavowed any intentions of setting up or asserting the sovereignty of the United States in any conquered territory. We accept that declaration as made in good faith and binding upon the administration and the country, and we believe that the present war should be vigorously prosecuted and promptly ended. We oppose the proposed imperialistic policy of the republican party in the annexation or colonization of any territory won from Spain by our arms. The policy of protection of necessity leads the republican party to this course, because unless our markets are extended in this manner their protective principle will be annihilated. Such policy involves the abandonment of the Monroe doctrine, depriving us of the advantages we have enjoyed from our isolated situation; exposes us to the danger of quarrel with the European nations, and is liable to force us into the entangling alliances which Washington charged us to avoid; and it is a departure from the faith of the fathers and from the principles upon which the government was founded; it assumes powers never conferred by the constitution and imposes responsibilities for which our system of government is unfitted and invites the disasters which have overtaken all republics heretofore existing.

We believe that the annexation of Hawaii was an unwise departure from our traditional policy, and in view of the territory's remoteness and the undesirableness of its population we oppose the admission of these islands to statehood. We cordially extend our love and sympathy to the Green Mountain boys who promptly responded to their country's call.

WASHINGTON.

REPUBLICAN.

We indorse the conduct of the administra-

tion of President McKinley relating to the measures and events which led to the war with Spain, the conduct of the war throughout, and are now in favor of the retention of all conquered territory.

#### DEMOCRATIC.

While we do not favor an aggressive policy of general territorial expansion, we are opposed to surrendering to Spain any of the territory that has been acquired by American valor and expenditure of blood and treasure of our people. We do not favor surrendering to Spain the domination of the people of any Spanish colonies who co-operated with our forces against our enemy in the late war.

We are opposed to the assumption of any portion of the debts of Spain incurred in obtaining her sovereignty in Cuba, and also to the imposition of any portion thereof upon the people of that island or to recognition thereof.

We favor the fullest investigation of all conditions existing in the Philippine islands affecting the interests and obligations of our country in the matter of their future treatment and disposition; to the end that final action in relation thereto shall be intelligent and based upon full knowledge of all facts that can affect the interests of the United States.

#### WISCONSIN.

##### REPUBLICAN.

We welcome the return of peace and express our gratitude and thanks to the brave men of the army and navy who have maintained the honor of our flag and again proved to the world the qualities of American patriotism. We extend joyous welcome to our returning Wisconsin boys, who have deservedly gained the highest honors among the volunteer troops.

We express our perfect confidence in the administration wisely and justly to conclude terms of peace having regard for the welfare of the inhabitants of the conquered territory and the best interests of our own people.

#### DEMOCRATIC.

We congratulate the citizens of the nation on their loyalty and ardent patriotism displayed in the prosecution of the late war, and we especially honor the American army and navy for their valor and intrepid bravery on land and sea; and we condemn in unstinted measure the war department for the blunders and crimes committed against the brave boys in blue in camp and on foreign battlefields, by selfish contractors, incompetent surgeons and vain, heartless army officers appointed for political purposes, and we hereby pledge to our brave soldiers and sailors who survive the war our earnest and loyal support to secure the punishment of the guilty parties.

#### WYOMING.

##### REPUBLICAN.

We believe our country under a republican administration is entering upon its greatest period of power, happiness and responsibility, and we realize the mighty future of successful progress and duty which is even now before us, and that the republican party is fully able to pursue a policy upon the declaration of peace with Spain which will at once maintain the dignity and honor of our nation and bring prosperity to the islands which will come under our control and protection.

We most heartily approve of the annexation of the Hawaiian islands and hail with pleasure the American flag which has been there planted as an emblem of liberty by the republican administration.

### THE TARIFF.

[Where parties are omitted]

#### ALABAMA.

##### REPUBLICAN.

(See financial plank.)

#### ARKANSAS.

##### REPUBLICAN.

We congratulate the country upon the adoption of the Dingley act, with its reciprocity provision, as a wise measure of protection and security to American labor and capital, which, while greatly reducing our imports by substitution of home for foreign made fabrics, has opened to us the markets of the world to an extent never before known, so that the balance of trade in our favor for this fiscal year will attain the unparalleled and stupendous figures of \$600,000,000.

#### CALIFORNIA.

##### REPUBLICAN.

We call attention to the fact that since the return of the republican party to power the balance of trade has changed from more than \$400,000,000 against the United States to about \$380,000,000 in our favor, and all of this is due to the wise and conservative financial policy adopted and

no declaration was made.]

adhered to by the republican congress and president.

#### PROHIBITION.

We protest against the frequent tariff changes which are suddenly made, to the great detriment of the business interests of the country, as one or the other of the old parties comes into power at Washington, and we favor a tariff commission of experts, whose duty it shall be to recommend to congress any needed changes in our tariff.

#### COLORADO.

##### DEMOCRATIC.

The so-called Dingley act, passed for the purpose of supplying revenue to the treasury, is confessedly a failure. It has neither raised wages nor revenue, revived business nor promoted prosperity. Under its operation many thousands of employees have suffered a reduction of wages or lost employment, while the national income shows an annual deficit of \$100,000,000. It is the culmination of a system unlawful and indefensible, and we demand the passage of a revenue law which shall furnish an adequate supply of money to the government without necessarily burdening the people or en-

abling the few to flourish at the expense of the many.

**CONNECTICUT.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

It [the party] pledges itself to maintain the principle of protection to American labor and American industry, with reciprocity, and favors such alterations in the existing tariff and revenue laws as the changed conditions growing out of the Spanish war may require, and those which may be found necessary from time to time, and it favors the most stringent legislative prohibitions against cheap pauper immigration, protecting to the fullest extent the American wage-earner against imported cheap labor.

**DELAWARE.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

We demand that the products of foreign countries shall be required before being admitted into this country to pay such duties as will protect the American workmen from competition in our home markets with the underpaid labor of Europe and Asia.

We also believe that the duties so imposed should be so laid as to discriminate in favor of products imported into this country in American-built vessels.

**DEMOCRATIC.**

The Dingley tariff act increased taxes, making the highest tariff schedules known to our history, without increasing revenue sufficiently to meet the expenditures of government. It increased the special advantages and privileges of the sugar trust and of every other trust, but it did not increase the wages of labor nor revive the depression under which agriculture languishes. Every indication points to the necessity of expansion in our foreign trade and we demand that the fetters of the Dingley tariff act be removed.

We believe that all taxation, state or national, should be so laid as to place the least restraint possible on the labor, industry and enterprise of the people, and that no privileged class or private interest should be permitted to use the taxing power for its own ends.

**IDAHO.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

We reaffirm our belief in the protective tariff policy of the republican party, and we believe that only under such policy can the people enjoy the fullest measure of prosperity which our splendid natural resources and commercial advantages entitle us to demand.

**DEMOCRATIC.**

Demand "the reduction of tariff duties to a point which will provide only a sufficient revenue for the needs of the government, without levying extra tax upon the consumer for the purpose of enriching the already wealthy."

**ILLINOIS.**

**DEMOCRATIC.**

Pledges the party to "the reduction of tariff duties to a point which will provide only a sufficient revenue for the needs of the government, without levying extra taxes

upon the consumer for the purpose of enriching the already wealthy."

**INDIANA.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

We especially commend the president and congress for the prompt passage of a wise revenue law in accordance with the sound republican doctrine of reciprocity and protection to American industries and home labor, and express our unbounded confidence in the beneficial results predicted for this measure by our party leaders, evidences of which are daily accumulating in the way of renewed business prosperity and ample revenue for ordinary governmental expenditures.

We therefore reaffirm our belief in the doctrine of reciprocity and protection to American labor and home industries, and condemn the democratic doctrine of tariff for revenue only as unsound and unsuited to the best interests of the country, a doctrine whose falsity has been demonstrated by our experience under the Wilson revenue law, that plunged the nation into commercial and financial distress, from which it is fast recovering since the change from that democratic policy.

**DEMOCRATIC.**

We earnestly reassert the democratic doctrine that all tariff taxes shall be laid for revenue as their sole object and purpose, and we do at this time especially denounce and condemn the high prohibitory rates of the present republican tariff, commonly called the Dingley law, under the operation of which trusts and combinations have multiplied, the cost of the necessities of life has been increased and the wages of labor have not been advanced, and which has entailed upon the country a deficit of many millions to be made up only by additional taxation in time of war, thus imposing, instead of a benefit, an onerous burden upon the people of the United States.

**IOWA.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

We reaffirm our belief in the republican doctrines of reciprocity and protection. We congratulate the people on the fact that a republican congress has enacted a protective tariff which has brought prosperity to our country, and pledge ourselves to favor such changes in the present republican revenue law as experience may from time to time dictate or change if conditions demand.

**KANSAS.**

**DEMOCRATIC.**

We are against the McKinley and Dingley system of taxation for the expenses of government. It is wrong in principle, being a tax on consumption instead of property, and a breeder of trusts and monopolies. It is disastrous in practice, as the present \$60,000,000 deficit illustrates, and we renew our protest against it and insist upon federal taxation being levied in such manner as will reach the incomes and property of rich men and corporations and thus to some degree exempt the necessities of the common people. We wage no war upon the rich, but insist the rich and poor alike must stand in equality before the law, and that unjust privileges and the aggressions of wealth upon the rights of man must cease. We therefore

favor an amendment to the constitution of the United States, if the same be necessary, such as will authorize congress to levy direct taxes upon incomes, corporations, estates and all forms of aggregated wealth.

#### MASSACHUSETTS. REPUBLICAN.

The demand for a tariff really protective, and that should provide ample revenue for the needs of the government, has likewise been fully met in the Dingley act. Under its operation exports of manufactured goods have increased and imports diminished, the number of persons employed and the amount of wages paid have been greater, and the rate of wages, looking at our industries as a whole, has been higher. As a producer of revenue it has demonstrated its ability to furnish more than can be required in times of peace. Under it the credit of the government has been restored. We no longer issue bonds for ordinary expenditures; we sell our war bonds to the people, not to syndicates or by contract at exorbitant rates of interest and enormous profits to the purchaser at the expense of the people. The gold reserve behind our demand currency is more than sufficient.

#### DEMOCRATIC.

We denounce the general character and particular acts of legislation which have been enacted under the influence of the present administration. Every such act has been calculated not to alleviate but to add to the disasters of the people. Of this kind of discriminating legislation is the Dingley tariff the provisions of which were dictated by the beneficiaries. Of this kind is the more recent internal-revenue tax law, which was notoriously constructed so that the corporations might evade their share in the burdens of the nation, thereby devolving the entire sacrifice upon an already distressed people.

#### MICHIGAN. REPUBLICAN.

We congratulate the country upon the gradual return of business prosperity since the return of the republican party to power, and point with satisfaction to the successful operation of the Dingley law that is now producing ample revenue for all the ordinary expenditures of the government. We congratulate the country upon the restoration of protection and the return of prosperity as evidenced by the reopening of mills, factories and shops and the re-employment of idle men and women.

#### MINNESOTA. REPUBLICAN.

The Dingley law has been a new stimulus to American industry, created new enterprises, increased the demand for labor, and in a multitude of ways vindicated the wisdom of the republican policy under all conditions of our national life. We affirm our adhesion to the principles set forth in the platform of our last national convention at St. Louis and exemplified in the administration of William McKinley. The work of undoing the mischief wrought upon American industry by the last democratic administration is being prosecuted with a vigor that commands our admiration. The wisdom of our republican congress cannot be too highly commended for its efforts in providing such remedial legislation as is necessary to re-

form abuses growing out of democratic misrule, to supply the wants of an exhausted treasury and repair the damages produced by the gross mismanagement of our national finances, by enacting a tariff which afforded neither protection nor revenue and was destructive of the interests of the wage-earner.

#### MISSOURI. REPUBLICAN.

We believe in the protection and expansion of American industry and commerce and in the protection of American citizens and interests whenever and wherever they may need protection.

#### MONTANA. REPUBLICAN.

We express our abiding approval of the principle of protection to American industry and cherish with undiminished anxiety our purpose to see the rewards of labor maintained and increased.

#### SILVER REPUBLICAN.

We renew our professions in favor of protection to American labor and American industry.

#### NEBRASKA.

#### DEMOCRATIC.

We denounce as unjust and unequitable the protective-tariff system, which, through the instrumentality of class legislation, robs the many for the benefit of the few, and that a tariff should be for a revenue only, and therefore denounce the Dingley act and arraign the republican party for its enactment.

#### NEW HAMPSHIRE.

#### DEMOCRATIC.

We denounce the republican party for the passage of the Dingley tariff law, a measure calculated only to protect monopolies, insufficient to raise a revenue sufficient to meet the ordinary expenditures of the government and based upon no principle of equity or justice.

#### NEW JERSEY. REPUBLICAN.

We hereby resolve and declare that we affirm our adhesion and devotion to the fundamental principles of the national republican party as set forth in the platform adopted at the St. Louis convention in 1894.

#### NEW YORK. REPUBLICAN.

The republican party is fulfilling its pledges made at St. Louis. We have enacted a conservative, protective tariff, so wisely devised that the revenue is amply sufficient to pay the ordinary expenses of government in times of peace, while capital is encouraged to seek employment and the wages of labor are maintained at that high standard which experience has proved to be necessary to the welfare of our people. Our exports largely exceed our imports. The gold of the world comes steadily to our shores, and with a continuance of republican policy and republican national administration the prosperous future of the nation is assured.

In the interests of American labor and commerce we believe that American products should be carried in American ships, and we favor the upbuilding of an American merchant marine, which will give us our

share in the carrying trade of the world in time of peace and constitute an effective naval militia in time of war.

**NORTH CAROLINA.**  
**REPUBLICAN.**

We indorse the Dingley tariff law and also the republican tariff measures made necessary by the enormous expenditures incident to the war. While the democratic administration sold bonds in secret in time of peace to foreign syndicates, the present republican administration has required the banks and syndicates to stand back until the common people could have all the bonds which they were able and willing to pay for; and we point with pride to the fact that our bonds are worth 20 per cent more in time of war than they were worth in time of democracy, and that the common people of the country have displayed their confidence in the government by subscribing three times over the amount called for by the administration.

**DEMOCRATIC.**

We denounce the republican party for the passage of the Dingley tariff law, which has increased the burdens of taxation upon our consumers and given the trusts and monopolists greater power to rob the people.

Believing that under our present methods of federal taxation more than three-quarters of our national revenues are paid by people owning less than one-quarter of the property of the country, we protest against such inequality and injustice, and in order to remedy, to some extent, this great wrong, we favor an income tax and favor all constitutional methods to sustain it.

**NORTH DAKOTA.**  
**REPUBLICAN.**

We reaffirm our belief in the policy of protection to American industry and American labor.

**OHIO.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

We congratulate the country upon the fact that, in response to the demand of the St. Louis platform and the will of the people expressed at the polls in November, 1896, protection and reciprocity, twin measures of republican policy, have been re-established and have been embodied into public law by the enactment of the Dingley measure.

We favor all measures which will promote the restoration and growth of our merchant marine.

**PENNSYLVANIA.**  
**REPUBLICAN.**

The republicans of Pennsylvania reaffirm their adherence to the doctrine of protection to American industries. Two years ago our mills were closed and our manufacturing, commercial, agricultural and business interests were prostrated. To-day our mills are opened, labor is given full employment and a general revival of industrial activity promises renewed prosperity to our state.

**TENNESSEE.**  
**REPUBLICAN.**

We congratulate the country on the prosper-

ity which has now come, due largely to the return of the republican party to power, the enactment of the Dingley law and the maintenance of the gold standard.

**DEMOCRATIC.**

We demand that all federal taxation shall be strictly and only for revenue for the support of an economically administered government, and we condemn the policy of the republican party in prostituting the taxing power to enrich the few at the expense of the many.

**UTAH.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

The republican party of Utah demands as it has always demanded, protection, bimetallism and reciprocity. We congratulate the country, and especially Utah, upon the great financial success of the republican doctrine of protection, as expressed and fulfilled in the Dingley act, and remind voters of this state of the many millions of dollars by which the wealth of Utah has been enhanced by reason of it; that lead mining has been sustained and could exist only with such protection; that agricultural production has been made profitable through its agency; that the exports of the whole nation have been vastly increased since the Dingley law was passed; that reviving prosperity follows this republican policy, as it always has, and we pledge the party to support for office, and particularly for the office of senator and representative in congress, only those who do and will support the principles of the Dingley act. Protection has been and shall be the corner stone of republicanism.

**TEXAS.**

**DEMOCRATIC.**

We denounce the republican party for the passage of the Dingley tariff law, which places the burden of tariff taxation upon those least able to bear it, and which has resulted in a great deficit in the revenue.

**VERMONT.**

**DEMOCRATIC.**

We emphatically reassert the democratic faith that all tariff taxes shall be laid for revenue as their sole object, and not for the upbuilding of the Hannas, Carnegies and their school of grasping multimillionaires.

**WASHINGTON.**

**REPUBLICAN.**

We indorse the action of the present republican congress which has re-enacted into law a protective tariff through the Dingley bill and restored prosperity to the country.

**DEMOCRATIC.**

We condemn the Dingley tariff as the most oppressive and iniquitous law that has ever disgraced our statute books. It was enacted on the imperious demand of corporations and trusts which contributed to the scandalous republican campaign fund to the alarming amount of \$16,000,000. It taxes the masses for the benefit of the classes; it forbids the expansion of our commerce

and deprives the producers of the great American staples of access to their natural markets.

### WYOMING.

#### REPUBLICAN.

We congratulate the country upon the fact that in response to the demand of the St. Louis platform, and the will of the people expressed at the polls in 1896, protection

and reciprocity, twin measures of republican policy, have been re-established and have been embodied into law by the passage of the Dingley act, and we especially congratulate the people of Wyoming upon the enactment of this law, which has directly benefited our two great industries, viz., the raising of live stock and the mining of coal, by which both directly and indirectly have brought prosperity to every business within our state.

### PAST POLITICAL COMPLEXION OF THE STATES.

R., Republican; W., Whig; D., Democratic; U., Union; A., American; A. M., Anti-Masonic; N. R., National Republican; P., Populist.

STATES.	1824.	1828.	1832.	1836.	1840.	1844.	1848.	1852.	1856.	1860.	1864.	1868.	1872.	1876.	1880.	1884.	1888.	1892.	1896.
Alabama.....	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	R.	R.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Arkansas.....				D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
California.....								D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Colorado.....																			
Connecticut.....	R.	R.	N. R.	D.	W.	W.	W.	D.	H.	H.	H.	R.	R.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Delaware.....	W.	R.	N. R.	W.	W.	W.	W.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	R.	R.	D.	D.	D.	D.	R.
Florida.....								D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Georgia.....	W.	D.	D.	W.	W.	D.	W.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Idaho.....																			
Illinois.....	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	D.	R.
Indiana.....	D.	D.	D.	W.	W.	D.	D.	D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Iowa.....								D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Kansas.....								D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Kentucky.....	W.	D.	N. R.	D.	W.	W.	W.	W.	D.	U.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Louisiana.....	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Maine.....	R.	R.	D.	D.	W.	D.	D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Maryland.....	D.	R.	N. R.	W.	W.	W.	W.	D.	A.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Massachusetts.....	R.	R.	N. R.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	A.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Michigan.....				D.	W.	D.	D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Minnesota.....																			
Mississippi.....	D.	D.	D.	D.	W.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Missouri.....	W.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Montana.....																			
Nebraska.....																			
Nevada.....																			
New Hampshire.....	R.	R.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
New Jersey.....	D.	R.	D.	D.	W.	W.	W.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
New York.....	R.	D.	D.	D.	W.	D.	W.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
North Carolina.....	D.	D.	D.	D.	W.	W.	W.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
North Dakota.....																			
Ohio.....	W.	D.	D.	W.	W.	W.	D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Oregon.....																			
Pennsylvania.....	D.	D.	D.	D.	W.	D.	W.	D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Rhode Island.....	R.	R.	N. R.	D.	W.	W.	W.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
South Carolina.....	D.	D.	W.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
South Dakota.....																			
Tennessee.....	D.	D.	D.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	D.	U.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Texas.....								D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Vermont.....	R.	R.	A. M.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Virginia.....	W.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	U.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Washington.....																			
West Virginia.....																			
Wisconsin.....							D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Wyoming.....																			

In five states in 1892 the electoral vote was divided: California gave 8 electoral votes for Cleveland and 1 for Harrison; Ohio gave 1 for Cleveland and 22 for Harrison; in Michigan, by act of the legislature, each congressional district voted separately for an elector; in Oregon 1 of the 4 candidates for electors on the people's party ticket was also on the democratic ticket; in North Dakota 1 of the 2 people's party electors cast his vote for Cleveland, this causing the electoral vote of the state to be equally divided between Cleveland, Harrison and Weaver. In 1896 California gave 8 electoral votes to McKinley and 1 to Bryan; Kentucky gave 12 to McKinley and 1 to Bryan.

## MEN OF THE YEAR 1898.

## WILLIAM R. DAY.

William R. Day was born at Ravenna, O., on April 17, 1849, and came of a race of lawyers, his father, the late Chief Justice Luther Day, having been a prominent lawyer of Ohio for many years. His paternal and maternal grandfathers were Supreme court justices. He was graduated from the University of Michigan in the class of '70 and studied law in the law department of the same university and was admitted to the bar in 1872. In October of that year he settled in Canton and formed a law partnership with William A. Lynch. In 1886 he was elected to the bench of the Common Pleas court by both political parties, and in 1889 he was appointed judge of the United States District court for the northern district of Ohio by President Harrison, but failing health compelled him to resign before taking the office. With these two exceptions Judge Day has continuously practiced his profession in Canton, being engaged in both the criminal and corporation branches.

Early in his administration President McKinley appointed Judge Day assistant secretary of state. Owing to the ill health of Secretary Sherman the duties of the secretaryship largely devolved upon him throughout the administration. On April 24, 1898, he became secretary, and his conduct of the important and delicate negotiations preceding the declaration of war, as well as those during its progress, has elicited the approval and support of the country. In September he resigned to take the position of head of the Paris peace commission.

## JOHN W. GRIGGS.

John William Griggs, attorney-general, was born in Newton, N. J., July 10, 1849. He was graduated from Lafayette college in 1868 and became a law student in the office of Robert Hamilton at Newton. In 1871 he removed to Paterson, where he entered the office of Socrates Tuttle. He was admitted to the bar that year, and together with Mr. Tuttle formed the firm of Tuttle & Griggs. A few years later he opened an office on his own account. He was elected to the assembly in 1875 and was re-elected two years later. In the latter year the house was equally divided and he became leader on the republican side. He was renominated for another term, but was defeated. He was elected counsel for the board of freeholders of Passaic county and city council of Paterson, which offices he held until 1882, when he was elected to the state senate. He was re-elected state senator and became president of the senate in 1886. He was a delegate-at-large to the republican national convention in 1888. In 1896 Gov. Werts of New Jersey offered Mr. Griggs a place on the Supreme court bench of that state, which he declined to accept. In 1896 he was elected governor of New Jersey, which position he resigned to succeed Mr. McKenna as attorney-general in Mr. McKinley's cabinet.

## CHARLES EMORY SMITH.

C. E. Smith, postmaster-general, was born at Mansfield, Conn., Feb. 18, 1842. He was 7 years old when his parents removed to Albany, N. Y., and he began to lay the foundation of his education in the public

schools of that city. He was graduated from Union college at Schenectady in 1861, just as the civil war opened, and was appointed to the staff of Gen. Rathbone. After devoting two years to the work of recruiting and organizing volunteers for the union army he returned to the Albany academy as one of its instructors. He became editor of the Albany Express in 1865 and of the Albany Evening Journal in 1870, retaining the latter position for ten years. During this period he was the most devoted follower of Roscoe Conkling and by consequence an earnest opponent of the Blaine element in the republican party. But in 1880 he left Albany to become editor of the Philadelphia Press, which was owned by an admirer of Mr. Blaine, and he immediately became the most ardent supporter of the movement to make him president. Mr. Smith was appointed minister to Russia by President Harrison. Like Mr. Gary, whom he succeeded, and almost all other postmaster-generals, Mr. Smith lacks experience in postal affairs beyond that necessarily gained by anybody who is at the head of a leading newspaper, but he has good executive capacity, which is the main essential for the proper conduct of the business of the postal department.

## DAVID J. HILL.

David Jayne Hill, first assistant secretary of state, was born June 10, 1850, at Plainfield, N. J. He is the son of the Rev. Daniel T. Hill, a baptist minister. In 1874 he was graduated from Bucknell university. In 1877 he published "The Science of Rhetoric." This was soon afterward followed by "The Elements of Rhetoric." In 1879 he began a series of brief biographies of American authors, similar to Morley's "English Men of Letters." He completed in this series two volumes on Irving and Bryant respectively, which were widely read and highly praised. In March, 1879, he was elected to the presidency of the university at Lewisburg, to succeed the Rev. Justin Loomis, LL. D. In 1886 he again took up authorship by publishing a treatise on "The Principles and Fallacies of Socialism." From 1888 to 1896 he was president of the University of Rochester, N. Y.

About this time also appeared an analytic recasting for use in schools and colleges of "Jevons' Elements of Logic." Three years later he published a series of lectures which he had delivered before the Theological institution, Newton, Mass., on "The Social Influence of Christianity," having especial reference to contemporary problems. In this same year also appeared "The Elements of Psychology."

## L. E. M'COMAS.

Louis Emory McComas was born in Washington county, Maryland, Oct. 28, 1846. He was graduated from Dickinson college and was admitted to the bar soon after reaching his majority. He began his political career in 1876, when, at the age of 30, he was the republican candidate for congress in the 6th district and was defeated by William Walsh by fourteen votes. As a candidate for the XLVIIIth congress McComas was successful, and he was re-elected for three successive terms thereafter. During that time

he was the only republican congressman from Maryland. In the eight years he served in congress Mr. McComas made a good record as an industrious and efficient member. His support of the force bill was largely responsible for his second defeat. In the presidential campaign of 1892 he was secretary of the national republican committee. Shortly after the election of that year President Harrison, who, like President McKinley, is a warm personal friend appointed him to the bench of the Supreme court of the District of Columbia. He has been elected by the legislature of Maryland to succeed Mr. Gorman as United States senator and will take his seat March 3, 1899.

#### JOSEPH SIMON.

Joseph Simon, United States senator from Oregon, was born in Germany of a Jewish family in 1861 and went to Oregon with his parents in 1867. He was educated in the public schools of Portland, studied law, and in 1872 was admitted to the bar, since which time he has practiced his profession in that city. He became a member of the city council in 1877, serving three years, being for a portion of the time president of the council and acting mayor. As secretary of the republican state central committee in 1878 he managed the campaign so successfully that in 1880 he was made chairman of the committee, in which capacity he served for six years. He represented Multnomah county, Oregon, in the state senate from 1880 to 1891 and again since 1893. He was president of the senate during the session of 1889-91, and since 1893 has been repeatedly elected to that position. In 1892 Mr. Simon was a delegate to the national republican convention in Minneapolis. He was then elected to represent Oregon on the republican national committee. For eight years Mr. Simon was a member of the board of police commissioners of Portland. Mr. Simon is a gold-standard republican.

#### WHARTON BARKER.

Wharton Barker, who was nominated for the presidency by the non-fusion wing of the people's party at Cincinnati Sept. 6, 1898, was born in Philadelphia May 1, 1846. He was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania. In 1863 he took command of a company of colored soldiers and helped to enlist and organize the 2d United States colored troops. In 1867 he became a member of the banking firm of Barker Bros. & Co. In 1878 he was appointed by the Russian government as its agent and intrusted with the building of four cruisers for its navy, for which service he was decorated with the order of St. Stanislaus by the czar. In 1879 he was called to Russia to consider the development of coal mines north of the Azof. In 1887 he obtained valuable railroad, telegraph and telephone concessions from China. In 1890 he failed in business, but soon recovered himself. In 1893 he started the Penn Monthly, which, in October, 1890, was merged with Weekly Notes into the American, which he still publishes. In 1881 he instituted the revolt against the Cameron-Quay candidate for the United States senate and led the independent republican forces, which, with the democrats, elected R. E. Pattison governor of Pennsylvania. He supported Garfield, Harrison and Blaine for the presidency, but in 1896 he was one of Mr. Bryan's most ad-

herents. Since then he has allied himself to the populist party, whose candidate he has become.

#### IGNATIUS DONNELLY.

Ignatius Donnelly, nominee of the non-fusion wing of the people's party for the vice-presidency, was born in Philadelphia Nov. 3, 1831. He was educated at the public schools of that city, studied law, was admitted to the bar and began the practice of his profession. In 1857 he went to Minnesota, was elected lieutenant-governor on the republican ticket in 1859 and again in 1861. He was elected to congress in 1863 and served until 1869. Besides doing journalistic work he has written several books that have attracted considerable attention, among which were "Atlantis" (1882), "Hagnarok" (1883), besides some publications on Shakespeare. He is a resident of St. Paul, Minn., and is engaged in the publication of a political paper in the interests of the people's party.

#### REAR ADMIRAL GEORGE DEWEY.

Rear-Admiral Dewey, "the hero of Manila bay" was born in Montpelier, Vt., Dec. 23, 1837, and entered the naval academy in September, 1854. Being graduated in 1859, he was assigned to the frigate Wabash of the European squadron, and remained in Mediterranean waters until the outbreak of the civil war. Returning to this country in 1861, he was detailed to the Mississippi, one of the vessels in the West Gulf squadron, serving in her until she was destroyed in 1863. It was during this time that the squadron was engaged in the capture of New Orleans. Commodore Dewey was then a lieutenant. The Mississippi was under command of Capt. Melancthon Smith, and just as the end of the battle of New Orleans appeared to be in sight the confederate ram Manassas came down the river at full speed to attack the union fleet. Admiral Farragut directed the Mississippi to turn and run her down. She obeyed, but when within a few yards of the enemy the Manassas turned and ran ashore. The Mississippi poured two broadsides into her and sent her to the bottom of the river a total wreck. The Mississippi, while trying to run the batteries of Fort Hudson on March 21, 1863, grounded and heeled to port. In spite of the desperate efforts of the crew she could not be saved. The enemy, getting the range, poured shell after shell into her hull, and Capt. Smith ordered her fired, and the crew escaped in their boats. After the destruction of the Mississippi Lieut. Dewey was assigned to the steamboat Agawam of the North Atlantic blockading fleet, and assisted in two attacks on Fort Fisher—one in December, 1864, and the other January, 1865. On March 3, 1865, he was commissioned lieutenant-commander and served on the old Kearsarge. At the close of the civil war he went aboard the Colorado, the flagship of the European squadron, and remained on her until 1867. For two years thereafter he did shore duty, being assigned to the naval academy. He was next placed in command of the Narragansett, in special service, in 1870 and 1871, and was again assigned to shore duty a year later at the torpedo station. He was made a commander on April 13, 1872, and was in charge of the Narragansett on the Pacific survey until 1875, when he was appointed lighthouse in-

spector for two years. He then became secretary of the board and retained that post until 1882. In command of the Juniata of the Asiatic squadron from 1882 to 1883, he was promoted to a captaincy in September, 1884, commanding the Dolphin in the same year. He was next transferred to the Pensacola on the European station. In 1889 he was summoned to Washington to become for four years the chief of the bureau of equipment and recruiting, and that service was succeeded by another detail to the lighthouse board. From this duty he was relieved to accept the presidency of the important board of inspection and review, which he held until, as a commodore, he was sent November, 1897, to command the Asiatic station. His victory in Manila bay on the 1st of May, 1898, in which he sunk the entire Spanish fleet without the loss of a ship or a man, was one of the most thrilling and dramatic events in the history of naval warfare. Soon after he was made rear-admiral and granted a sword by congress.

#### CAPT. C. V. GRIDLEY.

Of the captains serving under Commodore Dewey, Charles V. Gridley of the flagship Olympia was born in Indiana, but was appointed a cadet from Michigan on Sept. 26, 1860. He remained in the naval academy until 1863, when he was made an ensign and attached to the steamship Onondaga of the West Gulf squadron from 1863 to 1865. He was on board his ship in the battle of Mobile bay on Aug. 5, 1864. At the close of the war, having served in a number of engagements, he was attached to the steam sloop Brooklyn of the Brazilian squadron, and later was aboard the Kearsarge. He was promoted to lieutenant on Feb. 21, 1867, and to lieutenant-commander one year later and assigned to the Michigan and afterward to the Monongahela. He was executive officer of the flagship Trenton of the European squadron and was made commander on March 10, 1882. He was for a time assigned to the torpedo station and also to the Boston navy yard. He was made commander of the Jamestown in 1884, and was inspector of lighthouses at Buffalo, N. Y., when assigned to the Asiatic squadron. After the battle at Manila Capt. Gridley was ordered home on sick leave, but died June 5 at Kobe, Japan, while en route to the United States.

#### CAPT. N. MAYO DYER.

Capt. N. Mayo Dyer of the cruiser Baltimore has had a diversified career and has fought his way up to a captaincy without ever having attended a naval academy. No man in the navy has a better record for bravery and daring than the gallant captain of the Baltimore. He was born at Provincetown, Mass., in 1839, and entered the volunteer navy at the outbreak of the civil war as a master's mate, and served in the engagements of the West Gulf squadron. For gallant and meritorious conduct he was promoted to acting ensign on May 12, 1863, and later to ensign and assigned to the Glasgow. Afterward he was made master and placed in command of the Randolph in 1864, which operated in Mobile bay. His vessel was sunk by a torpedo on April 1, 1865. After the surrender he was promoted to acting volunteer lieutenant and put in

command of two of the surrendered ships, the Black Diamond and the Morgan. He then served on the Elk, and later on the Stockdale, and subsequently did shore duty at the bureau of navigation. He was made commander in the regular navy on March 12, 1868. While commanding the Ossipee, going from the Mexican coast to the north, an incident happened which showed his bravery and the regard he had for his men. A sailor in adjusting a sail accidentally slipped and fell overboard. Commander Dyer, who was on deck and saw the sailor fall, immediately jumped in and saved the man from drowning and from the sharks. He has done duty at the Boston navy yard and has been assigned respectively to the Pointer, the New Hampshire, the Wabash and the Tennessee. He has been lighthouse inspector and was in command of the Marion of the Asiatic squadron in 1867 and again in 1890.

#### CAPT. ASA WALKER.

Capt. Asa Walker of the cruiser Concord is a native of New Hampshire, and entered the naval academy on Nov. 27, 1862, graduating four years later. He was first assigned to the North Atlantic squadron and made ensign in 1868, and afterward did ordnance duty in the Portsmouth navy yard. Remaining there a short time, he went aboard the Jamestown, where he served until 1871. He has served on the Essex, the practice ship Dale, the Trenton of the Asiatic squadron, and on two different occasions has been assigned to duty at the naval academy.

#### CAPT. FRANK WILDES.

Capt. F. Wildes, commanding the cruiser Boston at Manila, was born in Massachusetts, and was graduated from the naval academy in 1863. He was appointed ensign May 28, and assigned to the steamship Lackawanna, attached to the West Gulf squadron, and was in the operations at Mobile and the surrender of Fort Morgan. He was assigned to the monitor Chickasaw, and later to the ironclad Monadnock and Vanderbilt. He was promoted to master in 1866, lieutenant in 1867, and was such officer on the Suwanee when wrecked on Vancouver's Island in July, 1868. He became lieutenant-commander in September, 1868, and served on the Pensacola, Franklin, Wyoming and Wachusett. He was promoted to commander in August, 1880, commanded the Yantic of the North Atlantic fleet until 1885, served at Portsmouth navy yard until 1886, was lighthouse inspector until 1892, put in command of the Yorktown till 1893, where he served until nearly the assignment to the Boston with the Asiatic squadron.

#### CAPT. E. P. WOOD.

Capt. E. P. Wood of the dispatch boat Hugh McCulloch is from Ohio, and entered the naval academy on Sept. 23, 1863, graduating in 1867. He was then assigned to the Minnesota on special service and made ensign. In 1871 he was promoted to lieutenant and placed aboard the Congress, then on special service. He did duty on the Portsmouth, also on special service. From 1881 to 1884 he was assigned to duty at the naval academy and then served on the Monongahela on special service. He was

with the North Atlantic squadron in 1890, and was promoted to commander in that year.

#### CAPT. JOSEPH B. COGHLAN.

Capt. Joseph B. Coghlan of the Raleigh was born in Kentucky and appointed to the naval academy from Illinois, graduating in 1863. He was promoted two years later and was assigned to the flagship Brooklyn, where he served for two years. He was executive officer of the Pawnee in 1867 and in the steam frigate Guerriere in 1868. Next year he was on the sailing sloop Portsmouth, from which he was transferred to the Richmond and the European station. He commanded the Sangus for one year and the Colorado for another year. For two years he commanded the Monongahela on the Asiatic station, and on being promoted to commander in 1882 was assigned to the Adams. He was inspector of ordnance at League Island in 1891, and was made a captain in 1894, and at present commands the Raleigh.

#### CAPT. C. E. CLARK.

Capt. Charles Edgar Clark, the commander of the Oregon, was born in Vermont, and was appointed to the naval academy from that state in 1860. In 1863 he was promoted to ensign and assigned to the steam sloop Ossipee of the West Gulf blockading squadron. He was with his vessel in the battle of Mobile bay and took part in the bombardment of Fort Morgan. From 1865 to 1867 he was with the Vanderbilt on the Pacific station. He received a lieutenant's commission in 1867 and became a lieutenant-commander a year later. He was then attached to the Suwanee, which was wrecked on July 7. His service on the relieving ship Vandalia at Portsmouth, on the Seminole in the North Atlantic and at the naval academy lasted until 1873, when he was assigned to the Atlantic station, where he remained for three years with the Hartford, the Monocacy and the Kearsarge. The next three years he spent at the Charlestown navy yard. He received his commander's commission in 1881, and after duty on the training ship New Hampshire and at the torpedo station went with the steamer Ranger on a survey trip up the North Pacific. This cruise lasted three years. From 1887 to 1889 he was lighthouse inspector and was afterward stationed at the Mare Island navy yard. He took command of the Mohican in September, 1893, and left it to take command of the Monterey as captain in 1896. His next and latest command was the Oregon. The cruise of the Oregon from San Francisco to Key West—a distance of 6,764 miles—was one of the greatest naval achievements of the century. The Oregon under his command was in the battle with the Spanish fleet off Santiago July 3, 1898.

#### REAR-ADMIRAL W. T. SAMPSON.

Rear-Admiral William T. Sampson was born at Palmyra, N. Y., in 1840. His father was a day laborer, and young Sampson used to accompany him from farm to farm in search of work. At the age of 17 he was appointed a midshipman in the United States naval academy at Annapolis. He was graduated, first in his class, in 1861, and was immediately sent aboard of the frigate Potomac. Here he soon won his lieutenancy. Sampson was executive officer

and stood on the bridge of the Patapsco when she was blown up by a torpedo in Charleston harbor, Jan. 16, 1865. Seventy of the crew were drowned. In 1866 he was promoted to a lieutenant-commander while on the Colorado. From 1868 to 1871 he was at the naval academy. The following two years he was on the Congress, and in 1874, having been made a commander, he was assigned to the Alert. He returned to the naval academy in 1876 and remained there nearly three years. In 1879 he was in China, commanding the Swatara. He was chief of the bureau of ordnance from 1883 to 1897, and previous to that he was inspector of ordnance at the Washington navy yard. Since the formation of the new navy he has commanded the Iowa and the San Francisco. On account of his wide knowledge of torpedoes, mines, etc., he was appointed president of the Maine court of inquiry by President McKinley. In April, 1898, he was promoted to acting rear-admiral by the president, succeeding Admiral Sicard, and was appointed in command of the fleet operating on the southeastern coast of Cuba and promoted to the rank of rear-admiral. He was in command of the fleet off Santiago until the capitulation of the city.

#### REAR-ADMIRAL WINFIELD S. SCHLEY.

Rear-Admiral Schley was born at Frederick, Md., Oct. 9, 1839. He entered the naval academy in 1856, and was graduated in 1860. He distinguished himself by coming out of the academy as near the bottom of his class as it was possible for him deliberately to get. In 1860 he served on the Niagara, which was sent to convoy the Japanese embassy to their country. When the Niagara returned and anchored off Boston, Capt. McKean, the commander, drew his men up on the deck and asked them to take the oath of allegiance. Three of the middies flatly refused. They were E. G. Read of Virginia, who meant what he did, and Thomas L. Swann and Winfield Scott Schley, both of Maryland, who refused just because the others did. It is related that McKean gave the boys a lecture, which brought them to their senses. Whatever truth there may be in the tale, there is no doubt that young Schley made a gallant officer and fought for the flag as valiantly as any of the men who were with him in the academy. That he did not win as high return as others in the civil war was perhaps due to the short participation he had in the fighting. He was not out of the naval academy two years when he was commissioned a lieutenant. Schley's most signal performance was his search for and discovery of Greely in the frozen fastnesses of the north. Lieutenant, now General, Adolphus W. Greely went north with his expedition in 1881. Nothing had been heard from him in two years, and late in 1883 talk was made of sending an expedition to relieve him. The then Commander Schley volunteered his services as head of the relieving expedition. The expedition consisted of the Thetis and the Bear, the Alert, kindly lent by the government of Great Britain, and the Loch Lary, a supply ship. This fleet set sail April 23, 1884. The ships plowed north and found the great explorer and the remnant of his expedition. The name of Schley must ever be associated with that of Greely in the history of arctic exploration. His career as it may be ob-

tained from the records has him serving on the Potomac after leaving the Niagara. From the Potomac he went to the Winona, then to the Monongahela, then to the sloop Richmond. He was often under heavy fire. From 1864 to 1866 he was executive officer of the Waterre, Pacific squadron, which was used to suppress the insurrection of the Chincha islands in 1864. He then served in the naval academy, in the Benicia and on the Asiatic station. He saw Lieut. McKee shot to death at his side in the attack on the batteries of the Saler river, Korea, in 1871. From the dust and smoke of battle he was transferred to Annapolis to be head of the academic department of modern languages. He was commander of the Essex, lighthouse inspector, recruiting officer and then commander of the Greely relief expedition. His work has won him two gold medals, and Maryland presented him with a gold chronometer for his rescue of Greely. In the war with Spain he was attached to Sampson's command off Santiago, and was in charge of the fleet of observation on the 3d of July when Cervera's fleet came out and was destroyed.

#### COMMODORE JOHN C. WATSON.

Commodore Watson was born at Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 24, 1842, and was graduated from the naval academy in 1860. In 1861 he was promoted to master and attached to the Sabine. In 1862 he was transferred to Farragut's flagship, the Hartford, upon which he served through the war, being in the battles at Fort Jackson and St. Philip, the passage of the Vicksburg batteries in 1862, passage of Fort Hudson in 1863, and at Mobile bay in 1864. He was commissioned lieutenant-commander in 1866 and assigned to the Franklin, flagship of the European squadron. In 1869 he was assigned to duty at Philadelphia until 1870, transferred to the Asiatic squadron until 1873, was made commander in 1874, attached to the Mare Island navy yard until 1877, commanded the Wyoming until 1880, lighthouse inspector until 1886, attached to the navy yard at New York until 1887, promoted to captain in March, 1887, transferred to San Francisco until 1890. In the Spanish war he commanded the blockading squadron on the north Cuban coast.

#### COMMODORE JOHN W. PHILIP.

Commodore Philip was born in New York Aug. 26, 1840. He entered the naval academy in 1856, was made midshipman in 1861, and attached to the Constitution and Santee. He was promoted to acting master in June of that year, and attached to the sloop-of-war Marion of the Gulf squadron. Later he was transferred to the James river fleet. He was made a lieutenant in 1862, and served on the Chippewa, Pawnee and monitor Montank. He was wounded in the fight on Stone river while on the Pawnee. He reached the rank of lieutenant-commander in 1868, and served in the European and Asiatic squadrons until 1874. In that year he was commissioned commander and assigned to the Adams, was in command of the Woodruff scientific expedition and later was engaged in coast surveys. He was on shore duty until 1890, commissioned captain in 1889, and was the inspector of the New York during construction. During the war with Spain he commanded the battleship

Texas, which was attached to the squadron off Santiago and was in the engagement with Cervera's fleet in July, 1898.

#### CAPT. ROBLEY D. EVANS.

Capt. Evans was born in Virginia and appointed to the naval academy from Utah Sept. 20, 1860, graduating in 1863. When the south seceded he was a cadet at Annapolis and his mother promptly sent in his resignation without consulting her son. Young Evans at once repudiated the resignation (which meanwhile had been accepted at Washington), and was restored to the service. He was made ensign in 1863, and went to the war. In an attack on Fort Fisher he landed a force of seamen and marines and was shot twice in the leg for his pains. In another engagement, from the water, with Fort Sumter, he was punctured by a piece of shell which broke his kneecap, but, refusing to go below, he took part in the engagement until it was over. In 1891 Capt. Evans was assigned to the Yorktown. His ship entered the harbor of Valparaiso when Chile and this country were biting thumbs at each other. The Yorktown anchored directly before the batteries. She was a poorly armored ship and lightly armed. The bay was occupied by a number of torpedo boats in practice, and as the Yorktown was the only ship in the port they used her for a point of attack. Capt. Evans objected to being made a target of and ordered his ship cleared for action. The guns were loaded, the men ordered to their posts and the captain's gig lowered. He sought out the general of the city and demanded that the bay be cleared of the torpedo boats. It was done. Capt. Evans won his name of "Fighting Bob" at Valparaiso. Once the Spanish minister came aboard his ship with two refugees. Evans fired a salute in honor of the country he was lately fighting. The Chileans severely criticised this action, but so fierce was the Yankee captain's denunciation of the business that a stop was promptly put to further gossip about the propriety of the salute. He has held his present rank since 1889, and his first command in large ships was the monster Indiana in 1895. In the Spanish war he was placed in command of the Iowa and assigned to Sampson's fleet off Santiago. He distinguished himself in the battle of July 3, 1898, with Cervera's fleet at that port.

#### COMMODORE FRANCIS J. HIGGINSON.

Commodore Higginson was born in Massachusetts and entered the naval academy Sept. 21, 1867, graduating in 1861. He was attached to the West Gulf blockading squadron and was present at the capture of Fort Jackson and St. Philip below New Orleans, and at the surrender of that city in April, 1862. August, 1862, he was commissioned a lieutenant and attached to the South Atlantic blockading squadron, taking part in the bombardment of Fort Sumter. July 25, 1866, he was promoted to lieutenant-commander, and assigned to the Hartford, flagship of the Asiatic squadron. In 1868 he was transferred to the Franklin, flagship of the European squadron, and served in that squadron until 1872. He was in command of the rendezvous at Boston until 1875, special ordnance duty until 1876, when he was promoted to commander. He was in command of the Dispatch, the Miantonomah and

the Monocacy until 1886, and of the New Hampshire until 1890. In the Spanish war he was a captain commanding the battleship Massachusetts, attached to Admiral Sampson's squadron at Santiago, and took part in the battle with Cervera's fleet on July 3, 1898.

#### CAPT. CHARLES D. SIGSBEE.

Capt. Sigsbee was born in New York, entered the naval academy in 1869 and was graduated in 1863. He was commissioned ensign and attached to the Monongahela of the West Gulf squadron. He was transferred to the Brooklyn in 1864, was at the battle of Mobile bay, transferred to the North Atlantic blockading squadron and was in both attacks on Fort Fisher. In 1865 he was attached to the Asiatic squadron, promoted to master in 1866, lieutenant in 1867, lieutenant-commander in 1868. He was on duty at the naval academy from 1869 to 1871, on vessels attached to the North Atlantic station until 1872, in command of the Canandaigua until 1873, on duty in Washington until 1875, in command of the Blake until 1878, again in Washington until 1882, promoted to commander in 1882, at the naval academy in 1885, commanded the Kearsarge until 1886, served in Washington until 1890, commanded the Portsmouth until 1892, was promoted to captain and placed in command of the battleship Maine, and was in command of the ship when blown up in Havana harbor Feb. 15, 1898. During the war he commanded one of the swift cruisers in the Caribbean sea.

#### CAPT. D. B. HODGSON.

Daniel B. Hodgson, commanding the McCulloch, is a native of New York, and was born in 1835. Nov. 12, 1897, he completed his thirty-sixth year as an officer of the revenue marine, which he first joined at Baltimore in 1861, with the commission of third lieutenant. July 16, 1863, he was promoted to second lieutenant, and July 14, 1864, to first lieutenant. Sept. 15, 1868, he was made captain, the highest rank in the revenue service, a position he reached in about seven years. In his thirty-six years' service Capt. Hodgson has spent twenty-four years and fourteen months on Atlantic coast stations, seven and one-half years on the lakes and two and one-half years on the Pacific, including nine months in Alaska, and six years on life-saving duty.

#### LIEUT. RICHMOND P. HOBSON.

Lieut. Hobson, who sunk the Merrimac in Santiago harbor, was born at Greensboro, Ala., Aug. 17, 1870. His schooling began when he was 7 years of age, his first teacher being Miss Kate Boardman, who at once recognized the natural ability of her pupil. Later he entered the Southern university, a well-known school, and distinguished himself often in prize declamation and other works of honor. Hobson was not graduated from the Southern university, but quitted school at the end of his sophomore year, when he received his Annapolis appointment after a competitive examination, through Representative Davidson of the 4th Alabama district. At the naval academy he stood at the head of his class, and was graduated in 1889. He was sent abroad to study in the shipyards of England and France, where he remained for several

years, until he became an accomplished naval architect. On his return he was attached to the bureau of construction in the navy department, and at the beginning of the war he was a lieutenant in a branch of the service where promotions are very slow. He is a member of the episcopalian church and a man of deep and sincere religious convictions.

#### MAJ.-GEN. NELSON A. MILES.

Maj.-Gen. Nelson A. Miles, commanding the army, was born at Westminster, Mass., Aug. 8, 1839, and at the breaking out of the civil war he was engaged in mercantile pursuits in Boston. He entered the service as first lieutenant, 22d Massachusetts regiment, in October, 1861. He distinguished himself and was wounded at the battle of Fair Oaks, Charles City Cross Roads and Malvern Hill. In September, 1862, he was made colonel of the 61st New York regiment, which he led at Fredericksburg and at Chancellorville, where he was severely wounded. He commanded the first brigade of the 1st division of the 2d corps in the Richmond campaign, and was made brigadier-general May 12, 1864, and brevet major-general for gallantry at Beaman's station in December, 1864. At the close of the civil war he was commissioned colonel of the 40th United States infantry, was promoted to be brigadier-general in December, 1880, major-general in April, 1890, and succeeded Lieut.-Gen. Schofield as commander of the army in 1895.

#### MAJ.-GEN. WESLEY MERRITT.

Maj.-Gen. Wesley Merritt was born in New York in 1836, and was graduated from West Point in 1860, became a second lieutenant the same year, and was promoted to the rank of first lieutenant a year later. He served through the entire war and reached the rank of brigadier-general of volunteers in 1863, and was mustered out of the service in 1866 with the brevet rank of major-general. He re-entered the regular service with the rank of lieutenant-colonel and became a colonel in 1876, and in 1887 received his commission as brigadier-general. He has been a major-general since April, 1897. He was appointed to the military academy from Illinois. He was promoted for gallantry at Dinwiddie Court House and Five Forks. In the war with Spain Gen. Merritt served in the Philippine islands, being virtually military governor at Manila.

#### MAJ.-GEN. WILLIAM R. SHAFTER.

Maj.-Gen. William R. Shafter was born in Kalamazoo county, Michigan, in 1835, and first entered the military service on the 21st of August, 1861, when he was mustered into the volunteers as first lieutenant of the 7th Michigan infantry, being honorably mustered out a year later. He at once re-entered the service as major of the 15th Michigan, becoming lieutenant-colonel in 1863 and colonel of the 17th United States colored infantry April 19, 1864. He was commissioned a brevet brigadier-general of volunteers on March 13, 1865, for gallant and meritorious services during the war, and was also brevetted colonel in the regular army March 2, 1867, for gallantry at the battle of Fair Oaks, Va. In July, 1866, while still in the volunteer service, Gen. Shafter was made lieutenant-colonel of the 41st regular infantry, from which he was

transferred to the 24th infantry in 1869 on the reduction of the army to a peace footing. He became colonel of the 1st infantry March 4, 1879, which position he held until he was made brigadier-general May 28, 1897. During this long period as a regimental commander Gen. Shafter won a most enviable reputation, his regiment being famed throughout the entire army for its efficiency, drill and discipline. It was often said that Shafter's was "the best regiment in the army." He was made a brigadier-general in May, 1897, and a major-general of volunteers May 4, 1898. He had command of the campaign against Santiago de Cuba.

#### MAJ.-GEN. JOHN R. BROOKE.

Maj.-Gen. John R. Brooke, commanding officer of the new 2d army corps, was born in Pottsville, Pa., on July 21, 1838, and entered the service of the country as captain in a volunteer regiment on Nov. 7, 1861. He made rapid progress and rendered valuable service, and when he resigned in February, 1866, he was brevet major-general. In July of the same year he was appointed lieutenant-colonel of the 37th United States infantry. He was promoted to be colonel in March, 1879, brigadier-general April 6, 1898, and major-general May 22, 1897. Gen. Brooke served in the Puerto Rican campaign.

#### MAJ.-GEN. W. M. GRAHAM.

Maj.-Gen. William M. Graham is a soldier of long service in the army. He was born in the District of Columbia in 1834 and began his military career as lieutenant in the 1st United States artillery. He was brevetted major for gallant service in the peninsular campaign, was made lieutenant-colonel for gallant conduct at the battle of Antietam. Gen. Graham was made a brigadier in the regular army May 26, 1897. He was brevetted brigadier in 1896 and made a major-general of volunteers May 4, 1898.

#### MAJ.-GEN. JAMES F. WADE.

Maj.-Gen. James F. Wade joined the army in 1861 as first lieutenant in the 6th cavalry of Minnesota, is a native of Ohio and a son of Benjamin F. Wade. A year after the close of the war he was made major in the 9th cavalry. In 1879 he was promoted to lieutenant-colonel of the 10th cavalry, and in 1891 was made a colonel. For his conspicuous bravery throughout the war he was brevetted colonel and brigadier-general in 1865. Gen. Wade was appointed brigadier-general of the regular army May 26, 1897, and a major-general in the volunteer service May 4, 1898.

#### MAJ.-GEN. J. C. BRECKINRIDGE.

Maj.-Gen. J. C. Breckinridge, late inspector-general of the army, is a nephew of Gen. John C. Breckinridge, the Confederate leader. However, he fought through the civil war on the union side, leaving a law practice in Danville, Ky., to join the army. He was made a first lieutenant in the regular army in August, 1863, a captain in 1874 and brigadier and inspector-general in 1893, and major-general of volunteers May 4, 1898.

#### MAJ.-GEN. J. J. COPPINGER.

Maj.-Gen. John J. Coppinger was born in Ireland in 1835, and gained his first military experience as a member of the Papal guard

against Victor Emmanuel's forces. He joined the volunteer American army in 1861 and reached the rank of colonel. He was a captain in the 14th United States infantry and became a colonel in the regular army in 1883, was promoted to be brigadier-general April 26, 1895, and major-general of volunteers May 4, 1898. Gen. Coppinger's wife is a daughter of James G. Blaine.

#### MAJ.-GEN. H. C. MERRIAM.

Maj.-Gen. Henry C. Merriam was born in Houlton, Me., in 1837. He organized a company of volunteers in 1862. He received the brevet of lieutenant-colonel for gallantry at the battle of Antietam. As the organizer of negro troops he received the thanks of the government. He was brevetted colonel of the regular army for conspicuous gallantry at the capture of Fort Blakely. He was appointed colonel of the 7th infantry July 10, 1885, and was promoted to brigadier-general June 30, 1897, and major-general of volunteers May 4, 1898.

#### MAJ.-GEN. ELWELL S. OTIS.

Maj.-Gen. Otis is a native of Maryland, but was appointed to the army from New York. He began his military service as captain in the 140th New York volunteers Sept. 13, 1862. He was promoted to lieutenant-colonel in December, 1863, and was mustered out of the service in June, 1865. He was brevetted colonel of volunteers for gallant and meritorious services at the battle of Spottsylvania and at the same time brevetted brigadier-general of volunteers for distinguished services at the battle of Chapin Hill. He was made lieutenant-colonel of the 22d regiment of the regular army July 28, 1866, and brevetted colonel March 2, 1867, for gallant services at Spottsylvania. In February, 1880, he was promoted to the colonelcy of the 20th infantry and reached the rank of brigadier-general Nov. 28, 1893. On the 4th of May, 1898, he was promoted to major-general and assigned to duty in the Philippines.

#### MAJ.-GEN. J. H. WILSON.

Maj.-Gen. James H. Wilson was born in Shawneetown, Ill., Sept. 2, 1837, entered the topographical engineers and became a first lieutenant Sept. 9, 1861; captain May 7, 1863; lieutenant-colonel Nov. 8, 1863; brigadier-general Oct. 31, 1863, and major-general of volunteers April 29, 1865. He served in the Fort Royal expedition and at the capture of Fort Pulaski. He was an aid to Gen. McClellan at South Mountain and Antietam. He served with distinction with the army of the Potomac and was several times brevetted for gallantry. He also served with Gen. Thomas and won the brevet of brigadier-general at the battle of Nashville and that of major-general for the capture of Selma, Ala. On the 10th of May, 1865, he captured Jefferson Davis. He was made lieutenant-colonel of the 35th infantry of the regular army July 23, 1866, and resigned Dec. 31, 1870. He was appointed major-general of volunteers May 4, 1898.

#### MAJ.-GEN. JOSEPH WHEELER.

Maj.-Gen. Joseph Wheeler was born in Augusta, Ga., Sept. 10, 1836; was graduated at West Point, 1859; was lieutenant of cavalry and served in New Mexico; resigned in 1861;

was lieutenant of artillery in the confederate army; was successively promoted to the command of a regiment, brigade, division and army corps, and in 1862 was assigned to the command of the army corps of cavalry of the western army, continuing in that position till the war closed; by joint resolution of the confederate congress received the thanks of that body for successful military operations, and for the defense of the city of Aiken received the thanks of the state of South Carolina; May 11, 1864, became the senior cavalry general of the confederate armies; was appointed professor of philosophy, Louisiana State seminary, in 1866, which he declined. He was a member of the XLVIIth, XLIXth, Lth, LIth, LIIth and LIVth congresses and re-elected to the LVth congress. Gen. Wheeler was appointed major-general of volunteers May 4, 1898, being assigned to the 5th corps at Santiago.

#### MAJ.-GEN. M. C. BUTLER.

Maj.-Gen. Matthew C. Butler was born near Greenville, S. C., March 8, 1836; received a classical education at the academy at Edgefield, and entered the South Carolina college in October, 1854; left this institution before graduating and studied law at Stonelands, the residence of his uncle, Hon. A. P. Butler, near Edgefield Court House; was admitted to the bar in December, 1857; practiced at Edgefield Court House; was elected to the legislature of South Carolina in 1860; entered the confederate service as captain of cavalry in the Hampton legion in June, 1861, and became a major-general through the regular grades; lost his right leg at the battle of Brandy Station on the 9th of June, 1863; was elected to the legislature of South Carolina in 1866; was a candidate for lieutenant-governor of South Carolina in 1870; received the democratic vote of the South Carolina legislature for United States senator in 1870, receiving 30 votes; was elected to the United States senate; was admitted to his seat December 2, 1877, and was re-elected in 1882 and again in 1889. His term of service expired March 3, 1896. He was appointed major-general of volunteers May 28, 1898.

#### MAJ.-GEN. FITZHUGH LEE.

Maj.-Gen. Fitzhugh Lee was an officer in the confederate army during the civil war. Gen. Lee's record and ancestry are both military. He is a nephew of Gen. Robert E. Lee and a grandson of Col. Henry Lee, the revolutionary commander. He was born at Clermont, Fairfax county, Va., on Nov. 19, 1835, and was graduated at West Point in 1856. He was severely wounded in a fight with Indians, and in May, 1860, he was ordered to report at West Point as instructor of cavalry. At the beginning of the civil war, in 1861, he resigned his commission in the United States army and entered the confederate service. At first he was placed on staff duty and was adjutant-general of Ewell's brigade until September, 1861, when he was made lieutenant-colonel of the 1st Virginia cavalry, and later was promoted to the rank of colonel. In all of the campaigns of northern Virginia he took a prominent part. On July 25, 1862, he was made brigadier-general, and on Sept. 3, 1863, he was appointed major-general. In the battle of Winchester, on Sept. 19, 1864,

three horses were shot under him and he was disabled by a severe wound which kept him from duty for several months. In March, 1865, he was placed in command of the whole cavalry corps of the army of northern Virginia, and a month later he surrendered to Gen. Meade at Farmville, after which he retired to his home in Stafford county. In 1874 he made a speech at Bunker Hill which attracted wide attention. In the winter and spring of 1882-83 he made a tour through the southern states in the interest of the Southern Historical society. In 1885, after a spirited campaign, he was elected governor of Virginia. He was appointed by President Cleveland consul-general at Havana, and held that position until the declaration of war. He was appointed major-general of volunteers May 4, 1898.

#### MAJ.-GEN. J. WARREN KEIFER.

Maj.-Gen. J. Warren Keifer was born in Ohio Jan. 30, 1836, and was educated at Antioch college. He studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1858, served in the union army from 1861 to 1865, rising to the rank of brigadier-general. After the war he resumed the practice of law; was state senator, trustee of Ohio Soldiers' home, trustee of Antioch college and was member of congress from 1877 to 1884, being speaker of the house in the XLVIIIth congress. He was appointed major-general July 8, 1898.

#### MAJ.-GEN. H. S. HAWKINS.

Maj.-Gen. Hamilton S. Hawkins was born in South Carolina. He entered the army as second lieutenant of the 2d infantry April 26, 1861, and was made first lieutenant in May. He was brevetted captain for gallant services at Gettysburg and was made captain in the 6th infantry Sept. 20, 1863. He was brevetted major for services in October, 1865. In 1897 he was colonel of the 20th infantry, commanding Fort Leavenworth, Kansas. He was made major of volunteers July 8, 1898.

#### MAJ.-GEN. H. W. LAWTON.

Maj.-Gen. Henry W. Lawton was born in Ohio and appointed to the army from Indiana. He joined the army as sergeant of company E, 9th Indiana volunteers, in April 1861. He was discharged in July to enter the 30th Indiana regiment as first lieutenant. He became captain May 17, 1862, lieutenant-colonel Feb. 10, 1865, and brevet colonel March 13, 1865. He was mustered out Nov. 25, 1865, and entered the regular army as second lieutenant 41st infantry July 28, 1866, and became captain March 10, 1879. At the beginning of the war he was lieutenant-colonel and was made major-general of volunteers July 8, 1898.

#### MAJ.-GEN. A. B. CHAFFEE.

Maj.-Gen. Adna R. Chaffee is a native of Ohio and entered the army July 22, 1861, as a private in company K, 6th cavalry; was made sergeant Oct. 1, and second lieutenant March 13, 1863. He was brevetted for gallantry at Gettysburg, was regimental adjutant from Nov. 11, 1864, to Dec. 12, 1866, regimental quartermaster Dec. 12, 1866, to 1867, first lieutenant 6th cavalry Feb. 22, 1866, captain Oct. 12, 1867. At the breaking out of the war he was lieutenant-colonel of

the 3d cavalry. He was appointed major-general of volunteers July 8, 1898.

#### MAJ.-GEN. J. C. BATES.

Maj.-Gen. John C. Bates was born in Missouri and was appointed to the army from that state. He was first lieutenant of the 11th infantry May 14, 1861, captain May 1, 1863, and was brevetted lieutenant-colonel for gallant and meritorious services during the operations resulting in the fall of Richmond. When the war began he was colonel of the 3d infantry commanding Fort Keogh, Montana. He was appointed major-general of volunteers July 8, 1898.

#### MAJ.-GEN. J. F. KENT.

Maj.-Gen. Jacob F. Kent is a native of Pennsylvania, and entered the army as second lieutenant of the 3d infantry May 6, 1861. He was promoted to be first lieutenant and lieutenant-colonel and brevetted major for gallantry at Marye's Heights. Became captain of the 3d infantry in 1864 and brevet lieutenant-colonel for gallantry at Spottsylvania and brevet colonel for faithful services in the field. When the war with Spain began he was colonel in the 24th infantry. He was made major-general of volunteers July 8, 1898, and served with the 5th corps in Cuba.

#### MAJ.-GEN. S. B. M. YOUNG.

Maj.-Gen. Samuel B. M. Young is a native of Pennsylvania and entered the service as a private in company K, 12th Pennsylvania volunteers, April 25, 1861. Became captain in 4th Pennsylvania cavalry Sept. 6, 1861, major Sept. 30, 1862, lieutenant-colonel in October, 1864, and colonel Dec. 29, 1864. He won the brevet of brigadier-general in 1865 for gallant services in the campaign against Lee that led to his surrender. He entered the regular army as second lieutenant in May, 1866, became captain in July, 1866, brevet major in March, 1867, and brevet colonel the same month. When the war with Spain began he was colonel of the 3d infantry, and was made major-general July 8, 1898.

#### COL. THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Theodore Roosevelt was born in New York Oct. 27, 1858, and was the son of Cornelius Van Schaick Roosevelt, whose line goes back to mediæval times in Dutch history. Young Roosevelt was graduated from Harvard in 1880, when 21 years old, and in the following year was elected to the assembly from New York city. During his second term he became the leader of the party in the assembly, and since then has never held an elective office. He was chairman of the New York delegation to the national convention which nominated Blaine for president in 1884. He was opposed to Mr. Blaine's nomination, but after he had failed to prevent it he was hearty in support of the candidate. In 1886 he was a candidate for mayor of New York, but ran behind both Hewitt (dem.) and Henry George (single tax). He was appointed a member of the civil-service commission by President Harrison and was retained by President Cleveland. He served until his appointment to the police commission of New York city in 1895. His nomination as assistant secretary of the navy was made by President McKinley on April 6, 1896. To

the vigor of his administration of this office many naval officers ascribe no small part of the nation's readiness for the war with Spain. His insistence on target practice has been praised throughout the service. On April 25, 1898, he accepted the offer of a lieutenant-colonelcy in the 1st volunteer cavalry regiment, known as Roosevelt's "rough riders," and served with great distinction in the operations against Santiago. On the 27th of September, 1898, he was nominated by the republicans of New York as their candidate for governor. Theodore Roosevelt is a writer and lecturer of considerable renown. His "History of the Naval War in 1812," "lives of "Gouverneur Morris" and "Thomas H. Benton," "The Hunting Trips of a Ranchman," "Ranch Life and the Hunting Trail," "The Wilderness Hunter" and other works bear a high reputation. His ability as a sportsman and rancher are also well known and admired by many who care but little for politics. In November, 1898, he was elected by the republicans governor of New York.

#### COL. JAMES A. SEXTON.

Col. Sexton, commander G. A. R. was born in the city of Chicago on the 5th day of January, 1844, and enlisted on the 19th day of April, 1861, as a private soldier. After three months' service he re-enlisted in the 67th regiment Illinois infantry volunteers, and was commissioned a first lieutenant in company E. He was later transferred to the 72d regiment Illinois volunteers and was made captain of company D. He served in Ransome's brigade, McArthur's division, 17th army corps, of the army of the Tennessee, and participated in nearly all its campaigns, sieges and battles. As a regimental commander he fought his regiment in the battles of Columbia, Duck River, Spring Hill, Franklin and Nashville, and throughout the Nashville campaign. In 1866 he was assigned to duty on the staff of Maj.-Gen. A. J. Smith, the commander of the 16th army corps, and remained with Smith until the end of the war, when he was honorably discharged from the service in August, 1865. Upon the assault and capture of the Spanish fort, Mobile, Ala., April 8, 1865, he had his left leg broken below the knee by a piece of shell. He was slightly wounded at the battle of Franklin and painfully wounded at the battle of Nashville. After the war he remained two years in Alabama, working a plantation he had purchased near the city of Montgomery. In 1867 he returned to Chicago and founded the firm of J. A. & T. S. Sexton. In 1872, after the Chicago fire, this firm was succeeded by Cribben, Sexton & Co., and is still in business. President Harrison made him postmaster of Chicago in April, 1889. He was retained by President Cleveland until he resigned, Jan. 1, 1895. He is an active worker in the Grand Army, the Military Order of the Loyal Legion and other soldier and army societies. He is a past commander of the department of Illinois, G. A. R. At the present time he is president of the board of trustees of the Illinois State Soldiers and Sailors' home, located at Quincy. He has been a presidential elector, a Lincoln park commissioner, a colonel in the Illinois national guard, and has held several positions of honor and responsibility in the state, being one of the commissioners appointed by the president to investigate the conduct of the war.

## INDIAN SCHOOLS.

Enrollment and average attendance at Indian schools, 1897 and 1898; also number of schools in 1898.

KIND OF SCHOOL.	ENROLLMENT.			AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.			Number of schools.
	1897.	1898.	Increase.	1897.	1898.	Increase.	
Government schools—							
Non-reservation boarding..	5,723	6,175	452	4,787	5,347	560	25
Reservation boarding.....	8,112	8,877	765	6,855	7,553	677	75
Day.....	4,768	4,847	79	3,284	3,286	52	142
Total.....	18,603	19,899	1,296	14,876	16,185	1,299	242
Contract schools—							
Boarding.....	2,579	2,509	*70	2,313	2,245	*68	†29
Day.....	208	96	*112	142	68	*74	3
Boarding, specially appropriated for.....	371	394	23	330	326	*4	2
Total.....	3,158	2,999	*159	2,785	2,639	*146	34
Public.....	303	315	12	194	183	*11	(†)
Mission, boarding.....	813	737	*76	741	682	*79	17
Mission, day.....	87	51	*35	80	22	*58	2
Aggregate.....	22,964	24,004	1,040	18,676	19,671	995	226

\*Decrease. †Three schools transferred to the government, and contracts made for two schools which were paid by vouchers in previous year. ‡Thirty-one public schools in which pupils are taught not enumerated here. §These schools are conducted by religious societies, some of which receive from the government for the Indian children therein such rations and clothing as the children are entitled to as reservation Indians.

## \*NUMBER OF INDIAN SCHOOLS AND AVERAGE ATTENDANCE FROM 1877 TO 1898.

YEAR.	BOARDING SCHOOLS.		DAY SCHOOLS.		TOTAL.	
	No.	Av. attendance	No.	Av. attendance	No.	Av. attendance
1877.....	48	.....	102	.....	150	2,898
1878.....	49	.....	119	.....	168	4,143
1879.....	52	.....	107	.....	159	4,458
1880.....	60	.....	109	.....	169	4,651
1881.....	68	.....	105	.....	174	4,996
1882.....	71	3,077	76	1,637	147	4,714
1883.....	80	3,738	88	1,956	168	5,695
1884.....	87	4,723	98	2,237	185	6,960
1885.....	114	6,301	86	1,942	200	8,243
1886.....	115	7,390	99	2,370	214	9,760
1887.....	117	8,020	110	2,500	227	10,520
1888.....	125	8,705	107	2,715	233	11,420
1889.....	126	9,146	108	2,406	234	11,552
1890.....	140	9,895	106	2,267	246	12,162
1891.....	146	11,425	110	2,163	256	13,588
1892.....	149	12,422	126	2,745	275	15,167
1893.....	156	13,635	119	2,698	275	16,333
1894.....	157	14,457	115	2,639	272	17,096
1895.....	157	15,051	126	3,127	283	18,178
1896.....	156	15,683	140	3,579	296	19,262
1897.....	145	15,026	143	3,650	288	18,676
1898.....	148	16,112	147	3,525	295	19,636

\*Some of the figures in this table as printed prior to 1895 were taken from reports of the superintendent of Indian schools. As revised, they are all taken from the reports of the commissioner of Indian affairs. Prior to 1882 the figures include the New York schools.

Indian children attending public schools are included in the average attendance, but the schools are not included in the number of schools.

## NON-RESERVATION INDIAN TRAINING SCHOOLS.

Location, average attendance, capacity, etc., during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1898.

LOCATION OF SCHOOL.	Date of opening.	No. of employees	Rate per annum.	Capacity	Enrollment.	Av. attendance
Carlisle, Pa.	Nov. 1, 1879	82	\$167	800	961	851
Chemawa, Ore.	Feb. 25, 1880	57	187	400	254	390
Chilocco, O. T.	Jan. 15, 1881	65	187	450	381	271
Genoa, Neb.	Feb. 20, 1884	41	187	350	298	277
Albuquerque, N. M.	August, 1884	84	167	800	312	302
Haskell Institute, Lawrence, Kas.	Sept. 1, 1884	67	167	800	553	463
Grand Junction, Col.	1886	23	167	170	171	158
Santa Fe, N. M.	October, 1880	60	167	200	200	210
Fort Mojave, Ariz.	October, 1880	23	167	150	156	151
Carson, Nev.	Dec., 1880	24	167	150	162	144
Pierre, S. D.	Feb., 1891	17	167	150	173	146
Phoenix, Ariz.	Sept., 1891	60	167	400	490	418
Fort Lewis, Col.	March, 1892	44	167	300	314	285
Fort Shaw, Mont.	Dec. 27, 1892	40	167	250	300	280
Perris, Cal.	Jan. 9, 1893	22	167	150	180	171
Flandreau, S. D.	Mar. 7, 1893	37	167	200	304	204
Pipestone, Minn.	Feb., 1893	19	167	90	150	102
Mount Pleasant, Mich.	Jan. 3, 1893	26	167	160	166	150
Tomah, Wis.	Jan. 19, 1893	30	167	125	146	114
Wittenberg, Calif.	Aug. 24, 1893	19	167	130	138	116
Greenville, Calif.	Sept. 25, 1893	6	167	50	57	36
Morris, Minn.	April 3, 1897	15	167	100	92	79
Clontarf, Minn.	April 4, 1897	8	167	80	43	33
Chamberlain, S. D.	March, 1898	10	167	80	37	36
Fort Bidwell, Cal.	April 4, 1898	5	167	150	24	21
Total		880		5,885	6,175	5,347

\*1,500 with outing system. †Previously a contract school.

## INDIAN SCHOOLS UNDER PRIVATE CONTROL.

The amount of money set apart for these institutions for the year ending June 30, 1899, as well as in preceding years, is shown by the following table:

	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.
Roman catholic	\$875,845	\$899,745	\$866,215	\$808,471	\$198,228	\$156,754	\$116,892
Presbyterian	30,080	36,340	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Congregational	25,736	10,825	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Episcopal	4,880	7,020	7,120	2,160	.....	.....	.....
Friends	10,020	10,020	10,020	3,125	.....	.....	.....
Mennonite	3,750	3,750	3,750	.....	.....	.....	.....
Unitarian	5,400	5,400	5,400	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lutheran, Wittenberg, Wis.	15,120	15,120	15,120	.....	.....	.....	.....
Methodist	.....	.....	.....	600	.....	.....	.....
Mrs. L. H. Daggett	6,480	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Miss Howard	2,500	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,500	.....	.....
Approp'n for Lincoln Inst'n.	33,400	33,400	33,400	33,400	33,400	33,400	33,400
Approp'n for Hampton Ins'te.	20,040	20,040	20,040	20,040	20,040	20,040	20,040
Woman's Nat. Indian Ass'n.	.....	2,040	4,520	.....	.....	.....	.....
Point Iroquois, Mich.	.....	900	900	.....	600	600	.....
Plum Creek, Leslie, S. D.	.....	.....	1,620	.....	.....	.....	.....
John Roberts	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,160	2,160	2,160
Total	583,241	537,000	463,506	370,796	267,928	212,954	172,462

In these schools there are 1,439 pupils.

Besides these there are government reservation boarding schools with a capacity of 8,526 pupils, government day schools with a capacity of 5,164 pupils, and 340 Indian pupils in the various public schools in California, Idaho, Michigan, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Utah, Washington and Wisconsin. Upon the subject of co-education the commissioner of Indian affairs says: "The plan of placing Indian children in the public schools of the country for the purpose of co-education of the races, conceived in 1890, does not appear to meet

with much success. Last year (1897) there was a decrease of 100 pupils from the previous year, and this year's (1898) report also shows a small decrease. Although the contract rate of \$10 per capita a quarter on the average attendance was thought sufficiently stimulating to induce the public-school authorities to increase the number of these Indian scholars, the experiment has not been the success anticipated. More decided efforts will be exerted during the fiscal year 1899 and the value and practicability of the system fully tested."

## APPROPRIATIONS FOR INDIAN SCHOOLS—1877-99.

Annual appropriations made by the government since the fiscal year 1877 for the support of the Indian schools.

YEAR.	Appropriation.	Per cent increase.	YEAR.	Appropriation.	Per cent increase.
1877	\$30,000		1889	\$1,348,015	14
1878	30,000	50	1890	1,364,568	1
1879	100,000	233	1891	1,495,545	9
1880	75,000	25	1892	2,291,630	53
1881	75,000		1893	2,315,612	2.4
1882	135,000	80	1894	2,243,497	-3.5
1883	487,300	260	1895	2,060,635	-8.57
1884	675,300	38	1896	2,066,515	.2
1885	992,800	47	1897	2,517,365	22.45
1886	1,100,065	10	1898	2,631,771	4.54
1887	1,211,445	10	1899	2,638,390	.025
1888	1,119,916	-8.6			

\* Decrease.

## BALANCE OF TRADE.

Statement of imports and exports from 1845 to 1898, showing the excess of each.

YEAR ENDING JUNE 30.	EXPORTS.			IMPORTS.			EXCESS OF TOTAL.	
	Merchandise.	Gold and Silver.	Total.	Merchandise.	Gold and Silver.	Total.	Exports.	Imports.
1845	\$100,040,111	\$8,406,496	\$114,646,606	\$113,184,322	\$4,070,242	\$117,254,564	\$2,607,968	\$2,607,968
1846	109,883,218	3,305,296	113,888,514	117,304,638	5,777,732	123,082,370	8,206,856	8,206,856
1847	166,741,508	1,407,024	168,648,532	122,424,444	24,191,284	146,615,728	\$12,102,804	\$12,102,804
1848	138,100,515	13,811,615	151,912,130	148,638,654	6,341,284	154,979,938	6,000,195	6,000,195
1849	140,851,172	5,404,948	146,256,120	141,204,159	6,651,240	147,855,409	2,101,611	2,101,611
1850	144,375,724	7,522,190	151,897,914	173,509,525	4,628,732	178,138,257	26,259,568	26,259,568
1851	168,915,250	29,472,752	218,888,002	210,771,429	5,453,503	216,224,932	2,163,079	2,163,079
1852	166,984,251	42,674,135	209,658,386	207,440,388	5,505,044	212,945,432	8,287,005	8,287,005
1853	203,482,282	27,496,875	230,979,157	203,777,265	4,201,382	207,978,647	\$27,000,480	\$27,000,480
1854	227,043,764	41,281,504	278,325,268	257,803,704	6,039,342	263,843,046	\$20,417,882	\$20,417,882
1855	218,909,303	56,247,343	275,156,646	257,808,708	8,650,812	266,459,520	18,697,126	18,697,126
1856	281,219,423	45,745,484	326,964,907	310,432,310	4,307,632	314,739,942	12,224,965	12,224,965
1857	368,829,790	69,139,322	437,969,112	348,426,312	12,461,739	360,888,051	2,070,511	2,070,511
1858	272,011,274	29,635,117	301,646,391	293,338,416	19,274,486	312,612,902	42,001,271	42,001,271
1859	292,942,161	65,987,411	358,929,572	330,333,411	38,588,130	368,921,541	18,018,031	18,018,031
1860	331,570,157	66,546,239	398,116,396	333,616,119	8,530,153	342,146,272	\$55,970,124	\$55,970,124
1861	229,558,853	29,791,081	259,349,934	289,310,542	4,337,611	293,648,153	66,300,560	66,300,560
1862	310,670,501	36,887,670	347,558,171	389,566,677	16,415,162	405,981,839	21,786,412	21,786,412
1863	265,964,447	61,156,611	327,121,058	243,885,815	9,584,165	253,470,000	15,201,158	15,201,158
1864	338,837,388	105,286,541	444,123,929	316,447,283	13,115,612	329,562,895	60,325,366	60,325,366
1865	366,829,303	67,644,293	434,473,596	238,745,680	9,810,072	248,555,752	14,888,775	14,888,775
1866	348,829,322	86,044,071	434,873,393	431,812,090	10,700,022	442,512,112	10,008,565	10,008,565
1867	340,306,141	60,968,372	401,274,513	365,601,044	22,070,475	387,671,519	62,457,068	62,457,068
1868	281,362,899	63,784,102	345,147,001	357,436,480	14,188,368	371,624,848	4,112,152	4,112,152
1869	266,117,935	57,136,889	323,254,824	345,366,373	19,807,839	365,174,212	94,058,178	94,058,178
1870	322,771,598	59,145,690	381,917,288	445,938,408	25,419,179	471,357,587	11,450,158	11,450,158
1871	442,820,178	78,796,737	521,616,915	520,223,681	21,270,024	541,493,705	63,227	63,227
1872	444,137,684	79,977,434	524,115,118	626,566,077	13,743,688	640,309,765	118,283,666	118,283,666
1873	522,479,522	84,606,374	607,085,896	642,120,210	21,480,087	663,600,297	56,528,651	56,528,651
1874	586,283,040	66,630,405	652,913,445	597,406,343	28,454,905	625,861,248	57,052,197	57,052,197
1875	513,442,711	92,132,142	605,574,853	533,005,436	20,900,717	553,906,153	51,668,700	51,668,700
1876	540,384,671	56,506,302	596,890,973	460,741,130	15,939,691	476,680,821	120,210,152	120,210,152
1877	602,475,220	56,162,237	658,637,457	451,623,125	40,774,414	492,397,540	166,239,917	166,239,917
1878	604,865,766	53,404,125	658,269,891	437,051,322	29,821,314	466,872,636	191,397,255	191,397,255
1879	710,439,441	24,957,441	735,396,882	447,777,775	30,206,000	477,983,775	257,413,107	257,413,107
1880	833,628,658	17,142,919	850,771,577	667,354,749	36,034,310	703,389,059	91,792,521	91,792,521
1881	927,377,596	12,408,847	939,786,443	734,000,722	110,575,357	844,576,079	95,209,364	95,209,364
1882	740,542,257	49,417,458	789,959,715	724,680,574	42,472,389	767,152,963	\$22,806,751	\$22,806,751
1883	823,889,322	31,820,833	855,710,155	728,150,914	28,480,891	756,631,805	109,078,350	109,078,350
1884	740,513,069	67,153,883	807,666,952	697,037,633	37,426,282	734,463,915	123,203,037	123,203,037
1885	712,189,755	42,231,525	754,421,280	577,327,620	43,242,323	620,569,943	133,851,337	133,851,337
1886	779,594,830	72,463,410	852,058,240	635,439,190	38,593,856	674,033,046	177,965,194	177,965,194
1887	718,183,211	35,207,691	753,390,902	692,319,768	60,170,732	752,490,500	809,402	809,402
1888	625,964,507	46,414,183	672,378,690	728,957,114	58,357,958	787,315,072	106,413,975	106,413,975
1889	742,401,375	66,644,632	809,046,007	745,131,652	28,963,073	774,094,725	64,941,182	64,941,182
1890	857,828,681	32,148,420	889,977,101	789,310,409	35,976,328	825,286,737	64,690,364	64,690,364
1891	843,490,810	108,363,642	951,854,452	806,434,196	36,256,447	842,690,643	109,163,809	109,163,809
1892	930,278,148	183,063,886	1,113,342,034	827,402,462	69,654,540	897,057,002	216,285,032	216,285,032
1893	947,085,194	119,418,123	1,066,503,317	895,400,722	44,307,633	939,708,355	126,794,962	126,794,962
1894	862,143,547	127,479,228	989,622,775	845,065,151	55,735,671	900,800,822	78,821,953	78,821,953
1895	907,538,163	113,358,500	1,020,896,663	781,969,965	44,692,254	826,662,219	194,234,444	194,234,444
1896	882,600,568	172,651,017	1,055,251,585	779,724,674	62,502,251	842,226,925	213,024,660	213,024,660
1897	1,030,935,566	102,308,218	1,133,243,784	764,730,412	115,548,001	880,278,413	252,965,371	252,965,371
1898	1,231,482,330	70,511,659	1,301,993,989	616,030,454	151,319,455	767,349,909	534,644,080	534,644,080

## STATE BANKS, JANUARY 1, 1898.

STATE.	No. of banks.	Loans and discounts.	Capital.	Deposits.	STATE.	No. of banks.	Loans and discounts.	Capital.	Deposits.
Alabama.....	11	\$1,575,081	\$751,900	\$951,609	Nevada.....	3	\$479,279	\$323,200	\$461,671
Arkansas.....	32	2,785,395	1,342,955	2,785,129	New Hampshire.....	21	7,507,962	1,785,490	6,890,725
Arizona.....	7	589,453	237,600	1,045,377	New Jersey.....	6	522,910	241,700	798,276
California.....	173	71,000,323	35,507,600	60,278,406	New Mexico.....	218	173,289,655	30,730,700	183,959,174
Colorado.....	32	3,500,455	2,000,000	4,854,955	New York.....	45	4,537,380	2,046,870	3,412,841
Connecticut.....	8	5,134,287	2,240,000	4,672,211	North Carolina.....	73	2,767,030	1,068,000	2,508,429
Delaware.....	1	1,749,721	680,000	1,119,044	North Dakota.....	131	37,620,591	10,814,300	37,017,300
Dist. of Colum.	21	1,591,270	800,150	1,607,218	Ohio.....	17	1,149,065	485,650	916,740
Florida.....	41	8,785,980	3,926,300	6,380,352	Oregon.....	49	1,006,470	413,329	1,450,142
Georgia.....	5	121,782	61,800	372,729	Pennsylvania.....	87	32,488,988	8,730,870	43,140,573
Idaho.....	104	22,005,286	7,265,600	20,038,236	Rhode Island.....	6	1,115,837	918,675	752,436
Illinois.....	196	9,944,127	4,875,900	9,970,813	South Carolina.....	157	2,263,313	917,700	1,251,674
Indiana.....	206	19,988,145	9,135,700	16,867,239	South Dakota.....	51	3,586,000	2,085,235	4,138,473
Iowa.....	377	15,700,449	7,494,630	17,828,596	Tennessee.....	4	5,234,642	2,585,937	5,241,765
Kansas.....	190	32,237,538	15,546,739	25,008,521	Texas.....	8	880,926	686,800	646,181
Kentucky.....	20	5,845,822	2,413,150	5,942,957	Utah.....	85	17,082,039	5,817,164	15,078,803
Louisiana.....	12	3,060,740	1,180,670	3,001,625	Vermont.....	32	2,370,034	1,862,330	2,005,390
Maine.....	145	16,940,007	6,196,320	16,722,135	Washington.....	130	10,433,391	3,367,210	10,635,845
Maryland.....	83	8,518,828	3,881,225	7,673,246	West Virginia.....	5	190,823	72,000	192,722
Massachusetts.....	500	60,592,418	20,057,450	66,830,544	Wyoming.....	1422	410,086,562	148,557,367	447,905,655
Michigan.....	7	914,949	405,000	959,019					
Minnesota.....	414	14,602,808	8,233,026	10,144,555					
Mississippi.....									
Missouri.....									
Montana.....									
Nebraska.....									

\*Includes private banks.

## ELECTORAL VOTE IN 1896.

The electoral vote as declared by congress Jan. 11, 1897, was as follows:

STATES.	PRESIDENT.		VICE-PRESIDENT.		STATES.	PRESIDENT.		VICE-PRESIDENT.	
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Hobart.	Sewell.		McKinley.	Bryan.	Hobart.	Sewell.
Alabama.....	11	.....	11	.....	Nevada.....	3	.....	3	.....
Arkansas.....	3	.....	3	.....	New Hampshire.....	4	.....	4	.....
California.....	8	.....	8	.....	New Jersey.....	10	.....	10	.....
Colorado.....	4	.....	4	.....	New York.....	36	.....	36	.....
Connecticut.....	6	.....	6	.....	North Carolina.....	11	.....	11	.....
Delaware.....	3	.....	3	.....	Ohio.....	23	.....	23	.....
Florida.....	4	.....	4	.....	Oregon.....	4	.....	4	.....
Georgia.....	13	.....	13	.....	Pennsylvania.....	32	.....	32	.....
Idaho.....	3	.....	3	.....	Rhode Island.....	4	.....	4	.....
Illinois.....	24	.....	24	.....	South Carolina.....	9	.....	9	.....
Indiana.....	15	.....	15	.....	South Dakota.....	4	.....	4	.....
Iowa.....	13	.....	13	.....	Tennessee.....	12	.....	12	.....
Kansas.....	10	.....	10	.....	Texas.....	15	.....	15	.....
Kentucky.....	12	.....	12	.....	Utah.....	3	.....	3	.....
Louisiana.....	1	.....	1	.....	Vermont.....	4	.....	4	.....
Maine.....	6	.....	6	.....	Virginia.....	12	.....	12	.....
Maryland.....	8	.....	8	.....	Washington.....	4	.....	4	.....
Massachusetts.....	15	.....	15	.....	West Virginia.....	6	.....	6	.....
Michigan.....	14	.....	14	.....	Wisconsin.....	12	.....	12	.....
Minnesota.....	9	.....	9	.....	Wyoming.....	3	.....	3	.....
Mississippi.....	9	.....	9	.....					
Missouri.....	17	.....	17	.....					
Montana.....	3	.....	3	.....					
Nebraska.....	8	.....	8	.....					
					Total.....	271	176	271	146

## VACANT PUBLIC LAND.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	UNAPPROPRIATED AND UNSERVED.			Reserved. Acres.	Appropriated. Acres.	Total land surface. Acres.
	Surveyed. Acres.	Unsurveyed. Acres.	Total. Acres.			
Alabama.....	522,373		522,373	86,240	82,049,297	22,659,000
Arizona.....	11,990,820	42,438,208	54,369,023	12,738,022	5,885,455	71,792,500
Arkansas.....	3,695,990		3,695,990	1,920	29,944,590	33,540,500
California.....	84,272,434	8,290,569	42,508,023	16,189,170	40,698,960	99,251,053
Colorado.....	86,273,706	4,484,846	39,705,551	6,225,533	20,432,566	65,380,650
Florida.....	1,562,986	164,882	1,727,875	19,840	33,487,265	35,364,500
Idaho.....	11,368,786	32,986,163	44,307,949	1,939,839	6,882,833	82,536,300
Indian Territory.....				19,575,040		19,575,040
Iowa.....					53,228,910	35,228,910
Kansas.....	1,000,838		1,000,838	987,875	50,374,242	52,362,000
Louisiana.....	600,577	65,019	765,545	1,474,894	26,062,607	28,298,186
Michigan.....	545,895		545,895	87,746	26,225,350	26,819,080
Minnesota.....	3,240,498	2,473,828	5,714,326	4,968,409	40,088,705	51,699,440
Mississippi.....	393,050		393,050		20,301,000	20,694,050
Missouri.....	445,911		445,911		43,391,090	43,794,000
Montana.....	16,992,867	54,674,779	71,667,646	11,424,218	19,227,801	95,294,730
Nebraska.....	30,548,450		30,548,450	70,522	38,618,367	49,166,829
Nevada.....	29,179,480	82,179,128	61,838,400	5,093,409	2,994,489	79,129,500
New Mexico.....	42,990,738	13,917,043	56,877,835	6,029,148	15,298,732	73,197,005
North Dakota.....	11,517,278	8,857,376	20,574,613	3,060,010	21,777,794	44,502,957
Oklahoma.....	7,064,382	2,890	7,067,272	7,207,190	10,528,281	24,738,683
Oregon.....	24,065,788	11,802,106	35,867,894	5,407,702	20,200,647	61,626,715
South Dakota.....	10,890,284	2,092,543	12,982,826	10,022,008	24,534,223	45,199,545
Utah.....	9,816,110	84,121,795	43,367,846	5,383,487	3,296,697	59,890,000
Washington.....	5,819,428	8,128,154	13,447,582	11,131,845	18,110,157	42,694,024
Wisconsin.....	413,199		413,199	565,553	34,495,848	35,374,000
Wyoming.....	42,946,064	6,186,909	49,081,263	8,171,043	5,180,694	62,333,000
Grand total.....	516,716,303	262,651,971	579,368,274	139,516,276	637,339,423	1,356,223,972

This aggregate is exclusive of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. In which, if any public land remains, it consists of a few small, isolated tracts. Alaska, which contains about 577,300 square miles, or 369,529,600 acres of land, mostly unsurveyed and unappropriated, is also excluded.

## VACANT LANDS IN DESERT-LAND STATES AND TERRITORIES.

STATES.	Total area. Acres.	Desert and grazing. Acres.	Barren, irreclaim- able wastes. Acres.	Woodland and forest. Acres.	Estimated water sup- ply to reclaim. Acres.
Arizona.....	54,369,023	29,947,000	15,000,000	9,522,023	2,000,000
California.....	42,508,023	19,879,000	19,000,000	8,628,023	17,000,000
Colorado.....	29,179,480	27,908,000		11,900,551	8,000,000
Idaho.....	44,307,949	17,475,000		26,732,949	7,000,000
Montana.....	71,667,646	49,008,000		22,579,646	11,000,000
Nevada.....	61,838,400	38,506,000	20,000,000	2,832,000	2,000,000
New Mexico.....	56,877,835	46,883,000		9,994,835	4,000,000
North Dakota.....	20,574,613	20,402,000		172,613	500,000
Oregon.....	35,867,894	17,007,000		18,860,894	3,000,000
South Dakota.....	12,982,826	12,073,000		909,826	1,000,000
Utah.....	43,367,846	16,519,000	10,000,000	17,618,846	4,000,000
Washington.....	13,447,582	8,847,000		9,598,582	3,000,000
Wyoming.....	49,081,263	35,000,000	5,000,000	11,073,263	9,000,000
Total.....	545,549,635	332,176,000	69,000,000	145,873,655	71,500,000

Of the three hundred and odd million acres of desert lands requiring irrigation to render them valuable farm lands, the available water supply is sufficient for but 71,500,000 acres, thus leaving an estimated area of 260,076,000 acres suitable only for grazing purposes.

## FOREST RESERVATIONS.

On March 1, 1898, the lands embraced in the eleven forest reservations which were suspended by the act of June 4, 1897, again became subject to the operation of the proclamations of Feb. 22, 1897, creating them, which added an estimated amount of 19,951,360 acres to the area embraced in the reserves previously created. In addition to this, two new reserves have

been created during the year 1898—the Pine Mountain and Zaca Lake Reserve in California, embracing an area of 1,644,594 acres, and the Prescott Reserve in Arizona, embracing 10,240 acres; and the boundaries of the Pecos River Reserve in New Mexico have been changed and enlarged to include 120,000 additional acres. There are, consequently, now

## DOMESTIC PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER.

235

30 forest reservations (exclusive of the Afognak Forest and Fish Culture Reserve in Alaska) created by presidential proclamation

under section 24 of the act of March 3, 1891, embracing an estimated area of 40,719,474 acres, as follows:

NAMES OF RESERVATIONS.	Dates of proclamations creating reservations.	Estimated area in acres.
ALASKA—Afognak Forest and Fish Culture Reserve. (Reserved under sections 24 and 14, act March 3, 1891.)	Dec. 24, 1892	Not ascertained.
ARIZONA—Grand Canyon Forest Reserve	Feb. 20, 1893	1,851,590
The Prescott Forest Reserve	May 10, 1893	10,246
CALIFORNIA—San Gabriel Timber Land Reserve	Dec. 20, 1892	555,520
Sierra Forest Reserve	Feb. 14, 1893	4,008,000
San Bernardino Forest Reserve	Feb. 25, 1893	737,280
Trabuco Canyon Forest Reserve	do.	49,920
The Stanislaus Forest Reserve	Feb. 23, 1897	691,200
The San Jacinto Forest Reserve	do.	737,280
The Pine Mountain and Zaca Lake Forest Reserve	Mar. 2, 1898	1,644,504
COLORADO—White River Plateau Timber Land Reserve	June 23, 1895	1,198,080
Pike's Peak Timber Land Reserve	Oct. 16, 1891	134,320
Plum Creek Timber Land Reserve	Feb. 11, 1892	179,200
The South Platte Forest Reserve	Mar. 13, 1892	683,520
Battlement Mesa Forest Reserve	June 23, 1892	868,240
IDAHO AND MONTANA—The Bitter Root Forest Reserve	Dec. 9, 1892	4,147,200
IDAHO AND WASHINGTON—The Priest River Forest Reserve	Dec. 24, 1892	645,120
MONTANA—The Flathead Forest Reserve	Feb. 22, 1897	1,332,400
The Lewis and Clarke Forest Reserve	do.	2,298,080
NEW MEXICO—The Pecos River Forest Reserve	do.	431,040
OREGON—Bull Run Timber Land Reserve	Jan. 11, 1892	143,080
The Cascade Range Forest Reserve	May 27, 1893	4,492,800
Ashland Forest Reserve	June 17, 1892	18,560
SOUTH DAKOTA—The Black Hills Forest Reserve	Sept. 28, 1893	967,680
UTAH—The Uintah Forest Reserve	do.	875,520
WASHINGTON—The Washington Forest Reserve	Feb. 22, 1897	3,564,240
The Olympic Forest Reserve	do.	2,138,800
The Mount Rainier Forest Reserve. (Includes the Pacific Forest Reserve, created Feb. 20, 1893, embracing an area of 967,680 acres.)	do.	2,234,880
WYOMING—Yellowstone National Park Timber Land Reserve	Mar. 30, 1891	1,239,040
The Big Horn Forest Reserve	Sept. 10, 1891	1,127,680
The Teton Forest Reserve	Feb. 23, 1897	820,440

## DOMESTIC PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER BY STATES AND TERRITORIES.

For the calendar year 1896, as estimated by the Director of the U. S. Mint.

	GOLD.		SILVER.		
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coinage val.	Total value.
Alabama	275	\$5,700			\$5,700
Alaska	99,444	2,055,700	145,300	\$187,993	2,243,693
Arizona	125,978	2,804,200	1,918,000	2,473,973	5,077,573
California	737,086	15,235,800	600,600	776,533	16,012,333
Colorado	721,320	14,911,000	22,573,000	29,186,230	44,096,230
Georgia	7,305	151,000	600	776	151,776
Idaho	104,283	2,155,200	5,149,800	6,658,457	8,813,757
Iowa	48	1,000			1,000
Maryland	15	300			300
Michigan	1,800	37,200	59,000	76,288	113,488
Minnesota	39	800			800
Montana	209,207	4,324,700	15,737,500	21,640,404	25,965,104
Nevada	119,404	2,483,200	1,048,700	1,355,896	3,839,096
New Mexico	28,017	475,900	987,900	889,277	1,365,077
North Carolina	2,143	44,300	500	646	44,946
Oregon	60,517	1,261,000	61,100	78,998	1,339,998
South Carolina	3,022	63,300	300	388	63,688
South Dakota	240,414	4,969,800	229,500	296,727	5,266,527
Tennessee	15	300			300
Texas	387	8,000	525,400	679,305	687,305
Utah	91,908	1,899,900	8,827,600	11,413,463	13,313,363
Vermont	48	1,000			1,000
Virginia	109	2,500			2,500
Washington	19,626	405,700	274,900	355,426	761,126
Wyoming	692	14,300	100	129	14,429
Total	2,568,132	53,088,000	56,881,800	76,069,286	129,157,286

## CLIMATOLOGY OF THE UNITED STATES.

The following table of average rainfall, highest and lowest temperatures, based upon observations of twenty-seven or less years, at selected stations in the several states and territories of the United States, was compiled from the records of the weather bureau for the Chicago Daily News Almanac by the United States weather office at Chicago, Ill. :

STATIONS.	No. of years.	TEMPERATURE.				STATIONS.	No. of years.	TEMPERATURE.				Average precipitation.	
		Maximum.	Year.	Minimum.	Year.			Maximum.	Year.	Minimum.	Year.		
Alabama—Mobile.....	27	101	1883	11	1886	62.6	Montana—Helena.....	18	103	1886	-42	1892	13.2
Montgomery.....	26	107	1881	99	1885	62.7	Humboldt.....	22	105	1887	-55	1888	14.1
Arizona—Fort Grant.....	13	103	1879	22	1887	111.7	Nepawa—North Platte.....	23	107	1877	-65	1888	18.2
Yuma.....	22	118	1878	22	1883	16.3	Omaha.....	19	104	1887	-62	1884	81.7
Arkansas—Little Rock.....	19	105	1886	-6	1886	53.6	Nevada—Winnemucca.....	19	99	1877	-88	1889	8.5
California—San Francisco.....	36	101	1881	29	1888	23.7	New Hampshire—Manchester.....	8	97	1888	-11	1889	39.5
San Diego.....	36	101	1883	23	1881	10.5	New Jersey—Atlantic City.....	24	99	1880	-17	1880	41.2
Colorado—Denver.....	26	105	1878	29	1875	14.5	New York—Albany.....	24	96	1884	-18	1875	57.9
Pueblo.....	9	103	1885	34	1891	12.1	Rochester.....	27	99	1884	-12	1873	34.8
Connecticut—New Haven.....	25	100	1881	-14	1873	47.9	New Mexico—Fort Stanton.....	10	96	1886	-18	1887	19.0
Dist. Columbia—Washington.....	104	104	1881	-14	1881	43.5	Santa Fe.....	25	97	1878	-13	1885	14.2
Florida—Jacksonville.....	27	101	1887	11	1884	61.1	North Carolina—Charlotte.....	19	102	1887	-5	1890	51.9
Key West.....	100	100	1887	41	1886	78.5	Winnington.....	27	103	1879	-9	1884	18.4
Georgia—Atlanta.....	19	100	1887	12	1886	62.0	North Dakota—Bismarck.....	25	105	1879	-44	1887	15.4
Idaho—Coeur d'Alene.....	105	105	1887	12	1886	21.9	Fort Buford.....	27	101	1881	-12	1888	30.2
Illinois—Chicago.....	105	105	1887	12	1886	32.8	Oregon (Cincinnati).....	27	101	1881	-12	1887	36.8
Springfield.....	18	102	1879	-22	1884	38.0	Oregon—Portland.....	30	102	1881	-7	1888	46.8
Indiana—Indianapolis.....	27	101	1887	-25	1881	43.0	Roseburg.....	30	104	1884	-6	1888	35.2
Oklahoma—Oklahoma City.....	19	104	1884	11	1882	33.3	Pennsylvania—Philadelphia.....	27	102	1881	-5	1889	30.9
Iowa—Des Moines.....	19	104	1886	-30	1884	51.0	Pittsburg.....	27	102	1881	-12	1889	36.7
Kansas—Lawrence.....	23	108	1886	-30	1883	19.8	Rhode Island—Block Island.....	18	98	1881	-1	1882	44.2
Dodge City.....	23	108	1886	-30	1883	19.8	South Carolina—Charleston.....	27	104	1879	-10	1886	56.7
Kentucky—Louisville.....	105	105	1881	-30	1884	45.5	South Dakota—Rapid City.....	12	104	1881	-40	1883	16.7
Louisiana—New Orleans.....	36	104	1884	15	1887	60.5	Yankton.....	23	103	1888	-34	1879	26.8
Marine—Baton Rouge.....	26	105	1874	18	1884	48.2	Tennessee—Knoxville.....	27	100	1885	-16	1884	51.0
Portland.....	91	104	1884	-21	1884	45.2	Memphis.....	27	102	1881	-4	1884	51.0
Maryland—Baltimore.....	102	102	1887	-6	1881	43.6	Texas—Austin.....	12	110	1886	-11	1888	25.0
Massachusetts—Boston.....	37	101	1881	-13	1882	45.0	Galveston.....	27	98	1874	11	1886	18.6
Michigan—Ann Arbor.....	26	98	1886	-37	1882	45.0	Utah—Salt Lake City.....	24	102	1880	-30	1883	10.2
Detroit.....	27	101	1887	-34	1882	32.3	Virginia—Norfolk.....	27	102	1887	-2	1885	52.7
Marquette.....	27	100	1878	-34	1875	32.4	Washington—Northfield.....	11	95	1887	-52	1880	18.0
Minnesota—St. Paul.....	100	100	1887	-41	1888	27.5	Washington—Olympia.....	17	97	1880	-40	1888	18.4
Missouri—St. Louis.....	107	107	1884	-28	1884	32.6	Spokane.....	17	102	1880	-30	1888	18.4
Missouri—St. Louis.....	106	106	1881	-32	1884	37.6	West Virginia—Parkersburg.....	9	99	1885	-11	1883	43.5
Missouri—St. Louis.....	106	106	1881	-32	1884	37.6	Washington—Albany.....	27	100	1881	-30	1887	15.2
Missouri—St. Louis.....	106	106	1881	-32	1884	37.6	Wyoming—Cheyenne.....	27	100	1881	-30	1887	12.2

## The National Government.

[Corrected to Nov. 15, 1896.]

**EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.**

President, William McKinley (O.).....	\$50,000
Sec. to the President, John Addison Porter (Conn.).....	5,000
Vice-President, Garrett A. Hobart (N. J.).....	8,000
U. S. Dist. Marshal, A. A. Wilson (D. C.).....	6,000

**DEPARTMENT OF STATE.**

Secretary, John Hay (D. C.).....	8,000
Asst. Sec., David J. Hill (N. Y.).....	4,500
Second Asst. Sec., Alvey A. Adee (D. C.).....	4,000
Third Asst. Sec., Thos. W. Cridler (W. Va.).....	4,000
Solicitor, Wm. L. Penfield (Ind.).....	3,500
Chief Clerk, Wm. H. Michael (Neb.).....	2,500
Chief of Diplomatic Bureau, Sydney Smith (D. C.).....	2,100
Chief Consular Bureau, Robert S. Chilton, Jr. (D. C.).....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Indexes and Archives, Pendleton King (N. C.).....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Accounts, Frank A. Bradagan (O.).....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Foreign Commerce, Frederic Emory (Md.).....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Rolls and Library, A. H. Allen (N. C.).....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Appointments, Robert Brent Mosher (Ky.).....	2,100
Translator, Henry L. Thomas (N. Y.).....	2,100
Private Sec. to Sec. of State, E. J. Babcock (N. Y.).....	2,400
[Bureau of Accounts now has charge of passports.]	

**TREASURY DEPARTMENT.**

Secretary, Luman J. Gage (Ill.).....	8,000
Prin. Sec., M. E. Allen (O.).....	2,400
Asst. Sec., Frank A. Vanderlip (Ill.).....	4,500
Asst. Sec., William B. Howell (N. J.).....	4,500
Asst. Sec., O. L. Spaulding (Mich.).....	4,500
Chief Clerk, Thos. F. Swagart (N. J.).....	3,000
Chief of Appt. Div., Chas. Leman (Conn.).....	2,750
Chief of Warrants Div., N. F. Macdonald.....	2,500
Chief Pub. Money Div., Eugene B. Daskam.....	2,500
Chief of Div. Dir. John M. Comstock (N. Y.).....	2,750
Acting Chief of Rev. Marine Div., Charles F. Shumaker (N. Y.).....	2,500
Chief of Stationery, Printing and Blanks Div., Geo. Simmons (D. C.).....	2,500
Chief of Loans and Currency Div., Andrew T. Huntington (Mass.).....	2,500
Chief of Mse. Div., Lewis Jordan (Ind.).....	2,500
Government Actuary, Jos. S. McCoy (N. J.).....	1,800

**Supervising Architect's Office.**

Supervising Architect, Jas. K. Taylor (Pa.).....	4,500
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**Bureau of Engraving and Printing.**

Chief, C. Johnson (Ky.).....	4,500
Asst. Chief, Thomas J. Sullivan (D. C.).....	2,250
Superintendent Engraving Div., Thomas T. Morris (N. Y.).....	3,600

**Office Steamboat Inspector.**

Supervising Inspector, James A. Dumont.....	3,500
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**Bureau of Statistics.**

Chief, Oscar P. Austin (D. C.).....	3,000
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**Life-Saving Service.**

Gen'l Supt., S. I. Kimball (Mo.).....	4,800
Asst., J. K. Upton (Md.).....	2,500

**Comptrollers.**

First Comptroller, Robt. J. Tracewell (Ind.).....	5,000
Asst., Leander P. Mitchell (Ind.).....	5,000
Chief Clerk, C. M. Force (Ky.).....	2,750
Chief Law Clerk, W. W. Warwick (O.).....	2,750

**Register of the Treasury.**

Register, Judson W. Lyons (Ga.).....	4,000
Asst., Nolen L. Chew (Ind.).....	2,250

**Auditors.**

Auditor for the Treasury Dept., William E. Andrews (Neb.).....	\$3,600
Deputy, Edward McKetterick (Iowa).....	2,250
Auditor for the War Dept., W. W. Brown (Pa.).....	3,600
Deputy, D. A. Grosvenor (Md.).....	2,250
Auditor for the Interior Dept., William Youngblood (Ala.).....	3,600
Deputy, R. S. Person (S. D.).....	2,250
Auditor for the Navy Dept., F. H. Morris (O.).....	3,600
Deputy, John M. Ewing (Wis.).....	2,250
Auditor for the State and other Depts., E. G. Timine (Wis.).....	3,600
Deputy, Geo. W. Esterly (Minn.).....	2,250
Auditor for the Postoffice Dept., Henry A. Castle (Minn.).....	3,600
Deputy, A. L. Lawshe (Ind.).....	2,250

**Treasurer of the United States.**

Treasurer, Ellis H. Roberts (N. Y.).....	6,000
Asst. Treas., J. F. Melne (D. C.).....	3,100
Supt. Nat. Bank Red. Div., Thos. E. Rogers.....	3,500

**Comptroller of the Currency.**

Comptroller, Charles G. Dawes (Ill.).....	5,000
Deputy, Lawrence O. Murray (N. Y.).....	2,800

**Commissioner of Internal Revenue.**

Commissioner, Norman B. Scott (W. Va.).....	6,000
Deputy, G. W. Wilson (O.).....	3,200

**Director of the Mint.**

Director, Geo. E. Roberts (Iowa).....	4,500
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**Bureau of Navigation.**

Commissioner, E. F. Chamberlain (N. Y.).....	3,600
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**United States Coast and Geodetic Survey.**

Superintendent, Henry S. Pritchett (Mo.).....	6,000
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**Marine Hospital Service.**

Superintending Surg.-Gen., Walter Wyman.....	4,000
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**NAVY DEPARTMENT.**

Secretary, John D. Long (Mass.).....	8,000
Asst. Sec., Charles H. Allen (Mass.).....	4,500
Chief Clerk, Benj. F. Peters (Pa.).....	2,500
Prin. Sec., L. H. Finney, Jr.....	2,250
Naval Militia, Lieut. W. H. H. Southerland.....	

**Bureau Yards and Docks.**

Chief, Civil Engineer Mordecai T. Endicott.....	
Lieuts. L. L. Reamy, Prof. O. G. Dodge.....	
Civil Engineers, C. W. Parks, A. C. Cunningham.....	

**Bureau of Navigation.**

Chief, Capt. A. S. Crowninshield.....	
Assts., Capt. Francis W. Dickinson, Capt. John Schouler.....	
Lieutenant-Commander, John M. Hawley.....	
Lieuts., H. H. Whitteley, Jacob J. Hunke.....	
A. H. Davis.....	
Ensigns, W. W. Phelps, J. F. Hines, H. H. Ward.....	

**Nautical Almanac.**

Superintendent, Prof. W. W. Hendrickson.....	
Professor, Prof. H. D. Todd.....	
Assistants, E. J. Loomis, C. Keith, W. S. Harstman.....	

**Office Naval Intelligence.**

Chief Intelligence Officer, Comdr. R. Clover.....	
Lieut.-Comdrs. W. H. Beehler, W. H. Drigg.....	
Lieuts., G. H. Peters, H. W. Harrison.....	

**Hydrographic Office.**

Hydrographer, Comdr. J. E. Craig.....	
Lieutenant-Commanders, Lieut.-Comdrs. E. I. Gheen, J. D. Adams, Lieuts. A. J. Dahmy.....	
M. Roper, C. M. McCartney, Master Nlie.....	

**Library and Naval War Records.**  
**Superintendent, Prof. E. K. Rawson.**

**Naval Observatory.**  
**Superintendent, Capt. C. H. Davis.**  
**Assistant, Lieut. A. N. Mayer.**  
**Astronomical Director, Prof. of Mathematics**  
**Wm. H. Harkness.**  
**Professors of Mathematics, Edgar Frisby, S. J.**  
**Brown, H. M. Paul, A. N. Skinner.**  
**Assistant Astronomers, Geo. A. Hill, Theo. I.**  
**King and F. B. Jittell.**  
**Professor of Mathematics, H. D. Todd.**  
**Assistants, E. J. Loomis, W. S. Harshman and**  
**H. B. Hedrick.**

**Bureau of Ordnance.**  
**Chief, Capt. Chas. O'Neill.**  
**Lieutenants, T. C. Fenton (Asst. Chief), H. C.**  
**Poundstone, John B. Bernadou, I. K. Sey-**  
**mour.**  
**Ensign, J. L. Latimer.**  
**Professor, P. R. Alger.**

**Bureau of Equipment.**  
**Commander, R. B. Bradford.**  
**Lieutenants, W. C. Cowles, G. W. Denfeld, F.**  
**K. Hill, A. Reynolds, R. G. Peck.**

**Bureau of Construction and Repairs.**  
**Chief Constructor, Philip Hichborn.**  
**Naval Constructor, D. W. Taylor.**  
**Asst. Constructors, F. B. Zahm, R. B. Dashiell.**

**Office of Judge-Advocate General.**  
**Judge-Advocate General, Capt. S. C. Lemly.**  
**Ensign, Geo. Mallison.**  
**Captain, C. H. Lanchheimer, U. S. M. C.**

**Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.**  
**Surgeon-General, W. K. Van Reypen.**  
**Assistant to Bureau, Surgeon J. C. Boyd.**  
**Special Duty, P. A. Surgeon E. R. Stitt.**

**Bureau of Supplies and Accounts.**  
**Paymaster-General, Edwin Stewart.**  
**Asst. to Chief Paymaster, U. S. G. Colby, U. S. N.**  
**Paymaster, A. K. Michler, U. S. N.**  
**P. A. Paymaster, T. S. Jewett.**

**Naval Examining Board.**  
**President, Rear-Admiral John A. Howell.**  
**Members, Commodore Bartlett J. Cromwell,**  
**Capt. Benjamin F. Day and John Schouler.**

**Board of Medical Examiners.**  
**President, Med. Director Daniel McMurtre.**  
**Members, Med. Director Joseph B. Parker, and**  
**Surgeon Walter A. McClurg.**

**Naval Retiring Board.**  
**President, Rear-Admiral John A. Howell.**  
**Members, Commodore Bartlett J. Cromwell,**  
**Med. Directors Grove B. Beardsley, John H.**  
**Clark and Capt. Benjamin F. Day.**

**Bureau of Steam Engineering.**  
**Chief, Engineer-in-Chief George W. Melville.**  
**Chief Clerk, Wm. H. H. Smith.**  
**Chief Engineers, Harrie Webster, Alfred B.**  
**Canaga, Albert B. Willits.**  
**Passed Asst. Engineers, Walter M. McFarland,**  
**Martin Bevington, Charles A. E. King,**  
**William W. White, Emil Theiss, John K.**  
**Robison, Milton E. Reed.**  
**Asst. Engineer, John A. Henderson.**

**State, War and Navy Department Building.**  
**Supt., Chief Engineer G. W. Baird.**

**Board of Inspection and Survey.**  
**President, Capt. Frederick Rodgers.**  
**Members, Capt. Robley D. Evans, Comdr. W.**  
**H. Emory, Chief Engineer C. R. Roelker,**  
**Maj. Geo. C. Beid, Lieut. N. Sayent.**

**Naval Dispensary.**  
**Surgeon, P. M. Rixey.**

**Museum of Hygiene.**  
**Medical Director, Chas. H. White.**  
**Surgeons, A. C. H. Russell and J. D. Gatewood.**  
**Navy Pay Office.**  
**Pay Director, Stephen Rand.**

**Headquarters of United States Marine Corps.**  
**Col. Commandant, Charles Heywood.**  
**Adj. and Inspector, Maj. George C. Beid.**  
**Quartermaster, Maj. F. L. Denny.**  
**Paymaster, Maj. Green Clay Goodloe.**  
**Asst. Quartermaster, Capt. Chas. L. McCawley.**  
**Surgeon, E. H. Green.**

**Marine Barracks, Washington, D. C.**  
**Captain, F. H. Harrington.**  
**First Lieutenant, Capt. C. A. Doyen.**  
**Second Lieutenants, R. E. Walker, Harry Lee**  
**and B. F. Rittenhouse.**

**WAR DEPARTMENT.**  
**Secretary, Russell A. Alger (Mich.).....\$8,000**  
**Sec. to Sec. of War, V. L. Mason (D. C.)..... 2,250**  
**Asst. Sec., Geo. D. Melkie (Neb.)..... 4,500**  
**Chief Clerk, John Tweedale (Pa.)..... 2,900**

**Headquarters of the Army.**  
**Major-Gen'l, Nelson A. Miles.**  
**Adj.-Gen'l, J. C. Gilmore, Brig.-Gen. U. S. V.**  
**Asst. Adj.-Gen'l, Lieut.-Col. F. Michler.**  
**Inspector-Gen'l, Lieut.-Col. M. P. Maus.**  
**Asst.-Adj.-Gen'l, Capt. J. B. Morton.**

**Adjutant-General's Department.**  
**Adj.-Gen'l, Brig.-Gen. H. C. Corbin.**  
**Assistants, Col. Theodore Schwan, Col. Thos.**  
**Ward, Lieut.-Col. W. H. Carter, Maj. H. O. S.**  
**Helstand, Maj. J. A. Johnston and Maj. W.**  
**A. Simpson.**  
**Chief Clerk, R. P. Thian.....\$2,000**

**Inspector-General's Department.**  
**Inspector-Gen'l, Brig.-Gen. J. C. Breckinridge.**  
**Assts., Col. G. H. Burton, Lieut.-Col. E. A. Gar-**  
**lington, Maj. Thos. T. Knox, Maj. D. C. Mills.**  
**Chief Clerk, W. H. Orcutt.**

**Quartermaster's Department.**  
**Quarterm.-Gen'l, Brig.-Gen. M. D. Ludington.**  
**Chief Clerk, Henry D. Saxton.**  
**Depot Quartermaster, Maj. Theodore E. True.**

**Subsistence Department.**  
**Commissary-Gen'l, Brig.-Gen. Chas. P. Eagan.**  
**Assts., Col. Wm. L. Alexander, Col. George B.**  
**Davis.**  
**Chief Clerk, Wm. A. DeCandry.**

**Medical Department.**  
**Surgeon-Gen'l, Brig.-Gen. Geo. M. Sternberg.**  
**Assts., Col. C. H. Alden, Lieut.-Col. Chas. Smart,**  
**Maj. Walter Reed, Maj. J. C. Merrill, Maj. G.**  
**B. Bushnell, Capt. E. L. Munson.**  
**Chief Clerk, George A. Jones.**

**Pay Department.**  
**Paymaster-Gen'l, Brig.-Gen. T. H. Stanton.**  
**Assistant, Maj. G. W. Baird.**  
**Chief Clerk, G. D. Hanson.**

**Corps of Engineers.**  
**Chief of Engineers, Brig.-Gen. John M. Wilson.**  
**Assistants, Lieut.-Col. A. MacKenzie, Capt.**  
**Joseph E. Kuhn, Capt. James L. Lusk.**  
**Chief Clerk, Wm. J. Warren.**

**Public Buildings and Grounds.**  
**Officer in Charge, Col. T. A. Bingham.**

**Ordnance Department.**  
**Chief of Ordnance, Brig.-Gen. D. W. Flagler.**  
**Assistants, Maj. V. McNally, Capt. C. B.**  
**Wheeler, Maj. Chas. Shaler, Maj. Chas. S.**  
**Smith, Maj. Wm. Croster.**  
**Chief Clerk, John J. Cook.**

**Judge-Advocate General's Office.**

*Judge-Advocate Gen'l.* Brig.-Gen. G. N. Lieber.  
*Asst. to Judge-Advocate Gen'l.* Lieut.-Col. E. S. Dudley, Maj. J. N. Morrison.  
*Chief Clerk.* Lewis W. Call.

**Signal Office**

*Chief Signal Officer.* Brig.-Gen. A. W. Greely.  
*Assistant.* Capt. Otto A. NeSmith, U. S. V.  
*Diaburs'g Officer.* Maj. Eugene O. Fechet, U. S. V.  
*Acting Chief Clerk.* Geo. A. Warren.

**Record and Pension Office.**

*Chief of Office.* Col. F. C. Ainsworth.  
*Chiefs of Division.* Jacob Frech, O. B. Brown.

**Publication Office—War Records.**

*Board of Publication.* Col. F. C. Ainsworth, L. J. Perry, J. W. Kirkley.  
*Agent Collection Confed. Rec.,* M. J. Wright.

**POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT.**

*Postmaster-Gen.* Charles E. Smith (Pa.)...\$8,000  
*Chief Clerk.* Blain W. Taylor (W. Va.)... 2,500  
*Asst. Atty.-Gen.* James N. Tyner (Ind.)... 4,000  
*Law Clerk.* Harrison J. Barrett (N. C.)... 2,500  
*Appointment Clerk.* John H. Robinson (Miss.)... 1,800  
*Supt. and Disbursing Clerk.* Rufus B. Merchant (Va.)... 2,100  
*Topographer.* A. Von Haake (N. Y.)... 2,500

**OFFICE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.**

*First Asst. P. M. G.* Perry S. Heath (Ind.)... 4,000  
*Chief Clerk.* Geo. M. Allen (Ind.)... 2,000  
*Supt. Div. P. & Sup.* Michael W. Louis (O.)... 2,000  
*Supt. Div. Free Delivery.* August W. Marchen (O.)... 3,000  
*Chief Div. of Salaries and Allowances.* Geo. W. Beavers (N. Y.)... 2,500  
*Supt. Money-Order System.* James T. Metcalf (Iowa)... 3,500  
*Chief Clerk Money-Order System.* Edward M. Gadsden (Ga.)... 2,000  
*Supt. Dead-Letter Office.* David P. Leibhardt (Ind.)... 2,500  
*Chief Clerk Dead-Letter Office.* Ward Burlingame (Kas.)... 1,800  
*Chief Div. of Correspondence.* J. R. Ash (Pa.)... 1,800  
*Asst. Supt. Div. Free Delivery.* E. C. Fowler (Md.)... 2,000

**OFFICE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.**

*Second Asst. P. M. G.* W. S. Shallenberger (Pa.)... 4,000  
*Chief Clerk.* George F. Stone (N. Y.)... 2,000  
*Supt. Railway Adjustments.* J. H. Crew (O.)... 2,000  
*Chief Div. of Inspection.* Lilburn T. Myers (Va.)... 2,000  
*Chief Div. Mail Equipment.* Thomas P. Graham (N. Y.)... 1,800  
*Gen. Supt. Railway Mail Service.* James E. White (Ill.)... 3,500  
*Chief Clerk Railway Mail Service.* John W. Holliday (O.)... 2,000  
*Supt. Foreign Mails.* N. M. Brooks (Va.)... 3,000  
*Chief Clerk Foreign Mails.* R. L. Maddox (Ky.)... 2,000  
*Asst. Gen. Supt. Railway Mail Service.* Alexander Grant (Mich.)... 2,000

**OFFICE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.**

*Third Asst. P. M. G.* John A. Merritt (N. Y.)... 4,000  
*Chief Clerk.* Madison Davis (D. C.)... 2,000  
*Chief Div. Finance.* A. W. Bingham (Mich.)... 2,000  
*Chief Div. Postage Stamps.* James H. Reeve (N. Y.)... 2,250  
*Principal Clerk Classification Division.* D. C. Fountain (N. Y.)... 1,600  
*Principal Clerk Registration Division.* John B. Quay (Mo.)... 1,800

*Principal Clerk Division of Files, Mail, etc.* E. S. Hall (Vt.)...\$1,800  
*Postage Stamp Agent.* John P. Green (O.)... 2,500  
*Postal Card Agent.* Edgar H. Shook (Piedmont, W. V.)... 2,500  
*Stamped Envelope Agent.* Chas. H. Field (Hartford, Conn.)... 2,500

**OFFICE FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.**

*Fourth Asst. P. M. G.* J. L. Bristow (Kas.)... 4,000  
*Chief Clerk.* Pierson H. Bristow (Iowa)... 2,000  
*Chief Div. of Appointments.* Carter B. Keene (Me.)... 2,000  
*Chief Div. of Bonds and Commissions.* Christian B. Dickey (O.)... 2,000  
*Chief Clerk Div. of P. O. Inspectors and Mail Depredations.* John P. Clum (Cal.)... 2,000  
*Chief P. O. Inspector.* Geo. B. Hamlet (O.)... 3,000

**OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR FOR THE POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT.**

*Auditor.* Henry A. Castle (Minn.)... 4,000  
*Deputy Auditor.* Abraham L. Lawshaw (Ind.)... 2,500  
*Chief Clerk.* John M. Bishop (Tenn.)... 2,000  
*Disbursing Clerk.* B. W. Holman (Wis.)... 2,000  
*Chief Collecting Div.* Arthur Clements (Md.)... 2,000  
*Chief Bookkeeping Div.* David W. Duncan (Pa.)... 2,000  
*Chief Pay Div.* John B. Sieman (Ill.)... 2,000  
*Chief Inspecting Div.* M. M. Holland (D.C.)... 2,000  
*Chief Checking and Assorting Div.* R. M. Johnson (Ind.)... 2,000  
*Chief Foreign Div.* Emanuel Speich (Neb.)... 2,000  
*Chief Recording Div.* B. A. Allen (Kas.)... 2,000

**INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.**

*Secretary.* Cornelius N. Bliss (N. Y.)... 8,000  
*First Asst. Sec.* Thomas Ryan (Kas.)... 4,500  
*Asst. Sec.* Webster Davis (Mo.)... 4,000  
*Chief Clerk.* Edward M. Dawson (Md.)... 2,750

**General Land Office.**

*Commissioner.* Binger Hermann (Ore.)... 5,000  
*Asst. Comr.* Frank W. Mondell (Wyo.)... 3,000

**Office of Indian Affairs.**

*Commissioner.* Wm. A. Jones (Wis.)... 4,000  
*Asst. Comr.* A. Clarke Tonner (O.)... 3,000  
*Supt. Indian Schools.* Miss Estelle Reel (Wyo.)... 3,000

**Pension Office.**

*Commissioner.* H. Clay Evans (Tenn.)... 5,000  
*First Deputy Comr.* Jas. L. Davenport (N. H.)... 3,600  
*Second Deputy Comr.* Leverett M. Kelly (Ill.)... 3,600  
*Chief Clerk.* Wm. H. Bayly (O.)... 2,250  
*Medical Referee.* Jacob F. Raub (Pa.)... 3,000

**Office of Commissioner of Railroads.**

*Commissioner.* James Longstreet (Ga.)... 4,500

**Patent Office.**

*Commissioner.* Charles H. Duell (N. Y.)... 5,000  
*Asst. Comr.* Arthur P. Greeley (N. H.)... 3,000  
*Chief Clerk.* Edward V. Shepard (N. Y.)... 2,250

**Office of Education.**

*Commissioner.* William T. Harris (Mass.)... 3,000  
*Chief Clerk.* Lovick Pierce (Ga.)... 1,800

**Geological Survey.**

*Director.* Chas. D. Walcott (N. Y.)... 5,000  
*Chief Clerk.* Henry C. Riser (Kas.)... 2,400

**DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.**

*Atty.-Gen.* John W. Griggs (N. J.)... 8,000  
*Solicitor-Gen.* J. K. Richards (O.)... 7,000

<i>Asst. Atty.-Gen.</i> , Jas. E. Boyd (N. C.).....	\$5,000
<i>Asst. Atty.-Gen.</i> , Henry M. Hoyt (Pa.).....	5,000
<i>Asst. Atty.-Gen.</i> , Jno. G. Thompson (Ill.).....	5,000
<i>Asst. Atty.-Gen.</i> , Louis A. Pradt (Wis.).....	5,000
<i>Asst. Atty.-Gen.</i> (Dept. of Int.), Willis Van Devanter (Mont.).....	5,000
<i>Asst. Atty.-Gen.</i> (P. O. Dept.), Jas. N. Tyner (Ind.).....	4,000
<i>Solicitor of Int. Rev.</i> (Trans. Dept.), Geo. M. Thomas (Ky.).....	4,000
<i>Solicitor for Dept. of State</i> , W. L. Penfield (Ind.).....	3,500
<i>Law Clerk and Examiner of Titles</i> , A. J. Bentley (O.).....	2,700
<i>Chief Clerk and Supt. of Building</i> , Cecil Clay (W. Va.).....	2,750
<i>Gen. Agent</i> , Frank Strong (Ark.).....	4,000
<i>Disbursing Clerk</i> , Henry Rechin (O.).....	2,300
<i>Apparatus Clerk</i> , Joseph P. Rudy (Pa.).....	1,800
<i>Atty. in Charge of Patrons</i> , Jno. H. Camp- bell (Ill.).....	2,400
<i>Solicitor of Treas.</i> (Trans. Dept.), Maurice D. O'Connell (Iowa).....	4,500
<i>Asst. Solicitor</i> , Felix A. Reeve (Tenn.).....	3,000
<i>Chief Clerk Solicitor's Office</i> (Trans. Dept.), Charles E. Vrooman (Iowa).....	3,000

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

<i>Secretary</i> , James Wilson (Iowa).....	8,000
<i>Asst. Sec.</i> , Joseph H. Brigham (O.).....	4,500
<i>Chief Clerk</i> , Andrew Geddes (Iowa).....	2,500
<i>Appointment Clerk</i> , J. B. Bennett (Wis.).....	2,000
<i>Private Secretary to Secretary of Agricul- ture</i> , J. W. Wilson (Iowa).....	2,000
<i>Chief of Weather Bureau</i> , Willis L. Moore (Ill.).....	4,500
<i>Chief of Bureau of Animal Industry</i> , D. E. Salmon (N. J.).....	4,000
<i>Statistician</i> , John Hyde (Neb.).....	3,400
<i>Chemist</i> , H. W. Wiley (Ind.).....	2,500
<i>Entomologist</i> , L. O. Howard (N. Y.).....	2,500
<i>Botanist</i> , F. V. Coville (N. Y.).....	2,500
<i>Chief of Biological Survey</i> , C. Hart Mer- riam (N. Y.).....	2,500

<i>Chief of Div. of Forestry</i> , Gifford Pinchot (N. Y.).....	\$2,500
<i>Pomologist</i> , G. B. Brackett (Iowa).....	2,400
<i>Chief of Div. of Agronomy</i> , F. L. Scribner (Tenn.).....	2,300
<i>Chief of Div. of Soils</i> , Milton Whitney (Md.).....	2,400
<i>Chief of Div. of Vegetable Physiology and Pathology</i> , R. T. Galloway (Mo.).....	2,300
<i>Director Office of Experiment Stations</i> , A. C. True (Conn.).....	3,000
<i>Chief Div. of Accounts and Disbursements</i> , F. L. Evans (Pa.).....	2,500
<i>Chief Div. of Publications</i> , George Wm. Hill (Minn.).....	2,500
<i>Horticulturist, etc.</i> , Wm. Saunders (Pa.).....	2,500
<i>Director of the Office of Public Road In- quiry</i> , Roy Stone (N. Y.).....	3,000

## INDEPENDENT DEPARTMENTS.

## Government Printing Office.

<i>Public Printer</i> , F. W. Palmer (Ill.).....	4,500
<i>Chief Clerk</i> , W. H. Collins (D. C.).....	2,400
<i>Foreman of Printing</i> , H. T. Brian (Md.).....	2,100
<i>Foreman of Binding</i> , H. C. Espey (D. C.).....	2,100

## United States Civil Service Commission.

<i>Commissioners</i> , John R. Procter (Ky.), John B. Harlow (Mo.), Mark S. Brewer (Mich.).....	3,500
<i>Chief Examiner</i> , A. L. Severn.....	3,000
<i>Secretary</i> , John T. Doyle (N. Y.).....	2,000

## Department of Labor.

<i>Commissioner</i> , Carroll D. Wright (Mass.).....	5,000
<i>Chief Clerk</i> , Oren W. Weaver (Mass.).....	2,500
<i>Disbursing Clerk</i> , Charles E. Morse (Pa.).....	1,800

## Interstate Commerce Commission.

<i>Chairman</i> , Martin A. Knapp (N. Y.).....	7,500
<i>Judson C. Clements</i> (Ga.).....	7,500
<i>James D. Yeomans</i> (Iowa).....	7,500
<i>Chas. R. Prosty</i> (Vt.).....	7,500
<i>W. J. Calhoun</i> (Ill.).....	7,500
<i>Secretary</i> , Edward A. Moseley (Mass.).....	5,500

## PRESIDENTIAL VOTE—1892-92.

Yr.	Candidates.	Party.	Popular vote.	Electoral vote.	Yr.	Candidates.	Party.	Popular vote.	Electoral vote.
1828	Jackson.....	Democrat..	650,028	178	1894	McClellan.....	Democrat..	1,408,725	21
1828	Adams.....	Federal.....	512,158	83	1894	Lincoln.....	Republican	2,216,067	216
1832	Jackson.....	Democrat..	687,502	219	1898	Seymour.....	Democrat..	2,703,600	80
1832	Clay.....	Whig.....	580,180	49	1898	Grant.....	Republican	3,013,188	214
1832	Floyd.....	Whig.....	33,108	11	1872	Greeley.....	Democrat..	2,834,079	76
1832	Wirt.....	Whig.....	7	5	1872	Grant.....	Republican	29,438	292
1836	Van Buren.....	Democrat..	771,978	170	1872	Black.....	Temperance	3,967,070	6,938
1836	Harrison.....	Whig.....	703,530	73	1876	Tilden.....	Democrat..	4,284,885	184
1836	White.....	Whig.....	26	26	1876	Hayes.....	Republican	633,590	185
1836	Webster.....	Whig.....	11	11	1876	Cooper.....	Greenback..	81,740	9,522
1840	Van Buren.....	Democrat..	1,128,703	60	1876	Smith.....	Prohibition	4,422,055	135
1840	Harrison.....	Whig.....	1,274,203	234	1880	Hancock.....	Democrat..	4,449,053	214
1840	Birney.....	Liberty.....	7,049	159	1880	Garfield.....	Republican	307,306	10,887
1844	Polk.....	Democrat..	1,325,013	106	1880	Weaver.....	Greenback..	4,874,985	219
1844	Clay.....	Whig.....	1,231,643	43	1884	Butler.....	Greenback..	4,853,981	182
1844	Birney.....	Liberty.....	65,304	10	1884	St. John.....	Prohibition	150,369	168
1848	Taylor.....	Democrat..	1,502,242	163	1888	Cleveland.....	Democrat..	5,588,530	238
1848	Cass.....	Democrat..	1,323,705	66	1888	Harrison.....	Republican	5,441,902	163
1848	Van Buren.....	Free Soil.....	291,378	254	1888	Streeter.....	Labor.....	147,321	237
1852	Pierce.....	Democrat..	1,585,374	42	1888	Fisk.....	Prohibition	249,937	145
1852	Scott.....	Whig.....	1,283,337	174	1892	Cleveland.....	Democrat..	5,555,022	277
1852	Hale.....	Free Soil.....	157,236	114	1892	Harrison.....	Republican	5,165,874	145
1856	Buchanan.....	Democrat..	1,834,337	8	1892	Bidwell.....	Prohibition	264,036	22
1856	Fremont.....	Republican	1,341,812	72	1892	Weaver.....	People's.....	1,055,424	22
1860	Fillmore.....	American.....	873,055	180	1892	Wing.....	Socialist.....	22,013	38
1860	Douglas.....	Democrat..	1,355,157	15					
1860	Breckinridge.....	Democrat..	845,563	72					
1860	Lincoln.....	Republican	1,895,332	39					
1860	Bell.....	Union.....	580,581	13					

\*Owing to the death of Mr. Greeley, the 36 electoral votes were variously cast: Thomas A. Hendricks receiving 12, B. Gratz Brown 18, Horace Greeley 3, Charles J. Jenkins 2, David Davis 1.

## The Navy.

General officers of the United States navy, on the active and retired lists, with their stations or addresses and yearly pay. (Arranged according to rank.)

## ACTIVE LIST.

Dec. 1, 1898.

## REAR-ADMIRALS, \$6,000.

George Dewey, comdg Asiatic Station.  
Frederick V. McNair, supt Naval Academy.  
John A. Howell, waiting orders.  
William T. Sampson, comdr-in-chief N. A. Station.  
Winfield S. Schley, special duty.  
Henry L. Howison, comdt Navy Yard, Boston.

## COMMODORES, \$5,000.

Albert Kautz, comdg Pacific Station.  
Geo. C. Remey, comdt Navy Yard, Portsmouth.  
Norman H. Farguhar, comdt Navy Yd., Norfolk.  
Jno. C. Watson, comdt Navy Yd., Mare Island.  
John W. Philip, North Atlantic squadron.  
Henry B. Robeson, waiting orders.  
Silas Casey, comdt Navy Yard, League Island.  
Bartlett J. Croswell, member Examining Board.  
Francis J. Higginson, Lighthouse Board.  
Henry F. Pickens, waiting orders.

## CAPTAINS, \$4,500.

F. Rodgers, mem Board Inspection and Survey.  
Louis Kempf, comdg receiving ship *Independence*.  
Geo. W. Sumner, captain Navy Yard, N. Y.  
Benjamin F. Day, member Examining Board.  
Alex. H. McCormick, comdt Navy Yard, Washington, D. C.  
Albert S. Barker, comdg Oregon.  
Charles S. Cotton, Navy Yard, Mare Island.  
Silas W. Terry, comdg Iowa.  
Merrill Miller, comdg receiving ship *Vermont*.  
John J. Read, comdg receiving ship *Richmond*.  
Mortimer L. Johnson, Navy Yard, Boston.  
E. M. Shepard, Lighthouse Inspect.  
Robley D. Evans, member Board Inspect and Survey.  
Henry Glass, comdg Charleston.  
Philip H. Cooper, comdg Chicago.  
Henry C. Taylor, comdg Indiana.  
Geo. H. Wadleigh, waiting orders.  
A. S. Crowninshield, chief Bureau Navigation.  
Frank Wildes, waiting orders.  
James H. Sands, Gov. Naval Home, Phila.  
Yates Stirling, Lighthouse Board.  
William C. Wise, comdg recvg ship *Franklin*.  
Purnell F. Harrington, sick leave.  
Nicol Ludlow, comdg Massachusetts.  
Francis A. Cook, comdg Brooklyn.  
Colby M. Chester, comdg Cincinnati.  
Charles E. Clark, sick leave.  
C. J. Barclay, comdg Amphitrite.  
Joseph B. Coghlan, comdg Raleigh.  
Charles D. Sigbee, comdg Texas.  
Benj. P. Lamberton, comdg Olympia.  
Richard P. Leary, waiting orders.  
William H. Whiting, comdg *Monadnock*.  
Nehemiah M. Dyer, comdg Baltimore.  
Charles O'Neill, chief Bureau Ordnance.  
Casper F. Goodrich, comdg Newark.  
French E. Chadwick, comdg New York.  
Theodore F. Jewell, comdg Minneapolis.  
William M. Folger, comdg New Orleans.  
John Schouler, Bureau Navigation.  
F. W. Dickins, Bureau Navigation.  
Geo. F. F. Wilde, comdg Boston.  
Charles H. Davis, supt Naval Observatory.  
Bowman H. McCalla, Navy Yd., Norfolk, Va.  
Charles J. Train, comdg Puritan.

## COMMANDERS, \$3,500.

Edwin White, comdg Philadelphia.  
George W. Piquan, Inspector Ordnance, Newport News, Va.  
John McGowan, comdg Training Ship and Station, Newport.

James G. Green, comdg Puget Sound Naval Station.  
Charles H. Rockwell, comdg Naval Station, Port Royal.  
James M. Forsyth, sick leave.  
Geo. A. Converse, comdg Montgomery.  
Royal B. Bradford, chief Bureau Equipment.  
Joseph E. Craig, hydrographer Bureau Equipment.  
Chas. M. Thomas, lighthouse Insp, 5th dist.  
Albert S. Snow, waiting orders.  
George C. Reiter, lighthouse Insp, 13th dist.  
Willard H. Brownson, leave absence.  
Henry E. Nichols, sick leave.  
William W. Mead, comdg Marblehead.  
Edwin S. Houston, Navy Yard, League Island.  
Edwin Longnecker, Navy Yard, League Island.  
George E. Ide, waiting orders.  
George M. Book, comdg Adams.  
Thomas Perry, comdg Lancaster.  
Charles H. Stockton, Naval Sta., Newport, R.I.  
Oscar W. Farenholt, comdg Monocacy.  
Edward T. Strong, Navy Yard, Portsmouth.  
Robert E. Impey, Navy Yard, Norfolk.  
Eugene W. Watson, comdg Scindia.  
John F. Merry, comdg Aretinus.  
William C. Gibson, Navy Yard, New York.  
Washington Maynard, comdg Nashville.  
H. W. Lyon, comdg Dolphin.  
James H. Dayton, comdg Detroit.  
Asa Walker, comdg Concord.  
M. R. S. Mackenzie, comdg Mayflower.  
Chas. S. Scurry, Navy Yard, New York.  
Frank Courtis, comdg Essex.  
W. W. Reisinger, comdt Navy Yard, Pensacola.  
William T. Burwell, comdg Alexander.  
John J. Hunker, comdg Annapolis.  
Franklin Hanford, Insp, 10th lighthouse dist.  
Robert M. Berry, comdg Castine.  
S. W. Very, comdg Cassius.  
Henry N. Manney, Naval Home, Philadelphia.  
Chapman C. Todd, comdg Wilmington.  
Jos. N. Hemphill, comdg Buffalo.  
Abraham B. H. Lillie, comdg Vicksburg.  
William T. Swinburne, comdg Helena.  
William H. Emory, member Board Inspection and Survey.  
George A. Bicknell, comdg Saturn.  
Charles T. Hutchins, Naval Academy.  
Seth M. Ackley, naval sec, Lighthouse Board.  
Benjamin F. Tilley, Navy Yard, Norfolk.  
Harry Knox, Naval Academy.  
Clifford H. West, comdg Princeton.  
John P. Merrill, Navy Yard, New York.  
Joseph G. Eaton, comdg Resolute.  
William I. Moore, comdg Leontidas.  
Charles Becknap, comdg Nero.  
Fernando P. Gilmore, comdt Key West.  
Eugene H. C. Leutze, comdg Monterey.  
Uriel Sebree, comdg Wheeling.  
Albert R. Conden, Proving Grounds.  
Edwin C. Pendleton, supt Gun Factory.  
William Swift, Navy Yard, New York.  
H. B. Mansfield, Navy Yard, New York.  
F. M. Symonds, comdg Marietta.  
Edward P. Wood, comdg Petrel.  
Walter Goodwin, comdg Southern.  
Albert Ross, comdg Alliance.  
Richardson Clover, Office Naval Intelligence.  
J. M. Miller, comdg Pompey.  
F. M. Wise, comdg Enterprise.  
John B. B. Bleeker, Navy Yard, Portsmouth.  
Andrew Dunlap, comdg Solace.  
H. Rush, waiting orders.  
Edward H. Gheen, Hydrographic Office.  
W. L. Field, comdg Justin.

H. G. O. Colby, lighthouse insp. 2d dist.  
 L. C. Logan, comdg *Machias*.  
 C. H. Arnold, insp. 8th lighthouse dist.  
 William S. Cowles, comdg *Topeka*.  
 Charles O. Allibone, insp. 9th lighthouse dist.  
 Edward D. Taussig, comdg *Bennington*.  
 John E. Pillsbury, Navy Yard, Boston.  
 William H. Reeder, waiting orders.  
 Daniel Delehantr, leave absence.

#### LIEUTENANT-COMMANDERS, \$2,800.

Charles C. Cornwell, waiting orders.  
 Royal Ingersoll, Naval Academy.  
 Adolph Marx, insp. 4th lighthouse dist.  
 Duncan Kennedy, insp. 11th lighthouse dist.  
 James D. J. Kelley, inspector merchant vessels, N. Y.  
 Jefferson F. Moser, comdg *Albatross*.  
 Raymond P. Rogers, *Iowa*.  
 Robert T. Jasper, comdg *Terror*.  
 Seaton Schroder, *Massachusetts*.  
 F. J. Drake, Navy Yard, Mare Island.  
 Thomas C. McLean, in charge torpedo station.  
 William J. Barnette, comdg *Saratoga*.  
 Francis H. Delano, Navy Yard, Boston.  
 Charles T. Force, comdg *Lebanon*.  
 Edwin K. Moore, Naval Academy.  
 Albion V. Wadhams, lighthouse insp. 8th dist.  
 James D. Adams, Hydrographic Office.  
 Richard Wainwright, charge of ships, Naval Academy.  
 James R. Selfridge, comdg *Sterling*.  
 Charles A. Adams, regt ship *Ind. pendence*.  
 William H. Everett, comdg *Michigan*.  
 John M. Hawley, Bureau Navigation.  
 Thomas H. Stevens, U. S. S. *Philadelphia*.  
 John A. Rodgers, *Indiana*.  
 James W. Carlin, U. S. S. *Monterey*.  
 G. Blockinger, U. S. S. *Charleston*.  
 Arthur B. Speyers, U. S. S. *Cesar*.  
 N. E. Miles, Navy Yard, Norfolk.  
 Charles P. Perkins, *Monadnock*.  
 C. G. Bowman, Navy Yard, Mare Island.  
 Perry Garst, Naval Academy.  
 J. K. Cogswell, insp. 18th lighthouse dist.  
 Frederic Slinger, comdg U. S. S. *Manilla*.  
 William P. Potter, *New York*.  
 William H. Beehler, Office Naval Intelligence.  
 G. B. Harber, U. S. S. *Texas*.  
 S. C. Paine, sick leave.  
 A. P. Osborn, sick leave.  
 J. B. Briggs, U. S. S. *Baltimore*.  
 N. E. Mason, *Brooklyn*.  
 Arthur P. Nuzro, U. S. S. *Oregon*.  
 William W. Kimball, comdg torpedo flotilla.  
 William P. Day, U. S. S. *New Orleans*.  
 John C. Wilson, comdg *Vixen*.  
 Uriah R. Harris, Navy Yard, Boston.  
 Richard G. Davenport, comdg *Fish Hawk*.  
 Edward B. Barry, *Cincinnati*.  
 Herbert Winslow, comdg *Marcellus*.  
 William H. Turner, comdg *Scorpion*.  
 George P. Colver, *Corcoran*.  
 Charles R. Colahan, U. S. S. *Chicago*.  
 Wainwright Kellogg, asst. insp. 3d lighthouse dist.  
 Albert G. Berry, *Amphitrite*.  
 John A. Norris, *Boston*.  
 William H. Briggs, Office Naval Intelligence.  
 N. J. K. Patch, comdg *Celtic*.  
 Thomas T. Phelps, Jr., U. S. S. *Raleigh*.  
 Karl Rohrer, Navy Yard, Washington, D. C.  
 John A. H. Nickels, U. S. S. *Marblehead*.  
 C. K. Curtis, waiting orders.  
 Theodorich Porter, U. S. S. *Adams*.  
 D. V. Stuart, Navy Yard, New York.  
 J. H. Moore, U. S. S. *Columbia*.  
 Kossuth Miles, Naval Station, Newport.  
 Dennis H. Mahan, sick leave.  
 William F. Low, *Minneapolis*.  
 N. T. Houston, comdg *Iris*.  
 C. S. Kiehnman, U. S. S. *Dixie*.  
 Samuel P. Comly, receiving ship *Richmond*.  
 H. O. Rittenhouse, *Montanumoh*.  
 Robert G. Peck, Bureau Equipment.  
 John Hubbard, waiting orders.

#### Medical Corps.

#### MEDICAL DIRECTORS, \$4,400.

(With relative rank of captain.)

Chris. J. Cleborne, Naval Hospital, Norfolk.  
 Walter K. Scofield, Pres. Medical Examining Board, League Island.  
 William K. Van Reypen, chief Bureau Med. and Surgery.  
 Thomas C. Walton, Naval Laboratory, New York.  
 Charles H. White, Museum of Hygiene.  
 Geo. W. Woods, Naval Hospital, New York.  
 G. H. Cooke, Naval Hospital, Philadelphia.  
 James R. Tryon, general insp. hospitals.  
 James M. Mint, Smithsonian Institution.  
 George A. Bright, Naval Hospital, Washington.  
 Geo. F. Winslow, Navy Yard, Boston.  
 Hosea Babin, pres. Examg Bd., New York.  
 Joseph B. Parker, member Examining Board, Washington, D. C.

#### MEDICAL INSPECTORS, \$4,400.

(With relative rank of commander.)

Joseph G. Ayers, Naval Hospital, Boston.  
 Abel F. Price, *Olympia*.  
 M. C. Drennan, waiting orders.  
 James A. Hawke, Navy Yard, New York.  
 Robert A. Marmon, Navy Yard, Washington.  
 August B. Dickinson, U. S. S. *Philadelphia*.  
 Wm. G. Farwell, Navy Yard, League Island.  
 John C. Wise, *Baltimore*.  
 G. P. Bradley, Naval Hospital, Mare Island.  
 Charles I. Gravatt, U. S. S. *New York*.  
 Paul Fitzsimons, U. S. S. *Brooklyn*.  
 Wm. S. Dixon, Naval Academy.  
 Charles A. Siegfried, Torpedo Station.  
 Remus C. Persons, Naval Hospital, Portsmouth, N. H.

#### SURGEONS, \$2,800.

(With relative rank of lieutenant-commander.)

Nelson M. Ferebee, waiting orders.  
 Franklin Rogers, waiting orders.  
 James R. Waggener, Navy Yard, Mare Island.  
 Thomas H. Streets, U. S. S. *Solace*.  
 Manly H. Simons, *Iowa*.  
 John C. Boyd, asst. Bureau of Med. and Surg.  
 Geo. E. H. Harmon, U. S. S. *Newark*.  
 Howard Wells, member Naval Ex. Bd., New York.  
 Daniel N. Bertelette, Regt Ship *Fernand*.  
 Ezra Z. Dorr, Navy Yard, Portsmouth.  
 Frank B. Stephenson, U. S. S. *Oregon*.  
 Presley M. Rixey, Naval Dispensary.  
 Walter A. McIlrign, member Examining Bd.  
 Cumberland G. Herndon, U. S. S. *Columbia*.  
 Lucien G. Heeneberger, *Indiana*.  
 Edward H. Green, Naval Dispensary.  
 Samuel H. Hickson, *Massachusetts*.  
 D. O. Lewis, waiting orders.  
 Howard E. Ames, Navy Yard, Norfolk.  
 Lloyd B. Baldwin, recruiting duty, New York.  
 Frank Anderson, Naval Hospital, Yokohama.  
 Phillips A. Lovett, U. S. S. *Lancaster*.  
 William R. Du Bose, Naval Hosp'l, New York.  
 Charles T. Hiltbett, *Independence*.  
 Nelson H. Drake, *Minneapolis*.  
 Henry G. Beyer, *Amphitrite*.  
 John M. Steele, *Monadnock*.  
 James E. Gardner, *Dolphin*.  
 Milard H. Crawford, waiting orders.  
 George P. Lamson, Receiving Ship *Franklin*.  
 Emory H. Marshall, *Raleigh*.  
 William H. Rush, sick leave.  
 James C. Byrnes, *Cincinnati*.  
 Samuel H. Griffith, U. S. S. *Mayflower*.  
 Averley C. H. Russell, Bureau Med. and Sur.  
 Arthur G. Cabell, waiting orders.  
 Clement Biddle, U. S. S. *Texas*.  
 Henry T. Percy, U. S. S. *Charleston*.  
 James D. Gatewood, waiting orders.  
 Oliver Diehl, waiting orders.  
 John M. Edgar, U. S. S. *Richmond*.  
 Philip Leach, waiting orders.

L. W. Curtis, *Montgomery*.  
 Henry B. Fitts, Naval Hospital, Portsmouth.  
 V. C. B. Means, waiting orders.  
 F. J. B. Cordelero, U. S. S. *New Orleans*.  
 F. W. F. Wiewer, waiting orders.  
 Oliver D. Norton, Naval Lab., New York.  
 F. A. Hesler, Naval Hospital, Boston.  
 L. W. Atlee, U. S. S. *Boston*.

## Pay Corps.

## PAY DIRECTORS, \$4,400.

(With relative rank of captain.)

Charles H. Eldredge, Navy Pay Office, Norfolk.  
 Edward May, Navy Pay Office, Boston.  
 Henry M. Denniston, Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.  
 Rufus Parks, Navy Yard, Washington, D. C.  
 Frank C. Cosby, general inspector Pay Corps.  
 Edwin Stewart, chief Bureau Supplies and Accounts.  
 George Cochran, Navy Yard, Norfolk.  
 Joseph A. Smith, general storekeeper, Navy Yard, League Island.  
 Thomas T. Caswell, Naval Academy.  
 Albert S. Kenny, Navy Yard, New York.  
 James E. Tolfree, Navy Pay Office, New York.  
 George A. Lyon, Navy Pay Office, Philadelphia.

## PAY INSPECTORS, \$4,400.

(With relative rank of commander.)

Edward Bellows, waiting orders.  
 George W. Beaman, Navy Yard, Boston.  
 Arthur Burtis, *New York*.  
 Edwin Putnam, storekeeper, Navy Yard, Norfolk.  
 Robert P. Lisle, waiting orders.  
 Leonard A. Fradley, waiting orders.

## PAYMASTERS, \$2,800.

Theo. S. Thompson, waiting orders.  
 William J. Thomson, Coast Survey Office.  
 Henry G. Colby, Bureau Supplies and Accounts.  
 J. B. Redfield, receiving ship *Richmond*.  
 J. G. Hobbs, U. S. S. *Brooklyn*.  
 J. P. Loomis, Naval Academy.  
 H. T. B. Harris, receiving ship *Vermont*.  
 Stephen Rand, Navy Pay Office, Washington.  
 L. G. Boggs, U. S. S. *Massachusetts*.  
 T. K. Calhoun, waiting orders.  
 W. W. Barry, Navy Yard, Mare Island.  
 J. R. Stanton, U. S. S. *Philadelphia*.  
 J. R. Ring, U. S. S. *Iowa*.  
 J. E. Cann, U. S. S. *Adams*.  
 J. N. Spiel, Navy Yard, League Island.  
 R. Fraser, U. S. S. *Indiana*.  
 H. E. Drury, Navy Yard, New York.  
 C. W. Littlefield, waiting orders.  
 A. Peterson, U. S. S. *Baltimore*.  
 A. K. Mickler, Bureau Supplies and Accounts.  
 W. W. Galt, U. S. S. *Glacier*.  
 J. R. Martin, U. S. S. *Boston*.  
 C. M. Ray, Navy Pay Office, Baltimore.  
 M. C. MacDonald, Yokohama, Japan.  
 E. B. Rogers, U. S. S. *Monterey*.  
 L. C. Kerr, U. S. S. *Minneapolis*.  
 R. T. M. Ball, Navy Yard, Washington, D. C.  
 C. S. Williams, U. S. S. *Newark*.  
 Y. J. Cowel, Training Station, Newport.  
 J. S. Carpenter, U. S. S. *Texas*.  
 L. Hunt, U. S. S. *New Orleans*.  
 J. A. Mudd, Navy Yard, New York.  
 W. B. Wilcox, U. S. S. *Monadnock*.  
 G. W. Tompson, waiting orders.  
 H. R. Sullivan, waiting orders.  
 S. L. Heap, U. S. S. *Raleigh*.  
 O. Lovell, U. S. S. *Amphitrite*.  
 J. S. Phillips, U. S. S. *Charleston*.  
 F. S. Jewett, Bureau Supplies and Accounts.  
 F. T. Arms, U. S. S. *Detroit*.  
 George E. Hendee, general storekeeper, Navy Yard, Boston.  
 Henry T. Wright, Navy Yard, New York.  
 Daniel A. Smith, *Olympia*.  
 George Griffling, Navy Pay Office, San Francisco.

A. W. Bacon, general storekeeper, Mare Island.  
 Charles W. Slanlin, receiving ship *Franklin*.  
 Joseph Foster, Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.

## Engineer Corps.

## CHIEF ENGINEERS, \$4,400.

William G. Buehler, Navy Yard, Portsmouth.  
 Louis J. Allen, Union Iron Wks., San Francisco.  
 George W. Melville, chief Bureau Steam Engineering.  
 Joseph Triley, Navy Yard, Mare Island.  
 Peter A. Rearick, special duty, Newport News.  
 Augustus H. Able, member Examining Board.  
 George J. Burnap, Cramp's Ship Yard, Phila.  
 Cipriano Andrade, Board Inspection and Survey, Philadelphia.  
 John Lowe, Continental Iron Works.  
 Lewis W. Robinson, Navy Yard, League Island.  
 William H. Harris, Bath Iron Works, Bath, Me.  
 Charles J. Macdonnell, sick leave.  
 James Entwistle, *Olympia*.  
 R. Aston, Cincinnati.  
 W. A. Windsor, Navy Yard, New York.  
 H. S. Ross, San Francisco.  
 C. R. Roelker, U. S. S. *Newark*.  
 John D. Ford, U. S. S. *Baltimore*.  
 John L. Hannum, Navy Yard, Boston.  
 A. C. Engard, U. S. S. *Philadelphia*.  
 J. A. B. Smith, Navy Yard, Norfolk.  
 C. J. Haghighurst, U. S. S. *Puritan*.  
 Alexander B. Bates, *Texas*.  
 Robert W. Milligan, U. S. S. *New York*.  
 George W. Baird, Supt. State, War and Navy Building.  
 Richard Inch, U. S. S. *Boston*.  
 Harrie Webster, Bureau Steam Engineering.  
 H. N. Stevenson, *Monterey*.  
 Julian S. Ogden, Navy Yard, Washington, D. C.  
 Charles W. Rice, *Iowa*.  
 George H. Kearny, Naval Academy.  
 William S. Moore, *Columbia*.  
 George Cowie, sick leave.  
 Charles P. Howell, sick leave.  
 James H. Perry, U. S. S. *Oregon*.  
 Warner B. Bailey, U. S. S. *Massachusetts*.  
 Albert F. Dixon, U. S. S. *Chicago*.  
 Joseph P. Mickle, special duty.  
 William H. Nautman, sick leave.  
 Robert W. Galt, sick leave.  
 John K. Barton, member Naval Examining Board, Philadelphia.  
 Robert G. Deng, U. S. S. *Topeka*.  
 George B. Ransom, *Concord*.  
 William C. Eaton, *Amphitrite*.  
 Alfred B. Canaga, Bureau Steam Engineering.  
 Abraham V. Zane, special duty, Wash., D. C.

## Marine Corps.

## COLONEL COMMANDANT, \$3,500.

Charles Heywood, hdqrs Washington, D. C.

## GENERAL STAFF.

Green Clay Goodloe, major and paymaster, hdqrs Washington, D. C.  
 George C. Reid, major, adjutant and inspector, hdqrs Washington, D. C.  
 Frank J. Denny, major and quartermaster, hdqrs Washington, D. C.  
 Theo. C. Prince, captain and assistant quartermaster, Philadelphia.  
 Chas. J. McCawley, captain and assistant quartermaster, Washington, D. C.

## COLONELS, \$3,500.

J. Forney, Marine Bks., League Island, Pa.  
 R. W. Huntington, Marine Bks., New York.

## LIEUTENANT-COLONELS, \$3,000.

P. C. Pope, Marine Bks., Boston.  
 R. L. Meade, Marine Bks., Portsmouth, N. H.

## MAJORS, \$2,500.

Charles F. Williams, Marine Bks., Mare Island.  
 Henry C. Cochran, Marine Bks., Newport.  
 W. S. Muse, Marine Bks., Naval Academy.  
 J. M. T. Young, hdqrs Washington, D. C.

## RETIRED LIST.

## REAR-ADMIRALS, \$4,500.

Thomas O. Selfridge, Washington, D. C.  
 Roger N. Stembel, Washington, D. C.  
 George B. Balch, Baltimore, Md.  
 Aaron K. Hughes, Washington, D. C.  
 Thomas S. Phelps, Washington, D. C.  
 Francis A. Roe, Washington, D. C.  
 Charles C. Carpenter, Portsmouth, N. H.  
 Samuel R. Franklin, Washington, D. C.  
 Peirce Crosby, Washington, D. C.  
 John H. Upshur, Washington, D. C.  
 S. B. Luce, Newport, R. I.  
 James E. Jouett, Washington, D. C.  
 L. A. Kimberly, West Newton, Mass.  
 Geo. E. Belknap, Brookline, Mass.  
 D. B. Harmony, Santa Barbara, Cal.  
 A. W. Weaver, Washington, D. C.  
 A. E. K. Benham, Washington, D. C.  
 John Irwin, Washington, D. C.  
 Bancroft Gherard, New York.  
 O. F. Stanton, New London, Conn.  
 Henry Erben, New York.  
 J. A. Greer, Washington, D. C.  
 George Brown, Indianapolis.  
 John G. Walker, Washington, D. C.  
 Francis M. Ramsey, Washington, D. C.  
 Joseph N. Miller, Springfield, Ohio.  
 Montgomery Seward, Washington, D. C.  
 Edmund O. Matthews, Washington, D. C.  
 F. M. Bunce, Hartford, Conn.  
 Lester A. Beardsley, Little Falls, N. Y.

## COMMODORES, \$3,750.

Lewis C. Sartori, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Albert G. Clary, leave of absence.  
 Oscar C. Badger, Washington, D. C.  
 Somerville Nicholson, Washington, D. C.  
 William K. Mayo, Fargo, S. D.  
 William P. McCann, New Rochelle, N. Y.  
 James H. Gillis, Mount Pleasant, Iowa.  
 E. E. Potter, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 R. L. Phythian, Annapolis, Md.  
 R. R. Wallace, Washington, D. C.  
 Geo. H. Perkins, Boston, Mass.

## CAPTAINS, \$3,375.

S. Livingston Breese, Wilmington, Del.  
 Francis S. Haggerty, Ticonderoga, N. Y.  
 Thomas G. Corbin, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Francis Lowry, Burlington, Vt.  
 A. T. Mahan, New York.  
 H. B. Seely, Philadelphia, Pa.

## COMMANDERS, \$2,625.

Thomas L. Swann, sick leave.  
 Smith W. Nichols, Dorchester, Mass.  
 Edward Hooker, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 Greenleaf Cilley, leave of absence.  
 C. A. Schetky, leave of absence.  
 George T. Davis, Asheville, N. C.  
 Thos. Nelson, Annapolis, Md.  
 John E. Winn, Key West, Fla.  
 W. B. Newman, Hackensack, N. J.  
 A. J. Iverson, Beverly, Mass.  
 F. L. Tanner, Washington, D. C.  
 J. C. Marong, San Francisco, Cal.  
 J. D. Graham, New York.  
 Samuel Belden, New London, Conn.  
 B. S. Richards, Washington, D. C.

## LIEUTENANT-COMMANDERS, \$2,250.

Antoine R. McNair, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.  
 Charles E. McKay, Orange, N. J.  
 Henry C. Tallman, New York.  
 Francis O. Davenport, Detroit, Mich.

Frederick I. Nalle, Norristown, Pa.  
 Gouverneur K. Haswell, New York city.  
 Edward M. Stedman, Chicago, Ill.  
 Socrates Hubbard, Garden City, N. Y.  
 Leonard Chenery, New York.  
 E. L. Amory, Boston, Mass.  
 Isaac Hazlitt, Washington, D. C.  
 Frederick A. Miller, leave of absence.  
 William P. Randall, New Bedford, Mass.  
 Charles E. Hawley, leave, Europe.  
 Francis H. Sheppard, St. Andrews, Fla.  
 George F. Morrison, Washington, D. C.  
 Charles W. Tracy, Boston, Mass.  
 David C. Woodrow, Cincinnati, O.  
 R. M. G. Brown, Washington, D. C.  
 T. B. M. Mason, Washington, D. C.

## MEDICAL DIRECTORS, \$3,300.

William Grier, Washington, D. C.  
 Samuel Jackson, Washington, D. C.  
 Thomas J. Turner, Coldwater, Mich.  
 John Y. Taylor, Washington, D. C.  
 Phineas J. Horwitz, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 F. M. Guncell, Washington, D. C.  
 Samuel F. Jones, Cambridge, Mass.  
 Edward Shippen, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Jacob S. Dungan, San Francisco, Cal.  
 George Peck, Elizabeth, N. J.  
 W. T. Hurd, Washington, D. C.  
 A. L. Gihon, New York.  
 R. C. Dean, Washington, D. C.  
 D. Bloodgood, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 D. Kindelberger, New York.  
 P. S. Wales, leave of absence.  
 H. M. Wells, New York.  
 I. N. Penrose, Brooklyn, N. Y.

## MEDICAL INSPECTORS, \$3,300.

William E. Taylor, Honolulu, H. I.  
 John C. Spear, Norristown, Pa.  
 Archibald C. Rhoades, New York.  
 A. S. Oberly, leave of absence.  
 F. Woolverton, Suspension Bridge, N. Y.  
 W. H. Jones, Bethlehem, Pa.

## PAY DIRECTORS, \$3,300.

James H. Watmough, Washington, D. C.  
 Thomas H. Looker, Washington, D. C.  
 Charles W. Abbot, Warren, R. I.  
 Alexander W. Russell, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 J. D. Murray, Annapolis, Md.  
 Caspar Schenck, Annapolis, Md.  
 Luther G. Billings, Clifton, N. Y.  
 A. J. Pritchard, Baltimore, Md.

## PAY INSPECTORS, \$3,300.

Francis H. Swan, Brookline, Mass.  
 W. W. Woodhull, San Juan, Puerto Rico.

## CHIEF ENGINEERS, \$3,300.

Benjamin F. Isherwood, New York city.  
 William H. Shock, Washington, D. C.  
 Theodore Zeller, New York city.  
 James W. King, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Edwin Fithian, Bridgeton, N. J.  
 William S. Stamm, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 F. C. Dade, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 D. B. Macomb, Boston, Mass.  
 Henry Mason, Plymouth, Conn.  
 Edward E. Latch, Academy, Pa.  
 George W. Samsen, Washington, D. C.  
 Charles H. Loring, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 Edward Farmer, Boston, Mass.  
 F. A. Wilson, Boston, Mass.  
 A. Kirby, Washington, D. C.

## LIST OF NAVAL STATIONS, VESSELS AND OFFICERS.

July 1, 1898.

## North Atlantic Station.

Rear-Admrl. William T. Sampson, comdg.  
 Capt. French E. Chadwick, chief of staff.  
 Lieut. Sidney A. Sraunton, flag lieutenant.  
 Lieut. Charles C. Marsh, secretary.

## FIRST SQUADRON.

SAN FRANCISCO (flagship)—Commodore  
 John A. Howell, comdg.; Lieut. John J.  
 Knapp, flag lieutenant; Lieut. (junior  
 grade) Lloyd H. Chandler, secretary.

## SECOND SQUADRON.

**BROOKLYN** (flagship)—Commodore Winfield S. Schley, comdg.; Lieut. James H. Sears, flag lieutenant; Lieut. (junior grade) Benjamin W. Wells, Jr., secretary.

## NAVAL BASE, KEY WEST.

**LANCASTER** (flagship)—Commodore George C. Remy, comdg.; Lieut. John H. Shipley, flag lieutenant; Ensign Reginald K. Belknap, secretary.

**NEW YORK** (first rate), flagship—Capt. French E. Chadwick, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., William P. Potter; Lieuts., John E. Roller, Frederick W. Coffin, Richard T. Mulligan; Lieuts. (junior grade), Edward E. Opehart, Frank Marble, Samuel Hughes.

**ALGONQUIN**—Boatswain James W. Angus, comdg.

**AMPHITRITE**—Capt. Charles J. Barclay, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., Albert G. Berry; Lieuts., Albert Merts, Charles N. Atwater; Lieut. (junior grade), Volney O. Chase.

**ANNAPOLIS**—Comdr. John J. Hunker, comdg.; Lieuts., George W. Ments, Clifford J. Boush; Lieut. (junior grade), George W. Kline.

**APACHE**—Lieut. Edwin Geer, comdg.; Lieut. (junior grade), William S. Belding.

**ARMERIA**—Lieut.-Comdr. Leavitt C. Logan, comdg.; Lieut., Le Roy M. Garrett.

**BADGER**—Comdr. Albert S. Snow, comdg.; Lieuts., Henry C. Gearing, Edward McC. Peters; Lieuts. (junior grade), Washington Irving, Irving Blount.

**BANCROFT**—Comdr. Richardson Clover, comdg.; Lieuts., Ten Eyck D. W. Veeder, William Truxtun; Lieut. (junior grade), Henry B. Wilson.

**BROOKLYN** (second squadron), flagship—Capt. Francis A. Cook, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., Newton E. Mason; Lieuts., Albon C. Hodgson, Thomas D. Griffin, William R. Bush, Edward Simpson, James G. Doyle.

**CÆSAR**—Lieut.-Comdr. Arthur R. Speyers, comdg.; Lieut. Robert K. Wright; Lieut. (junior grade), Stephen Decatur.

**CALUMET** (revenue cutter).

**CASTINE**—Comdr. Robert M. Berry, comdg.; Lieuts., Nelson T. Houston, Henry Morrell, William V. Bronaugh; Lieut. (junior grade), Joseph Strauss.

**CELTIC**—Comdr. Henry B. Mansfield, comdg.; Lieuts., James J. Igoe, William H. Seccombe; Lieuts. (junior grade), Thomas F. Webb, John A. Pabjens.

**CINCINNATI**—Capt. Colby M. Chester, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., Edward B. Barry; Lieuts., Charles J. Badger, John E. Craven, John A. Hoogewerf.

**COLUMBIA**—Capt. James H. Sands, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., John H. Moore; Lieuts., John F. Parker, George H. Stafford, William J. Maxwell; Lieut. (junior grade), William H. G. Bullard.

**CUSHING** (No. 1)—Lieut. Albert Gleaves, comdg.; Naval Cadet, David F. Boyd, Jr.

**DETROIT** (3d rate)—Comdr. James H. Dayton, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., Charles E. Colahan; Lieuts., Harry M. Hodges, William C. P. Muir, Lewis J. Clark.

**DOLPHIN**—Comdr. Henry W. Lyon, comdg.; Lieuts., Charles E. Vreeland, Augustus C. Almy, Thomas Snowden.

**DOROTHEA**—Lieut.-Comdr. William J. Barnette, comdg.; Lieut., Harry S. Knapp; Lieut. (junior grade), Hilary P. Jones, Jr.

**DUPONT** (No. 7)—Lieut.-Comdr., William W. Kimball; Lieut. Spencer S. Wood, comdg.

**EAGLE**—Lieut. William H. H. Southerland, comdg.; Ensigns, Powers Symington, Thomas T. Craven, John H. Roys.

**EAST BOSTON**—Passed Asst. Engr., William M. Gliman.

**ERICSSON** (No. 2)—Lieut. Nathaniel R. Usher, comdg.; Ensign, John R. Edie.

**FERN** (4th rate)—Lieut.-Comdr. Herbert Winslow, comdg.; Lieuts., Frank E. Sawyer, John H. Porter.

**FISH HAWK**—Lieut. Franklin Swift, comdg.

**FOOTE** (No. 3)—Lieut. William L. Rodgers, comdg.; Ensign, Richard H. Jackson.

**FROLIC**—Comdr. Edward H. Gheen, comdg.

**GLOUCESTER**—Lieut.-Comdr. Richard Wainwright, comdg.; Lieuts., Harry P. Huse, Thomas C. Wood; Lieut. (junior grade), George H. Norman, Jr.

**GOVERNOR RUSSELL**—Lieut. Charles H. Grant, comdg.

**GRESHAM** (revenue cutter).

**GWIN** (No. 16)—Lieut. Clarence S. Williams, comdg.

**HAMILTON** (revenue cutter).

**HAWK**—Lieut. John Hood, comdg.; Lieut. (junior grade), William N. King.

**HANNIBAL**—Comdr. Harrison G. O. Colby, comdg.; Lieuts. (junior grade), John Moss, Henry Bryant.

**HELENA** (3d rate)—Comdr. William T. Swinburne, comdg.; Lieut., Charles Laird; Lieuts. (junior grade), Joseph Oman, Edward Mosle, Jr.

**HIST**—Lieut. Lucien Young, comdg.; Lieuts. (junior grade), C. W. Hazeltine, Felix H. Hunicke.

**HORNET**—Lieut. James M. Helm, comdg.

**HUDSON** (revenue cutter).

**INDIANA** (1st rate)—Capt. Henry C. Taylor, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., John A. Rodgers; Lieuts., Samuel P. Comly, Richard Henderson, Roy C. Smith, Frederick L. Chapin, McDonough Craven; Lieuts. (junior grade), Benton C. Decker, Thomas Washington.

**IRIS**—Lieut. Arthur B. Connor, comdg.; Lieut. (junior grade), George H. Dunbar.

**JUSTIN**—Comdr. George E. Ide, comdg.; Lieuts. (junior grade), William L. R. Emmet, Oscar White.

**KATAHDIN**—Comdr. George F. F. Wilde, comdg.; Lieuts., William F. Low, John A. Shearman, George R. H. Buffinton.

**LANCASTER** (station ship, Key West)—Comdr. Thomas Perry, comdg.; Lieuts., Edward J. Dorn, William L. Burdick, Samuel W. Stratton; Lieuts. (junior grade), James T. Boates, John A. Ubsdell.

**LEBANON**—Lieut.-Comdr. Charles T. Forse, comdg.; Lieuts., Reuben O. Bitler, Guy M. Buck.

**LEONIDAS**—Comdr. William I. Moore, comdg.; Lieut., William H. Elliott.

- LEYDEN—Ensign Walter S. Crooley, comdg.
- MACHIAS (3d rate)—Comdr. William W. Mead, comdg.; Lieuts., Henry McCrea, Edward D. Bostick, Richard M. Hughes.
- MARBLEHEAD (3d rate)—Comdr. Bowman H. McCalla, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., John A. H. Nickels; Lieuts. York Noel, Edwin A. Anderson.
- MANROVE—Lieut.-Comdr. Daniel D. V. Stuart, comdg.
- MANNING (revenue cutter).
- MAPLE—Lieut.-Comdr. Wainwright Kellogg, comdg.
- MARIETTA (3d rate)—Comdr. Frederick M. Symonds, comdg.; Lieuts., Alexander McCrackin, William B. Caperton, James H. Hetherington.
- MASSACHUSETTS (1st rate)—Capt. Francis J. Higginson, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., Seaton Schroeder; Lieuts., Templin M. Potts, Albert W. Grant, James H. Glennon, Theodore G. Dewey, William B. Fletcher; Lieut. (junior grade), William W. Gilmer.
- MAYFLOWER—Comdr. Morris R. S. Mackenzie, comdg.; Lieuts., Jesse M. Roper, Abraham F. Culver.
- M'KEE (No. 18)—Lieut. (junior grade), Chester M. Knepper, comdg.
- M'LANE (revenue cutter).
- MIANTONOMOH—Capt. Mortimer L. Johnson, comdg.; Lieuts., Hawley O. Rittenhouse, Edmund B. Underwood, William S. Hogg, William A. Gill.
- MINNEAPOLIS (1st rate)—Capt. Theodore F. Jewell, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., Francis H. Delano; Lieuts., Edward E. Wright, William P. White; Lieuts. (junior grade), Andrew T. Long, George Breed.
- MONTGOMERY (3d rate)—Comdr. George A. Converse, comdg.; Lieuts., Francis E. Greene, Hamilton Hutchins, Wiley R. M. Field.
- MORRILL (revenue cutter).
- MORRIS (No. 14)—Lieut. Charles E. Fox, comdg.
- NASHVILLE—Comdr. Washburn Maynard, comdg.; Lieuts., Albert C. Dillingham, Cameron McK. Winslow.
- NEW ORLEANS—Capt. William M. Folger, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., William P. Day; Lieuts., William B. A. Rooney, William F. Fullam, Edwards F. Lelper; Lieut. (junior grade), Robert L. Russell.
- NEWPORT (3d rate)—Comdr. Benjamin F. Tilley, comdg.; Lieuts., James H. Bull, John T. Newton.
- NIAGARA—Lieut.-Comdr. Ebeneser S. Prime, comdg.; Lieut., Henry W. Grinnell; Lieuts. (junior grade), Ancil B. Lothrop, John F. Scheiler.
- ONEIDA—Lieut. (junior grade) William G. Miller, comdg.
- OSCEOLA—Lieut. John L. Purcell, comdg.
- PEORIA—Lieut. Thomas W. Ryan, comdg.
- PISCATAQUA—Comdr. Nathan E. Niles, comdg.; Lieuts. (junior grade), Franz A. Ballascyns, William E. Wirt.
- POMPEY—Comdr. James M. Miller, comdg.; Lieut. (junior grade), John C. Norton.
- PORTER (No. 6)—Lieut. John C. Fremont, comdg.
- PRAIRIE—Comdr. Charles J. Train, comdg.; Lieuts., Hugo Osterhaus, George M. Stoney; Lieuts. (junior grade), Charles H. Brigham, Robert B. Howell, William P. Stinson.
- PRINCETON—Comdr. Clifford H. West, comdg.; Lieuts., John M. Bowyer, Simon Cook; Lieut. (junior grade), Armistead Rust.
- PURITAN (1st rate)—Capt. Frederick Rodgers, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., James R. Selfridge; Lieuts., Austin M. Knight, George R. Clark.
- RESOLUTE—Comdr. Joseph G. Eaton, comdg.; Lieuts., Charles C. Rogers, John A. Bell, Charles S. Braddock, Jr.; Lieuts. (junior grade), John A. Gorgas, Jr., Fred H. Pullen.
- RODGERS (No. 4)—Lieut. Joseph L. Jayne, comdg.
- SAN FRANCISCO (3d rate), flagship—Capt. Richard P. Leary, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., Arthur P. Nasro; Lieut., Harry H. Hooley; Lieuts. (junior grade), Marbury Johnston, Charles M. Faba.
- SATURN—Comdr. George A. Bicknell, comdg.; Lieut., William E. Safford; Lieuts. (junior grade), Charles B. Fithian, Frederick Rouse.
- SCORPION—Lieut.-Comdr. Adolph Marx, comdg.; Lieut., Walter S. Hughes.
- STRANGER—Lieut. George L. Dyer, comdg.; Lieut., Robert S. Sloan; Lieut. (junior grade), Webster A. Edgar.
- SIREN—Lieut. John M. Robinson, comdg.; Lieut., Charles E. Littlefield; Lieut. (junior grade), William G. Mayer.
- SOLACE—Lieut.-Comdr. Andrew Dunlap, comdg.; Lieut., Edward Lloyd, Jr.
- SOUTHERY—Comdr. Walton Goodwin, comdg.; Lieut., Rufus Waterman.
- STERLING—Comdr. Robert E. Impey, comdg.; Lieut., John A. Dougherty.
- SUPPLY—Lieut.-Comdr. Royal R. Ingersoll, comdg.; Lieuts., Edward V. Roberts, Henry M. M. Richards.
- SUWANEE—Lieut.-Comdr. Daniel Delehanty, comdg.; Lieut. (junior grade), Victor Blue.
- SYLVIA—Lieut. George H. Peters, comdg.; Lieut., William G. Ford; Lieut. (junior grade), Daniel M. Goodrich.
- TALBOT (No. 15)—Lieut. William B. Shoemaker, comdg.
- TECUMSEH—Lieut. (junior grade) George R. Evans, comdg.
- TERROR (3d rate)—Capt. Nicoll Ladlow, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., Perry Garst; Lieuts., Edward F. Qualtrough, Herbert O. Dunn, James H. Colwell; Lieut. (junior grade), John F. Hubbard.
- TEXAS (1st rate)—Capt. John W. Philip, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., Giles B. Harber; Lieuts., Lewis C. Heilner, Harry Phelps, Francis I. Haeseler; Lieuts. (junior grade), Harrison A. Bispham, Mark L. Bristol.
- TOPEKA—Lieut.-Comdr. William M. Cowies, comdg.; Lieuts., Archibald H. Scales, Charles W. Bartlett, Charles A. Gove, Albert P. Niblack; Lieut. (junior grade), Edward T. Witherspoon.
- UNCAS—Lieut. Frederick R. Brainard, comdg.
- VESUVIUS (4th rate)—Lieut.-Comdr. John E. Pillsbury, comdg.; Lieuts., William M. Sewell, John G. Quinby.

VICKSBURG—Comdr. Abraham B. H. Little, comdg.; Lieuts., James C. Cresap, John B. Blah.

VIKING—Lieut. Edward G. Bucklank, comdg.; Lieut., Courtland K. Bolles.

VIXEN—Lieut. Alexander Sharp, Jr., comdg.; Lieut., Charles H. Harlow.

VULCAN—Lieut.-Comdr. Ira Harris, comdg.; Lieut., John B. Milton.

WASP—Lieut. Aaron Ward, comdg.; Lieut. (junior grade), Roger Welles, Jr.

WILMINGTON (3d rate)—Comdr. Chapman C. Todd, comdg.; Lieuts., John B. Collins, William G. Hannum; Lieut. (junior grade), Levi C. Bertolette.

WINDOM (revenue cutter).

WINSLOW (No. 5)—Lieut. John B. Bernadou, comdg.

WOMPATUCK—Lieut. Carl W. Jungen, comdg.

WOODRURY (revenue cutter).

YANKTON—Lieut.-Comdr. James D. Adams, comdg.; Lieuts., John F. Luby, James Gray.

#### Marine Battalion.

##### NORTH ATLANTIC FLEET.

Lieut.-Col. Robert W. Huntington, comdg. Maj., Henry C. Cochrane.

Capt., Francis H. Harrington, Manell C. Goodrell, Allan C. Kelton, Benjamin R. Russell, George F. Elliott, William F. Spicer, Charles L. McCawley (assistant quartermaster), Charles A. Doyen.

First Lieuts., Franklin J. Moses, James E. Mahoney, Herbert L. Draper, Clarence L. A. Ingate, Lewis C. Lucas, Charles G. Long, Wendell C. Neville, Albert S. McLemore, William N. McKelvey.

Second Lieuts., Louis J. Magill, Melville J. Shaw, Philip M. Bannon, Newt. H. Hall.

##### NAVAL BASE.

Capt., Harry K. White.  
Second Lieuts., Henry C. Davis, Mauchlin Nivin, Arthur T. Marx.

#### Eastern Squadron.

Commodore John C. Watson, comdg.  
Lieut.-Com. Richard G. Davenport, flag lieutenant.

Ensign Leon S. Thompson, secretary.

NEWARK (flagship)—Capt. Albert S. Barker, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr. William H. Turner; Lieuts., William F. Halsey, Fidelio S. Carter, John H. Gibbons, Homer C. Poundstone; Lieuts. (junior grade), Henry F. Bryan, Carlo B. Brittain, Royal P. Carroll.

ABARENDA—Lieut.-Comdr. Marcus B. Buford, comdg.; Lieut., Stephen Jenkins; Lieut. (junior grade), William H. Caldwell.

ALEXANDER—Comdr. William T. Burwell, comdg.; Lieut., Frederick S. Boyce.  
CASSIUS—Comdr. Samuel W. Very, comdg.; Lieut., Ralph E. Barry.

DIXIE—Comdr. Charles H. Davis, comdg.; Lieuts., Greenleaf A. Merriam, Robert M. Doyle, Samuel M. Blount; Lieut. (junior grade), Davies Murdock.

IOWA (1st rate)—Capt. Robley D. Evans, comdg.; Lieut.-Com. Raymond P. Rogers; Lieuts., William H. Schuetze, Horace M. Witzel, John M. Orchard,

Louis S. Van Duzer; Lieuts. (junior grade), Frank K. Hill, Glennie Tarbox.  
OREGON (1st rate)—Capt. C. E. Clark, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., James K. Cogswell; Lieuts., Reginald F. Nicholson, William H. Allen, Horace W. Harrison, Albert A. Ackerman; Lieut. (junior grade), Edward W. Eberle.

SCINDIA—Comdr. Eugene W. Watson, comdg.; Lieut., John C. Dow.

YANKEE—Comdr. Willard H. Brownson, comdg.; Lieuts. John Hubbard, William G. Cutler, William B. Duncan; Lieuts. (junior grade), Samuel D. Greene, John H. Barnard.

YOSEMITE—Comdr. William H. Emory, comdg.; Lieuts., Nathan Sargent, James T. Smith, Gilbert Wilkes; Lieuts. (junior grade), Truman H. Newberry, Cyrus E. Lothrop.

#### Pacific Station.

Rear-Admiral Joseph N. Miller, comdg.  
Lieut. Albert G. Winterhalter, flag lieutenant.  
Lieut. (junior grade) Philip Andrews, secretary.

ALBATROSS (flagship)—Lieut.-Comdr. Jefferson F. Moser, comdg.; Lieut. (junior grade), John P. McGuinness.

BENNINGTON—Comdr. Henry E. Nichols, comdg.; Lieuts., Clinton K. Curtis, Henry T. Mayo; Lieut. (junior grade), Charles P. Eaton.

CORWIN (revenue cutter).

GRANT (revenue cutter).

MOHICAN (3d rate)—Comdr. George M. Book, comdg.; Lieuts., Theodor Porter, Moses L. Wood, Harry M. Dombaugh.

PERRY (revenue cutter).

RUSH (revenue cutter).

WHEELING (3d rate)—Comdr. Uriel Seabree, comdg.; Lieut., Chaucey Thomas; Lieut. (junior grade), John Leech.

#### Asiatic Station.

Rear-Admiral George Dewey, comdg.  
Lieut. Thomas M. Brumby, flag lieutenant.  
Ensign Harry H. Caldwell, secretary.

OLYMPIA (1st rate, flagship)—Capt. Benjamin P. Lamberton, comdg.; Lieuts., Corwin P. Rees, Carlos G. Calkins, Valentine S. Nelson, Stokely Morgan; Lieut. (junior grade), Samuel M. Strite.

BALTIMORE—Capt. Nehemiah N. Dyer, comdg.; Lieuts., William P. Elliott, Frank W. Kellogg, Frank H. Holmes; Lieuts. (junior grade), John M. Ellicott, Charles S. Stanworth.

BOSTON—Capt. Frank Wildes, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., John A. Norris; Lieuts., Bernard O. Scott, John Gibson; Lieut. (junior grade), William L. Howard.

BRUTUS—Lieut. Vincendon L. Cottman, comdg.; Lieuts., Randolph H. Minor, Richard C. Hooker; Lieut. (junior grade), Benjamin Wright.

CHARLESTON—Capt. Henry Glass, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., Gottfried Blockinger; Lieuts., William Braunsreuther, Frank M. Bostwick; Lieuts. (junior grade), Robert E. Coonts, George R. Slocum.

CONCORD—Comdr. Asa Walker, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr. George P. Colvocoressa; Lieuts., Thomas B. Howard, Patrick W. Honrigan; Lieut. (junior grade), Charles M. McCormick.

**M'CULLOCH** (revenue cutter).  
**MONADNOCK** (2d rate)—Capt. William H. Whiting, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., Charles P. Perkins; Lieuts. Frank A. Wilner, James P. Parker, Allen G. Rogers.  
**MONOCACY** (3d rate)—Comdr. Oscar W. Farenholt, comdg.; Lieut., Walter McLean.  
**MONTEREY** (2d rate)—Comdr. Eugene H. C. Leutse, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., James W. Carlin; Lieuts., Frank E. Beatty, Augustus F. Fechteler, Thomas S. Rodgers, Harry Kimmell, Willson W. Buchanan; Lieut. (junior grade), John D. McDonald.  
**NANSHAN**—Lieut. Ben W. Hodges, comdg.  
**NERO**—Comdr. Charles Belknap, comdg.; Lieuts. (junior grade), Henry E. Parmenter, Marcus L. Miller, Selim E. Woodworth, John T. McMillan, Frederick E. Swannstrom, Edward Perks.  
**PETREL** (4th rate)—Comdr. Edward P. Wood, comdg.; Lieuts., Edward M. Hughes, Bradley A. Flske, Albert N. Wood; Lieut. (junior grade), Charles P. Plunkett.  
**RALEIGH** (3d rate)—Capt. Joseph B. Coghan, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., Frederic Singer; Lieuts., William Winder, Benjamin Tappan, Hugh Rodman.  
**ZAFIRO**—Ensign Henry A. Pearson, comdg.

#### Auxiliary Naval Force.

Rear-Admiral Henry Erben, retired, in charge, 39 Whitehall-st., New York.  
 Comdrs., Wells L. Field, Charles H. Arnold.  
 Lieut.-Comdrs., Charles C. Cornwell, William H. Beeder.  
 Lieut., William A. Marshall.  
 Medical Inspector, John C. Spear, retired.  
 Surg., Howard Smith, retired.  
 Asst. Surg., James G. Field, retired.  
 Pay Inspector, John H. Stevenson, retired.  
 Asst. Paymaster, Webb V. H. Rose.  
 Chief Engineer, Cipriano Andrade.  
 Chief Engineers, Alexander Henderson, retired (fleet); Edward D. Robie, retired; William W. Dungan, retired; Samuel L. P. Ayers, retired, and Henry W. Fitch, retired.  
 Naval Constructors, William L. Mintonye, retired, and Robert W. Steele, retired.

**AILEEN**—Lieut. Alonzo Gartley, comdg.; Lieut. (junior grade), Edwin C. Rhoads.  
**ARCTIC**—Lieut. George C. Stout, comdg.  
**CATSKILL**—Lieut. Martin E. Hall, comdg.; Lieuts., James O. Porter, George N. Gardiner, George S. Selfridge; Lieut. (junior grade), Charles H. Parker.  
**CHOCTAW**—Lieut. (junior grade) Walter O. Hulme, comdg.  
**ELFRIDA**—Lieut. (junior grade) Max A. Griopp, comdg.; Lieut. (junior grade), Frank S. Cornwell.  
**ENQUIRER**—Lieut. William H. Stayton, comdg.; Lieut. (junior grade), Nathaniel W. Bishop.  
**FREE LANCE**—Lieut. Thomas C. Zerega, comdg.  
**HUNTRESS**—Lieut. Felton Parker, comdg.; Lieut. (junior grade), Robert E. L. Hutchinson.  
**INCA**—Lieut. William E. McKay, comdg.  
**JASON**—Lieut. Herman F. Fickbohm, comdg.; Lieuts., Robert J. Beach, Eugene M. Harmon, Charles C. D. Reid; Lieut. (junior grade), Thaddeus R. Beal.  
**LEHIGH**—Lieut. Robert G. Peck, comdg.; Lieuts., Arthur B. Denny, James H. Dilaway, Jr.

**MONTAUK**—Lieut. Lazarus L. Reamey, comdg.; Lieuts., Harry R. Cohen, John B. Potter, Albert De Unger; Lieuts. (junior grade), William H. Clifford, Harry M. Bigelow, James S. Brown.  
**NAHANT**—Lieut. Clayton S. Richman, comdg.; Lieuts. (junior grade), Gerard B. Townsend, James Macfarlane.  
**NANTUCKET**—Lieut. Charles B. T. Moore, comdg.; Lieuts., George L. Morton, Harry H. McIlhenny, Thomas M. Morse, William M. Atkinson; Lieut. (junior grade), Robert H. McKoy.  
**PASSAIC**—Lieut. Francis H. Sherman, comdg.; Lieuts., Lewis W. Bartlett, Angelo W. Socola, Robert B. Quick; Lieut. (junior grade), Sidney H. J. Eshleman.  
**POTOMAC**—Lieut. George F. Blow, comdg.  
**POWHATAN**—Lieut. (junior grade) Frank M. Russell, comdg.  
**RESTLESS**—Lieut. Arthur H. Day, comdg.  
**WYANDOTTE**—Lieut. Thomas I. Madge, comdg.

#### Special Service.

**CITY OF PEKIN**—Comdr. William C. Gibson, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., Thomas S. Phelps, Jr.; Lieut., John H. L. Holcombe.  
**HARVARD**—Capt. Charles S. Cotton, comdg.; Comdr. Frederick M. Passow; Lieuts., Jacob J. Hunker, Joseph Beale, William J. Roberts; Ensign, Archibald H. Davis; Lieuts. (junior grade), John Bradshaw, William S. P. Keyes, William L. Grant.  
**HECTOR**—Comdr. Frederick M. Wise, comdg.; Lieuts. (junior grade), James W. Wilcott, E. V. Lynam, John McIntyre, Henry L. Thompson.  
**MICHIGAN**—Boatswain Charles Miller, comdg.  
**SCIPIO**—Comdr. John P. Merrill, comdg.; Lieut., Louis V. Housel.  
**ST. LOUIS**—Capt. Caspar F. Goodrich, comdg.  
**ST. PAUL**—Capt. Charles D. Sigabee, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., William H. Driggs; Lieuts., James C. Gilmore, John M. Poyer, George Young, Julius A. Patterson, Samuel N. Kane; Lieuts. (junior grade), Hiram Dixon, Ralph Osborn.  
**YALE**—Capt. William C. Wise, comdg.; Comdr. Frederick C. Watkins; Lieuts., Albert L. Key, Charles J. Rogers.

#### Unassigned.

**PANTHER**—Comdr. George C. Reiter, comdg.; Lieuts., Joseph B. Murdock, Charles F. Pond.  
**PHILADELPHIA**—Capt. George H. Wadleigh, comdg.; Lieut.-Comdr., Thomas H. Stevens; Lieuts., Philip V. Lansdale, Guy W. Brown; Lieuts. (junior grade), Harry A. Field, Ford H. Brown.

#### Training Service.

**ALLIANCE**—Comdr. Albert Rosa, comdg.; Lieut., Edward W. Henricks; Lieuts. (junior grade), Frank Ellery, Winslow Allderdice.

#### Tugs.

**NEZINSCOT** (Key West)—Boatswain John J. Holden, comdg.; Mate, Charles A. Elwell.  
**HERCULES** (Port Royal)—Mate Charles Larson, comdg.  
**SAMOSSET** (Key West)—Acting Boatswain Patrick Deery, comdg.  
**MASSASOIT** (Key West)—Lieut. Alfred Reynolds, comdg.; Ensign, Jeremiah Cottrell; Mate, Micah Jenkins.

## SHIPS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY.

July 1, 1898.

[ABBREVIATIONS.—Hull: S., steel; I., iron; W., wood. Propulsion: S., screw; T. S., twin screw; Tr S., triple screw; P., paddle.]

## FIRST RATE.

NAME.	Displacement (tons).	Type.	Hull.	Indicated horse power.	Speed (knots).	Propulsion.	Guns (in 10 battery).	Station or condition.
Iowa.....	11,340	1st-class battleship.	S.	12,105	16	T. S.	18	Eastern Squadron.
Indiana.....	10,288	do	S.	9,788	15.55	T. S.	16	North Atlantic Fleet.
Massachusetts.....	10,288	do	S.	10,433	16.15	T. S.	16	Do.
Oregon.....	10,288	do	S.	11,111	16.58	T. S.	16	Eastern Squadron.
Brooklyn.....	9,215	Armored cruiser.	S.	18,729	21.07	T. S.	20	North Atlantic Fleet.
New York.....	8,300	do	S.	17,401	21	T. S.	18	Do.
Columbia.....	7,375	Protected cruiser.	S.	18,540	22.5	T. S.	11	Do.
Minneapolis.....	7,375	do	S.	20,862	23.7	T. S.	11	Do.
Texas.....	6,315	2d-class battleship.	S.	8,610	17	T. S.	8	Do.
Puritan.....	6,000	Double-tur. monitor.	I.	3,700	12.4	T. S.	10	Do.
Olympia.....	5,870	Protected cruiser.	S.	17,313	21.75	T. S.	14	Asiatic Station.

## SECOND RATE.

Chicago.....	4,500	Protected cruiser.	S.	9,000	15.1	T. S.	18	Repairing at navy yard, New York.
Baltimore.....	4,413	do	S.	10,064	20.9	T. S.	10	Asiatic Station.
Philadelphia.....	4,324	do	S.	8,815	19.68	T. S.	12	Navy yard, Mare Island.
Monterey.....	4,084	Barbette turret, low freeboard monitor.	S.	5,244	15.6	T. S.	4	Asiatic Station.
Newark.....	4,068	Protected cruiser.	S.	8,895	19	T. S.	12	Eastern Squadron.
San Francisco.....	4,058	do	S.	9,915	19.55	T. S.	12	North Atlantic Fleet.
Charleston.....	3,730	do	S.	6,666	18.20	T. S.	8	Asiatic Station.
Miantonomoh.....	3,900	Double-tur. monitor.	I.	1,426	10.5	T. S.	4	North Atlantic Fleet.
Amphitrite.....	3,580	do	I.	1,000	10.5	T. S.	6	Do.
Monadnock.....	3,300	do	I.	3,000	12	T. S.	6	Asiatic Station.
Terror.....	3,300	do	I.	1,600	10.5	T. S.	4	North Atlantic Fleet.
New Orleans.....	3,437	Protected cruiser.	S.	7,500	21	S.	10	Do.
Albany.....	3,437	do	S.	7,500	21	S.	10	Unassigned.
Lancaster.....	3,250	Cruiser.	W.	1,000	10	T. S.	12	North Atlantic Fleet.
Cincinnati.....	3,213	Protected cruiser.	S.	10,100	19	T. S.	11	Do.
Raleigh.....	3,213	do	S.	10,100	19	T. S.	11	Asiatic Station.
Atlanta.....	3,000	do	S.	4,000	15.6	S.	8	Repairing at navy yard, New York.
Boston.....	3,000	do	S.	4,000	15.6	S.	8	Asiatic Station.

## THIRD RATE.

Hartford.....	2,750	Cruiser.	W.	2,000	15	S.	13	Repairing at navy yard, Mare Island.
Mayflower.....	2,600	do	S.	4,700	18.8	S. S.	2	North Atlantic Fleet.
Katahdin.....	2,155	Harbor-defense ram.	S.	5,068	16.25	T. S.	4	Do.
Ajax.....	2,100	Single-tur. monitor.	I.	340	6	S.	2	Auxiliary Naval Force.
Caonicus.....	2,100	do	I.	340	6	S.	2	Do.
Mahopac.....	2,100	do	I.	340	6	S.	2	Do.
Manhattan.....	2,100	do	I.	340	6	S.	2	Do.
Wyandotte.....	2,100	do	I.	340	6	S.	2	Do.
Detroit.....	2,085	Unprotected cruiser.	S.	5,277	18.71	T. S.	10	North Atlantic Fleet.
Montgomery.....	2,085	do	S.	5,580	18.6	T. S.	10	Do.
Marblehead.....	2,085	do	S.	5,451	18.44	T. S.	10	Do.
Mohican.....	1,900	do	W.	1,100	10	S.	8	Pacific Station.
Comananche.....	1,875	Single-tur. monitor.	I.	340	6	S.	2	Navy yard, Mare Island.
Catskill.....	1,875	do	I.	340	5.50	S.	2	Auxiliary Naval Force.
Jason.....	1,875	do	I.	340	5.50	S.	2	Do.
Lehigh.....	1,875	do	I.	340	5.50	S.	2	Do.
Montauk.....	1,875	do	I.	340	5.50	S.	2	Do.
Nahant.....	1,875	do	I.	340	5.50	S.	2	Do.
Nantucket.....	1,875	do	I.	340	5.50	S.	2	Do.
Passaic.....	1,875	do	I.	340	5.50	S.	2	Do.
Bennington.....	1,710	Gunboat.	S.	3,493	17.5	T. S.	6	Pacific Station.
Concord.....	1,710	do	S.	3,405	16.8	T. S.	6	Asiatic Station.
Yorktown.....	1,710	do	S.	3,392	16.14	T. S.	6	Repairing at navy yard, Mare Island.
Topeka.....	1,700	do	I.	2,000	16	S.	6	North Atlantic Fleet.
Dolphin.....	1,486	Dispatch boat.	S.	2,253	15.5	S.	2	Do.
Wilmington.....	1,392	Light-draft gunboat.	S.	1,894	16	T. S.	8	Do.
Helena.....	1,392	do	S.	1,988	16	T. S.	8	Do.
Adams.....	1,375	Cruiser.	W.	800	10	S.	6	Navy yard, Mare Island.
Alliance.....	1,375	do	W.	800	10	S.	6	Training service.
Essex.....	1,375	do	W.	800	10	S.	6	Navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H.

## SHIPS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY.—CONTINUED.

NAME.	Displacement (tons).	Type.	Hull.	Indicated horse power.	Speed (knots).	Propulsion.	Guns (m'n battery).	Station or condition.
Enterprise.....	1,375	.....do	W.	800	.....	S.	4	Public Marine School.
Nashville.....	1,371	Light-draft gunboat.	S.	2,536	16	T.S.	8	Boston.
Monocacy.....	1,370	.....do	I.	850	.....	P.	6	North Atlantic Fleet.
Castine.....	1,177	Gunboat.....	S.	2,199	16.3	T.S.	8	Asiatic Station.
Machias.....	1,177	.....do	S.	2,046	15.5	T.S.	8	North Atlantic Station.
Alert.....	1,020	Cruiser.....	I.	500	.....	S.	3	Do.
Ranger.....	1,020	.....do	I.	500	.....	S.	6	Navy yard, Mare Island.
Annapolis.....	1,000	Composite gunboat.	Co.	1,227	13.7	S.	6	Repairing at navy yard, Mare Island.
Vicksburg.....	1,000	.....do	Co.	1,119	12.71	S.	6	North Atlantic Fleet.
Wheeling.....	1,000	.....do	Co.	1,061	12.86	T.S.	6	Do.
Marietta.....	1,000	.....do	Co.	1,064	13.3	T.S.	6	Pacific Station.
Newport.....	1,000	.....do	Co.	1,068	12.29	S.	6	North Atlantic Fleet.
Princeton.....	1,000	.....do	Co.	800	12	S.	6	Do.

## FOURTH RATE.

Vesuvius.....	921	Dynamite-gun vessel	S.	3,795	21.42	T.S.	3	North Atlantic Fleet.
Petrel.....	502	Gunboat.....	S.	1,065	11.8	S.	4	Asiatic Station.
Fern.....	340	Transport steamer.	W.	1,213	14.37	S.	.....	North Atlantic Fleet.
Bancroft.....	885	Gunboat.....	S.	1,213	14.37	T.S.	4	Do.
Michigan.....	885	Cruiser.....	I.	365	.....	P.	4	Special service, North-western Lakes.
Pinta.....	550	Gunboat.....	I.	310	.....	S.	2	Repairing at navy yard, Mare Island.

## TORPEDO BOATS.

Cushing.....	105	Torpedo boat.....	S.	1,720	22.5	T.S.	2	North Atlantic Fleet.
Ericsson.....	120	.....do	S.	1,800	24	T.S.	2	Do.
Foote.....	112	.....do	S.	2,000	24.5	T.S.	2	Do.
Rodgers.....	142	.....do	S.	2,000	24.5	T.S.	2	Do.
Winslow.....	142	.....do	S.	2,000	24.5	T.S.	2	Do.
Porter.....	.....	.....do	S.	.....	28.6	T.S.	2	Do.
Dupont.....	.....	.....do	S.	.....	28.5	T.S.	2	Do.
Rowan.....	182	.....do	S.	3,200	26	T.S.	2	Do.
Dahlgren.....	146	.....do	S.	4,200	.....	T.S.	2	Moran Bros. Co., Seattle, Wash.
T. A. M. Craven.....	146	.....do	S.	4,200	30.5	T.S.	2	Bldg. at Bath Iron Wks.
Farragut.....	273	.....do	S.	5,000	30	T.S.	2	Do.
Davis.....	132	.....do	S.	1,750	22.5	T.S.	2	Bldg. at Union Iron Wks.
Fox.....	132	.....do	S.	1,750	22.5	T.S.	2	Bldg. at Wolf & Zwicker's Works, Portland, Ore.
Morris.....	103	.....do	S.	1,750	24.5	T.S.	2	Do.
Talbot.....	46½	.....do	S.	850	20	S.	2	North Atlantic Fleet.
Gwin.....	46½	.....do	S.	850	20	S.	2	Do.
Mackenzie.....	65	.....do	S.	850	20	S.	2	Do.
McKee.....	65	.....do	S.	850	20	S.	2	Do.
Stringham.....	340	.....do	S.	7,200	30	T.S.	2	Do.
Goldborough.....	247¾	.....do	S.	.....	30	T.S.	2	Bldg. at Harlan & Hollingsworth Co.'s Wks., Wilmington, Del.
Bailey.....	225	.....do	S.	5,600	30	T.S.	2	Bldg. at Wolf & Zwicker's Works, Portland, Ore.
Manly.....	.....	.....do	S.	.....	17	.....	2	Bldg. at Gas Engine and Power Co. and Chas. L. Seabury Co. Consolidated Works, Morris Heights, N. J.
Somers.....	115	.....do	S.	1,900	.....	S.	2	Auxiliary Naval Force.
Bagley.....	.....	.....do	S.	.....	.....	.....	2	Unassigned.
Barney.....	.....	.....do	S.	.....	.....	.....	2	Contract not yet awarded.
Biddle.....	.....	.....do	S.	.....	.....	.....	2	Do.
Blakely.....	.....	.....do	S.	.....	.....	.....	2	Do.
De Long.....	.....	.....do	S.	.....	.....	.....	2	Do.
Nicholson.....	.....	.....do	S.	.....	.....	.....	2	Do.
O'Brien.....	.....	.....do	S.	.....	.....	.....	2	Do.
Shubrick.....	.....	.....do	S.	.....	.....	.....	2	Do.
Stockton.....	.....	.....do	S.	.....	.....	.....	2	Do.
Thornton.....	.....	.....do	S.	.....	.....	.....	2	Do.
Tingey.....	.....	.....do	S.	.....	.....	.....	2	Do.
Wilkes.....	.....	.....do	S.	.....	.....	.....	2	Do.
Siletto.....	31	.....do	W.	350	.....	S.	2	Torpedo Station, Newport, R. I.

## SHIPS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY.—CONTINUED.

## TUGS.

NAME.	Displacement (tons).	Type.	Hull.	Indicated horse power.	Speed (knots).	Propulsion.	Guns (m'n battery).	Station or condition.
Fortune.....	450	Tug.....	I.	340	8.	.....	.....	Repairing at navy yard, Norfolk.
Iwana.....	192	.....do.....	S.	300	8.	.....	.....	Yard tug, Boston.
Leyden.....	450	.....do.....	I.	340	8.	.....	.....	North Atlantic Fleet.
Narkeeta.....	192	.....do.....	S.	300	8.	.....	.....	Yard tug, New York.
Nina.....	357	.....do.....	I.	388	8.	.....	.....	Navy yard, New York.
Rocket.....	187	.....do.....	W.	147	8.	.....	.....	Navy yard, Boston.
Standish.....	450	.....do.....	I.	340	8.	.....	.....	1 Being used as cadet practice ship.
Traffic.....	260	.....do.....	W.	.....	8.	.....	.....	Navy yard, New York.
Triton.....	213	.....do.....	S.	300	8.	.....	.....	Yard tug, Washington.
Wabnetta.....	192	.....do.....	S.	300	8.	.....	.....	Yard tug, Norfolk.
Unadilla.....	345	.....do.....	S.	500	8.	.....	.....	Yard tug, Mare Island.
Samoset.....	225	.....do.....	S.	450	8.	.....	.....	Key West.

## SAILING SHIPS.

Monongahela.....	2,100	Sailing ship.....	W.	.....	.....	Sails	4	Naval Academy.
Constellation.....	1,136	.....do.....	W.	.....	.....	Sails	8	Stationary train'g ship, Newport.
Jamestown.....	1,150	.....do.....	W.	.....	.....	Sails	.....	Loaned to Treas'y Dept. for quarantine purposes.
Portsmouth.....	1,125	.....do.....	W.	.....	.....	Sails	12	Naval Militia, N. J.
Saratoga.....	1,025	.....do.....	W.	.....	.....	Sails	.....	Public Marine School, Philadelphia.
St. Mary's.....	1,025	.....do.....	W.	.....	.....	Sails	.....	Public Marine School New York.

## RECEIVING SHIPS.

Franklin.....	5,170	Receiving ship.....	W.	1,050	8.	.....	4	Norfolk.
Wabash.....	4,650	.....do.....	W.	950	8.	.....	.....	Boston.
Vermont.....	4,150	.....do.....	W.	.....	.....	Sails	.....	New York.
Independence.....	3,270	.....do.....	W.	.....	.....	Sails	6	Mare Island.
Richmond.....	2,700	.....do.....	W.	692	8.	.....	2	League Island.

## UNSERVICEABLE.

New Hampshire.....	4,150	Sailing ship.....	W.	.....	.....	Sails	6	Naval Militia, New York.
Pensacola.....	3,000	Cruiser.....	W.	680	8.	.....	.....	N. Y.
Omaha.....	2,400	.....do.....	W.	958	8.	.....	.....	Apprentice ship, Mare Island.
Constitution.....	2,200	.....do.....	W.	.....	.....	Sails	.....	Transferred to Marine Hospital Service.
Iroquois.....	1,575	.....do.....	W.	1,202	8.	.....	4	Navy yard, Boston.†
Nipale.....	1,375	.....do.....	W.	839	8.	.....	4	Transferred to Marine Hospital Service.
St. Louis.....	880	Sailing ship.....	W.	.....	.....	Sails	.....	Puget Sound Naval Station.†
Dale.....	675	.....do.....	W.	.....	.....	do.	.....	Naval Militia, Penn.
Minnesota.....	4,700	Cruiser.....	W.	1,000	8.	.....	9	Naval Militia, Md.
Marion.....	1,900	Unprotected cruiser.	W.	1,100	8.	.....	8	Naval Militia, Mass.
Thetis.....	1,250	Cruiser.....	W.	530	8.	.....	.....	Naval Militia, San Diego, Cal.
Yantic.....	900	.....do.....	W.	810	8.	.....	.....	Navy yard, Mare Island, Cal.
Albatross.....	328	.....do.....	W.	500	8.	.....	.....	Naval Militia, Mich.
Badger.....	.....	.....do.....	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	75	4 Naval Militia, Mich.
Buffalo.....	7,500	.....do.....	S.	.....	19	.....	.....	Auxiliary Naval Force.
Dixie.....	7,500	.....do.....	S.	3,800	14.5	.....	75	North Atlantic Fleet.
Dorothea.....	594	Yacht.....	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	10	Unassigned.
Eagle.....	492	.....do.....	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	10	Eastern Squadron.
Elfrida.....	1173	.....do.....	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	10	North Atlantic Fleet.
Enquirer.....	126	.....do.....	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	11	Do.
Free Lance.....	1192	.....do.....	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	11	Auxiliary Naval Force.
Frolic.....	608	.....do.....	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	12	Do.
Gloucester.....	786	.....do.....	S.	2,000	.....	S.S.	12	Do.
Harvard.....	11,550	Cruiser.....	S.	14,500	20	.....	14	North Atlantic Fleet.
Hawkeye.....	545	Yacht.....	S.	1,000	.....	S.S.	16	Special.
Hick.....	454	.....do.....	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	14	North Atlantic Fleet.
Hornet.....	494	.....do.....	S.	950	.....	S.S.	16	Do.
Huntress.....	1186	.....do.....	Co.	.....	.....	S.S.	17	Do.
							73	Auxiliary Naval Force.

\*Torpedo tubes. †In ordinary.

## SHIPS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY.—CONTINUED.

## CRUISERS AND YACHTS.

NAME.	Displacement (tons).	Type.	Hull.	Indicated horse power.	Speed (knots).	Propulsion.	Guns.	Station.
Kanawah.....	1175	.....do	Co.	.....	.....	S.S.	.....	Auxiliary Naval Force.
Inca.....	.....	.....do	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Do.
Oneda.....	1278	.....do	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	14	North Atlantic Fleet.
Peahter.....	.....	Cruiser.....	.....	.....	.....	S.S.	12	Unassigned.
Pearla.....	628	.....do	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	17	North Atlantic Fleet.
Prairie.....	7,500	.....do	S.	.....	14.5	S.S.	10	Do.
Restless.....	1194	Yacht.....	I.	500	.....	S.S.	14	Auxiliary Naval Force.
Scorpion.....	860	.....do	S.	2,800	.....	T.S.	4	North Atlantic Fleet.
Shearwater.....	.....	.....do	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Auxiliary Naval Force.
Siren.....	1215	.....do	.....	.....	.....	S.S.	11	North Atlantic Fleet.
St. Louis.....	16,000	Cruiser.....	S.	18,000	21	S.	8	Special.
St. Paul.....	16,000	.....do	S.	18,000	21	S.	8	Do.
Stranger.....	1548	Yacht.....	I.	.....	.....	S.S.	15	North Atlantic Fleet.
Sylph.....	.....	.....do	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Unassigned.
Sylvia.....	1202	.....do	I.	.....	.....	S.S.	13	North Atlantic Fleet.
Viking.....	1271	.....do	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	14	Do.
Vixen.....	800	.....do	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	18	Do.
Wasp.....	750	.....do	S.	1,800	.....	S.S.	16	Do.
Yale.....	11,650	Cruiser.....	S.	14,500	20	S.	8	Special.
Yankee.....	7,500	.....do	S.	3,400	14.5	S.	10	Eastern Squadron.
Yankton.....	1879	Yacht.....	S.	750	.....	.....	11	North Atlantic Fleet.
Yosemite.....	7,500	Cruiser.....	S.	3,323	14.5	S.	10	Eastern Squadron.

\*Main battery guns. †Secondary battery guns. ‡Estimated. §Torpedo tubes.

## STEAMERS AND COLLIERIES.

Arctic.....	15,782	Collier.....	.....	1,000	.....	.....	11	Auxiliary Naval Force.
Abarenda.....	17,492	.....do	.....	1,026	.....	S.S.	12	Eastern Squadron.
Brutus.....	.....	.....do	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	Do.
Cesar.....	15,834	.....do	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	Asiatic Station.
Cassius.....	.....	.....do	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	North Atlantic Fleet.
Celtic.....	13,751	Supply ship.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	Do.
Delmonico.....	.....	.....do	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Eastern Squadron.
East Boston.....	.....	Ferry boat.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	North Atlantic Fleet.
Govern'r Russell.....	.....	.....do	.....	.....	.....	.....	11	Do.
Hannibal.....	14,181	Collier.....	.....	1,100	.....	.....	12	Do.
Hector.....	.....	.....do	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Unassigned.
Iris.....	.....	Steamer.....	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	.....	North Atlantic Fleet.
Justin.....	14,857	Collier.....	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	12	Do.
Lebanon.....	13,375	.....do	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	14	Do.
Leonidas.....	16,034	.....do	.....	1,100	.....	S.S.	12	Do.
Marcellus.....	.....	Steamer.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Unassigned.
Merrimac.....	7,500	.....do	S.	1,300	.....	S.S.	12	North Atlantic Fleet.
Nanshan.....	14,327	.....do	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Asiatic Station.
Nero.....	4,925	.....do	.....	.....	.....	S.	14	Do.
Niagara.....	14,640	.....do	I.	.....	.....	T.S.	12	North Atlantic Fleet.
Pompey.....	12,975	Collier.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	Do.
Rainbow.....	.....	Distilling ship.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Unassigned.
Resolute.....	12,712	Transport steamer.....	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	12	North Atlantic Fleet.
Saturn.....	15,420	Collier.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Do.
Scindia.....	15,294	.....do	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	Eastern Squadron.
Scipio.....	.....	.....do	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Unassigned.
Solace.....	8,000	Ambulance ship.....	S.	.....	.....	.....	.....	North Atlantic Fleet.
Southery.....	14,729	Collier.....	S.	.....	.....	.....	12	Do.
Sterling.....	12,549	.....do	I.	926	.....	T.S.	12	Do.
Supply.....	.....	Supply ship.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Do.
Vulcan.....	13,543	Steamer.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	Do.
Zafro.....	12,620	Supply ship.....	S.	213	.....	S.S.	.....	Asiatic Station.

## TUGS.

Accomac.....	187	Tug.....	I.	.....	.....	S.S.	.....	Key West.
Active.....	296	.....do	S.	600	.....	S.S.	17	Pacific Station.
Alice.....	.....	.....do	.....	.....	.....	S.S.	12	Supply steamer, Norfolk
Apache.....	1516	.....do	W.	.....	.....	S.S.	18	North Atlantic Fleet.
Cheyenne.....	.....	.....do	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Auxiliary Naval Force.
Chickasaw.....	.....	.....do	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Do.
Choctaw.....	151	.....do	I.	.....	.....	S.S.	12	Do.
Hercules.....	1198	.....do	I.	.....	.....	S.S.	12	Port Royal.
Iroquois.....	702	.....do	S.	1,000	.....	S.S.	17	Pacific Station.
Massasoit.....	.....	.....do	.....	.....	.....	S.S.	12	Key West.
Modoc.....	1194	.....do	I.	.....	.....	S.S.	.....	League Island.

## SHIPS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY.—CONTINUED.

NAME.	Displacement (tons).	Type.	Hull.	Indicated horse power.	Speed (knots).	Propul- sion.	Guns.	Station.
Mohawk.....	156	do	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	12	Norfolk.
Nesinscot.....	156	do	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	12	Key West.
Osceola.....	571	do	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	12	North Atlantic Fleet.
Pawnee.....	1257	do	W.	.....	.....	S.S.	12	Steam lighter, New York.
Piscataqua.....	1631	do	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	14	North Atlantic Fleet.
Pontiac.....	1401	do	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	14	New York.
Potomac.....	677	do	S.	2,000	.....	S.S.	14	Auxiliary Naval Force.
Powhatan.....	1194	do	S.	397	.....	S.S.	12	Do.
Seminole.....	155	do	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	12	Do.
Sioux.....	155	do	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	12	Key West.
Tacoma.....	196	do	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	11	Special.
Tecumseh.....	214	do	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	12	North Atlantic Fleet.
Uncas.....	441	do	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	12	Do.
Vigilant.....	800	do	S.	450	.....	S.S.	17	Pacific Station.
Waban.....	.....	do	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Auxiliary Naval Force.
Wompatuck.....	442	do	I.	.....	.....	S.S.	14	North Atlantic Fleet.

## REVENUE CUTTERS.

Algonquin.....	.....	Revenue-cutter.	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	North Atlantic Fleet.
Calumet.....	174	do	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	Do.
Corwin.....	1424	do	W.	.....	.....	.....	12	Pacific Station.
Grant.....	1407	do	I.	.....	.....	S.S.	.....	Do.
Gresham.....	906	do	S.	.....	.....	S.S.	.....	North Atlantic Fleet.
Hamilton.....	250	do	I.	.....	.....	S.S.	*1	Do.
Hudson.....	174	do	S.	524.67	.....	S.S.	12	Do.
Manning.....	960	do	Co.	2,000	.....	S.S.	*3	Do.
McCulloch.....	1,230	do	Co.	.....	.....	S.S.	.....	Asiatic Station.
McLane.....	1346	do	I.	.....	.....	S.S.	.....	North Atlantic Fleet.
Morrill.....	987	do	I.	.....	.....	S.S.	*2	Do.
Perry.....	1534	do	I.	.....	.....	S.S.	.....	Pacific Station.
Rush.....	1295	do	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Do.
Windom.....	625	do	S.	800	.....	S.S.	*1	North Atlantic Fleet.
Woodbury.....	370	do	W.	.....	.....	S.S.	17	Do.

## LIGHTHOUSE TENDERS.

Armeria.....	11,600	Lighthouse tender.	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	North Atlantic.
Mangrove.....	1620	do	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	Do.
Maple.....	1700	do	.....	.....	.....	.....	*2	Do.
Suwanee.....	2,185	do	.....	.....	.....	.....	*2	Do.

## FISH COMMISSION VESSELS.

Albatross.....	.....	Fish commis'n vessel.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Pacific Station.
Fish Hawk.....	.....	do	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	North Atlantic Fleet.

\*Main battery guns. †Secondary battery guns. ‡Estimated.

## VESSELS UNDER CONSTRUCTION.

(From report of Secretary of the Navy).

The names of vessels under construction, where building, contract speed and probable date of completion are given in the following table:

NAME OF VESSEL.	Where building.	Contract speed.	Probable date of completion.
<b>BATTLESHIPS.</b>			
Kearsarge.....	Newport News.....	Knots. 16	Aug., 1894
Kentucky.....	do.....	16	Do.
Illinois.....	do.....	16	April, 1901
Alabama.....	Cramp & Sons.....	16	Sept. 24, 1894
Wisconsin.....	Union Iron Works.....	16	Sept. 1, 1894
Maine.....	Cramp & Sons.....	18	June 1, 1901
Missouri.....	Newport News.....	18	June 11, 1901
Ohio.....	Union Iron Works.....	18	June 5, 1901
<b>SHEATHED CRUISER.</b>			
Albany.....	Armstrong's, England.....	20	.....
<b>MONITORS.</b>			
Arkansas.....	Newport News.....	12	Jan. 11, 1901
Connecticut.....	Bath Iron Works.....	12	Jan. 19, 1901
Florida.....	Lewis Nixon.....	12	Oct. 11, 1901
Wyoming.....	Union Iron Works.....	12	Jan. 5, 1901

## VESSELS UNDER CONSTRUCTION.—CONTINUED.

NAME OF VESSEL.	Where building.	Contract speed.	Probable date of completion.
<b>TORPEDO-BOAT DESTROYERS.</b>			
Alnbridge.....	Nease & Levy.....	28	April 1, 1900
Barry.....	do.....	28	Do.
Bauncey.....	do.....	28	Do.
Bale.....	Wm. R. Trigg Co.....	28	
Becatur.....	do.....	28	
Bopkins.....	Harlan & Hollingsworth.....	28	April 19, 1900
Bull.....	do.....	28	Do.
Burrows.....	Fore River Engine Co.....	30	Jan. 29, 1900
Bodonough.....	do.....	30	Feb. 28, 1900
Bull Jones.....	Union Iron Works.....	29	April 5, 1900
Berry.....	do.....	29	Do.
Bible.....	do.....	29	Do.
Bewart.....	Gas Engine and Power Co.....	29	Feb. 28, 1900
Buxton.....	Maryland Steel Co.....	30	April 4, 1900
Whipple.....	do.....	30	Do.
Worden.....	do.....	30	Do.
<b>TORPEDO BOATS.</b>			
Bowan.....	Moran Bros.....	26	Completed, except official trial.
Bahlgren.....	Bath Iron Works.....	30	Feb. 1, 1900
B. A. M. Craven.....	do.....	30	Mar. 1, 1900
Barragut.....	Union Iron Works.....	30	Completed, except official trial.
Bavis.....	Wolf & Zwicker.....	22.5	Do.
Blox.....	do.....	22.5	Dec. 1, 1900
Backenzie.....	Chas. Hillman Co.....	20	Completed, except official trial.
Btingham.....	Harlan & Hollingsworth.....	30	Jan. 29, 1900
Boldborough.....	Wolf & Zwicker.....	30	In doubt.
Balley.....	Gas Engine and Power Co.....	30	Feb. 1, 1900
Bagley.....	Bath Iron Works.....	28	Oct. 19, 1900
Barnes.....	do.....	28	Do.
Biddle.....	do.....	28	Do.
Bakely.....	Geo. Lawley & Sons.....	26	Sept. 27, 1900
B. Long.....	do.....	26	Do.
Bicholson.....	Lewis Nixon.....	26	Sept. 28, 1900
B'Brien.....	do.....	26	Do.
Bubrick.....	Wm. R. Trigg Co.....	26	
Bockton.....	do.....	26	
Bornton.....	do.....	26	
Bingey.....	Columbian Iron Works.....	26	Oct. 1, 1900
Bilkes.....	Gas Engine and Power Co.....	26.5	Sept. 30, 1900
<b>TRAINING VESSEL FOR NAVAL ACADEMY.</b>			
Bessapeake.....	Bath Iron Works.....	30	June 16, 1900
<b>SUBMARINE TORPEDO BOAT.</b>			
B'lunger.....	Columbian Iron Works.....	8	In doubt.
<b>TUGS.</b>			
B'enacook.....	Navy yard, New York.....	12	Dec. 1, 1900
B'awtucket.....	Navy yard, Mare Isl., Cal.....	12	Do.

## VALUE IN GOLD OF \$100 CURRENCY IN THE NEW YORK MARKET, 1862-78.

PERIODS.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
January.....	97.6 08.9	96.6 02.3	95.4 46.3	94.3 71.4	93.2 74.3	92.2 73.7	91.2 80.3	90.3 81.7	89.3 85.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7
February.....	96.6 02.3	95.4 46.3	94.3 71.4	93.2 74.3	92.2 73.7	91.2 80.3	90.3 81.7	89.3 85.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7
March.....	95.4 46.3	94.3 71.4	93.2 74.3	92.2 73.7	91.2 80.3	90.3 81.7	89.3 85.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7
April.....	94.3 71.4	93.2 74.3	92.2 73.7	91.2 80.3	90.3 81.7	89.3 85.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7
May.....	93.2 74.3	92.2 73.7	91.2 80.3	90.3 81.7	89.3 85.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7
June.....	92.2 73.7	91.2 80.3	90.3 81.7	89.3 85.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7
July.....	91.2 80.3	90.3 81.7	89.3 85.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7
August.....	90.3 81.7	89.3 85.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7
September.....	89.3 85.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7
October.....	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7
November.....	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7
December.....	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7	88.7 88.7

\*On July 11, 1864, \$100 in greenbacks was worth only \$35.03 in gold.

## The Volunteer Army.

[Corrected to Nov. 1, 1898.]

\*Officers in the regular army holding commissions of a higher rank in the volunteer service. They are given the rank held in the volunteer service.

## ACTIVE LIST.

The records of the war department have been so complicated by the transfer of officers of the regular army to the volunteer service that it is simply impossible to give such an arrangement of army officers as it has been customary to present in this volume. Some of the matter heretofore published the department declines to make public.

## MAJOR-GENERAL, \$7,500.

Nelson A. Miles, commanding army, Washington, D. C.

## MAJOR-GENERALS, \$7,500.

(U. S. V.)

- \*James F. Wade, president of Commission for Evacuation of Cuba.
- \*William R. Shafter, comdg Dept. of East.
- \*Henry C. Merriam, comdg Depts. of California and Columbia.
- \*Elwell S. Otis, comdg Dept. of Pacific, and military gov. of the Philippines.
- James H. Wilson, comdg 1 Army Corps.
- Fitzhugh Lee, comdg 7 Army Corps.
- Joseph Wheeler, comdg 4 Army Corps.
- Matthew C. Butler, member of Commission for Evacuation of Cuba on temporary duty in Washington, D. C.
- Joseph W. Kiefer, comdg 1 Div., 7 Corps.
- \*John C. Bates, comdg 1 Div., 1 Corps.
- \*Sam. B. M. Young, comdg 2 Army Corps.
- \*Henry W. Lawton, on ordinary leave, unassigned.
- \*Adna R. Chaffee, comdg 1 Div., 4 Corps.
- \*T. McA. Anderson, comdg 1 Div., 8 Corps.
- \*Arthur MacArthur, comdg 2 Div., 8 Corps; on special duty in Havana, Cuba.
- Francis V. Greene, comdg 7 Div., 7 Corps.
- \*S. S. Sumner, chief mustering officer, Pa.
- \*Wm. Ludlow, comdg 2 Div., 1 Corps.

## BRIGADIER-GENERALS, \$5,500.

(U. S. V.)

- \*Royal T. Frank, comdg 2 Div., 4 Corps.
- \*A. K. Arnold, comdg Cav. Brig., 4 Corps.
- \*Alexander C. McW. Pennington, comdg Dept. of the Gulf.
- \*Simon Snyder, comdg 1 Brigade, 1 Div., 1 Corps.
- \*Edward B. Williston, comdg 1 Brigade, 2 Div., 7 Corps.
- \*Geo. W. Randall, comdg 3 Div., 2 Corps.
- \*Charles E. Compton, ordered to be discharged Jan. 6, 1899.
- \*Louis H. Carpenter, comdg 2d Brigade, 3 Div., 2 Corps.
- \*George W. Davis, comdg 2 Div., 2 Corps; on detached service Pinar del Rio, Cuba.
- \*Theodore Schwan, president of the Board of Brevets and Medals of Honor; on duty A. G. Office.
- \*John M. Bacon, comdg Depts. Dakota and the Lakes.
- \*Marens P. Miller, Manila.
- \*R. H. Hall, comdg 1 Brig., 1 Div., 1 Corps.
- \*Henry S. Hasbrouck, comdg 2 Brig., 2 Div., 7 Corps.
- \*Joseph P. Sanger, comdg 2 Brigade, 2 Div., 1 Corps.
- \*Edwin V. Sumner, comdg Depts. Colorado and Missouri.
- \*J. Kline, comdg 1 Brigade, 2 Div., 2 Corps.
- \*John C. Gilmore; on duty headquarters of the Army.
- \*L. Wheaton, comdg 1 Brig., 1 Div., 7 Corps.
- \*M. V. Sheridan, chief of staff Gen. Brooke.
- Oswald H. Ernst, Washington, D. C., awaiting orders.
- \*Chas. King, comdg Brigade, 8 Corps.

Frederick D. Grant, comdg Military District of San Juan.

- \*H. G. Otis, comdg 1 Brig., 1 Div., 8 Corps.
- William W. Gordon, comdg 2 Brigade, 1 Div., 1 Corps.
- J. A. Wiley, comdg 1 Brig., 2 Div., 1 Corps.
- William J. McKee, comdg 3 Brigade, 1 Div., 1 Corps.
- J. R. Lincoln, comdg 2 Brig., 2 Div., 2 Corps.
- J. R. Wadley, comdg 2 Brig., 2 Div., 1 Corps.
- N. Cole, comdg 3 Brig., 2 Div., 2 Corps.
- W. C. Oates, comdg, 1 Brig., 3 Div., 2 Corps.
- \*John N. Andrews, comdg 3 Brigade, 2 Div., 1 Corps.
- \*Robert P. Hughes, Provost-Marshal-General of Manila.
- L. W. Colby, comdg 2 Brig., 2 Div., 4 Corps.
- H. T. Douglas, comdg 2 Brig., 1 Div., 7 Corps.
- J. P. S. Gobin, comdg 3 Brig., 1 Div., 2 Corps.
- Henry V. N. Boynton, member Chickamauga Park Com.; member Board on Brevets and Medals of Honor.
- Adelbert Ames, ordered to be discharged Jan. 3, 1899.
- \*Chambers McKibbin, comdg 1 Brigade, 1 Div., 2 Corps.
- \*Emerson H. Liscum, ordered to be discharged Dec. 31, 1898.
- \*Leonard Wood, comdg Dept. of Santiago.
- \*Ezra P. Ewers, comdg troops near San Luis, Cuba.
- \*Samuel Owenshine, comdg 1 Brigade, 2 Div., 8 Corps.
- I. Hale, comdg 2 Brig., 2 Div., 8 Corps.
- Charles McC. Reeve, deputy provost-marshal and chief of police, Manila.
- Charles A. Whittier, ordered to be discharged Dec. 31, 1898.
- \*R. Combs, comdg 2 Brig., 1 Div., 4 Corps.
- \*Gilbert S. Carpenter, comdg 1 Brigade, 2 Div., 4 Corps.
- \*John W. Clous, on duty U. S. Cuban Com.
- \*John F. Weston, on sick leave.
- \*C. F. Humphrey chief Q. M. Havana, Cuba.
- Willis J. Hullings, ordered to be discharged Dec. 31, 1898.
- \*E. R. Kellogg, on sick leave; unassigned.
- \*Harry C. Egbert, ordered to be discharged Dec. 31, 1898.
- \*Theodore A. Baldwin, ordered to be discharged Dec. 31, 1898.
- \*Evan Miles, ordered to be discharged Jan. 10, 1899.

## COLONELS, \$4,500.

(U. S. V.)

- \*James Allen, Signal Corps, Headquarters of the Army.
- Frank J. Hecker, Q. M. G.'s Office.
- \*Charles Bird, Q. M. G.'s Office.

## LIEUTENANT-COLONELS, \$4,000.

(CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICERS, U. S. V.)

- \*Richard P. Strong, 4 Signal Corps.
- \*Richard E. Thompson, Signal Corps, Dept. of the Pacific.

- \*William E. Glassford, Signal Corps, Dept. of Puerto Rico.
- \*Joseph E. Maxfield, 7 Signal Corps.
- \*Samuel Reber, 1 Signal Corps.
- Edward B. Ives, 2 Signal Corps.
- Benjamin F. Montgomery, Signal Corps, Executive Mansion.

## (ASSISTANT ADJUTANTS-GENERAL, U. S. V.)

- \*Edward J. McClelland, A. A. G. 2 Corps, Headquarters Dept. of the East.
- \*F. Michler, A. A. G., Headquarters Army.
- \*Joseph H. Dorst, A. A. G., 7 Corps.
- \*George R. Cecil, A. A. G., 1 Corps.
- \*William V. Richards, A. A. G., Dept. of Puerto Rico.
- \*Thomas H. Barry, A. A. G., Dept. of the Pacific and 8 Corps.
- \*J. H. Beacon, A. A. G., Dept. Santiago.

## (INSPECTORS-GENERAL, U. S. V.)

- \*Frank D. Baldwin, Insp. Gen., 1 Corps.
- \*Marion P. Maus, Insp. Gen., Headquarters of the Army.
- Curtis Guild, Jr., Insp. Gen., 7 Corps.
- \*Winfield S. Edgerly, Insp. Gen., 2 Corps.
- \*Charles W. Whipple, Insp. Gen., Manila.
- \*John D. Miley, Act. Insp. Gen., Dept. of the East; Insp.-Gen., 4 Corps.

## (JUDGE-ADVOCATES, U. S. V.)

- \*Edgar S. Dudley, Judge-Advocate-General's Office.
- John A. Hull, ordered to Manila.
- Frederick A. Hill, collector port of Ponce, Puerto Rico.
- Charles L. Jewett, ordered home from Manila.
- Chas. H. Ribble, judge-advocate, 7 Corps.
- \*Enoch H. Crowder, judge-advocate, Dept. of the Pacific.
- Lucien F. Burpee, judge-advocate, 1 Corps.
- \*H. C. Carbaugh, judge-advocate, 4 Corps.

## (CHIEF QUARTERMASTERS.)

- \*Francis B. Jones, disbursing Q.M. of Com. to Investigate Conduct of the War.
- \*J. W. Pope, chief Q. M., Dept. of Pacific.
- \*George E. Pond, chief Q. M., 7 Corps.
- Charles R. Barnett, depot Q. M., Jeffersonville, Ind.
- \*J. W. Jacobs, on leave of absence.
- \*Guy Howard, chief Q. M., 7 Corps.
- \*Charles G. Penney, chief Q. M., 4 Corps.

## (COMMISSARIES OF SUBSISTENCE, U. S. V.)

- \*Oliver E. Wood, chief commissary of subsistence, 7 Corps.
- \*James N. Allison, chief commissary of subsistence, 2 Corps.
- \*Tasker H. Bliss, chief commissary of subsistence, 1 Corps.
- \*Edward E. Dravo, chief commissary of subsistence, Dept. of the Gulf.
- \*William H. Baldwin, chief commissary of subsistence, Dept. of California.
- \*Charles H. Grierson, chief commissary of subsistence, 4 Corps.
- \*David L. Brainard, chief commissary of subsistence, Dept. of Pacific and 8 Corps.

## (CHIEF SURGEONS, U. S. V.)

- \*Robert M. O'Reilly, staff Gen. Wade, Havana.
- \*Alfred C. Girard, chief surgeon, 2 Corps.
- \*Louis M. Maus, chief surgeon, 7 Corps.
- Timothy E. Wilcox, chief surgeon, 1 Corps.
- \*Henry S. Turrill, chief surgeon, 4 Corps.

## (CHIEF ENGINEERS, U. S. V.)

- \*W. R. Livermore, chief engineer, 7 Corps.
- \*William M. Black, Headquarters of the Army.
- \*Geo. McC. Derby, chief engineer, 2 Corps.
- \*James L. Lusak, ordered to be discharged Dec. 7, 1898.
- \*George W. Goethals, ordered to be discharged Dec. 31, 1898.
- \*John Biddle, chief engineer, 1 Corps.
- \*H. M. Chittenden, chief engineer, 4 Corps.
- \*Charles L. Potter, chief engineer, Dept. of the Pacific.

## (CHIEF ORDNANCE OFFICERS, U. S. V.)

- \*James Rockwell, Jr., Dept. of Pacific.
- \*Rogers Birnie, 7 Corps.
- \*William Ennis, ordered to be discharged Dec. 31, 1898.
- \*Henry D. Borup, Dept. of Santiago.
- \*John T. Thompson, 4 Corps.
- \*William P. Duvall, 2 Corps.
- \*John A. Kress, 1 Corps.

## MAJORS, \$3,500.

## (ASSISTANT ADJUTANTS-GENERAL, U. S. V.)

- \*Louis V. Caziare, A. A. G., 1 Div., 1 Corps.
- \*Edward Davis, A. A. G., 2 Div., 4 Corps.
- \*Hugh L. Scott, A. A. G., 2 Div., 1 Corps.
- \*A. C. Sharpe, A. A. G., 2 Div., 2 Corps.
- \*F. S. Strong, A. A. G., 1 Div., 2 Corps.
- Clarence R. Edwards, A. A. G., 4 Corps.
- \*S. D. Sturgis, A. A. G., Dept. of Dakota.
- George H. Hopkins, on duty office Secretary of War. Representative of War Dept., to act in conjunction with an officer of the navy to determine what division shall be made of the guns captured by United States in Cuba.
- John A. Logan, A. A. G., 1 Div., 1 Corps.
- \*Louis A. Craig, A. A. G., 1 Div., 4 Corps.
- \*Harry C. Hale, aid-de-camp, staff of Gen. Merritt.
- \*Hunter Liggett, A. A. G., 3 Div., 2 Corps.
- \*Harry T. Allen, on sick leave.
- \*William E. Almy, staff of Gen. Wade, Havana, Cuba.
- \*Robert H. Noble, on duty at Governor's Island, New York.
- Charles R. Miller, on sick leave.
- \*Wm. S. Scott, A. A. G., 1 Div., 7 Corps.
- \*Robert E. L. Michie, headquarters 7 Corps.
- \*T. B. Mott, aid-de-camp to Gen. Greene.

## (INSPECTORS-GENERAL, U. S. V.)

- \*Philip Reade, Insp.-Gen., 1 Div., 2 Corps.
- \*John M. K. Davis, Insp.-Gen. Dept. Gulf.
- \*E. D. Thomas, Insp.-Gen., 1 Div., 4 Corps.
- \*Thomas M. Woodruff, Insp.-Gen., 3 Div., 2 Corps.
- \*H. J. Slocum, Insp.-Gen., 2 Div., 1 Corps.
- \*B. H. Cheever, Insp.-Gen., 2 Div., 1 Corps.
- \*H. C. Benson, Insp.-Gen., 2 Div., 4 Corps.
- G. C. Webb, on sick leave; unassigned.
- Russell B. Harrison, 7 Corps; unassigned.
- John G. Evans, Insp.-Gen., 1 Div., 7 Corps.
- James H. McLeary, mayor of Santiago de Cuba.
- \*J. G. Ballance, Insp.-Gen., 1 Div., 1 Corps.
- Henry H. Carleton, ordered to be discharged Dec. 31, 1898.
- \*R. A. Brown, Insp.-Gen., 2 Div., 2 Corps.
- \*J. S. Mallory, Insp.-Gen., 2 Div., 8 Corps.
- \*Charles G. Starr, on four months' leave from Oct. 8.

## (QUARTERMASTERS, U. S. V.)

- \*John W. Summerhayes, Q. M.'s depot, New York city.
- \*S. R. Jones, chief Q. M., 2 Div., 8 Corps.
- \*J. E. Sawyer, chief Q. M., 1 Div., 2 Corps.

- \*Frederick von Schrader, on duty headquarters 3 Corps.
- \*Oscar F. Long, Q. M.'s depot, San Francisco, Cal.
- \*Medad C. Martin, on duty Q. M. G.'s Office.
- \*Thomas Cruse, chief Q. M., 2 Div., 1 Corps.
- \*James B. Aleshire, acting chief Q. M., 1 Corps.
- \*F. G. Hodgson, on duty Q. M. G.'s Office.
- \*E. F. Ladd, chief Q. M., 2 Div., 2 Corps.
- William A. Wadsworth, awaiting orders.
- \*John M. Carson, Jr., assistant to chief Q. M., Dept. of Puerto Rico.
- N. H. Greager, chief Q. M., 1 Div., 7 Corps.
- \*George Ruhlén, post and depot Q. M. at Honolulu.
- \*Edgar B. Robertson, chief Q. M., 1 Div., 4 Corps.
- M. C. Hutchins, depot Q. M., Cincinnati, O.
- O. H. Falk, chief Q. M., 2 Div., 4 Corps.
- David Hemphill, ordered discharged Dec. 26, 1898.
- Jas. L. Wilson, chief Q. M., 2 Div., 7 Corps.
- \*John B. Bellinger, depot Q. M., Tampa, Fla., and on temporary duty purchasing, issuing and shipping quartermaster, Savannah, Ga.
- \*L. S. Roudiez, chief Q. M., 3 Div., 2 Corps.
- \*William H. Miller, constructing Q. M., at Spokane, Wash.
- \*A. G. C. Quay, on sick leave; unassigned.
- \*Carrol A. Devol; unassigned.
- \*Charles B. Thompson, acting chief Q. M., Dept. of California.
- \*John C. W. Brooks, aide-de-camp to Gen. Butler, Havana, Cuba.
- \*John J. Brereton; unassigned.

## (COMMISSARIES OF SUBSISTENCE, U. S. V.)

- James O. Varnedoe, chief commissary of subsistence, 1 Div., 1 Corps.
- James N. Moody, chief commissary of subsistence, 1 Div., 7 Corps.
- Samuel W. Hay, chief commissary of subsistence, 2 Div., 4 Corps.
- \*David B. Wilson, purchasing and depot commissary of subsistence, Boston, Mass.
- \*Hugh J. Gallagher, purchasing and depot commissary of subsistence, Augusta, Ga.
- \*Sydney A. Cloman, purchasing and depot commissary of subsistence, Manila.
- Phillip Mothersill, chief commissary of subsistence, 2 Div., 1 Corps.
- Edmund W. Bach, chief commissary of subsistence, Dept. of Dakota.
- Robert L. Longstreet, chief commissary of subsistence, 2 Div., 7 Corps.
- Krylyn S. Grant, assistant to purchasing and depot commissary of subsistence, Huntsville, Ala.
- \*George T. Bartlett, chief commissary of subsistence, Dept. of Santiago.
- John D. Black, on duty, Headquarters of Army.
- Robert H. Fitzhugh, assistant to chief commissary of subsistence, Dept. Pacific.
- \*Walter K. Wright, chief commissary of subsistence, 1 Div., 2 Corps.
- \*George W. H. Stouch, chief commissary of subsistence, Dept. of Colorado.
- James C. Mulliken, chief commissary of subsistence, 2 Div., 2 Corps.
- Herbert Katz, unassigned.
- Joseph H. Heatwole, chief commissary of subsistence, 3 Div., 2 Corps.
- \*Harry E. Wilkins, unassigned; on leave to Dec. 27.
- Rufus M. Townsend, chief commissary of subsistence, 1 Div., 4 Corps.
- \*Frederick A. Smith, chief commissary of subsistence, Dept. of the Lakes.
- Solomon F. Thorne, chief commissary of subsistence, Dept. of California.
- \*Henry Page, purchasing and depot commissary of subsistence, Nuevitas, Cuba.
- Daniel Hogan, post commissary, San Juan, Puerto Rico.
- \*George W. Ruthers, purchasing and depot commissary of subsistence, Savannah, Ga.
- Wm. Williams, on sick leave; unassigned.
- \*Eugene T. Wilson, purchasing and depot commissary of subsistence, Santiago de Cuba.
- \*Elmore F. Taggart, commissary of subsistence, Steamship Bratten.

## (CHIEF SURGEONS, U. S. V.)

- John M. G. Woodbury, ordered to be discharged Dec. 27, 1898.
- Wm. H. Daly, Headquarters of the Army.
- James N. Jenne, ordered to be discharged Dec. 8, 1898.
- Herbert W. Cardwell, 1 Div., 8 Corps.
- James H. Hysell, 1 Div., 1 Corps.
- Jefferson D. Griffith, ordered to be discharged Dec. 2, 1898.
- R. Emmett Giffin, Sternberg Hospital, Chickamauga, Ga.
- Henry T. Hoyt, Dept. of Pacific.
- Frank S. Bowens, Dept. of Pacific.
- \*William H. Arthur, U. S. hospital ship Missouri.
- George E. Rushnell, Surgeon-General's Office.
- Donald Maclean, General Hospital, Fort Monroe.
- George R. Fowler, 2 Div., 7 Corps.
- Victor C. Vaughan, surgeon-general's office.

## (BRIGADE SURGEONS, U. S. V.)

- \*Harry P. Birmingham, Puerto Rico.
- \*Marlborough C. Wyeth, Fort Sill, O. T.
- \*Edward C. Carter, Sternberg General Hospital, Chickamauga, Ga.
- \*P. R. Egan, staff Gen. Henry, Puerto Rico.
- \*Wm. J. Wakeman, 1 Brig., 1 Div., 2 Corps.
- \*William Stephenson, Dept. of Santiago.
- \*John L. Phillips, 2 Div., 2 Corps.
- \*Wm. C. Borden, Washington Brcks., D. C.
- \*Edgar A. Mearns, 3 Div., 1 Corps.
- \*Guy L. Edie, Dept. of California.
- \*William D. Crosby, Dept. of the Pacific.
- Charles M. Gandy, 2 Div., 1 Corps.
- \*James E. Picher, 2 Div., 7 Corps.
- \*Jefferson R. Kean, 1 Div., 7 Corps.
- \*H. I. Raymond, 2 Brigade, 1 Div., 2 Corps.
- \*William O. Owen, Dept. of the Pacific.
- \*Francis J. Ives, 2 Brig., 2 Div., 1 Corps.
- \*Wm. P. Kendall, 2 Brig., 2 Div., 4 Corps.
- \*Edward R. Morris, chief surgeon, District of Hawaii, Dept. of California.
- \*Henry S. T. Harris, sanitary inspector, in addition to other duties, 4 Corps.
- \*Wm. B. Banister, 3 Brig., 1 Div., 2 Corps.
- \*P. Clendenin, chief surgeon, 2 Div., 7 Corps.
- \*Charles E. Woodruff, Dept. of Pacific.
- \*Eugene L. Swift, Dept. of the East.
- \*Charles F. Mason, Dept. of Puerto Rico.
- \*James D. Glennan, 1 Corps.
- \*Alfred E. Bradley, hospital ship Relief.
- \*Philip G. Wales, 1 Brig., 2 Div., 2 Corps.
- Charles M. Drake, 2 Brig., 1 Div., 1 Corps.
- Nathan S. Jarvis, member Examining Board New York city.
- John C. Martin, 1 Brigade, 1 Div., 1 Corps.
- Peter D. MacNaughton, 2 Brigade, 1 Div., 7 Corps.
- S. T. Armstrong, 2 Brig., 3 Div., 2 Corps.
- John P. Dodge, 2 Brigade, 2 Div., 4 Corps.
- John R. McMill, 7 Corps.
- Sam O. L. Potter, 2 Brig., 2 Div., 8 Corps.
- George B. Bunn, 1 Brig., 1 Div., 7 Corps.
- George H. Penrose, Dept. of the Pacific.
- Elmer E. Heg, 3 Brig., 1 Div., 1 Corps.
- Charles R. Parke, 3 Brig., 2 Div., 2 Corps.

W. Neff, general hospital, Ft. McPherson.  
 George F. Shiels, Dept. of the Pacific.  
 Wm. S. Bryant, 2 Brig., 2 Div., 7 Corps.  
 Wm. F. de Niedman, in charge of 3d Div., 2 Corps Hospital.  
 Francis C. Ford, 1 Brig., 1 Div., 7 Corps.  
 Lawrence C. Carr, Dept. of Santiago.  
 \*Wm. L. Kneedler, 1 Brig., 3 Div., 2 Corps.  
 Ira C. Brown, Surgeon-General's Office.  
 Edward O. Shakespeare, Board of Medical Officers, Washington, D. C.  
 Henry H. Lee, Cav. Brigade, 4 Corps.  
 Bial F. Bradbury, 7 Corps.  
 John L. Macumber, 4 Corps.  
 Simon P. Kramer, 7 Corps.  
 John G. Davis, 1 Brigade, 2 Div., 7 Corps, on duty with Gen. Greene, Havana.  
 John E. Woodbridge, 2 Corps.  
 Oscar Le Seuer, to be discharged Dec. 20.  
 John J. Archibard, staff of Gen. Wade, Havana, Cuba.  
 David C. Peyton, supervising sick in hospitals at Philadelphia.  
 Wilfrid Turnbull, Dept. of Santiago.  
 George E. Groff, 2 Corps.  
 Robert Burns, 3 Brigade, 2 Div., 1 Corps.  
 Esquil de la Calle, staff of Gen. Wade, Havana, Cuba.  
 Lewis Balch, 1 Div., 1 Corps.  
 William B. Winn, 4 Corps.  
 William J. Kernachan, 4 Corps.  
 Willard S.H. Matthews, Dept. of California.  
 Rafael Echeverria, unassigned.

## (ADDITIONAL PAYMASTERS, U. S. V.)

William G. Gambrill, Dept. of the Pacific.  
 Henry C. Fitzgerald, Dept. of the Pacific.  
 George F. Downey, Dept. of California.  
 John Demeritt, Dept. of the Pacific.  
 George W. Flahback, Dept. of Puerto Rico.  
 Timothy D. Keleher, Dept. of the Pacific.  
 Daniel W. Arnold, 2 Army Corps.  
 Beecher B. Ray, Dept. of the Lakes.  
 George Vandergriff, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 Geo. C. Stewart, Paymaster-General's Office.  
 William B. Rochester, Jr., Dept. of Pacific.  
 George T. Holloway, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 Robert S. Smith, Dept. of Santiago.  
 Herbert M. Lord, Paymaster-General's Office.  
 Seymour Howell, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 C. S. Walton, Paymaster-General's Office.  
 George B. Guild, Dept. of the Lakes.  
 Frank M. Hammond, Paymaster-General's Office.  
 W. M. Clark, Paymaster-General's Office.  
 William B. Schofield, Dept. of the Pacific.  
 William J. Cowden, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 Moses R. Doyon, Dept. of the East.  
 Benjamin F. Havens, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 James B. Houston, Dept. of the East.  
 Fred T. Jones, Dept. of the East.  
 George E. Pickett, Dept. of the Lakes.  
 Brewster C. Kenyon, Dept. of California.  
 George H. Fay, Dept. of the Lakes.  
 Edward S. Fowler, Dept. of the East.  
 William H. Thrift, Dept. of the Lakes.  
 George D. Sherman, Dept. of the East.  
 John H. Townsend, Dept. of the East.  
 John M. Sears, Dept. of the Pacific.  
 Jas. W. Dawes, Paymaster-General's Office.  
 Otto Becker, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 Louis Knapp, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 Samuel D. C. Hayes, Dept. of the Lakes.  
 John W. Fogler, Dept. of Puerto Rico.  
 Beverly W. Colner, Dept. of Columbia.  
 Newton J. Foote, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 Samuel S. Harvey, Dept. of Puerto Rico.  
 James Canby, Dept. of Missouri.  
 William Monaghan, Dept. of Missouri.

Manly B. Curry, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 Joseph S. Wilkins, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 Michael F. Sheary, Dept. of the Pacific.  
 Geo. W. Moses, Paymaster-General's Office.  
 Fred N. Rix, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 James B. Kenner, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 Hiram L. Grant, Dept. of the East.  
 Thomas A. Cummings, Dept. of Dakota.  
 Eugene Coffin, Paymaster-General's Office.  
 Thaddeus P. Varney, Dept. of the East.  
 Clifford Arrack, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 Wm. J. Black, Paymaster-General's Office.  
 Henry B. May, Dept. of the East.  
 Clark M. Carr, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 Ralph Hartzell, Dept. of the Lakes.  
 S. Heth Tyler, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 William B. Dwight, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 Webster C. Weiss, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 Frederic C. Lord, Dept. of California.  
 John C. Krause, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 Henry J. May, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 Edward A. Bigelow, Dept. of the Lakes.  
 John R. Lynch, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 Washington Haversick, Paymaster-General's Office.  
 Philip Dallam, Dept. of the Lakes.  
 Thomas C. Goodman, Dept. of the East.  
 William R. Graham, Dept. of the Missouri.  
 Charles B. Marsh, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 Theodore Sternberg, Dept. of the Pacific.  
 Henry H. Twombly, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 Jonas M. Cleland, Dept. of the East.  
 Glen Hayes Logan, Dept. of the Gulf.  
 Junius G. Sanders, Dept. of Santiago.  
 John Joy Edson, Jr., Dept. of the East.  
 M. W. Lang, Paymaster-General's Office.  
 Charles E. Stanton, Dept. of the East.  
 George G. Arthur, Dept. of Santiago.  
 Wm. A. Purdy, Kononulu, Dept. of Cal.  
 P. C. Stevens, Paymaster-General's Office.  
 R. B. Huston, Paymaster-General's Office.  
 H. S. Wallace, Paymaster-General's Office.

## (ENGINEER OFFICERS, U. S. V.)

\*James F. Bell, Dept. of the Pacific.  
 Robert B. C. Bement, ordered to be discharged Jan. 7, 1899.  
 Hugh H. Gordon, 1 Div., 7 Corps.  
 Wm. D. Jenkins, 1 Div., 2 Corps.  
 \*Clement A. F. Flagler, ordered to be discharged Dec. 31, 1898.  
 \*Lewis H. Strother, Dept. of the Pacific.  
 Charles L. Woodbury, 2 Div., 4 Corps.  
 William D. Beach, 1 Div., 4 Corps.  
 \*George H. Sands, 2 Div., 2 Corps.  
 \*William A. Shunk, 1 Div., 1 Corps.  
 \*Joseph E. Kuhn, Office Chief of Engineers.  
 \*Eugene W. Van C. Lucas, 3 Div., 2 Corps.  
 Josiah Pierce, Jr., duty in Puerto Rico.  
 \*James A. Irons, 2 Div., 1 Corps.  
 \*Spencer Cosby, ordered to be discharged Dec. 31, 1898.  
 \*Graham D. Fitch, ordered to be discharged Dec. 31, 1898.  
 \*Hugh J. McGrath, 2 Div., 7 Corps, on duty with Gen. Greene, Havana.  
 C. J. Allison, staff of Gen. Wade, Havana.  
 \*Edwin A. Root, Dept. of Puerto Rico.

## (CHIEF ORDNANCE OFFICERS, U. S. V.)

\*John L. Chamberlain, unassigned.  
 \*Benjamin Alvord, 1 Div., 7 Corps.  
 \*Wm. J. Nicholson, 2 Div., 1 Corps.  
 \*Frank H. Edmunds, 2 Div., 7 Corps.  
 \*John McClellan, 7 Corps.  
 \*Eli D. Hoyle, 3 Div., 2 Corps.  
 \*John B. Rodman, 1 Div., 1 Corps.  
 \*James T. Dean, Dept. of Puerto Rico.  
 \*Henry H. Benham, 2 Div., 2 Corps.  
 \*Ormond M. Lissak, Dept. of Puerto Rico.  
 \*Matthew C. Butler, Jr., staff Gen. Butler, Havana.

\*Clarence P. Townsley, 1 Div., 4 Corps.  
 \*Godfrey H. MacDonald, 1 Div., 7 Corps.  
 \*John J. Pershing, sick.  
 \*Joseph Wheeler, Jr., unassigned.  
 \*John A. Harman, mustering duty in Pennsylvania.

(SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. V.)

\*George P. Scriven, Dept. of the Pacific.  
 Eugene O. Fechet, disbursing officer, Signal Corps.  
 \*Gustave W. S. Stevens, Boston, Mass.

### REGULAR-ARMY OFFICERS IN THE VOLUNTEER SERVICE.

Officers of the regular army who have been detailed to serve with volunteer regiments at the request of the governors of various states. They hold such rank in the volunteer service as given in the request of the governor.

Abbott, J. R., captain 13th Inf. (colonel 1st R. I. Inf.)	Fuller, A. M., captain 9th Cav. (major 1st Mo. Inf.)
Ballou, C. C., 1st lieutenant. 12th Inf. (major 7th Ill. Inf.)	Gaillard, Du. B., captain Eng. (colonel 3d U. S. V. Eng.)
Bandholts, H. H., 1st lieutenant. 7th Inf. (major 35th Mich. Inf.)	Grandy, C. M., captain Asst. Surg. (major Surg. Vol.)
Barker, J. W., 1st lieutenant. 3d Inf. (major Ord. Vol.)	Gardener, O., captain 19th Inf. (colonel 31st Mich. Inf.)
Barnett, J. T., 2d lieutenant. ret. (colonel 159th Ind. Inf.)	Goodwin, E. A., captain 8th Cav. (colonel 7th U. S. V. Inf.)
Beach, W. D., captain 3d Cav. (major Eng. Vol.)	Gordon, W. H., 1st lieutenant. 18th Inf. (major 1st Del. Inf.)
Brown, G. LeR., captain 11th Inf. (colonel 4th Tenn. Inf.)	Gorgas, W. C., captain Asst. Surg. (major Surg. Vol.)
Brown, C. J., captain 1st Cav. (colonel 2d Ga. Inf.)	Greene, F., captain Sig. Corps (lieut.-col. Sig. Corps Vol.)
Buck, B. B., 1st lieutenant. 16th Inf. (major 1st Texas Inf.)	Grubbs, H. Y., 2d lieutenant. 18th Inf. (lieut.-col. 2d U. S. V. Inf.)
Bullard, R. L., captain C. S. (colonel 3d Ala. Inf.)	Hammond, A. G., captain 8th Cav. (lieut.-col. 1st Conn. Inf.)
Burkham, W. P., 1st lieutenant. 20th Inf. (lieut.-col. 4th Mo. Inf.)	Harbord, J. G., 1st lieutenant. 10th Cav. (major 2d U. S. V. Cav.)
Burr, E., captain Eng. (lieut.-col. 2d U. S. V. Eng.)	Hardeman, Letcher, 1st lieutenant. 10th Cav. (major 2d Mo. Inf.)
Bushnell, G. E., captain Asst. Surg. (major Surg. Vol.)	Harding, E. E., captain 7th Inf. (colonel 1st Texas Cav.)
Cabell, DeR. C., 1st lieutenant. 8th Cav. (lieut.-col. 2d Ark. Inf.)	Harper, R. B., 2d lieutenant. 7th Cav. (lieut.-col. 1st Ill. Cav.)
Caldwell, F. M., 1st lieutenant. 7th Cav. (lieut.-col. 4th Wis. Inf.)	Harrison, Ralph, 1st lieutenant. 2d Cav. (major 6th Mo. Inf.)
Carrington, F. DeL., captain 1st Inf. (lieut.-col. 8th Cal. Inf.)	Harts, W. W., 1st lieutenant. Eng. (major Eng. Vol.)
Chandler, E., captain 1st Inf. (colonel 1st Ark. Inf.)	Hein, O. L., captain 1st Cav. (lieut.-col. Commandant of Cadets.)
Cowles, C. D., 23d Inf. (lieut.-col. 1st N. O. Inf.)	Hodges, H. F., captain Eng. (lieut.-col. 1st U. S. V. Eng.)
Craighill, W. E., captain Eng. (major Eng. Vol.)	Hubbell, H. W., captain 1st Art. (colonel 201st N. Y. Inf.)
Crane, C. J., captain 24th Inf. (colonel 9th U. S. V. Inf.)	Jadwin, E., 1st lieutenant. Eng. (major 3d U. S. Vol. Eng.)
Croxton, R. C., 1st lieutenant. 1st Inf. (lieut.-col. 6th Va. Inf.)	Johnson, E. W., captain Asst. Surg. (major Surg. Vol.)
Crozier, W., captain Ord. D. (major I. G. Vol.)	Jones, T. W., captain 10th Cav. (colonel 10th U. S. V. Inf.)
Davis, G. B., captain C. S. (colonel C. S. Asst'd.)	Langitt, W. C., captain Eng. (major 2d U. S. V. Eng.)
Davis, H. C., 1st lieutenant. 7th Art. (major I. G. Vol.)	Leonhaeuser, H. A., captain 25th Inf. (colonel 15th Minn. Inf.)
Day, M. W., captain 9th Cav. (lieut.-col. 1st Ohio Cav.)	McCammon, W. W., captain 14th Inf. (major A. A. G. Vol.)
Donovar, J. L., 1st lieutenant. 21st Inf. (lieut.-col. 69th N. Y. Inf.)	McCaw, W. D., captain Asst. Surg. (major Surg. Vol.)
Drew, A. W., 1st lieutenant. 12th Inf. (major 3d Texas Inf.)	McCoy, F. B., captain 2d Inf. (lieut.-col. 12th Minn. Inf.)
Duval, J. H., captain C. S. (major C. S. Asst'd.)	McDonald, J. B., 1st lieutenant. 10th Cav. (lieut.-col. 1st Ala. Inf.)
Dwyer, O. G., 1st lieutenant. 3d Inf. (major 1st Texas Inf.)	Miller, W. H., captain Q. M. D. (major Q. M. Vol.)
Edwards, C. R., 1st lieutenant. 23d Inf. (major A. A. G. Vol.)	Mills, A. L., 1st lieutenant. 1st Cav. (colonel Supt. Mil. Acad.)
Evans, E. W., 1st lieutenant. 8th Cav. (major 1st Md. Inf.)	Mitchell, D. D., captain 15th Inf. (lieut.-col. Ariz., N. Mex., Okla. and Ind. T. Inf.)
Ewing, C. B., captain Asst. Surg. (major Surg. Vol.)	Moore, G. D., 1st lieutenant. 23d Inf. (major 6th Mo. Inf.)
Frost, A. S., 1st lieutenant. 25th Inf. (colonel 1st S. D. Inf.)	Morton, C. G., captain 6th Inf. (lieut.-col. 1st Maine Inf.)

s, G. W., 2d Lieut. 3d Cav. (major P. Vol.)  
 ern, A. D., captain C. S. (major C. S. 3d.)  
 F. E., major Sus. D. (lieut.-col. C. S. 3d.)  
 J., captain 4th Cav. (major 12th Y. Inf.)  
 mon, M. R., 1st Lieut. 6th Inf. (major 1st Ind. Inf.)  
 it, J. S., captain 1st Inf. (colonel 4th S. V. Inf.)  
 emus, A. S., captain Asst. Surg. (major 3d Va. Reg. Vol.)  
 D., 1st Lieut. 1st Art. (major 3d Va. Reg. Vol.)  
 erty, Ogden, captain, Asst. Surg. (major 3d Va. Reg. Vol.)  
 P. H., captain 8th Inf. (colonel 3d U. S. V. Inf.)  
 E., captain 5th Inf. (colonel 6th Mass. Reg. Vol.)  
 e, C. S., captain Eng. (colonel 1st U. S. V. Inf.)  
 zers, A., captain 4th Cav. (lieut.-col. Conn. Inf.)  
 F. W., captain 3d Inf. (lieut.-col. J. A. 1st.)  
 an, A. S., captain 19th Inf. (lieut.-col. 1st U. S. V. Inf.)  
 glea, C. L. H., 1st Lieut. Ord. D. (major 4th Vol.)  
 arrans, G. C., 2d Lieut. 6th Inf. (major Ky. Inf.)  
 gent, H. H., 1st Lieut. Cav., 2d Cav. (colonel 5th U. S. V. Inf.)  
 yer, J. E., captain Q. M. D. (major Q. V. Inf.)  
 yler, W. S., captain 5th Cav. (colonel 3d N. Y. Inf.)  
 ell, J. S., 1st Lieut. Eng. (major 1st U. S. V. Eng.)  
 oun, S. Y., captain 10th Inf. (colonel 2d N. Y. Inf.)  
 nks, D. C., captain 18th Inf. (major 2d N. Y. Inf.)  
 lock, Paul, captain Asst. Surg. (major 3d Va. Reg. Vol.)

Slavens, T. H., 1st Lieut. 4th Cav. (major 3d Mo. Inf.)  
 Smith, H. A., 1st Lieut. 5th Inf. (major 22d Kas. Inf.)  
 Spence, R. E. L., 1st Lieut. 16th Inf. (major 3d Ga. Inf.)  
 Squier, G. O., 1st Lieut. 3d Art. (lieut.-col. Sig. Corps Vol.)  
 Stokes, M. B., 1st Lieut. 10th Inf. (major 1st S. C. Inf.)  
 Stotsenburg, J. M., 1st Lieut. 6th Cav. (major 1st Neb. Inf.)  
 Strong, R. P., captain 4th Art. (lieut.-col. Sig. Corps Vol.)  
 Swift, E., captain 5th Cav. (lieut.-col. 9th Ill. Inf.)  
 Thurston, W. A., captain 16th Inf. (lieut.-col. 2d Ala. Inf.)  
 True, T. E., captain Q. M. D. (major Q. M. Ass'd.)  
 Vernou, C. A., captain 19th Inf. (major Q. M. Vol.)  
 Wake, W., 1st Lieut. 7th Art. (major 3d U. S. V. Eng.)  
 Wallace, E. B., 2d Lieut. 2d Cav. (lieut.-col. 1st Mont. Inf.)  
 Weaver, Jr., E. M., captain 1st Art. (lieut.-col. 5th Mass. Inf.)  
 West, B. K., captain Com. Suba. (major C. S. Ass'd.)  
 Whipple, H. S., 1st Lieut. 7th Cav. (lieut.-col. 2d Ky. Inf.)  
 Whitman, F. H., 2d Lieut. 2d Inf. (major 2d Kas. Inf.)  
 Wholley, J. H., 1st Lieut. 24th Inf. (colonel 1st Wash. Inf.)  
 Wilder, W. E., captain 4th Cav. (colonel 14th N. Y. Inf.)  
 Wilder, W. T., 1st Lieut. 25th Inf. (major 2d N. C. Inf.)  
 Williams, H. O., 1st Lieut. 11th Inf. (lieut.-col. 1st Miss. Inf.)  
 Winans, Jr., E. B., 1st Lieut. 4th Cav. (major 34th Mich. Inf.)  
 Woodward, S. L., Capt. 10th Cav. (major) Young, Charles, 1st Lieut. 9th Cav. (major 9th Ohio Bat. Inf.)

## ALPHABETICAL LIST OF OFFICERS OF THE REGULAR ARMY.

ott, F. V., major Engineers.  
 Ir, G. W., major Surgeons.  
 ms, H. M., major Engineers.  
 ms, M. B., lieut.-col. Engineers.  
 sworth, F. C., colonel Chief Record and Pension Office.  
 en, C. H., colonel Asst. Surg.-Gen.  
 ander, W. L., major Subistence Department (lieut.-col. C. S. Ass'd.)  
 n, C. J., lieut.-col. Engineers.  
 rews, G., major A. A. G.  
 russ, E. Van A., major 8th Art.  
 el, A. H., major Surgeons.  
 el, D. M., major Surgeons.  
 old, I., Jr., lieut.-col. Ord. Dept.  
 ood, E. B., lieut.-col. Department Quartermaster-General.  
 ur, J. A., major 4th Cav.  
 ood, E. B., lieut.-col. Dep. Q. M. G.  
 nan, W., major 13th Inf.  
 ock, J. B., lieut.-col. Asst. Adjt.-Gen.  
 ley, C. M., lieut.-col. 18th Inf.  
 he, D., colonel Asst. Surg.-Gen.  
 rd, G. W., major Paymaster Dept.  
 er, J. P., major Paymaster Dept.  
 er, S., major 4th Inf.  
 ister, J. M., major Surgeons.  
 ber, M., colonel Adjt.-Gen. Dept.  
 low, J. W., colonel Engineers.  
 nett, O. R., major Q. M. Dept.

Barr, T. F., colonel and A. J. A. G.  
 Bates, A. E., lieut.-col. Department Paymaster-General.  
 Bell, J. M., major 1st Cav.  
 Bensaard, W. H. H., lieut.-col. Engineers.  
 Bingham, T. A., colonel Superintendent Public Buildings and Grounds.  
 Bixby, W. H., major Engineers.  
 Blunt, S. E., major Ordnance Department.  
 Booth, O. A., major Q. M. Dept.  
 Bowman, A. H., major 2d Inf.  
 Royl, W. H., major 8th Inf.  
 Brechemin, L., major Surgeons.  
 Breckinridge, J. C., brig.-gen. Insp.-Gen.  
 Brooke, J. R., major-gen.  
 Brown, H. G., major 13th Inf.  
 Brown, J. M., lieut.-col. Department Surgeon-General.  
 Buffington, A. B., colonel Ord. Dept.  
 Bullis, J. L., major Paymaster Department.  
 Burbank, J. B., major 5th Art.  
 Burke, D. W., lieut.-col. 11th Inf.  
 Burt, A. S., colonel 25th Inf.  
 Burton, G. H., colonel Inspector-General.  
 Butler, J. G., major Ordnance Department.  
 Byrne, C. B., major Surgeons.  
 Byrne, C. C., colonel Asst. Surg.-Gen.  
 Carr, O. O. O., major 8th Cav.  
 Carroll, H., lieut.-col. 6th Cav.  
 Carter, W. F., major Surgeons.

Carter, W. H., lieut.-col. Assistant Adjutant-General.

Casey, T. L., major Engineers.

Clague, J. J., lieut.-col. A. C. G. S.

Clapp, W. H., major 11th Inf.

Cleary, P. J. A., lieut.-col. Department Surgeon-General.

Clem, J. L., major Quartermaster's Department.

Coates, E. M., colonel 7th Inf.

Coe, J. N., lieut.-col. 13th Cav.

Comegys, E. T., major Surgeons.

Comegys, W. H., major Paymaster's Department.

Cooldidge, C. A., major 7th Inf.

Cooney, M., lieut.-col. 7th Cav.

Cooper, C. L., major 5th Cav.

Corbin, H. C., brig.-gen. Adjutant-General.

Coppinger, J. J., brig.-gen.

Corliss, A. W., major 7th Inf.

Corbuser, W. H., major Surgeons.

Coxe, F. M., colonel Department Paymaster-General.

Craigle, D. J., major 25th Inf.

Crampton, L. W., major Surgeons.

Daggett, A. S., lieut.-col. 25th Inf.

Damrell, A. N., lieut.-col. Engineers.

Davis, O. E. L. B., major Engineers.

Davis, G. B., lieut.-col. D. J. A. G.

Davis, W. B., major Surgeons.

Davis, W., lieut.-col. 8th Cav.

Day, S. A., major 5th Art.

De Loffre, A. A., major Surgeons.

Dempsey, C. A., major 2d Inf.

De Bussey, I. D., colonel 11th Inf.

De Witt, C., major Surgeons.

Dillenback, J. W., major 2d Art.

Dimmick, E. D., major 5th Cav.

Dodge, F. S., major Paymaster's Department.

Dougherty, W. E., major 1st Inf.

Dunwoody, H. H. C., colonel Signal Corps.

Dutton, C. E., major Ordnance Department.

Ebert, R. G., major Surgeons.

Ellis, P. H., major 13th Inf.

Ernst, O. H., lieut.-col. Engineers.

Eskridge, E. I., major 10th Inf.

Farley, J. P., colonel Ordnance Dept.

Field, E., major 2d Art.

Fisk, W. L., major Engineers.

Foote, M. C., major 21st Inf.

Forbush, W. C., major 9th Cav.

Forwood, W. H., colonel A. S. G.

Fowler, J. L., major 10th Cav.

Freeman, H. B., lieut.-col. 5th Inf.

French, J. W., lieut.-col. 23d Inf.

Furey, J. V., lieut.-col. Department Quartermaster-General.

Gardner, E. F., major Surgeons.

Gardner, W. H., lieut.-col. Department Surgeon-General.

Garlington, E. A., major Inspector-General.

Gibson, R. J., major Surgeons.

Gillespie, G. L., colonel Engineers.

Gilliss, J., colonel Assistant Quartermaster-General.

Girard, J. B., major Surgeons.

Glenn, G. E., colonel Assistant Paymaster-General.

Godfrey, E. S., major 7th Cav.

Goodale, G. A., major 23d Inf.

Graham, W. M., brig.-gen.

Gray, W. W., major Surgeons.

Greely, A. W., brig.-gen. Chief Signal Officer.

Greenleaf, C. R., colonel Assistant Surgeon-General.

Greenough, G. G., major 7th Art.

Greer, J. E., major Ordnance Department.

Groesbeck, S. W., major J. A.

Grugan, F. C., major 6th Art.

Guenther, F. L., colonel 4th Art.

Guthrie, J. B., major 15th Inf.

Haines, P. C., colonel Engineers.

Hains, P. C., colonel Engineers.

Halford, E. W., major Paymaster Dept.

Hall, J. D., major Surgeons.

Hall, W. P., lieut.-col. Assistant Adjutant-General.

Hamner, W. H., major Paymaster's Department.

Handbury, T. H., major Engineers.

Harbach, A. A., lieut.-col. 3d Inf.

Hartsuff, A., lieut.-col. Department Surgeon-General.

Hartz, W. T., major 15th Inf.

Harvey, P. F., major Surgeons.

Haskell, J. T., lieut.-col. 15th Inf.

Haskin, W. L., lieut.-col. 2d Art.

Hathaway, F. H., major Quartermaster's Department.

Havard, V., major Surgeons.

Hayes, E. M., major 7th Cav.

Heap, D. P., lieut.-col. Engineers.

Heath, F., major Ordnance Department.

Heitzmann, C. L., major Surgeons.

Hennisee, A. G., major 2d Cav.

Henry, G. V., colonel 10th Cav.

Hess, F. W., major 3d Cav.

Heuer, W. H., major Engineers.

Heyl, C. H., major Inspector-General.

Hobart, C., lieut.-col. 8th Inf.

Hoff, J. Van R., major Surgeons.

Hooton, M., major 25th Inf.

Hoxie, R. L., major Engineers.

Huggins, E. L., major 6th Cav.

Humphreys, H. H., major 13th Inf.

Hunter, E., lieut.-col. D. J. A. G.

Husley, C. S., major 9th Cav.

Ingalis, J. M., major 1st Art.

Jackson, A. H., major Paymaster's Dept.

Jocelyn, S. P., major 19th Inf.

Johnson, J. A., major Assistant Adjutant-General.

Jones, W. A., lieut.-col. Engineers.

Keller, C., major 18th Inf.

Kelley, J. M., major 10th Cav.

Kellogg, S. C., major 4th Cav.

Kent, J. F., colonel 24th Inf.

Kilbourne, C. E., major Paymaster.

Kilbourne, H. S., major Surgeons.

Kimball, A. S., lieut.-col. Department Quartermaster-General.

Kimball, J. P., major Surgeons.

Kingman, D. C., major Engineers.

Kinsie, D. H., major 3d Art.

Kirkman, J. T., major 16th Inf.

Knight, J. G. D., major Engineers.

Knox, T. T., major Inspector-General.

Kobbe, W. A., major 3d Art.

Koerper, E. A., major Surgeons.

Kress, J. A., major Ordnance Department.

La Garde, L. A., major Surgeons.

Lancaster, J. M., major 4th Art.

Leach, S. S., major Engineers.

Lebo, T. C., major 6th Cav.

Lee, J. G. C., colonel Assistant Quartermaster-General.

Lee, J. M., major 9th Inf.

Lieber, G. N., brig.-gen.

Lincoln, S. H., major 10th Inf.

Lippincott, H., lieut.-col. D. S. G.

Lockwood, D. W., major Engineers.

Ludington, M. I., brig.-gen. Quartermaster-General.

Lydecker, G. J., lieut.-col. Engineers.

Lyle, D. A., major Ordnance Department.

Mackenzie, A., lieut.-col. Engineers.

Mahan, F. A., major Engineers.

Mansfield, S. M., colonel Engineers.

Markley, A. C., major 24th Inf.

- Marshall, J. M., lieut.-col. Department Quartermaster-General.  
 Marshall, W. L., major Engineers.  
 Marrye, W. A., lieut.-col. Ordnance Department.  
 McCaskey, W. S., major 20th Inf.  
 McCauley, C. A. H., major Quartermaster's Department.  
 McClure, C., major Paymaster's Department.  
 McCrea, T., major 5th Art.  
 McGinness, J. R., lieut.-col. Ordnance Department.  
 McGregor, T., colonel 9th Cav.  
 McLaughlin, W. H., lieut.-col. 16th Inf.  
 McNally, V., major O. S. K. Ordnance Department.  
 Merrill, J. C., major Surgeons.  
 Merritt, W., maj.-gen.  
 Middleton, J. V. D., lieut.-col. Department Surgeon-General.  
 Miles, N. A., maj.-gen.  
 Miller, A. M., lieut.-col. Engineers.  
 Miller, C. P., major Quartermaster's Department.  
 Mills, S. M., major 6th Art.  
 Mills, S. C., major Inspector-General.  
 Miner, C. W., lieut.-col. 6th Inf.  
 Moore, J. M., colonel Assistant Quartermaster-General.  
 Mordecai, A., colonel Ordnance Department.  
 Morrison, J. N., major J. A.  
 Mosley, E. B., major Surgeons.  
 Muhlenberg, J. C., major Paymaster's Department.  
 Munn, C. E., major Surgeons.  
 Myrick, J. R., major 5th Art.  
 Norvell, S. T., lieut.-col. 9th Cav.  
 Nowland, H. J., major 7th Cav.  
 Noyes, H. E., colonel 2d Cav.  
 O'Brien, L. M., major 19th Inf.  
 Osgood, H. B., major Subsistence Dept.  
 Page, J. H., colonel 3d Inf.  
 Parker, L. O., major 22d Inf.  
 Patten, W. S., major Quartermaster's Department.  
 Patterson, J. H., lieut.-col. 22d Inf.  
 Perley, H. O., major Surgeons.  
 Phipps, F. H., lieut.-col. Ordnance Department.  
 Pittman, J., major Ordnance Department.  
 Powell, C. F., major Engineers.  
 Powell, J. W., lieut.-col. 15th Inf.  
 Powell, J. L., major Surgeons.  
 Powell, W. H., colonel 9th Inf.  
 Pratt, R. H., major 1st Cav.  
 Pullman, J. W., major Quartermaster's Department.  
 Quinby, L., major 1st Inf.  
 Quinn, J. B., major Engineers.  
 Rafferty, W. A., lieut.-col. 2d Cav.  
 Ramsay, J. G., lieut.-col. 7th Art.  
 Randolph, W. F., lieut.-col. 3d Art.  
 Rawles, J. B., lieut.-col. 1st Art.  
 Raymond, C. W., lieut.-col. Engineers.  
 Reed, W., major Surgeons.  
 Reilly, J. W., major Ordnance Department.  
 Rexford, W. H., major O. S. K. Ordnance Department.  
 Richard, C., major Surgeons.  
 Robe, C. F., major 14th Inf.  
 Robert, H. M., colonel Engineers.  
 Roberts, C. S., major 17th Inf.  
 Robinson, S. Q., major Surgeons.  
 Rodgers, H. L., major Paymaster's Department.  
 Rogers, J. I., colonel 5th Art.  
 Rodney, G. W., major 4th Art.  
 Roessler, S. W., major Engineers.  
 Russell, W. T., major Engineers.  
 Ruffner, E. H., major Engineers.  
 Sanno, J. M. J., major 3d Inf.  
 Savage, E. B., major 8th Inf.  
 Scully, J. W., colonel Department Quartermaster-General.  
 Sears, C. B., major Engineers.  
 Shaler, C., major Ordnance Department.  
 Sharpe, H. G., lieut.-col. A. C. G. S.  
 Simpson, J., lieut.-col. Department Quartermaster-General.  
 Simpson, W. A., major A. A. G.  
 Smart, C., lieut.-col. Department Surgeon-General.  
 Smith, A. L., major Subsistence Department.  
 Smith, A. T., colonel 13th Inf.  
 Smith, C. S., major Ordnance Department.  
 Smith, Frank G., lieut.-col. 6th Art.  
 Smith, G. C., colonel Department Quartermaster-General.  
 Smith, G. R., major Paymaster's Department.  
 Smith, J. A., colonel Engineers.  
 Smith, J. H., lieut.-col. 12th Inf.  
 Smith, T. M. K., lieut.-col. 10th Inf.  
 Smiffen, C. C., major Paymaster's Department.  
 Spurgin, W. F., major 23d Inf.  
 Stanton, T. H., brig.-gen. Paymaster-General.  
 Sternberg, G. M., brig.-gen. Surgeon-General.  
 Stickney, A., lieut.-col. Engineers.  
 Story, J. P., major 7th Art.  
 Suter, C. R., colonel Engineers.  
 Swigert, S. M., major 3d Cav.  
 Symons, T. W., major Engineers.  
 Taylor, B. D., major Surgeons.  
 Taylor, D. M., major Ordnance Department.  
 Tesson, L. S., major Surgeons.  
 Thompson, J. M., major 24th Inf.  
 Thompson, W. A., major 2d Cav.  
 Tiernon, J. L., major 1st Art.  
 Tilton, H. R., lieut.-col. Department Surgeon-General.  
 Torney, G. H., major Surgeons.  
 Toar, A. S., major Paymaster's Department.  
 Tucker, W. F., major Paymaster's Department.  
 Van Horn, J. J., colonel 8th Inf.  
 Van Horn, W. M., major 23d Inf.  
 Van Valsah, D. D., colonel 18th Inf.  
 Varney, A. L., major Ordnance Department.  
 Viele, C. D., lieut.-col. 1st Cav.  
 Volkmar, W. J., colonel Adjutant-General's Department.  
 Vroom, P. D., lieut.-col. Inspector-General.  
 Wagner, A. L., lieut.-col. Adjutant-General's Department.  
 Wagner, H., lieut.-col. 3d Cav.  
 Wallace, W. M., major 2d Cav.  
 Ward, H. C., major 16th Inf.  
 Ward, T., colonel Adjutant-General's Department.  
 Watrous, J. A., major Paymaster's Department.  
 Wells, A. B., major 8th Cav.  
 Wessells, H. W., major 3d Cav.  
 Wham, J. W., major Paymaster's Department.  
 Wheelan, J. N., major 8th Cav.  
 Wheeler, D. D., major Quartermaster's Department.  
 Wherry, W. M., lieut.-col. 2d Inf.  
 Whipple, C. H., major Paymaster's Department.  
 Whitney, F. A., major 6th Inf.  
 Whiteside, S. M., lieut.-col. 5th Cav.  
 Whittemore, J. M., colonel Ordnance Department.  
 Wilcox, T. E., major Surgeons.

Willard, J. H., major Engineers.  
 Willard, W., lieut.-col. A. C. G. S.  
 Williams, C., major 17th Inf.  
 Wilson, C. I., lieut.-col. Department Paymaster-General.  
 Wilson, J. M., brig.-gen. Chief of Engineers.  
 Winne, C. K., major Surgeons.  
 Wint, T. J., major 10th Cav.  
 Witcher, J. S., major Paymaster's Department.

Wolverton, W. D., lieut.-col. Department Surgeon-General.  
 Worth, W. S., colonel 16th Inf.  
 Wood, M. W., major Surgeons.  
 Woodhull, A. A., lieut.-col. Department Surgeon-General.  
 Woodruff, C. A., colonel A. C. G. S.  
 Woodruff, E., major Surgeons.  
 Woodson, A. E., major 9th Cav.  
 Wright, J. P., colonel Assistant Surgeon-General.

# NUMBERS AND STATIONS OF REGIMENTS (REGULAR ARMY) DEC. 8, 1898.

FIRST CAVALRY.—Hdqs A, B, I, G, Ft. Riley, Kas.; C, Ft. Robinson, Neb.; D, Ft. Yates, N. D.; E, Ft. Washakie, Wyo.; F, Ft. Keogh, Mont.; G and M, Ft. Meade, S. D.; H, Ft. Sill, O. T.; K, Ft. Niobrara, Neb.

SECOND CAVALRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, Huntsville, Ala.

THIRD CAVALRY.—Hdqs A, B, D, N. L. and M, Augusta, Ga.; C, E, F, G, I and K, Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt.

FOURTH CAVALRY.—Hdqs B and M, Presidio, Cal.; A, Ft. Walla Walla, Wash.; C, E, G, I, K and L, with 8th corps; D and H, Ft. Yellowstone, Wyo.; F, Boise Barracks, Idaho.

FIFTH CAVALRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, San Juan, P. R.

SIXTH CAVALRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, Huntsville, Ala.

SEVENTH CAVALRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, Macon, Ga.

EIGHTH CAVALRY.—Hdqs A, B, C, G, H and I, Nuevitas, Cuba; D, E, F, K, L and M, Puerto Principe, Cuba.

NINTH CAVALRY.—Hdqs A, B, D and M, Ft. Grant, Ariz.; C and I, Ft. Duchesne, Utah; E and G, Ft. Apache, Ariz.; F, K, and L, Ft. Huachuca, Ariz.; H, Ft. Sill, O. T.

TENTH CAVALRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, Huntsville, Ala.

FIRST ARTILLERY.—Hdqs C and M, Sullivan Island, S. C.; A, St. Francis Bks., Fla.; B, Hilton Head, S. C.; D, Jackson Bks., La.; E, Jefferson Bks., Mo.; F, Tybee Island, Ga.; G, Ft. Point, Tex.; H and L, Ft. Barrancas, Fla.; I, Ft. Morgan, Ala.; K, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

SECOND ARTILLERY.—Hdqs B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K, L and M, Savannah, Ga.; A, Huntsville, Ala.

THIRD ARTILLERY.—Hdqs I, Angel Island, Cal.; A, Ft. Michael, Alaska; B, Ft. Monroe, Va.; C and F, Savannah, Ga.; D, San Diego Bks., Cal.; E, Ft. Mason, Cal.; G, H, K and L, Manila; M, Ft. Stevens, Ore.

FOURTH ARTILLERY.—Hdqs G, Washington Bks., D. C.; A, Ft. Washington, Md.; B, Savannah, Ga.; C and D, Ft. McHenry, Md.; E and H, Ft. Monroe, Va.; F, Ft. Adams, R. I.; I, Ft. Trumbull, Conn.; K, Sheridan's Point, Va.; L, Battery Point, Del.; M, Ft. Constitution, N. H.

FIFTH ARTILLERY.—Hdqs E and M, Ft. Wadsworth, N. Y.; A, F. G. H and I, Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.; C and L, Ft. Hancock, N. J.; D, Savannah, Ga.; G, San Juan, P. R.; K, Washington Bks., D. C.

SIXTH ARTILLERY.—Hdqs B, Ft. McHenry, Md.; A, St. Francis Bks., Fla.; C, Ft. Caswell, N. C.; D and G, 8th corps; E, Washington Bks., D. C.; F, H, I and K, Ft. Monroe, Va.; L, Montauk Point, N. Y.; M, Ft. Hancock, N. J.

SEVENTH ARTILLERY.—Hdqs B, I and

L, Ft. Slocum, N. Y.; A and H, Ft. Adams, R. I.; C and M, Ponce, P. R.; D, Portland Head, Me.; E, Ft. Preble, Me.; F and G, Ft. Warren, Mass.; K, Ft. Schuyler, N. Y.

FIRST INFANTRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, Huntsville, Ala.

SECOND INFANTRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, Annapolis, Ala.

THIRD INFANTRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, Ft. Snelling, Minn.

FOURTH INFANTRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, Ft. Sheridan, Ill.

FIFTH INFANTRY.—Hdqs A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, Santiago, Cuba; I, K, L and M, Ft. McPherson, Ga.

SIXTH INFANTRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

SEVENTH INFANTRY.—Hdqs A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H and I, Ft. Wayne, Mich.; K, L and M, Ft. Brady, Mich.

EIGHTH INFANTRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, Huntsville, Ala.

NINTH INFANTRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, Madison Bks., N. Y.

TENTH INFANTRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, Havana, Cuba.

ELEVENTH INFANTRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, San Juan, P. R.

TWELFTH INFANTRY.—Hdqs A, B, C, D, E, F, H, L and M, Jefferson Bks., Mo.; G, I and K, Ft. Riley, Kas.

THIRTEENTH INFANTRY.—Hdqs C, G and H, Ft. Porter, N. Y.; B, D, F and I, Ft. Columbus, N. Y.; E, K, L and M, Ft. Niagara, N. Y.

FOURTEENTH INFANTRY.—Hdqs A, B, D, E, F, G, I, K, L and M, Manila; H, Talya, Alaska; J, Ft. Wrangell, Alaska.

FIFTEENTH INFANTRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, Nuevitas, Cuba.

SIXTEENTH INFANTRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, Huntsville, Ala.

SEVENTEENTH INFANTRY.—Hdqs B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K, L and M, Columbus Bks., O.; A, Ft. Thomas, Ky.

EIGHTEENTH INFANTRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, Manila.

NINETEENTH INFANTRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, Ponce, P. R.

TWENTIETH INFANTRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.

TWENTY-FIRST INFANTRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, Plattsburg Bks., N. Y.

TWENTY-SECOND INFANTRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, Ft. Crook, Neb.

TWENTY-THIRD INFANTRY.—Hdqs entire regiment, Manila.

TWENTY-FOURTH INFANTRY.—Hdqs A, B, D, G, H, L and M, Ft. Douglas, Utah; C, E, F and I, Ft. A. Russell, Wyo.; K, Camp Pilot Butte, Wyo.

TWENTY-FIFTH INFANTRY.—Hdqs I, K, L and M, Ft. Logan, Col.; A and H, Ft. Huachuca, Ariz.; B, Ft. Apache, Ariz.; C, San Carlos, Ariz.; D and G, Ft. Grant, Ark.; E, Ft. Wingate, N. M.; F, Ft. Bayard, N. M.

## Fifty-Fifth Congress.

Salary of members, \$5,000 annually.

From March 4, 1897, to March 3, 1899.

## SENATE.

Republicans, 53; Democrats, 31; PEOPLE'S PARTY, 6.

G. A. Hobart (N. J.), vice-president, presiding.  
W. P. Frye, Me., president pro tem.ALABAMA.  
John T. Morgan.....Selma.....1901  
Edmund W. Pettus.....Selma.....1903ARKANSAS.  
James H. Berry.....Bentonville.....1901  
James K. Jones.....Washington.....1903CALIFORNIA.  
Stephen M. White.....Los Angeles.....1899  
Geo. C. Perkins.....San Francisco.....1903COLORADO.  
Edward O. Wolcott.....Denver.....1901  
Henry M. Teller.....Central City.....1903CONNECTICUT.  
Joseph R. Hawley.....Hartford.....1899  
Orville H. Platt.....Meriden.....1903DELAWARE.  
Richard R. Kenney.....Dover.....1901  
George Gray.....New Castle.....1899FLORIDA.  
Samuel Pasco.....Monticello.....1899  
Stephen R. Mallory.....Pensacola.....1903GEORGIA.  
Augustus O. Bacon.....Macon.....1901  
Alexander S. Clay.....Marietta.....1903IDAHO.  
George L. Shoup.....Boise.....1901  
HENRY HEITFELD.....Lewiston.....1903ILLINOIS.  
Shelby M. Cullom.....Springfield.....1901  
William E. Mason.....Chicago.....1903INDIANA.  
David S. Turple.....Indianapolis.....1899  
Charles W. Fairbanks.....Indianapolis.....1903IOWA.  
John H. Gear.....Burlington.....1901  
William B. Allison.....Dubuque.....1903KANSAS.  
Lucien Baker.....Leavenworth.....1901  
WILLIAM A. HARRIS.....Linwood.....1903KENTUCKY.  
William Lindsay.....Frankfort.....1901  
William J. Deboe.....Marion.....1903LOUISIANA.  
Donelson Caffery.....Franklin.....1901  
Samuel D. McEnery.....New Orleans.....1903MAINE.  
William P. Frye.....Lewiston.....1901  
Eugene Hale.....Ellsworth.....1899MARYLAND.  
Arthur P. Gorman.....Laurel.....1899  
George L. Wellington.....Cumberland.....1903MASSACHUSETTS.  
George F. Hoar.....Worcester.....1901  
Henry C. Lodge.....Nahant.....1899MICHIGAN.  
James McMillan.....Detroit.....1901  
J. J. Burrows.....Kalamazoo.....1899MINNESOTA.  
Knute Nelson.....Alexandria.....1901  
Cushman K. Davis.....St. Paul.....1899MISSISSIPPI.  
William V. Sullivan.....Oxford.....1901  
Hernando D. S. Money.....Carrollton.....1899MISSOURI.  
Francis M. Cockrell.....Warrensburg.....1899  
George G. Vest.....Kansas City.....1903MONTANA.  
Thomas H. Carter.....Helena.....1901  
Lee Mantle.....Butte.....1899NEBRASKA.  
John M. Thurston.....Omaha.....1901  
WILLIAM V. ALLEN.....Madison.....1899NEVADA.  
WILLIAM M. STEWART.....Carson City.....1899  
JOHN P. JONES.....Gold Hill.....1903NEW HAMPSHIRE.  
William E. Chandler.....Concord.....1901  
Jacob H. Gallinger.....Concord.....1903NEW JERSEY.  
Wm. J. Sewell.....Camden.....1901  
James Smith, Jr.....Newark.....1899NEW YORK.  
Edward Murphy, Jr.....Troy.....1899  
Thomas C. Platt.....Owego.....1903NORTH CAROLINA.  
MARION BUTLER.....Raleigh.....1901  
Jeter C. Fritchard.....Marshall.....1903NORTH DAKOTA.  
William N. Roach.....Larimore.....1899  
Henry C. Hansbrough.....Devil's Lake.....1903OHIO.  
Marcus A. Hanna.....Cleveland.....1899  
Joseph B. Foraker.....Cincinnati.....1903OREGON.  
George W. McBride.....St. Helen's.....1901  
Joseph Simon.....Portland.....1903PENNSYLVANIA.  
Matthew S. Quay.....Beaver.....1899  
Botes Penrose.....Philadelphia.....1903RHODE ISLAND.  
George P. Wetmore.....Newport.....1901  
Nelson W. Aldrich.....Providence.....1899SOUTH CAROLINA.  
Benjamin R. Tillman.....Trenton.....1901  
John L. McLaurin.....Bennettsville.....1903SOUTH DAKOTA.  
Richard F. Pettigrew.....Sioux Falls.....1901  
James H. Kyle.....Aberdeen.....1903TENNESSEE.  
Thomas B. Turley.....Memphis.....1901  
William B. Bate.....Nashville.....1899TEXAS.  
Horace R. Chilton.....Tyler.....1901  
Roger Q. Mills.....Corsicana.....1899UTAH.  
Frank J. Cannon.....Ogden.....1899  
Joseph L. Rawlins.....Salt Lake City.....1903VERMONT.  
Redfield Proctor.....Proctor.....1899  
Justin S. Morrill.....Straford.....1903VIRGINIA.  
Thomas S. Martin.....Scottsville.....1901  
John W. Daniel.....Lynchburg.....1903WASHINGTON.  
John L. Wilson.....Spokane.....1899  
George Turner.....Spokane.....1903WEST VIRGINIA.  
Stephen B. Elkins.....Elkins.....1901  
Charles J. Faulkner.....Martinsburg.....1899WISCONSIN.  
John L. Mitchell.....Milwaukee.....1899  
John C. Spooner.....Madison.....1903WYOMING.  
Francis E. Warren.....Cheyenne.....1901  
Clarence D. Clark.....Evanston.....1899

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Republicans (in *italics*). 207; democrats (in roman). 121; populists (in SMALL CAPS). 26; silverites (in CAPS). 3. Whole number, 337. Those marked \* served in a previous house.

Speaker—Thomas B. Reed. Maine.

## ALABAMA.

1. Geo. W. Taylor. Demopolis.
2. Jesse F. Stallings\*. Greenville.
3. Henry D. Clayton. Eufaula.
4. F. W. Aldrich. Aldrich.
5. Willis Brewer. Hayneville.
6. John H. Bankhead. Fayette.
7. MILFORD W. HOWARD. Fort Payne.
8. Joseph Wheeler. Wheeler.
9. Oscar W. Underwood. Birmingham.

## ARKANSAS.

1. Philip D. McCulloch, Jr. Marianna.
2. John S. Little. Greenwood.
3. Thomas C. McRae. Prescott.
4. William L. Terry. Little Rock.
5. Hugh A. Dinsmore. Fayetteville.
6. S. Brundidge, Jr. Searcy.

## CALIFORNIA.

1. John A. Barham\*. Santa Rosa.
2. Marion DeVries. Stockton.
3. Samuel G. Hilborn\*. Oakland.
4. James G. Maguire\*. San Francisco.
5. Eugene F. Loud\*. San Francisco.
6. C. A. BARLOW. San Luis Obispo.
7. C. H. CASTLE. Merced.

## COLORADO.

1. JOHN F. SHAFROTH\*. Denver.
2. JOHN C. BELL\*. Montrose.

## CONNECTICUT.

1. E. Stevens Henry\*. Rockville.
2. Nehemiah D. Sperry\*. New Haven.
3. Charles A. Russell\*. Killingly.
4. Ebenezer J. Hill\*. Norwalk.

## DELAWARE.

- L. I. Handy. Newark.

## FLORIDA.

1. Stephen M. Sparkman\*. Tampa.
2. R. W. Davis. Palatka.

## GEORGIA.

1. Rufus E. Lester\*. Savannah.
2. James M. Griggs. Dawson.
3. E. B. Lewis. Montezuma.
4. W. C. Adamson. Carrollton.
5. Leonidas F. Livingston\*. Kings.
6. Charles L. Bartlett. Macon.
7. John W. Maddox. Rome.
8. William M. Howard. Lexington.
9. Farish Carter Tate\*. Jasper.
10. W. H. Fleming. Augusta.
11. W. G. Brantley. Brunswick.

## IDAHO.

- JAMES GUNN. Boise City.

## ILLINOIS.

1. James R. Mann. Chicago.
2. Wm. Lorimer\*. Chicago.
3. Hugh R. Belknap\*. Chicago.
4. Daniel W. Mills. Chicago.
5. George E. White\*. Chicago.
6. Henry S. Boutell. Chicago.
7. George E. Foss\*. Chicago.
8. Albert J. Hopkins\*. Aurora.
9. Robert H. Hitt\*. Mount Morris.
10. George W. Prince\*. Galesburg.
11. Walter Reeder\*. Streator.
12. Joseph G. Cannon\*. Danville.
13. Vespasian Warner. Clinton.
14. Joseph V. Graft. Pekin.
15. Benjamin F. Marsh\*. Warsaw.
16. W. H. Hinrichsen. Jacksonville.
17. James A. Connolly\*. Springfield.
18. THOMAS M. JETT. Hillsboro.

19. Andrew J. Hunter. Paris.
20. James R. Campbell. McLeansboro.
21. JERU BAKSH. Belleville.
22. George W. Smith\*. Murphysboro.

## INDIANA.

1. James A. Hemenway\*. Boonville.
2. Robert W. Miers. Bloomington.
3. W. T. Zenor. Corydon.
4. Francis M. Griffith. Vevay.
5. George W. Faris\*. Terre Haute.
6. Henry H. Johnson\*. Richmond.
7. Jesse Overstreet. Franklin.
8. Charles L. Henry. Anderson.
9. Charles B. Landis. Delphi.
10. E. D. Crumpacker. Valparaiso.
11. George W. Street. Marion.
12. James M. Robinson. Ft. Wayne.
13. Lemuel W. Royce. Warsaw.

## IOWA.

1. Samuel M. Clark\*. Keokuk.
2. George M. Curtis\*. Clinton.
3. David B. Henderson\*. Dubuque.
4. Thomas Updegraff. McGregor.
5. Robert G. Cousins\*. Tipton.
6. John F. Lacey\*. Okaloosa.
7. John A. T. Hull\*. Des Moines.
8. William P. Hepburn\*. Clarinda.
9. A. L. Hager\*. Greenfield.
10. Jonathan P. Dolliver\*. Fort Dodge.
11. George D. Perkins\*. Sioux City.

## KANSAS.

- At Large—JERE D. BOTKIN. Winfield.
1. Case Broderick\*. Holton.
  2. M. S. PETERS. Kansas City.
  3. E. R. RIDGELY. Pittsburg.
  4. Charles Curtis\*. Topeka.
  5. W. D. VINCENT. Phillipsburg.
  6. N. B. MCCORMICK. Medicine L'ge.
  7. JERRY SIMPSON. Medicine L'ge.

## KENTUCKY.

1. Charles K. Wheeler. Paducah.
2. John D. Clardy\*. Newstead.
3. John S. Rhea. Russellville.
4. David H. Smith. Hodgeville.
5. Walter Evans\*. Louisville.
6. Albert S. Berry\*. Newport.
7. Evan E. Settle. Owenton.
8. George M. Davison. Stanford.
9. Samuel J. Pugh\*. Vanceburg.
10. Thomas Y. Fitzpatrick. Prestonburg.
11. David G. Colson. Middleboro.

## LOUISIANA.

1. Adolph Meyer\*. New Orleans.
2. Robert C. Davey. New Orleans.
3. Robert F. Broussard. New Iberia.
4. Henry W. Ogden\*. Benton.
5. S. T. Baird. Bastrop.
6. Samuel M. Robertson\*. Baton Rouge.

## MAINE.

1. Thomas B. Reed\*. Portland.
2. Nelson Dingley, Jr. Lewiston.
3. Edwin C. Burleigh. Augusta.
4. Charles A. Boutelle\*. Bangor.

## MARYLAND.

1. Isaac A. Barber. Easton.
2. William B. Baker\*. Aberdeen.
3. William S. Booz. Baltimore.
4. William W. McIntire. Baltimore.
5. Sidney E. Mudd. Lapatosa.
6. John McDonald. Rockville.

## MASSACHUSETTS.

1. George P. Lawrence. North Adams.
2. Frederick H. Gilet\*. Springfield.
3. Joseph Henry Walker\*. Worcester.

4. Geo. W. Weymouth.....Fitchburg.
5. William S. Knorr.....Lawrence.
6. William H. Moody.....Haverhill.
7. William E. Barrett.....Melrose.
8. Samuel W. McCall.....Winchester.
9. John F. Fitzgerald.....Boston.
10. S. J. Barrows.....Boston.
11. Charles F. Sprague.....Boston.
12. William C. Loering.....Taunton.
13. W. S. Greene.....Fall River.

## MICHIGAN.

1. John B. Cortis.....Detroit.
2. George Spalding.....Monroe.
3. ALBERT M. TODD.....Kalamazoo.
4. Edward L. Hamilton.....Niles.
5. Wm. Alden Smith.....Grand Rapids.
6. Samuel W. Smith.....Pontiac.
7. Horace G. Sumner.....Port Austin.
8. Ferd Brucker.....Saginaw.
9. Russell P. Bishop.....Ludington.
10. Rousseau O. Crump.....Bay City.
11. William S. Mesick.....Mancelona.
12. Carlos D. Shelden.....Houghton.

## MINNESOTA.

1. James A. Tawney.....Winona.
2. James T. McClary.....Mankato.
3. Joel P. Heatwole.....Northfield.
4. F. C. Stevens.....St. Paul.
5. Loren Fletcher.....Minneapolis.
6. Page Morris.....Duluth.
7. Frank M. Eddy.....Glenwood.

## MISSISSIPPI.

1. John M. Allen.....Tupelo.
2. Thomas Spalgt.....Ripley.
3. Thomas C. Catchings.....Vicksburg.
4. Andrew F. Fox.....West Point.
5. John S. Williams.....Yazoo City.
6. F. A. McLain.....Gloster.
7. Patrick Henry.....Brandon.

## MISSOURI.

1. James T. Lloyd.....Shelbyville.
2. Robert M. Bodine.....Paris.
3. Alexander M. Dockery.....Gallatin.
4. Charles F. Cochran.....St. Joseph.
5. William S. Cowherd.....Kansas City.
6. David A. De Armond.....Butler.
7. James A. Cooney.....Marshall.
8. Richard P. Blandt.....Lebanon.
9. Champ Clark.....Bowling Green.
10. Richard Bartholdi.....St. Louis.
11. Charles F. Joy.....St. Louis.
12. Charles E. Parce.....St. Louis.
13. Edward A. Robb.....Perryville.
14. William D. Vandiver.....Cape Girardeau.
15. M. E. Benton.....Neosho.

## MONTANA.

CHARLES S. HARTMAN.....Bozeman.

## NEBRASKA.

1. Jesse B. Strode.....Lincoln.
2. David H. McGee.....Omaha.
3. SAMUEL MAXWELL.....Fremont.
4. WILLIAM L. STARK.....Aurora.
5. R. D. SUTHERLAND.....Nelton.
6. WILLIAM L. GREENE.....Kearney.

## NEVADA.

F. G. NEWLANDS.....Reno.

## NEW HAMPSHIRE.

1. Cyrus A. Sulloway.....Manchester.
2. Frank G. Clarke.....Peterboro.

## NEW JERSEY.

1. Henry C. Loudenslager.....Paulsboro.
2. John J. Gardner.....Atlantic City.
3. Benjamin F. Howell.....New Brunswick.
4. Mahlon Pitney.....Morristown.
5. James F. Stewart.....Paterson.
6. Richard Wayne Parker.....Newark.
7. Thomas McKean, Jr.....Jersey City.
8. Charles Newell Fowler.....Elizabeth.

## NEW YORK.

1. Joseph M. Buford.....Riverhead.
2. Denis M. Harley.....Brooklyn.
3. E. H. Driggs.....Brooklyn.
4. Israel F. Fischer.....Brooklyn.
5. Charles G. Bennett.....Brooklyn.
6. James R. Howe.....Brooklyn.
7. John H. G. Vehslage.....New York city.
8. John M. Mitchell.....New York city.
9. Thomas J. Bradley.....New York city.
10. Amos J. Cummings.....New York city.
11. William Sulzer.....New York city.
12. George E. McCellan.....New York city.
13. Richard C. Shannon.....New York city.
14. Samuel E. Quigg.....New York city.
15. Philip B. Love.....New York city.
16. William L. Ward.....Port Chester.
17. Benjamin B. Odell, Jr.....Newburg.
18. John H. Ketchum.....Dover Plains.
19. Aaron V. S. Cochrane.....Hudson.
20. George N. Southwick.....Albany.
21. David Wilbert.....Oneonta.
22. Lynden N. Littauer.....Gloversville.
23. Wallace T. Post, Jr.....Port Henry.
24. Charles A. Chickering.....Utica.
25. James S. Sherman.....Copenhagen.
26. George W. Ray.....Norwich.
27. James J. Beldent.....Syracuse.
28. Sereno E. Payne.....Auburn.
29. Charles W. Gillet.....Addison.
30. James W. Wadsworth.....Geneseo.
31. Henry C. Brewster.....Rochester.
32. Rowland B. Mahany.....Buffalo.
33. De Alva S. Alexander.....Buffalo.
34. Vacant.

## NORTH CAROLINA.

1. HARRY SKINNER.....Greenville.
2. Geo. H. White.....Tarboro.
3. JOHN E. FOWLER.....Clinton.
4. WILLIAM F. STROWD.....Pittsboro.
5. W. W. Kitchin.....Roxboro.
6. CHARLES H. MARTIN.....Polkton.
7. A. C. SHUFORD.....Albemarle.
8. Konulius Z. Jannay.....Taylorsville.
9. Richmond Pearson.....Asheville.

## NORTH DAKOTA.

Marlin N. Johnson.....Petersburg.

## OHIO.

1. William B. Shattuc.....Madisonville.
2. Jacob H. Brownell.....Cincinnati.
3. John L. Brenner.....Dayton.
4. George A. Marshall.....Sidney.
5. David Meekison.....Napoleon.
6. Seth W. Brown.....Lebanon.
7. Walter L. Weaver.....Springfield.
8. Archibald Lybrand.....Delaware.
9. James H. Southard.....Toledo.
10. Lucien J. Fenton.....Winchester.
11. Charles H. Grosvenor.....Athens.
12. John J. Lentz.....Columbus.
13. James A. Norton.....Tiffin.
14. Winfield S. Kerr.....Mansfield.
15. Henry C. Van Voorhis.....Zanesville.
16. Lorenzo Danford.....St. Clairsville.
17. John A. McDowell.....Millersburg.
18. Robert W. Taylor.....New Lisbon.
19. CHARLES DICK.....Akron.
20. Clifton B. Beach.....Cleveland.
21. Theo. E. Burton.....Cleveland.

## OREGON.

1. Thomas H. Tongue.....Hillsboro.
2. William R. Ellis.....Heppner.

## PENNSYLVANIA.

- At Large—Gatasha A. Grow.....Glenwood.
- Samuel A. Davenport.....Erie.
1. Henry H. Bingham.....Philadelphia.
2. Robert Adams, Jr.....Philadelphia.
3. William McAleer.....Philadelphia.
4. James R. Young.....Philadelphia.
5. Alfred C. Harner.....Philadelphia.
6. Thomas S. Butler.....West Chester.

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—CONTINUED.

7. Irving P. Wanger	Norristown.
8. William S. Kirkpatrick	Easton.
9. David Armentrout	Reading.
10. Merritt Brosius	Lancaster.
11. William Council	Scranton.
12. Morgan R. Williams	Wilkes-Barre.
13. Charles N. Brumm	Minersville.
14. Martin E. Gledhill	Harrisburg.
15. James H. Gledhill	Towanda.
16. Horace B. Packer	Wellsboro.
17. Monroe H. Kulp	Shamokin.
18. Thaddeus M. Mahan	Chambersburg.
19. George J. Benner	Gettysburg.
20. Josiah D. Hicks	Altoona.
21. E. E. Robbins	Greensburg.
22. John Dalzell	Pittsburg.
23. W. H. Graham	Allegheny.
24. Ernest F. Acherson	Washington.
25. J. B. Shumalter	Chicora.
26. J. B. Sturtevant	Conneautville.
27. Charles W. Stone	Warren.
28. William C. Arnold	Dubola.

## RHODE ISLAND.

1. Melville Bull	Middletown.
2. Adin B. Capron	Stillwater.

## SOUTH CAROLINA.

1. William Elliott	Beaufort.
2. W. Jasper Talbert	Parksville.
3. Asbury C. Latimer	Belton.
4. Stanyarne Wilson	Spartanburg.
5. Thomas J. Stratt	Lancaster.
6. James Norton	Mullins.
7. J. William Stokes	Orangeburg.

## SOUTH DAKOTA.

At Large—John E. Kelly	Flandreau.
FREEMAN KNOWLES	Deadwood.

## TENNESSEE.

1. Walter P. Brownlow	Jonesboro.
2. Henry B. Gibson	Knoxville.
3. John A. Moon	Chattanooga.
4. Benton McMillin	Carthage.
5. James D. Richardson	Murfreesboro.
6. John W. Gaines	Nashville.
7. Nicholas N. Cox	Franklin.
8. T. W. Sims	Indian.
9. Rice A. Pierce	Union City.
10. E. W. Carmack	Memphis.

## TEXAS.

1. Thomas H. Ball	Huntsville.
2. Samuel B. Cooper	Woodville.
3. E. C. DeCade	Lombard.
4. John W. Cranford	Sulphur Springs.
5. Joseph W. Bailey	Galveston.
6. R. E. Burke	Dallas.

7. R. L. Henry	Waco.
8. S. W. T. Lanham	Weatherford.
9. Jos. D. Sayers	Bastrop.
10. R. B. Hawley	Galveston.
11. Rudolph Kleberg	Cuero.
12. J. L. Slayden	San Antonio.
13. John H. Stephens	Vernon.

## UTAH.

William H. King	Salt Lake City.
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## VERMONT.

1. H. Henry Powers	Morrisville.
2. William W. Grout	Barton.

## VIRGINIA.

1. William A. Jones	Warsaw.
2. Richard A. Wise	Norfolk.
3. John Lamb	Richmond.
4. R. T. Thorpe	Mecklenburg.
5. Claude A. Swanson	Chatham.
6. Peter J. Otey	Lynchburg.
7. James Hay	Madison C. H.
8. J. F. Rizey	Culpeper.
9. James A. Walker	Wytheville.
10. Jacob Yost	Staunton.

## WASHINGTON.

At Large—James H. Lewis	Seattle.
WILLIAM C. JONES	Spokane.

## WEST VIRGINIA.

1. B. B. Dovenor	Wheeling.
2. Alston G. Dayton	Phillippi.
3. Charles P. Dorr	Addison.
4. Warren Miller	Jackson.

## WISCONSIN.

1. Henry A. Cooper	Racine.
2. Edward Sauerhering	Maysville.
3. Jos. W. Babcock	Necedah.
4. Theobald Otten	Milwaukee.
5. Samuel S. Barnery	West Bend.
6. J. H. Davidson	Oshkosh.
7. Michael Griffin	Eau Claire.
8. Edward S. Minor	Sturgeon Bay.
9. Alex. Stewart	Wausau.
10. John J. Jenkins	Chippewa Falls.

## WYOMING.

John E. Osborne	Rawlins.
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## TERRITORIES.

ARIZONA—Marcus A. Smith	Tucson.
NEW MEXICO—H. B. Ferguson	Albuquerque.
OKLAHOMA—J. Y. Callahan	Kingfisher.

## RECAPITULATION.

State.	R. D. Peo.	State.	R. D. Peo.	State.	R. D. Peo.
Alabama	1	Maryland	6	Pennsylvania	27
Arkansas	1	Massachusetts	12	Rhode Island	3
California	3	Michigan	10	South Carolina	7
Colorado	1	Minnesota	7	South Dakota	2
Connecticut	4	Mississippi	7	Tennessee	2
Delaware	1	Missouri	3	Texas	12
Florida	2	Montana	1	Utah	1
Georgia	11	Nebraska	2	Vermont	2
Idaho	1	Nevada	2	Virginia	4
Illinois	17	New Hampshire	2	Washington	1
Indiana	9	New Jersey	8	West Virginia	4
Iowa	11	New York	24	Wisconsin	10
Kansas	2	North Carolina	3	Wyoming	1
Kentucky	4	South Dakota	1		
Louisiana	6	Ohio	15	Total	207
Maine	4	Oregon	2	Free silver, &c.	121

## SENATORS (Alphabetically Arranged).

Aldrich, N. W. .... Rhode Island	Hale, Eugene ..... Maine	Perkins, G. C. .... California
Allen, W. V. .... Nebraska	Hanna, Marcus A. .... Ohio	Pettigrew, R. F. .... South Dakota
Allison, William B. .... Iowa	Hastbrough, H. C. .... N. Dakota	Pettus, Edmund W. .... Alabama
Bacon, Augustus O. .... Georgia	Harria, William A. .... Kansas	Platt, Orville H. .... Connecticut
Baker, Lucien ..... Kansas	Hawley, Jos. R. .... Connecticut	Platt, Thomas C. .... New York
Bate, W. H. .... Tennessee	Heitfield, Henry ..... Idaho	Pritchard, J. C. .... North Carolina
Berry, James H. .... Arkansas	Hoar, George F. .... Massachusetts	Proctor, Redfield ..... Vermont
Burrows, Julius C. .... Michigan	Jones, James K. .... Arkansas	Quay, M. S. .... Pennsylvania
Butler, Marlon, North Carolina	Jones, John P. .... Nevada	Rawlins, Joseph L. .... Utah
Caffery, D. J. .... Louisiana	Kenney, Richard K. .... Delaware	Roach, W. N. .... North Dakota
Cannon, F. J. .... Utah	Kyle, J. H. .... South Dakota	Sewell, W. J. .... New Jersey
Carter, Thomas H. .... Montana	Lindsay, William ..... Kentucky	Shoup, George L. .... Idaho
Chandler, W. E. New Hampshire	Lodge, H. C. .... Massachusetts	Simon, Joseph ..... Oregon
Chilton, Horace ..... Texas	McBride, George W. .... Oregon	Smith, James, Jr. .... New Jersey
Clark, Clarence D. .... Wyoming	McEnery, S. D. .... Louisiana	Spooner, John C. .... Wisconsin
Clay, Alexander S. .... Georgia	McLaurin, J. L. .... South Carolina	Stewart, W. M. .... Nevada
Cockrell, F. M. .... Missouri	McMillan, James ..... Michigan	Sullivan, W. M. .... Mississippi
Cullom, Shelby M. .... Illinois	Mallory, S. R. .... Florida	Teller, Henry M. .... Colorado
Daniel, John W. .... Virginia	Mantle, Lee ..... Montana	Thurston, John M. .... Nebraska
Davis, G. K. .... Minnesota	Martin, Thomas S. .... Virginia	Tillman, B. R. .... South Carolina
DeLoos, W. J. .... Kentucky	Mason, William E. .... Illinois	Turley, Thos. H. .... Tennessee
Elkins, S. B. .... West Virginia	Mills, Roger Q. .... Texas	Turner, George ..... Washington
Fairbanks, C. W. .... Indiana	Mitchell, J. L. .... Wisconsin	Turpie, David ..... Indiana
Faulkner, C. J. .... West Virginia	Money, H. O. S. .... Mississippi	Vest, George G. .... Missouri
Foraker, Joseph B. .... Ohio	Morgan, John B. .... Alabama	Warren, F. E. .... Wyoming
Frye, William P. .... Maine	Morrill, Justin S. .... Vermont	Wellington, G. L. .... Maryland
Gallinger, J. H. New Hampshire	Murphy, E. Jr. .... New York	Westmore, Geo. P. .... Rhode Island
Gear, John H. .... Iowa	Nelson, Knute ..... Minnesota	White, S. M. .... California
Gorman, Arthur P. .... Maryland	Pasco, Samuel ..... Florida	Wilson, John L. .... Washington
Gray, George ..... Delaware	Peterson, Boies ..... Pennsylvania	Wolcott, E. O. .... Colorado

## REPRESENTATIVES (Alphabetically Arranged).

Acheson, E. F. .... Pennsylvania	Broussard, Robt. F. .... Louisiana	Davis, Robt. W. .... Florida
Adams, Robt. Jr. .... Pennsylvania	Brown, Seth W. .... Ohio	Davison, Geo. M. .... Kentucky
Adams, Wm. C. .... Georgia	Brownlow, W. P. .... Tennessee	Dayton, A. G. .... West Virginia
Aldrich, F. W. .... Alabama	Brucker, Ferd ..... Michigan	DeArmond, D. A. .... Missouri
Alexander, DeA. S. .... New York	Brumm, C. N. .... Pennsylvania	DeGraffenried, R. C. .... Texas
Allen, J. M. .... Mississippi	Brumbridge, S. Jr. .... Arkansas	DeVries, Marion ..... California
Arnold, Wm. C. .... Pennsylvania	Bull, Melville ..... Rhode Island	Dick, Charles ..... Ohio
Babeock, J. W. .... Wisconsin	Burke, Robt. E. .... Texas	Dingley, N. Jr. .... Maine
Bailey, J. W. .... Texas	Burleigh, E. C. .... Maine	Dinsmore, H. A. .... Arkansas
Baird, S. T. .... Louisiana	Burton, T. E. .... Ohio	Dockery, A. M. .... Missouri
Baker, John ..... Illinois	Butler, T. S. .... Pennsylvania	Dolliver, J. P. .... Iowa
Baker, W. B. .... Texas	Campbell, James B. .... Illinois	Dorr, Chas. P. .... West Virginia
Ball, Thomas H. .... Texas	Cannon, J. G. .... Illinois	Dovener, B. H. .... West Virginia
Bankhead, John H. .... Alabama	Capron, Adm. B. .... Rhode Island	Driggs, E. H. .... New York
Barber, Isaac A. .... Maryland	Carmack, E. W. .... Tennessee	Eddy, F. M. .... Minnesota
Barham, John A. .... California	Castle, C. H. .... California	Elliott, W. E. .... South Carolina
Barlow, C. A. .... California	Catchings, T. C. .... Mississippi	Ellis, W. R. .... Oregon
Barney, S. S. .... Wisconsin	Chickering, C. A. .... New York	Ermentrout, D. .... Pennsylvania
Barrett, W. E. .... Massachusetts	Clardy, John D. .... Kentucky	Evans, Walter ..... Kentucky
Barrows, S. J. .... Massachusetts	Clark, C. .... Missouri	Faris, Geo. W. .... Indiana
Bartholdt, R. .... Missouri	Clark, S. M. .... Iowa	Fenton, L. J. .... Ohio
Bartlett, C. H. .... Georgia	Clarke, F. G. .... New Hampshire	Fischer, I. F. .... New York
Beach, C. H. .... Ohio	Clayton, H. D. .... Alabama	Fitzgerald, J. F. .... Massachusetts
Belden, James J. .... New York	Cochran, Chas. F. .... Missouri	Fitzpatrick, T. Y. .... Kentucky
Belford, Joseph M. .... New York	Cochran, C. V. S. .... New York	Flaming, Wm. H. .... Georgia
Belknap, B. R. .... Illinois	Coddling, J. H. .... Pennsylvania	Fletcher, L. .... Minnesota
Bell, J. C. .... Colorado	Colman, D. G. .... Kentucky	Foot, W. T., Jr. .... New York
Benner, G. J. .... Pennsylvania	Connell, Wm. .... Pennsylvania	Foss, Geo. E. .... Illinois
Bennett, C. G. .... New York	Connolly, J. A. .... Illinois	Fowler, J. E. .... New Jersey
Benton, M. E. .... Missouri	Cooney, J. A. .... Missouri	Fowler, J. E. .... North Carolina
Berry, A. S. .... Kentucky	Cooper, H. A. .... Wisconsin	Fox, Andrew F. .... Mississippi
Bingham, H. H. .... Pennsylvania	Cooper, S. B. .... Texas	Gaines, John W. .... Tennessee
Bishop, H. P. .... Michigan	Corliss, John B. .... Michigan	Gardner John J. .... New Jersey
Bland, R. P. .... Missouri	Cowherd, Wm. S. .... Missouri	Gibson, H. R. .... Tennessee
Bodine, R. N. .... Missouri	Cox, N. N. .... Tennessee	Gillet, C. W. .... New York
Booze, Wm. S. .... Maryland	Cunning, R. G. .... Iowa	Gillett, F. H. .... Massachusetts
Botkin, Jeremiah D. .... Kansas	Cranford, J. W. .... Texas	Graff, Joseph V. .... Illinois
Boutell, H. S. .... Illinois	Crump, R. D. .... Michigan	Graham, W. B. .... Pennsylvania
Boutelle, C. A. .... Maine	Crumpacker, E. D. .... Indiana	Greene, Wm. L. .... Nebraska
Bradley, T. J. .... New York	Cummings, A. J. .... New York	Greene, Wm. .... Massachusetts
Brantley, Wm. G. .... Georgia	Curtis, C. .... Kansas	Griffin, Michael ..... Wisconsin
Brenner, John L. .... Ohio	Curtis, Geo. M. .... Iowa	Griffith, F. M. .... Indiana
Brewer, Willis ..... Alabama	Dalzell, John ..... Pennsylvania	Griggs, James ..... Georgia
Brewster, H. C. .... New York	Danford, L. .... Ohio	Grosvenor, C. H. .... Ohio
Broderick, J. H. .... Kansas	Davenport, S. A. .... Pennsylvania	Groat, W. W. .... Vermont
Bromwell, J. H. .... Ohio	Davey, Robt. C. .... Louisiana	Grow, G. A. .... Pennsylvania
Brosius, M. .... Pennsylvania	Davidson, J. H. .... Wisconsin	Gunn, James ..... Idaho

## REPRESENTATIVES.—CONTINUED.

Hager, A. L.	Iowa	McEwan, T. Jr.	New Jersey	Sims, Thetus W.	Tennessee
Hamilton, E. L.	Michigan	McIntire, W. W.	Maryland	Skinner, Harry	North Carolina
Handy, L. I.	Delaware	McLain, F. A.	Mississippi	Snyder, J. L.	Texas
Harmer, A. C.	Pennsylvania	McMillin, Benton	Tennessee	Smith, D. H.	Kentucky
Hartman, C. S.	Montana	McRae, Thomas C.	Georgia	Smith, G. W.	Illinois
Hawley, R. B.	Texas	Maddox, J. W.	California	Smith, S. W.	Michigan
Hay, James	Virginia	Maguire, J. B.	New York	Smith, W. A.	Michigan
Heatwole, J. P.	Minnesota	Manany, R. B.	New York	Snover, H. G.	Michigan
Hemenway, J. A.	Indiana	Mahon, T. M.	Pennsylvania	Southard, J. H.	Ohio
Henderson, D. B.	Iowa	Mann, J. R.	Illinois	Southwick, G. N.	New York
Henry, C. L.	Connecticut	Marsh, B. F.	Illinois	Spaight, Thomas	Mississippi
Henry, E. S.	Mississippi	Marshall, G. A.	Ohio	Spalding, G.	Michigan
Henry, Patrick	Mississippi	Martin, C. H.	North Carolina	Sparkman, S. M.	Florida
Henry, Robert L.	Texas	Maxwell, S.	Nebraska	Sperry, N. D.	Connecticut
Hepburn, W. P.	Iowa	Meekison, D.	Ohio	Sprague, C. F.	Massachusetts
Hicks, J. D.	Pennsylvania	Meeker, D. H.	Nebraska	Stallings, J. F.	Alabama
Hibborn, S. G.	California	Mesiet, W. S.	Louisiana	Stark, W. L.	Nebraska
Hill, E. J.	Connecticut	Meyer, A.	Indiana	Steele, G. W.	Indiana
Hirshsen, Wm. H.	Illinois	Miles, Robert W.	Indiana	Stephens, J. H.	Texas
Hitt, R. R.	Illinois	Miller, Warren	West Virginia	Stevens, F. C.	Minnesota
Hopkins, A. J.	Illinois	Mills, D. W.	Illinois	Stewart, Alex.	Wisconsin
Howard, M. W.	Alabama	Minor, E. S.	Wisconsin	Stewart, J. F.	New Jersey
Howard, Wm. M.	Georgia	Mitchell, J. M.	New York	Stokes, J. W.	South Carolina
Howe, J. R.	New York	Moody, W. H.	Massachusetts	Stone, Chas. W.	Pennsylvania
Howell, B. F.	New Jersey	Moon, J. A.	Tennessee	Strait, T. J.	South Carolina
Hull, J. A. T.	Iowa	Morris, Page	Minnesota	Strode, J. B.	Nebraska
Hunter, A. J.	Illinois	Mudd, Sidney E.	Maryland	Strowd, W. F.	North Carolina
Hurley, D. M.	New York	Newlands, F. G.	Nebraska	Sturtevant, J. C.	Pennsylvania
Jenkins, J. J.	Wisconsin	Norton, J. A.	South Carolina	Sullyway, C. A.	New Hampshire
Jett, Thos. M.	Illinois	Norton, J. A.	Ohio	Sulzer, W.	New York
Johnson, H. U.	Indiana	Ocell, R. B. Jr.	New York	Sutherland, R. D.	Nebraska
Johnson, M. N.	North Dakota	Ogden, H. W.	Louisiana	Swanson, C. A.	Virginia
Jones, W. A.	Virginia	Olmsted, M. E.	Pennsylvania	Talbert, W. J.	South Carolina
Jones, W. C.	Washington	Osborne, J. E.	Wyoming	Tate, F. C.	Georgia
Joy, C. F.	Missouri	Otey, Peter J.	Virginia	Taylor, R. W.	Ohio
Kelly, J. E.	South Dakota	Otjen, Theobald	Wisconsin	Taylor, G. W.	Minnesota
Kerr, W. S.	Ohio	Overstreet, Jesse	Indiana	Tawney, J. A.	Arkansas
Ketchum, J. H.	New York	Packer, H. B.	Pennsylvania	Therry, J. A.	Alabama
King, Wm. H.	Utah	Parker, R. W.	New Jersey	Thorp, R. T.	Virginia
Kirkpatrick, W. S.	Pennsylvania	Payne, S. E.	Missouri	Todd, A. H.	Michigan
Kitchin, W. W.	North Carolina	Pearce, C. E.	New York	Tongue, T. M.	Oregon
Kleberg, R.	Texas	Pearson, R. E.	North Carolina	Underwood, U. W.	Alabama
Knuckles, F.	South Dakota	Perkins, G. D.	Iowa	Updegraff, T.	Iowa
Knox, W. S.	Massachusetts	Peters, M. S.	Kansas	Vandiver, W. D.	Missouri
Kulp, M. S.	Pennsylvania	Pierce, R. A.	Tennessee	Van Voorhis, H. C.	Ohio
Lacey, J. F.	Iowa	Pitney, M.	New Jersey	Vehslage, J. H. G.	New York
Lamb, John	Virginia	Powers, H. H.	Vermont	Vincent, W. D.	Kansas
Lanham, S. W. T.	Texas	Prince, G. W.	Illinois	Wadsworth, J. V.	Massachusetts
Landis, C. B.	Indiana	Pugh, S. J.	Kentucky	Walker, J. A.	Illinois
Lattimer, A. C.	South Carolina	Quigg, L. E.	New York	Walker, J. A.	Virginia
Lawrence, Geo. P.	Mass.	Ray, G. W.	New York	Wanger, I. P.	Pennsylvania
Lentz, J. J.	Ohio	Reed, T. B.	Maine	Ward, W. L.	New York
Lester, R. E.	Georgia	Rees, J. S.	Illinois	Warner, V.	Illinois
Lewis, E. B.	Georgia	Rhea, J. S.	Kentucky	Weaver, W. L.	Ohio
Lewis, J. H.	North Carolina	Richardson, J. D.	Tennessee	Weymouth, G. W.	Massachusetts
Linney, R. Z.	New York	Ridgely, E. R.	Kansas	Wheeler, C. K.	Kentucky
Littauer, L. N.	Arkansas	Rixey, J. F.	Virginia	Wheeler, J.	Alabama
Little, J. S.	Arkansas	Robb, E. A.	Missouri	White, G. E.	Illinois
Livingston, L. F.	Georgia	Robbins, E. E.	Pennsylvania	White, G. H.	North Carolina
Lloyd, J. T.	Missouri	Robertson, S. M.	Indiana	Wilber, D. B.	New York
Lorimer, Wm.	Illinois	Robinson, J. M.	Indiana	Williams, J. S.	Mississippi
Loud, E. F.	California	Royce, L. W.	Connecticut	Williams, M. B.	Pennsylvania
Loudenslager, H. C.	New Jersey	Russell, C. A.	Wisconsin	Wilson, S.	South Carolina
Loving, W. C.	Massachusetts	Saunders, E.	Texas	Wise, Richard A.	Virginia
Low, P. B.	New York	Sayers, J. D.	Texas	Yost, Jacob	Virginia
Lybrand, Archibald	Ohio	Settle, Evan E.	Kentucky	Young, J. R.	Pennsylvania
McAleer, Wm.	Pennsylvania	Shafroth, J. F.	Colorado	Young, W. A.	Virginia
McCall, S. W.	Massachusetts	Shannon, R. C.	New York	Zener, W. T.	Indiana
McClary, J. T.	Minnesota	Shattuck, W. B.	Ohio		
McClellan, G. B.	New York	Sheldon, C. D.	Michigan		
McCormick, N. B.	Kansas	Sherman, J. S.	New York		
McCalloch, P. D. Jr.	Arkansas	Showalter, J. B.	Pennsylvania		
McDonald, J.	Maryland	Shuford, A. C.	North Carolina		
McDowell, J. A.	Ohio	Simpson, Jerry	Kansas		

## DELEGATES.

Callahan, J. V.	Oklahoma
Ferguson, H. B.	New Mexico
Smith, M. A.	Arizona

## OFFICERS OF CONGRESS.

## HOUSE.

SENATE.  
*Secretary*—William R. Cox.  
*Chief Clerk*—John S. McEwan.  
*Librarian*—A. W. Church.  
*Chaplain*—Rev. W. H. Milburn.  
*Sergeant-at-Arms*—R. J. Bright.  
*Postmaster*—R. A. Dobbin.

CLERK—Alexander McDowell.  
 LIBRARIAN—C. B. Brockway.  
 SERGEANT-AT-ARMS—B. F. Russell.  
 DEACON—W. J. Glenn.  
 CHAPLAIN—Rev. H. S. Coaden.  
 POSTMASTER—Joseph C. McElroy.

## Fifty-Sixth Congress.

From March 4, 1899, to March 3, 1901.

## SENATE.

Republicans, 56; Democrats, 38 PEOPLE'S PARTY, 6; In doubt, 2

G. A. Hobart (N. J.), vice-president, presiding.  
..... president pro tem.

## ALABAMA.

John T. Morgan..... Selma..... 1901

Edmund W. Pettus..... Selma..... 1903

## ARKANSAS.

James H. Berry..... Bentonville..... 1901

James K. Jones..... Washington..... 1903

## CALIFORNIA.

A Republican..... 1906

Geo. C. Perkins..... San Francisco..... 1903

## COLORADO.

Edward O. Wolcott..... Denver..... 1901

Henry M. Teller..... Central City..... 1903

## CONNECTICUT.

A Republican..... 1906

Orville H. Platt..... Meriden..... 1903

## DELAWARE.

Richard R. Kenney..... Dover..... 1901

A Republican..... 1899

## FLORIDA.

A Democrat..... 1906

Stephen R. Mallory..... Pensacola..... 1903

## GEORGIA.

Augustus O. Bacon..... Macon..... 1901

Alexander S. Clay..... Marietta..... 1903

## IDAHO.

George L. Shoup..... Salmon City..... 1901

HENRY HEITFELD..... Lewiston..... 1903

## ILLINOIS.

Shelby M. Cullom..... Springfield..... 1901

William E. Mason..... Chicago..... 1903

## INDIANA.

A Republican..... 1906

Charles W. Fairbanks..... Indianapolis..... 1903

## IOWA.

John H. Gear..... Burlington..... 1901

William B. Allison..... Dubuque..... 1903

## KANSAS.

Lucien Baker..... Leavenworth..... 1901

WILLIAM A. HARRIS..... Linwood..... 1903

## KENTUCKY.

William Lindsay..... Frankfort..... 1901

William J. Deboe..... Marion..... 1903

## LOUISIANA.

Donelson Caffery..... Franklin..... 1901

Samuel D. McEnery..... New Orleans..... 1903

## MAINE.

William P. Frye..... Lewiston..... 1901

Eugene Hale..... Ellsworth..... 1906

## MARYLAND.

Louis E. McComas..... Hagerstown..... 1906

George L. Wellington..... Cumberland..... 1903

## MASSACHUSETTS.

George F. Hoar..... Worcester..... 1901

A Republican..... 1906

## MICHIGAN.

James McMillan..... Detroit..... 1901

A Republican..... 1899

## MINNESOTA.

Knut Nelson..... Alexandria..... 1901

A Republican..... 1906

## MISSISSIPPI.

William V. Sullivan..... Oxford..... 1901

Hernando D. Money..... Carrollton..... 1906

## MISSOURI.

A Democrat..... 1906

George G. Vest..... Kansas City..... 1903

## MONTANA.

Thomas H. Carter..... Helena..... 1901

A Democrat..... 1906

## NEBRASKA.

John M. Thurston..... Omaha..... 1901

A Republican..... 1903

## NEVADA.

A SILVERITE..... 1906

JOHN P. JONES..... Gold Hill..... 1903

## NEW HAMPSHIRE.

William E. Chandler..... Concord..... 1901

Jacob H. Gallinger..... Concord..... 1903

## NEW JERSEY.

William J. Sewell..... Camden..... 1901

A Republican..... 1906

## NEW YORK.

In doubt..... 1906

Thomas C. Platt..... Owego..... 1903

## NORTH CAROLINA.

MARION BUTLER..... Raleigh..... 1901

Jeter C. Pritchard..... Marshall..... 1903

## NORTH DAKOTA.

A Republican..... 1906

Henry C. Hansbrough..... Devil's Lake..... 1903

## OHIO.

Marcus A. Hanna..... Cleveland..... 1906

Joseph B. Foraker..... Columbus..... 1903

## OREGON.

George W. McBride..... Portland..... 1901

Joseph Simon..... Portland..... 1903

## PENNSYLVANIA.

A Republican..... 1906

Boies Penrose..... Philadelphia..... 1903

## RHODE ISLAND.

George P. Wetmore..... Newport..... 1901

Nelson W. Aldrich..... Providence..... 1906

## SOUTH CAROLINA.

Benjamin R. Tillman..... Trenton..... 1901

John L. McLaurin..... Bennettsville..... 1903

## SOUTH DAKOTA.

Richard F. Pettigrew..... Sioux Falls..... 1901

James H. Kyle..... Aberdeen..... 1903

## TENNESSEE.

Thomas B. Turley..... Memphis..... 1901

William B. Bate..... Nashville..... 1906

## TEXAS.

Horace R. Chilton..... Tyler..... 1901

A Democrat..... 1906

## UTAH.

A Democrat..... 1906

Joseph L. Rawlins..... Salt Lake City..... 1903

## VERMONT.

Redfield Proctor..... Proctor..... 1906

Justin S. Morrill..... Strafford..... 1903

## VIRGINIA.

Thomas S. Martin..... Scottsville..... 1901

John W. Daniel..... Lynchburg..... 1906

## WASHINGTON.

PEOPLE'S PARTY..... 1906

George F. Turner..... Spokane..... 1903

## WEST VIRGINIA.

Stephen B. Elkins..... Elkins..... 1901

In doubt..... 1906

## WISCONSIN.

A Republican..... 1906

John C. Spooner..... Hudson..... 1903

## WYOMING.

Francis E. Warren..... Cheyenne..... 1901

A Republican..... 1906

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Republicans (in *italics*), 185; democrats (in roman), 163; populists (IN SMALL CAPS), 6; silverites (IN CAPS), 3. Whole number, 357. Those marked \* served in the LVth congress. Those marked † served in a previous house.

Speaker—Thomas B. Reed.....Maine.

## ALABAMA.

1. George W. Taylor.....Demopolis.
2. Jesse F. Stallings\*.....Greenville.
3. Henry D. Clayton.....Eufaula.
4. Gaston A. Robbins.....Selma.
5. Willis Brewer\*.....Hayneville.
6. John H. Bankhead\*.....Fayette.
7. John L. Barnett.....Gadsden.
8. Joseph Wheeler\*.....Wheeler.
9. Oscar W. Underwood.....Birmingham.

## ARKANSAS.

1. Philip D. McCulloch, Jr.\*.....Marianna.
2. John S. Little\*.....Greenwood.
3. Thomas C. McKee\*.....Prescott.
4. William L. Terry\*.....Little Rock.
5. Hugh A. Dinsmore\*.....Fayetteville.
6. Stephen Brundidge, Jr.\*.....Searcy.

## CALIFORNIA.

1. John A. Barham\*.....Santa Rosa.
2. Marion DeVries.....Stockton.
3. Victor Metcalf.....Oakland.
4. Julius Kahn.....San Francisco.
5. Eugene F. Loud\*.....San Francisco.
6. Russell J. Waters.....Los Angeles.
7. James C. Needham.....Modesto.

## COLORADO.

1. JOHN F. SHAFROTH\*.....Denver.
2. JOHN C. BELL\*.....Montrose.

## CONNECTICUT.

1. E. Stevens Henry\*.....Rockville.
2. N. Hemish Sperry\*.....New Haven.
3. Charles A. Russell\*.....Killingly.
4. Ebenezer J. Hull\*.....Norwalk.

## DELAWARE.

John H. Hoffecker.....Smyrna.

## FLORIDA.

1. Stephen M. Sparkman\*.....Tampa.
2. Robert W. Davis.....Palatka.

## GEORGIA.

1. Rufus E. Lester.....Savannah.
2. James M. Griggs\*.....Dawson.
3. E. B. Lewis\*.....Montezuma.
4. W. C. Adamson\*.....Carrollton.
5. Leonidas F. Livingston\*.....Kings.
6. Charles L. Bartlett\*.....Macon.
7. John W. Maddox\*.....Itome.
8. William M. Howard\*.....Lexington.
9. Farish Carter Tate\*.....Jasper.
10. W. H. Fleming\*.....Augusta.
11. William G. Brantley\*.....Brunswick.

## IDAHO.

EDGAR WILSON.....Boise.

## ILLINOIS.

1. James R. Mann\*.....Chicago.
2. William Lorimer\*.....Chicago.
3. George P. Foster.....Chicago.
4. Thomas Cusack.....Chicago.
5. Edgar T. Noonan.....Chicago.
6. Henry S. Boutell\*.....Chicago.
7. George E. Foss\*.....Chicago.
8. Albert J. Hopkins\*.....Aurora.
9. Robert R. Holt\*.....Mount Morris.
10. George W. Prince\*.....Galesburg.
11. Walter Reeves\*.....Streator.
12. Joseph G. Cannon\*.....Danville.
13. Vespasian Warner\*.....Clinton.
14. Joseph V. Graft\*.....Pekin.
15. Benjamin F. Marsh\*.....Warsaw.
16. W. E. Williams.....Pittsfield.
17. B. F. Colwell.....Chatham.
18. Thomas M. Jett\*.....Hillsboro.

19. Joseph B. Crowley.....Robinson.
20. J. R. Williams.....Carmi.
21. W. A. Rodenberg.....E. St. Louis.
22. George W. Smith\*.....Murphysboro.

## INDIANA.

1. James A. Hemenway\*.....Boonville.
2. Robert W. Miers\*.....Bloomington.
3. W. T. Zenor.....Corydon.
4. Francis M. Griffith\*.....Vevay.
5. George W. Farris\*.....Terre Haute.
6. James E. Watson.....Rushville.
7. Jesse Overstreet\*.....Franklin.
8. George W. Cromer.....Muncie.
9. Charles B. Landis\*.....Delphi.
10. E. D. Orumpacker\*.....Valparaiso.
11. George W. Steele\*.....Marion.
12. James M. Robinson.....Ft. Wayne.
13. Abram L. Brick.....South Bend.

## IOWA.

1. Thomas Hedge.....Burlington.
2. Joe R. Lane.....Davenport.
3. David B. Henderson\*.....Dubuque.
4. Gilbert N. Haugen.....Northwood.
5. Robert G. Cousins\*.....Tipton.
6. John F. Lacey\*.....Oskaloosa.
7. John A. T. Hull\*.....Des Moines.
8. William P. Hepburn\*.....Clarinda.
9. Smith McPherson.....Hart Oak.
10. Jonathan P. Dolliver\*.....Fort Dodge.
11. Lot Thomas.....Storm Lake.

## KANSAS.

- At Large—W. J. Bailey.....Baileyville.
1. Charles Curtis.....Topeka.
2. J. D. Bowersock.....Lawrence.
3. E. R. RIDGELY.....Pittsburg.
4. J. M. Miller.....Council Grove.
5. W. A. Calderhead.....Marysville.
6. W. A. Reeder.....Logan.
7. Chester I. Long.....Hutchinson.

## KENTUCKY.

1. Charles K. Wheeler.....Paducah.
2. Henry D. Allen.....Morganfield.
3. John S. Rhea.....Russellville.
4. David H. Smith.....Hodgenville.
5. Oscar Turner.....Louisville.
6. Albert S. Berry\*.....Newport.
7. Evan E. Settle.....Owenton.
8. G. G. Gilbert.....Shelbyville.
9. Samuel J. Pugh\*.....Vanceburg.
10. Thomas Y. Fitzpatrick.....Prestonburg.
11. Vincent Boering.....London.

## LOUISIANA.

1. Adolph Meyer\*.....New Orleans.
2. Robert C. Davey.....New Orleans.
3. Robert F. Broussard.....New Iberia.
4. T. Brazil.....Natchitoches.
5. S. T. Baird.....Bastrop.
6. Samuel M. Robertson\*.....Baton Rouge.

## MAINE.

1. Thomas B. Reed\*.....Portland.
2. Nelson Dingley, Jr.\*.....Lewiston.
3. Edwin C. Burleigh\*.....Augusta.
4. Charles A. Boutelle\*.....Bangor.

## MARYLAND.

1. John W. Smith.....Snow Hill.
2. William B. Baker\*.....Aberdeen.
3. Frank C. Wacher.....Baltimore.
4. James W. Denny.....Baltimore.
5. Sidney E. Mudd\*.....Leopla.
6. George A. Pearre.....Cumberland.

## MASSACHUSETTS.

1. George P. Lawrence.....North Adams.
2. Frederick H. Gillett\*.....Springfield.

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—CONTINUED.

3. John R. Thayer..... Worcester.
4. George W. Weymouth..... Fitchburg.
5. William S. Knox..... Lawrence.
6. William H. Moody..... Haverhill.
7. Ernest W. Roberts..... Chelsea.
8. Samuel W. McCall..... Winchester.
9. John F. Fitzgerald..... Boston.
10. Henry F. Naphen..... Boston.
11. Charles F. Sprague..... Boston.
12. William C. Lovering..... Taunton.
13. William S. Greene..... Fall River.

## MICHIGAN.

1. John B. Cortis..... Detroit.
2. Henry C. Smith..... Adrian.
3. Washington Gardner..... Albion.
4. Edward L. Hamilton..... Niles.
5. William Alden Smith..... Grand Rapids.
6. Samuel W. Smith..... Pontiac.
7. Edgar Weeks..... Mt. Clemens.
8. John W. Fordney..... Saginaw.
9. Roswell P. Bishop..... Ludington.
10. Roseau O. Crump..... Bay City.
11. William S. Mesick..... Mancelona.
12. Carlos D. Sheldon..... Houghton.

## MINNESOTA.

1. James A. Towner..... Winona.
2. James T. McCleary..... Mankato.
3. Joel P. Heatwole..... Northfield.
4. F. C. Stevens..... St. Paul.
5. Loren Fletcher..... Minneapolis.
6. Page Morris..... Duluth.
7. Frank M. Eddy..... Glenwood.

## MISSISSIPPI.

1. John M. Allen..... Tupelo.
2. Thomas Spight..... Ripley.
3. Thomas C. Catchings..... Vicksburg.
4. Andrew F. Fox..... West Point.
5. John S. Williams..... Yazoo City.
6. Frank A. McLain..... Gloster.
7. Patrick Henry..... Brandon.

## MISSOURI.

1. James T. Lloyd..... Shelbyville.
2. W. W. Hucker..... Keytesville.
3. John T. Dougherty..... Liberty.
4. Charles E. Cochran..... St. Joseph.
5. William S. Cowherd..... Kansas City.
6. David A. De Armond..... Butler.
7. James A. Conney..... Marshall.
8. Richard P. Bland..... Lebanon.
9. Champ Clark..... Bowling Green.
10. Richard Bartholdt..... St. Louis.
11. Charles E. Joyce..... St. Louis.
12. Edward A. Roub..... St. Louis.
13. William D. Vandiver..... Perryville.
14. William D. Vandiver..... Cape Girardeau.
15. M. E. Benton..... Neosho.

## MONTANA.

- A. J. Campbell..... Butte.

## NEBRASKA.

1. E. J. Burkett..... Lincoln.
2. David H. Mercer..... Omaha.
3. John S. Robinson..... Madison.
4. WILLIAM L. STARK..... Aurora.
5. R. D. SUTHERLAND..... Nelson.
6. WILLIAM L. GREENE..... Kearney.

## NEVADA.

- F. G. NEWLANDS..... Reno.

## NEW HAMPSHIRE.

1. Cyrus A. Sullivan..... Manchester.
2. Frank G. Clarke..... Peterboro.

## NEW JERSEY.

1. Henry C. Loudenslager..... Paulsboro.
2. John J. Gardner..... Atlantic City.
3. Benjamin F. Howell..... New Brunswick.
4. J. S. Solomon, Jr..... Boonton.
5. James F. Stewart..... Paterson.

6. Richard Wayne Parker..... Newark.
7. William D. Daly..... Hoboken.
8. Charles Newell Fowler..... Elizabeth.

## NEW YORK.

1. T. B. Scudder..... Glenhead.
2. John T. Fitzgerald..... Brooklyn.
3. E. H. Driggs..... Brooklyn.
4. Bertram T. Clayton..... Brooklyn.
5. Frank Wilson..... Brooklyn.
6. Mitchell May..... Brooklyn.
7. Nicholas Muller..... New York city.
8. David J. Riordan..... New York city.
9. Thomas J. Bradley..... New York city.
10. Amos J. Cummings..... New York city.
11. William Sulzer..... New York city.
12. George B. McClellan..... New York city.
13. Judson M. Levy..... New York city.
14. William A. Chanler..... New York city.
15. Jacob Rupert..... New York city.
16. John Q. Underhill..... New Rochelle.
17. A. S. Tompkins..... Nyack.
18. John H. Ketcham..... Dover Plains.
19. Aaron V. S. Cochrane..... Hudson.
20. Martin H. Glynn..... Albany.
21. John K. Stewart..... Amsterdam.
22. Lucien N. Littauer..... Gloversville.
23. Lewis W. Emerson..... Warrensburg.
24. Charles A. Chickering..... Copenhagen.
25. James S. Sherman..... Utica.
26. George W. Ray..... Norwich.
27. M. E. Driscoll..... Syracuse.
28. Sereno E. Payne..... Auburn.
29. Charles W. Gullet..... Addison.
30. James W. Wadsworth..... Genesee.
31. J. M. E. O'Grady..... Buffalo.
32. William H. Ryan..... Buffalo.
33. De Alva S. Alexander..... Buffalo.
34. Warren B. Hooker..... Fredonia.

## NORTH CAROLINA.

1. John H. Small..... Elizabeth City.
2. George H. White..... Tarboro.
3. Charles R. Thomas..... Newbern.
4. John J. Jenkins..... Pittsboro.
5. W. W. Kitchen..... Roxboro.
6. John D. Bellamy..... Wilmington.
7. Theodore F. Klutz..... Salisbury.
8. Romulus Z. Linner..... Taylorsville.
9. W. T. Crawford..... Waynesville.

## NORTH DAKOTA.

- E. B. Spalding..... Fargo.

## OHIO.

1. William B. Shattuc..... Madisonville.
2. Jacob H. Bromwell..... Cincinnati.
3. John L. Brenner..... Dayton.
4. K. B. Gordon..... St. Marys.
5. David Meekison..... Napoleon.
6. Seth W. Brown..... Lebanon.
7. Walter L. Weaver..... Springfield.
8. Archibald Lybrand..... Delaware.
9. James H. Southard..... Toledo.
10. Stephen R. Morgan..... Oak Hill.
11. Charles H. Grosvenor..... Athens.
12. John J. Lents..... Columbus.
13. James A. Norton..... Tiffin.
14. Winfield S. Kerr..... Mansfield.
15. Henry C. Van Voorhis..... Zanesville.
16. Lorenzo Danford..... St. Clairsville.
17. John A. McDowell..... Millersburg.
18. Robert W. Taylor..... New Lisbon.
19. Charles Dick..... Akron.
20. F. O. Phillips..... Medina.
21. Theodore E. Burton..... Cleveland.

## OREGON.

1. Thomas H. Tongue..... Hillsboro.
2. M. A. Moody..... Dallas.

## PENNSYLVANIA.

- At Large—Galusha A. Grou..... Glenwood.  
 Samuel A. Daenert..... Erie.  
 1. Henry H. Bingham..... Philadelphia.

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—CONTINUED.

2. Robert Adams, Jr.*	Philadelphia.	8. R. C. DeGraffenried	Longview.
3. William McAleer	Philadelphia.	9. John L. Sheppard	Pittsburg.
4. James R. Young	Philadelphia.	10. Joseph W. Bailey*	Gainesville.
5. Alfred C. Hornor	Philadelphia.	6. R. E. Burke	Dallas.
6. Thomas S. Butler	West Chester.	7. R. L. Henry	Waco.
7. Irving P. Wanger*	Norristown.	8. S. W. T. Lanham*	Weatherford.
8. David H. Barber	Mauch Chunk.	9. A. S. Burleson	Austin.
9. David Ermentrout†	Reading.	10. R. H. Houtley	Galveston.
10. Marriott Brosius*	Lancaster.	11. Randolph Kleberg	Cuero.
11. William Connell*	Scranton.	12. J. L. Slayden	San Antonio.
12. W. S. Davenport	Plymouth.	13. John H. Stephens	Vernon.
13. James W. Ryan	Pottsville.		

## UTAH.

B. H. Roberts	Centerville.
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## VERMONT.

1. Henry Powers*	Morrisville.
2. William W. Grou*	Barton.

## VIRGINIA.

1. William A. Jones*	Warsaw.
2. William A. Young*	Norfolk.
3. John Lamb*	Richmond.
4. Sidney P. Epes	Blackstone.
5. Claude A. Swanson*	Chatham.
6. Peter J. Otey*	Lynchburg.
7. James Hay*	Madison C. H.
8. J. F. Rizer*	Calpeper.
9. William F. Rhee	Bristol.
10. J. M. Quarles	Staunton.

## WASHINGTON.

At Large—W. L. Jones	Yakima.
F. W. Cushman	Tacoma.

## WEST VIRGINIA.

1. B. B. Dovenor	Wheeling.
2. Alton G. Dayton*	Philippi.
3. Daniel E. Johnson	Bluefield.
4. R. H. Freer	Harrisville.

## WISCONSIN.

1. Henry A. Cooper*	Racine.
2. Herman B. Dahle	Mt. Horeb.
3. Jos. W. Babcock*	Neenah.
4. Theobald Ogden*	Milwaukee.
5. Samuel S. Barney*	West Bend.
6. J. H. Davidson*	Oshkosh.
7. John J. Esch	La Crosse.
8. Edward S. Minor	Sturgeon Bay.
9. Alexander Stewart*	Wausau.
10. John J. Jenkins*	Chippewa Falls.

## WYOMING.

F. W. Mendell	New Castle.
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## TERRITORIES.

ARIZONA—John F. Wilson	Prescott.
NEW MEXICO—Pedro Perera	Bernalillo.
OKLAHOMA—Dennis Flynn*	Guthrie.

## RHODE ISLAND.

1. Melville Bull*	Middletown.
2. Adin B. Capron*	Stillwater.

## SOUTH CAROLINA.

1. William Elliott†	Beaufort.
2. W. Jasper Talbert*	Parksville.
3. Asbury C. Letimer*	Belton.
4. Stanyarne Wilcan*	Spartansburg.
5. D. E. Fenley	Yorkville.
6. James Norton	Mullins.
7. J. William Stokes*	Orangeburg.

## SOUTH DAKOTA.

At Large—Robert J. Gamble	Yankton.
Charles H. Burke	Pierre.

## TENNESSEE.

1. Walter P. Brownlow	Jonesboro.
2. Henry R. Gibson	Knoxville.
3. John A. Moon	Chattanooga.
4. C. A. Snodgrass	Crossville.
5. James D. Richardson*	Murfreesboro.
6. John W. Gaines	Nashville.
7. Nicholas N. Cox*	Franklin.
8. T. W. Sims	Linden.
9. Rice A. Pierce	Union City.
10. E. W. Carmack	Memphis.

## TEXAS.

1. Thomas H. Hall	Huntsville.
2. Samuel B. Cooper*	Woodville.

## TRAFFIC THROUGH THE GREAT CANALS OF THE WORLD, 1885-97.

YEAR.	St. Mary's Falls, freight tonnage.	Detroit river, freight tonnage.	Welland, freight transported.	New York canals, tons freight to tide-water.	Suez, net vessel tonnage.
1885	8,254,628	417,577,828	784,199	2,715,219	6,355,752
1886	4,527,759	48,998,065	180,135	3,215,177	5,767,655
1887	5,494,649	48,894,250	777,918	3,158,923	5,193,084
1888	6,411,423	49,000,040	878,800	3,284,691	6,040,834
1889	7,516,022	49,717,890	1,085,271	2,624,866	6,780,187
1890	9,041,213	51,740,945	1,019,095	3,024,765	6,890,084
1891	9,986,759	53,329,619	975,018	2,986,865	8,008,777
1892	10,714,331	58,552,819	185,584	2,836,510	7,712,028
1893	10,796,573	51,061,800	1,204,823	2,594,945	7,750,028
1894	13,155,970	54,397,868	1,008,221	2,256,995	8,000,175
1895	16,062,580	56,845,679	869,585	1,618,745	8,448,281
1896	16,290,061	57,180,559	1,270,987	2,073,378	8,591,283
1897	18,082,755			1,978,215	7,800,573

\*Gross tonnage.

## Political Committees.

1896 TO 1900.

## REPUBLICAN NATIONAL.

## EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

*Headquarters*—Washington. D. C.  
*Chairman*—M. A. Hanna, Ohio.  
*Secretary*—Charles Dick, Ohio.  
*Asst. Sec.*—S. A. Perkins, Wash., D. C.  
*Treas.*—James G. Cannon, New York.  
*Sub-treasurer*—Edwin F. Brown.  
 Henry C. Payne, Wisconsin.  
 Charles G. Dawes, Illinois.  
 Winfield T. Durbin, Indiana.  
 Cyrus Leland, Jr., Kansas.  
 M. S. Quay, Pennsylvania.  
 J. H. Mauley, Maine.  
 Powell Clayton, Arkansas.  
 N. B. Scott, West Virginia.

## STATE.

## DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL.

*Headquarters*—Chicago.  
*Chairman*—James K. Jones, Wash-  
 ington and Arkansas.  
*Secretary*—C. A. Walsh, Ottumwa, Ia.

	Member.	Residence.	Member.	Residence.
Alabama.....	Wm. Youngblood.....	Montgomery.....	Henry D. Clayton.....	Eufaula.
Alaska.....	C. S. Johnson.....	Juneau.....	C. D. Rogers.....	Sitka.
Arizona.....	W. Griffith.....	Florence.....	M. A. Smith.....	Phoenix.
Arkansas.....	Powell Clayton.....	Eureka Springs.....	Thomas C. McRae.....	Prescott.
California.....	J. D. Spreckels.....	San Francisco.....	J. J. Dwyer.....	San Francisco.
Colorado.....	J. F. Saunders.....	Denver.....	Adair Wilson.....	Durango.
Connecticut.....	S. Fessenden.....	Stamford.....	Alexander Troop.....	New Haven.
Delaware.....	James H. Wilson.....	Wilmington.....	Richard K. Kenney.....	Dover.
Dist. Columbia.....	M. M. Parker.....	Washington.....	Lawrence Gardner.....	Washington
Florida.....	John C. Long.....	St. Augustine.....	Samuel Pusco.....	Monticello.
Georgia.....	Andson W. Lyons.....	Augusta.....	Clark Howell, Jr.....	Atlanta.
Idaho.....	George L. Shoup.....	Boise.....	George Ainslee.....	Boise.
Illinois.....	T. N. Jamieson.....	Chicago.....	Thomas Gahan.....	Chicago.
Indiana.....	Winfield T. Durbin.....	Anderson.....	John G. Shanklin.....	Evansville.
Indian Ter.....	L. E. Bennett.....	Muscogee.....	Thomas Marcum.....	Muscogee.
Iowa.....	A. B. Cummings.....	Des Moines.....	C. A. Walsh.....	Ottumwa.
Kansas.....	Cyrus Leland, Jr.....	Troy.....	J. G. Johnson.....	Peabody.
Kentucky.....	John W. Yerkes.....	Danville.....	Crey Woodson.....	Owensboro.
Louisiana.....	A. T. Wimberly.....	New Orleans.....	H. C. Blanchard.....	Shreveport.
Maine.....	Joseph H. Manley.....	Augusta.....	Sech C. Gordon.....	Portland.
Maryland.....	Geo. L. Wellington.....	Cumberland.....	Arthur P. Gorman.....	Laurel.
Massachusetts.....	Geo. L. Lyman.....	Boston.....	John W. Coreorah.....	Boston.
Michigan.....	George L. Maltz.....	Detroit.....	D. J. Campau.....	Detroit.
Minnesota.....	L. F. Hubbard.....	Red Wing.....	T. D. O'Brien.....	St. Paul.
Mississippi.....	James Hill.....	Jackson.....	W. V. Sullivan.....	Oxford.
Missouri.....	R. C. Kereins.....	St. Louis.....	William J. Stone.....	Jefferson City.
Montana.....	Charles R. Leonard.....	Helena.....	John J. McHatton.....	Butte City.
Nebraska.....	J. M. Thurston.....	Omaha.....	W. H. Thompson.....	Grand Island.
Nevada.....	C. H. Sproule.....	Elko.....	Clayton Belknap.....	Virginia City.
New Hampshire.....	P. C. Cheney.....	Concord.....	Trine L. Norris.....	Portsmouth.
New Jersey.....	G. A. Hobart.....	Paterson.....	Philip D. Baker.....	Bridgetown.
New Mexico.....	Solomon Luria.....	Los Lunas.....	F. A. Manzanares.....	East Las Vegas.
New York.....	Frederick S. Gibbs.....	New York city.....	Frank Campbell.....	Bath.
North Carolina.....	J. E. Boyd.....	Greensboro.....	Josephus Daniels.....	Raleigh.
North Dakota.....	W. H. Robinson.....	Mayville.....	I. P. Baker.....	Bismarck.
Ohio.....	Charles L. Kurtz.....	Columbus.....	John R. McLean.....	Cincinnati.
Oklahoma Ter.....	Henry E. Asp.....	Guthrie.....	W. M. Grant.....	Oklahoma City.
Oregon.....	George A. Steele.....	Portland.....	J. H. Townsend.....	Dallas.
Pennsylvania.....	Matthew S. Quay.....	Beaver.....	J. M. Guffey.....	Pittsburg.
Rhode Island.....	Charles R. Brayton.....	Providence.....	Rich. B. Comstock.....	Providence.
South Carolina.....	E. A. Webster.....	Orangeburg.....	B. R. Tillman.....	Trenton.
South Dakota.....	A. B. Kittredge.....	Souix Falls.....	James M. Woods.....	Rapid City.
Tennessee.....	W. P. Brownlow.....	Jonesboro.....	James M. Head.....	Nashville.
Texas.....	John Grant.....	Sherman.....	James G. Dudley.....	Paris.
Utah.....	L. R. Rogers.....	Ogden.....	A. W. McCune.....	Salt Lake City.
Vermont.....	Geo. F. Childs.....	St. Albans.....	B. B. Smalley.....	Burlington.
Virginia.....	George E. Bowden.....	Norfolk.....	Peter J. O'Leary.....	Lynchburg.
Washington.....	P. C. Sullivan.....	Tacoma.....	William H. White.....	Seattle.
West Virginia.....	N. B. Scott.....	Wheeling.....	John T. McGraw.....	Grafton.
Wisconsin.....	Henry C. Payne.....	Milwaukee.....	E. C. Wall.....	Milwaukee.
Wyoming.....	Willis VanDeranter.....	Cheyenne.....	Wm. H. Holliday.....	Laramie.

## NATIONAL COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

Sta'te.	PROHIBITION PARTY. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.		NATIONAL LIBERTY PARTY. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.	
	Member.	Residence.	Member.	Residence.
	<b>Headquarters</b> —Albion, Mich. <b>Chairman</b> —Samuel Dickie, Albion, Mich. <b>Vice-Chairman</b> —Jas. A. Tate, Fayetteville, Tenn. <b>Secretary</b> —W. T. Wardwell, New York city. <b>Treasurer</b> —Sam'l D. Hastings, Green Bay, Wis. A. A. Stevens, Tyrone, Pa. Volney B. Cushing, Bangor, Me. T. R. Carskadon, Keyser, W. Va. John Hipp, Denver, Col.		<b>Headquarters</b> —Alliance, O. <b>Chairman</b> —L. B. Logan, Alliance, O. <b>Vice-Chairman</b> —R. S. Thompson, Springfield, O. <b>Secretary</b> —Henry H. Roser, Denver, Col. <b>Treasurer</b> —J. M. Dunlap, Franklin, Ind. C. E. Bentley, Lincoln, Neb. Julia P. Greene, Adrian, Mich. J. C. Hogan, Forest City, Penn.	
Alabama.....	J. C. Orr.....	Hartsell.....	Alex. McKnight.....	Arkadelphia.
Arkansas.....	Geo. C. Christian.....	Eureka Springs.....	W. H. Smith.....	Arkadelphia.
California.....	J. A. B. Wilson.....	Los Angeles.....	J. M. Glass.....	Pasadena.
Colorado.....	J. W. Webb.....	Fresno.....	C. H. Dunn.....	Sacramento.
Connecticut.....	John Hipp.....	Denver.....	David Tatum.....	Denver.
Delaware.....	F. C. Bradley.....	North Haven.....	Frank M. Rodgers.....	Golden.
Florida.....	J. N. Stanley.....	Highland Park.....	D. P. Lindley.....	Springdale.
Georgia.....	J. R. Jewell.....	Smyrna.....	Joel Fox.....	Willmantic.
Illinois.....	Aloysius Green.....	Whiteville.....	W. Wright Fisher.....	Drawbridge.
Indiana.....	H. B. Moulton.....	Washington.....		
Iowa.....	J. R. Maloney.....	Washington.....		
Kansas.....	W. F. Alexander.....	Waldo.....		
Kentucky.....	J. R. Finch.....	Palatka.....		
Maine.....	Frank J. Sibley.....	Atlanta.....	John B. Stevens.....	Fitzgerald.
Maryland.....	A. A. De Loach.....	Atlanta.....	J. Franklin Brown.....	Midland.
Massachusetts.....	O. W. Stewart.....	Bloomington.....	L. G. Spencer.....	Chicago.
Michigan.....	Geo. W. Gere.....	Champaign.....		
Minnesota.....	F. T. McWhirter.....	Indianapolis.....	W. D. Wattles.....	Reynolds.
Mississippi.....	Miss Mary Hadley.....	Bloomington.....	S. V. Wright.....	Greenburg.
Missouri.....	J. A. Harvey.....	Dallas.....	Watson Roberts.....	Marshalltown.
Montana.....	W. L. Ferris.....		G. G. Parker.....	Marshalltown.
Nebraska.....			Angeline Allison.....	Olathe.
New Hampshire.....	George W. Bain.....	Lexington.....	W. B. Hanna.....	Kansas City.
New Jersey.....	J. H. Moore.....	Covington.....	S. J. Moore.....	Lexington.
New York.....	Volney B. Cushing.....	Bangor.....	J. W. Sawyer.....	Louisville.
North Carolina.....	N. F. Woodbury.....	Auburn.....		
North Dakota.....	Edwin Higgins.....	Baltimore.....	A. G. Eichelbarger.....	Baltimore.
Ohio.....	Levin S. Melson.....	Blahopville.....	W. Frank Mitchell.....	Towson.
Pennsylvania.....	Frank M. Forbush.....	Boston.....	Geo. Kempton.....	Sharon.
Rhode Island.....	A. W. Richardson.....	Springfield.....	J. A. Nichols.....	Lowell.
South Dakota.....	Charles P. Russell.....	Detroit.....	Henry A. Reynolds.....	Pontiac.
Tennessee.....	Fred E. Britten.....	Albion.....	Mrs. E. N. Law.....	Detroit.
Texas.....	B. B. Haugan.....	Fergus Falls.....	D. H. Evans.....	Tracy.
	W. J. Dean.....	Minneapolis.....	T. W. Davies.....	Minneapolis.
	Vacant.....			
	R. T. Bond.....	Fayette.....	D. Ward King.....	Maitland.
	C. E. Stokes.....	St. Louis.....	John T. Field.....	St. Louis.
	E. M. Gardner.....	Bozeman.....	Wilder Nutting.....	Butte.
			Frank G. Odell.....	Lincoln.
			Geo. W. Woodbey.....	Omaha.
			Chas. E. Doying.....	Nashua.
			Chas. E. Drury.....	Bath.
			Geo. H. Strobell.....	Newark.
			W. F. Tower.....	Vineand.
			Henry B. Hudson.....	Rockville Center.
			Jas. Southgate.....	Durham.
			J. V. Templeton.....	Carey.
			L. B. Logan.....	Alliance.
			Henrietta G. Moore.....	Springfield.
			J. A. Guss.....	Spring City.
			Amos Steelsmith.....	Butler.
			John H. Larry.....	Providence.
			E. P. Dunfee.....	Arlington.
			C. L. Brewer.....	Lancing.
			Ed. S. Rodgers.....	Hillsboro.
			R. G. West.....	Weatherford.

## NATIONAL COMMITTEES—CONTINUED.

STATE.	Member.	Residence.	Member.	Residence.
Ark.	C. W. Wyman.....	Brattleboro.	D. A. Kneeland.....	Windsfield.
Cal.	H. C. Barnes.....	Staunton.	J. Edward Bruce.....	Poultney.
Conn.	J. W. Bodley.....	Staunton.	M. W. Hall.....	Melton.
Del.	C. Davis.....	Seattle.	W. H. Gilstrap.....	Tacoma.
Fla.	T. R. Carskadon.....	Keyser.....	W. C. Range.....	Seattle.
Georgia.	Frank Burt.....	Mannington.....	W. C. Henson.....	Lewiston.
Iowa.	S. D. Hastings.....	Green Bay.....	A. P. Howard.....	Congo.
Kan.	O. B. Olson.....	Eau Claire.....	Jno. P. Zowne.....	Appleton.
			J. H. Noley.....	Tomah.

## PEOPLE'S PARTY.

appointed at the national convention held at St. Louis, June 22, 1896. In some states conventions have attempted to change the personnel of the committee.)

Headquarters—Washington, D. C.

Chairman—Marion Butler, Raleigh, N. C. Secretary—J. A. Edgerton, Lincoln, Neb.

Treasurer—M. C. Rankin, Terre Haute, Ind.

Executive Committee—J. R. Sovereign, Sulphur Springs, Ark.; George F. Washburn, 425  
Lington street, Boston, Mass.; John W. Breidenthal, Topeka, Kas.; Dr. C. F. Taylor, 1539  
nut street, Philadelphia, Pa.; H. W. Reed, Brunswick, Ga.; John S. Dore, Fresno, Cal.

STATE.	Member.	Residence.	STATE.	Member.	Residence.
Ala.	R. F. Kolb.....	Birmingham.	Minnesota.....	W. R. Dobbyn.....	Minneapolis.
Ariz.	R. H. Seymour.....	Livingston.		Thos. J. Meighen.....	Forestville.
Ark.	K. S. Woodruff.....	Annisson.		J. M. Bowler.....	Bird Island.
Cal.	J. R. Sovereign.....	Sulphur Sp'gs.	Mississippi.....	R. K. Prewitt.....	Ackerman.
Col.	A. W. Elies.....	Little Rock.		Frank Burkitt.....	Okolona.
Conn.	J. O. A. Bush.....	Prescott.		T. L. McGeehee.....	Summit.
Del.	John S. Dore.....	Fresno.	Missouri.....	P. J. Dixon.....	Chillicothe.
Fla.	E. M. Hamilton.....	Los Angeles.		J. H. Hillis.....	McFall.
Ga.	F. Houghton.....	Cornling.	Montana.....	Dr. DeW. Eskew.....	Poplar Bluffs.
Idaho.	John C. Bell.....	Montrose.		A. E. Spriggs.....	Townsend.
Ill.	H. S. Tompkins.....	Puebla.		M. L. Stewart.....	Mason.
Ind.	J. H. Voorhees.....	Merriden.	Nebraska.....	Mrs. E. K. Haskell.....	Helena.
Iowa.	Win. W. Wheeler.....	Danielson.		William V. Allen.....	Madison.
Kan.	H. C. Baldwin.....	Naugatuck.		J. H. Edmisten.....	Lincoln.
Kent.	Benj. L. Kent.....	Wilmington.	Nevada.....	D. Clem Deaver.....	Omaha.
Lia.	C. Beadenoph.....	Wilmington.		J. B. McCallough.....	Reno.
La.	George L. Norris.....	Wilmington.		C. E. Allen.....	Eureka.
Me.	S. S. Harvey.....	Quintette.	New Hamp'.	J. C. Deeth.....	Keith.
Mass.	F. H. Lytle.....	Stanton.		D. B. Currier.....	Hanover.
Mich.	J. F. Rhoads.....	Jacksonville.		G. J. Greenleaf.....	Portsmouth.
Min.	J. L. Sibley.....	Marietta.	New Jersey.....	George D. Epps.....	Frankstown.
Miss.	H. W. Reed.....	Brunswick.		J. R. Buchanan.....	Newark.
Mo.	Cary J. Thomson.....	Columbus.		John Wicox.....	Bridgeport.
N. H.	J. H. Anderson.....	Wolter.	New York.....	Eliud Pomeroy.....	Newark.
N. J.	A. J. Cook.....	Payette.		C. B. White.....	Miller Corners.
N. C.	Ed. Boyce.....	Wallace.		Lafe Pence.....	N. Y. City.
N. D.	H. E. Taubeneck.....	Marshall.	N. Carolina.....	L. J. McParlin.....	Lockport.
N. E.	J. D. Hess.....	Pittsfield.		Marion Butler.....	Raleigh.
N. H.	Eugene Smith.....	Chicago.		Z. T. Garrett.....	Henderson.
N. Y.	Josiah Stratage.....	Arcana.	N. Dakota.....	J. L. Ramsey.....	Raleigh.
Ohio.	D. H. Fernandes.....	Anderson.		Walter Muir.....	Hinton.
Okla.	W. S. Austin.....	New Albany.		Dr. W. Bentley.....	Bismarck.
Ore.	W. H. Robb.....	Creston.		N. O. Noben.....	Grafton.
Penn.	S. B. Crane.....	Des Moines.	Ohio.....	Hugh Pryor.....	Cleveland.
R. I.	J. E. Anderson.....	Forest City.		D. D. Childs.....	New Wat'rd.
S. C.	J. W. Breidenthal.....	Topeka.	Oregon.....	J. W. Marksberry.....	Gold Hill.
Tenn.	J. M. Allen.....	Erie.		John C. Luce.....	John Day.
Tex.	W. D. Vincent.....	Clay Center.		John W. Jory.....	Salem.
Va.	A. H. Carlin.....	Marion.	Pennsylvania.....	Jerome B. Alken.....	Washington.
W. Va.	John G. Blair.....	Carlisle.		W. M. Deisher.....	Reading.
Wis.	W. B. Bridgeford.....	Frankfort.		V. A. Lotier.....	Danville.
W. Va.	A. A. Gunby.....	Monroe.	S. Dakota.....	A. J. Plowman.....	Deadwood.
W. Va.	J. T. Howell.....	Baton Rouge.		H. S. Volkmar.....	Millbank.
W. Va.	E. C. Dillon.....	Many.		H. P. Smith.....	Madison.
W. Va.	L. C. Bateman.....	Auburn.	Tennessee.....	J. H. McDowell.....	Union City.
W. Va.	L. W. Smith.....	Vinadaven.		J. P. Buchanan.....	Wayneside.
W. Va.	Henry Betts.....	Ellsworth.		J. W. James.....	Chattanooga.
W. Va.	C. M. Kemp.....	Baltimore.	Texas.....	C. S. Granberry.....	Austin.
W. Va.	Hiram Vrooman.....	Baltimore.		H. L. Bentley.....	Ablene.
W. Va.	T. C. Jenkins.....	Potomac.		Harry Tracy.....	Dallas.
W. Va.	G. F. Washburn.....	Boston.	Utah.....	James Hogan.....	Ogden.
W. Va.	E. Gerry Brown.....	Brooklyn.		Mrs. K. Hilliard.....	Ogden.
W. Va.	P. J. Gardener.....	Danvers.		H. W. Lawrence.....	Salt Lake City.
W. Va.	John O. Zabel.....	Petersburg.	Virginia.....	G. W. B. Hale.....	Rocky Mount.
W. Va.	Jas. E. McBride.....	Grand Rapids.		I. H. Hobson.....	Belona.
W. Va.	Benjamin Colvin.....	St. Charles.		J. W. McGavock.....	Greensboro.

## NATIONAL COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

STATE.	Members.	Residence.	STATE.	Members.	Residence.
Vermont.....	A. J. Beebe..... A. T. Way..... C. S. Louis.....	Swanton. Burlington. S. Reading.	Arizona.....	W. O. O'Neill..... Dr. A. H. Noon..... Kean St. Charles.....	Prescott. Oro Blanca. Kingman.
Washington..	E. W. Way..... A. P. Young..... C. W. Young.....	Seattle. Chehalis. Pullman.	New Mexico..	M. F. Stamm..... T. B. Mills..... T. F. Ketcher.....	Albuquerque. Las Vegas. Albuquerque.
West Virgin'a	Nat. Fitzgerald..... W. R. Neale..... H. T. Houston.....	Terra Alta. Parkersburg. Alderson.	Oklahoma....	J. S. Soule..... R. E. Bray..... W. H. French.....	Guthrie. Enid. Chandler.
Wisconsin....	Robt. Schilling..... C. M. Butt..... Wm. Munro.....	Milwaukee Viroqua. W. Superior.	Dist. Colu'bia	J. H. Turner..... Rev. A. Kent..... H. B. Martin.....	Washington. Washington. Washington.
Wyoming.....	L. C. Tidball..... Earl Hoffer..... Peter Esperson..	Sheridan. Sundance. Cheyenne.	Indian Ter....	W. H. Watkins..... G. W. Payne..... A. B. Weakley...	Afton. Whitefield. Comanche.

## PEOPLE'S PARTY (NON-FUSION).

(Appointed at the national convention held at Cincinnati, O., September 6, 1898.)

Headquarters—Dallas, Texas.

Chairman—Milton Park, Dallas, Texas. Secretary—W. S. Morgan, Hardy, Ark.

Treasurer—Vacant.

STATE.	Members.	Residence.	STATE.	Members.	Residence.
Florida.....	Frank H. Lytle..... A. P. Baskin..... A. A. Weeks.....	Stanton. Anthony. Duncan.	Mississippi...	Frank Burkitt..... R. K. Pruitt..... N. C. Hatbarn.....	Okolona. Ackerman. Columbia.
Georgia.....	C. E. McGreggor..... William Phillips..... W. D. Hawkins.....	Warrenton. Marietta. Flowery Br'ch	Missouri.....	Paul J. Dixon..... J. W. Hillis..... D. W. Eskew.....	Chillicothe. McFalls. Poplar Bluff.
Illinois.....	Francis R. Cole..... J. D. Hess..... Geo. W. Wickline.....	Chicago. Pittsfield. Belleville.	New Jersey..	E. A. Wallace..... T. B. Richmond..... F. S. Newcomb.....	South Orange Camden. Vineland.
Indiana.....	J. C. Smith..... D. Linton..... Zebulon Cox.....	Monticello. Sheridan. Sheridan.	Ohio.....	John Selts..... Robt. McCammon J. M. H. Frederick.	Tiffin. Sulphur Sp'gs Akron.
Minnesota....	E. A. Twitchell..... J. B. Dukes..... S. W. Powell.....	Minneapolis. Minneapolis. Sulitwater.			

## NATIONAL (GOLD) DEMOCRATIC.

Headquarters—21 Pine Street, New York.

Chairman—George Foster Peabody. Secretary-Treasurer—John P. Frenzel.

Executive Committee—John C. Bullitt, Philadelphia, Pa.; W. B. Haldeman, Louisville, Ky.; Joseph Bryan, Richmond, Va.; J. P. Frenzel, Indianapolis, Ind.; L. C. Krauthoff, Kansas City, Mo.; W. R. Shelby, Grand Rapids, Mich.; J. M. Falkner, Montgomery, Ala.; L. M. Martin, Marshalltown, Iowa; Gordon Woodbury, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Valentine, San Francisco, Cal.; George Foster Peabody, New York.

STATE.	Members.	Residence.	STATE.	Members.	Residence.
Alabama.....	J. M. Falkner.....	Montgomery.	Montana.....	A. H. Nelson.....	Chicago.
Arizona.....	P. J. Cole.....	Tucson.	Nebraska.....	Euclid Martin.....	Omaha.
Arkansas.....	C. B. Moore.....	Little Rock.	N. Hampshire	G. Woodberry.....	Manchester.
California....	E. B. Pond.....	S. Francisco.	New Jersey..	Wm. J. Curtis.....	Summitt.
Colorado.....	Louis R. Ehrlich.....	Col. Springs.	New Mexico..	Wm. B. Childers.....	Albuquerque.
Connecticut..	Joel A. Sperry.....	New Haven.	New York....	Charles Tracy.....	N. Y. City.
Delaware.....	John S. Rossell.....	Wilmington.	N. Carolina..	H. E. Fries.....	Salem.
Florida.....	D. G. Ambler.....	Jacksonville.	North Dakota	H. L. Whited.....	Grand Forks.
Georgia.....	Thos. F. Corrigan.....	Atlanta.	Ohio.....	Talfourd P. Linn.....	Columbus.
Illinois.....	Ben. T. Cable.....	Rock Island.	Oregon.....	C. E. S. Wood.....	Portland.
Indiana.....	John R. Wilson.....	Indianapolis.	Pennsylvania's	S. T. McCormick.....	Philadelphia.
Indian Ter....	Edwin Ludlow.....	Hartshorn.	Rhode Island	C. C. Mumford.....	Providence.
Iowa.....	L. M. Martin.....	Marsh'town.	S. Carolina..	W. R. Davie.....	Landsford.
Kansas.....	Eugene Hagan.....	Topeka.	South Dakota	John B. Hanten.....	Watertown.
Kentucky.....	Zach. Phelps.....	Louisville.	Tennessee...	Michael Savage.....	Nashville.
Louisiana....	M. R. Spellman.....	New Orleans.	Texas.....	M. L. Crawford.....	Dallas.
Maine.....	C. Vey Holman.....	Rockland.	Utah.....	Parley Williams.....	Salt Lake.
Maryland....	Wm. P. Whyte.....	Baltimore.	Vermont.....	W. H. Creamer.....	Bahol.
Massachu'ts..	N. Matthews, Jr.....	Boston.	Virginia.....	Joseph Bryan.....	Richmond.
Michigan.....	Thos. A. Wilson.....	Jackson.	Washington..	H. C. Wallace.....	Tacoma.
Minnesota....	R. W. M. Cutcheon.....	St. Paul.	West Virginia	R. Stalnaker.....	Wheeling.
Mississippi...	H. M. Street.....	Senatoba.	Wisconsin...	Ellis B. Usher.....	Milwaukee.
Missouri.....	L. C. Krauthoff.....	Kansas City.			

## NATIONAL COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

## NATIONAL SILVER.

Headquarters—Chicago and Washington.

*Chairman*—Charles D. Lane. *Secretary*—H. E. Diferderfer. *Treasurer*—Vacant.  
*Executive Committee*—Charles D. Lane, California; Isaac N. Stevens, Colorado; R. E. Diferderfer, Pennsylvania; George P. Keeney, California; William H. Harvey, Illinois; Curtis J. Hillyer, District of Columbia; George S. Nixon, Nevada; Benj. A. Flower, Massachusetts.

STATE.	Members.	Residence.	STATE.	Members.	Residence.
California.....	G. W. Baker.....	S. Francisco.	Nevada.....	Geo. S. Nixon....	Winnemucca.
Colorado.....	I. N. Stevens.....	Denver.	New Jersey.....	Dr. C. F. Slayter.	Palmyra.
Delaware.....	T. E. Marchand.....	Wilmington.	New York.....	Vacant.....	Wilmington.
Florida.....	W. H. Claagett.....	Jacksonville.	N. Carolina.....	B. F. Keith.....	Grand Forks.
Idaho.....	Fred Dubois.....	Boise City.	N. Dakota.....	W. H. Standish..	Toledo.
Illinois.....	Dr. G. M. Emrick.....	Chicago.	Ohio.....	H. T. Niles.....	Portland.
Indiana.....	Anson Walcott.....	Indianapolis.	Oregon.....	F. V. Drake.....	Philadelphia.
Iowa.....	C. S. Wilson.....	Des Moines.	Pennsylvania.....	R. E. Diferderfer	Denver.
Kansas.....	R. W. Turner.....	Topeka.	S. Carolina.....	J. W. Bowden.....	Sioux Falls.
Kentucky.....	Jno. M. Biggs.....	Louisville.	S. Dakota.....	U. S. G. Cherry..	Galveston.
Maryland.....	N. Cameron.....	Baltimore.	Texas.....	F. Kehler.....	Salt Lake C'y.
Massachusetts.....	G. F. Richardson..	Boston.	Utah.....	R. Mackintosh..	Idaho.
Michigan.....	G. F. Richardson..	Minneapolis.	Vermont.....	A. J. Wedderburn..	Washington.
Minnesota.....	J. W. Griffin.....	St. Louis.	Virginia.....	C. S. Moore.....	Jackson.
Missouri.....	P. L. Miller.....	Butte.	Wisconsin.....	Dr. D. F. Powell..	La Crosse.
Montana.....	G. L. Laws.....	Lincoln.			
Nebraska.....					

## CHAIRMEN AND SECRETARIES OF STATE COMMITTEES.

## REPUBLICAN.

STATE.	Chairman.	Residence.	Secretary.	Residence.
Alabama.....	William Vaughan...	Birmingham.	A. C. Johnson.....	Mobile.
Arizona.....	Chas. R. Drake.....	Little Rock.....	J. Knox Corbett..	San Francisco.
Arkansas.....	Henry M. Cooper.....	Oroville.....	W. S. Holt.....	Canaan.
California.....	Frank McLaughlin..	Torrington.....	M. R. Higgins.....	Carrollton.
Colorado.....	A. B. Seaman.....	Columbus.....	W. H. Brisbane...	Boise.
Connecticut.....	O. R. Flyer.....	Caldwell.....	Samuel A. Eddy...	Springfield.
Florida.....	Henry S. Chubb.....	Jacksonville...	Joe. E. Lee.....	Maquoketa.
Georgia.....	John T. Shepherd...	Dubuque.....	A. B. Jones.....	Garnett.
Idaho.....	John T. Morrison...	Kingman.....	David Vickers.....	Winchester.
Illinois.....	Chas. B. Rannels...	Hartford.....	J. R. B. Van Cleave	New Orleans.
Indiana.....	Chas. S. Hernley...	New Orleans...	S. H. Spooner.....	Baltimore.
Iowa.....	C. T. Hancock.....	Augusta.....	C. W. Phillips.....	Boston.
Kansas.....	Morton Albaugh...	Cumberland.....	Frank L. Brown...	Detroit.
Kentucky.....	C. M. Barnett.....	Boston.....	K. J. Hampton.....	Red Wing.
Louisiana.....	P. F. Herwig.....	Minneapolis...	L. J. Joubert.....	
Maine.....	J. H. Manley.....		Levi A. Thompson...	Baltimore.
Maryland.....	G. L. Wellington...		Thomas Talbot.....	Boston.
Massachusetts.....	A. H. Goetting.....		D. E. Alward.....	Detroit.
Michigan.....	L. F. Marsh.....		C. A. Rasmussen...	Red Wing.
Minnesota.....	John H. Steele.....		A. F. Shriner.....	
Missouri.....	Thos. J. Akins.....		Thos. B. Miller...	
Montana.....	Joe. P. Woolman...		P. O. Hedlund.....	
Nebraska.....	E. B. Schneider...		E. D. Vanderlieht..	
Nevada.....	R. K. Colcord.....		Louis G. Hoyt.....	
N. Hampshire...	Jacob H. Gallinger..		John Y. Foster.....	Newark.
New Jersey.....	Franklin Murphy...		Max Frost.....	Santa Fe.
New Mexico.....	E. L. Bartlett.....		John L. Kenyon...	Bakersville.
New York.....	Benj. B. Odell, Jr..		W. S. Hyams.....	Mt. Vernon.
North Carolina..	Albert E. Holton...		M. H. Jewell.....	
North Dakota...	W. H. Robinson...		B. L. McElroy.....	
Ohio.....	H. M. Daugherty...		Chas. H. Filson...	
Oklahoma.....	Wm. Grimes.....		Graham Glass, Jr..	
Oregon.....	Geo. A. Steel.....		W. E. Andrews...	Coventry.
Pennsylvania.....	John P. Elkin.....		Eugene F. Warner..	Charleston.
Rhode Island...	Hunter C. White...		J. H. Johnson.....	
South Carolina..	R. R. Tolbert.....		Thos. G. Orr.....	
South Dakota...	Chas. N. Herried...		J. H. C. McCall...	Nashville.
Tennessee.....	W. P. Brownlow...		Julia Farnsworth...	Salt Lake.
Texas.....	E. H. R. Green.....		Alfred E. Watson...	White River Jct.
Utah.....	Wesley K. Walton...		Asa Rogers.....	Petersburg.
Vermont.....	Geo. H. Babbitt, Jr.		Wm. A. Gilmore...	
Virginia.....	Park Agnew.....		A. B. White.....	Parkersburg.
Washington.....	J. H. Schively.....		G. P. Stickney...	
West Virginia...	Wm. M. O. Dawson..		Fred. Bond.....	
Wisconsin.....	Joe. B. Treat.....			
Wyoming.....	J. A. Van Orsdell..			

## CHAIRMEN AND SECRETARIES OF STATE COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

## DEMOCRATIC.

STATE.	Chairman.	Residence.	Secretary.	Residence.
Alabama.....	R. G. Lowe.....	Birmingham.....	Nathan L. Miller.....	Birmingham.....
Arkansas.....	Carroll Armstrong.....	Morrilton.....	Gray Carroll.....	Little Rock.....
Arizona.....	B. A. Fickas.....	Phoenix.....	Frank M. King.....	Phoenix.....
California.....	William H. Alford.....	San Francisco.....	R. P. Troy.....	San Francisco.....
Colorado.....	Milton Smith.....	Denver.....	Rod. S. King.....	Denver.....
Connecticut.....	C. B. Davis.....	Higganum.....	Fred J. Brown.....	New Haven.....
Delaware.....	Irvin Handy.....	Newark.....	P. I. Cooper.....	Wilmington.....
Dist. Columbia.....	Thos. E. Kalbfus.....	Washington.....	C. F. Cook.....	Washington.....
Florida.....	W. A. Rawls.....	Tallahassee.....	J. C. Cooper.....	Jacksonville.....
Georgia.....	F. G. DuBignon.....	Savannah.....	Arthur E. Barnett.....	Atlanta.....
Idaho.....	James A. McGee.....	Boise City.....	W. C. Fritter.....	Nampa.....
Illinois.....	J. W. Orr.....	Champaign.....	A. C. Bentley.....	Pittsfield.....
Indiana.....	Parks M. Martin.....	Indianapolis.....	S. L. Wallace.....	Indianapolis.....
Indian Terr'y.....	John Galt.....	Ardmore.....		
Iowa.....	C. A. Walsh.....	Ottumwa.....	E. M. Carr.....	Manchester.....
Kansas.....	J. Mack Love.....	Arkansas City.....	W. H. C. Pepperell.....	Concordia.....
Kentucky.....	Mal. P. P. Johnson.....	Lexington.....	Gus W. Richardson.....	Louisville.....
Louisiana.....	E. B. Kruitschnitt.....	New Orleans.....	Robert S. Lundry.....	New Orleans.....
Maine.....	George E. Hughes.....	Bath.....	Fred E. Heane.....	Hallowell.....
Maryland.....	Murry Vandiver.....	Baltimore.....	Spencer Watkins.....	Bethesda.....
Massachusetts.....	John W. Corcoran.....	Boston.....	Nath. G. Robinson.....	Boston.....
Michigan.....	Fred A. Baker.....	Detroit.....	G. Walter Meade.....	Detroit.....
Minnesota.....	L. A. Rosing.....	St. Paul.....	E. M. Pope.....	St. Paul.....
Mississippi.....	C. C. Miller.....	Meridian.....	D. B. Porter.....	Jackson.....
Missouri.....	Samuel B. Cook.....	St. Louis.....	T. B. Lave.....	St. Louis.....
Montana.....	W. M. Cockrell.....	Great Falls.....	J. G. Morong.....	Butte.....
Nebraska.....	James C. Dahlman.....	Omaha.....	Lee Hardman.....	Omaha.....
Nevada.....	T. W. Healy.....	Carson.....	P. J. McGrath.....	Mount House.....
New Hampshire.....	J. T. Amey.....	Concord.....	Daniel M. Waite.....	Concord.....
New Jersey.....	E. L. Price.....	Newark.....	W. K. Deveraux.....	Newark.....
New York.....	Elliott Danforth.....	Poughkeepsie.....	John J. Hudson.....	Gloversville.....
North Carolina.....	Clement Manly.....	Winston.....	John W. Thompson.....	Raleigh.....
North Dakota.....	Thomas Kleingel.....	Fargo.....	E. C. Carruth.....	Grand Forks.....
New Mexico.....	Antonio Joseph.....	Santa Fe.....	Lorion Miller.....	Santa Fe.....
Ohio.....	W. W. Durbin.....	Kenton.....	W. A. Taylor.....	Columbus.....
Oklahoma.....	J. J. O'Rourke.....	El Reno.....	Frank Stevens.....	Waukombs.....
Oregon.....	R. S. Sheridan.....	Roseburg.....	Napoleon Davis.....	Portland.....
Pennsylvania.....	John M. Garman.....	Wilkes-Barre.....	Matt Savage.....	Clearfield.....
Rhode Island.....	Franklin P. Owen.....	Seltuate.....	John R. Conley.....	Providence.....
South Carolina.....	D. H. Thompson.....	Columbia.....	U. S. Gunter.....	Columbia.....
South Dakota.....	John A. Bowler.....	Sioux Falls.....	F. Bezelmeier.....	Sioux Falls.....
Tennessee.....	J. M. Coleman.....	Memphis.....	Sam B. Williamson.....	Nashville.....
Texas.....	Herb. F. Brigham.....	Mexia.....	John E. Pleasants.....	Halebar.....
Vermont.....	R. W. Slonn.....	Bakersfield.....	John F. Senter.....	Middlebury.....
Utah.....	J. Taylor Elyson.....	Salt Lake City.....	E. A. McDaniel.....	Salt Lake City.....
Virginia.....	H. T. Jones.....	Richmond.....	J. Bell Bigger.....	Richmond.....
Washington.....	Andrew Edmiston.....	Spokane.....	Thomas Mahony.....	Tacoma.....
West Virginia.....	George W. Poock.....	Weston.....	Wm. J. Obley.....	Charleston.....
Wisconsin.....	John A. Martin.....	Milwaukee.....	C. J. Noel.....	Milwaukee.....
Wyoming.....		Cheyenne.....	James Fenwick.....	Laramie.....

## PEOPLE'S.

## PROHIBITION.

STATE.	Chairman.	Address.	Chairman.	Address.
Alabama.....	G. B. Crowe.....	Birmingham.....	C. W. Buck.....	Montgomery.....
Arizona.....	John Q. White.....	Phoenix.....		
Arkansas.....	A. W. Files.....	Little Rock.....	George C. Christian.....	Eureka Springs.....
California.....	T. W. H. Shanahan.....	Anderson.....	T. D. Kanouse.....	Glendale.....
Colorado.....	David A. Miller.....	Denver.....	Frank J. Willsea.....	Denver.....
Connecticut.....	Wm. W. Wheeler.....	Dover.....	H. B. Brown.....	East Hampton.....
Delaware.....	Chas. Brothers.....	Dover.....	R. H. Cooper.....	Cheswold.....
Florida.....	Frank H. Lytle.....	Stanton.....	J. J. Edwards (Sec.).....	Doland.....
Georgia.....	W. F. Carter.....	Meldrim.....	J. O. Perkins.....	Atlanta.....
Idaho.....			H. A. Lee.....	Weiser.....
Illinois.....	Chas. E. Palmer.....	Noble.....	O. W. Stewart.....	Bloomington.....
Indiana.....	A. P. Hanna.....	Waveland.....	H. J. Hall.....	Franklin.....
Indian Terr'y.....	W. H. Watkins.....	Afton.....		
Iowa.....	A. C. Weeks.....	Winterset.....	O. D. Ellett.....	Russell.....
Kansas.....	Abe Steinberger.....	Girard.....	M. Williams.....	Lansing.....
Kentucky.....	W. B. Bridgeford.....	Frankfort.....	T. B. Demaree.....	Union Mills.....
Louisiana.....	H. L. Brian.....	Natchitoches.....		
Maine.....	D. E. Donovan.....	Ellsworth.....	J. Perrin.....	Portland.....
Maryland.....			T. M. Prentiss.....	Baltimore.....
Massachusetts.....	Mr. Gardner.....	Brockton.....	H. A. Evans.....	Boston.....
Michigan.....	John O. Zabel.....	Petersburg.....	F. E. Britten.....	Albion.....
Minnesota.....	Pat. H. Rahilly.....	Lake City.....	George W. Higgins.....	Minneapolis.....

## CHAIRMEN AND SECRETARIES STATE COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

STATE.	Name.	Address.	Name.	Address.
Mississippi.....	Dr. R. K. Prewitt.....	Ackerman.....	Charles E. Stokes....	St. Louis.
Missouri.....	S. A. Wright.....	Springfield.....		
	Frank J. Richey*....	St. Louis.....		
Montana.....	Wm. A. Shifelbin.....	Butte.....	J. M. Waters.....	Roseman.
Nebraska.....	J. N. Gaffin.....	Lincoln.....	A. G. Wolfenburger..	Lincoln.
Nevada.....	J. M. McCormack.....	Reno.....	Jacob Stiner.....	Reno.
N. Hampshire.....	Dorance B. Currier..	Hanover.....	H. O. Jackson.....	Littleton.
New Jersey.....			G. J. Haven.....	Camden.
New York.....	D. M. S. Fero.....	Glens Falls.....	J. H. Durkee.....	Salzavi.
North Carolina.....			Edwin Shaver.....	Salisbury.
North Dakota.....			M. H. Kiff (Treas.)..	Tower City.
Ohio.....	T. J. Creager.....	Springfield.....	J. J. Asenburest.....	Columbus.
Oklahoma.....	W. H. French.....	Chandler.....		
Oregon.....	S. H. Holt*.....	Ashland.....	C. M. Welster.....	Portland.
	Frank Williams.....	Ashland.....		
Pennsylvania.....	Chas. W. Miller.....	Meadville.....	Charles R. Jones.....	Philadelphia.
Rhode Island.....			James A. Williams....	Providence.
South Dakota.....	L. M. Estabrook.....	Sioux Falls.....	K. Lewis.....	Lake Preston.
Tennessee.....			James A. Tate.....	Fayetteville.
Texas.....	J. S. Bradley.....	Waco.....	B. P. Bailey.....	Houston.
Utah.....	H. W. Lawrence.....	Salt Lake City.....		
Vermont.....	A. L. Bowen.....	South Dorset.....	J. L. Fort, Jr.....	Winooki.
Virginia.....	J. Haskins Hobson....	Belona.....	W. T. Bundick.....	Onancock.
Washington.....	F. W. D. Mays.....	Pomeroy.....	R. E. Dunlap.....	Seattle.
West Virginia.....	S. H. Peirsol.....	Parkersburg.....	J. H. Holt.....	Moundsville.
Wisconsin.....	C. M. Butt.....	Viroqua.....	J. E. Clayton.....	Milwaukee.

\*Anti-fusion.

## CHAIRMEN OF COUNTY COMMITTEES.—ILLINOIS.

COUNTY.	REPUBLICAN.		DEMOCRATIC.	
	Name.	Address.	Name.	Address.
Adams.....	Wm. R. Lockwood.....	Quincy.....	Herman Moecker.....	Quincy.
Alexander.....	Walter Warden.....	Cairo.....	P. P. Walsh.....	Cairo.
Bond.....	J. J. Sutton.....	Greenville.....	Chas. Carrillon.....	Smithboro.
Boone.....	Dr. R. W. McInnis....	Belvidere.....	W. S. Pierce.....	Belvidere.
Brown.....	T. J. Clark.....	Quincy.....	Geo. E. Richardson....	Mount Sterling.
Bureau.....	C. J. McManis.....	Princeton.....	C. N. Keith.....	Princeton.
Calhoun.....	Jno. B. Sutter.....	Kampeville.....	Chas. H. Lamar.....	Hardin.
Carroll.....	W. Scott Cowen.....	Shannon.....	Wm. Hogan.....	Lanark.
Cass.....	Dr. J. A. Glenn.....	Ashland.....	John Dreeen.....	Virginia.
Champaign.....	Ozias Riley.....	Champaign.....	J. B. Harris.....	Champaign.
Christian.....	J. E. Harrison.....	Taylorville.....	Jno. E. Hogan.....	Taylorville.
Clark.....	J. W. Hancock.....	Casey.....	Sol. Handy.....	Marshall.
Clay.....	E. D. Monroe.....	Louisville.....	W. H. Whitman.....	Louisville.
Clinton.....	Wm. H. Norris.....	Carlyle.....	Jno. J. McGaffigan....	Carlyle.
Coles.....	F. A. Blankenbaker....	Charleston.....	B. D. Parish.....	Mattoon.
Cook.....	John M. Smyth.....	Chicago.....	Thos. Gahan.....	Chicago.
Crawford.....	Alfred H. Jones.....	Robinson.....	A. L. Lowe.....	Robinson.
Cumberland.....	M. A. Ewing.....	Neoga.....	Lyle Decius.....	Toledo.
DeKalb.....	Wm. Jackson.....	Shabbona.....	B. B. Smiley.....	Malta.
DeWitt.....	F. C. Taylor.....	Clinton.....	Titus Hinchcliff.....	Clinton.
Douglas.....	James Jones.....	Tuscola.....	J. R. Urquhart.....	Tuscola.
DuPage.....	W. B. Carleton.....	Hinsdale.....	Jno. W. Leonard.....	Wheaton.
Edgar.....	Hiram Lycan.....	Paris.....	H. S. Tanner.....	Paris.
Edwards.....	W. R. Strawn.....	Albion.....	Fred. Beehan.....	West Salem.
Emmingsham.....	J. E. Graves.....	Altamont.....	P. J. Harrah.....	Edgingham.
Fayette.....	G. F. Turner.....	Vandalia.....	J. H. Webb.....	Vandalia.
Ford.....	J. P. Middlecrot.....	Paxton.....	Chas. B. Miller.....	Gibson City.
Franklin.....	R. E. Cook.....	Benton.....	A. M. Brownlee.....	Benton.
Fulton.....	J. M. Stewart.....	Lewiston.....	W. B. Cain.....	Canton.
Gallatin.....	E. Mills.....	Ridgeway.....	Jno. McKeelgott.....	Shawneetown.
Greene.....	J. G. Pope.....	Kane.....	Edw. Smith.....	Carrollton.
Grundy.....	C. M. Stephen.....	Morris.....	Dr. O. P. Bennett.....	Mazon.
Hamilton.....	C. G. McCoy.....	McLeansboro.....	Joseph H. Upchurch....	McLeansboro.
Hancock.....	J. Mack Sholl.....	Carthage.....	Thos. F. Dunn.....	Carthage.
Hardin.....	Vol. Ferrell.....	Elizabethtown.....	W. R. Martin.....	Elizabethtown.
Henderson.....	E. A. Hall.....	Quawka.....	Thos. N. Baird.....	Slagsville.
Henry.....	Thomas Nowers.....	Atkinson.....	J. H. Mulligan.....	Kewanee.
Iroquois.....	J. W. Kern.....	Wateka.....	W. H. Harry.....	Wateka.
Jackson.....	Ed. P. Trobaugh.....	Murphysboro.....	F. L. Etherton.....	Murphysboro.
Jasper.....	Ed. A. Ebbert.....	Newton.....	Geo. W. McColley.....	Newton.
Jefferson.....	O. P. Nesmith.....	Bluford.....	C. R. Keller.....	Mount Vernon.
Jersey.....	W. S. Putman.....	Jerseyville.....	Cosmos Keller.....	Jerseyville.
Jo Daviess.....	J. A. Adams.....	Scales Mound.....	Dr. M. H. Cleary.....	Genoa.
Johnson.....	Levi J. Smith.....	Vienna.....	W. F. McCall.....	Vienna.
Kane.....	F. G. Hanchett.....	Aurora.....	John Miller.....	Genoa.

## ILLINOIS COUNTY COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

COUNTY.	Name.	Address.	Name.	Address.
Kankakee.	E. A. Jeffers.	Kankakee.	A. E. Smith.	Kankakee.
Kendall.	W. K. Newton.	Yorkville.	W. D. Steward.	Plano.
Knox.	M. O. Williamson.	Galesburg.	Seymour McWilliams.	Abingdon.
Lake.	W. C. Upton.	Waukegan.	Dr. A. Grady.	Waukegan.
LaSalle.	Al. F. Schoch.	Ottawa.	Wm. J. Simon.	Ottawa.
Lawrence.	E. S. Kingsbury.	Lawrenceville.	Wm. E. Kelly.	Bridgeport.
Lee.	T. H. Stetler.	Paw Paw.	H. L. Fordham.	Compton.
Livingston.	D. S. Myers.	Pontiac.	R. S. Melldrum.	Pontiac.
Logan.	W. R. Baldwin.	Lincoln.	Jos. Rodnett.	Lincoln.
Macou.	John Allen.	Decatur.	R. T. Williams.	Decatur.
Macoupin.	M. L. Keplinger.	Carlinville.	E. W. Burton.	Carlinville.
Madison.	Anton Neustadt.	Collinsville.	C. W. Terry.	Edwardsville.
Marion.	W. Rollin Smith.	Patoka.	S. J. Smith.	Salem.
Marshall.	H. C. DePue.	Lacon.	A. Staleten.	Varna.
Mason.	O. H. Harpham.	Havana.	J. A. Melbhop.	Havana.
Massac.	Fred R. Young.	Metropolis.	Louis Vallee.	Metropolis.
McDonough.	D. M. Graves.	Macomb.	A. C. Compton.	Macomb.
McHenry.	L. T. Hily.	Woodstock.	J. D. Donovan.	Woodstock.
McLean.	J. A. Bolger.	Bloomington.	A. J. Barn.	Bloomington.
Menard.	Homer J. Tice.	Greenville.	A. W. Hartley.	Petersburg.
Mercer.	J. A. Cummins.	Aledo.	A. M. Pinkerton.	Viola.
Monroe.			Frank Durfee.	Waterloo.
Montgomery.	John P. Gardner.	Litchfield.	Duncan C. Best.	Hillsboro.
Morgan.	J. T. King.	Jacksonville.	Edw. McConnell.	Jacksonville.
Moultrie.	John H. Uppendahl.	Dalton City.	Wm. Kirkwood.	Sullivan.
Ogle.	M. E. Schryver.	Polo.	M. L. Ettinger.	Rochelle.
Peoria.	P. G. Rennieck.	Peoria.	P. F. Harmon.	Peoria.
Perry.	H. W. Adams.	Tamaqua.	Roy Alden.	Pinckneyville.
Platt.	M. N. Mickels.	Cerro Gordo.	Wm. E. Krebs.	Monticello.
Pike.	J. W. Stauffer.	Pittsfield.	W. H. Crowe.	Pittsfield.
Pope.	John Gilbert, Jr.	Galesburg.	H. B. Pierce.	Galesburg.
Pulaski.	E. W. McClelland.	Mound City.	C. H. Wehrenberg.	Mound City.
Putnam.	J. B. Albert.	Florida.	Isaac Cook.	Hennepin.
Randolph.	Thos. Gant.	New Palestine.	Don E. Detrich.	Chester.
Richland.	Jas. E. Wharf.	Olney.	M. D. Foster.	Olney.
Rock Island.	Frank G. Allen.	Moline.	Jas. W. Kavanagh.	Rock Island.
Saline.	John W. Coker.	Harrisburg.	D. N. Chosser.	Harrisburg.
Sangamon.	Jos. M. Groat.	Springfield.	H. D. Giger.	Springfield.
Schuyler.	B. O. Willard.	Rushville.	T. E. Bortenbarg.	Rushville.
Scott.	John B. Mayes.	Winchester.	J. W. Bowman.	Alsea.
Shelby.	J. C. Westervelt.	Shelbyville.	Philip Heinz.	Shelbyville.
Stark.	V. G. Fuller.	Toulon.	Frank Jacobs.	Wyanong.
St. Clair.	Charles Becker.	Belleville.	R. D. W. Holder.	Belleville.
Stephenson.	Smith D. Atkins.	Freeport.	C. J. Dittman.	Freeport.
Tazewell.	R. J. Beatty.	Delavan.	A. Behrens.	Pekin.
Union.	G. W. Owen.	West'n Saratoga.	A. Ney Sessions.	Anna.
Vernon.	W. R. Jewell.	Danville.	Geo. R. Tilton.	Danville.
Wabash.	Theo. G. Risley.	Mount Carmel.	Jas. E. Inskeep.	Mount Carmel.
Warren.	C. F. Ruck.	Monmouth.	F. Regnier.	Monmouth.
Washington.	H. J. Schurdt.	Nashville.	F. M. Vernon.	Nashville.
Wayne.	Frank M. Brock.	Fairfield.	Adam Rinard.	Fairfield.
White.	Will S. Rice.	Carmi.	A. W. Quarles.	Carmi.
Whiteside.	S. M. McCalmont.	Morrison.	Joseph Wright.	Rock Falls.
Will.	H. M. Snapp.	Joliet.	Wm. Mooney.	Joliet.
Williamson.	W. O. Potter.	Lake Creek.	S. K. Canev.	Marion.
Winnebago.	B. F. Lee.	Rockford.	Chas. W. Ferguson.	Rockford.
Woodford.	C. F. Brown.	Boonville.	Thos. Cribben.	El Paso.

## PROHIBITION.

COUNTY.	Name.	Address.	COUNTY.	Name.	Address.
Adams.	Capt. H. S. Brown.	Quincy.	DeKalb.	D. A. Syme.	Sycamore.
Alexander.	M. Easterday.	Cairo.	DeWitt.	W. H. McFarland.	Clinton.
Bond.	John Bradford.	Greenville.	Douglas.	Rev. J. M. Daniel.	Tuscola.
Boone.	V. I. Clark.	Belvidere.	DuPage.	E. C. Guild.	Wheaton.
Brown.	W. B. Ring.	MT. Sterling.	Edgar.	C. C. Griffith.	Kansas.
Bureau.	O. D. Layton.	Princeton.	Edwards.	J. B. Rude.	Bone Gap.
Calhoun.	A. C. Wilson.	Batchtown.	Effingham.	Henry B. Keypley.	Effingham.
Carroll.	C. Lamp.	Lanark.	Fayette.	J. D. Collins.	Vandalia.
Cass.	M. H. White.	Virginia.	Ford.	Wm. T. Patton.	Paxton.
Champaign.	F. H. Loyde.	Champaign.	Franklin.	W. H. Carner.	Repton.
Christian.	W. A. Clawson.	Assumption.	Fulton.	J. McClelland.	Astoria.
Clark.	J. W. Rowe.	Martinsville.	Gallatin.	Rev. G. Calver.	Equality.
Clay.	J. Bechelmyer.	Louisville.	Greene.	W. J. McWhorter.	Greenfield.
Clinton.	Rev. M. L. Cole.	Carlyle.	Grundy.	J. N. Woods.	Gardner.
Coles.	T. J. Sharp.	Ashmore.	Hamilton.	J. H. Wilson.	McLeansboro.
Cook.	R. J. Messop.	Chicago.	Hancock.	F. M. Cutler.	Carthage.
Crawford.	J. B. Connett.	Robinson.	Hardin.	Chas. R. Hine.	Elizabethton.
Cumberland.	George C. Clark.	Neoga.	Henderson.	J. Marion Fort.	Stronghurst.

## ILLINOIS COUNTY COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

COUNTY.	Name.	Address.	COUNTY.	Name.	Address.
Henry	E. S. Whiting	Kewanee.	Moultrie	E. B. Allen	Sullivan.
Iron	B. F. Hathaway	Watseka.	Ogle	M. J. West	Leaf River.
Jackson	J. W. Winfrey	Carbondale.	Peoria	D. R. Sheen	Peoria.
Jasper	J. W. Hony	Newton	Perry	Dr. C. W. Purdy	Duquoin.
Jefferson	Chas. Yearwood	Mt. Vernon.	Platt	M. T. Scott	Bement.
Jersey	J. C. Moss	Newbern.	Pike	L. A. Chamberlain	Plattefield.
Jo Daviess	W. S. Smith	Plains and Val's	Pulaski	L. G. Cummins	Goleconda.
Johnson	J. C. B. Henton	New Burnside	Putnam	Alonzo Butler	Villa Ridge.
Kane	Dr. F. A. Elder	Aurora.	Randolph	John Swaney	Clear Creek.
Kankakee	J. C. Mattee	Kankakee.	Richland	S. T. Wright	Sparta.
Kendall	Alonzo Stanzel	Yorkville.	Rock Island	Rev. J. B. Norvell	Olney.
Knox	E. H. Burridge	Arlington.	Saline	B. Jordan	Orion.
Lake	H. L. Parsons	Waukegan.	Shelby	W. G. Showers	El Dorado.
Lasalle	A. J. Thurbur	Marseilles.	Stark	R. H. Patton	Springfield.
Lawrence	J. Rosendorph	Champaign.	Schuyler	Dr. J. N. Speed	Rushville.
Livingston	Marion Gallup	Dixon.	Scott	Rev. B. C. Black	Winchester.
Lycan	W. W. Houser	Clinton.	Shelby	Col. P. Cooper	Shelbyville.
Macon	B. F. Child	Decatur.	Stark	H. J. Reynolds	Toulon.
Macoupin	Wm. Neff	Bunker Hill.	St. Clair	Wm. Little	Marion.
Madison	Rev. G. M. Gaiser	Alton.	Stephenson	T. D. W. Hooten	Freeport.
Marion	Squire Farmer	Patoka.	Tazewell	D. W. Powerbaugh	Maclean.
Marshall	G. M. Locke	Henry.	Union	M. V. Powell	Atama.
Massac	Rev. C. F. Kiest	Bishops.	Vernon	J. K. Butz	Potomac.
McDonough	L. F. Hight	Samoth.	Wabash	W. H. Hughes	Mt. Carmel.
Mellin	L. F. Gumbart	Macomb.	Warren	J. J. Milne	Monmouth.
Mellin	E. B. Smith	Elmhurst.	Washington	J. B. Courtney	Nashville.
Mellin	F. L. Gaston	Norman.	Wayne	John A. L. Scott	Orchardville.
Mercer	C. E. Smith	Petersburg.	White	H. L. Rozeeman	Carmi.
Monroe	H. S. Sellers	Aledo.	Whiteside	Dr. L. Barber	Fulton.
Montgomery	J. N. Puntiney	Butler.	Williamson	H. J. Kyle	Tamarack.
Morgan	John Ware	Waverly.	Winnebago	Rev. J. J. Harris	Marion.
			Woodford	C. H. Debnett	Rockford.
				W. H. Smith	Eureka.

## SILVER REPUBLICAN PARTY.

COUNTY.	Name.	Address.	COUNTY.	Name.	Address.
Adams	A. J. Ketchum	La Prairie	Jersey	Dr. W. Park	Grafton.
Alexander	Wm. Davidson	Carro.	John Hatch	Vienna.	
Anderson	Nath. Dresser	Beaver Crk.	Johnson	J. M. Brown	Vienna.
Boone	George Pierce	Belydery.	Kane	S. N. Hoover	Aurora.
Brown	J. W. Curry	Mt. Sterling	Kankakee	T. Huling	Kankakee.
Bureau	N. C. Buswell	Neponset.	Kendall	W. F. Wiley	Plano.
Calhoun	Georcy Edwards	Hanburgh.	Knox	W. C. Holden	Galesburg.
Carroll	J. H. Cunningham	Lamar.	Lake	R. S. Ferguson	Waukegan.
Cass	J. C. Foster	Beardstown.	Lasalle	Lawett Plumb.	Streator.
Champaign	S. W. Love	Urbana.	Lawrence	J. Barnes	Lawrenceville.
Christian	H. C. Chapman	Taylorville.	Lee	E. B. Chase	Aubury.
Clark	Dr. J. Madison	Marshall.	Livingston	C. C. Strawn	Pontiac.
Clay	W. A. H. Coday	Clay City.	Logan	Dr. Lawrence	Lincoln.
Clinton	May S. Johnson	Huey.	Macon	Frank Ewing	Decatur.
Cook	R. P. Hackett	Charleston.	Macoupin	E. B. Wideman	Carlinville.
Crawford	Jas. H. Foster	Chicago.	Madison	Wm. Armstrong	Alton.
Cumberland	J. P. Egan	Greenup.	Marion	B. E. Martin	Salem.
DeKalb	H. E. Daploy	DeKalb.	Marshall	A. Broadus	Lacon.
De Witt	Dr. D. W. Edmunds	Clinton.	Massac	H. Westerman	Metropolis.
DeWitt	H. A. Cunningham	Bourbon.	McDonough	A. D. Black	Mason City.
Douglas	E. H. Prince	Dowder's Gr.	Mellin	Samuel Frost	Macomb.
DuPage	L. O. Jenkins	Paris.	Mellin	A. J. Buchanan	Woodstock.
DuSable	W. A. Shelby	Maple Grove.	Mellin	A. E. DeMange	Bloomington.
DuSable	A. M. Allen	Elmhurst.	Mercer	J. W. Cleary	Petersburg.
DuSable	J. G. Miller	St. Elmo.	Monroe	A. B. Petrie	New Windsor.
DuSable	J. B. Foley	Gibson City.	Montgomery	H. Miller	Renault.
DuSable	J. T. Burgess	Benton.	Morgan	D. P. Brophy	Nokomis.
DuSable	Stephen Bogue	Vernon.	Moultrie	J. Unglaub	Woodson.
DuSable	I. Rowan	Shaw and Wm.	Ogle	Isaac Hudson	Sullivan.
DuSable	R. F. Williams	Carrollton.	Ogle	E. L. Orput	Roselle.
DuSable	C. A. Finch	Verona.	Peoria	Geo. T. Gilliam	Peoria.
DuSable	Jno. Metcalf	Mt. Leansboro.	Perry	Al. A. Oriemeier	Pinckneyville.
DuSable	M. Weinberg	Augusta.	Platt	E. K. Taylor	Bement.
DuSable	E. L. Moffett	Milroy.	Pike	G. H. Watson	Bary.
DuSable	F. W. Sullivan	Kewanee.	Pope	Jas. Bennett	Goleconda.
DuSable	James Scott	Gilman.	Pulaski	Dr. Crane	Beechwood.
DuSable	O. P. Louden	Carbondale.	Putnam	A. C. More	Granville.
DuSable	T. D. Shambart	Newton.	Randolph	T. F. Alexander	Sparta.
DuSable	Judith Hale	Elizabeth's.	Richland	H. T. Watkins	Olney.
DuSable	G. W. Woodruff	Shelby.	Rock Island	E. H. Guyer	Rock Island.
DuSable			Saline	T. M. Pickett	Harrisburg.

## ILLINOIS COUNTY COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

COUNTY.	Name.	Address.	COUNTY.	Name.	Address.
Sangamon.....	Lincoln Dubois.....	Springfield.	Wabash.....	J. F. Harrington.....	Allendale.
Schuyler.....	Dr. V. M. Taylor.....	Chatham.	Warren.....	J. E. McDowell.....	Monmouth.
Scott.....	J. E. Wyand.....	Rushville.	Washington.....	F. H. Fiene.....	Nashville.
Shelby.....	A. P. Grant.....	Winchester.	Wayne.....	C. C. Wilson.....	Fairfield.
Stark.....	Wm. Sturges.....	Shelbyville.	White.....	Leonard Ward.....	Carmi.
St. Clair.....	A. Y. Fuller.....	Wyoming.	Whiteside.....	C. L. Sheldon.....	Sterling.
Stephenson.....	G. T. Thompson.....	Belleville.	Will.....	A. S. Phelps.....	Joliet.
Tazewell.....	Wm. E. Stuber.....	Freeport.	Williamson.....	Wm. Kizer.....	Dwina.
Union.....	A. G. Kligman.....	Freeport.	Winnebago.....	S. L. Conde.....	Rockford.
Vermilion.....	Zach Groher.....	Dongola.	Woodford.....	R. B. Dickinson.....	Eureka.
	L. Doney.....	Fairmont.			

## STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEES.

## ILLINOIS.

## REPUBLICAN.

Headquarters—Chicago.

Chairman—Charles S. Rannells, Jacksonville.

Secretary—James R. B. Van Cleave.

Treasurer—James H. Gilbert.

At Large—John Lambert, Joliet; Daniel Hogan, Mount City; Alexander J. Johnson, Chicago; Joseph Brucker, Chicago; Edward H. Morris, Chicago.

## DEMOCRATIC.

Headquarters—Chicago.

Chairman—James W. Orr.

Secretary—Arthur C. Bentley.

Treasurer—M. F. Dunlap.

At Large—Geo. E. Brennan, Braidwood; B. J. Craggett, Lexington; Fred E. Eldred, city hall, Chicago; Ross R. Fuller, Charleston; Thos. Gahan, 4193 S. Halsted-st., Chicago; W. H. Hinrichsen, Jacksonville; Frank W. Havill, Mt. Carmel; Joseph P. Mahoney, 100 Washington-st., Chicago; Theo. Nelson, 4530 Forrestville-av., Chicago.

DISTRICT.	Members.	Address.	Members.	Address.
1st.....	Thomas N. Jamieson.....	Chicago.....	Alex. J. Jones.....	Chicago.
2d.....	Charles S. Deneen.....	Chicago.....	Thomas Byrne.....	Chicago.
3d.....	Ernest J. Magerstadt.....	Chicago.....	T. J. McNally.....	Chicago.
4th.....	Joseph E. Bidwill.....	Chicago.....	Thomas Cusack.....	Chicago.
5th.....	Adam Wolf.....	Chicago.....	T. F. Little.....	Chicago.
6th.....	Fred A. Busse.....	Chicago.....	Joseph S. Martin.....	Chicago.
7th.....	James Pease.....	Chicago.....	C. A. Williams.....	Chicago.
8th.....	Luman T. Hoy.....	Woodstock.....	D. J. Hogan.....	Geneva.
9th.....	J. R. Cowley.....	Freeport.....	C. W. Ferguson.....	Rockford.
10th.....	James McKinney.....	Aledo.....	A. W. Bastian.....	Fulton.
11th.....	Ralph F. Bradford.....	Pontiac.....	Daniel Heenan.....	Sycamore.
12th.....	Len Small.....	Kankakee.....	T. F. Donovan.....	Kankakee.
13th.....	Charles G. Eckhart.....	Tuscola.....	J. F. Heffernan.....	Bloomington.
14th.....	Isaac C. Edwards.....	Peoria.....	F. J. Quinn.....	Peoria.
15th.....	J. Mack Sholl.....	Carthage.....	T. J. Dudman.....	Macomb.
16th.....	Charles S. Rannells.....	Jacksonville.....	A. C. Bentley.....	Pittsfield.
17th.....	Clarence R. Paul.....	Springfield.....	J. B. Ricks.....	Taylorville.
18th.....	Dr. R. F. Bennett.....	Litchfield.....	George F. Miner.....	Shelbyville.
19th.....	Philip W. Barnes.....	Lawrenceville.....	N. B. Lee.....	Casey.
20th.....	Basil D. Monroe.....	Louisville.....	E. C. Kramer.....	Fairfield.
21st.....	James A. Willoughby.....	Belleville.....	W. S. Matthews.....	Kinmundy.
22d.....	John M. Herbert.....	Murphysboro.....	Reed Green.....	Cairo.

## PEOPLE'S.

Headquarters—Noble, Ill.

Chairman—Charles E. Palmer, Noble, Ill.

Secretary-Treasurer—Joseph A. Hopp, 147 Eugenie St., Chicago, Ill.

DISTRICT.	Members.	Address.	DISTRICT.	Members.	Address.
1st.....	W. H. Bond.....	Chicago.	11th.....	F. W. Palmer.....	Chicago.
2d.....	W. H. Bannigan.....	Chicago.	15th.....	Thomas O'Brien.....	Chicago.
3d.....	D. M. Fulwiler.....	Chicago.	16th.....	Thomas Welch.....	Asheum.
4th.....	W. Buell.....	Chicago.	17th.....	Samuel Robbins.....	Chicago.
5th.....	Francis R. Cole.....	Chicago.	18th.....	J. G. Redmond.....	Catlin.
6th.....	Wm. A. Hopp.....	Chicago.	19th.....	Wm. League.....	Chicago.
7th.....	Wm. Ralph.....	Chicago.	21st.....	Joseph A. Hopp.....	Chicago.
9th.....	Ed. Mulloy.....	Chicago.	23d.....	Sam'l Frederick.....	Chicago.

## STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

DISTRICT.	Members.	Address.	DISTRICT.	Members.	Address.
25th.....	James H. Ferris.	Joliet.	41st.....	C. W. Ebert.....	Owaneco.
27th.....	A. C. Crowell.....	Streator.	42d.....	John Schuster.....	Trenton.
30th.....	Nath. M. Barnett.....	Hallsville.	44th.....	James Cobble.....	Norris City.
31st.....	W. W. Searle.....	Bradford.	45th.....	Joseph Palmer.....	Noble.
32d.....	E. W. Leeper.....	Chandlerville.	46th.....	E. M. Turner.....	Johansville.
34th.....	Wm. Hess, Sr.....	Milton.	47th.....	G. W. Long.....	Bellevue.
36th.....	J. P. Clark.....	Gillespie.	48th.....	Wesley Gant.....	N'w Palestine.
37th.....	Thomas Barton.....	Mt. Sterling.	49th.....	W. F. Quellmalz.....	Belleville.
38th.....	Jacob Cusack.....	Farina.	50th.....	D. H. Weldy.....	Beechwood.
39th.....	M. H. Davis.....	Fawnee.	51st.....	J. J. Hall.....	New Bernside.
40th.....	E. A. Richardson.....	Mattoon.			

## PROHIBITION.

Headquarters—Chicago.

Chairman—O. W. Stewart.

Secretary—Alonso E. Wilson.

Treasurer—J. B. Hobbs.

DISTRICT.	Members.	Address.	DISTRICT.	Members.	Address.
1st.....	John H. Hill.....	Chicago.	12th.....	G. B. Winter.....	Onarga.
2d.....	H. W. Knapp.....	Oak Park.	13th.....	G. W. Gere.....	Champaign.
3d.....	W. F. Keilett.....	Chicago.	14th.....	D. R. Sheen.....	Peoria.
4th.....	Alonso E. Wilson.....	Chicago.	15th.....	L. F. Gumbart.....	Macomb.
5th.....	J. A. Ruth.....	Chicago.	16th.....	H. C. Tumbson.....	Jacksonville.
6th.....	J. G. Battershill.....	Chicago.	17th.....	R. H. Patton.....	Springfield.
7th.....	R. J. Mossop.....	Chicago.	18th.....	J. T. Kilham.....	Tower Hill.
8th.....	J. N. Woods.....	Gardner.	19th.....	Hale Johnson.....	Newton.
9th.....	Carrie L. Grout.....	Rockford.	20th.....	J. Beechthymmer.....	Louisville.
10th.....	S. T. Sildrey.....	Rock Falls.	21st.....	A. J. Meek.....	Marissa.
11th.....	C. H. Tiesberg.....	Pontiac.	22d.....	Hallock Johnson.....	Villa Ridge.

## NATIONAL (GOLD) DEMOCRATIC.

Headquarters—Chicago.

Chairman—Adams G. Goodrich. Secretary—R. E. Spangler. Treasurer—Theo. Oehne.

At Large—Henry S. Robbins, Chicago; William Legner, Chicago; William S. Forman. East St. Louis; James T. Hoblitt, Lincoln; Paul Kersch, Rock Island.

DISTRICT.	Members.	Address.	DISTRICT.	Members.	Address.
1st.....	Theodore Oehne.....	Chicago.	12th.....	Wilson S. Kay.....	Watseka.
2d.....	A. H. Champin.....	Chicago.	13th.....	F. E. O'Neil.....	Champaign.
3d.....	Vacant.....		14th.....	J. W. Hunter.....	Peoria.
4th.....	R. E. Spangler.....	Chicago.	15th.....	C. H. Williamson.....	Quincy.
5th.....	Vacant.....		16th.....	Edward Kinman.....	Jacksonville.
6th.....	Jacob Hopkins.....	Chicago.	17th.....	H. Schlonderman.....	Decatur.
7th.....	Henry Fleming.....	Chicago.	18th.....	W. B. Townsend.....	Shelbyville.
8th.....	Clinton Kewest.....	DeKalb.	19th.....	J. E. Parrish.....	Paris.
9th.....	James Sheehan.....	Galena.	20th.....	R. J. Burns.....	Lebanonville.
10th.....	Vacant.....		21st.....	Wm. H. Horine.....	Waterloo.
11th.....	P. C. Knight.....	Pontiac.	22d.....	David Leuden.....	Calro.

## SILVER REPUBLICAN.

Headquarters—Chicago.

Chairman—C. C. Strawn. Secretary—F. C. Wood. Treasurer—J. S. Kendall.

At Large—H. V. Reed, Chicago; J. H. Monroe, Chicago; Judge A. Sample, Paxton; Hon. S. N. Hoover, Aurora.

DISTRICT.	Members.	Address.	DISTRICT.	Members.	Address.
1st.....	Jas. H. Teller.....	Chicago.	12th.....	A. S. Phelps.....	Joliet.
2d.....	J. W. Wilson.....	Chicago.	13th.....	A. M. De Munnig.....	Bloomington.
3d.....	Dr. G. M. Enrick.....	Chicago.	14th.....	Geo. T. Williams.....	Peoria.
4th.....	Rev. E. B. Weeks.....	Chicago.	15th.....	J. E. Camp.....	Brooklyn.
5th.....	F. C. Wood.....	Chicago.	16th.....	John C. George.....	Barry.
6th.....	Col. J. S. Kendall.....	Chicago.	17th.....	Dr. V. M. Taylor.....	Illopolis.
7th.....	Rev. I. W. Higgs.....	Chicago.	18th.....	Edw. W. Dwyer.....	Greenville.
8th.....	E. H. Prince.....	Downer's Gr.	19th.....	Dr. H. T. Watkins.....	Oney.
9th.....	G. W. Hamlin.....	Rockelle.	21st.....	B. E. Martin.....	Salem.
10th.....	Wm. Lyle.....	Kewanee.	22d.....	Geo. H. Clark.....	Cobden.
11th.....	C. C. Strawn.....	Pontiac.			

## Illinois Civil Lists.

## CITY OF CHICAGO.

## City Government.

Mayor—Carter H. Harrison, Dem.....	\$10,000
City Clerk—William Loeffler, Dem.....	5,000
Deputy City Clerk—James C. Strain, Dem.	3,500
Chief Clerk to City Clerk—J. J. Brown, Dem.	2,500
City Treasurer—Ernst Hummel, Dem.....	Int.
City Attorney—Miles J. Devine, Dem.....	5,000
City Comptroller—Robert A. Waller, Dem.	6,000
Private Secretary to Comptroller—Edward A. Halsey, Dem.....	3,000
Com'r Public Works—L. E. McGann, Dem.	6,000
Deputy—A. J. Toolen, Dem.....	3,800
Corporation Counsel—C. S. Thornton, Dem.	6,000
General Superintendent of Police—Joseph Klipke, Dem.....	6,000
Fire Marshal—Donis J. Sweeney, Dem.....	6,000
City Collector—Joseph S. Martin, Dem.....	3,800
Com'r of Health—Dr. A. R. Reynolds, Dem.	5,000
Com'r of Buildings—J. McAndrews, Dem.	5,000
City Sealer Weights and Measures—Edward E. Eldred, Dem.....	Fees
Prosecuting Attorney—Dr. H. S. Taylor, Dem.....	3,800
City Physician—Dr. D. G. Moore, Dem.....	2,250
Inspector of Gas—Maurice O'Connor, Dem.	2,400
Inspector of Cabs—Robert E. Burke, Dem.	Fees
Inspector of Steam Boilers—James R. Payne, Dem.....	Fees
Supt. Water Office—Henry O. Sousa, Dem.	3,000
Sergeant at Arms City Council—John Dillard, Dem.....	1,500
Superintendent House of Correction—Adolph Stange, Dem.....	4,000
Supt. of Sewers—F. E. Davidson, Dem.....	3,800
City Engineer—John Ericson, Dem.....	4,500
Supt. of Streets—M. J. Doherty, Dem.....	4,500
Supt. of Schools—E. B. Andrews.....	4,000
City Electrician—Edw. W. Elliott, Dem.....	4,000
Business Agent—Irvine Washington, Dem.	4,000

## Board of Aldermen.

Republicans, 22; democrats, 41; independents, 5.

1. Michael Kennen, D.
2. Patrick J. Cook, D.
3. Charles Ailing, R.
4. A. A. Hallenberg, D.
5. F. A. Clough, R.
6. W. J. Murphy, Ind.
7. John Bennett, D.
8. Edward J. Novak, D.
9. Randolph Hurt, D.
10. Peter Brewer, D.
11. G. Duddleston, D.
12. John F. Neagle, D.
13. T. F. Little, D.
14. W. T. Maypole, D.
15. W. C. L. Ziehn, D.
16. A. W. Bellfuss, R.
17. W. A. Tuttle, D.
18. W. J. Kaymer, R.
19. John F. Simulski, R.
20. Stanley H. Kunz, D.
21. Jas. Walsh, D.
22. Frank Oberndorf, D.
23. J. J. Brennan, D.
24. M. C. Conlon, D.
25. J. A. Haberkorn, D.
26. John Powers, D.
27. F. W. Alwart, D.
28. Chas. F. Brown, D.
29. Wm. Mangler, D.
30. E. F. Herriman, Ind.
31. A. W. Malby, Ind.
32. Fred W. Upham, D.
33. J. E. Lynch, D.
34. Albert J. Olson, R.
35. M. E. Barry, D.
36. C. M. Walker, D.
37. J. H. Hirsch, Ind.
38. Robert Griffith, R.
39. J. C. Cannon, R.
40. W. E. Schinke, D.
41. S. S. Kimball, R.
42. H. W. Butler, R.
43. F. M. McCarthy, D.
44. John Egan, D.
45. M. McInerney, D.
46. Thomas Carey, D.
47. E. Reichart, D.
48. Chas. J. Boyd, D.
49. K. W. Spraul, R.
50. Jos. Badenoch, R.
51. W. C. Nelson, Ind.
52. Wm. Mayor, R.
53. Martin Wilson, D.
54. Hugh T. Harey, D.
55. F. I. Bennett, R.
56. J. B. Math, R.

## Civil-Service Commission.

Robt. Lindblom, Dem.....	\$3,000
John Ludwig, Rep.....	3,000
Edward Carroll, Dem.....	3,000
Secretary—Timothy J. Corcoran.....	2,000

## Board of Education.

Graham H. Harris, president; Thomas Gallagher, vice-president; W. A. S. Graham, secretary; Thomas Brennan, Daniel R. Cameron, Thomas Gallagher, Alfred S. Trude, F. J. Loesch, W. S. Christopher, Austin O. Sexton, Christian Meier, C. R. Wallcott, Joseph Downey, Mrs. Isabella O'Keefe, J. Schwab, George E. Adams, H. H. Gross, Clayton Mark, Joseph H. Strong, Mrs. Caroline K. Sherman, John T. Keating, Bernard F. Rogers, Jesse Sherwood, Graham H. Harris, E. B. Andrews, superintendent; Albert G. Lane, first assistant.

## Public Library Board.

Azel F. Hatch, Robert B. McCormick, C. L. Hutchinson, A. J. Ryan, John M. Van Osdell, John B. Hamilton, Frederick H. Herhold, Jacob Franks, Otto W. Lewke.

Secretary—Wm. B. Wickersham.....\$3,000  
Librarian—Frederick H. Hild.....4,000

Regular meetings of the board, second and fourth Saturdays of each month, at 3 p. m., from Oct. 1 to May 31, and second and fourth Fridays of each month, at 4 p. m., from June 1 to Sept. 30.

## Newberry Library.

Board of Trustees—Eliphalet W. Blatchford, president; Edward S. Isham, first vice-president; Lambert Tree, second vice-president; George E. Adams, William Harrison Bradley, Franklin H. Head, Bryan Lathrop, Henry J. Willing, Edward E. Ayer, Daniel Goodwin, Alexander C. McClurg, Walter C. Newberry, John P. Wilson.

Librarian—John Vance Cheney.  
Secretary—R. B. McConnel.

## John Crerar Library.

Board of Directors—Norman Williams, president; Huntington W. Jackson, first vice-president; Marshall Field, second vice-president; George A. Armqur, secretary; E. W. Blatchford, T. B. Blackstone, Robert T. Lincoln, Henry W. Bishop, Albert Keep, Simon J. McPherson, John M. Clark, Frank S. Johnson, Peter S. Grosscup.

Treasurer—William J. Lunderback.  
Librarian—Clement W. Andrews.

## Park Commissioners.

Lincoln Park—P. M. Woodruff, president; Peter Hand, auditor; Wm. Penn Nixon, F. H. Winston, Joseph E. Danton, Michael Shields, secretary, I. J. Bryan, office, Lincoln park.

West Park—Joseph W. Suddard, president; William C. Eggert, auditor; F. M. Blount, Andrew J. Graham, Charles B. Pavlicek, Anton Petersen, William J. Wilson, secretary, Ernest G. Schubert, office, Union park.

South Park—John B. Sherman, president; James W. Ellsworth, Joseph Donnersberger, William Best, Jefferson Hodgkins, secretary, E. C. Shumway, office, Garfield boulevard and South park.

## COUNTY OF COOK.

Probate Judge—C. C. Kohlsaat, R.....	\$7,000
County Judge—O. N. Carter, R.....	7,000
Judges of Superior Court—Joseph E. Gary, R.; Henry M. Shepard, D.; Jonas Hutchinson, D.; Jesse Holdom, R.; Philip Stein, D.; Axel Chytrous, R.; A. H. Chetlain, R.; W. G. Ewing, D.; H. V. Freeman, R.; Theodore Brentano, R.; N. C. Sears, R.; Farlin Q. Ball, R.; Marcus Kavanagh, R.; each.....	\$7,000
(Judges' terms expire as follows: Gary, 1899; Shepard, 1901; Brentano, 1903; Chetlain, 1904; Hutchinson, 1904; Holdom, 1904; Stein, 1904; Chytrous, 1904; Ewing, 1899; Freeman, 1904; Sears, 1899; Ball, 1899; Kavanagh, 1899.)	
Judges Circuit Court—Murray F. Tuley, chief justice, D.; Thomas G. Windes, D.; E. W. Burke, R.; R. S. Tutthill, R.; R. W. Clifford, D.; O. H. Horton, R.; A. N. Waterman, R.; E. F. Dunne, D.; Francis Adams, D.; Frank Baker, D.; E. Haney, R.; John Gibbons, R.; Abner Smith, R.; C. G. Neely, R.; each.....	\$7,000
(Terms expire June, 1903.)	
Judges Appellate Court—Adams, Windes and Sears of the Circuit and Superior courts.....	\$7,000
State's Attorney—Charles S. Deneen, R.....	7,000
County Attorney—Robert S. Iles, R.....	4,000
Assistants—W. F. Struckman, F. L. Shepard, W. H. Ward.....	
County Physician—Dr. R. C. Fortner, R.....	2,000
County Agent—Gus E. Olson, R.....	2,000
Superintendent of Schools—O. T. Bright, R.....	2,000
County Clerk—Philip Knopf, R.....	2,000
Warden County Hospital—J. H. Graham, R.....	2,500
Clerk of County Court—Philip Knopf, R.....	3,000
Superintendent at Dunning—A. N. Lange, R.....	2,500
Custodian of the Criminal Court Building—Chris. Dahneke, R.....	1,800

Custodian of the County Building—James Knudsen, R.....	1,500
County Architect—Warren H. Milner, R. Com.	
Ocean-Service Commission—John Morrison, Wm. Kilpatrick, J. A. Quinn, each.....	\$1,500
Physicians to Insane Asylum—Dr. Frederick Tice and Dr. Elizabeth Kearney.....	1,500
Physicians to Poorhouse—Dr. G. W. Johnson, Dr. Clara Ferguson, R.....	1,500
Clerk Superior Court—John A. Linn, R.....	2,500
Chief Clerk—James J. Bealy, R.....	2,500
Clerk Appellate Court—T. N. Jamieson, R. Fees	
Clerk Circuit Court—John A. Cook, R.....	2,500
Clerk Criminal Court—P. J. Cahill, R.....	2,500
Chief Deputy—Wm. Lawson.....	2,500
Clerk Probate Court—James Reddick, R.....	2,500
Chief Clerk—Frank Farnham, R.....	2,500
Coroner—George Bert, R.....	2,500
Chief Deputy—M. R. Mandelbaum, R.....	2,500
County Surgeon—Louis Emrich, R.....	2,500
Recorder of Deeds—R. M. Simon, R.....	2,500
Chief Deputy—Walter V. Hoyt.....	2,500
County Treasurer—S. R. Raymond, R.....	2,500
Sherrif—E. J. Magerstadt, R.....	2,500
Chief Deputy—Chas. F. Peters, R.....	2,500
Jailer—J. L. Whitman, R.....	2,500
Board of County Commissioners—City districts: James C. Irwin, Michael Pettie, David Kaita, Charles J. Happel, Charles J. Dahlgren, John F. Devine, Louis H. Mack, Edward H. Wright, James H. Burke, Frank J. Lindsten, County districts: George Struckman, Henry J. Beer, A. Van Steenberg, P. M. Hoffman, Joseph Carlson, (all Rep.) each.....	\$2,500
President County Board—J. C. Irwin, R.....	2,500
Clerk County Board and Deputy Comptroller—James L. Mounghan, R.....	2,500
County Assessors—August W. Miller, R.; Charles E. Randall, R.; James J. Gray, D.; Adam Wolf, R.; William H. Weber, R.....	
Members of Board of Review—Florus D. Monahan, R.; Fred W. Upham, R.; Roy O. West, R.....	

## STATE OF ILLINOIS.

## Executive Department.

Gov.—John E. Tanner, R., Clay county.....	\$6,000
Lieut. Gov.—W. A. Northcott, R., Bond county.....	1,000
Sec. of State—James A. Rose, R., Pope county.....	3,500
Auditor—James S. McCullough, R., Champagne county.....	3,500
Treas.—F. K. Whittemore, R., Sangamon county.....	3,500
Supt. of Pub. Inst'n—Alfred Baylis, R., LaSalle county.....	3,500
Att'y-Gen.—Edw. C. Akin, R., Willcounty.....	3,500
Ins. Supt.—James H. B. Van Cleave, Springfield.....	3,500
Adjutant-Gen'l—Jasper N. Keese, Springfield.....	3,000

## The Supreme Court.

The Supreme Court consists of seven judges, elected for a term of nine years, one from each of the seven districts into which the state is divided. The election is held in June of the year in which any term expires.

The state was formerly divided into three grand divisions which have been consolidated by act of legislature. The three clerks elected from the old divisions hold over until the end of their terms in 1902, after which only one will be elected. One clerk for each of the three grand divisions is elected for a term of six years.

## Justices.

(Salary \$5,000.)

Term Expires.

1. Carroll C. Boggs.....	Fairfield.....	June, 1908
2. Jesse J. Phillips.....	Hillsboro.....	" 1906
3. Jacob W. Wilkin.....	Danville.....	" 1906

4. Joseph N. Carter.....	Quincy.....	June, 1908
5. Alfred M. Craig.....	Galesburg.....	" 1900
6. James H. Cartwright.....	Oregon.....	" 1905
7. Benj. D. Magruder.....	Chicago.....	" 1905

Reporter—Isaac N. Phillips.

Clerks—Northern grand division, Christopher Mamer.

Southern grand division, Jacob O. Chance.

Central grand division, A. D. Cadwallader.

Terms of court are held in Springfield, commencing on the first Tuesday in February, April, June, October and December.

## Illinois State Board of Agriculture, 1897-98.

President—W. H. Fulkerson, Jerseyville.

Ex-President—J. Irving Pearce, Chicago.

Secretary—W. C. Garrard, Springfield.

Treasurer—B. H. Brainerd, Springfield.

Vice-Presidents—

Dist.	
1. Charles H. Dolton.....	Dolton Stat'n.
2. J. H. Ashby.....	Chicago.
3. Martin Conrad.....	Chicago.
4. F. A. Rossiter.....	Chicago.
5. C. Lindermann.....	Chicago.
6. Wm. Stewart.....	Chicago.
7. H. J. Cater.....	Libertyville.
8. W. D. Stryker.....	Plainfield.
9. A. J. Lovejoy.....	Roscoe.
10. E. B. David.....	Aledo.
11. George H. Madden.....	Mendota.
12. J. A. Cunningham.....	Hoopston.
13. C. A. Taitman.....	Monticello.
14. D. W. Vittum.....	Canton.
15. A. D. Barber.....	Hamilton.
16. C. M. Simmons.....	Griggsville.

17. J. F. Prather	Williamsville
18. W. A. Young	Butler
19. J. K. Dickinson	Lawrenceville
20. John M. Crebs	Carmil
21. T. S. Marshall	Salem
22. J. C. Chapman	Vienna

**Board of Equalization of Assessments.**

Term of office four years. Present term began

Dut.

August, 1897.

1. Geo. F. McKnight	R. Chicago.
2. John J. McKenna	R. Chicago.
3. Solomon Simon	R. Chicago.
4. Andrew McAnsh	R. Chicago.
5. Albert Oberndorf	R. Chicago.
6. Henry Severin	R. Chicago.
7. Edward S. Taylor	R. Evanston.
8. Theodore S. Rogers	R. Downer's Grove.
9. Charles A. Worke	R. Rockford.
10. Thomas P. Pierce	R. Kewanee.
11. Samuel M. Barnes	R. Fairbury.
12. Frank P. Martin	R. Watseka.
13. Frank K. Robeson	R. Champaign.
14. W. O. Cadwallader	R. London Mills.
15. J. S. Crutenden	R. Quincy.
16. L. D. Hirschheimer	D. Pittsfield.
17. Thomas N. Leavitt	R. Maroa.
18. Joseph F. Long	D. New Douglas.
19. Richard Cadie	D. Charleston.
20. Chas. Emerson	R. Alton.
21. John W. Larimer	D. Salem.
22. William A. Wall	R. Mound City.

**Southern Normal University.**

Located at Carbondale. Term Expires

T. O. Johnston	Oregon	1899
F. A. Fricke	Carbondale	1903
Douglas Helm	Metropolis	1903
S. P. Wheeler	Springfield	1901
A. C. Brookins	Du Quoin	1901

The Superintendent of Public Instruction,  
*ex officio.*  
**President**—D. B. Parkinson, Carbondale.  
**Secretary**—F. A. Fricke, Carbondale.  
**Regent**—Harvey W. Everett, A. M., LL. D.  
**Registrar**—Daniel B. Parkinson, A. M.  
**Librarian**—Minnie J. Fryar.

**Board of Trustees State Normal University.**

Located at Normal.

W. H. Green	Calro	1901
William R. Sandham	Wyoming	1901
Forrest F. Cook	Galesburg	1899
M. E. Plain	Aurora	1899
M. W. Shanahan	Chicago	1899
Jacob W. Bally	Macomb	1899
George B. Harrington	Princeton	1901
P. R. Walker	Rockford	1901
E. R. E. Kimbrough	Danville	1901
Charles L. Capen	Bloomington	1901
M. P. Brady	Chicago	1901
Mrs. E. F. Young	Chicago	1901
James H. Norton	Ravenswood	1901
E. A. Gastman	Decatur	1901

**President**—William H. Green, Calro.  
**Secretary**—S. M. Inglis, Springfield.  
**Treasurer**—F. D. Marquis, Bloomington.  
 The Superintendent of Public Instruction,  
*ex officio*, Springfield.

**Board of Education.**

**President**—William H. Green, Calro.  
**Secretary and Ex-Officio Member**—Alfred Bayliss, Springfield.  
**Treasurer**—F. D. Marquis, Bloomington.  
**Enoch A. Gastman**.....Decatur.  
**Chas. L. Capen**.....Bloomington.  
**William R. Sandham**.....Wyoming.  
**E. R. E. Kimbrough**.....Danville.  
**Matthew P. Brady**.....Chicago.  
**Mrs. Ella F. Young**.....Chicago.  
**W. H. Greene**.....Calro.  
**Forrest F. Cook**.....Galesburg.  
**M. W. Shanahan**.....Chicago.  
**James H. Norton**.....Ravenswood.  
**Jacob L. Bally**.....Macomb.  
**George B. Harrington**.....Princeton.

**Board of Trustees Northern Normal University.**

Located at DeKalb.

Term Expires

<b>President</b> —A. A. Goodrich	Chicago	1901
<b>Secretary</b> —W. C. Garrard	Springfield	1901
Isaac L. Ellwood	DeKalb	1901
Charles H. Deere	Moline	1901
R. S. Ferrand	Dixon	1901
Alfred Bayliss	Springfield	1901

**Board of Trustees Eastern Normal University.**

Located at Charleston.

F. M. Youngblood	Carbondale	1901
H. A. Neal	Charleston	1899
A. H. Jones	Robinson	1901
L. P. Wolfe	Peoria	1899
W. H. Hainline	Macomb	1901
Alfred Bayliss	Springfield	1901
<b>Secretary</b> —H. A. Neal	Charleston.	

**University of Illinois.**

**Ex-Officio Members**—The Governor, the President of the State Board of Agriculture, the State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

F. M. McKay	Chicago	1903
Mary Turner Carriel	Jacksonville	1903
Thomas J. Smith	Champaign	1903
Miss Alice A. Abbott	Chicago	1903
F. L. Hatch	Champaign	1903
A. F. Nightingale	Chicago	1903
Alex. McLean	Macomb	1901
Samuel A. Bullard	Springfield	1901
Lucy L. Flower	Chicago	1901

(Ex-officio members as above.)

**President**—Dr. A. S. Draper, Urbana.  
**Business Manager**—Prof. S. W. Shattuck, Champaign.

**Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners.**

Office at Springfield.

(Salary \$3,500 a year.)

Cleoro J. Lindley	Greenville	1899
C. S. Rannels	Jacksonville	1899
J. E. Bidwill	Chicago	1899

**Secretary**—Wm. Kilpatrick, Springfield.**Commissioners of Public Charities.**

(No compensation.)

J. C. Corbus	Mendota	1899
R. D. Lawrence	Springfield	1899
Julia C. Lathrop	Rockford	1900
William J. Calhoun	Danville	1902
Ephraim Banning	Chicago	1902

**Secretary**—Frederick H. Wines, Springfield.**Canal Commissioners.**

Office at Lockport.

(Salary \$5 a day.)

Howard O. Hilton	Rockford	1899
C. E. Snively	Canton	1899
F. M. Ryan	Streator	1899

**State Board of Pardon.**

Richard Lemon	Clinton	1898
E. J. Murphy	E. St. Louis	1899
Ethan Allen Snively	Springfield	1900

**Secretary**—R. N. McCauley, Springfield.**Commissioners Illinois State Penitentiary.**

Prison located at Joliet.

(Salary \$1,500 a year.)

Thomas O'Shaughnessy	Chicago	1899
John H. Pierce	Kewanee	1901
Homer H. Green	Bloomington	1903

**Warden**—R. W. McClaughry.**Commissioners Southern Illinois Penitentiary.**

Prison located at Chester.

(Salary \$1,500 a year.)

Thomas W. Scott	Fairfield	1899
Joseph B. Meesick	East St. Louis	1902
James E. Jobe	Harrisburg	1900

**Warden**—J. Mack Tanner.

These commissioners also have charge of the Asylum for Insane Criminals at Chester.

**State Board of Health.**

Office at Springfield.

	Term Expires
I. A. Adelsberger, <i>Pres.</i> .....	Waterloo.....1901
C. B. Johnson.....	Champaign.....1901
Florence Hunt.....	Chicago.....1901
F. H. Wessel.....	Moline.....1900
M. Meyerovitz.....	Chicago.....1900
S. C. Carr.....	E. St. Louis.....1902
R. F. Bennett.....	Litchfield.....1901

*Secretary*—J. A. Egan, Springfield.**Dental Examiners.**

(Salary \$5 a day.)

A. C. Barr.....	Alton.....1900
W. C. Jocelyn.....	Calro.....1899
J. H. Smyser.....	Chicago.....1898
H. W. Pitzer.....	Fairfield.....1901

*Secretary*—V. H. Smyser, southwest corner State and Randolph streets, Chicago.**Trustees of the Historical Library.**

Hiram W. Beckwith.....	Danville.....1899
Edmund J. James.....	Chicago.....1899
George W. Black.....	Springfield.....1899

*Librarian*—Mrs. J. P. Weber.**Board of Pharmacy.**

F. M. Schmitt.....	Chicago, Dec. 30, 1898
A. A. Culver.....	Momence.....1900
H. Lee Hatch.....	Jacksonville.....1900
William C. Simpson.....	Vienna.....1901
F. Lueder.....	Peoria.....1902

*Secretary*—Frank Fleury, Springfield.**Commission of Claims.**

(No compensation.)

J. C. McKenzie.....	Elizabeth.....1901
Walter Loudon.....	Carlyle.....1901
W. C. Jones.....	Robinson.....1901

**Live-Stock Commissioners.**

(Salary \$5 a day and expenses.)

Jas. H. Faddock, <i>Ch'n.</i> .....	Springfield, Ap. 1, 1900
James F. Lott.....	Chicago.....1900
J. M. Darnell.....	Rushville.....1899

*Secretary*—C. P. Johnson, Springfield.*State Veterinarian*—C. P. Lovejoy, Princeton.**Fish Commissioners.**

(Headquarters at Havana.)

S. P. Bartlett.....	Quincy.....July 1, 1899
Nathan H. Cohen.....	Urbana.....1898
Augustus Lenke.....	Chicago.....1897

**State Board of Mine Examiners.**

(Salary \$3 per day and expenses while in service.)

Richard Newsam, <i>Pres.</i> .....	Peoria.....
James Taylor.....	Edwards.....
F. M. McCann.....	Lincoln.....
C. Johnson.....	Spring Valley.....
Hugh Murray, <i>M. E.</i> .....	Nashville.....
Eben Howells, <i>Secretary.</i> .....	Braceville.....

**State Inspectors of Mines.**

Dist. (Salary \$1,800 per annum.)

1. Hector McAllister.....	Streator.....
2. Thomas Hudson.....	Galva.....
3. John W. Graham.....	Dunfermline.....
4. John E. Williams.....	Danville.....
5. Walton Rutledge.....	Alton.....
6. John Dunlop.....	Centralia.....
7. Evan D. John.....	Murohsboro.....

**State Board of Arbitration.**

(Salary \$1,500 per annum.)

Daniel J. Keefe, <i>Ch'n.</i> .....	Chicago, Mar. 1, 1901
Horace R. Caisel.....	Monticello.....1901
W. S. Forman.....	E. St. Louis.....1901

*Secretary*—J. McCan Davis, Springfield.**Board of Commissioners of Labor.**

(Salary \$5 per day for 30 days.)

	Term Expires
P. H. Donnelly, <i>Pres.</i> .....	Chicago.....1899
R. Smith.....	Flora.....1899
L. W. Friburg.....	Pana.....1899
Thomas D. Kellogg.....	Pana.....1899
Samuel M. Dalgli.....	Spring Valley.....1899

*Secretary*—David Ross, Springfield.**Factory Inspectors.**

(Office New Era building, Chicago.)

Louis Arrington.....	Alton.....\$1,500
Abraham Harris.....	Chicago.....1,400

**DEPUTY INSPECTORS.**

Mrs. Sarah Crowley.....	Chicago.....750
Mrs. Emma Jameson.....	Chicago.....750
Philip Steinhmueller.....	Chicago.....750
William Ehn.....	Galesburg.....750
Thomas Devenish.....	Chicago.....750
Mrs. Clarinda M. Cope.....	Chicago.....750
Mrs. Winnie M. Cressey.....	Chicago.....750
Mrs. F. H. Greene.....	Chicago.....750
C. P. Yates.....	Cerro Gordo.....750
Samuel Kelger.....	Chicago.....750

**Board of Examiners of Horsehoers.**

	Term Expires
Mathers Wilson, Jr.....	Mendota.....1902
Edward Carter, <i>Pres.</i> .....	Chicago.....1898
Alonso M. Eager.....	Chicago.....1898
J. G. Kirwan.....	Chicago.....1901
Thomas Botheroyd, <i>Secy.</i> .....	Chicago.....1899

**Board of Examiners of Architects.**

N. Clifford Ricker.....	Champaign.....1901
Dankman Adler.....	Chicago.....1899
William Zimmerman.....	Chicago.....1901
Peter B. Wright.....	Chicago.....1901
William H. Reeves.....	Peoria.....1899

**Asylum for the Blind.**

Trusts.....	Located at Jacksonville.
N. W. Branson.....	Petersburg.....1899
Augustus Dow.....	Pittsfield.....1901
Edward W. Raw.....	Chicago.....1899
<i>Superintendent</i> —Frank H. Hall.	
<i>Treasurer</i> —James P. King.	

**Industrial Home for the Blind.**

Located at Chicago.	
L. L. Smith.....	Evanston.....1899
William Ludewig.....	Chicago.....1899
William Barclay, <i>Pres.</i> .....	Chicago.....1899
F. S. Peabody.....	Chicago.....1899
Jacob H. Hopkins, <i>Secy.</i> .....	Chicago.....1899

**Institution for the Deaf and Dumb.**

Located at Jacksonville.	
George W. Harper, <i>Pres.</i> .....	Robinson.....1901
Robert Altoheeson.....	Carthage.....1899
John H. Collier.....	Gibson City.....1902
<i>Superintendent</i> —Dr. J. C. Gordon.	

**Eye and Ear Infirmary.**

Located at Chicago.	
J. W. Pettit.....	Ottawa.....1901
Francis B. Phillips.....	Bloomington.....1903
L. S. Lambert.....	Galesburg.....1899
<i>Superintendent</i> —C. T. Garrard.	
<i>Treasurer</i> —Arthur B. Fleager.	

**Institution for Feeble-Minded Children.**

Located at Lincoln.	
Zeno K. Wood.....	Mt. Pleasant.....1899
Clarence H. Gittings.....	Terre Haute.....1901
S. C. Smiley.....	O'Fallon.....1902
<i>Superintendent</i> —W. L. Athon.	
<i>Treasurer</i> —Henry C. Quisenberry.	

**Central Hospital for the Insane.**

**Trustees.** Located at Jacksonville. Term Expires.  
 Morris Emmerson.....Mt. Vernon.....1899  
 F. L. Sharp.....Jacksonville.....1903  
 James A. Glenn.....Ashland.....1901  
*Superintendent*—F. C. Winslow.  
*Treasurer*—John R. Robertson.

**Eastern Hospital for the Insane.**

Located at Kankakee.  
 George T. Buckingham.....Danville.....1905  
 Len Small.....Kankakee.....1903  
 John J. McGee.....Chicago.....1903  
*Superintendent*—William G. Stearns.  
*Treasurer*—E. A. Curtis, Grant Park.

**Northern Hospital for the Insane.**

Located at Elgin.  
 A. S. Wright.....Woodstock.....1899  
 J. C. Murphy.....Aurora.....1903  
 W. Scott Cowen.....Shannon.....1901  
*Superintendent*—John B. Hamilton.  
*Treasurer*—A. L. Grossman.

**Southern Hospital for the Insane.**

Located at Anna.  
 James Mitchell.....Marion.....1899  
 L. Krughoff.....Nashville.....1903  
 Samuel Hastings.....Cairo.....1901  
*Superintendent*—W. A. Stoker.  
*Treasurer*—John B. Jackson, Jonesboro.

**Western Hospital for the Insane.**

Located at Watertown.  
 John I. McCauley.....Clay City.....1901  
 Frank W. Gould.....Moline.....1903  
 Allen W. Clemens.....Chicago.....1899  
*Superintendent*—W. E. Taylor.  
*Treasurer*—Cornelius F. Lynde, Watertown.

**Soldiers and Sailors' Home.**

**Trustees.** Located at Quincy. Term Expires.  
 William O. Wright.....Freeport.....1899  
 John W. Rice.....Sterling.....1903  
 James A. Sexton.....Chicago.....1900  
*Superintendent*—Capt. William Somerville.  
*Treasurer*—Egbert H. Osborn.

**Soldiers' Orphans' Home.**

**Trustees.** Located at Normal. Term Expires.  
 Benson Wood.....Birmingham.....1899  
 W. G. Cochran.....Sullivan.....1901  
 W. R. Page.....Chicago.....1903  
*Superintendent*—Isaac Clements.  
*Treasurer*—Bert M. Kuhn, Bloomington.

**Soldiers' Widows' Home.**

Located at Wilmington.  
 Capt. M. N. M. Stewart.....Wilmington.....1899  
 Walter C. Newberry.....Chicago.....1899  
 Flora Johnson Miller.....Montello.....1899  
 Mrs. Christian Erickson.....Chicago.....1899  
 Mrs. Derilla Johnson.....Chicago.....1899  
*Matron*—Margaret R. Wickins.  
*Treasurer*—James Whitten.

**State Reformatory.**

**Managers.** Located at Pontiac.  
 William Jackson.....Rock Island.....1899  
 A. S. Wilderman.....Belleville.....1903  
 Francis Gilbert.....Chicago.....1901  
 Valentine Jobst.....Peoria.....1901  
 Samuel Fallows.....Chicago.....1899  
*Warden*—George T. Torrance.

**Home for Juvenile Female Offenders.**

Located at Geneva.  
 Mrs. J. D. Harvey.....Geneva.....1899  
 A. K. Perry.....Aurora.....1903  
 Henry Whittemore.....Sycamore.....1900  
 Mrs. F. H. Blackman.....Geneva.....1893  
 Victoria M. Richardson.....Princeton.....1893

**Game Wardens.**

Geo. W. Pool.....Peoria.....1893  
 H. W. Loveday.....Chicago.....1899

**Inspectors of Grain.**

E. J. Noble, *chief*.....Chicago.....1899  
 Thos. Stevenson.....Joliet.....1899  
 F. E. Lewis.....Savanna.....1899  
 W. F. Dixon.....Kankakee.....1899  
 J. M. Garland.....Deatur.....1899  
 J. S. McCloud.....Sheldon.....1893  
 G. W. Compton.....E. St. Louis.....1899

**OFFICIAL LIST OF ILLINOIS COUNTY OFFICERS FOR 1899.**

COUNTIES.	County seat.	County clerk.	Circuit clerk.	State's attorney.
Adams.....	Quincy.....	Jackson R. Pearce.....	Joseph L. Sheridan.....	Albert Akers.
Alexander.....	Cairo.....	Jesse E. Miller.....	Edmund S. Dewey.....	William N. Butler
Bond.....	Greenville.....	Wm. D. Matney.....	Ward Reid.....	Fred W. Fritz.
Boone.....	Belvidere.....	W. M. Bowley.....	Adelbert C. Fassett.....	Robert H. Wright.
Brown.....	Mt. Sterling.....	Edward Purcell.....	William S. Badgett.....	Walter I. Mannry.
Bureau.....	Princeton.....	Wm. Wilson.....	Henry Fuller.....	Watts A. Johnny.
Calhoun.....	Hardin.....	Chas. Florence.....	W. S. Wilson.....	T. J. Selby.
Carroll.....	Mt. Carroll.....	Andrew B. Adams.....	Reuben E. Watson.....	Ralph E. Eaton.
Cass.....	Virginia.....	Arthur M. Pendleton.....	Henry T. Kors.....	C. A. Schaeffer.
Champaign.....	Urbana.....	Thomas A. Burt.....	Jasper W. Porter.....	Andrew J. Miller.
Christian.....	Taylorville.....	Chas. A. Clark.....	Edward J. Rhodes.....	E. A. Humphreys.
Clark.....	Marshall.....	Chas. H. Thatcher.....	J. O. Snedeker.....	Samuel Schofield.
Clay.....	Louisville.....	Wesley E. Jackson.....	Crawford W. Erwin.....	Harvey W. Shriner.
Clinton.....	Carlyle.....	John S. Ackerman.....	Frank H. Albers.....	Thomas E. Ford.
Coles.....	Charleston.....	A. C. Sellars.....	William F. Furtill.....	Emery Andrews.
Cook.....	Chicago.....	Philip Knopf.....	John A. Cooke.....	Charles S. Deneen.
Crawford.....	Robinson.....	Chas. O. Harper.....	William S. Price.....	Hampton S. Bogard.
Cumberland.....	Toledo.....	John N. Kelly.....	William T. Deppen.....	Smith Misner.
DeKalb.....	Sycamore.....	Albert S. Kinsloe.....	S. T. Armstrong.....	Henry S. Early.
DeWitt.....	Clinton.....	Warren Hickman.....	William O. Rogers.....	John Fuller.
Douglas.....	Tuscola.....	Chas. A. Hawkins.....	Daniel A. Conover.....	John H. Chadwick.
DuPage.....	Wheaton.....	Henry F. Lawrence.....	Albert H. Wiant.....	Maxini Slusser.
Edgar.....	Paris.....	Elijah E. Ellledge.....	John L. Vance.....	Harry H. Van Sellar.
Edwards.....	Albion.....	Frank Woodham.....	Edwin J. Wilson.....	Joel C. Fitch.

## ILLINOIS COUNTY OFFICERS.—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	County seat.	County clerk.	Circuit clerk.	State's attorney.
Edmington	Edmington	Jno. H. Martin	Henry Hubrick	Jacob Zimmerman.
Fayette	Vandalia	F. M. Eckard	Lewis E. Mitchell	E. B. Spurgeon.
Ford	Paxton	W. B. Flora	T. D. Thompson	A. L. Phillips.
Franklin	Benton	Wm. P. Asa	H. B. Dial	R. H. Flannigan.
Fulton	Lewistown	Harvey J. Efnor	Richard E. Griffith	B. M. Chipperfield.
Gallatin	Shawneeto'n	Jno. McKelligott	James M. Gregg	George B. Parsons.
Greene	Carrollton	Wm. A. Hubbard	Thomas J. Kafferty	Douglas J. Sullivan.
Grundy	Morris	W. Scott Therce	Fred S. Johnson	George Huston.
Hamilton	McLeansboro	Frank Lockett	Hiram L. Maulding	Napoleon Rneed.
Hancock	Carthage	Jas. W. Westfall	William M. Gordon	Sterling P. Lemmon.
Hardin	Elizabethto'n	Clarence C. Madden	Milas Ferrell	J. Q. A. Ledbetter.
Henderson	Oquawka	Jno. M. Lukins	Harry F. McAllister	James W. Gordon.
Henry	Cambridge	Frank G. Welton	Philip B. Keeler	Emery C. Graves.
Iroquois	Wateeka	B. F. Price	Fred Benjamin	James W. Kern.
Jackson	Murphysboro	Scott Boucher	Benj. T. Williams	John W. Herbert.
Jasper	Newton	H. K. Powell	Isalah Stewart	H. C. Davidson.
Jefferson	Mt. Vernon	Jno. E. Piercy	Charles R. Keller	William C. Blair.
Jersey	Jerseyville	Jno. C. McGrath	Ludovic Laurent	Martin J. Dolan.
Jo Daviess	Galena	Michael McGuire	Richard M. Spensley	John C. Boevers.
Johnson	Hennas	Thomas M. Gore	Lew J. Smith	George B. Orlespie.
Kane	Geneseo	Jno. McKellar	John F. Dewey	Frank W. Joelyn.
Kankakee	Kankakee	Fred Mann	Len Small	B. L. Cooper.
Kendall	Yorkville	Wm. Hill	Avery N. Beebe	Albert M. Sweetland.
Knox	Galesburg	M. O. Williamson	Samuel V. Stickney	Eugene W. Welch.
Lake	Waukegan	Albert L. Hendee	William M. Ragan	C. T. Heydecker.
LaSalle	Ottawa	Fred. A. Hathaway	Henry Phillips	William H. Stead.
Lawrence	Lawrenceville	Geo. W. Hill	Charles F. Eselman	Noah M. Tobill.
Lee	Dixon	James H. Thompson	Ira W. Lewis	Edward H. Brewster.
Livingston	Pontiac	Fred Duckett	Erastus Hoobler	Ray Bladell.
Logan	Lincoln	X. F. Beldier	August B. Kuemmel	Andrew L. Anderson.
Macon	Deatur	J. M. Dodd	David L. Foster	Isaac E. Hill.
Macoupin	Carlinville	Orin G. Hartley	John Homer	John B. Vaughn.
Madison	Edwardsville	Henry Riniker	Thos. W. Springer	L. Newton Stolls.
Marion	Salem	A. Jackson Chance	Isaac B. Betts	Charles E. Jennings.
Marshall	Lacon	Edward J. Quinn	John Helm	John H. Franklin.
Mason	Havana	M. A. Terry	H. B. Samuell	S. A. Murdock.
Massac	Metropolis	Sam'l Atwell	Colfax Morris	Douglas W. Helm.
McDonough	Macomb	Jos. E. Lane	William S. Brown	Thomas H. B. Camp.
McHenry	Woodstock	Geo. F. Rushton	George B. Richards	Vincent S. Lumley.
McLean	Bloomington	R. L. Carlock	James C. Elder	R. L. Fleming.
Menard	Petersburg	H. M. Levering	Theo. C. Bennett	John M. Smoot.
Mercer	Aledo	Fred Hendrickson	William McManus	James M. Brock.
Monroe	Geneseo	Louk Duff	Jefferson	James E. Taylor.
Montgomery	Hillsboro	John M. Shoemaker	William H. Leaban	Reuben J. Goddard.
Morgan	Jacksonville	Frank J. Helms	Charles L. Hayden	H. G. Morris.
Moultrie	Sullivan	L. K. Scott	R. A. Silver	Charles J. Searle.
Ogle	Oregon	Jas. C. Feeler	Charles M. Gale	Berlie Capel.
Peoria	Peoria	Chas. A. Rudel	Thaddeus S. Simpson	Elbert S. Smith.
Perry	Pinckneyville	Jno. G. Taffee	Albert A. Driemeyer	Thos. E. Bottenberg.
Platt	Monticello	Benj. F. Kagey	Robert Hudgen	Thomas J. Priest.
Pike	Pittsfield	Jno. R. Gicker	Henry Bowers	W. O. Wallace.
Pope	Golconda	Joseph Lay	Tony R. Kerr	James H. Rennick.
Pulaski	Mound City	E. W. McClelland	Charles S. Britton	Martin D. Baker.
Putnam	Geneseo	Geo. F. Dunley	Jefferson	Osar E. Hill.
Randolph	Chester	Henry F. Faberty	William H. Miller	G. W. Cunningham.
Richland	Olney	Jno. Martin	George A. Keller	James Lingle.
Rock Island	Rock Island	Henry B. Hubbard	George W. Gamble	S. G. Wilson.
Saline	Harrisburg	Jas. H. Pearce	John H. Lee	George P. Ramsey.
Sangamon	Springfield	Chas. E. Opel	E. Dow Matheny	Lewis H. Hanna.
Schuyler	Rushville	Isaac Lewis	Kill B. Dixon	Frank M. Vernor.
Scott	Winchester	Jno. B. Thompson	Jackson L. Smithson	Bernard M. Rider.
Shelby	Shelbyville	Albert Allen	Thomas H. Graham	Isaac F. Spence.
Stark	Toulon	Wm W. Fuller	Joseph Chase	Walter Stager.
St. Clair	Belleville	Geo. K. Thomas	Thomas May, Jr.	William D. Heise.
Stephenson	Freeport	F. C. Held	E. W. Bolander	Richmond R. Fowler.
Tazewell	Pekin	Los Bergtresser	L. L. Champion	Arthur H. Frost.
Union	Jonesboro	J. W. Law	William H. Peak	George P. Gill.
Vermillion	Danville	Thos. J. Dale	Martin J. Barger	
Wabash	Mt. Carmel	Geo. A. King	George C. Harvey	
Warren	Monmouth	W. H. Sexton	L. O. Tourtellott	
Washington	Nashville	Henry F. Reuter	Thomas J. Vernor	
Wayne	Fairfield	A. L. Wall	James P. Turner	
White	Carmi	Jno. R. Kuykendall	John E. Stuart	
Whiteside	Morrison	Geo. W. Howe	Lauren E. Tuttle	
Will	Joliet	W. F. Hutchinson	Frank V. Bogart	
Williamson	Marion	Jas. F. Felts	Henry C. Jones	
Winnebago	Rockford	Marcus A. Norton	Lewis F. Lake	
Woodford	Eureka	Ed C. Engel	George Jock	

# Illinois State Legislature. 1899-1901.

## LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE FORTY-FIRST GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

### SENATE (by districts).

Republicans, 34.			Democrats, 15.			POPULIST, 1.		
Dist.	Name.	Postoffice.	County.	Dist.	Name.	Postoffice.	County.	
1.	D. J. May.	Chicago.	Cook.	27.	C. F. Gardner.	Mendota.	LaSalle.	
2.	S. H. Case.	Chicago.	Cook.	28.	O. F. Berry.	Carthage.	Hancock.	
3.	Sidney McCloud.	Chicago.	Cook.	29.	D. B. Hunt.	De Kalb.	De Kalb.	
4.	D. F. Curley.	Chicago.	Cook.	30.	H. M. Dunlap.	Savoy.	Champaign.	
5.	T. E. Mülchrist.	Chicago.	Cook.	31.	J. W. Templeton.	Princeton.	Bureau.	
6.	Wm. Sulltan.	Chicago.	Cook.	32.	A. A. Leeper.	Virginia.	Cass.	
7.	John Humphrey.	Orland.	Cook.	33.	William Pogue.	Osborn.	Rock Island.	
8.	F. K. Granger.	W. McHenry.	McHenry.	34.	Ed. McDaniel.	Jacksonville.	Morgan.	
9.	B. J. Maguire.	Chicago.	Cook.	35.	L. J. Townsend.	Galesburg.	Knox.	
10.	D. W. Baxter.	Rochelle.	Ogle.	36.	W. L. Mounts.	Carlinville.	Macoupin.	
11.	Niels Juul.	Chicago.	Cook.	37.	John McAdams.	Quincy.	Adams.	
12.	H. F. Aspinwall.	Freeport.	Stephenson.	38.	N. S. Bussess.	Greenville.	Bond.	
13.	J. P. Mahoney.	Chicago.	Cook.	39.	C. W. Funderbark.	Glenau.	Sangamon.	
14.	H. H. Evans.	Aurora.	Kane.	40.	S. Pemberton.	Oakland.	Coles.	
15.	P. F. Galligan.	Chicago.	Cook.	41.	J. N. C. Shumway.	Paylorville.	Christian.	
16.	I. M. Hamilton.	Cisna Park.	Iroquois.	42.	Charles E. Hall.	Salem.	Martin.	
17.	John Broderick.	Chicago.	Cook.	43.	B. L. Hussman.	Efingham.	Efingham.	
18.	Chas. Hayward.	Paxton.	Ford.	44.	J. Landrigan.	Albion.	Edwards.	
19.	D. A. Campbell.	Chicago.	Cook.	45.	C. A. Davidson.	Newton.	Jasper.	
20.	R. B. Fort.	Iacon.	Marshall.	46.	J. T. Payne.	Mt. Vernon.	Jefferson.	
21.	F. A. Busse.	Chicago.	Cook.	47.	John J. Brecht.	Alton.	Madison.	
22.	G. Stubbfield.	Bloomington.	McLean.	48.	A. C. Hollinger.	Waterloo.	Monroe.	
23.	Harry G. Hall.	Chicago.	Cook.	49.	H. C. Hyde.	Belleville.	St. Clair.	
24.	J. D. Padam.	Chicago.	Peoria.	50.	Walter Warden.	Chiro.	Alexander.	
25.	W. M. Odell.	Wilmington.	Will.	51.	P. T. Chapman.	Vienna.	Johnson.	
26.	W. S. Edwards.	Lewistown.	Fulton.					

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES (by districts).

Republicans, 81.			Democrats, 71.			PROHIBITION, 1.		
Dist.	Name.	Postoffice.	County.	Dist.	Name.	Postoffice.	County.	
1.	Dennis J. Leahy.	Chicago.	Cook.	John Dockery.	Chicago.	Cook.		
	James Hackett.	Chicago.	Cook.	Pat'k J. Meaney.	Chicago.	Cook.		
	A. J. Kettinger.	Chicago.	Cook.	16.	J. J. Kirby.	Momence.	Kankakee.	
2.	F. J. Sullivan.	Chicago.	Cook.	E. C. Curtis.	Grant Park.	Kankakee.		
	John S. Varley.	Chicago.	Cook.	Jno. L. Hamilton.	Waukegan.	Iroquois.		
	J. R. Newcomer.	Chicago.	Cook.	17.	D. V. McDonough.	Chicago.	Cook.	
3.	J. P. McGourty.	Chicago.	Cook.	S. A. Malato.	Chicago.	Cook.		
	C. N. Go downe.	Chicago.	Cook.	Albert Glade.	Chicago.	Cook.		
	Wm. Mayhew.	Chicago.	Cook.	18.	W. G. Herron.	Allerton.	Vermilion.	
4.	M. J. Butler.	Chicago.	Cook.	John E. P. Butz.	Potomac.	Vermilion.		
	Joseph Fritchell.	Chicago.	Cook.	Charles A. Allen.	Hoopeston.	Vermilion.		
	F. C. Chatham.	Chicago.	Cook.	19.	Dan' V. Harkin.	Chicago.	Cook.	
	Robert Redfield.	Chicago.	Cook.	John Meyer.	Chicago.	Cook.		
	Lynn H. Young.	Chicago.	Cook.	Chas. G. Johnson.	Chicago.	Cook.		
	Win. L. Martin.	Chicago.	Cook.	20.	Michael Cleary.	Odell.	Livingston.	
5.	George M. Hapd.	Chicago.	Cook.	M. C. Egnus.	Forrest.	Livingston.		
	J. M. Nowicki.	Chicago.	Cook.	Josiah Kerrick.	Minonk.	Livingston.		
	E. J. Brundage.	Chicago.	Cook.	21.	Jas. H. Farrell.	Chicago.	Cook.	
7.	Edw. H. Altine.	Chicago.	Cook.	Henry C. Bettler.	Chicago.	Cook.		
	Wm. Thierman.	Elk Grove.	Cook.	Carl Mueller.	Chicago.	Cook.		
	Walter A. Lantz.	Lafayette.	Cook.	22.	Miles Brooks.	Stanford.	McLean.	
8.	J. C. Donnelly.	Woodstock.	McHenry.	A. J. Scroggin.	Lexington.	McLean.		
	George R. Lynn.	Waukegan.	Lake.	Duncan M. Funk.	Bloomington.	McLean.		
	Du Fay A. Fuller.	Belvidere.	Bacon.	23.	Geo. F. O'Malley.	Chicago.	Cook.	
9.	John Mulvey.	Chicago.	Cook.	Dennis Sullivan.	Chicago.	Cook.		
	C. J. Bellm.	Chicago.	Cook.	S. E. Erickson.	Chicago.	Cook.		
	D. E. Shanahan.	Chicago.	Cook.	24.	Peter F. Cahill.	Brimfield.	Peoria.	
10.	FRANK REGAN.	Rockford.	Winnebago.	Alra Merrill.	N. Hampton.	Peoria.		
	Henry Andrews.	Rockford.	Winnebago.	E. D. McCulloch.	Peoria.	Peoria.		
	J. A. Counteyman.	Lindenwood.	Ogle.	25.	M. F. Henneberry.	Wilmington.	Will.	
11.	Geo. B. Harris.	Chicago.	Cook.	John Kolstedt.	Monee.	Will.		
	Peter H. Olsen.	Chicago.	Cook.	Samuel J. Drew.	Joliet.	Will.		
	William Barvelay.	Chicago.	Cook.	26.	Jesse Black, Jr.	Pekin.	Tazewell.	
12.	Mike H. Cleary.	Galesburg.	Jo Daviess.	J. W. Johnson.	Canton.	Tazewell.		
	David F. Busell.	Milledgeville.	Carroll.	U. J. Albertson.	Pekin.	Tazewell.		
	J. H. Berryman.	Seneca Mound.	Jo Daviess.	27.	J. McLaughlan.	LaSalle.	LaSalle.	
13.	John Chuman.	Chicago.	Cook.	I. H. Traubridge.	Marselles.	LaSalle.		
	Wm. Carmody.	Chicago.	Cook.	Joseph J. Pool.	Earlville.	LaSalle.		
	J. P. Curran.	Chicago.	Cook.	28.	J. A. Anderson.	Hamilton.	Cass.	
14.	Saml' A. Schubler.	Aurora.	Kane.	Geo. M. Black.	Rushville.	Schuyler.		
	Guy L. Bush.	Downer's Gr.	DuPage.	L. Y. Sherman.	Macomb.	McDonough.		
	John Stewart.	Elburn.	Kane.	29.	Jas. Brannen.	Sycamore.	De Kalb.	
15.	Edw. H. Rorik.	Chicago.	Cook.	W. I. Guffin.	Paw Paw.	Lee.		

## HOUSE.—CONTINUED.

Dist.	Name.	Postoffice.	County.	Dist.	Name.	Postoffice.	County.
	Chas. T. Cherry.....	Oswego.....	Kendall.		C. A. Purdunn.....	Marshall.....	Clark.
1.	H. J. Robinson.....	Parkville.....	Champaign.		John W. Lewis.....	Marshall.....	Clark.
	S. R. Garver.....	Farmer City.....	De Witt.	44.	Jas. B. Bryant.....	Herald.....	White.
	Ormer Mansfield.....	Mansfield.....	Platt.		Jo. L. Howell.....	Shawneetown.....	Gallatin.
1.	M. Kennedy.....	Arlington.....	Bureau.		J. Partidge.....	Carroll.....	White.
	A. N. Albright.....	Union Grove.....	Whiteside.	45.	Thos. Tippet.....	Olney.....	Richland.
	A. W. Hopkins.....	Granville.....	Putnam.		Carl Busse.....	Lawrenceville.....	Lawrence.
2.	John C. Young.....	Kilbourne.....	Mason.		Jas. H. Wood.....	Robinson.....	Crawford.
	N. P. Gasaway.....	Latham.....	Logan.	46.	Samuel H. Ray.....	Fairfield.....	Wayne.
	David C. White.....	Forest City.....	Mason.		P. L. McNabb.....	McLeansboro.....	Hamilton.
3.	E. W. Hurst.....	Rock Island.....	Rock Island.		N. H. Moss.....	Mt. Vernon.....	Jefferson.
	G. W. Johnson.....	Moline.....	Rock Island.	47.	J. A. Shephard.....	Jerseyville.....	Jersey.
	Wm. W. Cole.....	Geneseo.....	Rock Island.		J. K. Caldwell.....	Jerseyville.....	Jersey.
4.	A. A. Retallic.....	Berry.....	Pike.		Wm. McKelrick.....	Stanton.....	Macoupin.
	Thos. Meehan.....	Bluffs.....	Scott.	48.	Arthur M. Lee.....	Carbondale.....	Jackson.
	J. A. McKenna.....	Winchester.....	Scott.		Jos. W. Drury.....	Watson.....	Monroe.
5.	Chas. C. Craig.....	Galesburg.....	Knox.		Robt. E. Brown.....	Sparta.....	Randolph.
	G. C. Rankin.....	Montmouth.....	Warren.	49.	John Green.....	Belleville.....	St. Clair.
	C. A. Samuelsen.....	Sherrard.....	Mercer.		H. R. Heimbarger.....	Belleville.....	St. Clair.
6.	W. V. Rhodes.....	Wrightsville.....	Greene.		W. E. Troutmann.....	Caseyville.....	St. Clair.
	W. T. Conlee.....	Carlinville.....	Macoupin.	50.	W. H. Warder.....	Marion.....	Williamson.
	J. B. Searey.....	Palmyra.....	Macoupin.		J. E. N. Edwards.....	Anna.....	Union.
7.	Jacob Groves.....	Camp Point.....	Adams.		J. H. Hilboldt.....	Jonesboro.....	Union.
	Elmer A. Perry.....	Mt. Sterling.....	Brown.	51.	Oliver J. Page.....	Metropolis.....	Massac.
	W. Schlegel.....	Quincy.....	Adams.		Geo. E. Martin.....	Mound City.....	Pulaski.
8.	Robt. W. Ross.....	Vandalia.....	Payette.		A. G. Abney.....	Harrisburg.....	Salem.
	Thos. Zinn.....	Farina.....	Payette.				
	G. A. Carleton.....	Kokomo.....	Montgomery.				
9.	John A. Vincent.....	Springfield.....	Sangamon.				
	M. P. V. Arnold.....	Springfield.....	Sangamon.				
	Harry Kamler.....	Springfield.....	Sangamon.				
10.	G. H. Graybill.....	Shelbyville.....	Shelby.				
	Chas. C. Leo.....	Charleston.....	Coles.				
	Carl S. Burgett.....	Newman.....	Douglas.				
11.	Rufus Huff.....	Sullivan.....	Moultrie.				
	Jas. M. Gray.....	Decatur.....	Mason.				
	T. L. McDaniel.....	Levington.....	Moultrie.				
12.	C. E. Phillips.....	Louisville.....	Clay.				
	Geo. Louden.....	Trenton.....	Clinton.				
	Thos. Williams.....	Louisville.....	Chy.				
43.	J. T. Hackley.....	Trilla.....	Coles.				

SENATE.			
Republicans.....	.....	.....	.....
Democrats.....	.....	.....	.....
People's Party.....	.....	.....	.....
HOUSE.			
Republicans.....	.....	.....	.....
Democrats.....	.....	.....	.....
Prohibition.....	.....	.....	.....
JOINT ASSEMBLY.			
Republicans.....	.....	.....	.....
Democrats.....	.....	.....	.....
People's Party.....	.....	.....	.....
Prohibition.....	.....	.....	.....

SENATE.		
Republicans.....	34	
Democrats.....	16	
People's Party.....	1	
HOUSE.		
Republicans.....	81	
Democrats.....	71	
Prohibition.....	1	
JOINT ASSEMBLY.		
Republicans.....	115	
Democrats.....	87	
People's Party.....	1	
Prohibition.....	1	

## STATE LEGISLATURE—1899-1901. (Alphabetically Arranged.)

## SENATE.

Name.	Dist.	Name.	Dist.	Name.	Dist.
Aspinwall, Homer F.....	12	Evans, Henry H.....	14	May, Daniel J.....	1
Baxter, Delos W.....	10	Fort, Robert B.....	20	McAdams, John.....	37
Beagle, Henry C.....	49	Funderburk, G. W.....	59	McCloud, Sidney.....	1
Berry, Orville E.....	28	Galligan, Peter F.....	15	McConnell, Edw.....	24
Bogartus, Charles.....	18	Gardner, Corbus P.....	27	Michie, Thos. E.....	5
Bollinger, Albert C.....	48	Granger, Favel E.....	8	Mounts, William.....	25
Bronbolt, John J.....	47	Hamilton, Isaac M.....	16	Odell, William M.....	25
Broderick, John.....	17	Hall, Harry G.....	21	Payne, Jos. T.....	46
Russe, Fred A.....	21	Hull, Charles E.....	42	Payne, William.....	38
Campbell, Daniel A.....	19	Humphrey, John.....	7	Peaberton, Stanton.....	40
Cane, Nelson H.....	2	Hunt, Daniel D.....	29	Putnam, James H.....	24
Chapman, Pleasant T.....	61	Husman, Bernard L.....	43	Shumway, John N. C.....	41
Curtley, Daniel F.....	4	Juul, Niels.....	11	Stubbfield, Geo. W.....	23
Davidson, Chas. A.....	45	Landrigan, John.....	6	Sullivan, William.....	6
Dresser, Nathaniel S.....	38	Leeper, Arthur A.....	52	Templeton, James W.....	21
Dunlap, Henry M.....	30	Maquire, Bernard J.....	9	Townsend, Leon A.....	45
Edwards, W. S.....	26	Mahoney, Joseph P.....	15	Warder, Walter.....	56

## HOUSE.

Name.	Dist.	Name.	Dist.	Name.	Dist.
Abbott, Alfred N.....	31	Boyd, George M.....	6	Carmody, William.....	12
Abney, A. G.....	61	Branks, James.....	29	Carstens, Garrett.....	25
Albertsen, Ubbjo J.....	26	Brooks, Miles.....	22	Cavanagh, James P.....	19
Allen, Charles A.....	18	Brown, Robert C.....	48	Cherry, Chas. T.....	29
Ailing, Edward H.....	7	Brundage, E. J.....	6	Churnan, John.....	12
Alschuler, Samuel.....	14	Bryant, James B.....	44	Cleary, Michael.....	29
Anderson, James A.....	28	Burgett, Carl S.....	40	Cleary, Michael H.....	12
Andrus, Henry.....	30	Bush, G. L.....	14	Coile, W. W.....	23
Arnold, B. P. V.....	10	Buse, Carl.....	45	Conlee, W.....	38
Barclay, William.....	11	Bunell, D. C.....	32	Countryside, James A.....	10
Beltier, Henry C.....	21	Butler, Michael J.....	4	Craig, Charles C.....	25
Belinski, C. J.....	9	Butz, J. E. P.....	18	Curtis, Ed C.....	15
Berryman, James R.....	12	Cadwallader, Jesse K.....	47	Doekery, John.....	13
Black, Geo. M.....	28	Cahill, Peter F.....	21	Donnelly, John C.....	8
Black, Jr., Jesse.....	26	Callahan, Patrick C.....	4	Drew, Samuel J.....	26

## HOUSE.—CONTINUED.

Name.	Dist.	Name.	Dist.	Name.	Dist.
Drury, Joseph W.	48	Kirby, James J.	16	Perry, Elmer A.	3
Edwards, J. E. N.	50	Kristedt, John.	25	Phillips, Chas. E.	4
Elgus, M. C.	20	Kunler, Harry A.	39	Pool, Joseph J.	2
Erickson, Samuel E.	23	Lantz, Walter A.	7	Purdunn, Chas. A.	4
Farrell, James H.	21	Leahy, Denis J.	1	Rankin, Geo. C.	3
Freichel, Joseph.	4	Lee, Arthur M.	48	Rea, Sam. H.	4
Fuller, DuFay A.	8	Lee, Chas. C.	40	Redfield, Robert.	1
Funk, Duncan M.	22	Lewis, John W.	42	Regan, Frank.	1
Garver, S. B.	30	Louden, Geo.	42	Retallic, Thos. A.	3
Gasaway, Nicholas P.	32	Lyons, Geo. R.	8	Rhodes, Wm. V.	3
Glade, Albert.	17	Malato, S. A.	17	Robinson, Hugh J.	3
Goodnow, Chas. N.	3	Mansfield, Oscar.	30	Rorig, Ed. H.	1
Gray, James M.	41	Martin, G. E.	51	Ross, Robt. W.	3
Graybill, Geo. R.	40	Martin, W. E.	5	Samuelson, C. A.	3
Green John.	49	Mayhew, William.	8	Schlagenhaut, W.	3
Groves, Jacob.	37	McCluskey, Ed. D.	24	Scrogin, A. J.	2
Guffin, W. J.	29	McDaniel, T. L.	41	Searcy, James B.	3
Hackett, James.	1	McDonough, D. V.	17	Shanahan, David E.	1
Hackley, Isaac T.	43	McGorty, J. P.	3	Shepherd, John A.	4
Hamilton, John L.	16	McKeene, John A.	31	Sherman, L. Y.	2
Harkin, Daniel V.	19	McKittick, Wm.	47	Stewart, John.	1
Harris, Geo. H.	11	McLaughlin, John	27	Sullivan, Dennis.	2
Helmsberger, H. R.	49	McNabb, F. L.	46	Sullivan, F. J.	1
Hennberry, M. F.	25	Meane, E. J.	15	Thomason, William.	1
Herron, William G.	18	Meehan, Thomas.	34	Tippit, Thomas.	4
Hilboldt, J. H.	50	Meier, John.	19	Trautmann, W. E.	4
Hopkins, A. W.	31	Merrill, Alva.	24	Trowbridge, I. H.	2
Howell, J. L.	44	Morley, John.	9	Varley, John S.	1
Huff, Rufus.	41	Moss, Norman H.	46	Vincent, John A.	3
Hurst, E. W.	33	Mueller, Carl.	21	Warder, W. H.	5
Johnson, Chas. G.	19	Newcomer, John R.	2	White, David C.	3
Johnson, Geo. W.	33	Nowicki, John M.	6	Williams, Thomas.	4
Johnson, John W.	20	Olsen, Peter B.	11	Wood, James H.	4
Kennedy, Michael.	31	O'Malley, John F.	23	Young, John C.	3
Kerrick, Josiah.	29	Page, Oliver J.	51	Young, Linn H.	1
Kottering, Albert J.	1	Partridge, Jasper.	44	Zinn, Thomas.	3

## VOTE ON ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE—1898.

(Those elected designated by a \*.)

## FOR STATE SENATORS—41ST AND 42D GENERAL ASSEMBLIES.

Dist.	Name.	Vote.	Dist.	Name.	Vote.
1.	*Daniel J. May, Rep.	9,238	15.	John J. Morrison, Rep.	6,762
	John C. Sterchie, Dem.	8,990		*Peter F. Galligan, Dem.	8,691
	James J. Muir, Peo.	184		Henry J. Cohn, Peo.	177
	Robert Johnson, Pro.	55		Albert G. Beebe, Pro.	115
	Herman Pahl, Soc. Lab.	101		Daniel Gannon, Ind.	116
	Julius L. Singer, Ind.	20			
3.	*Sidney McCloud, Rep.	18,318	17.	Edward J. Dwyer, Rep.	5,493
	William R. Bowes, Dem.	11,061		*John Broderick, Dem.	7,563
	Amrose Smith, Peo.	294		John McDonald, Peo.	162
	Dr. Samuel A. Wilson, Pro.	267		George T. Carpenter, Pro.	86
	Charles Stelhof, Soc. Lab.	435	19.	*Daniel A. Campbell, Rep.	8,526
5.	*Thomas E. Milchrist, Rep.	16,538		Patrick A. Nash, Dem.	7,653
	Eugene Frager, Dem.	8,148		Henry H. Gill, Pro.	85
	Dr. James H. Blair, Peo.	117		F. Stelmaki, Soc. Lab.	158
	John Nuveen, Pro.	100	21.	*Fred A. Busse, Rep.	11,235
7.	*John Humphrey, Rep.	7,646		Herman Fry, Dem.	8,779
	Patrick E. O'Neil, Dem.	6,619		Sylvester R. Keogh, Peo.	131
	Charles Beckstead, Peo.	148		Albert A. Kraft, Pro.	50
	Herman N. Knapp, Pro.	330		Max Siebken, Soc. Lab.	150
	George P. Engelhard, Ind.	6,481	23.	*Harry G. Hall, Rep.	7,257
9.	*Frank J. Karsch, Rep.	6,915		William H. Lyman, Dem.	6,718
	*Bernard J. Maguire, Dem.	9,128		George A. Landgren, Peo.	86
	Patrick J. Dunning, Peo.	121		Peter Olsen, Pro.	43
11.	*Nels Juul, Rep.	14,473		C. G. Nelson, Soc. Lab.	144
	Louis Misch, Dem.	10,176	25.	*William M. Odell, Rep.	7,298
	Charles A. Carson, Peo.	224		Samuel Sillman, Dem.	4,614
	Wallace E. Day, Pro.	113		Milton E. Cornell, Pro.	93
	Thomas Laumann, Soc. Lab.	448	27.	*Corbus P. Gardner, Rep.	9,142
13.	William J. Cooke, Rep.	5,771		Henry Hoerner, Dem.	7,317
	*J. P. Mahoney, Dem.	5,873		David Richey, Peo.	137
	John Pecha, Ind.	798		Joshua Pusey, Pro.	169

## STATE SENATORS.—CONTINUED.

Dist.		Votes	Dist.		Votes
29.	*Daniel D. Hunt, Rep.	10,591	*John N. C. Shurway, Dem.	10,390	
	Fred R. Hanlon, Dem.	4,710	Charles W. Egbert, Pro.	191	
	Francis Riddell, Peo.	722	John H. Huggely, Peo.	263	
31.	*James W. Templeton, Rep.	9,706	42. Albert Campbell, Rep.	9,223	
	Frank L. Whitting, Dem.	5,984	*Bernard L. Hussman, Dem.	9,350	
	Willis W. Batcheller, Peo.	458	Harvey M. Brooks, Pro.	307	
33.	*William Payne, Rep.	10,282	Henry Y. Keilar, Peo.	244	
	Joseph H. Mulligan, Dem.	6,418	45. James P. Jack, Rep.	6,908	
	Byron Jordan, Peo.	237	*Charles A. Davidson, Dem.	7,798	
35.	*Leon A. Townsend, Rep.	12,896	William E. Poland, Pro.	317	
	Benjamin H. Martin, Dem.	6,795	Jesse B. Norviel, Peo.	172	
	Charles G. Kindred, Pro.	423	47. *John J. Brenholt, Rep.	8,274	
37.	Michael Peggatt, Rep.	6,879	Thomas W. Kinder, Dem.	8,083	
	*John McAdams, Dem.	8,479	Joseph W. Peers, Peo.	143	
	William B. Reg, Pro.	135	49. *Henry C. Begole, Rep.	7,276	
39.	David T. Littler, Rep.	8,181	George O. Purdy, Dem.	6,363	
	*George W. Funderburk, Dem.	8,467	Adolph Scheske, Pro.	136	
	Edmund Miller, Pro.	311	Edwin C. Hammen, Peo.	142	
	John Alsbury, Peo.	43	51. *Pleasant T. Chapman, Rep.	7,659	
41.	M. F. Kanan, Rep.	10,017	E. H. Tucker, Dem.	4,529	
			William G. Showers, Peo.	124	

## REPRESENTATIVES—41ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Dist.		Votes	Dist.		Votes
1.	Albert E. Ebert, Rep.	12,068	*John C. Donnelly, Dem.	5,573	
	*Albert J. Kettering, Rep.	12,355	George A. Mawman, Peo.	4,931	
	*Denis J. Leahy, Dem.	14,654	Emory D. Hull, Pro.	894	
	*James Hackett, Dem.	14,553	9. *David E. Shanahan, Rep.	17,426	
	W. E. Barry, Peo.	370	*John Morley, Dem.	10,910	
	John V. Ryerson, Pro.	160	*C. J. Bellinski, Dem.	9,178	
	Louis Kauselbaum, Soc. Lab.	295	W. A. Dorman, Dem.	8,712	
	Peter A. Hogan, Ind.	38	Adolph M. Werner, Peo.	439	
	Stephen W. Pekin, Ind.	656	John J. Fanning, Ind.	103	
2.	*John S. Varley, Rep.	21,187	Patrick Costello, Ind.	1,229	
	*John R. Newcomer, Rep.	20,771	James F. McCarthy, Ind.	984	
	*Francis J. Sullivan, Dem.	31,361	10. *Henry Andrus, Rep.	8,391	
	P. W. Jennings, Peo.	778	*James A. Countryman, Rep.	8,074	
	Hugh W. Matthews, Pro.	473	Joseph W. Bacharach, Dem.	5,902	
	Henry Fernquist, Soc. Lab.	350	*Frank Began, Peo.	9,036	
3.	*Charles Newell Goodnow, Rep.	26,868	11. *Peter B. Olsen, Rep.	20,637	
	*William Maybaw, Rep.	21,128	*William Barclay, Rep.	20,281	
	*J. P. McGoorty, Dem.	32,039	G. S. Foster, Dem.	16,037	
	James McCrone, Peo.	866	*George H. Harris, Dem.	16,497	
	Edwin C. Woolley, Pro.	794	Roxford S. Welch, Pro.	226	
	Grant Depeuw, Soc. Lab.	1,190	H. E. Traenkel, Soc. Lab.	1,083	
	Harry H. Harvey, Anti-M.	263	Henry Larson, Ind.	159	
4.	Henry D. Fulton, Rep.	15,435	Johan Waage, Peo.	679	
	*Patrick C. Callahan, Rep.	16,753	12. *David C. Busell, Rep.	12,139	
	*Michael J. Butler, Dem.	18,786	*James R. Berryman, Rep.	12,637	
	*Joseph Frieche, Dem.	17,707	F. S. Smith, Dem.	9,296	
	W. B. Buell, Peo.	1,016	*Michael H. Cleary, Dem.	12,332	
	Daniel Golden, Pro.	419	Richard D. Dertken, Pro.	609	
	Samuel J. McCoy, Ind.	136	13. *Charles P. Cavanagh, Rep.	11,046	
5.	*Linn H. Young, Rep.	23,799	*John Churan, Dem.	9,707	
	*William L. Martin, Rep.	23,303	*William Carmody, Dem.	8,350	
	*Robert Redfield, Dem.	24,601	James Kozisek, Ind.	1,597	
	W. W. Clay, Peo.	367	A. Wolosheim, Ind.	545	
	John H. Hill, Pro.	899	Phillip Rosenberg, Ind.	679	
	John H. Howard, Ind.	269	Simon Shaffer, Ind.	4,394	
6.	*George M. Boyd, Rep.	15,091	14. *Guy L. Bush, Rep.	13,226	
	*Edward J. Brundage, Rep.	14,992	*John Stewart, Rep.	12,574	
	William J. Stapleton, Dem.	14,909	*Samuel Alschuler, Dem.	12,796	
	*John M. Nowicki, Dem.	15,685	Henry F. Kleisling, Pro.	1,366	
	George M. Beckwith, Ind.	594	15. *Patrick J. Meaney, Rep.	9,710	
7.	*Edward H. Alling, Rep.	15,585	Stanley Haremski, Rep.	8,576	
	*William Thiemann, Rep.	14,691	*Edward H. Rorig, Dem.	12,663	
	*Walter A. Lantz, Dem.	17,804	*John Dockery, Dem.	14,365	
	Thomas J. Casey, Peo.	318	E. Curran, Ind.	945	
	Francis V. Phillips, Pro.	1,048	James H. Haswell, Ind.	373	
	John M. Green, Ind.	4,825	16. *John L. Hamilton, Rep.	10,478	
	John W. Senne, Ind.	6,220	*Edward C. Curtis, Rep.	11,867	
	William H. Condon, Ind. Dem.	210	Freeman P. Morris, Dem.	8,490	
8.	*George R. Lyon, Rep.	11,546	*James J. Kirby, Dem.	10,766	
	*DuFay A. Fuller, Rep.	11,296	Harry M. Barnett, Pro.	694	

## REPRESENTATIVES.—CONTINUED.

Dist.		Vote.	Dist.		Vote.
17.	*Albert Glade, Rep.....	11,184	*James Branan, Dem.....	12,405	
	*D. V. McDonough, Dem.....	10,496	Arthur E. Burleigh, Pro.....	7,443	
	*B. A. Malato, Dem.....	10,376			
	John A. Rogers, Ind.....	8,078	30. *Samuel B. Garver, Rep.....	14,746	
	J. B. Smiley, Peo.....	588	*Oscar Mansfield, Rep.....	14,820	
	John H. Silsander, Pro.....	208	*Hugh J. Robinson, Dem.....	22,084	
	William H. Riley, Ind.....	61	William H. Wisegarver, Pro.....	903	
	John E. Erwin, Ind.....	272			
18.	*Charles A. Allen, Rep.....	11,170	31. *Alfred N. Abbott, Rep.....	14,003	
	*William G. Herron, Rep.....	11,306	*Archibald W. Hopkins, Rep.....	13,804	
	William M. Kines, Dem.....	7,860	Fred K. Bastian, Dem.....	8,676	
	*John E. P. Butz, Dem.....	8,019	*Michael Kennedy, Dem.....	11,592	
	Columbus Jennings, Pro.....	1,015	Samuel T. Shirley, Pro.....	1,169	
19.	*Charles G. Johnson, Rep.....	11,249	32. *David C. White, Rep.....	14,298	
	*John Meier, Rep.....	10,235	James C. Taylor, Rep.....	10,961	
	Benjamin F. Mitchell, Dem.....	9,362	*John C. Young, Dem.....	14,648	
	*Daniel V. Harkin, Dem.....	11,453	*Nicholas P. Gasaway, Dem.....	14,440	
	James H. McClure, Peo.....	698	G. W. Leeper, Peo.....	287	
	Holbin S. Turner, Pro.....	245	Edward E. Everett, Pro.....	584	
	G. S. Rebokowich, Soc. Lab.....	298			
	Stanley J. Popek, Ind.....	5,787	33. *George W. Johnson, Rep.....	15,218	
20.	*M. C. Eignus, Rep.....	12,536	William W. Cole, Rep.....	15,392	
	*Josiah Kerrick, Rep.....	12,844	*Elmore W. Hurst, Dem.....	18,806	
	*Michael Keary, Dem.....	12,518	John Armstrong, Pro.....	770	
	Robert N. West, Dem.....	11,956	34. *John A. McKeene, Rep.....	20,860	
	Marion Gallup, Pro.....	1,225	*Thomas A. Retaillic, Dem.....	13,596	
21.	*Henry C. Bettler, Rep.....	16,536	*Thomas Meehan, Dem.....	13,472	
	*Carl Mueller, Rep.....	15,832	Asahel Duff, Peo.....	1,664	
	*James H. Farrell, Dem.....	21,532	John E. Vertrees, Pro.....	650	
	Charles H. Adams, Peo.....	517			
	William J. Mac Mehan, Pro.....	158	35. *George C. Rankin, Rep.....	19,145	
	John Boenning, Soc. Lab.....	370	*Charles A. Samuelson, Rep.....	19,087	
	John S. Butler, Ind.....	4,993	*Charles C. Craig, Dem.....	20,517	
	William Griesenbeck, Ind.....	257	Joseph J. Milne, Pro.....	1,247	
22.	*Arthur J. Scroggin, Rep.....	9,676	36. *James S. Searcy, Rep.....	17,085	
	*Duncan M. Funk, Rep.....	9,659	*William V. Rhodes, Dem.....	10,285	
	*Miles Brooks, Dem.....	13,335	*William T. Conlee, Dem.....	10,108	
	William P. Allen, Peo.....	1,185	John G. M. Dullenberger, Pro.....	635	
23.	*Samuel E. Erickson, Rep.....	10,127	Charles I. Taylor, Ind. Dem.....	557	
	John R. Petersen, Rep.....	9,273	Henley Wilkinson, Ind.....	2,590	
	*John F. O'Malley, Dem.....	11,119			
	*Dennis E. Sullivan, Dem.....	11,476	37. *William Schlagenhauf, Rep.....	10,424	
	John Wettengell, Peo.....	244	Lewis A. Madson, Rep.....	10,019	
	Ernest D. Meyers, Pro.....	102	*Jacob Groves, Dem.....	12,450	
	R. S. McFarlan, Soc. Lab.....	276	*Elmer A. Perry, Dem.....	12,226	
	Louis Ruethling, Ind.....	158	Horace S. Brown, Pro.....	357	
24.	*Alva Merrill, Rep.....	11,588	38. *Thomas Zinn, Rep.....	11,568	
	*Edward D. McCulloch, Rep.....	11,500	*Garrett A. Carstens, Rep.....	11,855	
	*Peter F. Cahill, Dem.....	10,072	Robert W. Ross, Dem.....	11,510	
	Samuel C. Davis, Dem.....	8,868	*Hugh A. Snell, Dem.....	11,527	
	Daniel R. Sheen, Pro.....	1,750	L. W. Hartman, Peo.....	1,224	
25.	*John Kolstedt, Rep.....	10,511	Charles J. Upton, Pro.....	734	
	*Samuel J. Drew, Rep.....	9,896			
	Fred Wahls, Dem.....	5,891	39. Charles E. Selby, Rep.....	11,837	
	*Michael F. Henneberry, Dem.....	6,968	*Harry Kumlir, Rep.....	12,169	
	Thomas L. Hogan, Peo.....	2,139	*John A. Vincent, Dem.....	13,243	
	Aaron Greenwood, Pro.....	223	*S. P. V. Arnold, Dem.....	12,471	
26.	*John W. Johnson, Rep.....	12,741	J. G. Hall, Peo.....	95	
	*Ubbo J. Albertsen, Rep.....	13,289	Alvin R. Atteberry, Pro.....	890	
	*Jesse Black, Jr., Dem.....	13,472			
	Simon B. Beer, Pro.....	12,332	40. *Carl S. Burgett, Rep.....	14,417	
	Harry Holmes, Pro.....	584	Caleb R. Torrence, Rep.....	12,696	
27.	*Irving H. Trowbridge, Rep.....	13,429	*George R. Graybill, Dem.....	13,860	
	*J. Pool, Rep.....	13,466	*Charles C. Lee, Dem.....	13,296	
	*John McLaughlan, Dem.....	11,272	Joseph Hemmingway, Peo.....	375	
	Warren H. Norton, Dem.....	10,998	Jefferson R. Hobart, Pro.....	604	
	Albert C. Crosswell, Peo.....	345			
	Charles L. Logan, Pro.....	458	41. Benjamin F. Cornell, Rep.....	14,753	
28.	Louis A. Jarman, Rep.....	12,208	*Thomas L. McDaniel, Rep.....	15,001	
	*Lawrence Y. Sherman, Rep.....	15,295	*James M. Gray, Dem.....	15,761	
	*James A. Anderson, Dem.....	13,791	*Rufus Huff, Dem.....	15,283	
	*George M. Black, Dem.....	14,751	James N. Lindsay, Peo.....	593	
	Edward Burk, Peo.....	414	George W. McConkey, Pro.....	669	
	Louis F. Gumbert, Pro.....	900			
29.	*Washington I. Giffin, Rep.....	14,356	42. *Thomas Williams, Rep.....	12,998	
	*Charles T. Cherry, Rep.....	14,877	Bernard Schwartz, Jr. Rep.....	12,073	
			*Charles E. Phillips, Dem.....	12,410	
			*George Loudon, Dem.....	14,132	
			Franklin Valbert, Peo.....	1,166	
			William S. Ross, Pro.....	441	
			43. Charles O. Chestnut, Rep.....	15,087	
			*John W. Lewis, Rep.....	14,581	
			*Isaac T. Hackley, Dem.....	14,967	

## REPRESENTATIVES.—CONTINUED.

Dist.		Vote	Dist.		Vote
	*Charles A. Purdunn, Dem.....	14,833		Overton C. Todd, Dem.....	11,421
	John W. Rowe, Pro.....	723		D. Q. Trotter, Pro.....	876
44.	*Jasper Partridge, Rep.....	9,490	48.	*Robert C. Brown, Rep.....	14,490
	George W. Pillow, Rep.....	9,231		*Arthur M. Lee, Rep.....	14,623
	*James B. Bryant, Dem.....	10,496		Robert H. Allen, Dem.....	12,141
	*Jo L. Howell, Dem.....	10,421		*Joseph W. Drury, Dem.....	14,568
	Charles Saxe, Pro.....	473		John DeVinney, Pro.....	636
	Jacob B. Rude, Pro.....	399			
45.	*James H. Wood, Rep.....	10,679	49.	*William E. Trautmann, Rep.....	10,364
	Otto H. Barnes, Rep.....	9,837		*Herman R. Heimberger, Rep.....	10,090
	*Thomas Tippitt, Dem.....	11,343		John Green, Dem.....	10,697
	*Carl Busse, Dem.....	11,656		John S. Kaer, Jr., Dem.....	9,685
	Thomas E. Luther, Pro.....	468		James M. Sewell, Pro.....	414
	Robert Brackney, Pro.....	501		Henry F. Zerweck.....	944
	James F. Roseborough, Pro.....	518		Matthew H. Marshall.....	351
46.	*Norman H. Moss, Rep.....	12,944	50.	*James E. N. Edwards, Rep.....	8,979
	Joseph B. Scudamore, Rep.....	11,624		Roberts L. Parks, Rep.....	8,424
	*Samuel H. Ray, Dem.....	13,621		*J. Henry Hilboldt, Dem.....	2,370
	*Pinkney L. McNabb, Dem.....	13,606		*William H. Warder, Dem.....	2,344
	C. M. Heard, Pro.....	1,021		J. H. Boswell, Pro.....	140
	William T. Morris, Pro.....	718	51.	*Oliver J. Page, Rep.....	11,543
47.	*Jesse K. Cadwallader, Rep.....	12,407		*George E. Martin, Rep.....	11,328
	*William McKittrick, Rep.....	13,079		*A. G. Abney, Dem.....	14,067
	*John A. Shephard, Dem.....	11,979		Robert F. Galbraith, Pro.....	284

## THE TREATY WITH SPAIN.

[Continued from page 120.]

The terms of the treaty of peace between the United States and Spain as it has been formulated by the joint commission of the two countries at the Paris conference will not be known in all its details until after this volume has been issued. Enough is known, however, to indicate with reasonable certainty what Spain will yield and what obligations the United States will assume. It was semi-officially reported from Paris on the 13th of December that the treaty had been drawn and that all its essential features had been accepted by the commissioners of both countries. The various sections of the treaty provide as follows:

Article 1 provides for the relinquishment of Cuba.

Article 2 provides for the cession of Puerto Rico.

Article 3 provides for the cession of the Philippines for \$30,000,000 as compensation.

Article 4 embraces the plans for the cession of the Philippines, including the return of Spanish prisoners in the hands of the Tagalos.

Article 5 deals with the cession of barracks, war materials, arms, stores, buildings and all property appertaining to the Spanish administration in the Philippines.

Article 6 is a renunciation by both nations of their respective claims against each other and the citizens of each other.

Article 7 grants to Spanish trade and shipping in the Philippines the same treatment as American trade and shipping for a period of ten years.

Article 8 provides for the release of all prisoners of war held by Spain, and of all prisoners held by her for political offenses committed in the colonies acquired by the United States.

Article 9 guarantees the legal rights of Spaniards remaining in Cuba.

Article 10 establishes religious freedom in the Philippines and guarantees to all churches equal rights.

Article 11 provides for the composition of courts and other tribunals in Puerto Rico and Cuba.

Article 12 provides for the administration of justice in Puerto Rico and Cuba.

Article 13 provides for the continuance for five years of Spanish copyrights in the ceded territories, giving Spanish books admittance free of duty.

Article 14 provides for the establishment of consulates by Spain in the ceded territories.

Article 15 grants to Spanish commerce in Cuba, Puerto Rico and the Philippines the same treatment as to Americans for ten years, Spanish shipping to be treated as coasting vessels.

Article 16 stipulates that the obligations of the United States to Spanish citizens and property in Cuba shall terminate with the withdrawal of the United States authorities from the island.

Article 17 provides that the treaty must be ratified within six months from the date of signing by the respective governments in order to be binding.

The signing of this treaty on the 10th of December, 1898, took place 233 days after the ultimatum given Spain was adopted by congress, on the 19th of April, 1898. The last act of the war was the surrender of Manila on the 15th of August. The peace commission met Oct. 1, 1898, and in forty-one days the treaty of peace was completed for presentation to the senate of the United States and the cortes of Spain for ratification.

## INTERNAL REVENUE.

Comparative statement showing the receipts from the several objects of internal taxation in the United States during the fiscal years ended June 30, 1897 and 1898.

OBJECTS OF TAXATION.	1897.	1898.	Increase.	Decrease.
<b>SPIRITS.</b>				
Spirits distilled from apples, peaches, grapes, pears, pineapples, oranges, apricots, berries and prunes.....	\$1,290,743.74	\$1,552,592.94	\$261,849.20	
Spirits distilled from other materials.....	75,706,513.17	85,188,430.91	10,481,917.74	
Rectifiers (special tax).....	209,175.22	221,225.24	12,050.02	
Retail liquor dealers (special tax).....	4,423,062.16	4,152,572.53		\$270,489.63
Wholesale liquor dealers (special tax).....	403,990.06	388,216.71		15,773.35
Manufacturers of stills (special tax).....	842.08	822.91		19.17
Stills and worms manufactured (special tax).....	1,550.00	1,000.00		550.00
Stamps for distilled spirits intended for export	2,057.50	2,478.00		420.50
Case stamps for distilled spirits bottled in bond		83,570.50		83,570.50
Total.....	82,008,542.92	92,546,999.77	10,538,456.85	
<b>TOBACCO.</b>				
Cigars weighing more than 3 pounds per thousand.....	12,189,507.29	13,626,049.71	1,436,542.42	
Cigars weighing not more than 3 pounds per thousand.....		405,676.88	405,676.88	
Cigarettes weighing not more than 3 pounds per thousand.....	2,075,884.88	18,568,011.69	1,517,176.81	
Cigarettes weighing more than 3 pounds per thousand.....	4,748.13	18,088.47	1,945.34	
Snuff.....	798,118.37	993,969.04	185,750.67	
Tobacco, chewing and smoking.....	15,644,088.75	17,657,276.45	2,013,187.70	
Miscellaneous collections relating to tobacco.....		9,945.13	9,945.13	
Total.....	30,710,297.42	36,230,522.37	5,520,224.95	
<b>FERMENTED LIQUORS.</b>				
Ale, beer, lager beer, porter and other similar fermented liquors.....	31,841,302.40	33,886,151.63	7,043,789.23	
Brewers (special tax).....	190,527.33	154,647.61		35,879.72
Retail dealers in malt liquors (special tax).....	191,071.12	201,150.15	10,079.03	
Wholesale dealers in malt liquors (special tax).....	278,801.22	276,471.75		2,329.47
Total.....	32,472,162.07	39,515,421.14	7,043,259.07	
<b>OLEOMARGARINE.</b>				
Oleomargarine, domestic and imported.....	850,091.18	1,107,774.54	257,683.36	
Manufacturers of oleomargarine (special tax).....	7,300.00	7,800.00	500.00	
Retail dealers in oleomargarine (special tax).....	120,388.42	156,124.00	35,735.58	
Wholesale dealers in oleomargarine (special tax).....	45,900.00	44,272.00		1,628.00
Total.....	1,024,129.60	1,315,780.54	291,650.94	
<b>FILLED CHEESE.</b>				
Filled cheese, domestic and imported.....	16,051.37	14,129.23		1,922.14
Manufacturers of filled cheese (special tax).....	1,578.68	2,233.32	654.64	
Retail dealers in filled cheese (special tax).....	556.00	156.00		400.00
Wholesale dealers in filled cheese (special tax).....	208.33			208.33
Total.....	18,392.38	16,518.55		1,873.83
<b>BANKS, BANKERS, ETC.</b>				
Bank circulation.....				
Notes of persons, state banks, towns, cities, etc., paid out.....	85.38	1,180.00	1,094.62	
Total.....	35.38	1,180.00	1,094.62	
<b>MISCELLANEOUS.</b>				
Penalties.....	114,968.17	186,750.07	21,791.90	
Opium manufactured for smoking purposes.....		114.30	114.30	
Playing cards.....	251,306.52	261,080.08	9,773.56	
Documentary and proprietary stamps.....		794,417.60	794,417.60	
Special taxes not elsewhere enumerated.....		46,973.00	46,973.00	
Collections not otherwise herein provided for.....	9,119.01	1,050.78		8,068.23
Total.....	375,393.70	1,240,396.99	865,013.29	
Aggregate receipts.....	146,619,593.47	170,806,819.36	24,247,225.89	

\*Includes \$12,964,40.76 at 83 and \$931,608.95 at 83.00 per thousand. †Includes \$197,506.26 at 50 cents, \$3,778,415.97 at 41 and \$117,990.46 at \$1.50 per thousand. ‡Includes \$6,332.61 at 83 and \$300.83 at 83.60 per thousand. §Includes \$935,146.98 at 6 cents and \$96,722.06 at 12 cents per pound. ¶Includes \$16,921,997.17 at 6 cents and \$735,279.28 at 12 cents per pound. \*\*Includes \$7,738,455.80 at \$1. less discount, \$26,887,088.43 at 81 and \$4,404,627.40 at 82 per barrel, less discount.

## DISTILLED SPIRITS.

Number of gallons of spirits rectified in the United States during the fiscal year 1898, by states and territories.

States and Territories.	Gallons.	States and Territories.	Gallons.
Alabama.....	168,047.98	Missouri.....	2,919,244.30
California and Nevada.....	2,330,542.06	Montana, Idaho and Utah.....	37,506.00
Colorado and Wyoming.....	60,722.91	Nebraska and Dakotas.....	318,682.04
Connecticut and Rhode Island.....	476,400.50	New Jersey.....	285,133.50
Georgia.....	190,798.55	New Mexico and Arizona.....	12,161.50
Illinois.....	6,108,673.10	New York.....	11,476,781.19
Indiana.....	1,387,286.98	North Carolina.....	322,055.48
Iowa.....	76,945.76	Ohio.....	9,773,127.78
Kansas.....	2,247.00	Oregon and Washington.....	180,888.76
Kentucky.....	5,355,911.65	Pennsylvania.....	7,267,256.63
Louisiana and Mississippi.....	1,169,481.17	Tennessee.....	462,398.65
Maryland, Delaware and District of Columbia.....	4,654,754.81	Texas.....	243,579.86
Massachusetts.....	3,598,283.50	Virginia.....	760,885.22
Michigan.....	299,900.22	West Virginia.....	184,570.19
Minnesota.....	613,699.23	Wisconsin.....	1,280,222.06
		Total.....	62,109,572.60

## PRODUCTION OF FERMENTED LIQUORS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1898.

States and Territories.	Barrels.	States and Territories.	Barrels.
Alabama.....	45,481	Nebraska.....	213,152
California.....	708,042	New Hampshire.....	513,730
Colorado.....	227,239	New Jersey.....	2,109,791
Connecticut.....	681,163	New Mexico.....	12,161
Florida.....	10,008	New York.....	10,080,754
Georgia.....	128,478	North Carolina.....	80
Illinois.....	3,001,163	Ohio.....	2,986,520
Indiana.....	732,431	Oregon.....	231,906
Iowa.....	175,394	Pennsylvania.....	4,245,264
Kansas.....	7,189	South Carolina.....	7,190
Kentucky.....	436,474	Tennessee.....	130,235
Louisiana.....	246,784	Texas.....	323,216
Maryland.....	181,978	Virginia.....	128,144
Massachusetts.....	1,885,408	West Virginia.....	142,222
Michigan.....	792,647	Wisconsin.....	2,873,044
Minnesota.....	588,385		
Missouri.....	2,427,719	Total.....	37,458,266
Montana.....	159,295		

## RECEIPTS, BY STATES AND TERRITORIES, DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1898.

States and Territories.	Collections.	States and Territories.	Collections.
Alabama.....	\$201,280.77	Montana.....	\$267,081.18
Arkansas.....	104,576.57	Nebraska.....	2,492,190.10
California.....	2,415,571.32	New Hampshire.....	435,098.43
Colorado.....	413,551.93	New Jersey.....	4,713,281.96
Connecticut.....	1,187,185.64	New Mexico.....	51,733.38
Florida.....	467,046.46	New York.....	21,089,569.65
Georgia.....	458,751.04	North Carolina.....	3,250,213.08
Illinois.....	89,658,686.09	Ohio.....	16,436,904.02
Indiana.....	10,022,374.35	Oregon.....	760,906.01
Iowa.....	479,336.88	Pennsylvania.....	13,841,720.70
Kansas.....	432,480.19	South Carolina.....	131,598.67
Kentucky.....	18,226,518.98	Tennessee.....	1,398,825.55
Louisiana.....	1,498,304.11	Texas.....	523,799.63
Maryland.....	5,005,602.71	Virginia.....	3,408,768.64
Massachusetts.....	3,027,489.78	West Virginia.....	816,305.54
Michigan.....	2,561,261.69	Wisconsin.....	5,370,377.62
Minnesota.....	1,209,187.94		
Missouri.....	9,040,790.31	Total.....	170,895,819.36

\*Including the state of Nevada. †Including the state of Wyoming. ‡Including the state of Rhode Island. §Including the Indian Territory and the territory of Oklahoma. ¶Including the state of Mississippi. a Including the state of Delaware, District of Columbia and two counties of Virginia. b Including the states of Idaho and Utah. c Including the states of North Dakota and South Dakota. d Including the states of Maine and Vermont. e Including the territory of Arizona. f Including the state of Washington and the territory of Alaska.

## OLEOMARGARINE.

The following table of production and total receipts from all oleomargarine sources for each fiscal year since Nov. 1, 1894, the date the oleomargarine law took effect, is interesting as showing the extent of operations in the country. (Fiscal years ended June 30—)

Produced (lbs.).	Received.	Produced (lbs.).	Received.
On hand Nov. 1, 1894.....	181,080	1893.....	67,224,238
1897 (from Nov. 1, 1896).....	21,513,587	1894.....	69,632,246
1898.....	34,325,527	1895.....	56,968,105
1899.....	35,694,026	1896.....	50,369,244
1900.....	32,324,052	1897.....	45,581,207
1901.....	44,362,409	1898.....	57,516,186
1902.....	48,864,155		
		Total.....	564,470,002

**MATERIALS USED FOR THE PRODUCTION OF DISTILLED SPIRITS.**  
(Fiscal year ended June 30, 1898.)

STATES.	Malt.	Wheat	Barley	Rye.	Corn.	Oats.	Mul feed.	Molasses Total.	Other materials.	Total.
	Bus.	Bus.	Bus.	Bus.	Bus.	Bus.	Bus.	Gals.	Bus.	Bus.
Alabama.....	3,879		33	689	32,300					26,971
Arkansas.....	1,087	125		877	13,156					15,825
California.....	4,486	2,518	2,801	13,950	210					23,965
Colorado.....	11			11	90					112
Connecticut.....	4,599			13,083	12,309					29,941
Delaware.....	359			980	899					2,205
Georgia.....	12,137			82	70,301					82,520
Illinois.....	665,823			158,413	5,361,854		988			6,177,083
Indiana.....	172,350			45,584	1,424,094	4,298				1,645,276
Kentucky.....	387,198	5,973	6	618,417	2,360,557	7,024	4	104,922		3,263,179
Louisiana.....								558,408		
Maryland.....	69,891			327,120	158,157	436			36	555,698
Massachusetts.....	1,447			5,275	4,550			1,060,561		11,272
Missouri.....	28,208	323	118	11,286	229,058	90				268,076
Nebraska.....	46,732			18,247	397,428					462,407
New Jersey.....	81,300			46,950	46,950					125,200
New York.....	23,433			156,439	205,751			1,732,979	4,606	300,319
North Carolina.....	21,427	1,735	97	21,256	198,212		157			232,924
Ohio.....	197,969	1,231		272,326	1,569,732	1,164				2,042,474
Oklahoma Ter.....	59			64	712					835
Pennsylvania.....	182,533	2,963	855	890,045	89,747			6,690		1,146,613
South Carolina.....	3,056		157	2,367	35,106					30,675
Tennessee.....	15,383	836	186	13,385	133,841		401			163,395
Texas.....	353	43		420	2,908					3,722
Virginia.....	2,864	201		10,985	21,254					26,254
West Virginia.....	4,000			26,107	3,698					33,793
Wisconsin.....	60,440		459	73,441	217,379				4,981	356,537
Total.....	1,941,579	14,451	4,212	2,712,230	12,563,442	12,964	1,556	4,863,495	9,768	17,200,246

The average yield per bushel of grain used was 77.443, 199 = 4.48 + gallons of spirits.

The average yield per gallon of molasses used for the production of spirits was 1,978.468 = 763 + of a gallon.

The average yield per gallon of molasses used in the production of rum was 1,340.546 = 758 + of a gallon.

**OPERATIONS OF MANUFACTURERS OF TOBACCO AND CIGARS.**

(Calendar year 1897.)

Number of registered manufacturers of tobacco.....	3,312
Number who qualified as manufacturers for the purpose of lawfully dealing and handling by-products of cigar factories, and who made no manufactured tobacco.....	1,262
Number of persons who produced perique tobacco.....	62
Number who qualified as manufacturers exclusively of snuff.....	116
Number who qualified as manufacturers who also operated cigar factories.....	874
Number who made both tobacco and snuff.....	8
Number who qualified for the express purpose of manufacturing plug, cavendish, twist and smoking tobacco.....	1,000
Total.....	3,312

**QUANTITY OF TOBACCO AND SNUFF MANUFACTURED.**

Quantity of plug and twist tobacco produced.....	185,730,395
Quantity of fine-cut chewing tobacco produced.....	12,127,288
Quantity of smoking tobacco produced.....	85,463,194
Quantity of snuff produced.....	13,768,455
Total quantity of tobacco and snuff produced.....	297,089,312

**CIGARS AND CIGARETTES MANUFACTURED.**

Number of cigar and cigarette factories operated.....	31,435
Number making cigarettes exclusively.....	133

**PRODUCTION.**

Number of cigars weighing more than 8 pounds per 1,000 produced.....	4,135,594,126
Number of cigars weighing not more than 8 pounds per 1,000 produced.....	285,456,384
Number of cigarettes produced.....	4,631,820,620

**LEAF TOBACCO.**

Quantity of leaf tobacco used in the production of large cigars.....	77,452,711
Quantity of leaf tobacco used in the production of small cigars.....	1,283,380
Quantity of leaf tobacco used in the production of cigarettes.....	17,477,402
Quantity of leaf and scrap tobacco used in chewing and smoking tobacco and snuff.....	200,557,560
Total leaf tobacco used.....	357,171,053

Average quantity of leaf tobacco used per 1,000 large cigars.....	18.72
Average quantity of leaf tobacco used per 1,000 small cigars.....	4.31
Average quantity of leaf tobacco used per 1,000 cigarettes.....	3.77

## THE PENSION OFFICE.

## NUMBER OF PENSIONS ALLOWED AND INCREASED DURING THE YEAR.

With the annual value of all pensions on the rolls.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1888.	PENSIONS ALLOWED AND INCREASED DURING THE YEAR.						DROPPED FROM THE ROLLS.		Number of pensioners June 30, 1888.	Annual value pensions as shown by the rolls June 30, 1888.
	Original.		Increase, re-issue and additional.		Restoration and renewal.					
	No.	Annual value.	No.	Annual value.	No.	Annual value.	No.	Annual value.		
Army, general law—										
Invalids.....	3,302	\$402,730	12,300	\$861,000	1,729	\$257,621	15,230	\$2,573,194	337,060	\$54,183,763
Nurses.....	37	5,439	1	.....	.....	.....	46	6,946	655	97,244
Widows, etc.....	4,250	\$63,500	100	12,900	62	8,184	7,009	1,136,630	92,567	14,177,032
Navy, general law—										
Invalids.....	230	38,240	192	16,128	42	6,300	236	46,964	4,835	855,657
Widows, etc.....	89	17,395	5	735	.....	.....	164	30,996	2,300	449,628
Army, act June 27, '90—										
Invalids.....	27,751	2,442,552	13,185	751,545	2,039	195,454	12,712	1,512,728	399,366	44,060,978
Widows, etc.....	13,365	1,471,065	164	6,500	123	14,145	7,908	968,512	119,735	12,125,524
Navy, act June 27, '90—										
Invalids.....	1,022	91,080	526	24,196	84	7,728	394	44,128	14,543	1,550,506
Widows, etc.....	406	42,224	2	144	3	432	231	27,258	5,944	606,784
War of 1812—Survivors	1	90	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	965	3	288
Widows.....	7	1,008	1	48	.....	.....	410	59,040	2,407	336,300
War with Mexico—										
Survivors.....	40	4,768	273	19,383	8	896	964	114,716	10,012	1,158,684
Widows.....	562	48,192	5	405	1	90	432	41,904	8,143	753,480
Indian wars, 182-42—										
Survivors.....	17	1,372	2	192	.....	.....	371	33,987	2,019	194,640
Widows.....	214	20,456	4	192	.....	.....	432	41,472	4,067	330,708
Total.....	52,648	5,130,488	35,760	1,683,428	4,088	450,858	46,651	6,541,490	983,714	130,968,655

Average annual value of each pension.....\$131.79

Average annual value of each pension under the general law.....163.21

Average annual value of each pension under act of June 27, 1890.....108.11

To the total number of pensions granted during 1888 there must be added 6,852 original and 702 restoration and renewal cases, which, though allowed during 1887, were not mailed to the pension agents until after the close of that fiscal year.

## NUMBER OF PENSIONERS ON THE ROLLS JUNE 30, 1888.

In each state and territory of the United States and in each foreign country.

United States.	No.	Amount.	United States.	No.	Amount.
Alabama.....	3,780	\$345,068.27	Oklahoma.....	6,627	\$933,787.91
Alaska.....	65	8,550.14	Oregon.....	4,352	712,008.56
Arizona.....	619	87,896.31	Pennsylvania.....	104,374	13,164,211.79
Arkansas.....	10,949	1,521,527.82	Rhode Island.....	4,402	519,129.51
California.....	16,981	2,442,251.65	South Carolina.....	1,743	227,352.24
Colorado.....	7,407	1,001,617.30	South Dakota.....	4,842	628,899.04
Connecticut.....	12,015	1,410,115.62	Tennessee.....	18,434	2,732,349.39
Delaware.....	2,740	419,917.57	Texas.....	8,000	1,042,828.40
District of Columbia.....	8,629	1,532,120.57	Utah.....	735	115,171.58
Florida.....	3,121	426,068.07	Vermont.....	9,635	1,504,170.78
Georgia.....	3,270	495,737.07	Virginia.....	8,797	1,352,884.37
Idaho.....	1,248	177,255.17	Washington.....	5,336	780,977.54
Illinois.....	76,757	10,371,268.75	West Virginia.....	12,654	2,056,753.45
Indiana.....	67,139	10,992,453.06	Wisconsin.....	28,197	4,308,186.05
Indian Territory.....	2,682	301,728.01	Wyoming.....	708	104,818.65
Iowa.....	37,977	5,549,378.61	Total.....	880,343	143,962,017.21
Kansas.....	41,629	6,472,294.49			
Kentucky.....	28,080	4,300,049.75	Foreign Countries.	No.	Amount.
Louisiana.....	5,285	898,254.65	Algiers.....	2	\$540.00
Maine.....	20,165	3,127,655.53	Argentina.....	4	487.20
Maryland.....	12,905	1,789,363.91	Australia.....	39	5,908.85
Massachusetts.....	38,692	5,606,197.45	Austria-Hungary.....	27	4,080.15
Michigan.....	45,436	7,200,491.93	Azores Islands.....	1	164.40
Minnesota.....	16,650	2,420,356.67	Bahamas.....	2	240.00
Mississippi.....	4,122	555,136.80	Belgium.....	15	2,272.50
Missouri.....	53,649	7,455,681.72	Bermuda.....	8	1,049.53
Montana.....	1,332	293,951.80	Bolivia.....	1	\$331.47
Nebraska.....	17,697	2,564,084.78	Brazil.....	5	1,841.75
Nevada.....	264	37,292.73	British Guiana.....	1	6.00
New Hampshire.....	9,204	1,322,030.00	Bulgaria.....	1	200.00
New Jersey.....	20,775	2,555,066.89	Canada.....	2,192	322,088.47
New Mexico.....	1,483	212,114.38	Chile.....	10	965.53
New York.....	80,051	12,619,396.22	China.....	16	3,138.50
North Carolina.....	4,064	561,232.50	Comora Islands.....	1	180.00
North Dakota.....	1,700	232,420.93	Costa Rica.....	3	428.00
Ohio.....	105,934	16,166,354.16	Cuba.....	4	605.00

## THE PENSION OFFICE.

301

Foreign Countries.	No.	Amount.	Foreign Countries.	No.	Amount.
Cyprus.....	2	\$165.87	Netherlands.....	10	\$4,907.20
Danish West Indies.....	2	480.00	New Zealand.....	8	978.00
Denmark.....	23	3,484.50	Nicaragua.....	2	1,084.47
Dutch East Indies.....	1	.....	Norway.....	40	10,259.53
Dutch West Indies.....	1	380.00	Paraguay.....	1	907.78
Ecuador.....	3	358.00	Peru.....	7	1,084.00
England.....	320	48,470.26	Portugal.....	7	1,862.00
Egypt.....	1	120.00	Russia.....	4	680.75
Finland.....	1	180.00	San Salvador.....	1	553.00
France.....	62	9,322.75	Scotland.....	84	12,726.00
Germany.....	653	95,748.45	Seychelles Islands.....	2	324.00
Greece.....	5	722.00	Siam.....	2	468.00
Guatemala.....	5	540.00	South African Republic.....	3	578.00
Hawaii.....	20	4,285.50	Spain.....	7	1,092.50
Honduras.....	7	728.00	St. Helena.....	1	144.00
India.....	2	572.00	Sweden.....	45	6,817.50
Ireland.....	428	64,842.75	Switzerland.....	74	11,311.00
Isle of Man.....	2	270.00	Tahiti.....	2	232.50
Italy.....	34	5,151.00	Turkey.....	7	1,007.00
Japan.....	12	2,255.70	United States of Colombia.....	3	144.00
Korea.....	1	380.00	Uruguay.....	3	546.00
Liberia.....	6	638.00	Wales.....	13	1,894.20
Madeira.....	4	532.00	West Indies.....	14	2,180.00
Malta.....	1	280.00	Total.....	4,371	669,932.56
Mauritius.....	1	180.00	Grand total.....	998,714	144,651,879.80
Mexico.....	112	16,968.25			

## PENSIONERS DROPPED.

Pensioners of the various classes dropped from the rolls during the year, with the cause, and the number of each class on the rolls June 30, 1898.

CLASSES.	By death.	By remarriage.	Minors by legal limitation.	By failure to claim.	For other causes.	No. dropped from rolls.	No. on rolls Jan. 30, 1898.
<b>GENERAL LAW.</b>							
Army and Navy—Invalids.....	9,925	.....	.....	839	5,198	15,462	331,913
Nurses.....	27	.....	.....	.....	19	46	655
Widows, etc.....	4,783	653	945	707	138	7,324	94,867
Total.....	14,735	653	945	1,046	5,353	22,732	427,426
Classification of widows' roll, general law—Widows without children.....	2,392	291	.....	326	76	3,085	66,325
Widows with children.....	202	356	.....	15	20	593	10,453
Minor children.....	5	.....	945	.....	31	981	1,838
Mothers.....	1,730	6	.....	295	6	2,037	13,572
Fathers.....	448	.....	.....	70	3	521	2,560
Brothers and sisters, dependent sons and daughters.....	6	.....	.....	1	.....	7	111
<b>ACT OF JUNE 27, 1890.</b>							
Army and Navy—Invalids.....	11,896	.....	.....	834	896	13,106	413,909
Widows, etc.....	4,944	692	1,179	748	636	8,199	125,729
Total.....	16,840	692	1,179	1,582	1,022	21,305	539,638
Classification of widows' roll, act of June 27, 1890—Widows without children.....	3,282	399	.....	556	406	4,673	86,290
Widows with children.....	438	323	.....	52	113	926	26,945
Minor children.....	16	.....	1,179	.....	22	1,217	4,633
Mothers.....	755	.....	.....	96	10	863	5,677
Fathers.....	436	.....	.....	52	4	491	2,624
Helpless children.....	18	.....	.....	.....	21	39	510
<b>WAR OF 1812.</b>							
Survivors.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	3
Widows.....	317	.....	.....	86	5	410	2,407
Total.....	322	.....	.....	86	5	415	2,410
<b>WAR WITH MEXICO.</b>							
Survivors.....	834	.....	.....	90	40	964	10,012
Widows.....	337	20	.....	62	13	432	8,143
Total.....	1,171	20	.....	152	53	1,396	18,155
<b>INDIAN WARS, 1832-42.</b>							
Survivors.....	281	.....	.....	89	1	371	2,019
Widows.....	352	4	.....	74	2	432	4,057
Total.....	633	4	.....	163	3	803	6,086
Grand total.....	33,691	1,369	2,124	3,081	6,436	46,561	998,714

Total number of children on the rolls: General law, 18,001; act June 27, 1890, 47,322. Total minors, 65,413.

## DISBURSEMENTS, 1898.

Amount disbursed at United States pension agencies during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1898.

AGENCIES.	ARMY.		Navy.	Grand total.
	Pensions.	Total.		
Angus.	\$3,064,511.03	\$3,067,632.34		\$3,067,632.34
Boston.	6,675,355.75	6,704,082.82	\$827,322.41	7,531,405.23
Buffalo.	6,639,158.26	6,667,622.30		6,667,622.30
Chicago.	10,367,720.31	10,393,342.83		11,137,632.77
Columbus.	15,367,201.27	15,392,678.45	743,541.94	16,136,220.40
Concord.	3,000,437.06	3,014,148.90		3,014,148.90
Des Moines.	8,672,064.49	8,701,574.36		8,701,574.36
Detroit.	7,082,050.32	7,110,750.60		7,110,750.60
Indianapolis.	11,277,582.09	11,316,172.48		11,316,172.48
Knoxville.	8,056,201.41	8,082,496.80		8,082,496.80
Louisville.	4,338,249.52	4,344,184.41		4,344,184.41
Madison.	7,028,968.52	7,055,288.49		7,055,288.49
Memphis.	6,523,888.32	6,565,611.00	680,718.59	7,246,329.59
New York city.	7,803,948.06	7,837,462.24	518,779.32	8,356,241.56
Philadelphia.	7,022,404.00	7,053,902.09		7,053,902.09
Pittsburg.	3,458,351.86	3,474,341.46	167,300.51	3,641,682.97
San Francisco.	15,549,926.19	15,561,550.14		15,561,550.14
Topeka.	7,724,984.06	8,453,380.35	786,110.15	9,239,100.55
Washington.				
Total.	140,824,029.73	142,024,162.61	3,725,632.50	145,749,835.56

In addition to the above there was disbursed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1898, the following sum, chargeable to the appropriation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897: Fees of examining surgeons, pensions, \$25,353.41.

## TOTAL COST OF PENSIONS.

Statement showing disbursements for pensions, fees of examining surgeons, cost of disbursement, salaries, and other expenses of the pension bureau, each fiscal year since July 1, 1895.

FISCAL YEAR.	DISBURSEMENTS FOR PENSIONS.		FEES OF EXAMINING SURGEONS.		Cost of disbursement, maintaining pension agencies, etc.	PENSION BUREAU.	
	Army.	Navy.	Army.	Navy.		Salaries.	Other expenses.
1895.	\$15,158,308.64	\$20,951.24			*\$155,000.00	\$237,165.00	\$15,000.00
1896.	20,532,948.47	251,841.22			*155,000.00	308,361.49	27,615.86
1897.	22,811,183.75	270,325.61			*155,000.00	309,186.30	31,854.14
1898.	28,108,323.44	344,925.93			*155,000.00	306,067.31	43,519.50
1899.	28,004,357.00	308,351.78			216,212.86	551,600.00	51,125.00
1871.	28,081,542.41	467,230.21			431,720.00	372,778.97	58,000.00
1872.	21,276,921.02	475,225.79			457,379.51	439,515.71	57,557.73
1873.	26,542,928.06	479,504.16			456,224.99	456,021.26	90,555.99
1874.	29,043,139.24	603,619.75			447,020.17	444,052.24	75,048.72
1875.	28,727,104.76	543,800.00			444,074.79	444,821.21	73,799.25
1876.	27,411,020.53	524,000.00			447,702.13	425,577.80	98,738.86
1877.	27,659,461.72	523,300.00	\$60,057.42	\$767.00	453,270.05	445,262.08	67,102.78
1878.	26,251,725.91	544,285.35	241,608.26	3,310.00	513,194.37	445,086.93	41,240.90
1879.	33,102,339.02	553,089.00	85,545.50	996.00	216,851.24	439,255.70	54,088.79
1880.	55,901,679.47	757,308.66	73,161.00	2,880.00	221,926.76	593,517.84	55,035.68
1881.	49,412,967.45	1,163,300.00	113,352.00	8,545.00	222,295.00	686,565.45	46,462.19
1882.	53,328,192.61	984,080.00	222,065.87	9,000.00	254,514.37	825,119.32	120,361.86
1883.	54,468,610.70	988,863.11	321,066.49	19,220.00	265,633.37	1,725,285.68	241,548.68
1884.	56,945,115.25	967,272.22	247,066.32	14,100.00	303,430.61	1,509,161.65	333,822.42
1885.	64,222,375.34	919,061.78	475,031.13	5,150.00	275,976.55	2,122,926.54	511,462.12
1886.	63,014,612.30	1,056,500.00	487,614.76	5,100.00	294,724.14	1,948,285.80	510,291.91
1887.	72,464,236.69	1,288,760.39	1,080,724.92	16,600.00	248,289.42	1,968,599.06	480,126.81
1888.	77,712,789.47	1,237,712.40	835,561.86	11,581.75	263,109.87	1,986,007.55	420,776.34
1889.	86,906,502.15	1,846,218.43	772,272.72	15,119.00	278,902.20	1,978,119.98	422,564.50
1890.	107,869,250.48	2,285,000.00	876,108.51	19,609.11	292,497.35	1,967,735.45	580,281.73
1891.	114,744,730.83	2,567,030.67	1,391,265.76	49,700.00	300,360.14	2,301,721.80	877,590.74
1892.	133,914,611.79	3,479,555.35	1,990,507.47	35,000.00	300,122.02	2,494,122.67	1,758,625.44
1893.	153,045,600.04	3,861,177.00	1,614,352.80	43,255.50	519,206.95	2,401,041.50	2,000,705.67
1894.	136,715,965.61	3,400,704.56	622,574.50	30,000.00	517,430.57	2,409,522.75	570,346.70
1895.	131,150,808.35	3,660,980.43	782,631.08	25,136.25	503,449.85	2,461,800.50	504,972.32
1896.	134,652,175.88	3,882,999.10	655,313.97	7,273.50	565,007.85	2,258,958.35	604,800.84
1897.	136,314,914.64	3,635,807.71	678,385.44	(+)	572,430.41	2,262,597.70	474,350.52
1898.	140,224,348.71	3,727,531.69	800,249.08	(+)	529,689.54	2,254,181.40	429,031.54
Total.	2,261,881,611.90	47,667,300.80	14,466,516.36	308,278.11	11,569,682.14	42,290,501.90	7,229,310.04

\* Approximate.

+ Now included in army.

## THE PENSION OFFICE.

303

## NUMBER OF PENSION CLAIMS, PENSIONERS AND DISBURSEMENTS, 1862-98.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.	Army and Navy Claims Allowed.		Total No. of applica- tions filed.	Total No. of claims allowed.	Pensioners on the roll and amount paid, with cost of disbursement.			
	Invalids.	Widows, etc.			Invalids.	Widows, etc.	Total.	Disburse- ments.
1862.....	413	49	2,487	492	4,341	3,818	8,159	\$790,886.00
1863.....	4,121	3,763	49,332	7,384	7,821	6,970	14,791	1,025,140.00
1864.....	17,041	22,446	53,569	59,487	23,419	27,656	51,135	4,544,617.00
1865.....	15,212	24,959	72,684	40,171	35,880	50,106	86,086	6,525,153.00
1866.....	22,893	27,294	65,256	50,177	55,652	71,070	126,722	13,459,996.00
1867.....	16,589	19,893	36,753	36,482	62,565	83,678	154,183	18,619,956.00
1868.....	9,460	19,461	20,798	28,921	75,957	93,686	169,643	24,010,982.00
1869.....	7,282	15,944	26,066	23,196	82,859	105,104	187,963	28,422,884.00
1870.....	5,721	12,500	24,851	18,221	87,521	111,165	198,686	27,780,812.00
1871.....	7,954	8,369	43,969	16,562	93,394	114,101	207,495	33,077,884.00
1872.....	6,408	7,244	26,591	34,333	113,954	138,375	252,329	30,169,541.00
1873.....	6,551	4,073	18,343	16,652	119,500	118,911	238,411	28,185,292.00
1874.....	5,937	3,152	16,734	10,462	121,628	113,613	235,241	30,593,750.00
1875.....	5,790	4,736	18,704	11,132	122,989	111,832	234,821	29,687,117.00
1876.....	6,300	4,576	23,623	9,977	124,239	107,896	232,137	28,351,000.00
1877.....	7,282	3,861	22,715	11,226	128,723	103,391	232,104	28,580,157.00
1878.....	7,414	3,550	44,567	11,962	131,649	92,349	223,998	26,844,415.00
1879.....	7,232	3,379	57,118	31,946	138,615	104,140	242,755	32,780,526.00
1880.....	10,176	4,435	141,496	15,445	145,410	105,392	250,802	57,240,540.00
1881.....	21,394	3,620	31,116	27,394	161,110	104,720	265,830	50,626,539.00
1882.....	22,946	3,969	40,569	27,664	162,633	103,064	265,697	54,296,281.00
1883.....	32,014	5,368	48,776	34,162	206,042	97,616	303,658	60,431,973.00
1884.....	27,414	6,596	41,785	34,192	223,479	97,289	320,758	67,373,597.00
1885.....	27,540	7,743	40,918	35,767	247,146	97,979	345,125	65,693,792.00
1886.....	31,337	8,610	49,895	40,857	270,316	95,437	365,753	64,854,370.00
1887.....	35,289	11,217	72,465	65,194	306,298	90,709	406,007	74,815,486.85
1888.....	44,893	15,359	75,726	60,252	343,701	108,857	452,557	79,646,146.37
1889.....	36,830	11,924	81,220	61,912	361,481	178,241	539,725	118,548,950.71
1890.....	50,335	14,612	105,044	66,637	415,654	127,200	542,854	106,405,890.19
1891.....	41,381	11,914	863,799	156,496	536,821	139,359	676,180	118,548,950.71
1892.....	17,876	7,287	198,345	224,047	708,242	172,826	881,068	141,080,211.84
1893.....	10,252	7,295	119,961	121,630	759,706	306,306	1,066,012	158,155,542.51
1894.....	6,129	4,225	40,148	39,085	.....	.....	969,544	140,772,163.78
1895.....	5,415	3,627	37,090	39,185	.....	.....	574,524	110,736,110.58
1896.....	3,964	3,912	35,749	40,374	.....	.....	760,078	145,433,138.81
1897.....	3,726	4,612	39,847	50,101	.....	.....	976,014	135,949,717.35
1898.....	4,739	3,741	57,324	52,648	.....	.....	993,714	145,748,865.56
Total.....	582,895	325,261	2,212,940	1,579,314	.....	.....	.....	2,285,213,737.69

## CLASSIFICATION OF PENSIONERS.

The total number of pensioners classified and compared for the years 1898 and 1897 are as follows:

	1898.	1897.		1898.	1897.
Widows, revolutionary soldiers	5	7	Widows, army.....	92,545	94,602
Daughters, revolutionary soldiers	7	9	Navy Invalids.....	4,833	4,798
Survivors of war of 1812	5	8	Widows, navy.....	2,300	2,375
Widows, war of 1812	2,407	2,810	Act of June 27, 1890—		
Survivors Indian wars, 1832-42	2,019	2,673	Army Invalids.....	309,305	378,609
Widows, Indian wars, 1832-42	4,067	4,288	Army widows.....	110,736	110,568
Survivors Mexican war	10,012	10,322	Navy Invalids.....	14,543	13,831
Widows, Mexican war	8,143	8,072	Navy widows.....	5,941	5,796
Under general laws—			Army nurses.....	655	663
Army Invalids.....	327,090	336,239	Total.....	993,714	976,014

## NAMES OF SURVIVING WIDOWS AND DAUGHTERS OF REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS ON THE PENSION ROLLS JUNE 30, 1898.

NAME.	Age	Name of soldier.	Service.	Residence.
Barrett, Hannah Newell.....	98	Harrod, Noah.....	Massachusetts.	Boston, Mass.
Chadwick, Susannah.....	83	Chadwick, Eliza.....	New Jersey.....	Emporium, Pa.
Damon, Esther S.....	84	Damon, Noah.....	Massachusetts.	Plymouth Union, Vt.
Hurlburt, Sarah C.....	80	Weeks, Elijah.....	Massachusetts.	Little Marsh, Pa.
Jones, Nancy.....	81	Darling, James.....	North Carolina.	Jonesboro, Tenn.
Mayo, Rebecca.....	85	May, Stephen.....	Virginia.....	Newbern, Va.
Sandford, Eliza.....	88	Sandford, William.....	United States.	Bloomfield, N. J.
Slaughter, Ann M.....	88	Slaughter, Philip.....	Virginia.....	Mitchell Station, Va.
Snod, Mary.....	82	Snod, Bowdoin.....	Virginia.....	Parkley, Va.
Thompson, Rhoda Augusta.....	77	Thompson, Thaddeus.....	New York.....	Woodbury, Conn.
Tuller, Augusta.....	88	Way, Isaac.....	Connecticut.....	Bridgeport, Conn.
Weatherman, Nancy A.....	88	Glascok, Robert.....	Virginia.....	Elk Mills, Tenn.

## NATIONAL BANK STATISTICS.

(From report of the comptroller of the currency.)

DATE, FIRST OF EACH MONTH.	No. of banks.	Authorized capital stock.	Gold.	Silver.	U. S. bonds on deposit to secure circulation.	Circulation secured by U. S. bonds.	Lawful money on deposit to redeem circulation.	Total national bank notes outstanding.
1893.								
January.....		\$835,148,695			\$168,247,000	\$150,536,651	\$23,877,778	\$174,404,424
February.....	3,800	830,180,665	\$173,935,025	\$34,346,731	169,282,300	151,167,221	23,194,162	174,391,238
March.....		826,149,445			171,094,550	152,887,467	22,594,527	175,422,388
April.....		826,949,665			172,229,000	153,870,416	22,234,128	176,084,444
May.....	3,830	826,554,695	168,872,942	38,339,300	173,258,800	155,142,318	21,733,286	176,883,614
June.....		828,154,645			174,530,050	156,028,010	21,136,245	177,164,265
July.....		828,821,665			176,588,250	151,300,919	20,812,779	178,713,682
August.....	3,800	829,034,665	150,034,902	36,126,212	182,617,850	163,221,294	20,555,506	183,735,148
September.....		827,963,165			204,006,200	178,626,718	20,843,650	198,080,386
October.....	3,781	828,128,165	182,342,948	42,300,912	200,407,100	187,864,865	20,825,586	208,680,580
November.....		826,953,165			209,416,550	188,016,228	21,245,768	209,311,993
December.....		830,703,165			208,942,100	187,697,836	21,250,779	208,948,106
1894.								
January.....	3,787	830,353,165	203,508,089	47,745,559	205,961,600	185,194,522	23,344,322	208,538,844
February.....		830,180,165			203,594,500	182,887,853	24,974,254	207,862,107
March.....	3,773	834,040,165	190,185,006	56,080,640	202,032,350	181,148,710	26,530,810	207,479,239
April.....		830,538,165			202,933,850	181,496,368	26,304,477	207,873,685
May.....	3,774	830,138,165	204,829,488	55,112,435	201,330,250	180,601,247	27,261,768	207,358,032
June.....		828,298,165			201,251,500	180,613,585	26,631,434	207,245,019
July.....		828,021,165			201,691,750	180,662,521	26,890,723	207,283,246
August.....	3,770	827,738,165	190,055,167	51,035,483	202,268,500	181,149,511	26,380,555	207,338,690
September.....		826,968,165			202,276,950	181,300,217	26,211,968	207,592,215
October.....	3,755	827,496,165	195,927,230	40,323,424	200,953,700	180,351,065	27,220,469	207,471,501
November.....		827,671,165			199,706,200	179,401,354	26,071,298	207,472,607
December.....		827,471,165			187,349,700	177,073,399	26,612,976	206,086,537
1895.								
January.....	3,737	826,900,165	175,794,767	42,246,456	196,707,700	176,697,467	29,038,243	206,605,770
February.....		826,156,165			195,892,100	175,674,240	29,023,321	206,297,471
March.....	3,728	828,146,165	178,100,435	42,771,206	197,116,700	176,485,063	28,558,598	206,043,661
April.....		827,103,165			201,176,300	179,847,289	27,690,829	207,541,271
May.....	3,711	826,123,165	177,264,387	41,882,213	204,556,300	182,334,524	27,185,396	208,719,860
June.....		826,123,165			204,556,300	182,334,524	26,909,138	211,478,776
July.....	3,715	826,393,255	171,217,437	43,309,757	207,680,300	184,002,008	29,628,967	211,231,065
August.....		826,650,255			207,832,800	186,577,453	24,784,612	211,573,083
September.....		826,855,255			209,447,550	187,990,243	24,348,857	212,330,590
October.....	3,712	826,425,165	192,935,200	33,312,021	210,196,550	188,596,877	24,256,067	212,551,934
November.....		826,136,165			211,717,800	190,180,161	23,700,692	213,887,530
December.....	3,706	826,001,165	168,244,431	38,467,979	212,048,950	190,460,326	23,491,077	213,990,528
1896.								
January.....	3,711	826,076,165			212,465,100	190,616,160	23,100,813	213,716,973
February.....		826,851,165			212,655,300	190,080,637	22,506,501	213,496,547
March.....	3,699	826,946,165	156,894,011	39,123,429	217,944,950	195,048,959	22,132,963	217,181,917
April.....		826,431,165			222,598,900	199,725,005	21,568,022	221,516,027
May.....	3,694	826,406,165	157,761,800	44,611,646	226,478,550	203,465,238	20,786,096	224,180,337
June.....		826,351,165			228,651,800	203,215,889	20,072,091	225,287,985
July.....	3,689	826,106,165	161,863,390	41,181,889	228,915,300	203,538,929	20,461,018	226,000,547
August.....		826,556,165			229,454,450	203,103,604	19,329,538	226,010,940
September.....		826,226,165			229,678,700	210,265,710	19,230,559	226,513,986
October.....	3,679	826,136,165	160,725,850	40,084,742	228,773,200	210,697,786	19,289,653	226,967,671
November.....		826,304,165			241,103,150	216,510,014	18,474,431	228,984,484
December.....	3,673	827,000,165	181,020,360	44,520,449	241,272,150	216,609,884	18,789,306	230,398,530
1897.								
January.....		825,234,165			240,236,150	215,860,307	19,812,810	245,678,117
February.....		826,174,165			237,100,100	213,186,712	21,307,591	235,084,637
March.....	3,649	823,719,800	188,301,759	45,744,106	234,797,900	210,915,414	23,320,912	234,236,328
April.....		820,808,300			233,633,350	209,767,702	24,027,439	233,795,141
May.....	3,624	818,613,305	190,396,251	45,680,132	232,600,300	208,768,549	24,110,434	232,887,393
June.....		816,788,300			230,928,050	207,120,382	24,798,456	231,875,841
July.....	3,619	816,474,517	193,686,596	47,236,005	230,471,550	206,680,339	24,751,347	231,401,686
August.....		811,225,300			230,111,300	206,498,167	24,345,280	230,944,236
September.....		810,488,300			229,471,100	205,755,976	24,337,697	230,569,673
October.....	3,614	818,913,165	195,895,107	43,402,565	229,348,550	205,604,381	25,208,779	230,810,596
November.....	3,617	817,915,255			227,742,550	205,325,694	25,100,664	230,047,656
December.....	3,615	816,310,225	207,963,145	45,070,448	225,350,300	201,735,972	27,314,133	229,448,707
1898.								
January.....	3,611	820,440,255			218,992,900	196,146,000	28,784,190	229,930,980
February.....	3,602	817,527,255	222,835,517	48,522,466	215,464,050	192,734,233	28,730,627	230,741,506
March.....	3,596	818,935,285			213,416,500	191,056,878	23,743,359	231,801,671
April.....	3,594	825,000,285			214,365,400	191,611,000	22,789,419	234,399,019
May.....	3,590	831,633,285	267,644,954	40,337,819	217,162,600	194,138,732	27,891,439	239,000,169
June.....	3,588	831,035,285			219,377,900	196,155,953	31,456,910	237,612,866
July.....	3,590	829,925,285			220,301,400	197,078,023	30,718,610	237,816,712

## CONDITION OF NATIONAL BANKS—1897-98.

	Dec. 15, 1897.	Sept. 20, 1898.		Dec. 15, 1897.	Sept. 20, 1898.
<b>RESOURCES.</b>					
Loans and discounts	3,807 banks.	3,585 banks.	Silver coin, fraction-	3,807 banks.	3,585 banks.
Overdrafts	\$30,290,831.81	\$21,698,137.91	al.	45,808,595.21	45,808,595.21
U. S. bonds to secure	17,741,988.50	16,567,952.69	Legal-tender notes.	112,564,876.00	110,068,200.00
circulation	222,020,750.00	224,628,840.00	U. S. certificates of	45,840,000.00	16,810,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure			deposit		
U. S. deposits	45,867,100.00	88,926,280.00	Five per cent re-	9,761,568.88	9,796,055.25
U. S. bonds on hand.	14,915,800.00	30,614,010.00	demption fund...		
Premiums on U. S.			Due from treasurer	1,442,901.40	4,019,551.74
bonds	18,555,490.01	18,971,197.32	U. S.		
Stocks, securities, etc.	217,582,980.50	255,198,927.59	Total	3829,213,776.00	4003,511,044.87
Banking house, fur-					
niture and fixtures	79,254,940.92	79,386,337.51	<b>LIABILITIES.</b>		
Other real estate and			Capital stock paid in	629,655,365.00	621,517,896.00
mortgages owned	29,852,102.09	30,484,417.71	Surplus fund	246,416,888.48	247,555,108.57
Due from national			Undiv'd profits, less		
banks	168,825,189.92	159,128,045.17	expenses and taxes	98,368,963.02	98,015,097.86
Due from state banks			National-bank notes		
and bankers	48,012,496.55	46,324,878.06	outstanding	198,788,965.00	194,483,765.50
Due from approved			State-bank notes out-		
reserve agents	309,569,861.34	320,002,050.90	standing	60,335.50	55,907.50
Checks and other			Due to other national		
cash items	14,983,428.42	16,828,942.11	banks	445,081,154.89	446,417,454.05
Exchanges for clearing			Due to state banks		
house	118,415,838.07	110,286,985.55	and bankers	232,877,308.25	261,917,900.89
Bills of other national			Dividends unpaid	943,274.07	1,008,410.82
banks	18,859,116.00	19,649,723.00	Individual deposits	1916,680,262.25	2081,454,540.29
Fractional currency,			U. S. deposits	39,989,047.71	70,187,368.12
nickels and cents	925,465.16	1,023,884.03	Deposits of U. S. dis-		
Gold coin	119,747,644.72	127,980,555.98	bursing officers	4,012,185.86	4,977,882.80
Gold treasury certifi-			Notes and bills redie-		
cates	19,484,500.00	18,328,870.00	counted	3,161,796.07	6,084,815.45
Gold clearing-house			Bills payable	7,722,628.79	11,288,383.88
certificates	67,861,000.00	104,356,000.00	Liabilities other		
Silver dollars	7,509,247.00	6,861,433.00	than those above	13,655,901.62	23,551,615.69
Silver treasury certifi-			Total	3829,213,776.00	4003,511,044.87
cates	81,752,596.00	80,679,960.00			

## NATIONAL-BANK CIRCULATION.

YEAR.	Issued.	Redeemed.	Outstand'g.	YEAR.	Issued.	Redeemed.	Outstand'g.
1864	\$58,813,080		\$58,813,080	1882	\$80,076,450	\$78,018,639	\$20,982,713
1865	146,385,475	\$464,250	204,635,205	1883	78,641,070	88,904,108	850,759,675
1866	80,485,750	1,034,005	238,086,959	1884	81,046,810	99,353,041	332,452,944
1867	9,619,127	3,600,032	239,094,824	1885	83,040,440	100,620,456	314,872,928
1868	6,105,135	5,143,001	300,116,958	1886	62,026,940	75,909,823	300,990,505
1869	8,376,450	8,786,617	299,724,791	1887	36,756,100	66,086,019	271,651,587
1870	10,007,875	14,533,391	301,859,275	1888	49,689,440	82,275,225	289,044,822
1871	49,000,710	26,044,778	324,475,207	1889	80,811,890	67,912,568	301,744,089
1872	50,899,575	34,372,857	340,990,825	1890	32,886,720	55,190,551	179,449,868
1873	46,235,375	88,873,526	348,347,674	1891	46,465,820	53,957,105	171,978,678
1874	51,799,044	51,328,412	348,785,906	1892	40,951,350	49,262,102	175,086,971
1875	126,025,185	141,636,083	343,176,018	1893	96,184,670	46,520,409	308,701,189
1876	78,490,410	101,788,358	319,967,070	1894	96,586,260	98,147,446	297,140,104
1877	75,911,340	79,607,120	315,871,190	1895	57,181,040	60,829,997	218,491,147
1878	63,935,305	60,055,855	319,640,500	1896	78,086,580	67,152,156	234,487,572
1879	58,879,860	42,836,002	335,120,918	1897	82,556,980	86,948,287	230,016,225
1880	43,787,770	36,810,396	342,048,322	1898	70,126,930	64,816,991	235,326,194
1881	70,221,180	56,344,600	358,924,902	Total.	2,134,206,185	1,898,879,991	9,679,657,831

## LIFE OF BANK NOTES.

DENOMINATIONS.	Number of notes issued.	Aggregate number of life years experienced when redeemed.	Average life-time of each note in years.
One dollar.	23,169,677	97,991,508	4.229
Two dollars.	7,747,519	33,962,880	4.371
Five dollars.	148,400,164	625,113,289	4.212
Ten dollars.	62,520,341	301,032,014	4.815
Twenty dollars.	19,840,907	100,732,430	5.077
Fifty dollars.	2,404,320	11,657,443	4.848
One hundred dollars.	1,919,771	8,735,304	4.554
Five hundred dollars.	23,894	122,827	5.140
One thousand dollars.	7,379	34,423	8.800
Total.	393,083,973	1,179,242,068	4.433

## PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

(Dec. 1, 1898.)

## INTEREST-BEARING DEBT.

TITLE OF LOAN.	Authorizing act.	Rate.	Amount issued.	Total outstanding Dec. 1, 1898.
Loan of July 14, 1862.....	July 12, 1862.....	3 per cent.....	\$305,529,000	.....
Funded loan of 1891.....	July 14, '70, & Jan. 20, '71. }	4% per cent.....	250,000,000	\$85,364,500
Funded loan of 1897.....	July 14, '70, and Jan. 20, '71 }	Cont'd @ 2%.....	740,901,450	558,650,000
Refunding certificates.....	Feb. 26, 1879.....	4 per cent.....	40,012,750	20,250
Loan of 1904.....	Jan. 14, 1875.....	5 per cent.....	100,000,000	100,000,000
Loan of 1925.....	Jan. 14, 1875.....	4 per cent.....	162,315,400	162,315,400
Ten-twentieths of 1898.....	June 18, 1898.....	3 per cent.....	189,027,490	189,027,490
Aggregate of interest-bearing bonds .....			1,787,795,980	1,086,806,620

Bonds issued to Pacific railroads not yet matured.....\$12,672,000.00

## DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED SINCE MATURITY.

Funded loan of 1891, matured Sept. 2, 1891..... 121,300.00  
 Old debt matured at various dates prior to Jan. 1, 1891, and other items of debt matured at various dates subsequent to Jan. 1, 1891..... 1,120,380.35

Aggregate of debt on which interest has ceased since maturity..... 1,241,680.35  
 Bonds issued to Pacific railroads matured but not presented..... 71,000.00

## DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST.

United States notes—Feb. 25, 1863; July 11, 1863; March 3, 1863..... \$346,681,016.00  
 Old demand notes—July 17, 1861; Feb. 12, 1862..... 53,397.50  
 National bank notes—Redemption account—July 14, 1870..... 28,598,095.00  
 Fractional currency—July 17, 1862; March 3, 1863; June 30, 1864, less \$3,575,984, estimated as lost or destroyed, act of June 21, 1879..... 6,863,974.14

Aggregate of debt bearing no interest..... 383,512,517.34

## CERTIFICATES AND NOTES ISSUED ON DEPOSITS OF COIN AND LEGAL-TENDER NOTES AND PURCHASES OF SILVER BULLION.

CLASSIFICATION.	In the treasury.	In circulation.	Amount issued.
Gold certificates—March 3, 1863; July 12, 1862.....	\$1,620,400	\$35,280,640	\$36,901,040
Silver certificates—Feb. 28, 1878; Aug. 4, 1896; March 3, 1897.....	6,345,358	393,818,146	393,163,504
Certificates of deposit—June 8, 1872.....	450,000	20,199,000	20,649,000
Treasury notes of 1890—July 14, 1890.....	1,411,798	95,781,682	97,193,480
Aggregate of certificates and treasury notes offset by cash in the treasury.....	9,827,556	544,070,377	553,897,933

## RECAPITULATION.

Classification.	Dec. 1, 1898.	Oct. 31, 1898.
Interest-bearing debt.....	\$1,086,806,620.00	\$1,084,769,500.00
Debt on which interest has ceased since maturity.....	1,241,680.35	1,348,878.35
Debt bearing no interest.....	383,512,017.34	383,191,397.64
Aggregate of interest-bearing and non-interest-bearing debt.....	1,419,850,277.50	1,411,306,197.90
Certificates and treasury notes offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury.....	553,897,833.00	553,631,923.00
Aggregate of debt, including certificates and treasury notes.....	1,973,748,110.50	1,964,937,120.90

## CASH IN THE TREASURY DEC. 1, 1898.

Classification.	Dec. 1, 1898.	Oct. 31, 1898.
Gold—Gold.....	\$138,441,547.37	
Bars.....	139,503,545.48	
Silver—Dollars.....	404,358,264.00	\$276,944,082.35
Subsidiary coin.....	6,673,204.58	
Bars.....	93,859,250.30	
		\$604,399,718.88

## PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.—CONTINUED.

Paper—United States notes.....	\$34,944,970.00	
Treasury notes of 1890.....	1,411,738.00	
Gold certificates.....	1,620,400.00	
Silver certificates.....	6,345,268.00	
Certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872.....	450,000.00	
National bank notes.....	4,675,744.38	
		\$49,448,370.38
Other—Bonds, interest and coupons paid, awaiting reimbursement.....	202,472.00	
Minor coin and fractional currency.....	500,627.45	
Deposits in national bank depositories—general account.....	91,090,814.02	
Disbursing officers' balances.....	8,550,187.14	
Aggregate.....		928,117,182.62
<i>Demand Liabilities.</i>		
Gold certificates.....	36,901,049.00	
Silver certificates.....	399,163,504.00	
Certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872.....	20,640,000.00	
Treasury notes of 1890.....	97,138,280.00	
		553,897,833.00
Fund for redemption of uncurrent national bank notes.....	9,349,006.13	
Outstanding checks and drafts.....	6,574,757.47	
Disbursing officers' balances.....	58,242,735.30	
Agency accounts, etc.....	5,676,060.57	
		79,842,559.27
Gold reserve.....	\$100,000,000.00	
Net cash balance.....	192,376,790.35	
		392,376,790.35
Aggregate.....		928,117,182.62

## PACIFIC RAILROAD BONDS.

NAME OF ROAD.	Principal.	Interest.	Total.	Balance due the United States.
Central Pacific.....	\$25,885,120.00	\$36,636,163.98	\$62,521,283.98	\$53,521,674.70
Western Pacific.....	1,970,560.00	3,444,849.94	5,415,409.94	5,415,409.94
Central Branch Union Pacific.....	1,600,000.00	2,163,178.16	3,763,178.16	3,763,178.16
Sioux City and Pacific.....	1,628,320.00	2,596,773.53	4,225,093.53	4,225,093.53
Total.....	31,084,000.00	44,840,965.61	75,924,965.61	66,925,356.33

NOTE.—The government has been reimbursed for \$27,236,512 principal and \$31,211,711.75 interest, being the total indebtedness of the Union Pacific Railroad company to Nov. 1, 1897, and for the principal of the Kansas Pacific indebtedness, amounting to \$6,308,000.

## ANALYSIS OF THE PUBLIC DEBT.

JULY 1.	Debt on which interest has ceased.	Debt bearing no interest.	Outstanding principal.	Cash in the treasury.	Principal of debt less cash in treasury.	Population of the United States.	Debt per capita.	Interest per capita.
1866.....	\$1,197,340.69	\$408,401,782.61	\$2,611,687,851.19	\$130,894,437.96	\$2,480,863,413.23	36,973,000	\$67.10	\$8.48
1867.....	5,280,181.00	421,150,010.55	2,588,452,215.94	156,680,940.85	2,432,771,873.09	37,750,000	64.43	8.32
1870.....	3,708,641.00	430,508,064.42	2,480,672,427.81	149,502,471.60	2,331,169,956.21	38,568,371	60.46	8.08
1871.....	1,948,902.28	416,565,690.06	2,363,211,332.32	106,217,263.65	2,256,994,068.67	39,565,000	56.81	7.83
1872.....	7,286,797.26	430,690,431.52	2,263,251,328.78	103,470,798.43	2,159,780,530.35	40,566,000	53.26	7.66
1873.....	51,929,710.26	472,099,532.94	2,234,468,986.20	129,000,832.45	2,105,468,153.75	41,676,000	50.52	7.36
1874.....	8,216,586.26	540,543,126.17	2,261,880,468.43	147,541,314.74	2,114,339,153.69	42,736,000	49.17	7.31
1875.....	11,425,820.26	498,182,411.69	2,232,294,581.95	142,243,361.82	2,090,051,220.13	43,948,000	47.56	7.20
1876.....	8,902,420.26	463,807,195.89	2,180,366,067.15	119,469,726.70	2,060,896,340.45	45,136,000	45.66	7.11
1877.....	16,648,980.26	476,764,081.84	2,205,301,302.10	186,025,960.73	2,019,275,341.37	46,361,000	43.56	7.01
1878.....	5,594,500.26	455,875,892.27	2,256,308,992.53	256,823,612.06	1,999,485,380.47	47,566,000	42.01	6.90
1879.....	37,015,630.26	410,835,741.78	2,245,495,072.04	249,080,167.01	1,996,414,905.03	48,863,000	40.86	6.71
1880.....	7,621,456.26	398,800,815.37	2,170,415,370.63	201,086,622.88	1,969,328,747.75	50,155,783	38.27	6.59
1881.....	6,723,968.26	422,721,954.32	2,069,018,560.58	249,363,415.35	1,819,655,145.23	51,462,000	35.36	6.46
1882.....	16,290,906.26	438,241,795.77	1,918,312,994.03	243,299,519.73	1,675,013,474.30	52,799,000	31.73	6.09
1883.....	7,831,416.26	558,111,162.61	1,894,171,728.07	345,396,902.92	1,548,774,825.15	54,193,000	28.41	5.96
1884.....	19,656,906.26	664,906,806.31	1,830,628,923.57	391,985,928.18	1,438,642,995.39	55,554,000	25.90	5.87
1885.....	4,100,906.26	683,712,927.89	1,863,964,873.14	498,512,429.81	1,365,452,443.33	57,033,000	24.09	5.84
1886.....	9,704,446.26	619,344,463.53	1,775,083,013.78	469,917,173.34	1,305,165,840.44	58,420,000	21.96	5.79
1887.....	6,115,165.26	639,795,077.37	1,657,602,562.83	482,433,917.21	1,175,168,645.62	61,081,000	19.25	5.71
1888.....	2,496,085.26	739,840,399.32	1,662,856,984.58	639,654,089.35	1,023,202,895.23	62,796,000	16.94	5.65
1889.....	1,911,486.26	797,287,446.97	1,619,062,922.23	643,113,173.01	975,939,750.22	64,554,000	15.92	5.58
1890.....	1,815,905.26	825,011,289.47	1,552,140,204.73	661,356,834.20	890,783,370.53	65,822,250	14.22	5.47
1891.....	1,614,705.26	963,662,795.35	1,545,996,591.61	694,093,839.81	851,902,751.80	68,975,000	13.32	5.37
1892.....	2,786,975.26	1,000,648,939.37	1,558,464,144.68	746,937,681.03	811,526,463.65	68,403,000	12.96	5.35
1893.....	2,094,090.26	968,954,226.87	1,545,965,968.13	707,016,210.99	838,949,757.15	68,226,000	12.55	5.34
1894.....	1,261,240.26	995,800,506.42	1,432,253,638.68	732,940,256.13	700,313,382.55	68,275,000	13.17	5.37
1895.....	1,721,580.26	968,197,261.99	1,476,130,963.25	781,061,686.46	695,069,276.79	69,878,000	12.98	5.44
1896.....	1,000,880.26	980,896,548.14	1,769,840,829.40	865,805,685.51	904,035,143.89	71,350,000	11.57	5.49
1897.....	1,446,920.26	993,901,656.64	1,517,676,683.90	888,649,765.87	629,026,918.03	72,307,000	13.65	5.49
1898.....	1,232,680.26	947,901,845.64	1,796,581,985.90	769,446,506.76	1,027,135,479.14	74,522,000	13.79	5.46

## ZIONISM.

## THE JEWISH MOVEMENT TOWARD PALESTINE.

(By Leon Zolotkoff.)

"Zionism" is a word of very recent coinage, but the idea it conveys is as old as the Jewish people. Etymologically "Zion" means in Hebrew an object of prominence, of distinction, also a monument. Topographically it was formerly used to designate an elevation centrally located in the old city of Jerusalem and known as the "City of David," the place being distinguished by the most important national structures—the citadel of David and royal residences having been erected there. As Jerusalem was the heart of the Jewish state, so Zion was the heart of Jerusalem. "Zion" and "Jerusalem" gradually became synonymous and interchangeable nouns. "For out of Zion shall go forth the law and the word of the Lord from Jerusalem" is one of the many parallelisms, so characteristic of the scriptures, in which these two nouns are symmetrically placed as synonyms. In the time of the prophets the conception of Zion broadened considerably and became symbolic of nation, country, state and religion all combined. In this sense the word "Zion" has been applied by the Psalmists, by the bards of the second Jewish empire, by the originators of the vast post-biblical literature, by the men of the great synagogue, by the authors and compilers of the rich Jewish liturgy and by the neo-Hebraic authors, poets and "elegists" of the middle ages. Modern Hebrew authors of our days employ the noun "Zion" in the same sense. Thus "Zionism" represents the national idea in Judaism, or, in other words, it is Judaism in the consciousness of its racial traditions and national importance. It has always represented and it still represents the manifestations, all the aspirations of the Jewish people, and all that which characterizes a nation in its entirety.

When Israel was in its infancy the national idea manifested itself in the narrow form of clannishness and tribal exclusiveness, but with the material and spiritual growth of the people during the centuries of their national existence the national idea broadened and deepened until it assumed the shape of a message to the world. The recognition of the unity of God by all nations and the ultimate establishment of the reign of justice and righteousness on earth were the principal features of that message. But while the great seers in Israel were dreaming of the triumphs of the human race, of universal peace, of achievement sublime and noble, Zion—not the spiritual Zion, which is a latter-day invention, but the real Zion—was to them the source whence all those glorious developments were to emanate. Under the most trying and despairing conditions of the people they were proclaiming their hope of seeing the nation free and independent. They never admitted the possibility of Israel's disappearance as a nation. This kindling love for the nation and the enthusiasm for the country may perhaps account for the almost superhuman endurance and for the persistence manifested by the Jewish people in their unequal struggle against world-conquering Rome.

With the destruction of the Jewish state the hold which Zion had upon the minds and hearts of the nation became still stronger. The active heroism of the people had been crushed, after hundreds of thousands of brave Jewish warriors had fallen on the battlefields, victims of their loyalty to Zion, but their national hope remained unimpaired. The brutal clearing of Palestine of its Jewish inhabitants by the Romans had only increased the yearning of the Jews for their home, and that yearning seems to have increased in intensity as the centuries were rolling by. Their hearts were aching while they remembered their land, their cities and their mountains long after the downfall of Rome.

From the depth of their sorrow a stream of national poetry sprang forth, which per-



FLAG OF THE ZIONISTS.

(White, with two blue stripes, the field bearing the six-pointed star, "the sign of David.")

vaded every fiber of their material and spiritual life, and their very existence became an incessant longing for the restoration of Zion. That longing was the keynote to their daily prayers and of their songs, it was their only thought and dream. In the earlier part of the twelfth century "Zionides" were composed by Rabbi Jehudah Halevi of Toledo, of whom Heine said: "His songs were a pillar of fire that preceded Israel in the wilderness of its exile." A faint idea of them may be conveyed by the following:

"O city of the world, beautiful and majestic,  
For thee I long from distant western home.

•From Hecht's Post-Biblical History.

O that on eagle's wings to thee I might  
come nigh;  
That with my tearful face I could but  
touch thy dust!  
Though kingless, crownless now, yet do I  
yearn for thee;  
Though serpents vile be now where erst  
sweet honey flowed,  
O could I kiss thy dust or tread thy  
ground  
I'd ask no more; my longing would be  
stilled."

But the fervor spent by the expatriated Jew in prayer and song failed to reduce his longing for the material restoration of Zion. Time and again had Jews in the dark ages attempted to settle in Palestine, but owing to the incessant strifes and the bloody struggles which had been raging in that country such efforts almost invariably ended in disaster. Small Jewish communities had sprung up in the several old cities of the holy land, but the sword without and the terror within had destroyed them. They had fallen victims of their souls' longing.

About 700 years ago 300 rabbis emigrated from France and England to Palestine for the purpose of strengthening the Jewish communities in the holy land. Nachmanides (1195-1270) had reorganized the partly destroyed community of Jerusalem, while at the same time another Jewish community had been started in Safed. With the establishment of Turkish rule in Palestine the existence of Jewish communities there became possible, but not free from persecution. Only since 1812 has the emigration of Jews to the holy land assumed a steady flow, but the nature of such emigration is purely religious. The only object in the view of such emigrants was to devote the rest of their lives to the study of the Talmud and to the service of God, and to subsist on the moneys sent there for their support by their coreligionists in other countries. In the course of this century the Jewish population in Jerusalem, Tiberias, Hebron and Safed has grown considerably, but the evils of indolence and pauperism have grown with them.

In 1856 the first daring attempt was made to carry culture to the Jews of the holy city and the first European school for Jewish boys was then established. Of a still greater revolutionary character was the founding of the agricultural school, "Mikveh Israel" (Hope of Israel), by Cremieux, in 1870. That remarkable move on the part of the founder of the "Alliance Israelite," though undertaken without any apparent intention of fostering the national idea of the Jews, had the effect of fanning into a blaze the spark of national feeling that was lying dormant in the breast of the Jewish masses. The latter always remain faithful to the spirit of traditional Judaism regardless alike of schisms within their ranks and of persecution from without. In the eastern European countries, particularly in Russia, many organizations of "Hov'e Zion" (Friends of Zion) sprang up and an effective though aimless Zionist propaganda was inaugurated. Then came the memorable reign of Alexander III., when the most barbarous atrocities were committed daily against the Jews, almost under the direction of the police; and thousands of intelligent Jews, who, following the example of the so-called reformed Judaism, had long before read the Jewish national idea out of existence, hastened to join the ranks of the

"Zion friends." Then it was that the first attempts to properly colonize the holy land were inaugurated. A number of Jewish young men, mostly university students and skillful mechanics, resolved to be the pioneers of their people in their national cause, and under the most trying difficulties and amid a skeptical world, which predicted all kinds of disastrous failures, they proceeded to Palestine, about eighteen years ago, and started to work as common "farm hands" on a tract of land, which was the property of Baron Rothschild, sticking to the hoe and tilling the ground in competition with the fellahs, whose needs in life are exceedingly limited. They succeeded in satisfying themselves and the world about them that the land of Palestine was not barren, and that the Jews could be turned into skilled agriculturists who thoroughly understood their vocation. Their example was soon followed by others and gradually several colonies were successfully established. Millions of money and a vast amount of energy were wasted in the great experiment, but the result is, nevertheless, absolutely satisfactory. The wines, fruits and other products of the Jewish colonies have already acquired a certain degree of fame on the European markets and many of the settlements are self-sustaining. A few statistics showing the area of land in possession of Jews, the number of colonists and the Jewish population in Palestine outside of the colonies may be of interest to the reader:

I. JUDEA.

Name of Colony—	No. of *donum. colonists.	No. of colonists.
1. Mikveh-Israel.....	2,800	225
2. Rishon-Lezion.....	6,800	531
3. Wund-el-Hanla.....	1,800	121
4. Rehoboth.....	10,500	281
5. Ekron.....	4,000	150
6. Gedera (Katra).....	3,400	69
7. Betr-Tobia (Kastanie).....	5,638	105
8. Ariuf.....	5,000	28
9. Moza.....	500	15
Total.....	40,668	1,525

II. SAMARIA.

Name of Colony—	No. of *donum. colonists.	No. of colonists.
10. Pethah-Tikwah.....	13,850	802
11. Kaph v-Laba.....	7,500	.....
12. Hederah.....	22,890	133
13. Sikkon-Jacob.....	.....	870
14. Em-el-Djemal.....	.....	98
15. Scheweja.....	20,000	110
16. Tantourah.....	.....	.....
17. Abilit.....	.....	.....
Total.....	71,280	2,085

III. UPPER GALILEE.

Name of Colony—	No. of *donum. colonists.	No. of colonists.
18. Rosh-Pina.....	14,000	315
19. Ain-Zetun.....	5,800	51
20. Mishmar-Hajarden.....	2,380	93
21. Jessod-Hamaleh.....	12,500	100
22. Meron.....	2,400	.....
23. Mahanaim.....	8,500	.....
24. Sedjra.....	27,400	.....
25. Mtella.....	12,000	253
Total.....	83,980	732

IV. IN TRANSJORDANIC REGIONS.

Number of donum..... 72,900

\*Donum is a Turkish measurement 40 paces square.

In the whole of Palestine there are, therefore, 4,350 colonists, occupying 268,278 domes of land. Besides these there are of hired Jewish laborers about 700.

The Jewish population in Palestine outside of the colonies is distributed as follows:

Jerusalem .....	28,254
Hebron .....	1,429
Jaffa .....	3,000
Gaza .....	75
Ramleh .....	166
Akka .....	130
Haifa .....	1,375
Sidon .....	780
Tiberias .....	3,200
Saffed .....	6,627
Stabulus .....	120
Other localities.....	29

Total .....

In 1882, immediately after the first outbreak of anti-Jewish excesses in Russia, there appeared a pamphlet entitled "Auto-Emancipation," by Dr. Pinsker, an Odessa physician. It had for a motto the saying of Hillel: "If I will not do for myself, who will?" This little work stood out prominently in the whole mass of literature on the so-called "Jewish question" in Europe in those days. For the first time in centuries, perhaps, the activity of an independent Jewish spirit became perceptible. "Help yourself and God will help you!" was the basic idea of that little book; the goal, however, for which the Jewish people were to strive was, according to the author, not their "holy" land, but their "own land." He cared little or not at all where such land might be found, provided it were found. While he recognized the hopelessness of the condition of the vast population of his people who are the victims of persecution and saw their only salvation in a great national effort, he at the same time ignored to a great extent the latent forces of a common history, of common traditions and religion. The "Auto-Emancipation," by Dr. Pinsker, was soon supplemented by another work in Hebrew entitled "Arukhath-bath-Aml" (The Cure of My People), from the pen of a highly learned, popular, charitable and venerable German rabbi, Dr. J. Rulf, who very ably demonstrated that only the holy land can be the Jews' own land.

In this spirit resolutions were adopted by a very timid assembly of delegates from various "Hov've Zion" associations, which was convened in November, 1884, at the town of Kattowitz, Prussia. A short time thereafter a society of Jewish university students and academicians was formed in Vienna under the name of "Kadimah" (Forward) and to it the Palestinian movement owes its modern name of "Zionism." Similar organizations sprang into existence in almost every university of Europe where Jewish students were matriculated in sufficient numbers. The greater part of the Jewish press became Zionist in its tendency, and new Zionist periodicals of every kind and description were greatly multiplied.

Then all of a sudden the Zionist movement experienced an impetus from an almost unexpected quarter. Out of the ranks of the so-called emancipated Jewry of western Europe, where for half a century the tendency to cast off every distinction of a Jewish nationality manifested itself strongly, a champion for the Jewish national cause

stepped forward in the person of Dr. Theodor Herzl, journalist and playwright. Almost a stranger to his own people and to their hopes and aspirations, but moved solely by sympathy at the depth of their misery, he undertook to solve the Jewish problem—on paper, at least. Owing to his keen insight into the political and economical affairs of the world and the intuition of an able publicist, he arrived at the same conclusions which others had reached by their national instinct. He placed his ideas before the public in a book entitled "Judenstaat," which was published about five years ago and attracted the attention of the civilized world. In it he urged self-help on the people, thus utilizing their national feeling, and, at the same time, sought to impress upon the world outside of Judaism that the powers would be greatly benefited by a solution of the vexed Jewish question through their national restoration to their old, historical home. Dr. Herzl was carried so far by his ideas that he made the cause of his people the object of his life and continued—and still continues—to work unremittently in that direction. Another champion of Zionism—of a similar type, but still more unexpected—appeared in the person of Dr. Max Nordau, one of the keenest-minded and most brilliant men in Europe, and the possessor of extraordinary powers both as an orator and as a writer. These two men soon formed the center of a large circle of bright and intelligent men all over Europe and in various walks of life, who took up the Zionist agitation in their respective countries.

Their endeavors have culminated thus far in the two Zionist congresses held in Basle, Switzerland, in August, 1897, and in August, 1898, respectively. The programme adopted by the first congress is as follows:

"The aim of Zionism is to create for the Jewish people a publicly, legally assured home in Palestine.

"In order to attain this object the congress adopts the following means:

"1. To promote the settlement in Palestine of Jewish agriculturists, handicraftsmen, industrialists and men following professions.

"2. The centralization of the Jewish people by means of general institutions agreeable to the laws of the land.

"3. To strengthen Jewish sentiments and national self-consciousness.

"4. To obtain the sanction of governments to the carrying out of the objects of Zionism."

As one of the means to the end for which the Zionists are striving the first congress proposed the establishment of a Jewish colonial bank, which would serve the purpose by the concentration and economical consolidation of Jewish capital and Jewish productive powers in one land, namely in Syria and Palestine. The second congress showed a considerable progress of the scheme and announced that the bank would commence operations with a capital stock of \$10,000,000 in London before the expiration of one year. The capital is being raised by a popular subscription. The par value of each share is £1. The latest information regarding the Zionist movement justifies the assumption that this last section of its programme also is receiving due attention on the part of the leaders, whose efforts, thus far, have met with considerable success.

The following two dispatches appeared in the press during the month of November, 1898:

"London, Nov. 4.—On Wednesday, Nov. 2, the German emperor received a Jewish deputation in Jerusalem. He was presented with an album containing views of the Jewish colonies in the holy land. In reply to the address of the chief of the deputation, Dr. Herzl, his majesty said that all such endeavors to improve the agriculture of Palestine are in the best interest of the Turkish empire, in full recognition of the sultan's sovereign rights, and might be made in complete reliance upon the kaiser's benevolent interest."

"London, Nov. 17.—The Daily Mail says: An important result of Emperor William's

tour is an agreement on the part of the sultan to give his benevolent sanction to the Zionist movement."

Of the extraordinarily rapid growth of the movement one can form an idea by comparing the respective attendance of the two congresses. The congress of 1897 was attended by 160 delegates, representing about 350 Zionist organizations. The second congress was composed of about 360 delegates, representing over 900 organizations, scattered over our globe.

It would seem that the nineteenth century marvels of intercommunication have made it possible for the Jewish people to attempt to bridge the wide chasm in their common history.

## PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

NAME.	Native state.	Year of birth.	Residence.	IN AUCTION.		Years served.	Politics.	DIED AT	
				Year	Age			Place.	Age
1 George Washington.	Va.	1732	Va.	1789	57	8	Fed.	Mount Vernon, 1799.	67
2 John Adams.	Mass.	1735	Mass.	1797	62	4	Fed.	Quincy, Mass., 1826.	91
3 Thomas Jefferson.	Va.	1743	Va.	1801	58	8	Rep.	Monticello, Va., 1826.	83
4 James Madison.	Va.	1751	Va.	1809	58	8	Rep.	Montpelier, Va., 1836.	85
5 James Monroe.	Va.	1758	Va.	1817	59	8	Rep.	New York city, 1831.	73
6 John Quincy Adams.	Mass.	1767	Mass.	1825	58	4	Rep.	Washington, 1848.	81
7 Andrew Jackson.	N. C.	1767	Tenn.	1829	62	8	Dem.	Hermitage, Tenn., 1845.	78
8 Martin Van Buren.	N. Y.	1782	N. Y.	1837	55	4	Dem.	Kinderhook, N. Y., 1862.	80
9 William H. Harrison.	Va.	1773	Ohio.	1841	68	1 mo.	Whig.	Washington, 1841.	68
10 John Tyler.	Va.	1790	Va.	1841	51	3 y. 11 mo.	Dem.	Richmond, Va., 1862.	72
11 James K. Polk.	N. C.	1795	Tenn.	1845	50	4	Dem.	Nashville, Tenn., 1849.	54
12 Zachary Taylor.	Va.	1784	Va.	1849	65	1 y. 4 mo.	Whig.	Washington, 1850.	66
13 Millard Fillmore.	N. Y.	1800	N. Y.	1850	50	2 y. 6 mo.	Whig.	Buffalo, N. Y., 1874.	74
14 Franklin Pierce.	N. H.	1804	N. H.	1853	49	4	Dem.	Concord, N. H., 1869.	65
15 James Buchanan.	Penn.	1791	Penn.	1857	66	4	Dem.	Wheatland, Pa., 1868.	77
16 Abraham Lincoln.	Ky.	1809	Ill.	1861	52	45 hrs. 11 d.	Rep.	Washington, 1865.	56
17 Andrew Johnson.	N. C.	1808	Tenn.	1865	57	3 y. 10 mo. 3 d.	Rep.	Carle's Co., Tenn., 1875.	67
18 Ulysses S. Grant.	Ohio.	1822	Ill.	1869	47	8	Rep.	McGregor, N. Y., 1885.	63
19 Rutherford B. Hayes.	Ohio.	1827	Ohio.	1877	50	4	Rep.	Freemont, O., 1890.	63
20 James A. Garfield.	Ohio.	1831	Ohio.	1881	49	6 w. 6 d.	Rep.	Long Branch, N. J., 1881.	49
21 Chester A. Arthur.	N. Y.	1829	N. Y.	1881	51	3 y. 5 m. 1 d.	Rep.	New York city, 1886.	56
22 Grover Cleveland.	N. J.	1837	N. Y.	1895	58	4	Dem.		
23 Benjamin Harrison.	Ohio.	1833	Ind.	1889	56	4	Rep.		
24 Grover Cleveland.	N. J.	1837	N. Y.	1893	56	4	Dem.		
25 William McKinley.	Ohio.	1843	Ohio.	1897	54		Rep.		

## DEATHS OF THE PRESIDENTS.

George Washington died from a cold which brought on laryngitis.

John Adams died at 91, from senile debility.

James Madison lived to be 85, and died peacefully and painlessly of old age.

Thomas Jefferson died of chronic diarrhea.

James Monroe died of general debility.

John Quincy Adams died of paralysis, the fatal attack overtaking him at 81, in the hall of the house of representatives.

Andrew Jackson's death was caused by consumption and dropsy at the age of 78.

Martin Van Buren's death took place at 80, caused by catarrh of the throat and lungs.

William Henry Harrison's death was occasioned by pleurisy induced by a cold taken on the day of his inauguration.

John Tyler died at 72, from a mysterious disorder like a bilious attack.

James K. Polk died at 54, from weakness caused by cholera.

Zachary Taylor died at the age of 66, from cholera morbus, induced by improper diet.

Millard Fillmore died at 74, from paralysis.

Franklin Pierce died at 65, from inflammation of the stomach.

James Buchanan's death was caused by rheumatism and gout, at 77.

Abraham Lincoln was assassinated by J. Wilkes Booth.

Andrew Johnson died from paralysis.

Ulysses S. Grant died of cancer of the throat.

Rutherford B. Hayes died at 70, from paralysis of the heart.

James A. Garfield was assassinated by Charles J. Guiteau.

Chester A. Arthur died at 56, from Bright's disease.

## MESSAGES OF THE PRESIDENT.

## DESTRUCTION OF THE MAINE.

On the 28th of March, 1898, the president sent the following message to congress:

To the Congress of the United States: For some time prior to the visit of the Maine to Havana harbor our consular representatives pointed out the advantages to flow from the visit of national ships to the Cuban waters. In acquainting the people to the presence of our flag as the symbol of good will and of our ships in the fulfillment of the mission of protection to American interests, even though no immediate need therefor might exist.

Accordingly, on Jn. 24 last, after conference with the Spanish minister, in which the renewal of visits of our war vessels to Spanish waters was discussed and accepted, the peninsular authorities at Madrid and Havana were advised of the purpose of this government to resume friendly naval visits at Cuban ports, and that in that view the Maine would forthwith call at the port of Havana. This announcement was received by the Spanish government with appreciation of the friendly character of the visit of the Maine, and with notification of intention to return the courtesy by sending Spanish ships to the principal ports of the United States. Meanwhile the Maine entered the port of Havana on Jan. 25, her arrival being marked with no special incident besides the exchange of customary and ceremonial visits.

The Maine continued in the harbor of Havana during the three weeks following her arrival. No appreciable excitement attended her stay. On the contrary, a feeling of relief and confidence followed the resumption of the long interruption of friendly intercourse. So noticeable was this immediate effect of her visit that the consular-general strongly urged that the presence of our ships in Cuban waters should be kept up by retaining the Maine at Havana or in the event of her recall by sending another vessel here to take her place.

At 9:40 in the evening of Feb. 15 the Maine was destroyed by an explosion, by which the entire forward part of the cabin was utterly wrecked. In this catastrophe two officers and 258 of her crew perished, those who were not killed outright by her explosion being penned between decks by the tangle of wreckage and drowned by the immediate sinking of the hull. Prompt assistance was rendered by the neighboring vessels anchored in the harbor, aid being especially given by the boats of the Spanish cruiser Alfonso XII. and the Ward line steamer City of Washington, which lay not far distant. The wounded were generously cared for by the authorities of Havana, the hospitals being freely opened to them, while the earliest recovered bodies of the dead were interred by the municipality in a public cemetery in the city. Tributes of grief and sympathy were offered from all official quarters of the island.

The appalling calamity fell upon the people of our country with crushing force, and for a brief time an intense excitement prevailed, which in a community less just and self-controlled than ours might have led to hasty acts of blind resentment. This spirit, however, soon gave way to the calmer processes of reason and to the resolve to investigate the facts and await the material proof before forming a judgment as to

the cause, the responsibility, and, if the facts warranted, the remedy due. This course necessarily recommended itself from the outset to the executive, for only in the light of a dispassionately ascertained certainty could it determine the nature and measure of its full duty in the matter.

The usual procedure was followed as in all cases of casualty or disaster to national vessels of any maritime state. A naval court of inquiry was at once organized, composed of officers well qualified by rank and practical experience to discharge the onerous duty imposed upon them. Aided by a strong force of wreckers and divers, the court proceeded to make a thorough investigation on the spot, employing every available means for the impartial and exact determination of the causes of the explosion. Its operations have been conducted with the utmost deliberation and judgment, and while independently pursued no source of information was neglected and the fullest opportunity was allowed for a simultaneous investigation by the Spanish authorities.

The finding of the court of inquiry was reached, after twenty-three days of continuous labor, on the 21st of March inst. and, having been approved on the 23d by the commander-in-chief of the United States naval force on the North Atlantic station, was transmitted to the executive.

It is herewith laid before the congress, together with the voluminous testimony taken before the court. Its purport is, in brief, as follows:

"When the Maine arrived at Havana she was conducted by the regular government pilot to buoy No. 4, to which she was moored in from five and one-half to six fathoms of water. The state of discipline on board and the condition of her magazines, boilers, coal bunkers and storage compartments are passed in review, with the conclusion that excellent order prevailed and that no indication of any cause for an internal explosion existed in any quarter.

"At 8 o'clock in the evening of Feb. 15 everything had been reported secure and all was quiet.

"At forty minutes past 9 the vessel was suddenly destroyed.

"There were two distinct explosions, with a brief interval between them. The first lifted the forward part of the ship very perceptibly; the second, which was more prolonged, is attributed by the court to the partial explosion of two or more of the forward magazines.

"The evidence of the divers establishes that the after part of the ship was practically intact and sunk in that condition a very few minutes after the explosion. The forward part was completely demolished.

"Upon the evidence of concurrent external cause the finding of the court is as follows:

"At frame 17 the outer shell of the ship, from a point eleven and one-half feet from the middle line of the ship and six feet above the keel when in its normal position, has been forced up so as to be now about four feet above the surface of the water; therefore, about thirty-four feet above where it would be had the ship sunk unimpaired.

"The outside bottom plating is bent into a reversed 'V' shape, the after wing of

which, about fifteen feet broad and thirty-two feet in length (from frame 17 to frame 25), is doubled back upon itself, against the continuation of the same plating extending forward.

"At frame 18 the vertical keel is broken in two and keel bent into an angle similar to the angle formed for the outside plates. This break is about six feet below the surface of the water and about thirty feet above its normal position.

"In the opinion of the court this effect could have been produced only by the explosion of a mine situated under the bottom of the ship, at about frame 18, and somewhat on the port side of the ship.

"The conclusions of the court are: That the loss of the Maine was not in any respect due to fault or negligence on the part of any of the officers or members of her crew.

"That the ship was destroyed by the explosion of a submarine mine, which caused the partial explosion of two or more of her forward magazines; and.

"That no evidence has been obtainable fixing the responsibility for the destruction of the Maine upon any person or persons."

I have directed that the findings of the court of inquiry and the views of the government thereon be communicated to the government of her majesty the queen, and I do not permit myself to doubt that the sense of justice of the Spanish nation will dictate a course of action suggested by honor and the friendly relations of the two governments.

It was the duty of the executive to advise the congress of the result, and in the meantime deliberate consideration is invoked.

WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

Executive Mansion, March 28, 1898.

#### THE WAR MESSAGE.

To the Congress of the United States: Obedient to that precept of the constitution which commands the president to give from time to time the congress information of the state of the union and to recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient, it becomes my duty now to address your body with regard to the grave crisis that has arisen in the relations of the United States to Spain by reason of the warfare that for more than three years has raged in the neighboring island of Cuba.

I do so because of the intimate connection of the Cuban question with the state of our own union and the grave relation the course which it is now incumbent upon the nation to adopt must needs bear to the traditional policy of our government if it is to accord with the precepts laid down by the founders of the republic and religiously observed by succeeding administrations to the present day.

The recent revolution is but the successor of other similar insurrections which have occurred in Cuba against the dominion of Spain, extending over a period of nearly half a century, each of which, during its progress, has subjected the United States to great effort and expense in enforcing its neutrality laws, caused enormous losses to the American trade and commerce, caused irritation, annoyance and disturbance among our citizens, and, by the exercise of cruel, barbarous and uncivilized practices of warfare, shocked the sensibilities and offended the humane sympathies of our people.

Since the present revolution began, in Feb-

ruary, 1896, this country has seen the fertile domain at our threshold ravaged by fire and sword in the course of a struggle unequalled in the history of the island and rarely paralleled as to the number of the combatant and the bitterness of the contest by a revolution of modern times where a dependent people, striving to be free, have been opposed by the power of the sovereign state.

Our people have beheld a once prosperous community reduced to comparative want, its commerce virtually paralyzed, its exceptional productiveness diminished, its fields laid waste, its mills in ruins and its people perishing by tens of thousands from hunger and destitution.

We have found ourselves constrained, in the observance of that strict neutrality which our laws enjoin and which the law of nations commands, to police our own water and watch our own seaports in prevention of any unlawful act in aid of the Cubans.

Our trade has suffered; the capital invested by our citizens in Cuba has been largely lost, and the temper and forbearance of our people have been so sorely tried as to beget a perilous unrest among our own citizens, which has inevitably found its expression from time to time in the national legislature, so that issues wholly external to our own body politic engross attention and stand in the way of that close devotion to domestic advancement that becomes a self-contented commonwealth, whose primal maxim has been the avoidance of all foreign entanglements.

All this must needs awaken and has indeed aroused the utmost concern of the part of this government, as well during my predecessor's administration as my own.

In April, 1896, the evils from which our country suffered through the Cuban war became so onerous that my predecessor made an effort to bring about a peace through the mediation of this government in an way that might tend to an honorable adjustment of the contest between Spain and her revolted colony on the basis of some effective scheme of self-government for Cuba under the flag and sovereignty of Spain. I failed through the refusal of the Spanish government then in power to consider any form of mediation, or, indeed, any plan of settlement which did not begin with the actual submission of the insurgents to the mother country, and then only on such terms as Spain herself might see fit to grant.

The war continued unabated. The resistance of the insurgents was in nowise diminished.

The efforts of Spain were increased, both by the dispatch of fresh levies to Cuba and by the addition to the horrors of the strife of a new and inhuman phase happily unprecedented in the modern history of civilized Christian peoples.

The policy of devastation and concentration inaugurated by the captain-general order of Oct. 21, 1896, in the province of Pinar del Rio, was thence extended to embrace all of the island to which the power of the Spanish arms was able to reach by occupation or by military operations.

The peasantry, including all dwelling in the open agricultural interior, were driven into the garrison towns or isolated places held by the troops. The raising and movement of provisions of all kinds were interdicted. The fields were laid waste, dwell-

ings unroofed and fired, mills destroyed, and, in short, everything that could desolate the land and render it unfit for human habitation or support was commanded by one or the other of the contending parties, and executed by all the powers at their disposal.

By the time the present administration took office, a year ago, reconcentration—so called—had been made effective over the better part of the four central and western provinces—Santa Clara, Matanzas, Havana and Pinar del Rio. The agricultural population, to the estimated number of 300,000 or more, was herded within the towns and their immediate vicinages, deprived of the means of support, rendered destitute of shelter, left poorly clad and exposed to the most unsanitary conditions.

As the scarcity of food increased with the devastation of the depopulated areas of production, destitution and want became misery and starvation. Month by month the death rate increased in an alarming ratio.

By March, 1897, according to conservative estimates from official Spanish sources, the mortality among the reconcentrados from starvation and the diseases thereto incident exceeded 50 per centum of their total number.

No practical relief was accorded to the destitute. The overburdened towns, already suffering from the general dearth, could give no aid. So-called zones of cultivation, established within the immediate area of effective military control about the cities and fortified camps, proved illusory as a remedy for the suffering. The unfortunates, being for the most part women and children, with aged and helpless men enfeebled by disease and hunger, could not have tilled the soil without tools, seed or shelter for their own support or for the supply of the cities.

Reconcentration, adopted avowedly as a war measure in order to cut off the resources of the insurgents, worked its predestined result. As I said in my message of last December, it was not civilized warfare; it was extermination. The only peace it could beget was that of the wilderness and the grave.

Meanwhile the military situation in the island had undergone a noticeable change. The extraordinary activity that characterized the second year of the war, when the insurgents invaded even the hitherto unharmed fields of Pinar del Rio and carried havoc and destitution up to the walls of the city of Havana itself, had relapsed into a dogged struggle in the central and eastern provinces. The Spanish arms regained a measure of control in Pinar del Rio and parts of Havana, but under the existing conditions of the rural country without immediate improvement of their productive situation.

Even thus partially restricted the revolutionists held their own, and their submission, put forward by Spain as the essential and sole basis of peace, seemed as far distant as at the outset.

In this state of affairs my administration found itself confronted with the grave problem of its duty. My message of last December reviewed the situation and detailed the steps taken with a view of relieving its acuteness and opening the way to some form of honorable settlement.

The assassination of the prime minister, Canovas, led to a change of government in Spain. The former administration, pledged

to subjugation without concession, gave place to that of a more liberal party, committed long in advance to a policy of reform involving the wider principle of home rule for Cuba and Puerto Rico.

The overtures of this government, made through its new envoy, Gen. Woodford, and looking to an immediate and effective amelioration of the condition of the island, although not accepted to the extent of admitted mediation in any shape, were met by assurances that home rule, in an advanced phase, would be forthwith offered to Cuba without waiting for the war to end, and that more humane methods should thenceforth prevail in the conduct of hostilities.

Incidentally with these declarations the new government of Spain continued and completed the policy already begun by its predecessor of testifying friendly regard for this nation by releasing American citizens held under one charge or another connected with the insurrection, so that by the end of November not a single person entitled in any way to our national protection remained in a Spanish prison.

While these negotiations were in progress the increasing destitution of the unfortunate reconcentrados and the alarming mortality among them claimed earnest attention. The success which had attended the limited measure of relief extended to the suffering American citizens among them by the judicious expenditure through the consular agencies of the money appropriated expressly for their succor by the joint resolution approved May 24, 1897, prompted the humane extension of a similar scheme of aid to this end and was acquiesced in by the Spanish authorities.

On the 24th of December last I caused to be issued an appeal to the American people, inviting contributions in money or in kind for the succor of the starving sufferers in Cuba, following this on the 8th of January by a similar public announcement of the formation of a central Cuban relief committee, with headquarters in New York city, composed of three members representing the American National Red Cross and the religious and business elements of the community.

The efforts of that committee have been untiring and accomplished much. Arrangements for free transportation to Cuba have greatly aided the charitable work. The president of the American Red Cross and representatives of other contributory organizations have generously visited Cuba and co-operated with the consular-general and the local authorities to make effective distribution of the relief collected through the efforts of the central committee.

Nearly \$200,000 in money and supplies has already reached the sufferers, and more is forthcoming. The supplies are admitted duty free, and transportation to the interior has been arranged, so that the relief, at first necessarily confined to Havana and the larger cities, is now extended through most if not all of the towns where suffering exists. Thousands of lives have already been saved.

The necessity for a change in the condition of the reconcentrados is recognized by the Spanish government. Within a few days past the orders of Gen. Weyler have been revoked; the reconcentrados are, it is said, to be permitted to return to their homes and aided to resume the self-supporting pursuits of peace; public works

have been ordered to give them employment, and a sum of \$600,000 has been appropriated for their relief.

The war in Cuba is of such a nature that short of subjugation or extermination a final military victory for either side seems impracticable. The alternative lies in the physical exhaustion of the one or the other party, or perhaps of both—a condition which in effect ended the ten years war by the truce of Zanjón. The prospect of such a protraction and conclusion of the present strife is a contingency hardly to be contemplated with equanimity by the civilized world, and least of all by the United States, affected and injured as we are, deeply and intimately, by its very existence.

Realizing this, it appeared to be my duty, in a spirit of true friendliness no less to Spain than to the Cubans, who have so much to lose by the prolongation of the struggle, to seek to bring about an immediate termination of the war. To this end I submitted, on the 27th ult., as a result of much representation and correspondence, through the United States minister at Madrid, propositions to the Spanish government looking to an armistice until Oct 1 for the negotiation of peace with the good offices of the president.

In addition, I asked the immediate revocation of the order of reconcentration, so as to permit the people to return to their farms and the needy to be relieved with provisions and supplies from the United States, co-operating with the Spanish authorities so as to afford full relief.

The reply of the Spanish cabinet was received on the night of the 31st ult. It offers, as the means to bring about peace in Cuba, to confide the preparation thereof to the insular department, inasmuch as the concurrence of that body would be necessary to reach a final result. It being, however, understood that the powers reserved by the constitution to the central government are not lessened or diminished.

As the Cuban parliament does not meet until the 4th of May next, the Spanish government would not object, for its part, to accept at once a suspension of hostilities if asked for by the insurgents from the general-in-chief, to whom it would pertain, in such case, to determine the duration and conditions of the armistice.

The propositions submitted by Gen. Woodford and the reply of the Spanish government were both in the form of brief memoranda, the texts of which are before me, and are substantially in the language above given. The function of the Cuban parliament in the matter of "preparing" peace and the manner of its doing so are not expressed in the Spanish memorandum, but from Gen. Woodford's explanatory reports of preliminary discussions preceding the final conference it is understood that the Spanish government stands ready to give the insular congress full powers to settle the terms of peace with the insurgents, whether by direct negotiation or indirectly by means of legislation does not appear.

With this last overture in the direction of immediate peace and its disappointing reception by Spain, the executive was brought to the end of his effort.

In my annual message of December last I said:

"Of the untried measures there remain: Recognition of the insurgents as belliger-

ents, recognition of the independence of Cuba, neutral intervention to end the war by imposing a rational compromise between the contestants, and intervention in favor of one or the other party. I speak not of forcible annexation, for that cannot be thought of. That, by our code of morality, would be criminal aggression."

Thereupon I reviewed these alternatives in the light of President Grant's measured words, uttered in 1875, when after seven years of sanguinary, destructive and cruel barbarities in Cuba he reached the conclusion that the recognition of the independence of Cuba was impracticable and indefensible, and that the recognition of belligerence was not warranted by the facts, according to the tests of public law. I commented especially upon the latter aspect of the question, pointing out the inconveniences and positive dangers of a recognition of belligerence, which, while adding to the already onerous burdens of neutrality within our own jurisdiction, could not in any way extend our influence or effective offices in the territory of hostilities.

Nothing has since occurred to change my view in this regard, and I recognize as fully now as then that the issuance of a proclamation of neutrality, by which process the so-called recognition of belligerence is published, could of itself and unattended by other action accomplish nothing toward the one end for which we labor, the instant pacification of Cuba and the cessation of the misery that afflicts the island.

Turning to the question of recognizing at this time the independence of the present insurgent government in Cuba, we find precedents in our history from an early day. They are well summed up in President Jackson's message to congress Dec. 21, 1836, on the subject of the recognition of the independence of Texas. He said:

"In all the contests that have arisen out of the revolution of France, out of the disputes relating to the crews of Portugal and Spain, out of the separation of the American possessions of both from the European governments, and out of the numerous and constantly occurring struggles for dominion in Spanish America, so wisely consistent with our just principles has been the action of our government that we have under the most critical circumstances avoided all censure, and encountered no other evil than that produced by a transient estrangement of good will in those against whom we have been by force of evidence compelled to decide. It has thus been made known to the world that the uniform policy and practice of the United States is to avoid all interferences in disputes which merely relate to the internal government of other nations, and eventually to recognize the authority of the prevailing party, without reference to our particular interests and views or to the merits of the original controversy."

"But on this, as on every other trying occasion, safety is to be found in a rigid adherence to principle. In the contest between Spain and the revolted colonies we stood aloof and waited until the ability of the new states to protect themselves was fully established, but until the danger of their being again subjugated had entirely passed away. Then, and not until then, were they recognized. Such was our course in regard to Mexico herself."

"It is true that with regard to Texas the civil authority of Mexico had been expelled,

its invading army defeated, the chief of the republic himself captured, and all present power to control the newly organized government of to-day annihilated within its confines. But on the other hand there is in appearance at least an immense disparity of physical force on the side of Texas. The Mexican republic under another executive is rallying its forces under a new leader and menacing a fresh invasion to recover its lost dominion. Upon the issue of this threatened invasion the independence of Texas may be considered as suspended, and were there nothing peculiar in the attitude of the United States and Texas, our acknowledgment of its independence at such a crisis could scarcely be regarded as consistent with that prudent reserve with which we have hitherto held ourselves bound to treat all similar questions."

Thereupon Andrew Jackson proceeded to consider the risk that there might be imputed to the United States motives of selfish interests, in view of the former claim on our part to the territory of Texas and of the avowed purpose of the Texans in seeking recognition of independence as an incident to the incorporation of Texas in the union, concluding thus:

"Prudence, therefore, seems to dictate that we should still stand aloof and maintain our present attitude, if not until Mexico itself or one of the great foreign powers shall recognize the independence of the new government, at least until the lapse of time or the course of events shall have proved beyond cavil or dispute the ability of the people of that country to maintain their separate sovereignty and to uphold the government constituted by them.

"Neither of the contending parties can justly complain of this course. By pursuing it we are but carrying out the long-established policy of our government, a policy which has secured to us respect and influence abroad and inspired confidence at home."

These are the words of the resolute and patriotic Jackson. They are evidence that the United States, in addition to the test imposed by public law as the condition of the recognition of independence by a neutral state—to wit, that the revolted states shall "constitute in fact a body politic, having a government in substance as well as in name, possessed of the elements of stability," and forming de facto, "if left to itself, a state among the nations, reasonably capable of discharging the duties of a state"—has imposed for its own governance in dealing with cases like these the further condition that recognition of independent statehood is not due to a revolted dependency until the danger of its being again subjugated by the parent state has entirely passed away.

This extreme test was in fact applied in the case of Texas. The congress to whom President Jackson referred the question as one "probably leading to war" and therefore a proper subject for "a previous understanding with that body, by whom war can alone be declared, and by whom all the provisions for sustaining its perils must be unrushed," left the matter of the recognition of Texas to the discretion of the executive, providing merely for the sending of a diplomatic agent when the president should be satisfied that the republic of Texas had become "an independent state." It was so recognized by President Van Buren, who

commissioned a charge d'affaires March 7, 1837, after Mexico had abandoned an attempt to reconquer the Texan territory and when there was at the time no bona-fide contest going on between the insurgent province and its former sovereign.

I said in my message of December last: "It is to be seriously considered whether the Cuban insurrection possesses beyond dispute the attributes of statehood, which alone can demand the recognition of belligerency in its favor."

The same requirement must certainly be no less seriously considered when the graver issue of recognizing independence is in question, for no less positive test can be applied to the greater act than to the lesser, while on the other hand the influences and consequences of the struggle upon the internal policy of the recognizing state, which form important factors when the recognition of belligerency is concerned, are secondary, if not rightly eliminable factors when the real question is whether the community claiming recognition is or is not independent beyond peradventure.

Nor from the standpoint of expedience do I think it would be wise or prudent for this government to recognize at the present time the so-called Cuban republic. Such recognition is not necessary in order to enable the United States to intervene and pacify the island.

To commit this country now to the recognition of any particular government in Cuba might subject us to embarrassing conditions of international obligations toward the organization so recognized. In case of intervention our conduct would be subject to the approval or disapproval of such governments, we would be required to submit to its direction and to assume to it the mere reliance of a friendly ally.

When it shall appear hereafter that there is within the island a government capable of performing the duties and discharging the functions of a separate nation, and having as a matter of fact the proper forms and attributes of nationality, such government can be promptly and readily recognized and the relations and interests of the United States with such nation adjusted.

There remain the alternative forms of intervention to end the war, either as an impartial neutral by imposing a rational compromise between the contestants, or as the active ally of the one party or the other.

As to the first, it is not to be forgotten that during the last few months the relation of the United States has virtually been one of friendly intervention in many ways, each not of itself conclusive, but all tending to the exertion of a potential influence toward an ultimate pacific result just and honorable to all interests concerned.

The spirit of all our acts hitherto has been an earnest, unselfish desire for peace and prosperity in Cuba, untarnished by differences between us and Spain and unstained by the blood of American citizens.

The forcible intervention of the United States as a neutral to stop the war, according to the large dictates of humanity and following many historical precedents where neighboring states have interfered to check the hopeless sacrifice of life by interminable conflicts beyond their borders, is justifiable on rational grounds. It involves, however, hostile constraint upon both the parties to the contest as well to enforce a truce as to guide the eventual settlement.

The grounds for such intervention may be briefly summarized as follows:

1. In the cause of humanity and to put an end to the barbarities, bloodshed, starvation and horrible miseries now existing there, and which the parties to the conflict are either unable or unwilling to stop or mitigate. It is no answer to say this is all in another country, belonging to another nation and therefore none of our business. It is specially our duty, for it is right at our door.

2. We owe it to the citizens of Cuba to afford them that protection and indemnity for life and property which no government there can or will afford, and to that end to terminate the conditions that deprive them of legal protection.

3. The right to intervene may be justified by the very serious injury to commerce, trade and business of our people, and by the wanton destruction of property and devastation of the island.

And which is of the utmost importance: The present condition of affairs in Cuba is a constant menace to our peace, and entails upon this government an enormous expense. With such a conflict waged for years in an island so near us and with which our people have such trade and business relations—when the lives and liberty of our citizens are in constant danger and their property destroyed and themselves ruined—where our trading vessels are liable to seizure and are seized at our very door by warships of a foreign nation, the expeditions of filibustering that we are powerless to prevent altogether, and the irritating questions and entanglements thus arising—all these and others that I need not mention, with the resulting strained relations, are a constant menace to our peace and compel us to keep on a semi-war footing with a nation with which we are at peace.

These elements of danger and disorder already pointed out have been strikingly illustrated by a tragic event which has deeply and justly moved the American people.

I have already transmitted to congress the report of the naval court of inquiry on the destruction of the battleship *Maine* in the harbor of Havana during the night of the 15th of February.

The destruction of that noble vessel has filled the national heart with inexpressible horror. Two hundred and fifty-eight brave sailors and marines and two officers of our navy, reposing in the fancied security of a friendly harbor, have been hurled to death, grief and want brought to their homes and sorrow to the nation.

The naval court of inquiry, which it is needless to say commands the unqualified confidence of the government, was unanimous in its conclusion that the destruction of the *Maine* was caused by an exterior explosion—that of a submarine mine. It did not assume to place the responsibility. That remains to be fixed.

In any event the destruction of the *Maine*, by whatever exterior cause, is a patent and impressive proof of a state of things in Cuba that is intolerable. That condition is thus shown to be such that the Spanish government cannot assure safety and security to a vessel of the American navy in the harbor of Havana on a mission of peace and rightfully there.

Further referring in this connection to recent diplomatic correspondence, a dispatch from our minister to Spain of the 26th

ult. contained the statement that the Spanish minister for foreign affairs assured him positively that Spain will do all that the highest honor and justice require in the matter of the *Maine*.

The reply above referred to of the 31st ult. also contained an expression of the readiness of Spain to submit to an arbitration all the differences which can arise in this matter, which is subsequently explained by the note of the Spanish minister at Washington of the 10th inst., as follows:

"As to the question of fact which springs from the diversity of views between the report of the American and Spanish boards, Spain proposes that the fact be ascertained by an impartial investigation by experts, which decision Spain accepts in advance."

To this I have made no reply.

President Grant, in 1875, after discussing the phases of the contest as it then appeared, and its hopeless and apparent indefinite prolongation, said:

"In such event I am of opinion that other nations will be compelled to assume the responsibility which devolves upon them and to seriously consider the only remaining measure possible—mediation and intervention. Owing, perhaps, to the large expanse of water separating the island from the peninsula, the contending parties appear to have within themselves no depository of common confidence to suggest wisdom when passion and excitement have their sway and to assume the part of peacemaker."

"In this view, in the earlier days of the contest, the good offices of the United States as a mediator were tendered in good faith, without any selfish purpose. In the interest of humanity and sincere friendship for both parties, but were at the time declined by Spain with the declaration, nevertheless, that at a future time they would be indispensable. No intimation has been received that in the opinion of Spain that time has been reached. And yet the strife continues, with all its dread horrors and all its injuries to the interests of the United States and of other nations. Each party seems quite capable of making great injury and damage to the other, as well as to all the relations and interests dependent on the existence of peace in the island, but they seem incapable of reaching any adjustment, and both have thus far failed of achieving any success whereby one party shall possess and control the island to the exclusion of the other."

"Under the circumstances, the agency of others, either by mediation or by intervention, seems to be the only alternative which must sooner or later be invoked for the termination of the strife."

In the last annual message of my immediate predecessor during the pending struggle it was said:

"When the inability of Spain to deal successfully with the insurrection has become manifest, and it is demonstrated that her sovereignty is extinct in Cuba for all purposes of its rightful existence, and when a hopeless struggle for its re-establishment has degenerated into a strife which means nothing more than the useless sacrifice of human life and the utter destruction of the very subject matter of the conflict, a situation will be presented in which our obligations to the sovereignty of Spain will be superseded by higher obligations, which we can hardly hesitate to recognize and discharge."

In my annual message to congress December last, speaking to this question, I said: "The near future will demonstrate

whether the indispensable condition of a righteous peace, just alike to the Cubans and to Spain, as well as equitable to all our interests so intimately involved in the welfare of Cuba, is likely to be attained. If not, the exigency of further and other action by the United States will remain to be taken.

"When that time comes that action will be determined in the line of indisputable right and duty. It will be faced, without misgiving or hesitancy, in the light of the obligation this government owes itself, to the people who have confided to it the protection of their interests and honor, and to humanity.

"Sure of the right, keeping free from all offense ourselves, actuated only by upright and patriotic considerations, moved neither by passion nor selfishness, the government will continue its watchful care over the rights and property of American citizens, and will abate none of its efforts to bring about by peaceful agencies a peace which shall be honorable and enduring. If it shall hereafter appear to be a duty imposed by our obligations to ourselves, to civilization and humanity to intervene with force, it shall be without fault on our part and only because the necessity for such action will be so clear as to command the support and approval of the civilized world."

The long trial has proved that the object for which Spain has waged the war cannot be attained. The fire of insurrection may flame or may smolder with varying seasons, but it has not been and it is plain that it cannot be extinguished by present methods.

The only hope of relief and repose from a condition which cannot longer be endured is the enforced pacification of Cuba. In the name of humanity, in the name of civilization, in behalf of endangered American interests, which give us the right and duty to speak and to act, the war in Cuba must stop.

In view of these facts and these considerations, I ask the congress to authorize and empower the president to take measures to secure a full and speedy termination of hostilities between the government of Spain and the people of Cuba, and to secure in the island the establishment of a stable government, capable of maintaining order and observing its international obligations, insuring peace and tranquillity and the security of its citizens, as well as our own, and to use the military and naval forces of the United States as may be necessary for these purposes.

And in the interest of humanity and to aid in preserving the lives of the starving people of the island I recommend that the distribution of food and supplies be continued and that an appropriation be made out of the public treasury to supplement the charity of our citizens.

The issue is now with the congress. It is a solemn responsibility. I have exhausted every effort to relieve the intolerable condition of affairs which is at our doors. Prepared to execute every obligation imposed upon me by the constitution and the law, I await your action.

Yesterday and since the preparation of the foregoing message official information was received by me that the latest decree of the queen regent of Spain directs Gen. Blanco, in order to prepare and facilitate peace, to proclaim a suspension of hostilities, the duration and details of which have not yet been communicated to me. This fact, with every other pertinent consideration, will, I

am sure, have your just and careful attention in the solemn deliberations upon which you are about to enter.

If this measure attains a successful result, then our aspirations as a Christian, peace-loving people will be realized. If it fails, it will be only another justification for our contemplated action.

WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

Executive Mansion, April 11, 1898.

#### FOR A DECLARATION OF WAR.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America:

I transmit to the congress for its consideration and appropriate action copies of correspondence recently had with the representative of Spain in the United States, with the United States minister at Madrid, and through the latter with the government of Spain, showing the action taken under the joint resolution approved April 20, 1898, "for the recognition of the independence of the people of Cuba, demanding that the government of Spain relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba and to withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters, and directing the president of the United States to use the land and naval forces of the United States to carry these resolutions into effect."

Upon communicating with the Spanish minister in Washington the demand which it became the duty of the executive to address to the government of Spain in obedience to said resolution, the said minister asked for his passports and withdrew.

The United States minister at Madrid was in turn notified by the Spanish minister for foreign affairs that the withdrawal of the Spanish representative from the United States had terminated diplomatic relations between the two countries, and that all official communications between their respective representatives ceased therewith.

I recommend to your especial attention the note addressed to the United States minister at Madrid by the Spanish minister for foreign affairs on the 21st inst., whereby the foregoing notification was conveyed. It will be perceived therefrom that the government of Spain, having cognizance of the joint resolution of the United States congress, and in view of things which the president is thereby required and authorized to do, responds by treating the representative demands of this government as measures of hostility, following with that instant and complete severance of relations by its action whereby the usage of nations accompanies an existent state of war between sovereign powers.

The position of Spain being thus made known and the demands of the United States being denied with a complete rupture of intercourse by the act of Spain, I have been constrained, in exercise of the power and authority conferred upon me by the joint resolution aforesaid, to proclaim, under date of April 22, 1898, a blockade of certain ports of the north coast of Cuba lying between Cardenas and Bahia Honda, and of the port of Cienfuegos on the south coast of Cuba; and further, in exercise of my constitutional powers and using the authority conferred upon me by the act of congress approved April 22, 1898, to issue a proclamation, dated April 23, 1898, calling for volunteers in order to carry into effect the said resolution of April 20, 1898.

Copies of these proclamations are hereto appended.

In view of the measures so taken and with a view to the adoption of such other measures as may be necessary to enable me to carry out the expressed will of the congress of the United States in the premises, I now recommend to your honorable body for adoption of a joint resolution declaring that a state of war exists between the United States of America and the kingdom of Spain, and I urge speedy action thereon, to the end that the definition of the international status of the United States as a belligerent power may be made known and the assertion of all its rights and the maintenance of all its duties in the conduct of a public war may be assured.

WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

Executive Mansion, Washington, April 25, 1898.

#### TRIBUTE TO ADMIRAL DEWEY.

To the Congress of the United States: On the 24th of April I directed the secretary of the navy to telegraph orders to Commodore Dewey of the United States navy, commanding the Asiatic squadron, then lying in the port of Hongkong, to proceed forthwith to the Philippine Islands, there to commence operations and engage the Spanish fleet.

Promptly obeying that order the United States squadron, consisting of the flagship Olympia, Baltimore, Raleigh, Boston, Concord and Petrel, with the revenue cutter McCulloch as an auxiliary dispatch boat, entered the harbor of Manila at daybreak on the 1st of May and immediately engaged the entire Spanish fleet of eleven ships, which were under the protection of the fire of the land forts. After a stubborn fight, in which the enemy suffered great loss, these vessels were destroyed or completely disabled and the water battery at Cavite silenced. Of our brave officers and men not one was lost and only eight injured, and those slightly. All of our ships escaped any serious damage.

By the 4th of May Commodore Dewey had taken possession of the naval station at Cavite, destroying the fortifications there and at the entrance of the bay and ravaging their garrisons. The waters of the bay are under his complete control. He has established hospitals within the American lines, where 250 of the Spanish sick and wounded are assisted and protected.

The magnitude of this victory can hardly be measured by the ordinary standards of naval warfare. Outweighing any material advantage is the moral effect of this initial success. At this unsurpassed achievement the great heart of our nation throbs, not with boasting or with greed of conquest, but with deep gratitude that this triumph has come in a just cause, and that by the grace of God an effective step has thus been taken toward the attainment of the wished-for peace. To those whose skill, courage and devotion have won the fight, to the gallant commander and the brave officers and men who aided him, our country owes an incalculable debt.

Feeling as our people feel and speaking in their name, I at once sent a message to Commodore Dewey, thanking him and his officers and men for their splendid achievement and overwhelming victory, and in-

forming him that I had appointed him an acting rear-admiral.

I now recommend that, following our national precedents and expressing the fervent gratitude of every patriotic heart, the thanks of congress be given Acting Rear-Admiral George Dewey of the United States navy for highly distinguished conduct in conflict with the enemy, and to the officers and men under his command for their gallantry in the destruction of the enemy's fleet and the capture of the enemy's fortifications in the bay of Manila.

WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

Executive Mansion, May 9, 1898.

#### SINKING OF THE MERRIMAC.

To the Congress of the United States: On the morning of the 3d of June, 1898, Assistant Naval Constructor Richmond P. Hobson, U. S. N., with a volunteer crew of seven men, in charge of the partially dismantled collier Merrimac, entered the fortified harbor of Santiago, Cuba, for the purpose of sinking the collier in the narrowest portion of the channel and thus interposing a serious obstacle to the egress of the Spanish fleet which had recently entered that harbor. This enterprise, demanding coolness, judgment and bravery amounting to heroism, was carried into successful execution in the face of a persistent fire from the hostile fleet, as well as from the fortifications on shore.

Rear-Admiral Sampson, commander-in-chief of our naval force in Cuban waters, in an official report dated "Off Santiago de Cuba, June 3, 1898," and addressed to the secretary of the navy, referring to Mr. Hobson's gallant exploit, says:

"As stated in a recent telegram before coming here, I decided to make the harbor entrance secure against the possibility of egress of the Spanish ships by obstructing the narrow part of the entrance by sinking a collier at that point. Upon calling upon Mr. Hobson for his professional opinion as to a sure method of sinking the ship, he manifested a most lively interest in the problem. After several days' consideration he presented a solution which he considered would insure the immediate sinking of the ship when he had reached the desired point in the channel. The plan contemplated a crew of only seven men and Mr. Hobson, who begged that it might be intrusted to him.

"As soon as I reached Santiago and had the collier to work upon, the details were commenced and diligently prosecuted, hoping to complete them in one day, as the moon and tide served best the first night after our arrival. Notwithstanding every effort the hour of 4 o'clock in the morning arrived and the preparations were scarcely completed. After a careful inspection of the final preparations I was forced to relinquish the plan for that morning, as dawn was breaking. Mr. Hobson begged to try it at all hazards.

"This morning proved more propitious, as a prompt start could be made. Nothing could have been more gallantly executed. A careful inspection of the harbor from this ship showed that the Merrimac had been sunk in the channel.

"I cannot too earnestly express my appreciation of the conduct of Mr. Hobson and his gallant crew. I venture to say that a more brave and daring thing has not been done since Cushing blew up the Albemarle."

The members of the crew who were with Mr. Hobson on this memorable occasion have already been rewarded for their services by advancement, which, under the provisions of law and regulation, the secretary of the navy was authorized to make, and the nomination to the senate of Naval Cadet Powell, who, in a steam launch, followed the Merrimac on her perilous trip for the purpose of rescuing her force after the sinking of that vessel, to be advanced in rank to the grade of ensign, has been prepared and will be submitted.

Cushing, with whose gallant act in blowing up the ram Albatross during the civil war Admiral Sampson compares Mr. Hobson's sinking of the Merrimac, received the thanks of congress, upon recommendation of the president, by name, and was in consequence, under the provisions of section 1508 of the revised statutes, advanced one grade, such advancement embracing fifty-six numbers. The section cited applies, however, to line officers only, and Mr. Hobson, being a member of the staff of the navy, could not under its provisions be so advanced.

In considering the question of suitably rewarding Assistant Naval Constructor Hobson for his valiant conduct on the occasion referred to I have deemed it proper to address this message to you with the recommendation that he receive the thanks of congress, and, further, that he be transferred to the line of the navy and promoted to such position therein as the president, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, may determine. Mr. Hobson's transfer from the construction corps to the line is fully warranted, he having received the necessary technical training as a graduate of the naval academy, where he stood No. 1 in his class, and such action is recommended partly in deference to what is understood to be his own desire, although, he being now a prisoner in the hands of the enemy, no direct communication on the subject has been received from him, and partly for the reason that the abilities displayed by him at Santiago are of such a character as to indicate especial fitness for the duties of the line.

WILLIAM M'KINLEY.  
Executive Mansion, June 27, 1898.

#### REWARD FOR LIEUT. NEWCOMB.

To the Congress of the United States: On the 11th day of May, 1898, there occurred a conflict in the bay of Cardenas, Cuba, in

which the naval torpedo boat Winslow was disabled, her commander wounded and one of her officers and a part of her crew killed by the enemy's fire.

In the face of a most galling fire from the enemy's guns the revenue cutter Hudson, commanded by First Lieutenant Frank H. Newcomb, United States revenue-cutter service, rescued the disabled Winslow, her wounded commander and remaining crew. The commander of the Hudson kept his vessel in the very hottest fire of the action, although in constant danger of going ashore on account of the shallow water, until he finally got a line made fast to the Winslow and towed that vessel out of range of the enemy's guns, a deed of special gallantry.

I recommend that, in recognition of the signal act of heroism of First Lieutenant Frank H. Newcomb, United States revenue-cutter service, above set forth, the thanks of congress be extended to him and to his officers and men of the Hudson, and a gold medal of honor be presented Lieut. Newcomb, a silver medal of honor to each of his officers and a bronze medal of honor to each of his crew who served with him at Cardenas.

It will be remembered that congress, by appropriate action, recognized the several commanders of ships of war for their services in the battle of Manila, May 1, 1898.

#### CAPT. HODGSON REMEMBERED.

The commander of the revenue cutter Hugh McCulloch, present and in active co-operation with the fleet under Commodore Dewey on that occasion (by executive order under the provisions of section 2775, revised statutes), is the only commander of a national ship to whom promotion or advancement was not and could not be given, because he already held the highest rank known to the revenue-cutter service.

I now recommend that, in recognition of the efficient and meritorious services of Capt. Daniel E. Hodgson, United States revenue-cutter service, who commanded the Hugh McCulloch at the battle of Manila (that officer being now in the 63d year of his age and having served continuously on active duty for thirty-seven years), be placed upon permanent waiting orders on the retired list of the revenue-cutter service on the full-duty pay of his grade.

WILLIAM M'KINLEY.  
Executive Mansion, June 27, 1898.

#### THE PRESIDENT'S SECOND ANNUAL MESSAGE.

To the Senate and House of Representatives: Notwithstanding the added burdens rendered necessary by the war, our people rejoice in a very satisfactory and steadily increasing degree of prosperity, evidenced by the largest volume of business ever recorded.

Manufacture has been productive, agricultural pursuits have yielded abundant returns, labor in the fields of industry is better rewarded, revenue legislation passed by the present congress has increased the treasury's receipts to the amount estimated by its authors, the finances of the government have been successfully administered and its credit advanced to the first rank, while its currency has been maintained at the world's highest standard.

Military service under a common flag and

for a righteous cause has strengthened the national spirit and served to cement more closely than ever the fraternal bonds between every section of the country.

A review of the relation of the United States to other powers, always appropriate, is this year of primary importance in view of the momentous issues which have arisen, demanding in one instance the ultimate determination by arms and involving far-reaching consequences which will require the earnest attention of the congress.

In my last annual message very full consideration was given to the question of the duty of the government of the United States toward Spain and the Cuban insurrection as being by far the most important problem with which we were then called upon to deal. The considerations then ad-

vanced and the exposition of the views then expressed disclosed my sense of the extreme gravity of the situation.

#### TIME GIVEN SPAIN.

Setting aside, as logically unfounded or practically inadmissible, the recognition of the Cuban insurgents as belligerents, the recognition of the independence of Cuba, neutral intervention to end the war by imposing a rational compromise between the contestants, intervention in favor of one or the other party, and forcible annexation of the island, I concluded it was honestly due to our friendly relations with Spain that she should be given a reasonable chance to realize her expectations of reform, to which she had become irrevocably committed. Within a few weeks previously she had announced comprehensive plans, which it was confidently asserted would be efficacious to remedy the evils so deeply affecting our own country, so injurious to the true interests of the mother country as well as to those of Cuba, and so repugnant to the universal sentiment of humanity.

The ensuing month brought little sign of real progress toward the pacification of Cuba. The autonomous administration set up in the capital and some of the principal cities appeared not to gain the favor of the inhabitants nor to be able to extend their influence to the large extent of territory held by the insurgents, while the military arm, obviously unable to cope with the still active rebellion, continued many of the most objectionable and offensive policies of the government that had preceded it.

No tangible relief was afforded the vast numbers of unhappy reconcentrados, despite the reiterated professions made in that regard and the amount appropriated by Spain to that end. The proffered expedient of zones of cultivation proved illusory. Indeed, no less practical nor more delusive promises of succor could well have been tendered to the exhausted and destitute people, stripped of all that made life and home dear and herded in a strange region among unsympathetic strangers hardly less necessitous than themselves.

By the end of December the mortality among them had frightfully increased. Conservative estimates from Spanish sources placed the deaths among these distressed people at over 40 per cent from the time Gen. Weyler's decree of reconcentration was enforced. With the acquiescence of the Spanish authorities a scheme was adopted for relief by charitable contributions raised in this country and distributed, under the direction of the consul-general and the several consuls, by noble and earnest individual effort through the organized agencies of the American Red Cross. Thousands of lives were thus saved, but many thousands more were inaccessible to such forms of aid.

The war continued on the old footing, without comprehensive plan, developing only the same spasmodic encounters, barren of strategic result, that had marked the course of the earlier ten years' rebellion as well as the present insurrection from its start. No alternative save physical exhaustion of either combatant, and therewithal the practical ruin of the island, lay in sight, but how far distant no one could venture to conjecture.

#### DESTRUCTION OF THE MAINE.

At this juncture, on the 15th of February last, occurred the destruction of the battle-

ship Maine, while rightfully lying in the harbor of Havana on a mission of international courtesy and good-will—a catastrophe the suspicious nature and horror of which stirred the nation's heart profoundly.

It is a striking evidence of the poise and sturdy good sense distinguishing our national character that this shocking blow, falling upon a generous people, already deeply touched by preceding events in Cuba, did not move them to an instant, desperate resolve to tolerate no longer the existence of a condition of danger and disorder at our doors that made possible such a deed by whomsoever wrought. Yet the instinct of justice prevailed and the nation anxiously awaited the result of the searching investigation at once set on foot.

The finding of the naval board of inquiry established that the origin of the explosion was external by a submarine mine, and only halted through lack of positive testimony to fix the responsibility of its authorship.

All these things carried conviction to the most thoughtful, even before the finding of the naval court, that a crisis in our relations with Spain and toward Cuba was at hand. So strong was this belief that it needed but a brief executive suggestion to the congress to receive immediate answer to the duty of making instant provision for the possible and perhaps speedily probable emergency of war, and the remarkable, almost unique, spectacle was presented of a unanimous vote of both houses on the 9th of March, appropriating \$50,000,000 for the national defense and for each and every purpose connected therewith, to be expended at the discretion of the president.

That this act of provision came none too soon was disclosed when the application of the fund was undertaken. Our forts were practically undefended. Our navy needed large provision for increased ammunition and supplies and even numbers to cope with any sudden attack from the navy of Spain, which comprised modern warships of the highest type of continental perfection. Our army also required enlargement of men and munitions.

The details of the hurried preparation for the dreaded contingency are told in the reports of the secretaries of war and of the navy, and need not be repeated here. It is sufficient to say that the outbreak of war, when it did come, found our nation not unprepared to meet the conflict.

Nor was the apprehension of coming strife confined to our own country. It was felt by the continental powers, which, on April 6, through their ambassadors and envoys, addressed to the executive an expression of hope that humanity and moderation might mark the course of this government and people, and that further negotiations would lead to an agreement which, while securing the maintenance of peace, would affirm all necessary guarantees for the re-establishment of order in Cuba.

In responding to that representation I also shared the hope that the envoys had expressed that peace might be preserved in a manner to terminate the chronic condition of disturbance in Cuba so injurious and menacing to our interests and tranquillity, as well as shocking to our sentiments of humanity; and, while appreciating the humanitarian and disinterested character of the communication they had made on behalf of the powers, I stated the confidence of this government, for its part, that equal appreciation would be shown for its own

earnest and unselfish endeavors to fulfill a duty to humanity by ending a situation the indefinite prolongation of which had become insufferable.

#### EFFORTS TO AVERT WAR.

Still animated by the hope of a peaceful solution and obeying the dictates of duty, no effort was relaxed to bring about a speedy ending of the Cuban struggle. Negotiations to this object continued actively with the government of Spain, looking to the immediate conclusion of a six months armistice in Cuba with a view to effecting the recognition of her people's right to independence. Besides this, the instant revocation of the order of reconcentration was asked, so that the sufferers, returning to their homes and aided by united American and Spanish effort, might be put in a way to support themselves and by orderly resumption of the well-nigh destroyed productive energies of the island contribute to the restoration of its tranquillity and well being.

Negotiations continued for some little time at Madrid, resulting in offers by the Spanish government which could not but be regarded as inadequate. It was proposed to confide the preparation of peace to the insular parliament, yet to be convened under the autonomous decrees of November, 1897, but without impairment in any wise of the constitutional powers of the Madrid government, which, to that end, would grant an armistice, if solicited by the insurgents, for such time as the general in chief might see fit to fix.

How and with what scope of discretionary powers the insular parliament was expected to set about the "preparation" of peace did not appear. If it were to be by negotiation with the insurgents, the issue seemed to rest on the one side with a body chosen by a fraction of the electors in the districts under Spanish control, and on the other with the insurgent population holding the interior country, unrepresented in the so-called parliament, and defiant at the suggestion of suing for peace.

Grieved and disappointed at this barren outcome of my sincere endeavors to reach a practicable solution, I felt it my duty to remit the whole question to the congress. In the message of April 1, 1898, I announced that with this last overture in the direction of immediate peace in Cuba, and its disappointing reception by Spain, the effort of the executive was brought to an end.

I again reviewed the alternative course of action which I had proposed, concluding that the only one consonant with international policy and compatible with our first historical traditions was intervention as a neutral to stop the war and check the hopeless sacrifice of life, even though that resort involved "hostile constraint upon both the parties to the contest, as well to enforce a truce as to guide the eventual settlement."

The grounds justifying that step were: The interests of humanity, the duty to protect life and property of our citizens in Cuba, the right to check injury to our commerce and people through the devastation of the island, and, most important, the need of removing at once and forever the constant menace and the burdens entailed upon our government by the uncertainties and perils of the situation caused by the unendurable disturbance in Cuba. I said:

"The long trial has proved that the ob-

ject for which Spain has waged the war cannot be attained. The fire of insurrection may flame or may smolder with varying seasons, but it has not been, and it is plain that it cannot be, extinguished by present methods. The only hope of relief and repose from a condition which can no longer be endured is the enforced pacification of Cuba. In the name of humanity, in the name of civilization, in behalf of endangered American interests, which give us the right and the duty to speak, the existing war in Cuba must stop."

In view of all this the congress was asked to authorize and empower the president to take measures to secure a full and final termination of hostilities between Spain and the people of Cuba and to secure in the island the establishment of a stable government, capable of maintaining order and observing its international obligations, insuring peace and tranquillity and the security of its citizens as well as our own, and for the accomplishment of those ends to use the military and naval forces of the United States as might be necessary, with added authority to continue generous relief to the starving people of Cuba.

#### DECISIVE ACTION BY CONGRESS.

The response of the congress, after nine days of earnest deliberation, during which the almost unanimous sentiment of your body was developed on every point save as to the expediency of coupling the proposed action with a formal recognition of the republic of Cuba as the true and lawful government of that island—a proposition which failed of adoption—the congress, after conference, on the 19th of April, by a vote of 42 to 35 in the senate and 311 to 6 in the house of representatives, passed the memorable joint resolution, declaring:

"1. That the people of the island of Cuba are, and of right ought to be, free and independent."

"2. That it is the duty of the United States to demand, and the government of the United States does hereby demand, that the government of Spain at once relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba and withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters."

"3. That the president of the United States be and he hereby is directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into the actual service of the United States the militia of the several states to such extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect."

"4. That the United States hereby disclaims any disposition or intention to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over said island, except for the pacification thereof, and asserts its determination, when that is accomplished, to leave the government and control of the island to its people."

This resolution was approved by the executive on the next day, April 20. A copy was at once communicated to the Spanish minister at this capital, who forthwith announced that his continuance in Washington had thereby become impossible, and asked for his passports, which were given him. He thereupon withdrew from Washington, leaving the protection of Spanish interests in the United States to the French ambassador and the Austro-Hungarian minister.

Simultaneously with its communication to

the Spanish minister, Gen. Woodford, the American minister at Madrid, was telegraphed confirmation of the text of the joint resolution, and directed to communicate it to the government of Spain, with the formal demand that it at once relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba and withdraw its forces therefrom, coupling this demand with announcements of the intentions of this government as to the future of the island, in conformity with the fourth clause of the resolution, and giving Spain until noon of April 23 to reply.

The demand, although, as above shown, officially made known to the Spanish envoy here, was not delivered at Madrid. After the instruction reached Gen. Woodford on the morning of April 21, but before he could present it, the Spanish minister of state notified him that upon the president's approval of the joint resolution the Madrid government, regarding the act as "equivalent to an evident declaration of war," had ordered its minister in Washington to withdraw, thereby breaking off diplomatic relations between the two countries and ceasing all official communication between their respective representatives. Gen. Woodford thereupon demanded his passports and quitted Madrid the same day.

#### FORMAL DECLARATION OF WAR.

Spain having thus denied the demand of the United States and initiated that complete form of rupture of relations which attends a state of war, the executive powers authorized by the resolution were at once used by me to meet the enlarged contingency of actual war between Spain and the United States.

On April 22 I proclaimed a blockade of the northern coast of Cuba, including ports on said coast between Cardenas and Bahía Honda, and the port of Cienfuegos on the south coast of Cuba, and on the 23d I called for volunteers to execute the purpose of the resolution.

By my message of April 25 the congress was informed of the situation, and I recommended formal declaration of the existence of a state of war between the United States and Spain. The congress accordingly voted on the same day the act approved April 20, 1898, declaring the existence of such war, from and including the 21st day of April, and re-enacted the provision of the resolution of April 20, directing the president to use all the armed forces of the nation to carry that act into effect.

Due notification of the existence of war as aforesaid was given April 25 by telegraph to all the governments with which the United States maintain relations, in order that their neutrality might be assured during the war.

The various governments responded with proclamations of neutrality, each after its own methods. It is not among the least gratifying incidents of the struggle that the obligations of neutrality were impartially discharged by all, often under delicate and difficult circumstances.

In further fulfillment of international duty, I issued April 26 a proclamation announcing the treatment proposed to be accorded to vessels and their cargoes as to blockades, contraband, the exercise of the right of subjects and the immunity of neutral flags and neutral goods under the enemy's flag. A similar proclamation was made by the Spanish government. In the

conduct of hostilities the rules of the declaration of Paris, including abstention from resort to privateering, have accordingly been observed by both belligerents, although neither was a party to that declaration.

#### RECRUITING OF ARMY AND NAVY.

Our country thus, after an interval of half a century of peace with all nations, found itself engaged in deadly conflict with a foreign enemy. Every nerve was strained to meet the emergency.

The response to the initial call for 125,000 volunteers was instant and complete, as was also the result of the second call of May 25 for 75,000 additional volunteers. The ranks of the regular army were increased to the limits provided by the act of April 25.

The enlisted force of the navy on the 15th of August, when it reached its maximum, numbered 24,123 men and apprentices. One hundred and three vessels were added to the navy by purchase, one was presented to the government, one leased and the four vessels of the International Navigation Company, the St. Paul, St. Louis, New York and Paris, were chartered. In addition to these the revenue cutters and lighthouse tenders were turned over to the navy department and became temporarily a part of the auxiliary navy.

The maximum effective fighting force of the navy during the war, separated into classes, was as follows:

Regular—Four battleships of the first class, one battleship of the second class, two armored cruisers, six coast defense monitors, one armored ram, twelve protected cruisers, three unprotected cruisers, eighteen gunboats, one dynamite cruiser, eleven torpedo boats, fourteen old vessels of the old navy, including monitors.

Auxiliary—Sixteen auxiliary cruisers, twenty-eight converted yachts, twenty-seven converted tugs, nineteen converted colliers, fifteen revenue cutters, four light house tenders and nineteen miscellaneous vessels.

Much alarm was felt along our entire Atlantic seaboard lest some attack might be made by the enemy. Every precaution was taken to prevent possible injury to our great cities lying along the coast. Temporary garrisons were provided, drawn from the state militia. Infantry and light batteries were drawn from the volunteer force. About 12,000 troops were thus employed. The coast signal service was established for observing the approach of an enemy's ships to the coast of the United States, and the life-saving and lighthouse services co-operated, which enabled the navy department to have all portions of the Atlantic coast, from Maine to Texas, under observation.

The auxiliary navy was created under the authority of congress, and was officered and manned by the naval militia of the several states. This organization patrolled the coast and performed the duty of a second arm of defense.

Under the direction of the chief of engineers submarine mines were placed at the most exposed points. Before the outbreak of the war permanent mining casemates and cable galleries had been constructed at all important harbors. Most of the torpedo material was not to be found in the market and had to be specially manufactured. Under date of April 19 district officers were directed to take all preliminary measures, short of the actual attaching of the loaded

mines to the cables, and on April 22 telegraphic orders were issued to place the loaded mines in position.

The aggregate number of mines placed was 1,536 at the principal harbors from Maine to California. Preparations were also made for the planting of mines at certain other harbors, but owing to the early destruction of the Spanish fleet these mines were not placed.

The signal corps was promptly organized and performed service of most difficult and important character. Its operations during the war covered the electrical connection of all coast fortifications and the establishment of telephonic and telegraphic facilities for the camps at Manila, Santiago and in Puerto Rico.

There were constructed 300 miles of line at ten great camps, thus facilitating military movements from those points in a manner heretofore unknown in military administration. Field telegraph lines were established and maintained under the enemy's fire at Manila, and later the Manila-Hongkong cable was reopened. In Puerto Rico cable communications were opened over a discontinued route, and on land the headquarters of the commanding officer were kept in telegraphic or telephonic communication with the division commanders of four different lines of operation.

There was placed in Cuban waters a completely outfitted cable ship, with war cables and cable gear suitable both for the destruction of communications belonging to the enemy and the establishment of our own. Two ocean cables were destroyed under the enemy's batteries at Santiago. The day previous to the landing of Gen. Shafter's corps at Calmanera, within twenty miles of the landing place, cable communications were established and cable stations opened, giving direct communication with the government at Washington. This service was invaluable to the executive in directing the operations of the army and navy.

With a total force of over 1,500 the loss was by disease and field, officers and men included, only five.

#### THE BOND ISSUE.

The national defense under the \$50,000,000 fund was expended in large part by the army and navy, and the objects for which it was used are fully shown in the reports of the several secretaries. It was a most timely appropriation, enabling the government to strengthen its defense and make preparations greatly needed in case of war.

This fund being inadequate to the requirements of equipment and for the conduct of the war, the patriotism of the congress provided the means in the war-revenue act of June 13 by authorizing a 3 per cent popular loan, not to exceed \$400,000,000, and by levying additional imposts and taxes. Of the authorized loan, \$200,000,000 was offered and promptly taken, the subscriptions so far exceeding the call as to cover it many times over, while, preference being given to the smaller bids, no single allotment exceeded \$5,000.

This was a most encouraging and significant result, showing the vast resources of the nation and the determination of the people to uphold their country's honor.

#### DEWEY'S VICTORY AT MANILA.

It is not within the province of this message to narrate the history of the extraor-

dinary war that followed the Spanish declaration of April 21, but a brief recital of its more salient features is appropriate.

The first encounter of the war in point of date took place April 27, when a detachment of the blockading squadron made a reconnaissance in force at Matanzas, shelled the harbor forts and demolished several new works in construction.

The next engagement was destined to mark a memorable epoch in maritime warfare. The Pacific fleet, under Commodore Dewey, had lain for some weeks at Hongkong. Upon the colonial proclamation of neutrality being issued and the customary twenty-four hours' notice being given, it repaired to Mirs bay, near Hongkong, whence it proceeded to the Philippine islands under telegraphed orders to capture or destroy the formidable Spanish fleet then assembled at Manila.

At daybreak on the 1st of May the American force entered Manila bay, and after a few hours' engagement effected the total destruction of the Spanish fleet, consisting of ten warships and a transport, besides capturing the naval station and forts at Cavite, thus annihilating the Spanish naval power in the Pacific ocean and completely controlling the bay of Manila, with the ability to take the city at will. Not a life was lost on our ships, the wounded numbering only seven, while not a vessel was materially injured.

For this gallant achievement the congress, upon my recommendation, fittingly bestowed upon the actors preferment and substantial reward.

The effect of this remarkable victory upon the spirit of our people and upon the fortunes of the war was instant. A prestige of invincibility thereby attached to our arms which continued throughout the struggle. Re-enforcements were hurried to Manila under the command of Maj.-Gen. Merritt and firmly established within sight of the capital, which lay helpless before our guns.

On the 7th day of May the government was advised officially of the victory at Manila, and at once inquired of the commander of our fleet what troops would be required. The information was received on the 15th day of May, and the first army expedition sailed May 25 and arrived off Manila June 30. Other expeditions soon followed, the total force consisting of 641 officers and 15,068 men.

Only reluctance to cause needless loss of life and property prevented the early storming and capture of the city, and therewith the absolute military occupancy of the whole group. The insurgents meanwhile had resumed the active hostilities suspended by the uncompleted truce of December, 1897. Their forces invested Manila from the northern and eastern sides, but were constrained by Admiral Dewey and Gen. Merritt from attempting an assault.

It was fitting that whatever was to be done in the way of decisive operations in that quarter should be accomplished by the strong arm of the United States alone. Obeying the stern precept of war, which enjoins the overcoming of the adversary and the extinction of his power wherever accessible as the speedy and sure means to win a peace, divided victory was not permissible, for no partition of the rights and responsibilities attending the enforcement of a just and advantageous peace could be thought of.

# CAMPAIGN IN CUBA REVIEWED.

Following the comprehensive scheme of general attack, powerful forces were assembled at various points on our coast to invade Cuba and Puerto Rico. Meanwhile naval demonstrations were made at several exposed points. On May 11 the cruiser Wilmington and torpedo boat Winslow were unsuccessful in an attempt to silence the batteries at Cardenas and Matanzas, Worth Bagley and four seamen falling.

These grievous fatalities were, strangely enough, among the very few which occurred during our naval operations in this extraordinary conflict.

Meanwhile the Spanish naval preparations had been pushed with great vigor. A powerful squadron under Admiral Cervera, which had assembled at the Cape Verde Islands before the outbreak of hostilities, had crossed the ocean, and by its erratic movements in the Caribbean sea delayed our military operations while baffling the pursuit of our fleets. For a time fears were felt lest the Oregon and Marietta, then nearing home after their long voyage from San Francisco of over 15,000 miles, might be surprised by Admiral Cervera's fleet, but their fortunate arrival dispelled these apprehensions and lent much-needed reinforcement.

## HEROISM OF HOBSON.

Not until Admiral Cervera took refuge in the harbor of Santiago de Cuba about May 9 was it practicable to plan a systematic military attack upon the Antillean possessions of Spain. Several demonstrations occurred on the coasts of Cuba and Puerto Rico in preparation of the great event. On May 13 the North Atlantic squadron shelled San Juan de Puerto Rico. On May 30 Commodore Schley's squadron bombarded the forts guarding the mouth of Santiago harbor. Neither attack had any material result. It was evident that well-ordered land operations were indispensable to achieve a decisive advantage.

The next act in the war thrilled not alone the hearts of our countrymen but the world by its exceptional heroism.

On the night of June 3 Lieut. Hobson, aided by seven devoted volunteers, blocked the narrow outlet from Santiago harbor by sinking the collier Merrimac in the channel, under a fierce fire from the shore batteries, escaping with their lives as by a miracle, but falling into the hands of the Spaniards.

It is a most gratifying incident of the war that the bravery of this little band of heroes was cordially appreciated by the Spaniards, who sent a flag of truce to notify Admiral Sampson of their safety and to compliment them upon their daring act. They were subsequently exchanged July 7.

## ADVANCE ON SANTIAGO.

By June 7 the cutting of the last Cuban cable isolated the island. Thereafter the invasion was vigorously prosecuted. On June 10, under a heavy protecting fire, a landing of 600 marines from the Oregon, Marblehead and Yankee was effected in Guantanamo bay where it had been determined to establish a naval station. This important and essential port was taken from the enemy after severe fighting by the marines, who were the first organized force of the United States to land in Cuba. The position so won was held despite desperate attempts to dislodge our forces.

By June 16 additional forces were landed

and strongly intrenched. On June 22 the advance of the invading army under Maj.-Gen. Shafter landed at Baiquiri, about fifteen miles east of Santiago. This was accomplished under great difficulties, but with marvelous dispatch. On June 23 the movement against Santiago was begun.

On the 24th the first serious engagement took place, in which the 1st and 10th cavalry and the 1st United States volunteer cavalry, Gen. Young's brigade of Gen. Wheeler's division, participated, losing heavily. By nightfall, however, ground within five miles of Santiago was won.

The advantage was steadily increased. On July 1 a severe battle took place, our forces gaining the outskirts of Santiago. On the 2d El Caney and San Juan were taken after a desperate charge, and the investment of the city was completed. The navy cooperated by shelling the town and the coast forts.

## DESTRUCTION OF CERVERA'S FLEET.

On the day following this brilliant achievement of our land forces, July 3, occurred the decisive naval combat of the war. The Spanish fleet, attempting to leave the harbor, was met by the American squadron under command of Commodore Sampson. In less than three hours all the Spanish ships were destroyed, the two torpedo boats being sunk, and the Maria Teresa, Almirante Oquendo, Viscaya and Cristobal Colon driven ashore. The Spanish admiral and over 1,300 men were taken prisoners, while the enemy's loss of life was deplorably large, some 600 perishing.

On our side but one man was killed, on the Brooklyn, and one man seriously wounded. Although our ships were repeatedly struck, not one was seriously injured.

Where all so conspicuously distinguished themselves, from the commanders to the gunners and the unnamed heroes in the boiler rooms, each and all contributing toward the achievement of this astounding victory, for which neither ancient nor modern history affords a parallel in the completeness of the event and the marvelous disproportion of casualties, it would be invidious to single out any for especial honor.

Deserved promotion has rewarded the more conspicuous actors—the nation's profoundest gratitude is due to all of those brave men who by their skill and devotion in a few short hours crushed the sea power of Spain and wrought a triumph whose decisiveness and far-reaching consequences can scarcely be measured. Nor can we be unmindful of the achievements of our builders, mechanics and artisans for their skill in the construction of our warships.

With the catastrophe of Santiago Spain's efforts upon the ocean virtually ceased. A spasmodic effort toward the end of June to send her Mediterranean fleet under Admiral Camara to relieve Manila was abandoned, the expedition being recalled after it had passed through the Suez canal.

The capitulation of Santiago followed. The city was closely besieged by land, while the entrance of our ships into the harbor cut off all relief on that side. After a truce to allow of the removal of non-combatants protracted negotiations continued from July 3 until July 15, when, under menace of immediate assault, the preliminaries of surrender were agreed upon. On the 17th Gen. Shafter occupied the city.

The capitulation embraced the entire eastern end of Cuba. The number of Spanish

soldiers surrendered was 22,000, all of whom were subsequently conveyed to Spain at the charge of the United States.

The story of this successful campaign is told in the report of the secretary of war, which will be laid before you. The individual valor of officers and soldiers was never more strikingly shown than in the several engagements leading to the surrender of Santiago, while the prompt movements and successive victories won instant and universal applause.

To those who gained this complete triumph, which established the ascendancy of the United States upon land as the fight off Santiago had fixed our supremacy on the seas, the earnest and lasting gratitude of the nation is unsparringly due.

Nor should we alone remember the gallantry of the living; the dead claim our tears, and our losses by battle and disease must cloud any exultation at the result and teach us to weigh the awful cost of war, however rightful the cause or signal the victory.

#### OCCUPATION OF PUERTO RICO.

With the fall of Santiago, the occupation of Puerto Rico became the next strategic necessity. Gen. Miles had previously been assigned to organize the expedition for that purpose. Fortunately he was already at Santiago, where he had arrived on the 11th of July with re-enforcements for Gen. Shafter's army.

With these troops, consisting of 3,415 infantry and artillery, two companies of engineers and one company of the signal corps, Gen. Miles left Guantanamo on July 21, having nine transports conveyed by the fleet under Capt. Higginson, with the Massachusetts (flagship), Dixie, Gloucester, Columbia and Yale, the two latter carrying troops. The expedition landed at Guanica July 25, which port was entered with little opposition. Here the fleet was joined by the Annapolis and the Wasp, while the Puritan and Amphitrite went to San Juan and joined the New Orleans, which was engaged in blockading that port.

The major-general commanding was subsequently re-enforced by Gen. Schwan's brigade of the 3d army corps, by Gen. Wilson with a part of his division, and also by Gen. Brooke with a part of his corps, numbering in all 16,973 officers and men. On July 27 he entered Ponce, one of the most important ports in the island, from which he thereafter directed operations for the capture of the island.

With the exception of encounters with the enemy at Guayama, Hormigueros, Coamo and Yauco, and an attack on a force landed at Cape San Juan, there was no serious resistance. The campaign was prosecuted with great vigor, and by the 12th of August much of the island was in our possession, and the acquisition of the remainder was only a matter of a short time.

At most of the points in the island our troops were enthusiastically welcomed. Protestations of loyalty to the flag and gratitude for delivery from Spanish rule met our commanders at every stage.

As a potent influence toward peace the outcome of the Puerto Rican expedition was of great consequence, and generous commendation is due to those who participated in it.

#### LAST BATTLE OF THE WAR.

The last scene of the war was enacted at Manila, its starting place. On Aug. 15,

after a brief assault upon the works by the land forces, in which the squadron assisted, the capital surrendered unconditionally. The casualties were comparatively few.

By this the conquest of the Philippine islands, virtually accomplished when the Spanish capacity for resistance was destroyed by Admiral Dewey's victory of the 1st of May, was formally sealed.

To Gen. Merritt, his officers and men, for their uncomplaining and devoted services, for their gallantry in action, the nation is sincerely grateful. Their long voyage was made with singular success, and the soldierly conduct of the men, most of whom were without previous experience in the military service, deserves unmeasured praise.

#### LOSSES OF ARMY AND NAVY.

The total casualties in killed and wounded during the war were as follows:

ARMY.	
Officers killed.....	23
Enlisted men killed.....	257
Total.....	280
Officers wounded.....	113
Enlisted men wounded.....	1,464
Total.....	1,577
NAVY.	
Killed .....	15
Wounded .....	67
Died as result of wounds.....	1
Invalided from service.....	6
Total.....	91

It will be observed that while our navy was engaged in two great battles and in numerous perilous undertakings in the blockades and bombardment, and more than 50,000 of our troops were transported to distant lands and engaged in assault and siege and battle and many skirmishes in unfamiliar territory, we lost in both arms of the service a total of 1,948 killed and wounded; and in the entire campaign by land and sea we did not lose a gun or a flag or a transport or a ship, and with the exception of the crew of the Merrimac not a soldier or sailor was taken prisoner.

On Aug. 7, forty-six days from the date of the landing of Gen. Shafter's army in Cuba and twenty-one days from the surrender of Santiago, the United States troops commenced embarkation for home, and our entire force was returned to the United States as early as Aug. 24. They were absent from the United States only two months.

It is fitting that I should bear testimony to the patriotism and devotion of that large portion of our army which, although eager to be ordered to the post of greatest exposure, fortunately was not required outside of the United States. They did their whole duty, and, like their comrades at the front, have earned the gratitude of the nation.

In like manner, the officers and men of the army and of the navy who remained in their departments and stations of the navy, performing most important duties connected with the war, and whose requests for assignment in the field and at sea I was compelled to refuse because their services were indispensable here, are entitled to the highest commendation. It is my regret that there seems to be no provision for their suitable recognition.

#### WORK OF THE RED CROSS.

In this connection it is a pleasure for me to mention in terms of cordial appreciation

the timely and useful work of the American National Red Cross, both in relief measures preparatory to the campaign, in sanitary assistance at several of the camps of assemblage, and later, under the able and experienced leadership of the president of the society, Miss Clara Barton, on the fields of battle and in the hospitals at the front in Cuba. Working in conjunction with the governmental authorities and under their sanction and approval, and with the enthusiastic co-operation of many patriotic women and societies in the various states, the Red Cross has fully maintained its already high reputation for intense earnestness and ability to exercise the noble purposes of its international organization, thus justifying the confidence and support which it has received at the hands of the American people.

To the members and officers of this society and all who aided them in their philanthropic work the sincere and lasting gratitude of the soldiers and the public is due and is freely accorded.

In tracing these events we are constantly reminded of our obligations to the Divine Master for His watchful care over us and His safe guidance, for which the nation makes reverent acknowledgment and offers humble prayer for the continuance of His favor.

#### SIGNING OF THE PROTOCOL.

The annihilation of Admiral Cervera's fleet, followed by the capitulation of Santiago, having brought to the Spanish government a realising sense of the hopelessness of continuing a struggle now becoming wholly unequal, it made overtures of peace through the French ambassador, who, with the assent of his government, had acted as the friendly representative of Spanish interests during the war.

On the 26th of July M. Cambon presented a communication signed by the duke of Almodovar, the spanish minister of state, inviting the United States to state the terms upon which it would be willing to make peace.

On July 30, by a communication addressed to the duke of Almodovar and handed to M. Cambon, the terms of this government were announced, substantially as in the protocol afterward signed.

On Aug. 10 the Spanish reply, dated Aug. 7, was handed by M. Cambon to the secretary of state. It accepted unconditionally the terms proposed as to Cuba, Puerto Rico and an island of the Ladronez group, but appeared to seek to introduce inadmissible reservations in regard to our demand as to the Philippines.

Conceiving that discussion on this point could neither be practicable nor profitable, I directed that in order to avoid misunderstanding the matter should be forthwith closed by proposing the embodiment in a formal protocol of the terms on which the negotiations for peace were to be undertaken.

The vague and inexplicit suggestions of the Spanish note could not be accepted, the only reply being to present as a virtual ultimatum a draft of a protocol embodying the precise terms tendered to Spain in our note of July 30, with added stipulations of detail as to the appointment of commissioners to arrange for the evacuation of the Spanish Antilles.

On Aug. 13 M. Cambon announced his receipt of full power to sign the protocol so submitted. Accordingly, on the after-

noon of Aug. 12, M. Cambon, as the plenipotentiary of Spain, and the secretary of state, as the plenipotentiary of the United States, signed a protocol providing:

"Article 1. Spain will relinquish all claim of sovereignty over and title to Cuba.

"Art. 2. Spain will cede to the United States the island of Puerto Rico and other islands now under Spanish sovereignty in the West Indies, and also an island in the Ladronez, to be selected by the United States.

"Art. 3. The United States will occupy and hold the city, bay and harbor of Manila pending the conclusion of a treaty of peace which shall determine the control, disposition and government of the Philippines."

The fourth article provided for the appointment of joint commissions on the part of the United States and Spain, to meet in Havana and San Juan, respectively, for the purpose of arranging and carrying out the details of the stipulated evacuation of Cuba, Puerto Rico and other Spanish islands in the West Indies.

The fifth article provided for the appointment of not more than five commissioners on each side, to meet at Paris not later than Oct. 1 and to proceed to the negotiation and conclusion of a treaty of peace, subject to ratification according to the respective constitutional forms of the two countries.

The sixth and last article provided that upon the signature of the protocol hostilities between the two countries should be suspended, and that notice to that effect should be given as soon as possible by each government to the commanders of its military and naval forces.

Immediately upon the conclusion of the protocol I issued a proclamation on Aug. 12 suspending hostilities on the part of the United States. The necessary orders to that end were at once given by telegraph. The blockade of the ports of Cuba and San Juan de Puerto Rico was in like manner raised.

On Aug. 18 the muster-out of 100,000 volunteers, or as near that number as was found to be practicable, was ordered. On Dec. 1 101,165 officers and men had been mustered out and discharged from the service; \$,002 more will be mustered out by the 10th of the month. Also a corresponding number of generals and general staff officers have been honorably discharged from the service.

The military committees to superintend the evacuation of Cuba, Puerto Rico and the adjacent islands were forthwith appointed—for Cuba, Maj.-Gen. James F. Wade, Rear-Admiral William T. Sampson, Maj.-Gen. Matthew C. Butler; for Puerto Rico, Maj.-Gen. John C. Brooke, Rear-Admiral Winfield S. Schley, Brig.-Gen. W. Gordon—who soon afterward met the Spanish commissioners at Havana and San Juan respectively.

The Puerto Rican joint commission speedily accomplished its task, and by Oct. 18 the evacuation of the island was completed. The United States flag was raised over the island at noon on that day. The administration of its affairs has been provisionally intrusted to a military governor until the congress shall otherwise provide.

The Cuban joint high commission has not yet terminated its labors. Owing to the difficulties in the way of removing the large numbers of Spanish troops still in Cuba, the evacuation cannot be completed before the 1st of January next.

Pursuant to the fifth article of the protocol, I appointed William H. Day, lately secretary of state; Cushman K. Davis, William P. Frye and George Gray, senators of the United States, and Whitelaw Reid to be peace commissioners on the part of the United States.

Proceeding in due season to Paris, they there met on the 1st of October five commissioners similarly appointed on the part of Spain. The negotiations have made hopeful progress, so that I trust soon to be able to lay a definitive treaty of peace before the senate, with a review of the steps leading to its signature.

#### MILITARY RULE RECOMMENDED.

I do not discuss at this time the government or the future of the new possessions which will come to us as the result of the war with Spain. Such discussion will be appropriate after the treaty of peace shall be ratified. In the meantime and until the congress has legislated otherwise it will be my duty to continue the military governments which have existed since our occupation and give the people security in life and property and encouragement, under a just and beneficent rule.

As soon as we were in possession of Cuba and have pacified the island it will be necessary to give aid and direction to its people to form a government for themselves. This should be undertaken at the earliest moment consistent with safety and assured success.

It is important that our relations with these people shall be of the most friendly character and our commercial relations close and reciprocal. It should be our duty to assist in every proper way to build up the waste places of the island, encourage the industry of the people and assist them to form a government which shall be free and independent, thus realizing the best aspirations of the Cuban people.

Spanish rule must be replaced by a just, benevolent and humane government, created by the people of Cuba, capable of performing all international obligations, and which shall encourage thrift, industry and prosperity and promote peace and good-will among all of the inhabitants, whatever may have been their relations in the past. Neither revenge nor passion should have a place in the new government.

Until there is complete tranquillity in the island and a stable government inaugurated military occupation will be continued.

#### RELATIONS WITH OTHER NATIONS.

With the exception of the rupture with Spain, the intercourse of the United States with the great family of nations has been marked with cordiality, and the close of the eventful year finds most of the issues that necessarily arise in the complex relations of sovereign states adjusted or presenting no serious obstacle to a just and honorable solution by amicable agreement.

A long-unsettled dispute as to the extended boundary between the Argentine Republic and Chile, stretching along the Andean crests from the southern border of the Atacama desert to Magellan straits, nearly a third of the length of the South American continent, assumed an acute stage in the early part of the year, and afforded to this government an occasion to express the hope that the resort to arbitration, already contemplated by existing conventions between the parties, might prevail despite the grave

difficulties arising in its application. I am happy to say that arrangements to this end have been perfected, the questions of fact upon which the respective commissioners were unable to agree being in course of reference to her Britannic majesty for determination.

A residual difference touching the northern boundary line across the Atacama desert, for which existing treaties provided no adequate adjustment, bids fair to be settled in like manner by a joint commission, upon which the United States minister at Buenos Ayres has been invited to serve as umpire in the last resort.

I have found occasion to approach the Argentine government with a view of removing differences of rate charges imposed upon the cables of an American corporation in the transmission between Buenos Ayres and the cities of Uruguay and Brazil of through messages passing from and to the United States. Although the matter is complicated by exclusive concessions by Uruguay and Brazil to foreign companies, there is strong hope that a good understanding will be reached and that the important channels of commercial communication between the United States and the Atlantic cities of South America may be freed from an almost prohibitory discrimination.

In this relation I may be permitted to express my sense of the fitness of an international agreement whereby the interchange of messages over connecting cables may be regulated on a fair basis of uniformity. The world has seen the postal system developed from an independent and exclusive service into a well-ordered union, of which all countries found the manifold benefits. It would be strange were the nations not in time brought to realize that modern civilization, which owes so much of its progress to the annihilation of space by the electric force, demands that this all-important means of communication be a heritage of all peoples, to be administered and regulated in their common behoof.

A step in this direction was taken when the international convention of 1884 for the protection of submarine cables was signed, and the day is, I trust, not far distant when this medium for the transmission of thought from land to land may be brought within the domain of international concert as completely as is the material carriage of commerce and correspondence upon the face of the waters that divide them.

The claim of Thomas Jefferson Page against Argentina, which has been pending many years, has been adjusted. The sum awarded by the congress of Argentina was \$4,342.55.

The sympathy of the American people has justly been offered to the ruler and the people of Austria-Hungary by reason of the affliction that has lately befallen them in the assassination of the empress-queen of that historic realm.

On Sept. 10, 1897, a conflict took place at Lattimer, Pa., between a body of striking miners and the sheriff of Luzerne county and his deputies, in which twenty-two miners were killed and forty-four wounded. Ten of the killed and twelve of the wounded were Austrian and Hungarian subjects. This deplorable event naturally aroused the solicitude of the Austro-Hungarian government, which, on the assumption that the killing and wounding involved the unjustifiable misuse of authority, claimed reparation for the sufferers. Apart from the

searching investigation and the peremptory action of the authorities of Pennsylvania, the federal executive took appropriate steps to learn the merits of the case, in order to be in a position to meet the urgent complaint of a friendly power.

The sheriff and his deputies, having been indicted for murder, were tried and acquitted, after protracted proceedings, and the hearing of hundreds of witnesses, on the ground that the killing was in the line of their official duty to uphold law and preserve public order in the state. A representative of the department of justice attended the trial and reported its course fully.

With all the facts in its possession, this government expects to reach a harmonious understanding on the subject with that of Austria-Hungary, notwithstanding the renewed claim of the latter, after learning the result of the trial, for indemnity for its injured subjects.

#### INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITIONS.

Despite the brief time allotted for preparation, the exhibits of this country at the universal exposition at Brussels in 1897 enjoyed the singular distinction of a larger proportion of awards, having regard to the number and classes of articles entered, than those of other countries. The worth of such a result in making known our national capacity to supply the world's markets is obvious.

Exhibitions of this international character are becoming more frequent as the exchanges of commercial countries grow more intimate and varied. Hardly a year passes that this government is not invited to national participation at some important foreign center, but often on too short notice to permit of recourse to congress for the power and means to do so. My predecessors have suggested the advisability of providing by a general enactment and a standing appropriation for accepting such invitations and for representation of this country by a commission. This plan has my cordial approval.

#### RESTRICTIONS OF TRADE.

I trust the Belgian restriction on the importations of cattle from the United States, originally adopted as a sanitary precaution, will at an early date be modified so as to admit live cattle under due regulation of their slaughter after landing. I am hopeful, too, of a favorable change in the Belgian treatment of our preserved and salted meats. The growth of direct trade between the two countries, not alone for Belgian consumption and Belgian products, but by way of transit from and to other continental states, has been both encouraging and beneficial. No effort will be spared to enlarge its advantages by seeking the removal of needless impediments and by arrangements for increased commercial exchanges.

The year's events in Central America deserve more than passing mention. A menacing rupture between Costa Rica and Nicaragua was happily composed by the signature of a convention between the parties, with the concurrence of the Guatemalan representative as a mediator, the act being negotiated and signed on board the United States steamer Alert, then lying in Central American waters. It is believed that the good offices of our envoy and commander of

that vessel contributed toward this gratifying outcome.

#### CENTRAL AMERICAN AFFAIRS.

In my last annual message the situation was presented with respect to the diplomatic representation of this government in Central America created by the association of Nicaragua, Honduras and Salvador under the title of the Greater Republic of Central America, and the delegation of their international functions to the diet thereof. While the representative character of the diet was recognized by my predecessor and has been confirmed during my administration by receiving its accredited envoy and granting exequaturs to consuls commissioned under its authority that recognition was qualified by the distinct understanding that the responsibility of each of the component sovereign republics toward the United States remained wholly unaffected.

This proviso was needful inasmuch as the compact of the three republics was at the outset an association whereby certain representative functions were delegated to a tripartite commission rather than a federation possessing centralized powers of government and administration. In this view of their relation and the relation of the United States to several republics, a change in the representation of this country in Central America was neither recommended by the executive nor initiated by congress, thus leaving one of our envoys accredited as heretofore separately to two states of the greater republic, Nicaragua and Salvador, and to a third state, Costa Rica, which was not a party to the compact, while our other envoy was similarly accredited to the union state of Honduras and the now union state of Guatemala. The result has been that the one has presented credentials only to the president of Costa Rica, the other having been received only by the government of Guatemala.

Subsequently the three associated republics entered into negotiations for taking the steps forecast in the original compact. A convention of their delegates framed for them a federal constitution under the name of the United States of Central America and provided for a central federal government and legislature. Upon ratification by the constituent states the 1st of November last was fixed for the new system to go into operation. Within a few weeks thereafter the plan was severely tested by revolutionary movements arising, with a consequent demand for unity of action on the part of the military power of the federal states to suppress them. Under this strain the new union seems to have been weakened through the withdrawal of its more important members.

This government was not officially advised of the installation of the federation and has maintained an attitude of friendly expectancy, while in nowise relinquishing the position held from the outset that the responsibilities of the several states toward us remained unaltered by their tentative relations among themselves.

#### THE NICARAGUA CANAL.

The Nicaragua canal commission, under the chairmanship of Rear-Admiral John G. Walker, appointed July 24, 1897, under the authority of a provision in the sundry civil act of June 4 of that year, has nearly completed its labors, and the results of its exhaustive inquiry into the proper route, the feasibility and the cost of construction of

an interoceanic canal by a Nicaraguan route will be laid before you. In the performance of its task the commission received all possible courtesy and assistance from the governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica, which thus testified their appreciation of the importance of giving a speedy and practical outcome to the great project that has for so many years engrossed the attention of the respective countries.

As the scope of recent inquiry embraced the whole subject, with the aim of making plans and surveys for a canal by the most convenient route, it necessarily included a review of the results of previous surveys and plans, and in particular those adopted by the Maritime Canal company under its existing concessions from Nicaragua and Costa Rica, so that to this extent those grants necessarily held an essential part in the deliberations and conclusions of the canal commission, as they have held and must needs hold in the discussion of the matter by congress.

Under these circumstances, and in view of overtures made to the governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica by other parties for a new canal concession, predicated on the assumed approaching lapse of the contracts of the Maritime Canal company with those states, I have not hesitated to express my conviction that considerations of expediency and international policy as between the several governments interested in the construction and control of an interoceanic canal by this route require the maintenance of the status quo until the canal commission shall have reported and the United States congress shall have had the opportunity to pass finally upon the whole matter during the present session, without prejudice by reason of any change in the existing conditions.

Nevertheless, it appears that the government of Nicaragua, as one of its last sovereign acts before merging its powers in those of the newly formed United States of Central America, has granted an optional concession to another association, to become effective on the expiration of the present grant. It does not appear what surveys have been made or what route is proposed under this contingent grant, so that an examination of the feasibility of its plans is necessarily not embraced in the report of the canal commission.

All these circumstances suggest the urgency of some definite action by the congress at this session if the labors of the past are to be utilized and the linking of the Atlantic and Pacific oceans by a practical waterway is to be realized. That the construction of such a maritime highway is now more than ever indispensable to that intimate and ready intercommunication between our eastern and western seabords demanded by the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands and the prospective expansion of our influence and commerce in the Pacific, and that our national policy now more imperatively than ever calls for its control by this government, are propositions which I doubt not the congress will duly appreciate and wisely act upon.

A convention providing for the revival of the late United States and Chilean claims commission, and the consideration of claims which were duly presented to the late commission, but not considered because of the expiration of the time limited for the duration of the commission, was signed May 24, 1897, and has remained un-

acted upon by the senate. The term therein fixed for effecting the change or ratifications having elapsed, the convention falls, unless the time be extended by amendment, which I am endeavoring to bring about, with the friendly concurrence of the Chilean government.

#### AMERICA'S INTERESTS IN CHINA.

The United States has not been an indifferent spectator of the extraordinary events transpiring in the Chinese empire, whereby portions of its maritime provinces are passing under control of various European powers, but the prospect that the vast commerce which the energy of our citizens and the necessity of our staple productions for Chinese uses has built up in those regions may not be prejudiced through any exclusive treatment by the new occupants has obviated the need of our country becoming an actor in the scene.

Our position among nations having a large Pacific coast and a constantly expanding direct trade with the farther orient gives us an equitable claim to consideration and friendly treatment in this regard, and it will be my aim to subserve our large interests in that quarter by all means appropriate to the constant policy of our government.

The territories of Kiaochow, of Wei-Hai-Wei and of Port Arthur and Taiaien Wan, leased to Germany, Great Britain and Russia respectively for terms of years, will, it is announced, be open to international commerce during such alien occupation, and if no discriminating treatment of American citizens and their trade be found to exist or be hereafter developed, the desire of this government would appear to be realized.

In this relation, as showing the volume and value of our exchanges with China and the peculiarly favorable conditions which exist for their expansion in the normal course of trade, I refer to the communication addressed to the speaker of the house of representatives by the secretary of the treasury on the 14th of last June, with the accompanying letter of the secretary of state, recommending an appropriation for a commission to study the commercial and industrial conditions in the Chinese empire and report as to the opportunities for and obstacles to the enlargement of markets in China for the raw products and manufactures of the United States. Action was not taken thereon during the late session. I cordially urge that the recommendation receive your sanction and the consideration which its importance and timeliness merit. Meanwhile there may be just ground for disquietude in view of the unrest and revival of the old sentiment of opposition and prejudice to alien people which pervades certain of the Chinese provinces.

As in the case of the attacks upon our citizens in Szechuan and at Kiating in 1885, the United States minister has been instructed to secure the fullest measure of protection, both local and imperial, for any menaced American interests, and to demand, in case of lawless injury to person or property, instant reparation appropriate to the case.

Warships have been stationed at Tientsin for more ready observation of the disorders which have invaded even the Chinese capital, so as to be in a position to act should need arise, while a guard of marines has been sent to Peking to afford the minister the same measure of authorita-

tive protection as the representatives of other nations have been constrained to employ.

#### DISPUTE OF ITALY AND COLOMBIA.

Following close upon the rendition of the award of my predecessor as arbitrator of the claim of the Italian subject, Cerruti, against the republic of Colombia, differences arose between the parties to the arbitration in regard to the scope and extension of the award, of which certain articles were contested by Colombia, while Italy claimed their literal fulfillment. The award having been made by the president of the United States as an act of friendly consideration and with the sole view to an impartial composition of the matter in dispute, I could not but feel concern at such a miscarriage, and, while unable to accept the Colombian theory that I, in my official capacity, possessed continuing function as arbitrator, with power to interpret or revise the terms of the award, my best efforts were lent to bringing the parties to a harmonious agreement as to the execution of its provisions.

A naval demonstration by Italy resulted in an engagement to pay the liabilities claimed upon their ascertainment; but this apparent disposition of the controversy was followed by a rupture of diplomatic intercourse between Colombia and Italy, which still continues, although fortunately without acute symptoms having supervened. Notwithstanding this, efforts are reported to be continuing for the ascertainment of Colombia's contingent liability on account of Cerruti's debts, under the fifth article of the award.

The claim of an American citizen against the Dominican republic for a public bridge over the Ozama river, which has been in diplomatic controversy for several years, has been settled by expert arbitration and an award in favor of the claimant amounting to about \$90,000. It, however, remains unpaid, despite urgent demands for its settlement according to the terms of the compact.

#### THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

There is now every prospect that the participation of the United States in the universal exposition to be held in Paris in 1900 will be on a scale commensurate with the advanced position held by our products and industries in the world's chief marts.

The preliminary report of Moses P. Handy, who under the act approved July 19, 1897, was appointed special commissioner, with a view to securing all attainable information necessary to a full and complete understanding by congress in regard to the participation of this government in the Paris exposition, was laid before you by message of Dec. 6, 1897, and showed the large opportunities opened to make known our national progress in arts, science and manufactures, as well as the urgent need of immediate and adequate provision to enable due advantage thereof to be taken. Mr. Handy's death soon afterward rendered it necessary for another to take up and complete his unfinished work, and on Jan. 11 last Thomas W. Cridler, third assistant secretary of state, was designated to fulfill that task. His report was laid before you by my message of June 14, 1898, with the gratifying result of awakening renewed interest in the projected display.

By a provision in the sundry civil appropriation act of July 1, 1898, a sum not to

exceed \$650,000 was allotted for the organization of a commission to care for the proper preparation and installation of American exhibits and for the display of suitable exhibits by the several executive departments, particularly by the department of agriculture, the fish commission and the Smithsonian institution, in the representation of the government of the United States. Pursuant to that enactment I appointed Ferdinand W. Peck of Chicago commissioner-general, with an assistant commissioner-general and secretary. Mr. Peck at once proceeded to Paris, where his success in enlarging the scope and variety of the United States exhibit has been most gratifying.

Notwithstanding the comparatively limited area of the exposition site—less than one-half that of the World's Fair at Chicago—the space assigned to the United States has been increased from the absolute allotment of 157,403 square feet reported by Mr. Handy to some 202,000 square feet, with corresponding augmentation of the field for a truly characteristic representation of the various important branches of our country's development.

Mr. Peck's report will be laid before you. In my judgment its recommendations will call for your early consideration, especially as regards an increase of the appropriation to at least \$1,000,000 in all, so that not only may the assigned space be fully taken up by the best possible exhibit in every class, but the preparation and installation be on so perfect a scale as to rank among the first in that unparalleled competition of artistic and inventive production, and thus counterbalance the disadvantage with which we start as compared with other countries whose appropriations are on a more generous scale and whose preparations are in a state of much greater forwardness than our own.

Where our artisans have the admitted capacity to excel, where our inventive genius has initiated many of the grandest discoveries of these later days of the century, and where the native resources of our land are as limitless as they are valuable to supply the world's needs, it is our province, as it should be our earnest care, to lead in the march of human progress and not rest content with any secondary place. Moreover, if this be due to ourselves it is no less due to the great French nation, whose guests we become, and which has in so many ways testified its wishes and hope that our participation shall benefit the place the two peoples have won in the field of universal development.

#### REMOVAL OF TRADE RESTRICTIONS.

The commercial arrangement made with France on May 23, 1898, under the provisions of section 3 of the tariff act of 1897, went into effect on June 1, following. It has relieved a portion of our export trade from serious embarrassment. Further negotiations are now pending under section 4 of the same act, with a view to the increase of trade between the two countries to their mutual advantage.

Negotiations with other governments, in part interrupted by the war with Spain, are in progress under both sections of the tariff act. I hope to be able to announce some of the results of these negotiations during the present session of congress.

Negotiations to the same end with Germany have been set on foot. Meanwhile no effort has been relaxed to convince the

imperial government of the thoroughness of our inspection of pork products for exportation, and it is trusted that the efficient administration of this measure by the department of agriculture will be recognized as a guaranty of the healthfulness of the food staples we send abroad to countries where their use is large and necessary.

I transmitted to the senate on Feb. 10 last information touching the prohibition against the importation of fresh fruits from this country which had then recently been decreed by Germany on the ground of danger of disseminating the San Jose scale insect. This precautionary measure was justified by Germany on the score of the drastic steps taken in several states of the union against the spread of the pest, the elaborate reports of the department of agriculture being put in evidence to show the danger to German fruit-growing interests should the scale obtain a lodgment in that country.

Temporary relief was afforded in the case of large consignments of fruit then on the way by inspection and admission when found non-infected. Later the prohibition was extended to dried fruits of every kind, but was relaxed so as to apply only to unpeeled fruit and fruit waste.

As was expected, the alarm reached to other countries and Switzerland has adopted a similar inhibition. Efforts are in progress to induce the German and Swiss governments to relax the prohibition in favor of dried fruits shown to have been cured under circumstances rendering the existence of animal life impossible.

#### FRIENDSHIP OF GREAT BRITAIN.

Our relations with Great Britain have continued on the most friendly footing. Assenting to our request, the protection of Americans and their interests in Spanish jurisdiction was assumed by the diplomatic and consular representatives of Great Britain, who fulfilled their delicate and arduous trust with tact and zeal, eliciting high commendation. I may be allowed to make fitting allusion to the instance of Mr. Ramsden, her majesty's consul at Santiago de Cuba, whose untimely death after distinguished service and untiring effort during the siege of that city was sincerely lamented.

In the early part of April last, pursuant to a request made at the instance of the secretary of state by the British ambassador at this capital, the Canadian government granted facilities for the passage of four United States revenue cutters from the great lakes to the Atlantic coast by way of the Canadian canal and the St. Lawrence river. The vessels had reached Lake Ontario and were there awaiting the opening of navigation when war was declared between the United States and Spain.

Her majesty's government thereupon, by a communication of the latter part of April, stated that the permission granted before the outbreak of hostilities would not be withdrawn, provided the United States government gave assurance that the vessels in question would proceed direct to a United States port without engaging in any hostile operation. This government promptly agreed to the stipulated condition, it being understood that the vessels would not be prohibited from resisting any hostile attack.

It will give me especial satisfaction if I shall be authorized to communicate to you

a favorable conclusion of the pending negotiations with Great Britain in respect to the Dominion of Canada. It is the earnest wish of this government to remove all sources of discord and irritation in our relations with the neighboring dominion. The trade between the two countries is constantly increasing and it is important to both countries that all reasonable facilities should be granted for its development.

The government of Greece strongly urges the onerousness of the duty here imposed upon the currants of that country, amounting to 100 per cent or more of their market value. This fruit is stated to be exclusively a Greek product, not coming into competition with any domestic product. The question of reciprocal commercial relations with Greece, including the restoration of currants to the free list, is under consideration.

The long-standing claim of Berand Campbell for damages for injuries sustained from a violent assault committed against him by military authorities in the island of Haiti has been settled by the agreement of that republic to pay him \$10,000 in American gold. Of this sum \$5,000 has already been paid. It is hoped that other pending claims of American citizens against that republic may be amicably adjusted.

#### THE AMERICAN FLAG IN HAWAII.

Pending the consideration by the senate of the treaty signed June 16, 1897, by the plenipotentiaries of the United States and the republic of Hawaii, providing for the annexation of the islands, a joint resolution to accomplish the same purpose by accepting the offered cession and incorporating the ceded territory into the union was adopted by congress and approved July 7, 1898. I thereupon directed the United States steamer Philadelphia to convey Rear-Admiral Miller to Honolulu and intrusted to his hands this important legislative act, to be delivered to the president of the republic of Hawaii, with whom the admiral and the United States minister were authorized to make appropriate arrangements for transferring the sovereignty of the islands to the United States.

This was simply but impressively accomplished on the 15th of August last by the delivery of a certified copy of the resolution to President Dole, who thereupon yielded up to the representative of the government of the United States the sovereignty and public property of the Hawaiian islands.

Pursuant to the terms of the joint resolution and in exercise of the authority thereby conferred upon me, I directed that the civil, judicial and military powers theretofore exercised by the officers of the government of the republic of Hawaii should continue to be exercised by those officers until congress shall provide a government for the incorporated territory, subject to my power to remove such officers and fill vacancies. The president, officers and troops of the republic thereupon took the oath of allegiance to the United States, thus providing for the uninterrupted continuance of all the administrative and municipal functions of the annexed territory until congress shall otherwise enact.

Following the further provisions of the joint resolution, I appointed the Hon. Shelby M. Cullom of Illinois, John T. Morgan of Alabama, Robert R. Hitt of Illinois, Sanford B. Dole of Hawaii and Walter B.

Freer of Hawaii as commissioners to confer and recommend to congress such legislation concerning the Hawaiian islands as they should deem necessary or proper. The commissioners having fulfilled the mission confided to them, their report will be laid before you at an early day.

It is believed that their recommendations will have the earnest consideration due to the magnitude of the responsibility resting upon you to give such shape to the relationship of those mid-Pacific lands to our home union as will benefit both in the highest degree, realizing the aspirations of the community that has cast its lot with us and elected to share our political heritage, while at the same time justifying the foresight of those who for three-quarters of a century have looked to the annexation of Hawaii as a natural and inevitable consummation, in harmony with our needs and in fulfillment of our cherished traditions.

The questions heretofore pending between Hawaii and Japan, growing out of the alleged mistreatment of Japanese treaty immigrants, were, I am pleased to say, adjusted before the act of transfer by the payment of a reasonable indemnity to the government of Japan.

Under the provisions of the joint resolution the existing customs relations of the Hawaiian islands with the United States and with other countries remain unchanged until legislation shall otherwise provide. The consuls of Hawaii here and in foreign countries continue to fulfill their commercial agencies, while the United States consulate at Honolulu is maintained for all proper services pertaining to trade and the revenue. It would be desirable that all foreign consuls in the Hawaiian islands should receive new exequaturs from this government.

The attention of congress is called to the fact that our consular offices having ceased to exist in Hawaii, and being about to cease in other countries coming under the sovereignty of the United States, the provisions for the relief and transportation of destitute American seamen in these countries under our consular regulations will in consequence terminate. It is proper, therefore, that new legislation should be enacted upon this subject in order to meet the changed conditions.

#### NEW EXTRADITION TREATIES.

The interpretation of certain provisions of the extradition convention of Dec. 11, 1861, has been at various times the occasion of controversy with the government of Mexico. An acute difference arose in the case of the Mexican demand for the delivery of Jesus Guerrera, who, having led a marauding expedition near the border with the proclaimed purpose of initiating an insurrection against President Diaz, escaped into Texas. Extradition was refused on the ground that the alleged offense was political in its character and therefore came within the treaty proviso of non-surrender.

The Mexican contention was that the exception only related to purely political offenses, and that as Guerrera's acts were admitted with the common crimes of murder, arson, kidnapping and robbery the option of non-delivery became void—a position which this government was unable to admit, in view of the accepted international doctrine and practice in the matter. The Mexican government, in view of this, gave notice Jan. 24, 1898, of the termination of the con-

vention, to take effect twelve months from that date, at the same time inviting the conclusion of a new convention, toward which negotiations are on foot.

In this relation I may refer to the necessity of some amendment of our existing extradition statute. It is a common stipulation of such treaties that neither party shall be bound to give up its own citizens, with the added proviso in one of our treaties, that with Japan, that it may surrender if it see fit. It is held in this country, by an almost uniform course of decisions, that, where a treaty negatives the obligation to surrender, the president is not invested with legal authority to act. The conferment of such authority would be in the line of that sound morality which shrinks from affording secure asylum to the author of a heinous crime. Again, statutory provision might well be made for what is styled extradition by way of transit, whereby a fugitive surrendered by one foreign government to another may be conveyed across the territory of the United States to the jurisdiction of the demanding state. A recommendation in this behalf, made in the president's message of 1888, was not acted upon. The matter is presented for your consideration.

The problem of the Mexican free zone has been often discussed with regard to its inconvenience as a provocative of smuggling into the United States along an extensive and thinly guarded land border. The effort made by the joint resolution of March 1, 1895, to remedy the abuse charged, by suspending the privilege of free transportation in bond across the country of the United States to Mexico, failed of good result, as is stated in report No. 702 of the house of representatives, submitted in the last session, March 11, 1898. As the question is one to be conveniently met by wise concurrent legislation of the two countries looking to the protection of the revenues by harmonious measures operating equally on either side of the boundary, rather than by conventional arrangements, I suggest that congress consider the advisability of authorizing and inviting a conference of representatives of the treasury departments of the United States and Mexico to consider the subject in all its complex bearings, and make report, with pertinent recommendations, to the respective governments for the information and consideration of their congresses.

The Mexican water boundary commission has adjusted all matters submitted to it to the satisfaction of both governments save in three important cases—that of the Chamizal at El Paso, Tex., where the two commissioners failed to agree, and wherein, for this case only, this government has proposed to Mexico the addition of a third member; the proposed elimination of what are known as "bancos," small isolated islands formed by the cutting off of bays in the Rio Grande, from the operations of the treaties of 1854 and 1889, recommended by the commissioners and approved by this government, but still under consideration by Mexico; and the subject of the "equitable distribution of the waters of the Rio Grande," for which the commissioners recommended an international dam and reservoir, approved by Mexico, but still under consideration by this government. Pending these questions it is necessary to extend the life of the commission, which expires Dec. 23 next.

The coronation of the young queen of the Netherlands was made the occasion of fitting congratulations.

#### THE M'CORD CLAIM.

The claim of Victor H. McCord against Peru, which for a number of years has been pressed by this government and has on several occasions attracted the attention of the congress, has been satisfactorily adjusted. A protocol was signed May 17, 1898, whereby, the fact of liability being admitted, the question of the amount to be awarded was submitted to the chief justice of Canada as sole arbitrator. His award sets the indemnity due the claimant at \$40,000.

The government of Peru has given the prescribed notification of its intention to abrogate the treaty of friendship, commerce and navigation concluded with this country Aug. 31, 1887. As that treaty contains many important provisions necessary to the maintenance of commerce and good relations which could with difficulty be replaced by the nomination of renewed provisions within the brief twelve months intervening before the treaty terminates, I have invited suggestions by Peru as to the particular provisions it is desired to annul, in the hope of reaching an arrangement whereby the remaining articles may be provisionally saved.

#### CZAR'S PEACE PROPOSALS.

His majesty the czar having announced his purpose to raise the Imperial Russian mission at this capital to the rank of an embassy, I responded, under the authority conferred by the act of March 3, 1893, by commissioning and accrediting the actual representative at St. Petersburg in the capacity of ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary. The Russian ambassador to this country has since presented his credentials.

The proposal of the czar for a general reduction of the vast military establishments that weigh so heavily upon many peoples in time of peace was communicated to this government with an earnest invitation to be represented in the conference which it is contemplated to assemble with a view to discussing the means of accomplishing so desirable a result. His majesty was at once informed of the cordial sympathy of this government with the principle involved in his exalted proposal and of the readiness of the United States to take part in the conference.

The active military force of the United States, as measured by our population, territorial area and taxable wealth, is, and under any conceivable conditions must continue to be, in times of peace, so conspicuously less than that of the armed powers to whom the czar's appeal is especially addressed that the question can have for us no practical importance save as marking an auspicious step toward the betterment of the condition of modern peoples and the cultivation of peace and good-will among them; but in this view it behooves us as a nation to lend countenance and aid to the beneficial project.

The claims of owners of American sealing vessels for seizure by Russian cruisers in Bering sea are being pressed to a settlement. The equities of the cases justify the expectation that a measure of reparation will eventually be accorded in harmony with precedent and in the light of the proved facts.

The recommendation made in my special message of April 27 last is renewed, that appropriation be made to reimburse the master and the owners of the Russian bark *Hans* for wrongful arrest of the master and detention of the vessel in February, 1894, by officers of the United States District court for the southern district of Mississippi. The papers accompanying my said message make out a most meritorious claim and justify the urgency with which it has been presented by the government of Russia.

#### DEATH OF SAMOAN KING.

Malletoa Laupepa, king of Samoa, died Aug. 22 last. According to article 1 of the general act of Berlin, "his successor shall be duly elected according to the laws and customs of Samoa." Arrangements having been agreed upon between the signatories of the general act for the return of Mataafa and the other exiled Samoan chiefs, they were brought from Jaluit by a German war vessel and landed at Apia Sept. 13 last. Whether the death of Malletoa and the return of his old-time rival, Mataafa, will add to the undesirable complications which the execution of the tripartite general act has heretofore developed remains to be seen. The efforts of this government will, as heretofore, be addressed toward a harmonious and exact fulfillment of the terms of the international engagement to which the United States became a party in 1889.

The Cheek claim against Siam, after some five years of controversy, has been adjusted by arbitration, under an agreement signed July 6, 1897, an award of 704,721 ticals (about \$187,987), with release of the Cheek estate from mortgage claims, having been rendered March 31, 1898, in favor of the claimant by the arbitrator, Sir Nicholas John Hannen, British chief justice for China and Japan.

An envoy from Siam has been accredited to this government and has presented his credentials.

Immediately upon the outbreak of the war with Spain the Swiss government, fulfilling the high mission it has deservedly assumed as the patron of the International Red Cross, proposed to the United States and Spain that they should severally recognize and carry into execution as a *modus vivendi* during the continuance of hostilities, the additional articles proposed by the international conference of Geneva, Oct. 20, 1864, extending the effects of the existing Red Cross convention of 1864 to the conduct of naval war. Following the example set by France and Germany in 1870 in adopting such a *modus vivendi*, and in view of the accession of the United States to those additional articles in 1882, although the exchange of ratifications thereof still remained uneffected, the Swiss proposal was promptly and cordially accepted by us and simultaneously by Spain.

This government feels a keen satisfaction in having thus been enabled to testify its adherence to the broadest principles of humanity even amid the clash of war, and it is to be hoped that the extension of the Red Cross compact to hostilities by sea as well as on land may soon become an accomplished fact through the general promulgation of the additional naval Red Cross articles by the maritime powers now parties to the convention of 1864.

The important question of the claim of Switzerland to the perpetual cantonal alle-

glance of American citizens of Swiss origin has not made hopeful progress toward a solution, and controversies in this regard still continue.

#### CLAIMS AGAINST TURKEY.

The newly accredited envoy of the United States to the Ottoman porte carries instructions looking to the disposal of matters in controversy with Turkey for a number of years. He is especially charged to press for a just settlement of our claims for indemnity by reason of the destruction of the property of American missionaries resident in that country during the Armenian troubles of 1895, as well as for the recognition of older claims of equal justness.

He is also instructed to seek an adjustment of the dispute growing out of the refusal of Turkey to recognize the acquired citizenship of Ottoman-born persons naturalized in the United States since 1869, without prior Imperial consent; and in the same general relation he is directed to endeavor to bring about a solution of the question which has more or less acutely existed since 1869 concerning the jurisdictional rights of the United States in matters of criminal procedure and punishment under article 4 of the treaty of 1830. This latter difficulty grows out of a verbal difference, claimed by Turkey to be essential, between the original Turkish text and the promulgated translation.

After more than two years from the appointment of a consul of this country to Erzeroum he has received his exequatur.

#### THE VENEZUELAN ARBITRATION.

The arbitral tribunal appointed under the treaty of February, 1897, between Great Britain and Venezuela, to determine the boundary line between the latter and the colony of British Guiana, is to convene at Paris during the present month. It is a source of much gratification to this government to see the friendly resort of arbitration applied to the settlement of this controversy, not alone because of the earnest part we have had in bringing about the result, but also because the two members named on behalf of Venezuela, Mr. Chief Justice Fuller and Mr. Justice Brewer, chosen from our highest court, appropriately testify the continuing interest we feel in the definitive adjustment of the question according to the strictest rules of justice. The British members, Lord Herschell and Sir Richard Collins, are jurists of no less exalted repute, while the fifth member, and president of the tribunal, M. F. de Martens, has earned a world-wide reputation as an authority upon international law.

The claim of Felipe Scandella against Venezuela for arbitrary expulsion and injury to his business has been adjusted by the revocation of the order of expulsion and by the payment of the sum of \$18,000.

#### BUREAU OF AMERICAN REPUBLICS.

I have the satisfaction of being able to state that the bureau of American republics, created in 1890 as the organ for promoting commercial intercourse and fraternal relations among the countries of the western hemisphere, has become a more efficient instrument of the wise purposes of its founders and is receiving the cordial support of the contributing members of the international union which are actually represented in its board of management. A

commercial directory, in two volumes, containing a mass of statistical matter descriptive of the industrial and commercial interests of the various countries, has been printed in English, Spanish, Portuguese and French, and a monthly bulletin published in these four languages and distributed in the Latin-American countries, as well as in the United States, has proved to be a valuable medium for disseminating information and furthering the varied interests of the international union.

During the last year the important work of collecting information of practical benefit to American industries and trade through the agency of the diplomatic and consular officers has been steadily advanced, and in order to lay such data before the public with the least delay the practice was begun in January, 1898, of issuing the commercial reports from day to day as they are received by the department of state. It is believed that for promptitude as well as fullness of information the service thus supplied to our merchants and manufacturers will be found to show sensible improvement and to merit the liberal support of the congress.

#### CAPTURE OF PRIVATE PROPERTY.

The experiences of the last year bring forcibly home to us a sense of the burdens and the waste of war. We desire, in common with most civilized nations, to reduce to the lowest possible point the damage sustained in time of war by peaceable trade and commerce. It is true we may suffer in such cases less than other communities, but all nations are damaged more or less by the state of uneasiness and apprehension into which an outbreak of hostilities throws the entire commercial world. It should be our object, therefore, to minimize, so far as practicable, this inevitable loss and disturbance. This purpose can probably be best accomplished by an international agreement to regard all private property at sea as exempt from capture or destruction by the forces of belligerent powers. The United States government has for many years advocated this humane and beneficent principle, and is now in position to recommend it to other powers without the imputation of selfish motives. I therefore suggest for your consideration that the executive be authorized to correspond with the governments of the principal maritime powers with a view of incorporating into the permanent law of civilized nations the principle of the exemption of all private property at sea, not contraband of war, from capture or destruction by belligerent powers.

#### CONDITION OF THE TREASURY.

The secretary of the treasury reports that the receipts of the government from all sources during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, including \$84,751,223 received from sale of Pacific railroads, amounted to \$405,321,335, and its expenditures to \$443,368,582. There was collected from customs \$149,675,062 and from internal revenue \$170,900,641. Our dutiable imports amounted to \$324,735,479, a decrease of \$68,156,690 over the preceding year, and importations free of duty amounted to \$291,414,175, a decrease from the preceding year of \$30,524,068. Internal revenue receipts exceeded those of the preceding year by \$24,212,068. The total tax collected on distilled spirits was \$92,546,999, on manufactured tobacco \$36,230,522 and on fermented liquors \$39,515,421. We exported merchandise during the year amounting to

\$1,231,482,330, an increase of \$180,488,774 from the preceding year.

It is estimated, upon the basis of present revenue laws, that the receipts of the government for the year ending June 30, 1899, will be \$577,874,607, and its expenditures \$489,874,647, resulting in a deficiency of \$112,000,000.

On the last of December, 1898, there was held in the treasury gold amounting to \$138,441,347, gold bullion amounting to \$138,502,345, silver bullion amounting to \$93,368,250, and other forms of money amounting to \$451,963,981.

On the same date the amount of money of all kinds in circulation or not included in treasury holdings was \$1,326,879,604, an increase for the year of \$165,794,966. Estimating our population at 76,194,000 at the time mentioned, the per capita circulation was \$25.09.

The provisions made for strengthening the resources of the treasury in connection with the war have given increased confidence in the purpose and power of the government to maintain the present standard and have established more firmly than ever the national credit at home and abroad. A marked evidence of this is found in the inflow of gold to the treasury. Its net gold holdings Nov. 1, 1898, were \$239,885,160, compared with \$153,573,147 Nov. 1, 1897, and an increase of net cash of from \$207,756,100 Nov. 1, 1897, to \$300,238,275 Nov. 1, 1898. The present ratio of net treasury gold to outstanding government liabilities, including United States treasury notes of 1890, silver certificates, currency certificates, standard silver dollars and fractional silver coin, Nov. 1, 1898, was 25.35 per cent., as compared with 16.96 per cent. Nov. 1, 1897.

I renew so much my recommendation of December, 1897, as follows:

"That when any of the United States notes are presented for redemption in gold and are redeemed in gold such notes shall be kept and set apart and only paid out in exchange for gold. This is an obvious duty. If the holder of the United States note prefers the gold and gets it from the government he should not receive back from the government a United States note without paying gold in exchange for it. The reason for this is made all the more apparent when the government issues an interest-bearing debt to provide gold for the redemption of United States notes—a non-interest-bearing debt. Surely it should not pay them out again except on demand and for gold. If they are put out in any other way they may return again, to be followed by another bond issue to redeem them—another interest-bearing debt to redeem a non-interest-bearing debt."

This recommendation was made in the belief that such provisions of law would insure to a greater degree the safety of the present standard and better protect our currency from the dangers to which it is subjected from a disturbance in the general business conditions of the country.

In my judgment the present condition of the treasury amply justifies the immediate enactment of the legislation recommended one year ago, under which a portion of the gold holdings should be placed in a trust fund from which greenbacks should be redeemed upon presentation, but when once redeemed should not thereafter be paid out except for gold.

It is not to be inferred that other legislation relating to our currency is not required; on the contrary, there is an obvious

demand for it. The importance of adequate provision which will insure to our future a money standard related as our money standard now is to that of our commercial rivals is generally recognized. The companion proposition that our domestic paper currency shall be kept safe and yet be so related to the needs of our industries and internal commerce as to be adequate and responsive to such needs is a proposition scarcely less important. The subject, in all its parts, is commended to the wise consideration of the congress.

The annexation of Hawaii and the changed relations of the United States to Cuba, Puerto Rico and the Philippines, resulting from the war, compel the prompt adoption of a maritime policy by the United States. There should be established a regular and frequent steamship communication, encouraged by the United States, under the American flag, with the newly acquired islands. Spain furnished to its colonies, at an annual cost of about \$2,000,000, steamship lines communicating with a portion of the world's markets as well as with trade centers of the home government.

The United States will not undertake to do less. It is our duty to furnish the people of Hawaii with facilities under national control for their export and import trade. It will be conceded that the present situation calls for legislation which shall be urgent, durable and liberal.

The part which American merchant vessels and their seamen performed in the war with Spain demonstrates that this service, furnishing both pickets and the second line of defense, is a national necessity and should be encouraged in every constitutional way.

Details and methods for the accomplishment of this purpose are discussed in the report of the secretary of the treasury, to which the attention of the congress is respectfully invited.

In my last annual message I recommended that the congress authorize the appointment of a commission for the purpose of making systematic investigations with reference to the cause and prevention of yellow fever. This matter has acquired an increased importance as a result of the military occupation of the island of Cuba and the commercial intercourse between this island and the United States which we have every reason to expect. The sanitary problems connected with our new relations with the island of Cuba and the acquisition of Puerto Rico are no less important than those relating to finance, commerce and administration. It is my earnest desire that these problems may be considered by competent experts and that everything may be done which the most recent advances in sanitary science can offer for the protection of the health of our soldiers in these islands and of our citizens who are exposed to the dangers of infection from the importation of yellow fever. I therefore renew my recommendation that the authority of the congress may be given and a suitable appropriation made to provide for a commission of experts to be appointed for the purpose indicated.

#### INCREASE OF REGULAR ARMY.

Under the act of congress approved April 26, 1898, authorizing the president, in his discretion, "upon the declaration of war by the congress, or a declaration by the congress that war exists," I directed the in-

crease of the regular army to the maximum of 62,000, authorized by said act.

There are now in the regular army 57,862 officers and men. In said act it was provided "that at the end of any war in which the United States may become involved the army shall be reduced to a peace basis by the transfer in the same arm of the service or absorption by promotion or honorable discharge, under such regulations as the secretary of war may establish, of supernumerary commissioned officers and the honorable discharge or transfer of supernumerary enlisted men; and nothing contained in this act shall be construed as authorizing the permanent increase of the commissioned or enlisted force of the regular army beyond that now provided by the law in force prior to the passage of this act, except as to the increase of twenty-five majors provided for in section 1 hereof."

The importance of legislation for the permanent increase of the army is therefore manifest and the recommendation of the secretary of war for that purpose has my unqualified approval. There can be no question that at this time and probably for some time in the future 100,000 men will be none too many to meet the necessities of the situation. At all events, whether the number shall be required permanently or not, the power should be given to the president to enlist that force if in his discretion it should be necessary, and the further discretion should be given him to recruit within the above limit from the inhabitants of the islands with the government of which we are charged.

It is my purpose to muster out the entire volunteer army as soon as the congress shall provide for the increase of the regular establishment. This will be only an act of justice, and will be much appreciated by the brave men who left their homes and employments to help the country in its emergency.

#### SALE OF UNION PACIFIC.

In my last annual message I stated: "The Union Pacific railway, main line, was sold under the decree of the United States court for the district of Nebraska Nov. 1 and 2 of this year. The amount due the government consisted of the principal of the subsidy bonds, \$27,226,512, and the accrued interest thereon, \$31,311,711.75, making the total indebtedness \$58,448,223.75. The bid at the sale covered the first mortgage lien and the entire mortgage claim of the government, principal and interest."

This left the Kansas Pacific case unconcluded. By a decree of the court in that case an upset price for the property was fixed at a sum which would yield to the government only \$2,500,000 upon its lien. The sale at the instance of the government was postponed first to Dec. 15, 1897, and later, upon the application of the United States, was postponed to Feb. 16, 1898.

Having satisfied myself that the interests of the government required that an effort should be made to obtain a larger sum, I directed the secretary of the treasury, under the act passed March 3, 1887, to pay out of the treasury to the persons entitled to receive the same the amounts due upon all prior mortgages upon the eastern and middle divisions of said railroads out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated. Whereupon the attorney-general prepared a petition, to be presented to the court, offering to redeem said prior liens

in such manner as the court might direct, and praying that thereupon the United States might be held to be subrogated to all the rights of said prior-lien holders, and that a receiver might be appointed to take possession of the mortgaged premises and maintain and operate the same until the court or the congress otherwise directed. Thereupon the reorganization committee agreed that if said petition was withdrawn and the sale allowed to proceed Feb. 16, it would bid a sum at the sale which would realize to the government the entire principal of its debt, \$6,303,000. Believing that no better price could be obtained, and appreciating the difficulties under which the government would labor if it should become the purchaser of the road at the sale, in the absence of any authority by congress to take charge of and operate the road, I directed that upon the guaranty of a minimum bid which should give the government the principal of its debt the sale should proceed. By this transaction the government secured an advance of \$3,803,000 over and above the sums which the court had fixed as the upset price and which the reorganization committee had declared was the maximum which it would pay for the property.

It is a gratifying fact that the result of these proceedings against the Union Pacific system and the Kansas Pacific line is that the government has received on account of its subsidy claim the sum of \$44,751,223.75, an increase of \$18,997,163.75 over the sum which the reorganization committee originally agreed to bid for the property, the government receiving its whole claim, principal and interest, of the Union Pacific, and the principal of its debt on the Kansas Pacific railroad.

Steps had been taken to foreclose the government's lien upon the Central Pacific Railroad company, but before action was commenced the congress passed an act, approved July 7, 1898, creating a commission, consisting of the secretary of the treasury, the attorney-general and the secretary of the interior and their successors in office, with full power to settle the indebtedness to the government growing out of the issue of bonds in aid of construction of the Central Pacific and Western Pacific bond-aided railroads, subject to the approval of the president. No report has yet been made to me by the commission thus created. Whatever action is had looking to a settlement of the indebtedness in accordance with the act referred to will be duly submitted to the congress.

I deem it my duty to call to the attention of the congress the condition of the present buildings occupied by the department of justice. The business of that department has increased very greatly since it was established in its present quarters. The building now occupied by it is neither large enough nor of suitable arrangement for the proper accommodation of the business of the department. The supervising architect has pronounced it unsafe and unsuited for the use to which it is put. The attorney-general, in his report, states that the library of the department is on the fourth floor and that all the space allotted to it is so crowded with books as dangerously to overload the structure. The first floor is occupied by the Court of Claims. The building is of an old and dilapidated appearance, unsuited to the dignity which should attach to this important department.

A proper regard for the safety, comfort and convenience of the officers and employes would justify the expenditure of a liberal sum of money in the erection of a new building of commodious proportions and handsome appearance upon the very advantageous site already secured for that purpose, including the ground occupied by the present structure and adjoining vacant property, comprising in all a frontage of 201 feet in Pennsylvania avenue and a depth of 136 feet.

In this connection I may likewise refer to the inadequate accommodations provided for the Supreme court in the capitol, and suggest the wisdom of making provision for the erection of a separate building for the court and its offices and library upon available ground near the capitol.

#### ADVANCE OF THE POSTAL SERVICE.

The postal service of the country advances with extraordinary growth. Within twenty years both the revenues and the expenditures of the postoffice department have multiplied three-fold. In the last ten years they have nearly doubled. Our postal business grows much more rapidly than our population. It now involves an expenditure of \$100,000,000 a year, numbers 73,000 post-offices and enrolls 200,000 employees. This remarkable extension of a service which is an accurate index of the public conditions presents a gratifying evidence of the advancement of education, of the increase of communication and business activity and of the improvement of mail facilities leading to their constantly augmenting use.

The war with Spain laid new and exceptional labors on the postoffice department. The mustering of the military and naval forces of the United States required special mail arrangements for every camp and every campaign. The communication between home and camp was naturally eager and expectant. In some of the larger places of rendezvous as many as 50,000 letters a day required handling. This necessity was met by the prompt detail and dispatch of experienced men from the established force and by directing all the instrumentalities of the railway mail and postoffice service so far as necessary to this new need. Congress passed an act empowering the postmaster-general to establish offices or branches at every military camp or station, and under this authority the postal machinery was speedily put into effective operation.

Under the same authority, when our forces moved upon Cuba, Puerto Rico and the Philippines they were attended and followed by the postal service. Though the act of congress authorized the appointment of postmasters where necessary, it was early determined that the public interests would be best subserved not by new designations, but by the detail of experienced men familiar with every branch of the service, and this policy was steadily followed. When the territory which was the theater of conflict came into our possession it became necessary to re-establish mail facilities for the resident population, as well as to provide them for our forces of occupation, and the former requirement was met through the extension and application of the latter obligation. I gave the requisite authority, and the same general principle was applied to this as to other branches of civil administration under military occupation. The details are more particularly given in the report of the postmaster-general, and while the work is only just begun it is pleasing to be able to say

that the service in the territory which has come under our control is already materially improved.

#### NAVAL PLANS INDORSED.

The following recommendations of the secretary of the navy relative to the increase of the navy have my earnest approval:

1. Three sea-going, sheathed and coppered battleships of about 13,500 tons trial displacement, carrying the heaviest armor and most powerful ordnance for vessels of their class, and to have the highest practicable speed and great radius of action. Estimated cost, exclusive of armor and armament, \$4,000,000 each.

2. Three sheathed and coppered armored cruisers of about 6,000 tons trial displacement, carrying the heaviest armor and most powerful ordnance for vessels of their class, and to have the highest practicable speed and great radius of action. Estimated cost, exclusive of armor and armament, \$4,000,000 each.

3. Three sheathed and coppered protected cruisers of about 6,000 tons trial displacement; to have the highest practicable speed and great radius of action and to carry the most powerful ordnance suitable for vessels of their class. Estimated cost, exclusive of armor and armament, \$2,150,000 each.

4. Six sheathed and coppered cruisers of about 2,500 tons trial displacement; to have the highest speed compatible with good cruising qualities, great radius of action and to carry the most powerful ordnance suited to vessels of their class. Estimated cost, exclusive of armament, \$1,141,500 each.

I join with the secretary of the navy in recommending that the grades of admiral and vice-admiral be temporarily revived, to be filled by officers who have especially distinguished themselves in the war with Spain.

#### THE TWELFTH CENSUS.

I earnestly urge upon congress the importance of early legislation providing for the taking of the twelfth census. This is necessary in view of the large amount of work which must be performed in the preparation of the schedules preparatory to the enumeration of the population.

#### NAMES ON THE PENSION ROLLS.

There were on the pension rolls June 30, 1898, 993,714 names, an increase of nearly 18,000 over the number on the rolls the same day of the preceding year. The amount appropriated by the act of Dec. 22, 1896, for the payment of pensions for the fiscal year 1898 was \$140,000,000. Eight million seventy thousand eight hundred and seventy-two dollars and forty-six cents was appropriated by the act of March 31, 1898, to cover deficiencies in army pensions and repayments in the sum of \$12,020,332, making a total of \$148,020,332.75 available for the payment of pensions during the fiscal year 1898. The amount disbursed from that sum was \$144,651,879.80, leaving a balance of \$3,431,012.99 unexpended June 30, 1898, which was covered into the treasury.

There were 389 names added to the rolls during the year by special acts passed at the second session of the LVth congress, making a total of 6,488 pensioners by congressional enactments since 1861.

The total receipts of the patent office during the last year were \$1,253,948.440. The expenditures were \$1,081,633.79 leaving a surplus of \$172,314.65.

#### SALE OF GOVERNMENT LANDS.

The public lands disposed of by the government during the year reached \$2,453,000.

896.92 acres, an increase of 614,780.26 acres over the previous year. The total receipts from public lands during the fiscal year amounted to \$2,777,996.18, an increase of \$190,063.90 over the preceding year. The lands embraced in the eleven forest reservations which were suspended by the act of June 4, 1897, again became subject to the operations of the proclamations of Feb. 22, 1897, creating them, which added an estimated amount of 19,951,360 acres to the area embraced in the reserves previously created. In addition, thereto two new reserves were created during the year—the Pine Mountain and Zaca Lake reserve in California, embracing 1,644,594 acres, and the Prescott reserve, in Arizona, embracing 10,240 acres; while the Pecos River reserve in New Mexico has been changed and enlarged to include 120,000 additional acres.

At the close of the year thirty forest reservations, not including those of the Aroonak forest and the Ash-culture reserve in Alaska, had been created by executive proclamations, under section 24 of the act of March 3, 1891, embracing an estimated area of 40,719,474 acres.

The department of the interior has inaugurated a forest system, made possible by the act of July, 1898, for a graded force of officers in control of the reserves. This system has only been in full operation since August, but good results have already been secured in many sections. The reports received indicate that the system of patrol has not only prevented destructive fires from gaining headway, but has diminished the number of fires.

#### FEW INDIAN TROUBLES.

The special attention of the congress is called to that part of the report of the secretary of the interior in relation to the five civilized tribes. It is noteworthy that the general condition of the Indians shows marked progress. But one outbreak of a serious character occurred during the year, and that among the Chippewa Indians of Minnesota, which happily has been suppressed.

While it has not yet been practicable to enforce all the provisions of the act of June 28, 1898, "for the protection of the people of the Indian Territory and for other purposes," it is having a salutary effect upon the nations composing the five tribes. The Dawes commission reports that the most gratifying results and greater advance toward the attainment of the objects of the government have been secured in the last year than in any previous year. I cannot too strongly indorse the recommendation of the commission and of the secretary of the interior for the necessity of providing for the education of the 30,000 white children resident in the Indian Territory.

#### AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT.

The department of agriculture has been active in the last year. Explorers have been sent to many of the countries of the eastern and western hemispheres for seeds and plants that may be useful to the United States, and with the further view of opening up markets for our surplus products. The forestry division of the department is giving special attention to the treeless regions of our country and is introducing species specially adapted to semi-arid regions. Forest fires, which seriously interfere with production, especially in irrigated regions, are being studied, that the losses from this cause may be avoided. The department is inquiring into the use and abuse of water in many states of the west and collecting

information regarding the laws of the states, the decisions of the courts and the customs of the people in this regard, so that uniformity may be secured. Experiment stations are becoming more effective every year. The annual appropriation of \$700,000 by congress is supplemented by \$400,000 from the states. Nation-wide experiments have been conducted to ascertain the suitableness as to soil and climate and states for growing sugar beets. The number of sugar factories has been doubled in the last two years and the ability of the United States to produce its own sugar from this source has been clearly demonstrated.

The weather bureau forecast and observation stations have been extended around the Caribbean sea to give early warning of the approach of hurricanes from the south seas to our fleets and merchant marine.

#### WASHINGTON CITY'S CENTENNIAL.

In the year 1900 will occur the centennial anniversary of the founding of the city of Washington for the permanent capital of the government of the United States by authority of an act of congress approved July 16, 1790. In May, 1800, the archives and general offices of the federal government were removed to this place. On Nov. 17, 1800, the national congress met here for the first time and assumed exclusive control of the federal district and city. This interesting event assumes all the more significance when we recall the circumstances attending the choosing of the site, the naming of the capital in honor of the father of his country and the interest taken by him in the adoption of plans for its future development on a magnificent scale.

These original plans have been wrought out with a constant progress and a signal success even beyond anything their framers could have foreseen. The people of the country are justly proud of the distinctive beauty and government of the capital and of the rare instruments of science and education which here find their natural home.

A movement lately inaugurated by the citizens to have the anniversary celebrated with fitting ceremonies, including, perhaps, the establishment of a handsome permanent memorial to mark so historical an occasion and to give it more than local recognition, has met with general favor on the part of the public. I recommend to congress the granting of an appropriation for this purpose and the appointment of a committee from its respective bodies. It might also be advisable to authorize the president to appoint a committee from the country at large, which, acting with the congressional and District of Columbia committees, can complete the plans for an appropriate national celebration.

#### IN LABOR'S INTEREST.

The alien contract labor law is shown by experience to need some amendment; a measure providing better protection for seamen is proposed; the rightful application of the eight-hour law for the benefit of labor and the principle of arbitration are suggested for consideration and I commend these subjects to the careful consideration of the congress.

The several department reports will be laid before you. They give in great detail the conduct of the affairs of the government during the last year and discuss many questions upon which the congress may be called upon to act.

WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

Executive Mansion, Dec. 5, 1898.

## Election Returns.

## POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT 1890.

(Republican pluralities in roman; opposition pluralities in heavy-face.)

STATES.	McKinley. Rep.	Bryan and Sewall. Dem.	Bryan & Watson Pro.	Levee- Pro.	Ben- Nat.	Match- S. L.	Palmer G. D.	Plu- rality.	*Total vote.
Alabama.....	54,787	107,137	24,189	2,147	.....	.....	6,402	75,489	704,872
Arkansas.....	37,512	110,103	.....	889	688	.....	.....	72,551	149,577
California.....	146,988	128,148	21,625	2,573	1,041	1,611	2,006	1,522	298,001
Colorado.....	26,271	158,674	2,889	1,717	386	159	.....	184,788	189,630
Connecticut.....	110,285	56,749	.....	1,898	.....	1,223	4,294	55,543	174,330
Delaware.....	16,904	16,424	.....	855	.....	.....	877	3,300	31,400
Florida.....	11,288	36,693	2,053	654	.....	.....	1,778	21,446	46,451
Georgia.....	60,001	94,262	.....	5,548	.....	.....	2,708	34,141	169,051
Idaho.....	6,324	24,192	.....	197	.....	.....	.....	18,668	29,625
Illinois.....	607,190	404,825	1,000	9,798	708	1,147	6,380	141,117	1,000,359
Indiana.....	323,764	205,758	.....	3,016	2,358	329	2,145	19,601	547,335
Iowa.....	290,265	226,741	.....	8,192	332	453	4,516	65,452	521,547
Kansas.....	150,545	126,807	46,194	1,611	620	.....	1,200	13,508	375,430
Kentucky.....	218,171	217,840	.....	4,781	.....	.....	5,019	281	435,951
Louisiana.....	22,067	77,175	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,634	55,138	101,005
Maine.....	80,405	82,301	2,487	1,670	.....	.....	1,870	48,777	118,393
Maryland.....	136,169	104,735	.....	5,918	130	567	2,547	32,294	269,442
Massachusetts.....	278,376	190,530	15,181	2,108	.....	2,114	11,749	173,265	671,166
Michigan.....	293,582	296,714	.....	5,025	1,906	.....	6,879	56,808	594,422
Minnesota.....	110,401	136,620	.....	4,965	.....	.....	916	3,240	247,027
Mississippi.....	6,130	56,363	7,517	89	.....	.....	1,071	64,750	70,425
Missouri.....	304,940	361,667	.....	2,140	238	606	2,355	58,757	664,499
Montana.....	10,494	42,587	.....	180	.....	.....	.....	32,043	53,177
Nebraska.....	104,004	116,990	.....	1,504	797	183	2,285	18,906	224,171
Nevada.....	1,368	7,802	573	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,430	10,015
New Hampshire.....	57,444	21,271	879	779	40	228	1,520	35,734	80,000
New Jersey.....	221,367	183,675	.....	5,614	.....	3,985	6,372	37,042	404,044
New York.....	819,858	551,326	.....	16,013	.....	17,067	18,160	269,470	1,345,255
North Carolina.....	153,222	174,188	.....	678	247	.....	.....	19,369	327,760
North Dakota.....	29,344	30,686	.....	546	.....	.....	.....	1,465	60,030
Ohio.....	625,391	474,682	2,618	5,069	2,716	.....	1,867	48,494	1,014,326
Oregon.....	48,779	46,032	.....	919	.....	.....	977	2,117	97,837
Pennsylvania.....	728,304	422,064	11,174	10,274	870	1,091	11,000	205,072	1,184,155
Rhode Island.....	76,437	14,150	.....	1,160	.....	558	1,106	21,678	91,785
South Carolina.....	9,281	58,798	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	49,517	68,079
South Dakota.....	41,042	41,255	.....	968	.....	.....	.....	123	82,460
Tennessee.....	148,773	707,651	1,255	3,106	.....	.....	1,951	18,408	857,126
Texas.....	167,530	290,862	79,572	1,590	.....	.....	5,040	308,914	544,786
Utah.....	15,491	64,007	.....	.....	.....	.....	21	48,516	80,124
Vermont.....	61,127	10,179	458	755	.....	.....	1,301	40,644	72,425
Virginia.....	123,328	154,709	.....	2,550	.....	108	2,129	18,241	278,448
Washington.....	89,153	51,640	.....	994	148	.....	1,924	12,468	141,765
West Virginia.....	118,428	94,180	.....	2,116	.....	.....	675	10,898	204,710
Wisconsin.....	268,135	199,223	.....	7,600	846	.....	4,561	102,612	447,411
Wyoming.....	10,072	10,324	280	190	.....	.....	.....	580	20,866
Totals.....	7,107,822	4,288,960	222,207	100,283	13,560	33,545	138,800	14,073,256	
Majority.....	284,771								

\*Includes scattering, blank and defective votes.

In calculating pluralities in this and the following tables the Bryan-Watson, the Bryan-Watson and the middle-of-the-road votes are combined for the Bryan vote. There was fusion on the electoral ticket of the democrats and populists, and in some states silver republicans. In the following states: Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Idaho, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Jersey, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming. In some of the states, like Illinois and Kansas, there were Bryan-Watson tickets run by the middle-of-the-road populists.

It has been impossible to separate the populist from the democratic vote in the states in which there was a fusion of those parties. In some of the states, like Illinois, in which the two parties voted for the same electors, but upon separate tickets, county officers, in making returns to the secretaries of state, have combined the votes on electors and it is impossible to say how the vote should be divided. In such cases the vote classed under the head "Bryan-Watson" is no indication of the strength of the people's party, while at the same time it gives too large a vote to the democrats. There is no way of giving, even approximately, the vote of the two parties on presidential electors.

## Vote of States and Territories by Counties.

ALABAMA Population 1,513,817.

COUNTIES.	PRESIDENT 1896				GOV. '94		PRESIDENT 1892				GOV. '90	
	Pop.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. G. D.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Pro. G. D.	Rep.	Dem.
18330 Autauga.....	280	1232	49	11	778	837	81	926	2	951	254	1387
8941 Baldwin.....	404	704	22	17	647	421	382	912	2	861	384	724
34898 Barbour.....	1337	2215	442	29	315	5407	657	19	4315	—	1241	389
23224 Bibb.....	650	984	582	30	39	787	1305	22	1152	6	1204	573
21927 Blount.....	2619	1880	532	30	40	1580	1789	58	1944	—	1204	245
27098 Bullock.....	749	1844	23	16	131	2309	222	75	1844	—	1483	659
13641 Butler.....	546	1256	553	27	88	1070	1773	253	1313	—	1717	735
23836 Calhoun.....	1222	2317	471	115	171	2542	2772	128	3249	4	1613	898
26391 Chambers.....	1057	1722	288	27	63	1874	2394	218	2321	—	1717	1326
10459 Cherokee.....	602	659	1117	18	89	1055	1831	218	1709	2	1201	55
14549 Chilton.....	310	549	682	22	62	508	1376	129	648	—	902	279
27528 Choctaw.....	357	1017	468	11	90	912	1511	216	984	—	998	246
12624 Clarke.....	502	2260	41	22	25	1831	1128	371	1561	—	1042	451
15765 Clay.....	489	1112	268	25	37	1175	1210	47	1161	—	1106	608
13218 Cleburne.....	472	879	114	33	21	735	900	47	1045	3	650	260
22170 Coffee.....	114	750	685	24	32	960	1271	47	992	5	899	65
10189 Colbert.....	1754	1615	43	14	93	1297	1198	—	1900	—	1510	1050
14564 Conecuh.....	881	560	332	41	155	755	1174	—	877	—	1627	890
15906 Coosa.....	499	870	423	39	49	984	1500	107	948	—	1296	298
7580 Covington.....	69	657	480	16	15	702	753	7	864	1	622	23
15425 Crenshaw.....	330	909	698	28	150	1435	1498	49	1230	—	1278	377
12439 Cullman.....	347	755	447	27	100	899	1176	6	1095	8	1023	215
17225 Dale.....	289	1199	967	50	94	1350	1870	15	1490	1	1109	203
49350 Dallas.....	519	4042	49	10	52	6517	167	1028	7399	—	947	1128
21106 De Kalb.....	1446	1365	221	28	46	1368	1539	5	1838	2	1187	968
21732 Elmore.....	1379	1182	741	46	119	1457	2160	84	1258	1	2606	1207
8666 Escambia.....	482	877	37	20	82	688	576	21	1110	1	657	181
21926 Etowah.....	873	977	805	36	109	1255	1817	299	2225	21	1208	741
12823 Fayette.....	441	603	619	14	39	624	1344	158	728	10	822	879
10681 Franklin.....	483	821	287	17	33	463	1046	23	1290	—	609	459
10680 Geneva.....	46	498	758	21	39	694	1001	—	737	3	715	43
23007 Greene.....	533	1725	139	15	24	846	1381	355	2129	—	611	514
27501 Hale.....	933	2798	188	43	77	2725	2681	12	3360	—	704	828
24847 Hall.....	675	2157	903	46	244	1991	1619	128	2712	—	1215	549
28036 Jackson.....	675	2633	903	81	117	1998	1694	—	3044	5	1633	1174
85501 Jefferson.....	3394	6977	1842	249	450	4599	4567	296	10055	69	4984	927
14197 Lamar.....	509	1033	170	22	69	1157	911	81	1458	—	567	306
23739 Lauderdale.....	1024	2254	46	15	45	1648	783	—	2262	4	1289	435
20725 Lawrence.....	1886	1199	49	45	31	855	2310	8	1516	7	1961	1706
28994 Lee.....	1491	1584	158	41	123	1424	1908	318	2754	—	1874	1190
21201 Limestone.....	1520	1731	73	23	27	1287	1454	18	1447	11	1898	473
31550 Lowndes.....	642	2873	28	6	40	4995	3611	349	8238	—	716	1020
18439 Macon.....	259	1011	32	6	56	1144	2111	13	200	—	704	828
38119 Madison.....	2548	3074	83	46	108	2764	1371	8	2045	7	2807	1296
50085 Marengo.....	784	3049	79	13	25	—	—	238	2847	—	2198	928
81347 Marion.....	502	1164	37	3	23	1055	579	7	1207	8	478	455
18395 Marshall.....	520	977	967	33	37	1150	1773	1	1521	2	1103	354
11587 Mobile.....	2778	3811	137	149	453	2505	1544	397	4880	—	1979	1797
18990 Monroe.....	—	—	—	—	—	1650	424	8	1850	—	699	516
56172 Montgomery.....	977	2582	71	44	526	4380	290	7	3703	—	2784	2427
24089 Morgan.....	1462	1970	158	52	195	1651	1549	8	2160	26	2125	567
23633 Perry.....	463	2485	197	10	84	1194	489	48	3452	—	748	831
25470 Pike.....	211	1279	931	17	86	1802	1749	88	1919	7	1009	79
24423 Pike.....	802	1569	508	43	229	1710	1400	42	2238	—	1455	748
17219 Randolph.....	902	6285	177	22	8	1326	1400	126	1196	—	1243	303
24088 Russell.....	773	1283	22	3	85	974	419	10	2150	—	1506	699
20986 Shelby.....	1051	875	707	19	65	1279	1747	78	1079	4	1499	958
17353 St. Clair.....	608	583	1021	26	47	715	2006	307	1745	1	1598	207
29874 Sumter.....	1459	1799	35	18	186	1848	408	781	3185	—	60	806
29846 Talladega.....	922	1935	219	40	49	2235	2471	106	3688	11	2877	937
25460 Tallapoosa.....	685	2019	672	81	106	1879	2476	305	2470	—	1487	806
30352 Tallapoosa.....	985	1404	747	51	79	2065	2243	708	2213	4	1242	462
18078 Walker.....	1101	1684	184	23	22	1201	1516	4	1583	4	1472	1349
7385 Washington.....	224	551	91	10	46	552	517	94	685	2	60	290
30916 Wilcox.....	45	254	2	8	45	6270	181	215	4967	—	532	236
6552 Winston.....	589	274	75	5	6	402	683	2	536	—	568	452

Total.....	54737	107137	24099	2147	6463	110956	82328	9197	18118	239	85181	42440
Plurality.....		96534				27529			52967		97470	
Per cent.....	28.13	55.05	12.38	1.10	3.32	57.12	42.88	3.32	58.95	10	36.28	23.09
Scattering.....									1986		1491	
Total vote.....	194572					194163			234746		183841	

\*Kolb was supported by the republicans and so-called "Kolb democrats."

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Choctaw, Clarke, Ma- rion, Mobile, Monroe and Washington.						2. The counties of Baldwin, Butler, Con- cuh, Covington, Crenshaw, Escambia, Mon- gomery, Pike and Wilcox.						
A. N. Johnson, Rep.....	1,061					Frank Simmons, Rep.....	1,620					
G. W. Taylor, Dem.....	5,984					Jesse F. Stallings, Dem.....	9,145					

J. H. Giddens, Ind.....	209
3. The counties of Barbour, Bullock, Coffee, Dale, Geneva, Henry, Lee and Russell. H. D. Clayton, Dem.....	8,287
I. N. Fitzpatrick, Ind.....	262
4. The counties of Calhoun, Chilton, Cleburne, Dallas, Shelby and Talladega. W. F. Aldrich, Rep.....	5,685
G. A. Robbins, Dem.....	6,915
5. The counties of Autauga, Chambers, Clay, Coosa, Elmore, Lowndes, Macon, Randolph and Tallapoosa. Douglass Smith, Rep.....	2,504
Willis Brewer, Dem.....	8,842
6. The counties of Fayette, Greene, Lamar, Marion, Pickens, Sumter, Tuscaloosa and Walker. Don Cooper, Rep.....	2,942
John H. Bankhead, Dem.....	7,003
7. The counties of Cherokee, Cullman, De-	

Kalb, Etowah, Franklin, Marshall, St. Clair and Winston. O. B. Street, Rep.....	5,632
J. L. Burnett, Dem.....	6,949
F. H. Lathrop, Pop.....	3,582
8. The counties of Colbert, Jackson, Lauderdale, Lawrence, Limestone, Madison and Morgan. Joseph Wheeler, Dem.....	6,368
No opposition.	
9. The counties of Bibb, Blount, Hale, Jefferson and Perry. J. C. McEnery, Rep.....	1,301
O. W. Underwood, Dem.....	7,115
L. L. Schwars, Ind.....	160

## LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.	1896-97.
Sen. Ho. J. B. Sen. Ho. J. B.		
Republicans.....	2 3 5 1 1 3	
Democrats.....	22 74 96 24 65 89	
People's.....	9 33 32 8 34 43	

## ARIZONA (Population 59,680).

COUNTIES.	—DEL. '98—	—DEL. '98—	—DEL. '98—	—DEL. '98—	—DEL. '98—	—DEL. '98—	—DEL. '98—	—DEL. '98—	—DEL. '98—
(1)	Rep. Dem.	Rep. Dem.	Rep. Dem.	Rep. Dem.	Rep. Dem.	Rep. Dem.	Rep. Dem.	Rep. Dem.	Rep. Dem.
Apache.....	264 221..	227 230	19..	471 432	50..	457 434..	345 552		
Cochise.....	648 711..	521 263	357..	481 340	329..	445 780..	605 790		
Coonino.....	464 350..	336 415	220..	441 334	108..	548 336..	—		
Gila.....	393 654..	302 140	380..	118 161	208..	275 413..	292 431		
Graham.....	521 871..	791 264	241..	456 508	183..	290 246..	347 561		
Maricopa.....	1743 1671..	1414 1063	758..	1331 1124	737..	990 1308..	708 1147		
Mohave.....	108 474..	187 43	315..	110 114	273..	243 212..	238 240		
Navajo.....	330 281..	234 246	41..	—	—	—	—		
Pima.....	834 767..	618 413	759..	607 556	213..	638 691..	731 701		
Pinal.....	273 250..	271 148	104..	304 186	113..	259 283..	292 340		
Yavapai.....	1404 1718..	921 767	1063..	1103 813	523..	963 1080..	1180 1202		
Yuma.....	343 259..	221 90	138..	166 126	133..	153 197..	163 151		
Total.....	7384 8212..	6065 4080	3896..	5618 4773	3008..	5171 7152..	4941 6157		
Plurality.....	828..	1975	875			1918..	1194		
Percent.....	47.22 52.78..	43.13 29.15	27.71..	42.40 35.81	21.78..	41.50 56.49..	44.32 55.68		
Total vote.....	15396	14080	13324			12333	11073		

## LEGISLATURE, 1899-1900.

	Council.	House.	J. B.
Republicans.....	4	11	15
Democrats.....	8	13	21

## LEGISLATURE, 1897-98.

	Council.	House.	J. B.
Republicans.....	2	1	4
Democrats.....	9	23	31

## ARKANSAS (Population 1,183,179).

COUNTIES.	Gov. 1898.	Pres. 1898.	Gov. 1894.
(1)	Rep. Dem. Pro.	Rep. Dem. Nat. Pro.	Rep. Dem. Pro. Pro.
Arkansas.....	539 974 41	14.. 550 1175 6 11..	426 801 109 24
Asheley.....	214 532 12	8.. 405 1760 18 72..	140 715 110 4
Baxter.....	182 530 18	1.. 269 980 — 2..	275 706 75 3
Benton.....	646 1654 141	18.. 685 3648 13 21..	646 1811 674 96
Benton.....	390 885 36	3.. 573 1732 6 13..	455 1217 92 24
Bradley.....	13 525 17	1.. 185 976 3 — 96	666 106 1 1
Calhoun.....	31 110 6	1.. 216 910 2 — 152	564 45 1 1
Carroll.....	617 1069 75	12.. 875 1790 23 21..	705 1007 354 41
Chicot.....	48 656 —	1.. 258 418 17 67..	296 346 10 8
Clark.....	569 1123 730	76.. 838 1910 57 25..	558 1170 1108 66
Clay.....	8 2 1119 116	6.. 475 1537 10 12..	660 832 283 —
Cleburne.....	163 808 228	5.. 108 1017 7 4..	57 631 480 25
Cleveland.....	82 554 85	1.. 231 1209 8 8..	60 788 144 —
Columbia.....	165 850 84	8.. 537 2159 4 7..	290 1417 332 10
Crawley.....	9 6 1280 27	10.. 656 2255 7 11..	315 1476 325 27
Crittenden.....	284 1 13 134	81.. 329 1980 2 8..	245 943 358 36
Crittenden.....	1377 1782 103	11.. 1311 1870 8 10..	705 1346 540 37
Crittenden.....	46 683 7	6.. 258 625 6 5..	76 454 15 4
Crittenden.....	92 427 9	1.. 224 908 — 1..	282 694 78 9
Crittenden.....	218 555 54	10.. 479 1032 5 2..	332 701 243 19
Desha.....	28 2 3 3	— 290 306 21 9..	168 508 11 4
Drew.....	208 891 117	8.. 608 1754 5 6..	718 927 546 11
Faulkner.....	331 1421 379	10.. 556 2044 6 8..	373 1443 1087 22
Franklin.....	848 1152 115	7.. 434 1746 25 39..	477 1874 375 17
Fulton.....	296 874 68	4.. 393 1259 2 1..	276 781 222 12
Garland.....	492 1197 48	13.. 708 1465 40 86..	567 1058 336 36
Grant.....	96 619 18	8.. 125 801 2 3..	132 666 108 10
Greene.....	243 1168 84	11.. 362 1637 7 4..	193 766 45 1
Hempstead.....	902 1560 50	20.. 1308 1832 10 19..	1048 1387 356 31
Hot Springs.....	131 707 120	10.. 292 1321 9 12..	105 837 230 20
Howard.....	165 777 117	3.. 294 1369 1 2..	125 191 616 4

## ELECTION RETURNS.

343

Population.	Ames.	James Morgan.	McKnight.	McKinley.	Bray.	Bentley.	Lerner.	Remond.	Tharke.	Barber.	Miller.
21961 Independence.....	513	1002	421	19..	507	2089	9	11..	308	1579	1013
13088 Izard.....	294	1003	60	3..	285	1507	11	13..	215	1187	180
15179 Jackson.....	511	1191	83	5..	588	1565	—	9..	731	1058	103
40681 Jefferson.....	874	1796	65	21..	1050	1653	27	20..	140	1724	71
16758 Johnson.....	304	1223	172	11..	491	1831	3	6..	367	1172	465
7700 Lafayette.....	541	578	34	6..	423	908	2	3..	311	422	91
12864 Lawrence.....	250	1211	162	15..	213	1946	23	19..	378	1138	358
18886 Lee.....	679	1010	42	2..	226	1026	1	1..	171	809	227
10255 Lincoln.....	143	1057	49	2..	273	852	7	7..	325	642	270
8493 Little River.....	255	820	62	1..	298	1026	—	—	103	493	321
30774 Logan.....	550	1339	62	2..	946	1786	6	15..	184	865	375
19285 Lonohe.....	550	1086	102	13..	437	2300	12	13..	145	1626	496
17402 Madison.....	1180	1557	27	13..	1200	1689	16	17..	1194	1248	64
14714 Marion.....	221	734	16	2..	336	1212	25	3..	200	886	78
10390 Miller.....	258	703	98	4..	565	1073	6	15..	184	865	375
11635 Mississipp.....	172	1019	35	14..	108	815	2	—	56	551	29
15336 Monroe.....	152	615	12	0..	436	1019	77	60..	270	630	51
67923 Montgomery.....	196	551	87	15..	229	1008	4	7..	140	1026	1066
11832 Nevada.....	371	985	438	31..	469	1630	4	7..	103	493	321
9950 Newton.....	702	1019	36	2..	738	850	4	8..	707	467	89
17033 Ouachita.....	702	1019	36	2..	1023	1366	2	9..	700	1136	106
5388 Perry.....	62	980	44	—	217	678	4	2..	78	462	356
25491 Phillips.....	164	712	218	9..	241	864	2	1..	43	649	537
8537 Pike.....	111	558	15	7..	150	572	3	7..	205	594	26
4272 Polk.....	287	786	400	17..	51	1004	4	8..	79	485	535
19458 Pope.....	534	1430	77	6..	782	2415	13	7..	407	1619	690
11374 Prairie.....	430	851	34	3..	633	1145	3	2..	218	704	130
47329 Pulaski.....	769	1973	56	9..	1754	3021	74	45..	685	2202	559
14485 Randolph.....	346	1730	66	7..	307	1015	4	—	184	1384	120
11311 Saline.....	133	1069	71	16..	288	1117	2	—	138	1004	275
19335 Scott.....	187	767	119	3..	284	1200	31	6..	118	903	592
9964 Searcy.....	719	630	13	4..	737	615	2	2..	624	584	49
33200 Sebastian.....	675	1784	113	19..	1009	2622	12	17..	836	2009	531
10072 Sevier.....	191	814	267	4..	170	1166	4	13..	67	715	480
10418 Sharp.....	198	769	104	15..	230	1385	1	2..	119	802	903
13443 St. Francis.....	147	512	20	3..	455	1087	3	5..	650	723	420
7043 Stone.....	143	478	111	6..	172	728	5	2..	79	496	329
14977 Union.....	68	984	51	2..	148	1749	29	81..	47	1938	197
4567 Van Buren.....	406	805	145	4..	374	846	20	6..	279	629	249
33242 Washington.....	162	1940	237	25..	1197	3238	17	25..	580	1852	965
22946 White.....	436	1801	1091	27..	550	2876	17	8..	414	1527	1434
14079 Woodruff.....	306	1011	15	4..	620	1478	5	4..	234	1905	52
18015 Yell.....	659	1553	31	6..	812	2261	4	8..	370	1230	146

Total..... 7524 7592 8332 679.. 37512 100103 893 889.. 20855 74809 24541 15

Plurality..... 47803 72501 45724

Per cent..... 24.59 67.36 7.45 .00.. 25.11 73.69 .09 .09.. 30.12 58.12 19.32 1..

Total vote..... 111807 148387 133691

In 1896 the democrats and populists fused on electoral ticket, the democrats having 5 electors and the populists having 5.

In 1898 the people's and liberty parties nominated candidate for governor only.

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Secretary of State—	30,942
H. H. Myers, Rep.....	78,810
A. C. Hull, Dem.....	30,722
Treasurer—A. L. Krewson, Rep.....	80,226
T. E. Little, Dem.....	30,269
Auditor—Andrew I. Roland, Rep.....	78,840
Clay Sloan, Dem.....	30,119
Att'y-General—J. F. Henley, Rep.....	78,103
Jefferson Davis, Dem.....	31,167
Land Commissioner—	79,763
George W. French, Rep.....	30,471
T. C. Colquitt, Dem.....	80,114
Commissioner Agriculture—	30,493
Charles W. Cox, Rep.....	78,498
Frank Hill, Dem.....	30,348
Superintendent Public Instruction—	30,335
J. B. Williford, Rep.....	30,348
J. J. Doyno, Dem.....	30,335
Associate Justice—	30,348
James Brizzolara, Rep.....	30,335
J. E. Riddick, Dem.....	30,335

## VOTE ON CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

4. Tax for road improvement.	63,733
For.....	16,940
Against.....	57,209
5. Railroad commission.	24,079
For.....	24,079
Against.....	24,079

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Clay, Craighead, Crittenden, Cross, Greene, Jackson, Lawrence, Lee, Mississippi, Phillips, Polk, Randolph, St. Francis, Sharp and Woodruff.	4.1
P. D. McCulloch, Dem.....	4.1
Scattering.....	4.1
2. Counties of Bradley, Cleveland, Dallas, Drew, Garland, Grant, Hot Springs, Jefferson, Lincoln, Montgomery, Polk, Saline, Scott, Sebastian.	3.4
T. E. Little, Dem.....	3.4
Scattering.....	3.4
3. Counties of Ashley, Calhoun, Clark, Columbia, Desha, Hempstead, Howard, Lafayette, Little River, Miller, Nevada, Ouachita, Pike, Sevier and Union.	3.1
T. C. McRae, Dem.....	3.1
Scattering.....	3.1
4. Counties of Franklin, Johnson, Logan, Perry, Pulaski, Pope and Yell.	2.4
W. L. Terry, Dem.....	2.4
Scattering.....	2.4
5. Counties of Benton, Boone, Carroll, Conway, Faulkner, Madison, Newton, Searcy, Van Buren and Washington.	6.1
H. A. Dinsmore, Dem.....	6.1
J. T. Hopper, Rep.....	2.1

6. Counties of Arkansas, Baxter, Cleburne, Fulton, Independence, Izard, Lonoke, Marion, Monroe, Prairie, Stone and White.

S. Brundidge, Jr., Dem. .... 2,732  
Scattering ..... 4

LEGISLATURE.		1898-99.		1897-98.	
Sen.	Ho.	J. R.	Sen.	Ho.	J. R.
Democrats	33	98	130	30	85
Republicans	—	2	2	1	2
People's	—	—	1	13	14

### CALIFORNIA (Population 1,808,086).

COUNTIES. (57)	GOVERNOR 1898				PRESIDENT 1896			
	Pop.	*Rep.	*Dem.	Pro. S. L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. P.	Nat. S. L. G. D.
Alameda	11888	8246	180	321	13429	8394	132	56
Alpine	64	28	—	—	40	—	—	—
Amador	1351	1304	27	24	1114	1323	75	20
Butte	2245	2013	69	43	2075	2120	20	32
Calaveras	1809	1432	16	23	1541	1359	5	5
Colusa	664	1076	18	30	581	1250	159	10
Contra Costa	1863	1472	29	22	1864	1142	239	14
Del Norte	354	305	9	13	345	274	80	7
El Dorado	1332	1415	26	34	1130	1674	16	17
Fresno	2783	3380	152	117	2498	8700	85	32
Glenn	561	828	14	7	479	825	1	2
Humboldt	3171	2297	84	123	3142	1322	1143	30
Inyo	478	548	17	13	286	532	10	5
Kern	1723	1886	21	66	1430	1763	28	6
King	918	898	27	11	673	862	13	6
Lake	627	757	50	80	546	—	854	20
Lasen	558	438	14	16	420	385	132	3
Los Angeles	14438	11142	210	411	16891	12252	8791	767
Madera	558	765	16	17	452	—	739	13
Marin	1345	945	8	47	1448	739	85	3
Mariposa	521	747	19	13	563	696	198	7
Mendocino	2004	2188	56	25	2033	1744	376	24
Merced	801	1074	32	18	653	736	384	15
Madera	375	549	8	12	300	568	9	1
Monterey	335	241	3	2	250	315	1	1
Monterey	1995	2050	77	53	1878	2149	21	20
Napa	1947	1578	47	41	2032	1313	159	23
Nevada	2577	1971	50	19	1986	2360	32	22
Orange	1992	1781	177	33	1932	1023	689	30
Placer	2216	1806	34	26	1890	1463	258	8
Plumas	690	504	8	8	678	532	43	2
Riverside	2118	1518	179	69	2063	1309	375	112
Sacramento	5699	3414	57	102	4600	4229	602	49
San Benito	738	984	19	14	729	966	7	10
San Bernardino	2688	2506	223	98	2318	951	1798	198
San Diego	3486	3253	145	168	3631	2368	1540	81
San Francisco	28218	24552	131	138	31041	20819	109	183
San Joaquin	3894	3018	80	121	3500	3144	556	54
San Luis Obispo	1657	1828	65	31	1671	—	2056	39
San Mateo	1587	1094	14	36	1607	987	14	2
Santa Barbara	2072	1736	96	96	2004	1916	60	9
Santa Clara	6821	4483	179	292	6315	4950	241	68
Santa Cruz	2149	2081	78	93	1939	1238	967	46
Shasta	1598	2028	62	71	1210	1986	20	9
Sierra	757	480	4	5	707	475	62	6
Siskiyou	1737	1722	21	39	1473	1724	7	26
Solano	3005	2332	52	95	2702	2056	238	27
Sonoma	4083	3587	83	100	4063	3123	472	29
Stanislaus	1127	1836	38	21	1077	—	1398	14
Sutter	880	704	20	13	996	647	66	13
Tehama	1068	1170	15	25	969	841	294	11
Trinity	887	584	7	14	502	460	85	4
Tulare	1725	2245	74	204	1410	2673	35	13
Tuolumne	1219	1598	49	42	834	1140	168	24
Ventura	1643	1369	81	57	1553	1076	380	5
Yuba	1065	1651	43	35	1485	1656	95	33
Yuba	1273	1011	20	16	1204	879	112	6
Total	147704	128238	3311	4870	146938	123143	21633	2573
Plurality	19411	1922	—	—	1922	—	—	—
Per cent.	51.97	45.14	1.20	1.70	49.11	41.23	7.34	0.86
Total vote	284208	—	—	—	286691	—	—	—

One Bryan elector, J. W. Martin, was elected by a plurality of 163 votes.

\*On the state ticket there was fusion of Republican and Union Labor parties on Gage, and of the Democrats, Silver Republicans and People's parties on Maguire.

#### VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Lieutenant-Governor—  
Jacob H. Neff, Rep. and U. L. .... 148,324  
Edward L. Hutchinson, Dem., Peo.  
and Sil. Rep. .... 147,422  
James Andrew, S. L. .... 4,635  
Robert Summers, Pro. .... 3,198

#### Secretary of State—

Charles F. Curry, Rep. .... 135,721  
R. A. Thompson, Dem., Peo. and  
U. L. .... 133,604  
Emil Leas, S. L. .... 4,650  
J. W. Webb, Pro. .... 3,336  
Controller—Edward P. Colgan, Rep. .... 149,633

## ELECTION RETURNS.

345

T. W. Maples, Dem., Peo., U. L.	121,367
and Sil. Rep.	4,638
John Robertson, S. L.	3,275
L. Hierlihy, Pro.	146,854
Treasurer—Truman Reeves, Rep.	146,854
Willi S. Green, Dem., Peo., U. L.	129,341
and Sil. Rep.	4,767
E. M. Dewey, S. L.	3,195
C. B. Williams, Pro.	146,980
Attorney-General—	
Tilley L. Ford, Rep. and U. L.	127,622
H. P. Andrews, Dem., Peo. and Sil.	4,760
Rep.	3,121
A. F. Strawn-Hamilton, S. L.	146,875
J. H. Blanchard, Pro.	127,488
Surveyor-General—	
Martin J. Wright, Rep. and U. L.	4,638
I. M. Mulholland, Dem., Peo. and	3,097
Sil. Rep.	
J. George Smith, S. L.	145,762
Green Spurrier, Pro.	128,541
Clerk of Supreme Court—	
George W. Root, Rep.	4,611
H. A. McCrany, Dem., Peo., Sil.	3,084
Rep. and U. L.	
Lemuel D. Bibble, S. L.	
W. P. Fassett, Pro.	
Superintendent of Public Instruction—	
Thomas J. Kirk, Rep.	128,641
Christian Runkle, Dem., Peo. and	4,587
Sil. Rep.	2,992
P. B. Gallagher, S. L.	
Fanny M. Pugh, Pro.	
Superintendent of State Printing—	
Alfred J. Johnston, Rep. and U. L.	127,311
E. I. Woodman, Dem., Peo. and	4,589
Sil. Rep.	3,001
A. Conti, S. L.	
Leroy S. Atwood, Pro.	
Associate Justice of the Supreme Court—	
Thomas B. McFarland, Rep. and	137,991
U. L.	
William C. Van Fleet, Rep. and	135,763
U. L.	
William M. Conley, Dem., Peo. and	
Sil. Rep.	134,921
Walter Van Dyke, Dem., Peo. and	
Sil. Rep.	136,843
T. M. Stewart, Pro.	2,111
Robert Thompson, Pro.	1,776

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Del Norte, Humboldt, Lassen, Marin, Mendocino, Modoc, Napa, Plumas, Shasta, Sierra, Siskiyou, Sonoma, Tehama and Trinity.	
John A. Barham, Rep.	18,567
Emmet Seawell, Dem. and Peo.	17,529
2. Counties of Alpine, Amador, Butte, Calaveras, El Dorado, Inyo, Mariposa, Mono, Nevada, Placer, Sacramento, San Joaquin, Sutter, Tuolumne, Yuba.	
Frank D. Ryan, Rep.	17,285
Marior DeVries, Dem. and Peo.	21,255
3. Counties of Alameda, Colusa, Contra Costa, Glenn, Lake, Solano, Yolo.	
Victor H. Metcalf, Rep.	18,867
John Aubrey Jones, Dem. and Peo.	12,463
4. County of San Francisco.	
Julius Kahn, Rep.	13,695
James H. Barry, Dem. and Peo.	12,084
Joseph P. Kelly, Ind. Dem.	594
W. J. Martin, S. L.	1,006
5. Counties of San Francisco (part), San Mateo, Santa Clara.	
Eugene F. Loud, Rep.	20,254
William Craig, Dem. and Peo.	17,052
6. The counties of Los Angeles, Monterey, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, Santa Cruz and Ventura.	
Russell J. Waters, Rep.	23,271
Charles A. Barlo, Dem. and Peo.	19,691
7. The counties of Fresno, Kern, Merced, Orange, San Benito, San Bernardino, San Diego, Stanislaus and Tulare.	
James C. Needham, Rep.	20,803
Curtis H. Castle, Dem. and Peo.	20,760

## LEGISLATURE.

	1896-97.	1896-97.	1896-97.	1896-97.
	Sen.	Ho.	J. B. Sen.	Ho. J. B.
Republicans	26	58	84.	28 46 74
Democrats	14	19	33.	12 8 20
Populists	—	2	2.	— 2 2
Fusion	—	—	—	26 26
Independents	—	1	1.	— —

## COLORADO (Population 412,196).

COUNTIES. (56)	GOV. 1896				SUP. JUDGE 1897				PRES. 1896				PRO. NAT. S. L.	
	Rep.	Fus.	Pro.	S. L.	Fus.	Rep.	S. L.	Rep.	Fus.	Pro.	Pro.	Nat. S. L.		
	Volcott.	Thomas.	Rhodes.	Elliott.	Gibney.	Heston.	Grout.	McKay.	Deane.	McLean.	Swamy.	Swamy.	McKay.	Swamy.
Population.	13,688	23,868	1008	516.	10,067	18,779	315.	604.	42,881	51.	374	90	85	
13,155 Arapahoe	170	318	31	14.	212	238	5.	141	389	5	2	—	—	
726 Archuleta	127	90	17	5.	105	110	—	135	153	—	—	—	—	
1479 Baca	325	887	21	3.	411	407	1.	198	394	6	1	—	—	
1313 Bent	1868	4080	102	13.	3754	1224	39.	1630	1043	122	117	7	4	
14085 Boulder	474	1614	53	39.	1317	638	39.	140	2067	13	7	7	1	
6012 Chaffee	99	79	11	2.	61	121	1.	87	104	1	—	—	—	
534 Cheyenne	341	1851	42	48.	1779	1063	48.	101	3342	14	8	—	2	
7184 Clear Creek	1380	660	5	—	179	1730	—	90	2287	7	1	3	—	
7193 Conejos	1127	408	7	3.	297	999	1.	308	1026	31	6	3	—	
3424 Costilla	260	711	12	5.	611	872	5.	107	181	7	4	1	1	
2970 Custer	345	952	31	22.	1221	600	22.	139	1633	29	38	4	2	
2534 Delta	39	436	—	—	408	64	—	11	675	3	1	—	—	
1498 Dolores	486	694	20	11.	764	658	11.	177	1817	12	8	2	—	
8309 Douglas	188	705	14	19.	691	289	19.	53	1119	15	5	—	1	
3723 Eagle	410	650	24	20.	288	418	20.	273	748	13	6	2	—	
1847 Elbert	5745	10,646	48	38.	6220	7112	38.	6345	17,653	442	236	39	5	
21229 El Paso	1646	2383	59	55.	1846	2026	55.	167	4382	120	101	6	3	
6155 Fremont	412	1447	28	26.	999	920	26.	172	2026	20	26	9	1	
4478 Garfield	952	1778	40	25.	1037	1292	25.	179	2541	48	18	4	2	
5967 Gilpin	51	211	—	1.	61	101	1.	12	248	2	1	1	—	
604 Grand	631	1287	20	15.	1544	502	15.	132	2294	57	6	3	3	
4559 Gunnison	95	483	5	2.	510	61	2.	19	667	10	4	3	—	
762 Hinsdale	1930	800	7	18.	1607	1578	18.	999	1927	9	2	—	—	
6862 Huerfano	1252	2180	63	21.	1355	1965	21.	143	3177	67	64	23	6	
8430 Jefferson	100	145	2	—	147	139	—	13	153	—	2	4	—	
1243 Kiowa	263	178	6	4.	192	250	4.	242	427	16	8	4	—	
2472 Kit Carson	1837	3763	46	38.	3011	5194	38.	263	6576	58	11	1	1	
1693 Lake														

Population.	Welch.	Thomas.	Rhodes.	Elliot.	Gabbert.	Hayt.	Griest.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Levy.	Hamill.	W. H. V.
5709 La Plata.....	394	1567	16	14..	1257	694	14..	98	2723	67	5	1
9712 Larimer.....	1337	1917	60	32..	1795	1893	33..	744	3180	64	113	10
17208 Las Animas....	18 0	3759	64	113..	3763	2563	113..	1124	5487	43	35	3
689 Lincoln.....	127	121	10	8..	115	174	8..	122	209	1	1	1
3010 Logan.....	372	412	18	8..	432	374	8..	281	598	31	32	5
4230 Mesa.....	715	1422	37	22..	1610	721	22..	213	608	15	8	6
1330 Mineral.....	130	635	10	9..	604	167	9..	11	503	19	2	1
1559 Montezuma.....	69	433	14	1..	499	154	19..	33	842	4	1	1
3990 Montrose.....	325	759	29	22..	891	314	22..	133	1346	25	15	12
1601 Morgan.....	404	403	33	24..	371	350	42..	469	2392	42	93	29
4192 Otero.....	780	1336	39	24..	1424	1107	44..	424	2153	20	40	8
6510 Ouray.....	135	1939	10	15..	2005	225	15..	38	2138	16	3	2
3548 Park.....	980	933	30	12..	947	569	17..	149	1554	15	6	1
2442 Phillips.....	188	180	28	11..	175	277	11..	196	395	2	2	1
8929 Pitkin.....	455	1567	26	18..	1896	312	18..	28	3770	35	2	8
1969 Powers.....	493	423	17	3..	351	476	4..	304	548	14	15	2
31491 Pueblo.....	3447	4275	148	113..	4010	4334	113..	1319	8376	43	54	33
1230 Rio Blanco.....	92	335	26	13..	246	179	26..	52	452	15	1	1
3451 Rio Grande.....	720	840	32	20..	801	192	24..	179	1424	7	21	2
2399 Routt.....	249	1005	22	6..	521	395	6..	122	1102	22	2	2
3313 Saguache.....	550	857	44	29..	722	559	24..	175	1154	36	1	2
1572 San Juan.....	211	1012	24	7..	1087	242	8..	17	1534	40	2	1
2909 San Miguel.....	517	1232	30	4..	1103	394	4..	87	2134	61	4	3
1293 Sedgewick.....	139	74	—	—	90	206	—	130	216	1	7	2
1906 Summit.....	127	730	40	27..	557	320	23..	80	1328	20	2	—
2401 Washington.....	218	139	18	5..	128	224	5..	230	178	6	14	—
11736 Weld.....	1319	2594	74	30..	1753	2162	31..	879	4615	90	93	34
2596 Yuma.....	153	248	26	18..	274	213	18..	150	441	13	11	1
Total.....	50880	94274	2677	1509..	68888	64947	1444..	36271	159674	2289	1717	395
Plurality.....	43894				3911			134792				
Per cent.....	33.98	63.94	1.82	1.05..	50.91	48.08	1.01	13.85	88.70	1.26	.90	.20
Total vote.....	149400				135297			139390				.06

\*Dem. S.R., N.S., Peo., S. Pop. +Dem. and Pop.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Lieut.-Gov.—Charles E. Noble, Rep.....	47,230
Francis Carney, Fus.....	92,874
Nels H. Welling, Soc. Lab.....	1,520
J. A. Nesbitt, Pro.....	2,620

Secretary of State—

Joseph M. Beckson, Rep.....	50,120
Elmer F. Millson, Fus.....	92,994
Thomas C. Davis, Soc. Lab.....	1,524
William A. Rice, Pro.....	2,677

State Treasurer—F. O. Roof, Rep.....

John H. Fessler, Fus.....	93,460
John P. Meyer, Soc. Lab.....	1,526
Otto A. Reinhardt, Pro.....	2,593

State Auditor—Geo. S. Adams, Rep.....

George W. Temple, Fus.....	74,209
John A. Wayne, Sil. Rep.....	30,762
Christian Miller, Soc. Lab.....	1,507
Elsie W. Chambers, Pro.....	2,590

Atty.-Gen.—Cornelius J. Hart, Rep.....

David M. Campbell, Fus.....	50,192
Frederick W. Bodtker, Soc. Lab.....	93,744
William A. Marsh, Pro.....	1,553
Superintendent of Public Instruction—	2,560

Lucy E. R. Scott, Rep.....

Helen N. Grenfell, Fus.....	50,075
Frances Nacke, Soc. Lab.....	94,205
Norman Clifford, Pro.....	1,511
	2,590

Palmer, G.D., received 1 vote in Arapahoe Co.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Arapahoe, Boulder, Jefferson, Lake, Larimer, Logan, Morgan, Park, Phillips, Sedgewick, Washington, Weld and Yuma.

Charles Hartsell, Rep.....21,529

John P. Shafroth, Fus.....40,109

Nathan L. Griest, Soc. Lab.....1,155

Dayton Gilbert, Pro.....2,149

2. Counties of Archuleta, Baca, Bent, Chaffee, Cheyenne, Clear Creek, Coneos, Costilla,

Custer, Delta, Douglas, Eagle, Elbert, El

Paso, Fremont, Garfield, Gilpin, Grand, Guan

nison, Hinsdale, Huernano, Kiowa, Kit Car

son, La Plata, Las Animas, Lincoln, Mesa,

Montezuma, Montrose, Otero, Ouray, Pitkin,

Powers, Pueblo, Rio Blanco, Rio Grande,

Routt, Saguache, San Juan, San Miguel,

Summit and Weld.

B. Clark Wheeler, Rep.....27,583

John C. Bell, Fus.....52,372

LEGISLATURE.

1898-99.

	Sen. H.	J. B.	Sen. J. B.	Sen. J. B.
Republicans.....	6	11	16	11
Teller Sil R.....	13	19	31	20
Democrats.....	8	23	31	4
Populists.....	8	19	27	14
Silver.....	—	—	1	1

### CONNECTICUT (Population 746,856).

COUNTIES. (8)	GOV. 1896				PRES. 1896				GOV. 1894			
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S. L.	Rep.	Dem.	N. D.	Pro. S. L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Pro.
Population.	Loonahury.	Morgan.	Stee a.	Stodel.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Levy.	Marshall.	Coffin.	Cady.	Paul.
15081 Fairfield.....	19634	13573	182	477..	22386	12463	722	222	195..	17131	14170	296
147180 Hartford.....	10557	11705	342	841..	24459	9738	1135	374	279..	17351	13987	501
63542 Litchfield.....	6508	4506	173	6..	6385	3322	546	211	5..	6732	4621	243
38524 Middletown.....	4388	3010	127	24..	5954	2245	248	154	17..	4778	3843	125
20908 New Haven.....	22040	21070	278	1175..	30261	20212	833	341	640..	23223	19335	461
79534 New London.....	7885	6137	250	42..	10081	5771	250	312	12..	7854	6935	397
25081 Tolland.....	2800	1612	76	298..	3576	1044	278	94	80..	2835	1865	105
45158 Windham.....	4093	2115	62	3..	5423	1927	167	96	—	4231	2423	150
Total.....	81015	64227	1400	2866..	110285	50740	4234	1808	1223..	83975	66387	2310
Plurality.....	16798				53545					17698		
Per cent.....	54.16	42.98	.91	1.91..	63.24	32.54	2.48	1.04	.70..	54.21	42.78	1.41
Scattering.....	18											
Total vote.....	149681				174390					154931		

## 347

Robert J. Vance, Dem.....	13,520
Emil L. G. Hohenthal, Pro.....	413
Joseph Powell, Soc. Lab.....	1,118
2. Counties of New Haven and Middlesex.	
Nehemiah D. Sperry, Rep.....	27,004
James H. Webb, Dem.....	23,586
Milton R. Kerr, Pro.....	380
George Mansfield, Soc. Lab.....	1,125
3. Counties of New London and Windham.	
Charles A. Russell, Rep.....	12,218
Charles F. Thayer, Dem.....	8,507
Stephen Crane, Pro.....	815
4. Counties of Fairfield and Litchfield.	
Ebenezer J. Hill, Rep.....	23,707
Charles P. Lyman, Dem.....	17,754
Charles L. Beach, Pro.....	301
Samuel Murgatroyd, Soc. Lab.....	498

**LEGISLATURE.**

		1899.		1898.	
	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	Sen.	Ho. J. B.
Republicans	20	180	200..	24	218 242
Democrats	4	72	76..	—	29 29
Nat. Dem.	—	1	1..	—	—

**DELAWARE** (Population 168,493).

COUNTIES (5)	-TREASURER '98-					-PRES. 1896-					-GOV. '94-					-PRES. '92-				
	Rep.	Dem.	S. T. Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	N. D. Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.					
Population.	32964	32964	32964	32964	32964	32964	32964	32964	32964	32964	32964	32964	32964	32964	32964					
96182 Kent.....	32964	3221	156	75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3731	3819	138	10398	10683	845					
96182 New Castle.....	9749	8360	725	234	.....	12583	9633	778	323	11478	10400	294	3556	3720	105					
89647 Sussex.....	4243	3740	55	145	.....	4543	3792	99	122	4671	10440	153	414	4278	115					
Total.....	17549	14811	985	454	.....	16044	13424	877	355	19980	18659	589	18083	18581	565					
Plurality.....	2738				.....	3390				1221				498						
Per cent.....	52.00	43.88	2.79	1.38	.....	53.41	42.67	2.79	1.13	50.81	49.69	1.50	48.56	49.89	1.52					
Total vote.....		33749			.....	31460				39128			37412							

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.		L. Irving Handy, Dem.....		15,056
State Auditor—John R. Lingo, Rep.....		Lewis W. Brosius, Pro.....		454
Lemuel A. H. Bishop, Dem.....		LEGISLATURE.		
Frank L. Bond, Single Tax.....		1899.		
George F. Jones, Pro.....		1898.		
		Sen.	Ho. J. B.	Sen.
FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1898.		Republicans	8	23
John H. Hoffecker, Rep.....		Democrats	9	12
			31.	4
			1.	2
			5	20
			1	5

**FLORIDA** (Population 391,422)

COUNTIES.		—PRES. 1860—					—PRES. 1862—				
(45)		Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	Pro. N.D.	Dem.	Pro. N.D.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. N.D.	Dem.
Population.		Geo. W. Hild.	Edw. L. Hild.	Geo. W. Hild.	Edw. L. Hild.	Geo. W. Hild.	Edw. L. Hild.	Geo. W. Hild.	Edw. L. Hild.	Geo. W. Hild.	Edw. L. Hild.
22584	Alachua	218	1029	665	517	28	11	44	1447	363	294
3333	Baker	61	119	73	189	65	14	2	187	—	154
7516	Bradford	102	405	176	750	80	16	63	551	—	139
3401	Brevard	132	436	357	430	15	17	43	440	36	36
1681	Calhoun	37	121	52	182	21	3	28	155	—	56
22364	Clay	17	214	53	637	20	6	30	310	—	100
5154	Clay	101	221	230	353	22	6	30	404	—	69
12377	Columbia	61	545	528	750	18	16	30	822	2	48
961	Dade	186	408	368	329	3	14	38	109	4	3
4944	DeSoto	174	378	106	515	165	19	24	566	—	256
26800	Duval	164	1067	1467	1852	51	16	813	1442	3	6
20188	Escambia	70	1064	243	1254	51	12	198	2016	—	137
3398	Franklin	61	211	146	296	8	3	13	304	—	—
11894	Gadsden	4	631	166	577	20	9	24	522	—	46
8507	Hamilton	26	315	74	510	33	31	18	605	—	159
2476	Hernando	—	139	37	208	28	4	6	227	—	50
14941	Hill	150	1332	564	2115	25	4	6	2718	2	67
12836	Holmes	93	277	61	300	87	8	19	285	—	145
17644	Jackson	59	749	285	1238	47	11	33	1691	—	238
15757	Jefferson	55	783	242	1894	15	18	18	1593	—	—
3686	Lafayette	19	202	13	854	3	12	4	258	—	27
8084	Lake	149	467	302	850	20	14	54	1137	15	105
1414	Lee	34	227	74	212	10	1	15	135	—	5
17752	Leon	23	1230	247	1370	28	21	26	654	—	—
6586	Levy	24	254	113	454	49	10	30	436	1	172
1452	Liberty	15	142	42	106	7	3	27	84	—	71
14316	Madison	49	378	144	873	19	12	25	855	—	26
656	Manatee	24	24	24	348	—	—	—	348	8	—
20781	Marion	297	179	490	1107	123	52	129	1183	19	63
14781	Monroe	70	285	380	397	55	26	59	707	7	57
6234	Nassau	35	247	310	509	04	14	60	597	—	7
12534	Orange	170	479	535	1045	41	15	74	1142	50	39

population.	Gay.	Whitfield.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan.	L.'s.	Palmer.	Clev.	land.	Edwell.	W. cover
3183 Osceola.....	21	202..	118	242	32	14	4.	259	3	13	
4249 Pasco.....	27	511..	70	456	26	4	6..	471	3	92	
7306 Polk.....	108	704..	279	922	183	17	64..	801	24	165	
1186 Putnam.....	507	681..	816	954	36	36	52..	868	65	174	
8712 Saint John.....	141	456..	431	690	14	25	25..	590	—	28	
7961 Santa Rosa.....	45	367..	50	527	34	25	13..	452	—	87	
5363 Sumter.....	40	216..	89	441	83	8	23..	444	—	307	
9524 Suwannee.....	47	371..	196	881	24	10	29..	648	—	258	
2122 Taylor.....	15	115..	81	179	70	2	6..	125	—	114	
8467 Volusia.....	210	674..	635	932	71	36	42..	785	46	91	
8117 Wakulla.....	4	273..	35	650	20	2	—..	173	—	10	
4816 Walton.....	53	339..	129	541	63	7	11..	313	3	274	
6426 Washington.....	82	201..	143	298	58	9	33..	315	2	66	
Total.....	8990	20788..	11288	30633	2053	654	1778..	30143	475	4343	
Plurality.....		16789..		21448				25300			
Per cent.....	16.13	83.87..	24.21	68.32	4.35	1.34	3.78..	85.00	1.34	13.66	
Total vote.....		24787		46461				85461			

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

State Treasurer—G. E. Gay, Rep.....	3,999
J. B. Whitfield, Dem.....	20,788
Justice Supreme Court—	
M. G. Gibbons (6 years), Rep.....	4,326
E. P. Axtell (2 years), Rep.....	3,971
R. F. Taylor (6 years), Dem.....	20,511
F. B. Carter (2 years), Dem.....	19,508
Railroad Commissioner—	
V. J. Shipman (4 years), Rep.....	5,103
J. N. Coombs (4 years), Rep.....	4,302
A. C. Richards (2 years), Rep.....	3,844
H. E. Day (4 years), Dem.....	20,063
J. M. Bryan (4 years), Dem.....	20,242
J. L. Morgan (2 years), Dem.....	19,555

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Calhoun, Citrus, DeSoto, Escambia, Franklin, Gadsden, Hernando, Hillsboro, Holmes, Jackson, Jefferson, La-

fayette, Lee, Leon, Levy, Liberty, Manatee, Monroe, Pasco, Polk, Santa Rosa, Taylor, Wakulla, Walton and Washington.

E. R. Gunby, Rep..... 2,185  
S. M. Sparkman, Dem..... 12,943

2. The counties of Alachua, Baker, Bradford, Clay, Columbia, Dade, Duval, Hamilton, Lake, Madison, Marion, Nassau, Orange, Osceola, Putnam, Saint John, Sumter, Suwannee and Volusia.

H. L. Anderson, Rep..... 4,627  
R. W. Davis, Dem..... 11,725

## LEGISLATURE.

	1899.			1898.		
	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.
Republicans ..—	—	—	—	—	3	2
Democrats ....33	68	100..	31	62	90	50
People's .....—	—	—	1	4	5	—

## GEORGIA (Population 1,837,345).

COUNTIES. (137)	GOV. 1898			PRESIDENT 1896			GOV. 1897			PRES. 1892		
	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	G. D.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.
Abbeville.....	108	632..	483	996	—	5..	831	724..	219	54	1	98
4144 Baker.....	418	21..	63	527	8	1..	818	171..	31	504	1	133
4608 Baldwin.....	1041	601..	410	516	38	10..	623	707..	130	541	3	91
8562 Banks.....	746	754..	389	579	60	11..	834	764..	200	622	15	489
0610 Bartow.....	1263	433..	808	1028	31	21..	1265	1197..	445	1327	23	545
0694 Berrien.....	502	131..	250	606	36	29..	813	209..	149	1266	1	160
2370 Bibb.....	418	12..	670	1854	134	90..	1040	788..	641	3029	25	77
3979 Brooks.....	490	84..	423	528	55	18..	690	315..	516	914	4	84
5520 Bryan.....	533	15..	171	229	8	6..	478	107..	147	535	—	4
3712 Bulloch.....	1304	1144..	511	1042	40	9..	1345	1201..	214	1209	—	600
8501 Burke.....	758	24..	193	1414	14	10..	1070	336..	80	1222	—	401
0665 Butts.....	361	72..	317	586	75	—	804	582..	383	818	10	216
8488 Calhoun.....	218	87..	5	408	—	7..	282	238..	427	597	3	57
6178 Camden.....	250	94..	209	130	5	27..	312	376..	305	179	3	8
9113 Campbell.....	774	426..	377	434	42	5..	790	572..	451	466	1	370
2301 Carroll.....	1525	983..	738	1490	71	5..	1704	1363..	543	2137	11	628
5431 Catoosa.....	681	124..	161	557	25	8..	498	465..	60	576	4	57
7345 Charlton.....	330	21..	—	—	—	—	233	151..	22	192	3	11
8740 Chatham.....	2082	37..	1697	2506	42	516..	5165	431..	1359	5305	2	53
4903 Chattahoochee.....	438	330..	349	157	6	—	492	430..	247	313	—	139
1323 Chattooga.....	1520	336..	500	911	46	11..	1082	709..	258	1000	5	123
5412 Cherokee.....	1318	909..	702	712	72	—	1185	1187..	382	927	6	578
5148 Clarke.....	700	223..	419	707	19	30..	671	451..	545	885	6	184
7817 Clay.....	647	337..	534	240	70	9..	568	418..	101	546	2	87
8235 Clayton.....	949	548..	472	516	24	5..	779	671..	335	519	1	380
9652 Clinch.....	481	310..	212	257	5	10..	481	104..	102	481	3	62
2286 Cobb.....	1538	565..	758	1387	79	14..	1618	1128..	564	1794	7	534
0483 Coffee.....	312	211..	873	428	38	—	504	808..	70	399	2	136
4794 Colquitt.....	312	211..	136	361	62	39..	461	377..	70	509	3	153
1281 Columbia.....	502	662..	401	192	10	3..	236	771..	101	451	4	1509
2354 Coweta.....	1052	120..	571	1196	23	2..	1321	333..	1095	5035	2	81
9315 Crawford.....	265	23..	62	367	16	—	610	241..	238	625	—	135
5707 Cuthbert.....	449	80..	110	325	17	72..	549	189..	84	611	—	94
5612 Dawson.....	461	215..	390	324	13	—	420	365..	157	356	—	38
9949 Decatur.....	1425	584..	700	972	57	20..	1318	800..	561	1346	—	694
7199 DeKalb.....	1255	433..	439	815	62	37..	970	832..	436	1063	12	539
1452 Dodge.....	996	90..	315	586	57	12..	999	539..	209	735	2	8
8146 Dooley.....	421	52..	365	956	68	2..	1037	688..	508	1350	4	379
2206 Dougherty.....	226	8..	120	404	1	5..	363	61..	440	1254	6	—
7794 Douglas.....	702	594..	641	463	17	—	945	729..	232	468	3	457

## ELECTION RETURNS.

349

Population.	Candler.	Hogan, McKinley.	Bryan, Levering, Palmer.	Attkisson.	Wright.	Harrison.	Clay's.	Bliss's.	Waver.			
9792 Early.....	936	550..	396	191	45	48..	861	990.	367	822	4	286
9079 Echols.....	310	26..	63	174	1	—	404	29..	54	370	8	9
5500 Edingham.....	871	134..	200	373	22	14..	499	385..	123	464	1	78
19876 Elbert.....	1068	303..	154	94	15..	15..	1032.	1032.	6	1481	9	428
14708 Emanuel.....	1656	1177.	607	800	112	26.	1435	1475.	61	908	—	861
8724 Fannin.....	653	63..	920	507	4	—	612	424..	545	431	10	10
8728 Fayette.....	844	265..	345	562	59	2..	942	335..	102	547	4	479
28391 Floyd.....	1434	172..	1117	2150	23	34..	1747	2015.	684	1742	42	380
11155 Forsyth.....	772	884..	259	482	29	—	414	307..	163	645	—	775
14670 Franklin.....	1006	1104..	392	599	64	6..	1008	1350.	156	867	11	927
84655 Fulton.....	4020	236..	3005	4504	150	241.	3829	2947.	1304	4055	94	129
9074 Gilmer.....	1198	15..	508	708	—	—	965	146..	483	902	17	48
8720 Glascock.....	318	385..	122	154	58	2..	163	40..	57	216	3	486
13420 Glynn.....	1468	475..	353	562	8	32..	612	227..	643	1023	12	6
12758 Gordon.....	1091	488..	523	875	27	1..	429	980..	233	1023	5	346
17051 Greene.....	1245	1047.	910	575	59	9..	449	1313.	777	684	4	678
19399 Gwinnett.....	1721	1280..	773	1250	115	23..	1839	1517.	253	1571	8	918
11573 Habersham.....	681	243..	242	782	57	8..	915	415..	180	1919	53	307
19047 Hall.....	1632	768..	582	1134	107	25..	1430	1290.	247	1526	24	704
17149 Hancock.....	332	62..	122	962	87	—	682	372..	218	1436	—	553
11316 Haralson.....	756	748..	698	469	32	1..	661	778..	247	805	27	317
16797 Harris.....	851	463..	402	919	39	—	1019	731..	602	1076	3	597
10897 Hart.....	1062	856..	339	738	91	5..	945	1154.	86	839	3	513
8537 Heard.....	620	113..	138	620	11	2..	946	350..	322	837	4	94
16220 Henry.....	1285	913..	568	589	68	15..	1228	949..	578	718	5	367
21613 Houston.....	370	6..	192	875	—	22..	785	124..	547	153	—	16
6516 Irwin.....	2509	62..	498	626	15	8..	1065	401..	547	551	1	24
19178 Jackson.....	2222	1960..	700	1205	268	27..	1946	2089.	401	1556	11	1291
13879 Jasper.....	1041	610..	110	628	2	8..	529	471..	284	797	4	64
17213 Jefferson.....	820	849..	223	541	148	18..	1137	1250.	641	758	16	1440
6129 Johnson.....	814	903..	239	213	21	—	951	839..	247	393	6	737
12749 Jones.....	308	29..	377	521	9	5..	961	325..	568	659	—	92
13747 Laurens.....	1690	1111..	514	700	65	—	1165	1243.	448	920	—	500
9074 Lee.....	155	6..	168	285	—	—	277	38..	422	300	—	3
12887 Liberty.....	353	335..	646	236	7	8..	697	721..	736	419	5	199
6146 Lincoln.....	246	631..	73	239	78	—	511	689..	—	313	1	895
15108 Lowndes.....	773	535..	326	589	53..	78..	788	689..	549	969	4	261
8387 Lumpkin.....	491	170..	456	436	5	4..	500	502..	269	361	11	169
13183 Macon.....	355	64..	296	511	52	19..	718	394..	240	678	1	298
11024 Madison.....	1061	295..	141	672	—	17..	918	657..	127	743	4	78
7728 Marion.....	751	551..	409	223	32	6..	667	724..	387	436	8	324
8789 McDuffie.....	244	491..	401	138	31	21..	190	690..	463	289	—	855
6470 McIntosh.....	230	61..	538	234	9	19..	543	80..	630	302	—	2
20740 Meriwether.....	1451	799..	946	991	91	11..	1074	1082..	1046	1287	16	350
4275 Miller.....	539	218..	55	915	20	1..	620	227..	—	371	122	—
6208 Milton.....	735	474..	227	429	26	4..	549	670..	73	619	—	241
10406 Mitchell.....	1063	218..	268	437	65	31..	794	485..	186	569	—	406
8137 Monroe.....	813	287..	419	723	129	14..	923	739..	639	1167	4	251
19248 Montgomery.....	1139	475..	441	603	28	10..	898	612..	277	724	3	102
6041 Morgan.....	1096	236..	819	629	41	4..	1654	673..	357	761	9	117
8461 Murray.....	750	423..	323	557	12	—	779	483..	193	553	6	192
37761 Muscogee.....	843	15..	501	1385	25	108..	1178	428..	540	2067	1	51
14310 Newton.....	903	182..	580	973	29	27..	829	271..	611	1005	11	51
7712 Oconee.....	448	513..	368	330	1	—	548	756..	178	282	—	396
16861 Oglethorpe.....	2227	141..	108	1243	53	7..	1352	391..	63	896	—	120
11948 Paulding.....	1090	971..	552	627	58	8..	1111	1056..	156	641	3	708
8182 Pickens.....	449	108..	933	458	—	—	583	305..	627	540	8	73
6579 Pierce.....	845	263..	215	329	35	42..	487	378..	107	397	4	60
16300 Pike.....	1234	240..	324	620	27	105..	933	649..	649	1167	7	216
14945 Polk.....	1294	623..	810	567	13	35..	890	918..	301	748	15	400
16559 Putnam.....	948	76..	132	755	16	11..	651	248..	184	1134	5	85
14843 Rabun.....	240	5..	2	438	19	15..	372	58..	—	901	4	6
4471 Quitman.....	348	79..	280	181	19	5..	283	347..	294	239	—	85
5006 Rabun.....	649	59..	101	404	5	7..	751	100..	81	448	3	8
15267 Randolph.....	710	151..	384	627	49	21..	622	512..	251	721	—	47
45194 Richmond.....	1117	173..	1698	3716	96	130..	4618	1127..	3224	3901	23	1050
6813 Rockdale.....	641	377..	433	473	—	10..	635	482..	380	517	2	199
5443 Schley.....	409	255..	327	296	10	—	561	293..	287	310	—	127
14424 Screven.....	1341	1245..	542	583	75	—	1057	1256..	386	852	1	1141
13117 Spalding.....	439	15..	239	612	13	26..	748	303..	814	967	11	28
15885 Stewart.....	573	90..	213	635	13	11..	712	378..	359	1109	6	58
22107 Sumter.....	672	116..	371	1094	23	25..	898	418..	390	1356	1	189
13256 Talbot.....	397	55..	156	472	14	6..	581	277..	242	619	2	102
7291 Tallapoosa.....	484	418..	261	221	52	2..	234	501..	76	298	—	697
10253 Tattall.....	1456	1248..	600	517	85	68..	1147	1116..	247	918	4	493
8696 Taylor.....	208	278..	309	237	30	2..	361	546..	430	471	3	389
5477 Telfair.....	1271	43..	850	590	54	1..	1269	242..	190	708	11	—
14508 Terrell.....	555	93..	467	809	54	9..	930	393..	356	908	—	87
36154 Thomas.....	919	423..	620	600	75	129..	828	791..	596	1224	8	340
4084 Towns.....	217	27..	299	849	—	—	419	162..	352	395	2	13
20723 Troup.....	514	91..	199	378	22	3..	781	365..	264	1765	1	132
8188 Twiggs.....	1566	90..	123	307	—	—	708	132..	335	435	—	25
7749 Union.....	562	185..	419	560	20	—	687	374..	373	600	2	65
12188 Upson.....	660	232..	498	591	35	1..	843	732..	336	902	1	553
13282 Walker.....	867	168..	569	1045	26	19..	1052	798..	300	1183	11	208

Population.	Candler.	Hogan.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Levering.	Palmer.	Atkinson.	Wright.	Harrison.	Clerk.	Edw. L. Weaver.	
17467 Walton.....	1610	843.	726	1001	54	19..	1757	854..	365	1251	4	252
3611 Ware.....	694	110..	330	545	15	24..	536	855..	263	775	10	69
10657 Warren.....	334	415..	458	279	126	—	227	967	67	467	5	1168
23237 Washington.....	1786	1296..	1023	925	64	11..	1514	1275	765	796	7	1345
7485 Wayne.....	471	538..	266	477	29	—	500	590..	58	498	1	95
5695 Webster.....	447	75..	191	246	—	3..	355	346..	192	239	—	70
6151 White.....	490	358..	159	274	26	5..	373	504..	92	390	9	309
12916 Whitfield.....	930	464..	494	657	56	33..	790	731..	264	1090	25	360
7980 Wilcox.....	1265	90..	145	623	5	7..	863	38..	199	712	—	17
18081 Wilkes.....	934	378..	104	1063	100	36..	1222	533..	5	1622	6	157
10781 Wilkinson.....	735	475..	476	610	9	2..	384	656..	205	576	—	342
10048 Worth.....	930	244..	447	528	91	13..	784	892..	468	759	8	236
Total.....	117455	40841..	60091	94232	5543	2708..	120837	85632..	48305	123951	968	62957
Plurality.....	76814	—	—	34141	—	—	34965	—	—	81065	—	—
Per cent.....	74.19	25.81	36.85	57.78	3.90	1.06..	58.47	41.53..	21.57	57.76	44	19.17
Scattering.....	—	—	—	487	—	—	—	—	—	2335	—	—
Total vote.....	158296	—	—	163061	—	—	206850	—	—	223946	—	—

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Secretary of State—	
Philip Cook, Dem.....	118,818
L. O. Jackson, Peo.....	49,080
Comptroller-General—	
William A. Wright, Dem.....	118,902
Ben Milklin, Peo.....	48,910
Treasurer—	
William J. Speer, Dem.....	118,999
J. H. Taylor, Peo.....	49,112
Att'y-Gen.—Joseph M. Terrell, Dem.....	119,078
Felix N. Cobb, Peo.....	49,066
Commissioner of Agriculture—	
O. B. Stevens, Dem.....	118,846
A. H. Talley, Peo.....	48,861
School Commissioner—	
G. R. Glenn, Dem.....	117,854
E. M. Zettler, Peo.....	49,360
Prison Commissioner—	
J. S. Turner, Dem.....	118,699
J. S. Davitte, Peo.....	49,231

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of McIntosh, Liberty, Bryan, Chatham, Tattnall, Bullock, Effingham, Screven, Emanuel and Burke.	
Rufus E. Lester, Dem.....	5,344
John E. Myrick, Peo.....	873
2. The counties of Thomas, Decatur, Berrien, Colquitt, Worth, Mitchell, Miller, Baker, Early, Calhoun, Dougherty, Clay, Terrell, Randolph and Quitman.	
James M. Griggs, Dem.....	8,298
J. H. Smith, Peo.....	2,071
3. The counties of Wilcox, Pulaski, Twiggs, Houston, Dooley, Lee, Sumter, Macon, Crawford, Taylor, Schley, Webster and Stewart.	
E. B. Lewis, Dem.....	3,539
F. W. Gans, Peo.....	141
4. The counties of Marion, Chattahoochee, Muscogee, Talbot, Harris, Milwether, Troup, Coweta, Heard and Carroll.	
W. C. Adamson, Dem.....	3,218
M. L. Covington, Peo.....	19
5. The counties of Johnson, Laurens, Dodge, Montgomery, Telfair, Irwin, Ap-	

pling, Coffee, Pierce, Wayne, Glynn, Camden, Charlton, Ware, Clinch and Echols.

L. F. Livingston, Dem..... 3,627  
A. R. Bryan, Rep..... 64

6. The counties of Baldwin, Jones, Bibb, Monroe, Butts, Henry, Spalding, Pike and Upson.

Charles L. Bartlett, Dem..... 2,096  
A. A. Murphy, Peo..... 2

7. The counties of Cobb, Paulding, Haralson, Polk, Floyd, Barton, Gordon, Chattooga, Murray, Whitfield, Catoosa, Dade and Walker.

John W. Maddox, Dem..... 5,296  
S. B. Austin, Peo..... 1,252

8. The counties of Jasper, Putnam, Greene, Morgan, Oconee, Clarke, Oglethorpe, Wilkes, Madison, Elbert, Hart and Franklin.

William M. Howard, Dem..... 4,359  
John A. Neese, Peo..... 841

9. The counties of Gwinnett, Milton, Jackson, Banks, Hall, Forsyth, Cherokee, Pickens, Dawson, Habersham, White, Lumpkin, Gilmer, Fannin, Union, Towns and Rabun.

Farish C. Tate, Dem..... 9,276  
J. P. Brooke, Peo..... 3,466

10. The counties of Wilkinson, Washington, Jefferson, Bullock, Hancock, Warren, Richmond, Columbia, Lincoln, McDuffie and Taliaferro.

William H. Fleming, Dem..... 2,236  
Thomas E. Watson, Peo..... 34

11. The counties of Walton, Newton, Kockdale, DeKalb, Fulton, Douglas, Campbell, Henry, Clayton, Fayette and Spalding.

William G. Brantley, Dem..... 9,264  
J. M. Wilkinson, Rep..... 4,112

## LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.	1896-97.
Sen. Ho. J.B..Sen. Ho. J.B.		
Republicans.....	1	1
Democrats.....	43	37
People's.....	170	142

## IDAHO (Population 94,885).

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR 1898	PRESIDENT 96	GOVERNOR 1894
Population.	Rep. Fus. Pro.	Rep. Dem. Pro.	Rep. Dem. Pro.
5898 Ada.....	1882 1548	1881 1531	1881 1531
Bannock.....	729 1288	61 228	1353 71
6057 Bear Lake.....	675 1341	11 15	249 851
13575 Bligham.....	676 1296	155 207	194 1232
Blaine.....	187 794	17 483	50 1228
8342 Boise.....	859 704	44 145	226 863
Canyon.....	607 959	72 297	303 1178
8143 Cassia.....	427 525	12 122	129 579
2176 Custer.....	54 388	7 49	29 599
1570 Elmore.....	275 406	12 87	124 535

## ELECTION RETURNS.

351

Population.	Mon Stennessberg Johnson	Am Irons McKimley Bryan	Leveing McCall Stevenson Ballantray	Paul							
Freemont.....	336	1731	47	18	1326	8	636	305	297	7	
2553 Idaho.....	615	1025	83	175	377	1331	7	479	497	141	11
4108 Kootenai.....	710	972	57	198	334	1432	17	606	401	405	13
9173 Latah.....	1696	560	229	565	1036	1870	16	1215	423	1191	36
1915 Lemhi.....	323	685	18	153	202	1065	2	343	243	339	9
4169 Lincoln.....	280	236	5	61	71	305	1	301	141	358	9
2847 Nez Perce.....	1324	942	155	297	675	1089	22	487	371	228	10
6119 Oneida.....	1213	1081	9	39	515	1092	7	585	511	87	12
2031 Owyhee.....	166	356	22	18	97	1140	4	336	321	210	12
5382 Shoshone.....	733	958	33	1518	497	1740	4	698	383	300	10
3836 Washington.....	507	630	54	297	204	828	8	336	301	312	1
Total.....	13794	19007	1175	5811	6324	23192	179	10388	7607	7121	203
Plurality.....		5613				16588		3087			
Per cent.....	31.70	48.82	2.96	13.51	21.29	78.10	100	41.51	28.49	28.46	8
Total vote.....		39747				23636			24591		

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Lieut.-Gov.—J. P. Hunt, Rep.....	13,551
J. H. Hutchinson, Fus.....	18,372
James Ballentine, Pro.....	1,002
Fannas E. Miller, Pro.....	5,145
Secretary of State—	
Robert S. Bragaw, Rep.....	13,515
Albert Patrie, Fus.....	17,648
J. W. Knott, Pro.....	960
James S. Boudhan, Pro.....	5,554
Auditor—J. H. Van Camp, Rep.....	13,405
Barcliff Sinclair, Fus.....	17,575
Mrs. N. McD. Phelps, Pro.....	1,091
A. G. Whitler, Pro.....	5,231
Treasurer—George W. Fletcher, Rep.....	14,019
Lucius C. Rice, Fus.....	22,804
John J. Anthony, Pro.....	926
Attorney General—F. T. Wymann, Rep.....	13,621
S. H. Hays, Fus.....	18,211
W. A. Hall, Pro.....	883
T. L. Glenn, Pro.....	5,136

## Superintendent of Schools—

Lacy F. Dean, Rep.....	14,641
Perment French, Fus.....	22,171
J. N. Reynolds, Pro.....	95
Judge Supreme Court—	
D. W. S. Andross, Rep.....	14,339
L. N. Sullivan, Fus.....	19,711
FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1899.	
Weldon R. Heyburn, Rep.....	13,065
Edgar Wilson, Fus.....	17,099
W. J. Poore, Pro.....	91
James Gunn, Pro.....	7,442

## LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.	1896-97.	
Sen.	12	21	1
Rep.	12	21	1
Dem.	14	17	—
People's	2	6	8
Fus. Dem.	2	7	9
Silver Rep.	5	7	12
Fus. Pop.	3	3	9

## ILLINOIS (Population 3,826,351).

COUNTIES.	—TREASURER 1898—				—PRESIDENT 1896—				—TREASURER 1894—					
Populace.	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	Pro.	S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	S.-L.	M.R.	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	
(192)	White	Col.	White	Col.	White	Col.	White	Col.	White	Col.	White	Col.	White	
0198 Adams.....	5039	6870	139	121	53	8447	8009	183	113	17	16	6053	6580	300
1953 Alexander.....	1367	1674	13	9	14	2802	1791	4	21	1	22	2365	1058	107
1450 Bond.....	1900	1434	14	97	2	1937	1692	66	8	—	2	1718	1057	70
1233 Boone.....	2396	323	17	44	5	3111	633	58	15	3	4	2010	224	8
1161 Brown.....	808	1096	67	50	3	1024	2640	31	8	—	3	1634	1294	33
5504 Bureau.....	3978	3084	59	392	82	5474	3601	124	120	28	50	3539	2577	97
7632 Calhoun.....	707	1019	12	6	2	736	1182	9	5	—	14	632	776	35
1830 Carroll.....	2450	854	22	35	2	3314	1473	34	19	5	7	2497	904	9
1593 Cass.....	1934	2776	19	52	2	1946	2492	31	14	2	8	1894	1992	8
1340 Champaign.....	3696	3772	130	241	16	6780	4639	249	80	1	4	5065	3016	9
4331 Christian.....	3463	4110	88	103	8	3857	4633	72	30	8	6	3317	3026	49
2189 Clark.....	2679	2615	182	51	2	2888	3090	40	15	3	4	2465	2164	48
1672 Clay.....	1961	1993	68	52	3	2155	2296	50	8	4	6	1890	1407	36
1741 Clinton.....	1941	2238	58	12	6	1865	2570	12	12	1	2	1551	2980	19
3006 Coles.....	3696	3336	37	79	10	4344	3063	54	51	5	10	3568	2400	57
11992 Cook.....	14538	17356	2543	1682	2744	22183	151910	2149	2800	127	296	139423	10461	33999
1283 Crawford.....	2004	3019	71	29	—	2173	2330	22	15	2	3	1945	1791	13
1543 Cumberland.....	1715	1873	30	56	3	1897	2001	10	10	2	1	1830	1619	11
7006 De Kalb.....	3406	879	10	233	22	5528	1893	189	50	2	13	3531	1117	35
5591 De Witt.....	2432	1986	25	56	4	2567	2965	41	27	—	5	2245	1908	10
1739 Douglas.....	2283	1776	10	45	2	3696	2135	48	12	—	5	2260	1774	5
2251 Du Page.....	2465	1218	14	140	11	4115	1674	160	122	5	14	2678	1304	59
2587 Edgar.....	3473	3336	60	107	4	3822	3736	51	63	3	3	3414	3070	15
94 Edwards.....	1384	202	28	44	1	1572	848	27	2	2	4	1409	548	5
1358 Effingham.....	1821	2101	11	52	8	1805	2663	39	21	4	—	1923	2256	11
2337 Fayette.....	2821	2717	289	72	2	3769	3616	70	32	5	11	2292	1900	64
1705 Ford.....	2360	1151	8	68	8	2832	1504	66	17	2	3	2249	785	9
1718 Franklin.....	1891	1675	39	37	8	2078	2227	16	6	5	6	1811	1791	12
4010 Fulton.....	5385	5000	180	106	13	6193	5664	88	32	3	15	5425	4242	49
1465 Gallatin.....	851	1517	25	6	4	1488	2962	30	10	2	5	1230	1474	27
2391 Greene.....	1581	2949	39	45	—	2345	3671	45	14	3	6	1702	2232	15
2124 Grundy.....	2655	1504	26	202	67	2466	2666	89	20	8	18	2259	1316	32
1780 Hamilton.....	1421	1983	39	19	7	1767	2406	35	3	1	2	1626	1870	18
1967 Hancock.....	3935	4282	78	108	—	4250	4575	133	41	3	6	3632	2673	65
734 Hardin.....	677	729	35	8	—	780	899	7	3	—	1	740	644	13
2608 Henderson.....	1547	847	12	42	2	1556	957	47	28	1	5	1476	828	2
3608 Henry.....	4416	2591	49	144	21	6177	2998	134	67	1	3	4515	1729	45
3167 Jefferson.....	4758	2933	39	196	7	5425	3619	127	58	3	9	4390	3173	40
2749 Jackson.....	3490	3133	27	69	15	3879	3619	45	25	9	12	3256	2724	40
1818 Jasper.....	1662	2265	65	83	3	1867	2115	57	2	3	9	1642	1964	23

Population	Whites	Colored	Hispanic	Boles	Litch	McKinley	Bryan	Lever	Palmer	Match	Bryant	Walt	Chapman
22590 Jefferson.....	2284	2764	124	81	3..	2608	3561	98	19	1	27..	2156	1901
14810 Jersey.....	1478	2021	24	90	5..	1841	2373	49	6	3	4..	1896	1710
25101 Jo Daviess.....	2680	2232	28	96	6..	3594	2363	90	80	2	8..	2722	2216
15013 Johnson.....	1617	1011	62	—	2..	2027	1423	13	9	1	6..	1722	1441
56061 Kane.....	6960	2455	28	326	68..	12133	4839	197	139	5	13..	8494	3110
28732 Kankakee.....	3847	2795	31	88	11..	5471	2357	89	78	6	13..	3940	1626
12106 Kendall.....	1377	508	7	87	2..	2128	772	51	18	2	2..	1531	499
39732 Knox.....	5602	2141	72	189	20..	7681	3464	144	85	6	16..	5722	1911
24235 Lake.....	2879	1350	48	138	10..	5027	1736	87	34	4	20..	3140	1029
30738 LaSalle.....	9214	7290	127	185	68..	11543	6088	181	108	26	20..	9140	3897
14938 Lawrence.....	1739	1775	21	45	2..	1972	1945	53	11	3	3..	1780	1513
26187 Lee.....	3227	1675	15	114	1..	4797	2465	66	75	5	4..	3737	1975
38455 Livingston.....	4768	3850	41	191	14..	5436	4045	143	58	1	23..	4408	3187
25189 Logan.....	3220	3528	17	86	7..	3430	3784	88	46	—	5..	2865	2565
39783 Macon.....	5115	4510	45	155	10..	6216	4746	89	77	3	10..	4952	2895
40884 Macoupin.....	4305	4690	62	146	50..	4970	5588	109	35	4	6..	4181	2698
51535 Madison.....	6115	5033	46	102	101..	7431	6323	85	63	4	20..	5307	4307
24341 Marion.....	2680	8157	196	79	5..	2870	3825	64	10	2	10..	2571	2312
13653 Marshall.....	1929	1904	14	40	4..	2218	1985	36	16	3	3..	1825	1306
16067 Mason.....	1787	2270	13	60	5..	2100	2405	54	16	1	2..	1829	1975
13138 Massac.....	1405	407	19	19	2..	2845	189	12	7	5	—	1901	1392
27467 McDonough.....	3759	3315	51	160	—	4039	3678	106	45	5	6..	3515	3242
26114 McHenry.....	2832	1048	19	102	7..	5047	1910	102	51	2	3..	4051	1962
63996 McLean.....	6398	4672	45	413	53..	9864	6330	307	94	10	8..	6786	4226
18120 Menard.....	1555	1882	38	38	6..	1642	2012	29	18	—	6..	1432	1303
18545 Mercer.....	2618	1462	73	73	6..	3120	2324	53	19	—	5..	2577	1422
12948 Monroe.....	1506	1503	30	3	—	1446	1651	6	18	7	1..	1178	1221
30008 Montgomery.....	3172	3504	50	186	8..	3622	4104	105	19	3	13..	2985	2620
32936 Morgan.....	3432	4641	46	108	50..	4317	4313	84	28	7	10..	3715	3571
14481 Moultrie.....	1491	1823	39	88	3..	1711	2073	15	13	3	4..	1424	1491
28710 Ogle.....	3003	1033	20	177	4..	5210	2134	16	76	2	8..	3986	1491
70738 Peoria.....	7459	6772	47	237	118..	10486	9344	185	129	16	26..	7534	5519
17529 Perry.....	7380	2056	33	77	7..	2342	2044	51	21	1	4..	2200	1329
17082 Platt.....	2332	1721	30	63	6..	2579	1951	33	21	3	7..	2173	1329
31000 Pike.....	2253	3519	308	98	5..	3111	6315	97	18	8	14..	2618	2681
14016 Pope.....	1187	341	33	10	1..	1852	1069	8	8	—	5..	1478	446
11355 Pulaski.....	1410	745	8	17	—	2081	1152	4	12	2	—	1533	536
4730 Putnam.....	569	392	6	26	—	706	738	18	12	—	1..	609	444
25049 Randolph.....	2720	2861	45	105	7..	3024	3074	80	27	4	7..	659	2414
15019 Richland.....	1510	1755	172	50	1..	1683	2062	20	7	1	—	538	1431
41917 Rock Island.....	5832	3831	63	104	96..	7323	4658	63	86	14	34..	5248	2423
19542 Saline.....	2235	1970	36	28	12..	2606	2252	22	5	4	4..	2220	1452
61195 Sangamon.....	6378	8474	43	322	28..	8838	6594	243	98	2	16..	7699	6851
16013 Schuyler.....	1759	2059	37	67	5..	1848	2325	33	11	2	—	1453	1453
18004 Scott.....	1065	1497	40	17	—	1261	1548	19	11	—	—	1106	1229
31191 Shelby.....	2846	3877	119	177	8..	3071	4688	117	16	—	11..	2407	2645
9992 Stark.....	1380	793	68	82	1..	1636	1020	39	17	2	10..	1223	408
66571 St. Clair.....	7032	6497	85	153	375..	8680	8333	111	105	56	12..	6743	5786
31338 Stephenson.....	3735	3762	17	143	5..	4728	3773	198	49	6	3..	3726	3317
28556 Tazewell.....	3250	3539	27	123	36..	3703	3736	86	64	1	7..	3180	3017
21549 Union.....	1331	2292	19	26	7..	1842	2989	36	11	4	9..	1605	2150
49945 Vermilion.....	5886	3454	98	313	20..	8767	5737	152	91	6	12..	6031	5843
11866 Wabash.....	1117	1465	16	65	1..	1321	1786	57	2	4	8..	1234	1242
21281 Warren.....	3030	2455	56	122	8..	3394	2602	101	34	1	2..	3579	1947
19232 Washington.....	2134	1838	22	50	4..	2351	1979	94	43	—	—	2059	1644
23806 Wayne.....	2677	2469	98	145	6..	2306	3094	24	6	1	8..	2630	2107
25005 White.....	2075	2954	61	44	8..	2771	3400	33	8	—	12..	2490	2623
30354 Whiteside.....	3879	1901	39	136	5..	5577	2777	88	63	1	11..	4009	1613
62007 Will.....	7224	4685	62	94	33..	9249	6857	56	48	7	16..	7069	4181
22226 Williamson.....	2674	2200	25	20	1..	3027	2573	9	17	—	9..	2493	1810
30338 Winnebago.....	3837	1100	50	418	19..	8243	2438	219	51	9	9..	5831	1329
21429 Woodford.....	1905	2444	26	132	9..	2447	2447	87	26	4	6..	1943	2112

Total..... 44940 405490 7893 11792 4507.. 607130 464523 9796 6390 1147 1080.. 465886 322450 59793  
 Plurality..... 43450 ..133427  
 Per cent.. 51.09 46.15 87 1.36 ..51.. 55.68 42.58 .90 .59 .10 .10.. 53.05 37.52 6.95  
 Total vote .. 878622 .. 1080869 .. 896275

\*Middle of the road-people's.

In 1896, for president, Bentley received 798 votes.

#### VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

##### Superintendent Public Instruction—

Alfred Bayliss, Rep.....	457,818
Perry O. Stiver, Dem.....	388,919
Charles N. Haskins, Peo.....	7,406
Levi T. Regan, Pro.....	11,280
John Peplin, S. L.....	4,504

##### Trustees State University—

Augustus F. Nightingale, Rep.....	459,561
Frederic Lewis Hatch, Rep.....	457,417
Alice A. Abbott, Rep.....	443,141
Jacob E. Sells, Dem.....	388,594
Napoleon B. Morrison, Dem.....	387,555
Julia Holmes Smith, Dem.....	397,234

A. C. Vantine, Peo.....	6,990
Mamie Braucher, Peo.....	7,435
Meribah E. Walker, Peo.....	7,420
Mary E. Metzgar, Pro.....	13,583
Mary I. Barnes, Pro.....	13,313
Calus C. Griffith, Pro.....	12,949
Belle Sale, S. L.....	4,511
Anna Dietzgen, S. L.....	4,496
G. Renner, S. L.....	4,453

##### FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The towns of Rich, Bloom, Orland, Bremen, Thornton, Calumet and Worth, in Cook county, and the 4th ward east of Wentworth avenue, the 3d ward, the 31st ward, the 33d

## ELECTION RETURNS.

353

ward, the 33d ward and the 34th ward of the city of Chicago.

James H. Mann, Rep.....37,506  
 Rollin B. Organ, Dem.....20,424  
 James Hogan, Peo.....404  
 Theodore L. Neff, Pro.....414  
 B. Berlyn, Soc. Lab.....648

2. The towns of Lemont, Palos, Lyons, Proviso, Riverside, Cicero, Leyden, Norwood Park, Maine, Elk Grove, Schaumburg and Hanover, in Cook county, and the 10th, 28th, 29th and 30th wards of the city of Chicago.

William Lorimer, Rep.....27,151  
 C. Porter Johnson, Dem.....23,354  
 Charles O. Sherman, Peo.....700  
 Thomas M. Conpropst, Pro.....407  
 Herman Geaser, Soc. Lab.....421

3. The 1st, 2d, 5th, 6th, 7th wards and that part of the 4th ward west of Wentworth avenue, all in the city of Chicago.

Hugh R. Belknap, Rep.....15,559  
 George P. Foster, Dem.....13,463  
 James E. McGrath, Peo.....304  
 William Kellet, Pro.....65  
 Henry O. Dreisvagt, Soc. L.....242

4. The 8th, 9th, 12th and 19th wards of the city of Chicago.

Daniel W. Mills, Rep.....16,556  
 Thomas Cusack, Dem.....13,376  
 John T. Buchanan, Peo.....219  
 Thomas H. Gault, Pro.....130

5. The 11th, 13th, 16th, 17th and 18th wards of the city of Chicago.

George E. White, Rep.....16,018  
 Edward T. Noonan, Dem.....13,186  
 William League, Peo.....334  
 Thomas L. Haines, Pro.....176  
 J. Collins, Soc. Lab.....301

6. The 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d and 24th wards, also that part of the 25th ward south of Diversy street and west of Halsted street, and that part of the 26th ward south of Belmont avenue, all in the city of Chicago.

Henry S. Rottell, Rep.....18,283  
 Emil Hoechster, Dem.....17,167  
 Roy M. Goodwin, Peo.....235  
 John G. Battershill, Pro.....86  
 George Henderson, Soc. Lab.....86

7. The 14th, 15th and 27th wards, that part of the 25th ward north of Diversy street and east of Halsted street, that part of the 26th ward north of Belmont avenue, in the city of Chicago; also the towns of Evanston, Niles, New Trier, Northfield, Wheeling, Palatine and Barrington, in Cook county, and the county of Lake.

George Edmund Foss, Rep.....30,908  
 Frank C. Rogers, Dem.....18,572  
 Henry H. Harding, Peo.....402  
 Vasscher B. Barnes, Pro.....324  
 Charles Schmitt, Soc. Lab.....556

8. Counties of McHenry, DeKalb, Kane, DuPage, Kendall and Grundy.

Albert J. Hopkins, Rep.....19,592  
 John W. Leonard, Dem.....3,900  
 Sheldon W. Johnson, Dem.....1,142

9. Counties of Boone, Winnebago, Stephenson, Jo Daviess, Carroll, Ogle and Lee.

Robert R. Hitt, Rep.....22,165  
 William H. Wagner, Dem.....11,020  
 John E. Countryman, Pro.....936

10. Counties of Whiteside, Rock Island, Mercer, Henry, Knox and Stark.

George W. Prince, Rep.....24,469  
 Francis E. Andrews, Dem.....12,442  
 Eugenio K. Hayes, Pro.....509

11. Counties of Bureau, LaSalle, Livingston and Woodford.

Walter Reeves, Rep.....20,060  
 Maurice T. Moloney, Dem.....16,564

Archibald Storrie, Peo.....277  
 John W. Hosler, Pro.....629

12. Counties of Will, Kankakee, Iroquois and Vermilion.

Joseph G. Cannon, Rep.....21,484  
 John M. Thompson, Dem.....14,178  
 Samuel S. Jones, Pro.....682

13. Counties of Ford, McLean, DeWitt.

Platt, Champaign and Douglas.  
 Vespasian Warner, Rep.....20,635  
 Jerome G. Quisenberry, Dem.....14,977  
 James H. Shaw, Pro.....863

14. Counties of Putnam, Marshall, Peoria, Fulton, Tazewell and Mason.

Joseph V. Graff, Rep.....21,417  
 Charles N. Barnes, Dem.....19,431  
 Stephen Martin, Pro.....696

15. Counties of Henderson, Warren, Hancock, McDonough, Adams, Brown and Schuyler.

Benjamin F. Marsh, Rep.....21,143  
 Joseph A. Roy, Dem.....20,901  
 M. W. Greer, Peo.....411  
 James M. Underhill, Pro.....571

16. Counties of Cass, Morgan, Scott, Pike, Green, Macoupin, Calhoun and Jersey.

James H. Dauskin, Rep.....17,021  
 William Elsa Williams, Dem.....21,682  
 A. C. Wood, Peo.....514  
 Howard C. Bliss, Pro.....491

17. Counties of Menard, Logan, Sangamon, Macon and Christian.

Isaac R. Mills, Rep.....21,063  
 Ben F. Caldwell, Dem.....23,293  
 David L. Bunn, Pro.....573

18. Counties of Madison, Montgomery, Bond, Fayette, Shelby and Moultrie.

Benjamin F. Johnston, Rep.....18,109  
 Thomas M. Jett, Dem.....18,834  
 Ferdinand Morse, Peo.....477  
 John T. Killam, Pro.....501  
 William W. Cox, Soc. Lab.....138

19. Counties of Coles, Edgar, Clark, Cumberland, Effingham, Jasper, Crawford, Richmond and Lawrence.

William W. Jacobs, Rep.....20,006  
 Joseph B. Crowley, Dem.....21,520  
 Dixon T. Harbison, Peo.....597  
 William Smith, Pro.....483

20. Counties of Clay, Jefferson, Wayne, Hamilton, Edwards, Wabash, Franklin, White, Gallatin and Hardin.

Theodore G. Risley, Rep.....16,307  
 James R. Williams, Dem.....18,321  
 Wiley N. Green, Peo.....552  
 William Bedall, Pro.....387

21. Counties of Marion, Clinton, Washington, St. Clair, Monroe, Randolph and Perry.

William A. Rodenberg, Rep.....20,461  
 Frederick J. Kern, Dem.....19,956  
 William F. Quellmalz, Peo.....466  
 John T. Nixon, Pro.....433  
 Gustav Surber, Soc. Lab.....340

22. Counties of Jackson, Union, Alexander, Pulaski, Johnson, Williamson, Saline, Pope and Massac.

George W. Smith, Rep.....17,200  
 A. B. Garrett, Dem.....14,131  
 Andrew J. Dougherty, Jr., Pro.....219

## LEGISLATURE.

1898-1900. 1896-98.

	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.
Republicans	34	81	115.	39	87	126
Democrats	15	71	86.	11	64	75
People's	1	—	1.	1	2	3
Prohibition	—	1	1.	—	—	—

## INDIANA (Population 2,192,404).

COUNTIES. (92)	SEC. OF STATE, 1898.					PRESIDENT 1896.					SEC. OF STATE, 1904.				
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	Soc.	Rep.	Dem.	G.D.	Pro.	Nat.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	Soc.
Adams.....	1241	2654	71	32	1..	1613	3540	26	21	16..	1473	2894	65	36	
Allen.....	6285	8479	117	47	99.	8467	9809	149	57	13.	6928	9294	125	672	
Bartholomew.....	3125	3043	48	42	1..	3264	3198	28	18	19..	3036	3111	92	54	
Benton.....	1774	1266	47	16	3..	1998	1552	12	24	7..	1825	1319	98	62	
Blackford.....	1719	1898	117	44	92..	2154	2272	8	23	44..	1587	1401	72	31	
Bloomington.....	3106	3630	74	84	3..	3440	3800	19	27	8..	3351	3729	85	374	
Brown.....	615	1207	—	24	26..	726	1480	1	15	3..	685	1158	35	110	
Carroll.....	2501	2598	98	25	—	2546	2784	6	36	15..	2420	2252	152	257	
Cass.....	3813	4044	149	182	29..	4392	4351	26	54	45..	3881	3615	210	713	
Clark.....	3147	3518	37	18	11..	3897	3785	35	22	12..	3498	3625	66	41	
Clay.....	3194	3550	145	149	69..	3223	3452	11	37	31..	3420	3197	145	764	
Clinton.....	3474	3393	194	90	6..	3867	3747	13	33	55..	3255	2940	361	307	
Crawford.....	1324	1622	45	47	—	1490	1655	1	4	2..	1408	1398	9	155	
Daviess.....	2364	2718	69	519	34..	3120	3795	4	19	4..	2778	2194	53	1213	
Dearborn.....	2139	2875	65	6	6..	2714	3313	6	26	5..	2544	2966	57	65	
Decatur.....	2711	2368	78	82	4..	2648	2520	6	17	23..	2769	2977	108	163	
DeKalb.....	2714	2645	198	142	4..	3137	3678	25	33	14..	2676	3267	149	952	
Delaware.....	5698	8545	273	49	163..	7340	4253	30	58	34..	5781	2552	221	805	
Dubois.....	986	2214	25	38	4..	1215	8005	14	8	6..	1149	2610	21	125	
Elkhart.....	5898	4340	407	32	81..	6150	4986	28	152	42..	5197	3811	296	504	
Fayette.....	1943	1430	36	6	2..	2159	1909	7	11	11..	2005	1376	53	47	
Floyd.....	2851	3413	52	24	16..	3874	3544	35	32	4..	3294	3384	45	86	
Franklin.....	2755	2938	75	54	15..	2949	2944	4	12	10..	2527	2878	58	19	
Fulton.....	1488	2428	33	9	5..	1700	2944	4	22	10..	1709	2718	58	68	
Gibson.....	2156	2384	54	25	1..	2349	2381	14	10	12..	2221	2198	94	63	
Grant.....	3296	3043	188	132	5..	3471	3622	11	42	29..	2958	2280	190	514	
Greene.....	6727	8754	458	82	145..	7723	5072	21	128	145..	6109	3554	459	695	
Hamilton.....	2379	2891	54	264	7..	3434	3334	16	21	15..	3118	2897	61	608	
Hancock.....	4249	2437	281	36	4..	4643	2947	10	47	112..	3942	2917	392	170	
Harrison.....	2096	2639	80	34	9..	2236	2896	15	23	13..	2069	2349	75	195	
Hendricks.....	2226	2434	81	101	8..	2496	2813	12	25	13..	2521	2895	69	162	
Henry.....	8032	4919	119	14	1..	3409	2365	18	35	48..	3241	1867	200	128	
Howard.....	3560	2278	225	37	5..	4001	2930	7	48	54..	3636	1526	302	547	
Huntington.....	2548	2449	273	140	38..	3546	3198	12	84	141..	3036	1646	359	375	
Jackson.....	9631	3485	187	80	4..	4117	3750	33	54	68..	3737	3346	269	483	
Jasper.....	2225	3239	100	85	12..	2670	3574	23	19	5..	2427	3545	81	152	
Jay.....	1732	1257	75	68	3..	2082	1908	8	27	14..	1886	1754	61	541	
Jefferson.....	3290	3111	223	112	8..	3473	3690	8	62	64..	3052	2234	230	753	
Jennings.....	2647	2862	48	20	15..	3638	2645	34	24	6..	3236	2390	58	163	
Johnson.....	1892	1693	45	60	2..	2040	1850	4	18	11..	2182	2386	146	285	
Jones.....	2156	2794	123	108	3..	2288	3053	10	29	47..	—	—	—	—	
Knox.....	2940	3521	130	138	5..	3490	4349	30	44	27..	2929	3079	181	592	
Kosciusko.....	3911	2795	148	17	—	4342	3572	12	48	39..	4184	3767	180	90	
Lagrange.....	1978	1165	65	22	2..	2442	1953	3	22	9..	2235	1177	73	145	
Lake.....	2807	3035	67	24	32..	3418	4010	4	46	11..	3444	2996	104	273	
Laporte.....	4016	4244	59	16	10..	4691	4511	87	25	11..	4197	4196	107	171	
Lawrence.....	2672	2026	51	75	1..	3108	2421	13	30	8..	2493	2000	40	171	
Madison.....	7642	7209	244	141	102..	8388	7540	34	85	50..	6906	5306	230	714	
Marietta.....	23191	20412	563	85	265..	27351	20634	527	165	90..	21047	18257	512	1324	
Marshall.....	2678	2986	108	32	3..	2998	3543	22	40	18..	2749	2776	102	169	
Martin.....	1433	1880	29	152	2..	1384	1719	2	9	4..	1734	1832	23	212	
Miami.....	3195	3443	151	64	8..	3396	3902	71	87	59..	3106	3308	167	206	
Monroe.....	2333	2179	45	77	—	2496	2422	16	27	25..	2390	1797	85	320	
Montgomery.....	4208	3859	100	54	2..	4353	4183	24	34	17..	4095	3697	132	185	
Morgan.....	2620	2340	74	32	4..	3628	2414	9	30	16..	2523	1897	73	267	
Muskegon.....	1448	2035	102	16	2..	1545	1304	5	6	16..	1589	1771	61	161	
Newton.....	3024	2749	102	16	2..	3373	2700	10	27	32..	3091	2645	104	161	
Orange.....	705	597	9	8	1..	705	631	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Owen.....	1953	1625	86	92	2..	2044	1797	14	10	5..	1793	1494	29	143	
Perry.....	1639	1939	89	—	—	1761	2070	13	13	6..	1690	1724	43	213	
Pike.....	2772	2622	154	63	16..	2847	2777	11	40	48..	2574	1763	248	524	
Porter.....	1944	2169	25	22	—	2139	2109	15	15	3..	2219	1928	36	66	
Posey.....	2276	2171	59	61	1..	2332	2557	7	16	5..	2200	1957	46	259	
Pulaski.....	2887	1721	40	17	5..	2853	2026	10	18	19..	2485	1818	105	94	
Raccoon.....	2318	2705	78	106	5..	2526	3103	14	30	2..	2219	2423	63	433	
Randolph.....	1311	1567	79	109	5..	1345	1864	15	21	17..	1092	1251	61	344	
Reynolds.....	2339	3057	95	76	2..	2622	3218	18	32	18..	2672	2692	121	369	
Ripley.....	4255	1925	124	85	5..	4674	2653	10	87	7..	4404	1653	130	288	
Rush.....	2512	2462	81	105	14..	2630	2714	5	10	4..	2789	2156	151	91	
Rush.....	2770	2502	120	6	8..	2891	2802	2	32	45..	2789	2156	151	91	
Scott.....	790	1119	18	6	1..	837	1237	1	10	4..	816	1073	85	33	
Shelby.....	2798	3998	182	30	5..	3219	3628	19	54	94..	2861	3418	230	89	
Spencer.....	2744	2543	50	22	1..	3047	2745	13	10	6..	2735	2420	21	130	
Stark.....	1195	1227	19	15	1..	1289	1214	8	8	7..	1071	1062	39	70	
St. Joseph.....	6891	5536	149	35	35..	7138	6247	49	61	25..	6157	3071	148	600	
Steuben.....	2359	1815	78	43	6..	2655	1674	8	50	25..	2200	1899	133	208	
Sullivan.....	1877	3019	198	—	—	2317	4010	7	47	26..	1945	2667	112	467	
Switzerland.....	1535	1677	7	7	8..	1637	1742	7	8	2..	1464	1698	87	88	
Tipton.....	5555	4170	216	17	6..	6339	4649	35	63	13..	5543	3663	170	130	
Tipton.....	2202	2346	68	175	4..	2283	2616	4	18	31..	2071	2096	114	529	
Union.....	1023	781	41	7	1..	1118	915	2	15	18..	1473	706	42	23	

## ELECTION RETURNS.

355

Population.	Hunt	Ralston	Worth	Marion	Yachum	McKale	Bryan	Palmer	Lawrence	Butley	Owen	Monroe	Taylor	Robt's
58909 Vanderburg.....	7209	6140	91	46	70.	8865	7132	85	26	8.	6287	6187	64	2315
13154 Vermillion.....	1063	1075	71	22	3.	2141	1814	3	15	21.	1842	1141	98	3045
50195 Vigo.....	7089	6209	123	91	95.	8720	7506	31	45	10.	4745	5865	191	3815
27128 Wabash.....	3718	2652	145	96	11.	4318	2891	16	53	38.	3909	2140	192	3815
10855 Warren.....	1798	898	84	13	—	2045	1100	13	13	10.	1837	878	34	73
21101 Warrick.....	2474	2547	54	111	3.	3482	2901	17	12	8.	2236	2175	37	566
18919 Washington.....	1883	2527	27	60	4.	2214	2815	21	13	3.	1977	2021	95	224
37228 Wayne.....	6389	5340	194	27	72.	6941	4047	35	64	53.	5842	2113	257	308
21514 Wells.....	1940	3620	91	77	3.	2212	1728	5	48	25.	1944	1871	146	22
15671 White.....	2292	2284	95	44	7.	2383	2537	24	37	25.	2145	2145	121	51
17768 Whitley.....	2008	2241	80	14	3.	2242	2494	7	20	22.	2124	2000	121	51
Total.....	28643	29125	9961	587	1975	32754	30753	2145	305	228.	25446	23762	1157	2388
Plurality.....	17515					18181					4473			
Per cent.....	49.09	46.94	1.74	1.06	.06.	50.81	47.61	.33	.47	.85.	50.37	42.42	1.95	5.22
Total vote.....	57392					63736					50762			

\*Fusion on electors. Democrats, 10; populists, 5.

In 1896 Matchett, S. L., received 523 votes for president.

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Auditor of State—W. H. Hart, Rep.....	283,565
J. W. Minor, Dem.....	264,472
D. M. Shoemaker, Pro.....	9,525
W. H. H. Parks, Peo.....	5,722
Gustav Rempler, Soc.....	1,711
State Treasurer—Leopold Levy, Rep.....	283,534
Hugh Dougherty, Dem.....	265,226
J. F. Kinsey, Pro.....	9,508
F. M. Brown, Peo.....	5,769
F. H. Helbich, Soc.....	1,703
Attorney-General—W. L. Taylor, Rep.....	283,617
J. G. McNutt, Dem.....	264,163
B. F. Watson, Pro.....	9,538
T. E. Ballard, Peo.....	5,622
Clerk Supreme Ct.—R. A. Brown, Rep.....	283,592
Henry Warrum, Dem.....	264,255
D. W. Welch, Pro.....	9,483
R. W. Todd, Peo.....	5,793
Supt. Pub. Inst.—F. L. Jones, Rep.....	283,387
W. B. Sinclair, Dem.....	264,036
E. A. Devore, Pro.....	9,507
Edgar Packer, Peo.....	5,809
Charles Beam, Soc.....	1,688
Chief Bureau of Statistics—	
J. B. Conner, Rep.....	283,442
J. S. Guthrie, Dem.....	263,925
J. D. Ledbetter, Pro.....	9,488
L. C. Adams, Peo.....	5,776
D. E. Meyers, Soc.....	1,686
State Geologist—W. S. Blatchley, Rep.....	283,581
Edward Barrett, Dem.....	263,810
V. E. Baldwin, Pro.....	9,358
J. H. Allen, Peo.....	5,813

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Gibson, Pike, Posey, Spencer, Vanderburg and Warrick.	
J. A. Hemenway, Rep.....	20,382
Thomas Duncan, Dem.....	19,337
Josephus Lee, Pro.....	475
2. The counties of Daviess, Greene, Knox, Lawrence, Martin, Monroe, Owen and Sullivan.	
W. J. Gardiner, Rep.....	18,656
Robert W. Miers, Dem.....	20,245
William J. Trout, Pro.....	1,333
3. The counties of Clark, Crawford, Dubois, Floyd, Harrison, Perry, Orange, Scott and Washington.	
J. P. Whitesides, Rep.....	16,741
W. T. Zenor, Dem.....	21,111
George T. Mayfield, Pro.....	118
4. The counties of Bartholomew, Brown, Dearborn, Decatur, Jackson, Jefferson, Jennings, Ohio, Ripley and Switzerland.	
C. W. Lee, Rep.....	19,733
F. M. Griffith, Dem.....	21,391
Jasper N. Hughes, Pro.....	213

5. The counties of Clay, Hendricks, Morgan, Parke, Putnam, Vermillion and Vigo.	
George W. Faris, Rep.....	22,557
Samuel Hamil, Dem.....	22,306
William E. Carpenter, Pro.....	647
Alexander J. Farrow, Peo.....	195

6. The counties of Fayette, Franklin, Hancock, Henry, Rush, Shelby, Union and Wayne.	
James E. Watson, Rep.....	21,048
Charles A. Robinson, Dem.....	18,344
Samuel Walker, Pro.....	121

7. The counties of Johnson and Marion.	
Jesse Overstreet, Rep.....	25,868
Leon O. Bailey, Dem.....	23,269
W. B. Campbell, Pro.....	567
Henry Kuerst, Soc.....	235

8. The counties of Adams, Blackford, Delaware, Jay, Madison, Randolph and Wells.	
George W. Cromer, Rep.....	35,338
O. J. Latta, Dem.....	24,021
G. M. Martin, Pro.....	908
J. A. Thompson, Peo.....	397

9. The counties of Boone, Carroll, Clinton, Fountain, Hamilton, Montgomery and Tipton.	
C. B. Landis, Rep.....	22,447
Joseph M. Cheadle, Dem.....	21,357
George W. King, Pro.....	620
James A. Thompson, Peo.....	320

10. The counties of Benton, Jasper, Lake, Laporte, Newton, Porter, Tippecanoe, Warren and White.	
E. D. Crumacker, Rep.....	20,206
F. R. Ross, Dem.....	24,656

11. The counties of Cass, Grant, Howard, Huntington, Miami and Wabash.	
George W. Steele, Rep.....	26,552
G. W. Melkels, Dem.....	20,281
D. A. McDowell, Pro.....	1,057
E. L. Wilson, Peo.....	278

12. The counties of Allen, De Kalb, Lagrange, Noble, Steuben and Whitley.	
Charles D. Stemen, Rep.....	18,044
J. M. Robinson, Dem.....	19,484
H. C. Schrader, Pro.....	448

13. The counties of Elkhart, Fulton, Kosciusko, Marshall, Pulaski, St. Joseph and Starke.	
Abraham L. Brick, Rep.....	23,365
M. M. Hathaway, Dem.....	20,886
Thomas E. Webb, Pro.....	981
John L. Kroner, Peo.....	206

## LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.	1897-98.
Sen. Ho. J. B.....	Sen. Ho. J. B.	Sen. Ho. J. B.
Republicans.....	29	57
Democrats.....	43	34
People's.....	—	3
		9
		11

## IOWA (Population 1,911,896).

COUNTIES. (30)	SECTY OF STATE, 1895				GOVERNOR, 1897				PRESIDENT, 1896			
	Rep. Deben.	Fus. Smith	Pro. Danks	Peo. Swadlow	Rep. Loomis	Fus. Wells	Pro. Loomis	Peo. Loomis	Rep. Loomis	Dem. Loomis	G.D. Loomis	Pro. Loomis
Adair.....	1891	1461	40	35	3..	1504	1406	56	9	93..	2127	1946
Adams.....	1627	1390	71	80	16..	1504	1406	56	10	92..	1738	1701
Allamakee.....	2287	1430	19	8	2..	2174	1703	24	54	11..	2471	1907
Appanoose.....	2577	2414	37	69	15..	2789	2906	115	7	22..	3046	2940
Audubon.....	1498	1211	17	6	4..	1452	1321	16	9	12..	1706	1417
Benton.....	3061	2637	83	7	7..	2206	2557	19	86	76..	3004	2560
Black Hawk.....	3313	1631	140	42	5..	3006	2015	28	65	164..	4643	2617
Boone.....	2400	1813	167	24	17..	2548	2062	40	20	215..	3741	2801
Bremer.....	1796	1789	40	8	—	1754	1384	3	27	46..	2116	1704
Buchanan.....	2263	1674	190	13	1..	2108	2071	23	13	69..	2865	2233
Buena Vista.....	1801	715	53	43	8..	1465	973	59	4	68..	2308	1178
Butler.....	2196	915	55	8	—	2121	1200	11	19	78..	2070	1372
Calhoun.....	1999	331	86	11	—	1749	1148	28	21	47..	2568	1290
Carroll.....	1818	2030	30	17	6..	1746	2385	26	18	13..	2406	2417
Cass.....	2622	1591	29	92	7..	2480	1965	199	47	31..	2459	2240
Cedar.....	2425	2124	91	11	3..	2283	2181	20	55	98..	2717	2128
Cerro Gordo.....	2013	809	89	10	—	1948	1129	9	122	78..	3018	1408
Cherokee.....	1690	937	125	37	1..	1785	1290	46	18	131..	2443	1464
Chickasaw.....	1773	1891	40	16	—	1639	1115	30	7	33..	1007	3084
Clarke.....	1653	1196	43	18	2..	1541	1365	20	3	23..	1606	1517
Clay.....	1456	2629	61	33	2..	1400	1000	40	12	37..	1800	1414
Clayton.....	2730	2594	61	17	14..	2480	2002	22	27	62..	3302	2910
Clinton.....	3321	4089	52	20	133..	3027	4439	64	57	31..	5594	4590
Crawford.....	1740	2110	103	17	5..	1778	2576	21	9	106..	2180	2308
Dallas.....	2919	1598	155	96	7..	2180	1840	74	14	153..	3326	2316
Davis.....	1543	1861	63	91	1..	1507	1919	172	8	28..	1652	2367
Decatur.....	2167	1940	30	79	4..	2169	1961	150	28	16..	2268	2393
Delaware.....	2240	1273	56	10	4..	2126	1963	18	14	86..	2709	1778
Des Moines.....	3303	3271	68	22	39..	3265	3000	41	158	64..	4549	3741
Dickinson.....	1632	836	57	13	5..	1655	1062	16	11	71..	1191	517
Dubuque.....	3852	5081	61	13	61..	3928	3615	29	108	40..	5361	6570
Emmet.....	1192	341	49	6	—	281	306	6	65	149..	159	559
Euette.....	3150	2419	108	49	8..	2804	2411	60	19	25..	3322	2822
Floyd.....	2002	1015	73	20	1..	1971	1451	19	25	115..	2740	1461
Franklin.....	1740	406	22	2	2..	1672	700	4	12	21..	2408	884
Freemont.....	1820	1967	64	33	6..	1756	2006	50	13	73..	1988	2857
Greene.....	2245	1110	49	27	4..	2022	1440	48	11	69..	2006	1659
Grundy.....	1501	1009	52	6	1..	1492	1207	13	6	29..	1804	1206
Guthrie.....	2216	1719	72	31	1..	2071	1455	50	3	95..	2541	2220
Hamilton.....	2311	951	29	9	4..	2516	1107	16	12	40..	3074	1400
Hancock.....	1501	984	29	7	1..	1304	1002	15	6	32..	1975	1037
Hardin.....	2715	965	111	11	4..	2670	1338	15	21	121..	3575	1588
Harrison.....	2324	2629	62	70	11..	2409	1713	37	60	269..	3214	3214
Henry.....	2278	1454	97	30	8..	2277	1653	37	28	151..	2774	2032
Howard.....	1622	1262	54	8	—	1405	1006	5	7	83..	1029	1507
Humboldt.....	1449	517	24	6	—	1575	704	11	10	39..	2010	783
Ia.....	1335	1181	36	17	4..	1231	1207	22	16	23..	1475	1421
Iowa.....	2014	1749	45	86	4..	1961	2062	31	56	45..	2201	1956
Jackson.....	2439	2426	30	54	—	2232	2615	97	38	31..	2708	3019
Jasper.....	3361	3124	83	30	4..	3116	3240	52	46	103..	3713	3279
Jefferson.....	2047	1302	63	15	8..	2057	1430	31	16	76..	2478	1772
Johnson.....	2647	2354	40	32	7..	2581	2062	52	82	89..	2940	2170
Jones.....	2580	2023	62	8	6..	2385	2100	19	24	34..	3057	3143
Keokuk.....	2920	2438	127	26	18..	2746	2467	67	174	112..	3104	2801
Kossuth.....	2446	1390	28	4	—	1818	1923	17	8	32..	2000	1861
Lee.....	3055	4238	56	41	12..	3531	4022	72	67	41..	4854	5158
Linn.....	6892	3732	230	28	19..	6408	3899	64	63	204..	7535	6383
Louisia.....	1650	755	67	28	—	1677	1007	66	13	68..	2005	1284
Lucas.....	1655	1080	129	22	—	1484	1297	20	28	178..	1898	1621
Lyon.....	1241	951	55	9	8..	1173	1140	25	11	87..	1509	1464
Madison.....	2143	1472	60	236	1..	2117	1631	346	17	69..	2313	2224
Mahaska.....	3837	3336	200	54	18..	3440	2387	101	60	207..	4294	3974
Marion.....	2511	2589	144	54	5..	2654	2807	94	19	214..	3741	3119
Marshall.....	3178	1735	199	19	3..	3262	2171	89	51	196..	4541	3236
Mills.....	1995	1704	57	23	2..	1883	1750	66	9	120..	2153	1855
Mitchell.....	1791	576	44	7	—	1940	805	16	14	40..	2408	1061
Monona.....	1606	1374	72	128	7..	1356	1583	130	19	38..	1526	1236
Monroe.....	1621	1745	101	60	14..	1489	1763	87	27	168..	1806	2036
Montgomery.....	2472	1276	56	33	3..	2283	1323	43	14	77..	2007	1834
Muscatine.....	2832	2537	56	88	5..	2807	2556	167	41	70..	3637	2853
O'Brien.....	1807	1207	38	22	2..	1631	1496	21	16	30..	2421	1562
Osceola.....	840	608	25	1	—	766	791	6	6	27..	1024	767
Page.....	2841	1597	187	54	15..	2674	1778	65	28	229..	3314	2390
Palo Alto.....	1471	1871	42	19	2..	1278	1414	33	6	44..	1365	1547
Plymouth.....	2131	1204	56	29	9..	2035	2026	85	35	61..	3053	2553
Pocahontas.....	1490	1085	50	15	3..	1364	1401	25	—	51..	1800	1637
Polk.....	3032	2598	304	91	41..	3288	2755	196	73	578..	3117	2087
Pottawattomie.....	6409	4083	92	99	33..	4789	4444	153	107	79..	5170	5495
Poweshick.....	2586	1774	73	29	10..	2832	1700	29	41	183..	2460	2013
Ringgold.....	1991	1132	73	38	1..	1820	1169	64	11	78..	2249	1631
Sac.....	1778	841	95	11	2..	1775	1234	21	8	100..	2013	1243

## ELECTION RETURNS.

357

	Deboen	Porter	Smith	Daniels	Swanholm	Shaw	White	Lloyd	Clappett	Leland	DM	Kin'y	Bryan	Palm	Flaver	g	Bent'y
Scott	6108	3652	46	19	239..	3324	3244	81	1231	69..	6449	4032	278	29	16		
Shelby	1942	1809	26	87	4..	1731	2080	53	10	15..	2019	2175	11	7	1		
Stout	2118	1264	36	11	9..	2240	1620	24	28	45..	2841	1808	50	25	—		
Story	2333	833	89	13	11..	2747	1245	17	6	130..	3630	1599	22	41	—		
Tama	2743	2480	117	4	7..	2587	2662	14	49	160..	3054	2596	37	40	4		
Taylor	2374	1786	71	39	8..	2154	1766	63	11	65..	2468	2293	7	15	3		
Union	1873	1717	130	92	5..	1880	2118	84	20	102..	2196	2425	32	29	1		
Van Buren	2297	1799	57	10	4..	2226	1855	26	28	45..	2478	2076	45	28	1		
Wapello	3873	3384	71	134	23..	3657	3372	214	95	60..	4319	4041	119	23	5		
Warren	2486	1678	111	58	4..	2357	1949	69	14	127..	2826	2214	20	49	2		
Washington	2346	1879	115	23	—..	2384	2126	46	22	135..	2882	2292	61	54	15		
Wayne	2327	1779	62	65	5..	2009	1915	41	14	108..	2101	2115	29	45	3		
Webster	2324	1730	16	68	5..	2036	2356	102	38	132..	3691	2557	45	58	1		
Winnebago	1440	833	18	30	6..	1359	679	18	4	19..	1912	714	10	15	—		
Winneblek	2941	1598	54	12	2..	3033	1817	8	53	80..	3422	2033	50	25	6		
Woodbury	4420	3214	173	156	13..	3856	3202	140	144	135..	6404	4876	117	97	11		
Worth	1385	846	14	8	2..	1348	504	10	24	12..	1086	564	15	6	—		
Wright	2397	1756	69	5	5..	2073	906	5	30	66..	2392	1138	20	38	2		
Total	23524	17300	7559	3372	1081	22150	194514	52.9	2368	8357..	289293	223741	4516	3192	352		
Plurality	6324					2387					65452						
Percent	56.11	41.04	1.79	.79	.02..	51.33	44.52	1.20	.90	1.88..	55.50	42.90	.30	.61	.60		
Total vote			421536				438909					521547					

In 1896, Matchett, S. L., for president, received 453 votes.

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1896.

State Auditor—	
F. F. Merriam, Rep.	335,965
E. H. Gillette, Fus.	170,686
Edgar Brintnall, Pro.	7,395
C. A. Wikes, Peo.	3,408
Claude Bronner, Soc. Lab.	1,001
State Treasurer—John Herriott, Rep.	234,572
Nils Anderson, Fus.	173,255
J. C. Reed, Pro.	7,512
A. M. Hutchinson, Peo.	3,418
August Westphal, Soc. Lab.	1,059
Att'y-Gen.—Milton Hemyer, Rep.	235,454
J. M. Parsons, Fus.	169,014
Samuel Holmes, Pro.	7,365
J. A. Lowenberg, Peo.	3,673
M. J. Kremer, Soc. Lab.	1,070
Supreme Judge—	
Horace E. Deemer, Rep.	332,006
W. A. Spurrier, Fus.	171,378
H. F. Johns, Pro.	7,401
L. H. Weller, Peo.	3,413
John Wellendorf, Soc. Lab.	1,067
Clerk of Supreme Court—	
C. T. Jones, Rep.	235,552
E. R. Perkins, Fus.	171,497
B. J. Bowers, Pro.	7,398
Alli Reed, Peo.	3,394
August Leioneb, Soc. Lab.	1,039
Reporter Supreme Court—	
B. L. Sallinger, Rep.	235,504
W. A. Ferren, Fus.	171,650
Benjamin Radcliffe, Pro.	7,383
C. R. Smith, Peo.	3,412
Charles Schernickan, Soc. Lab.	1,060
Railroad Commissioner—Full term.	
Welcome Mowry, Rep.	235,573
Anthony Hanson, Fus.	172,490
R. M. Dihel, Pro.	7,276
Joseph Ash, Peo.	3,411
Peter Lohse, Soc. Lab.	1,047

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

1. Counties of Des Moines, Henry, Jefferson, Lee, Louisa, Van Buren and Washington.	
Thomas Hedge, Rep.	17,817
D. J. O'Connell, Fus.	14,568
J. W. Glasgow, Pro.	456
2. Counties of Clinton, Iowa, Jackson, Johnson, Muscatine and Scott.	
Joe R. Lane, Rep.	18,790
John J. Ney, Fus.	17,508
Ell Elliott, Pro.	260
A. W. Ricker, Peo.	193
J. B. Weisenback, Soc. Lab.	396

3. Counties of Black Hawk, Bremer, Buchanan, Butler, Delaware, Dubuque, Franklin, Hardin and Wright.

D. B. Henderson, Rep.	22,512
John H. Howell, Fus.	15,493
E. J. Dean, Ind.	78

4. Counties of Allamakee, Cerro Gordo, Chickasaw, Clayton, Fayette, Floyd, Howard, Mitchell, Winneblek and Worth.

G. N. Haugen, Rep.	21,468
T. T. Blaise, Fus.	12,849
P. Wooding, Pro.	462
Thomas Tracy, Peo.	117
P. Woodman, Ind.	4

5. Counties of Benton, Cedar, Grundy, Jones, Linn, Marshall and Tama.

R. G. Cousins, Rep.	21,335
L. J. Rowell, Fus.	15,970
J. G. Van Ness, Pro.	719
J. W. Whitmer, Peo.	76
L. G. Wood, Ind.	42

6. Counties of Davis, Jasper, Keokuk, Mahaska, Monroe, Poweshiek and Wapello.

John F. Lacey, Rep.	19,738
James B. Weaver, Fus.	18,267
R. L. Turner, Pro.	512
L. M. Morris, Peo.	294

7. Counties of Dallas, Madison, Marion, Polk, Story and Warren.

J. A. T. Hull, Rep.	19,912
C. O. Holly, Fus.	12,261
Thomas G. Orwig, Pro.	832
C. M. Iams, Peo.	501

8. Counties of Adams, Appanoose, Clarke, Decatur, Fremont, Lucas, Page, Ringgold, Taylor, Union and Wayne.

William P. Heppburn, Rep.	32,327
George L. Finn, Fus.	18,503
C. L. Parsons, Pro.	817
D. C. Cowles, Peo.	402

9. Counties of Adair, Audubon, Cass, Guthrie, Harrison, Mills, Montgomery, Pottawattamie and Shelby.

Smith McPherson, Rep.	21,976
J. A. Lyons, Fus.	17,484
Stephen M. Blackman, Pro.	376
Luke McDowell, Peo.	296

10. Counties of Boone, Calhoun, Carroll, Crawford, Emmet, Greene, Hamilton, Han-

# CHICAGO DAILY NEWS ALMANAC FOR 1899.

Humboldt, Kossuth, Palo Alto, Poca-  
 Webster and Winnebago.  
 than P. Dolliver, Rep.....25,180  
 in Anderson, Fus.....17,777  
 Shaw, Pro.....613  
 Jorellins, Peo.....156

Counties of Buena Vista, Cherokee,  
 Dickinson, Ida, Lyon, Monona, O'Brien,  
 ia, Plymouth, Sac, Sioux and Woodbury.

Lot Thomas, Rep.....22,400  
 A. S. Garretson, Fus.....16,117  
 J. M. Hoffman, Pro.....722  
 J. O. McElroy, Peo.....353

## LEGISLATURE.

1897-99. 1895-96.  
 Sen. Ho. J. B. Sen. Ho. J. B.  
 Republicans ...38 62 100.. 43 80 122  
 Democrats ....12 38 50.. 7 30 27

## KANSAS Population 1,487,000.

COUNTIES. (III)	GOV. 1898				PRESIDENT, 1896				C.J.Ts. 1895			
	Rep.	Fus.	Pro.	S.I.	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	G.D.	Pro.	Nat.	21. R.	Rep. F. S. Mar. Holiday
Allen.....	1812	1384	44	2..	1883	146	914	22	21	20	15..	1570 272
Anderson.....	1005	1508	42	9..	1790	1296	626	14	35	25	7..	1545 407
Atchison.....	2259	2177	37	13..	3636	2545	420	16	10	3	9..	2748 312
Barber.....	654	602	25	6..	597	—	735	4	10	3	6..	403 339
Barton.....	1248	1433	20	—	1215	1016	—	18	4	2	11..	1204 583
Bourbon.....	2538	2290	30	61..	2860	3067	—	28	20	6	11..	2090 622
Brown.....	2557	2001	60	—	2679	3306	12	30	49	9	32..	3119 465
Burt.....	2557	2001	60	—	2679	3306	12	30	49	9	32..	3119 465
Chase.....	983	825	24	2..	912	—	8	12	—	—	—	603 363
Chautauqua.....	1350	1070	2	1..	1359	1061	—	1203	10	5	2..	1124 284
Cherokee.....	2435	3311	56	39..	3505	5108	—	60	44	17	65..	2479 683
Cheyenne.....	284	299	4	1..	327	106	216	4	4	3	5..	377 101
Clark.....	181	187	—	—	182	89	108	—	—	1	2..	134 80
Clay.....	1620	1618	83	5..	1655	—	1933	7	32	11	6..	1380 289
CLOUD.....	1814	1843	71	13..	1718	2129	—	9	21	14	8..	1431 471
Coffey.....	1884	1733	84	2..	2000	2010	184	36	32	8	12..	1649 404
Comanche.....	187	144	9	—	142	107	63	2	—	7	1..	118 72
Cowley.....	3017	2805	128	6..	2671	8410	—	30	51	7	48..	1989 747
Crawford.....	3113	3565	45	113..	3938	2978	1787	38	24	24	70..	1238 248
Cecatur.....	620	801	25	2..	594	—	182	4	3	—	5..	458 245
Dickinson.....	2270	1980	60	9..	2291	—	2392	16	28	8	11..	1710 689
Dishpan.....	2204	1132	14	7..	2549	1332	—	8	6	4	16..	1796 199
Douglas.....	2740	2117	102	1..	3582	1871	703	17	42	28	21..	2394 532
Edwards.....	384	412	12	2..	322	68	411	2	5	—	6..	378 228
Elk.....	1384	1335	14	1..	1339	586	884	4	7	1	2..	949 305
Ellis.....	541	919	20	1..	480	717	833	13	9	—	6..	448 302
Ellsworth.....	1035	744	21	2..	1084	612	382	7	5	6	5..	737 294
Finney.....	470	290	9	5..	506	821	44	1	1	—	3..	418 198
Ford.....	532	535	13	1..	555	643	—	3	6	—	3..	575 308
Franklin.....	2390	2219	75	6..	2609	152	—	9	23	19	6..	2415 280
Garfield.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Geary.....	944	871	24	5..	1051	771	408	8	16	2	3..	764 256
Gove.....	320	201	4	—	279	—	204	14	4	3	9..	279 98
Graham.....	406	630	9	8..	348	648	—	3	3	2	4..	386 144
Grant.....	52	36	1	—	51	—	60	—	—	—	1..	60 28
Gray.....	171	112	7	—	153	122	11	—	—	—	—	123 61
Greeley.....	99	33	—	—	121	—	76	—	2	—	1..	146 24
Greenwood.....	1775	1737	17	2..	1835	1190	942	10	12	1	11..	1285 615
Hamilton.....	204	157	1	—	186	216	—	3	1	1	—	177 71
Harper.....	1938	1043	60	2..	812	564	771	11	13	5	1..	964 568
Harvey.....	1945	1307	64	—	2082	988	698	17	24	14	17..	1646 228
Haskell.....	72	38	—	—	81	64	—	3	—	—	—	67 45
Hodgeman.....	278	209	7	—	262	224	—	3	2	—	1..	209 60
Jackson.....	2041	1450	62	—	2158	1955	—	11	20	3	10..	1582 251
Jefferson.....	2102	1773	97	1..	2322	2276	—	19	26	5	11..	1605 314
Jewell.....	2072	1914	77	6..	1902	2842	—	7	19	14	8..	1819 652
Johnson.....	2021	1949	46	18..	2313	1913	549	23	30	9	19..	1098 300
Kearney.....	177	111	—	—	172	172	—	1	—	—	—	141 45
Kingman.....	1110	1015	59	5..	988	—	1398	13	16	6	5..	943 369
Kiowa.....	208	214	10	—	250	115	131	3	1	3	8..	222 69
Labette.....	3027	2919	14	9..	3306	3069	—	20	34	9	30..	2232 968
Lane.....	232	172	9	1..	241	191	—	2	—	—	—	236 49
Leavenworth.....	3120	3389	48	17..	4004	4806	59	21	45	4	17..	3381 882
Lincoln.....	845	990	29	2..	787	1282	12	8	—	5	—	764 247
Linn.....	1909	1901	24	14..	2153	1280	1045	21	16	3	12..	1980 574
Logan.....	277	150	6	5..	274	175	—	3	2	—	1..	243 85
Lyon.....	2567	2109	105	8..	2860	3276	—	8	70	14	8..	2514 690
Marion.....	2072	1233	85	8..	2285	1869	—	26	23	4	18..	1850 299
Marshall.....	2871	2354	38	2..	3052	2776	—	29	25	16	34..	2670 698
McPherson.....	2333	1490	54	2..	2289	2334	—	14	28	3	18..	1981 497
Meade.....	198	142	6	—	203	69	104	1	2	1	1..	159 63
Miami.....	2270	2046	24	4..	2541	2047	705	23	13	7	36..	1912 378
Mitchell.....	1382	1504	62	5..	1428	1839	—	1	22	7	9..	916 462
Montgomery.....	2088	2061	33	7..	2714	1864	1456	27	15	6	29..	2324 683
Morris.....	1425	1161	26	—	1484	1456	—	15	15	4	10..	1334 345
Morton.....	40	24	1	—	62	36	—	1	—	—	1..	54 24
Nemaha.....	2316	2145	49	—	2568	1911	567	11	26	3	27..	2162 415
Neosho.....	2040	2007	21	3..	2177	2601	—	16	17	4	22..	1923 636
Ness.....	413	455	26	7..	354	—	527	1	16	10	13..	323 192
Norton.....	1059	963	47	8..	941	1280	—	3	26	9	6..	1014 264

# ELECTION RETURNS.

359

Population.	Stanley.	Leedy.	Peffer.	Lipscomb.	McClintock.	Bryan.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Leavenworth.	Bentley.	Bryan.	Martha.	Holiday.
25062 Osage.....	25062	185	14.	25062	—	3482	5	48	17	34.	—	2871	890
12083 Osborne.....	12083	1107	67	1.	12083	170	1088	17	21	3	4.	1113	621
12681 Ottawa.....	12681	1170	31	1.	12681	1486	—	5	13	14	2.	1240	288
3204 Pawnee.....	3204	600	8	—	3204	635	—	11	6	2	2.	450	226
18661 Phillips.....	18661	1509	28	8.	18661	190	1316	10	15	4	15.	1819	442
17722 Pottawatomie.....	17722	1802	34	7.	17722	1468	817	23	13	1	5.	1901	869
8118 Pratt.....	8118	643	11	—	8118	830	—	2	10	1	11.	569	890
6756 Rawlins.....	6756	538	9	1.	6756	141	468	2	1	—	6.	867	268
2709 Reno.....	2709	2488	67	5.	2709	8053	22	28	17	31	15.	2625	686
19002 Republic.....	19002	1636	72	8.	19002	184	1339	11	17	31	9.	1628	500
14451 Rice.....	14451	1858	100	5.	14451	1731	—	19	57	11	7.	1477	478
13183 Riley.....	13183	1122	46	1.	13183	1443	—	20	20	8	2.	1118	878
8018 Rooks.....	8018	820	24	1.	8018	159	812	5	7	12	6.	818	206
5204 Rush.....	5204	561	10	3.	5204	179	486	4	4	2	7.	391	216
7338 Russell.....	7338	686	12	1.	7338	902	21	5	19	—	11.	718	185
17443 Saline.....	17443	1801	43	10.	17443	2334	—	10	9	8	9.	1367	1089
1262 Scott.....	1262	136	3	—	1262	91	—	161	—	—	1.	82	73
43626 Sedgwick.....	43626	4187	173	18.	43626	5434	—	17	53	33	25.	2914	2646
1533 Seward.....	1533	56	8	—	1533	78	—	—	—	—	1.	44	84
49172 Shawnee.....	49172	3848	863	26.	49172	5438	28	31	78	12	61.	3653	1976
3733 Sheridan.....	3733	567	12	1.	3733	114	270	20	2	1	2.	289	178
5261 Sherman.....	5261	339	8	5.	5261	291	—	437	1	2	—	411	70
15618 Smith.....	15618	1740	69	2.	15618	—	2017	7	29	4	10.	911	710
8520 Stafford.....	8520	968	29	2.	8520	710	—	1232	1	18	4	706	286
1031 Stanton.....	1031	38	—	—	1031	57	—	—	—	—	1.	73	17
1418 Stevens.....	1418	75	3	—	1418	49	—	101	—	—	—	71	49
30271 Sumner.....	30271	2429	74	8.	30271	2515	1649	1400	12	87	7	2070	1097
5538 Thomas.....	5538	400	9	—	5538	304	—	488	2	2	2.	316	106
2535 Trego.....	2535	806	13	1.	2535	340	—	—	3	—	—	249	63
11720 Wabaunsee.....	11720	1174	50	1.	11720	972	473	12	18	6	11.	1555	835
2408 Wallace.....	2408	73	8	—	2408	181	—	—	—	—	6.	100	80
22894 Washington.....	22894	1983	64	15.	22894	2301	—	39	11	8	20.	1890	984
1827 Wichita.....	1827	117	1	—	1827	314	—	191	—	3	—	181	64
15286 Wilson.....	15286	1509	20	10.	15286	1959	—	7	7	3	19.	1479	276
9021 Woodson.....	9021	1075	11	—	9021	1159	—	7	10	4	14.	1118	323
54407 Wyandotte.....	54407	3960	81	46.	54407	6882	—	80	30	17	77.	2743	999
Total.....	149653	138968	1002	642.	159845	129660	44954	1209	1611	630	1240.	124272	42886
Plurality.....	15670	—	—	—	18509	—	—	—	—	—	—	81411	—
Per cent.....	51.73	46.58	1.76	22.	47.16	37.62	13.43	36	.57	.18	37.	74.32	26.63
Scattering.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	190
Total vote.....	287765	—	—	—	335639	—	—	—	—	—	—	167350	—

†Attached to other counties, being unorganized.

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Associate Justice—W. R. Smith, Rep.....	148,583
S. H. Allen, Fus.....	131,171
A. A. Carnahan, Soc.....	663
Governor—W. E. Stanley, Rep.....	149,048
John W. Leedy, Fus.....	133,983
William A. Peffer, Pro.....	4,092
Caleb Lipscomb, Soc.....	642
Lieut. Gov.—H. E. Richter, Rep.....	147,318
A. M. Harvey, Fus.....	130,494
Robert T. Black, Pro.....	3,013
N. B. Arnold, Soc.....	633
Secretary of State—G. A. Clark, Rep.....	148,723
W. E. Bush, Fus.....	130,540
J. B. Garton, Pro.....	2,612
D. O'Donnell, Soc.....	675
Auditor of State—G. E. Cole, Rep.....	147,504
W. H. Morris, Fus.....	130,766
Horace Hurley, Pro.....	2,607
E. A. Cain, Soc.....	651
State Treasurer—F. E. Grimes, Rep.....	147,387
D. H. Heffebower, Fus.....	130,672
John Biddison, Pro.....	2,598
William H. Wright, Soc.....	627
Attorney-General—A. A. Godard, Rep.....	144,592
L. C. Boyle, Fus.....	135,589
William L. Rose, Soc.....	600
State Superintendent of Public Instruction—	
Frank Nelson, Rep.....	148,147
William Stryker, Fus.....	129,359
Mrs. R. N. Buckner, Pro.....	2,285
Etta Semple, Soc.....	658

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

Congressman at Large—	
W. J. Bailey, Rep.....	148,654
J. D. Botkin, Fus.....	130,417
Mont Williams, Pro.....	2,023
F. E. Miller, Soc.....	630

## 1. Counties of Atchison, Brown, Doniphan, Jackson, Jefferson, Leavenworth, Nemaha and Shawnee.

Charles Curtis, Rep.....	2,809
W. W. Price, Fus.....	16,183

## 2. Counties of Allen, Anderson, Bourbon, Douglas, Franklin, Johnson, Linn, Miami and Wyandotte.

J. D. Bowersock, Rep.....	20,920
M. S. Peters, Fus.....	19,014

## 3. Counties of Chautauqua, Cherokee, Cowley, Crawford, Elk, Labette, Montgomery, Neosho and Wilson.

S. S. Kirkpatrick, Rep.....	20,556
E. R. Ridgely, Fus.....	21,737

## 4. Counties of Butler, Chase, Coffey, Greenwood, Lyon, Marion, Morris, Osage, Pottawatomie, Wabaunsee and Woodson.

J. M. Miller, Rep.....	20,307
H. S. Martin, Fus.....	17,409

## 5. Counties of Clay, Cloud, Geary, Dickinson, Marshall, Ottawa, Republic, Riley, Saline and Washington.

W. A. Calderhead, Rep.....	18,972
W. D. Vincent, Fus.....	16,502

## 6. Counties of Cheyenne, Decatur, Ellis, Ellsworth, Gove, Graham, Jewell, Lincoln, Logan, Mitchell, Norton, Osborne, Phillips, Rawlins, Rooks, Russell, Sheridan, Sherman, Smith, Thomas, Trego and Wallace.

W. A. Reeder, Rep.....	16,831
N. B. McCormick, Peo.....	14,731
W. G. Hoffer, Dem.....	2,323

## 7. Counties of Barber, Barton, Clark, Comanche, Edwards, Finney, Ford, Grant,

Gray, Garfield, Greeley, Hamilton, Harper, Harvey, Hodgeman, Haskell, Kingman, Kiowa, Kearney, Lane, McPherson, Meade, Morton, Ness, Pawnee, Pratt, Reno, Rice, Rush, Scott, Sedgwick, Seward, Stafford, Stevens, Sumner, Stanton and Wichita.

Chester I. Long..... 26,985  
Jerry Simpson, Fus..... 24,865

## LEGISLATURE.

1899-1900.

1897-93.

	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.
Republicans.....	12	90	102..	11	49	60
Democrats.....	—	—	—	2	9	11
People's.....	—	—	—	7	64	91
F. S. Rep.....	—	—	—	—	3	—
Fusion.....	23	32	60..	—	—	—

## KENTUCKY (Population 1,858,636).

## COUNTIES.

## CLERK C. APP. 1897.

## PRESIDENT 1895.

## GOVERNOR 1895.

Population.	Rep.	Pro.	Rep.	Pro.	Rep.	Pro.	Rep.	Pro.
(119)	Rep. S. Dem. G. D. Pop. Pro.	Rep. S. Dem. G. D. Pop. Pro.	Rep. S. Dem. G. D. Pop. Pro.	Rep. S. Dem. G. D. Pop. Pro.	Rep. S. Dem. G. D. Pop. Pro.	Rep. S. Dem. G. D. Pop. Pro.	Rep. S. Dem. G. D. Pop. Pro.	Rep. S. Dem. G. D. Pop. Pro.
17521 Adair.....	1473	1773	73	10	6..	1612	1345	40
13632 Allen.....	1473	1344	13	83	9..	1595	1490	13
10910 Anderson.....	839	1171	101	12	20..	1151	1298	45
8309 Ballard.....	279	994	22	126	5..	496	1070	9
21490 Barren.....	1641	2267	82	212	13..	2092	3006	43
12813 Bath.....	1401	1830	33	21	7..	1573	1791	23
10312 Bell.....	1294	804	14	6	2..	1900	615	21
12246 Boone.....	382	1449	15	3	6..	781	2317	13
10675 Bourbon.....	1939	2126	109	4	32..	2578	2210	56
14043 Boyd.....	1890	1637	35	5	12..	2087	1241	85
12508 Boyle.....	1233	1446	161	24	2..	1687	1233	71
12309 Bracken.....	1055	1307	8	6	—	1226	1763	14
8716 Breathitt.....	791	1242	3	—	—	877	1275	6
18266 Breckinridge.....	2006	1229	79	310	28..	2276	2202	43
85020 Bullitt.....	402	1029	61	6	5..	799	1168	55
12356 Butler.....	1684	1053	11	84	11..	1898	1139	16
13186 Caldwell.....	1319	1428	42	98	7..	1544	1530	24
14675 Calloway.....	474	1730	23	178	10..	561	2572	9
43038 Campbell.....	4855	4754	35	30	15..	5821	4304	36
7612 Carlisle.....	175	810	45	136	75..	380	1624	16
9236 Carroll.....	494	1262	43	1	13..	695	1778	26
1294 Carter.....	2075	1539	30	3	9..	2440	1935	39
11848 Casey.....	1437	1145	24	13	16..	1643	1061	26
94118 Christian.....	3367	2723	161	56	36..	4525	8145	66
15434 Clark.....	1637	2113	143	2	6..	2032	2055	98
12447 Clay.....	1686	245	17	9	3..	1725	707	7
7047 Clinton.....	727	245	16	15	10..	1004	380	11
13119 Crittenden.....	1499	1373	18	74	12..	1574	1576	9
6452 Cumberland.....	861	679	21	25	9..	1154	621	12
30129 Davies.....	1404	8127	183	450	65..	3106	4952	122
8006 DeKalb.....	913	875	1	10	4..	932	863	8
9214 Elliott.....	493	1173	—	—	—	577	1294	3
18936 Estill.....	1145	960	12	4	2..	963	738	14
35268 Fayette.....	2732	4049	292	11	41..	5143	3383	89
10678 Fleming.....	1883	1892	60	7	22..	1935	2013	51
11236 Floyd.....	1032	1397	4	—	4..	1057	1410	5
21267 Franklin.....	1350	2422	168	66	21..	2175	2464	84
10006 Fulton.....	197	719	66	27	14..	603	1414	47
4611 Gallatin.....	251	640	13	1	1..	396	983	8
11138 Garrard.....	1246	1203	76	9	53..	1595	1171	45
12671 Grant.....	1174	1027	39	2	16..	1417	1852	35
28334 Graves.....	765	2495	66	373	8..	1623	4699	53
16683 Grayson.....	1685	854	65	341	9..	1574	2002	81
11483 Green.....	1240	1172	32	44	8..	1389	1142	17
11911 Greenup.....	1595	1422	6	3	—	1002	1269	15
9214 Hancock.....	940	652	25	95	6..	1023	1080	13
21304 Hardin.....	977	1908	90	129	25..	1885	2948	68
6127 Harlan.....	1031	136	9	2	1..	1189	216	11
16914 Harrison.....	1260	1981	70	3	25..	1705	2690	61
16490 Hart.....	1674	1791	88	24	11..	1999	1951	62
26506 Henderson.....	1561	2365	149	179	48..	2750	4000	99
14164 Henry.....	1313	1946	206	29	17..	1711	2115	92
11837 Hickman.....	424	1131	46	91	19..	1277	1928	26
26506 Hopkins.....	1924	2382	85	381	81..	2490	3470	84
8291 Jackson.....	1203	130	12	4	1..	1517	189	15
18639 Jefferson.....	2457	2172	273	149	126..	2307	16707	1078
11248 Jessamine.....	963	1461	71	7	45..	1343	1438	48
11027 Johnson.....	1617	967	8	6	5..	1794	975	12
54393 Kenton.....	4433	5058	53	27	16..	6165	7008	61
54398 Knott.....	326	646	1	3	—	404	736	3
12702 Knox.....	1969	617	24	9	9..	2237	833	15
9453 LaRue.....	809	1031	11	22	11..	955	1324	10
13747 Laurel.....	1407	742	34	90	10..	1921	1989	41
17702 Lawrence.....	1943	1929	8	—	6..	1366	1830	22
4236 Lee.....	808	653	1	—	4..	891	567	12
3594 Leslie.....	735	56	—	1	5..	913	61	3
6020 Letcher.....	540	261	5	1	1..	613	393	11
15493 Lewis.....	2113	1379	6	91	9..	2348	1433	30
15092 Lincoln.....	1543	1715	82	5	00..	1833	1623	61
9474 Livingston.....	700	1061	63	105	3..	872	1346	48
23812 Logan.....	1978	2211	169	408	24..	2484	3268	91

## ELECTION RETURNS.

361

Population.	Bailey	Shackelford	Hinton	Parker	Walton	McKinley	Bryan	Palmer	Lowring	Bratley	Hart	Perdt	Domaree
7628 Lyon.....	681	818	36	84	7	163	869	24	25	584	659	121	23
24348 Madison.....	2732	2829	128	6	40	3130	2754	74	67	2891	2461	24	107
9196 Magoffin.....	1246	338	3	1	2	1148	433	13	15	941	623	3	11
15648 Marion.....	1260	1407	96	1	6	1575	1873	42	8	1324	1851	48	7
11287 Marshall.....	181	1049	45	842	5	568	1926	16	47	414	811	678	17
4209 Martin.....	705	247	—	—	3	730	227	4	3	568	137	—	1
20773 Mason.....	2273	2599	47	7	21	2575	2638	32	42	2110	2211	40	69
21051 McCracken.....	1504	2371	88	151	20	2284	2365	31	80	1640	1462	475	49
9887 McLean.....	741	978	37	146	15	945	1389	24	50	730	688	396	34
9484 Meade.....	558	1023	45	96	—	781	1519	30	12	608	929	307	12
4668 Menefee.....	384	601	—	7	1	359	636	4	10	313	504	25	6
15034 Mercer.....	1137	1448	108	58	37	1765	1745	91	61	1378	1440	181	46
9671 Monroe.....	954	845	35	72	6	1153	908	33	33	472	614	178	31
10889 Montgomery.....	1137	680	20	60	4	1613	794	18	24	1340	587	112	9
12367 Morgan.....	1243	1579	90	4	26	1434	1824	35	17	1277	1513	13	39
11249 Morgan.....	930	1828	8	30	8	910	1642	11	50	837	1123	81	7
17968 Muhlenberg.....	1829	1471	84	50	17	2217	1700	49	25	1817	1138	264	39
16417 Nelson.....	922	1722	90	53	12	1446	2223	46	53	1145	1945	101	26
10704 Nicholas.....	1082	1521	33	28	36	1159	1878	19	—	1069	1365	44	135
22946 Ohio.....	2409	2159	74	329	37	2653	2629	58	119	2154	1870	626	78
6754 Oldham.....	402	815	101	16	11	691	916	46	24	415	826	25	15
17676 Owen.....	718	2321	53	43	31	1098	3373	38	40	1010	2298	98	149
5675 Owsley.....	924	149	16	13	4	893	197	12	5	814	199	6	4
15346 Paducah.....	1331	1530	28	18	14	1585	1999	26	43	140	1235	10	46
6331 Perry.....	733	425	3	3	—	824	37	6	—	640	813	6	9
17378 Pike.....	2108	1989	125	90	13	2141	1300	13	19	1977	1754	6	19
4698 Powell.....	679	673	14	3	6	625	688	—	—	582	618	5	11
25731 Pulaski.....	2482	1471	60	203	12	3868	2059	58	46	2949	1259	161	42
4684 Robertson.....	377	564	2	6	6	449	696	3	19	880	491	10	36
9841 Rockcastle.....	1198	507	20	13	18	1440	848	16	21	1292	720	4	84
6129 Rowan.....	763	700	2	—	—	767	650	10	20	604	444	7	18
8136 Russell.....	1001	742	16	6	9	1038	612	37	16	738	425	35	17
16546 Scott.....	1592	2203	166	7	35	2111	2237	61	72	1554	2105	16	83
16821 Shelby.....	1435	1941	205	52	19	3029	2534	122	62	1464	2658	181	32
10878 Simpson.....	491	1207	51	99	35	868	1581	31	63	854	1123	81	25
6700 Spencer.....	317	798	32	9	5	508	999	21	15	452	981	17	16
3853 Taylor.....	824	1014	18	78	3	1050	1166	24	13	848	732	229	15
16814 Todd.....	1007	1832	89	13	18	1793	1707	72	68	1656	1515	41	25
13902 Trigg.....	1082	1268	39	132	5	1236	1633	28	25	1126	1132	273	13
7140 Trimble.....	237	874	36	3	3	418	1267	39	30	285	921	22	16
18229 Union.....	600	1913	148	69	9	1249	3183	43	58	818	1839	213	17
30156 Warren.....	2194	3304	154	54	43	2908	3716	97	161	2690	3272	104	35
12822 Washington.....	1369	1538	66	28	10	1573	1536	38	30	1332	1294	122	17
12852 Wayne.....	1115	1223	31	12	4	1413	1190	17	24	1070	927	40	10
17196 Webster.....	1321	1562	53	122	12	1484	2471	21	18	1121	942	496	18
17590 Whiteley.....	2123	406	11	18	14	3130	852	29	43	2511	562	78	22
7180 Wolfe.....	645	856	26	9	8	983	981	12	13	478	630	42	10
12880 Woodford.....	1171	1467	169	4	16	1085	1546	32	45	1257	1556	16	33
Total.....	109578	187482	9662	7274	1732	218171	217800	5019	6781	172436	163524	18911	4186
Plurality.....		17904				281				8912			
Per cent.....	45.17	49.30	2.45	1.94	.05	48.92	48.66	1.14	1.07	48.29	45.79	4.73	.12
Total vote.....		357528				458361					357057		

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Ballard, Caldwell, Calhoun, Carlisle, Crittenden, Fulton, Graves, Hickman, Livingston, Lyon, Marshall, McCracken and Trigg.

G. W. Reeves, Rep..... 5,036  
C. K. Wheeler, Dem..... 10,580

2. The counties of Christian, Daviess, Hancock, Henderson, Hopkins, McLean, Union and Webster.

W. T. Fowler, Rep..... 4,463  
H. D. Allen, Dem..... 8,939  
G. W. Jolly, Ind..... 1,641  
Sam James, Peo..... 569

3. The counties of Allen, Butler, Barren, Cumberland, Edmonson, Logan, Monroe, Muhlenberg, Simpson, Todd and Warren.

M. P. Creel, Rep..... 11,748  
J. S. Rhea, Dem..... 14,771  
J. S. Dorsey, Peo..... 394

4. The counties of Breckinridge, Bullitt, Grayson, Green, Hardin, Hart, Larnie, Madison, Meade, Nelson, Ohio, Taylor and Washington.

Charles Blatchford, Rep..... 12,826  
D. H. Smith, Dem..... 16,696  
R. H. Mullin, Peo..... 689

## 5. The county of Jefferson.

Walter Evans, Rep..... 14,202  
Oscar Turner, Dem..... 14,770  
J. H. Holbrook, Ind..... 421  
Albert Schlitz, Soc..... 394

6. The counties of Boone, Campbell, Carroll, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, Pendleton and Trimble.

W. M. Donaldson, Rep..... 8,962  
A. S. Berry, Dem..... 13,130

7. The counties of Bourbon, Fayette, Franklin, Henry, Oldham, Owen, Scott and Woodford.

T. J. Hardin, Rep..... 6,168  
E. E. Settle, Dem..... 12,904

8. The counties of Anderson, Boyle, Garrard, Jessamine, Lincoln, Madison, Mercer, Rockcastle, Shelby, Spencer and Jackson.

G. M. Davidson, Rep..... 12,206  
G. G. Gilbert, Dem..... 13,047  
W. H. Ziegler, Ind..... 435

9. The counties of Bracken, Bath, Boyd, Carter, Fleming, Greenup, Harrison, Lewis, Lawrence, Mason, Nicholas, Robertson and Rowan.

Sam J. Pugh, Rep..... 16,742  
Mordecai Williams, Dem..... 16,732

10. The counties of Breathitt, Clark, Elliott, Estill, Floyd, Johnson, Knott, Lee, Martin, Magoffin, Montgomery, Morgan, Menefee, Pike, Powell and Wolfe.

W. J. Seitz, Rep. .... 11,402  
T. Y. Fitzpatrick, Dem. .... 12,456

11. The counties of Adair, Bell, Casey, Clay, Clinton, Harlan, Knott, Letcher, Leslie, Laurel, Metcalfe, Owsley, Perry, Pulaski, Russell, Wayne and Whitley.

H. H. Tye, Rep. .... 3,319  
Vincent Boering, Dem. .... 15,706  
J. D. White, Ind. Rep. .... 11,244  
A. J. Beeman, Ind. .... 102

## LEGISLATURE.

1888-89.		1890-91.	
Sen.	Ho.	Sen.	Ho.
Republicans	11	27	36
Democrats	26	73	99
Nat. Democrats	1	1	—
Populists	2	2	2

## LOUISIANA (Population 1,118,587).

COUNTIES. (59)	—PRESIDENT 1896—			—PRES. 1892—		—PRES. 1888—		
	Rep.	S.P.	Dem. G.D.	Dem.	Fusion.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.Lab.
Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Cleveland.	Rep-Pop.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Pres. Stewart.
19231 Acadia	173	61	1062	11.	258	114.	4	607
19645 Ascension	681	41	737	43.	2099	210.	890	1965
19629 Assumption	968	87	344	40.	1276	733.	1045	2339
25112 Bayou Lafourche	186	29	1657	12.	1696	125.	607	1507
14108 Bienville	26	25	1491	11.	1630	443.	1	996
20380 Bossier	9	13	1146	19.	2914	63.	172	2155
31555 Caddo	240	45	1812	38.	2263	236.	125	2541
20176 Calcasieu	741	150	2658	30.	1089	668.	273	1420
5814 Caldwell	12	14	610	3.	670	234.	22	892
26228 Cameron	25	12	254	6.	184	5.	12	208
12002 Catahoula	57	17	811	3.	1081	439.	338	738
23312 Claiborne	17	36	1757	24.	1444	1167.	16	1683
14871 Concordia	48	33	1086	7.	3598	83.	406	2477
19860 De Soto	180	23	1940	26.	1598	238.	2	1020
26422 East Baton Rouge	526	69	1412	58.	1372	640.	1886	1370
12532 East Carroll	167	18	226	24.	1289	35.	374	1906
17938 East Feliciana	8	9	1549	9.	1856	96.	7	826
6930 Franklin	14	14	871	19.	738	36.	26	606
8270 Grant	98	25	780	13.	306	519.	96	1594
20697 Iberia	322	69	989	11.	576	13.	9	1594
21848 Iberville	550	50	858	18.	1809	661.	1896	1116
7453 Jackson	6	13	705	2.	396	306.	—	519
13221 Jefferson	289	63	1263	9.	1275	235.	1069	691
15996 Lafayette	135	32	826	18.	964	—	32	1373
22085 La Fourche	248	140	1120	12.	2322	200.	733	2336
14753 Lincoln	16	24	1241	26.	986	1074.	—	843
5709 Livingston	56	16	683	3.	388	225.	77	377
14135 Madison	69	27	1248	12.	3458	17.	166	2523
16798 Morehouse	18	23	853	7.	1178	52.	4	1286
225636 Natchitoches	22	1	1856	9.	1140	517.	328	1669
42039 Orleans	6612	1683	17487	750.	19234	6165.	7713	15473
17995 Ouachita	55	38	2712	11.	2701	286.	4	2702
12541 Plaquemines	436	44	1502	11.	927	1138.	1373	708
19613 Pointe Coupee	882	28	773	24.	898	322.	791	878
27642 Rapides	102	40	2900	37.	3446	467.	402	8397
11318 Red River	20	6	832	5.	927	320.	73	1479
10230 Richland	59	11	708	11.	883	4.	—	1090
9360 Sabine	8	28	1469	6.	509	764.	—	642
4326 St. Bernard	54	12	569	1.	449	196.	380	561
7737 St. Charles	270	12	125	11.	345	704.	1248	106
8092 St. Helena	61	8	523	8.	306	77.	—	308
15716 St. James	1392	48	210	43.	575	787.	831	543
11359 St. John the Baptist	523	16	180	21.	508	1118.	1094	899
40250 St. Landry	185	57	1786	24.	1136	919.	574	1631
14884 St. Martin	59	17	679	7.	491	13.	4	1009
22416 St. Mary	580	50	561	29.	1311	284.	1445	1781
10180 St. Tammany	285	32	638	38.	501	239.	294	374
12655 Tangipahoa	318	77	1429	32.	786	152.	891	902
16647 Tensas	221	15	1108	5.	2261	213.	863	1787
20167 Terre Bonne	273	75	547	16.	1310	579.	1074	1484
17304 Union	44	42	1586	25.	1316	636.	—	2052
14234 Vermilion	141	55	702	9.	818	323.	160	977
6903 Vernon	11	24	697	5.	361	843.	—	698
6700 Washington	25	23	1168	12.	399	143.	79	417
12496 Webster	78	19	774	5.	1441	288.	42	1310
8363 West Baton Rouge	252	27	237	26.	1487	227.	439	573
3748 West Carroll	—	1	637	—	408	1.	—	563
15092 West Feliciana	25	19	919	19.	1598	—	46	1795
7082 Winn	13	29	682	13.	311	787.	16	553

Total	18320	8717	77175	1834.	87623	27903.	30484	83032	160	39
Plurality	55198			..	59719	..	..	54548		
Per cent.	21.80			78.37	1.81.	74.88	24.11.	26.42	73.48	
Scattering	..			..	153	..	..	..		
Total vote	101046			..	115378	..	..	115715		

\*Two republican tickets were voted; the regular and the sugar planters'.

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

## Railway Commissioners—

1. C. L. DeFuentes, Dem.....	13,067
2. C. Settoon, Ind.....	966
3. R. N. Sims, Jr., Dem.....	7,278
4. Wade H. Hough, Rep.....	6,786
5. W. L. Foster, Dem.....	2,339
6. B. W. Marston, Ind. Dem.....	1,575
7. A. C. Calhoun, Peo.....	1,333

## FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1898.

## 1. Counties of Orleans, St. Bernard and Plaquemines.

C. W. Keeting, Rep.....	896
Adolph Meyer, Dem.....	5,423
2. Counties of Orleans (part), Jefferson, St. Charles, St. James and St. John.	
Frank N. Wicker, Rep.....	1,054
Robert C. Davey, Dem.....	6,802

## 3. Counties of Iberville, Assumption, La Fourche, Terre Bonne, St. Mary, Iberia, St. Martin, Lafayette, Vermillion, Cameron, Calcasieu and Ascension.

Charles Fontelle, Rep.....	974
Robert F. Broussard, Dem.....	4,329

## 4. Counties of Rapides, Sabine, De Soto,

Natchitoches, Red River, Caddo, Bossier, Winn, Grant, Belville, Vernon, Webster.

Phanor Brazzale, Dem.....	4,424
Hardy L. Brian, Peo.....	1,476

## 5. Counties of Concordia, Caldwell, Franklin, Tensas, Madison, Richland, Ouchita, Jackson, Lincoln, Union, Morehouse, East Carroll, West Carroll, Claiborne and Catahoula.

J. G. Tallafarro, Rep.....	1,096
Sam T. Baird, Dem.....	3,558
H. B. Tallafarro, Peo.....	151

## 6. Counties of Acadia, St. Landry, Pointe Coupee, Avoyelles, East Feliciana, West Feliciana, East Baton Rouge, West Baton Rouge, St. Helena, Livingston, Tangipahoa, Washington and St. Tammany.

Sam M. Robertson, Dem.....	3,494
No opposition.	

## LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.	1896-97.
Sen. Ho. J. B. Sen. Ho. J. B.		
Republicans .....	7 24	31 2
Democrats .....	23 60	88 36
People's .....	14 15	1 1

## MAINE (Population, 661,066).

COUNTIES. (16)	GOVERNOR 1898					PRESIDENT 1896					GOV. 1894				
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	N.D.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	G.D.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.		
Population.	Rep.	Dem.	Ladd.	Ger.	Lorramond	Kinsley	Bryan	Bryan	Lover	Palmer	Cassady	Johns	Haney	Steele	
48985 Androscoggin.....	3800	2498	163	23	15	5548	2285	228	111	157	4786	2405	182	861	
49598 Arrowsick.....	3384	1812	263	14	3	4879	1350	184	239	42	4245	1897	538	31	
90919 Cumberland.....	7122	4587	540	20	68	11017	5459	116	224	450	10046	5510	433	178	
17053 Franklin.....	1815	714	75	9	4	2578	831	55	38	49	2221	869	61	72	
37312 Hancock.....	2008	1336	33	69	5	4306	1558	235	61	119	3115	1283	79	483	
57012 Kennebec.....	4017	1981	269	29	18	7889	2673	135	191	108	6300	2201	240	480	
31173 Knox.....	2015	2100	43	107	68	3246	1683	220	35	103	3038	1843	73	811	
21946 Lincoln.....	2041	1396	36	10	9	2548	1126	58	37	62	2120	986	82	192	
30598 Oxford.....	2006	1012	98	16	17	4779	1545	132	67	159	3933	1457	120	157	
72965 Penobscot.....	5057	3396	157	171	21	8414	3592	439	133	91	7246	2809	289	802	
16134 Piscataquis.....	1197	908	56	15	5	2342	838	169	48	36	1993	628	74	168	
19452 Sagadahoc.....	1517	47	66	10	24	2725	921	36	45	79	2076	673	94	111	
32327 Somerset.....	2501	1641	191	70	8	4086	1813	205	97	82	4095	1413	117	516	
27759 Waldo.....	2551	1608	61	88	7	3252	1747	132	32	50	2435	1788	85	621	
41482 Washington.....	2572	1339	68	22	14	4937	1819	115	50	18	873	2088	142	234	
62829 York.....	6476	4284	226	39	29	7531	3362	94	174	174	7076	3351	183	144	
Total.....	5236	2497	2335	652	315	80455	32201	2487	1570	1870	6560	30621	2730	5821	
Plurality.....	24799				45777				38078						
Per cent.....	62.03	33.72	2.70	.81	.40	67.85	27.15	2.00	1.38	1.56	64.28	28.28	2.53	4.91	
Scattering.....															
Total vote.....				87475			118563					108271			

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

## 1. Counties of Cumberland and York.

Thomas B. Reed, Rep.....	14,598
Luther F. McKinney, Dem.....	9,072
Daniel F. Parker, Pro.....	673
Moulton, Peo.....	53

## 2. Counties of Androscoggin, Franklin, Knox, Lincoln, Oxford and Sagadahoc.

Nelson Dingley, Rep.....	15,149
John Scott, Dem.....	8,126
A. J. Wheeler, Pro.....	394
Blanchard, Nat. Dem.....	89

## 3. Counties of Hancock, Kennebec, Somerset and Waldo.

Edwin C. Burleigh, Rep.....	12,854
F. W. Plalsted, Dem.....	6,033
Oliver S. Pillsbury, Pro.....	503

## 4. Counties of Arrowsick, Penobscot, Piscataquis and Washington.

Charles A. Boutelle, Rep.....	12,480
Andrew J. Chase, Dem.....	5,534
George M. Park, Pro.....	451
Littlefield, Peo.....	244

## LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.	1897-98.
Sen. Ho. J. B. Sen. Ho. J. B.		
Republicans .....	31 126	157 31
Democrats .....	25 25	— 6

## MARYLAND (Population 1,042,800).

COUNTIES. (24)	COMPTROLLER 1897				PRESIDENT 1896				GOV. 1895			
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Dem.
Population.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Dem.
41571 Allegany.....	4515	3168	845	13	5496	3911	236	13	57	6	5128	3851
84094 Anne Arundel.....	3395	3473	180	3	4030	3145	115	2	48	2	3275	3244
72908 Baltimore.....	7240	7980	466	87	9206	7181	512	53	280	22	9079	7173
434438 Baltimore city.....	54032	46629	1545	317	61840	43653	1908	446	1366	65	54920	43380
12630 Calvert.....	1263	957	31	2	1263	822	49	6	1	1	1076	1082
13003 Carroll.....	1649	1793	147	10	1696	1085	110	6	26	2	1587	1549
82376 Carroll.....	3815	3861	283	4	4048	3811	209	6	85	2	3642	3706

Population	Goldborough	Smith	Priscoll	Whiskey	McKinley	Bryan	Levering	Match	Palmer	Bentley	Loriston	Burt
25881 Cecil	2695	3266	99	3..	3130	2909	99	1	86	6..	2380	2565
15189 Charles	1891	1615	—	—	2118	1372	22	3	14	1..	1970	1189
24843 Dorchester	2906	8154	174	14..	3043	2633	127	2	16	4..	3063	2622
49512 Frederick	5648	4934	845	2..	6353	6214	279	6	88	—	6059	6314
14213 Garrett	1791	1255	89	4..	2060	1275	41	2	14	—	1915	1337
28923 Harford	2845	3398	324	38..	3373	3362	292	6	73	—	3216	3167
16394 Howard	1852	2056	70	5..	1973	1787	59	5	36	2..	2073	1654
17471 Kent	2235	2300	70	2..	2386	1981	78	—	8	—	2180	2136
27185 Montgomery	2311	3153	230	7..	3218	3460	108	4	57	2..	3080	3028
26384 Prince George's	2612	2369	29	7..	3250	2504	24	23	8..	2..	3170	2705
15461 Queen Anne's	1786	2383	150	4..	1917	2519	143	3	32	5..	1933	2167
15819 St. Mary's	1960	1641	19	—	2646	2095	451	10	15	3..	1876	1475
24153 Somerset	2479	2208	432	2..	2044	1171	19	2	15	—	2611	2217
19796 Talbot	2435	2457	153	3..	2543	2189	151	1	50	8..	2394	2164
36782 Washington	4805	4810	224	30..	5428	4386	197	7	114	5..	5109	4344
19439 Wicomico	1944	2393	326	4..	2023	2254	314	2	30	1..	1698	2344
19746 Worcester	1651	2097	367	2..	1756	1962	379	5	20	1..	1794	2404
Total	121173	114064	6086	508..	138950	104735	5918	567	2507	136..	12636	106469
Plurality	7109	—	—	—	32224	—	—	—	—	—	18767	—
Per cent.	50.10	47.16	2.52	0.21..	54.00	41.75	2.36	0.23	1.00	0.05..	52.00	41.2
Total vote	—	241841	—	—	—	250843	—	—	—	—	240905	—

\*In 1896, for governor, Levering, Pro., received 7,719; Andrews, Peo., 939, and Andrews, S.-L., 392 votes.

#### FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Worcester, Somerset, Wicomico, Dorchester, Talbot, Queen Anne, Caroline and Kent.

Wilbur F. Jackson, Rep.	15,823
John Walter Smith, Dem.	16,749
James Swann, Pro.	1,823
William Willis, Sil. Dem.	574

2. Wards 20, 21 and 22 and 9th precinct of 11th ward of Baltimore city, counties of Cecil, Harford and Carroll, 2d, 3d, 4th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th districts of Baltimore county.

William B. Baker, Rep.	20,806
Richard B. Tippet, Dem.	20,436
Harrie J. Hollingsworth, Pro.	1,772

3. Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 15 and 16 of Baltimore city.

Frank A. Wechter, Rep.	17,508
John B. Schwatka, Dem.	17,386
John F. Hicks, Pro.	718
William Whiskey, Lab.	32

4. Wards 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 18 and 19 of Baltimore city.

William W. McIntire, Rep.	16,664
James W. Denny, Dem.	17,664
Thomas Spencer Creney, Pro.	1,134
Theobald Meyer, Lab.	289

5. Counties of St. Mary, Charles, Calvert, Prince George, Anne Arundel, Howard, 1st and 13th districts of Baltimore county and 17th ward of Baltimore city.

Sydney E. Mudd, Rep.	17,349
John S. Cummings, Dem.	14,672
John E. Wetherald, Pro.	913
Charles T. Parker, Ind. Rep.	277

6. Counties of Allegany, Garrett, Washington, Frederick and Montgomery.

George A. Pearre, Rep.	18,878
Thomas A. Poffenberger, Dem.	14,373
John T. Baker, Pro.	1,167

#### LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.
Republicans	18	49	67..	12	68	50	
Democrats	8	43	50..	12	23	36	

#### MASSACHUSETTS (Population, 2,238,943).

Population.	GOVERNOR 1898					GOVERNOR 1897				
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.L.	D.N.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	D.N.	Lab.
29172 Barnstable	2204	407	—	—	17..	2220	265	79	58	8
81106 Berkshire	7532	457	258	95	13..	6472	2265	355	618	315
186463 Bristol	13779	6272	413	1245	187..	12015	4295	431	808	371
4399 Dukes	565	95	48	14	3..	441	73	54	25	10
296086 Essex	26498	13712	631	1940	1595..	22555	10894	737	1263	1032
38410 Franklin	3485	1300	188	67	28..	2738	897	141	262	29
135713 Hampden	10777	7290	308	1163	201..	9075	5177	311	771	641
51859 Hampshire	3431	1970	313	28	46..	4112	1405	184	398	93
431167 Middlesex	41725	18950	733	1008	303..	35195	15140	969	3001	743
3268 Nantucket	849	77	11	5	10..	191	22	8	36	—
118650 Norfolk	12407	5443	255	209	89..	10001	3563	223	1038	177
95700 Plymouth	7749	2617	224	573	252..	6355	1946	313	490	533
481780 Suffolk	37830	33362	736	1453	570..	34057	26112	655	3561	1147
230787 Worcester	22117	10922	527	1720	319..	19349	6938	687	1571	1408
Total	191146	107960	4734	10063	3749..	165035	79663	4948	13879	6301
Plurality	83186	—	—	—	—	85543	—	—	—	—
Per cent.	60.15	33.97	1.49	3.16	1.18..	61.19	29.49	1.83	5.14	2.34
Scattering	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	20	—	—
Total vote	—	—	517735	—	—	—	209795	—	—	—

#### VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Lieut.-Gov.-W. M. Crane, Rep.	183,683
Edward J. Slattery, Dem.	106,197
Michael T. Herry, Soc. Lab.	12,170
Isaac W. Skinner, Dem. Soc.	5,899
John L. Kilbon, Pro.	5,582

Secretary—Wm. M. Olin, Rep.	179,662
Henry Lloyd, Dem.	99,505
James F. Stevens, Soc. Lab.	11,531
Charles H. Bradley, Dem. Soc.	9,385
Henry A. Inman, Pro.	5,423
Treasurer—Edward P. Shaw, Rep.	177,533
Harry J. Jaquith, Dem.	100,125



Population.	Piquette.	Whiting.	Chester.	Cook.	Hastings.	Long.	Yap's.	Porte.	Ch'rr.	Chappel.	Kel.	Maliney.	Byrnan.	Warr.	L'v.
32801 Ionia.....	4287	4138	98	21	3..	3615	3580	277	92	10	47..	458	4758	65	17
15224 Iocoo.....	1096	556	16	2	6..	1038	504	195	25	14	9..	1469	913	28	1
4432 Iron.....	795	286	10	2	2..	967	299	33	20	13	5..	1051	296	24	4
18784 Isabella.....	2387	1732	52	20	6..	1989	1823	124	74	85	41	2425	2679	24	40
45031 Jackson.....	4643	5468	248	89	8..	4631	4421	806	196	9	00..	6209	6515	127	149
39773 Kalamazoo.....	5112	3747	132	32	7..	4146	3444	385	118	19	31..	5892	5434	83	83
5160 Kalkaska.....	710	168	20	4	2..	755	168	64	30	2	8..	940	422	27	18
10922 Kent.....	15246	7924	454	58	13..	9722	7306	1157	468	92	68..	17053	13584	318	297
2894 Keweenaw.....	324	24	2	1	2..	238	7	21	6	3	4..	411	45	5	1
6505 Lake.....	709	393	20	8	6..	690	817	47	14	11	16..	888	548	20	8
1213 Lapeer.....	2357	1915	82	12	5..	2380	1906	216	99	10	10..	3910	3076	105	101
7944 Leelanaw.....	327	318	24	6	3..	735	55	30	4	17..	1405	691	53	13	163
4848 Lenawee.....	5520	5588	287	41	19..	5282	4350	455	183	21	42..	6861	6300	143	163
20658 Livingston.....	2644	2513	128	18	3..	2429	2278	273	183	7	26..	2894	2898	78	73
2455 Luce.....	357	258	14	8	—	314	163	30	14	2	8..	358	236	16	17
7890 Mackinac.....	673	542	16	—	2..	555	478	143	21	8	8..	806	805	26	9
31613 Macomb.....	3727	3005	108	12	6..	3209	1978	568	75	8	13..	4153	3400	157	73
24230 Manistee.....	2465	1972	57	9	7..	1955	1986	374	61	25	36..	2947	2487	94	35
39521 Marquette.....	3214	1298	224	87	45..	3407	952	273	250	234	88..	6110	1990	79	100
16385 Mason.....	1741	943	64	4	5..	1708	987	194	41	11	27..	2178	1590	66	32
19387 Mecosta.....	2050	865	50	8	5..	1985	1041	201	98	6	104..	2987	1767	73	69
33539 Menominee.....	1843	1045	84	6	8..	1871	655	876	50	28	11..	3105	1489	47	22
10657 Midland.....	1277	1000	29	27	3..	1338	108	106	22	9	42..	1324	1507	47	34
5048 Missaukee.....	957	600	36	1	1..	637	430	27	34	14	14..	849	897	4	37
32317 Monroe.....	3238	3276	94	16	4..	3016	2647	458	71	12	144..	4053	4209	74	51
32537 Montcalm.....	3243	2155	67	41	11..	3261	1849	263	93	19	151..	4523	3651	87	60
1487 Mtmorency.....	510	223	4	—	—	362	304	57	23	1	11..	479	330	2	6
40013 Muskegon.....	4271	1764	72	23	14..	3390	2055	168	92	15	69..	4682	3110	83	71
20476 Newaygo.....	2094	1097	57	11	2..	2045	1119	161	68	20	18..	2649	1943	30	44
41425 Oakland.....	5442	4115	292	26	—	4695	3275	922	243	10	34..	5940	5332	180	129
13388 Oceana.....	2178	965	110	13	4..	1868	1042	129	121	4	21..	2534	1637	61	118
5583 Ogemaw.....	863	478	23	3	2..	662	323	65	33	18	24..	793	560	24	18
3756 Ontonagon.....	572	308	5	4	2..	508	182	93	18	11	11..	758	416	25	7
14390 Osceola.....	1614	617	87	4	5..	1586	621	141	68	7	22..	2270	1178	69	52
1904 Oscoda.....	183	92	3	1	—	186	35	22	5	1	8..	308	92	9	1
4272 Otsego.....	898	402	12	2	2..	583	194	102	14	8	16..	859	580	14	10
35358 Ottawa.....	3806	2456	74	20	10..	3635	2019	449	79	18	41..	5212	3549	114	67
4687 Presque Isle.....	850	328	2	—	1..	554	206	153	4	4	3..	754	371	10	8
2042 Rosecounte.....	285	101	4	4	—	204	90	30	6	—	2..	283	141	3	4
82273 Saginaw.....	7102	5308	98	30	85..	5307	5239	1195	147	102	57..	8362	8792	182	75
32589 Sanilac.....	8021	1800	89	34	2..	2930	1528	276	220	46	119..	3631	3156	90	96
5818 Schoolecraft.....	618	412	11	2	1..	696	218	62	30	14	15..	975	649	18	12
30432 Shiawassee.....	4128	3085	182	19	7..	3699	2748	339	167	7	28..	4655	4308	139	87
52105 St. Clair.....	6109	3750	101	18	13..	4647	2555	811	130	28	67..	7164	5127	161	98
23556 St. Joseph.....	2443	2352	100	68	5..	2279	2401	159	55	10	36..	3185	2698	51	59
3248 Tuscola.....	4130	2058	171	43	6..	3248	2049	284	180	21	232..	4275	3556	87	86
33541 Van Buren.....	3944	2938	99	84	2..	3295	2591	157	90	9	100..	4506	3863	92	73
42210 Washtenaw.....	4704	4573	177	14	1..	4501	2387	1362	230	29	18..	5677	5341	215	110
257114 Wayne.....	27689	19773	175	88	564..	24550	10764	8870	475	534	84..	36817	36316	908	261
11278 Wexford.....	1422	728	54	6	4..	1463	851	81	82	2	27..	2036	1359	36	49

Total.....243,239 108142 7005 1656 1101..310721 136307 30729 7366 2166 8006..226363 236714 6579 5025

Plurality.....75097 71414 50868

Per cent.....57.77 39.22 1.65 .38 .26..53.36 35.35 7.73 2.00 .55 .99..53.42 43.47 1.26 0.22

Scattering.....40 394845 544623

Total vote.....421164

In 1896, for president, Bentley, Nat., received 1,935 votes; Matchett, S. L., 297 in Wayne Co.

#### VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Lieut.-Gov.—O. W. Robinson, Rep.....	236,337
Michael F. McDonald, Dem.....	170,398
N. Norton Clark, Pro.....	7,268
Austin S. Randall, Pop.....	1,948
Joel Dugrey.....	1,184
Secretary of State—	
Justus S. Shearns, Rep.....	236,576
Leroy E. Lockwood, Dem.....	170,119
John Sweet, Pro.....	7,294
Jonas M. Borough, Pop.....	1,933
Peter Friesema, Jr., Soc.....	1,182
State Treasurer—G. A. Steele, Rep.....	233,668
Edgar B. Smith, Dem.....	173,114
Robert King, Pro.....	7,232
Robert Blum, Lab. Pop.....	1,949
Henry Slevers, Soc.....	1,152
Auditor-General—Roscoe D. Dix, Rep.....	236,332
John L. Frisbie, Dem.....	170,563
Henry Andrus, Pro.....	7,281
Archibald Malone, Pop.....	1,934
Anthony Laumet, Soc.....	1,186
Land Commissioner—	
William A. French, Rep.....	235,745

Carlton Peck, Dem.....	170,573
J. Van Zelenberg, Pro.....	7,061
James H. Baker, Pop.....	1,967
Gustav Zander, Soc.....	1,286
Att'y-Gen.—Horace M. Oren, Rep.....	234,913
Royal A. Hawley, Dem.....	170,421
Myron H. Walker, Pro.....	7,251
Justus G. Lamson, Pop.....	1,967
W. W. Wittenberg, Soc.....	1,167
Superintendent Public Instruction—	
Jason E. Hammond, Rep.....	235,443
John F. Evert, Dem.....	170,173
David S. Warner, Pro.....	7,237
Phyllander Brant, Pop.....	1,927
Joseph Kopyskiewics, Soc.....	1,237
Member State Board of Education—	
(Short term.)	
Elias F. Johnson, Rep.....	182,437
Leston O. Chatfield, Dem.....	124,696
William C. Clemo, Pro.....	5,546
Dison J. Parker, Pop.....	1,513
Frederick A. Platt, Rep.....	52,583
George E. Williams, Dem.....	33,281
Delavan B. Reed, Pro.....	1,843
William Warner, Pop.....	463
Louis Erb, Soc.....	150

## ELECTION RETURNS.

367

Circuit Judge (First Judicial Circuit)—  
 Guy M. Chester, Rep. .... 9,933  
 Willard Stearns, Dem. .... 8,578  
 (Twenty-Seventh Judicial Circuit)  
 Lewis G. Palmer, Rep. .... 3,968  
 Frank Dumon, Dem. .... 2,132  
 Member State Board of Education—  
 (Long term.)

Frederick A. Platt, Rep. .... 183,293  
 George E. Willits, Dem. .... 136,511  
 Delavan B. Reed, Pro. .... 5,422  
 William Warner, Pop. .... 1,440  
 Louis Erb, Soc. .... 981  
 Elias F. Johnson, Rep. .... 52,891  
 Leston O. Chatfield, Dem. .... 33,289  
 William C. Clemons, Pro. .... 1,861  
 Disson J. Porter, Pop. .... 452

Regents of University (to fill vacancies)—  
 Eli R. Sutton, Rep. .... 221,638  
 J. Byron Juddkins, Rep. .... 221,354  
 Revision of Constitution—

Yes ..... 162,123  
 No ..... 127,147

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

## 1. Thirteen wards city of Detroit.

John B. Corlies, Rep. .... 16,659  
 James H. Pound, Dem. .... 15,401  
 Charles Erb, Soc. .... 470

## 2. The counties of Jackson, Lenawee, Monroe, Washtenaw, ten townships in Wayne county, city of Wyandotte.

Henry C. Smith, Rep. .... 21,912  
 O. R. Pierce, Dem. .... 19,399  
 Porter Beal, Pro. .... 779  
 Byron E. Niles, Pop. .... 126

## 3. The counties of Branch, Calhoun, Eaton, Hillsdale and Kalamazoo.

Washington Gardner, Rep. .... 21,132  
 Albert M. Todd, Dem. .... 19,864  
 William Parmenter, Pro. .... 1

## 4. The counties of Allegan, Barry, Berrien, Cass, St. Joseph and Van Buren.

E. L. Hamilton, Rep. .... 21,740  
 Roman I. Jarvis, Dem. .... 17,146  
 George F. Comings, Pro. .... 474  
 George F. Cunningham, Pop. .... 321

## 5. The counties of Ionia, Kent and Otsewa.

William Alden Smith, Rep. .... 22,021  
 George R. Perry, Dem. .... 16,064  
 Charles Oldfield, Pro. .... 586  
 Thomas J. Haynes, Pop. .... 97

## 6. The counties of Genesee, Ingham, Livingston, Oakland, six townships Wayne county, three wards city of Detroit.

Samuel W. Smith, Rep. .... 22,981  
 Charles Fishbeck, Dem. .... 17,171  
 Myron Voorhies, Pro. .... 882  
 James M. Houghton, Pop. .... 164

## 7. The counties of Huron, Lapeer, Macomb, Sanilac, St. Clair, two townships Wayne county.

Edgar Weeks, Rep. .... 18,623  
 Fred E. Burton, Dem. .... 12,888  
 James Henderson, Pop. .... 279

## 8. The counties of Clinton, Saginaw, Shiawassee and Tuscola.

Joseph W. Fordney, Rep. .... 16,793  
 Ferdinand Brucker, Dem. .... 15,048

## 9. The counties of Benzie, Lake, Leelanaw, Manistow, Manistee, Mason, Muskegon, Newaygo, Oceana and Wexford.

Roswell P. Bishop, Rep. .... 15,687  
 C. J. Chaddock, Dem. .... 9,291  
 George M. Sprout, Pro. .... 506  
 Norman B. Farnsworth, Pop. .... 157

## 10. The counties of Alcona, Alpena, Arenac, Bay, Cheboygan, Crawford, Emmet, Gladwin, Iosco, Midland, Montmorency, Ogemaw, Oscego and Presque Isle.

Rosseau O. Crump, Rep. .... 16,482  
 R. J. Kelly, Dem. .... 13,230  
 James J. Miller, Pro. .... 117

## 11. The counties of Antrim, Charlevoix, Clare, Grand Traverse, Gratiot, Isabella, Kalkaska, Mecosta, Missaukee, Montcalm, Osceola and Roscommon.

William S. Mesick, Rep. .... 18,545  
 A. W. Nichols, Dem. .... 11,799  
 Harvey M. Lowell, Pro. .... 610

## 12. The counties of Alger, Baraga, Chippewa, Delta, Dickinson, Gogebic, Houghton, Iron, Keweenaw, Luce, Mackinac, Marquette, Menominee, Ontonagon and Schoolcraft.

Carlos D. Shelden, Rep. .... 19,896  
 Solomon S. Curry, Dem. .... 8,921  
 Harvey B. Hatch, Pop. .... 825

## LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.		1896-97.	
	Sen.	Ho.	J. B. Sen.	Ho. J. B.
Republicans	27	93	120	26
Democrats	5	7	12	—
Fusion	—	—	6	19

## MINNESOTA (Population 1,301,896).

COUNTIES. (82)	GOVERNOR, 1898					PRESIDENT 1896					GOV. 1894				
	Rep.	Fus.	Pro.	M. P.	S. L.	Rep.	Dem.	G. P.	Pro.	S. L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Pco.	
	Enact.	Line.	Alleg.	Gen.	Run	Alleg.	Gen.	Run	Alleg.	Gen.	Alleg.	Gen.	Run	Alleg.	
2462 Aitkin.....	398	406	7	8	—	855	244	9	17	0	649	118	246		
9884 Anoka.....	871	894	18	7	4	1553	701	24	34	1	1226	131	989		
9401 Becker.....	1117	1000	98	49	9	1479	965	16	49	2	1125	190	810		
812 Beltrami.....	441	417	11	8	2	202	213	3	3	—	54	91	18		
6284 Benton.....	634	836	36	10	15	778	807	14	8	2	731	405	395		
5722 Blue Stone.....	923	887	35	20	5	1035	742	31	54	4	728	218	555		
28210 Big Lake.....	2428	2568	103	42	9	4065	2744	93	150	—	2106	1098	1142		
15617 Brown.....	194	1550	21	6	8	1907	1900	50	42	15	1003	704	1220		
1272 Carlton.....	546	585	12	5	4	1169	543	10	13	6	857	305	864		
16582 Carver.....	1143	1477	18	8	4	1856	1208	44	13	3	1736	127	465		
1247 Cass.....	588	430	13	18	17	851	271	3	6	2	227	91	140		
8555 Chippewa.....	759	934	25	20	2	1310	1057	11	23	8	810	114	734		
10359 Chisago.....	1163	784	9	4	4	2558	437	17	18	2	1838	169	391		
11517 Clay.....	930	1412	60	23	7	1594	1806	35	43	9	1109	348	1328		
98 Cook.....	74	81	2	1	1	81	107	1	3	—	70	13	67		
7413 Cottonwood.....	710	698	26	7	2	1242	810	16	47	—	842	67	563		
8552 Crow Wing.....	1010	944	31	21	18	1701	1066	26	59	11	1144	311	556		
20240 Dakota.....	1191	2186	90	56	81	2147	2210	67	90	25	1823	1361	1267		
10864 Dodge.....	1036	439	77	7	2	1000	911	18	86	4	1627	134	649		
14026 Douglas.....	1302	1617	32	21	10	1976	1361	19	66	—	1646	197	1300		
16708 Faribault.....	1303	1130	107	3	9	3110	1197	59	82	2	2203	150	829		

Population.	East.	Land.	Higgins.	Long.	Han.	McKinley.	Byran.	Palmer.	Lover.	Matchett.	Neison.	Becker.	Over.
20024 Fillmore.....	2219	1527	156	16	12.	4186	1890	40	167	10.	2970	418	1293
17192 Freeburn.....	1786	964	111	20	17.	3400	1179	26	99	2.	2371	128	898
28806 Gooding.....	3108	1884	113	12	23.	5748	1326	78	118	12.	4236	1145	608
9675 Grant.....	518	761	27	4	2.	1002	439	40	167	10.	822	34	745
18524 Hennepin.....	14458	19633	681	97	406.	26786	20606	291	450	214.	22293	5080	10890
14653 Houston.....	1383	910	48	16	6.	2187	991	37	47	4.	1786	849	333
1412 Hubbard.....	437	384	10	10	3.	364	344	19	4*	1.	315	85	289
7607 Icaant.....	433	1106	9	5	7.	1100	770	8	—	—	1046	49	498
743 Isaac.....	461	573	14	4	10.	826	724	8	5	3.	657	339	402
5924 Jackson.....	1032	964	36	8	11.	1538	1150	17	29	8.	1243	429	701
1579 Kansas.....	160	547	1	—	2.	184	245	5	19	—	248	36	190
13647 Kandiyohi.....	985	1363	45	8	1.	2181	1043	17	38	3.	1547	67	1528
5367 Kirtson.....	367	753	20	5	4.	733	782	18	23	6.	610	85	816
10882 Lac qui Parle.....	803	1198	61	18	3.	1620	1332	21	57	—	1235	90	993
1290 Lake.....	253	336	—	—	—	445	330	5	6	3.	439	70	109
13067 La Sault.....	1620	2082	78	18	16.	2265	2006	54	65	12.	1838	1332	1070
5691 Lincoln.....	378	565	35	25	5.	674	716	28	31	—	496	83	693
9601 Lyon.....	976	1141	42	32	8.	1623	1351	22	67	9.	1272	166	1057
17036 McLeod.....	1374	1623	63	18	17.	1806	1653	47	43	4.	1302	1298	575
9190 Marshall.....	721	1233	89	26	8.	1300	1223	11	15	4.	837	96	1210
9408 Martin.....	967	1472	89	5	4.	1739	1227	32	98	9.	1289	412	423
15456 Meeker.....	1033	1738	98	14	13.	2004	1536	23	51	12.	1717	438	1161
2645 Mills.....	634	573	22	—	1.	577	524	14	13	—	821	36	584
13325 Montross.....	1187	2058	62	12	24	1900	1794	32	51	8.	1815	1133	576
18019 Mower.....	1783	923	60	10	7.	2370	1407	36	85	2.	2443	711	982
6692 Murray.....	634	892	26	30	—	1204	1054	22	21	3.	770	168	786
13362 Nicollet.....	988	1318	32	3	5.	1813	1307	42	32	1.	1345	698	677
7368 Nobles.....	812	983	63	77	7.	1458	1204	32	48	7.	1112	633	427
10018 Norman.....	1059	919	113	20	4.	1382	1306	12	83	5.	824	64	1234
10434 Olmsted.....	2268	1759	123	34	15.	3201	1741	66	83	4.	2536	1375	522
84232 Otter Tail.....	2314	3427	232	85	41.	3944	4852	76	162	30.	2504	595	3295
4032 Pine.....	535	914	12	6	11.	1132	875	80	13	7.	649	307	255
5132 Pipestone.....	636	559	25	46	2.	563	519	17	17	—	743	171	682
1042 Pope.....	1472	2883	116	36	25.	2883	2634	54	69	35.	2032	693	467
30192 Polk.....	978	676	60	27	4.	1773	1683	8	43	2.	1336	90	716
18536 Ramsey.....	9876	11770	324	77	385.	17522	13049	433	177	207.	13277	6334	7673
Red Lake.....	422	1084	20	31	16.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
9386 Redwood.....	1028	584	49	29	2.	1818	1123	24	31	4.	1321	414	694
17080 Renville.....	1528	2064	78	67	4.	2558	1978	28	51	8.	1783	417	1764
23938 Rice.....	2095	1733	121	35	16.	8483	3002	110	108	13.	2515	1086	1224
6817 Rock.....	790	490	32	39	4.	1209	765	15	28	3.	1162	256	332
Roseau.....	283	401	17	11	6.	287	527	5	6	8.	—	—	—
44892 St. Louis.....	4409	4965	108	38	70.	9810	7412	76	92	—	7581	1917	3076
13831 Scott.....	753	1730	49	20	12.	1126	1706	67	29	11.	1018	1457	548
5908 Sherburne.....	450	446	17	7	5.	1006	856	13	16	2.	777	14	353
61599 Steele.....	1110	1583	19	22	7.	1326	126	47	19	7.	1309	898	552
34814 Stearns.....	1900	4061	63	61	42.	2373	4911	123	43	19.	3033	2657	1479
12312 Steele.....	1435	1091	72	8	9.	2044	1248	65	80	6.	1740	1149	305
5251 Stevens.....	595	981	18	13	11.	981	685	13	38	2.	715	214	438
10161 Swift.....	771	1272	39	24	7.	1273	1222	15	40	7.	1022	208	1077
12830 Todd.....	1620	1530	143	36	26.	2043	1739	36	98	—	1495	698	995
4516 Traverse.....	387	975	23	7	3.	689	963	—	—	—	40	396	623
16972 Wabasha.....	1770	1787	73	21	19.	2530	1930	56	76	7.	1286	1296	730
4053 Wadena.....	677	519	18	15	6.	874	634	7	25	1.	655	197	335
13313 Waseon.....	1118	1515	36	13	9.	1908	1244	29	57	8.	1367	478	731
25992 Washington.....	1626	1839	30	14	13.	1625	1556	68	47	8.	2574	723	1051
7746 Waukegan.....	764	588	84	1	8.	1322	686	10	33	2.	1052	230	397
4346 Wilkin.....	472	777	26	13	17.	631	856	16	21	5.	546	134	567
37377 Winona.....	2372	3233	98	44	63.	3935	2529	59	69	18.	3336	2484	1102
24164 Wright.....	1911	2530	60	26	10.	3312	2172	37	49	9.	2204	980	1329
9854 Yellw Medicine.....	961	1036	64	—	—	1578	1015	21	63	1.	1195	86	1004
Total.....	111638	132022	5216	1770	1647.	193501	139636	3230	4365	915	147944	53679	87961
Plurality.....	20396	—	—	—	—	53875	—	—	—	—	60013	—	97,258
Per cent.....	44.24	52.28	2.06	.77	.65.	56.70	40.80	.94	1.27	.25.	49.32	18.10	29.69
Total vote.....	252308	—	—	—	—	341637	—	—	—	—	296355	—	—

In 1894, Hilleboe, Pro., for governor, received 6,879 votes.

#### VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Lieutenant-Governor—	
Lyndon A. Smith, Rep.....	130,207
J. M. Bowler, Fus.....	104,544
Secretary of State—Albert Berg, Rep.....	136,106
Julius J. Heinrich, Fus.....	97,258
State Auditor—Robert C. Dunn, Rep.....	138,980
George N. Lamphere, Fus.....	94,406
State Treasurer—	
August T. Koerner, Rep.....	140,751
Alexander McKinnon, Fus.....	97,087
Attorney-General—	
Wallace B. Douglas, Rep.....	137,560
John F. Kelly, Fus.....	96,717
Clerk Supreme Court—	

Darius F. Reese, Rep.....	137,577
Z. H. Austin, Fus.....	97,258
Justice Supreme Court—	
John A. Lovely, Rep.....	132,397
Calvin L. Brown, Rep.....	107,354
Charles L. Lewis, Rep.....	100,667
Thomas Canty, Fus.....	96,715
William Mitchell, Fus.....	89,676
Daniel Buck, Fus.....	73,115

#### FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Dodge, Fillmore, Freeborn, Houston, Mower, Olmsted, Steele, Wabasha, Wadena and Winona.	
J. A. Tawney, Rep.....	13,831
Milo White, Fus.....	11,941

## ELECTION RETURNS.

309

2. Counties of Blue Earth, Brown, Chip-  
pewa, Cottonwood, Faribault, Jackson, Lac  
qui Parle, Lincoln, Lyon, Martin, Murray,  
Nicollet, Nobles, Pipestone, Redwood, Rock,  
Watonswan, Yellow Medicine.

J. T. McCleary, Rep. .... 20,480  
D. H. Evans, Fus. .... 14,785

3. Counties of Carver, Dakota, Goodhue,  
Le Sueur, McLeod, Meeker, Renville, Rice,  
Scott and Sibley.

J. P. Heatwole, Rep. .... 19,371  
C. G. Hinda, Fus. .... 13,183

4. Counties of Chisago, Isanti, Kanabec,  
Ramsey and Washington.

F. O. Stevens, Rep. .... 15,348  
J. W. Willis, Fus. .... 11,632

5. County of Hennepin.

Loren Fletcher, Rep. .... 18,736  
T. J. Caton, Fus. .... 12,896

6. Counties of Aitkin, Anoka, Beltrami,  
Benton, Carlton, Cass, Cook, Crow Wing,

Hubbard, Itasca, Lake, Mille Lacs, Morris-  
son, Pine, St. Louis, Sherburne, Stearns,  
Todd, Wadena and Wright.

Page Morris, Rep. .... 22,194  
C. A. Towne, Fus. .... 21,731

7. Counties of Becker, Big Stone, Clay,  
Douglas, Grant, Kandiyohi, Kittson, Mar-  
shall, Norman, Otter Tail, Polk, Pope,  
Rocan, Stevens, Swift, Traverse, Wilkin  
and Red Lake.

F. M. Eddy, Rep. .... 19,694  
P. M. Ringdal, Fus. .... 16,284

## LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.		1897-98.	
	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.	Sen. Ho. J.B.
Republicans	44	93	137	44 90 134
Democrats	13	25	43	3 11 14
People's	—	—	—	5 13 18
Independents	1	1	2	— — —
F. S. Reps.	—	—	—	2 — —

## MISSISSIPPI (Population 1,289,000).

COUNTIES. (76)	PRESIDENT 1896				GOV. 1895				PRESIDENT 1892			
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	G.D.	Dem.	Pro.	G.D.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Pro.
Adams	174	496	11	4	80	538	36	77	467	9	—	—
Alcorn	63	923	5	4	6	903	87	55	891	9	20	20
Amite	22	742	253	6	17	640	472	4	572	5	180	180
Attala	166	650	357	8	19	1073	743	13	751	123	515	515
Benton	116	616	22	3	2	505	46	64	423	21	37	37
Bolivar	116	838	23	20	6	870	17	25	227	8	20	20
Calhoun	33	800	156	11	24	724	438	11	612	5	285	285
Carroll	79	749	446	2	13	735	693	22	563	43	377	377
Chickasaw	75	567	90	21	24	621	573	6	332	8	339	339
Choctaw	56	511	397	7	4	647	604	17	334	8	312	312
Chalburne	16	509	9	3	41	214	8	3	424	4	43	43
Clarke	7	832	115	4	5	870	151	1	626	14	108	108
Clay	36	620	56	5	8	462	164	6	522	—	89	89
Coahoma	91	347	—	3	9	456	26	32	272	—	—	—
Copiah	73	1342	273	14	15	1215	553	16	1034	23	49	49
Covington	73	686	426	2	2	548	256	9	323	7	37	37
De Soto	59	841	50	4	25	610	85	18	479	28	98	98
Franklin	18	326	218	3	7	481	354	1	314	18	178	178
Greene	—	265	1	—	4	250	128	15	179	—	15	15
Grenada	20	456	35	6	2	498	139	4	399	3	47	47
Hancock	49	344	5	2	7	276	46	10	249	7	13	13
Harrison	18	234	3	1	15	427	47	10	353	11	39	39
Hinds	144	1568	45	40	29	1117	121	57	1205	31	92	92
Holmes	74	942	71	6	5	735	273	20	638	15	176	176
Issaquena	34	97	—	1	1	97	1	25	119	1	—	—
Iwakamba	39	833	207	4	11	847	451	23	793	13	290	290
Jackson	181	712	35	4	7	412	32	13	448	11	20	20
Jasper	23	704	77	5	16	718	122	3	675	4	64	64
Jefferson	51	624	3	2	4	387	27	17	421	7	8	8
Jones	30	697	243	7	14	725	408	7	380	9	90	90
Kemper	149	776	158	3	19	765	391	42	650	5	207	207
Lafayette	131	1279	35	1	3	792	247	26	885	22	122	122
Lauderdale	99	1651	327	18	42	1507	744	24	1364	24	367	367
Leflore	176	688	91	3	8	656	428	34	881	13	145	145
Leake	94	929	235	7	5	383	494	44	708	15	346	346
Lee	50	1082	149	3	9	770	394	9	744	9	845	845
Le Flore	13	316	—	—	—	228	6	2	343	6	—	—
Lincoln	143	911	80	34	24	874	451	36	655	46	137	137
Lowndes	16	814	6	3	7	392	26	4	665	7	13	13
Madison	71	746	18	2	20	515	34	5	696	11	32	32
Marion	228	658	181	7	29	744	485	14	257	6	83	83
Marshall	72	1253	23	7	14	614	62	32	1032	37	120	120
Monroe	71	1509	99	1	7	1098	213	28	1068	27	132	132
Montgomery	24	934	119	7	7	806	289	7	687	7	136	136
Neshoba	7	703	263	3	3	810	394	—	590	1	239	239
Newton	11	1031	170	6	7	970	222	8	756	20	126	126
Norfolk	14	681	34	11	6	548	60	2	492	2	44	44
Okfuskeena	37	759	59	7	2	615	148	—	596	9	23	23
Osborne	73	1085	190	23	12	800	384	24	614	15	248	248
Pearl River	34	238	34	1	9	230	72	1	126	1	—	—
Perry	32	367	63	7	3	342	189	—	201	7	26	26
Pike	123	1285	95	11	29	710	148	35	750	12	101	101
Pontotoc	65	742	202	11	7	755	555	10	463	18	431	431
Prentiss	167	902	64	4	18	826	555	37	633	12	246	246
Quitman	40	170	1	—	—	126	21	12	71	8	2	2
Rankin	77	1014	31	3	10	841	62	56	746	21	75	75

Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan-Lover's.	Palmer.	McLaurin.	Burkett.	Harrison.	Chey.	Widwell.	Worces.
11749 Scott.	24	736	46	4	764	156	—	484	4	126
8392 Sharkey.	21	189	5	4	131	13.	13	139	6	140
10128 Shippen.	53	578	96	9	8	727	566	4	331	8
10555 Smith.	3	945	132	5	2.	1291	578.	12	545	11
— Sommer.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
9081 Sunflower.	27	450	11	1	6.	240	27.	3	211	4
14361 Tallahatchie.	26	761	19	1	—	805	80.	7	425	6
12233 Tate.	76	987	141	6	41.	779	178.	28	796	14
12561 Tippah.	108	936	180	6	6.	630	251.	85	754	7
9692 Tishomingo.	67	812	40	2	3.	550	287.	56	612	11
12158 Tunkia.	62	174	1	1	5.	110	7.	18	126	3
15009 Union.	114	1108	168	—	7.	930	457.	20	721	34
35154 Warren.	182	949	26	8	140.	794	55.	26	638	13
40414 Washington.	92	926	4	2	45.	602	17.	19	630	12
9817 Wase.	32	583	72	2	5.	602	17.	5	389	2
12000 Webster.	145	655	222	5	3.	608	574.	10	403	12
17582 Wilkerson.	36	528	33	1	6.	338	35.	3	256	4
12049 Winston.	33	822	273	22	14.	622	528.	3	357	7
10629 Yazoo.	73	1052	58	13	37.	887	177.	7	716	12
36304 Yazoo.	25	1059	102	3	6.	590	158.	2	723	1
Total.	5130	56583	7517	485	1071.	46873	17466.	1386	40023	973
Plurality.		56750				29407			24905	
Per cent.	7.27	79.87	10.63	.06	1.51.	62.74	37.26.	2.41	76.21	1.86
Total vote.		70568				64339			62512	

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Alcorn, Itawamba, Lee, Lowndes, Monroe, Oktibbeha, Prentiss and Tishomingo.

**John M. Allen, Dem..... 2,468**  
No opposition.

2. The counties of Benton, De Soto, Lafayette, Marshall, Panola, Tallahatchie, Tate, Tippah and Union.

C. M. Haynie, Rep.....	167
Thomas Spight, Dem.....	2,949

3. The counties of Bolivar, Coahoma, Issaquena, Le Flore, Quitman, Sharkey, Sunflower, Tunica, Warren and Washington.

C. J. Jones, Rep.....	373
T. C. Catchings, Dem.....	2,068

4. The counties of Calhoun, Carroll, Chickasaw, Choctaw, Clay, Grenada, Kemper, Montgomery, Noxubee, Pontotuc, Webster, Winston and Yalobusha.

R. Brewer, Rep.....	1,090
A. F. Fox, Dem.....	3,461

### 5. The counties of Attala, Clarke, Holmes.

Jasper, Lauderdale, Leake, Neshoba, Newton, Scott, Smith, Wayne and Yazoo.

J. R. S. Pitts, Rep.....	142
John S. Williams, Dem.....	4,942

6. The counties of Adams, Amite, Covington, Greene, Hancock, Harrison, Jackson, Jones, Lawrence, Marion, Perry, Pike and Wilkinson.

M. M. Evans, Rep.....	1,390
F. A. McLain, Dem.....	2,276
N. C. Hathorn, Peo.....	938
H. C. Turner, Ind.....	477

7. The counties of Claiborne, Copiah, Franklin, Hinds, Jefferson, Lincoln, Madison, Rankin and Simpson.

Brennan, Rep.....	156
Patrick Henry, Dem.....	2,278
Yellowly, Peo.....	171

**LEGISLATURE.**

	1898-99.			1896-97.		
	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.
Republicans ..	—	—	—	—	3	3
Democrats ....	45	121	176..	45	129	174
Independents ..	—	—	—	—	1	1
People's .....	—	2	2..	—	—	—

**MISSOURI** (Population 2,679,184).

COUNTIES. (115)	JUDGE SUP. CT. 1898					PRESIDENT, 1896					PRES. 1892				
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S. D. S. L.		Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S. L. G. D. Nat.		Rep.	Dem.	Pro.		
Population.	Finkelsberg	Marshall	Vorles	Ba	8	2	McKinley	Bryan	Levy	Matchett	Palm	Smiley	Harris	Cleveland	
1747	Adair	2148	1627	285	28	6	2402	2511	25	—	6	—	1963	1000	
1500	Andrew	2130	1899	15	20	17	4	2252	2091	8	1	25	4	1834	
19443	Atchison	1680	1798	59	41	8	5	1587	2273	32	1	11	—	1098	
2354	Audubon	1129	3216	74	30	8	2	1609	3994	11	—	25	—	1408	
1224	Baker	2298	2328	35	15	3	1	2298	9194	11	—	25	—	1834	
1834	Barton	1802	1737	47	94	10	16	1498	2824	77	5	7	2	1355	
3222	Bates	1912	2618	1072	92	25	19	2512	5073	96	3	25	8	1928	
1453	Benton	1403	1400	31	29	9	7	1967	1793	37	—	25	1	1570	
1312	Bollinger	1181	1356	24	4	9	—	1272	1485	1	—	3	1	1145	
2043	Bonne	739	3471	73	25	4	2	1706	5075	19	—	20	3	1436	
7010	Butcher	5523	6573	26	84	18	11	6854	7386	62	4	78	3	5223	
1894	Butler	1397	1621	50	9	17	1	1635	1743	3	2	7	2	1053	
15132	Caldwell	2024	1585	156	18	1	1	2115	3038	10	—	7	1	1748	
1204	Calder	1554	1516	19	6	3	—	1438	4356	10	—	61	—	1834	
1044	Camden	1351	1015	33	10	3	1	1336	1297	17	1	—	—	1070	
2240	C. Girardeau	2543	2017	222	51	10	1	2482	2473	27	1	21	—	2308	
2542	Carroll	3191	3177	57	48	22	2	3363	3555	40	—	21	4	2008	
5193	Carter	527	672	2	2	—	—	493	611	—	—	12	1	377	
2301	Cass	1528	2632	114	63	11	5	2229	3975	88	2	30	5	1908	
15020	Cedar	1993	1494	249	21	6	4	1891	2400	5	—	8	2	1554	
26254	Chariton	1492	294	55	16	25	—	3359	4381	7	—	18	—	2057	
1407	Christian	1857	1920	80	9	6	—	1868	2929	1	—	1	1	1634	
1956	Clay	454	2882	46	22	9	3	924	3107	9	—	8	1	1784	
11198	Clinton	1374	1980	35	38	7	2	1732	2610	16	—	20	5	1308	
17281	Cole	1874	2181	9	10	18	—	2088	2198	3	1	40	7	1753	

## ELECTION RETURNS.

371

Population.	Finkelnburg	Marshall	Vorles	Erbin	ab	der	a	Custen	h	McKall	h	Bryal	Lever	h	Matchett	Palm	h	Bentley	Harri	a	Cleveland
2707 Cooper.....	2424	2946	67	15	8	5	—	3711	3029	5	—	14	3..	2222	2484	2484	2484	2484	2484	2484	2484
17861 Crawford.....	1410	1287	12	16	9	7..	1447	1883	7	8	2	—	—	1289	1176	1176	1176	1176	1176	1176	
17326 Dade.....	1816	1796	79	23	10	12..	1797	2963	13	—	5	1..	1420	1101	1101	1101	1101	1101	1101	1101	
17847 Dallas.....	1583	1867	267	14	4	—	1496	1525	11	—	4	1..	1174	588	588	588	588	588	588	588	
20456 Dayless.....	2273	2604	85	76	16	8..	2330	3125	23	1	25	1..	2019	2257	2257	2257	2257	2257	2257	2257	
14339 DeKalb.....	1541	1707	101	53	11	—	1580	2167	12	—	10	7..	1338	1372	1372	1372	1372	1372	1372	1372	
12149 Dent.....	371	1255	71	3	2	—	1207	1498	1	—	6	1..	838	1268	1268	1268	1268	1268	1268	1268	
14111 Douglas.....	1806	500	867	10	1	—	1598	1700	4	2	8	2..	1309	828	828	828	828	828	828	828	
16485 Dunklin.....	547	1914	15	9	17	4..	961	2675	1	—	3	2..	659	2167	2167	2167	2167	2167	2167	2167	
29456 Franklin.....	3119	2329	11	8	9	2..	3797	2904	9	—	13	1..	2867	2497	2497	2497	2497	2497	2497	2497	
11706 Gasconade.....	1966	481	12	8	7	1..	2185	515	—	1	27	—	1625	602	602	602	602	602	602	602	
10018 Gentry.....	1947	2346	180	45	10	4..	2000	2806	22	—	4	10..	2003	2003	2003	2003	2003	2003	2003	2003	
48016 Greene.....	5157	4965	322	50	38	14..	5808	6327	43	3	28	4..	4838	4051	4051	4051	4051	4051	4051	4051	
17676 Grundy.....	2117	1087	18	29	4	2..	2778	1675	15	—	8	1..	2468	1375	1375	1375	1375	1375	1375	1375	
21633 Harrison.....	3861	1701	174	88	15	5..	2566	2882	26	9	4..	2474	1680	1680	1680	1680	1680	1680	1680	1680	
28235 Henry.....	2307	8401	109	45	5	5..	8294	1443	41	1	17	8..	2653	3475	3475	3475	3475	3475	3475	3475	
9453 Hickory.....	1154	735	41	13	6	1..	1194	1045	9	—	2	—	927	428	428	428	428	428	428	428	
15469 Holt.....	2151	1634	23	82	6	2..	2397	2336	21	—	19	12..	1838	1427	1427	1427	1427	1427	1427	1427	
15771 Howard.....	982	2636	29	15	9	6..	1353	3167	22	6	—	6	1033	2570	2570	2570	2570	2570	2570	2570	
18018 Howell.....	2013	1822	257	30	21	1..	1892	2373	5	2	8	18..	1484	1642	1642	1642	1642	1642	1642	1642	
9119 Iron.....	460	708	7	7	8	—	607	1016	3	—	4	—	588	880	880	880	880	880	880	880	
100610 Jackson.....	14511	16780	328	98	74	297..	18711	20706	98	31	807	10..	11024	15825	15825	15825	15825	15825	15825	15825	
90000 Jasper.....	5456	5550	274	92	71	46..	4835	7025	52	5	305	19..	5369	4806	4806	4806	4806	4806	4806	4806	
22484 Jefferson.....	2674	2856	23	29	10	2..	2876	2785	17	1	16	4..	2307	2617	2617	2617	2617	2617	2617	2617	
28132 Johnson.....	2647	1919	127	46	13	4..	3219	4240	25	4	18	1..	2087	3109	3109	3109	3109	3109	3109	3109	
13501 Knox.....	1092	1768	46	21	9	4..	1246	2185	26	6	3..	998	1473	1473	1473	1473	1473	1473	1473	1473	
14701 Laclede.....	1620	1610	200	23	1	7..	1604	2130	18	1	10	3..	1376	1293	1293	1293	1293	1293	1293	1293	
80184 Lafayette.....	2749	2629	36	80	6	6..	3755	4493	13	4	45	1..	2633	3622	3622	3622	3622	3622	3622	3622	
26528 Lawrence.....	2943	2928	54	38	23	14..	2942	3419	24	8	12	4..	2623	2426	2426	2426	2426	2426	2426	2426	
15583 Lewis.....	1006	2174	40	14	23	—	1391	3024	19	—	15	2..	1322	2220	2220	2220	2220	2220	2220	2220	
18446 Lincoln.....	1195	2555	7	10	9	4..	1464	3463	9	—	8	—	1851	2528	2528	2528	2528	2528	2528	2528	
24121 Linn.....	2630	2700	50	45	16	3..	3015	3837	26	8	9	1..	2630	2625	2625	2625	2625	2625	2625	2625	
20498 Livingston.....	2173	2484	261	74	10	1..	2577	3331	23	1	26	4..	1959	2159	2159	2159	2159	2159	2159	2159	
11293 McDonald.....	1039	1296	50	21	9	2..	988	1676	13	—	—	—	835	1026	1026	1026	1026	1026	1026	1026	
80575 Macon.....	3042	3632	202	82	16	61..	3475	4473	21	5	26	4..	2746	3234	3234	3234	3234	3234	3234	3234	
9208 Madison.....	651	1082	12	8	4	2..	740	1256	5	5	2..	635	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	
8401 Marietta.....	708	1073	3	5	2	—	456	1385	3	—	8	—	469	1119	1119	1119	1119	1119	1119	1119	
26263 Marion.....	1344	2775	5	23	10	2..	2909	4004	21	—	29	8..	2154	3634	3634	3634	3634	3634	3634	3634	
14381 Mercer.....	1566	1867	24	20	7	1..	1938	1405	6	6	11	5..	1643	809	809	809	809	809	809	809	
14102 Miller.....	1719	1588	39	10	6	1..	1707	1944	3	1	7	2..	1497	1076	1076	1076	1076	1076	1076	1076	
10134 Mississippi.....	708	1195	7	14	8	1..	1074	1673	2	—	1	1..	734	1240	1240	1240	1240	1240	1240	1240	
15549 Missouri.....	1534	1366	239	31	14	1..	1580	2405	12	1	11	—	1322	2893	2893	2893	2893	2893	2893	2893	
20230 Monroe.....	685	3402	42	17	7	3..	3279	8	—	15	—	—	3279	8838	8838	8838	8838	8838	8838	8838	
16340 Montgomery.....	1810	2108	89	64	3	2..	1920	2272	47	8	10	2..	1665	1916	1916	1916	1916	1916	1916	1916	
12341 Morgan.....	1282	1361	74	5	4	7..	1395	1628	8	—	—	—	1088	1143	1143	1143	1143	1143	1143	1143	
9917 New Madrid.....	275	1073	8	1	1	1..	480	1670	3	—	—	—	361	1215	1215	1215	1215	1215	1215	1215	
22108 Newton.....	2637	2326	88	113	16	4..	2174	3029	62	1	12	—	1833	1978	1978	1978	1978	1978	1978	1978	
80014 Nodaway.....	3448	3859	48	44	29	2..	3437	4577	23	—	26	12..	2678	2913	2913	2913	2913	2913	2913	2913	
10267 Oregon.....	508	1849	74	6	3	3..	576	1793	8	—	3	—	317	1117	1117	1117	1117	1117	1117	1117	
18460 Osage.....	1643	1345	2	82	4	—	1500	1436	29	4	7	—	1378	1298	1298	1298	1298	1298	1298	1298	
9736 Oark.....	1212	661	160	8	2	1..	1187	1005	4	—	4	—	881	887	887	887	887	887	887	887	
5675 Pembroke.....	620	1553	33	4	4	2..	365	1300	8	—	—	—	133	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	
13237 Perry.....	1501	1492	9	5	3	1..	1522	1450	8	1	33	1..	1297	1494	1494	1494	1494	1494	1494	1494	
31151 Pettie.....	5482	5432	15	39	11	13..	4119	4397	40	6	21	14..	8010	3680	3680	3680	3680	3680	3680	3680	
12350 Phelps.....	1095	1396	155	10	—	—	1039	1816	6	—	—	—	893	1287	1287	1287	1287	1287	1287	1287	
26321 Pike.....	2182	2420	12	9	7	2..	2884	3903	10	1	25	2..	2464	3535	3535	3535	3535	3535	3535	3535	
16248 Platte.....	705	2015	—	14	—	—	1044	191	17	—	13	1..	835	3603	3603	3603	3603	3603	3603	3603	
30359 Polk.....	2455	2141	258	31	21	1..	2564	2711	27	8	3	1..	1918	1211	1211	1211	1211	1211	1211	1211	
1887 Polk.....	717	1227	7	2	2	—	802	1410	2	—	—	—	663	1046	1046	1046	1046	1046	1046	1046	
15395 Putnam.....	1795	1920	19	16	15	3..	2303	1579	7	—	8	1..	2027	1131	1131	1131	1131	1131	1131	1131	
12234 Ralia.....	502	1945	10	5	5	1..	814	2297	9	—	—	—	802	1968	1968	1968	1968	1968	1968	1968	
24895 Randolph.....	1120	2743	39	27	8	4..	2162	4007	9	2	26	7..	1709	3695	3695	3695	3695	3695	3695	3695	
42115 Ray.....	1405	2887	16	56	13	3..	3003	3545	15	—	47	4..	1643	3250	3250	3250	3250	3250	3250	3250	
2635 Reynolds.....	231	646	6	—	3	—	395	1015	1	—	2	—	281	903	903	903	903	903	903	903	
8352 Ripley.....	646	1147	31	7	1	1..	749	1442	1	—	4	—	448	812	812	812	812	812	812	812	
2357 St. Charles.....	2678	3038	11	4	12	5..	3173	2448	1	—	27	1..	2652	2486	2486	2486	2486	2486	2486	2486	
16747 St. Clair.....	1688	1873	162	16	9	5..	1820	2396	15	7	7	1..	1510	1572	1572	1572	1572	1572	1572	1572	
17347 St. Francis.....	1513	2048	7	16	13	3..	1894	2245	9	—	9	—	1253	2141	2141	2141	2141	2141	2141	2141	
18888 Ste. Genevieve.....	739	1128	—	9	—	2..	903	1245	5	1	4	—	683	1153	1						

[illegible]

In 1892, for president, Weaver, Pro., received 41,218 and Bidwell, Pro., 4,331 votes.

**VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS. 1898.**

<b>Judge Supreme Court (Short Term)—</b>	
William T. Carrington, Dem.....	287,216
John R. Kirk, Rep.....	254,263
Ambrose H. Livingstone, Peo.....	9,752
Jonathan P. Orr, Pro.....	2,871
G. A. Hoehn, Soc. Dem.....	1,631
Cornelius Cunningham, Soc. Lab.....	1,038
Scattering.....	60

For Superintendent of Public Schools—

Leroy B. Valliant, Dem.....	288,136
Edward Higbee, Rep.....	253,078
John D. Brown, Peo.....	9,633
Richard T. Bond, Pro.....	2,812
Joseph A. Rendall, Soc. Dem.....	1,646
Sal Kaucher, Soc. Lab.....	1,028
Scattering.....	

**For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners**

William E. McCully, Dem.....	287,002
James H. Hillis, Peo.....	9,685
J. Fred Williams, Pro.....	2,823
Wendell S. Hathaway, Rep.....	254,495
George J. Storz, Soc. Dem.....	1,644
S. S. Andrews, Soc. Lab.....	1,066
Scattering .....	59

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Adair, Clark, Knox, Lewis, Macon, Marion, Putnam, Schuyler, Scotland and Shelby.

Alfred N. Seaber, Rep.....	15,460
James T. Lloyd, Dem.....	20,048
John M. Landon, Peo.....	738
Scattering .....	8

2. The counties of Carroll, Chariton, Grundy, Linn, Livingston, Monroe, Randolph and Sullivan.

William C. Irwin, Rep.....	15,627
William W. Rucker, Dem.....	20,768
Hugh Tudor, Pro.....	499
Scattering .....	8

3. The counties of Caldwell, Clay, Clinton, DeKalb, Davless, Gentry, Harrison, Mercer, Ray and Worth.

James E. Goodrich, Rep.....	16,440
John Dougherty, Dem.....	19,560
Ulysses A. Towns, Peo.....	809
Scattering .....	36

4. The counties of Andrew, Atchison, Buchanan, Holt, Nodaway and Platte.

Arthur W. Brewster, Rep.....	16,261
Charles F. Cochran, Dem.....	13,294
Scattering.....	7

5. The counties of Jackson and Lafayette.

John W. Welborn, Rep.....	17,144
William S. Cowherd, Dem.....	20,487
George Wilson, Peo.....	305
William H. Stripe, Soc. Lab.....	317

6. The counties of Bates, Cass, Cedar, Dade, Henry, Johnson and St. Clair.

Samuel W. Jurden, Rep.....	13,596
David A. DeArmond, Dem.....	16,645
S. O. Books, Peo.....	1,610
J. E. Stevenson, Pro.....	230
Scattering .....	3

7. The counties of Benton, Boone, Greene, Hickory, Howard, Pettis, Polk and Saline.

William G. Robertson, Rep.....	17,642
James Cooney, Dem.....	23,586
D. T. Mitchell, Peo.....	666
Scattering .....	8

8. The counties of Callaway, Camden, Cole, Cooper, Dallas, Laclede, Maries, Miller, Moniteau, Morgan, Osage, Phelps and Pulaski.

J. W. Voshell, Rep.....	18,831
Richard P. Bland, Dem.....	21,674
William B. Hale, Peo.....	271
Scattering.....	25

9. The counties of Audrain, Crawford, Gasconade, Lincoln, Montgomery, Pike, Ralls, St. Charles and Warren.

Robert Shackelford, Rep.....	14,448
Champ Clark, Dem.....	17,463
Hay Bell, Peo.....	144
Scattering .....	40

10. The counties of Franklin and St. Louis and the 5th, 7th, 9th, 11th and 13th wards and part of the 23d ward of the city of St. Louis.

Richard Bartholdt, Rep.....	19,850
Michael Gill, Dem.....	13,254
Charles E. Keefer, Soc. Dem.....	247
J. J. Ernst, Soc. Lab.....	126

11. The 4th, 6th, 8th, 10th, 12th, 14th, 16th, 18th, 24th and 26th wards and parts of the 15th, 20th, 22d and 28th wards of the city of St. Louis.

Charles F. Joy, Rep.....	21,315
Edward A. Noonan, Dem.....	13,657
Peter Schweite, Peo.....	144
Charles F. Gebelein, Soc. Dem.....	149
John H. Rahe, Soc. Lab.....	520

12. The 1st, 2d, 3d, 17th, 19th and 21st, 25th and 27th wards and parts of the 15th, 20th, 22d, 23d and 28th wards of the city of St. Louis.

Charles E. Pearce, Rep.....	15,300
Robert H. Kern, Dem.....	12,980
D. W. Scott (colored), Rep.....	638
Louis C. Fry, Soc. Lab.....	61
L. P. Tomsen, Soc. Dem.....	100

13. The counties of Carter, Dent, Iron, Jefferson, Madison, Perry, Reynolds, Ste. Genevieve, St. Francois, Shannon, Texas, Washington, Wayne, Webster and Wright.

John H. Reppey, Rep.....	18,314
Edward Robb, Dem.....	21,697
J. B. Dines, Peo.....	702
Scattering .....	1

14. The counties of Bolinger, Butler, Cape Girardeau, Christian, Douglas, Dunklin, Howell, Mississippi, New Madrid, Oregon, Ozark, Pemiscot, Ripley, Scott, Stoddard, Stone and Taney.

George M. Miley, Rep.....12,050

## ELECTION RETURNS.

373

Willard D. Vandiver, Dem.....	21,771
DeWitt Eakew, Peo.....	2,025
Scattering .....	3
15. The counties of Barry, Barton, Jasper, Lawrence, McDonald, Newton and Vernon F. E. Williams, Rep.....	16,918
Maccenas E. Benton, Dem.....	20,303
Scattering .....	79

## LEGISLATURE.

1898-99.		1897-98.	
Sen.	Ho.	J. B. Sen.	Ho. J. H.
Republicans ..	58	67..	14 47 61
Democrats ..	25	80	106.. 19 79 96
Populists ..	2	2..	1 4 4
Rep. and Peo..	—	—	— 1 1
Dem. and Peo..	—	—	— 10 10

## MONTANA (Population 132,159).

## COUNTIES.

(23)

Population.	McKinley.		Bryan.		Lowell.		Hust.		Lucas.		Revere.		Harrison.		Cleveland.		Edwards.		Wheeler.	
4555 Beaverhead.....	154	1246	7..	683	263	244..	729	463	20	155										
8555 Carbon.....	865	739	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
8735 Cascade.....	853	1920	15..	1496	585	1327..	1206	1194	48	337										
4711 Chouteau.....	624	701	6..	736	324	97..	738	678	19	85										
5338 Custer.....	732	678	5..	705	405	179..	680	537	8	68										
2635 Dawson.....	335	177	3..	274	126	84..	343	265	8	23										
15155 Deer Lodge.....	448	4916	8..	1428	1063	1994..	1930	2152	40	1319										
3514 Fergus.....	725	834	3..	984	389	105..	766	560	21	31										
— Flathead.....	412	1360	6..	750	344	791..	—	—	—	—										
6246 Gallatin.....	423	1649	36..	986	1021	277..	998	1144	82	80										
— Granite.....	61	1748	7..	545	167	549..	—	—	—	—										
6076 Jefferson.....	153	2185	1..	1097	526	387..	740	730	28	447										
19145 Lewis and Clarke.....	1057	4007	20..	2760	761	1327..	2014	2038	100	1073										
4922 Madison.....	815	1633	10..	888	555	836..	703	634	14	151										
4549 Mcagher.....	333	1305	1..	698	859	387..	639	736	14	232										
14427 Missoula.....	365	3259	6..	915	418	1445..	2045	2340	45	706										
6881 Park.....	328	1252	11	1163	606	443..	1192	1048	30	123										
— Ravalli.....	207	1541	5..	578	364	825..	—	—	—	—										
2374 Silver Bow.....	1275	9682	29..	4112	1316	3311..	3361	2648	54	2473										
— Sweet Grass.....	292	298	1..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—										
— Teton.....	238	321	1..	456	140	125..	—	—	—	—										
— Valley.....	175	204	—	156	131	94..	—	—	—	—										
2095 Yellowstone.....	420	575	5..	844	473	171..	479	390	18	28										
Total.....	10494	42537	186..	22103	10714	15505..	18551	17581	549	7334										
Plurality.....	—	32048	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—										
Per cent.....	19.71	70.91	30..	45.74	22.10	32.30..	42.71	39.09	1.01	16.55										
Total vote.....	—	63217	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—										

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Chief Justice—Theo. Brantly, Rep.....	24,476
Theodore Brantly, Rep.....	24,476
W. I. Pemberton, Dem.....	24,319
Associate Justice—G. H. Grubb, Rep.....	15,463
W. T. Pigott, Dem.....	24,306
Clements, Peo.....	5,350

## Clerk Supreme Court—

B. Webster, Rep.....	16,274
H. C. Rickerts, Dem.....	23,363
Oliver Holmes, Peo.....	8,697
On chief justice the republicans, silver rep- ublicans and populists united on Brantly.	—

On clerk Supreme court the silver republicans and populists united on Holmes.

## FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1898.

H. C. Marshall, Rep.....	14,829
A. J. Campbell, Dem.....	23,351
T. S. Hogan, Peo. and Sil. Rep.....	11,607

## LEGISLATURE.

1898-99.		1896-97.	
Sen.	Ho.	J. B. Sen.	Ho. J. H.
Republicans ..	5	11	16.. 11 8 19
Democrats ..	18	67	75.. 9 44 53
Sil. Rep.....	2	2..	— 1 1
Populists ..	1	—	— 3 16 19

## NEBRASKA (Population 1,058,910).

## COUNTIES.

(90)

Population.	Hayward		Payson	Jul. Alc.	Pres. Sullivan	Strong	Wm. McK. Kiley	Bryan	Levee	Thos. V. McPhee
2403 Adams.....	1844	1830	47	1..	1569	1968	35	13	...	1768 2036 21 28 5 56
10322 Antelope.....	908	1140	25	...	909	1218	19	5	...	988 1230 29 9
2435 Banner.....	114	85	1	...	133	108	2	2	...	178 130 1
1146 Blaine.....	72	36	1	...	68	64	2	2	...	86 60
9781 Boone.....	1149	1290	12	...	1079	1245	11	8	...	1099 1381 20 4 1 11
5484 Box Butte.....	400	378	6	...	392	495	7	4	...	441 570 3 8 1 19
— Boyd.....	886	454	9	1..	543	538	9	4	...	500 656 8 11 4 24
4339 Brown.....	388	275	3	1..	336	236	3	1	...	335 320
22102 Buffalo.....	1658	1996	26	7..	1617	2154	15	6	...	1835 2424 34 22 5 45
11024 Burr.....	1479	1155	16	...	1264	1108	8	2	1..	1338 1219 23 16 3 31
15494 Butler.....	1277	1790	19	...	1230	1907	23	5	6..	1285 2282 19 32 2 64
24040 Cass.....	2388	2227	36	16..	2310	2270	57	10	6..	2198 2495 21 22 2 8
7028 Cedar.....	817	998	9	1..	1006	1342	10	3	...	1041 1515 6 6
4877 Chase.....	223	244	8	...	244	255	4	2	...	244 295 2
6428 Cherry.....	553	562	12	...	558	690	5	5	...	607 683 3 1 8 40
5836 Cheyenne.....	391	340	1	1..	507	415	7	3	...	439 507 3 2
11310 Clay.....	1648	1647	29	...	1487	1846	29	8	2..	1691 1747 21 9 3 47
10453 Colfax.....	715	1009	8	1..	786	1238	12	3	...	905 1424 6 6 3 43
12255 Cumming.....	1076	1455	7	...	1004	1615	4	10	...	1312 1757 4 3
21677 Custer.....	1464	1830	46	3..	1436	2027	29	6	...	1494 2492 36 16 1 26
5284 Dakota.....	503	538	11	1..	574	642	17	10	...	619 814 6
9822 Dawes.....	608	588	11	...	643	809	9	4	...	632 943 7 12

Population.	Hayward	Poynter	Maib.	Alex.	Post.	Bull	Van	Street	For	W.D.	M.	Alley	Bryon	Levy	Shut	Y.	Match	Y.	Im	Y.
10120 Dawson.....	1210	1277	28	—	1130	1478	24	6	—	1196	1427	23	5	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
2880 Denel.....	231	175	4	—	273	269	1	2	—	301	280	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
3684 Dixon.....	872	868	16	—	872	1127	23	7	—	954	1297	13	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10290 Dodge.....	1893	1790	25	—	1736	2048	43	13	—	2453	2032	25	14	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
15840 Douglas.....	9644	8841	98	106	9890	7974	101	175	—	12826	11739	101	17	63	404	—	—	—	—	—
4012 Dundy.....	264	270	4	—	247	252	1	—	—	272	284	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
14225 Fillmore.....	1639	1732	14	1	1534	1830	11	8	1	1698	1737	10	18	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
7881 Franklin.....	861	980	15	—	736	1027	23	8	—	821	1022	15	15	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
8497 Frontier.....	755	785	21	—	732	894	17	14	—	773	1023	7	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
9640 Furnas.....	1163	1238	28	—	1034	1396	16	7	8	1148	1496	15	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
8344 Gage.....	3227	2201	80	8	2865	2340	77	71	—	3833	2706	35	17	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
1694 Garfield.....	161	210	4	—	146	196	—	2	—	148	224	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4516 Gosper.....	229	463	3	1	842	561	7	4	—	419	620	3	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
458 Grant.....	91	65	—	—	83	72	3	—	—	101	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4894 Greeley.....	811	684	—	—	359	777	1	1	—	396	780	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
16613 Hall.....	1797	1535	28	12	1984	1581	21	6	—	1917	1843	15	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
14066 Hamilton.....	1332	1496	29	1	1215	1582	17	5	1	1390	1564	16	9	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
8158 Harlan.....	784	1028	33	1	741	1104	11	1	20	896	1152	15	29	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
3263 Hayes.....	261	226	2	—	325	243	5	3	—	302	294	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5796 Hitchcock.....	400	501	4	—	401	537	—	1	—	421	488	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
13972 Holt.....	736	1154	58	—	873	1375	48	6	8	876	1432	30	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
426 Hooker.....	9	22	—	—	7	45	—	—	—	10	40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
9430 Howard.....	662	1059	5	1	742	1101	9	1	—	683	1249	12	9	6	10	—	—	—	—	—
14849 Jefferson.....	1062	1577	14	1	1523	1537	23	7	—	1261	1512	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10843 Johnson.....	1226	1034	23	1	1308	1156	22	7	2	1406	1245	11	20	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
9881 Kearney.....	1221	1042	22	3	774	1140	19	8	—	1055	1181	28	8	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
2656 Keith.....	963	214	1	—	207	244	1	2	—	178	267	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2620 Keya Paba.....	211	272	2	—	228	303	7	2	—	189	297	7	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
469 Kimball.....	88	50	3	—	91	49	2	—	—	97	62	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
8588 Knox.....	1250	1559	29	1	968	1247	34	3	—	1043	1590	28	6	2	5	134	—	—	—	—
7635 Lancaster.....	5622	4497	174	82	6057	4696	141	28	81	6513	5631	88	57	15	—	—	—	—	—	—
10441 Lincoln.....	910	909	15	2	1072	1216	26	5	—	1078	1366	19	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1378 Logan.....	56	69	2	—	59	86	—	—	—	74	127	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1662 Loup.....	93	99	—	—	110	125	8	—	—	116	133	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
13923 Madison.....	1482	1518	17	1	1375	1580	19	13	—	1367	1713	15	5	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
401 McPherson.....	12	11	—	—	26	23	—	—	—	37	45	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
8538 Merrick.....	977	920	31	—	857	951	19	8	—	979	1014	29	7	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
5773 Nance.....	711	748	16	—	692	989	9	1	—	743	966	5	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
12689 Nemaha.....	1548	1559	45	8	1309	1677	51	8	—	1449	1929	25	4	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
11417 Nuckolls.....	1191	1392	20	—	1063	1375	14	6	—	1137	1366	16	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25403 Otter.....	2235	2042	34	1	1977	2174	54	31	—	2438	2549	33	33	2	210	—	—	—	—	—
10340 Pawnee.....	1456	1008	49	1	1310	1141	46	2	—	1486	1164	38	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4364 Perkins.....	120	180	3	1	140	211	3	5	1	166	234	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
9809 Phelps.....	876	1005	16	2	781	1106	19	3	—	978	1196	22	18	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
4864 Pierce.....	516	670	9	—	549	857	9	3	—	634	951	7	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
14641 Platte.....	1106	1565	6	8	1101	2053	13	7	—	1377	2191	13	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10917 Polk.....	638	1256	22	1	849	1357	17	6	—	1572	1508	14	28	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
8387 Red Willow.....	965	804	15	—	881	935	22	6	—	989	1011	9	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
17574 Richardson.....	2274	2232	24	—	2107	2402	32	8	—	2291	2539	23	24	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
3083 Rock.....	329	223	4	—	346	233	6	4	—	347	225	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20067 Saline.....	1838	1676	47	7	1629	1799	83	29	—	2038	2012	13	30	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
6675 Sarpy.....	645	961	23	4	591	945	26	7	—	674	1138	18	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
21577 Saunders.....	1778	2309	32	2	1784	2925	35	11	1	2121	2713	25	15	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
18988 Scott's Bluff.....	236	225	10	—	278	198	4	—	—	230	244	2	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
16140 Seward.....	1511	1633	22	—	1458	1830	11	6	8	1688	1874	12	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
8087 Sheridan.....	387	549	9	2	494	733	8	2	—	436	890	15	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
6399 Sherman.....	424	609	5	12	433	752	2	1	—	433	820	8	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2445 Sioux.....	109	197	1	—	131	244	—	—	—	155	306	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4619 Stanton.....	406	703	10	—	628	779	8	5	—	658	831	10	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
12738 Taylor.....	1491	1423	26	—	1340	1389	18	13	—	1556	1363	11	13	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
517 Thomas.....	35	55	1	—	42	78	—	—	—	83	80	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
3126 Thurston.....	490	429	4	—	563	515	3	—	—	508	717	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7092 Valley.....	720	836	10	—	674	826	7	1	—	922	800	6	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
11892 Washington.....	1300	1228	16	—	1256	1198	9	13	—	1597	1439	11	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
6164 Wayne.....	828	747	6	1	861	967	10	6	—	995	1108	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
11210 Webster.....	1185	1195	23	1	1082	1225	23	5	—	1137	1346	17	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1693 Wheeler.....	76	137	1	—	77	161	8	2	—	97	170	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
17279 York.....	1836	1745	37	—	1707	1756	34	4	1	1919	1800	24	15	1	—	—	—	—	—	—

Total.....	92982	95703	1724	248	89009	102828	1625	718	82	103064	115969	1243	797	183	3985
Plurality.....	2721	—	—	—	—	18239	—	—	—	13965	—	—	—	—	—
Percent.....	48.77	50.19	.90	.13	45.96	52.05	.83	.09	.01	45.97	51.75	.56	.36	.08	1.39
Scattering.....	—	—	—	—	—	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total vote.....	190657	—	—	—	—	198740	—	—	—	224171	—	—	—	—	—

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Lieut.-Gov.—G. A. Murphy, Rep.....	92,150	J. M. Dilworth, Lib.....	141
E. A. Gilbert, Fus.....	94,850	Auditor—T. L. Mathews, Rep.....	91,528
N. S. Lowrie, Pro.....	1,778	J. F. Cornell, Fus.....	94,674
J. J. Kerrigan, Soc. Lab.....	254	C. C. Crowell, Pro.....	1,710
Secretary of State—Cenek Duras, Rep.....	92,396	H. B. Conway, Soc. Lab.....	240
W. F. Porter, Soc. Lab.....	94,408	T. Johnson, Lib.....	164
C. R. Lawson, Pro.....	1,749	Treasurer—P. Mortensen, Rep.....	91,622
Theodore Berine, Soc. Lab.....	229	J. B. Meserve, Fus.....	96,046
		Hiram Burch, Pro.....	1,009

Fred Kissel, Soc. Lab.	239
A. Luth, Lib.	138
Superintendent Public Instruction—	
J. F. Saylor, Rep.	91,791
W. H. Jackson, Fus.	94,586
Mrs. S. C. O. Upton, Pro.	1,616
Henry Hittig, Soc. Lab.	226
Ellen E. Utter, Lib.	151
Att'y-Gen.—N. D. Jackson, Rep.	91,694
A. C. Smyth, Fus.	94,296
A. G. Walfenburger, Pro.	1,906
G. E. Baker, Soc. Lab.	249
F. G. Odell, Lib.	145
Commissioner—G. R. Williams, Rep.	91,471
J. V. Wolf, Fus.	94,503
B. Bain, Pro.	1,661
S. J. Herman, Soc. Lab.	275
B. H. Kelley, Lib.	143

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Cass, Johnson, Lancaster, Oteo, Pawnee, Richardson and Nemaha.	
E. J. Burkett, Rep.	12,462
James Manahan, Fus.	9,995
2. Counties of Douglas, Sarpy and Washington.	
David Mercer, Rep.	11,975
G. M. Hitchcock, Fus.	10,441
3. Counties of Antelope, Boone, Burt, Cedar, Colfax, Cuming, Dakota, Dixon, Dodge, Madison, Merrick, Nance, Pierce, Platte, Stanton, Thurston and Wayne.	
W. F. Norris, Rep.	12,186
John Robinson, Fus.	12,948

4. Counties of Gage, Butler, Fillmore, Hamilton, Jefferson, Polk, Saline, Saunders, Seward, Thayer and York.

E. H. Hitchshaw, Rep.	14,371
W. L. Stark, Fus.	15,579

5. Counties of Adams, Chase, Clay, Dundy, Franklin, Frontier, Furnas, Gosper, Hall, Harlan, Hayes, Hitchcock, Kearney, Nuckolls, Perkins, Phelps, Red Willow and Webster.

C. E. Adams, Rep.	11,679
R. D. Sutherland, Fus.	13,065

6. Counties of Arthur, Banner, Blaine, Box Butte, Brown, Buffalo, Cheyenne, Cherry, Custer, Dawes, Dawson, Deuel, Garfield, Greeley, Holt, Hooper, Howard, Keya Paha, Keith, Kimball, Lincoln, Logan, Loup, McPherson, Rock, Scott's Bluff, Sheridan, Sherman, Sioux, Thomas, Valley and Wheeler.

Norris Brown, Rep.	5,206
W. L. Greene, Fus.	5,915

## LEGISLATURE.

	1898-1900.			1896-97.		
	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.
Republicans	118	55	73	8	31	39
Democrats	6	10	16	1	6	7
People's	9	35	44	7	23	30
Fusionists	—	—	—	17	40	57

## NEVADA (Population 45,761).

COUNTIES.	—GOV. 1896—					—PRES. 1896—					—GOV. 1901—					—PRES. 1902—				
	(15)	Rep.	Dem.	Sil.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	Rep.	Dem.	Sil.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Pop.				
Population.		McCall/Harris/Smith & Mett/Hick/Kelley					Branan				Chace and Wainwright/Condon and Franklin				Harrison/Clavel/Bidwell & Co.					
703 Churchill	95	53	38	7	17	153	85	79	8	94	14	57	4	1	129					
1551 Douglas	289	60	112	20	175	190	85	259	4	117	17	196	36	6	157					
4734 Elko	324	421	426	68	137	942	69	241	69	785	51	218	49	6	662					
2148 Esmeralda	128	65	104	21	65	88	15	125	22	86	45	84	19	2	394					
3275 Eschscholtz	334	75	385	21	22	533	20	145	8	450	20	48	10	9	708					
1841 Humboldt	284	272	349	47	96	715	34	216	58	736	93	54	27	5	714					
2265 Lander	85	182	199	18	36	479	13	131	68	219	31	52	30	5	437					
2465 Lincoln	111	237	229	36	50	813	25	216	28	275	107	99	26	2	413					
1967 Lyon	301	93	199	18	113	630	32	233	17	367	23	152	36	4	403					
1260 Nye	31	40	117	15	12	215	13	39	11	160	14	14	7	2	238					
4884 Ormsby	370	61	306	16	294	530	16	433	23	305	3	417	31	8	406					
348 Pahr	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—					
8808 Storey	506	148	366	29	372	1075	74	744	215	678	59	819	196	7	1189					
6960 Washoe	705	131	296	507	513	1910	138	819	171	499	271	530	235	29	854					
1721 White Pine	145	102	184	17	40	365	8	293	—	171	5	71	8	3	352					
Total	3538	20	0	3570	833	1968	7402	575	3861	678	5223	711	2811	714	89	7464				
Plurality	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
Percent	35.44	20.57	35.66	8.3	18.79	75.61	6.57	36.91	6.46	49.75	6.88	25.40	6.48	—	—	66.77				
Total vote	10,011	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10,073	—	—	—	10,078	—	—	—				

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Lieut.-Gov.—J. W. Ferguson, Rep.	3,198
W. C. Grimes, Dem.	2,036
J. R. Judge, Sil.	3,663
W. H. Coffey, Pro.	773
Justice of Supreme Court—	
C. H. Belknap, Sil. and Dem.	6,898
M. Z. Price, Pro.	2,074
Secretary of State—	
F. L. Littell, Rep.	3,158
J. Webber, Dem.	2,215
E. Howell, Sil.	4,318
State Comptroller—	
George F. Turrittin, Rep.	2,439
George M. Humphrey, Dem.	2,055
Sam P. Davis, Sil.	2,912
Harry P. Beck, Pro.	644
C. A. LaGrace, Ind.	1,575
State Treasurer—	
Frank J. Button, Rep.	3,415
D. M. Ryan, Sil.	4,731
William G. Thompson, Dem.	1,498

## Surveyor-General—

Allen C. Bragg, Rep.	2,434
T. K. Stewart, Dem.	1,887
E. D. Keller, Sil.	3,516
A. C. Pratt, Pro.	1,743
Att'y-Gen.—M. A. Murphy, Rep.	3,744
W. D. Jones, Sil.	4,407
Alfred Charts, Pro.	1,401
Superintendent of State Printing—	
Joseph E. Eckley, Rep.	3,134
James Morris, Dem.	1,881
A. Maute, Sil.	3,632
H. H. Hogan, Pro.	93
Superintendent of Public Instruction—	
Orville Ring, Rep.	5,340
H. C. Cutting, Sil.	4,141
Regent State University (Long Term)—	
W. W. Booher, Dem.	1,855
Roswell K. Colcord, Rep.	2,299
W. E. F. Deal, Sil.	3,829
George E. Peckham, Pro.	71

## Regent State University (Short Term)—

Gottb Halst, Dem.....	1,943
James W. O'Brien, Rep.....	3,188
H. S. Starrett, SU.....	4,217
FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1898.	
Francis G. Newlands, SU. and Dem..	5,794
Thomas Wren, Peo.....	3,111

## LEGISLATURE.

1898-99.		1896-97.	
Sen.	Ho.	Sen.	Ho.
Republicans ..	4 10	14..	4 2
Democrats ..	1 —	1..	1 1
Silver .....	9 17	24..	9 26
Independent ..	1 3	4..	1 2

## NEW HAMPSHIRE (Population 376,530).

## COUNTIES.

## —GOV. 1898—

## —PRESIDENT 1896—

## —GOV. 1894—

(10)	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.
Population.	Rollins	Stone	Stevens	McKinley	Bryan	Bryan	L.'v'ring	Bentley	Matchett	Palmer	Daniel	Kent
20321 Belknap.....	2224	2636	90..	3465	964	14	56	4	—	263..	2722	1940
18124 Carroll.....	2411	1819	86..	2800	1206	8	57	3	1	175..	2873	2044
29679 Cheshire.....	3475	1968	103..	4818	1243	29	46	2	5	231..	3952	2012
23211 Coos.....	2696	2478	66..	3253	1496	23	35	—	2	149..	3900	2502
32217 Grafton.....	4981	3541	143..	6139	2257	49	109	17	2	459..	4380	3711
33247 Hillsborough.	9574	8533	257..	10060	4977	89	144	11	176	917..	10449	7173
49435 Merrimack.....	6405	5474	271..	7715	3292	48	155	4	3	559..	6351	5101
49560 Rockingham.	6919	4288	173..	7881	2918	74	57	4	15	380..	6507	4916
38442 Strafford.....	4489	3248	91..	5493	2234	25	63	2	16	173..	4547	3016
17304 Sullivan.....	2046	1358	50..	2750	844	21	27	2	4	201..	2301	1544
Total.....	44730	35653	1333..	57444	21271	379	779	49	226	3520..	46391	33859
Plurality.....	9077			35794						12233		832
Per cent.....	54.26	43.25	1.61..	68.65	45.42	140	.93	.05	.37	4.20..	55.99	40.89
Total vote.....	82438					88670					83083	
Scattering.....	717											

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Belknap, Carroll, Rockingham, Strafford, Hillsborough (part) and Merrimack (part).

C. N. Sulloway, Rep.....	21,373
E. J. Knowlton, Dem.....	18,518
Vail, Pro.....	560
Mellen, Peo.....	184
Arnstein, Soc. Dem.....	809
Scattering.....	32

2. The counties of Cheshire, Coos, Grafton, Sullivan, Hillsborough (part) and Merrimack (part).

F. G. Clarke, Rep.....	21,395
W. G. Daniell, Dem.....	17,265
Berry, Pro.....	580
Blodgett, Peo.....	56
Southwick, Soc. Dem.....	74

## LEGISLATURE.

## 1890-1900.

## 1897-8.

Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.
Republicans....	22	249	261..	22	291
Democrats.....	2	149	151..	2	66

## NEW JERSEY (Population 1,444,933).

## COUNTIES.

## —GOVERNOR, 1898—

## —PRESIDENT, 1896—

## —GOVERNOR, 1895—

(21)	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.L.Peo.	Rep.	Dem.	G.D. Pro.	S.L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	
Population	Voorhees	Crane	Landes	Maguire	Reich	Shryver	M. K. E. v. Bryan	Palmer	Lever	J. Matchett	Orteng	McCall	W. H. B. E. E.
28836 Atlantic.....	4107	2830	206	14	24..	5005	2238	119	200	19..	3853	2463	218
47226 Bergen.....	6944	6355	85	165	21..	8545	4351	451	113	126..	6183	5311	119
58528 Burlington.....	6819	5437	389	17	51..	9371	4810	408	308	19..	7312	5101	357
87887 Camden.....	10012	6807	539	124	27..	16335	6380	240	380	97..	12765	6936	474
11268 Cape May.....	1726	1186	160	8	5..	2136	929	50	135	12..	1569	1050	124
45438 Cumberland.....	5443	3708	548	26	22..	7018	3877	78	437	28..	5316	3235	492
26608 Essex.....	82262	27575	647	1207	88..	42587	20609	1004	640	885..	28997	22921	747
29649 Gloucester.....	3772	2358	256	4	5..	4727	2381	77	216	8..	4055	2329	235
275126 Hudson.....	22134	33023	294	1706	26..	33926	28133	927	307	1140..	20913	26947	323
85355 Hunterdon.....	3182	4456	359	17	19..	4264	4392	93	299	8..	3448	4137	443
79978 Mercer.....	10028	8711	491	111	66..	13847	5970	430	400	71..	11100	7978	807
61754 Middlesex.....	6849	7647	147	153	32..	9304	5976	250	143	64..	7241	6683	160
69128 Monmouth.....	8108	9136	364	23	19..	10611	7792	474	494	19..	8197	7386	340
54101 Morris.....	6326	5791	327	56	32..	8190	4938	331	468	23..	6053	4361	465
15674 Ocean.....	2753	1319	117	6	3..	3394	1068	80	123	7..	2652	1228	136
105048 Passaic.....	11147	10118	292	1161	18..	15437	9240	357	338	940..	11613	8649	316
25151 Salem.....	3109	2927	278	9	17..	3717	2802	67	247	3..	3331	2545	212
28311 Somerset.....	3629	3182	171	12	12..	4388	2808	159	126	10..	3466	2633	164
22259 Sussex.....	2452	3165	191	11	18..	3045	2375	49	128	11..	3099	2620	154
72467 Union.....	9272	7038	265	516	27..	11707	6073	539	234	477..	8401	6987	398
36553 Warren.....	2857	4393	490	23	9..	4063	5013	63	344	15..	3375	4023	580
Total.....	164051	138552	6893	5458	491..	221367	138765	6373	5614	3085..	102900	136000	6851
Plurality.....	5499					87632					39000		
Per cent.....	48.92	47.26	2.06	1.63	12..	59.66	36.08	1.72	1.51	1.07..	52.2	43.5	2.3
Total vote.....	33443					371014						311618	

In 1895, Keim, S. L., for governor, received 4,147 votes.

## ELECTION RETURNS.

377

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester and Salem.

Henry C. Loudenslager, Rep. .... 23,964  
 Samuel Iredell, Dem. .... 18,092  
 George J. Haven, Pro. .... 1,859  
 Frank L. Mills, Soc. Lab. .... 164

2. Counties of Atlantic, Burlington, Mercer and Ocean.

John J. Gardner, Rep. .... 24,035  
 John F. Hall, Dem. .... 17,367  
 Joseph J. Currie, Pro. .... 1,294  
 John P. Weigel, Soc. Lab. .... 153

3. Counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Somerset.

Benjamin Howell, Rep. .... 19,412  
 Patrick Convery, Dem. .... 18,683  
 Orpheus B. Bird, Pro. .... 646  
 Ferd W. Williams, Soc. Lab. .... 183

4. Counties of Hunterdon, Morris, Sussex and Warren.

John I. Blair, Rep. .... 15,207  
 Joshua S. Salmon, Dem. .... 17,566  
 Franklin P. Defferts, Pro. .... 1,571  
 Frank Campbell, Soc. Lab. .... 70

5. Counties of Berger and Passaic.

James F. Stewart, Rep. .... 18,367  
 Francis J. Marley, Dem. .... 16,342  
 Charles H. Stocking, Pro. .... 354  
 Louis A. Magnet, Soc. Lab. .... 1,370

6. Part of Essex county.

Richard Wayne Parker, Rep. .... 23,843  
 Henry G. Atwater, Dem. .... 20,156  
 Daniel B. Raub, Pro. .... 258  
 Henry Carless, Soc. Lab. .... 1,035

7. Part of Hudson county.

Zebina K. Pangborn, Rep. .... 20,162  
 William D. Daly, Dem. .... 20,270  
 Joel W. Brown, Pro. .... 258  
 George P. Herrschaft, Soc. Lab. .... 1,723

8. County of Union and part of Essex and Hudson counties.

Charles N. Fowler, Rep. .... 20,236  
 Edward H. Snyder, Dem. .... 15,878  
 Joseph C. Davis, Pro. .... 561  
 William J. Campbell, Soc. Lab. .... 740

## LEGISLATURE.

	1899.	1897.	
	Sen. Ho.	J.B. Sen. Ho. J.B.	
Republicans	14	27	51
Democrats	7	23	30

## NEW MEXICO (Population 153,593).

COUNTIES. (18)	Population.	DEL. '98		DELEGATE 1896		DEL. 1894		Rep.	Dem.	Pro.
		Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.			
20013 Bernalillo	20013	2550	2114	2049	2999	23	2909	1249	210	
Chaves	146	417	418	101	19	135	459	5		
7974 Colfax	727	1181	1272	69	6	351	704	100		
919 Dona Ana	1286	1154	1256	100	—	119	1234	65		
8440 El Paso	126	321	412	124	—	249	42	43		
9687 Grant	698	1215	1407	455	1	722	743	299		
Gundaloupe	598	397	502	400	—	407	461	—		
17081 Lincoln	536	610	789	464	—	520	355	213		
10619 Mora	1147	1114	1112	1112	—	1014	1092	18		
1534 Rio Arriba	1684	1064	1284	1492	—	1320	1264	3		
1890 San Juan	182	450	445	125	—	165	225	233		
24204 San Miguel	2402	2193	2334	2332	4	2129	2123	105		
13592 Santa Fe	1673	1239	1641	1584	12	1517	1486	135		
9630 Sierra	317	495	677	188	—	453	234	280		
9563 Socorro	1407	1150	1445	1205	—	1530	861	58		
9698 Taos	1049	985	1193	1015	—	237	1069	7		
Union	535	612	694	375	—	398	487	1		
18876 Valencia	1689	51	205	1615	1	1590	271	—		
Total	18722	16559	18947	17017	66	18118	15361	1335		
Plurality			2063	1930			2752			
Per cent.		52.91	47.08	52.63	47.16	0.18	51.30	44.76	8.77	
Scattering							1368			
Total vote		35381		30080			35301			

## LEGISLATURE, 1899.

	Council.	House.	J.B.
Republicans	10	20	30
Democrats	2	4	6

## LEGISLATURE, 1898.

	Council.	House.	J.B.
Republicans	6	12	18
Democrats	6	12	18

## NEW YORK (Population 5,997,553).

COUNTIES. (20)	Population.	GOV. 1898 (Underhill)		JUDGE C. APPLEBY		PRESIDENT 1898		Rep.	Dem.	Pro.
		Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.			
16455 Albany	16455	2438	285	196	62	1729	1075	219	224	2293
45240 Allegany	6121	2046	28	569	5	4095	2379	59	573	7072
62973 Broome	9183	5026	40	514	70	6229	5071	17	673	10350
60466 Cattaraugus	8334	5206	57	418	17	6132	3164	40	372	9337
65302 Cayuga	8791	5205	103	246	68	6345	3194	37	324	10421
75292 Chautauque	11997	5281	65	500	20	6405	3129	49	510	14325
48295 Chemung	5886	6911	65	475	7	5431	4037	50	485	7033
37736 Chenango	5776	8553	56	271	14	6393	2491	29	353	6538
46437 Clinton	4823	4759	21	197	12	5750	3762	18	14	9005
66173 Columbia	6423	5141	10	142	5	4868	3380	9	133	6634

Population.	Roosevelt	Van W.	Han	K.	Bliss	Wallace	Parke	Cune	Baldwin	McKinley	Bryan	Palmer	Lowery
24557 Cortland.....	4199	2405	18	284	9..	3089	2681	1	322..	48989	2574	55	222
44096 Delaware.....	6484	4018	24	370	25..	4328	3286	18	378..	77940	4450	94	272
75723 Dutchess.....	10495	7002	58	848	15..	8790	5208	68	518..	12127	6234	84	287
82594 Erie.....	84681	85377	—	—	—	84755	84910	808	632..	45612	20177	1124	483
30002 Essex.....	4324	2273	19	80	10..	3715	1638	10	45..	53565	1790	56	38
24110 Franklin.....	5258	2406	16	179	8..	2921	1092	14	154..	61118	2400	64	143
87650 Fulton.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4762 Hamilton.....	6642	4489	198	305	8..	4921	3182	151	397..	7704	3849	127	390
82836 Genesee.....	4972	2713	25	229	6..	2648	1195	14	200..	51900	3004	55	181
85598 Greene.....	4063	3908	48	147	5..	3507	3711	21	132..	45480	3698	88	158
45608 Herkimer.....	6995	5525	61	268	25..	5848	5183	38	278..	80905	5027	151	261
68906 Jefferson.....	10191	6111	45	510	14..	6576	4426	25	498..	11411	6644	176	507
888547 Kings.....	82821	106208	4145	382	376..	55668	96124	3864	752..	109185	76892	3715	463
29406 Lewis.....	3804	2891	6	81	3..	2980	1891	5	100..	44095	3042	51	88
87801 Livingston.....	5178	3850	20	277	10..	3569	2613	12	258..	54651	4101	73	257
42902 Madison.....	6649	2863	—	—	—	3945	3000	53	340..	75698	4590	106	298
198598 Monroe.....	20705	15069	909	717	98..	18183	15566	520	435..	262298	17158	565	511
45699 Montgomery.....	6220	5454	74	180	9..	5504	4220	80	284..	70652	4759	141	11
12568 Nassau.....	5452	1509	23	61	7..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1515301 New York.....	112394	172251	10088	489	771..	71286	162825	10664	854..	156359	136624	5541	683
62491 Niagara.....	7596	7081	61	845	18..	4805	4728	47	370..	88236	6441	148	267
122322 Onondaga.....	15373	14016	278	574	44..	18586	9200	243	304..	12355	11028	469	670
142347 Orleans.....	19749	18373	2357	610	17..	18851	13851	951	497..	25093	12805	308	495
48453 Ontario.....	6571	4779	29	369	17..	5180	3447	24	362..	75506	5436	126	305
97859 Orange.....	97389	9082	135	382	18..	10501	9837	223	372..	140981	9971	219	304
80803 Orleans.....	4332	2821	12	315	5..	2026	1467	12	298..	44954	2826	33	214
71883 Oswego.....	10183	6336	46	380	15..	7808	4548	16	319..	11411	6401	95	253
50861 Otsego.....	6833	5791	40	343	20..	5808	3945	54	393..	8161	5820	168	221
14849 Putnam.....	1901	1851	7	86	3..	1707	916	2	68..	22684	1027	53	12
125059 Queens.....	9691	13002	953	43	36..	11508	17418	1045	226..	18994	11980	633	132
124511 Rensselaer.....	14070	14534	212	388	22..	13409	12422	170	349..	17221	13119	208	274
51638 Richmond.....	4577	6723	216	113	24..	3698	5972	165	173..	6170	4453	288	109
15182 Rockland.....	3380	3373	23	82	8..	3023	3558	19	76..	43336	3003	126	167
85048 St. Lawrence.....	12594	4286	65	428	11..	6838	1975	47	365..	15287	5749	123	27
57698 Saratoga.....	8170	5896	62	365	17..	6006	4484	24	822..	97338	4997	157	267
28797 Schoenectady.....	4617	4040	213	138	7..	3514	3527	73	39..	49003	3711	103	115
23184 Schenectady.....	3528	4307	10	131	2..	3557	6	145..	28355	4208	54	155	16
16711 Schuyler.....	2343	1922	7	138	—	1985	1243	7	132..	26352	1619	37	167
28227 Seneca.....	3449	3433	13	90	7..	3010	2728	12	90..	38543	3213	54	175
81878 Steuben.....	10626	7858	114	888	16..	7919	5489	40	801..	12354	7971	118	687
62491 Suffolk.....	7923	5440	48	440	11..	5380	3206	74	558..	93984	3372	357	409
81031 Sullivan.....	3899	3325	22	96	2..	2474	3008	9	79..	45493	2973	86	109
29835 Tioga.....	4099	2925	15	265	2..	3133	1670	15	297..	48419	2334	40	224
32823 Tompkins.....	4512	3801	36	451	—	3321	2044	14	297..	55422	3505	105	240
37063 Ulster.....	10961	9156	86	223	8..	7906	9850	31	247..	11100	8120	143	215
27996 Warren.....	4078	2890	88	137	9..	3620	2400	13	150..	4626	2299	69	124
45990 Washington.....	7114	3396	27	409	14..	4138	1639	7	278..	8139	3329	133	269
49729 Wayne.....	6916	4277	16	311	16..	4905	2674	10	225..	8039	4254	77	220
146772 Westchester.....	18507	14852	624	257	49..	13371	13997	558	694..	19337	11759	643	314
31196 Wyoming.....	4522	2794	14	268	4..	3006	1256	11	226..	4987	2705	67	200
21001 Yates.....	3189	1785	16	198	8..	2484	1361	23	153..	5370	3038	30	141
Total.....	600094	642015	22301	17556	2002..	48791	554680	20854	19853..	519638	55139	18650	10052
Plurality.....	17979	—	—	—	—	60889	—	—	—	238476	—	—	—
Per cent.....	48.35	47.75	1.45	1.30	15..	45.84	50.98	1.91	1.80..	57.53	38.76	1.34	1.13
Total vote.....	1344468	—	—	—	—	1089978	—	—	—	1162376	—	—	—

\*Not including blank and scattering votes.

†Not including 122080 blank, defective and scattering.

In 1896 Smith, Pro., received 17448 votes for governor.  
Matchett, the Socialistic-Labor candidate for president in 1896, received 17667 votes.

#### FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Suffolk and Queens.	
J. M. Belford, Rep.....	22,466
Townsend B. Scudder, Dem.....	22,867
C. W. McCullough, Soc. L.....	84
H. M. Randall, Pro.....	557
2. City of Brooklyn (1st, 2d, 5th, 6th, 7th, 11th and 20th wards).	
D. M. Hurley, Rep.....	14,303
John T. Fitzgerald, Dem.....	18,406
Peter Lassen, Soc. L.....	240
William Passage, Pro.....	109
3. City of Brooklyn (3d, 4th, 10th, 22d and 23d wards, and the town of Flatbush).	
W. A. Prendergast, Rep.....	19,524
Edward Driggs, Dem.....	20,352
Joel Gauss, Soc. L.....	336
Asa F. Smith, Pro.....	123

4. City of Brooklyn (12th, 8th, 34th, 35th and 36th wards, and New Utrecht, Gravesend and Flatlands).

Israel F. Fisher, Rep.....	21,946
Bertram F. Clayton, Dem.....	24,554
Joseph B. Cooper, Soc. L.....	323
Benjamin Larzere, Pro.....	79
H. L. Goulden, Chic. Dem.....	40

5. City of Brooklyn (18th, 19th, 21st, 27th and 28th wards).

Charles G. Bennett, Rep.....	16,638
Frank C. Wilson, Dem.....	19,568
Gustav Rosenblatt, Soc. L.....	1,154
Horatio Berry, Pro.....	41

6. City of Brooklyn (13th, 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th wards).

Henry C. Fischer, Rep.....	11,888
Mitchell May, Dem.....	16,339

William Spooner, Soc. L.....	1,030	18. Counties of Putnam, Dutchess and Ulster.	
Isaac Carhart, Pro.....	77	John M. Kitcham, Rep.....	23,328
Frederick W. Jobelman, Chic. Dem..	71	T. E. Benedict, Dem.....	18,339
7. City of New York (1st and 5th assembly districts) and county of Richmond (Statens Island).		L. Howard, Soc. L.....	641
Charles W. Townsend, Rep.....	6,637	19. Counties of Columbia and Rensselaer.	
Nicholas Muller, Dem.....	14,100	Aaron V. S. Cochrane, Rep.....	19,560
John Loos, Soc. L.....	308	John H. Livingston, Dem.....	19,557
W. P. F. Ferguson, Pro.....	167	L. L. Board, Soc. L.....	210
8. City of New York (2d, 3d and 7th assembly districts).		A. T. Myers, Pro.....	617
John M. Mitchell, Rep.....	7,336	20. County of Albany.	
D. J. Riordan, Dem.....	10,691	George W. Southwick, Rep.....	19,345
J. M. Nagel, Soc. L.....	160	Martin H. Glynn, Dem.....	19,944
M. W. Palmer, Pro.....	33	James O. Alexander, Soc. L.....	265
Elias Schwartz, Chic. Dem.....	22	O. K. Blodgett, Pro.....	187
9. City of New York (4th, 6th and 8th assembly districts).		21. Counties of Greene, Schoharie, Otsego, Montgomery and Schenectady.	
John Stiebling, Rep.....	6,439	John K. Stewart, Rep.....	25,527
Thomas J. Bradley, Dem.....	11,659	Stephen L. Mayhew, Dem.....	23,287
Lucius Sanial, Soc. L.....	2,396	Arthur Playford, Soc. L.....	340
E. E. Mayer, Pro.....	25	S. C. Niles, Pro.....	814
10. City of New York (9th, 12th and 15th assembly districts).		22. Counties of Fulton, Hamilton, Saratoga and St. Lawrence.	
Elias M. Fisher, Rep.....	10,596	L. N. Littauer, Rep.....	27,077
Amos J. Cummings, Dem.....	18,797	D. B. Lucy, Dem.....	17,444
Thomas Ceely, Soc. L.....	457	N. E. Wilcox, Soc. L.....	276
George Gethler, Pro.....	85	W. E. Whitney, Pro.....	883
11. City of New York (10th, 12th and 14th assembly districts).		23. Counties of Clinton, Franklin, Essex, Warren and Washington.	
William Valkel, Rep.....	6,168	L. W. Emerson, Rep.....	25,660
William Sulzer, Dem.....	14,323	J. E. Hoag, Dem.....	993
Howard Balkaw, Soc. L.....	2,810	24. Counties of Oswego, Jefferson and Lewis.	
George M. Mayer, Pro.....	27	Charles A. Chickering, Rep.....	23,954
12. City of New York (11th, 16th and 18th assembly districts).		E. T. Strickland, Dem.....	15,721
Howard Conkling, Rep.....	7,687	E. M. Crabb, —	1,034
George B. McClellan, Dem.....	15,008	25. Counties of Oneida and Herkimer.	
Dan Hosman, Soc. L.....	509	James S. Sherman, Rep.....	22,300
W. C. Sheldom, Pro.....	35	Walter Ballou, Dem.....	19,120
Robert Knapp, Chic. Dem.....	57	T. C. Beckwith, Pro.....	858
13. City of New York (17th and 20th and part of the 21st assembly district).		26. Counties of Delaware, Chenango, Broome, Tioga and Tompkins.	
James W. Perry, Rep.....	11,361	George W. Ray, Rep.....	29,957
Jefferson M. Levy, Dem.....	17,936	E. E. Pease, Dem.....	19,777
John Flick, Soc. L.....	642	Isaac C. Andrews, Pro.....	1,992
John McKee, Pro.....	53	27. Counties of Onondaga and Madison.	
14. City of New York (19th and part of the 21st and 22d assembly districts).		M. E. Driscoll, Rep.....	25,975
L. E. Quigg, Rep.....	25,082	George M. Gilbert, Dem.....	14,149
W. A. Chanler, Dem.....	31,399	Thomas Crimmins, —	2,368
Emile Neffel, Soc. L.....	1,307	Charles M. Tower, —	682
Albert Wadhams, Pro.....	104	John McCarthy, —	2,201
15. City of New York (23d and part of the 21st and 22d assembly districts).		28. Counties of Cayuga, Cortland, Ontario, Wayne and Yates.	
Philip Low, Rep.....	20,421	Sereno E. Payne, Rep.....	29,529
Jacob Ruppert, Dem.....	31,187	J. H. Young, Dem.....	18,827
William Ebert, Soc. L.....	1,922	J. W. Barrow, Pro.....	1,375
Jeremiah Brooks, Pro.....	83	29. Counties of Chemung, Schuyler, Seneca and Steuben.	
16. City of New York (24th assembly district) and Westchester county.		C. W. Gillet, Rep.....	22,341
J. I. Burns, Rep.....	25,889	Alert L. Childs, Dem.....	18,296
John G. Underhill, Dem.....	32,733	C. Decker, Pro.....	1,538
John J. Kinneally, Soc. L.....	1,620	30. Counties of Genesee, Livingston, Niagara, Orleans and Wyoming.	
C. F. Jewell, Pro.....	424	James W. Wadsworth, Rep.....	25,795
W. A. Cox, Chic. Dem.....	56	James T. Gordon, Dem.....	18,906
17. Counties of Rockland, Orange and Sullivan.		Alvah Carpenter, Pro.....	1,310
Arthur S. Tompkins, Rep.....	19,140	31. County of Monroe.	
L. D. Robinson, Dem.....	15,506	James M. E. O'Grady, Rep.....	20,669
S. P. Felter, Soc. L.....	143	John A. Fanning, Dem.....	17,218
J. C. Rider, Pro.....	549	F. A. Sieverman, —	1,165
		B. S. Roberts, —	899
		32. County of Erie (part).	
		R. B. Mahany, Rep.....	14,487
		William H. Ryan, Dem.....	15,502

23. County of Erie (part).	
D. S. Alexander, Rep.	22,799
H. W. Richardson, Dem.	17,018
24. Counties of Allegany, Cattaraugus and Chautauqua.	
Warren B. Hooker, Rep.	25,828
W. J. Sanbury, Dem.	13,652
Andrew J. Fruman, —	1,654

LEGISLATURE.				
1890.				
Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	Sen.	Ho.
Republicans..	27	87	114..	95
Democrats..	21	60	81..	14
Undecided..	2	3	5..	68
Ind. Rep.....	—	—	1	2
Nat. Dem.....	—	—	—	1

## NORTH CAROLINA (Population 1,617,947).

COUNTIES.		SUPERVISORS.		PRESIDENT 1890					CHIEF JUST.	
(96)		1890.		Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Nat.	G. D.	Rep.	Pro.
Population.		Fams.	Indiv.	McKinley.	Bryant.	Living.	Bentley.	Palmer.	Fairbank.	Shuford.
1871 Alamance.....	2259	26710	2314	2232	10	36	2..	2006	1700	
9490 Alexander.....	811	892..	620	1119	1	—	2..	855	633	
6323 Alleghany.....	684	843..	605	1137	1	—	—	460	640	
20127 Anson.....	1408	1873..	1080	2322	—	—	—	1082	1434	
15628 Ashe.....	1815	1704..	1761	1517	—	—	—	1677	1412	
21072 Beaufort.....	2291	2942..	2207	2513	7	4	2..	1856	1841	
19176 Bertie.....	2013	1732..	2156	1711	—	2	8..	1817	1496	
16763 Bladen.....	1428	1676..	1256	1685	—	—	3..	1596	1034	
10000 Brunswick.....	1210	1163..	878	1279	—	—	1..	750	608	
35266 Buncome.....	3848	4436..	4611	4098	2	6	16..	3542	3589	
14689 Burke.....	1324	1174..	1085	1550	12	—	21..	1518	1426	
18142 Cabarrus.....	1367	1949..	986	2250	18	1	36..	1856	1307	
12298 Caldwell.....	737	1190..	907	1428	50	—	11..	1088	1121	
5667 Camden.....	676	1091..	668	654	—	—	—	555	620	
10925 Carteret.....	1053	1300..	943	1206	—	—	—	1087	922	
16028 Caswell.....	1637	1445..	1701	1372	—	—	1..	1739	849	
18889 Catawba.....	1514	1888..	1004	2649	20	2	7..	1890	1877	
25413 Chatham.....	2112	2002..	1490	2892	3	10	—	2698	1520	
9976 Cherokee.....	669	972..	987	770	—	—	2..	829	723	
9167 Chowan.....	1174	984..	1146	791	—	—	—	865	696	
4197 Clay.....	365	437..	299	476	—	—	—	341	396	
20894 Cleveland.....	1630	2445..	1216	2654	5	—	39..	1721	1676	
17856 Columbus.....	1831	2116..	1161	1946	—	—	18..	1404	1224	
20385 Craven.....	2886	3074..	2921	3210	6	4	12..	1948	1330	
27221 Cumberland.....	2445	2800..	2300	2600	30	2	4..	2236	2136	
6747 Currituck.....	497	493..	473	923	—	—	1..	180	681	
3768 Dare.....	457	409..	471	408	—	—	—	308	—	
21702 Davidson.....	2402	2409..	2375	2072	24	5	5..	2480	1826	
11621 Davie.....	1067	915..	1306	694	2	—	2..	1294	701	
18690 Duplin.....	1839	2104..	1147	2400	1	—	1..	1909	1457	
18041 Durham.....	1665	2504..	1924	2435	—	48	4..	2107	1667	
24113 Edgecombe.....	2408	2801..	2266	2062	—	—	9..	1686	1976	
28434 Forsyth.....	3324	3009..	3898	2718	30	3	18..	2690	2465	
21090 Franklin.....	2409	3028..	1834	3217	1	1	—	2158	2061	
17704 Gaston.....	1781	2348..	1625	2030	29	1	8..	1418	1383	
10252 Graham.....	778	1105..	1038	706	—	—	—	897	683	
8313 Granville.....	379	370..	317	363	—	—	—	270	380	
24484 Greenville.....	2270	2286..	2175	2269	—	—	14..	2229	1616	
10039 Greene.....	1267	1218..	1085	1222	—	—	—	860	844	
24652 Guilford.....	2514	4211..	3455	3479	43	9	18..	3048	2720	
24908 Halifax.....	3677	3684..	4003	2255	—	—	3..	1105	3574	
17700 Harnett.....	1348	1017..	1042	1676	22	—	6..	1296	1116	
13346 Haywood.....	1641	1853..	1099	1901	8	—	15..	1057	1016	
12549 Henderson.....	1313	1048..	1459	1022	—	—	11..	1265	832	
13651 Hertford.....	1460	1183..	1426	1240	—	—	—	1212	932	
8308 Hyde.....	969	984..	847	1019	—	—	2..	707	630	
25432 Iredell.....	2736	2069..	2656	2066	—	—	8..	2287	2008	
8512 Jackson.....	987	1156..	673	1145	5	4	—	877	1025	
27239 Johnston.....	2040	3737..	1824	3343	2	—	—	1970	2594	
7408 Jones.....	851	821..	696	814	—	—	—	567	544	
14879 Lenoir.....	1806	2085..	1410	1906	—	2	—	1373	1336	
12586 Lincoln.....	1118	1841..	1010	1849	12	—	11..	1127	961	
10102 Macon.....	971	1050..	891	1140	2	—	1..	980	944	
17905 Madison.....	2154	1272..	2270	1357	—	—	3..	2085	1267	
15221 Martin.....	1556	1700..	1374	1681	—	—	—	1190	1467	
10639 McDowell.....	1017	1257..	850	1204	3	—	1..	994	968	
42673 Mecklenburg.....	3526	5185..	3821	4714	48	1	34..	1729	3136	
12407 Mitchell.....	1639	672..	1351	609	—	—	—	1015	629	
11239 Montgomery.....	1183	1308..	1206	1129	—	—	2..	1229	782	
20479 Moore.....	2017	2143..	1948	2307	8	—	4..	2236	1547	
20707 Nash.....	2219	2530..	1699	3016	—	1	—	2467	1146	
24026 New Hanover.....	2641	2804..	3183	3100	—	—	96..	2126	1719	
21242 Northampton.....	2228	1815..	2310	1906	—	—	4..	1151	1410	
10808 Onslow.....	877	1451..	599	1559	—	—	—	748	990	
14948 Orange.....	1265	1530..	1264	1700	—	7	7..	1632	2041	
7146 Pamlico.....	826	758..	642	861	—	—	1..	744	471	
10748 Pasquotank.....	1291	1272..	1519	1037	6	—	8..	1460	746	
12514 Pender.....	1255	1876..	1164	1276	—	—	—	1268	973	
12293 Perquimans.....	922	975..	1016	732	—	—	8..	1136	465	
11511 Person.....	1512	1810..	1402	1718	—	—	—	1626	1136	
26519 Pitt.....	2799	3224..	2340	3181	—	2	2..	2697	2082	
5902 Polk.....	657	505..	731	490	13	—	—	646	554	

Population.	Evans.	Hoke.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Livingston.	Beasley.	Palmer.	Faircloth.	Shepherd.	
25185 Randolph.....	2742	2675	2743	2487	83	19	—	—	2830	2115
23948 Richmond.....	1888	2732	2329	2172	—	—	13..	—	1886	1730
31483 Robeson.....	2844	3539	2439	2457	2	—	1..	—	1780	1813
23331 Rockingham.....	2873	2950	2950	2882	—	—	2..	—	2694	1855
24123 Rowan.....	1533	2350	1428	3035	33	3	1..	—	1422	2284
18770 Rutherford.....	1885	2200	1953	2146	4	—	12..	—	2051	1890
25966 Sampson.....	2437	1796	1271	2789	21	2	—	—	2802	1341
12139 Stanley.....	541	1288	511	1425	1	—	1..	—	745	911
15100 Stokes.....	1904	1679	2029	1447	2	—	—	—	1829	1179
10281 Surry.....	2391	2247	2500	2019	—	—	2..	—	2079	1880
45677 Swain.....	701	744	531	808	—	—	4..	—	622	768
5581 Transylvania.....	646	606	657	545	—	—	—	—	609	508
4225 Tyrrell.....	472	525	491	411	—	—	—	—	541	219
12150 Union.....	1491	2510	1009	2747	1	—	22..	—	1428	1509
17581 Vance.....	1791	1335	1745	1465	3	—	2..	—	1973	934
42207 Wake.....	5084	5954	4675	5396	11	20	19..	—	5006	2687
10290 Warren.....	2251	1217	2175	1215	—	—	5..	—	2384	761
10230 Washington.....	1237	817	1289	730	—	—	—	—	1130	493
18311 Watagua.....	1155	1115	1166	1053	3	4	4..	—	1139	892
16101 Wayne.....	2538	3454	2248	3715	23	3	1..	—	2723	2495
22675 Wilkes.....	2649	1741	2835	1891	4	—	2..	—	1718	1654
18644 Wilson.....	2040	2438	1436	2715	—	—	2..	—	1594	917
13790 Yadkin.....	1610	1007	1846	1026	8	6	2..	—	862	1027
2480 Yancey.....	850	377	482	1026	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total.....	158511	178449	153222	174488	675	247	578..	—	143334	127303
Plurality.....	—	19338	—	12396	—	—	—	—	20541	—
Per cent.....	47.20	52.80..	46.87	53.19	0.19	0.07	0.17..	—	54.12	45.87
Total vote.....	—	337900	—	326710	—	—	—	—	275027	—

## FOR JUDGES OF SUPERIOR COURT.

- George H. Brown, Jr., Dem.
- Augustus M. Moore, Fus.
- Henry R. Bryan, Dem.
- Charles A. Cook, Fus.
- Thomas J. Slaw, Dem.
- William P. Byrum, Jr., Fus.
- Oliver H. Allen, Dem.
- Andrew J. Loflin, Fus.
- Thomas A. McNeill, Dem.
- Herbert E. Seawell, Fus.
- William A. Hoke, Dem.
- Robert S. Evans, Fus.
- Frederick Moore, Dem.
- John A. Hendricks, Fus.

(All the democrats were elected.)

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

- The counties of Beaufort, Camden, Carteret, Chowan, Currituck, Dare, Gates, Hertford, Hyde, Martin, Pamlico, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Pitt, Tyrrell and Washington.  
John H. Small, Dem.....19,732  
Harry Skinner, Fus.....18,263  
Joshua L. Whedbee, Ind.....97
- The counties of Bertie, Craven, Edgecombe, Greene, Halifax, Jones, Lenoir, Northampton, Yancey, Warren and Wilson.  
George H. White, Rep.....17,561  
W. E. Fountain, Ind. Peo.....14,947  
James B. Lloyd, Dem.....2,447
- The counties of Bladen, Cumberland, Duplin, Harnett, Moore, Onslow, Pender, Sampson and Wayne.  
Charles R. Thomas, Dem.....16,008  
John E. Fowler, Fus.....15,519
- The counties of Alamance, Chatham, Durham, Franklin, Johnston, Nash, Orange and Wake.  
John W. Atwater, Ind. Peo.....19,419

Joseph J. Jenkins, Fus.....15,581

5. The counties of Caswell, Forsyth, Granville, Guilford, Person, Rockingham, Stokes and Surry.

W. W. Kitchin, Dem.....20,859

Spencer B. Adams, Fus.....13,907

6. The counties of Anson, Brunswick, Cabarrus, Columbus, Mecklenburg, New Hanover, Richmond, Robeson, Stanley and Union.

John D. Bellamy, Jr., Dem.....23,134

Oliver H. Dockery, Fus.....17,323

7. The counties of Catawba, Davidson, Davie, Iredell, Montgomery, Randolph, Rowan and Yadkin.

Theodore Klantz, Dem.....20,761

M. H. Caldwell, Fus.....14,661

8. The counties of Alexander, Alleghany, Ashe, Burke, Caldwell, Cleveland, Gaston, Lincoln, Watauga and Wilkes.

Edward F. Lovell, Dem.....16,12

Romulus Z. Lincy, Fus.....17,41

John M. Bower, Ind.....15

9. The counties of Buncombe, Cherokee, Clay, Graham, Haywood, Henderson, Jackson, McDowell, Macon, Madison, Mitchell, Polk, Rutherford, Swain, Transylvania and Yancey.

Richard Pearson, Rep.....13,36

William T. Crawford, Dem.....19,60

G. E. Boggs, Peo.....9

## LEGISLATURE.

	1899.		1898.	
	Sen.	Ho.	J.B. Sen.	Ho. J.F.
Republicans.....	10	26	36..	—
Fusionists.....	40	94	134..	9
Democrats.....	—	—	—	36
People's.....	—	—	—	34

## NORTH DAKOTA (Population 132,719).

COUNTIES. (32)	PRES. 1896.				GOV. 1894.				PRES. 1892.				GOV. 1890.			
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. R.	P.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. R.	P.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. R.	P.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. R.	P.
Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Livingston.	Allen.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Livingston.	Allen.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Livingston.	Allen.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Livingston.	Allen.
7045 Barnes.....	1846	977	24..	—	850	217	702.	—	865	918	28..	—	715	405	3	—
2400 Benson.....	549	227	1..	—	354	83	93..	—	419	175	15..	—	406	163	—	—
170 Billings.....	78	27	1..	—	64	21	2..	—	47	17	—	—	36	23	—	—
2963 Bottineau.....	399	289	5..	—	408	228	173..	—	175	290	6..	—	358	346	—	—
4232 Burleigh.....	729	338	3..	—	650	202	214..	—	640	283	10..	—	745	284	—	—
1913 Cass.....	3050	2089	48..	—	2256	758	727..	—	2022	1647	77..	—	2249	900	—	—
5471 Cavalier.....	730	1158	12..	—	591	508	307..	—	257	855	20..	—	439	826	2	—

Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Lewelling.	Allen.	Kinter.	Wallace.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Bidwell.	Burke.	Reach.	Stark.
5533 Dickey.....	619	587	6..	107	508..	509	647	17..	761	441	54	54
1377 Eddy.....	278	243	2..	267	88	101..	202	284	7..	228	184	10
1371 Emmmons.....	300	168	3..	377	138	22	278	182	2..	342	213	1
1210 Foster.....	216	143	2..	203	65	91..	192	357	6..	204	140	4
18357 Grand Forks.....	2432	1898	40..	2155	565	713..	1639	1483	75..	1190	1877	523
2817 Griggs.....	818	850	7..	345	44	283..	245	482	8..	386	212	21
1211 Kinder.....	176	104	..	173	94	101..	234	136	8..	344	120	12
8187 La Motre.....	480	401	2..	447	194	238..	338	436	19..	472	285	109
607 Logan.....	70	25	..	110	10	..	37	45	1..	92	22	..
1658 McHenry.....	217	163	1..	260	57	104..	201	110	2..	140	61	151
3248 McIntosh.....	336	66	..	440	27	41..	280	120	..	373	106	30
800 McLean.....	124	79	..	124	32	57..	115	35	3..	189	39	..
428 Mercer.....	115	28	..	111	5	6..	28	45	9..	22	47	..
4724 Morton.....	752	393	3..	731	217	214..	506	360	5..	600	371	18
4298 Nelson.....	616	608	2..	645	94	363..	480	527	119..	412	203	162
464 Oliver.....	59	58	..	65	40	16..	35	46	..	18	56	..
14534 Pembina.....	1887	1807	52..	1832	636	920..	964	1511	133..	1006	923	625
985 Pierce.....	222	75	1..	216	22	35..	121	53	1..	161	43	13
4418 Ramsey.....	332	685	12..	845	236	118..	619	419	35..	704	340	123
5383 Ransom.....	768	579	11..	745	114	387..	588	538	59..	723	237	127
10751 Richland.....	1843	1160	12..	1351	810	156..	896	1134	25..	890	1008	56
2427 Rollette.....	306	331	8..	328	168	29..	273	194	5..	267	205	14
5076 Sargent.....	587	636	4..	577	120	515..	491	525	30..	584	174	434
2204 Stark.....	530	216	2..	584	97	131..	839	212	8..	357	204	17
3777 Steele.....	572	322	7..	581	23	313..	398	339	20..	325	57	289
5094 Stinson.....	705	573	12..	614	314	265..	648	522	53..	576	543	46
1430 Towner.....	303	394	13..	277	192	29..	196	214	..	207	229	3
10217 Trail.....	1673	674	20..	1480	181	284..	1026	638	128..	963	418	876
16585 Walsh.....	1707	2134	23..	1716	989	711..	974	2940	80..	1306	1236	479
1681 Ward.....	239	196	4..	345	91	68..	139	114	15..	202	146	48
1212 Wells.....	584	317	..	450	144	105..	157	147	6..	165	154	14
109 Williams.....	103	83	8..	68	39	12..	45	56	..	..	..	..
Total.....	26335	20836	356..	23728	8184	9854..	17519	17700	890..	19053	12904	6231
Plurality.....	5649	..	..	14369	..	..	181	..	..	6449	..	..
Per cent.....	55.50	43.45	76..	57.49	19.84	23.15..	48.49	48.92	2.40..	52.38	34.54	13.20
Scattering.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	28	..	..	..	..	..
Total vote.....	47379	..	..	41265	..	..	36136	..	..	36489	..	..

[The vote of 1896 had not been canvassed at time of closing this edition of the Almanac.]

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

F. A. Briggs, Rep.....	25,918
R. B. Richardson, Fus.....	20,690

## OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1896.

Lieutenant-Governor—J. M. Devine, Rep.	
Secretary of State—Fred Fallag, Rep.	
Auditor—N. B. Hunnan, Rep.	
Treasurer—G. E. Nichols, Rep.	
Superintendent of Public Instruction—J. G. Holland, Rep.	
Com. of Insurance—F. B. Fancher, Rep.	
Attorney-General—J. F. Cowan, Rep.	
Com. of Agriculture—H. U. Thomas, Rep.	
Judge of Supreme Court—A. Wallin, Rep.	

Railroad Commissioners—G. H. Keys, J. F. Gibson, L. L. Walton, all Rep.

## FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1896.

B. E. Spaulding, Rep.....	Elected
N. M. Creel, Fus.....	
A. J. Garver, Pro.....	

## LEGISLATURE.

	1899.	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.
Republicans.....	22	57	79..	22	44	67	
Democrats.....	..	..	..	2	1	2	
Fus. (Ind. D.).....	9	6	15..	6	16	22	
Independent.....	..	..	..	..	1	1	

## OHIO (Population 3,672,316).

Population.	SECY OF STATE, 1896.					GOV. 1897.					PRESIDENT, 1896.				
	Rep.	Dem.	Fus.	S. L. U. R.	Gov.	Rep.	Dem.	Fus.	S. L. U. R.	Gov.	Rep.	Dem.	Fus.	S. L. U. R.	Gov.
40343 Adams.....	3089	3043	57	8	36..	3046	2987	..	3838	3240	8	33	24	4	
40344 Allen.....	2823	4240	56	60	213..	3559	4819	..	4050	6360	34	29	123	20	
22223 Ashland.....	2107	2779	54	1	42..	2331	2957	..	2906	3418	4	23	43	4	
42555 Ashtabula.....	5495	1559	151	27	132..	6383	2309	..	8557	3762	73	123	69	16	
35394 Athens.....	4146	1878	69	86	105..	4692	2465..	..	5429	3273	21	69	50	9	
29100 Auglaize.....	1883	3205	30	6	98..	2247	3940..	..	2900	4919	30	13	31	19	
55413 Belmont.....	6104	4551	147	42	149..	6520	6531..	..	7690	6283	21	131	62	40	
38362 Brown.....	2238	3177	43	..	28..	2704	3653..	..	3170	4409	16	23	13	12	
48507 Butler.....	4213	5973	67	98	108..	4842	7812..	..	5693	8985	39	30	26	31	
15906 Carroll.....	2129	1374	45	20	34..	2439	1598..	..	2698	1943	12	38	12	5	
29380 Champaign.....	3605	2672	64	1	130..	3751	2889..	..	4314	3415	17	50	22	5	
26777 Clark.....	5443	4060	110	40	92..	6230	4087..	..	7687	6851	31	69	75	24	
38553 Clermont.....	3336	3509	47	9	244..	3477	4104..	..	4272	4556	16	34	33	9	
24240 Clinton.....	3367	1891	77	5	74..	3848	2108..	..	4144	3946	11	55	28	2	
50029 Columbiana.....	7219	4283	308	197	102..	7456	4200..	..	9487	6538	64	243	38	28	
26703 Coshocton.....	2724	3124	63	9	16..	3028	3807..	..	3940	3985	14	28	17	10	
31027 Crawford.....	1684	3717	49	29	114..	2416	4735..	..	5150	6938	27	47	30	32	
39070 Cuyahoga.....	25221	18796	694	2254	150..	32377	27158..	..	43808	37516	236	234	81	116	
43841 Darke.....	3308	4756	55	7	111..	3367	4362..	..	4119	3525	23	37	11	11	
25723 Deane.....	1931	2756	35	12	299..	2076	2168..	..	2414	4185	64	13	17	11	
21430 Delaware.....	3254	3192	123	8	321..	3396	3051..	..	3738	3801	11	68	40	9	
35362 Erie.....	4190	3351	50	76	17..	4282	3864..	..	9442	6400	41	36	10	46	

## ELECTION RETURNS.

383

Population.	Classy.	Guthery.	Brown.	Plyan.	Graft.	Bushnell.	Chapman.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan.	Lever.	Bentley.	Pal.
35899 Fairfield.....	3208	4727	71	6	103.	8141	4971.	3520	5383	12	36	15	23
22509 Fayette.....	2443	1929	37	1	124.	2971	2158.	8367	3799	9	23	21	6
12407 Franklin.....	1984	1652	337	126	230.	16487	17836.	20289	18234	84	158	62	214
22023 Fulton.....	2639	1743	26	—	128.	3723	1736.	3227	2422	43	22	12	16
27005 Gallia.....	8085	1591	40	2	34.	3745	3121.	4247	2350	19	—	9	6
13499 Geauga.....	1977	710	40	—	53.	2376	848.	2807	1241	19	32	10	5
29820 Greene.....	8777	1755	129	40	155.	4554	2333.	5296	2981	22	109	48	13
29845 Guernsey.....	3667	2311	194	13	134.	3725	2573.	4337	3220	88	123	53	8
374753 Hamilton.....	42910	29685	229	746	785.	41122	38607.	57749	38009	156	155	14	191
42593 Hancock.....	4814	4463	106	13	424.	4495	4113.	5591	5519	22	97	28	13
29839 Harrison.....	3875	3963	76	2	158.	3854	3852.	4296	4283	8	32	60	15
20390 Harrison.....	2585	1796	63	3	32.	2788	1971.	3151	2255	10	46	40	10
25090 Henry.....	2174	3324	42	1	55.	2057	3383.	2538	4285	28	17	10	21
22048 Highland.....	3555	3555	126	18	299.	3753	3396.	4106	3897	12	98	44	2
22658 Hocking.....	2445	2398	28	9	135.	2407	2643.	2746	3100	17	14	20	6
21139 Holmes.....	1014	2340	44	—	37.	1180	2877.	1296	3617	7	19	19	7
31949 Huron.....	4282	2906	70	6	45.	4142	3028.	5008	4156	27	52	26	6
29408 Jackson.....	3519	2304	44	11	178.	3680	3621.	4499	3798	22	23	45	15
39415 Jefferson.....	4476	2450	161	9	58.	4653	2751.	6196	3409	15	131	55	7
27000 Knox.....	3563	3967	55	7	119.	3909	3775.	3763	4048	14	31	20	9
18235 Lake.....	2629	4963	42	8	12.	2990	1213.	3745	1637	9	38	3	6
38556 Lawrence.....	3378	1674	19	—	68.	4226	2694.	5408	3029	22	30	41	6
43279 Licking.....	4648	5532	84	6	53.	4987	6242.	5940	6563	18	69	7	20
27396 Logan.....	3385	2122	74	7	115.	3822	2380.	4722	3701	18	50	23	7
40285 Lorain.....	3806	3498	39	59	97.	5786	3144.	7801	4347	20	93	59	21
10296 Lucas.....	12159	8747	172	149	124.	12447	11590.	10758	13294	75	121	24	12
20057 Madison.....	2305	2424	32	3	26.	2874	2439.	3308	2739	12	35	19	12
55979 Mahoning.....	6244	5611	123	57	62.	6410	5456.	8529	6796	27	86	22	13
24727 Marion.....	2703	3619	35	4	91.	3108	3932.	3433	4005	11	28	50	27
21742 Medina.....	3068	1739	50	47	70.	3150	2073.	3533	2548	27	28	18	7
29813 Meigs.....	3793	3406	36	27	37.	3757	1882.	4696	2521	15	39	23	9
27220 Mercer.....	1632	3269	23	8	127.	1443	3246.	1991	4763	27	23	15	8
39754 Miami.....	5227	3831	51	9	190.	5292	4332.	6051	5344	43	25	33	5
25175 Monroe.....	1287	2643	28	2	80.	1542	3525.	2801	4157	23	25	18	14
10852 Montgomery.....	13885	12307	124	244	201.	14136	13114.	18333	15456	84	112	39	140
19143 Morgan.....	2520	1835	46	2	73.	2835	2171.	2551	2354	19	26	15	4
18120 Morrow.....	2330	1881	54	4	187.	3211	2053.	2266	2493	24	36	60	6
51210 Muskumung.....	6547	3845	248	13	130.	6926	6225.	7245	6844	27	116	47	19
20753 Noble.....	2407	1867	39	5	63.	2522	2178.	2559	2308	12	32	21	4
21974 Ottawa.....	1807	2646	18	1	4.	1642	2123.	2163	3250	10	13	3	18
25682 Paulding.....	3041	1348	51	8	74.	3196	3297.	3540	3325	31	15	5	6
31151 Perry.....	3306	3031	92	81	141.	3549	3576.	3883	4071	—	36	28	9
20369 Pickaway.....	2722	3462	58	1	123.	3109	3760.	3370	4158	7	53	22	9
17482 Pike.....	2121	1293	11	6	31.	2296	1945.	2229	2133	10	11	11	5
27688 Portage.....	3213	2620	102	32	93.	3999	3289.	4073	3949	46	45	21	7
23421 Preble.....	3163	2781	69	4	58.	3069	2704.	3300	3229	25	40	57	6
30186 Putnam.....	2248	2981	46	7	121.	2244	4186.	2725	5270	32	31	30	6
39072 Richmond.....	4038	3004	78	4	101.	4357	5494.	5115	6224	31	37	15	17
39454 Ross.....	4948	4645	42	6	41.	5277	4515.	5582	4980	7	79	36	17
30617 Sandusky.....	2982	3304	46	14	64.	3157	4201.	3970	5039	34	50	15	19
35377 Scioto.....	4014	2778	52	7	113.	4021	3396.	5492	3645	13	39	18	30
40969 Seneca.....	3907	4850	81	29	123.	4284	5202.	4988	6306	42	80	10	35
24707 Shelby.....	1911	2794	33	2	140.	2127	3149.	2488	3927	—	27	21	11
84170 Stark.....	9888	8677	322	520	125.	10656	9613.	12111	11261	78	129	26	26
54089 Summit.....	7414	5865	255	176	104.	6975	6583.	8594	7963	37	78	38	13
42373 Tumbull.....	5114	1894	106	24	95.	6108	2981.	7848	8750	—	102	52	—
46618 Tuscarawas.....	3989	3972	72	118	273.	5181	5538.	6235	6858	34	39	21	11
22360 Union.....	3148	2217	26	3	109.	3251	2280.	3476	2716	20	19	42	6
22671 Van Wert.....	3299	3199	43	4	47.	3731	3747.	3855	3871	13	24	54	12
16045 Vinton.....	1939	1524	24	1	13.	1920	1743.	2335	1912	9	14	4	4
25498 Warren.....	3728	2228	37	8	101.	3621	2121.	4379	2775	19	32	16	11
42340 Washington.....	4779	3894	182	5	42.	5306	4791.	5949	5140	62	54	19	21
30065 Wayne.....	3626	4611	238	19	40.	3945	4969.	4339	5578	10	156	10	8
21897 Williams.....	2870	2707	42	9	155.	3138	2999.	3191	3509	21	28	10	7
41892 Wood.....	5519	4488	60	11	233.	5085	4548.	7290	6562	71	81	62	58
21722 Wyandot.....	1747	2433	27	2	126.	2042	2696.	2574	3424	17	30	23	12
Total.....	40213	34704	7689	5793	10911	429915	401756	474882	2615	5068	2716	1857	
Plurality.....	61139					28165		48494					
Per cent.....	51.47	43.76	.96	.73	1.37	50.29	47.00	51.85	46.82	.26	.49	.26	.18
Scattering.....			23274					9030		2996			
Total vote.....			798184					864202		1014292			

In 1896, Matchett, S. L., received 1,187 votes for president.

In 1897, for governor, Holiday, Pro., received 7,556; Coxey, Peo., 6,264; Dexter, N. D., 1,661; Watkins, S. L., 4,242; Lewis, N. P., 476, and Richardson, Lib., 3,106 votes.

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 18th, 26th and 27th wards of the city of Cincinnati; Anderson, Columbia, Spencer, Symmes and Sycamore townships; Northeast, Southeast, Bond Hill, Clifton, Avondale and St. Bernard precincts of Mill Creek township.

William B. Shattuc, Rep.....20,132  
John F. Follett, Dem.....13,980  
Will T. Cressler, Un. Ref.....295

2. 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d, 24th, 25th, 26th, 28th and 30th wards of the city of Cincinnati, and the townships of Springfield, Colerain, Greene, Delhi, Storrs, Miami, Whitewater, Harrison and Crosby; Elmwood, College Hill, West-

ern and Winton Place precincts of Mill Creek township.

Jacob H. Bromwell, Rep.....22,506  
Charles L. Swain, Dem.....15,998  
John D. Stuckey, Un. Ref.....276  
3. Counties of Butler, Montgomery and Preble.

William J. White, Rep.....21,327  
John L. Brenner, Dem.....21,449  
4. Counties of Allen, Anglaise, Darke, Mercer and Shelby.

Philip Sheets, Rep.....12,276  
Robert B. Gordon, Dem.....18,020  
William H. Murphy, Un. Ref.....962

5. Counties of Defiance, Henry, Paulding, Putnam, Van Wert and Williams.

Alfred M. Wilcox, Rep.....15,612  
David Meekison, Dem.....19,264  
Fred S. Dunakin, Un. Ref.....710

6. Counties of Brown, Clermont, Clinton, Greene, Highland and Warren.

Seth W. Brown, Rep.....19,896  
Lewis H. Whiteman, Dem.....16,206  
Perry McLaughlin, Un. Ref.....761

7. Counties of Clarke, Fayette, Madison, Miami and Pickaway.

Walter L. Weaver, Rep.....17,565  
John L. Zimmerman, Dem.....17,169  
Ref Rathbun, Un. Ref.....745

8. Counties of Champaign, Delaware, Hancock, Hardin, Logan and Union.

Archibald Lybrand, Rep.....21,560  
Harvey Walter Doty, Dem.....19,156  
Spencer Garwood, Un. Ref.....1,099

9. Counties of Fulton, Lucas, Ottawa and Wood.

James H. Southard, Rep.....21,912  
Samuel E. Niece, Dem.....18,081  
David Miley, Un. Ref.....16

10. Counties of Adams, Gallia, Jackson, Lawrence, Pike and Scioto.

Stephen Morgan, Rep.....19,297  
Alva Crabtree, Dem.....12,769

11. Counties of Athens, Hocking, Meigs, Perry, Ross and Vinton.

Charles H. Grosvenor, Rep.....19,806  
Charles F. Peoples, Dem.....16,424  
G. W. Dollison, Un. Ref.....17

12. Counties of Fairfield and Franklin.

Edward N. Huggins, Rep.....20,530  
John J. Lentz, Dem.....21,323  
Alexander M. Smith, Un. Ref.....233  
William W. Johnson, Pro.....293

13. Counties of Crawford, Erie, Marion, Sandusky, Seneca and Wyandot.

Henry L. Wenner, Rep.....17,604  
James A. Norton, Dem.....21,410  
Orrin J. Fry, Un. Ref.....484  
Walter S. Payne, Pro.....43

14. Counties of Ashland, Huron, Knox, Lorain, Morrow and Richland.

Winfield S. Kerr, Rep.....22,464  
Thomas A. Gruber, Dem.....19,124

15. Counties of Guernsey, Morgan, Muskingum, Noble and Washington.

Henry C. Van Voorhis, Rep.....19,464  
Henry E. Stanbery, Dem.....16,509

16. Counties of Belmont, Carroll, Harrison, Jefferson and Monroe.

Lorenzo Danford, Rep.....16,363  
Elliott D. Moore, Dem.....12,377

17. Counties of Coshocton, Holmes, Licking, Tuscarawas and Wayne.

George E. Broome, Rep.....16,016  
John A. McDowell, Dem.....19,969

18. Counties of Columbiana, Mahoning and Stark.

Robert W. Tayler, Rep.....22,626  
Charles C. Weybrecht, Dem.....19,676

L. B. Logan, Un. Ref.....212  
George C. Harvey, Pro.....614

Samuel Borton, Soc. Lab.....696

19. Counties of Ashtabula, Geauga, Portage, Summit and Trumbull.

(Short term.)  
Charles Dick, Rep.....22,359  
Robert E. Nevin, Dem.....12,574

(Long term.)  
Charles Dick, Rep.....21,356  
Isaac H. Phelps, Dem.....12,612

20. Counties of Lake, Medina, and the townships of Bedford, Bricksaville, Brooklynn, Chagrin Falls, Dover, East Cleveland, Euclid, Independence, Mayfield, Middleburg, Newburg, Olmsted, Orange, Parma, Rockport, Royalton, Solon, Strongsville and Warrensville of Cuyahoga county and the 26th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32d, 33d, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th and 40th wards of the city of Cleveland.

Fremont O. Phillips, Rep.....16,894  
William J. Hart, Dem.....11,992

M. O. Morton, Un. Ref.....17  
Robert Barthels, Soc. Lab.....976

21. 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d, 24th, 25th and 27th wards of the city of Cleveland.

Theodore E. Burton, Rep.....17,596  
Lemuel A. Russell, Dem.....10,332

John J. Koller, Soc. Lab.....1,224

#### LEGISLATURE.

	1890-1900.		1898-99.	
	Sen.	H. J. B.	Sen.	H. J. B.
Republicans	18	80	17	62
Democrats	18	65	83	18
Ind. Rep.	—	—	1	1

#### OKLAHOMA (Population 61,834).

##### COUNTIES. (23). Reorganized.

Population.	Rep.	Pro.
2674 Beaver.....	298	208
Blaine.....	923	276
7158 Canadian.....	1301	1024
6806 Cleveland.....	1071	961
Custer.....	678	313
"D".....	512	356
Day.....	52	86
Garfield.....	2262	1776
Grant.....	1875	1040
Greer.....	440	624
Kay.....	2126	1219
6822 Kingfisher.....	1587	1018
Lincoln.....	2197	1197

DELEGATE 1898		DELEGATE 1899	
Rep.	Pro.	Rep.	Pro.
16.	16.	16.	16.
17.	17.	17.	17.
18.	18.	18.	18.
19.	19.	19.	19.
20.	20.	20.	20.
21.	21.	21.	21.
22.	22.	22.	22.
23.	23.	23.	23.
24.	24.	24.	24.
25.	25.	25.	25.
26.	26.	26.	26.
27.	27.	27.	27.
28.	28.	28.	28.
29.	29.	29.	29.
30.	30.	30.	30.
31.	31.	31.	31.
32.	32.	32.	32.
33.	33.	33.	33.
34.	34.	34.	34.
35.	35.	35.	35.
36.	36.	36.	36.
37.	37.	37.	37.
38.	38.	38.	38.
39.	39.	39.	39.
40.	40.	40.	40.
41.	41.	41.	41.
42.	42.	42.	42.
43.	43.	43.	43.
44.	44.	44.	44.
45.	45.	45.	45.
46.	46.	46.	46.
47.	47.	47.	47.
48.	48.	48.	48.
49.	49.	49.	49.
50.	50.	50.	50.
51.	51.	51.	51.
52.	52.	52.	52.
53.	53.	53.	53.
54.	54.	54.	54.
55.	55.	55.	55.
56.	56.	56.	56.
57.	57.	57.	57.
58.	58.	58.	58.
59.	59.	59.	59.
60.	60.	60.	60.

## ELECTION RETURNS.

385

Population.	Flynn.	Keeton.	Hankins.	Flynn.	Calahan.
12770 Logan.....	2550	1211	98..	2537	1949
..... Noble.....	1538	1359	85..	1135	1089
11743 Oklahoma.....	1447	779	14..	1829	2156
..... Pawnee.....	1136	727	28..	956	1071
7215 Payne.....	1561	1231	38..	1540	1754
..... Polk.....	1308	1515	150..	1213	2198
..... Rogers.....	225	6..	5..	67	252
..... Washita.....	687	500	67..	457	552
..... Woods.....	2412	1516	39..	2102	2186
..... Woodward.....	568	407	7..	394	388
Total.....	28456	19088	1260..	25267	27435
Plurality.....	9099				1168
Per cent.....	58.3	39.1	2.6..	48.91	51.09
Total vote.....		48813			53702

## LEGISLATURE, 1898.

	Council.	House.	J.B.
Republicans.....	17	25	
Democrats.....	3	5	
Fusion.....	3	6	
Populists.....	3	3	

## LEGISLATURE, 1897.

	Council.	House.	J.B.
Republicans.....	—	3	3
Democrats.....	3	3	6
Fusion.....	10	20	30

## OREGON (Population 312,767).

COUNTIES. (31)	GOVERNOR 1896				PRESIDENT 1896				GOVERNOR 1894			
	Rep.	Fus.	Gen. K.	Pop.	Rep.	Fus.	Pro. G. D.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Pop.	Gen. K.
6784 Baker.....	1191	1436	51	115..	1840	95..	825	603	874			
9660 Benton.....	986	872	57	21..	1074	991	23	881	640	826		
15238 Clackamas.....	2161	1772	106	141..	2044	2265	48	2281	641	1788		
10018 Clatsop.....	1568	809	89	93..	1849	1124	40	1169	548	558		
5191 Columbia.....	724	534	48	64..	1022	829	14	568	89	407		
8874 Coos.....	967	1013	48	120..	1105	1552	20	656	359	1063		
3244 Crook.....	667	462	21	35..	637	576	1	496	396	139		
1709 Curry.....	310	252	8	6..	300	226	8	259	148	119		
11864 Douglas.....	1653	1739	62	30..	1917	2049	25	1653	1073	905		
3303 Gilliam.....	554	323	28	44..	651	449	3	447	249	165		
5080 Grant.....	973	678	35	112..	736	859	12	785	236	418		
25-9 Harney.....	347	416	8	54..	379	519	1	259	284	234		
11455 Jackson.....	1350	1277	69	389..	1387	2262	23	1185	710	1330		
4878 Josephine.....	827	894	31	45..	844	1190	17	633	113	585		
2444 Klamath.....	439	342	15	41..	345	453	8	294	186	276		
2904 Lake.....	493	323	7	10..	351	383	—	308	242	200		
15198 Lane.....	1929	1846	95	138..	2251	2548	45	2052	1020	1238		
..... Lincoln.....	479	414	18	15..	563	554	8	397	157	286		
16265 Linn.....	1902	2026	156	145..	2064	2731	71	1862	1149	1702		
2601 Malheur.....	387	535	25	27..	312	629	10	313	241	238		
22364 Marion.....	3216	3713	167	70..	3744	6420	73	3090	1098	1756		
4326 Morrow.....	632	468	17	37..	586	543	5	516	256	349		
74884 Multnomah.....	10851	4637	486	293..	11824	6440	154	1787	3267	2549	4444	
7856 Polk.....	1367	1170	68	60..	1235	1333	36	1369	716	677		
1792 Sherman.....	478	285	67	41..	426	418	36	301	108	202		
2332 Tillamook.....	635	323	25	36..	691	537	8	498	218	305		
13381 Umatilla.....	1847	1466	106	112..	1859	2061	23	1554	791	1231		
12044 Union.....	1625	1458	49	245..	1308	2154	10	1871	826	1045		
3851 Wallawa.....	538	384	22	170..	390	640	13	300	144	538		
9183 Wasco.....	1390	963	58	41..	1701	1403	33	1277	565	439		
11972 Washington.....	1743	1219	110	89..	2052	1526	42	1833	474	1131		
10692 Yamhill.....	1646	1193	122	65..	1782	1730	97	1560	737	950		
Total.....	45104	34530	2213	2886..	48779	46852	919	41034	17498	26033		
Plurality.....	10574				2117			15001				
Per cent.....	53.24	40.76	2.61	3.38..	50.01	47.94	.94	1.00..	47.48	3.10	29.41	
Total vote.....		84713			97837				87261			

James H. Kennedy, Pro., received 2700 votes for governor, 1894.

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Secretary of State—	
F. J. Dunbar, Rep.....	42,762
H. B. Kincaid, Fus.....	35,371
H. C. Davis, Pro.....	2,341
Ira Wakefield, Pop.....	3,333
State Treasurer—C. S. Moore, Rep.....	42,443
J. O. Booth, Fus.....	33,466
Moses Votaw, Pro.....	1,865
J. K. Sears, Pop.....	4,797
Superintendent Public Instruction—	
J. H. Ackerman, Rep.....	42,246
H. S. Lyman, Fus.....	33,951
E. B. Emerick, Pro.....	2,556
J. E. Hoemer, Pop.....	3,984
State Printer—W. H. Leeds, Rep.....	42,073
C. A. Fitch, Fus.....	32,419
T. S. McDaniel, Pro.....	2,633

D. L. Grace, Pop.....	4,480
Justice Supreme Court—	
Frank A. Moore, Rep.....	43,530
W. M. Ramsey, Fus.....	35,236
T. P. Hackleman, Pro.....	2,677
Att'y-Gen.—D. R. N. Blackburn, Rep.....	42,415
G. L. Story, Fus.....	35,207
J. C. Bright, Pro.....	3,071

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Benton, Clackamas, Coos, Curry, Douglas, Jackson, Josephine, Klamath, Lake, Lane, Linn, Marion, Polk, Tillamook, Washington and Yamhill.	
Thomas L. Tongue, Rep.....	21,324
B. M. Veatch, Fus.....	19,287
J. L. Pedersen, Pro.....	1,113
J. L. Hill, Pop.....	1,833

2. The counties of Baker, Clatsop, Columbia, Crook, Gilliam, Grant, Harney, Malheur, Morrow, Multnomah, Sherman, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa and Wasco.  
 M. A. Moody, Rep. .... 21,291  
 C. M. Donaldson, Fus. .... 14,634  
 G. W. Ingalls, Pro. .... 1,120  
 H. E. Courtney, Pop. .... 2,273

LEGISLATURE.		1898-99.		1896-97.	
Republicans	Sen.	Ho. J.B.	Sen.	Ho. J.B.	
25	43	68.	23	35	58 7
2	1	3.	3	14	17 7
1	—	1.	1	4	5 6
—	—	—	1	2	3 2
2	16	18.	—	—	—

## PENNSYLVANIA (Population 5,258,014).

COUNTIES. (67)	GOVERNOR 1898.			PRESIDENT 1896.									
	Rep. Stanton.	Dem. Jenks.	Pro. Swanton.	Rep. Stanton.	Dem. Jenks.	Pro. Swanton.	G.D.P.	Pro. G.D.P.	Pro. G.D.P.	Pro. G.D.P.	Pro. G.D.P.	Pro. G.D.P.	Pro. G.D.P.
53496 Adams.....	2225	3409	715.	4167	3765	100	98	20	37	1	3	1	1
53530 Allegheny.....	46501	26840	5773.	79921	28382	900	432	1027	—	267	—	25	25
46747 Armstrong.....	4013	3230	501.	6182	3738	168	22	29	58	1	16	8	7
50077 Beaver.....	4295	3654	1308.	4816	3408	102	37	282	132	2	3	3	3
38443 Bedford.....	3890	3149	521.	4890	3554	73	47	23	28	—	—	—	—
13727 Berks.....	8705	15477	2013.	14318	18029	223	416	—	—	—	—	—	—
70906 Blair.....	6046	4231	2014.	10365	4094	395	167	65	81	77	17	—	—
50233 Bradford.....	5124	3716	1748.	9422	4388	391	58	—	—	—	—	15	7
70615 Bucks.....	6865	7064	1307.	9708	6685	197	312	—	—	8	—	—	—
53339 Butler.....	4185	4018	304.	6947	4947	285	26	79	101	3	14	46	—
62675 Cambria.....	6765	6490	1306.	8838	6560	211	81	178	105	22	27	—	—
7228 Cameron.....	792	530	127.	925	556	41	9	9	10	—	—	1	1
38424 Carbon.....	3738	3141	1312.	4513	3543	137	130	25	43	4	4	21	8
43338 Center.....	3485	4241	614.	4870	4463	251	93	15	71	—	—	—	—
30077 Chester.....	8146	5144	5022.	14188	5094	888	246	17	157	3	44	83	—
26902 Clarion.....	2236	3385	444.	4325	3652	204	20	26	100	1	13	2	2
62605 Clearfield.....	4856	5272	2101.	7359	6152	565	91	90	218	3	36	4	4
22695 Clinton.....	2157	2440	659.	3486	3051	158	104	2	—	3	—	—	—
36832 Columbia.....	2067	4764	1240.	5296	4908	418	77	16	80	1	14	4	4
65524 Crawford.....	5772	6077	1488.	7851	8283	285	50	—	—	23	—	19	—
47251 Cumberland.....	4245	4779	1619.	6164	5147	324	102	15	40	5	14	3	3
94377 Dauphin.....	9869	9555	3570.	14679	6806	466	263	74	144	2	73	2	2
74993 Delaware.....	8493	3152	2996.	13832	4071	184	181	8	93	10	27	46	—
22539 Elk.....	1816	3162	500.	2802	2641	87	44	10	40	5	5	—	—
80074 Erie.....	5414	6185	1730.	11735	5466	597	19	45	133	18	54	16	7
80006 Fayette.....	7107	7245	1218.	9518	8157	355	69	518	148	16	60	—	—
8482 Forest.....	5028	3921	801.	1224	905	85	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
51133 Franklin.....	956	687	340.	6726	4315	158	139	7	19	—	21	3	3
10137 Fulton.....	811	1074	211.	1080	1228	21	8	6	12	1	3	1	1
28635 Greene.....	1717	3124	1053.	3438	4102	61	20	54	42	1	15	4	4
36751 Huntingdon.....	3301	1825	1187.	4356	2157	150	97	102	66	—	13	1	1
42175 Indiana.....	4036	1702	971.	5943	2102	186	27	551	99	12	15	6	6
44006 Jefferson.....	3969	3181	1141.	5479	3402	407	35	126	143	4	21	2	2
19533 Juniata.....	1285	1196	700.	2457	1794	44	35	9	16	—	—	—	—
14398 Lackawanna.....	8266	7016	3574.	13654	11645	808	112	43	181	55	83	24	24
14026 Lancaster.....	19622	1773	2195.	24387	8143	479	498	—	—	6	4	25	25
37017 Lawrence.....	3894	2331	1131.	6184	3941	133	177	145	—	—	—	—	—
48131 Lebanon.....	4162	2347	1201.	7385	3751	213	13	23	45	2	30	1	1
79633 Lehigh.....	8262	9164	970.	9497	4818	206	325	10	41	85	10	—	—
20123 Luzerne.....	13067	15143	6406.	22269	16667	810	304	142	286	104	119	7	7
70579 Lycoming.....	9048	7083	3212.	8045	7128	1051	167	84	128	34	52	9	9
49883 McKean.....	3300	2449	2185.	5046	2777	308	35	153	144	1	31	5	5
56714 Mercer.....	4496	3229	1354.	7282	5500	270	31	—	—	2	—	12	12
19096 Mifflin.....	1711	1753	730.	2062	2022	118	76	4	26	—	—	2	2
20111 Monroe.....	771	2762	415.	1431	2811	133	79	6	70	1	16	4	4
12350 Montgomery.....	10939	41262	3731.	17329	9885	533	606	—	—	24	3	17	17
15045 Montour.....	1025	1694	387.	1891	1604	58	56	14	39	—	—	—	—
84233 Northampton.....	6430	9123	2137.	10362	8236	306	306	—	—	28	3	3	3
74928 Northumberland.....	5640	5634	2187.	8620	7150	574	130	35	173	35	30	1	1
28276 Perry.....	2404	2019	782.	3526	2423	106	54	13	41	—	11	6	6
109294 Philadelphia.....	125367	42300	170467.	63523	903	3115	—	—	—	674	—	230	230
9412 Pike.....	473	902	107.	775	1080	11	25	3	40	3	3	—	—
23778 Potter.....	2560	1497	719.	3255	1268	118	28	367	121	4	26	—	—
15103 Schuylkill.....	5091	15775	5688.	12265	14332	244	309	74	119	10	60	4	4
17651 Snyder.....	1853	1048	359.	2564	1286	32	21	41	—	—	8	—	—
37317 Somerset.....	4047	1711	554.	5961	2234	147	14	18	43	1	—	1	1
11630 Sullivan.....	1013	1253	352.	1206	1247	92	29	18	35	—	9	4	4
40026 Susquehanna.....	3849	2583	1377.	5573	3532	356	36	197	129	1	35	9	9
52313 Toga.....	4974	1693	1226.	2911	258	72	468	249	—	5	30	6	6
17530 Union.....	1896	1137	675.	2573	1105	114	54	32	29	—	—	—	—
49140 Venango.....	4053	4512	1478.	5110	4192	531	32	219	188	1	23	8	8
37585 Warren.....	3834	2928	1154.	4848	3048	312	32	—	—	4	—	13	13
71155 Washington.....	7012	5061	1506.	10764	7128	348	83	139	117	14	34	13	13
31010 Wayne.....	2185	1990	1840.	3708	2408	345	21	14	51	1	4	4	4
112819 Westmoreland.....	9517	8006	1891.	14899	10529	357	90	306	194	134	29	8	8
15891 Wyoming.....	1561	1671	701.	2370	1885	113	17	35	31	—	3	3	3
99499 York.....	8248	12330	2384.	12223	12911	875	365	26	117	3	36	5	5

Total ..... 476206 358300 125746. 728008 622054 12074 11000 6185 5071 1883 1322 870  
 Plurality ..... 117306 ..... 304944  
 Per cent ..... 49.00 86.87 12.61. 60.87 85.34 1.02 0.91 0.33 0.43 0.14 0.10 0.07  
 Total vote ..... 969315 ..... 1194256  
 In 1898, Swallow, Pro., received 2,053 votes; Barnes, S.L., 4,278; Swallow, Lib. and H.G., 5,127

## PENNSYLVANIA.

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Leut.-Gov., J. P. S. Gobin, Rep.....	512,066
William H. Sowden, Dem.....	359,307
Emmett D. Nichols, Pro.....	67,750
Justus Watkins, Pro.....	6,321
W. H. Thomas, Soc. Lab.....	4,484
Justus Watkins, Lib.....	476
Secretary of Internal Affairs—	
James W. Latta, Rep.....	520,577
Patrick DeLacy, Dem.....	354,878
Sterling W. Dickson, Pro.....	59,144
David Logan, Pro.....	4,730
Henry Peters, Soc. Lab.....	4,610
A. P. Hutchinson, Lib.....	1,002

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

At Large (two elected).	
Galusha A. Grow, Rep.....	532,348
Samuel A. Davenport, Rep.....	520,773
Franklin P. Iams, Dem.....	350,213
Jerry N. Weller, Dem.....	356,650
George H. Garber, Pro.....	48,600
Pennock E. Sharpless, Pro.....	47,543
Dennis E. Johnston, Pro.....	3,995
Jerry N. Weller, Pro.....	847
John R. Root, Soc. Lab.....	4,495
Donald L. Munro, Soc. Lab.....	4,300
J. Acker Guss, Lib.....	539
Charles P. Shaw, Lib.....	337

## 1. The 1st, 2d, 7th, 26th and 30th wards of Philadelphia.

Henry H. Bingham, Rep.....	25,665
Michael F. Doyle, Dem.....	8,213
Joseph B. Holtz, Pro.....	1,091
James E. Lennon, Ind.....	653

## 2. The 8th, 9th, 10th, 13th, 14th and 20th wards of Philadelphia.

Robert Adams, Jr., Rep.....	19,547
Herman V. Hetzel, Dem.....	3,850

## 3. The 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 11th, 12th, 16th and 17th wards of Philadelphia.

William McAleer, Dem. and Rep.....	18,321
Edward M. Marsh, Pro.....	340

## 4. The 15th, 21st, 24th, 37th, 28th, 29th, 32d and 34th wards of Philadelphia.

James Rankin Young, Rep.....	41,627
Gideon Sibley, Dem.....	12,250
Clinton C. Hancock, Pro.....	3,872

## 5. The 18th, 19th, 22d, 23d, 25th, 31st, 33d and 35th wards of Philadelphia.

Alfred O. Harmer, Rep.....	39,239
Frank D. Wright, Dem.....	9,942

## 6. The counties of Chester and Delaware.

Thomas S. Butler, Rep.....	15,169
John B. Robin, on Cit.....	6,481
Villiam H. Berry, Dem.....	6,511

## 7. The counties of Bucks and Montgomery.

Irving P. Wanger, Rep.....	21,567
Clinton Rorer, Dem.....	17,872
Howard Leopold, Pro.....	1,195

## 8. The counties of Northampton, Monroe, Pike and Carbon.

William S. Kirkpatrick, Rep.....	13,516
Laird H. Barber, Dem.....	16,400
John E. Lauer, Jack.....	15

## 9. The counties of Berks and Lehigh.

Jeremiah S. Parvin, Rep.....	16,613
Daniel Ermentrout, Dem.....	24,137
Wesley W. Bowman, Pro.....	934
Isaac P. Merkel, Soc. Lab.....	453

## 10. The county of Lancaster.

Marriott Brosius, Rep.....	17,483
A. J. Steinman, Dem.....	7,083
William L. Jackson, Pro.....	1,202

## 11. The county of Lackawanna.

William Connell, Rep.....	11,404
M. F. Sando, Dem.....	9,867
John Burschell, Soc. Lab.....	329
Freeman Leach, Ind.....	212

## 12. The county of Luzerne.

Morgan B. Williams, Rep.....	15,772
Stanley W. Davenport, Dem.....	17,220
James D. Hunter, Rep.....	1,498

## 13. The county of Schuylkill.

Charles N. Brumm, Rep.....	12,542
James W. Ryan, Dem.....	15,042
Pierce Walker, Soc. Lab.....	176

## 14. The counties of Lebanon, Dauphin and Perry.

Martin E. Olmsted, Rep.....	19,352
Wilson W. Gray, Dem.....	9,925
Lee L. Grumblin, Pro.....	2,564

## 15. The counties of Bradford, Susquehanna, Wayne and Wyoming.

Charles Frederick Wright, Rep.....	14,541
Archibald B. Gammell, Dem.....	9,331
Chauncey S. Russell, Pro.....	2,416

## 16. The counties of Tioga, Potter, Lycoming and Clinton.

Horace B. Packer, Rep.....	15,530
Jonathan F. Strieby, Dem.....	12,357
Lewis P. Thurston, Pro.....	3,378

## 17. The counties of Northumberland, Columbia, Montour and Sullivan.

William Hartman Woodin, Rep.....	12,487
Rufus K. Polk, Dem.....	14,792
John M. Caldwell, Pro.....	1,266

## 18. The counties of Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Snyder, Union and Mifflin.

Thaddeus M. Mahon, Rep.....	17,722
Robert McMeen, Dem.....	12,921

## 19. The counties of Cumberland, Adams and York.

Robert J. Lewis, Rep.....	19,016
Edward D. Ziegler, Dem.....	20,126

## 20. The counties of Blair, Somerset and Bedford.

Joseph E. Thropp, Rep.....	19,358
James M. Walters, Dem.....	17,358
John J. Irwin, Pro.....	2,091
John McMahon, Soc. Lab.....	244

## 21. The counties of Armstrong, Indiana, Jefferson and Westmoreland.

Summers M. Jack, Rep.....	23,277
Jacob R. Spiegel, Dem.....	16,191
Thomas J. Baldrige, Pro.....	2,360

## 22. The county of Allegheny (part).

John Dalzell, Rep.....	25,693
George W. Acklin, Dem.....	11,049
Homer L. Castle, Pro.....	1,219
Valentine Remmel, Soc. Lab.....	527
Thomas J. Baldrige, Pro.....	2,360

## 23. The county of Allegheny (part).

William H. Graham, Rep.....	18,008
John H. Stevenson, Dem.....	5,808
Fred C. Brittain, Rep.....	691
Enos Schwartz, Soc. Lab.....	223
William A. Klinger, Union.....	35

## 24. The counties of Fayette, Greene, Washington and part of Allegheny.

Ernest F. Acheson, Rep.....	25,524
Mark M. Cochran, Dem.....	21,290

## 25. The counties of Beaver, Butler, Lawrence and Mercer.

Joseph B. Showalter, Rep.....	18,320
M. L. Lockwood, Dem.....	15,271
John A. Bailey, Pro.....	2,006

## 26. The counties of Crawford and Erie.

George H. Higgins, Rep.....	13,483
Athelston Gaston, Dem.....	12,516
Francis A. Loveland, Pro.....	1,291

## 27. The counties of Cameron, McKean, Venango and Warren.

Charles W. Stone, Rep.....	11,757
Joseph C. Sibley, Dem.....	14,138
William W. Hague, Pro.....	1,233

## 28. The counties of Clarion, Clearfield, Center, Elk and Forest.

William C. Arnold, Rep.....	14,209
James K. P. Hall, Dem.....	17,550
George W. Rheem, Pro.....	1,398

## LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.	1896-97.
Sen. Ho. J. R. Sen. Ho. J. H.		
Republicans.....	37 127 164..	44 171 215
Democrats.....	12 71 84..	6 32 39
Fusion.....	6	6..

## RHODE ISLAND (Population 345,506).

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR 1898				GOVERNOR 1897				PRESIDENT 1896			
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	N. L. Pro.	S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	G. S.-L.
Population.	Dyer.	Church.	Loria.	Ridd.	Dyer.	Church.	Loria.	Ridd.	Dyer.	Church.	Loria.	Ridd.
11428 Bristol.....	512	460	54	22	730	517	4	46	6..	1321	424	52 35 30
26754 Kent.....	1518	476	138	165	1737	556	11	167	42..	2317	648	75 94 30
26562 Newport.....	2630	1572	170	67	2327	1429	7	121	59	3415	1042	92 141 30
265123 Providence.....	17436	10082	1126	2663	17463	10385	333	1119	1239	25844	11644	554 734 490
23649 Washington.....	2140	654	256	57..	2052	738	14	646	50	3040	645	397 109 38
Total.....	24743	13224	2012	2877	24309	12875	357	3006	1386	36437	14450	1160 1108 558
Plurality.....	11519			10634						21973		
Per cent.....	57.74	30.86	4.69	6.71..	58.1	52.6	5.0	3.3	67.74	26.98	2.15	2.16 1.08
Total vote.....	42856			41823						53785		

In 1896 Bentley, Pro., received 5 votes for president.

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Lieut.-Gov.—William Gregory, Rep.....	23,503
Fayette E. Bartlett, Dem.....	13,382
Cyrus D. Harp, Pro.....	2,104
Moses Fassel, Soc. Lab.....	2,970

## Secretary of State—

Charles P. Bennett, Rep.....	24,682
Miles A. McNamee, Dem.....	11,888
Joseph A. Peckham, Pro.....	2,360
John Devlin, Soc. Lab.....	2,976

## Att'y-Gen.—Willard B. Tanner, Rep.....

George T. Brown, Dem.....	13,352
James A. Williams, Pro.....	2,646
Lawrence Lee, Soc. Lab.....	3,001

## General Treasurer—

Walter A. Read, Rep.....	23,393
Edmund Walker, Dem.....	12,793

Elisha T. Read, Pro..... 2,539

Henry Starke, Soc. Lab..... 2,949

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Melville Bull, Rep.....	12,268
John W. Hogan, Dem.....	6,714
Edward W. Thelner, Soc. Lab.....	1,117
Charles H. Tilley, Pro.....	483
2. Adin B. Capron, Rep.....	9,941
Lucius F. C. Garvin, Dem.....	6,492
Charles H. Dana, Soc. Lab.....	1,534
Frank B. Smith, Pro.....	517

## LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.	1897-98.
Sen. Ho. J. R. Sen. Ho. J. H.		
Republicans.....	34 65 39..	34 65 39
Democrats.....	4 7 11..	4 16 26
Independent.....	—	— 1 1

## SOUTH CAROLINA (Population 1,151,149).

COUNTIES.	GOV. '98.—PRESIDENT 1898				GOV. 1894.—PRES. 1892			
	Gov.	Rep.	Dem.	G. D.	Gov.	Rep.	Dem.	Pres.
Population.	Elberta.	McKallie.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Evans.	Harris.	Clay.	Wheeler.
46864 Abbeville.....	839..	337	2473	1..	1491	329..	128	2259 1
31822 Aiken.....	700..	132	1819	11..	1809	363..	366	1908 70
43096 Anderson.....	899..	368	2109	17..	1402	543..	128	2243 144
Barren.....	449..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
44613 Barnwell.....	808..	239	2286	8..	1648	657..	549	2137 49
34119 Beaufort.....	448..	444	239	—	801	437..	268	175 —
55428 Berkeley.....	496..	145	513	9..	885	301..	1171	1687 31
58936 Charleston.....	1142..	1203	1659	549..	1368	428..	480	1564 1
28690 Chester.....	578..	75	1254	10..	923	428..	328	1604 7
18468 Chesterfield.....	810..	220	1465	—	1058	301	322	1694 24
22233 Clarendon.....	705..	207	1450	—	1108	300	394	2128 —
40238 Colleton.....	580..	343	1646	6..	1245	386..	472	1812 —
Cherokee.....	506..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
29124 Darlington.....	544..	201	1626	21..	963	676..	103	1810 24
Dorchester.....	444..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
49259 Edgefield.....	627..	216	1533	7..	1908	417..	26	2679 160
28509 Fairfield.....	879..	54	1078	—	778	408..	204	1941 2
25027 Florence.....	592..	136	1580	85..	1059	573..	238	1609 —
29857 Georgetown.....	456..	734	459	84..	872	752..	888	1623 1
44310 Greenville.....	677..	388	2718	85..	1608	517..	600	2086 69
Greenwood.....	774..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30544 Hampton.....	578..	25	1073	—	672	312..	254	1097 —
19256 Horry.....	807..	196	1873	—	769	1008..	—	—
22361 Kershaw.....	408..	139	1191	2..	846	308..	356	1107 8
20761 Lancaster.....	941..	177	1557	—	1375	419..	624	1744 124
18161 Laurens.....	919..	111	1943	—	1319	380..	173	1772 10
Lex.....	838..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
22181 Lexington.....	718..	197	1673	—	1230	576..	71	1282 242
28976 Marion.....	1144..	813	1936	11..	1448	331..	466	1744 258
23500 Marlboro.....	564..	237	1233	3..	789	356..	223	1604 171
26454 Newberry.....	700..	64	1126	9..	1191	701..	236	1534 67
18887 Oconee.....	628..	139	1302	—	128	450..	220	909 629

## ELECTION RETURNS.

389

Population.	Ellerbe.	McKinley.	Byran.	Fahner.	Evans.	Popa.	Harrison.	Clavel.	W. Weaver.
4888 Orangeburg.....	1289..	282	3729	—	2388	491..	838	2786	7
16389 Pickens.....	374..	170	1261	—	718	174..	129	608	461
39321 Richland.....	332..	468	936	29..	582	1091..	146	736	—
55386 Spartanburg.....	1475..	247	4284	—	2482	1119..	551	3515	129
43606 Sumter.....	407..	336	1550	24..	860	476..	639	1535	8
..... Saluda.....	628..	60	1241	—	—	—	—	—	—
25692 Union.....	580..	158	1379	2..	1418	517..	356	1339	56
37777 Williamsburg.....	900..	355	1570	4..	854	236..	737	1173	31
38881 York.....	964..	152	2010	4..	1273	355..	819	2212	3

Total.....	28159..	9281	58798	538..	39507	12778..	13345	54692	2307
Plurality.....	—	—	49517	—	22329	—	—	41347	—
Percent.....	100..	13.47	85.38	1.20..	69.57	80.43..	18.94	77.62	8.42
Total vote.....	28159..	86907	58798	—	—	—	—	70441	—

\*The McKinley vote includes that of the two republican factions combined. The regular republican vote was 4223 and the reorganized republican vote was 5058.

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Lieut.-Gov.—M. B. McSweeney, Dem.	23,241
Secretary of State—	
M. R. Cooper, Dem.....	23,234
Attorney-General—	
G. Duncan Bellinger, Dem.....	23,245
Treasurer—W. H. Timmerman, Dem.	23,249
Comptroller-General—	
J. P. Derham, Dem.....	23,249
Superintendent of Education—	
J. J. McMahan, Dem.....	23,239
Adjutant and Inspector General—	
J. W. Floyd, Dem.....	23,237
Railroad Commissioner—	
O. W. Garis, Dem.....	23,243

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Parts of the counties of Berkeley, Charleston, Colleton, Orangeburg and all of Lexington.	
William Elliott, Dem.....	2,086
G. W. Murray, Rep.....	1,539
2. Counties of Aiken, Barnwell, Edgefield, Hampton and part of Colleton.	
W. J. Talbert, Dem.....	4,016
B. P. Chatfield, Rep.....	122
3. Counties of Abbeville, Anderson, Newberry, Oconee and Pickens.	

A. C. Latimer, Dem.....	4,026
R. R. Tolbert, Rep.....	332
4. Counties of Fairfield, Greenville, Laurens and parts of Richland, Spartanburg and Union.	
Stanyarne Wilson, Dem.....	4,467
P. S. Suber, Rep.....	168
5. Counties of Chester, Chesterfield, Kershaw, Lancaster, York and parts of Union and Spartanburg.	
D. E. Findley, Dem.....	4,230
6. Counties of Clarendon, Darlington, Horry, Marlboro, Marion, Florence and part of Williamsburg.	
James Norton, Dem.....	4,766
J. H. Evans, Rep.....	151
7. Parts of counties of Richland, Colleton, Orangeburg, Williamsburg and Charleston.	
J. W. Stokes, Dem.....	4,431
James Weston, Rep.....	502

## LEGISLATURE.

	Sen. 1897-8.	Sen. 1898-9.	Ho. J.B.	Ho. J.B.
Republicans.....	1	1..	—	1
Democrats.....	35	123	150..	29
Conserv.Dem's—	—	—	7	17

## SOUTH DAKOTA (Population 233,906).

COUNTIES. (79)	GOV. 1898			PRES. 1898			GOV. 1894		
	Rep.	Fus.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.
Population.									
3045 Aurora.....	358	500	17..	387	479	12..	442	157	350
9546 Beadle.....	982	844	22..	955	915	26..	1118	189	562
9057 Bon Homme.....	922	773	9..	1163	848	7..	1054	162	728
..... Boreman.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
19132 Brookings.....	954	1806	73..	1293	1298	42..	1070	129	1009
18955 Brown.....	1052	1649	34..	1618	1867	21..	1730	284	1613
6737 Brule.....	479	639	10..	441	639	5..	613	438	212
958 Buffalo.....	60	85	—	68	79	—	100	6	74
1087 Butte.....	230	236	2..	222	236	2..	276	45	241
3510 Campbell.....	584	310	6..	449	369	—	541	17	332
4178 Charles Mix.....	647	788	8..	698	804	11..	503	100	331
8 Choteau.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
6726 Clark.....	638	825	51..	695	816	33..	803	98	702
7509 Clay.....	982	1126	23..	1238	1081	21..	1012	112	875
7087 Coddington.....	813	808	25..	1041	759	23..	1104	424	161
4991 Custer.....	370	361	7..	429	515	3..	528	222	280
5449 Davison.....	623	708	24..	616	733	18..	637	86	678
9168 Day.....	578	1154	33..	1174	1230	35..	1061	95	1167
40 Deuel.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4574 Dewey.....	500	707	4..	698	608	4..	575	137	485
..... Dowe.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4000 Douglas.....	484	509	8..	533	380	5..	621	73	385
4399 Edmunds.....	431	542	18..	371	510	7..	501	209	285
16 Ewing.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4478 Fall River.....	420	347	6..	532	555	4..	636	227	192
4032 Faulk.....	471	327	15..	430	237	4..	604	121	149
6314 Grant.....	838	610	24..	1029	903	21..	973	63	673
356 Gregory.....	189	116	1..	110	115	—	—	—	—
4625 Hamlin.....	568	521	25..	702	539	13..	684	73	437
6546 Hand.....	498	564	11..	451	567	8..	639	59	586
4267 Harding.....	348	552	7..	420	658	6..	413	339	391
167 Harding.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Population.	Phillips.	Lee.	Lewis.	McKinley.	Bryant.	Levering.	Shelden.	Ward.	Hewitt.	Alm.	Der.
5044 Hughes.....	437	807	3..	402	327	8..	529	104	81	8	8
10949 Hutchinson.....	1084	243	10..	1415	458	14..	1286	329	66	13	13
1890 Hyde.....	209	111	5..	223	121	2..	237	44	60	6	6
30 Jackson.....	—	—	—	18	30	—	—	—	—	—	—
3935 Jesauld.....	287	336	17..	274	328	9..	207	21	377	21	21
8242 Kingsbury.....	844	917	46..	950	1051	28..	818	117	925	45	45
7508 Lake.....	751	830	18..	864	949	11..	796	109	144	22	22
11763 Lawrence.....	2381	2212	29..	2210	2905	85..	1881	496	1612	23	23
9143 Lincoln.....	1100	1149	21..	1516	1393	14..	1424	189	880	20	20
— Lincolnbeel.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2823 Lyman.....	125	105	—	114	78	1..	139	45	53	3	3
4514 Marshall.....	545	636	23..	553	694	16..	404	60	456	12	12
6448 McChesney.....	618	810	9..	678	1047	12..	671	467	516	15	15
5649 McPherson.....	776	236	3..	512	361	6..	772	78	273	13	13
7 Martin.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4640 Meade.....	473	630	1..	550	802	4..	425	206	581	12	12
— Meyer.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
6185 Miner.....	412	714	8..	562	705	5..	541	299	373	11	11
21879 Minnehaha.....	2080	2269	75..	2429	2967	56..	2560	646	1379	71	71
5641 Moody.....	702	874	5..	780	1012	7..	764	62	662	21	21
149 Nowlin.....	—	—	—	16	23	—	—	—	—	—	—
6540 Pennington.....	764	760	8..	739	1088	8..	732	202	610	11	11
2910 Potter.....	298	409	4..	333	380	5..	359	107	212	3	3
23 Pratt.....	—	—	—	6	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
811 Presho.....	—	—	—	67	43	1..	—	—	—	—	—
34 Pyatt.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Rinehart.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1997 Roberts.....	1245	896	37..	1294	929	22..	1065	75	576	23	23
— Rusk.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4610 Sanborn.....	441	533	14..	530	500	15..	509	44	5.3	21	21
— Schnasse.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
32 Scobey.....	—	—	—	8	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Shannon.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10581 Spink.....	1079	1071	32..	1132	1051	13..	1211	109	1046	40	40
1028 Stanley.....	76	129	—	99	140	2..	115	79	9	2	2
96 Sterling.....	—	—	—	17	19	—	—	—	—	—	—
2412 Sully.....	241	238	4..	262	198	5..	286	28	185	4	4
198 Todd.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Trapp.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10256 Turner.....	1276	725	12..	1616	950	21..	1496	386	332	40	40
9130 Union.....	882	1424	24..	1297	1491	17..	1185	215	1002	13	13
— Wagner.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2153 Walworth.....	367	329	5..	250	286	5..	332	27	252	6	6
— Washabaugh.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
40 Washington.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10444 Yankton.....	1146	1147	15..	1432	1330	16..	1230	322	869	13	13
510 Ziebach.....	—	—	—	14	18	—	—	—	—	—	—
..... Unorganized counties.....	243	241	4..	77	108	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total.....	38849	37319	891..	41042	41225	653..	40461	8756	26568	1071	1071
Plurality.....	—	370	—	—	183	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percent.....	49.29	49.77	1.00..	49.47	49.69	.84..	52.64	11.41	34.36	1.33	1.33
Total vote.....	74959	74959	—	82260	82260	—	76736	—	—	—	—

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1893.

Governor—Kirk G. Phillips, Rep.....	36,949
Andrew E. Lee, Pop.....	37,319
K. Lewis, Pro.....	891
Lieut.-Gov.—John T. Kean, Rep.....	38,065
F. S. Robinson, Pop.....	34,494
F. J. Carlisle, Pro.....	944
Secretary of State—	
William H. Roddle, Rep.....	38,665
George Sparling, Pop.....	33,911
G. A. Grant, Pro.....	937
State Auditor—James D. Reeves, Rep.....	38,519
Hugh Smith, Pop.....	34,190
J. R. O'Neill, Pro.....	923
State Treasurer—J. Schamber, Rep.....	38,451
Maris Taylor, Pop.....	34,213
H. H. Curtis, Pro.....	940
Att'y-Gen.—John L. Pyle, Rep.....	38,701
C. S. Palmer, Pop.....	34,147
Superintendent of Public Instruction—	
E. E. Collins, Rep.....	38,717
L. F. Kintz, Pop.....	33,463
Florence Algure, Pro.....	946
Commissioner of School and Public Lands—	
David Eastman, Rep.....	38,434
John Scollard, Pop.....	33,956
Gust A. Johnson, Pro.....	927

For the amendment to the constitution in relation to woman suffrage:

For.....	19,695
Against.....	22,963

For the amendment to the constitution in relation to the initiative and referendum:

For.....	22,816
Against.....	16,483

For the amendment to the constitution in relation to the state control of liquors:

For.....	22,170
Against.....	20,567

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1896.

Robert J. Gamble, Rep.....	32,780
Charles H. Burke, Rep.....	34,235
Freman Knowles, Fus.....	31,240
J. E. Kelly, Fus.....	32,314
A. Jamison, Pro.....	682
M. D. Alexander, Pro.....	856

## LEGISLATURE.

	1893-99.	1896-97.		1893-99.	1896-97.
Sen.	Ho.	J.B.	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.
Republicans.....	28	59	87..	18	23
Fusionists.....	17	28	45..	—	—
People's.....	—	—	—	24	46

## ELECTION RETURNS.

391

## TENNESSEE (Population 1,767,518).

COUNTIES. (98)	GOVERNOR 1896					PRESIDENT 1896					GOV. 1894				
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	Pop.	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	G. D.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	Turney.	Mims.
Population.	Fowler.	McMillan.	Rich.	Johnson.	Turney.	McMillan.	Bryan.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Levering.	Frank.	Turney.	Mims.		
15128 Anderson.....	1160	501	—	—	2224	745	—	22	50	1562	568	16			
24739 Bedford.....	985	1757	8	6	2151	2675	21	70	50	1566	1670	199			
11230 Benton.....	447	1008	24	14	789	1364	101	1	12	—	912	214			
6134 Blount.....	572	86	—	—	785	478	—	12	48	1232	440	8			
17569 Blount.....	1274	556	—	—	2652	970	—	3	48	1232	643	58			
13607 Bradley.....	1063	699	—	19	1725	1057	—	5	45	1547	770	86			
13486 Campbell.....	1300	896	—	3	2389	571	—	11	13	1403	846	21			
12197 Cannon.....	480	885	—	—	778	1276	—	10	—	627	829	93			
28630 Carroll.....	1578	1112	197	38	2577	2080	208	6	61	2304	1642	392			
18389 Carter.....	1810	882	—	48	2700	445	—	29	35	2018	517	11			
3845 Cheatham.....	254	904	2	14	496	1165	64	80	9	840	730	479			
9069 Chester.....	380	657	60	4	607	910	108	2	14	545	699	280			
15108 Claiborne.....	871	1108	—	—	2230	1152	—	8	8	1480	889	90			
7260 Clay.....	841	637	1	1	548	836	—	1	22	409	607	65			
16523 Cocke.....	1232	780	—	6	2658	980	—	5	—	1960	969	161			
13827 Coffee.....	298	1008	14	9	639	1801	—	29	62	461	955	278			
15146 Crockett.....	413	950	—	25	1186	1655	10	—	84	1043	924	68			
5376 Cumberland.....	457	873	—	2	900	418	—	6	1	688	310	7			
108174 Davidson.....	863	4202	42	99	5720	7374	137	269	159	2478	5412	1491			
8995 DeCATUR.....	412	672	—	—	880	977	20	—	3	740	756	61			
15550 DeKalb.....	1256	1421	1	19	1633	1626	—	5	28	1765	1226	108			
13645 Dickson.....	474	131	3	29	841	1938	88	14	98	508	920	897			
19878 Dyer.....	266	1131	9	25	868	2318	271	15	44	818	1240	569			
28978 Fayette.....	29	2132	2	—	1316	2355	18	22	9	306	1701	110			
5226 Fontrose.....	645	836	—	—	798	297	4	9	—	617	189	93			
18929 Franklin.....	430	1512	25	57	584	2502	52	34	50	1265	1476	738			
26849 Gibson.....	807	2048	62	126	1945	3808	285	7	216	1265	2274	688			
34957 Giles.....	738	2099	36	2	2372	3881	61	21	21	1000	1393	383			
13196 Grainger.....	599	654	—	—	1863	1001	1	—	5	1132	406	145			
26814 Greene.....	2917	2747	1	11	3577	2726	—	8	58	2530	1606	121			
6345 Grundy.....	145	613	1	2	286	991	6	12	17	211	711	77			
11418 Hamblen.....	866	698	—	18	1506	1083	—	5	27	1134	647	79			
53482 Hamilton.....	2000	2206	37	48	4468	3664	65	96	121	5010	2851	284			
10842 Hancock.....	836	828	—	—	1490	456	—	—	7	900	254	74			
21029 Hardeman.....	723	1435	9	—	1427	2129	105	46	1	512	1130	440			
17698 Hardin.....	863	860	6	—	2165	1329	8	2	7	1853	1078	35			
12246 Hawkins.....	1615	1657	1	6	2321	1725	—	16	13	2053	1397	78			
22346 Haywood.....	4	805	—	—	639	2393	29	18	40	76	947	164			
16336 Henderson.....	1045	793	5	105	2009	1818	—	—	40	1760	902	85			
21070 Henry.....	402	1566	9	84	1472	2976	101	17	14	1208	2118	343			
14499 Hickman.....	344	1043	16	5	988	1523	30	12	13	686	870	233			
5390 Houston.....	182	621	3	25	843	279	17	15	23	287	491	110			
11720 Humphreys.....	294	1058	6	51	465	1507	97	6	10	276	745	405			
13325 Jackson.....	677	1285	39	—	754	1728	24	1	—	481	1141	336			
4908 James.....	813	172	1	1	647	237	—	2	4	626	207	80			
16478 Jefferson.....	1596	861	1	1	2938	861	31	13	9	2339	740	79			
8558 Johnson.....	1045	172	—	10	1638	224	—	5	5	1191	177	1			
95557 Knox.....	2916	2573	17	20	6245	4006	14	55	117	4567	3274	170			
5304 Lake.....	80	300	—	—	123	811	—	8	11	29	265	19			
18756 Lauderdale.....	158	894	40	10	709	2072	173	38	7	261	1335	468			
12296 Lawrence.....	676	841	—	3	1216	1328	—	7	—	1015	1021	4			
2555 Lewis.....	96	294	—	—	204	811	18	—	—	140	182	15			
27392 Lincoln.....	404	1770	124	147	992	8186	88	40	129	724	1720	904			
9273 Loudon.....	711	864	2	8	1447	594	—	3	11	1254	390	77			
10678 Macon.....	854	570	4	5	1324	838	31	—	—	632	457	43			
17890 McMinn.....	1432	1001	15	60	2235	1394	—	12	34	1942	1174	95			
15510 McNairy.....	1038	1030	60	4	1463	1496	66	—	—	1170	798	292			
30457 Madison.....	210	1924	125	17	1024	8489	251	15	17	554	2636	462			
15411 Marion.....	853	361	—	1	1801	1320	—	28	4	1578	937	40			
19306 Marshall.....	626	1816	113	86	549	2698	309	14	59	646	2069	536			
38112 Martin.....	724	2617	17	80	2537	2630	91	33	59	1312	2043	443			
6930 Meigs.....	361	547	3	—	641	712	9	4	2	550	536	80			
15329 Monroe.....	1148	1108	3	18	1634	1599	9	101	47	1489	1245	79			
20697 Montgomery.....	874	1465	15	438	2984	2734	70	101	252	1736	1557	867			
5975 Moore.....	54	572	—	21	78	890	52	2	28	47	542	179			
7639 Morgan.....	712	405	—	—	1140	452	—	15	19	732	249	47			
27273 Obion.....	835	1519	137	78	1147	3529	246	41	98	712	1736	747			
12039 Overton.....	647	1233	2	2	761	1485	10	1	—	695	1098	36			
7786 Perry.....	815	517	1	—	573	993	7	1	—	554	673	45			
4736 Pettit.....	426	262	—	—	544	794	—	—	—	462	269	19			
5361 Polk.....	453	590	5	—	947	749	—	3	8	763	607	43			
18983 Putnam.....	829	1896	21	10	1037	1720	30	4	14	675	1064	185			
12847 Rhea.....	958	884	3	14	1324	1118	6	18	46	1122	874	52			
17418 Roane.....	1196	440	1	111	8026	908	18	14	142	2320	616	185			
20078 Robertson.....	694	1710	3	191	1886	2918	25	15	182	809	1360	651			
35097 Rutherford.....	913	1814	54	7	2205	3081	818	50	23	1781	1968	1127			
9794 Scott.....	1177	175	—	—	1091	309	—	—	7	1336	181	3			
8027 Sequatchie.....	127	291	—	—	241	896	—	—	8	213	843	21			
18761 Sevier.....	1948	263	—	—	8	3576	428	—	4	18	2911	872	28		
112740 Shelby.....	1992	3331	32	—	5123	5734	96	215	42	798	2724	163			
18404 Smith.....	580	1732	30	48	1054	2414	—	6	20	859	1003	540			

Population.	Powder	McK	Rich	dean	Turnley	McK	Byran	Byran	Palmer	Lovering	Erans	Turney	Misses
12193 Stewart.....	220	969	1	13	618	1620	23	—	9	—	378	871	425
20879 Sullivan.....	1268	1860	1	36	1914	2512	—	3	53	—	1350	1914	194
23688 Sumner.....	394	1775	91	12	1215	2019	153	48	11	—	618	1692	524
24271 Tipton.....	89	1180	2	9	1894	2119	—	123	18	—	226	1876	684
5860 Trousdale.....	157	606	15	1	313	747	22	4	—	—	232	506	67
4619 Unicol.....	2088	96	—	7	804	89	—	3	7	—	669	93	2
11459 Union.....	919	395	—	—	1862	596	—	3	2	—	1579	454	68
8863 Van Buren.....	115	324	—	—	140	419	—	9	5	—	91	380	88
14413 Warren.....	611	1345	23	18	849	2090	2	29	6	—	693	1280	389
2034 Washington.....	1519	1056	8	31	2807	1080	1	18	43	—	1922	1277	34
11471 Wayne.....	856	507	1	10	1505	734	14	1	10	—	1113	426	31
28965 Weakley.....	1211	2165	59	43	2008	8756	178	3	90	—	1297	1892	476
12348 White.....	271	1298	3	6	617	1732	87	9	16	—	560	1302	853
26321 Williamson.....	240	1700	87	11	1281	2395	162	17	51	—	474	1675	597
27148 Wilson.....	663	2445	5	10	1568	3424	2	19	17	—	894	1308	237
Total.....	72611	105640	1722	2411	148773	163641	4536	1261	3098	—	106104	104356	2389
Plurality.....	83029	—	—	—	19408	—	—	—	748	—	—	—	—
Per cent.....	89.94	57.92	.93	1.31	46.21	50.80	1.39	.65	.96	—	45.19	44.87	9.94
Total vote.....	—	132394	—	—	—	321908	—	—	233553	—	—	—	—

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1890.

Railroad Commissioners—	
N. W. Baptist, Dem. (6 years).....	104,246
J. N. McKenzie, Dem. (4 years).....	103,546
T. L. Williams, Dem. (2 years).....	103,285
James A. Greer, Rep. (6 years).....	71,023
Zack Taylor, Rep. (4 years).....	70,835
B. A. Haggard, Rep. (2 years).....	69,766

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

1. The counties of Carter, Claiborne, Cocke, Grainger, Greene, Hamblen, Hancock, Hawkins, Johnson, Sullivan, Unicol and Washington.	
W. P. Brownlow, Rep.....	14,616
H. H. Gouchenour, Dem.....	11,732
James Coumly, Pro.....	246
2. The counties of Anderson, Blount, Campbell, Jefferson, Knox, Loudon, Morgan, Roane, Scott, Sevier and Union.	
H. R. Gibson, Rep.....	12,848
J. M. Davis, Dem.....	6,908
Scattering.....	125
3. The counties of Bledsoe, Bradley, Franklin, Grundy, Hamilton, James, McMinn, Marion, Meigs, Monroe, Polk, Sequatchie, Van Buren, Warren and White.	
John A. Moon, Dem.....	13,347
Gus Cate, Rep.....	9,209
W. A. Whitmore, Pop.....	161
4. The counties of Clay, Cumberland, Fentress, Jackson, Macon, Overton, Pickett, Putnam, Rhea, Smith, Sumner, Trousdale and Wilson.	
C. E. Snodgrass, Dem.....	13,413
George H. Morgan, Rep.....	8,122
5. The counties of Bedford, Coffee, Cannon, DeKalb, Lincoln, Marshall, Moore and Rutherford.	

J. D. Richardson, Dem.....	11,967
W. Y. Elliott, Rep.....	4,960
6. The counties of Cheatham, Davidson, Houston, Humphreys, Montgomery, Robertson and Stewart.	
J. W. Gaines, Dem.....	11,539
J. C. Napier, Rep.....	2,989
N. P. Gill, Pro.....	1,621
7. The counties of Dickson, Giles, Hickman, Lawrence, Lewis, Maury, Wayne and Williamson.	
N. N. Cox, Dem.....	9,596
J. A. Cunningham, Ind.....	4,966
8. The counties of Benton, Carroll, Chester, Decatur, Hardin, Henderson, Henry, Madison, McNairy and Perry.	
T. W. Sims, Dem.....	10,747
W. F. Hinkle, Rep.....	6,579
T. J. Brooks, Pop.....	529
9. The counties of Crockett, Dyer, Gibson, Haywood, Lake, Lauderdale, Obion, Weakley.	
R. A. Pierce, Dem.....	9,399
Ike Revelle, Rep.....	2,726
E. F. Talley, Pop.....	246
10. The counties of Fayette, Hardeman, Shelby and Tipton.	
E. W. Carmack, Dem.....	3,439
J. W. Vernon, Rep.....	1,572
J. T. Brooks, Pop.....	42

## LEGISLATURE.

	1890.	1890.	1890.	1890.
	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.	J.B.
Republicans.....	5	22	37	8
Democrats.....	23	77	106	26
People's.....	—	—	—	4

## TEXAS (Population 2,255,543).

COUNTIES (246)	Gov. 1890	Pres. 1890	Gov. 1890	Pres. 1890
Population.	Dem.	Pop.	Rep.	Dem.
20823 Anderson.....	2765	1806	1966	2723
24 Andrews.....	1412	536	851	1318
6205 Anglin.....	202	300	160	309
1824 Aransas.....	418	100	55	462
2101 Archer.....	163	57	8	136
944 Armstrong.....	748	198	96	1004
6450 Atascosa.....	2351	791	2186	1545
17850 Austin.....	551	338	149	478
3753 Bailey.....	2302	2016	1732	960
3753 Bandera.....	296	76	72	303
20736 Bastrop.....	257	1549	1741	1433
2565 Baylor.....	7736	1083	5601	4570
3720 Bee.....	71	21	243	414
33297 Bell.....	—	—	—	—
49296 Bexar.....	—	—	—	—
4635 Blanco.....	—	—	—	—

## ELECTION RETURNS.

393

Population.	Byrns.	Gibbs.	McKinley	Byrns.	Byrns.	Calhoun	Keamy	Clark
222 Horden	90	81	8	19	58	43	—	—
14157 Bosque	1022	898	875	1789	717	1748	1651	1
20267 Bowie	2212	1908	1922	2108	508	2413	2289	—
15906 Brazoria	2721	123	1564	1261	103	1010	1491	10
16650 Braxton	2876	821	1909	1636	294	1914	1924	—
710 Brewster	202	18	79	219	1	309	68	—
Briscoe	68	72	2	98	82	72	96	25
11559 Brown	1337	769	828	1753	736	1546	1256	28
367 Buchel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5740 Burleson	2556	408	1605	1628	169	1691	1621	4
6731 Burnett	1106	890	299	1210	435	171	991	6
15793 Caldwell	2157	1308	778	1928	724	1908	1508	12
845 Calhoun	826	120	99	275	21	221	167	2
5431 Callahan	821	518	123	899	409	837	637	—
14414 Cameron	3077	1	1874	1732	—	1841	866	—
6124 Canup	800	437	835	536	2	788	870	—
350 Carson	78	14	7	97	6	98	21	—
22554 Cass	1961	1222	1742	1658	743	2175	2073	—
9 Castro	68	2	8	80	—	84	7	—
2241 Chambers	829	286	201	325	83	817	189	—
22575 Cherokee	2142	1709	1611	1865	858	2049	1690	—
1175 Childress	843	64	37	300	56	859	83	1
7501 Clay	1162	483	234	1145	838	1118	618	6
— Cochran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2059 Coke	176	102	38	262	180	261	247	8
6098 Coleman	901	890	159	1003	400	950	614	11
36736 Collin	5900	8408	1931	6161	1436	5708	8856	44
357 Collingsworth	125	52	3	143	58	121	48	—
18612 Colorado	8779	863	2045	1598	340	1726	2237	—
6288 Comal	1548	8	1081	252	16	1154	149	—
16239 Comanche	1677	2108	158	1361	1173	1556	1713	6
1659 Concho	158	43	17	40	2	121	76	—
24094 Cooke	8400	1630	827	8532	875	8404	1764	16
16816 Correll	1807	1590	488	2229	1255	2200	1854	8
240 Cottle	58	20	5	104	12	—	—	—
— Crane	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
194 Crockett	285	1	215	160	—	161	212	—
346 Crosby	82	9	4	99	5	98	19	—
75 Dallas	35	2	7	36	—	87	7	—
67042 Dallas	6853	2454	5655	9203	863	7750	7872	170
29 Dawson	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
179 Deaf Smith	70	18	3	100	8	91	16	—
9117 Delta	800	940	807	961	718	990	1320	—
21189 Denton	1983	219	949	8944	489	8799	1634	21
14307 De Witt	2191	1085	1776	1775	232	1552	1908	—
286 Dickens	60	81	12	63	13	74	53	—
1049 Dimmit	71	98	6	73	69	122	—	—
1056 Donley	160	108	66	136	84	198	181	3
7598 Doyal	967	—	790	421	—	250	770	—
40843 Eastland	1860	1008	237	1543	965	1471	1356	17
221 Ector	113	8	8	68	—	60	9	—
1983 Edwards	261	198	140	345	89	814	187	1
31774 Ellis	5109	3207	1763	6501	1969	6113	4230	—
15678 El Paso	1970	1308	1246	2307	—	2121	1585	—
1022 Eufaula	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
21515 Erath	2018	2270	928	2460	1905	2278	2900	28
20708 Falls	3062	1648	2734	3185	437	3937	2847	—
35709 Fannin	4409	8908	2339	5104	1494	5341	4336	12
81481 Fayette	4781	1253	3338	2367	548	4266	2454	—
2996 Fisher	216	197	308	151	879	217	7	—
629 Floyd	186	86	18	198	83	177	120	—
16 Foard	110	128	42	145	113	136	164	—
10586 Fort Bend	2231	128	2228	847	45	2296	441	—
6481 Franklin	730	225	78	973	301	987	525	2
15897 Freestone	164	799	1345	1509	521	1885	1498	—
3113 Frio	520	154	197	620	58	486	886	—
68 Gaines	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
31476 Galveston	5873	683	4618	4406	187	4206	3971	120
14 Garza	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7028 Gillespie	1632	286	1064	849	109	906	578	—
208 Glasscock	22	48	49	38	5	40	56	—
6910 Goliad	814	458	637	668	241	648	857	—
18016 Gonzales	2313	2038	645	2232	1522	1816	2410	—
230 Gray	85	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
53211 Greer	3860	597	3353	7743	1158	7596	4517	37
— Greer	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
9402 Gregg	1218	407	881	658	193	1174	796	—
11312 Grimes	2000	2200	2017	1752	715	1981	2524	1
65217 Guadalupe	2451	638	2229	1199	111	1691	1699	2
721 Hale	198	62	23	220	55	204	90	1
708 Hall	205	48	23	261	22	175	25	—
9279 Hamilton	1167	1048	354	1181	773	1050	1286	18
183 Hansford	13	15	17	15	1	17	16	—
3904 Hardeman	307	104	49	490	37	422	139	2

Population.	Barrs.	Gibbs.	McKinley.	Bryas.	Bryas.	California.	County.	Chart.
3856 Hardin.....	700	27.	245	690	62.	622	218	
37249 Harris.....	6275	610.	5765	6108	72.	6242	5353	30
26721 Harrison.....	3802	61.	1546	2076	54.	4524	691	25
252 Hartley.....	60	22.	19	91	6.	74	35	
1665 Haskell.....	343	95.	16	275	41.	238	98	2
11352 Hays.....	1508	438.	682	1619	204.	1308	714	10
519 Hemphill.....	41	—	39	111	3.	79	43	
12285 Henderson.....	1435	749.	684	1695	881.	1648	1561	
6534 Hidalgo.....	908	—	151	1093	—	1216	—	
27583 Hill.....	4562	3018.	1196	4948	2177.	4607	2471	64
Hockley.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
7581 Hood.....	908	620.	183	973	537.	997	723	27
40572 Hopkins.....	2430	1715.	1475	2424	517.	2532	2336	68
19307 Houston.....	1935	491.	1246	2419	868.	2533	2085	4
1210 Howard.....	172	148.	110	247	68.	300	138	
31885 Hunt.....	3308	1410.	1830	5328	986.	5303	3314	20
Hutchinson.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
870 Irion.....	140	27.	45	157	—	155	42	
9740 Jack.....	917	704.	228	1004	714.	1016	951	13
3281 Jackson.....	574	441.	458	418	188.	435	643	
5692 Jasper.....	476	238.	367	573	253.	738	286	11
1391 Jeff Davis.....	276	—	102	48	—	84	69	
5857 Jefferson.....	1969	421.	942	1088	123.	1015	1093	
22313 Johnson.....	3370	2048.	380	3736	1639.	3346	2306	6
3737 Jones.....	887	352.	44	536	390.	478	408	
3687 Karnes.....	850	476.	350	840	539.	895	712	
21588 Kaufman.....	2682	776.	1211	8734	826.	3616	2175	20
3049 Kendall.....	508	230.	508	826	—	375	461	
324 Kent.....	62	45.	112	216	51.	275	19	
4445 Kerr.....	748	73.	391	217	30.	584	396	
2234 Kimble.....	221	173.	96	485	108.	261	106	
173 King.....	73	4.	1	88	—	84	9	
3781 Kinney.....	266	5.	467	149	—	158	450	
1134 Knox.....	197	48.	18	237	55.	180	104	
37302 Lamar.....	4230	3070.	2191	4621	1350.	4492	3453	
Lamb.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
7565 Lampasas.....	952	424.	220	677	473.	565	394	12
2139 LeSalle.....	197	98.	261	243	—	283	137	
21887 Lavaca.....	2321	1405.	1476	2000	1306.	2777	1837	
1182 Lee.....	1326	1169.	1289	1900	297.	963	1661	1
13841 Leon.....	1549	1081.	1012	1518	587.	1477	1258	
4230 Liberty.....	904	305.	463	700	190.	764	540	
21678 Limestone.....	2727	1672.	1163	3153	1787.	3607	2759	37
632 Lipscomb.....	86	22.	30	94	—	97	34	
2055 Live Oak.....	876	104.	80	417	89.	405	160	
6759 Llano.....	796	432.	149	397	65.	650	500	
3 Loving.....	—	—	30	—	—	—	—	
33 Lubbock.....	62	4.	7	87	6.	89	10	
24 Lynn.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
8612 Madison.....	748	680.	299	790	622.	985	798	
10882 Marion.....	431	150.	1408	611	98.	1167	859	
264 Martin.....	80	—	222	97	—	97	25	
5168 Mason.....	629	308.	222	496	—	300	445	
3885 Matagorda.....	627	67.	561	449	222.	213	80	
3338 Maverick.....	570	118.	317	517	—	671	153	
3265 McCulloch.....	471	206.	152	344	180.	397	322	
32304 McLennan.....	3657	1116.	4126	6511	6342	6041	97	
1038 McMullen.....	195	9.	53	1	—	120	51	
5730 Medina.....	1085	248.	590	1712	64.	712	758	
1267 Menard.....	981	73.	124	294	55.	306	256	
1033 Midland.....	807	95.	45	272	17.	373	64	
24773 Mills.....	3811	1825.	2180	3600	984.	2823	2333	3
3540 Mills.....	686	555.	590	877	587.	595	731	5
2459 Mitchell.....	250	209.	147	324	80.	397	314	24
18483 Montague.....	3018	975.	175	1824	1068.	3121	1871	5
11765 Montgomery.....	1288	500.	953	1432	454.	1870	1268	
15 Moore.....	12	18.	3	24	12.	15	4	
6540 Morris.....	918	441.	508	734	230.	904	623	
139 Motley.....	97	40.	7	134	23.	101	55	
15884 Nacogdoches.....	1978	1808.	380	1736	1128.	1806	2091	6
26753 Navarro.....	4108	3520.	2113	5835	2108.	6235	2623	57
4030 Newton.....	919	115.	345	508	117.	558	270	13
1573 Nolan.....	202	130.	26	263	98.	123	108	
8463 Nueces.....	1779	108.	554	1526	98.	1493	561	
198 Ochiltree.....	40	1.	9	28	20	145	12	
270 Oldham.....	69	—	2	68	6.	70	6	
4770 Orange.....	770	313.	423	726	60.	736	480	7
8720 Palo Pinto.....	1072	638.	196	1156	728.	998	1024	
11328 Panola.....	1330	206.	291	2219	376.	2226	610	
21682 Parker.....	2319	1570.	637	3111	1332.	2215	2113	84
7 Parmer.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
1236 Pecos.....	266	—	60	196	—	—	63	
10352 Polk.....	1283	908.	589	1373	1.	123	1163	2
849 Potter.....	200	103.	53	233	71.	216	131	

## ELECTION RETURNS.

395

Population	Sayers.	Gibbs.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan.	Cullerson.	Kearby.	Clark.
1338 Presidio.....	384	418	517	30.	30.	30.	30.	30.
3309 Rains.....	308	418	384	247.	414	348	348	348
187 Randall.....	61	32.	1.	94	30.	117	94	94
21452 Red River.....	2118	1904.	1500	2000	731.	2728	2515	2515
1247 Reeves.....	483	13.	45	606	12.	576	71	71
1239 Refugio.....	809	32.	147	173	6.	192	134	134
326 Roberts.....	105	20.	19	123	15.	138	95	95
26508 Robertson.....	2781	271.	2940	2447	422.	2628	2415	2415
5672 Rockwall.....	753	236.	267	1144	139.	1108	436	436
3182 Runnels.....	457	246.	109	418	197.	410	316	316
18559 Rusk.....	2631	877.	1674	2181	473.	1224	2061	2061
4989 Sabine.....	635	554.	83	492	342.	486	634	634
6988 San Augustine.....	508	756.	265	652	392.	677	833	833
7390 San Jacinto.....	1026	833.	770	710	215.	678	1009	1009
1312 San Patricio.....	400	27.	71	631	36.	478	141	141
6621 San Saba.....	872	499.	113	711	371.	630	673	673
155 Schleicher.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1415 Scurry.....	280	236.	39	177	156.	616	159	159
2012 Shackelford.....	225	—	117	288	107.	247	285	285
14365 Shelby.....	1370	870.	186	2163	8837.	2081	1037	81
71 Sherman.....	2	—	6	6	—	6	6	6
28224 Smith.....	2947	1508.	2008	3306	622.	3861	2906	2906
3411 Somervell.....	328	357.	27	303	312.	356	299	7
10063 Starr.....	1290	178.	783	1035	—	1498	239	239
4326 Stephens.....	536	453.	13	672	290.	635	591	12
— Sterling.....	96	82.	22	113	85.	106	108	108
1024 Stonewall.....	159	129.	17	126	78.	117	94	94
658 Sutton.....	181	118.	186	175	—	196	163	163
100 Swisher.....	97	68.	15	115	78.	100	98	98
41142 Tarrant.....	3908	1071.	2238	6882	1098.	6193	3889	47
6946 Taylor.....	1141	727.	246	868	458.	877	971	4
21 Terry.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
908 Throckmorton.....	116	94.	52	185	95.	173	151	151
8190 Titus.....	621	539.	345	1129	742.	1115	1087	1087
5162 Tom Green.....	610	300.	465	740	37.	—	—	—
37019 Travis.....	6008	2900.	4138	8737	392.	4036	4141	115
7648 Trinity.....	907	566.	443	762	508.	922	763	763
10877 Tyler.....	971	690.	430	1273	271.	1337	756	756
12685 Upshur.....	1297	808.	822	1466	462.	1539	1257	7
52 Upton.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
3904 Uvalde.....	602	302.	515	536	2.	533	518	518
2874 Val Verde.....	702	3.	200	408	—	528	284	284
16225 Van Zandt.....	2107	2180.	601	2290	1230.	2292	2208	33
8737 Victoria.....	2002	430.	1536	845	39.	627	1277	1277
12874 Walker.....	1441	762.	1057	1265	1265.	1261	1318	1318
10889 Waller.....	2415	850.	1486	1107	221.	1486	1334	1334
77 Ward.....	141	72.	71	93	9.	78	93	93
29161 Washington.....	3341	296.	4196	1654	40.	2711	3167	4
16564 Webb.....	1847	3.	2067	1183	1.	1194	1758	1758
7584 Wharton.....	1080	157.	1186	844	46.	1471	891	891
778 Wheeler.....	62	18.	21	77	4.	82	14	14
4331 Wichita.....	590	296.	165	720	80.	536	390	5
7092 Wilbarger.....	300	64.	137	743	129.	651	314	18
25878 Williamson.....	8576	1753.	2151	3619	1164.	3985	3501	10
10655 Wilson.....	1686	1022.	191	1716	568.	1280	1221	1
13 Winkler.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
24134 Wood.....	3107	2018.	540	3581	1447.	3280	2303	10
13833 Wood.....	1620	1230.	778	1750	816.	1859	1568	1568
4 Young.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5049 Young.....	690	396.	99	809	306.	764	443	443
3563 Zapata.....	673	—	890	14	—	531	42	42
1097 Zavalla.....	105	15.	20	119	18.	115	80	80
Total.....	285074	132348.	167520	290462	79572.	296670	234815	1817
Plurality.....	152728	—	202914	—	—	61065	—	—
Per cent.....	68.28	41.72.	80.75	53.39	14.60.	—	—	—
Total vote.....	417422	—	544786	—	—	—	—	—

\*Four tickets were voted for state officers—the candidates for governor being Joseph D. Sayers, Dem.; Barnett Gibbs, Pro.; G. H. Royal, Lab. Soc., and H. P. Bailey, Pro. The vote for Royal was small, and that for Bailey comparatively nominal. There was a great falling off in the vote for Gibbs compared with that for Kearby two years ago.

†The vote was for McKinley and Hobart electors, Bryan and Sewall electors, Bryan and Watson electors, Palmer and Buckner electors and Levering and Johnson electors.

‡Three state tickets were voted—headed respectively by Charles A. Cullerson, Dem.; Jerome C. Kearby, Pop. Rep., and Mandolph Clark, Pro., for governor. Fusion was not generally regarded by the populists and republicans, many thousand colored voters supporting Cullerson on account of dissatisfaction with the school provision in the platform of the populists who nominated Kearby.

In 1894 Palmer, Nat. Dem., received 5046 and Levering, Pro., 1736 votes for president.

Counties for which no returns are given are unorganized and held no elections.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.  
The democratic ticket elected is as follows:  
Governor—Joseph D. Sayers.

Lieutenant-Governor—J. N. Browning.  
Attorney-General—Thomas S. Smith.  
Comptroller—R. W. Finley.  
Treasurer—John W. Robbins.

Land Commissioner—George W. Fingen.  
 Superintendent of Public Instruction—J. S. Kendall.  
 Railroad Commissioner—Allison Mayfield.  
 Associate Justice of the Supreme Court—Thomas J. Brown.  
 Judge of the Court of Criminal Appeals—M. M. Brooks.

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Chambers, Freestone, Grimes, Harris, Leon, Madison, Montgomery, Trinity, Walker and Waller.

Blackwell, Rep. .... 1,996  
 T. H. Ball, Dem. .... 21,103  
 J. H. Eagles, Peo. .... 351

2. The counties of Anderson, Angelina, Cherokee, Hardin, Harrison, Houston, Jasper, Jefferson, Liberty, Nacogdoches, Newton, Orange, Panola, Folk, Sabine, St. Augustine, San Jacinto, Shelby, Tyler.

J. A. McAyreal, Rep. .... 4,752  
 S. B. Cooper, Dem. .... 47,631  
 O. H. Russell, Peo. .... 6,044

3. The counties of Gregg, Henderson, Hunt, Rains, Rockwall, Rusk, Smith, Upshur, Van Zandt and Wood.

R. C. DeGraffenried, Dem. .... 19,669  
 H. B. Wood, Peo. .... 12,285

4. The counties of Bowie, Camp, Case, Delta, Franklin, Hopkins, Lamar, Marion, Morris, Red River and Titus.

J. L. Sheppard, Dem. .... 20,724  
 J. L. Whittle, Peo. .... 10,423

5. The counties of Collin, Cooke, Denton, Fannin, Grayson and Montague.

A. W. Acheson, Rep. .... 3,342  
 J. W. Bailey, Dem. .... 23,942  
 W. S. Holt, Peo. .... 5,210  
 J. W. Thomas, Ind. .... 587

6. The counties of Bosque, Dallas, Ellis, Hill, Johnson, Kaufman and Navarro.

A. J. Houston, Rep. .... 8,117  
 R. E. Burke, Dem. .... 31,088  
 T. P. Gore, Peo. .... 9,567

7. The counties of Bell, Brazos, Falls, Limestone, McLennan, Milam and Robertson.

R. Kingsbury, Rep. .... 6,314  
 R. L. Henry, Dem. .... 24,147  
 A. W. Cunningham, Peo. .... 7,737

8. The counties of Brown, Coleman, Comanche, Coryell, Erath, Hamilton, Hood, Lampasas, Mills, Parker, Runnels, Somervell and Tarrant.

A. Springer, Rep. .... 3,311  
 S. W. Lanham, Dem. .... 13,261

N. J. Shand, Peo. .... 6,126

9. The counties of Bastrop, Burleson, Burnet, Caldwell, Hays, Lee, Travis, Washington and Williamson.

A. S. Burleson, Dem. .... 27,228  
 W. Jones, Ind. .... 15,327

10. The counties of Austin, Bexar, Colorado, Fayette, Fort Bend, Galveston, Gonzales, Lavaca and Matagorda.

R. B. Hawley, Rep. .... 17,824  
 W. S. Robson, Dem. .... 16,368  
 J. W. Baird, Peo. .... 2,123

11. The counties of Aransas, Atascosa, Bee, Calhoun, Cameron, De Witt, Dimmitt, Duval, Encinal, Frio, Goliad, Guadalupe, Hidalgo, Jackson, Karnes, LaSalle, Live Oak, McMullen, Nueces, Refugio, San Patricio, Starr, Uvalde, Victoria, Webb, Wharton, Wilson, Zapata and Zavala.

B. L. Crouch, Rep. .... 14,673  
 R. Kieburg, Dem. .... 15,636

12. The counties of Bandera, Bexar, Blanco, Brewster, Buechel, Coke, Concho, Concho, Crane, Crockett, Ector, Edwards, Fole, Gillespie, Gillespie, Irion, Jeff Davis, Kendall, Kerr, Kimble, Kinney, Llano, Mason, Maverick, McCulloch, Medina, Menard, Midland, Pecos, Presidio, San Saba, Schleicher, Sterling, Sutton, Tom Green, Upton and Val Verde.

G. H. Noonan, Rep. .... 8,819  
 J. L. Slayden, Dem. .... 12,680

13. The counties of Andrews, Archer, Armstrong, Bailey, Baylor, Borden, Briscoe, Callahan, Carson, Castro, Childress, Clay, Cochran, Collingsworth, Cottle, Crosby, Dallam, Dawson, Deaf Smith, Dickens, Donley, Eastland, El Paso, Fisher, Floyd, Ford, Galena, Garza, Gray, Greer, Hale, Hall, Hansford, Hardeman, Hartley, Haskell, Hemphill, Hickock, Howard, Hutchison, Jack, Jones, Kent, King, Knox, Lamb, Lipscomb, Loving, Lubbock, Lynn, Martin, Mitchell, Moore, Motley, Nolan, Ochiltree, Oldham, Palo Pinto, Farmer, Potter, Randall, Reeves, Roberts, Scurry, Shackelford, Sherman, Stephens, Stonewall, Swisher, Taylor, Terry, Throckmorton, Ward, Wheeler, Wichita, Wilbarger, Winkler, Wise, Yoakum and Young.

Eager, Rep. .... 8,164  
 J. H. Stephens, Dem. .... 22,221

## LEGISLATURE.

	1889.		1890.	
	Sen.	Ho.	J. B. Sen.	Ho. J. B.
Republicans	1	1	1	1
Democrats	30	113	148	23
People's	—	7	7	2
Independent	—	2	2	—

## UTAH (Population 207,905).

COUNTIES. (26)	PRESIDENT '96			Gov. '96			DEL. '94			DEL. '92		
Population.	Rep.	Dem.	G. D.	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.	Rep.	Dem.	Lib.
Beaver	206	1051	—	404	300	2	400	312	1	199	262	23
Box Elder	736	1879	—	728	963	4	704	712	423	557	120	—
Cache	629	4395	—	1296	1635	32	1317	1686	1028	1415	69	—
Carbon	65	693	—	301	155	6	275	185	—	—	—	—
Davis	450	1758	—	424	604	56	484	628	205	556	65	—
Emery	231	985	—	315	381	17	261	376	205	421	113	—
Garfield	249	615	—	256	212	—	263	226	197	169	7	—
Grand	28	246	—	139	31	11	117	61	77	13	27	—
Iron	205	808	—	307	247	—	293	245	211	196	4	—
Juab	439	2980	—	708	456	140	696	562	490	651	288	—
Kane	288	230	—	168	84	—	177	85	106	57	—	—

## ELECTION RETURNS.

397

Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Wells.	Caine.	L'Vr'ee.	Cannon.	Rawlins.	Cannon.	Rawlins.	Allen.
4093 Millard.....	106	1284	—	586	350	8..	406	390..	304	324	19
1780 Morgan.....	138	582	—	213	176	11..	196	188..	131	160	19
2842 Plute.....	34	555	—	161	126	22..	169	181..	96	114	47
1527 Rich.....	182	408	—	159	179	1..	183	168..	73	145	18
58467 Salt Lake.....	2576	18617	31..	5228	4118	1081..	6264	4702..	2670	3345	4023
866 San Juan.....	8	167	—	37	58	2..	12	80..	34	18	—
13148 San Pete.....	1813	2387	—	1559	1390	18..	1420	1370..	908	977	59
6199 Sevier.....	497	1268	—	679	559	7..	672	516..	443	414	38
7738 Summit.....	245	3402	—	1298	835	181..	1101	773..	445	689	632
3700 Tooele.....	274	1884	—	530	333	16..	514	338..	305	250	99
2762 Utah.....	112	890	—	151	245	137..	143	325..	144	214	10
25768 Utah.....	2039	7375	—	2541	2644	106..	2539	2641..	1980	2115	255
2596 Wasatch.....	51	1283	—	364	451	4..	332	437..	233	290	—
4009 Washington.....	170	1210	—	325	510	3..	133	493..	152	412	3
Wayne.....	73	405	—	123	173	1..	123	158..	93	126	2
2,723 Weber.....	1573	6343	—	2048	1719	235..	2196	1767..	1330	1467	1135
Total.....	13491	64007	21..	20833	13519	2051..	21232	19505..	12405	15211	6969
Plurality.....	33116	—	2314	—	—	—	1818	—	3806	—	—
Per cent.....	32.76	67.21	02..	50.51	44.73	4.95..	52.22	47.77..	35.84	48.96	20.20
Total vote.....	96124	—	41408	—	—	—	40828	—	34605	—	—

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Judge Supreme Court—Zane, Rep.....	31,573
R. N. Baskin, Dem.....	34,670
J. M. Bowman, Peo.....	1,484

## FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1898.

A. L. Eldridge, Rep.....	29,631
B. H. Roberts, Dem.....	35,296

Warren Foster, Peo..... 2,878

## LEGISLATURE.

	1898.	1896.		1898.	1896.
Sen. Ho. J. B. Sen. Ho. J. B.					
Republicans .....	16..	11	31	42	
Democrats .....	41..	7	14	21	
Fusionists .....	6..	—	—	—	

## VERMONT (Population 333,423).

COUNTIES.  
(14)

Population.	GOV. 1896				PRESIDENT 1896				GOV. 1894			
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. Rep.	Dem. G. D. Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. Rep.	Dem. G. D. Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. Rep.	Dem. G. D. Pro.
22377 Addison.....	2920	550	116..	4314	304	36	81..	4012	482	73	19	
20448 Bennington.....	2908	1129	65..	3086	653	81	36..	2490	1038	6	49	
22436 Caledonia.....	2405	984	111..	3474	729	130	94..	2534	1695	50	46	
35359 Chittenden.....	3596	2334	105..	4743	1416	89	54..	4250	1754	31	91	
5611 Essex.....	718	801	29..	873	377	33	13..	841	430	4	17	
27755 Franklin.....	2891	1572	18..	3444	1150	107	72..	3398	1530	86	49	
3843 Grand Isle.....	483	219	7..	423	136	31	2..	435	215	—	37	
12831 Lamoille.....	1487	387	45..	2061	440	23	27..	1805	459	13	108	
12675 Orange.....	2450	902	100..	3067	567	121	69..	3528	1119	60	24	
21101 Orleans.....	2438	443	42..	3412	442	56	46..	2875	639	22	89	
46897 Rutland.....	4885	2371	100..	6794	1961	161	80..	5315	1772	67	115	
28976 Washington.....	3585	1853	104..	4476	1296	117	66..	4024	2073	11	86	
26547 Windham.....	2664	607	89..	4929	670	190	50..	3530	949	13	44	
31706 Windsor.....	3541	770	65..	6129	674	126	34..	3853	655	19	26	
Total.....	38555	14696	1075..	51127	10637	1331	733..	42953	14142	457	740	
Plurality.....	23899	—	40450	—	—	—	25621	—	—	—	—	
Per cent.....	70.95	37.08	1.98..	50.08	16.05	2.09	1.15..	73.53	24.37	.78	1.31	
Scattering.....	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Total vote.....	54337	—	63828	—	—	—	59002	—	—	—	—	

\*This is the combined democratic and populist vote. The Bryan and Sewall electors received 10179 votes and the Bryan-Watson electors 458.

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Lieut.-Gov.—H. C. Bates, Rep.....	33,364
A. A. Olmstead, Dem.....	14,055
C. B. Wilson, Pro.....	1,020
Scattering .....	3
Treasurer—J. L. Bacon, Rep.....	33,153
L. W. Clough, Dem.....	13,913
W. A. Strong, Pro.....	987
Scattering .....	1

Secretary of State—	
F. A. Howland, Rep.....	33,198
G. B. Davis, Dem.....	13,891
H. C. Barnes, Pro.....	1,003
Scattering .....	5

State Auditor—O. M. Barber, Rep.....	37,825
R. H. Preble, Dem.....	13,790
M. L. Barton, Pro.....	974
Scattering .....	1

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Addison, Bennington, Chittenden, Franklin, Grand Isle, Lamoille and Rutland.	
H. Henry Powers, Rep.....	20,350
Herbert F. Brigham, Dem.....	8,026
Scattering .....	8
2. Counties of Caledonia, Essex, Orange, Orleans, Washington, Windham and Windsor.	
William W. Grout, Rep.....	17,728
C. A. G. Jackson, Dem.....	5,967
Scattering .....	57

## LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.	1897-98.		1898-99.	1897-98.
Sen. Ho. J. B. Sen. Ho. J. B.					
Republicans .....	30	201	231..	30	228
Democrats .....	42	42..	—	17	17
Prohibitionist .....	1	1..	—	—	—
Non-Partisan .....	1	1..	—	—	—

## VIRGINIA (Population 1,655,900).

COUNTIES. (100)	Gov. 1897			PRESIDENT 1896					Gov. 1893		
	Dem. Tyler.	Pro. Cutler.	Rep. McNeill.	Dem. McKisley.	Pro. Bryan.	S.-L. Lowring.	G.D. Matchett.	Dem. O'Ferrall.	Pro. Cochran.	Rep. Miller.	
2327 Accomac	1406	79	146.	1675	3115	186	1	28.	1931	126	182
2329 Albemarle	1278	24	738.	1918	2628	25	2	51.	1571	729	7
1897 Alexandria	249	1	249.	713	322	2	—	2.	161	46	1
1259 Arlington	487	91	644.	1711	730	78	—	13.	470	198	140
908 Ashland	495	15	418.	899	683	3	1	1.	508	888	—
1751 Amherst	1310	56	777.	1190	1751	4	6	10.	923	835	10
959 Appomattox	768	9	188.	588	946	8	—	5.	694	739	1
8705 Augusta	2317	142	1270.	2823	3086	194	3	34.	2642	1230	1355
487 Bath	375	2	245.	471	508	3	—	6.	338	216	1
8213 Bedford	1989	19	949.	2248	3065	23	2	35.	1624	1464	97
6129 Bland	423	4	296.	398	498	—	—	1.	409	396	26
14854 Botetourt	1308	23	948.	1614	1494	19	—	22.	1196	648	113
17245 Brunswick	1089	21	676.	956	1372	3	3	12.	1088	1695	8
5867 Buchanan	561	13	307.	685	509	—	—	—	896	179	—
14384 Buckingham	552	11	534.	1199	1247	8	2	24.	1310	1014	4
42067 Campbell	1118	18	697.	1896	2115	8	2	8.	1314	1344	—
16981 Caroline	736	39	739.	1502	1293	9	1	9.	955	1422	8
15097 Carroll	1237	20	1331.	1672	1528	3	—	3.	1097	641	29
5006 Charles City	105	3	39.	362	272	5	—	7.	100	232	1
15077 Charlotte	827	5	115.	538	1458	20	5	34.	1306	567	37
22111 Chesterfield	1097	21	508.	1273	1729	14	1	22.	1278	986	32
961 Clarke	756	6	77.	490	1114	18	—	7.	590	402	29
5845 Craig	388	41	147.	249	490	18	—	—	417	142	19
13233 Culpeper	1113	4	457.	1113	1704	10	—	14.	1581	737	14
9182 Cumberland	455	1	151.	657	618	4	—	5.	584	178	1
5077 Dickinson	439	23	382.	534	547	1	—	10.	322	239	—
9186 Dinwiddie	943	16	225.	741	1039	1	—	7.	997	698	10
16108 Elizabeth City	689	10	492.	919	573	20	—	19.	763	653	7
10047 Essex	862	5	133.	939	924	1	—	3.	904	762	5
16555 Fairfax	1700	18	1039.	1877	2109	8	1	22.	1367	162	51
22500 Fauquier	1516	5	542.	1553	2744	9	2	22.	2034	983	23
14045 Floyd	517	7	902.	1525	948	12	1	2.	740	973	59
9008 Fluvanna	675	7	305.	708	919	3	1	12.	781	508	—
24983 Franklin	1491	33	918.	1711	2305	5	—	3.	1645	1689	—
17890 Frederick	685	12	12.	845	1848	24	—	11.	850	—	—
9030 Giles	967	92	486.	777	986	51	—	15.	797	538	16
11533 Gloucester	667	1	193.	549	819	10	1	10.	805	964	8
9455 Greenbush	629	4	567.	677	679	3	—	7.	632	632	—
14394 Grayson	1155	11	1086.	1473	1398	2	—	28.	1044	990	10
1672 Greene	508	—	198.	581	583	2	—	—	479	334	—
8210 Greenbottle	725	10	202.	471	850	3	—	8.	399	910	1
34021 Halifax	2112	29	624.	2050	3231	33	1	20.	2211	1855	84
17021 Hanover	1051	61	580.	1837	1499	26	1	37.	1255	874	11
10829 Henrico	1274	23	225.	1817	2333	13	5	48.	2183	1213	11
5862 Henry	1018	36	849.	1783	1409	10	—	4.	1145	1240	13
18238 Highland	312	7	275.	489	563	7	1	2.	272	121	119
11313 Isle of Wight	1257	4	294.	727	1284	7	7	8.	1424	855	10
5643 James City	283	8	128.	391	261	2	1	1.	345	230	—
9930 King George	503	3	428.	631	562	3	—	6.	471	845	—
6011 King and Queen	820	6	183.	655	853	5	—	3.	651	611	13
9205 King William	316	24	165.	990	592	6	—	5.	555	749	8
7191 Lancaster	912	19	614.	599	1073	16	3	4.	948	697	3
18216 Lee	1196	54	603.	1470	1475	16	—	11.	1217	1150	3
23774 Loudoun	1922	25	520.	1991	2471	96	—	9.	1499	495	311
16397 Louisa	1133	96	896.	1391	1086	25	—	10.	1296	896	34
11372 Lunenburg	467	16	149.	475	1045	6	—	4.	908	613	—
10225 Madison	806	26	221.	724	1089	5	—	—	896	567	—
5384 Matthews	577	12	192.	444	737	30	—	7.	841	455	—
26239 Mecklenburg	988	12	1113.	2333	2039	26	—	6.	1544	2223	45
7438 Middlesex	462	9	48.	680	688	5	—	3.	522	674	14
17432 Montgomery	1123	56	825.	1594	1317	56	1	12.	941	926	164
19302 Nansemond	1257	7	685.	1060	1300	11	2	8.	1483	975	20
12306 Nelson	1223	57	645.	1183	1492	30	—	23.	1047	653	54
5511 New Kent	174	20	248.	446	399	3	—	5.	291	505	4
71033 Norfolk	1710	21	951.	8475	2137	33	7	29.	2693	421	250
10313 Northampton	493	10	265.	802	1086	21	—	11.	989	36	11
7885 Northumberland	545	26	213.	904	963	13	1	3.	710	749	3
11582 Nottoway	754	20	250.	478	936	16	—	2.	873	772	21
12811 Orange	847	39	445.	957	1324	11	—	13.	1254	496	9
13082 Page	631	17	385.	1454	1106	37	2	13.	855	644	8
11117 Patrick	930	5	999.	1140	986	10	1	1.	1038	654	—
59913 Pulaski	2044	114	1218.	3198	3867	36	—	25.	2798	2399	114
6791 Powhatan	407	2	371.	537	528	—	—	4.	815	854	4
14334 Prince Edward	717	17	274.	979	991	6	—	22.	979	1314	4
7872 Prince George	378	60	2.	394	518	1	1	5.	300	563	—
9510 Princess Anne	505	15	191.	687	790	6	—	2.	898	113	44
9806 Prince William	653	—	187.	727	1341	2	—	7.	812	170	—
12700 Pulaski	1000	8	837.	1489	1109	3	1	8.	890	676	165
8678 Rappahannock	933	—	230.	569	1076	1	—	7.	717	128	15
7146 Richmond	516	64	830.	697	667	8	—	7.	556	556	—

# ELECTION RETURNS.

399

Population.	Tyler.	Coulter.	McCull.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Levering.	Matchett.	Palmer.	O'Ferrall.	Cooke.	Miller.
30101 Roanoke.....	726	29	802..	1484	1114	36	1	12..	1111	591	119
23082 Rockbridge.....	1380	14	1287..	2280	1634	17	—	108..	1484	1131	45
31289 Rockingham.....	2169	67	1567..	3624	2968	100	—	27..	2364	1659	226
16126 Russell.....	1466	15	966..	1475	1830	9	1	4..	1296	820	7
21694 Scott.....	1765	39	1226..	2206	1736	4	1	11..	1436	—	—
19671 Shenandoah.....	1696	110	846..	2102	2062	61	—	47..	1406	1152	327
12360 Smyth.....	1134	10	754..	1546	1407	8	4	7..	1112	705	2
20078 Southampton.....	1503	7	774..	439	1438	14	—	—	1022	1828	1069
14233 Spottsylvania.....	490	3	381..	903	877	4	—	4..	701	617	—
7362 Stafford.....	591	3	555..	1064	629	3	—	3..	610	864	—
8256 Surrey.....	667	3	226..	609	709	6	—	5..	510	329	3
11100 Sussex.....	685	7	140..	418	769	2	—	4..	500	1040	6
19699 Tazewell.....	1366	46	1270..	2525	1562	8	—	9..	1116	1742	60
8240 Warren.....	770	13	145..	575	1172	26	—	20..	665	235	60
6950 Warwick.....	536	5	80..	577	238	1	—	2..	869	269	7
29020 Washington.....	1917	31	1632..	2899	2374	30	—	16..	2363	1036	50
8349 Westmoreland.....	472	1	357..	827	705	2	1	8..	600	367	—
8345 Wise.....	626	2	537..	1230	865	—	1	6..	740	615	2
18019 Wythe.....	1565	5	1023..	1862	1683	9	4	71..	1542	1036	49
7686 York.....	698	12	145..	223	723	16	—	1..	533	823	18
<b>CITIES.</b>											
Alexandria.....	1196	30	469..	1281	1830	37	4	32..	1116	406	30
Bristol.....	327	8	187..	384	418	16	—	12..	458	36	15
Buena Vista.....	213	8	111..	184	219	—	—	3..	173	43	—
Charlottesville.....	329	6	45..	371	801	7	—	11..	570	95	—
Danville.....	860	60	308..	1078	1702	51	—	41..	1118	80	31
Fredericksburg.....	473	8	97..	388	533	7	3	9..	623	107	3
Lynchburg.....	1148	36	129..	1647	1657	67	—	26..	1876	1046	35
Manchester.....	910	10	249..	636	812	9	9	13..	705	532	71
Newport News.....	654	7	187..	815	676	6	1	20..	—	—	—
Norfolk.....	2643	32	375..	1965	3088	73	5	98..	4441	—	773
Petersburg.....	824	44	269..	766	1682	5	2	83..	2900	401	17
Portsmouth.....	842	8	173..	769	1380	7	1	48..	1146	6	136
Radford.....	364	4	92..	309	372	18	—	10..	381	100	40
Richmond.....	3839	4	505..	1160	7839	99	5	334..	7419	1773	81
Roanoke.....	1629	85	702..	1697	2005	58	2	33..	1827	1089	147
Staunton.....	627	36	167..	566	713	92	1	42..	722	410	287
Williamsburg.....	112	6	65..	90	113	3	—	1..	113	113	2
Winchester.....	303	6	75..	447	490	22	1	27..	377	539	81
Total.....	109355	2743	56840..	135368	154769	2350	106	2129..	127990	81239	6962
Plurality.....	52815			19341					46701		
Per cent.....	64.43	1.61	33.40..	45.83	52.63	.79	.04	.72..	59.18	37.12	3.50
Scattering.....	945										
Total vote.....	170184					294664			216154		

For governor (1897) James S. Cowden, Ind., received 414 votes and John J. Quartz, socialist, received 523.

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Accomac, Caroline, Essex, Gloucester, King and Queen, Lancaster, Matthews, Middlesex, Northampton, Northumberland, Richmond, Spottsylvania, Westmoreland, and the city of Fredericksburg.						5. The counties of Carroll, Floyd, Franklin, Grayson, Henry, Patrick, Pittsylvania, and the city of Danville.					
Bristow, Rep.....	4,370					Edmund Parr, Rep.....	9,858				
William A. Jones, Dem.....	3,344					Claude A. Swanson, Dem.....	13,459				
Crockett, Pro.....	230					Bennett, Pro.....	193				
2. The counties of Charles City, Elizabeth City, Isle of Wight, James City, Nansemond, Norfolk, Princess Anne, Southampton, Surry, Warwick, York, and the cities of Newport News, Norfolk, Portsmouth and Williamsburg.						6. The counties of Bedford, Campbell, Charlotte, Halifax, Montgomery, Roanoke, and the cities of Lynchburg, Radford and Roanoke.					
R. A. Wise, Rep.....	6,204					Heermans, Rep.....	2,310				
Holland, Rep.....	3,446					Butler, Rep.....	2,535				
William A. Young, Dem.....	12,183					Peter J. Oley, Dem.....	10,759				
3. The counties of Chesterfield, Goochland, Hanover, Henrico, King William, New Kent, and the cities of Richmond and Manchester.						7. The counties of Albemarle, Clarke, Frederick, Greene, Madison, Page, Rappahannock, Rockingham, Shenandoah, Warren, and the cities of Charlottesville and Winchester.					
Russell, Rep.....	1,915					James Hay, Dem.....	9,841				
Weisiger, Rep.....	1,138					O'Flaherty, Gold Dem.....	2,931				
John Lamb, Dem.....	7,068					8. The counties of Alexandria, Culpeper, Fairfax, Fauquier, King George, Loudoun, Louisa, Orange, Prince William, Stafford and the city of Alexandria.					
4. The counties of Amelia, Brunswick, Dinwiddie, Greensville, Lunenburg, Mecklenburg, Nottoway, Powhatan, Prince Edward, Prince George, Sussex, and the city of Petersburg.						John F. Rixey, Dem.....	6,469				
R. T. Thorp, Rep.....	5,889					Hughes, Ind.....	616				
Ellis, Rep.....	255					Johnson, Pro.....	136				
Sydney P. Epes, Dem.....	3,633					9. The counties of Bland, Buchanan, Craig, Dickenson, Giles, Lee, Pulaski, Russell, Scott, Smyth, Tazewell, Washington, Wise, Wythe, and the city of Bristol.					
						James A. Walker, Rep.....	16,595				
						W. F. Rhea, Dem.....	17,344				

10. The counties of Alleghany, Amherst, Appomattox, Augusta, Bath, Botetourt, Buckingham, Cumberland, Fluvanna, Highland, Nelson, Rockbridge, and the cities of Buena Vista and Staunton.

R. T. Hubbard, Rep. .... 8,109  
J. M. Quarles, Dem. .... 10,784  
Smith, Ind. .... 62

## LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.			1896-97.		
	Sen.	Ho.	J. B. Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	
Democrats	35	95	130	34	68	102
Republicans	4	4	8	3	17	30
Populists	1	—	1	2	12	14
Independent	—	1	—	1	3	4

## WASHINGTON (Population 340,340).

## COUNTIES.

(34)

Population.	PRESIDENT 1896				PRESIDENT 1892				GOV. 1889	
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. G. D.	Pro. Nat. G. D.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. G. D.	Pro. Nat. G. D.	Rep.	Dem.
208 Adams	248	363	11	—	241	139	6	181	260	141
1680 Anson	214	254	3	1	15	187	143	16	171	135
9249 Chesham	1267	1312	21	3	88	904	706	43	807	615
2771 Chatham	559	678	6	5	41	514	448	7	223	281
1769 Clarke	1487	1497	51	9	50	1074	966	92	1216	692
6769 Columbia	776	847	9	4	15	618	672	93	686	618
3917 Coweta	939	935	23	2	39	749	566	86	680	555
3161 Douglas	384	722	10	—	11	347	238	19	285	253
686 Franklin	38	108	2	—	5	39	54	3	38	89
3876 Garfield	378	469	14	1	13	362	236	45	264	517
1797 Island	206	181	7	1	10	162	127	18	98	180
8368 Jefferson	704	500	8	2	36	622	685	15	98	867
6389 King	6413	7497	144	15	236	6548	4974	467	801	4319
4624 Kilsap	728	702	29	4	26	437	370	58	400	618
8777 Kittitas	1044	1036	23	3	40	869	800	32	573	1339
5107 Klickitat	876	664	11	—	44	612	279	48	367	695
1139 Lewis	1584	1584	37	12	70	1364	1014	172	718	1219
9612 Lincoln	761	1715	81	5	55	876	651	68	528	1104
2366 Mason	397	650	11	2	17	332	6	124	32	307
1467 Okanogan	284	912	11	5	38	565	425	5	146	322
4568 Pacific	925	512	19	5	50	796	559	39	86	494
50040 Pierce	4661	5404	68	24	166	3937	3621	297	2798	4338
2672 San Juan	411	283	3	—	8	361	236	15	45	264
8747 Skagit	1298	1573	28	2	50	1248	923	69	665	961
774 Skamania	122	237	4	—	15	93	90	5	34	63
8314 Snohomish	1871	2775	43	3	83	1495	1380	80	1312	840
37487 Spokane	2701	5725	111	11	104	3308	2274	178	1616	3256
4341 Stevens	453	1890	26	10	46	585	501	5	529	480
2675 Thurston	1032	1317	17	5	44	1043	107	53	31	1073
2366 Walla Walla	290	376	3	—	20	240	222	4	49	135
12241 Walla Walla	1549	1652	37	2	64	1378	1313	126	88	1417
18501 Whatcom	1971	2177	68	4	50	1702	1161	168	1090	1534
19109 Whitman	1592	3678	77	8	112	2168	2061	178	1339	2149
4429 Yakima	948	1219	12	1	47	630	498	14	370	637
Total	39153	51646	968	148	1688	36450	29812	2542	19165	33711
Plurality	12493				6957				8979	
Per cent	41.84 55.19 1.03 0.16 1.78				41.44 33.85 2.86 2183				57.08 42.33	
Total vote	93583				87968				58443	

\*Democrats, people's party and silver republicans.

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

## Supreme Court Judges—

T. J. Anders, Rep.	40,362
M. A. Fullerton, Rep.	49,268
B. F. Heuston, Fus.	27,248
M. M. Goodman, Fus.	26,748
Thomas Young, Soc. Lab.	1,323
T. Lowry, Soc. Lab.	1,055

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

W. W. Jones, Rep.	29,899
W. C. Jones, Fus.	23,652
J. W. Lewis, Fus.	26,385
F. C. Cushman, Rep.	23,973
M. A. Hamilton, Soc. Lab.	929
W. Walker, Soc. Lab.	908

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

On adopting single tax—For	16,117
Against	33,962
Granting franchise to women—For	20,190
Against	30,329

	1898-99.			1896-97.		
	Sen.	Ho.	J. B. Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	
Republicans	15	70	85	13	15	23
Democrats	6	2	9	—	—	—
People's	13	4	17	21	63	84
Citizens	—	1	1	—	—	—

## WEST VIRGINIA (Population 762,794).

## COUNTIES.

(55)

Population.	PRESIDENT 1896				PRESIDENT 1892				PRESIDENT 1888	
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. G. D.	Pro. Nat. G. D.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. G. D.	Pro. Nat. G. D.	Rep.	Dem.
12702 Barbour	1578	1645	1	—	197	1522	23	21	1473	1505
13702 Berkeley	2407	2993	34	20	—	2250	2183	18	3	2153
6885 Boone	845	813	2	8	—	541	782	2	4	530
13928 Braxton	1433	2188	8	28	—	1113	1790	28	24	1062
6860 Brooke	865	748	5	20	—	740	770	40	4	787
23595 Cabell	3127	3076	22	32	—	2328	2860	49	107	1947
8155 Calhoun	798	1186	—	—	—	103	901	6	51	632
4659 Clay	661	606	1	2	—	494	503	1	15	464
12183 Doddridge	1747	1231	4	17	—	1332	1156	42	17	1298

## ELECTION RETURNS.

401

Population.	McKinley.	Brann.	Palmer.	Lowring.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	McDowell.	Wheeler.	Barber.	Cleveland.	Pop.
20542 Fayette.....	4544	2783	11	58.	2065	2233	101	185.	2016	1023	26
9746 Gilmer.....	1000	1358	3	8.	816	1187	8	34.	453	1179	9
8802 Grant.....	1906	373	3	8.	1155	400	8	3.	1027	373	9
13084 Greenbrier.....	1691	2414	21	18.	1259	2290	25	38.	1568	2161	7
11419 Hampshire.....	676	1909	15	2.	523	1878	11	107.	510	1907	12
6414 Hancock.....	848	584	4	34.	688	568	72	72.	675	489	12
7567 Hardy.....	547	1146	45	—	891	1215	1	17.	439	1153	5
21918 Harrison.....	2027	2486	13	28.	2567	2237	46	154.	2824	2161	6
19021 Jackson.....	2537	2266	6	28.	2151	1883	89	208.	2254	1942	20
15553 Jefferson.....	1283	2454	63	27.	1038	3590	3	9.	1182	2267	7
42756 Kanawha.....	6848	4324	28	47.	5073	4549	153	144.	4511	3090	95
15895 Lewis.....	1813	1718	4	68.	1550	1678	94	39.	1827	1642	22
11246 Lincoln.....	1336	1335	6	2.	840	1081	13	823.	950	1147	—
11101 Logan.....	892	992	21	1.	484	1522	—	—	826	1533	—
7300 McDowell.....	2935	988	4	1.	1265	607	—	—	582	409	—
20721 Marion.....	3421	3306	26	105.	2564	2052	139	73.	2233	2250	50
20735 Marshall.....	3500	2107	17	112.	2568	1908	173	389.	2676	1837	91
22993 Mason.....	3007	2494	11	10.	2800	2290	41	64.	2696	2321	47
16002 Mercer.....	2989	2123	6	15.	1651	1827	10	61.	1402	1874	6
12085 Mineral.....	1545	1336	10	40.	1556	1279	19	75.	1551	1200	31
Miner.....	612	1204	9	2.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15705 Monongalia.....	2936	1484	18	32.	2255	1505	38	24.	2208	1861	80
12359 Monroe.....	1338	1579	3	9.	1141	1373	7	58.	1222	1336	27
6744 Morgan.....	1107	433	23	30.	910	562	13	2.	877	539	23
9809 Nicholas.....	908	1226	5	62.	728	1063	97	82.	779	1016	40
41567 Ohio.....	6721	5016	77	69.	5061	5220	154	19.	4749	4855	92
8711 Pendleton.....	784	1117	—	—	717	1075	4	8.	779	1012	1
17539 Pleasants.....	887	922	4	3.	713	855	13	13.	928	803	7
16814 Pocahontas.....	632	983	7	3.	589	950	14	3.	567	891	6
10855 Preston.....	5528	1352	7	81.	2896	1323	88	89.	2586	1406	44
4242 Putnam.....	1877	1702	4	8.	1612	1567	15	76.	1581	1280	10
9597 Raleigh.....	1150	1103	2	7.	871	965	15	7.	806	924	80
21633 Randolph.....	1427	1980	10	14.	899	1622	17	11.	773	1226	—
6821 Ritchie.....	2212	1601	2	56.	1773	1349	180	219.	1900	1409	100
15806 Roane.....	1849	2126	5	11.	1452	1709	22	123.	1449	1626	3
13117 Summers.....	1560	1798	3	17.	1233	1632	26	46.	1272	1363	15
2147 Taylor.....	1880	1207	8	21.	1522	1158	27	139.	1580	1219	80
16450 Tucker.....	1261	1111	—	—	830	867	8	30.	628	690	6
11962 Tyler.....	2430	1799	7	22.	1449	1106	24	450.	1562	1137	14
12714 Upshur.....	2281	949	18	86.	1549	938	83	15.	1716	841	24
18662 Wayne.....	2002	2443	11	8.	1514	2085	6	71.	1412	2068	—
4733 Webster.....	719	972	—	—	853	787	30	5.	826	656	—
16841 Wetzel.....	1865	2226	9	13.	1183	1810	30	53.	1285	2226	7
9411 Wirt.....	1008	1162	5	9.	626	1110	18	15.	921	1054	3
28612 Wood.....	4046	3435	27	31.	3201	2985	78	117.	3255	2908	67
6247 Wyoming.....	785	613	—	—	591	577	11	11.	506	471	1
Total.....	106388	94490	675	1261.	80238	84467	2145	4166.	78171	78677	1084
Plurality.....	10888	—	—	—	4174	—	—	—	506	—	—
Percent.....	52.23	46.80	29	41.	46.94	49.32	1.25	2.49.	49.00	49.35	0.68
Total vote.....	201736	—	—	—	171071	—	—	—	159440	—	—

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Braxton, Brooke, Doddridge, Gilmer, Hancock, Harrison, Lewis, Marshall, Ohio, Tyler and Wetzel.  
(Except Wetzel county.)

B. B. Dovenor, Rep..... 19,003  
J. V. Blair, Dem..... 1,794

2. The counties of Barbour, Berkeley, Grant, Hampshire, Hardy, Jefferson, Marion, Mineral, Monongalia, Morgan, Pendleton, Preston, Randolph, Taylor and Tucker.  
(Except Taylor county.)

Alston G. Dayton, Rep..... 21,758  
John T. McGraw, Dem..... 21,241

3. The counties of Boone, Clay, Fayette, Greenbrier, Kanawha, Logan, Mercer, Mon-

roe, McDowell, Nicholas, Pocahontas, Raleigh, Summers, Upshur and Wyoming.

W. S. Edwards, Rep..... 22,087  
David E. Johnson, Dem..... 22,752

4. The counties of Cabell, Calhoun, Jackson, Lincoln, Mason, Pleasants, Ritchie, Roane, Putnam, Wayne, Wirt and Wood.  
(Except Cabell and Wayne counties.)

Romo H. Freer, Rep..... 17,553  
George I. Neal, Dem..... 16,964

## LEGISLATURE.

1899-1900.

1897-98.

Sen. Ho. J. B. Sen. Ho. J. B.  
Republicans..... } Contested by 19 89 56  
Democrats..... } both 5 32 27  
People's..... } branches. 1 — 1

## WISCONSIN (Population 1,636,390).

Population.	GOVERNOR 1898					PRESIDENT 1896				
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.D.	S.L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Na.	U.S.
9939 Adams.....	1065	420	17	37	7	2.	1432	301	27	—
20068 Ashland.....	1701	1232	46	75	8	25.	2738	1743	40	26
15416 Barron.....	1690	675	118	100	3	6.	2772	1324	155	4
7390 Bayfield.....	1233	467	28	64	8	10.	2244	770	59	11
39164 Brown.....	2470	2929	65	121	13	19.	5436	3341	88	13
15897 Buffalo.....	1640	1011	47	51	6	4.	2301	1302	61	2
4336 Burnett.....	703	54	136	56	5	12.	890	349	28	1
16839 Calumet.....	1370	1411	65	10	10	8.	1547	1869	28	1
25143 Chippewa.....	2253	2153	55	120	9	4.	3001	2929	84	2
17708 Clark.....	2048	948	36	95	4	5.	3329	1318	97	1

Population.	Scot.	Sawyer.	Worley.	Chas.	Tuttl.	Riese.	McK.	Kelley.	Bryant.	Worley.	Bentley.	P.	M.	W.	Ch.
25350 Columbia.....	3536	3745	51	28	12	4.	4845	2040	280	3	105	7	2	4	2
1865 Crawford.....	1720	1345	44	52	3	2.	225	144	38	1	24	1	2	1	2
36574 Burr.....	5461	4256	76	496	31	14.	9000	6371	410	12	150	12	1	1	1
44854 Dodge.....	3534	5284	53	122	12	4.	5610	4000	130	9	236	7	1	1	1
15682 Door.....	1571	948	32	43	5	4.	2402	306	49	1	21	1	1	1	1
13468 Douglas.....	2352	1578	70	182	17	31.	4274	2527	96	2	48	1	1	1	1
29044 Dunn.....	1527	1022	152	127	7	7.	3375	1418	191	3	33	1	1	1	1
30753 Eau Claire.....	2148	1850	42	133	22	7.	4522	2664	196	6	52	1	1	1	1
2401 Florence.....	297	120	10	6	2	1.	488	129	6	—	2	1	1	1	1
44088 Fond du Lac.....	4201	4194	113	235	17	7.	6174	4653	157	4	128	1	1	1	1
1072 Forest.....	195	132	3	7	1	—	406	122	15	2	2	1	1	1	1
30531 Grant.....	4094	2947	49	138	15	6.	5815	3683	188	4	67	1	1	1	1
2252 Green.....	2042	1448	108	129	15	5.	3063	2339	158	4	53	1	1	1	1
15183 Green Lake.....	1914	1692	51	85	6	12.	2103	1574	61	2	22	1	1	1	1
22117 Iowa.....	2265	1848	31	243	7	5.	3115	2000	174	12	61	1	1	1	1
Iron.....	4094	473	7	16	5	1.	1288	472	26	1	—	1	1	1	1
15706 Jackson.....	1575	609	19	78	3	—	2710	778	98	7	39	1	1	1	1
35570 Jefferson.....	2750	3906	46	146	11	8.	4344	3504	198	4	263	1	1	1	1
17121 Juneau.....	2363	1661	43	90	5	8.	2832	1671	59	5	35	1	1	1	1
15381 Kenosha.....	2047	1674	128	56	8	8.	2827	1732	40	1	63	1	1	1	1
16163 Keweenaw.....	1539	1692	21	22	2	6.	1845	1649	14	1	91	1	1	1	1
38801 La Crosse.....	3954	2538	71	173	10	6.	6297	3698	161	2	225	1	1	1	1
20355 La Fayette.....	2228	1962	27	108	1	8.	2319	2236	114	3	69	1	1	1	1
5465 Langlade.....	348	149	39	3	3	1.	457	32	21	2	21	1	1	1	1
13008 Lincoln.....	1192	1137	108	57	10	4.	1706	1802	144	2	21	1	1	1	1
37851 Manitowish.....	3785	3707	58	68	68	7.	4430	3049	62	5	164	1	1	1	1
3049 Marquette.....	3049	2765	269	57	10	4.	3358	3829	70	4	87	1	1	1	1
2694 Marinette.....	3042	1367	41	105	13	7.	4277	1967	81	3	29	1	1	1	1
3676 Marquette.....	1210	840	10	24	3	8.	1476	827	26	1	20	1	1	1	1
23610 Milwaukee.....	2053	1951	2651	539	1683	779.	3689	2636	680	30	530	679	1	1	1
23211 Monroe.....	2041	1848	44	151	5	2.	3863	2381	103	11	35	1	1	1	1
15009 Oconto.....	1945	1157	50	54	10	10.	2836	1290	59	8	35	1	1	1	1
5010 Oneida.....	1685	708	19	88	7	5.	1453	563	27	2	14	1	1	1	1
3839 Outagamie.....	3784	3074	54	158	6	21.	5438	4006	129	25	168	1	1	1	1
14943 Ozaukee.....	857	1404	48	6	1	5.	1535	1947	37	2	62	1	1	1	1
6832 Pepin.....	883	451	6	29	7	1.	1381	430	10	1	18	1	1	1	1
9085 Pierce.....	1771	621	93	122	1	4.	3724	1412	156	3	33	1	1	1	1
12448 Polk.....	1942	884	135	68	12	22.	2901	891	61	1	23	1	1	1	1
24708 Portage.....	2219	2107	35	96	7	10.	3337	2800	82	7	54	1	1	1	1
5238 Price.....	951	515	13	98	12	38.	1448	550	37	1	19	1	1	1	1
36238 Racine.....	3846	2850	926	197	16	19.	5849	3375	215	4	104	1	1	1	1
19121 Richland.....	1852	1430	121	178	1	7.	2636	2028	129	—	16	1	1	1	1
43230 Rock.....	5427	2676	101	293	11	11.	8282	3535	237	5	86	13	1	1	1
24139 St. Croix.....	2111	1481	119	198	5	7.	3492	2475	158	3	38	1	1	1	1
30753 Sauk.....	2671	1966	32	330	5	7.	4525	3611	262	8	97	1	1	1	1
1077 Sawyer.....	647	355	11	31	5	2.	514	309	26	—	12	1	1	1	1
19236 Shawano.....	1923	135	—	35	3	4.	363	1204	54	3	33	1	1	1	1
42429 Shelby.....	4137	3233	210	66	238	89.	6844	3227	10	15	247	305	1	1	1
6731 Taylor.....	869	921	34	90	7	7.	1387	710	39	4	27	1	1	1	1
15029 Trempealeau.....	1944	827	82	135	10	4.	3306	1384	152	6	24	1	1	1	1
25111 Vernon.....	2440	1111	76	112	7	6.	4386	1637	102	4	28	1	1	1	1
— Vilas.....	685	587	14	13	9	5.	754	443	8	—	9	1	1	1	1
27800 Walworth.....	3152	1313	46	263	9	8.	5347	1834	282	12	57	1	1	1	1
2926 Washburn.....	598	244	23	21	1	8.	771	250	21	—	6	1	1	1	1
22751 Washington.....	2094	2593	24	36	3	5.	2577	2404	31	5	86	1	1	1	1
33270 Waukesha.....	3949	3221	50	293	13	9.	5411	3192	162	3	108	1	1	1	1
26794 Waupaca.....	3274	1189	41	175	7	7.	5473	1677	139	32	63	1	1	1	1
13507 Waushara.....	2340	899	88	98	6	15.	3210	456	18	10	27	1	1	1	1
60307 Winnebago.....	5283	4471	875	301	40	56.	7836	5089	211	16	101	19	1	1	1
18127 Wood.....	1015	1850	51	90	13	15.	2849	1677	54	6	31	1	1	1	1
Total.....	173137	135353	8517	8078	2544	1473.	28110	16533	7500	346	4584	1314	1	1	1
Plurality.....	5774	—	—	—	—	—	10272	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percent.....	52.55	41.08	2.58	2.45	.77	.44.	60.93	36.90	1.68	.08	.29	1.03	—	—	—
Scattering.....	215	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total vote.....	329429	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	467411	—	—	—	—	—

In 1888, Robert M. LaFollette received 112 votes for governor.

#### VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1890.

Governor—Edward Scofield, Rep.....	173,137
Hiram Wilson Sawyer, Dem.....	135,353
Albinus A. Worsley, Peo.....	8,517
Eugene W. Chaffin, Pro.....	8,078
Howard Tuttle, S. D. P. of A.....	2,544
Henry Riese, Soc. Lab.....	1,473
Lieut. Gov.—Jesse Stone, Rep.....	180,038
Peter Victor Deuster, Dem.....	126,306
Spencer Palmer, Peo.....	8,267
Willis W. Cooper, Pro.....	7,846
Edward P. Hassinger, S. D. P. of A.....	2,535
Herman C. Gauger, Soc. Lab.....	1,543

#### Secretary of State—

William H. Froehlich, Rep.....	180,548
Peter Olson Stromme, Dem.....	125,536
Winfred L. Arven, Peo.....	7,909
Charles F. Cronk, Pro.....	7,664
Thomas C. P. Myers, S. D. P. of A.....	2,538
Eugene B. Bartell, Soc. Lab.....	1,556
State Treasurer—J. O. Davidson, Rep.....	180,965
Constantine J. M. Malek, Dem.....	125,115
John Powers, Peo.....	7,986
William Larsen, Pro.....	7,799
August Mohr, S. D. P. of A.....	2,691
Christian Emmerich, Soc. Lab.....	1,552
Att'y-Gen.—Emmett B. Hicks, Rep.....	180,173
Harry Holder Grace, Dem.....	125,435

## ELECTION RETURNS.

403

Lester Woodward, Peo.	7,968
Wesley Mott, Pro.	7,573
Richard Elsner, S. D. P. of A.	2,608
Jullus Andreesen, Soc. Lab.	1,565
State Superintendent—	
Lorenzo D. Harvey, Rep.	180,439
William Henry Schulz, Dem.	125,341
Asa H. Craig, Peo.	7,842
Augustin L. Whitcomb, Pro.	7,548
Rudolph O. Stell, S. D. P. of A.	2,538
Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	1,566
Railroad Commissioner—	
Graham L. Rice, Rep.	180,136
Chester Gavin Wilcox, Dem.	125,543
Robert E. Anger, Peo.	8,033
George C. Clifton, Pro.	7,589
Charles Richter, S. D. P. of A.	2,564
August Greifenhagen, Soc. Lab.	1,579
Commissioner of Insurance—	
Emil Giljohann, Rep.	190,019
John Franklin Schindler, Dem.	124,729
Charles W. Teney, Peo.	7,984
Edward Berg, Pro.	7,776
Eugene H. Rooney, S. D. P. of A.	2,569
Richard Koepfel, Soc. Lab.	1,564
Vote for Revision of Banking Laws—	
For revision	86,372
Against revision	92,607

## FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Kenosha, Racine, Walworth, Rock, Green and Lafayette.	
Henry A. Cooper, Rep.	19,887
Clinton Babbitt, Dem.	11,447
J. C. Huffman, Pro.	996
2. The counties of Jefferson, Dodge, Dane and Columbia.	
Herman B. Dahle, Rep.	16,892
James E. Jones, Dem.	15,768
Jabes B. Smith, Pro.	856
3. The counties of Grant, Iowa, Crawford, Richland, Sauk, Vernon, Juneau and Adams.	
Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.	19,195
Thomas L. Cleary, Dem.	12,037
Richard B. Griggs, Pro.	1,025
4. First, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 11th, 12th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th wards in Milwaukee city, and the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake and Oak Creek in Milwaukee county.	
Theobald Otjen, Rep.	15,903
Joseph G. Donnelly, Dem.	14,022
Robert Schilling, Peo.	2,227

Louis A. Arnold, S. D. P. of A.	993
John Moser, Soc. Lab.	500

5. The counties of Waukesha, Washington, Ozaukee and Sheboygan, the 10th, 13th, 20th and 21st wards in Milwaukee city, and the towns of Granville, Milwaukee and Wauwatosa in Milwaukee county.

Samuel S. Barney, Rep.	17,056
Charles E. Erwin, Dem.	13,333
William B. Rubin, Peo.	997
William R. Nethercut, Pro.	424
George Eckelman, S. D. P. of A.	392
Albert F. Hints, Soc. Lab.	342

6. The counties of Marquette, Green Lake, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Calumet, Winnebago and Waushara.

James H. Davidson, Rep.	20,107
Frank C. Stewart, Dem.	16,679
William H. Clark, Pro.	735

7. The counties of La Crosse, Monroe, Jackson, Trempealeau, Buffalo, Pepin and Eau Claire.

John J. Esch, Rep.	16,136
John F. Doherty, Dem.	8,128
Luther W. Wood, Pro.	659

8. The counties of Wood, Portage, Waupaca, Outagamie, Brown, Kewaunee and Dorr.

Edward S. Minor, Rep.	16,910
Phil Sheridan, Dem.	13,668
John W. Evans, Pro.	629

9. The counties of Clark, Taylor, Price, Ashland, Oneida, Lincoln, Marathon, Shawano, Langlade, Forest, Florence, Marinette, Oconto, Iron and Vilas.

Alexander Stewart, Rep.	20,815
Wells M. Ruggles, Dem.	14,371
Edwin Kerswill, Pro.	663

10. The counties of Bayfield, Douglas, Burnett, Sawyer, Washburn, Polk, Barron, Chippewa, St. Croix, Dunn and Pierce.

John J. Jenkins, Rep.	17,601
John R. Mathews, Dem.	8,425
Carl Pieper, Peo.	864
William B. Hopkins, Pro.	960

## LEGISLATURE.

1899-1900. 1897-98.

Sen.	Ho.	J. B. Sen.	Ho. J. B.
Republicans	81	112..	29 81 110
Democrats	3	19	21.. 4 19 23

## WYOMING (Population 60,705).

COUNTIES. (13)	GOV. 1898				PRESIDENT 1896				GOV. 1894			
	Rep.		Dem.		Rep.		Dem.		Rep.		Dem.	
	Richard.	Alger.	Richard.	Alger.	Val. McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan.	Leavitt.	Richard.	Holladay.	Tidball.	Tidball.
8865 Albany	1126	577	9..	1220	1028	45	26..	1051	1005	244..	—	—
8867 Big Horn	596	421	8..	538	518	78	15..	—	—	—	—	—
6867 Carbon	1221	806	7..	1229	1089	41	11..	1245	732	141..	—	—
2788 Converse	583	464	1..	565	450	9	12..	525	394	72..	—	—
2538 Crook	581	392	167..	534	537	32	6..	456	274	822..	—	—
2483 Fremont	595	454	4..	535	499	24	7..	454	474	86..	—	—
2357 Johnson	823	355	11..	324	441	36	1..	443	538	144..	—	—
16777 Laramie	1526	1547	10..	1776	1560	38	16..	1366	1032	831..	—	—
1094 Natrona	418	305	—	392	317	10	2..	327	212	29..	—	—
1972 Sheridan	607	900	164..	877	1045	59	12..	750	623	271..	—	—
4941 Sweetwater	810	639	25..	754	916	80	16..	961	622	222..	—	—
2243 Uinta	1427	1411	21..	907	1700	26	6..	1265	847	236..	—	—
7881 Weston	529	281	4..	451	305	23	6..	377	223	76..	—	—
Total	10883	8960	431..	10072	10890	296	136..	10149	6965	2176..	—	—
Plurality	1394	—	—	563	—	—	—	3184	—	—	—	—
Per cent.	52.43	45.39	2.18..	48.29	49.70	1.36	.60..	52.61	36.10	11.28..	—	—
Total vote	19003	—	—	20663	—	—	—	12290	—	—	—	—

## VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Secretary of State—	
Fenimore Chatterton, Rep.....	10,458
David Miller, Dem.....	8,742
Shakespeare E. Seedy, Peo.....	435
Auditor—LeRoy Grant, Rep.....	10,806
Charles H. Priest, Dem.....	8,217
J. F. Pierce, Peo.....	484
Treasurer—George E. Abbott, Rep.....	10,634
Luke Voorhees, Dem.....	8,417
John Milton Rouser, Peo.....	434
Superintendent Public Instruction—	
Thomas T. Tynan, Rep.....	10,735
Jerome F. Brown, Dem.....	8,216
Mrs. M. A. Stocks, Peo.....	510

## Justice Supreme Court—

Jesse Knight, Rep.....	10,898
Charles E. Blydenburgh, Dem.....	8,403

## FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1898.

Frank W. Mondell, Rep.....	10,762
Constantine P. Arnold, Dem.....	8,466
William Brown, Peo.....	443

## LEGISLATURE.

	1898-P.	1897-S.	
Sen.	Ho.	J.B.	Sen.
Republicans ..12	25	47..	6
Democrats .... 7	3	10..	13
People's .....	—	—	4

## APPORTIONMENT OF REPRESENTATIVES

Under each census since the formation of the government.

STATES.	Admitted.	Under constitution Ratio 30,000.	First census. Ratio 30,000.	Second census. Ratio 30,000.	Third census. Ratio 35,000.	Fourth census. Ratio 40,000.	Fifth census. Ratio 47,700.	Sixth census. Ratio 70,600.	Seventh census. Ratio 80,400.	Eighth census. Ratio 127,500.	Ninth census. Ratio 151,400.	Tenth census. Ratio 151,900.	Eleventh census. Ratio 173,900.
Alabama.....	1819					3	5	7	7	6	8	8	9
Arkansas.....	1836							1	2	3	4	5	6
California.....	1850								2	3	4	5	6
Colorado.....	1876									1	1	1	2
Connecticut.....		5	7	7	7	6	6	4	4	4	4	4	4
Delaware.....		1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Florida.....	1845								1	1	2	2	2
Georgia.....		8	2	4	6	7	9	8	8	7	9	10	11
Idaho.....	1890												1
Illinois.....	1818					1	2	7	9	14	19	20	22
Indiana.....	1816					3	7	19	11	11	12	13	13
Iowa.....	1846								2	6	9	11	11
Kansas.....	1861							10	1	1	3	3	8
Kentucky.....	1792		2	6	10	12	13	10	10	9	10	11	11
Louisiana.....	1812					3	8	4	5	5	6	6	6
Maine.....	1820					7	8	6	6	5	5	4	4
Maryland.....		6	8	9	9	9	8	6	6	5	4	6	6
Massachusetts.....		8	14	17	20	13	12	10	11	10	11	12	13
Michigan.....	1837												
Minnesota.....	1859									2	2	3	7
Mississippi.....	1817					1	2	5	5	5	5	7	7
Missouri.....	1821									7	9	13	14
Montana.....	1889												1
Nebraska.....	1867									1	1	1	6
Nevada.....	1864									1	1	1	1
New Hampshire.....		3	4	5	6	6	5	4	3	3	3	2	2
New Jersey.....		4	5	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	7	7	8
New York.....		6	10	17	27	34	40	34	33	31	32	34	34
North Carolina.....		5	10	12	13	13	13	9	8	7	8	9	9
North Dakota.....	1889												1
Ohio.....	1802					6	14	19	21	19	20	21	21
Oregon.....	1859									1	1	1	2
Pennsylvania.....		8	13	18	23	26	28	24	25	24	27	28	30
Rhode Island.....		1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
South Carolina.....		5	6	8	9	9	9	7	6	4	5	7	7
South Dakota.....	1889												2
Tennessee.....	1796			8	6	9	13	11	10	8	10	10	10
Texas.....	1845								2	4	6	11	13
Utah.....	1865												1
Vermont.....	1791		3	4	6	5	5	4	3	3	3	3	3
Virginia.....	1869	10	19	22	28	22	21	15	13	11	9	10	10
Washington.....	1889												2
West Virginia.....	1863												4
Wisconsin.....	1848								3	6	8	9	10
Wyoming.....	1890											1	1
Total.....		65	105	141	181	218	240	238	264	243	203	332	357

## CHICAGO AND COOK COUNTY.

## VOTE FOR STATE TREASURER, 1898.

(Election Nov. 8, 1898.)

Rep. Dem. Pro. S.L.						Rep. Dem. Pro. S.L.						Rep. Dem. Pro. S.L.						
Whittemore, Dunlap, Hon. Beale, Lichter						Whittemore, Dunlap, Hon. Beale, Lichter						Whittemore, Dunlap, Hon. Beale, Lichter						
I. ....	97	131	3	1	1	20. ....	183	104	—	1	3	VI. ....	71	213	—	—	—	
2. ....	101	133	2	1	—	21. ....	185	96	2	1	1	2. ....	124	191	1	—	3	
3. ....	83	174	2	—	—	22. ....	184	103	1	—	—	3. ....	124	191	2	—	2	
4. ....	76	144	2	1	1	23. ....	143	96	1	3	—	4. ....	138	180	—	—	—	
5. ....	70	151	3	1	1	24. ....	166	116	1	—	—	5. ....	158	153	2	—	2	
6. ....	80	117	2	—	—	25. ....	166	112	3	4	—	6. ....	181	217	1	—	1	
7. ....	89	76	1	1	—	T'1. 3799 2347 24 21 27						7. ....	75	130	3	1	4	
8. ....	62	76	—	—	—	Pl. 1453						8. ....	93	137	1	—	—	
9. ....	63	250	—	—	—	IV. ....	1. ....	183	106	2	4	1	9. ....	84	133	5	—	—
10. ....	72	123	—	—	—	2. ....	169	126	1	—	—	10. ....	120	132	1	—	1	
11. ....	54	214	6	2	—	3. ....	147	134	1	—	—	11. ....	107	124	1	2	6	
12. ....	44	304	3	1	1	4. ....	147	124	1	—	—	12. ....	87	148	6	—	2	
13. ....	46	130	5	—	3	5. ....	160	127	—	2	—	13. ....	87	206	2	—	—	
14. ....	117	187	1	1	2	6. ....	112	116	1	—	1	14. ....	94	164	1	1	4	
15. ....	96	78	3	—	2	7. ....	127	46	—	—	—	15. ....	95	157	2	1	2	
16. ....	89	129	—	—	—	8. ....	90	105	2	1	2	16. ....	54	163	1	—	—	
17. ....	64	153	1	2	—	9. ....	80	100	1	1	3	17. ....	43	158	1	—	3	
18. ....	114	92	1	1	—	10. ....	75	130	1	—	—	18. ....	63	201	3	—	—	
19. ....	106	363	4	1	1	11. ....	176	67	3	1	3	19. ....	76	216	2	1	—	
20. ....	126	163	3	3	1	12. ....	106	61	1	—	2	20. ....	49	199	2	2	3	
21. ....	83	129	2	3	—	13. ....	128	117	2	—	—	21. ....	47	191	1	1	1	
22. ....	133	81	—	—	—	14. ....	123	100	5	1	—	22. ....	36	241	2	—	3	
23. ....	74	210	3	—	3	15. ....	168	126	—	—	3	23. ....	43	154	1	—	4	
T'1. 1947 3718 48 19 19						16. ....	111	88	—	3	1	24. ....	22	194	4	4	3	
Pl. 1771						17. ....	186	119	1	1	1	25. ....	63	151	2	—	2	
II. ....	65	98	—	—	—	18. ....	159	87	—	3	—	26. ....	71	164	1	—	3	
2. ....	87	125	1	—	—	19. ....	146	51	6	—	—	27. ....	111	143	8	—	2	
3. ....	81	148	2	1	1	20. ....	146	77	1	2	—	28. ....	90	96	1	1	1	
4. ....	109	131	1	—	—	21. ....	153	108	—	—	—	29. ....	108	170	1	—	1	
5. ....	123	163	—	1	—	22. ....	131	108	—	3	2	30. ....	159	146	2	1	1	
6. ....	141	88	2	1	—	23. ....	151	131	—	1	—	31. ....	83	131	—	—	—	
7. ....	163	100	1	—	—	24. ....	163	78	2	2	—	32. ....	96	157	1	—	—	
8. ....	99	125	—	2	2	25. ....	140	92	4	1	1	33. ....	123	113	—	—	1	
9. ....	126	124	—	1	1	26. ....	178	108	—	—	—	34. ....	130	97	—	—	2	
10. ....	177	82	1	1	—	27. ....	130	118	2	1	7	35. ....	99	144	1	—	4	
11. ....	129	116	1	1	—	28. ....	139	144	—	3	—	36. ....	189	114	1	—	—	
12. ....	131	153	2	—	—	T'1. 3852 2930 38 36 40						T'1. 3292 5927 57 15 60						
13. ....	111	127	1	—	1	Pl. 923						Pl. 2635						
14. ....	126	63	—	—	—	V. ....	1. ....	56	112	1	2	1	1. ....	224	101	—	—	4
15. ....	91	81	1	—	1	2. ....	148	144	2	2	2	2. ....	189	121	—	—	5	
16. ....	148	153	2	2	1	3. ....	56	87	—	—	—	3. ....	154	74	—	—	4	
17. ....	181	155	—	1	—	4. ....	133	141	3	—	2	4. ....	176	137	1	9	—	
18. ....	123	101	—	1	—	5. ....	91	98	5	—	—	5. ....	166	154	27	—	12	
19. ....	184	125	—	3	1	6. ....	89	123	3	1	3	6. ....	171	123	3	—	5	
20. ....	163	166	2	5	10	7. ....	140	151	1	—	3	7. ....	203	121	—	—	13	
21. ....	155	146	1	—	—	8. ....	131	104	5	—	1	8. ....	182	118	—	—	3	
22. ....	114	89	2	1	—	9. ....	129	118	5	1	3	9. ....	186	86	—	—	1	
23. ....	120	79	2	—	—	10. ....	92	226	2	2	—	10. ....	141	109	—	—	5	
T'1. 2897 2773 23 17 18						11. ....	63	178	1	—	1	11. ....	65	110	—	—	—	
Pl. 124						12. ....	136	157	3	1	3	12. ....	149	135	—	—	1	
III. ....	135	89	—	1	1	13. ....	49	206	—	—	1	13. ....	100	122	1	1	—	
2. ....	159	53	1	—	—	14. ....	103	155	—	4	—	14. ....	90	157	1	—	1	
3. ....	149	29	—	—	—	15. ....	93	119	2	2	7	15. ....	81	174	1	—	2	
4. ....	127	79	—	—	—	16. ....	107	130	1	—	4	16. ....	124	157	—	1	—	
5. ....	134	67	1	—	1	17. ....	128	98	2	—	2	17. ....	83	114	1	—	—	
6. ....	169	157	1	1	1	18. ....	136	187	1	1	3	18. ....	131	154	2	—	2	
7. ....	114	171	2	—	3	19. ....	87	207	2	—	2	19. ....	134	114	1	1	—	
8. ....	128	125	—	1	1	20. ....	103	206	8	—	—	20. ....	107	114	2	1	3	
9. ....	173	167	1	3	3	21. ....	65	167	—	—	—	21. ....	158	140	2	1	2	
10. ....	148	89	—	—	—	22. ....	78	206	3	—	2	22. ....	117	148	5	—	3	
11. ....	217	94	—	—	—	23. ....	104	66	3	—	2	T'1. 3101 2815 47 14 67						
12. ....	153	83	1	1	—	24. ....	103	105	3	—	—	Pl. 286						
13. ....	117	108	5	2	1	25. ....	174	109	—	1	2	VIII. ....						
14. ....	171	81	—	—	—	26. ....	154	107	5	—	7	1. ....	180	177	2	1	4	
15. ....	304	37	2	3	—	27. ....	171	107	1	2	9	2. ....	101	156	3	—	7	
16. ....	129	100	1	—	2	28. ....	138	160	1	—	1	3. ....	90	160	1	1	4	
17. ....	176	118	1	—	2	29. ....	93	129	1	1	1	4. ....	51	160	1	1	6	
18. ....	150	46	—	—	—	30. ....	80	216	2	2	3	5. ....	44	174	2	1	7	
19. ....	116	43	—	—	—	T'1. 3223 4427 71 18 70						6. ....	102	125	2	—	—	
Pl. 1304						Pl. 1304						7. ....	124	159	1	—	7	
												8. ....	123	151	1	1	7	

Whittemore, Dunlap, Hess, Bales, Lichts					Whittemore, Dunlap, Hess, Bales, Lichts					Whittemore, Dunlap, Hess, Bales, Lichts						
9.....	76	135	—	5	31.....	153	106	6	2	6	23.....	177	189	—	1	5
10.....	82	110	—	1	32.....	119	106	4	—	—	24.....	137	88	—	—	—
11.....	81	208	—	1	33.....	162	98	1	1	—	25.....	111	108	4	1	—
12.....	126	180	—	—	34.....	132	103	40	—	—	26.....	144	121	3	5	—
13.....	92	138	—	2	35.....	97	152	3	—	2	27.....	136	86	—	—	—
14.....	73	166	—	4	36.....	137	107	1	6	2	28.....	159	108	—	—	—
15.....	65	211	2	1	37.....	167	109	—	—	—	29.....	124	90	1	4	1
16.....	106	169	—	—	38.....	130	69	2	1	—	30.....	142	92	—	1	1
17.....	68	137	3	—	39.....	134	123	—	—	—	31.....	170	75	—	—	—
18.....	84	147	—	—	40.....	119	169	5	—	7	32.....	197	139	3	3	—
19.....	45	261	2	—	41.....	194	134	4	5	6	33.....	148	110	1	4	—
20.....	84	234	—	2	42.....	141	151	4	—	8	34.....	176	124	1	2	1
21.....	118	113	—	1	43.....	157	103	5	6	7	35.....	166	122	3	3	1
22.....	89	162	—	2	44.....	116	105	3	1	5	36.....	183	115	2	3	—
23.....	51	184	—	4	45.....	68	120	3	3	—	37.....	98	92	3	3	3
T.I. 2051 3776 23 9 68					46.....	115	156	2	—	1	38.....	144	126	3	5	8
Pl. 1724					47.....	184	108	3	2	3	39.....	199	117	—	1	2
IX.					48.....	96	104	3	3	1	40.....	173	163	1	1	1
1.....	83	226	1	—	49.....	106	128	15	2	3	41.....	150	172	5	2	2
2.....	68	165	1	—	50.....	118	140	10	—	—	42.....	127	107	5	4	1
3.....	144	175	3	—	51.....	106	158	6	—	8	43.....	145	104	1	5	1
4.....	110	168	6	1	52.....	156	89	4	3	8	44.....	178	108	3	2	—
5.....	116	135	6	—	T.I. 6647 6312 223 52 151						45.....	170	115	3	2	1
6.....	119	142	2	—	Pl. 335						46.....	140	87	7	—	—
7.....	109	167	1	—	XI.						47.....	139	186	2	—	—
8.....	118	122	3	—	1.....	111	85	2	2	2	48.....	146	166	—	—	—
9.....	110	137	4	—	2.....	137	126	4	1	3	49.....	149	96	—	1	—
10.....	106	207	2	—	3.....	161	142	7	—	3	50.....	137	239	3	2	1
11.....	112	160	1	—	4.....	133	94	11	11	1	51.....	133	178	—	—	—
12.....	114	125	2	—	5.....	82	195	8	—	1	52.....	149	157	2	6	1
13.....	131	113	3	1	6.....	56	217	1	1	1	53.....	83	178	4	1	2
14.....	144	131	—	—	7.....	116	93	2	4	—	T.I. 3299 6326 102 120 41					
15.....	83	140	1	—	8.....	138	126	—	—	—	Pl. 1973					
16.....	117	177	2	1	9.....	70	90	4	2	2	XIII.					
17.....	98	121	1	1	10.....	152	113	4	3	—	1.....	174	116	5	—	8
18.....	110	124	1	—	11.....	106	117	2	—	—	2.....	136	154	2	—	4
19.....	71	210	4	2	12.....	115	126	2	3	6	3.....	53	185	5	—	5
20.....	96	108	1	—	13.....	163	116	2	3	1	4.....	121	123	2	—	—
21.....	79	178	4	—	14.....	124	139	2	3	1	5.....	117	167	3	1	1
22.....	86	168	2	—	15.....	149	98	1	9	—	6.....	122	136	4	1	3
23.....	62	139	3	4	16.....	130	111	4	5	1	7.....	95	192	5	2	3
24.....	117	143	1	1	17.....	144	106	—	9	—	8.....	81	134	5	—	1
25.....	132	157	1	1	18.....	188	92	3	3	—	9.....	91	88	2	—	5
26.....	98	134	2	—	19.....	119	111	2	1	2	10.....	124	102	2	1	10
27.....	87	187	1	—	20.....	112	103	4	—	—	11.....	124	126	3	—	—
28.....	98	129	—	5	21.....	113	100	1	3	—	12.....	116	122	1	—	—
29.....	77	130	4	—	22.....	146	106	1	1	—	13.....	114	109	3	—	5
T.I. 2985 4418 63 12 80					23.....	141	133	2	1	2	14.....	111	109	3	1	4
Pl. 1432					24.....	110	123	9	2	—	15.....	106	141	—	—	3
X.					25.....	99	202	2	2	—	16.....	120	112	3	2	—
1.....	96	114	5	2	26.....	131	81	1	3	—	17.....	120	116	2	3	4
2.....	132	138	3	—	27.....	138	164	1	—	—	18.....	132	123	1	1	1
3.....	95	145	3	—	28.....	76	178	1	—	3	19.....	167	125	—	2	1
4.....	159	103	1	1	29.....	100	187	—	—	—	20.....	207	123	1	3	—
5.....	121	102	2	—	T.I. 3565 3661 80 67 33						21.....	137	74	2	5	—
6.....	112	118	4	1	Pl. 96						22.....	192	141	6	—	—
7.....	161	151	4	1	1.....	195	102	4	—	2	23.....	158	86	1	2	1
8.....	154	161	2	2	2.....	174	66	—	1	1	24.....	162	91	2	1	—
9.....	176	109	3	—	3.....	197	112	2	1	1	25.....	133	160	1	1	3
10.....	100	81	2	1	4.....	192	87	3	3	—	26.....	102	101	—	—	—
11.....	141	105	3	4	5.....	170	114	2	7	—	27.....	142	132	3	2	1
12.....	122	106	3	1	6.....	123	70	1	3	—	28.....	139	149	1	—	1
13.....	107	150	5	—	7.....	133	137	1	5	—	29.....	103	107	3	6	—
14.....	134	146	4	—	8.....	154	92	4	6	2	30.....	153	69	1	2	—
15.....	69	146	1	—	9.....	157	109	4	2	—	31.....	141	82	1	5	—
16.....	124	107	7	—	10.....	141	102	3	1	—	32.....	116	56	1	3	4
17.....	99	135	2	1	11.....	173	96	2	1	—	33.....	99	71	4	4	1
18.....	117	162	3	—	12.....	188	97	2	1	—	34.....	122	84	3	1	1
19.....	106	96	1	—	13.....	213	133	2	4	—	35.....	139	63	4	3	1
20.....	120	116	4	—	14.....	203	80	6	—	1	36.....	152	85	4	3	1
21.....	147	121	1	—	15.....	186	99	1	1	—	T.I. 4531 4160 89 60 71					
22.....	76	141	4	—	16.....	153	83	1	3	—	Pl. 421					
23.....	144	131	1	—	17.....	177	115	—	1	—	XIV.					
24.....	163	113	4	2	18.....	73	88	—	1	—	1.....	106	141	1	—	1
25.....	141	113	7	4	19.....	186	181	1	3	—	2.....	90	143	1	—	2
26.....	97	94	4	—	20.....	126	117	1	1	—	3.....	106	115	2	—	—
27.....	157	123	2	—	21.....	146	176	2	2	—	4.....	103	162	4	—	10
28.....	143	108	1	—	22.....	196	164	2	4	1	5.....	112	153	4	—	5
29.....	112	138	3	1							6.....	152	196	2	—	11
30.....	115	108	5	—												

### ELECTION RETURNS.

[illegible]

Whittmore-Dunlop.				Whittmore-Dunlop.				Whittmore-Dunlop.			
Hem.	Bales	Licks	Shots	Hem.	Bales	Licks	Shots	Hem.	Bales	Licks	Shots
11.....	109	192	3	8.....	122	122	2	15.....	121	142	5
12.....	73	220	2	9.....	122	118	1	16.....	92	102	5
13.....	93	189	1	10.....	104	122	2	17.....	99	107	4
14.....	79	158	3	11.....	102	149	6	18.....	125	105	7
15.....	76	188	4	12.....	176	141	1	19.....	125	149	6
16.....	106	201	5	13.....	108	190	4	20.....	120	128	4
17.....	65	147	8	14.....	146	146	1	21.....	145	121	3
18.....	67	217	2	15.....	113	161	1	22.....	139	145	2
19.....	39	210	3	16.....	97	175	1	23.....	108	89	2
20.....	67	200	1	17.....	101	196	4	24.....	157	123	1
21.....	52	155	2	18.....	49	149	1	25.....	121	122	5
22.....	124	181	1	19.....	117	172	1	26.....	111	104	1
23.....	76	88	—	20.....	102	157	3	27.....	157	129	3
T'l. 2423 3487 44 13 61				21.....	111	122	1	28.....	185	145	2
Pl. 1074				22.....	92	75	2	29.....	183	110	1
XXII.				23.....	132	75	—	30.....	190	117	1
1.....	99	35	1	24.....	85	114	—	31.....	205	110	4
2.....	114	41	—	25.....	77	221	2	32.....	209	124	—
3.....	163	77	1	26.....	75	113	3	33.....	224	115	—
4.....	207	128	2	27.....	78	124	1	34.....	203	98	2
5.....	178	116	1	28.....	70	140	2	35.....	155	84	3
6.....	127	78	—	29.....	65	202	3	36.....	127	84	4
7.....	91	98	1	T'l. 3173 3876 52 27 55				37.....	134	96	1
8.....	152	177	1	Pl. 808				38.....	117	120	2
9.....	83	165	2	XXV.				39.....	73	139	1
10.....	65	147	—	1.....	197	96	1	40.....	18	71	—
11.....	128	206	—	2.....	197	89	—	T'l. 4961 5112 105 69 98			
12.....	132	182	1	3.....	96	117	1	Pl. 261			
13.....	134	180	—	4.....	146	111	2	1.....	113	61	3
14.....	121	145	4	5.....	130	89	1	2.....	71	32	3
15.....	85	224	6	6.....	163	91	1	3.....	121	98	3
16.....	121	118	3	7.....	170	104	2	4.....	224	144	3
17.....	75	112	1	8.....	103	77	1	5.....	156	115	1
18.....	153	86	1	9.....	161	94	—	6.....	92	72	2
19.....	90	123	3	10.....	184	127	—	7.....	100	91	4
20.....	119	141	—	11.....	115	89	2	8.....	114	79	2
21.....	74	115	5	12.....	94	71	1	9.....	94	92	2
22.....	136	138	3	13.....	104	76	3	10.....	176	112	—
23.....	71	103	—	14.....	140	74	1	11.....	151	176	1
24.....	81	173	4	15.....	126	88	5	12.....	90	90	1
25.....	85	138	5	16.....	217	135	1	13.....	112	101	1
T'l. 2693 3256 46 5 70				17.....	166	82	—	14.....	215	100	8
Pl. 273				18.....	149	96	2	15.....	180	164	2
XXIII.				19.....	122	111	1	16.....	112	121	6
1.....	33	125	1	20.....	264	75	5	17.....	146	141	2
2.....	125	104	1	21.....	164	69	3	18.....	144	102	3
3.....	184	72	1	22.....	201	67	3	19.....	136	117	2
4.....	102	90	1	23.....	161	71	—	20.....	122	129	1
5.....	134	140	—	24.....	153	76	—	21.....	154	121	4
6.....	94	101	—	25.....	211	99	—	T'l. 2335 2322 43 37 61			
7.....	247	72	1	26.....	188	64	2	Pl. 508			
8.....	164	58	—	27.....	159	65	6	XXVIII.			
9.....	154	67	3	28.....	147	100	1	1.....	56	68	1
10.....	131	93	1	29.....	215	100	2	2.....	90	88	—
11.....	95	127	2	30.....	173	133	2	3.....	58	105	—
12.....	144	106	1	31.....	167	98	1	4.....	144	82	2
13.....	157	152	1	32.....	177	106	—	5.....	161	62	3
14.....	183	98	2	33.....	233	123	2	6.....	173	94	3
15.....	161	46	1	34.....	170	71	—	7.....	122	58	1
16.....	168	69	2	35.....	144	68	3	8.....	104	37	4
17.....	127	94	1	36.....	149	67	1	9.....	114	120	10
18.....	106	122	—	37.....	127	65	4	10.....	127	124	1
19.....	53	141	—	38.....	129	155	1	11.....	191	175	2
20.....	86	158	—	T'l. 6109 3468 51 51 30				12.....	142	91	7
21.....	65	149	1	Pl. 2641				13.....	94	110	1
22.....	75	224	1	XXVI.				14.....	154	189	—
23.....	43	246	—	1.....	131	89	—	15.....	112	140	2
24.....	59	141	7	2.....	91	179	1	16.....	129	124	2
25.....	55	127	—	3.....	97	184	1	17.....	102	78	—
T'l. 2945 2922 26 20 85				4.....	91	95	2	18.....	67	85	3
Pl. 43				5.....	89	122	2	19.....	139	143	3
XXIV.				6.....	65	185	3	20.....	101	112	3
1.....	192	144	—	7.....	106	218	2	T'l. 2370 2150 49 35 36			
2.....	129	91	1	8.....	113	118	6	Pl. 230			
3.....	139	110	3	9.....	149	162	2	XXIX.			
4.....	100	122	4	10.....	93	181	4	1.....	88	105	2
5.....	86	118	3	11.....	60	186	4	2.....	71	205	1
6.....	113	127	1	12.....	94	200	3				
7.....	170	98	1	13.....	74	114	4				
				14.....	113	117	4				



Whittmore, Dunlap.					Henn. Boles Lights					Whittmore, Dunlap.					Henn. Boles Lights					Whittmore, Dunlap.					Henn. Boles Lights				
17.....	169	145	1	3	1	32.....	117	50	—	2	6	47.....	123	96	3	—	3	—	—	47.....	123	96	3	—	3	—	—	—	—
18.....	134	118	1	4	2	33.....	109	88	—	5	5	48.....	46	74	1	—	3	—	—	48.....	46	74	1	—	3	—	—	—	—
19.....	109	129	1	2	2	34.....	69	94	—	—	1	49.....	135	90	1	9	1	—	—	49.....	135	90	1	9	1	—	—	—	—
20.....	117	116	—	2	2	35.....	104	77	2	3	16	50.....	138	84	3	2	5	—	—	50.....	138	84	3	2	5	—	—	—	—
21.....	111	147	—	—	6	36.....	103	94	6	—	3	51.....	53	62	—	1	—	—	—	51.....	53	62	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
22.....	79	88	—	—	2	37.....	130	139	2	1	4	52.....	154	145	6	1	11	—	—	52.....	154	145	6	1	11	—	—	—	—
23.....	127	108	3	2	—	38.....	157	39	1	—	11	53.....	119	83	1	2	10	—	—	53.....	119	83	1	2	10	—	—	—	—
24.....	141	76	—	3	2	39.....	302	104	6	—	20	54.....	175	107	6	1	20	—	—	54.....	175	107	6	1	20	—	—	—	—
25.....	110	120	—	1	3	40.....	153	76	6	3	8	55.....	173	52	1	—	6	—	—	55.....	173	52	1	—	6	—	—	—	—
26.....	179	98	3	1	3	41.....	161	104	6	—	13	56.....	187	23	1	—	1	—	—	56.....	187	23	1	—	1	—	—	—	—
27.....	159	113	1	3	7	42.....	122	52	1	1	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
28.....	120	100	2	1	3	43.....	170	79	6	—	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
29.....	124	86	8	3	—	44.....	228	56	9	1	36	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30.....	98	85	1	—	2	45.....	88	54	—	—	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
31.....	176	115	3	4	5	46.....	173	141	2	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Totals						Totals						Totals							Totals						Totals				
Barrington						Barrington						Barrington							Barrington						Barrington				
Bloom						Bloom						Bloom							Bloom						Bloom				
Bremen						Bremen						Bremen							Bremen						Bremen				
Calumet						Calumet						Calumet							Calumet						Calumet				
Cicero						Cicero						Cicero							Cicero						Cicero				
Elk Grove						Elk Grove						Elk Grove							Elk Grove						Elk Grove				
Evanston						Evanston						Evanston							Evanston						Evanston				
Hanover						Hanover						Hanover							Hanover						Hanover				
Lemont						Lemont						Lemont							Lemont						Lemont				
Leyden						Leyden						Leyden							Leyden						Leyden				
Lyons						Lyons						Lyons							Lyons						Lyons				
Maline						Maline						Maline							Maline						Maline				
N. Trier						N. Trier						N. Trier							N. Trier						N. Trier				
Niles						Niles						Niles							Niles						Niles				
Northfield						Northfield						Northfield							Northfield						Northfield				

## VOTE FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Rep.					Dem.					Pro.					S.-L.					Totals				
Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.-L.				
1.	1986	3896	46	23	3062	2570	19	15	21	4029	2074	25	25	27	4205	2638	33	31	50					
2.	3062	2570	19	15	21	4029	2074	25	25	27	4205	2638	33	31	50	3310	4226	61	17	73				
3.	4029	2074	25	25	27	4205	2638	33	31	50	3310	4226	61	17	73	3304	5741	47	32	58				
4.	4205	2638	33	31	50	3310	4226	61	17	73	3304	5741	47	32	58	3119	2703	15	13	73				
5.	3310	4226	61	17	73	3304	5741	47	32	58	3119	2703	15	13	73	2074	3679	18	8	84				
6.	3304	5741	47	32	58	3119	2703	15	13	73	2074	3679	18	8	84	2007	4291	50	11	69				
7.	3119	2703	15	13	73	2074	3679	18	8	84	2007	4291	50	11	69	6839	5965	173	43	155				
8.	2074	3679	18	8	84	2007	4291	50	11	69	6839	5965	173	43	155	3814	3390	63	63	31				
9.	2007	4291	50	11	69	6839	5965	173	43	155	3814	3390	63	63	31	9092	5592	84	113	32				
10.	6839	5965	173	43	155	3814	3390	63	63	31	9092	5592	84	113	32	4827	3843	85	60	86				
11.	3814	3390	63	63	31	9092	5592	84	113	32	4827	3843	85	60	86	5865	4518	97	28	253				
12.	9092	5592	84	113	32	4827	3843	85	60	86	5865	4518	97	28	253	5632	5115	93	29	167				
13.	4827	3843	85	60	86	5865	4518	97	28	253	5632	5115	93	29	167	3603	4803	68	25	107				
14.	5865	4518	97	28	253	5632	5115	93	29	167	3603	4803	68	25	107	1994	1506	37	12	54				
15.	5632	5115	93	29	167	3603	4803	68	25	107	1994	1506	37	12	54	2084	4994	81	13	45				
16.	3603	4803	68	25	107	1994	1506	37	12	54	2084	4994	81	13	45	2469	5162	54	5	64				
17.	1994	1506	37	12	54	2084	4994	81	13	45	2469	5162	54	5	64	2469	2459	33	11	44				
18.	2084	4994	81	13	45	2469	5162	54	5	64	2469	2459	33	11	44	2652	3190	43	12	58				
19.	2469	5162	54	5	64	2469	2459	33	11	44	2652	3190	43	12	58	3082	2243	44	4	85				
20.	2469	2459	33	11	44	2652	3190	43	12	58	3082	2243	44	4	85	3013	2752	25	16	80				
21.	2652	3190	43	12	58	3082	2243	44	4	85	3013	2752	25	16	80	3542	3499	47	24	54				
22.	3082	2243	44	4	85	3013	2752	25	16	80	3542	3499	47	24	54	6745	2783	46	47	31				
23.	3013	2752	25	16	80	3542	3499	47	24	54	6745	2783	46	47	31	5365	4611	91	52	96				
24.	3542	3499	47	24	54	6745	2783	46	47	31	5365	4611	91	52	96	3014	2037	52	32	70				
25.	6745	2783	46	47	31	5365	4611	91	52	96	3014	2037	52	32	70	2500	1957	34	18	32				
26.	5365	4611	91	52	96	3014	2037	52	32	70	2500	1957	34	18	32	2037	5026	81	14	25				
27.	3014	2037	52	32	70	2500	1957	34	18	32	2037	5026	81	14	25	8137	7790	199	89	180				
28.	2500	1957	34	18	32	2037	5026	81	14	25	8137	7790	199	89	180	5709	2956	56	134	85				
29.	2037	5026	81	14	25	8137	7790	199	89	180	5709	2956	56	134	85	8454	3602	39	49	38				
30.	8137	7790	199	89	180	5709	2956	56	134	85	8454	3602	39	49	38	3460	2988	94	29	43				
31.	5709	2956	56	134	85	8454	3602	39	49	38	3460	2988	94	29	43	8946	4657	121	87	316				
32.	8454	3602	39	49	38	3460	2988	94	29	43	8946	4657	121	87	316									
33.	3460	2988	94	29	43																			
34.	8946	4657	121	87	316																			
Totals					143462	128856	2154	1182	2706															
Totals					143462	128856	2154	1182	2706															
Towne					181	19	1	4	—															
Barrington					449	194	3	3	2															
Bloom					151	73	1	—	—															
Bremen					456	309	4	13	3															
Calumet					3302	823	27	83	14															
Cicero					131	21	—	—	—															
Elk Grove					1993	507	15	16	9															
Evanston					99	42	—	—	1															
Hanover																								
Lemont																								
Leyden																								
Lyons																								
Maline																								
New Trier																								
Niles																								
Northfield																								
Norwood Park																								
Orland																								
Palatine																								
Palos																								
Proviso																								
Rich																								
Riverside																								
Schaumburg																								
Thornton																								
Wheeling																								
Worth																								
Totals					13894	6191	117	369	85															
Grand totals					157346	135047	2271	1551	2794															
Plurality					2229																			
TRUSTEES STATE UNIVERSITY.																								
REPUBLICANS.																								
Augustus F. Nightingale.....158564																								
Frederic Lewis Hatch.....157036																								
Alice A. Abbott.....149834																								
DEMOCRATS.																								
Jacob E. Seller.....125423																								
Napoleon B. Morrison.....125574																								
Julia Holmes Smith.....144336																								
PEOPLE'S PARTY.																								
A. C. Vantine.....2716																								
Mamie Braucher.....2206																								
Meribah E. Walker.....2214																								
PROHIBITION.																								
Mary E. Metzgar.....1745																								
Mary I. Barnes.....1723																								
Calus C. Griffith.....1634																								
SOCIALISTIC LABOR.																								
Belle Sale.....2766																								
Anna Dietzgen.....2764																								
G. Renner.....2761																								

## VOTE FOR COUNTY OFFICERS.

## SHERIFF.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.-L.	Wards.	Knopf.	Eldred.	Lawler.	Ellsworth.	Glen.	B'ch.
1.....	3060	3554	44	20	16	3336	5715	53	7	63	
2.....	3148	2521	22	12	13	3144	2679	21	7	77	
3.....	4113	2036	23	20	27	2052	3635	22	7	74	
4.....	4267	2546	29	26	44	3027	4285	48	5	79	
5.....	4148	3664	45	15	60	4877	5802	203	52	144	1
6.....	4088	5210	46	10	60	3803	3409	67	38	34	
7.....	3206	2689	16	6	71	8969	5521	102	98	39	
8.....	2155	3637	21	8	71	4796	3868	91	59	77	
9.....	3165	4219	48	14	62	6075	4367	107	31	242	
10.....	6904	5984	190	56	142	5685	5084	90	43	160	
11.....	3754	3473	65	57	36	3718	4732	59	25	115	
12.....	8783	5724	99	107	41	2030	1771	29	14	53	1
13.....	4703	4004	81	65	68	2073	4996	79	12	40	
14.....	5633	4842	102	30	246	2513	5219	53	4	59	1
15.....	5455	5407	93	41	160	2606	2438	38	14	47	
16.....	3674	4875	62	24	120	2702	3179	46	16	59	
17.....	1983	1847	33	15	61	3125	2971	89	3	80	
18.....	2125	5037	80	13	50	3011	2772	26	16	78	
19.....	2599	5202	50	4	61	3530	3539	52	23	52	
20.....	2246	2740	38	7	46	6634	2847	56	44	33	
21.....	2406	3599	40	14	57	5382	4697	96	50	86	1
22.....	2819	3372	39	7	86	2861	2244	44	32	68	1
23.....	2924	2903	29	17	76	2502	1944	34	21	37	
24.....	3319	3827	50	26	51	2032	4584	39	11	23	
25.....	6158	3409	52	55	34	8155	7775	204	89	177	1
26.....	5117	4970	92	61	82	5663	2963	63	135	87	
27.....	2864	2229	38	30	65	8357	3632	50	65	34	
28.....	2514	1993	44	29	35	3445	2988	96	33	41	
29.....	2277	4820	57	14	26	8837	4711	133	86	209	2
30.....	8456	7633	183	89	172						
31.....	5602	3102	60	135	86						
32.....	8316	3757	52	52	37						
33.....	3451	2991	94	30	45						
34.....	8833	4781	127	103	310						

Totals ..... 143165 132597 2144 1202 2512

## Towns—

Barrington ....	178	23	1	5	—
Bloom .....	434	306	3	3	1
Bremen .....	153	72	1	—	—
Calumet .....	451	318	2	11	5
Cleora .....	3149	967	25	80	15
Elk Grove .....	125	18	—	1	—
Evanston .....	1855	599	18	92	7
Hanover .....	101	40	—	—	—
Lemont .....	277	415	2	2	7
Leyden .....	191	97	—	2	—
Lyons .....	855	451	5	43	—
Maine .....	554	279	2	12	1
New Trier .....	611	409	4	8	1
Niles .....	253	191	1	1	1
Northfield .....	200	96	—	6	—
Norwood Park ..	71	34	—	—	—
Orland .....	123	41	1	—	—
Palatine .....	228	120	2	—	—
Palos .....	82	74	—	1	—
Proviso .....	1110	763	19	28	23
Rich .....	98	64	—	—	—
Riverside .....	189	74	3	7	—
Schaumburg .....	60	23	—	—	—
Thornton .....	1255	826	17	96	18
Wheeling .....	242	167	1	2	—
Worth .....	581	379	4	3	1

Totals ..... 13426 6746 111 403 80

Grand totals.....156591 139293 2355 1606 2692

Plurality.....17298

## COUNTY CLERK.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.-L.	A.M.
1.....	1984	3583	53	16	28
2.....	2047	2562	23	16	18
3.....	3990	2107	23	20	30
4.....	4185	2548	28	28	49
5.....	3206	4247	60	17	70

Wards.	Knopf.	Eldred.	Lawler.	Ellsworth.	Glen.	B'ch.
6.....	3336	5715	53	7	63	
7.....	3144	2679	21	7	77	
8.....	2052	3635	22	7	74	
9.....	3027	4285	48	5	79	
10.....	4877	5802	203	52	144	1
11.....	3803	3409	67	38	34	
12.....	8969	5521	102	98	39	
13.....	4796	3868	91	59	77	
14.....	6075	4367	107	31	242	
15.....	5685	5084	90	43	160	
16.....	3718	4732	59	25	115	
17.....	2030	1771	29	14	53	1
18.....	2073	4996	79	12	40	
19.....	2513	5219	53	4	59	1
20.....	2606	2438	38	14	47	
21.....	2702	3179	46	16	59	
22.....	3125	2971	89	3	80	
23.....	3011	2772	26	16	78	
24.....	3530	3539	52	23	52	
25.....	6634	2847	56	44	33	
26.....	5382	4697	96	50	86	1
27.....	2861	2244	44	32	68	1
28.....	2502	1944	34	21	37	
29.....	2032	4584	39	11	23	
30.....	8155	7775	204	89	177	1
31.....	5663	2963	63	135	87	
32.....	8357	3632	50	65	34	
33.....	3445	2988	96	33	41	
34.....	8837	4711	133	86	209	2

Totals 143410 139324 2291 1137 2690 20

## Towns—

Barrington .....	181	20	1	5	—	—
Bloom .....	447	191	3	3	1	—
Bremen .....	151	75	1	—	—	—
Calumet .....	461	308	3	11	4	—
Cleora .....	3296	945	28	75	10	—
Elk Grove .....	132	21	1	1	—	—
Evanston .....	1960	515	20	87	5	—
Hanover .....	99	42	—	—	1	—
Lemont .....	275	412	2	3	7	—
Leyden .....	154	137	1	3	—	—
Lyons .....	868	424	5	46	—	—
N. Maine .....	576	289	2	10	1	—
N. Trier .....	657	379	1	8	2	—
Niles .....	259	184	2	1	1	—
Northfield .....	204	93	—	5	—	—
Nor. Park .....	60	49	—	—	—	—
Orland .....	130	41	1	—	—	—
Palatine .....	229	126	3	—	—	—
Palos .....	81	74	1	1	—	—
Proviso .....	1171	641	25	30	23	—
Rich .....	99	63	—	—	—	—
Riverside .....	187	59	1	5	—	—
Schaumbg. ....	59	24	—	—	—	—
Thornton .....	1256	832	17	76	19	—
Wheeling .....	253	157	1	2	—	—
Worth .....	579	374	5	3	1	—

Totals 13823 6352 123 374 75 1

G. Totals 157233 136176 2414 1511 2735 2

Plurality 21057

## CLERK OF THE PROBATE COURT.

	City.	Town.	Totals
James Reddick, Rep.....	123,940	12,525	152,465
James C. Strain, Dem.....	131,691	6,294	137,985
Ernst Walmsley, Pro.....	2,269	101	2,370
Wm. R. Dewey, Pro.....	1,372	386	1,758
R. Wadell, Soc.-L.....	2,688	124	2,812
W. Snowhook, Anti-M.....	240	40	280

## CLERK OF CRIMINAL COURT.

	City.	Town.	Totals
Patrick J. Cahill, Rep.....	144,789	12,721	158,410
C. R. Jandus, Dem.....	127,407	6,135	133,542
W. L. Reynolds, Pro.....	2,256	131	2,387
H. T. Wilcoxon, Pro.....	1,263	412	1,675
P. Damm, Soc.-L.....	2,654	83	2,737
A. Washburne, Anti-M.....	232	50	282

## SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S. L. A. M.
	Bright.	Coolley.	Miller.	Klotz.
1.....	1981	3583	44	15 23 6
2.....	3015	2573	19	17 18 3
3.....	4058	2018	20	16 33 5
4.....	4195	2508	29	23 50 4
5.....	3286	4312	66	14 70 1
6.....	3291	5725	47	6 58 13
7.....	3081	2708	30	7 74 2
8.....	2043	3668	19	8 73 4
9.....	2993	4253	58	4 73 4
10.....	4306	5956	176	48 139 9
11.....	3777	3384	66	44 29 2
12.....	3902	5527	91	97 42 11
13.....	4797	3815	84	47 76 4
14.....	5820	4516	115	24 256 3
15.....	5599	5044	101	41 157 5
16.....	3583	4742	61	25 114 10
17.....	1977	1907	27	12 50 7
18.....	2061	4983	78	13 40 5
19.....	2485	5259	56	3 60 15
20.....	2453	2418	39	12 46 1
21.....	2648	3195	52	12 55 5
22.....	3065	2972	42	4 85 7
23.....	2994	2754	26	17 79 3
24.....	3542	3472	63	23 52 2
25.....	6636	2778	53	46 35 6
26.....	5328	4563	97	60 91 15
27.....	2970	3063	46	33 60 9
28.....	2497	1960	36	26 37 2
29.....	2001	4975	77	15 26 7
30.....	5149	2745	198	94 157 2
31.....	8665	2978	62	119 76 2
32.....	5378	3606	45	52 35 4
33.....	3452	3006	91	23 45 6
34.....	8824	4717	123	78 308 17

Totals 142402 129485 2228 1068 2621 218

## Towns—

Barrington	177	21	1	5	—
Bloom	448	190	3	3	1
Bremen	143	75	1	—	—
Calumet	454	317	3	11	4
Cicero	3171	234	26	75	10
Elk Grove	131	24	—	1	—
Evanston	1890	566	15	85	6
Hanover	97	44	1	—	—
Lemont	232	410	2	1	7
Leyden	194	94	—	2	—
Lyons	577	753	6	32	2
Maine	538	291	5	10	1
N. Trier	604	481	1	4	1
Niles	253	156	3	2	1
Northfield	199	94	1	6	—
Nor. Park	71	33	—	—	—
Orland	123	43	1	—	—
Palatine	223	126	2	—	—
Palos	85	73	—	1	—
Proviso	1125	678	21	26	5
Rich	95	66	—	—	—
Riverside	153	83	1	3	—
Schaum'g.	58	34	—	—	—
Thornton	1243	844	18	74	19
Wheeling	248	160	1	1	—
Worth	563	233	6	3	1

Totals 13129 6920 118 345 76 25

G. Totals. 155591 126405 2346 1433 2697 243

Plurality. 19186

## JUDGE COUNTY COURT.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. S. L.
	Cartor.	Martin.	Lawler.
1.....	2016	2575	42 28
2.....	3063	2904	21 19
3.....	4117	2018	18 31
4.....	4256	2423	26 49
5.....	3350	4188	57 70
6.....	3350	5714	48 57
7.....	3144	2670	21 77

Wards	Cartor	Martin	Lawler	Shum'a
8.....	2083	2653	21 70	
9.....	2059	4221	39 60	
10.....	7016	5789	189 140	
11.....	3940	3373	51 23	
12.....	9454	5210	80 45	
13.....	4958	3751	72 72	
14.....	5978	4411	97 240	
15.....	5719	4998	89 131	
16.....	3677	4741	61 108	
17.....	2038	1781	32 46	
18.....	3104	4946	60 36	
19.....	2523	5229	55 57	
20.....	2540	2361	22 42	
21.....	2809	3069	43 54	
22.....	3228	2840	41 84	
23.....	3063	2718	28 76	
24.....	3731	3323	49 52	
25.....	6997	2550	40 29	
26.....	5551	4451	32 80	
27.....	3079	1982	38 61	
28.....	2589	1918	24 35	
29.....	2057	4989	76 26	
30.....	8871	7622	182 170	
31.....	5597	2530	47 72	
32.....	3747	3353	39 29	
33.....	3469	2971	37 44	
34.....	9064	4554	124 234	

Totals ..... 147041 126723 2034 2539

## Towns—

Barrington	179	19	1	—
Bloom	453	189	4	1
Bremen	150	74	1	—
Calumet	472	302	3	4
Cicero	2424	748	25	11
Elk Grove	131	19	1	—
Evanston	1982	490	17	5
Hanover	99	43	—	—
Lemont	239	233	2	8
Leyden	202	96	—	—
Lyons	592	413	5	—
Maine	574	248	4	1
New Trier	675	267	1	1
Niles	284	156	2	1
Northfield	203	90	—	—
Norwood Park	71	33	—	—
Orland	130	39	2	—
Palatine	231	122	2	—
Palos	83	74	—	—
Proviso	1202	612	17	25
Rich	97	64	—	—
Riverside	186	60	1	—
Schaumburg	80	23	—	—
Thornton	1285	327	19	20
Wheeling	259	151	1	—
Worth	533	261	6	1

Totals ..... 14194 6906 114 78

Grand totals ..... 161235 137371 2148 2617

## Plurality..... 25504

## JUDGE PROBATE COURT.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. S. L.
	Kabbs.	Maher.	Wahsley.
1.....	2055	2537	44 5
2.....	3143	2474	20 6
3.....	4131	1906	17 7
4.....	4413	2380	27 7
5.....	3411	4129	60 2
6.....	3331	5718	44 14
7.....	3127	2646	13 4
8.....	3084	3454	22 5
9.....	3044	4244	45 6
10.....	7012	5344	180 16
11.....	2350	2396	53 3
12.....	9230	5355	81 12
13.....	4943	3747	71 9
14.....	6099	4254	96 2
15.....	5785	4950	94 3
16.....	3057	4743	63 4

## ELECTION RETURNS.

413

Wards	Kohlsaat	Maher	Wahley	Deem	Wards	Chetlain	Baird	Holden	Smith	Chytrows	Freeman
17.....	2027	1786	30	9	28.....	5116	4921	5038	4960	5140	5199
18.....	2112	4944	75	5	27.....	2877	2830	2823	2801	2914	2899
19.....	2523	5225	52	13	28.....	2427	2384	2387	2350	2382	2417
20.....	2624	2318	28	1	29.....	1992	1969	1947	1944	1942	1964
21.....	2965	2949	39	6	30.....	7955	7804	7823	7732	7869	7948
22.....	3319	2767	39	5	31.....	5463	5226	5359	5241	5274	5509
23.....	3071	2713	25	2	32.....	7930	7163	7763	7502	7432	8061
24.....	3801	3269	53	2	33.....	3397	3347	3380	3368	3378	3422
25.....	7118	2453	42	2	34.....	8459	8153	8441	8275	8398	8741
26.....	5683	4357	89	17							
27.....	3145	1936	39	8							
28.....	2598	1917	33	1							
29.....	2060	4972	74	8							
30.....	8432	7697	179	12							
31.....	5921	2813	52	3							
32.....	8799	3308	38	8							
33.....	3507	2969	88	10							
34.....	9116	4518	123	20							

Totals city .....	148304	125738	2026	250	Totals city .....	148304	125738	2026	250
Towns—					Towns—				
Barrington .....	181	19	1	—	Barrington .....	177	175	176	177
Bloom .....	454	187	4	—	Bloom .....	447	439	440	440
Bremen .....	153	71	1	—	Bremen .....	147	147	147	146
Calumet .....	472	301	3	—	Calumet .....	453	433	446	446
Cicero .....	8453	728	26	5	Cicero .....	3142	3944	3108	3006
Elk Grove .....	132	20	—	—	Elk Grove .....	133	133	130	126
Evanston .....	2019	487	19	6	Evanston .....	1845	1614	1789	1756
Hanover .....	100	42	—	—	Hanover .....	98	98	97	98
Lemont .....	290	397	2	1	Lemont .....	285	283	285	282
Leyden .....	204	85	—	—	Leyden .....	191	190	193	191
Lyons .....	923	394	5	1	Lyons .....	859	792	812	812
Maine .....	595	240	4	—	Maine .....	509	520	531	525
New Trier .....	685	358	3	—	New Trier .....	637	536	599	601
Niles .....	287	153	2	—	Niles .....	271	269	268	271
Northfield .....	207	89	—	—	Northfield .....	199	190	197	200
Norwood Park .....	69	35	—	—	Norwood Pk. .....	71	70	70	72
Orland .....	182	39	1	—	Orland .....	130	130	130	130
Palatine .....	231	123	2	—	Palatine .....	227	224	227	226
Palos .....	85	74	—	—	Palos .....	81	80	80	81
Proviso .....	1254	589	16	7	Proviso .....	1104	1061	1068	1069
Rich .....	97	64	—	—	Rich .....	98	98	97	95
Riverside .....	195	52	1	1	Riverside .....	172	153	165	163
Schaumburg .....	61	21	—	—	Schaumburg .....	58	58	56	58
Thornton .....	1297	522	19	2	Thornton .....	1250	1227	1227	1225
Wheeling .....	251	156	1	—	Wheeling .....	243	240	238	239
Worth .....	593	360	6	—	Worth .....	583	564	573	573

Totals towns .....	13610	12655	13105	12083	Totals towns .....	13610	12655	13105	12083
Grand totals .....	151910	145088	14932	14044	Grand totals .....	151910	145088	14932	14044

## DEMOCRATS.

Wards	Black	Protestant	Trade	Hutch	Thornton	Stain
1.....	3595	3571	3654	3674	3569	3655
2.....	2697	2570	2745	2969	2518	2900
3.....	2099	2063	2335	2601	2024	2512
4.....	2535	2565	2963	3114	2460	3207
5.....	4268	4201	4351	4312	4229	4320
6.....	5817	5765	5859	5815	5798	5800
7.....	2706	2690	2765	2739	2689	3158
8.....	3708	3687	3729	3706	3668	3829
9.....	4345	4269	4373	4347	4308	4387
10.....	6072	5976	6238	6185	5948	6155
11.....	3432	3371	3715	3755	3289	3751
12.....	5772	5662	6285	6413	5392	6315
13.....	4034	3834	4100	4080	3770	4073
14.....	4682	4541	4820	4775	4476	4965
15.....	5229	5132	5428	5352	5082	5345
16.....	4836	4794	4899	4856	4792	4890
17.....	1863	1831	1865	1847	1822	1872
18.....	5038	5012	5086	5066	5012	5082
19.....	5307	5278	5385	5351	5244	5453
20.....	2491	2452	2458	2467	2437	2481
21.....	3351	3159	3492	3450	3194	3546
22.....	3011	2946	3227	3271	2983	3346
23.....	2791	2758	2869	2835	2757	2820
24.....	3556	3465	3883	4005	3404	3966
25.....	2914	2900	3455	3572	3675	3577
26.....	4779	4676	5027	5028	4773	5000
27.....	2149	2069	2281	2269	2047	2325
28.....	2042	1984	2118	2108	2015	2087
29.....	5023	4990	5065	5030	5014	5063
30.....	7912	7781	8176	8106	7839	8091
31.....	3090	3005	3462	3505	3192	3403
32.....	3708	3603	4561	5003	3413	4970
33.....	3066	3008	3098	3097	3008	3087
34.....	4860	4710	5295	5442	4670	5279

Totals city .....	128916	128024	128265	140804	129041	140812
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Towns—						
Barrington .....	21	19	21	21	18	22
Bloom .....	189	195	196	198	192	202

## JUDGES SUPERIOR COURT.

## REPUBLICAN.

Wards	Chetlain	Baird	Holden	Smith	Chytrows	Freeman
1.....	1971	1905	1914	1919	1929	1954
2.....	2947	2796	2938	2856	2829	2905
3.....	3331	3232	3774	3646	3632	3797
4.....	3928	3697	3661	3778	3740	3954
5.....	3222	3163	3132	3128	3186	3183
6.....	3272	3233	3194	3191	3195	3230
7.....	2948	2939	2999	2906	2967	2759
8.....	2008	1960	1948	1954	1961	1935
9.....	2914	3015	2967	2857	2881	2915
10.....	6721	6676	6578	6538	6656	6679
11.....	3738	3503	3566	3518	3651	3643
12.....	8515	8185	8466	8210	8403	8665
13.....	4667	4675	4554	4512	4542	4633
14.....	5627	5601	5543	5506	5412	5613
15.....	5427	5272	5364	5326	5491	5424
16.....	3567	3528	3519	3517	3559	3537
17.....	1968	1958	1967	1966	1984	1973
18.....	2027	1978	1980	1967	1997	1983
19.....	2451	2344	2331	2327	2347	2334
20.....	2598	2582	2501	2504	2540	2578
21.....	2585	2592	2422	2403	2517	2487
22.....	3028	2741	2825	2830	2835	2829
23.....	2974	2919	2914	2922	3004	2964
24.....	3352	3024	3337	3134	3202	3444
25.....	6442	5968	6177	6073	6263	6431

Totals .....	14402	5907	117	26	Grand Totals .....	162704	131645	2148	276
Plurality .....	31051								

Towns—						
Barrington .....	21	19	21	21	18	22
Bloom .....	189	195	196	198	192	202

Towns.	Black.	Pres. & Tru.	Hatch.	Thorn.	Stok.
Bremen .....	74	73	76	75	76
Calumet .....	314	311	331	341	306
Cicero .....	927	927	1063	1234	818
Elk Grove .....	30	21	23	23	21
Evanston .....	602	691	664	886	548
Hanover .....	42	42	44	43	41
Lemont .....	403	401	407	406	402
Leyden .....	89	88	96	97	88
Lyons .....	428	438	496	546	416
Maine .....	333	258	289	290	246
New Trier .....	402	404	403	490	369
Niles .....	157	158	156	156	168
Northfield .....	96	104	98	97	89
Norwood Pk. ....	33	33	34	34	34
Orland .....	40	39	39	39	40
Palatine .....	134	126	127	132	125
Palos .....	78	77	76	76	74
Proviso .....	675	670	731	747	641
Rich .....	63	65	67	65	66
Riverside .....	76	68	79	100	57
Schaumburg .....	24	23	25	23	24
Thornton .....	839	838	876	863	832
Wheeling .....	160	158	169	170	161
Worth .....	373	366	378	390	371
Totals towns .....	6561	6560	6998	7540	6213
Grand totals .....	139274	139304	149274	147944	139264

## PEOPLE'S.

Wards.	Beal.	Allison.	Russell.	Gammage.	Cole.	Cheever.
1.....	43	43	43	42	42	41
2.....	22	19	21	21	20	21
3.....	16	17	18	17	19	21
4.....	31	30	29	30	35	34
5.....	46	50	50	50	50	53
6.....	41	38	42	37	45	38
7.....	17	16	18	16	19	19
8.....	21	21	21	21	24	21
9.....	37	37	36	33	33	34
10.....	169	172	172	175	168	165
11.....	58	53	56	54	58	56
12.....	76	81	81	75	80	78
13.....	70	70	76	74	74	71
14.....	96	92	94	94	95	96
15.....	78	78	82	81	82	76
16.....	60	61	61	61	61	61
17.....	30	31	30	31	30	31
18.....	70	75	75	71	72	73
19.....	49	50	51	51	50	53
20.....	33	43	32	32	34	33
21.....	45	42	41	41	46	40
22.....	41	41	37	36	36	40
23.....	35	25	24	24	25	21
24.....	44	43	41	43	46	49
25.....	41	38	38	37	43	41
26.....	92	89	90	86	91	88
27.....	40	42	42	41	44	42
28.....	36	33	34	33	37	31
29.....	73	72	73	70	74	69
30.....	170	169	168	164	178	170
31.....	43	53	45	41	45	39
32.....	44	40	41	36	49	48
33.....	87	86	85	84	87	86
34.....	122	122	130	124	126	123
Totals .....	1963	1961	1976	1936	2017	1963

Towns—	1963	1961	1976	1936	2017	1963
Barrington .....	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bloom .....	4	4	4	4	4	4
Bremen .....	1	1	1	1	1	1
Calumet .....	3	4	4	5	4	3
Cicero .....	26	28	36	37	27	23
Elk Grove .....	—	—	—	—	—	1
Evanston .....	14	15	17	17	18	15
Hanover .....	1	1	1	1	1	1
Lemont .....	2	2	2	3	3	1
Leyden .....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lyons .....	5	5	5	—	—	5
Maine .....	3	3	3	3	3	3
New Trier .....	4	2	1	3	3	2
Niles .....	2	2	2	2	2	2

Towns	Beal.	Allison.	Russell.	Gammage.	Cole.	Cheever.
Norwood Pk. ....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Northfield .....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Orland .....	1	2	1	1	1	1
Palatine .....	2	2	2	2	2	—
Palos .....	—	1	—	—	—	—
Proviso .....	14	14	15	19	17	15
Rich .....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Riverside .....	1	1	2	2	2	2
Schaumburg .....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thornton .....	18	19	18	22	21	19
Wheeling .....	1	1	1	1	1	1
Worth .....	5	5	5	5	5	5

Totals .....	108	113	121	135	121	106
Grand totals .....	2071	2074	2097	2061	2138	2063

## ANTI-MACHINE.

Wards.	Griffin.	Morgan.	W. H. Flanagan.	Gearty.
1.....	8	7	7	7
2.....	5	5	5	5
3.....	5	5	5	5
4.....	4	4	5	4
5.....	1	3	1	2
6.....	8	8	10	6
7.....	—	1	—	—
8.....	4	4	4	4
9.....	3	2	2	2
10.....	11	12	12	12
11.....	5	2	2	2
12.....	12	8	9	10
13.....	9	9	9	10
14.....	7	9	7	8
15.....	7	12	6	6
16.....	4	5	4	4
17.....	6	8	7	8
18.....	5	6	5	6
19.....	16	17	16	16
20.....	1	2	1	1
21.....	4	4	4	4
22.....	1	1	1	1
23.....	2	2	2	2
24.....	2	2	1	3
25.....	3	2	1	1
26.....	6	10	8	9
27.....	10	20	7	11
28.....	3	2	2	2
29.....	7	6	6	7
30.....	18	17	17	16
31.....	3	2	3	2
32.....	6	5	8	6
33.....	6	5	6	5
34.....	18	18	16	20
Totals .....	211	228	198	214

Towns—	211	228	198	214
Barrington .....	—	—	—	—
Bloom .....	—	—	—	—
Bremen .....	—	—	—	—
Calumet .....	1	1	1	2
Cicero .....	11	11	15	9
Elk Grove .....	—	—	—	—
Evanston .....	3	4	3	3
Hanover .....	—	—	—	—
Lemont .....	1	1	1	1
Leyden .....	—	—	—	—
Lyons .....	2	—	—	—
Maine .....	—	1	—	—
New Trier .....	—	2	—	1
Niles .....	—	—	—	—
Northfield .....	—	—	—	—
Norwood Park .....	—	—	—	—
Orland .....	—	—	—	—
Palatine .....	—	—	—	—
Palos .....	—	—	—	—
Proviso .....	55	8	7	8
Rich .....	—	—	—	—
Riverside .....	—	—	—	—
Schaumburg .....	—	—	—	—
Thornton .....	3	3	3	4
Wheeling .....	—	—	—	—

## ELECTION RETURNS.

415

Towns	Griffin	Morgan	Pierce	Gerrit
Worth	—	1	—	1
Totals	76	32	31	30
Grand totals	287	260	230	244

## COUNTY ASSESSORS.

## REPUBLICAN.

Wards.	Miller.	Randall.	Wilson.	Wolf.	Weber.
1.....	1941	1987	1914	1982	1965
2.....	2981	3023	2906	3019	2964
3.....	3914	3977	3704	3937	3872
4.....	4066	4114	3681	4060	3965
5.....	3123	3117	2847	3118	3083
6.....	3123	3097	2902	3110	3076
7.....	3083	3067	3010	3083	3082
8.....	2061	2031	1998	2045	2019
9.....	3064	2962	2894	2998	2938
10.....	7360	6791	6575	6794	6701
11.....	3735	3741	3531	3783	3669
12.....	8969	8876	8330	8918	8673
13.....	4702	4741	4673	4827	4670
14.....	6797	6817	6586	6924	6768
15.....	6530	6581	6402	6548	6506
16.....	3690	3698	3544	3638	3578
17.....	1985	1987	1990	2004	1982
18.....	1991	2010	1982	2018	1992
19.....	2448	2429	2374	2431	2406
20.....	2312	2354	2165	2423	2337
21.....	2266	2499	2278	2588	2516
22.....	2368	2342	2489	2995	2898
23.....	2848	2984	2906	2974	2932
24.....	2247	2490	3089	3453	3290
25.....	6407	6578	6320	6557	6369
26.....	5233	5326	5167	5383	5260
27.....	2949	3003	2948	3023	2934
28.....	2467	2466	2381	2468	2449
29.....	1966	1843	1879	1937	1846
30.....	7954	7824	7871	7984	7883
31.....	5635	5591	5202	5568	5447
32.....	8228	8837	7584	8367	8042
33.....	3419	3484	3367	3450	3423
34.....	8768	8911	8351	8823	8595

Total.	139677	140956	132438	141439	139098
Towns—					
Barring'n.	176	176	175	178	178
Bloom	447	444	439	447	442
Bremen	150	150	149	153	157
Calumet	448	460	432	464	514
Cicero	3193	3237	2928	3202	3091
Elk Grove	132	132	131	132	133
Evanston.	1876	1895	1698	1889	1866
Hanover	99	99	98	99	99
Lemont	272	272	271	280	284
Leyden	196	196	193	200	195
Lyons	848	866	799	871	833
Maine	565	566	555	567	568
New Trier	639	644	570	628	622
Niles	279	283	278	280	280
Northfield.	202	201	197	207	204
Nor. Park	71	71	71	71	71
Orland	131	131	132	131	131
Palatine	230	229	227	232	231
Palos	72	75	73	73	73
Proviso	1141	1184	1070	1158	1126
Rich	99	98	97	98	98
Riverside	180	186	158	184	179
Schaum'g.	68	68	67	69	68
Thornton.	1211	1217	1178	1218	1168
Wheeling.	246	245	240	246	241
Worth	573	574	532	581	634

Total.	13524	13638	12748	13648	13466
G. total.	163101	164594	146186	155087	151564
Plurality.	14477	19696	.....	21587	19010

## DEMOCRATIC.

Wards.	Gray.	McDonald.	Stuckart.	Brown.	O'Rourke.
1.....	3666	3558	3533	3565	3561
2.....	2794	2639	2665	2518	2498

Wards	Gray	McDonald	Stuckart	Brown	O'Rourke
3.....	2320	2032	2317	2006	1994
4.....	2870	2488	2326	2456	2438
5.....	4282	4231	4738	4212	4200
6.....	5846	5815	6539	5789	5777
7.....	2719	2689	2766	2664	2653
8.....	3703	3670	3689	3665	3651
9.....	4311	4253	4322	4338	4238
10.....	5864	5731	5864	5853	5764
11.....	3646	3641	3401	3330	3317
12.....	6149	5379	5629	5323	5313
13.....	4017	3797	2866	3777	3756
14.....	4759	4457	4654	4431	4412
15.....	5320	5089	5124	5014	5002
16.....	4848	4782	4813	4765	4768
17.....	1841	1785	1791	1776	1770
18.....	4961	4897	4911	4899	4882
19.....	5297	5233	5254	5236	5204
20.....	3032	2382	2496	2380	2348
21.....	4068	3069	3279	3053	2976
22.....	3699	2878	3012	2868	2830
23.....	3067	2739	2766	2750	2737
24.....	4303	3386	3493	3377	3344
25.....	3730	2561	2777	2557	2449
26.....	5103	4427	4586	4450	4336
27.....	2213	1994	2048	2006	1966
28.....	2048	1983	2028	1999	1963
29.....	5063	5407	5094	4988	4969
30.....	8065	8236	7971	7726	7666
31.....	3334	3335	3052	2898	2862
32.....	4485	3392	3623	3362	3320
33.....	3086	2965	3022	2976	2964
34.....	5177	4606	4692	4582	4568

Total.	139686	129035	132389	127497	126454
Towns—					
Barring'n.	23	19	21	19	17
Bloom	194	190	190	188	194
Bremen	71	71	70	70	70
Calumet	332	336	289	283	263
Cicero	1096	739	793	760	741
Elk Grove	30	30	31	30	30
Evanston.	797	507	507	498	501
Hanover	42	42	42	42	42
Lemont	415	410	413	396	402
Leyden	95	88	92	88	87
Lyons	511	423	456	419	418
Maine	267	245	247	245	240
New Trier	481	383	387	376	372
Niles	163	156	159	156	167
Northfield.	97	88	90	86	85
Nor. Park	33	33	32	32	33
Orland	40	39	39	39	40
Palatine	121	122	123	118	117
Palos	78	76	84	77	77
Proviso	712	636	654	616	616
Rich	64	63	66	63	63
Riverside	96	57	57	62	57
Schaum'g.	24	23	24	23	23
Thornton.	858	827	826	826	977
Wheeling.	165	158	160	157	156
Worth	387	363	391	356	333

Total.	7179	6054	6235	6003	6100
G. total.	146865	135089	136624	133500	132554
Plurality	679				

## PEOPLE'S.

Wards.	Medler.	Johann.	Morrow.	Denier.	Simpson.
1.....	51	46	49	45	44
2.....	26	23	21	21	19
3.....	23	27	27	25	21
4.....	36	36	38	34	40
5.....	78	71	76	66	63
6.....	45	46	46	42	48
7.....	20	19	20	21	18
8.....	23	23	23	22	23
9.....	49	46	47	46	46
10.....	183	183	180	177	174
11.....	76	73	71	67	67

Wards	Mosler	Johnson	Morrow	Deaibler	Stimpson	Wards	Netheravett	Overlap	Luther	Soule	Stoneman
2.....	92	90	92	89	86	24.....	22	22	21	21	22
3.....	87	83	83	84	82	25.....	46	42	48	42	45
4.....	101	99	97	96	102	26.....	45	48	46	46	45
5.....	104	107	102	101	100	27.....	30	28	30	28	26
6.....	61	60	60	68	67	28.....	24	23	23	22	23
7.....	79	77	77	77	79	29.....	13	11	13	13	14
8.....	79	77	77	77	79	30.....	75	77	77	76	76
9.....	50	52	52	52	53	31.....	112	110	111	110	112
0.....	33	34	32	30	32	32.....	43	42	42	42	45
1.....	49	48	44	42	41	33.....	27	27	27	26	26
2.....	50	44	41	42	42	34.....	86	79	82	79	81
3.....	26	29	24	25	25						
4.....	68	65	61	50	52						
5.....	55	57	57	47	49						
6.....	99	96	92	89	89						
7.....	52	49	45	47	47						
8.....	41	38	39	35	35						
9.....	75	70	71	75	71						
0.....	195	189	190	181	183						
1.....	67	63	59	55	53						
2.....	48	50	52	43	44						
3.....	100	99	96	93	92						
4.....	141	144	141	136	135						

Total. 2316 2264 2233 2141 2129

Towns					
Barrington	1	1	1	1	1
Bloom	2	2	2	2	2
Bremen	1	1	1	1	1
Calumet	4	4	4	4	4
Cleora	40	38	36	33	33
Elk Grove	—	—	—	—	—
Evanston	21	20	22	20	20
Hanover	1	1	1	1	1
Lemont	2	2	2	2	2
Leyden	—	—	—	—	—
Lyons	6	6	7	5	6
Maine	1	4	4	3	4
New Trier	2	2	2	2	2
Niles	2	2	2	2	2
Northfield	—	1	—	—	—
Nor. Park	—	—	—	—	—
Orland	1	1	2	2	1
Palatine	2	2	2	2	2
Palos	—	—	—	—	—
Proviso	32	27	26	21	22
Rich	—	—	—	—	—
Riverside	2	2	2	2	3
Schaum's	—	—	—	—	—
Thornton	24	15	18	16	20
Wheeling	1	1	1	1	1
Worth	5	5	6	5	7

Total. 151 138 142 126 126  
 1. total.. 2467 2402 2375 2287 2275

## PROHIBITIONIST.

Wards	Netheravett	Overlap	Luther	Soule	Stoneman
1.....	16	16	15	15	15
2.....	18	12	12	12	12
3.....	19	22	18	18	17
4.....	19	16	14	14	14
5.....	18	18	18	18	18
6.....	10	9	9	9	11
7.....	6	6	6	6	6
8.....	7	7	7	7	7
9.....	9	9	8	8	9
0.....	47	48	50	50	50
1.....	42	42	41	43	41
2.....	112	112	112	110	118
3.....	55	52	53	52	55
4.....	25	25	25	28	26
5.....	35	35	37	36	36
6.....	25	29	29	29	29
7.....	13	13	13	13	13
8.....	14	14	14	14	14
9.....	6	6	6	6	6
0.....	11	11	11	11	11
1.....	10	10	10	10	10
2.....	6	5	8	8	6
3.....	15	15	16	15	16

Wards	Netheravett	Overlap	Luther	Soule	Stoneman
24.....	22	22	21	21	22
25.....	46	42	48	42	45
26.....	45	48	46	46	45
27.....	30	28	30	28	26
28.....	24	23	23	22	23
29.....	13	11	13	13	14
30.....	75	77	77	76	76
31.....	112	110	111	110	112
32.....	43	42	42	42	45
33.....	27	27	27	26	26
34.....	86	79	82	79	81

Total. 1057 1041 1047 1035 1056

Towns					
Barrington	4	4	4	4	4
Bloom	3	3	3	3	3
Bremen	—	—	—	—	—
Calumet	11	11	11	11	11
Cleora	75	77	73	72	76
Elk Grove	1	1	1	1	1
Evanston	85	81	81	81	84
Hanover	—	—	—	—	—
Lemont	1	1	1	2	3
Leyden	2	2	2	2	2
Lyons	39	38	38	38	39
Maine	11	10	11	11	11
New Trier	6	6	7	5	6
Niles	2	2	2	2	2
Northfield	6	6	6	5	6
Nor. Park	—	—	—	—	—
Orland	—	—	—	—	—
Palatine	—	—	—	—	—
Palos	1	1	1	1	1
Proviso	29	27	28	23	29
Rich	—	—	—	—	—
Riverside	2	2	2	2	2
Schaum's	—	—	—	—	—
Thornton	85	86	86	86	89
Wheeling	2	2	2	2	2
Worth	3	3	3	3	4

Total. 348 343 343 341 344  
 G. total.. 1406 1384 1390 1376 1400

## ANTI-MACHINE.

Wards	Honchar	Stoneman	Bellevue	Stoneman
1.....	8	8	8	8
2.....	3	3	3	3
3.....	8	8	8	8
4.....	3	4	3	3
5.....	2	2	2	2
6.....	7	9	9	8
7.....	4	2	2	2
8.....	3	4	3	3
9.....	4	7	5	5
10.....	13	12	12	13
11.....	8	30	5	5
12.....	14	20	16	15
13.....	4	5	7	5
14.....	6	6	6	6
15.....	10	9	8	10
16.....	8	8	8	8
17.....	7	7	7	7
18.....	6	8	5	6
19.....	15	15	14	14
20.....	1	1	1	1
21.....	5	4	4	4
22.....	6	6	7	6
23.....	2	2	2	2
24.....	1	2	2	1
25.....	5	5	8	6
26.....	5	7	8	9
27.....	8	9	7	7
28.....	2	2	2	2
29.....	8	7	8	8
30.....	18	15	15	14
31.....	4	3	4	4
32.....	2	1	2	2
33.....	7	6	7	7
34.....	18	19	19	19

Total. 319 254 297 222

## ELECTION RETURNS.

417

Towns	Henshaw	Simons	Baldwin	Stone
Barrington	—	—	—	—
Bloom	1	—	1	—
Bremen	—	—	—	—
Calumet	1	1	1	1
Cicero	6	11	5	7
Elk Grove	—	—	—	—
Evanston	9	8	8	8
Hanover	—	—	—	—
Lemont	2	1	2	—
Leyden	—	—	—	—
Lyons	3	4	3	5
Maine	2	1	—	—
New Trier	2	2	3	3
Niles	—	—	—	—
Northfield	1	1	1	1
Norwood Park	—	—	—	—
Orland	—	—	—	—
Palatine	—	—	—	—
Palos	1	1	1	1
Proviso	12	12	14	13
Rich	—	—	—	—
Riverside	1	1	1	—
Schaumburg	—	—	—	—
Thornton	3	4	5	3
Wheeling	—	—	—	—
Worth	—	—	—	—
Total	44	47	45	42
Grand total	263	303	272	264

BOARD OF REVIEW  
REPUBLICAN.

Wards	Moscham	Upham	West
1.	2009	1988	2019
2.	3090	3104	3106
3.	4019	4022	4040
4.	4239	4315	4239
5.	3139	3148	3091
6.	3217	3225	3224
7.	3085	3088	3094
8.	2041	2044	2049
9.	3003	2990	3108
10.	6326	6786	6837
11.	3809	3793	3835
12.	9075	9010	9078
13.	4807	4767	4809
14.	5824	5783	5842
15.	5590	5572	5617
16.	3601	3582	3606
17.	1994	1985	1994
18.	2023	2023	2031
19.	2453	2454	2457
20.	2497	2499	2461
21.	2709	2776	2688
22.	3146	3266	3138
23.	2938	2908	2998
24.	3625	3630	3638
25.	4781	4744	4764
26.	5387	5369	5370
27.	2996	2974	3007
28.	2506	2490	2516
29.	1999	1983	2063
30.	8124	8106	8250
31.	5697	5683	5696
32.	8548	8540	8561
33.	3469	3465	3469
34.	8972	8925	8964
Total	143286	143007	143540

Towns			
Barrington	178	177	179
Bloom	444	444	443
Bremen	151	150	150
Calumet	461	461	458
Cicero	3243	3244	3247
Elk Grove	131	130	131
Evanston	1955	1953	1953
Hanover	99	99	99
Lemont	282	285	283
Leyden	198	199	197
Lyons	838	868	882

Towns	Moscham	Upham	West
Maine	568	568	561
New Trier	653	653	654
Niles	285	285	284
Northfield	199	197	200
Norwood Park	71	71	71
Orland	130	130	130
Palatine	232	229	229
Palos	81	80	81
Proviso	1153	1140	1159
Rich	98	97	96
Riverside	187	185	188
Schaumburg	58	57	58
Thornton	1280	1246	1256
Wheeling	245	246	246
Worth	581	582	581
Total	12837	12766	12815
Grand total	157123	156733	157356
Pluralities	23868	23706	23767

## DEMOCRATIC.

Wards	Mahony	Gaetfield	Schlamb'
1.	3542	3556	3539
2.	2509	2518	2491
3.	2008	2030	2004
4.	2427	2470	2482
5.	4212	4223	4443
6.	5740	5721	5761
7.	2676	2658	2663
8.	3640	3659	3638
9.	4230	4268	4243
10.	5856	5899	5863
11.	3344	3349	3378
12.	5331	5407	5285
13.	3769	3808	3760
14.	4461	4567	4493
15.	5058	5092	5041
16.	4772	4829	4772
17.	1782	1791	1783
18.	4920	4901	4888
19.	5212	5183	5152
20.	2554	2590	2558
21.	3108	3135	3107
22.	2822	2856	2855
23.	2731	2739	2729
24.	3332	3376	3311
25.	2547	2758	2585
26.	4451	4621	4506
27.	1990	2042	2001
28.	1973	1973	1968
29.	4980	4982	4958
30.	7656	7697	7623
31.	2834	2933	2856
32.	3371	3472	3362
33.	2963	2970	2966
34.	4522	4604	4555
Total	127088	128465	127287

Towns			
Barrington	20	20	19
Bloom	189	190	191
Bremen	72	73	73
Calumet	306	303	300
Cicero	725	764	718
Elk Grove	21	21	21
Evanston	488	494	485
Hanover	42	42	42
Lemont	403	402	404
Leyden	88	89	88
Lyons	404	432	397
Maine	246	244	245
New Trier	368	376	387
Niles	155	156	156
Northfield	89	91	89
Norwood Park	33	33	33
Orland	39	39	39
Palatine	119	122	120
Palos	76	77	76
Proviso	622	663	620
Rich	65	64	65
Riverside	55	48	54
Schaumburg	23	24	24

Town	Mahony	Gastald	Schlumb't
Thornton .....	820	825	823
Wheeling .....	160	159	159
Worth .....	359	362	361

Total .....	5980	6133	5968
Grand total .....	133068	134598	133256

## PEOPLE'S.

Wards.	Higgs.	Watkins.	Kohler.
City .....	2118	2099	2083
Towns .....	120	119	102
Grand total .....	2238	2218	2185

## PROHIBITION.

Wards.	Harnopp.	Beth.	James.
City .....	1069	1083	1095
Towns .....	314	309	314
Grand total .....	1383	1392	1409

## ANTI-MACHINE.

Wards.	Hayley.	Alward.	Whitkin's.
City .....	231	220	222
Towns .....	85	80	82
Grand total .....	316	300	304

## PRESIDENT COUNTY BOARD.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.L.A.-M.
1.....	2023	3546	45	15
2.....	3029	2569	23	8
3.....	3966	2094	20	20
4.....	4184	2499	39	10
5.....	3255	4171	55	13
6.....	3294	5691	40	12
7.....	3095	2659	17	5
8.....	2049	3650	22	8
9.....	2966	4275	46	10
10.....	6846	5899	190	49
11.....	3733	3361	69	34
12.....	3978	5478	106	90
13.....	4753	3860	93	51
14.....	5801	4533	90	33
15.....	5581	5087	97	41
16.....	3600	4817	62	18
17.....	1965	1747	33	12
18.....	2036	4923	73	17
19.....	2445	5215	47	7
20.....	2441	2459	36	12
21.....	2610	3229	48	9
22.....	3026	2984	39	3
23.....	3059	2783	32	11
24.....	3424	3575	43	22
25.....	6656	2811	49	38
26.....	5300	4618	51	23
27.....	2979	3046	43	21
28.....	2487	1970	43	21
29.....	2138	4896	73	19
30.....	8170	7653	181	73
31.....	5637	3002	73	97
32.....	8378	3685	49	41
33.....	3461	2967	91	27
34.....	9065	4468	138	76
Total .....	142298	129184	3199	971

Towns.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.L.A.-M.
Barrington ..	178	21	1	4
Bloom .....	443	190	3	2
Bremen .....	150	73	1	—
Calumet .....	460	307	3	10
Cicero .....	3166	800	24	80
Elk Grove .....	132	21	1	—
Evanston .....	1911	515	18	88
Hanover .....	99	42	—	1
Lemont .....	281	399	2	1
Leyden .....	303	87	—	2
Lyons .....	835	426	5	60
Maine .....	559	246	8	10
New Trier .....	628	354	5	7
Niles .....	285	156	2	2
Northfield .....	199	91	1	2
Nor. Park .....	71	33	—	—
Orland .....	139	40	1	—
Palatine .....	228	123	2	—
Palos .....	79	74	—	—
Proviso .....	1121	648	15	36

Towns.	Irwin.	Perkins.	Dixon.	Lord.	Mahone.	Beck.
Rich .....	99	65	—	—	—	—
Riverside .....	171	62	2	7	—	2
Schaum's .....	59	23	—	—	—	—
Thornton .....	1246	830	17	72	16	2
Wheeling .....	246	159	1	2	—	—
Worth .....	579	368	5	2	—	—

Total .....	13556	6183	112	389	68	36
G. Total .....	155364	136367	2311	1840	2534	306
Plurality .....	20487	—	—	—	—	—

## COUNTY TREASURER.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.L.A.-M.
1.....	1999	3593	43	16
2.....	3038	2622	19	15
3.....	4009	2089	28	16
4.....	4146	2606	34	24
5.....	3313	4234	73	16
6.....	3378	5720	59	19
7.....	3078	2723	31	6
8.....	2060	3681	21	10
9.....	3032	4280	52	9
10.....	6881	5923	208	62
11.....	3514	3352	71	53
12.....	9036	5414	112	105
13.....	4826	3839	96	61
14.....	5809	4541	142	31
15.....	5589	5152	106	44
16.....	3558	4890	96	36
17.....	1990	1800	32	17
18.....	2092	5605	39	12
19.....	2532	5208	55	5
20.....	2440	2477	60	12
21.....	2639	3211	70	14
22.....	3099	2976	54	7
23.....	3021	2781	31	18
24.....	3697	3383	59	26
25.....	6639	3964	85	70
26.....	5324	4615	123	70
27.....	2969	3098	65	31
28.....	2532	1952	47	17
29.....	1920	5220	86	13
30.....	8091	7896	233	93
31.....	5622	3030	80	126
32.....	8147	2936	57	63
33.....	3445	3003	90	28
34.....	8918	4645	151	96
Total .....	142723	130684	2618	1231

Towns.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.L.A.-M.
Barrington ..	179	21	1	5
Bloom .....	447	195	3	2
Bremen .....	152	71	2	—
Calumet .....	457	316	4	11
Cicero .....	3291	831	31	85
Elk Grove .....	130	22	—	1
Evanston .....	1937	537	24	96
Hanover .....	96	45	—	1
Lemont .....	276	415	3	2
Leyden .....	192	96	—	2
Lyons .....	822	479	7	44
Maine .....	561	254	10	13
N. Trier .....	653	375	3	7
Niles .....	283	187	3	2
Northfield .....	200	94	1	6
Nor. Park .....	69	36	—	—
Orland .....	129	41	2	—
Palatine .....	216	140	2	—
Palos .....	78	79	—	1
Proviso .....	1159	642	21	31
Rich .....	93	68	—	—
Riverside .....	181	62	3	6
Schaum's .....	54	27	—	—
Thornton .....	1233	838	25	83
Wheeling .....	237	168	1	2
Worth .....	578	372	7	4
Total .....	12690	6401	153	403
G. Total .....	156403	127085	2770	1624
Plurality .....	19318	—	—	2794

# VOTE FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS—NOVEMBER, 1898. CITY MEMBERS.

## REPUBLICANS.

James C. Irwin.....	141,995
Michael Petrie.....	140,896
David Kallis.....	137,905
Charles J. Happel.....	140,504
Charles J. Dahlgren.....	138,097
John F. Devine.....	137,657
Louis H. Mack.....	140,106
Edward H. Wright.....	137,045
James H. Burke.....	137,287
Frank J. Lindsten.....	139,389

## DEMOCRATS.

Vincent H. Perkins.....	131,321
Michael Irman.....	131,192
Emanuel Abrahams.....	127,771
John Fleming.....	128,203
C. Vollum.....	130,349
John H. Sullivan.....	127,493
Lawrence Heffernan.....	127,430
James Murphy.....	127,560
John Csekala.....	129,327
Henry Auer.....	127,674

## PEOPLE'S.

Charles G. Dixon.....	2,128
W. D. Coon.....	2,103
J. R. Price.....	2,125
W. H. Collins.....	2,083
Henry Groenier.....	2,081
W. H. Bannigan.....	2,106
Charles J. Lewis.....	2,098
Robert D. Townsend.....	2,111
Jerome P. Zelenka.....	2,253
James M. Lyons.....	2,072

## PROHIBITION.

Samuel H. Bloom.....	1,055
Iver Andersen.....	1,062
Edward C. Jacker.....	1,026
Frank C. Baird.....	1,040
Steven F. Welbasky.....	1,031
Dana A. Mitchell.....	1,049
Oscar E. Whitcomb.....	1,043
E. Lincoln Walker.....	1,046
Richard Berrymann.....	1,070
Edward C. Parkhurst.....	1,028

## SOCIALISTIC LABOR.

P. Schmocker.....	2,514
D. Daley.....	2,499

L. Olson.....	2,500
M. Welsfield.....	2,512
M. Goracke.....	2,508
J. O. Linderman.....	2,521
L. Dalgaard.....	2,508
B. Olsen.....	2,530
E. Pement.....	2,331
G. Mohme.....	2,531

## ANTI-MACHINE.

William A. Beck.....	274
George H. Stevens.....	281
Charles F. Clarke.....	256
Clark Irvin.....	257
Ernst F. Priddat.....	255
Bernard Conlin.....	272
Patrick F. Ferdissatt.....	257
Jonas S. Meckling.....	281
Mamit Hulett.....	286

## COUNTRY MEMBERS.

### REPUBLICANS.

Henry J. Beer.....	13,288
Alfred Van Steenberg.....	12,235
Peter M. Hoffman.....	18,751
George G. Struckman.....	13,239
Joseph Carolan.....	13,225

### DEMOCRATS.

James Carroll.....	6,231
August Hartdegen.....	6,374
Emanuel Schroeder.....	6,092
Charles A. Smith.....	6,414
Adam Meiser.....	6,375

### PEOPLE'S.

William Ralph.....	125
Richard M. Springer.....	124
L. H. Sawyer.....	123
F. E. Worham.....	112
L. S. Oliver.....	131

### PROHIBITION.

P. A. Lord.....	391
Charles W. Burnett.....	378
W. H. Hauke.....	377
Louis Dyson.....	385
C. E. Moaar.....	387

## ANTI-MACHINE.

Harry R. Rothwell.....	143
S. L. Derby.....	52
Andrew Rehm.....	44
Henry Harms.....	63

## VOTE FOR ALDERMEN.

April 5, 1898.

1. P. S. Reilly, Rep.....	1,148	John Siman,* Ind.....	1,639
J. J. Coughlin, Dem.....	4,441	9. W. H. Bennett,* Rep.....	2,024
D. J. Clemence,* Ind.....	413	E. F. Cuillerton, Dem.....	4,188
2. Martin Best, Rep.....	1,643	10. A. W. Miller,* Rep.....	6,345
C. F. Gunther,* Dem.....	2,515	J. F. Dorman, Dem.....	3,000
3. H. S. Fitch,* Rep.....	2,823	A. Kratochvil, Ind.....	219
F. W. Solon, Dem.....	1,654	F. Schumacher, Ind.....	123
J. H. Howard, Ind.....	258	11. R. K. Colson,* Rep.....	3,338
J. D. O'Neill, Ind.....	89	J. D. Gassolo, Dem.....	2,424
W. H. Rexroat, Ind.....	7	12. A. H. Darrow, Rep.....	4,387
4. W. S. Jackson,* Rep.....	3,353	J. F. Neagle, Dem.....	4,949
W. Hanrahan, Dem.....	1,824	D. H. Daly, Ind.....	71
5. E. D. Connor,* Rep.....	3,363	13. B. W. Veirs, Rep.....	2,088
James Daly, Dem.....	2,939	W. T. Maypole,* Dem.....	4,274
E. Kinat, Ind.....	80	George Hill, Ind.....	54
J. G. Seidelman, Ind.....	54	14. A. W. Bellfuss,* Rep.....	4,378
J. O'Brien, Ind.....	202	Joseph Grein, Dem.....	3,291
6. J. H. Bixler, Rep.....	997	L. Olesen, Ind.....	138
Charles Martin, Dem.....	3,732	15. W. J. Raymer,* Rep.....	4,061
Frank L. Umbach,* Ind.....	1,445	B. J. Mahoney, Dem.....	3,664
Gustav Mau, Ind.....	587	16. C. G. Johnson,* Rep.....	2,857
James J. St. Lawrence, Ind.....	1,650	Stanley H. Kuns, Dem.....	3,916
7. N. T. Brenner, Rep.....	2,383	John F. Smulski,* Rep.....	3,425
Henry L. Flick,* Dem.....	2,522	Henry Wenter, Dem.....	3,347
Louis Marcus, Ind.....	73	M. Field, Ind.....	44
8. Frank Sevic, Rep.....	582	(Last three to fill vacancy.)	
Edward J. Novak, Dem.....	2,404	17. F. Oberdorff, Rep.....	1,722

R. F. Shay, Dem.	1,565	W. E. Schlake,* Dem.	5,036
F. G. Libke, Ind.	277	7. H. W. Butler,* Rep.	2,318
18. John A. Rogers, Rep.	2,246	S. F. Leachman, Dem.	2,161
M. C. Conlon, Dem.	3,777	28. D. W. Ackerman, Rep.	1,018
P. J. McLean, Ind.	235	John Elgane, Dem.	1,163
19. John Powers, Dem.	5,411	C. H. Rector,* Ind.	1,355
Simcon Armstrong,* Ind.	2,227	J. J. Rody, Ind.	206
20. W. S. Peavey, Rep.	1,936	29. Charles F. Isierloth,* Rep.	1,078
C. F. Brown, Dem.	2,087	Robert Mulcahy, Dem.	1,890
21. N. M. Plotke, Rep.	875	Thomas Carey, Ind.	3,320
John McGilbuen, Dem.	1,918	R. Tracey, Ind.	73
E. F. Herrmann,* Ind.	1,976	30. James Kinloch, Rep.	4,434
22. F. W. Upham,* Rep.	3,111	C. J. Boyd, Dem.	5,340
John H. Colvin, Dem.	2,393	J. F. Bradley, Ind.	47
F. Fleiner, Ind.	59	V. Muszynski, Ind.	639
23. A. J. Olson, Rep.	2,583	H. Gleaser, Ind.	185
T. J. O'Malley, Dem.	2,057	J. J. Staudacher, Ind.	457
Benjamin Bennett, Ind.	36	31. J. Badenoch, Rep.	3,061
John Berry, Ind.	103	D. B. Jesse, Dem.	2,910
24. G. V. Lauman, Rep.	1,229	J. Wenbope, Ind.	70
C. M. Walker,* Dem.	3,276	32. W. Mavor,* Rep.	5,391
James H. Reardon, Ind.	267	J. L. Daube, Dem.	1,970
J. Wettengell, Ind.	25	33. C. H. Howell, Rep.	2,322
25. R. Griffith, Rep.	3,247	Hugh T. Darcy,* Dem.	3,262
A. O. Sexton, Dem.	2,013	34. J. R. Math,* Rep.	4,902
E. J. Piggett,* Ind.	1,900	S. E. Cook, Dem.	3,906
26. G. M. Boyd, Rep.	2,580	C. F. Gerlach, Ind.	137

\*Indorsed by Municipal Voters' league.

## VOTE FOR MAYOR BY WARDS.

(Election April 6, 1897.)

Rep.Dem.Ind.Ind. S.L. Pro. Ind.							Rep.Dem.Ind.Ind. S.L. Pro. Ind.						
Sears.Harrison.Harlan.Hesing.Parmelee.Pearce.Collier							Sears.Harrison.Harlan.Hesing.Parmelee.Pearce.Collier						
WARDS.							WARDS.						
1.....	1079	5486	568	197	13	22 9 2	24.....	1238	3851	2079	578	9	16 12 1
2.....	1260	3292	1016	306	4	17 6 5	25.....	2629	2446	3369	1185	17	18 9 1
3.....	2039	2594	1389	480	11	16 10 2	26.....	2323	4467	2738	752	45	34 17 4
4.....	1732	2922	2235	577	25	22 12 3	27.....	1043	1852	1556	473	12	29 13 —
5.....	1414	5190	1307	458	23	32 15 2	28.....	871	2345	1464	96	16	18 15 —
6.....	1486	7016	1146	352	29	34 26 14	29.....	990	5969	888	310	42	15 14 3
7.....	1493	3641	409	332	71	9 8 3	30.....	2950	8347	4384	691	93	61 55 6
8.....	981	4570	466	210	36	19 3 4	31.....	2294	2766	3472	422	42	37 14 1
9.....	1362	5404	908	573	64	14 11 3	32.....	3008	3284	4817	942	22	28 21 1
10.....	2837	7314	2354	577	98	48 22 9	33.....	1622	4300	1672	215	20	21 19 5
11.....	1895	3755	2144	198	20	39 14 5	34.....	3583	5115	4642	603	55	62 52 6
12.....	3146	5692	5174	522	28	65 31 4	GRAND TOTAL.						
13.....	2261	4533	2353	258	38	27 15 2							
14.....	2125	4710	3179	715	106	24 30 3							
15.....	2068	5600	3100	495	41	33 20 1	Totals—Sears.....59,542						
16.....	1361	6171	1517	232	54	24 11 6	Harrison.....143,320						
17.....	1123	2588	722	124	11	17 6 2	Harlan.....69,730						
18.....	1313	5554	703	113	16	22 10 —	Hesing.....15,437						
19.....	1729	6445	897	220	42	26 13 9	Glumbeck.....1,230						
20.....	1026	2526	1387	497	34	14 11 —	Parmelee.....916						
21.....	1080	3044	1514	887	26	13 10 1	Pearce.....561						
22.....	960	2602	2276	718	32	8 7 —	Collier.....110						
23.....	1272	3389	1824	173	15	18 19 2	Grand total.....385,795						
							Plurality—Harrison.....39,325						

## VOTE FOR TOWN OFFICERS.

(April 5, 1898.)

## TOWN OF SOUTH CHICAGO.

ASSESSOR.						Part of XXVIII.					
Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	Ind.	Soc.L.		Person.	McNamara.	Crot.	Kohl.		
I.....	1556	4203	86	62		361	466	6	11		
II.....	2129	1821	188	14		Total	14987	19682	562	287	
III.....	3007	1620	211	17		Plurality	4596				
IV.....	3045	1943	231	32		SUPERVISOR.					
V.....	2081	4276	155	60		Anderson.	Barnett.	Kerrin.	Dunn.		
VI.....	1370	6932	182	57		I.....	1571	4229	50	65	
Part of XXVIII.	306	562	10	6		II.....	2187	1802	71	18	
Total	13594	21357	1063	248		III.....	2034	1600	91	20	
Plurality	7763					IV.....	3126	1782	232	31	
COLLECTOR.						V.....	2639	2670	137	67	
I.....	Person.	McNamara.	Crot.	Kohl.		VI.....	1813	5963	197	67	
II.....	1526	4262	43	62		Part of XXVIII.	361	458	11	5	
III.....	2364	1717	49	21		Total	14731	19607	783	269	
IV.....	3063	1654	64	19		Plurality	4796				
V.....	3242	1788	113	21		CLERK.					
VI.....	2594	3680	106	68		Martha.	Conroy.	Lynch.	Jensen.		
Part of XXVIII.	1837	6006	181	87		I.....	1500	4361	49	53	
						II.....	2146	1539	53	19	
						III.....	2973	1601	67	30	
						IV.....	2980	1990	117	24	

## ELECTION RETURNS.

421

	Mardie	Conroy	Lynch	Janora
V .....	2367	2892	124	80
VI .....	1682	6001	298	75
Part of XXVIII.	357	510		8
Total .....	14006	20184	717	305
Plurality .....		6179		

## TOWN OF WEST CHICAGO.

Wards.	ASSESSOR.			
	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.	Soc.L.
	Amborg.	Ryan.	Meyer.	Seabes.
VII .....	2098	2753	15	82
VIII .....	956	3492	48	81
IX .....	1614	4585	29	57
X .....	3946	5366	106	105
XI .....	2873	2906	24	17
XII .....	4932	4898	63	50
XIII .....	2679	3672	43	56
XIV .....	3397	3722	51	144
XV .....	3625	4052	50	89
XVI .....	2269	4290	26	41
XVII .....	1569	1839	23	47
XVIII .....	2673	4427	101	32
XIX .....	1894	5819	50	92
Part of XXVIII.	1247	1503	41	34
Total .....	36371	53374	670	927
Plurality .....		17003		

## COLLECTOR.

	Hallstrom.	Curran.	Boyer.	Sloman.
VII .....	2116	2515	15	89
VIII .....	889	3525	53	73
IX .....	1560	4549	26	46
X .....	3957	5216	114	119
XI .....	3100	2491	41	21
XII .....	5596	4073	88	46
XIII .....	2903	3310	43	58
XIV .....	4153	3320	53	165
XV .....	3838	3691	59	102
XVI .....	2497	4125	37	42
XVII .....	1700	1604	32	57
XVIII .....	2728	4209	119	29
XIX .....	1896	5611	49	83
Part of XXVIII.	1277	1408	56	35
Total .....	38208	49447	795	985
Plurality .....		11239		

## SUPERVISOR.

	Gilbert.	Lalancier.	Lewis.	Almblad.
VII .....	2125	2481	23	87
VIII .....	990	3298	51	90
IX .....	1616	4404	31	56
X .....	4300	4772	131	111
XI .....	3110	2518	30	20
XII .....	5850	3869	32	43
XIII .....	2847	3379	41	56
XIV .....	4019	3492	62	159
XV .....	3709	3796	57	95
XVI .....	2466	4148	26	41
XVII .....	1685	1624	31	54
XVIII .....	2692	4232	110	38
XIX .....	1890	5493	56	97
Part of XXVIII.	1322	1338	48	35
Total .....	38611	48849	779	980
Plurality .....		10238		

## CLERK.

	Crow.	Warwick.	Stocker.	Dubin.
VII .....	2156	2460	18	85
VIII .....	973	3279	48	91
IX .....	1648	4410	39	57
X .....	4305	4728	128	119
XI .....	3094	2534	22	22
XII .....	5548	4101	64	48
XIII .....	2893	3343	30	60
XIV .....	4122	3355	42	164
XV .....	3529	3616	51	92
XVI .....	2555	4048	29	44
XVII .....	2079	1392	81	43
XVIII .....	2672	4246	107	31

	Crow	Warwick	Stocker	Dubin
XIX .....	1960	5238	65	92
Part of XXVIII.	1300	1350	46	33
Total .....	39234	48000	710	981
Plurality .....		8766		

## TOWN OF NORTH CHICAGO.

Wards.	ASSESSOR.			
	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.	Soc.L.
	Ackerman.	Gray.	Lyo.	Strum.
XX .....	1283	2592	21	32
XXI .....	1153	3517	31	42
XXII .....	2024	3372	59	56
XXIII .....	2011	2567	33	34
XXIV .....	1480	3278	55	26
Total .....	8061	15326	199	190
Plurality .....		7275		

## COLLECTOR.

	Radzicka.	Seiseman.	Hepp.	Rudolph.
XX .....	1709	2174	37	39
XXI .....	1694	2802	60	53
XXII .....	2429	2887	78	57
XXIII .....	2191	2426	31	44
XXIV .....	1863	2738	66	32
Total .....	9896	13027	272	225
Plurality .....		3141		

## SUPERVISOR.

	Hallgren.	Perkins.	Sommerfeld.	Kundt.
XX .....	1629	2234	26	35
XXI .....	1538	2908	77	55
XXII .....	2323	2867	77	60
XXIII .....	2177	2409	28	36
XXIV .....	1711	2949	63	26
Total .....	9378	13367	271	212
Plurality .....		3989		

## CLERK.

	Gundersen.	Riedner.	Thurde.	Gletske.
XX .....	1824	2102	25	33
XXI .....	1707	2780	43	50
XXII .....	2442	2812	74	54
XXIII .....	2187	2582	29	34
XXIV .....	1688	2936	55	23
Total .....	9848	13012	226	194
Plurality .....		3184		

## TOWN OF HYDE PARK.

## ASSESSOR.

Wards.	Rep.			Dem.	Soc.L.
	Randall.	Condon.	Dep-w.		
XXXII .....	5694	1662	36		
XXXIII .....	2485	3020	62		
XXXIV .....	4535	3032	149		
Total .....	12714	7724	247		
Plurality .....		4994			

## COLLECTOR.

	Max.	Wimilwaki.	Muench.
XXXII .....	5586	1736	48
XXXIII .....	2476	2987	66
XXXIV .....	4698	2782	153
Total .....	12760	7505	272
Plurality .....		5255	

## SUPERVISOR.

	Peterson.	Geary.	Saunders.
XXXII .....	5453	1790	42
XXXIII .....	2509	2982	60
XXXIV .....	4636	2836	155
Total .....	12598	7505	257
Plurality .....		5093	

## CLERK.

	Koryack.	Steinweg.	Epp.
XXXII .....	5456	1792	46
XXXIII .....	2398	3066	58

XXXIV .....	Roynack 4448	St-inweg 2888	Epp 60
Total .....	12282	7746	163
Plurality .....	4536		

## TOWN OF LAKE VIEW.

ASSESSOR.			
Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	Ind.
	Wilson.	Ward.	Hirsch
XXV .....	3515	849	2023
XXVI .....	3534	2545	1786
Total .....	7147	3394	3808
Plurality .....	3339		

COLLECTOR.			
	Wilson.	Bomarsaki.	Docher
XXV .....	3763	1146	1740
XXVI .....	3428	2477	1600
Total .....	7191	3523	3340
Plurality .....	3668		

SUPERVISOR.			
	Hulth.	Gibbons.	Anderson
XXV .....	3716	1293	1589
XXVI .....	3181	2846	1397
Total .....	6897	4139	2985
Plurality .....	2758		

CLERK.			
	Schroeder.	Larson.	Dwyer
XXV .....	3498	1293	1732
XXVI .....	3220	2698	1497
Total .....	6718	3991	3229
Plurality .....	2727		

## TOWN OF LAKE.

ASSESSOR.				
Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.	So. L. Ind.
	Herr.	Mc-	Kirk-	Mika-
	Donald.	patrick.	Horne.	lack.
XXIX .....	1685	3803	74	32 329
XXX .....	4399	5762	106	156 731
XXXI .....	2798	2471	35	56 8
Total .....	8873	12036	215	244 1069
Plurality .....	3163			

## COOK COUNTY POLITICAL COMMITTEES.

## REPUBLICAN COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE—1898-99.

Chairman—John M. Smyth.  
Vice-Chairman—Fred L. Wilk.  
Secretary—Robert M. Simon.  
Treasurer—Fred M. Blount.

Ward.	
1. I. N. Powell.....	339 Michigan-av.
2. James P. Smith.....	1503 Michigan-av.
3. Perry A. Hull.....	108 LaSalle-st.
4. M. B. Madden.....	320 Chamber Com. bldg.
5. E. J. Magerstadt.....	Office Clk. Crim. Ct.
6. Frank J. Palt.....	108 LaSalle-st.
7. John A. Cooke.....	624 S. Halsted-st.
8. P. F. Burke.....	492 S. Center-av.
9. Jos. E. Bidwill.....	R.R. & W.H. Com. office
10. William Lorimer.....	1268 W. 15th-st.
11. John J. Badenoch.....	44 Desplaines-st.
12. Fred M. Blount.....	Chicago national bank
13. D. A. Campbell.....	1218 Chamber Com. bldg.
14. Fred L. Wilk.....	Union Trust Co.
15. James Reddick.....	183 Madison-st.
16. George C. Lenke.....	608 Milwaukee-av.
17. F. E. Erickson.....	256 N. Carpenter-st.
18. John M. Smyth.....	150 W. Madison-st.
19. Christopher Mamer.....	156 Throop-st.
20. William S. Peavey.....	348 Dayton-st.
21. Charles W. Andrews.....	124 Lincoln-av.
22. F. A. Busse.....	504 N. Clark-st.
23. John A. Linn.....	12 and 14 Clybourn-av.
24. J. P. Whedon.....	Virginia hotel
25. James Pease.....	Sheriff's office
26. Robert M. Simon.....	Recorder's office

COLLECTOR.					
	Anderson.	Trager.	Washburne.	Fritz.	Kunkl
XXIX .....	1694	3323	79	29	316
XXX .....	4581	5471	134	151	691
XXXI .....	3006	2197	47	62	5
Total .....	9281	10996	250	242	1012
Plurality .....	1715				

SUPERVISOR.					
	Realy.	(Vane.	Harvey.	Dalgaard.	Rasm.
XXIX .....	2652	2704	79	29	300
XXX .....	4719	5206	107	188	718
XXXI .....	2946	2258	36	63	8
Total .....	10317	10168	222	290	1036
Plurality .....	149				

CLERK.					
	Dwyer.	Allis.	Hill.	Waddell.	Frah.
XXIX .....	1678	3289	84	33	304
XXX .....	4578	5406	118	193	703
XXXI .....	3193	2006	38	61	8
Total .....	9449	10679	240	287	1015
Plurality .....	1230				

## TOWN OF JEFFERSON.

ASSESSOR.			
Ward.	Rep.	Dem.	
	C. K. Kim.		
XXVII .....	2660		
Plurality .....			

COLLECTOR.			
	Bretshaw.	Wahk.	
XXVII .....	2444	1835	
Plurality .....	1619		

SUPERVISOR.			
	Yoncasquis.	Barnes	
XXVII .....	2380	1883	
Plurality .....	483		

CLERK.			
	Wolburg.	Hilger	
XXVII .....	2371	1918	
Plurality .....	453		

Ward	
27. W. M. McEwen.	State's Attorney's office
28. Frederick Lundin.....	2346 W. Kinzie-st.
29. William Webb.....	4430 Wentworth-av.
30. Chas. S. Denen.	State's Attorney's office
31. Charles W. Vail.....	115 Leaville-st.
32. D. H. Kochersperger.	County Treas. office
33. John Hanberg.....	9023 Racine-av.
34. John J. Magee.....	Lake-av. and 57th-st.

## COUNTY DISTRICTS.

Dist.	
1. J. Schilling..	South Holland, Cook Co., Ill.
2. W. H. Weber..	Blue Island, Cook Co., Ill.
3. F. M. Hoffman..	Glensview, Cook Co., Ill.
4. O. W. Nash.....	Oak Park, Cook Co., Ill.
5. Milan Reynolds..	Palatine, Cook Co., Ill.
6. Geo. W. Paulin..	Evanston, Cook Co., Ill.

## EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John M. Smyth, chairman; Fred L. Wilk, vice-chairman; Robert M. Simon, secretary; Fred M. Blount, treasurer; Charles S. Denen, Fred L. Wilk, Robert M. Simon, Fred M. Blount, John M. Smyth, William Lorimer, James Pease, D. H. Kochersperger, Joseph E. Bidwill, D. A. Campbell, E. J. Magerstadt, Christopher Mamer, F. A. Busse, John A. Cooke, William H. Weber, Henry L. Hertz, Graeme Stewart.

## SUB-COMMITTEES.

Finance—Graeme Stewart, chairman.  
 Auditing—D. H. Kochersperger, chairman;  
 Christopher Mamer, Fred L. Wilk, Robert  
 M. Simon, Henry L. Hertz.  
 Organization and Registration—William Lorimer,  
 chairman; William Weber, Fred A.  
 Busse, Joseph E. Bidwill, E. J. Mager-  
 stadt.  
 Naturalization—Daniel A. Campbell, chair-  
 man; John A. Cooke, Robert M. Simon,  
 Fred A. Busse, William H. Weber.  
 Halls, Speakers and Printing—John A.  
 Cooke, chairman; Henry L. Hertz, Fred  
 A. Busse, D. A. Campbell, Joseph E. Bid-  
 will.  
 Detection and Prevention of Fraud—James  
 Pease, chairman; Christopher Mamer, Wil-  
 liam Lorimer, John M. Smyth, Charles S.  
 Deneen, Henry L. Hertz.

## CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

## I.

Ward.  
 3. E. H. Morris.....2712 Dearborn-st.  
 4. John L. Frasier.....74 37th-st.  
 31. Paul Vrezena.....6755 Emera'd-av.  
 32. A. V. Lee.....5446 Cornell-av.  
 33. Jacob Bremer.....9277 South Chicago-av.  
 34. John H. Nichols.....10744 Michigan-av.  
 S. C. Reed.....Blue Island  
 Jacob Kirgis.....Chicago Heights

## II.

10. Henry Schanze.....Western-av. and 21st-pl.  
 23. John J. McKenna.....Sheriff's office  
 29. M. J. Murphy.....4308 S. Wood-st.  
 30. P. O. Johnson.....5008 Wentworth-av.  
 H. D. Pierce.....Oak Park  
 P. O'Sullivan.....Maywood  
 John T. Allison.....LaGrange

## III.

1. D. W. Nickerson.....Clifton house  
 2. Morris Sels.....1717 Michigan-av.  
 4. Hugh Morris.....3624 5th-av.  
 5. John A. Kunz.....2209 Archer-av.  
 6. Jacob Frank.....3033 Archer-av.  
 7. James Kazda.....99 15th-st.

## IV.

8. W. H. Curran.....701 S. Center-av.  
 9. George B. Elbe.....673 Blue Island-av.  
 12. George F. Gilbert.....1649 Jackson-bd.  
 19. P. J. Meaney.....237 S. Jefferson-st.

## V.

11. Charles E. George.....Probate Clerk's office  
 13. John W. Tindall.....653 Walnut-st.  
 16. Charles J. Ryberg.....469 Milwaukee-av.  
 17. E. J. Dwyer.....271 Austin-st.  
 18. E. Remington.....285 W. Monroe-st.

## VI.

20. Thomas Rankin.....278 Seminary-av.  
 21. Henry Spears.....681 North Park-av.  
 22. William Baumer.....402 Wells-st.  
 23. Frank J. Chaiser.....366 E. Division-st.  
 24. John C. W. Rhode.....339 N. Clark-st.  
 25. George B. Milne.....448 Seminary-av.  
 26. James T. French.....26 Surrey-ct.

## VII.

14. W. C. Eggert.....784 N. Irving-av.  
 15. Frank Caviesel.....302 Cortland-st.  
 25. Earl Hamilton.....99 Buena-av.  
 26. E. W. Zander.....2773 N. Robey-st.  
 27. Henry Wolff.....Jefferson Park  
 J. A. Childs.....Evanston  
 S. O. Sexaner.....  
 O. A. Murray.....Waukegan, Lake Co.

## SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

## I.

1. Charles A. Wathier.....365 5th-av.  
 2. Charles L. Sherlock.....89 18th-st.  
 6. John Lyons.....3096 Portland-av.

## II.

Ward  
 10. Horace Chadwick.....990 Clifton Park-av.  
 12. D. W. Clark.....956 Warren-av.  
 10. A. W. Nobe.....123 Hartford bldg.

## III.

31. J. W. Gibbs.....6434 Butler-st.  
 33. William L. Evans.....3312 Anthony-av.  
 34. Charles W. Taylor.....Criminal Court bldg.  
 M. E. Baldwin.....Morgan Park, Calumet

## IV.

Ward.  
 23. Thomas Boyer.....4300 Emerald-av.  
 29. Andrew Bankert.....3942 State-st.  
 29. Bernard Duffy.....4347 Wentworth-st.  
 30. James Kinlock.....4735 Dearborn-st.  
 30. Alf Anderson.....5300 Atlantic-st.  
 30. Thomas Lyons.....Care of U. S. Yds. Co.  
 30. Carl Lundberg.....5949 Sangamon-st.  
 30. Mike Walsh.....4738 Union-av.

## V.

2. H. L. Martin.....2436 Dearborn-st.  
 3. Thomas Holmes.....2938 Groveland-av.  
 32. F. L. Fake.....81 47th-st.

## VI.

15. Edward Benzo.....738 Elston-av.  
 20. Otto Wormike.....130 Lewis-st.  
 25. Walter V. Hayt.....3179 Dover-av.  
 26. John Schmidt.....1139 Oakdale-av.

## VII.

George W. Pauling.....Evanston  
 R. H. Muir.....Clyde  
 W. G. Eddy.....Harvey  
 F. C. Kyle.....Blue Island  
 F. H. Warner.....Western Springs  
 Andrew Schmitz.....Niles Center  
 Charles E. Jullen.....Palatine

## IX.

6. A. T. Jones.....2521 Hickory-st.  
 6. Thomas Lynch.....3404 Lowe-av.  
 6. I. N. Kelso.....3343 S. Wood-st.  
 9. Jacob Gromer.....691 W. 20th-st.  
 10. William Hilgendorf.....920 W. 21st-st.  
 23. John J. McKenna.....Sheriff's office

## XI.

14. George A. Mugler.....710 N. California-av.  
 15. Fred Ellert.....388 Homer-st.  
 27. J. H. Metler.....1763 Kedzie-av.  
 28. F. C. Lovejoy.....2203 Gladys-av.

## XIII.

7. S. Dreiben.....Cor. Newberry-av.-Henry-st.  
 8. Frank Sevick.....659 S. Morgan-st.  
 19. J. Finkelstein.....50 Newberry-av.

## XV.

9. W. H. Ward.....355½ Loomis-st.  
 11. W. D. Kent.....450 W. Congress-st.  
 19. James Ahren.....355 W. Congress-st.

## XVII.

11. Louis Stitts.....440 Grand-av.  
 17. Albert Oberndorf.....243 Fulton-st.  
 18. George Berg.....299 Jackson-bd.

## XIX.

13. D. B. Moore.....171 Emerson-av.  
 13. J. E. Drum.....147 Walnut-st.  
 16. R. C. Busse.....59 Dearborn-st.

## XXI.

21. Fred Oest.....  
 22. L. Warneke.....311 Larrabee-st.  
 25. D. Campbell.....115 Dearborn-st.

## XXIII.

16. James F. Smulski.....565 Noble-st.  
 23. John R. Peterson.....71 Hobbie-st.  
 24. Samuel Erickson.....57 Locust-st.  
 24. T. J. Sculan.....311 LaSalle-av.  
 24. George P. Scheiber.....273 Rush-st.  
 24. A. Levison.....332 Eden-st.

## DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEES.

Chairman—Thomas Gahan.

Secretary—Robert E. Burke.

Treasurer—Fred E. Eldred.

## Ward.

1. John J. Coughlin.....167 E. Madison-st.  
Michael Keena.....279 S. Clark-st.
2. John C. Schubert.....Monroe and Wabash  
John McCarthy.....2135 Michigan-av.
3. M. McNamara.....123 S. Clark-st.
4. Patrick White.....3436 Indiana-av.  
Michael McDonough.....542 37th-st.
5. James Daly.....3143 Wallace-st.  
Jacob P. Miller.....2167 Archer-av.
6. William J. O'Brien.....170 Madison-st.  
Patrick Morris.....3611 Emerald-av.
7. W. J. Roach.....721 S. Union-st.  
Albert Well.....170 Newberry-av.
8. William Loeffler.....369 Johnson-st.  
J. H. Dullard.....615 S. Sangamon-st.
9. Thomas Cusack.....500 Throop-st.  
William H. Dunn.....345 Throop-st.
10. Hugh Curran.....2005 16th-st.  
J. J. Halpin.....1080 W. 12th-st.
11. John J. Hayes.....521 W. Congress-st.
12. James McAndrews.....890 Washington-bd.  
P. King.....1029 Park-av.
13. Thomas F. Little.....942 W. Lake-st.  
R. Sullivan.....155 Washington-st.
14. Joseph Strauss.....539 N. Hoyne-av.
15. Dr. O. W. Lewke.....996 N. Oakley-av.  
W. G. Korth.....956 N. California-av.
16. Stanley Kunz.....685 Noble-st.  
A. J. Kowalski.....617 Noble-st.
17. Maurice O'Connor.....278 W. Lake-st.  
James Clinton.....Care M. O'Connor
18. John J. Brennan.....114 W. Madison-st.  
M. C. Conlon.....207 W. Madison-st.
19. John Powers.....170 Madison-st.  
Joseph Haberkorn.....252 S. Center-av.
20. Thomas Henton.....Kedzie Building  
Fred Rinderer.....415 Clybourn-av.
21. James J. Gray.....310 Mohawk-st.  
Frank X. Brandecker.....648 Sedgwick-st.
22. James H. Farrell.....59 Dearborn-st.  
James H. Sullivan.....37 Sigel-st.
23. J. J. Lyons.....51 Huron-st.  
Thomas J. O'Malley.....210 Sedgwick-st.
24. James A. Quinn.....169 N. Clark-st.  
Heaton Owsley.....408 Erie-st.
25. J. A. Mahoney.....Shedd-av. Police Station  
Charles R. Joseph.....1197 Rokeby-st.
26. Patrick Haynes.....1004 Wellington-st.  
Frank J. Paus.....1020 Wellington-st.
27. Fred E. Eldred.....City Hall  
Thomas Edgar.....2242 Milwaukee-av.
28. Henry O'Brien.....200 E. Randolph-st.  
Thomas J. Quigley.....3541 Rockwell-st.
29. Thomas Carey.....4201 Western Avenue-bd.  
Michael McInerney.....4541 Lowe-av.
30. Thomas Byrne.....909 W. Garfield-bd.  
John Fitzgerald.....39th and State-sts.
31. Charles S. Thornton.....City Hall  
P. J. Murray.....6559 Sherman-st.
32. Thomas Gahan.....4914 Michigan-av.  
P. H. Keenan.....85 Dearborn-st.
33. James Wagner.....326 92d-st.  
James Matthews.....9328 Ontario-av.

## PEOPLE'S PARTY COOK COUNTY GENERAL COMMITTEE.

Chairman—Francis R. Cole.

Vice-Chairman—W. H. Bannigan.

Secretary—F. C. Roth.

Treasurer—O. E. Thursle.

## EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Francis R. Cole, chairman; F. C. Roth, secretary; O. E. Thursle, treasurer; W. H. Bond, Edward Mulloy, J. W. Alexander, W. H. Bannigan, L. D. Reynolds, Joseph

## Ward.

34. William E. Quinn.....Sewer Dept. City Hall  
Alex. J. Jones.....707 Tacoma Bldg.

## COUNTRY TOWNS.

- Barrington—M. C. McIntosh.....617 Ashland Blk.  
Bloom—William Rodgers.  
Bremen—William Moak.....Tinley Park  
Calumet—Peter Kiple.....Riverdale  
Cicero—Ross C. Hall.....100 Washington-st.  
R. R. Jampolis.....Journal Bldg.  
Elk Grove—John Martin.....Arlington Heights  
Evanston—P. E. O'Neill.....125 LaSalle-st.  
D. P. O'Leary.....Evanston  
Hanover—Michael O'Brien.....Bartlett  
Lemont—J. W. McCarthy.....Lemont  
G. A. Weimar.....Lemont  
Leyden—Vacancy.  
Lyons—J. W. Farley.....LaGrange  
Maine—W. H. McDougall.....Des Plaines  
New Trier—James A. Fugh.....Winnetka  
Niles—Peter Blaumeiser.....Niles Center  
Northfield—W. Helmgartner.....Glen View  
Norwood Park—B. F. Muercke.....Norwood Park  
Orland—Christ Grosskopf.....Orland  
Palatine—J. M. Kuebler.....Palatine  
Palos—P. J. O'Connell.....Worth Station  
Proviso—J. Furlong.....315 Dearborn-st.  
George Steele.....River Forest  
Rich—M. B. Elliott.....Matteson  
Riverside—Con Sullivan.....Hillside  
Schaumburg—H. E. Quindell.....Schaumburg  
Thornton—J. Flynn.....Harvey  
J. A. Stout.....Harvey  
Wheeling—Chas. Sigwalt.....Arlington Heights  
Worth—John Lents.....Blue Island

## CONGRESSIONAL.

## Dist.

1. George E. Lapeley.....4725 St. Lawrence-av.  
T. A. Foley.....9249 South Chicago-av.
2. J. B. McDonald.....4340 Emerald-av.  
John Bigane.....1974 39th-st.
3. Charles Martin.....3353 Union-av.  
J. Mulhearn.....3147 S. Canal-st.
4. John Long.....351 S. Lincoln-st.  
James O'Brien.....452 W. Harrison-st.
5. Vacant.
6. C. C. Stillwell.....410, 108 LaSalle-st.  
Robert E. Burke.....63 Beethoven-pl.
7. M. Fitzgerald.....Havlock  
H. W. Arp.....1241 Milwaukee-av.

## SENATORIAL.

## Dist.

1. S. D. May.....2512 Prairie-av.
2. Vacancy.
3. Frank J. Ryan.....City Engineer's Office
4. M. J. Doherty.....1022 W. 54th-st.
5. A. A. Ballenberg.....3311 Rhodes-av.
6. W. J. Sagehorn.....817 Roscoe-st.
7. W. T. Irwin.....4798 N. Clark-st.
9. Ed Flannagan.....3035 Keeley-st.
11. Louis Legner.....558 N. Hoyne-av.
13. Ed Prindiville.....15th and Margaret-sts
16. Joseph Haberkorn.....252 S. Center-av.
17. M. J. O'Donohue.....310 Monroe-st.
19. J. J. Flannagan.....349 W. Ohio-st.
21. J. M. Elens.....312 Inter Ocean Bldg.
23. Joseph Doheny.....169 N. Clark-st.

## COMMITTEEMEN.

## Ward.

1. W. H. Bond.....24 Pacific-av
2. James J. Muir.....258 State-st.
3. Leonidas Connell.....1700 Wabash-av.
- D. J. Kane.....41 E. 16th-st.
3. W. W. Clay.....3145 Rhodes-av.

## Ward.

William L. Thompson.....	3106 Prairie-av.
4. Francis R. Cole.....	3508 Indiana-av.
James M. Cleaver.....	3615 Lake-av.
5. F. C. Roth.....	206 23th-pl.
Edward Mulloy.....	3023 S. Canal-st.
6. J. W. Reiffer.....	3338 Archer-av.
James Lynch.....	3128 Emerald-av.
7. John McQueeny.....	174 14th-pl.
Michael Moxley.....	153 Union-st.
8. C. O. Sherman.....	264 Ogden-av.
Harry Cohen.....	465 Madison-st.
9. G. H. Kingman.....	754 W. 13th-st.
T. J. O'Brien.....	572 W. Taylor-st.
10. W. H. Bannigan.....	10 Yeaton-st.
Fred Wismer.....	539 Washburne-av.
11. G. W. Hughes.....	30 Ogden-av.
Thomas Maloney.....	143 Noble-st.
12. L. D. Reynolds.....	287 S. Lincoln-st.
F. W. Palmer.....	350 S. Hoyne-av.
13. August Meyer.....	595 W. Superior-st.
R. A. Bamford.....	733 Carroll-av.
14. Johan Waage.....	631 N. Hoyne-av.
D. Havess.....	12 Marion-pl.
15. E. E. Cook.....	634 N. Robey-st.
Roy M. Goodwin.....	50 Edgewood-av.
16. John Konwinski.....	119 W. Division-st.
John Napzorkowski.....	192 W. Division-st.
17. John McDonnell.....	185 N. Halsted-st.
E. Adams.....	185 N. Halsted-st.
18. Samuel Robbins.....	43 S. Carpenter-st.
Henry T. Jones.....	327 W. Randolph-st.
19. E. Curran.....	240 S. Halsted-st.
Charles Stafford.....	360 W. Congress-st.
20. Herman Gluth.....	55 Freeman-st.
Henry Kahler.....	56 Racine-av.

## Ward.

21. William A. Hopp.....	147 Eugene-st.
Herman Summerfield.....	37 Orchard-st.
22. Joseph A. Hopp.....	380 Sedgwick-st.
O. E. Thursle.....	77 Vedder-st.
23. H. Lubec.....	309 Sedgwick-st.
M. Silverman.....	125 Orleans-st.
24. Samuel Frederick.....	266 E. Chicago-av.
John Wettgell.....	248 N. State-st.
25. C. H. Adams.....	1316 Wellington-av.
H. J. Klinka.....	1213 Wolfram-st.
26. George E. Beckwith.....	606 School-st.
P. F. Hayes.....	1115 Oakley-av.
27. L. H. Sawyer.....	2574 N. Claremont-av.
George Jefferson.....	461 Basil-av.
28. F. Britain.....	2009 W. Adams-st.
F. N. Welsh.....	2248 W. 12th-st.
29. J. W. Alexander.....	629 W. 43d-st.
Joseph Logsdon.....	602 W. 43d-st.
30. William B. Buell.....	6212 S. Sangamon-st.
H. A. Wilson.....	734 W. 48th-pl.
31. D. M. Fawcett.....	7412 Harvard-av.
Loren Shedd.....	7155 Butler-st.
32. Malcolm Jamieson.....	334 44th-st.
J. H. Watkins.....	1606 State-st.
33. W. H. Collins.....	9625 Avenue L, S. Chicago
Ambrose Smith.....	7510 Ontario-av.
34. Philip Howley.....	7530 Adams-av.
L. A. Shaw.....	6439 Madison-av.
Cicero.....	William Ralph
Grossdale.....	Thomas Casey
Oak Park.....	Charles Berbest
Maywood.....	L. S. Oliver
Chicago Lawn.....	F. E. Worham
Park Ridge.....	Thomas Jones
Drexel.....	B. M. Springer

## COOK COUNTY PROHIBITION COMMITTEE.

Chairman—R. J. Mossop, 45 Congress-st.  
 Secretary—W. F. Blake, 1091 W. Polk-st.  
 Treasurer—H. J. Brubaker, 189 LaSalle-st.

## Ward.

1. Oscar Odellus.....	234 Franklin-st.
2. W. F. Kellett.....	303 Dearborn-st.
3. Amasa Orelup.....	3148 Groveland-av.
4. John A. Nourse.....	53 Woodland park
5. F. Welbasky.....	3131 5th-av.
6. S. F. Pollis.....	39th and Peering-sts.
7. M. Hay.....	663 S. Halsted-st.
8. Nellis Johnson.....	311 W. 14th-st.
9. Vacant.....	
10. E. C. Parkhurst.....	1067 Central Park-av.
11. J. H. Haswell.....	539 W. Adams-st.
12. Alonso E. Wilson.....	153 LaSalle-st.
13. J. A. Ruth.....	56 5th-av.
14. W. E. Day.....	634 N. Lincoln-st.
15. A. A. Arnold.....	104 Franklin-st.
16. W. A. Willamson.....	531 W. Superior-st.
17. John H. Sillander.....	21 Austin-av.
18. E. Albert Cook.....	316 Washington-bd.
19. Rev. N. C. Thompson.....	296 W. Congress-st.
20. A. B. Reynell.....	481 Belden-av.
21. Robert J. Reed.....	371 Lincoln-av.
22. Mrs. Sarah Dawe.....	64 Beethoven-pl.
23. C. E. Scholene.....	340 N. Franklin-st.
24. E. D. Myers.....	155 LaSalle-st., Y. M. C. A.
25. John G. Battershill.....	625 Seminary-av.

## CHICAGO PROHIBITION

Chairman—Dr. Frank H. Booth, 562 N. Sacramento-av.  
 Secretary—E. E. Blake, 1091 W. Polk-st.  
 Treasurer—A. J. Bassett, Grand Crossing.

## EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Dr. Frank H. Booth, chairman; E. E. Blake, secretary; Carl Herigstad, R. T. Cookingham, John Soule, Mrs. Dr. Hutchins, W. B. Kieft, A. C. Wisegarver, E. E. Blake, Hugh McMinn, O. G. Merrifield, E. L. Kletsing, L. E. Meacham, Arthur

## Ward.

26. W. H. Cookingham.....	434 Faye-st.
27. John Soule.....	Irving Park
28. L. E. Meacham.....	2134 W. 25th-st.
29. D. J. Stewart.....	4420 Union-av.
30. Dana A. Mitchell.....	643 W. 61st-pl.
31. C. G. James.....	7404 Harvard-av.
32. John H. Hill.....	4156 Berkeley-av.
33. Edwin C. Woolley.....	5555 Cornell-av.
34. Arthur J. Bassett.....	Grand Crossing

## COUNTRY TOWNS.

Bloom—Rev. E. F. Hope.....Chicago Heights  
 Calumet—A. W. Fairbanks.....Morgan Park  
 Cicero—Joseph B. White.....Oak Park  
 Evanston—J. L. Whitlock.....Evanston  
 Leyden—F. W. Ellsworth.....Mont Clare  
 Lyons—John Whitson.....LaGrange  
 Maine—George Wolfram.....Des Plaines  
 New Trier—C. H. Morley.....Kenilworth  
 Niles—D. Winters.....Niles Center  
 Northfield—Dr. Kennibott.....Glen View  
 Norwood Park—E. L. Kletsing.....Norwood Pk.  
 Palatine—E. E. Schaeffer.....Palatine  
 Palos—C. H. Owen.....Palos Springs  
 Proviso—R. I. Cookingham.....Palos Park  
 Riverside—T. M. Compas.....Riverside  
 Thornton—J. W. Nance.....Harvey  
 Wheeling—E. B. Wheeler.....Arlington Hts.  
 Worth—Wales Tobey.....Worth

## CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Ferris, E. L. Griffith, Bateman Ganly,  
 Dana A. Mitchell, A. G. Rennison, F. A. Luther.

## Ward.

1. T. Brunkill.....	Metropole hotel
1. Ferdinand Jenner.....	Atlantic hotel
2. Harry Young.....	2522 Prairie-av.
3. Amasa Orelup.....	3148 Groveland-av.
4. Mrs. Elsie Waddell.....	3232 Rhodes-av.
5. Stephen Welbasky.....	3131 5th-av.
6. John Carroll.....	3334 Parnell-av.
7. H. C. Graves.....	476 S. Halsted-st.

Ward.	
8. Nellis Johnson.....	311 W. 14th-st.
9. S. B. Glendinning.....	731 13th-st.
10. W. B. Kieft.....	608 S. Western-av.
11. Dr. G. T. Carpenter.....	11 St. John's-pl.
12. E. E. Blake.....	1091 W. Polk-st.
13. John A. Ruth.....	667 Washington-bd.
14. W. E. Day.....	634 N. Lincoln-st.
15. A. F. Hall.....	1376 N. Artesian-av.
16. Rev. S. S. Ofstedahl.....	104 N. Center-av.
17. John H. Siljander.....	21 Austin-av.
18. Arthur Ferris.....	163 S. Clinton-st.
19. Rev. N. K. Thompson.....	263 W. Congress-st.
20. A. B. Reynell.....	481 Belden-av.
21. J. L. Seward.....	38 Cass-st.

Ward.	
22. Dr. C. G. Hindberg.....	359 E. Division-st.
23. P. Scholene.....	340 N. Franklin-st.
24. Vacant.....	
25. Richard Berryman.....	18 Florence-av.
26. Mary R. Sedgwick.....	2688 S. Paulina-st.
27. E. L. Kletzing.....	711 Hobart-av.
28. L. E. Meacham.....	2184 W. 25th-pl.
29. D. J. Stewart.....	4424 Union-av.
30. William McWhorter.....	57 Washington-st.
31. C. G. James.....	7404 Harvard-av.
32. Dr. Willis C. Stone.....	482 Bowen-av.
33. Rev. George Harris.....	9944 7th-av.
34. F. A. Luther.....	7355 Cottage Grove-av.

## CHICAGO NATIONAL BANKS.

Condition of Chicago national banks Dec. 1, 1898.

BANKS.	Capital.	Surplus and profits.	Circulation.	Total deposits.	Loans and discounts.
American National.....	\$1,000,000	\$899,997.64		\$8,298,795.97	\$5,322,220.48
Bankers' National.....	1,000,000	1,88,020.81	\$225,000	6,970,101.20	3,400,557.80
Chicago National.....	500,000	630,543.02	15,000	12,010,316.52	3,978,292.51
Commercial National.....	1,000,000	1,188,496.68	45,000	15,381,815.59	9,427,798.58
Continental National.....	2,000,000	648,346.02	45,000	23,019,428.40	14,154,181.52
Corn Exchange National.....	1,000,000	1,231,250.15		9,855,226.06	6,824,884.99
Drovers' National.....	250,000	167,314.56	30,000	3,137,944.98	1,672,820.04
First National.....	3,000,000	2,253,276.69		41,126,043.13	21,620,227.54
Fort Dearborn National.....	500,000	106,267.87	45,000	2,605,424.00	1,244,220.16
Lincoln National.....	300,000	18,134.74	45,000	688,704.19	518,592.25
Merchants' National.....	1,000,000	1,707,566.08		12,978,911.61	6,136,036.16
Metropolitan National.....	2,000,000	1,122,340.61	540,875	15,534,164.30	10,008,564.79
National Bank of the Republic.....	1,000,000	184,608.02	45,000	8,386,801.59	4,708,267.57
National Live-Stock bank.....	1,000,000	1,075,573.91	41,000	6,254,772.87	5,457,694.28
Northwestern National.....	1,000,000	608,835.30	108,000	8,865,556.49	3,893,790.42
Oakland National.....	50,000	25,346.30	11,250	874,172.30	821,581.52
Union National.....	2,000,000	2,242,242.89	95,000	13,086,431.85	8,227,562.20
First National (Englewood).....	100,000	19,000.38	40,500	405,647.57	372,155.59
Total.....	18,600,000	11,943,175.71	1,267,625	168,686,519.73	107,374,448.91

## BONDED INDEBTEDNESS OF COOK COUNTY.

(Dec. 1, 1898.)

KIND OF BONDS.	Date of bonds.	When due.	Amount.
Four per cent refunding bonds, series A.....	May 1, 1880	May 1, 1900	\$1,156,500
Four per cent refunding bonds, series B.....	May 1, 1885	May 1, 1905	500,000
Four per cent funding bonds, expire \$50,000 each year.....	Mar. 1, 1888	.....	500,000
Four per cent refunding courthouse bonds, 1 to 20 years, expire \$37,500 each year.....	Jan. 1, 1899	Jan. 1, 1919	750,000
Four per cent refunding bonds, 1 to 20 years, series C, expire \$67,500 each year.....	May 1, 1892	.....	945,000
Total.....			\$3,851,500

## FUNDED DEBT OF CITY OF CHICAGO.

(Dec. 1, 1898.)

Municipal Bonds—		8.66 per cent.....	\$332,000	
3½ per cent.....	\$125,000	4 per cent.....	1,705,500	
4 per cent.....	1,968,450	4 per cent.....	1,485,000	
7 per cent.....	1,044,000			\$3,857,000
World's Fair bonds.....	4,517,000			
	\$7,664,450			
Sewerage Bonds—		Town of Lake Water B'ds—		
4 per cent.....	2,117,500	5 per cent.....		60,000
4½ per cent.....	489,500	Hyde Park Water Bonds—		
	2,607,000	5 per cent.....		50,000
River Improvement B'ds—		Lake View Water Bonds—		
4 per cent.....	1,342,500	4 per cent.....	50,000	
4 per cent.....	1,253,000	5 per cent.....	23,000	
	2,605,500			73,000
Water Bonds—		Total.....		\$16,916,950
3½ per cent.....	833,500			

## Events of the Year 1898.

## DOMESTIC.

## JANUARY.

1. The city government of Greater New York inaugurated.
4. The jurisdiction of the federal courts over the five civilized tribes in Indian Territory goes into effect. John D. Rockefeller makes a gift of \$200,000 to Chicago university.
7. William Theodore Durrant hanged at San Quentin prison, California, for the murder of Blanche Lamont. The window-glass manufacturers of the country resume work after a suspension of six months.
8. J. M. McGlesley and Palmer Simpson burned at the stake in Oklahoma for murder.
10. Strikes against wage reduction are begun in cotton mills of New Bedford, Mass., and Burlington, Vt. There was a heavy fall of snow in southern California.
13. A syndicate with a capital of \$15,000,000 secured 15,000 acres of land in California for the culture of the sugar beet and is to erect three sugar factories.
17. Strikes against wage reduction of from 5 to 12 per cent begun in many New England cotton mills. President Dole of the republic of Hawaii arrived at San Francisco from Honolulu, en route to Washington.
21. The National Primary Election league was organized in New York.
22. John W. Griggs of New Jersey nominated for attorney-general of the United States.
23. President Dole of Hawaii arrived at Chicago and was welcomed by the city government.
24. The celebration of the golden jubilee was begun in California.
25. The burning of a grain elevator at East St. Louis, Ill., caused the loss of \$1,500,000. The national monetary convention met at Indianapolis, 400 delegates being present.
26. President Dole of Hawaii arrived at Washington and was promptly visited by Mr. McKinley.
27. The Kentucky house of representatives adopted a resolution asking Senator Lindsay to resign if he cannot support the Chicago democratic platform.
28. The Kentucky senate adopted the same resolution.

## FEBRUARY.

1. A heavy fall of snow interferes with business in Boston and vicinity. Blizzards prevail in the west and in Canada.
4. The consolidation of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway with the New York Central is officially announced.
6. The Roman catholic cathedral at Savannah was burned.
9. At a warehouse fire in Pittsburg, Pa., eighteen lives were lost and property valued at \$1,500,000 was destroyed.
11. Two serious fires occurred in New York city, causing a loss of \$1,000,000.
12. The attorney-general of Missouri decided that it was in violation of the state law to have the Lord's prayer recited by the pupils in the public schools or for the teachers to read from the bible in the open exercises of the schools.

16. The Kansas Pacific railroad was sold at Topeka for \$6,303,000 to Alvin W. Krehb. May wheat bid up to \$1.03½, the highest price reached since 1891.
17. Polo y Bernabe appointed Spanish minister at Washington.
20. Orders were issued for the enlistment of 300 men for the navy to take the places of those lost on the Maine.
22. A mob set fire to the dwelling of F. C. Baker, colored postmaster at Lake City, S. C., murder him and an infant child and seriously injure his wife and two daughters.
26. Seven lives lost at a fire in Charleston, S. C.
27. A large shipment of reindeer arrived in New York from Lapland, en route for Alaska.

## MARCH.

2. The national pure food and drug congress, numbering 200 delegates, met at Washington.
4. The Nicaragua canal commission completed its investigations and will return on the 10th inst.
6. Solicitor-General Fall of New Mexico was removed from office, for neglect of duty, by the governor.
7. The cotton mill strike at Biddeford, Me., ended and work is resumed.
9. The jury in the Latimer (Pa.) riot cases return a verdict of not guilty in the action against Sheriff Martin and his deputies.
10. The Society of Separationists at Zoar, O., decided to disband after more than fifty years of communistic life.
12. At a fire in a lodging house in New York eleven men were burned to death.
14. The strike at the Taunton (Mass.) cotton mills ends and 1,100 operatives resume work.
16. The Ayer building in Wabash avenue, Chicago, burned and more than a dozen lives were lost.
19. The star route criminal cases that have been pending in the United States courts in California since 1882 were dismissed.
20. William Holdeman, ex-county treasurer, was convicted at Goshen, Ind., of embezzling \$20,000 and committed to the penitentiary.
21. Secretary Long changed the names of the two Brazilian cruisers purchased by the government to the New Orleans and Albany.
23. Misastrous floods prevail along the Ohio river and its tributaries.
24. The city council of Chicago has passed an ordinance limiting the height of buildings to ten stories or 130 feet.
25. Nine officials of the city of Brooklyn, N. Y., indicted for corruption and conspiracy regarding the water department fund.
31. An earthquake in California did serious damage to the United States navy yard at Mare Island.

## APRIL.

3. Shawneetown, Ill., flooded by a break in the Ohio river levee and twenty-five lives were lost. Avalanches in the Chilkoot pass, Alaska, cause the death of more than 150 persons.

5. A heavy fall of snow was general over the middle states.
9. The body of Frances E. Willard cremated at Chicago.
12. The plant of the Pennsylvania Plate Glass company at North Irwin, Pa., the largest independent glass works in the country, was burned, involving a loss of \$750,000.
14. A bill substituting electrocution for hanging becomes a law in Massachusetts.
15. Two slight earthquake shocks were felt at San Francisco.
17. An explosion in a grain elevator at the Hoosac tunnel docks at Charlestown, Mass., started a fire which destroyed \$600,000 worth of property.
21. An infernal machine was sent to the president, but its explosion was prevented.
22. Charles E. Smith succeeds James A. Gary as postmaster-general.
25. John Sherman resigns as secretary of state and is succeeded by Judge Day.
26. The powder mills at Santa Cruz, Cal., blew up.
29. The railroad elevator and warehouse at Augusta, Ga., burned, the loss being estimated at \$200,000. An express train on the Southern Pacific road was held up near El Paso, Tex., by four men.
30. Lightning struck the Clipper Gap powder mills near Auburn, Cal., and destroyed them.

## MAY.

6. The Vermont legislature voted \$7 a month additional pay to each soldier, sailor or marine in the service of the government from that state.
8. Miss Helen Gould of New York sent the treasury department her check for \$100,000 for war purposes.
9. Charles H. Allen of Massachusetts appointed assistant-secretary of the navy.
12. The Louisiana constitutional convention closes its session.
24. The queen's birthday was celebrated in many American cities.
30. A reciprocity treaty between France and the United States announced.

## JUNE.

7. A celebration of the semi-centennial of the admission of Wisconsin to the union began at Madison.
11. A new comet discovered by the Lick observatory in California in the constellation of Scorpio.
13. Collapse of the Leiter wheat corner in Chicago.
15. At a methodist conference held at Toronto, Canada, a resolution was passed unanimously favoring an Anglo-American alliance.
16. The amount of the Bering sea award, amounting to \$473,151, was paid by the United States to Great Britain. Members of the Woodworkers' union, to the number of 1,600, struck in Chicago.
19. The entire business portion of Park City, Utah, was burned, the loss amounting to nearly \$1,000,000.
20. The representatives of 5,000 miners at the south made a demand for an increase of wages.
23. Cornell university wins the boat race with Yale and Harvard at New London, Conn.
26. The Clifton house at Niagara Falls burned.
28. Wisconsin's semi-centennial is celebrated at Milwaukee.

## JULY.

2. Pennsylvania won the 'varsity race at Saratoga from Cornell.
3. Stereotypers strike in Chicago, causing the temporary suspension of all the daily papers in the city.
4. The day was celebrated more generally and with more spirit through the entire country than at any time since the beginning of the civil war in 1861.
6. Chicago newspapers again issued regularly, the places of the striking stereotypers having been supplied.
8. Second session of the LVth congress adjourned.
14. Six persons were killed and twenty-six injured by a boiler explosion in the Niagara (N. Y.) starch works.
16. President McKinley has appointed the following commissioners to meet representatives from Canada for the purpose of adjusting the relations between the United States and Canada: Senator Fairbanks of Indiana, Senator Gray of Delaware, Representative Dingley of Maine, John A. Kasson of Iowa and John W. Foster of the District of Columbia.
20. The first bale of new cotton was sold at auction in New York for the benefit of the United States hospital fund and brought \$500.
21. A thunderstorm of unusual severity visited the New England states and did great damage.
27. At an explosion of the Hercules powder works in California five men were killed.

## AUGUST.

1. The convention of the League of American Municipalities was opened in Detroit, Mich., with an address by Gov. Pingree.
8. A considerable portion of Bismarck, capital of North Dakota, was destroyed by fire.
9. A mob at Clarendon, Ark., broke into the jail and took out and lynched three negroes.
13. A cloudburst over Hawkins county, Tennessee, drowned twenty-five persons. A fire at Fresno, Cal., destroyed grain packing houses and other buildings valued at \$500,000.
15. A destructive tornado killed seven persons in Minnesota.
16. John Hay, ambassador to Great Britain, accepted the secretaryship of state, to succeed William R. Day.
19. Six persons were drowned in a cloudburst near Pittsburg, Pa.
20. Naval parade of Admiral Sampson's fleet in the harbor of New York.
21. At a railroad wreck near Sharon, Mass., seven persons were killed.
24. The Universal Peace union began its annual conference at Mystic, Conn.
25. The American and Canadian joint commission held its first meeting in Quebec.
26. Heavy rainstorms in Puerto Rico caused an inundation which carried away bridges near Ponce, cutting off communications.
31. The government directed the release of the Spanish prisoners at Annapolis, Portsmouth and Norfolk.

## SEPTEMBER.

1. Bids were opened at the naval office for the building of three new warships ordered by congress.
3. The president visited and inspected Camp Wikoff on Long Island. Bids for

- 1,000,000 pounds of smokeless powder opened at the navy department.
4. A serious fire at Owosso, Mich., destroyed property valued at \$200,000.
  6. By the fall of two spans of the Ottawa and New York railway bridge over the St. Lawrence river fourteen workmen were killed and seventeen badly injured.
  8. Restrictions removed from Spanish vessels and they are permitted to enter and clear from American ports.
  9. The Federal Steel company, with a paid-up capital of \$200,000,000, incorporated in New Jersey. The Ocean hotel at Newport, R. I., burned.
  11. The town of Jerome, Ariz., nearly destroyed by fire.
  14. Contracts for building three battleships awarded to the Cramps, the Newport News company and the Union Iron works.
  16. Secretary of State Day resigns his office to accept the chairmanship of the American peace commission.
  17. A new military department embracing Cuba and Puerto Rico is established. By the collapse of a house at Butte, Mont., about twenty persons were killed.
  22. Dr. W. P. Martin, an American missionary, appointed president of the Imperial University of China.
  23. Agoncillo and Lopez, representing Aguinaldo, so-called president of the Philippine republic, arrived in San Francisco in the interest of securing the recognition of independence of the republic.
  25. The wrecking company under Lieut. Hobson succeeded in floating the Spanish cruiser Maria Teresa.
  27. The Philippine commissioners arrive in Washington.
  29. Disastrous and destructive forest fire rages in Colorado, South Dakota and Wisconsin. The sheriff at Pana, Ill., asks the assistance of the governor in controlling the striking miners, and several companies of the guards were called out.

## OCTOBER.

1. The American and Spanish peace commissioners held their first joint meeting in Paris.
2. A hurricane did much damage along the coasts of South Carolina and Georgia. A fire destroying \$1,000,000 worth of property at Colorado Springs, Col. Pana, Ill., placed under martial law.
3. Senator Quay of Pennsylvania gave bail to appear for examination on the charge of conspiring for a misuse of the funds of the People's bank of Philadelphia.
4. Battleship Illinois launched.
5. Six soldiers were killed and nine wounded in a battle with the Indians near Bear Island, Minnesota, one of the killed being Maj. Wilkinson.
8. Joseph Simon elected senator from Oregon, receiving the full republican vote.
9. A panic prevails in Mississippi because of an outbreak of yellow fever.
12. President McKinley visited the Omaha exposition. The battleships Oregon and Iowa sailed from New York for Manila.
13. The troubles in the coal area of Illinois practically over.
14. Gov. Tanner ordered guards at the coal mines at Virden and at the railway approaches at Pana not to permit imported negro miners to enter.
17. The degree of LL. D. was conferred by the University of Chicago on the president.
18. Occupation of Puerto Rico by the United States completed by raising the flag over the forts and public buildings at San Juan. Opening exercises of the Chicago peace jubilee were held at the Auditorium, President McKinley being present.
19. The great parade of the Chicago peace jubilee was reviewed by the president.
21. A severe storm in Texas damaged the cotton crop.
23. Peace jubilee in Philadelphia began.
24. Disgraceful race war at Harpersville, Miss., resulted in twelve deaths—eleven negroes and one white.
28. An expedition of 78 officers and 778 men sailed from San Francisco for Manila.
29. Three slight shocks of an earthquake were felt at Cleveland, O.
30. At a public meeting in San Juan, Puerto Rico, of delegates from the chief towns of the island, resolutions were adopted demanding territorial rights, the cessation of the present military rule and the installation of regular civil government; resolutions were also adopted asking an eight-hour day for the laboring man.
31. The Oregon and Iowa arrive at Bahia, Brazil, en route for Manila. The warship Maria Teresa sailed from Calmanera for Norfolk, Va. The cost of the Spanish war to date is \$164,932,228.

## NOVEMBER.

2. The men in the 6th Virginia colored regiment at Knoxville, Tenn., revolted because Gov. Tyler recently appointed nine white men as company officers.
5. The Maria Teresa, en route to Norfolk, Va., for repairs, was wrecked in a storm off Cat Island. The Nicaragua canal commission has finished its labors and will report in favor of completing the work.
6. An explosion and fire in the capitol building at Washington did much damage to the Supreme court room and other parts of the building.
9. The war investigating commission met in Chicago.
10. The race troubles at Wilmington, N. C., culminated in an encounter in which eight colored men were killed and three whites wounded.
12. The mining difficulties at Virden, Ill., were settled and work resumed.
13. The Oregon and Iowa reached Rio de Janeiro.
15. Capt. McCalla reported that the Maria Teresa, wrecked on Cat Island, cannot be saved.
17. The United States Court of Claims found that the government is indebted to the Indians in New York about \$2,000,000 for lands sold. President Dwight of Yale university resigned.
18. The ship Atlanta wrecked on the coast of Oregon and twenty-eight men were drowned. Three of the Spanish gunboats sunk in Manila harbor reported to be worth raising and saving.
21. Five true bills of indictment found against United States Senator Quay of Pennsylvania for corruption and misuse of state funds. Severe storms and intensely cold weather over Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, Minnesota and other western states. A strike of the operatives of the cotton mills at Atlanta, Ga., against a reduction of wages, involved 3,000 workmen.

22. Fight between negroes and white caps at Black Rock, Ark., resulted in the death of two whites.
23. Destruction by fire of the Baldwin hotel and theater, San Francisco, resulting in a loss of \$1,500,000 and several lives.
24. The steamers Tampa and Arthur Orr wrecked on Lake Superior.
26. Battleship Wisconsin launched in San Francisco.
27. The most serious storm in New England and along the Atlantic coast known for many years, thirty-five vessels being wrecked in Boston harbor.
28. The Spanish peace commissioners accept the terms demanded by the United States.
29. At a row in a republican club in the 18th ward of Chicago Charles Latimer was shot to death.
30. Dr. Theodore N. Morrison of Chicago elected episcopal bishop of Iowa.

## DECEMBER.

1. President Iglesias of Costa Rica had a conference at the state department with the secretary, presumably relating to the Nicaragua canal.
3. A serious explosion in a coal mine at

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., injured a large number of miners.

4. A severe fire in a New York "sky-scraper" resulted in a loss of \$1,000,000. Severe storm caused much damage in Chesapeake bay and at Baltimore.
5. The concluding session of the LVth congress met. Severe storm in the east, disabling telegraph lines. Gen. Blanco embarks at Havana for Spain. Lincoln theater of Chicago burned.
8. A heavy fall of snow, with a cold wave, visited portions of Texas. The 2d Illinois infantry embarked at Savannah for Havana.
10. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee embarks at Savannah, with his staff, for Havana.
11. Riot in Havana, in which three Cubans were killed and one Spanish officer wounded. The ashes of Columbus were transferred from the Havana cathedral, in which they have long reposed, to the Spanish warship Conde de Venadito for transportation to Spain.
13. A gas tank in New York, the largest in the world, exploded and several persons were killed. Gen. Lee arrived in Havana.

## FOREIGN.

## JANUARY.

1. The French steamer Louis was lost in the Mediterranean with her crew.
3. The British government declared that any Chinese port opened to one nation must be opened to all. The floor of the city hall at London, Ont., gave way, killing twenty persons.
7. The imperial title of the emperor of Korea was recognized by Russia and Japan.
10. The trial of Count Esterhazy, accused of writing letters reflecting on the French army, was begun at Paris.
11. The Count Esterhazy was acquitted.
12. Amboyna, capital of one of the islands of the Moluccas group, destroyed by an earthquake.
17. Serious anti-Dreyfus outbreaks in Paris.
18. Formal complaint was lodged against Emile Zola by the French minister of war.
19. Anti-Semite demonstrations renewed at Paris and in several important cities in France. Bread riots in Ancona, Italy.
22. During a debate in the French chamber of deputies regarding the Dreyfus affair a riot broke out which was suppressed by the troops.
23. Desperate anti-Jewish riots broke out in Algiers, in which two persons were killed.
26. The Austrian and American representatives demanded redress from Turkey for injuries done the American consul at Aleppo by the Turkish authorities, he being an Austrian subject.
29. The Jacobites of London celebrated this as the anniversary of the execution of Charles I. Count William Bismarck wounded Herr Mauback in a duel.

## FEBRUARY.

1. The steamer Channel Queen wrecked off Guernsey and nineteen persons were lost.
7. The trial of M. Zola was begun in Paris.
10. President Cuestas of Uruguay dissolved the Uruguayan assembly and established a provisional government with himself at its head.

13. A demonstration of 30,000 people was made against the punishment of the anarchists confined in Montjuich prison at Barcelona.
15. Lord William Nevill pleaded guilty to a charge of fraud in a London court and was sentenced to five years' penal servitude.
17. An explosion of fire damp in a mine at Hamm, Westphalia, killed sixty men.
20. A requiem service in behalf of the victims of the Maine was held in Berlin.
21. A referendum in Switzerland approved the purchase of the railroads by the government.
22. The Chinese loan of \$80,000,000 arranged with the Hongkong and Shanghai bank of London and the German Asiatic bank.
23. M. Zola was found guilty in his trial in Paris and sentenced to a year's imprisonment and a fine of 1,000 francs.
26. Two men made an attempt to take the life of the king of Greece near Athens.

## MARCH.

1. A severe hurricane devastated New Caledonia and destroyed the French war vessel Loyalty.
2. Prince Albert, heir apparent to the Belgian throne, sailed for the United States to examine its system of government.
4. The anniversary of the adoption of the Italian constitution was celebrated throughout the country.
7. China has agreed to lease Port Arthur and Taitien-Wan to Russia for ninety-nine years. The Korean cabinet resigns because of the lease of Deer Island to Russia.
9. Measures taken to suppress the plague in Bombay, India, cause riots in which the mob is fired upon by the troops.
10. An imperial ukase is issued by the czar ordering the expenditure of \$70,000,000 for war vessels.
12. The declaration of Don Jaime, son of Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, that he will go to Spain and claim the throne caused considerable excitement at Madrid.

15. A revolt against German rule is inaugurated in Ubeheland in east Africa.
16. A colonial convention held at Melbourne, Australia, adopted the federation bill, which will now go to the various colonial legislatures for action.
18. An English syndicate purchased the Russian Mantascheff petroleum property, valued at \$17,000,000.
19. The parliament of British Columbia ask the imposition of retaliatory duties on lumber and shingles against the United States.
23. By a vote of 207 to 7 the Italian chamber of deputies adopt a report recommending "political censure" against Premier Crispi on account of his pecuniary arrangements with the Bologna branch of the Bank of Naples.
24. The Chinese government agrees to all of Russia's demands regarding the lease of Port Arthur and Tallen-Wan.
25. One hundred officers of the Russian Black sea fleet, together with dockyard officials, are arrested upon the charge of bribery and corruption, and Admiral Kopyloff is dismissed. A vast amount of damage is inflicted upon British shipping by storms on the coast.
27. The Chinese lease of Port Arthur to Russia is signed.
30. The British house of commons by a vote of 243 to 138 reject a bill to amend the Irish land laws in favor of tenants and providing for the restoration of evicted tenants.
31. Karditai and Georgii, who attempted to assassinate King George of Greece, were condemned to death.

## APRIL.

3. The French Court of Cassation quashed the sentence of M. Zola.
  5. The Danish parliamentary elections resulted in a victory for the radicals.
  7. Rioters attacked an American mission in Chung-King, in the Chinese province of Kinsu, destroying the buildings and killing the people. A severe fire at Tokyo, Japan, destroyed over 1,000 dwellings, a theater, hospital and a medical college.
  8. In a battle in the Sudan between the Anglo-Egyptian forces and the dervishes, near the Atbara river, the native general Mahmud was captured and his forces defeated.
  12. A street fight took place in Hongkong between a lot of American and British sailors on one side and Russian, German and French on the other, in which the former were victorious.
  14. The emperor of China decided to treat Prince Henry of Germany as an equal upon his forthcoming visit.
  20. The Metropolitan tabernacle, used by Rev. C. H. Spurgeon in London, was burned.
  21. The pope is asked to arbitrate a boundary dispute between Haiti and Santo Domingo. The Norway parliament adopted universal male suffrage.
  23. The two governments of Costa Rica and Nicaragua have agreed upon an arbitration plan for the settlement of international disputes.
  26. A motion to impeach Count Badeni is adopted by the Austrian reichsrath. A fire in Glasgow resulted in a loss of \$750,000.
27. Serious bread riots occurred at Bari, Italy.
  29. A treaty of peace is signed between Costa Rica and Nicaragua.

## MAY.

1. The United States legation at Montevideo, Uruguay, is put under guard by the government because of threats sent to Mr. Finch, the minister.
2. Bread riots occur at Naples, Ravenna, Ferrara and many other cities in Italy.
3. The Italian government decides to call out the reserves of 1873 to suppress the bread riots.
4. The natives of Sierra Leone burned an American mission house at Shongay because of a hut tax imposed by the government.
7. Bread riots continue in Milan, Florence, Leghorn and other parts of Italy. China paid Japan the last installment of her war indemnity.
8. Hundreds of people were killed at Milan, Italy, in a battle between the bread rioters and the troops.
9. The men who attempted to assassinate King George of Greece were executed at Athens.
10. A protocol signed by Russia and Japan recognizes the independence of Korea and each promises not to interfere. A state of siege is proclaimed in the province of Florence, Italy.
11. Martial law is proclaimed at Como and riots are frequent at Novara and Piedmont in Italy.
13. Joseph Chamberlain made his famous speech in Birmingham, in which he declared war would be cheaply purchased if in a great cause the stars and stripes and the union jack should wave together as the result of an Anglo-Saxon alliance.
14. A report declares that the recent Italian riots were the premature demonstration of a scheme to establish a republic with Andries at its head.
17. In the house of lords Earl Kimberley criticised Mr. Chamberlain's position regarding a British-American alliance.
21. A serious fire, causing the death of many miners, broke out in the Zullern mine in Westphalia.
23. The second Zola trial is begun and adjourned in Paris.
24. Great Britain takes possession of Wei-Hai-Wei.
25. The American mission at Tong Chow, China, was looted and burned by a mob.
31. The signing of the reciprocity treaty between France and the United States is announced.

## JUNE.

1. The schooner Lady Jane Grey foundered at sea and thirty-four were lost.
2. A fire at Peshawar, India, destroyed 4,000 houses and caused the loss of \$20,000,000 worth of property.
3. The Australian federation constitution was carried in Tasmania, Victoria and South Australia, but was rejected in New South Wales.
5. Representatives of Russia and Japan sign a protocol guaranteeing the independence of Korea.
6. A riot took place at Belfast in which the Orangemen attacked the police and many citizens were injured.

0. Joseph Chamberlain declared in a speech in the house of commons that his Birmingham address advocating a British-American alliance had the sanction of Lord Salisbury.
2. The Chinese government has issued an order that the university at Peking be remodeled according to plans of the best European universities.
13. The revolution in Venezuela ended by the capture of the insurgent leader, Hernandez.
6. Albanians have burned several Christian villages near the frontier of Montenegro.
19. Severe fighting between the Christians and Albanians near Berane, in which the former were fired upon by Turkish troops.
11. At the launching of the British battleship Albion at Blackwall thirty-seven spectators were drowned by the wrecking of a platform.
12. The yacht race for the German emperor's cup, over the course from Dover to Helligoland, was won by the Merry Thought.
23. A Chinese war vessel at Port Arthur was wrecked by a typhoon and 130 of her crew were drowned. Nineteen editors and members of the chamber of deputies have been convicted of complicity in the Milan riots in Italy.
24. The arctic exploring expedition under Capt. Svendrup sailed in the Fram from Christiania.
26. The arctic expedition under Walter Wellman sails from Tromsøe, Norway.
28. Sharp shocks of an earthquake were felt in the vicinity of Rome.
29. A British expedition into Sierra Leone has properly punished the natives for outrages to American missionaries.
10. Disastrous storms and cloudbursts caused great damage to crops and much loss of life in Hungary and Austria.

## JULY.

2. Severe shock of an earthquake was felt in Dalmatia.
4. The French line steamer La Bourgogne collided with the British ship Oromartyshire and is sunk sixty miles south of Sable Island, 560 of the 725 persons on board being lost.
6. The fourteenth international conference of the Y. M. C. A. convened at Basle.
7. The diamond sculls at the Henley regatta were won by Howell, an American.
11. Several Korean officials were arrested for complicity in a plot against the government.
12. The Chinese rebellion is spreading, the rebels having captured nine towns and defeated the imperial troops at Woo-Chow.
13. The celebration of the anniversary of the battle of the Boyne caused a renewal of the disturbances at Dublin, Belfast and Donegal.
16. The Wellman polar expedition reaches Vardoe.
18. The trial of Zola finished and he was sentenced to a year of imprisonment and a fine of 3,000 francs. Great fire in Sunderland, England; loss estimated at \$2,000,000.
23. An earthquake lasting several minutes and destroying a number of buildings visited Concepcion, Chile.
25. The town of Pugwash, N. S., destroyed

by fire. The earl of Minto appointed governor-general of Canada to succeed Lord Aberdeen.

29. A storm does a vast amount of damage on the English coast.
30. The pope has issued an encyclical letter to the Scotch, advising them to return to their former faith.

## AUGUST.

4. Forty persons were drowned by the bursting of a waterspout at Villa Madiana, Spain.
8. The municipal council of Dublin refused to contribute to a monument in honor of Mr. Gladstone. Twenty persons were drowned by a collision of boats upon the occasion of the departure of the president of Brazil from Lisbon for Buenos Ayres.
10. Violent storms and floods destroyed hundreds of lives on the island of Formosa. The appointment of George N. Curzon to succeed the earl of Elgin as governor-general of India formally announced.
12. The constitutional convention for Honduras, Salvador and Nicaragua decided that the organization shall be known as the United States of Central America and shall have one president.
16. A disastrous fire in Nijni Novgorod, Russia, destroyed a large number of factories and dwellings, the loss being 1,500,000 rubles.
19. The death of Gen. Morales, the revolutionary leader, ends the rebellion in Guatemala.
23. Residents of Jamaica prepared an appeal to the British parliament in favor of annexation to the United States.
25. The steamer Norge ran into and sunk the French schooner La Coquette off the Newfoundland banks and sixteen men were lost.
27. The constitution of the United States of Central America has been signed and a commission appointed to govern the country until the next election.
28. The czar issued his address to the powers seeking the disarmament of Europe. The Zionist conference opened at Basle, Switzerland.
30. The Austrian and Hungarian prime ministers have agreed as to the terms of the Ausgleich, or Austro-Hungarian compact.
31. Wilhelmina reached her majority and was proclaimed queen of the Netherlands.

## SEPTEMBER.

4. In a battle at Omdurman, between the Anglo-Egyptian forces in the Sudan and the forces of dervishes, the latter were beaten with terrible losses, 10,300 being killed.
5. The British and Egyptian flags were raised over Khartum and the conquest of the Sudan is complete. The accession of Wilhelmina to the throne of the Netherlands celebrated at Antwerp.
6. War broke out between the Christians and Mussulmans at Candia, Crete.
10. The Chinese emperor dismissed Li Hung Chang from the management of the foreign office. The Empress Elisabeth assassinated at Geneva, Switzerland, by an Italian anarchist.
12. A typhoon in central Japan destroyed hundreds of lives and much property.
14. The Turkish government declined to evacuate Crete, but the Bashi-Bazouks

have consented to disarmament if their arms are returned to Turkey.

15. By an imperial edict postal service is extended throughout the Chinese empire.
16. The house of Gen. Toral, commander of the Spanish forces at Santiago, located at Vigo, Spain, was mobbed by an angry gathering.
18. The volcano Vesuvius is becoming again active, to the consternation of the people in adjacent territory. The sultan accedes to the demand of the British admiral for the disarmament of Crete.
22. Kuang-Hau, emperor of China, has resigned his authority to his mother, as regent.
23. Col. Picquart of the French army has been imprisoned to prevent his disclosures regarding the Dreyfus case. George N. Curzon, the new viceroy of India, has been raised to the peerage as Baron Curzon. Terrific storms prevailed in the Baltic.
26. The French cabinet directed a revision of the Dreyfus case. The American peace commissioners arrived at Paris. The exhumation of the remains of Columbus took place at Havana.
27. The United States has volunteered to assist Uruguay in maintaining neutrality in case of a war between Chile and Argentina.

## OCTOBER.

2. The national assembly of the Philippines met at Malolos and voted Aguinaldo a salary of \$75,000, which he refused until the army had been paid.
3. Serious disturbances against foreign officials residing at Peking.
5. Proceedings for reopening the Dreyfus case begun in Paris. An ultimatum, signed by Great Britain, France, Italy and Russia, demanding the Turkish evacuation of Crete, presented to the sultan.
7. A strike in the building trades in Paris involves 60,000 workmen. The position of the United States regarding the alienation of public lands at Lorenzo Marquez, Delagoa bay, by Portugal, has caused pending negotiations to be postponed until 1899.
8. The anniversary of the death of Charles Stewart Parnell was celebrated at Dublin.
11. Sierra Leone chiefs to the number of about 100 have been arrested and charged with the murder of American missionaries.
12. The German emperor started on his journey to Palestine.
14. The transport Mohegan, from London to New York, went ashore off the Lizard and over 100 were drowned.
16. The sultan ordered the withdrawal of his forces from Crete.
20. A French catholic mission was mobbed at Paklung, China.
21. A Nicaragua commission reports that the concession granted to the Nicaragua Canal company will expire Oct. 20, 1899.
25. The French cabinet resigned because of an adverse vote in the chamber of deputies.
27. The Court of Cassation in Paris took up the question of reopening the Dreyfus case, deciding to reopen the case, but not to release Dreyfus pending the trial.
29. The German emperor enters Jerusalem through the Jaffa gate.

## NOVEMBER.

3. Lord Minto, the new governor-general of Canada, left London for Ottawa.
4. International troops occupied the fortress at Canea in Crete.
7. The emperor of Germany reached Damascus. The discovery of a plot to overthrow the French government was announced.
9. The proposal of Russia to appoint Prince George of Greece governor of Crete was approved by Great Britain, France and Italy.
10. The government of the United States of Central America has removed its capital from Ampala, Honduras, to Chindegua, Nicaragua, as a permanent seat of government.
11. The British in Sierra Leone hanged thirteen chiefs for the butchery of American missionaries.
12. The earl of Minto arrived at Quebec.
15. Twelve lives were lost in a collision on the Grand Trunk railroad, near Trenton, Ont.
17. A rebellion is reported in Salvador, one of the three states in the federation of Central America. The British battleship Formidable, the largest in the world, launched at Portsmouth.
18. President Faure of France received the order of the Golden Fleece from the queen regent of Spain. The flagship of Prince Henry's German Asiatic squadron, the Kaiser, went ashore in Samsah bay.
20. The severity of Dreyfus' punishment has been modified by the French government.
22. Scenes of disorder in the Hungarian diet, the premier being stoned while going to the public buildings.
23. An unsuccessful attempt was made to wreck the train carrying the czar of Russia to Copenhagen, in Sweden.
26. Capt.-Gen. Blanco resigned his office and was succeeded by Gen. Castellanos.
27. Severe storms raged in southern France.
28. Wrecking of a ferry boat at Kinezhma on the Volga caused the death of twenty-nine persons.
29. The betrothal of Prince George of Greece and Princess Victoria of Wales was announced.
30. Blanco went on board ship at Havana to leave for Spain. The effort to establish a government, to be known as the United States of Central America, by Nicaragua, Honduras and Salvador has failed after a few weeks of trial.

## DECEMBER.

2. The British steamer Clan Drummond was wrecked in the Bay of Biscay and thirty-seven lives were lost.
3. Nicaragua resumed independent sovereignty, owing to the failure of the confederation of the United States of Central America. The insurgent Filipinos have captured the town of Capiz on the island of Panay.
4. The Mexican mission in the United States has been raised to an embassy.
6. The failure of the Hungarian parliament to pass the budget for 1899 threatened a ministerial crisis.
8. A rise in the River Neva in Russia inundated the lower portions of St. Petersburg, swept away much valuable property and caused considerable loss of life.
10. The pope decides to take the part of Spain in case of a Carlist uprising.

## Death Roll of 1898.

(Figures following the name give the year of decedent's birth.)

### IN THE UNITED STATES.

- Ammen, Daniel (1820), rear-admiral, U. S. N. (retired), at Washington, D. C., July 11.
- Alderson, Maj. A. R., noted Iowa politician and ex-congressman, at Hot Springs, S. D., Nov. 17.
- Antonio, Count Renier (1825), secretary to Pope Pius IX. and a venerable bishop, at New York, Dec. 10.
- Auger, Gen. C. C. (1822), U. S. A. (retired), at Washington, D. C., Jan. 16.
- Bagley, Ensign Worth U. S. N. (1874), first American officer killed in the war with Spain, on board the Winslow, off Cardenas, May 12.
- Bailey, T. B., passed assistant surgeon, U. S. N., at Washington, Feb. 24.
- Barriett, Rev. Dr. Samuel C. (1817), ex-president of Dartmouth college, at Hanover, N. H., Nov. 16.
- Bates, Gen. Erastus N. (1828), a distinguished soldier of the last war and ex-treasurer of Illinois, at Minneapolis, Minn., May 29.
- Bayard, Thomas F. (1828), senator, cabinet officer, diplomat, at Dedham, Mass., Sept. 28.
- Bell, P. H., ex-governor of Texas, at Littleton, N. C., March 10.
- Bellamy, Edward (1850), author of "Looking Backward," at Chicopee Falls, Mass., May 22.
- Bennett, Col. J. M. (1816), noted philanthropist, at Philadelphia, Sept. 29.
- Benson, Luther, well-known temperance advocate, at Rushville, Ind., June 21.
- Bogan, Col. Fred G. (1850), colonel of the 9th Massachusetts regiment, U. S. V., at Charlestown, Mass., Aug. 9.
- Boynton, A. G. (1837), well-known Detroit journalist, at Alma, Mich., Jan. 9.
- Braine, Daniel L. (1829), rear-admiral, U. S. N. (retired), at New York, Jan. 30.
- Brann, W. C., editor of the Iconoclast, killed in a street duel at Waco, Tex., April 1.
- Brice, Calvin S. (1845), ex-senator from Ohio, at New York, Dec. 15.
- Briggs, F. A. (1850), governor of North Dakota, at Bismarck, Aug. 9.
- Broadhead, Col. James O., ex-member of congress, minister to Switzerland under Cleveland, at St. Louis, Aug. 6.
- Bromley, Isaac H. (1833), journalist, at New York, Aug. 11.
- Brown, Jason B. (1839), ex-congressman, at Seymour, Ind., March 11.
- Bruce, Blanche K. (1841), register of the United States treasury and ex-senator from Mississippi, at Washington, March 17.
- Buell, Gen. Don Carlos (1818), a distinguished federal officer in the civil war, at Louisville, Ky., Nov. 18.
- Burt, Mrs. Mary T. (1842), president New York state W. C. T. U., April 29.
- Busbyhead, D. G. (1823), chief of the Cherokees, at Tahlequah, I. T., Feb. 4.
- Butterworth, Benjamin (1823), ex-congressman and commissioner of patents, at Thomasville, Ga., Jan. 16.
- Campbell, Alexander (1814), ex-member of congress and noted as the "father of the greenback," at LaSalle, Ill., Aug. 9.
- Campbell, Hugh J., the member of the returning board of Louisiana that gave the vote of that state to Hayes and made him president in 1876, at Sioux Falls, S. D., April 19.
- Capps, John, well known in connection with the location of the Illinois capital at Springfield, in that city, Oct. 20.
- Carpenter, Cyrus C. (1823), ex-governor of Iowa, at Fort Dodge, Iowa, May 20.
- Cattell, Rev. William C., D. D. LL. D. (1827), for twenty years president of Lafayette college, at Philadelphia, Feb. 11.
- Capron, Capt. Allyn, of the 1st artillery, U. S. A., at Fort Myer, Va., Sept. 12.
- Carpenter, Cyrus C. (1823), ex-governor of Iowa, May 29.
- Chadwick, Capt. W. A., company D, 3d Illinois regiment, at Chattanooga, Tenn., Oct. 26.
- Chase, Champion S., noted Nebraska politician, at Omaha, Nov. 3.
- Claypool, Solomon (1830), noted Indiana lawyer, March 18.
- Cline, W. H. (1837), chief engineer, U. S. N. (retired), at New York, Oct. 7.
- Cochrane, Gen. John (1813), well-known soldier and vice-presidential candidate on the independent republican ticket in 1864, at New York, Feb. 7.
- Compton, Barnes (1830), ex-congressman, at Laurel, Md., Dec. 2.
- Conger, Omar D. (1818), ex-United States senator from Michigan, at Ocean City, Md., July 11.
- Cooley, Judge Thomas M. (1824), eminent jurist and constitutional lawyer, at Ann Arbor, Mich., Sept. 12.
- Couldock, Charles W. (1815), veteran actor, at New York, Nov. 27.
- Cramer, M. J. (1835), ex-minister to Denmark and to Switzerland, at Carlisle, Pa., Jan. 25.
- Craven, Charles H., lieutenant-commander, U. S. N. (retired), at Washington, March 1.
- Crofton, Col. R. E. A. (1834), U. S. A. (retired), former commandant at Fort Sheridan, at Washington, June 22.
- Davenport, Fanny (1850), celebrated actress, at Duxbury, Mass., Sept. 26.
- Davidson, Charles L. (1846), of the Iowa railway commission, at Hull, Iowa, March 14.
- Davis, Miss Winnie (1864), daughter of Jefferson Davis and popularly known in the south as "the daughter of the confederacy," at Narragansett Pier, R. I., Sept. 18.
- Day, Judge James G. (1835), ex-chief justice of the Supreme court of Iowa, at Des Moines, May 1.
- Demoreat, Miss Ellen L. (1824), noted for her temperance work in connection with the W. C. T. U., at New York, Aug. 11.
- Depuy, Gen. John J., prominent confederate soldier of the civil war, at Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 29.
- Dorsey, Henry L. C. (1823), known in New England as the "prisoners' friend," at Pawtucket, R. I., June 7.
- Doxey, Charles P., capitalist and ex-federal soldier, at Anderson, Ind., April 20.
- Duncan, Rev. Samuel W. (1838), prominent baptist clergyman, at Boston, Oct. 31.

- Dyson, Judge Thomas A., judge of the 6th judicial district of Wisconsin, at La Crosse, April 29.
- Eaton, William W., ex-United States senator, at Hartford, Conn., Sept. 18.
- Elmer, Commander Horace D. (1847), who had been assigned to the command of the "mosquito" fleet, at Brooklyn, April 26.
- Fay, Theodore S. (1807), an American diplomat and author, at Berlin, Germany, Nov. 24.
- Fay, Prof. William W. (1832), of the United States naval academy, April 23.
- Febiger, Admiral John C. U. S. N. (1820), (retired), at Easton, Md., Oct. 10.
- Flad, Col. Henry (1823), prominent engineer and chief constructor of the St. Louis bridge, at Pittsburg, Pa., June 20.
- Forbes, John M. (1812), president of the board of directors of the C. & Q. Ry., at Milton, Mass., Oct. 12.
- Force, Maj. Albert G., U. S. A., major 1st cavalry, killed at Santiago, July 1.
- Foster, Judge William, a well-known Honolulu jurist, at San Francisco, Nov. 28.
- Fox, Rev. Jabez, well known throughout the west as an anti-slavery agitator, at Washington, Oct. 3.
- Franklin, B. J., ex-governor of Arizona, at Phoenix, May 19.
- Frederic, Harold (1856), distinguished American author and journalist, at London, Oct. 19.
- Eridley, E. F. a remarkable character in northern Illinois, at Aurora, Ill., May 20.
- Gage, Mrs. Matilda Joselyn (1826), noted woman-suffrage advocate, March 18.
- Galloway, Col. J. T. (1843), journalist, at Memphis, Feb. 28.
- Garcia, Gen. Calisto (1839), distinguished Cuban warrior, leader and patriot, at Washington, D. C., Dec. 11.
- Gardner, John L. (1839), widely known railroad man, at Boston, Dec. 10.
- Gates, L. S., state dairy commissioner of Iowa, at Omaha, Oct. 11.
- Goddard, J. O. (1844), member of the state board of agriculture, at Galesburg, Ill., July 10.
- Goldschmidt, Julius (1847), United States consul-general at Berlin, in that city, Nov. 2.
- Graham, William C. (1808), millionaire, at Keokuk, Iowa, Nov. 28.
- Gregory, John M. (1822), for many years president of the University of Illinois, at Washington, Oct. 20.
- Gridley, Capt. Charles V. (1845), commander of the United States cruiser Olympia in the battle at Manila, at Kobe, Japan, June 5.
- Gross, William H. (1837), Roman catholic archbishop of Oregon, at Baltimore, Md., Nov. 14.
- Grottkau, Paul (1846), noted socialist leader, at Milwaukee, June 3.
- Hackett, Charles W. (1859), chairman of the republican state executive committee, in Florida, April 14.
- Hagle, Dios C. (1839), assistant attorney-general of Illinois, at Flora, Ill., Feb. 6.
- Hall, A. Oakey (1825), noted politician of New York, ex-mayor and prominently identified with the Tweed regime in that city, in New York, Oct. 7.
- Hall, Rev. Dr. John (1829), noted presbyterian clergyman of New York, at Belfast, Ireland, Sept. 17.
- Hamilton, Lieut.-Col. John M., U. S. A. (1839), colonel 9th cavalry, killed at Santiago, July 1.
- Handy, Moses P. (1847), well-known journalist and United States commissioner to the Paris exposition in 1900, at Augusta, Ga., Jan. 8.
- Handy, Truman P. (1807), oldest active banker in the country, at Cleveland, March 25.
- Hardin, Gen. William P. (1817), noted confederate officer, at Austin, Tex., April 8.
- Harmon, Judge George W. (1812), well-known Vermont lawyer, March 29.
- Haskell, Brig.-Gen. Joseph T., at Columbus, O., Sept. 16.
- Haviland, Miss Laura S., one of the originators and prime movers in the great underground-railroad scheme for freeing slaves, at Grand Rapids, Mich., April 20.
- Hawn, F. (1808), one of the incorporators of the city of Leavenworth, Kas., in that city, Feb. 1.
- Haxtum, Capt. Milton, U. S. N. (1837), retired, May 26.
- Heald, Commander Eugene D. T., U. S. N., at Annapolis, Md., March 27.
- Heege, Gus J. (1822), an actor known the country over as "Yon Yonson," at Cleveland, Feb. 2.
- Hilhes, Thomas H., ex-chief justice of Kentucky and prominent in state politics, at Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 25.
- Horr, Sherman (1869), ex-member of congress, at Concord, Mass., Oct. 7.
- Howard, Blanche Willis, distinguished American authoress, the widow of Dr. Von Peuffel, at Munich, Bavaria, Oct. 7.
- Hyde, William (1836), veteran newspaper man and politician, at St. Louis, Oct. 30.
- Inglis, Samuel M. (1828), Illinois state superintendent of public instruction, at Kenosha, Wis., June 1.
- Jackson, Gen. Henry R., a colonel in the Mexican war, a general in the confederate army, minister to Austria under President Buchanan and to Mexico under Cleveland, at Savannah, Ga., May 23.
- Jewett, Hugh J. (1817), ex-congressman and railroad financier, March 6.
- Johnson, Prof. J. W., ex-president of University of Oregon, Sept. 15.
- Johnson, Richard M. (1822), famous novelist and lecturer, at Baltimore, Sept. 23.
- Jones, Prof. Hiram A. (1831), educator, at Appleton, Wis., April 11.
- Keely, John W. (1837), inventor of the motor bearing his name, at Philadelphia, Nov. 18.
- Keene, Thomas W. (1840), noted tragedian, at New York, June 1.
- Kirkland, Rear-Admiral William A. (1835), U. S. N. (retired), at San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 12.
- Knowles, the Rev. Dr. J. H. (1830), late secretary of the American Sabbath union, Feb. 19.
- Lathrop, George P. (1851), author and literary man, at New York, April 19.
- Lintner, Prof. J. A. (1822), state geologist of New York, at Rome, Italy, May 6.
- Ludlow, Gen. Benjamin (1831), distinguished soldier in the civil war, at Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 10.
- Lyman, A. W., (1848), well-known journalist, at New York, Oct. 3.
- Lynch, Thomas (1844), ex-congressman, at Antigo, Wis., May 4.

- Marcou, Prof. Jules (1824), noted geologist, at Cambridge, Mass., April 19.  
 Mason, Brig.-Gen. Edwin C. (1818), U. S. A. (retired), at St. Paul, April 30.  
 Mather, Margaret (1862), noted actress, at Charleston, W. Va., April 7.  
 Matthews, Claude (1845), ex-governor of Indiana, Aug. 23.  
 McClellan, Charles A. O. (1835), ex-member of congress, at La Grange, Ind., Feb. 1.  
 McConnell, Gen. John (1824), a distinguished federal soldier in the last war, March 14.  
 McGovern, the Rev. Thomas, Roman catholic bishop of the Harrisburg (Pa.) diocese, July 25.  
 McKean, Thomas (1842), a Philadelphia philanthropist, March 18.  
 McLane, Robert M. (1815), American diplomat, at Paris, France, April 16.  
 Merrill, W. P. (1816), capitalist, at Milwaukee, July 25.  
 Miller, John D. (1840), jurist, at Greensburg, Ind., March 18.  
 Monroe, Prof. James, of Oberlin college and ex-congressman, July 6.  
 Morrill, Prof. Park, chief of the forecast division of the weather bureau, at Washington, Aug. 7.  
 Morse, Elijah A. (1841), ex-congressman, at Canton, Mass., June 7.  
 Moses, ex-Judge John (1825), lawyer and author of a history of Illinois and one of this city, at Chicago, July 3.  
 Mutchmore, Rev. Samuel (1829), one of the most eminent presbyterian clergymen in the country, at Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 30.  
 Nutting, the Rev. Rufus (1822), one of the most prominent educators in Illinois, at Carlinville, Ill., July 25.  
 O'Hare, the Rev. James F., vicar-general of the Rochester (N. Y.) diocese of the Roman catholic church, at Rochester, Aug. 5.  
 O'Neill, John J. (1846), ex-member of congress, at St. Louis, Feb. 19.  
 Osborne, George L. (1830), educator, at Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 17.  
 Osborne, Thomas A. (1836), ex-governor of Kansas, at Mendville, Pa., Feb. 4.  
 Packard, Silas (1833), well-known educator, at New York, Oct. 27.  
 Pepper, Dr. William, a distinguished physician, at Pleasanton, Cal., July 23.  
 Perry, William S. (1832), protestant episcopal bishop of Iowa, at Dubuque, Iowa, May 12.  
 Pillsbury, George A. (1816), a pioneer in Minnesota and prominent business man of Minneapolis, at that city, July 17.  
 Pillsbury, Parker (1809), noted anti-slavery reformer, at Concord, N. H., July 7.  
 Plisted, Harris M. (1828), ex-governor of Maine, at Bangor, Jan. 31.  
 Poland, Brig.-Gen. J. S. (1836), a veteran of the civil war and commander of the 2d division of Gen. Brooke's army, at Asheville, N. C., Aug. 8.  
 Purvis, Robert (1816), last survivor of the organizers of the American Anti-Slavery society, which met in 1833, at Philadelphia, April 15.  
 Putnord, Rt.-Rev. Charles T. (1834), P. E. bishop of Tennessee, at Meridian, Ga., Feb. 15.  
 Tains, Gen. George W. (1817) distinguished federal soldier, at Newburg, N. Y., March 21.  
 Temyenyl, Edouard (1830), celebrated Hungarian violinist, at San Francisco, Cal., May 15.  
 Roberts, Gen. Joseph (1814), a federal veteran of the civil war, at Philadelphia, Oct. 20.  
 Robertson, William H. (1823), one of the noted politicians of New York, at Katonah, N. Y., Dec. 5.  
 Rogers, William A. (1832), astronomer, at Waterville, Me., March 1.  
 Rosecrans, Maj.-Gen. W. S. (1819), a noted soldier in the war of the rebellion, near Los Angeles, Cal., March 11.  
 Scanlan, William J. (1856), actor, at White Plains, N. Y., Feb. 13.  
 Schaeffer, Charles A. (1845), president of the University of Iowa, at Iowa City, Sept. 23.  
 Scott, John M. (1823), ex-justice of the Supreme court of Illinois, at Bloomington, Jan. 21.  
 Seidl, Anton (1850), noted musical director, at New York, March 23.  
 Senter, Dewitt C., ex-governor of Tennessee, at Morristown, June 15.  
 Sheldon, Charles H. (1841), ex-governor of South Dakota, at Deadwood, S. D., Oct. 20.  
 Simpkins, John (1862), member of congress from the 13th district of Massachusetts, at Washington, March 26.  
 Singlerly, William M. (1832), noted journalist and editor of the Philadelphia Times, at Philadelphia, Feb. 27.  
 Smith, Gen. Geo. C. (1829), a veteran of the civil war, at St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 2.  
 Smith, Joseph P. (1856), director of the bureau of American republics, at Miami, Fla., Feb. 15.  
 Smith, Richard (1823), widely known journalist, at Cincinnati, April 22.  
 Sturdy, Lieutenant-Commander Edward W., U. S. N. (1847), on board the Pompey, June 6.  
 Stanton, Henry T., a Kentucky poet, May 9.  
 Sutro, Adolph (1830), noted philanthropist, millionaire and ex-mayor of San Francisco, at that city, Aug. 8.  
 Tallafarro, W. B. (1823), a veteran of the Mexican war and a major-general in the confederate service, near Richmond, Va., Feb. 27.  
 Thompson, Thomas L. (1838), politician and diplomat, at Santa Rosa, Cal., Feb. 1.  
 Tyng, Rev. Dr. Stephen R. (1829), formerly distinguished clergyman of New York, at Paris, Nov. 17.  
 Tome, Jacob (1810), philanthropist, at Port Deposit, Md., March 16.  
 Treacott, William H., well-known American diplomat, at Pennington, S. C., May 2.  
 Trotter, Newbold H. (1828), celebrated animal painter, at Atlantic City, N. J., Feb. 21.  
 Vanderburgh, Judge Charles E. (1830), ex-chief justice of the Supreme court of Minnesota, March 3.  
 Van Horne, Col. J. J., colonel of the 8th Infantry, U. S. A., at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo., Aug. 30.  
 Veazey, Wheelock G. (1835), ex-member of the interstate commerce commission, at Washington, March 22.  
 Vivo, Diego de (1822), one of the best known impresarios in the country, at New York, Aug. 11.  
 Walte, Horace F. (1818), well-known lawyer, at Chicago, April 30.

Warren, Nathan B. (1815), musical composer and author, at Troy, N. Y., Aug. 28.  
 Walcutt, Gen. C. C. (1838), major-general in volunteer army, at Omaha, May 2.  
 Walthall, Edward O. (1831), United States senator from Mississippi, at Washington, April 21.  
 Waring, Col. George E. (1833), soldier, author and engineer, at New York, Oct. 29.  
 Wayland, the Rev. Dr. H. L. (1830), one of the best-known clergymen of the baptist denomination, at Philadelphia, Nov. 7.  
 Webster, Col. Amos (1836), a member of Gen. Grant's staff in the operations about Richmond, at Washington, Nov. 3.  
 Wells, David A. (1823), celebrated writer on economic questions, at Norwich, Conn., Nov. 5.  
 West, Gen. Joseph R. (1822), veteran of the Mexican and civil wars and ex-United States senator, at Washington, Oct. 31.  
 Weston, I. M., a well-known democratic politician of Michigan, in New York, Dec. 10.

Wickersham, Dudley (1810), a veteran of the Mexican and civil wars, at Springfield, Ill., Aug. 8.  
 Wilcott, Col. Charles A., U. S. A. (1837), colonel of 22d infantry, killed at Santiago, July 1.  
 Williams, Gen. John S. (1820), ex-United States senator and a veteran of the Mexican and civil wars, at Mount Sterling, Ky., July 17.  
 Wilson, Judge Robert (1813), jurist and veteran of the Black Hawk war, at Dodgeville, Wis., Nov. 16.  
 Wingfield, the Rev. J. H. D. (1833), protestant episcopal bishop of northern California, at Benicia, Cal., July 27.  
 Walcott, James L. (1842), ex-chancellor of Delaware, March 31.  
 Woodruff, Wilford (1807), president of the mormon church, at San Francisco, Sept. 2.  
 Worthington, Roland (1817), distinguished journalist, at Boston, March 20.  
 Wright, Charles B., banker and railroad official, at Philadelphia, March 24.

## IN CHICAGO.

Anthony, Elliott (1837), well-known lawyer and jurist, at Evanston, Feb. 24.  
 Asay, Edward G. (1825), noted criminal lawyer, at Chicago, Nov. 24.  
 Ayer, John M. (1847), well known in the iron trade, at Chicago, May 12.  
 Bailey, Michael B., politician and ex-alderman, at Chicago, Oct. 10.  
 Beldler, Jacob (1815), pioneer lumber merchant, at Chicago, March 15.  
 Bisbee, Louis N. (1839), lawyer and politician, at Chicago, May 9.  
 Bonfield, John (1836), veteran police officer, at Chicago, Oct. 19.  
 Boone, Daniel L. (1834), well known in insurance and real-estate circles, at Chicago, March 11.  
 Booth, Judge Henry (1818), ex-judge of the Circuit court of Cook county, at Minden, Neb., April 23.  
 Bottum, Elisha S. (1858), ex-assistant state's attorney, at Chicago, March 15.  
 Brookes, Joshua, a resident of Chicago since 1833, July 26.  
 Candee, Col. G. W. (1836), assistant paymaster-general, U. S. A., at Chicago, June 10.  
 Carqueville, Edward (1841), noted lithographer, at Chicago, March 22.  
 Church, Rev. Leroy (1813), widely known baptist clergyman and journalist, at Chicago, Jan. 25.  
 Clark, William E., M. D. (1819), old-time physician, at Chicago, March 22.  
 Cleland, John (1830), one of the crew of the Monitor in the battle with the Merrimac in Hampton Roads, at Chicago, Nov. 27.  
 Cregier, Dewitt C. (1829), ex-mayor of Chicago, at Chicago, Nov. 9.  
 Crocker, William H. (1822), old and well-known business man, at Chicago, June 7.  
 Cook, George B. (1822), prominent business man, at Chicago, April 17.  
 DeKoven, John (1833), veteran banker and capitalist, at Chicago, April 30.  
 Dewey, David B. (1839), vice-president of the Bankers' national bank of Chicago, at Pasadena, Cal., Jan. 3.  
 Drake, Frank (1827), ex-south town assessor, at Chicago, Feb. 1.  
 Field, Benjamin F. (1822), a well-known evangelist who had resided in Chicago since 1836, in this city, July 31.

Foster, George H. (1827), a trustee of the Northwestern university, at Evanston, Ill., July 31.  
 Foster, John Jacob (1832), veteran business man, at Evanston, Ill., Feb. 10.  
 Fox, Thomas B. (1825), for many years connected with the Chicago police force, June 16.  
 Fuller, Mrs. Elizabeth (1818), old resident and philanthropist, at Chicago, Sept. 18.  
 Fuller, S. R. (1827), veteran business man, at Chicago, June 10.  
 Gage, Matilda J. (1826), noted advocate of woman suffrage, at Chicago, March 18.  
 Garrott, Dr. Erasmus (1836), distinguished physician, at Chicago, April 19.  
 Goodfellow, the Rev. William (1819), prominent clergyman of the methodist episcopal church, at Chicago, Nov. 4.  
 Goggin, James (1842), one of the judges of the Superior court of Cook county, at Chicago, March 29.  
 Grannis, W. C. D. (1825), well-known banker, at Chicago, Aug. 3.  
 Greenebaum, Joseph M. (1836), banker and merchant, at Chicago, Feb. 27.  
 Grinnell, Julius S. (1842), ex-judge of the Superior court and ex-state's attorney, at Chicago, June 8.  
 Hale, William E. (1836), well-known business man, at Chicago, Nov. 15.  
 Hammond, Charles N. (1820), one of the oldest residents of the city, at Chicago, Dec. 4.  
 Hatton, Aquilla A. (1828), one of the earliest settlers of Chicago, at New York, June 19.  
 Hayes, F. W. O. (1850), prominent attorney, at Chicago, Nov. 1.  
 Hebert, Joseph (1798), a drummer in the French army at Waterloo, at Chicago, Nov. 1.  
 Henry, George W. (1848), a capitalist of this city, at Kansas City, Nov. 1.  
 Hepburn, John W., ex-alderman and ex-assessor south town of Chicago, at San Francisco, Jan. 15.  
 High, George M. (1840), well known in social, business and religious circles, at Chicago, Nov. 27.  
 High, James L. (1844), eminent attorney, at Chicago, Oct. 3.

Hitchcock, the Rev. Dr. Luke (1813), noted Methodist episcopal clergyman, at East Orange, N. J., Nov. 12.

Houghteling, William D. (1819), a pioneer of Chicago, at Asheville, N. C., Aug. 8.

Howard, William B. (1833), old resident, at Chicago, June 10.

Hutchins, James C. (1835), veteran printer, at Chicago, Oct. 31.

Jackson, Gleason C. (1824), widely known business man, in Chicago, Nov. 24.

Jackson, John M., financial expert, at Honolulu, July 6.

Jevne, Christian (1839), well-known merchant, at Chicago, March 17.

Jones, Hiram J. (1835), superintendent of the special-assessment bureau, at Chicago, Jan. 25.

Kaempfer, Frederick (1832), well-known taxidermist, at Chicago, Feb. 10.

King, Henry W. (1828), millionaire merchant and philanthropist, at Chicago, April 13.

Law, Robert (1822), large operator in coal, at Chicago, Feb. 24.

Leopold, Samuel (1825), vessel owner, at Chicago, Feb. 26.

Lines, David J. (1828), a resident of Chicago since 1867, at Chicago, Dec. 12.

Lloyd, James (1825), one of the oldest members of the Chicago bar, at Chicago, Feb. 9.

May, Horatio N. (1841), well known in business and official circles in Chicago, at Badnaheim, Germany, Sept. 29.

McGreggor, William (1826), a resident of the city since 1867 and well-known business man, at Chicago, Oct. 31.

Mitchell, Dr. J. S. (1839), president of the Chicago Homoeopathic Medical college, at Chicago, Nov. 4.

Morgan, James (1827), a pioneer of this city, at Chicago, Nov. 26.

Morton, Oliver T. (1860), clerk United States Court of Appeals, at Chicago, Oct. 12.

Nelson, Peter, a resident of this city since 1849, at Chicago, Jan. 24.

Ogden, Dr. Milton D. (1842), well-known physician, at Chicago, May 9.

Otis, Charles D. (1839), well-known merchant, at Chicago, May 9.

Paoli, Dr. Gerhard C., one of the oldest physicians in the city, at Chicago, Jan. 27.

Phillips, John F. (1837), treasurer of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad, at Chicago, Oct. 31.

Reed, Mrs. M. K., well known in temperance circles, at Chicago, April 15.

Rice, William H. (1825), ex-city treasurer of Chicago, at Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 10.

Robinson, Mrs. Margaret (1833), (Miss Beaubien; her brother Alexander was the first male white child born in Chicago), in this city, July 14.

Russell, Samuel I., ex-alderman and supervisor, at Chicago, May 21.

## IN FOREIGN

Allman, Prof. George J. (1812), celebrated English biologist, at Cork, Nov. 27.

Alvary, Max, well-known opera singer, at Tabarz, Thuringia, Nov. 8.

Arnott, Sir John (1817), proprietor of the Irish Times, March 28.

Aveling, Dr. Edward B., noted English socialist, at London, Aug. 5.

Baden-Powell, George S. (1847), an eminent British political economist and statesman, at London, Nov. 18.

Rutter, Charles (1842), prominent physician, at Chicago, Oct. 24.

Schaack, Michael J. (1843), a famous police inspector and officer, at Chicago, May 18.

Schmidt, K. G. (1833), ex-alderman and ex-county commissioner, at Chicago, Dec. 10.

Schwab, Michael (1853), one of the anarchists convicted of inciting the Haymarket riots, at Chicago, June 29.

Seeley, Dr. Thaddeus P. (1831), well-known physician, at Chicago, May 16.

Simmons, Charles E. (1845), ex-land commissioner of the Chicago & Northwestern railway, at Oak Park, Ill., Aug. 9.

Simon, Leopold (1831), well known in mercantile circles, at Chicago, March 23.

Sherman, Mrs. John R., a well-known actress, at Chicago, Nov. 12.

Showalter, Judge John W. (1844), judge of the United States Circuit court, 7th judicial district, at Chicago, Dec. 10.

Skeer, Dr. John D. (1825), a veteran physician, at Chicago, March 7.

Smith, Carl (1869), of the editorial staff of The Chicago Record, drowned near Lake St. John, Canada, Sept. 9.

Smith, Sidney (1829), prominent lawyer, jurist and politician, at Chicago, Oct. 6.

Staples, John N. (1809), a resident of Chicago since 1863, in this city, April 23.

Stickney, William H. (1809), oldest member of the Illinois bar, at Chicago, Feb. 14.

Straus, Frederick W. (1832), banker, at Chicago, Feb. 9.

Summers, Charles H. (1837), chief electrician at Chicago of the Western Union Telegraph company, at San Francisco, Nov. 1.

Tilley, Dr. Robert (1860), noted oculist, at Chicago, June 2.

Underwood, Benjamin W. (1841), an old resident and business man, at Chicago, Oct. 28.

Uptike, Mrs. L. P., a resident of this city since 1826, at Chicago, Dec. 10.

Wampold, Louis (1833), picnic merchant, at Chicago, Feb. 3.

Wilder, Nathaniel P. (1826), a veteran merchant, at Chicago, March 9.

Willard, Miss Frances E. (1839), president of the W. C. T. U., at New York, Feb. 18.

Willits, George S. (1857), lawyer and politician, at San Juan, P. R., Nov. 26.

Wilson, James D. (1846), a resident of this city since 1849, Nov. 23.

Winston, Dudley (1866), president of the civil-service commission of Chicago, on board a New York Central train between Rochester and Albany, April 11.

Woodman, Charles W. (1844), ex-congressman, at Elgin asylum, March 18.

Yoe, Peter L. (1815), pioneer and old-time banker, at Chicago, April 1.

Zels, J. H. (1851), principal of Kershaw school, at Lake Geneva, Wis., Nov. 24.

## COUNTRIES.

Ball, John T. (1815), ex-lord chancellor of Ireland, March 17.

Barrios, Jose M. Reina (1850), president of the republic of Guatemala, assassinated Feb. 9.

Bas, Hamar A., member of the British parliament and a noted brewer, at London, April 8.

Beardsley, Aubrey (1874), British artist and draughtsman, at Mentone, March 17.

- Bessemer, Sir Henry (1813), noted inventor, at London, March 15.
- Bismarck, Prince Otto Leopold (1815), ex-chancellor of the German empire and one of the greatest statesmen of modern times, at Friedrichsruh, July 30.
- Black, William (1841), popular British novelist, Dec. 10.
- Brin, Sig. Benedetto (1833), Minister of marine in several Italian cabinets, May 24.
- Burne-Jones, Sir Edward C. (1833), famous English artist, at London, June 17.
- Calrd, Prof. John (1820), celebrated English theologian, at London, July 30.
- Calderon, Philip H. (1833), English painter, at London, May 1.
- Carlingford, Baron (1823), ex-member of the British cabinet, Jan. 31.
- Cavalatte, Felici C., Italian poet and dramatist, killed in a duel at Rome, March 6.
- Champlain, Sir Joseph (1840), one of the noted Canadian statesmen, at Montreal, June 13.
- Chavannes, Pierre Puvis de (1824), noted French artist, at Paris, Oct. 25.
- Clarke, Mrs. Mary Cowden (1809), noted as the author of "The Complete Concordance to Shakespeare," at Genoa, Italy, Jan. 12.
- Clary, James V. (1828), archbishop Roman catholic diocese of Kingston, Ont., Feb. 24.
- Creepo, Joaquin (1844), ex-president of Venezuela, killed in battle with the revolutionary forces, April 15.
- Dodgson, Rev. Charles L. (1832), author of "Alice in Wonderland," at Guilford, England, Jan. 14.
- Ebers, Georg M. (1837), noted German author and Egyptologist, Aug. 7.
- Elizabeth, empress of Austria (1837), assassinated at Geneva, Switzerland, by Lucheni, an Italian, Sept. 10.
- Fabre, Ferdinand (1830), the French novelist, at Paris, Feb. 11.
- Findlay John R. (1834), proprietor of the leading newspaper in Scotland, the Scotsman, at Abertour, Scotland, Oct. 23.
- Fraser, Sir William A. (1826), noted British author, Aug. 18.
- French, Samuel (1818), publisher, at London, April 10.
- Gaullier, Henry, celebrated Swiss author, in New York, Nov. 21.
- Geikle, Rev. Dr. Cunningham (1824), noted religious commentator and historian, at London, Oct. 6.
- Gilbert, Sir John Thomas (1829), historian of Ireland, at London, May 22.
- Gladstone, William E. (1809), England's greatest parliamentary leader and one of the ablest men of modern times, at Hawarden, May 19.
- Goodenough, Lieut.-Gen. Sir William H. (1833), commander of the British forces in South Africa, near Cape Town, Oct. 24.
- Grey, Rt.-Hon. Sir George (1812), distinguished English soldier, at London, Sept. 18.
- Havelock-Allen, Sir Henry (1830), distinguished British soldier, killed at Khyber pass, India, Jan. 6.
- Herz, Dr. Cornelius, who acquired notoriety from the Panama canal scandal, at Bournemouth, July 6.
- Howard, Henry (1837), earl of Effingham, at London, May 4.
- Kalnoky de Koros-Patka, Count Gustav Siegmund (1832), ex-minister of foreign affairs in the Austro-Hungarian cabinet, at Brunn, Feb. 13.
- Koon, Prince Tai Wan, father of the emperor of Korea, Feb. 22.
- Laird, John, noted shipbuilder, at Liverpool, Jan. 25.
- Liddell, Rev. George H. (1811), dean of Oxford, Jan. 19.
- Lienmayer, Alexander von (1839), German historical painter, Feb. 19.
- Linton, Mrs. E. Lynn, English novelist and essayist, at London, July 15.
- Louise, queen of Denmark (1817), at Copenhagen, Sept. 29.
- Lysons, Gen. Sir Daniel (1816), noted British officer, at London, Jan. 30.
- Mackay, Eric (1851), English author, at London, June 1.
- Madrazo, Don Federico (1815), distinguished Spanish painter, Aug. 20.
- Malletoa, Lagupepa, king of Samoa, Aug. 22.
- Mansfield, William David Murray, earl of (1806), formerly lord of the British treasury, at London, Aug. 2.
- Marke, Henry S. (1829), British painter, at London, Jan. 19.
- Masie, Admiral Thomas L. (1802), known as "the father of the British navy," at London, July 20.
- McColl, Evan (1808), Scottish-Canadian poet, at Toronto, Canada, July 24.
- Middleton, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Frederick D. (1825), keeper of the crown jewels, at London, Jan. 25.
- Millarme, Stephan, French essayist and poet, Sept. 9.
- Mills, Charles Henry (1830), Lord Hillington, noted banker, at Wilton, England, April 3.
- Muller, George (1806), great philanthropist, at Bristol, England, March 10.
- Nicolini, Ernest (1834), noted singer and the husband of Adelina Patti, at Pau, France, Jan. 18.
- Ordn, Arthur (1830), who achieved a world-wide notoriety as the "Tichborne claimant" in 1872, at London, March 31.
- Outray, Maxime (1822), French diplomat, April 29.
- Palido, Lucio (1824), Venezuelan statesman, Feb. 2.
- Parnell, Mrs. Della (1816), mother of the Irish leader, Charles Stewart Parnell, at Ascendale, Ireland, March 26.
- Parn, James (1809), noted English novelist, at London, March 25.
- Pesut, Dr. Jules E. (1809), eminent French surgeon, at Paris, Jan. 30.
- Playfair, Baron Lyon (1818), distinguished English chemist and political economist, at London, May 29.
- Plimsoll, Samuel (1834), known in England as the "sailors' friend," at London, June 2.
- Popoff, Admiral, aid-de-camp to the czar, at St. Petersburg, March 19.
- Potter, Thomas R. (1817), founder of the famous Cobden (free trade) club, at London, Nov. 6.
- Praskowitz, Chevalier Maximilian von, consul of the Austro-Hungarian empire at Chicago, killed by the cars at Fort Wayne, Ind., Sept. 18.
- Riebelbourg, Jules (1823), well-known French novelist, at Bengival, Jan. 25.
- Quain, Sir Richard (1816), physician extraordinary to the queen, at London, March 13.
- Roberts, Robert, celebrated English writer on religious subjects, at San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 22.

trafford, earl of (1834), formerly lord in waiting to the queen, at London, March 28.  
 Maille, Paul F. (1827), veteran French actor, at Paris, Jan. 25.  
 Schenck, Prof. Ernst L. (1818), entomologist, Jan. 20.  
 Cherniaeff, Gen. Most (1820), noted Russian officer, Aug. 17.  
 Senusson, Frederick, eldest brother of the late poet laureate, at London, Feb. 26.  
 Opelius, Zacharie (1818), Swedish poet and historian, March 12.

Villiers, Rt.-Hon. Charles P. (1802), "father of the house of commons," at London, Jan. 16.  
 Wachenhusen, Hans (1827), the Prussian novelist, at Marburg, Prussia, March 22.  
 Walpole, Rt.-Hon. Spencer H. (1807), British statesman, May 23.  
 Walsh, John, Roman catholic archbishop of Toronto, Canada, in that city, July 21.  
 Yeatman, Higgs, Maj.-Gen. G. (1843), a British soldier, in India, Jan. 4.  
 Zeller, Dr. Carl, German musical composer, Aug. 18.

## BANK CLEARINGS.

At 91 cities of the United States and Canada for eleven months of the years 1895-96, inclusive, as reported by "Bradstreet's."

CLEARING HOUSES.				CLEARING HOUSES.			
1898.	1897.	1896.		1898.	1897.	1896.	
Boston.....	\$498,308,081	\$4,627,000,477	\$4,080,831,022	St. Louis.....	\$134,606,332	1,234,097,966	1,045,097,961
Providence.....	230,020,140	24,670,000	232,300,300	Kansas City.....	595,701,005	492,917,104	458,751,885
San Francisco.....	113,563,000	11,815,000	109,102,027	Fort Worth.....	78,777,455	65,490,514	59,287,988
New Haven.....	70,207,204	7,210,000	70,194,679	St. Joseph.....	114,443,822	60,751,790	56,108,008
Yorchester.....	71,088,974	6,900,071	64,536,819	Topeka.....	22,435,419	24,421,189	18,775,214
Portland.....	68,446,240	6,700,000	61,800,000	Wichita.....	30,736,125	18,691,620	14,482,581
Portland.....	67,148,531	6,250,000	60,686,884	Little Rock.....	.....	.....	73,868,722
St. Louis.....	55,855,088	5,600,000	58,000,000	Houston.....	275,912,966	248,167,686	219,617,145
St. Paul.....	32,405,000	3,200,000	28,000,000	Galveston.....	321,148,500	251,327,000	229,856,151
New Bedford.....	25,501,923	2,500,000	21,750,000				
Tot. N. Eng.....	5,391,893,518	5,345,456,577	4,767,117,876	Tot. S'w'n.....	2,067,736,516	1,896,368,122	1,632,417,055
New York.....	7,719,424,872	7,826,645,101	7,221,433,564	Baltimore.....	841,567,575	719,013,801	650,831,381
Philadelphia.....	3,281,778,581	3,286,680,000	2,801,111,174	New Orleans.....	382,430,361	356,335,918	314,306,636
St. Louis.....	881,910,193	741,000,000	685,526,805	Savannah.....	114,704,318	113,667,171	111,731,071
Buffalo.....	156,106,334	19,214,401	20,415,017	Richmond.....	120,381,723	104,654,639	92,900,295
San Francisco.....	82,910,546	7,280,000	71,571,681	Memphis.....	97,855,575	85,614,974	80,667,006
Yorchester.....	52,300,000	4,500,000	45,515,711	Washington.....	92,732,140	88,750,321	82,791,254
Scranton, Pa.....	42,501,553	3,800,000	42,295,405	Albany.....	64,148,357	60,751,790	61,519,484
Washington.....	31,820,000	3,210,000	38,251,221	Norfolk.....	45,417,450	42,123,194	43,657,141
Binghamton.....	16,454,440	1,500,000	15,047,700	Nashville.....	53,085,296	49,214,809	48,173,887
Tot. Middle.....	4,910,525,563	5,000,000,470	4,332,553,571	Augusta.....	34,807,341	37,415,866	.....
Indianapolis.....	585,400,700	5,700,000	531,859,750	Knoxville.....	24,420,711	21,087,406	.....
Pittsburgh.....	315,900,000	27,671,000	272,670,408	Birmingham.....	21,316,000	18,708,153	18,748,625
Cleveland.....	334,348,865	28,970,000	274,700,000	Jacksonville.....	10,181,904	9,838,551	12,000,000
Cincinnati.....	316,133,012	25,970,000	257,068,768	Chattanooga.....	16,107,358	18,049,702	11,160,400
Indianapolis.....	247,141,402	21,350,000	186,750,000	Macon.....	24,383,000	.....	.....
Columbus.....	180,000,000	17,217,000	159,900,000				
Cincinnati.....	85,708,476	7,444,000	.....	Tot. So'th'n.....	1,919,180,828	1,721,027,425	1,650,278,900
Dayton.....	55,881,150	5,600,000	.....	San Francisco.....	740,984,011	660,125,688	621,500,000
Grand Rapids.....	48,497,825	5,600,000	55,734,328	Denver.....	137,098,158	118,214,876	110,200,435
Lexington.....	18,673,700	1,600,000	15,801,845	Salt Lake City.....	71,287,886	69,959,597	60,030,850
Kalamazoo.....	14,673,200	1,280,000	12,656,385	Portland.....	84,833,104	64,650,465	56,054,145
Arton.....	11,662,000	1,200,000	11,359,928	Los Angeles.....	68,345,680	56,000,115	51,221,259
Day City.....	9,703,000	9,127,153	11,880,157	Seattle.....	62,423,479	51,318,349	50,668,357
Springfield, O.....	9,040,000	7,646,440	8,062,479	Tacoma.....	30,916,740	25,225,025	24,246,749
Antonia, O.....	9,625,621	8,010,000	8,038,388	Spokane.....	39,629,258	29,629,074	22,186,440
Yonkersville.....	12,536,053	.....	.....	Helena.....	.....	.....	.....
Yonkersville.....	12,536,053	.....	.....				
Tot. Western.....	2,248,818,057	2,000,000,000	1,783,981,392	Tot. Far-W'n.....	1,351,580,238	1,070,500,736	972,027,100
Chicago.....	4,906,874,400	4,980,000,000	4,019,322,897	Grand total.....	6,351,976,356	5,102,280,667	4,636,101,004
Minneapolis.....	410,405,702	30,700,000	351,355,159	United States.....	6,351,976,356	5,102,280,667	4,636,101,004
Milwaukee.....	237,387,844	25,741,000	212,900,292				
St. Paul.....	197,921,007	17,600,000	208,331,006				
Omaha.....	288,410,568	21,442,000	153,765,013				
Des Moines.....	77,305,674	7,500,000	78,775,125				
Sioux City.....	55,400,000	5,500,000	44,314,022				
Des Moines.....	37,494,295	2,800,000	22,763,870				
Dayton.....	34,107,077	2,800,000	.....				
Lincoln.....	16,176,150	1,500,000	13,801,000				
Rockford, Ill.....	10,182,254	910,000	9,645,013				
Fargo, N. D.....	12,755,051	7,323,000	8,232,379				
Sioux Falls.....	5,142,507	3,910,000	3,926,788				
Freemont, Neb.....	5,000,000	5,000,000	2,807,739				
Hastings, Neb.....	5,161,355	4,000,000	3,312,346				
Tot. S'w'n.....	6,330,034,654	5,220,000,000	4,715,025,015				

\*Not included in totals because comparisons are incomplete for last year.

†Not included in totals because comparisons are incomplete for last year.

## Sporting Records.

[Corrected to Dec. 1, 1888.]

## Best Running Records.

- $\frac{1}{4}$  mile—0:21 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Bob Wade, 4yrs, Butte, Mont., Aug. 20, 1880.  
 $\frac{2}{5}$  furlongs—0:31 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Best Boy, 2yrs, Clifton, N. J., March 12, 1880.  
 $\frac{3}{8}$  mile—0:34, Fashion, 4yrs, Lampas, Texas, Aug. 15, 1881; 0:34, Red S A, 121lbs, Butte, Mont., July 22, 1882.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—0:46, Geraldine, 4yrs, 122lbs, straight course, Morris Park, Aug. 30, 1889; 0:47, April Fool, 4yrs, 122lbs, Butte, Mont., July 31, 1891.  
 $\frac{4}{5}$  furlongs—0:53, Meadows, 6yrs, 103lbs, Alexander Island, Va., March 28, 1885; 0:52, Handpress, 2yrs, 100lbs, Morris Park, straight course, May 26, 1887.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  furlongs—0:53 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Maid Marian, 4yrs, 111lbs, Morris Park, Oct. 9, 1884.  
 $\frac{3}{4}$  furlongs—1:01, Tormentor, 5yrs, 121lbs, Morris Park, Oct. 10, 1885; 1:04 $\frac{1}{4}$ , La Tosca, 3yrs, 111lbs, Morris Park, June 4, 1891.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—1:00, Domingo, 3yrs, 128lbs, Morris Park, Sept. 20, 1886; 1:02 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Yemen, 3yrs, 105 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs, Morris Park, Oct. 1, 1887; Kingston, aged, 139 lbs, made the distance over the Futurity course (170 feet short) in 1:08, Sheephead Bay, June 22, 1891; 1:12 $\frac{1}{4}$ , O'Connell, 4yrs, 121lbs, Oakley, circular course, July 18, 1889; Flora Louise, 3yrs, 80lbs, Harlem, Sept. 30, 1887, circular track, and Mary Black, 3yrs, 45 lbs, Washington Park, July 6, 1888.  
 $\frac{3}{4}$  furlongs—1:09 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Wernberg, 4yrs, 113lbs, Sheephead Bay, Aug. 28, 1885; Irish Reel, 3yrs, 106lbs, Sheephead Bay, Aug. 31, 1885; 1:09 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Time-maker, 3yrs, 108lbs, Harlem, Aug. 24, 1887; 1:09 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Traverser, 2yrs, 102lbs, Harlem, Oct. 5, 1887.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—1:23 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Bella B., 5yrs, 103lbs, Monmouth Park, straight course, July 8, 1889; 1:25 2-3, Clifford, 127lbs, Coney Island, Aug. 29, 1889.  
 $\frac{3}{4}$  furlongs—1:33 $\frac{1}{4}$ , DeMamie Scott, 3yrs, 90lbs, Cal. Jockey Club, Oct. 15, 1886.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—1:35 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Salvator, 4yrs, 110lbs, Monmouth Park, against time, straight course, Aug. 28, 1889; 1:37 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Kildeer, 4yrs, 91lbs, Monmouth Park, straight course, Aug. 13, 1892; 1:38 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Libertine, 3yrs, 90lbs, Harlem, Oct. 24, 1891.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile and 20 yds—1:40, Maid Marian, 3yrs, 101 lbs, Washington Park, July 19, 1886; Macy, 4yrs, 106lbs, Washington Park, July 2, 1888.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile and 25 yds—1:43 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Ruperta, 3yrs, 107lbs, Latonia, Ky., June 4, 1890.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile and 50 yds—1:45, Marion C., 5yrs, 111lbs, Latonia, Ky., May 26, 1891, and Carus, aged, 102lbs, Latonia, Sept. 25, 1891.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile and 70 yds—1:49 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Lillian Lee, 3yrs, 26lbs, Harlem, July 31, 1894.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile and 100 yds—1:45, Van Buren, 3yrs, 75 lbs, Washington Park, June 15, 1891.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—1:45 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Redskin, 3yrs, 98lbs, Forsyth, Ind., July 6, 1890; 1:45 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Yo Tambien, 3yrs, 100lbs, Washington Park, July 19, 1892; Cash Day, 3yrs, 103lbs, Harlem, Sept. 1, 1894.  
 $\frac{3}{8}$  mile—1:51 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Tristan, 6yrs, 114lbs, Morris Park, June 2, 1891.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—1:53 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Bonapere, 4yrs, 110lbs, Washington Park, July 7, 1888.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—2:03 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Banquet, 3yrs, 108lbs, Monmouth, July 17, 1890, straight course; 2:04 $\frac{1}{4}$ , David Tenny, 4yrs, 100lbs, Washington Park, July 16, 1888, and Algol, 4yrs, 107lbs, Washington Park, July 23, 1890.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile and 50 yds—2:03 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Bend Or, 4yrs, 115lbs, Saratoga, July 25, 1882.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—2:14 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sir John, 4yrs, 116lbs, Morris Park, June 9, 1882.  
 $\frac{3}{8}$  mile—2:18 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sabine, 4yrs, 109lbs, Washington Park, July 5, 1894.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—2:30 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Goodrich, 3yrs, 102lbs, Washington Park, July 16, 1888.

- $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—2:48, Hindoo-craft, 3yrs, 75lbs, New York Jockey Club, Aug. 27, 1889.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—2:50 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Ben Holladay, 4yrs, 118lbs, Morris Park, N. Y., Oct. 23, 1887.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—3:20, Enigma, 4yrs, 100lbs, Sheephead Bay, Sept. 18, 1885.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—3:26 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Judge Deuny, 5yrs, 105lbs, Oakland, Cal., Feb. 12, 1888.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—3:42, Joe Murphy, 4yrs, 99lbs, Harlem, Aug. 30, 1894.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—3:44 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Monitor, 4yrs, 110lbs, Baltimore, Oct. 20, 1880.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—3:50 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Springbok, 5yrs, 114lbs, and Preakness, aged, 114lbs, at Saratoga, July 29, 1875.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—4:27 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Aristides, 4yrs, 104lbs, Lexington, Ky., May 13, 1876.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—4:38 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Leo Broeck, 4yrs, 110lbs, Lexington, Ky., Sept. 16, 1876.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—4:53 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Hubbard, 4yrs, 107lbs, Saratoga, Aug. 9, 1873.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—5:24, Drake Carter, 4yrs, 115lbs, Sheephead Bay, Sept. 6, 1881.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—7:15 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Ten Broeck, 4yrs, 104lbs, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 27, 1876 (against time); 7:10 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Followercraft, 4yrs, 108lbs, Saratoga, Aug. 20, 1874; 7:31, Lucrezia Borgia, 4yrs, 85lbs, Oakland, Cal., May 20, 1887.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—26:18, Mr. Brown, 6yrs, 100lbs, Rancocas, N. J., March 2, 1880.

## HEAT RACING.

- $\frac{1}{4}$  mile—0:21 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 0:22 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sleepy Dick, aged, Kiowa, Kas., Nov. 24, 1888.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  mile—0:47 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 0:47 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Quirt, 3yrs, 121lbs, Vallejo, Cal., Oct. 5, 1894; 0:48, 0:48, Bogus, aged, 113lbs, Helena, Mont., Aug. 22, 1888; 0:47 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 0:48, Bill Howard, 5yrs, Anconada, Mont., Aug. 18, 1886; 0:48, 0:48, 0:48, Eclipse, Jr., 4yrs, Dallas, Tex., Nov. 1, 1880.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  mile—1:00, 1:00, Kittle Pease, 4yrs, Dallas, Tex., Nov. 2, 1887; 1:00 3-5, 1:01 1-5, Fox, 4yrs, 113lbs, San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 31, 1891; 1:02 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 1:03, Susie McNairy, 3yrs, 100lb, Chicago, July 2, 1888.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  furlongs—1:09, 1:09 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 1:09, Dock Wick, 4yrs, 100lbs, St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 5, 1891.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  mile (straight course)—1:10 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 1:12 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Tom Hayes, 4yrs, 107lbs, Morris Park, June 17, 1892.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  mile—1:13 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 1:13 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Lizzie S., 5yrs, 118lbs, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 28, 1883.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  mile—1:14 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 1:14, Guido, 4yrs, 117lbs, Washington Park, Chicago, July 11, 1891; three heats, 1:43, 1:44, 1:47 $\frac{1}{4}$ , L'Argentine, 6yrs, 115lbs, St. Louis, Mo., June, 1879.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  mile—1:55 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 1:58, Slipalong, 5yrs, 115lbs, Washington Park, Chicago, Sept. 25, 1885.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  miles—1:55, 1:56, Gabriel, 4yrs, 121bs, Sheephead Bay, Sept. 3, 1880.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  miles—2:10, 2:14, Glenmore, 5yrs, 144lbs, Sheephead Bay, Sept. 25, 1880.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  miles—2:41 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 2:41, Patsy Duffy, aged, 115lbs, Sacramento, Cal., Sept. 17, 1884; 2:42 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 2:43, Bigaroon, 4yrs, Lockport, July 4, 1872.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  miles—3:23, 3:31 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Miss Woodford, 4 yrs, 107 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs, Sheephead Bay, Sept. 20, 1884.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  miles—3:37 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 3:55 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Norfolk, 4yrs, 103lbs, Sacramento, Cal., Sept. 23, 1893.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  miles—7:23 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 7:11, Ferida, 4yrs, 105lbs, Sheephead Bay, Sept. 18, 1880.

## OVER HURDLES.

- $\frac{1}{4}$  mile, 4 hurdles—1:49, Bob Thomas, 5yrs, 140lbs, Chicago, Ill., Aug. 13, 1890.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  mile heats, 4 hurdles—1:50 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 1:50 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Joe Rhodes, 3yrs, 140lbs, St. Louis, Mo., June 4, 1878.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  miles, 5 hurdles—2:02 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Winslow, 4yrs, 138lbs, Chicago, Ill., Aug. 29, 1888.



- 2 miles—In a race, 4:56 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Dexter, Long Island, Oct. 4, 1895.  
 3 miles—In a race, 7:53 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Prince, Union course, Long Island, Sept. 15, 1897.  
 5 miles—In a race, 13:16, Fillmore, San Francisco, Cal., April 18, 1893.  
 10 miles—In a race, 25:04 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Julia Aldrich, San Francisco, Cal., June 15, 1888.  
 20 miles—88:57, Controller, San Francisco, April 29, 1878.  
 30 miles—3:58.04, Spangle, Union course, Long Island, Oct. 15, 1895.  
 Fastest three consecutive heats—2:16 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 2:17, 2:17, Hopeful, Chicago, Oct. 12, 1878.

## DOUBLE TEAMS.

- 1 mile—2:12 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Belle Hamlin and Honest George, Providence, R. I., Sept. 23, 1892, 2:13, Belle Hamlin and Globe, Detroit, Mich., July 22, 1892; same team trotted a mile over the Kirkwood, Del., kite-shaped track to 2:12, July 4, 1892; the finish was four feet lower than the start, making the track down-hill all the way. 2:13, Belle Hamlin and Justin, against time, skeleton wagon, kite-shaped track, Independence, Iowa, Oct. 27, 1890; 2:15, same team, circular track, Terre Haute, Ind., Oct. 10, 1890, 2:16 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Lynn Bourbon and Bertie Girl, Toledo, O., Aug. 25, 1897, over a half-mile track.  
 1 mile—In a race, 2:15 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sallie Simmons and Roseleaf, Columbus, O., Sept. 27, 1894.

## TEAM OF FOUR HORSES.

- At Washington park, Chicago, July 4, 1896, John Stinson's team of four horses—Damiana, Bellini, Mand V. and Nutspra—trotted a mile in 2:30.

## WITH RUNNING MATE.

- 1 mile—Against time, 2:03 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Ayres P., Kirkwood, Del., July 4, 1893.  
 1 mile—In a race, 2:06 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Frank and J. O. Nay, Prospect Park, Long Island, Nov. 15, 1893.

## UNDER SADDLE.

- 1 mile—2:14 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Great Eastern, New York, N. Y., Sept. 22, 1897.  
 2 miles—4:56, George M. Patchen, Fashion course, Long Island, July 1, 1893.  
 3 miles—7:32 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Dutchman, Hoboken, N. J., Aug. 1, 1896.  
 4 miles—10:51, Dutchman, Centerville, Long Island, May —, 1896.

## Best Pacing Records.

- 1 mile—1:59 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Star Pointer, Readville, Mass., Aug. 28, 1897. In a race, 2:00 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Star Pointer, Springfield, Ill., Oct. 1, 1897. Best mile by a stallion, 1:59 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Star Pointer, Readville, Mass., Aug. 28, 1897. Best mile by a mare, 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Lena N., Cleveland, O., July 25, 1898. Best mile by a yearling colt, 2:22, Rosedale, Stockton, Cal., Nov. 14, 1893. Best mile by a yearling colt in a race, 2:33 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Ambulator, Sturgis, Mich., Sept. 28, 1893. Best mile by a yearling filly, 2:39 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Belle Acton, Lyons, Neb., Oct. 14, 1892. Best mile by a yearling filly in a race, 2:39 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Belle Acton, Topeka, Kas., Sept. 14, 1892. Best mile by a yearling gelding, 2:28 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Rollo, Independence, Iowa, Oct. 27, 1893. Best mile by 2-year-old colt, 2:37 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Directly, Galesburg, Ill., Sept. 29, 1894. Best mile by a 2-year-old colt in a race, 2:11, Synboleer, Dallas, Tex., Nov. 3, 1894. Best mile by a 2-year-old filly, 2:10 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Estabey, Lexington, Ky., Oct. 15, 1898 (race record regardless of sex), Lena Hill, Dallas, Tex., Oct. 28, 1893 (race record). Best mile by a 3-year-old colt, 2:05 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Klatawab, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 28, 1898 (race record regardless of sex). Best mile by a 3-year-old filly, 2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Miss Hita, Galesburg, Ill., Sept. 1, 1895. Best mile by a 3-year-old gelding, 2:02 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Aquator, Woodland, Cal., Aug. 27, 1896, and King of Diamonds, Lexington, Ky., Oct. 17, 1896. Best mile by a 4-year-old, 2:04, Online,

(against time), Sioux City, Iowa, Oct. 12, 1894. Best mile by a 4-year-old in a race, 2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Searchlight, Dubuque, Ia., Aug. 25, 1898, Be Sure, Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 29, 1898, and Ananias, Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 23, 1897. Best mile by a 4-year-old filly, 2:07 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Much Better, Santa Rosa, Cal., Aug. 29, 1898. Best mile by a 4-year-old gelding, 2:07, W. Wood, Stockton, Cal., Nov. 1, 1892 (kite-shaped track). Best mile by a 4-year-old gelding in a race, 2:07 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Palmyra Boy, Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 14, 1897, and King of Diamonds, St. Joseph, Mo., Aug. 28, 1897. Best mile by a 5-year-old stallion, 2:03 $\frac{1}{4}$ , John R. Gentry, Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 14, 1894 (race record). Best mile by a 5-year-old mare, 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Bessie Bonehill, as above. Best mile by a 5-year-old mare in a race, 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Bessie Bonehill, as above. Best mile by a 5-year-old gelding, 2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Annacoda, Lexington, Ky., Oct. 12, 1896. Best first heat in a race, 2:02, Star Pointer, Washington Park, 1897. Best second heat in a race, 2:01 $\frac{1}{2}$ , John R. Gentry, Glens Falls, N. Y., Sept. 10, 1896, and Joe Patchen, Columbus, O., Aug. 6, 1897. Best third heat in a race, 2:00 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Star Pointer, Springfield, Ill., Oct. 1, 1897. Best fourth heat in a race, 2:02 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Robert J., Columbus, O., Aug. 6, 1896. Best fifth heat in a race, 2:06, Frank Agan, Providence, R. I., Sept. 10, 1896. Best sixth heat in a race, 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Planet, Columbus, O., Aug. 7, 1897. Best two-heat race, 2:04 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$ , John R. Gentry, Springfield, Ill., Sept. 29, 1898. Best three consecutive heats, 2:02 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 2:03 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Star Pointer, Boston, Mass., Sept. 18, 1896. Best four-heat race, 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 2:03 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Robert J., Columbus, O., Aug. 6, 1896 (Frank Agan won first heat). Best five-heat race, 2:03 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 2:06, Frank Agan, Providence, R. I., Sept. 10, 1896 (Robert J. won first and second heats). Best six-heat race, 2:07 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Planet, Columbus, O., Aug. 7, 1897 (Allen won first and Frank Bogash second and third heats), and Annacoda, 2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$ , 2:07, 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 21, 1898 (Bumps won first and second and Directly third heats). Best mile over half-mile track, 2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Joe Patchen, Boston, Mass., Oct. 28, 1896. Best heat over half-mile track in a race, 2:08, Pearl C. Muncie, Ind., Aug. 28, 1897.  
 2 miles—4:19 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Chehalis, Salem, Ore., Oct. 7, 1897.  
 3 miles—7:33 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Joe Jefferson, Knoxville, Iowa, Nov. 6, 1891. In a race, 7:44, James K. Polk, Centerville, L. I., Sept. 13, 1897.  
 4 miles—10:10, Joe Jefferson, Knoxville, Iowa, Nov. 13, 1891. In a race, 10:34 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Longfellow, San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 31, 1891.  
 5 miles—12:54 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Lady St. Clair, San Jose, Cal., Dec. 11, 1894 (race record to wagon).

## PACING TO WAGON.

- 1 mile—2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Joe Patchen, Joliet, Ill., Oct. 20, 1897. In a race, 2:14 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Johnston, Detroit, Mich., July 21, 1897.  
 3 miles—7:53, Longfellow, Sacramento, Cal., Sept. 21, 1898.  
 5 miles—12:54 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Lady St. Clair, as above.

## TEAM PACING.

- 1 mile to wagon—2:08, Robert J. and John R. Gentry, Glens Falls, N. Y., Oct. 8, 1897.  
 1 mile to pole-cart, 2:18 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Silvertail and Daisy D., Saginaw, Mich., July 15, 1897.

## UNDER SADDLE.

- 1 mile—2:13, Johnston, Cleveland, O., Aug. 3, 1898. In a race, 2:14 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Billy Boyce, Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 1, 1898.  
 2 miles—5:04 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Bowery Boy.  
 3 miles—7:41, Onedia Chief, Hoboken, N. J., Aug. 14, 1893.

## PACING, WITH RUNNING MATE.

- 1 mile—1:58 $\frac{1}{4}$ , Flying Jib, Chillicothe, O., Oct. 4, 1894. Over half-mile track, 2:11, Silvertail.

**Champions of All Classes Named.**

Pacers are marked with \*.

**1 MILE—RACE RECORD.**

- 2:05½—Allx, b. m., by Patronage (1894).  
 2:06½—Directum, blk. s., by Direct (1894).  
 2:06½—Azote, b. g., by Whips (1895).  
 2:07½—Robert J., b. g., by Hartford (1894).  
 2:07½—Star Pointer, b. s., by Brown Hal (1897).  
 2:08½—Beasie Bonehill, g. m., by Empire Wilkes (1897).  
 2:09½—Lena N., b. m., by Sidney (1898).

**1 MILE—TIME.**

- 2:06½—Allx, b. m., by Patronage (1894).  
 2:06½—Directum, blk. s., by Direct (1894).  
 2:06½—Azote, b. g., by Whips (1895).  
 2:07½—Robert J., b. g., by Hartford (1894).  
 1:56½—Star Pointer, b. s., by Brown Hal (1897).  
 2:07½—Lottie Loraine, b. m., by Gambetta Wilkes (1897).

**TO WAGON—RACE.**

- 2:12½—The Abbot, b. g., by Chimes (1898).  
 2:14½—Johnston, b. g., by Joe Bassett (1897).

**TO WAGON—TIME.**

- 2:09½—Grace Hastings, b. m., by Dayonne Prince (1898).  
 2:04½—Joe Patchen, blk. s., Patchen Wilkes (1897).

**TEAM—RACE.**

- 2:15½—Rose Leaf and Sally Simmons (1894).  
 2:16½—Belle Button and Tom Ryder (1892).

**Winners of Prominent Events.**

Giving name, weight, time and value of the stake.

**AMERICAN DERBY.**

1¼ miles—For 3-year-olds, Washington Park, Chicago.

- 1890—Uncle Bob, 115lbs, 2:55½; \$15,200.  
 1891—Strathmeath, 122lbs, 2:49½; \$18,610.  
 1892—Carlsbad, 122lbs, 3:04½; \$16,900.  
 1898—Boundless, 122lbs, 2:36; \$49,500.  
 1894—Rey el Santa Anita, 122lbs, 2:36; \$20,000.  
 1898—Pink Coat, 127lbs, 2:42½; \$9,225.

**BROOKLYN HANDICAP.**

1¼ miles—Gravesend, L. I.

- 1890—Castaway II., 100lbs, 2:10; \$6,900.  
 1891—Tenny, 128lbs, 2:10; \$14,900.  
 1892—Judge Morrow, 116lbs, 2:08½; \$17,500.  
 1898—Diablo, 122lbs, 2:09; \$17,500.  
 1894—Dr. Rice, 112lbs, 2:07½; \$25,000.  
 1896—Hornpipe, 105lbs, 2:11½.  
 1898—Sir Walter, 113lbs, 2:13½.  
 1897—Howard Mann, 106lbs, 2:09½.  
 1898—Ornament, 127lbs, 2:10.

**SUBURBAN HANDICAP.**

1¼ miles—Sheepshead Bay.

- 1890—Salvator, 4yrs, 127lbs, 2:06 4-5; \$6,900.  
 1891—Loantaka, 5yrs, 110lbs, 2:07; \$9,900.  
 1892—Montana, 4yrs, 115lbs, 2:07 2-5; \$17,500.  
 1893—Wanderer, 5yrs, 105lbs, 2:06 8-5; \$17,500.  
 1894—Ramapo, 120lbs, 2:08 1-5; \$10,000.  
 1895—Lazarone, 115lbs, 2:07 4-5.  
 1896—Henry of Navarre, 128lbs, 2:07.  
 1897—Ben Brush, 123lbs, 2:07 1-5.  
 1898—Tillo, 119lbs, 2:08 1-5.

**FUTURITY STAKES.**

6 furlongs—For 2-year-olds, Sheepshead Bay.

- 1890—Potomac, 115lbs, 1:14 1-5; \$87,675.  
 1891—His Highness, 130lbs, 1:15 1-5; \$61,675.  
 1892—Morello, 118lbs, 1:12 1-5; \$40,450.  
 1893—Domino, 130lbs, 1:12 1-5; \$49,350.  
 1894—The Butterfield, 112lbs, 1:11 4-5.  
 1895—Requital, 115lbs, 1:11 4-5.  
 1896—Ogden, 115lbs, 1:10.  
 1897—L'Alouette, 115lbs, 1:11.  
 1899—Martmas, 118lbs, 1:12 2-5.

**KENTUCKY DERBY.**1¼ miles—For 3-year-olds, Louisville, Ky.  
[Distance changed in 1886 to 1¼ miles.]

- 1890—Riley, 118lbs, 2:45; \$5,400.  
 1891—Kingman, 123lbs, 2:52½; \$4,680.  
 1892—Asra, 123lbs, 2:41½; \$4,280.  
 1893—Lookout, 123lbs, 2:39½; \$4,080.  
 1894—Chant, 122 lbs, 2:41; \$4,000.  
 1895—Italma, 123lbs, 2:37½.  
 1896—Ben Brush, 117lbs, 2:37½.  
 1897—Typhoon II., 117lbs, 2:19½.  
 1898—Pauditt, 117lbs, 2:08.

**ENGLISH DERBY.**

First race run at Epsom May 4, 1780. In 1784 distance was increased from 1 mile to 1¼ miles. Winners since 1881:

- 1881—Sain Poin, by Springfield, 2:43½.  
 1882—Common, by Isometry, 2:50 4-5.  
 1883—Sir Hugo, by Wisdom, 2:44.  
 1884—Isinglass, by Isometry, 2:43.  
 1885—Ladas, by Hampton, 2:45 4-5.  
 1886—Sir Visto, 2:43 7-8.  
 1887—Perfection, 2:42.  
 1888—Gaiette More, 2:41.  
 1889—Jeddah, by Janissary, 2:37.

**Baseball.**

Boston has won the pennant seven times since the National league was organized in 1876. Chicago stands next with six victories. The pennant winners since the formation of the National league are as follows:

Club.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
1876—Chicago .....	52	14	.78
1877—Boston .....	31	17	.64
1878—Boston .....	41	19	.68
1879—Providence .....	55	23	.705
1880—Chicago .....	67	17	.798
1881—Chicago .....	56	28	.66
1882—Chicago .....	55	29	.653
1883—Boston .....	63	26	.643
1884—Providence .....	54	28	.654
1885—Chicago .....	87	25	.774
1886—Chicago .....	90	24	.78
1887—Detroit .....	79	45	.637
1888—New York .....	84	47	.641
1889—New York .....	83	43	.659
1890—Brooklyn .....	86	43	.667
1891—Boston .....	87	51	.629
1892—Boston .....	103	48	.682
1893—Boston .....	86	44	.659
1894—Baltimore .....	89	29	.682
1895—Baltimore .....	87	43	.668
1896—Baltimore .....	90	29	.682
1897—Boston .....	93	29	.76
1898—Boston .....	90	30	.699

**NATIONAL LEAGUE.**

CLUBS.	Boston.	Baltimore.	Cincinnati.	Cleveland.	Philadelphia.	Pittsburg.	St. Louis.	Washington.	Games won.	Per cent.
Boston .....	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	.64
Baltimore .....	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	.64
Cincinnati .....	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	.64
Cleveland .....	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	.64
Philadelphia .....	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	.64
Pittsburg .....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	.64
St. Louis .....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.64
Washington .....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.64
Games lost .....	47	53	60	66	73	79	81	101	111	.64

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## WESTERN LEAGUE.

## CLUBS.

	Kansas City	Indianapolis	Milwaukee	St. Paul	Columbus	Detroit	Minneapolis	St. Joseph	Games won.	Per cent.
KANSAS CITY	13	9	8	12	16	14	16	88	633	
Indianapolis	14	10	14	16	16	81	625			
Milwaukee	11	6	13	11	12	14	15	82	590	
St. Paul	12	9	7	12	13	14	14	81	583	
Columbus	8	9	8	8	14	14	12	75	549	
Detroit	4	6	2	5	6	12	8	50	395	
Minneapolis	6	4	6	6	6	8	12	48	345	
St. Joseph	4	3	3	3	6	6	10	8	423	311
Games lost	31	30	27	28	40	32	32	33		

## Pedestrianism.

## HUNNING.

Amateur performances designated by an \*.

- 20 yards—\*2 4-5s. E. B. Bloss, Boston, Mass., Feb. 22, 1894.  
 35 yards—4s. A. W. Grosvenor, Boston, Mass., March 11, 1896.  
 40 yards—4 3-5s. E. B. Bloss, Boston, Mass., Feb. 22, 1892; \*F. H. Bagelow, Worcester, Mass., March 28, 1895.  
 50 yards—5 1-2s. H. M. Johnson, New York city, Nov. 25, 1884; 5 1-2s. L. E. Myers, New York city, Dec. 12, 1884; \*5 3-5s. E. B. Bloss, Boston, March 12, 1892.  
 75 yards—7s. James Quirk, against time, Parkhill, Canada, Oct. 30, 1883; \*7 3-5s. B. J. Wefers, Boston, Jun. 25, 1896.  
 78 yards—\*7 4-5s. B. J. Wefers, Oak Island, Mass., Aug. 1, 1896.  
 100 yards—9 2-5s. Edward Donovan, Natick, Mass., Sept. 2, 1880; 9 4-5s. H. M. Johnson, Cleveland, O., July 31, 1886; Harry Bethune, Oakland, Cal., Feb. 22, 1888; \*John Owen, Jr., Washington, D. C., Oct. 11, 1893; \*W. T. MacPherson, Auckland, New Zealand, Feb. 6, 1891; J. B. Hampton, Canterbury, England, Feb. 6, 1891; \*7. W. Stange, Cleveland, O., Sept. 2, 1886; \*John V. Crum, Chicago, Ill., June 15, 1895; Bernard J. Wefers, Manhattan Field, New York, Sept. 25, 1895; also in same field, May 30, 1896; \*J. H. Mayberry, Chicago, Ill., June 3, 1895; \*J. H. Rush, Chicago, Ill., June 18, 1895.  
 200 yards—19 1-2s. Geo. Seward, England, March 22, 1847; \*19 4-5s. E. H. Pellard, London, England, Sept. 25, 1889; 20s. Wendell Baker, Berkeley Oval, New York, Nov. 8, 1890.  
 300 yards—20s. Harry Hinchey, Edinburgh, Scotland, Jan. 2, 1881; \*20 3-5s. B. J. Wefers, Travers Island, Sept. 28, 1896; \*31 1-5s. B. J. Wefers, New York, Sept. 28, 1896; \*31 1-5s. C. G. Wood, London, England, July 21, 1887; \*31 3-5s. L. E. Myers, New York, Oct. 22, 1881.  
 400 yards—\*4s. W. C. Downes, Boston, Mass. (straight course), July 9, 1890; \*4 3-5s. H. C. L. Finchall, London, June 22, 1889; \*4 5-8s. L. E. Myers, New York, June 3, 1892.  
 1/2 mile—\*47 1-2s. W. Baker, Boston, Mass., July 1, 1873; 48 1-2s. Richard Buttery, England, Oct. 4, 1873.  
 3/4 mile, 10 laps—2 1/2 ft. in. high—57 3-5s. P. J. Timmeran, Cambridge, Mass., Oct. 16, 1891.  
 600 yards—1m. 11s. T. R. Burke, Columbia Oval, Sept. 19, 1896.  
 1/2 mile—1 35 2-5s. Charles J. Kilpatrick, Manhattan Field, Sept. 21, 1891; 1 35 3-5s. Frank Hewitt, Australia, Sept. 31, 1871; 1 34 2-5, F. J. K. Cross, Oxford, England, March 9, 1888; \*1 34 1/2, W. C. Dohm, New York, Sept. 19, 1891.  
 1,000 yards—\*2 1/3, L. E. Myers, New York, Oct.

- 8, 1881; \*2 1/5 1/2, W. Pollock-Hill, Oxford, England, March 8, 1889.  
 1 mile—4 1/2, W. G. George, London, England, Aug. 23, 1886; \*4 1/2 1/2, T. P. Connett, Cambridge, Mass., Aug. 26, 1886.  
 1 1/2 miles—6 46 2-5, Thomas P. Connett, Bergen Point, N. J., Sept. 2, 1886; \*6 38 3-5, Sidney Thomas, Stamford Bridge, England, May 15, 1886.  
 2 miles—9 11 1/2, William Lang, England, Aug. 1, 1883; \*9 11 4-5, W. G. George, London, April 24, 1884; \*9 32 3-5, W. D. Day, New York, May 17, 1893.  
 3 miles—14 19 1/2, P. Cannon, Govan, Scotland, May 14, 1888; \*14 24, Sidney Thomas, England, June 3, 1883; \*14 39, W. D. Day, Bergen Point, N. J., May 30, 1890; James Grant, Holmesfield, Cambridge, Mass., Aug. 30, 1890.  
 4 miles—19 25 2-5, P. Cannon, Glasgow, Scotland, Nov. 8, 1888; 19 33 4-5, E. C. Willers, England, June 10, 1883; 20 1/2, James Grant, Cambridge, Mass., Aug. 30, 1890; \*20 15 1-2, W. D. Day, Bergen Point, N. J., Nov. 16, 1883.  
 5 miles—24 30, J. White, England, May 11, 1883; \*24 36 3-5, Sidney Thomas, Romford, England, Sept. 24, 1882; \*25 1/2, W. H. Morton, Dublin, Ireland, May 7, 1890; \*25 22 1/2, James Grant, Cambridge, Mass., Aug. 30, 1890; \*25 23 3-5, E. C. Carter, New York, Sept. 17, 1887.  
 10 miles—51 06 3-5, W. Cummings, London, England, Sept. 18, 1886; 51 20, W. G. George, London, April 7, 1884; \*51 31, Sidney Thomas, London, Oct. 22, 1882; \*52 38 2-5, W. D. Day, West New Brighton, N. Y., Oct. 26, 1893.  
 15 miles—1 1/2, J. Hewitt, England, March 22, 1882; 1 1/2, 15 2-5, Sidney Thomas, London, April 11, 1882.  
 20 miles—\*1 32 51 1-5, W. H. Morton, London, March 22, 1890; 1 54, Patrick Burns, Halifax, N. S., Oct. 4, 1879.  
 25 miles—\*2 30 44, G. A. Dunning, London, Dec. 26, 1881; 2 36 3-5, G. Mason, England, March 14, 1881; 2 41 3-5, P. Hagelman, Philadelphia, March 5, 1887; \*2 42 3-5, J. Gassman, Brooklyn, N. Y., Feb. 22, 1884.  
 30 miles—3 16 06, G. Mason, England, March 14, 1881; \*3 17 3-5, J. A. Squires, London, May 2, 1883; 3 28 4-5, D. Donovan, Providence, R. I., Aug. 6, 1880; \*3 30 3-5, J. Gassman, Brooklyn, N. Y., Feb. 22, 1884.  
 40 miles—4 24 27, James Bailey, England, March 14, 1881; \*4 46 3-5, J. E. Dixon, Birmingham, England, Dec. 29, 1884; \*5 00 3-5, W. C. Davies, New York, Feb. 21, 1882.  
 50 miles—5 33 04 1/2, George Cartwright, London, Feb. 21, 1887; \*5 18 30 1-5, J. E. Dixon, London, April 11, 1885; 6 19, Dennis Donovan, Providence, R. I., Aug. 6, 1880; \*7 29 4-5, Peter Golden, Brooklyn, N. Y., Feb. 22, 1883.  
 75 miles—8 48 30, George Littlewood, London, Nov. 24, 1884; \*10 5 3-5, W. C. Davies, London, Sept. 9, 1890; \*12 20 1-2, J. Saunders, New York, Feb. 21 and 22, 1882.  
 100 miles—13 26 30, Charles Rowell, New York, Feb. 22, 1882; \*17 36 1-2, J. Saunders, New York, Feb. 21 and 22, 1882.  
 1 hour—11 miles 57 1/2, L. Bennett, England, April 3, 1883.

## 72-ROUR RACES—12 HOURS DAILY.

Greatest distance traveled, "go as you please," in 12 hours—89 miles 89 1/2, George Littlewood, London, Nov. 24, 1884. In 24 hours—162 miles 70 1/2, George Littlewood, Nov. 25, 1884. 36 hours—229 miles 1 1/2, George Littlewood, London, Nov. 24-25, 1884. 48 hours—290 miles 1 1/2, George Littlewood, same race. 60 hours—322 miles 32 1/2, C. Rowell, London, April 27 to May 1, 1885. 72 hours—430 miles, C. Rowell, London, same race.

## WALKING.

Amateur performances designated by an \*.  
 1-5 mile—\*1 07, F. P. Murray, New York, Oct. 27, 1883.



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- 4 mile—1:23, H. L. Curtis, New York, Sept. 19, 1881.  
 5 mile—5:02 3-5, F. P. Murray, New York, Oct. 22, 1883.  
 4-5 mile—5:10 1-5, F. P. Murray, New York, Oct. 27, 1883.  
 1 mile—6:20, W. Perkins, London, June 1, 1874;  
 5:20 3-5, F. P. Murray, New York, Oct. 27, 1883.  
 14 miles—8:05, J. W. Ruby, London, Aug. 20, 1883.  
 12 miles—9:47 1/2, J. W. Ruby, London, same date.  
 2 miles—13:14, J. W. Ruby, London, same date;  
 \*13:48 3-5, F. P. Murray, Williamsburg, L. I., May 30, 1884.  
 3 miles—20:24 1/2, J. W. Ruby, place and date as above; \*21:00 1-5, F. P. Murray, New York, Nov. 6, 1884.  
 2 miles—27:38, J. W. Ruby, place and date as above; 28:42 1/2, John Meagher, New York, Nov. 29, 1882; \*29:40 1-5, T. H. Armstrong, New York, Nov. 6, 1887.  
 5 miles—35:10, J. W. Ruby, place and date as above; \*38:00 5-8, W. H. Purdy, New York, May 22, 1880.  
 10 miles—1:14 4-5, J. W. Ruby, London, Dec. 3, 1883; \*1:17:00 1/2, E. E. Merrill, Boston, Mass., Oct. 5, 1880.  
 15 miles—1:55:36, J. W. Ruby, London, same date.  
 20 miles—2:39:57, W. Perkins, England, July 16, 1875.  
 25 miles—3:35:14, W. Franks, England, Aug. 28, 1882.  
 50 miles—7:57:44, William Howes, England, March 30, 1878.  
 100 miles—18:53:40, Daniel O'Leary, Chicago, Ill., Oct. 16, 1873.  
 150 miles—30:36:28, George Littlewood, Sheffield, England, March, 1882.  
 200 miles—40:46:50, George Littlewood, same place and date.  
 400 miles—96:51:03, George Littlewood, same place and date.  
 500 miles—130:34:50, George Littlewood, same place and date.  
 1 hour—8 miles 302yds, John Meagher, New York, Nov. 29, 1882.  
 2 hours—15 miles 824yds, William Perkins, London, July 16, 1875.  
 3 hours—22 miles 456yds, H. Thatcher, London, Feb. 22, 1882.  
 4 hours—27 miles 442yds, W. Franks, London, Aug. 28, 1882.  
 Greatest distance walked without a rest—122 miles in 25h. 55m., C. A. Harman, Truckee, Cal., April 6 and 7, 1883.

## JUMPING.

- Running broad jump—20ft 7in, John Howard, with 5lb dumb-bells, England, 1884; \*23ft 8 1/2 in, Myer Prinstein, New York, June 11, 1888.  
 Standing broad jump—With 22lb weights, 14ft 5 1/2 in, G. W. Hamilton, Romeo, Mich., Oct. 3, 1878; with 16lb dumb-bells, \*12ft 9 1/2 in, Louis Helwig, Brooklyn, Nov. 30, 1884. Without weights, 10ft 10 1/2 in, H. M. Johnson, New York, Sept. 4, 1884; \*10ft 5 1/2 in, A. P. Schwaner, Travers Island, N. Y., Oct. 8, 1882; \*10ft 9 1/2 in, M. W. Ford, New York, April 25, 1885.  
 Running high jump—Without weights, \*6ft 5 1/2 in, M. F. Sweeney, Manhattan Field, Sep. 21, 1886; \*6ft 4 in, William Byrd Page, Philadelphia, Oct. 7, 1887. With weights, 6ft 6 in, J. H. Fitzpatrick, Oak Island, Mass., Aug. 13, 1888.  
 Three standing jumps—With weights, 41ft 7 in, J. Darby, London, England, Oct. 14, 1888; 40ft 9 1/2 in, T. F. Kearney, Oak Island, Mass., July 25, 1888; \*5ft 9 1/2 in, W. S. Lawton, San Francisco, May 15, 1856. Without weights, \*5ft 11 1/2 in, M. W. Ford, Brooklyn, N. Y., April 10, 1885.  
 Pole-vaulting—For height, \*11ft 10 1/2 in, R. G. Clapp, Chicago, June 18, 1888. For distance, \*27ft 5 1/2 in, A. H. Green, Chicago, Sept. 16, 1885.  
 Standing high jump—With weights, 5ft 8 1/2 in, T. F. Kearney, Oak Island, Mass., July 25, 1888. Without weights, \*5ft 8 1/2 in, Ray C. Berry, Lafayette, Ind., May 23, 1886; \*5ft 3 1/2 in, A. P. Schwaner, Travers Island, N. Y., June 11, 1882.

- Standing hop, step and jump—With 15lb weights, 37ft 1 1/2 in, John F. Hartnett, Lawrence, Mass., May 11, 1883. Without weights, \*37ft 4 in, J. Wall, Dublin, Ireland, Sept. 10, 1882; \*31ft 10 in, M. W. Ford, Brooklyn, N. Y., July 25, 1885.  
 Running hop, step and jump—43ft 8 in, Thomas Burrows, Worcester, Mass., Oct. 18, 1884; \*48ft 6 in, E. B. Bloss, Chicago, Sept. 16, 1883; \*48ft 3 in, John Parcell, Limerick, Ireland, June 8, 1887.  
 Running two hops and a jump—\*49ft 1 1/2 in, J. B. Connolly, Columbia Oval, Sept. 19, 1886.

## Feats of Strength.

- Throwing 50lb weight—From a 5ft circle, 36ft 10 in, J. S. Mitchell, Travers Island, N. Y., Sept. 22, 1882. With unlimited run and follow, 36ft 6 in, J. S. Mitchell, Philadelphia, Oct. 25, 1888. For height, 15ft 4 1/2 in, J. S. Mitchell, Chicago, Sept. 16, 1883.  
 Putting the shot—240lb, 33ft 8 in, G. R. Gray, New York, Jan. 10, 1889; 160lb, 47ft, G. R. Gray, Chicago, Sept. 16, 1883.  
 Hammer-throwing—21lb hammer, 90ft 3 in, C. A. J. Quickbner, Staten Island, Nov. 17, 1888. 16lb hammer (4ft handle), from 7ft circle, \*46 ft 4 in, J. Flanagan, New York, June 11, 1888. 16 1/2 lb, Tom Carroll, Sacramento, Cal., June 5, 1888. With one hand, same conditions, 121ft 1 1/2 in, W. L. Coudon, Elkton, Md., Oct. 10, 1889. 14lb hammer (exclusive of handle), length 4ft, thrown from a stand, with two hands, 115ft 4 in, W. L. Coudon, Wilmington, Del., May 10, 1888. 12lb hammer (exclusive of handle), 4ft long, thrown from 5ft circle, without follow, two hands, 146ft 6 in, J. S. Mitchell, New York, June 8, 1889; from 7ft circle, with one hand, without follow, 146ft 2 in, W. L. Coudon, Elkton, Md., Nov. 5, 1882; from a stand, with one hand, 124ft 1 1/2 in, W. L. Coudon, Wilmington, Del., May 10, 1888. 8 1/2 lb hammer, 23ft 6 in, Tom Carroll, Oakland, Cal., May 8, 1887.  
 Throwing the discus—\*118ft 9 in, C. Henne-mann, New York, Aug. 28, 1887.  
 Weight-lifting—Hands alone, \*4,571 1/2 lbs, Charles G. Jefferson, Clinton, Mass., Dec. 10, 1880; 1,442 1/2 lbs, D. L. Dowd, Springfield, Mass., March 27, 1883. With harness, 3,229 lbs, W. B. Curtis, New York, Dec. 20, 1888.  
 Dumb-bells—10lb dumb-bell put up 8,421 times in 4h 34m, H. Pennock, New York, Dec. 13, 1870; 12lb bell put up 14,000 times, A. Corcoran, Chicago, Oct. 4, 1873; 100lb bell put up 20 times, one hand, G. M. Robinson, San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 25, 1875; 20lb 5oz bell, using both hands to raise it to shoulder, then put up with one hand, R. A. Pennell, New York, Jan. 31, 1874; 250lb bell, both hands to shoulder, put up with one hand, Eugene Sandow, London, Feb. 11, 1891.

## Remarkable Performances.

- Around the world—57d. 13h. 45m., George Francis Train; left Tacoma, Wash., at 5a. m. March 18, 1890, embarked at San Francisco for Australia, returning via New York, arriving at Tacoma 6:45 a. m., May 24, 1890.  
 Mail-carrying—Yokohama, Japan, to Queens-town, Ireland, via Victoria, B. C., Brookville, Ont., Morristown, N. Y., and New York city, 20 days, Aug. 19 to Sept. 8, 1891.

## Bicycle Records.

- The following records have been approved by Chairman Albert Mott of the racing board of the League of American Wheelmen.

## IN COMPETITION, STANDING START.

## AMATEUR.

- 1/4 mile—29 3-5, G. F. Royce, July 4, 1891.

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TELEPHONE 2773.

3 mile—40 3-5, Philip J. Bornwasser, Sept. 4, 1897.  
 2 mile—1:00, Edward Llewellyn, July 30, 1898.  
 3 mile—1:21, E. L. Wilson, May 23, 1898.  
 mile—1:59, W. Robertson, Oct. 2, 1897.  
 miles—3:53, C. J. Wagner, Aug. 12, 1898.  
 miles—6:52, Harry A. Gibson, Aug. 12, 1898.  
 miles—7:47 1-5, C. J. Wagner, Aug. 12, 1898.  
 miles—9:43 1-5, Harry A. Gibson, Aug. 12, 1898.  
 0 miles—21:47 4-5, F. H. Wilson, Sept. 22, 1898.  
 5 miles—32:40½, F. H. Wilson, Sept. 22, 1898.  
 0 miles—42:37, F. H. Wilson, Sept. 22, 1898.  
 5 miles—54:35, F. H. Wilson, Sept. 22, 1898.  
 0 miles—2:06:30 1-5, A. A. Hansen, Aug. 15, 1898.

## PROFESSIONAL.

2 mile—1:45, F. E. Schefski, Feb. 22, 1896.  
 1 mile—2:56 3-5, Fred Sims, Aug. 3, 1898.  
 3 mile—1:21 1-5, C. R. Coulter, Oct. 2, 1896.  
 mile—1:45, J. Michael, July 3, 1897.  
 miles—2:37 3-5, J. Michael, July 3, 1897.  
 miles—5:28, J. Michael, Sept. 25, 1897.  
 miles—7:18 4-5, J. Michael, Sept. 25, 1897.  
 miles—9:05 3-5, J. Michael, Sept. 18, 1897.  
 0 miles—17:04, T. Linton, Aug. 6, 1898.  
 5 miles—25:38 4-5, H. D. Elkes, Aug. 6, 1898.  
 0 miles—34:02, H. D. Elkes, Aug. 6, 1898.  
 0 miles—42:42, H. D. Elkes, Aug. 6, 1898.  
 0 miles—2:11:09 3-5, Frank Waller, Aug. 16, 1897.  
 00 miles—4:33:52, T. A. Barnaby, Aug. 16, 1897.  
 hour—31 miles 1,450 yards, J. Michael, Sept. 25, 1897.

## UNPACED, FLYING START, AGAINST TIME.

## AMATEUR.

1 mile—25 1-5, A. E. Simons, May 26, 1896.  
 3 mile—33 8-5, A. E. Simons, May 26, 1896.  
 1 mile—1:58, C. V. Dasey, July 9, 1898.  
 3 mile—1:21 1-5, J. G. Heil, July 31, 1897.  
 mile—1:37, F. B. Stowe, Oct. 20, 1894.  
 mile—2:05 1-5, H. C. Clark, Oct. 17, 1896.  
 miles—4:27 3-5, J. G. Heil, Aug. 21, 1897.  
 miles—7:03, O. B. Hackenberger, Dec. 13, 1895.  
 miles—9:31 2-5, O. B. Hackenberger, Dec. 13, 1895.  
 miles—11:56 4-5, O. B. Hackenberger, Dec. 13, 1895.  
 0 miles—24:19 2-5, A. G. Kluefer, July 2, 1897.  
 0 miles—52:07, A. J. Thibodeau, Oct. 23, 1897.  
 0 miles—1:03:45, A. J. Thibodeau, Oct. 23, 1897.  
 0 miles—2:14:06, A. J. Thibodeau, Oct. 23, 1897.  
 0 miles—5:16:24 3-5, Rudolph Lauricks, July 31, 1897.

## PROFESSIONAL.

1 mile—26 1-5, Arthur Gardiner, Dec. 3, 1897.  
 3 mile—34 1-5, W. W. Hamilton, March 2, 1896.  
 mile—55 2-5, W. Martin, Aug. 24, 1898.  
 mile—1:55 4-5, W. W. Hamilton, June 16, 1898.  
 miles—4:16, A. B. Hughes, July 9, 1898.  
 miles—6:32 4-5, F. J. Titus, July 2, 1898.  
 miles—8:50, F. J. Titus, July 2, 1898.  
 miles—11:05 1-5, F. J. Titus, July 2, 1898.  
 miles—23:09 2-5, W. W. Hamilton, July 9, 1898.

15 miles—35:03, W. W. Hamilton, July 9, 1898.  
 20 miles—47:08 2-5, W. W. Hamilton, July 9, 1898.  
 25 miles—59:13 2-5, W. W. Hamilton, July 9, 1898.  
 50 miles—2:16:03, John Lawson, Nov. 17, 1896.  
 100 miles—4:58:27 4-5, C. W. Miller, Oct. 2, 1897.  
 1 hour—25 miles 650 yards, W. W. Hamilton, July 9, 1898.

## PACED, FLYING START, AGAINST TIME.

## AMATEUR.

¼ mile—24, E. A. Moross, Nov. 8, 1897.  
 1-3 mile—31 1-5, E. A. Moross, Nov. 8, 1897.  
 ½ mile—50 2-5, E. A. Moross, Nov. 8, 1897.  
 2-3 mile—1:09 3-5, H. M. Sidwell, Oct. 5, 1897.  
 3 mile—1:18, H. M. Sidwell, Oct. 5, 1897.  
 1 mile—1:43 2-5, H. G. Gardiner, Sept. 11, 1897.  
 2 miles—3:42 4-5, E. L. Wilson, May 19, 1896.  
 3 miles—5:53 1-5, R. Duer, Oct. 23, 1897.  
 4 miles—7:52, R. Duer, Oct. 23, 1897.  
 5 miles—9:54 1-5, C. V. Dasey, Oct. 2, 1897.  
 10 miles—20:19 2-5, R. Duer, Oct. 19, 1897.  
 15 miles—30:47 3-5, R. Duer, Oct. 19, 1897.  
 20 miles—41:24 2-5, R. Duer, Oct. 19, 1897.  
 25 miles—51:57 1-5, R. Duer, Oct. 19, 1897.  
 1 hour—R. Duer, 23 miles 1,585 yards, Oct. 19, 1897.

## PROFESSIONAL.

¼ mile—20 2-5, J. S. Johnson, Oct. 23, 1896.  
 1-3 mile—27 4-5, J. S. Johnson, Oct. 23, 1896.  
 ½ mile—44 1-5, J. S. Johnson, Oct. 23, 1896.  
 2-3 mile—58 3-5, W. W. Hamilton, March 2, 1896.  
 4 mile—1:08 2-5, Major Taylor, Nov. 5, 1896.  
 1 mile—1:31 4-5, Major Taylor, Nov. 5, 1896.  
 2 miles—3:13 3-5, Major Taylor, Nov. 5, 1896.  
 3 miles—5:23 4-5, J. Michael, Nov. 12, 1896.  
 4 miles—7:16, J. Michael, Nov. 12, 1896.  
 5 miles—9:07, J. Michael, Nov. 12, 1896.  
 10 miles—18:34 1-5, J. Michael, Nov. 12, 1896.  
 15 miles—29:24, Lucien Lesna, Aug. 14, 1898.  
 20 miles—39:18 4-5, Lucien Lesna, Aug. 14, 1898.  
 25 miles—49:08 2-5, Lucien Lesna, Aug. 14, 1898.  
 50 miles—1:53:18, Frank Waller, Nov. 19, 1896.  
 100 miles—3:52:14, Frank Waller, Nov. 19, 1896.  
 1 hour—34 miles 1,220 yards, H. D. Elkes, Aug. 6, 1898.

## TANDEM, FLYING START.

## AMATEUR.

¼ mile, paced—25 4-5, Haggarty-Williams, Oct. 27, 1894.  
 ½ mile, paced—52½, Haggarty-Williams, Oct. 27, 1894.  
 1 mile, paced—1:52½, Haggarty-Williams, Oct. 27, 1894.  
 ¼ mile, unpaced—24 1-5, E. Peabody-E. Llewellyn, Aug. 12, 1898.  
 1-3 mile, unpaced—34 2-5, J. F. Finn-W. E. DeTemple, Oct. 27, 1897.  
 ½ mile, unpaced—52 3-5, Ingraham brothers, Aug. 31, 1898.  
 2-3 mile, unpaced—1:17, Davisworth-Mitchell, July 4, 1896.  
 1 mile, unpaced—1:50, F. A. Joseph-F. G. Hood, June 18, 1898.  
 2 miles, unpaced—4:21 2-5, G. R. Dixon-C. Kraft, Dec. 5, 1896.  
 3 miles, unpaced—6:24 3-5, C. V. Dasey-C. Goranzo, July 16, 1897.  
 4 miles, unpaced—8:26 1-5, C. V. Dasey-C. Goranzo, July 16, 1897.

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5 miles, unpaced—10:46 4-5, C. V. Dasey-C Goranfo, July 16, 1897.

#### PROFESSIONAL.

- 1 mile, paced—1:42 2-5, J. B. Fowler-C. A. Church, Nov. 6, 1896.  
 5 miles, paced—9:25 2-5, J. B. Fowler-C. A. Church, Nov. 6, 1896.  
 10 miles, paced—19:02 4-5, J. B. Fowler-C. A. Church, Nov. 6, 1896.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile, unpaced—5:52 3-5, Terrill-Taylor, March 21, 1894.  
 $\frac{3}{4}$  mile, unpaced—1:25 1-5, W. F. Sanger-E W. Swanbrough, Dec. 5, 1896.  
 1 mile, unpaced—1:51 2-5, E. W. Swanbrough-A. B. Hughes, Oct. 4, 1897.  
 5 miles, unpaced—10:15, E. W. Swanbrough-W. F. Sanger, April 9, 1898.  
 10 miles, unpaced—21:18 $\frac{1}{2}$ , E. W. Swanbrough-W. F. Sanger, April 9, 1898.  
 15 miles, unpaced—33:33 2-5, E. W. Swanbrough-W. F. Sanger, April 9, 1898.  
 20 miles, unpaced—44:53, E. W. Swanbrough-W. F. Sanger, April 9, 1898.  
 25 miles, unpaced—56:11, E. W. Swanbrough-W. F. Sanger, April 9, 1898.

#### TANDEM, STANDING START, COMPETITION.

##### AMATEUR.

- 1 mile—1:55 3-5, E. C. Hausman-G. H. Collett, Sept. 9, 1897.  
 2 miles—4:38 $\frac{1}{4}$ , S. D. Walden-C. G. Wallin, May 30, 1896.

##### PROFESSIONAL.

- 1 mile—1:57, Nat and Frank Butler, June 5, 1897.

#### TRIPLET, FLYING START, UNPACED.

##### AMATEUR.

- $\frac{1}{2}$  mile—50 1-5, J. R. O'Mara-G. Walther-C. R. Pease, July 4, 1898.  
 1 mile—1:55, Nugent Bros. and J. F. Flynn, May 26, 1896.  
 5 miles—10:57 1-5, Perrie-Gracey-O'Neill, Aug. 27, 1896.  
 25 miles—56:02 3-5, Perrie-Gracey-O'Neill, Aug. 27, 1896.

##### PROFESSIONAL.

- 1 mile—1:46 4-5, E. H. Kiser-J. S. Johnson-A. C. Mertens, Oct. 4, 1897.  
 5 miles—10:34, E. H. Kiser-C. W. Miller-Arthur Gardiner, March 16, 1898.  
 10 miles—21:07, E. H. Kiser-C. W. Miller-Arthur Gardiner, March 16, 1898.  
 25 miles—53:26, E. H. Kiser-C. W. Miller-Arthur Gardiner, March 16, 1898.

#### TRIPLET, FLYING START, PACED.

##### PROFESSIONAL.

- 1 mile—1:41, E. A. McDuffe-J. B. Fowler-C. A. Church, Oct. 26, 1897.  
 5 miles—9:16 3-5, C. A. Church-J. Carroll-J. A. Vernier, Nov. 3, 1897.  
 10 miles—18:52, C. A. Church-J. Carroll-J. A. Vernier, Nov. 3, 1897.

#### QUADRUPLET, FLYING START.

##### PROFESSIONAL.

- 1 mile, paced—1:40 2-5, Phillips-Van Herick-Bradis-Bainbridge, Oct. 2, 1897.  
 5 miles, paced—9:18 2-5, Phillips-Boone-Turville-McCurdy, Nov. 3, 1897.  
 10 miles, paced—18:49 4-5, Phillips-Boone-Turville-McCurdy, Nov. 3, 1897.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  mile, unpaced—1:49 3-5, Phillips-Bradis-Irons-Miller, Oct. 12, 1897.

#### OTHER MULTICYCLES.

##### PROFESSIONAL.

- Quintuplet, flying start, unpaced:  
 1 mile—1:46 2-5, L. P. Callahan-N. Butler-B. Pierce-J. E. Walsh-W. Coleman, Aug. 1, 1896.  
 Quintuplet, standing start, competition:  
 3 miles—5:32 3-5, W. F. Sanger-E. W. Swanbrough-H. Watts-F. B. Kent-E. Van Steeg, Aug. 31, 1896.  
 Sextuplet, flying start, unpaced:  
 1 mile—1:41 1-5, W. Saunders-B. Pierce-W. Coleman-T. Butler-H. E. Caldwell-A. Crooks, Sept. 26, 1896.  
 Sextuplet, flying start, paced:  
 1 mile—1:49, Hammond-A. A. MacLean-H. MacLean-Stafford-Tarment-Grennan, Oct. 29, 1897.  
 5 miles—9:27 3-5, same as above.

#### Football.

For the first time in several years championships were decided. Michigan is given the palm in the west. Harvard is generally placed over Princeton in the east from its far superior showing.

##### MICHIGAN.

Oct. 1—State Normal.....	21 to 0
Oct. 8—Kenyon.....	29 to 0
Oct. 12—Agricultural College.....	39 to 0
Oct. 15—Adelbert.....	18 to 0
Oct. 19—Case.....	22 to 0
Oct. 22—Notre Dame.....	23 to 0
Oct. 29—Alumni.....	11 to 2
Nov. 5—Northwestern.....	6 to 5
Nov. 12—Illinois.....	12 to 5
Nov. 19—Beloit.....	22 to 0
Nov. 24—Chicago.....	12 to 17

##### CHICAGO.

Oct. 1—Monmouth.....	24 to 0
Oct. 5—Physicians and Surgeons.....	22 to 0
Oct. 8—Iowa.....	35 to 0
Oct. 15—Beloit.....	21 to 0
Oct. 15—Northwestern.....	34 to 5
Oct. 22—Pennsylvania.....	11 to 27
Nov. 5—Purdue.....	17 to 0
Nov. 12—Wisconsin.....	6 to 0
Nov. 24—Michigan.....	11 to 17

##### WISCONSIN.

Oct. 1—Ripon.....	52 to 0
Oct. 5—Madison H. S.....	21 to 0
Oct. 8—Dixon.....	76 to 0
Oct. 15—Rush Medical.....	42 to 0
Oct. 22—Beloit.....	17 to 0
Oct. 29—Minnesota.....	29 to 0
Nov. 5—Alumni.....	12 to 11
Nov. 12—Chicago.....	0 to 0
Nov. 19—Whitewater Normal.....	12 to 0
Nov. 24—Northwestern.....	41 to 0

##### HARVARD.

Oct. 1—Williams.....	11 to 0
Oct. 2—Bowdoin.....	23 to 0
Oct. 8—Dartmouth.....	21 to 0
Oct. 12—Amherst.....	53 to 2
Oct. 15—West Point.....	23 to 0
Oct. 19—Newtowne A. O.....	22 to 0
Oct. 22—Chicago A. A.....	29 to 0
Oct. 29—Carlisle Indians.....	10 to 0
Nov. 5—Pennsylvania.....	10 to 0
Nov. 12—Brown.....	17 to 0
Nov. 19—Yale.....	17 to 0

##### PRINCETON.

Oct. 1—Lehigh.....	21 to 0
Oct. 5—Steven's Institute.....	42 to 0

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Oct. 8—Franklin and Marshall.....	58 to 0
Oct. 12—Lafayette.....	34 to 0
Oct. 15—Naval Cadets.....	30 to 0
Oct. 22—Cornell.....	6 to 0
Oct. 26—Pennsylvania College.....	5 to 0
Oct. 29—Brown.....	23 to 0
Nov. 2—Virginia.....	12 to 0
Nov. 5—West Point.....	5 to 5
Nov. 12—Yale.....	6 to 0

## PENNSYLVANIA.

Oct. 1—State College.....	40 to 0
Oct. 5—State Normal.....	50 to 0
Oct. 8—Brown.....	18 to 0
Oct. 12—Virginia.....	34 to 0
Oct. 15—Lehigh.....	40 to 0
Oct. 19—Wesleyan.....	17 to 0
Oct. 22—Lafayette.....	32 to 0
Oct. 29—Chicago.....	23 to 11
Nov. 5—Harvard.....	0 to 10
Nov. 12—Carlisle Indians.....	30 to 5
Nov. 24—Cornell.....	12 to 6

## YALE.

Oct. 1—Wesleyan.....	5 to 0
Oct. 5—Amherst.....	34 to 0
Oct. 8—Williams.....	23 to 0
Oct. 15—Newton A. C.....	6 to 0
Oct. 19—Brown.....	22 to 6
Oct. 22—Carlisle Indians.....	18 to 5
Oct. 29—West Point.....	10 to 0
Nov. 5—Chicago A. A.....	10 to 0
Nov. 12—Princeton.....	0 to 6
Nov. 19—Harvard.....	0 to 17

## CHICAGO-MICHIGAN GAMES.

1892—Michigan, 18; Chicago, 12.
1893—Chicago, 10; Michigan, 6.
1894—Michigan, 28; Chicago, 10.
1895—Michigan, 6; Chicago, 4.
1896—Michigan, 12; Chicago, 0.
1897—Chicago, 7; Michigan, 6.
1897—Chicago, 21; Michigan, 12.
1898—Michigan, 12; Chicago, 11.

Thanksgiving-day games.

## YALE-HARVARD GAMES.

Year.	Yale.	Harvard.	Year.	Yale.	Harvard
1875.....	0	18	1898.....	29	8
1876.....	4	0	1897.....	17	4
1877.....	No game.		1898.....	Harv'd forfeit	
1878.....	4	0	1899.....	6	0
1879.....	12	6	1890.....	6	12
1880.....	9	0	1891.....	10	0
1881.....	8	0	1892.....	6	0
1882.....	14	0	1893.....	6	0
1883.....	23	2	1894.....	12	0
1884.....	52	0	1897.....	0	0
1885.....	No game.		1898.....	17	0

Highest score—England: 17 goals to 0. Nottingham Foresters, match, Derbyshire, March 30, 1881. America: 15½ points to 0. Harvard college, match with Exeter, Exeter, Mass., Nov. 3, 1886.

Place kick, with a run—200ft. 8in., William P. Chadwick, Exeter, N. H., Nov. 29, 1886. Drop kick—182ft (scoring a goal), Pat O'Dea, Vanastott, Ill., Nov. 24, 1888. 172ft. 8in., F. Hardgrave, Brisbane, Australia, October, 1882. 165ft. 7½in., J. E. Duffy, Ann Arbor, Mich., May 22, 1886.

## Rowing.

Performances by amateurs are designated by an \*.

¼ mile—\*0:57, Edwin Hedley, straightaway, Newark, N. J., July 19, 1891; \*1:19, single-scutt, straightaway, dead water, John F. Corbet, Iroquois Boat club, July 23, 1890.

¾ mile—4:27¼, six-oared barge, straightaway, Iroquois Boat club, Lake Calumet, Pullman, Ill., May 30, 1890.

1 mile—5:01, Ellis Ward, Savannah river, June 24, 1891.

1½ miles—7:41, eight oars, straightaway, Atlanta Boat club, Lake Calumet, Pullman, Ill., Aug. 9, 1890. (The Cornell university crew rowed the distance in 7:04 at Philadelphia July 4, 1889, but the conditions were unfair, the current running very strong.) 8:04¼, four oars, straightaway, Fairmount Rowing association, Albany, N. Y., July 21, 1889. (The Watkins crew rowed the distance in 7:45¼ at Detroit, Mich., Aug. 13, 1887, but the current was very strong.) 7:42, double scull, straightaway, J. Buckley and W. O'Connell, Portland Boat club, Lachine, Canada, Aug. 21, 1892. \*8:39, single scull, straightaway, Joseph Laing, Lachine, Canada, Aug. 10, 1892. \*8:54, four oars, turn, still water, Modoc Boat club, Salt Lake Utah, Aug. 30, 1888. \*8:11, pair-oared shell, straightaway, J. H. Clegg and F. D. Standish, Excelsior Boat club, Lachine, Canada, Aug. 13, 1892.

2 miles—9:43½, eight oars, straightaway, Columbia college crew, New London, Conn., June 24, 1894. \*12:16, double-scutt, turn, F. H. Yates and C. E. Courtney, Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 5, 1876. \*12:39½, pair-oar, straightaway, J. H. Riley and J. A. Kennedy, Greenwood lake, N. Y., Oct. 9, 1876. \*15:41½, single scull, turn, J. H. Riley Saratoga, Aug. 9, 1876.

2½ miles—\*12:57, eight oars, straightaway, Yale university crew, New London, Conn., June 29, 1888.

3 miles—45:35, eight oars, straightaway, Yale university crew, New London, Conn., June 29, 1888. \*45:37¼, four oars, straightaway, Argonaut R. A., Kill von Kull, N. J., Sept. 8, 1873. \*46:32½, six oars, straightaway, Amherst university, G. E. Brewer, B. L. Brown, L. Bradley, Jr., F. M. Williams, A. J. Benedict, W. Nogley, Springfield, Mass., July 24, 1872. \*17:34½, eight oars, straightaway, Cornell university crew, Owasco lake, N. Y., July 17, 1873.

## RECORD OF AMERICA CUP RACES.

1851—Aug. 22, around the Isle of Wight: America, 10:57:00; Aurora second.

1870—Aug. 8, New York Yacht club course: Magic, 8:56:21; Cambria, 4:37:38.

1871—Oct. 16, New York Yacht club course: Columbia, 6:19:41; Livonia, 6:46:45. Oct. 18, 20 miles to windward off Sandy Hook and return: Columbia, 3:07:41¼; Livonia, 3:18:15¼. Columbia disabled in third race Oct. 19. Oct. 21, 20 miles to windward off Sandy Hook and return: Sappho, 5:26:02; Livonia, 6:09:23. Oct. 23, New York Yacht club course: Sappho, 4:16:17; Livonia, 5:11:55.

1876—Aug. 11, New York Yacht club course: Madeleine, 6:22:54; Countess of Dufferin, 6:54:53. Aug. 12, 20 miles to windward off Sandy Hook and return: Madeleine, 7:15:46; Countess of Dufferin, 7:46:00.

1881—Nov. 9, New York Yacht club course: Mischief, 4:17:00; Atalanta, 4:45:39¼. Nov. 10, 18 miles to leeward off Sandy Hook and return: Mischief, 4:54:58; Atalanta, 5:23:47.

1885—Sept. 14, New York Yacht club course: Puritan, 6:06:05; Genesta, 6:22:24. Sept. 16, 20 miles to leeward off Sandy Hook light and return: Puritan, 5:06:14; Genesta, 5:04:33. 1886—Sept. 9, New York Yacht club course: Mayflower, 5:36:41; Galatea, 5:38:43. Sept. 11, 20 miles to leeward off Sandy Hook light and return: Mayflower, 6:49:10; Galatea, 7:18:02.

1887—Sept. 27, New York Yacht club course: Volunteer, 4:58:18; Thistle, 5:12:41¼. Sept. 30, 20 miles to windward off Scotland light and return: Volunteer, 5:43:54; Thistle, 5:54:45.

1893—Oct. 7, 15 miles to windward off Sandy Hook light and return: Vigilant, 4:06:47; Valkyrie, 4:11:38. Oct. 8, triangular 20-mile course, first leg to windward: Vigilant, 3:26:04.

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Valkyrie, 3:35:36. Oct. 13, 15 miles to windward off Sandy Hook light and return: Vigilant, 3:21:39; Valkyrie, 3:25:19.  
 595—Sept. 7, 15 miles to windward and return, east by south off Point Seabright, N. J.: Defender, 4:57:56; Valkyrie III., 5:08:44; Sept. 11, triangular course, 10 miles in each leg, Valkyrie, 3:56:09; Defender, 3:56:56; won by Defender on a foul. Sept. 18, Defender sailed over course and claimed cup and race; claim allowed.

#### YALE RACES AT HENLEY.

The Yale crew visited the Henley regatta during 1896, and on July 7 was defeated by the Leander crew. Yale's crew probably will make it an annual trip.

#### Billiards.

Best run, 3-ball straight-rail game, 2,572; Harvey McKenna, Boston, Mass., Dec. 21, 1887; average, 4.024. At San Francisco in 1893 Jacob Schaefer ran 3,000 at straight-rail game on 4x9 table. Best run, 1-ball carom game, 1,483; J. McDermott, New York, Jan. 8, 1898. Best at champion's game, 3-ball carom, 14,228 lines—528; George Slosson, Paris, France, February, 1882; in America, 351; J. H. Heiser, New York, Feb. 14, 1884. English spot stroke game, 3,306; W. J. Penil, London, England, Nov. 3 to 8, 1890. Fourteen-inch balk-line game, 566; Jacob Schaefer, in a match with Frank Ives and George Slosson, New York, Dec. 16, 1886; 456; Frank Ives, in a match with Jacob Schaefer, Chicago, Nov. 24, 1886 (both these runs made with the "anchor nurse"); 339; Frank C. Ives, Chicago, match with Jacob Schaefer, Dec. 6, 1884 ("anchor nurse" barred). Cushion-carom game—Best run by Frank C. Ives at Boston, April 14, 1894, 85. Eighteen-inch balk-line game, 140; Frank Ives, New York, Dec. 17, 1887; best average, 40; Jacob Schaefer, 400-point game, Chicago, Jan. 21, 1896.

#### Lawn Tennis.

The official rankings for 1898 are as follows:

- Scratch—M. D. Whitman, champion.  
 1-6, 15—L. E. Ware, W. S. Bond, Dwight Davis, C. R. Budlong, E. P. Fischer, G. L. Wrenn, Jr., and R. D. Stevens.  
 2-6, 15—S. C. Millett, G. K. Belden and J. D. Forbes.  
 4-6, 15—H. Ward, George Miles and H. H. Hackett.  
 15—J. C. Davidson, Beals Wright, R. H. Carleton, J. P. Paret, A. Codman, J. A. Allen.  
 15 and 1-6—A. P. Hawes, E. R. Marvin, R. McKittrick, R. Hooker, G. W. Lee, A. L. Williston, H. Cole, W. J. Clothier, E. T. Gross, R. D. Little.  
 15 and 2-6—H. Ewer, C. Whitbeck, H. K. Auchincloss, H. A. Plummer, S. P. Ware, B. S. Harris, H. E. Avery.

#### Trap-Shooting.

The principal trap-shooting trophies are held as follows:  
 DuPont trophy, live birds—Fred Gilbert of Spirit Lake, Iowa.  
 Sportsmen's Review, live birds—Fred Gilbert of Spirit Lake, Iowa.  
 Cast-iron badge, live birds—Rolla Helkes of Dayton, O.  
 E. C. cup, inanimate targets—Rolla Helkes of Dayton, O.

#### Railroading.

All long-distance railway runs were broken in 1896 by both the Lake Shore and New York

Central systems. The following table shows the best runs made in America and Europe. It can be seen that the best run was made by the Lake Shore:

	Lake Shore & Mich. South rn.	N. Y. Central & H. R. R. R.	West Coast Route.
Date.....	1895. Oct. 24.	1895. Sept. 11.	1893. Aug. 23.
Number of cars.....	3	4	3
Weight of cars.....	504,500 lbs.	351,310 lbs.	150,080 lbs.
Starting point.....	100th st., Chicago.	New York.	London.
Finish.....	Buffalo Creek.	East Buffalo.	Aberdeen.
Total dist. in miles.....	510.1	436.32	329.75
Total time in minutes and seconds.....	481m. 7s. 411m. 56s.		512m.
Average speed in miles per hour.....	65.61	63.54	63.34
Total time in motion.....	470m. 23s.	407m. 41s.	505m.
Average speed, deducting stops.....	65.07	64.22	63.93
Length of division on which fastest average speed was made.....	36 miles.	145.6 miles.	141.25 miles.
Average speed on said division.....	72.92 miles.	65.75 miles.	67.30 miles.

Some of the remarkable features of the Lake Shore run are as follows:

- 1 mile at the rate of 92.39 miles per hour.  
 8 miles (Hippley to Westfield) at the rate of 85.41 miles per hour.  
 33 miles (Moorehead to Van Buren) at the rate of 89.96 miles per hour.  
 Prior to this the best runs were as follows:  
 May 9, 1883, the Empire State express on the New York Central & Hudson River railroad, consisting of engine 929, three coaches and a Wagner drawing-room car, made a run of 102 miles in 1h.  
 May 10, 1883, the same train ran 1 mile in 32s., a rate of 112½ miles in 1h.  
 The "Exposition Flyer," an engine and four Wagner coaches, repeatedly made the run from New York to Chicago, 356 miles, in 30h.  
 The record noted on May 10—a mile in 32s.—has been questioned by some railroad men.  
 Oct. 14, 1887, a Holman locomotive in a trial near Cape May, N. J., made 56 1-10 miles in 55 minutes, including starting and stopping. A mile for time was recorded in 42s., and on the run it was claimed that two miles were made in 69s.  
 1 mile—37s., Philadelphia & Reading railroad, Nov. 20, 1892; engine had 8½-foot drivers; train, one combination car, two day coaches and a Pullman car.  
 2 miles—1m. 15s., same train; second mile in 38s.  
 3 miles—1m. 54s., same train; third mile in 38s.  
 5 miles—3m. 25s., same train, five consecutive miles, an average of 87.8 miles an hour; this train also ran five miles on a section having a heavy grade in 4m., an average of 75 miles an hour.  
 1 mile—39 4-5s., Philadelphia & Reading railroad, Aug. 27, 1891; 60½s., during run of special train from West Philadelphia to Jersey City, Sept. 4, 1879.  
 2.1 miles—1m. 10s., engine 336 and an ordinary day coach, P. & R. R. R., Yardley to Trenton Junction, N. J., March 10, 1890.

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- 2.9 miles—2m., engine 306 and an ordinary day coach, P. & R. R. R., Somerset to Neshoay Falls, N. J., March 10, 1890.
- 3.1 miles—2m., engine, two parlor cars and dining-room car, P. & R. R., Aberdeen to Perryman's, N. J., March 10, 1890.
- 4.1 miles—3m., engine 306 and an ordinary day coach, P. & R. R. R., Skillman to Belle Mead, N. J., March 10, 1890.
- 6.1 miles—4m., 306., engine 304 and an ordinary day coach, P. & R. R. R., Bethayres to Neshoay Falls, N. J., March 10, 1890.
- 10 miles—8m., 30., Skillman to Weston, N. J., engine 306 and one ordinary day coach, P. & R. R. R., March 10, 1890.
- 14 miles—11m., locomotive Hamilton Davis and six cars, N. Y. Central R. R., 1885.
- 18 miles—15m., special train conveying the duke of Wellington, Paddington to Slough, England.
- 27.4 miles—3m., special extra 963 and two cars, Pennsylvania R. R., Morrisville to Germantown Junction, Pa., May 6, 1885.
- 36.7 miles—3m., special extra 963 and two cars, Pennsylvania R. R., Rahway to Trenton, N. J., May 6, 1885.
- 44 miles—4m., 306., special train conveying newspaper correspondents, last 184 miles in 14m., Washington Junction to Washington, D. C. June 10, 1894.
- 53.4 miles—47m., broad-gauge engine Great Britain, four carriages and vans, Paddington to Didcot, England, May 11, 1848.
- 54.9 miles—49m., 306., engine 306 and one ordinary day coach, P. & R. R. R., Wayne Junction, Pa., to Bound Brook, N. J., March 10, 1890.
- 59.2 miles—55m., engine 306 and one ordinary day coach, P. & R. R. R., Philadelphia (9th and Green streets) to Bound Brook, N. J., March 10, 1890.
- 89.4 miles—91m. (actual running time 85m.), special train, engine 306 and one ordinary day coach, P. & R. R. R., 9th and Green streets, Philadelphia, to Jersey City, N. J., March 10, 1890.
- 90 miles—1h. 37m. (actual running time 90m.), special extra 963 and two cars, Pennsylvania R. R., Jersey City to Broad street station, Philadelphia, May 6, 1885; 1h. 47m., train 19, engine 733 and six cars, two regular stops, Jersey City, N. J., to Broad street, Philadelphia, Feb. 12, 1889.
- 111 miles—98m., Fontaine engine and two coaches, Amherstburg to St. Thomas, Canada, May 5, 1881; 109m., locomotive, baggage car, one coach and one Pullman palace car, St. Thomas to Amherstburg, Sept. 15, 1877.
- 118 miles—120m., engine No. 10, special palace car, 17 miles (Welland to Victoria) in 14m., St. Thomas to Victoria, Canada, 153 miles, Fontaine engine and two coaches, in 251m., May 5, 1881. The schedule time from London to Bristol, England, 1184 miles, by the train known as "The Flying Dutchman," is 120m.
- 157.74 miles—165m., special train, Niagara Falls to Syracuse, N. Y., March 1, 1876. 153 miles in 178m., West Coast Flyer, London to Crewe, England, Aug. 6, 1888.
- 180.1 miles—182m., exclusive of stops (no time given incl. stops), Chicago & Northwestern, Clarence, Iowa, to West Fortieth street, Chicago, April 22, 1891.
- 228 miles—A Pennsylvania railway train consisting of one Pullman combination car, a parlor car and an observation car made the run from New York to Washington, Nov. 28, 1891, in 4h. 11m. The 11m. was consumed in stops and changing locomotives, making the actual running time 4h., an average of 57 miles an hour.
- 229 miles—4h. 13m., including stops, A. M. Palmer's special theater train, two parlor cars and a Pullman dining car, Pennsylvania

R. R., Jersey City to Washington, D. C., March 10, 1890. Made return trip same day in 4h. 19m.

400 miles—7h. 25m., West Coast Flyer, London to Edinburgh, Scotland, Aug. 6, 1888.

436 1/4 miles—New York to Buffalo, New York Central & Hudson River railroad (actual running time), 7h. 49m., Sept. 14, 1891.

483.7 miles—Council Bluffs to Chicago, April 22, 1891, Jay Gould's special. Average 62.6 miles per hour; actual running time averaged 52.9 miles per hour.

813 miles—23h. (actual running time 19h. 30m.), special train conveying Washington newspaper correspondents from convention, Chicago, Ill., to Washington, D. C., June 7 and 8, 1894.

1,025 miles—Chicago to Denver, Feb. 15, 1897, C. B. & Q. R. R., 1.133 minutes. Actual running time 1.047 minutes, averaging 55.74 miles per hour.

Jersey City to San Francisco, Cal., 83h. 39 m. 16s. Jarrett & Palmer's train combination passenger, mail and baggage car and Pullman hotel car, June 1 to 4, 1876. No stop between Jersey City and Pittsburg, Pa.

### Ocean Steamships.

The Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse broke all records for average speed by covering the distance from New York to Southampton in 5d., 15h., 10m., July 5, 1893, a total distance of 3,140 miles or 22.56 knots per hour. The Cunarder Lucania still holds the record from Queenstown to New York—5d., 7h., 23m.; average speed per hour, 22.01 knots; greatest day's run, 560 knots, or average speed per day, 25.57 miles; greatest day's run, 645 miles. The Lucania also holds the record from New York to Queenstown—5d., 8h., 48m. Both runs were made in 1894.

### THE TRANSATLANTIC RECORD BY YEARS.

- 1819—Eastward, Savannah, 23d.
- 1820—Westward, Great Western, 15d
- 1821—Westward, Britannia, 14d.
- 1822—Westward, Persia, 9d. 20h.
- 1823—Westward, Baltic, 6d. 19h.
- 1824—Westward, Scotia, 8d. 2h., 43m.
- 1825—Eastward, City of Brussels, 7d. 15h., 3m.
- 1826—Eastward, Baltic, 7d. 2h., 9m.
- 1827—Eastward, City of Berlin, 7d., 15h., 43m.
- 1828—Westward, Germania, 7d., 11h., 34m.
- 1829—Westward, Britannia, 7d., 10h., 35m.
- 1830—Westward, Arizona, 7d., 9h., 24m.
- 1831—Westward, Alaska, 6d., 22h., 10m.
- 1832—Westward, Oregon, 6d., 10h., 10m.
- 1833—Westward, America, 6d., 10h.
- 1834—Westward, Etruria, 6d., 2h., 31m.
- 1835—Westward, Umbria, 6d., 7h., 42m.
- 1836—Westward, Etruria, 6d., 1h., 55m.
- 1837—Westward, City of Paris, 6d., 21h., 7m.
- 1838—Westward, City of Paris, 6d., 19h., 10m.
- 1839—Westward, Teutonic, 5d., 19h., 5m.
- 1840—Westward, Majestic, 5d., 18h., 5m.
- 1841—Westward, Teutonic, 5d., 16h., 31m.
- 1842—Eastward, Teutonic, 6d., 21h., 5m.
- 1843—Eastward, City of New York, 5d., 19h., 37m.
- 1844—Westward, City of Paris, 5d., 14h., 24m.
- 1845—Westward, Lucania, 5d., 13h., 47m.
- 1846—Eastward, Campania, 5d., 13h., 7m.
- 1847—Eastward, Lucania, 5d., 7h., 45m.
- 1848—Westward, Lucania, 5d., 7h., 23m.
- 1849—Westward, Umbria, 5d., 22h., 7m.
- 1850—Eastward, Etruria, 6d., 40m.
- 1851—Westward, St. Paul, 6d., 31m.
- 1852—Eastward, Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, 5d., 21h., 10m.
- 1853—Westward, Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, 5d., 22h., 35m.
- 1854—Eastward, Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, 5d., 15h., 10m.
- 1855—Westward, Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, 5d., 30h.

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**SECOND CLASS.**—All regular newspapers, magazines and other periodicals issued at intervals not exceeding three months; the postage is 1 cent for each pound. A special rate of 1 cent for four ounces is made for all second-class matter mailed by other than publishers or newsdealers.

**THIRD CLASS.**—Embraces printed books, pamphlets, circulars, engravings, lithographs, proof-sheets and manuscript accompanying the same, and all matter of the same general character, and not having the character of personal correspondence. Circulars produced by hectograph or similar process, or by electric pen, are rated as third class; circular matter in imitation of hand or type writing to pass at the third-class rates must be mailed in at least 20 identical copies at a postoffice or station. The limit of weight for mail matter of the third class is four pounds, except in the case of single books exceeding that weight. The rate of postage on mail matter of the third class is 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

**FOURTH CLASS.**—All mailable matter, like merchandise, not included in the three preceding classes, which is so prepared for mailing as to be easily taken from the wrapper and examined. Rate, 1 cent per ounce or fraction thereof, except seeds, roots, cuttings, bulbs, plants and scions, which are 1 cent per two ounces. Limit of weight, four pounds. Full prepayment compulsory. Liquids and other like injurious matter, not admitted, except under some conditions, which may be learned at any postoffice.

**SUGGESTIONS.**—Direct your mail matter to a postoffice, writing the name of the state plainly; and if to a city, add the street and number or postoffice box of the person addressed. Matter not addressed to a postoffice cannot be forwarded. Write or print your name and address, and the contents, if a package, upon the upper left-hand corner of all mail matter. This will insure the immediate return of all first-class matter to you for correction, if improperly addressed or insufficiently paid; and if it is not called for at destination, it can be returned to you without going to the dead-letter office. If a letter, it will be returned free. Undeliverable second, third and fourth class matter will not be forwarded or returned without a new prepayment of postage. When a return card appears on this matter either the sender or addressee is requested to send the postage. Register all valuable letters and packages. Registry fee, 8 cents, which, with the postage, must be fully prepaid. Limited indemnity on presentation of sufficient proof will be paid in case of loss of contents from registered matter of the first class.

**MONEY-ORDER FEES.**—For domestic money orders in denominations of \$100 or less, the following fees are charged:

For orders for sums not exceeding \$2.50..... 3c  
For over \$2.50 and not exceeding \$5..... 5c  
For over \$5 and not exceeding \$10..... 8c  
For over \$10 and not exceeding \$20..... 10c

For over \$20 and not exceeding \$30..... 12c  
For over \$30 and not exceeding \$40..... 15c  
For over \$40 and not exceeding \$50..... 18c  
For over \$50 and not exceeding \$60..... 20c  
For over \$60 and not exceeding \$75..... 25c  
For over \$75 and not exceeding \$100..... 30c  
An additional fee of 2 cents is charged for each order as a special war tax.

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Mail matter may be sent to any country in the Universal Postal Union (which embraces practically every country in the world) either directly or through the intermediary of some postal union state.

**ON LETTERS.**—Five cents for each half ounce or fraction thereof—prepayment optional. Double rates are collected on delivery of unpaid or short-paid letters.

On newspapers, books, pamphlets, photographs, sheet music, maps, engravings and similar printed matter, 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

**TO CANADA** (including Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Manitoba and Prince Edward Island).—Letters, 2 cents for each ounce or fraction thereof; books, circulars and similar printed matter, 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof; second-class matter, same as in the United States; samples and merchandise, 1 cent per ounce. Packages must not exceed four pounds six ounces in weight—prepayment compulsory.

**TO MEXICO.**—Letters, postal cards and printed matter, same rates as in the United States; samples, 1 cent per ounce; merchandise other than samples can only be sent by parcel post.

**TO AUSTRALIA** (Except New South Wales, Queensland and Victoria).—Via San Francisco. On letters, 5 cents for each half ounce or fraction thereof; to places excepted above, 12 cents for each half ounce; on newspapers, 2 cents each—prepayment compulsory.

**LIMITS OF SIZE AND WEIGHT.**—Packages of samples of merchandise to the countries named above (except Great Britain, France, Belgium and Switzerland) must not exceed eight and three-fourths ounces, nor measure more than eight inches in length, four in breadth and two in depth; and packages of printed matter must not exceed four pounds six ounces. Packages of merchandise samples to Great Britain, France, Belgium, Switzerland and Argentine Republic are limited to twelve ounces in weight, twelve inches in length, eight in width and four in depth. Packages of printed matter to Germany and Great Britain are limited to two feet in length and one foot in each other dimension.

## INTERNATIONAL MONEY ORDERS.

For sums not exceeding \$10..... 10c  
Over \$10 and not exceeding \$20..... 20c  
Over \$20 and not exceeding \$30..... 30c  
Over \$30 and not exceeding \$40..... 40c  
Over \$40 and not exceeding \$50..... 50c  
Over \$50 and not exceeding \$60..... 60c  
Over \$60 and not exceeding \$70..... 70c  
Over \$70 and not exceeding \$80..... 80c  
Over \$80 and not exceeding \$90..... 90c  
Over \$90 and not exceeding \$100..... \$1

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All countries in North America except Mexico.  
In Central America: Salvador, Honduras and British Honduras only.  
In South America: British Guiana, Chile, Panama (British Postal Agency) only.

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On the following countries and places in Asia: Amoy, China; Aden, Arabia; Bagdad, Arabia; Bassorah, Turkey; Dutch East Indies; British India; Beluchistan; Beyroot, Turkey; Bender Abbas or Gombroon, Persia; Burmah; Boshire, Persia; Calcutta or Haifa, Turkey; Canton, China; Ceylon; Chios or Scio, Turkey; Foochow, China; Hankow, China; Haiphong, China; Jaffa, Turkey; Jask, Persia; Jerusalem, Turkey; Korrassunde, Turkey; Linga or Lingor, Persia; Mitylene, Turkey; Muscat, Turkey; Ningpo, China; Saumun, Turkey; Shanghai, China; Siam; Smyrna, Turkey; Swatow, China; Trebizond, Turkey; Hongkong, China; Japan and Fusan; Chemulpo; Seoul; Yuen-san and Mukho, Korea.

On the following countries and places in Africa: Accra, Gold Coast; Assab, Bogamoro, East Africa; Banana, Congo Free State; Boma, Congo Free State; British Bechuanaland; Cameroons; Cape Coast Castle, Gold Coast; Dares Salaam, East Africa; Cape Colony; Egypt; Gambia; German Protectorates; Gold Coast Colony; Klein Popo, Togo; Kilwa, East Africa; Lagos, West Coast; Lamu, East Coast; Lindi, East Africa; Lome, Togo; Massowah, Matadi, Congo Free State; Mondasa, East Coast; Natal, Orange Free State, Panga, East Africa; Seadani, East Africa; South African Republic; Panga, East Africa; Tangier, Morocco; Transvaal; Tripoli; Tunis; Zanzibar.

On the following countries and islands: Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, Azores, Crete, Cyprus, Falkland Islands, Faroe Islands, Iceland, Madeira Islands, Malta, Rhodes, St. Helena, Seychelle Islands, Spice Islands and the Straits Settlements, Hawaiian and Philippine Islands.

### LEGAL HOLIDAYS.

Jan. 1—New Year's day. In all the states except Arkansas, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Mississippi, New Hampshire and Rhode Island.

Jan. 8—Anniversary of the battle of New Orleans. In Louisiana.

Jan. 19—Lee's birthday. In Florida, Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Virginia.

Feb. 6—Mardi-Gras. Shrove Tuesday (the day before Ash Wednesday, the first day of Lent). In Alabama and city of New Orleans, Louisiana.

Feb. 12—Lincoln's birthday. In Illinois, Minnesota, New Jersey, New York, Washington.

Feb. 22—Washington's birthday. In all the states except Arkansas, Iowa and Mississippi.

March 2—Anniversary of Texan independence. In Texas.

March 4—Firemen's anniversary. In New Orleans, La.

March—Good Friday (the Friday before Easter). In Alabama, Louisiana, Maryland, Pennsylvania and Tennessee.

April (first Wednesday)—State election day. In Rhode Island.

April 6—Confederate Memorial day. In Louisiana.

April 19—Patriots' day. In Massachusetts.

April 21—Anniversary of the battle of San Jacinto. In Texas.

April 26—Memorial day. In Alabama, Florida and Georgia.

May 10—Memorial day. In North Carolina and South Carolina.

May 20—Anniversary of the signing of the Mecklenburg declaration of independence. In North Carolina.

May 30—Decoration day. In Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Tennessee, Utah, Vermont, Wisconsin, Washington and Wyoming.

June 3—Jefferson Davis' birthday. In Florida.

July 4—Independence day. In all the states.

July 24—Pioneers' day. In Utah.

Aug. 16—Bennington Battle day. In Vermont.

"September" (first Monday)—Labor day. In Alabama, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland,

Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

Sept. 15—Admission day. In California.

Oct. 4—Labor day. In California.

Oct. 15—Lincoln day. In Connecticut.

Oct. 31—Admission in the Union day: Nevada.

Nov. 1—All Saints' day. In Louisiana.

November (generally the Tuesday after the first Monday)—General election day: In Arizona, California, Florida, Idaho, Indiana, Kansas, Maryland, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, West Virginia, Washington, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

November, the last Thursday in—Thanksgiving day: It is observed in all the states, although in some it is not a statutory holiday.

Nov. 25—Labor day. In Louisiana.

Dec. 25—Christmas day: In all states, and in South Carolina the two succeeding days in addition.

Sundays and fast days (whenever appointed) are legal holidays in nearly all the states.

Abolition day is a legal holiday in Kansas, Minnesota, North Dakota, Wisconsin and Wyoming, the day being set by the governor. In Nebraska, April 22; California, Sept. 9; Colorado, on the third Friday in April; Florida, Feb. 7; Rhode Island, first Friday in April; Texas, Feb. 22; Georgia, first Friday in December; Montana, third Tuesday in April; Utah, first Saturday in April; and Idaho, on Friday after May 1.

Every Saturday after 12 o'clock noon is a legal holiday in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland and Virginia, and the city of New Orleans, and June 1 to Sept. 30 in Newcastle county, Delaware.

"Labor day was made a national holiday by congress. It is the only strictly national holiday we have, not excepting the Fourth of July. Congress has at various times appointed special holidays, and has recognized the existence of certain days as holidays, but there is no general statute on the subject. The proclamation of the president designating a day of thanksgiving only makes such day a holiday in those states which provide for it by law."

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	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
First	19,771	8,534	2,044	1,872	1,439	1,206	712	648	360	392	90	74
Second	15,394	15,735	4,565	4,328	2,014	2,036	1,148	1,167	508	537	798	1,137
Third	18,328	21,022	7,027	8,164	5,280	5,673	1,400	1,353	502	571	290	191
Fourth	22,620	24,304	9,236	9,900	5,998	6,413	2,390	2,346	1,034	1,031	271	287
Fifth	30,336	29,977	18,381	16,278	13,183	12,612	6,019	5,727	2,852	2,837	719	590
Sixth	37,491	35,286	23,209	22,511	16,039	16,002	7,984	5,379	4,047	3,981	1,075	1,054
Seventh	23,561	22,535	11,254	10,538	8,612	8,286	4,233	4,275	2,061	2,162	430	368
Eighth	34,050	34,012	19,550	18,594	15,072	15,901	11,000	9,794	5,499	5,201	1,445	1,478
Ninth	27,199	28,577	12,906	13,521	9,334	9,400	4,438	4,392	2,181	2,056	604	513
Tenth	28,752	35,494	11,088	11,496	7,018	7,370	3,228	2,162	1,600	1,537	857	681
Eleventh	21,712	22,480	11,611	11,433	9,247	9,110	4,484	4,375	2,513	2,415	681	601
Twelfth	33,700	33,204	15,030	15,285	12,373	11,887	6,341	6,082	3,391	3,256	827	812
Total	344,618	332,114	154,294	151,910	112,318	109,897	53,448	46,911	26,029	25,127	7,412	7,117

WEST DIVISION.

Thirteenth	23,434	23,148	11,537	11,401	8,402	8,600	3,683	3,598	2,064	2,077	578	561
Fourteenth	24,248	20,854	10,047	10,927	8,034	7,808	3,451	3,664	2,217	2,225	594	600
Fifteenth	22,733	24,981	14,941	14,785	10,538	10,188	5,436	4,712	2,691	2,691	649	710
Sixteenth	49,955	46,286	26,011	25,807	19,804	19,544	8,064	6,004	4,645	4,653	1,311	1,302
Seventeenth	21,544	21,778	8,463	8,218	5,302	5,281	2,337	2,692	970	1,022	288	354
Eighteenth	42,765	40,811	19,866	19,143	13,240	12,801	5,906	5,804	3,312	3,300	719	702
Nineteenth	30,151	30,909	15,194	14,529	10,081	10,270	4,917	4,444	2,867	2,648	615	665
Twentieth	40,076	40,436	18,226	18,157	13,151	13,373	6,874	5,853	3,892	3,862	947	967
Twenty-first	43,148	40,357	21,721	21,284	16,369	16,329	6,670	5,706	4,096	4,070	987	1,087
Twenty-second	40,574	38,951	19,798	18,436	15,371	14,374	8,172	6,198	4,587	4,235	1,311	1,297
Twenty-third	39,549	41,826	6,848	6,092	4,912	4,947	2,105	2,115	1,008	968	265	279
Twenty-fourth	30,791	32,719	7,002	4,410	4,053	3,375	2,168	1,023	1,353	746	332	185
Twenty-fifth	36,215	35,341	11,092	10,908	8,912	8,689	2,729	2,888	2,325	2,371	794	682
Twenty-sixth	17,077	16,302	7,407	7,329	6,004	6,007	2,921	2,810	1,715	1,705	451	454
Twenty-seventh	14,246	14,186	7,006	6,646	5,158	4,825	3,019	3,021	1,796	1,689	632	671
Total	457,025	467,221	206,829	199,176	153,008	147,427	60,183	61,419	38,504	36,822	9,953	10,086

NORTH DIVISION.

Twenty-eighth	18,395	18,126	9,013	8,865	6,427	6,333	2,330	2,160	1,210	1,277	326	332
Twenty-ninth	18,433	19,232	7,451	7,939	6,202	5,712	2,803	2,898	1,723	1,663	678	681
Thirtieth	22,190	21,279	8,191	8,041	6,415	6,392	3,583	3,333	1,869	1,906	423	369
Thirty-first	23,150	20,775	9,476	9,341	6,187	5,900	3,200	3,045	1,825	1,734	473	519
Thirty-second	20,528	19,741	5,909	4,334	3,833	3,030	1,049	1,027	516	567	141	136
Thirty-third	27,401	27,410	10,504	10,379	7,832	6,513	3,080	3,090	1,764	1,633	448	400
Thirty-fourth	34,953	35,426	18,158	17,021	14,302	14,255	6,829	6,314	3,542	3,397	873	868
Total	167,692	162,285	68,753	66,930	50,618	48,186	22,421	21,865	12,438	11,769	3,054	3,016

RECAPITULATION.

South Div., grand total	344,618	332,114	154,294	151,910	112,318	109,897	53,448	46,911	26,029	25,127	7,412	7,117
West Div., grand total	457,025	467,221	206,829	199,176	153,008	147,427	60,183	61,419	38,504	36,822	9,953	10,086
North Div., grand total	167,692	162,285	68,753	66,930	50,618	48,186	22,421	21,865	12,438	11,769	3,054	3,016
Grand total	969,335	961,620	429,921	417,016	315,944	306,510	136,052	130,195	77,971	74,718	20,419	20,219

Total census 1898, 1,851,568.

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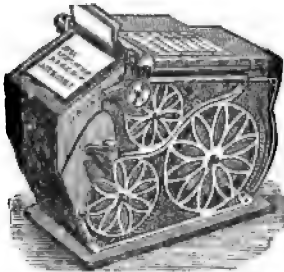
## NATIVITY STATISTICS BY WARDS.

WARDS.	BELGIAN.			BOHEMIAN.			CANADIAN.			DANISH.			ENGLISH.		
	American born.	American born, 1 parent American.	Foreign born.	American born.	American born, 1 parent American.	Foreign born.	American born.	American born, 1 parent American.	Foreign born.	American born.	American born, 1 parent American.	Foreign born.	American born.	American born, 1 parent American.	Foreign born.
1	1		9	147	37	6	174	30	174	30		139	139		29
2	7		10	63	147	12	341	32	341	32		297	297	18	29
3	12		14	70	295	2	418	143	418	143		617	617	23	53
4	13		7	71	73	6	524	401	524	401	14	411	1,008	63	1,044
5	24		17	1,647	531	407	92	430	138	841	23	138	841	23	681
6	12		17	1,767	1,649	97	51	1	42	674	116	674	674		674
7	12		17	1,767	1,649	97	51	1	42	674	116	674	674		674
8	42		45	182	9,354	200	11	290	37	51	212	51	212		51
9	58		40	10,410	11,636	636	9	590	114	406	198	406	406		198
10	26		31	111	96	543	13	640	600	123	198	123	123		198
11	1		6	114	160	1,159	63	1,254	132	132	132	132	132		132
12	50		51	65	34	1883	30	840	412	361	1,379	361	1,379		361
13	91		95	64	446	212	12	243	1,778	1,541	851	1,541	851		1,541
14	65		102	219	236	139		226	1,946	315	2,314	315	2,314		315
15	91		57	807	17	647	46	77	944	41	843	41	843		41
16	14		11	24	13	79		109	391	5	425	5	425		5
17	4		9	90	750	202	26	297	69	119	372	119	372		119
18	16		15	6	84	113		890	53	35	464	35	464		35
19	14		16	3	45	161		107	313	274	184	274	184		274
20	10		10	40	21	80		153	59	81	200	81	200		81
21	6		83	21	63	111		302	34	98	372	98	372		98
22	12		17	20	12	323	68	775	36	51	257	51	257		51
23	8		14	51	56	366	20	554	123	170	833	170	833		170
24	62		53	92	106	273	36	349	292	231	854	231	854		231
25	19		34	303	340	254	41	297	418	283	533	283	533		283
26			2	372	620	747	140	704	227	205	782	205	782		205
27			1	1,167	684	423		432	104	102	695	102	695		102
28			5	3,330	2,234	162	160	1,130	43	334	1,512	334	1,512		334
29			10	340	730	485	57	704	281	257	636	257	636		257
30			10	40	120	602	40	327	437	219	415	219	415		219
31			3	224	322	358		437	410	373	427	373	427		373
32			45	324	267	944	40	1,334	450	444	1,303	444	1,303		444
total	900		1,021	47,363	798,40	516	16,085	1,088	17,723	10,700	500	10,761	21,525	2,173	3,170

WARDS.	FRENCH.			GERMAN.			GREEK.			HOLLANDISH.			HUNGARIAN.		
	American born.	American born, 1 parent American.	Foreign born.	American born.	American born, 1 parent American.	Foreign born.	American born.	American born, 1 parent American.	Foreign born.	American born.	American born, 1 parent American.	Foreign born.	American born.	American born, 1 parent American.	Foreign born.
33	72		12	232	704	48	1,533		100	13		38	4		71
34	166		57	274	1,650	190	1,649		9	24		38	4		71
35	161		70	300	3,957	90	2,819		15	17		49	21		29
36	176	4	184	4,160	174	5,775			6	73		23	21		29
37	233		102	11,735	187	7,408			20	102		49	16		27
38	256	1	188	11,850	901	9,568	19		13	83	5	77	15		15
39	110		138	5,346	280	4,811	8		9	81		22	22		30
40	133		157	3,732	71	3,475	0		18	161		101	101		222
41	130		165	6,725	186	5,490	9		9	430		238	75		115
42	192	13	811	17,325	335	11,912	4		4	311	17	313	12		136
43	876		346	2,734	230	2,289			10	97		50	49		23
44	1,415		1,415	5,236	296	4,435			16	114		106	106		67
45	873		684	5,472	347	4,555	17		16	138		247	11		30
46	235		144	22,532	3,014	16,420	11		20	113		120	376		301
47	280		426	13,890	3,731	12,514	11		13	101		150	77		128
48	172		100	10,924	353	8,006	6		13	42		45	141		101
49	413	10	501	2,518	241	2,572	45		57	35		43	35		45
50	180	14	239	3,140	546	2,841	171		476	48		65	18		72
51	63		68	11,828	1,065	8,320	14		16	33		32	6		226
52	91		108	12,562	417	10,590	5		32	19		20	9		24
53	103		124	12,804	317	9,994	12		6	27		22	36		17
54	70		78	4,457	8	8,062			4	14		17	4		76
55	110	9	140	3,965	257	4,776	78		185	31		28	3		13
56	115	9	140	3,230	146	7,102	9		30	31		34	5		15
57	115		118	20,721	1,408	16,328			11	33		36	6		15
58	33		35	7,035	910	5,777			1	90		39	10		16
59	80		54	2,830	428	2,047			13	147		131	19		33
60	103		109	3,694	349	3,444	3		11	43		132	2		6
61	285		229	14,105	1,651	10,682	7		24	507		559	74		51
62	616	193	611	4,729	1,021	3,547			6	918	75	864	82		61
63	746	320	482	3,873	161	3,431	1		15	72		103	15		76
64	376	10	380	4,676	1,041	4,644			1	76		75	15		76
65	451	80	457	6,162	100	4,854	8		28	5,011	816	4,689	155		139
total	10,590	831	10,118	261,701	21,328	207,511	498		1,186	9,918	8,918	1,295	21,525	2,173	3,170

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WARDS.	IRISH.			ITALIAN.			LITHUANIAN.			MEXICAN.			NORWEGIAN.		
	American born.	American born, I parent American.	Foreign born.	American born.	American born, I parent American.	Foreign born.	American born.	American born, I parent American.	Foreign born.	American born.	American born, I parent American.	Foreign born.	American born.	American born, I parent American.	Foreign born.
1	1,284	58	1,096	155	70	1,339	42	1,297	29	1,268	36	1,232	145	61	1,087
2	1,001	174	1,881	147	50	900	37	863	30	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
3	2,536	46	2,600	147	60	1,477	51	1,426	3	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
4	2,440	133	2,553	60	50	1,100	51	1,049	3	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
5	8,512	200	6,082	508	114	462	482	20	28	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
6	13,716	1,023	7,384	12	16	16	16	3	3	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
7	1,865	115	1,553	114	88	79	88	20	28	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
8	3,151	114	2,206	84	19	19	19	3	3	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
9	4,033	504	3,286	221	217	206	17	17	17	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
10	8,840	342	4,876	217	206	17	17	17	17	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
11	3,881	368	1,340	200	163	163	4	4	4	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
12	9,900	737	5,684	277	185	185	6	6	6	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
13	5,887	143	3,040	106	258	258	2	2	2	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
14	1,814	46	1,348	83	79	79	1	1	1	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
15	2,234	257	1,772	136	79	170	1	1	1	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
16	1,102	31	968	143	104	104	8	8	8	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
17	1,406	258	886	186	51	1,520	1	1	1	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
18	3,102	525	2,087	104	100	100	8	8	8	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
19	8,781	4,822	3,236	3,246	67	4,320	23	29	10	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
20	1,545	371	1,069	27	30	30	1	1	1	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
21	1,257	805	23	32	32	32	5	5	5	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
22	1,394	12	1,182	246	238	238	1	1	1	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
23	4,674	12	4,788	1,338	1,717	1,717	1	1	1	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
24	2,814	214	3,158	78	101	101	1	1	1	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
25	1,577	131	1,446	20	35	35	12	12	12	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
26	1,360	131	1,229	80	65	65	9	9	9	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
27	674	70	474	21	16	16	1	1	1	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
28	2,579	437	1,638	21	21	21	2	2	2	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
29	12,611	2,367	9,452	40	37	100	27	27	27	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
30	8,978	1,530	6,418	136	113	113	7	7	7	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
31	2,622	633	2,479	228	196	196	2	2	2	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
32	2,638	30	3,280	24	50	50	2	2	2	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
33	2,585	633	2,801	54	63	63	18	18	18	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
34	3,345	121	3,067	230	247	247	2	2	2	1,000	30	970	146	61	1,127
Total.	131,180	12,648	100,334	10,348	12,585	628	783	50	102	22,712	710	22,042			

	POLISH.			RUSSIAN.			SCOTCH.			SPANISH.			SWEDISH.		
1	19	228	42	379	138	4	144	2	14	198	3	285	180	12	277
2	88	86	94	6	210	181	13	285	11	13	180	12	277	180	12
3	120	107	91	65	225	8	156	8	14	649	12	277	180	12	277
4	44	40	135	36	408	13	356	17	25	639	10	277	180	12	277
5	147	63	321	83	334	1	288	12	8	2,739	4	2,739	130	16	1,569
6	1,091	38	3,529	751	404	316	35	27	2	1,108	130	16	1,569	130	16
7	2,101	276	2,765	8,882	2,930	24	19	19	2	1,108	130	16	1,569	130	16
8	257	281	2,496	3,124	100	90	64	90	2	3	386	43	43	386	43
9	3,223	76	2,700	343	280	100	90	2	3	386	43	43	386	43	43
10	4,400	8,472	143	10	118	439	12	419	5	7	2,011	56	2,118	56	2,118
11	105	107	211	210	210	492	473	4	4	6	206	206	206	206	206
12	47	45	96	127	1,022	75	1,086	11	16	519	21	21	519	21	21
13	53	62	111	20	81	636	43	510	28	12	85	21	85	21	85
14	1,191	911	841	913	412	52	361	20	13	2,093	30	1,261	2,093	30	1,261
15	72	4,290	207	248	300	24	431	5	15	2,212	22	2,212	22	2,212	22
16	19,362	167	14,048	361	124	81	106	5	1	1,569	13	1,569	13	1,569	13
17	1,355	90	255	191	252	30	372	3	10	28	142	13	28	142	13
18	90	1,000	1,843	2,955	319	79	311	17	20	131	13	13	13	13	13
19	196	410	21	22	116	102	102	3	3	429	64	64	429	64	64
20	500	27	21	35	121	103	4	103	6	494	710	710	494	710	710
21	23	31	63	74	139	133	1	133	5	2,280	60	2,280	60	2,280	60
22	320	439	88	121	30	111	111	8	10	7,843	3,849	3,849	7,843	3,849	3,849
23	38	53	55	55	314	36	466	8	20	649	3	1,034	649	3	1,034
24	28	42	19	18	311	80	329	10	11	4,678	79	4,678	79	4,678	79
25	608	440	49	53	257	76	250	9	10	3,151	100	3,151	100	3,151	100
26	634	436	77	110	162	36	211	2	2	1,435	38	1,435	38	1,435	38
27	76	163	163	110	393	62	373	9	1	1,435	38	1,435	38	1,435	38
28	565	430	193	177	210	10	221	9	1	1,435	38	1,435	38	1,435	38
29	2,153	1,071	200	277	668	114	752	2	2	5,370	235	5,370	235	5,370	235
30	86	68	60	63	518	93	635	4	4	1,417	81	1,417	81	1,417	81
31	31	84	70	119	477	187	601	6	12	659	50	2,038	659	50	2,038
32	72	4,002	155	205	214	82	223	3	3	8,060	81	8,060	81	8,060	81
33	145	47	150	134	588	98	607	11	21	3,280	7	3,280	7	3,280	7
Total	52,128	370,441	15,140	31,208	10,640	1,268	11,004	222	346	32,882	1,435	57,282			

PERRY KRUS, Prest.

OTTO F. SOHM, Secy.

# Pioneer Paper Stock Co.,

PACKERS AND DEALERS IN

# PAPER STOCK

318-324 S. DESPLAINES ST.,  
CHICAGO.

TELEPHONE MAIN 4828.

PROMPT SERVICE ASSURED.

## LOUIS EMRATH, GENERAL MACHINIST.

Newspaper, Stereotype and Printing Machinery,  
Steel Type Stands and Brass Top Standing Gallies.

*Jobbing a Specialty.*

82 South Market-st., Chicago.

## H. C. KELLY, JR.,

Patentee Constructor; Operator of

### PNEUMATIC TUBES

For the Transmission of Mails, Moneys, Packages, Etc.

ALSO ALL KINDS OF TIN, SHEET IRON AND COPPER WORK.

Jobbing Promptly Attended To.

104, 106 S. Franklin-st., Chicago.

## L. M. ROUSE & Co.,

.....MANUFACTURER OF.....

*Special Appliances for Newspaper Plants  
and Small Experimental Machinery.*

PATTERNS AND MODELS OF WOOD OR METAL.

243 SOUTH JEFFERSON STREET,

CHICAGO, ILL.

## NATIVITY STATISTICS BY WARDS—CONTINUED.

WARDS.	SWISS.			WELSH.			OTHER COUNTRIES.			MIXED PARENTS.			AMERICAN.	COLORED.	CHINESE.
	American born.	American born, i parent American.	Foreign born.	American born.	American born, i parent American.	Foreign born.	American born.	American born, i parent American.	Foreign born.	American born.	American born, i parent American.	Foreign born.			
1.....	23		79	3		15	40		69	229		71	13,473	3,574	794
2.....	36		58	45		47	116		191	191		86	15,372	4,705	113
3.....	34		41	39		22	71		2	138		48	14,500	7,008	436
4.....	16		16	53		40	100		102	283		233	22,683	1,446	64
5.....	95		78	7		24	116		94	240		218	10,759	575	26
6.....	29		21	129	10	33	67		68	243		209	10,172	15	121
7.....	26		20	2		2	101		104	234		170	2,962	4	55
8.....	26		21				89		90	276		217	3,804	14	39
9.....	64		43			7	42		49	218		173	4,018		13
10.....	49		50	88		101	42		30	436		411	15,599		34
11.....	33		41	103		101	18		13	19		38	15,339	290	67
12.....	56		52	222		261	44		45	183		200	46,112	216	127
13.....	79		89	63		66	2		2	73		90	23,426	989	55
14.....	118		97	39		62	3		8	8		25	10,308	10	11
15.....	115		130	58		118	8		1	23		74	21,146		29
16.....	51		51	9		6			2	16		45	3,009	15	26
17.....	28		34	4		7			2	12		34	3,573	399	16
18.....	33		45	77		74			63	10		31	15,581	691	65
19.....	42		46	79		110			4			16	6,545	246	39
20.....	47		78	24		27			4			26	7,897		6
21.....	36		89	7		11			42			7	8,053	82	10
22.....	122		126	13		15	3		12	35		26	9,299	133	10
23.....	34		34	6		7			11	88		14	4,517	99	6
24.....	54		96	21		26	3		5	7		18	18,728	442	32
25.....	108		125	89		74			6			60	18,029	149	7
26.....	100		125	26		49	3		6			31	14,309	6	4
27.....	92		64	33		49			2			20	7,232	115	1
28.....	41		35	38		64						18	8,151	118	5
29.....	39		52	56		43			18			26	8,203	563	10
30.....	120		180	58		70	1		7	26		61	32,904	1,451	34
31.....	65		66	39		52			12			57	27,474	965	10
32.....	78		76	111		136	11		18	9		32	34,542	848	12
33.....	58		73	186		177			8			8	7,768	125	37
34.....	82		134	158		96			4	16		12	30,022	312	20
Total..	2,051	5	2,346	1,757	10	2,017	882	7	834	3,186	4	2,764	498,933	25,814	2,445

## POLICE OF CHICAGO.

## STRENGTH OF THE FORCE.

The total number of men constituting the force Dec. 31, 1897, was 3,594, assigned to duty as follows:

General superintendent.....	1
Assistant superintendent.....	1
Superintendent's private secretary....	1
Assistant superintendent's private secretary.....	1
Secretary, rank of captain.....	1
Inspectors.....	4
Clerks in secretary's office.....	2
Chief clerk of detectives.....	1
Superintendent bureau of identification.....	1
Photographer assistants.....	3
Stenographers.....	3
Printer.....	1
Assistant printers.....	2
Veterinary surgeon.....	1
Assistant veterinary surgeons.....	2
Captains.....	16

Lieutenants.....	61
Lieutenants of detectives.....	2
Sergeants of detectives.....	3
Patrol sergeants.....	169
Detective sergeants.....	26
Desk sergeants.....	161
Retired Haymarket pensioners.....	21
First-class patrolmen for duty on crossings and bridges.....	236
First-class patrolmen for duty on patrol wagons.....	152
First-class patrolmen for patrol duty.....	2,298
Custodian.....	1
Foundkeepers.....	2
Inspectors of vehicles.....	2
Chief operator.....	1
Assistant chief operator.....	1
Operators.....	126
Substitute operators.....	16
Drivers of patrol wagons.....	32
Substitute drivers.....	49
Supply drivers.....	13

# **SAM'L BINGHAM'S SON**

**M'FG CO.,**

MANUFACTURERS OF

# **PRINTERS' ROLLERS**

201-207 SOUTH CANAL STREET,  
CHICAGO.



THE LARGEST ESTABLISHMENT OF THE KIND  
IN THE WORLD.



IMPROVED ROLLERS MADE BY  
SPECIAL PATENTED MACHINERY.

UNEQUALED FACILITIES FOR MAKING ROLLERS  
FOR FAST NEWSPAPER WEB PRESSES.

Engineers .....	8
Assistant engineers, eight months.....	7
Janitors .....	40
Hostlers .....	20
Chief matron.....	1
Matrons .....	31
Foreman repair shop.....	1
Painters in shop.....	8
Wagonmakers .....	4
Carpenters .....	6
Blacksmiths .....	3
Blacksmith helpers.....	3
Saddlers and harnessmakers.....	2
Plumber .....	1
Assistant plumber.....	1
Foreman of construction.....	1
Laborers .....	11
Probationary patrolman.....	1
Feed inspector.....	1
Plasterer .....	1
Scrubwomen .....	18
Bookkeeper .....	1
Day clerks, detective department.....	3
Night clerk, detective department.....	1
Bailiffs .....	16
Total.....	3,594

## ARRESTS AND FINES.

Arrests and fines imposed each month during 1897:

MONTHS.	Arrests.	Fines.
January .....	5,469	\$16,336
February .....	4,000	9,556
March .....	6,012	16,346
April .....	5,189	13,171
May .....	9,630	21,309
June .....	7,453	19,436
July .....	8,658	21,336
August .....	9,347	22,796
September .....	8,106	21,422
October .....	7,147	18,922
November .....	6,728	18,386
December .....	5,971	16,990
Total .....	83,690	216,234

## RECAPITULATION.

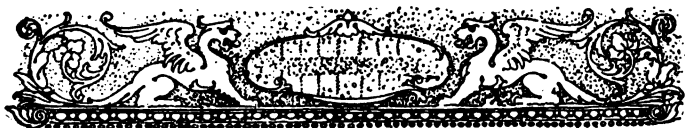
Total number of arrests.....	83,690
Males .....	64,066
Females .....	17,624
Married .....	24,608
Single .....	59,072
	83,690

## CLASSIFICATION OF AGES OF PERSONS ARRESTED.

Under 10 years of age.....	301	From 60 to 60 years.....	2,596
From 10 to 20 years.....	16,274	From 60 to 70 years.....	825
From 20 to 30 years.....	36,761	From 70 to 80 years.....	127
From 30 to 40 years.....	18,434	From 80 to 90 years.....	4
From 40 to 50 years.....	8,068	From 90 to 100 years.....	1

## CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES.

Charges.	1897.	1896.	Charges.	1897.	1896.
Abandonment .....	203	283	Distributing obscene literature.....	4	1
Abduction .....	31	38	Dog fighting.....	.....	2
Abortion .....	9	5	Doing business without a license .....	233	369
Accessory to murder.....	12	14	Embezzlement .....	120	150
Accessory to rape.....	12	.....	Exposing person.....	99	135
Accessory to assault.....	14	9	Extortion by threat.....	5	1
Accessory to burglary.....	90	106	Fast driving .....	66	85
Accessory to larceny.....	341	344	Forgery .....	131	121
Accessory to robbery.....	106	123	Fugitives from justice.....	23	30
Adultery .....	109	135	Having burglar's tools.....	16	15
Arson .....	21	32	Having gaming devices.....	24	4
Assault .....	5,069	4,923	Horse stealing.....	9	6
Assaulting an officer.....	4	2	Illegal voting.....	5	19
Assault with a deadly weapon.....	573	606	Incest .....	16	7
Assault with intent to commit rape .....	63	110	Inmates of assignation house.....	14	92
Assault with intent to rob.....	234	149	Inmates of disorderly house.....	181	206
Assault with intent to kill.....	607	607	Inmates of gaming house.....	726	2,535
Assault with intent to do bodily injury .....	590	571	Inmates of house of ill fame.....	1,531	5,647
Attempted murder.....	7	8	Inmates of opium den.....	253	528
Attempt to commit larceny.....	39	31	Interfering with officer in discharge of duty.....	26	48
Attempt to commit burglary.....	109	192	Intimidation .....	19	15
Bastardy .....	149	138	Keeping assignation house.....	10	15
Bigamy .....	14	40	Keeping a disorderly house.....	129	30
Burglary .....	2,325	1,947	Keeping a gaming house.....	155	210
Carrying concealed weapons.....	827	1,084	Keeping a house of ill fame.....	648	241
Cock fighting.....	.....	69	Kidnaping .....	17	14
Compounding a felony.....	23	.....	Larceny .....	6,585	6,796
Conspiracy .....	27	23	Larceny as bailee.....	629	459
Contempt of court.....	6	16	Leaving team unhitched.....	2	2
Counterfeiting .....	14	2	Lounging on street corners.....	186	194
Criminal carelessness.....	31	19	Malicious mischief.....	573	602
Crime against nature.....	10	13	Manslaughter .....	4	6
Cruelty to animals.....	59	74	Mayhem .....	64	49
Cruelty to children.....	13	22	Murder .....	33	29
Deahtitude .....	13	3	Obstructing street cars.....	54	62
Disorderly .....	45,844	50,641			



*Geo. E. Marshall & Co.*

*Established 1876*

*Incorporated 1894*

*Stationers and Printers*

*Lithographers and Engravers*

*144-46 Monroe St.*

*Chicago*



Charges.	1897.	1896.		1897.	1896.
Obtaining goods under false pretenses	102	101	Riot	45	40
Obtaining money under false pretenses	559	550	Robbery	1,300	1,063
Passing counterfeit money	23	11	Selling liquor to drunkards	34	19
Peddling without license	230	323	Selling liquor to minors	49	21
Perjury	37	43	Shooting inside of city limits	216	265
Prize fighting	62		Swimming	279	202
Rape	75	106	Threats	1,731	1,637
Receiving stolen property	453	401	Vagrancy	590	1,967
Representing himself an officer	82	63	Violation of minor ordinances	6,720	7,229
Resisting an officer	702	911	Total	53,680	56,847

## CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE STATISTICS.

The following shows the lowest and highest prices for grain and produce in the Chicago market for the last 30 years and the months in which extreme prices were reached:

YEARS.	WHEAT.			YEARS.	WHEAT.		
	Lowest in	Range.	Highest in		Lowest in	Range.	Highest in
1867.....	Aug.	\$1.04@2.20	May.	1883.....	Oct.	\$ .60@ .86	June.
1868.....	Nov.	.76@2.47	July.	1884.....	Dec.	.73@ .91½	Feb.
1869.....	Dec.	.73½@1.31½	Aug.	1885.....	Mar.	.69½@ .84½	Apr.
1870.....	Apr.	.99½@1.32	July.	1886.....	Oct.	.69½@ .94½	Jan.
1871.....	Aug.	1.01 @1.61	Feb.&Ap.Sep.	1887.....	Aug.	.64 @ .92½	June.
1872.....	Nov.	.89 @1.46	Aug.	1888.....	Apr.	.71½@2.00	Sept.
1873.....	Sept.	.81½@1.28	July.	1889.....	June.	.75½@1.05½	Feb.
1874.....	Oct.	.83½@1.30½	April.	1890.....	Feb.	.74½@1.05½	Aug.
1875.....	Feb.	.83 @1.29½	Aug.	1891.....	July.	.85 @1.16	Apr.
1876.....	July.	1.01½@1.70½	Dec.	1892.....	Oct.	.69½@ .91½	Feb.
1877.....	Aug.	.77 @1.14	May.	1893.....	July.	.54½@ .83	April.
1878.....	Oct.	.81½@1.33½	April.	1894.....	Sept.	.50 @ .85½	April.
1879.....	Jan.	.84½@1.32	Dec.	1895.....	Jan.	.49½@ .85½	June.
1880.....	Aug.	.95½@1.43½	Jan.	1896.....	Aug.	.53 @ .82½	Nov.
1881.....	Jan.	.91½@1.40	Oct.	1897.....	Apr.	.60½@1.10	Dec.
1882.....	Dec.	.90 @1.13½	Apr.&May	1898, Dec. 1.	Oct.	.62 @1.25	May.

YEARS.	CORN.			YEARS.	OATS.		
	Lowest in	Range.	Highest in		Lowest in	Range.	Highest in
1868.....	Dec.	\$ .62 @1.02½	Aug.	Oct.	\$ .41½@ .74	May.	
1869.....	Jan.	.44 @ .97½	Aug.	Oct.	.35½@ .72	July.	
1870.....	Dec.	.45 @ .94½	May.	Sept.	.32½@ .53½	May.	
1871.....	Dec.	.50½@ .56½	Mar.& May.	Aug.	.37 @ .51½	Mar.& Apr.	
1872.....	Oct.	.29½@ .48½	May.	Oct. & Nov.	.35½@ .43½	June.	
1873.....	June.	.27 @ .54½	Dec.	Apr.	.29½@ .40½	Dec.	
1874.....	Jan.	.49 @ .86	Sept.	Aug.	.37½@ .71	July.	
1875.....	Dec.	.45½@ .76½	May & July.	Dec.	.39½@ .64½	May.	
1876.....	Feb.	.39½@ .49	May.	July.	.27 @ .35	Sept.	
1877.....	March.	.37½@ .58	April.	Aug.	.22 @ .45½	May.	
1878.....	Dec.	.35½@ .49½	March.	Oct.	.18 @ .27½	July.	
1879.....	Jan.	.39½@ .49	Oct.	Jan.	.19½@ .35½	Dec.	
1880.....	April.	.31½@ .43½	Nov.	Aug.	.22½@ .35	Jan. & May.	
1881.....	Feb.	.35½@ .76½	Oct.	Feb.	.20½@ .47½	Oct.	
1882.....	Dec.	.40½@ .81½	July.	Sept.	.30½@ .62	July.	
1883.....	Oct.	.46 @ .70	Jan.	Sept.	.25 @ .43½	Mar.	
1884.....	Dec.	.34½@ .87	Sept.	Dec.	.28 @ .34½	Apr.	
1885.....	Jan.	.33½@ .49	April & May	Sept.	.24½@ .36½	Apr.	
1886.....	Oct.	.32½@ .45	July.	Oct.	.22½@ .35	Jan.	
1887.....	Feb.	.33 @ .51½	Dec.	Mar. & Apr.	.33½@ .31½	Dec.	
1888.....	Dec.	.33½@ .60	May.	Sept.	.29½@ .37½	May.	
1889.....	Dec.	.29½@ .61	Nov.	Oct.	.17½@ .35½	Feb.	
1890.....	Feb.	.37½@ .57½	Nov.	Feb.	.19½@ .45	Nov.	
1891.....	Jan.	.47½@ .75½	Apr.	Oct.	.23½@ .57½	Apr.	
1892.....	March.	.39½@1.00	May.	March.	.27 @ .35½	Jan.	
1893.....	Nov.	.35 @ .44½	Feb.	Aug.	.22 @ .32	Jan. & May.	
1894.....	Jan. & Feb.	.34 @ .56½	Aug.	Jan.	.27 @ .50	June.	
1895.....	Dec.	.25½@ .55½	May.	Dec.	.16½@ .31½	June.	
1896.....	Sept.	.19½@ .30½	Apr.	Sept.	.14½@ .30½	Feb.	
1897.....	Jan. & Feb.	.21½@ .32½	Aug.	Aug. & Sept.	.19½@ .25½	Dec.	
1898, Dec. 1.	Jan.	.26 @ .37	May.		.20½@ .35	May.	

# CHARLES F. ELMES ENGINEERING WORKS.

*Established 1861.*

*Incorporated 1895.*

*Automatic and Marine Engines.  
Machinery for Linseed and Corn Oil Mills.  
Hydraulic Belting Presses.  
Hydraulic Presses and Pumps for All Purposes.  
Steam Fire Pumps—Fireboats Built Complete.  
Special Machinery Built.  
Elmes' Patent Steam Steerer.  
Machinery Repairs of All Kinds.  
ENGINE REPAIRS A SPECIALTY.  
Cylinders and valve seats bored.*

*Morgan and Fulton Streets, Chicago.*

*Telephone Main 517. Residence 'Phone Ashland 214.*

1837

1899

S. D. CHILDS & COMPANY,

140-142 Monroe Street,

ENGRAVERS, STATIONERS, LITHOGRAPHERS,  
PRINTERS AND BLANK-BOOK MAKERS.

WEDDING  
INVITATIONS  
ENGRAVED.

Fine Correspondence Stationery, Crests, Mono-  
grams, Address Dies, Stamping and  
Illuminating.

All Mail Orders Promptly Attended To.

SAMPLES  
SENT ON  
REQUEST.

SPECIFICATIONS PREPARED.  
JOBGING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

TELEPHONE MAIN  
1896.

## Conlon Company,

Engineers and Contractors for

STEAM AND HOT WATER HEATING  
AND VENTILATING,

Geo. J. Conlon, Manager.

132 Lake Street, Chicago.

## CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE STATISTICS.—CONTINUED.

YEARS.	LAND.			MESS PORK		
	Lowest in	Range.	Highest in	Lowest in	Range.	Highest in
1868.	Jan.	\$11.75	Oct. 18.50	Jan.	\$19.02	Oct. 20.00
1869.	Oct. & Nov.	16.25	Oct. 20.75	Jan.	27.00	June & Aug. 34.00
1870.	Dec.	11.00	Oct. 17.25	Dec.	18.00	Oct. 30.50
1871.	Nov. & Dec.	8.37 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Oct. 13.00	Aug.	12.00	Jan. 23.00
1872.	Dec.	7.00	Oct. 11.00	Mar.	11.05	July. 16.00
1873.	Nov.	6.50	Oct. 9.37	Nov.	11.00	Apr. & May. 18.00
1874.	Jan.	8.20	Oct. 15.50	Jan Feb Mar	13.75	Aug. 24.75
1875.	Nov.	11.80	Oct. 15.75	Jan.	17.70	Oct. 23.50
1876.	Sept.	9.55	Oct. 13.85	Jan.	15.20	Apr. 22.75
1877.	Dec.	7.55	Oct. 11.50	Dec.	11.40	Jan. 17.95
1878.	Dec.	5.32 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Oct. 7.80	Dec.	6.02 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Jan. 11.35
1879.	Aug.	5.30	Oct. 7.50	Jan.	7.25	Dec. 13.15
1880.	June	6.35	Oct. 7.85	Nov.	9.37 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Oct. 19.00
1881.	Feb.	9.20	Oct. 13.00	Jan.	12.40	Sept. 23.00
1882.	Mar.	10.05	Oct. 13.10	Mar.	16.00	Oct. 24.75
1883.	Oct.	7.15	Oct. 12.10	Sept. & Oct.	10.20	May. [July. 20.15
1884.	Dec.	6.45	Oct. 10.00	Dec.	10.55	May June & 19.50
1885.	Oct.	5.82 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Oct. 7.10	Oct. & Nov.	8.00	Feb. 13.35
1886.	May	5.82 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Oct. 7.00 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Sept.	8.20	Dec. 12.20
1887.	June & Oct.	6.20	Oct. 7.52	Dec.	11.00	Oct. 16.00
1888.	Jan.	7.25	Oct. 11.20	Jan.	12.90	Oct. 16.00
1889.	Dec.	5.75	Oct. 7.55	Dec.	9.00	Jan. 13.57
1890.	Dec.	5.50	Oct. 6.75 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Dec.	7.50	Apr. 13.25
1891.	Feb.	5.47 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Oct. 7.05	Nov.	8.50	May. 13.00
1892.	Jan.	6.05	Oct. 10.50	April.	9.27 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Dec. 15.05
1893.	Aug.	6.37 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Oct. 13.20	Aug.	10.37	Oct. 21.50
1894.	March.	6.45	Oct. 9.05	March.	10.00	Sept. 14.57 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
1895.	Dec.	5.15	Oct. 7.17 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	March.	7.00	Dec. 12.57 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
1896.	July.	3.05	Oct. 5.85	Jan.	5.50	Jan. 10.85
1897.	June.	3.42 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Oct. 4.90	Sept.	7.15	Oct. 9.00
1898.	Dec. 1	4.02 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Oct. 6.87 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	May.	7.65	Oct. 12.30

## CHICAGO GRAIN INSPECTION.

## INSPECTION ON ARRIVAL—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT FROM 1894-98 INCLUSIVE.

Yr.	Cars. No.	Bu. No.	W. wheat. Bushels.	S. wheat. Bushels.	Corn. Bushels.	Oats. Bushels.	Rye. Bushels.	Barley. Bushels.	Total. Bushels.
1894.	210,822	351	7,193,024	15,783,273	54,000,308	30,563,900	8,732,190	6,755,827	128,648,323
1895.	212,270	460	6,354,548	24,024,872	56,700,685	38,830,040	1,739,951	8,032,754	131,773,980
1896.	391,103	470	5,508,084	10,044,844	68,477,686	42,584,082	1,104,365	10,362,380	131,529,453
1897.	189,130	503	6,639,373	17,967,973	50,700,475	45,954,794	8,322,394	9,602,000	120,297,029
1898.	211,818	341	7,265,135	10,191,034	63,201,548	52,617,987	2,397,712	8,521,344	147,344,483
1899.	249,883	302	10,065,185	4,654,500	84,775,500	58,708,512	2,570,010	9,306,163	173,670,447
1890.	272,036	610	9,126,040	9,330,484	94,201,620	74,005,342	8,065,119	13,378,030	204,500,701
1891.	277,216	422	27,703,776	15,127,138	68,283,323	75,404,323	8,135,575	11,042,169	205,838,347
1892.	320,572	389	34,231,568	22,632,986	86,159,535	85,779,164	3,972,000	13,961,080	246,735,243
1893.	277,041	381	17,914,208	23,372,064	85,153,925	70,294,700	1,998,538	12,602,000	215,898,245
1894.	217,207	353	27,200,900	4,055,360	71,560,230	65,952,650	900,000	11,809,775	181,009,455
1895.	254,616	357	11,023,123	9,574,617	71,782,373	76,383,690	1,106,308	9,578,184	178,085,185
1896.	306,445	722	13,642,449	22,482,117	100,071,494	106,055,406	2,291,077	10,545,807	242,734,886
1897.	310,139	900	11,083,309	11,531,703	122,758,455	113,741,210	3,700,536	14,571,602	271,256,595
1898.	326,577	843	18,354,026	24,418,161	126,100,036	111,420,472	4,550,333	14,495,688	280,732,117

## INSPECTION FROM STORE—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT FROM 1894-98 INCLUSIVE.

YEAR.	Winter wheat. Bushels.	Spring wheat. Bushels.	Corn. Bushels.	Oats. Bushels.	Rye. Bushels.	Barley. Bushels.	Total. Bushels.	Combined totals of in and out inspection.
1894.	4,441,400	7,996,124	30,697,783	6,621,698	2,887,022	1,306,001	58,830,778	187,473,160
1895.	3,171,485	17,131,130	31,661,591	8,653,377	783,300	285,790	45,576,923	177,255,683
1896.	2,449,966	10,500,918	41,645,620	4,765,724	1,029,913	1,245,305	52,773,551	192,773,551
1897.	6,019,271	17,642,628	39,843,323	10,158,870	394,948	1,044,571	75,098,411	205,356,326
1898.	3,090,541	6,365,790	46,754,284	14,818,254	516,943	1,157,523	72,673,394	217,980,383
1899.	9,156,010	9,857,232	60,517,282	20,669,581	1,778,821	1,389,578	108,156,949	276,887,395
1900.	4,108,468	4,090,471	57,286,534	16,839,843	1,698,258	1,753,899	85,744,408	230,351,100
1891.	23,127,996	8,048,596	61,218,563	14,161,975	5,573,607	2,079,777	94,309,893	300,046,339
1892.	21,979,222	16,768,772	65,149,965	18,844,499	2,325,719	1,940,432	107,917,619	334,653,982
1893.	17,183,320	10,911,263	62,014,462	16,064,748	676,180	1,220,629	108,190,502	324,065,747
1894.	7,340,456	12,075,398	40,284,169	10,143,142	229,826	983,569	71,012,543	252,091,399
1895.	15,899,309	3,399,447	49,640,871	16,433,089	307,734	601,431	85,042,480	255,707,295
1896.	17,623,079	10,066,573	72,536,549	17,380,551	881,556	947,395	120,595,598	324,095,418
1897.	11,231,913	24,392,404	87,744,100	20,767,610	1,174,546	1,174,546	149,016,059	424,095,413
1898.	15,861,567	25,265,793	102,202,781	13,349,800	5,108,160	938,524	148,354,526	424,677,526

## CIRCULATION OF THE CHICAGO RECORD FOR 1898.

DATE	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1	208,798	205,352	218,007	225,144	Sund'y	311,972	278,372	241,934	214,967	181,957	182,386	182,386
2	Sund'y	205,136	218,193	224,058	230,747	305,836	No issue	245,540	215,445	Sund'y	182,401	182,401
3	214,152	205,163	218,241	224,059	230,812	306,285	No issue	245,545	215,520	172,844	182,387	182,387
4	206,532	206,863	218,408	224,562	230,877	306,733	No issue	245,550	215,525	172,849	182,392	182,392
5	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
6	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
7	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
8	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
9	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
10	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
11	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
12	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
13	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
14	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
15	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
16	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
17	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
18	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
19	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
20	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
21	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
22	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
23	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
24	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
25	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
26	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
27	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
28	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
29	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
30	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
31	206,251	214,747	217,484	225,062	230,942	307,180	324,621	245,555	215,530	172,854	182,397	182,397
Total	5,518,412	5,006,146	5,816,446	6,345,872	7,821,150	7,253,358	6,018,913	5,611,100	5,131,792	4,675,824	4,603,618	4,603,618
Average	178,016	158,243	181,823	198,241	252,310	227,534	194,191	176,313	164,384	150,814	148,536	148,536

Unsold copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1898 (excluding December)..... 63,715,700 COPIES.  
 DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1898 (excluding December)..... 225,145 COPIES.

## AVERAGE DAILY ISSUE OF THE CHICAGO RECORD FOR EACH MONTH FROM THE SECOND YEAR OF ITS PUBLICATION.

YEAR.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Average
1882	18,514	20,304	20,240	21,682	21,358	25,416	25,319	24,933	23,611	22,534	21,006	21,137	22,013
1883	19,803	21,473	21,351	21,875	22,634	24,636	25,226	26,004	26,004	27,639	28,603	30,342	24,645
1884	31,178	34,805	40,018	38,776	38,776	40,853	38,783	36,973	35,968	35,881	40,917	30,399	36,867
1885	20,290	20,178	32,111	30,804	34,882	34,418	35,198	34,648	33,121	32,150	33,708	34,830	33,635
1886	26,753	29,667	39,000	40,465	43,782	40,731	40,380	40,469	39,233	37,965	37,517	36,573	39,241
1887	35,492	36,126	37,385	37,254	39,636	34,757	30,776	32,294	37,985	36,141	36,797	35,891	36,162
1888	35,824	37,104	39,723	37,254	39,636	34,757	30,776	32,294	37,985	36,141	36,797	35,891	36,162
1889	38,901	37,305	39,723	37,254	39,636	34,757	30,776	32,294	37,985	36,141	36,797	35,891	36,162
1890	41,762	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305
1891	41,762	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305
1892	41,762	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305
1893	41,762	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305
1894	41,762	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305
1895	41,762	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305
1896	41,762	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305
1897	41,762	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305
1898	41,762	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305	40,305

## "One of the Cheapest Good Things

of the present day," says the American Grocer, New York, "is THE CHICAGO RECORD COOK BOOK. There is a menu for every day, with recipes gathered from housekeepers in all parts of the United States. It aims to furnish directions for good living adapted to the means of people with moderate incomes. It furnishes instructions for variety in diet, paying due reference to differences in tastes and desires." Mailed postpaid on receipt of \$1.00 by THE CHICAGO RECORD, 151 Madison street, Chicago.

## CIRCULATION OF THE CHICAGO DAILY NEWS FOR 1898

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1	111,011	242,362	261,105	272,406	Sund'y	327,418	307,361	297,578	278,578	257,071	261,096	
2	Sund'y	241,061	261,100	267,895	330,538	334,318	No issue	287,007	272,211	261,571	262,756	
3		296,284	242,736	260,882	Sund'y	330,369	322,557	Sund'y	280,125	257,354	263,555	262,522
4		257,355	245,830	260,444	267,555	346,149	318,977	No issue	290,137	Sund'y	262,450	261,103
5		229,138	241,892	256,660	263,518	337,225	Sund'y	No issue	290,137	251,106	263,555	263,212
6		229,138	Sund'y	Sund'y	276,561	338,418	324,315	318,896	275,848	263,575	263,555	Sund'y
7		241,388	246,155	262,010	272,624	353,180	339,737	321,005	Sund'y	267,608	262,019	261,544
8		263,559	218,311	262,808	278,017	Sund'y	339,296	312,173	290,061	267,988	257,034	276,211
9		248,824	248,824	248,824	248,824	345,156	316,390	285,558	288,162	269,376	261,571	261,571
10		240,164	240,164	240,164	240,164	Sund'y	317,845	Sund'y	290,378	262,774	258,690	258,690
11		241,396	240,047	258,186	287,687	341,015	313,232	311,148	Sund'y	264,179	264,179	264,179
12		245,594	242,027	256,984	276,953	368,000	Sund'y	310,981	296,733	265,071	264,486	258,446
13		240,363	Sund'y	Sund'y	289,173	340,532	312,982	317,384	287,318	263,006	260,487	Sund'y
14		242,738	244,447	261,379	278,968	344,741	321,516	322,087	Sund'y	266,454	262,653	264,518
15		236,545	245,561	260,577	290,412	Sund'y	317,747	316,137	281,065	267,450	265,509	266,046
16		Sund'y	244,352	271,708	281,925	366,230	302,649	290,747	284,343	267,146	Sund'y	264,122
17		243,000	270,400	266,584	Sund'y	338,538	319,858	Sund'y	287,681	257,410	263,787	263,776
18		244,263	272,350	261,114	287,900	341,740	306,827	307,272	284,003	Sund'y	262,739	263,008
19		244,157	256,371	257,361	281,190	343,677	Sund'y	301,185	284,330	267,057	243,210	238,162
20		244,332	Sund'y	Sund'y	338,191	343,636	313,574	303,499	298,134	265,054	260,450	Sund'y
21		258,041	258,794	262,411	301,855	330,028	312,259	301,182	Sund'y	267,412	261,595	264,953
22		257,489	212,754	261,823	301,000	Sund'y	317,564	303,572	287,300	267,300	268,395	268,395
23		Sund'y	264,943	263,300	322,065	339,640	308,707	294,380	278,625	266,544	Sund'y	264,943
24		246,538	263,101	263,024	Sund'y	352,169	310,940	Sund'y	280,188	269,225	264,745	B'ld'y
25		241,413	257,425	267,484	350,455	354,774	303,190	295,350	278,344	Sund'y	268,330	261,367
26		247,017	255,057	268,892	362,057	342,323	Sund'y	275,653	260,015	260,289	261,367	261,367
27		247,019	Sund'y	Sund'y	355,000	357,836	302,122	289,087	264,508	266,556	261,873	Sund'y
28		247,168	261,368	266,258	337,319	344,392	313,388	289,052	Sund'y	266,063	262,438	262,812
29		244,012		257,464	345,554	Sund'y	310,230	288,451	278,259	265,193	265,051	261,632
30		Sund'y		268,864	346,561	290,631	300,939	274,023	275,180	265,585	Sund'y	262,320
31		244,919		267,416		334,337		276,181	265,181		262,453	
TOTAL	5,970,525	5,998,827	6,029,827	6,079,179	6,120,800	6,181,081	6,076,119	5,830,583	5,630,813	5,606,600	5,606,477	5,629,129
Av'g	209,015	210,351	209,122	210,313	210,355	210,820	209,526	210,243	202,061	207,339	209,085	

Unsold copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1898 (excluding December).....77,854,280 COPIES.

DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1898 (excluding December).... 277,417 COPIES.

## AVERAGE DAILY ISSUE OF THE CHICAGO DAILY NEWS FOR EACH MONTH FROM THE SECOND YEAR OF ITS PUBLICATION.

YEAR.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Av'g.
1877	114,229	143,841	164,114	185,408	207,715	227,769	35,320	25,396	25,204	23,312	24,489	26,716	22,007
1878	28,006	37,019	57,730	57,967	39,348	43,743	49,844	40,911	39,351	38,777	30,590	36,817	38,314
1879	58,067	41,346	46,250	46,908	47,106	49,428	47,560	46,500	44,571	44,810	4,922	44,750	44,750
1880	48,891	49,425	49,874	49,143	53,834	58,776	56,499	60,623	57,958	58,566	59,672	54,473	54,800
1881	57,756	62,025	67,550	69,365	66,067	63,822	71,369	70,357	68,551	62,097	58,100	60,356	64,870
1882	61,079	66,941	69,058	65,308	65,193	70,408	73,078	70,456	67,808	63,807	64,819	64,329	66,620
1883	67,278	71,579	71,743	70,994	77,462	78,003	78,177	79,423	73,185	71,968	74,527	74,919	73,115
1884	76,877	82,558	86,828	87,862	89,645	95,292	91,231	88,495	86,221	89,195	107,429	82,465	88,806
1885	84,119	89,559	98,029	104,513	100,802	100,238	108,823	101,329	97,900	96,817	102,706	102,497	98,716
1886	104,197	110,255	116,024	117,809	125,294	119,471	112,438	117,577	109,738	110,460	116,103	110,148	113,615
1887	114,022	118,158	128,040	124,917	118,743	122,714	126,325	132,178	121,939	122,649	154,006	122,419	125,255
1888	128,577	128,794	137,888	137,894	133,921	140,325	128,807	125,859	113,894	127,734	131,777	139,098	128,675
1889	130,947	131,446	131,828	132,438	131,378	148,576	142,653	134,238	130,016	128,570	153,827	147,796	134,069
1890	136,365	141,885	142,856	143,653	139,923	130,414	125,196	125,190	124,407	120,304	139,000	140,850	132,367
1891	136,026	152,702	144,467	156,186	141,063	141,733	141,858	139,707	138,025	137,294	140,524	143,707	143,072
1892	148,252	155,402	159,849	162,563	161,800	169,090	170,130	166,259	171,053	168,026	175,070	168,430	164,175
1893	171,818	180,019	188,367	191,353	190,218	202,267	201,501	203,216	190,481	188,966	192,575	200,549	192,491
1894	206,388	204,471	207,509	200,285	198,495	195,865	202,032	194,071	185,586	180,076	198,017	197,236	200,285
1895	198,947	207,246	211,378	212,912	206,737	202,065	201,378	195,907	193,311	195,562	202,553	202,762	202,246
1896	208,781	213,012	216,547	212,104	210,945	210,265	206,272	193,853	189,100	190,700	206,693	200,479	204,724
1897	201,340	208,779	209,582	211,336	222,549	217,707	212,111	219,555	220,763	208,003	224,113	222,597	222,595
1898	229,015	210,351	209,122	210,313	210,355	210,820	209,526	210,243	202,061	207,339	209,085		

The omission of the circulation figures for December is due to going to press before the end of the month. The circulation for the entire year will be given in all subsequent editions of the Almanac.

## "THE UNPUBLISHED COOKING LORE

of all parts of this vast country," says the Boston Globe, "has been culled and sifted and put together in THE CHICAGO RECORD COOK BOOK. The volume is unique in that it shows how a family may live well at small expense." Mailed postpaid on receipt of \$1.00 by THE CHICAGO RECORD, 181 Madison-st., Chicago.

## INDEX—1899.

	Page.		Page.
Academies, Pupils in.....	61	Chicago Grain Market.....	474
Africa, Partition of.....	100	Chicago Grain Statistics.....	470
Agriculture, Statistics of.....	46	Chicago National Banks.....	428
American-Canadian Commission.....	159	Chicago Police Statistics.....	470
American Death Roll.....	434	Chicago, Population of.....	464
American Revolution, Sons of.....	181	Chicago Produce Market.....	474
American-Spanish War.....	107	Chicago Produce Statistics.....	474
American Wars, Severity of.....	183	Chicago, Vote for Mayor.....	422
Animals, Farm, Number of.....	52	Chicago, Vote for Town Officers.....	422
Animals, Farm, Prices of.....	52	Chronology of Spanish War.....	115
Annexation of Hawaii.....	145	Cigarettes Manufactured.....	209
Apportionment, Congressional.....	404	Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff.....	209
Armies of Europe.....	97	Cincinnati, Society of.....	181
Army Commanders of the U. S.....	186	Circuit Courts, U. S.....	172
Army Officers in Volunteer Service.....	259	Civil List of Chicago.....	286
Army Officers, Where Born.....	126	Civil List of Cook County.....	286
Army, Strength of, in the War.....	121	Civil List of Illinois.....	286
Army, The Grand.....	184	Civil List of United States.....	237
Army, The Volunteer.....	205	Claims, Court of, U. S.....	172
Area of Foreign Countries.....	94	Clark, C. E., Sketch of.....	224
Area of States.....	177	Clearings, Bank.....	440
Balance of Foreign Trade.....	232	Climatology of United States.....	236
Bank Clearings.....	440	Capture of Guam.....	140
Banks, National.....	304	Cereal Crops, Acreage of.....	50
Banks, National, Chicago.....	426	Cereal Crops, Exports of.....	50
Bank Notes, Life of.....	305	Cereal Crops, Production.....	50
Banks, State.....	233	Cereal Crops, Value of.....	49
Baptist Denomination Officials.....	192	Cereal Crops, Yield per Acre.....	54
Barker, Wharton, Sketch of.....	222	Coal Mining.....	90
Barley Crop.....	48	Coal Product of U. S.....	89
Bates, J. C., Sketch of.....	229	Coal, Prices for.....	90
Bimetallic League.....	154	Coal Product of the World.....	89
Breckinridge, J. C., Sketch of.....	227	Co-Educational Colleges.....	63
Brooke, J. R., Sketch of.....	227	Coghlan, J. B., Sketch of.....	224
Buckwheat Crop.....	48	Coinage of Nations.....	82
Butler, M. C., Sketch of.....	228	Coinage, The World's.....	78
Calendar, Perpetual.....	11	Coins, Foreign Value of.....	83
Canadian-American Commission.....	159	Coins of the U. S.....	81
Canals, Traffic Through.....	273	Colleges, Co-Educational.....	63
Casualties of the War.....	120	Colleges, Incomes of.....	64
Cervera's Fleet Destroyed.....	117	College Libraries.....	65
Chaffee, A. R., Sketch of.....	228	Colleges for Men.....	63
Churches, Communicants in.....	187	Colleges, Property of.....	65
Churches, Ministers in.....	187	Colleges for Women.....	62
Churches, Statistics of the.....	187	Colonial Wars, Society of.....	183
Chairmen County Committees.....	280	Colonies of European Nations.....	138
Chairmen State Committees.....	278	Commanders U. S. Army.....	186
China, Partition of.....	97	Commercial Statistics U. S.....	86
Chicago Civil List.....	285	Commission, Canadian-American.....	159
Chicago Death Roll.....	437	Committees, Political.....	274
Chicago Election Returns.....	405	Communicants in Churches.....	187
Chicago Funded Debt.....	426	Compulsory School Laws.....	70
Chicago Grain Inspection.....	476	Congress on Cuban Independence.....	106

	Page.		Page.
Congress, Farmers' National.....	186	Events of the Year 1898.....	427
Congress, The LVth.....	264	Events, Sporting.....	441
Congress, The LVith.....	270	Expenditures of the U. S.....	88
Congregational Church Officials.....	191	Exports of Gold.....	43-45
Consuls, U. S.....	161	Exports of Merchandise by Countries.....	25
Convention, People's Party.....	155	Exports of Mineral Oils.....	153
Cook County Bonded Debt.....	426	Exports of Silver.....	43-45
Cook County Election Returns.....	405	Exports, Summary of.....	43
Cook County Civil List.....	286	Exports, Value of.....	43
Cook County Political Committees.....	424	Failures in the U. S.....	84
Coppinger, J. J., Sketch of.....	227	Farm Animals, Number of.....	62
Corn Crop.....	47	Farm Animals, Prices of.....	62
Cost of Schools.....	58	Farm Prices of Cereals.....	51
Cost of School Buildings.....	59	Farmers' National Congress.....	188
Cotton Crop, The.....	55-49	Fifty-Fifth Congress, The.....	264
Cotton, Prices for.....	55	Fifty-Sixth Congress, The.....	270
County Officers of Illinois.....	289	Finances, State Conventions on the.....	193
Court of Appeals, U. S.....	172	Financial—See "Gold," "Silver" and "Money"	
Cruise of the Oregon.....	115	Financial Statistics U. S.....	86
Cuba, Agricultural Products of.....	124	Foreign Coins, Value of.....	83
Cuba, Cities of.....	125	Foreign Countries, Area of.....	94
Cuba, Climate of.....	123	Foreign Death Roll.....	438
Cuba, The Island of.....	123	Foreign Governments.....	94
Cuba, Map of.....	122	Foreign Immigration.....	180
Cuba, Mineral Wealth of.....	124	Foreign Policy, State Convention on.....	204
Cuba, Trade of.....	126	Foreign Population.....	94
Cuban Resolutions in Congress.....	106	Foreign Rulers.....	84
Cuban Revolt, The.....	103	Foreign Trade, Balance of.....	232
Currency, Value in Gold.....	254	Foreign Wars, Order of.....	182
Csar, Peace Declaration of.....	102	Forest Reservations.....	234
Day, W. R., Sketch of.....	221	Gold, Exports of.....	43-45
Death Roll, American.....	434	Gold, Imports of.....	43-45
Death Roll, Chicago.....	437	Gold in the U. S. Treasury.....	79
Death Roll, Foreign.....	438	Gold in Circulation in U. S.....	78
Debt, Analysis of.....	307	Gold, Product of U. S.....	76
Debt of Chicago.....	426	Gold Production by States.....	235
Debt of Cook County.....	426	Gold Ratio to Silver.....	75
Debt, The Public.....	306	Gold, Stock of, in U. S.....	77
De Lome Letter, The.....	109	Gold Value of Currency.....	254
Democracy, Social.....	154	Gold, World's Production of.....	74
Democratic National Committee.....	274	Governments, Foreign.....	94
Denominational Schools.....	67	Governors of States and Territories.....	176
Destruction of the Maine.....	110	Graham, W. M., Sketch of.....	227
Dewey, George, Sketch of.....	222	Grand Army of the Republic.....	184
Dewey Message.....	319	Gridley, C. V., Sketch of.....	223
Dewey's Victory.....	215	Griggs, J. W., Sketch of.....	221
Disarmament of Europe.....	102	Growth of Professional Schools.....	68
District Attorneys, U. S.....	174	Growth of Schools.....	60
Donnelly, Ignatius, Sketch of.....	222	Guam, Capture of.....	140
Dyer, N. M., Sketch of.....	223	Hawaii, Climate of.....	144
Education, Statistics of.....	57	Hawaii Islands.....	142
Electoral Vote of 1896.....	233	Hawaii, Map of.....	143
Evans, R. D., Sketch of.....	225	Hawaii, Population of.....	150
Europe, Armies of.....	97	Hawaii, Products of.....	144
Europe, Disarmament of.....	102	Hawaii, Trade of.....	150
Europe, Illiteracy in.....	69	Hawaiian Annexation.....	145
Europe, Navies of.....	98	Hawkins, H. S., Sketch of.....	228
Europe, Population of.....	71	Higginson, F. J., Sketch of.....	225
European Colonial Possessions.....	138		

	Page.		Page.
High Schools.....	61	Merritt, W., Sketch of.....	226
Hill, David J., Sketch of.....	221	Methodist Episcopal Bishops.....	191
Hobson, R. P., Sketch of.....	226	Metric System.....	92
Hodgson, D. B., Sketch of.....	226	Message as to Merrimac.....	319
Holidays, Legal.....	462	Message, Tribute to Dewey.....	319
Illinois Civil List.....	286	Message, Second Annual.....	320
Illinois County Officers.....	289	Message, The War.....	313-318
Illinois Legislature.....	291	Messages of the President.....	312
Illinois State Committees.....	293	Miles, N. A., Sketch of.....	226
Illinois Vote for Legislature.....	293	Military Societies of U. S.....	181
Illiteracy in U. S.....	68	Mining of Coal.....	90
Illiteracy in Europe.....	69	Ministers in Churches.....	187
Immigration, Foreign.....	180	Ministers, U. S.....	160
Imports of Gold.....	43-45	Monetary System of the U. S.....	80
Imports of Merchandise by Countries... ..	12	Money in the U. S.....	77
Imports of Silver.....	43-45	Money of the World.....	79
Imports, Summary of.....	43	National Bank Statistics.....	304
Imports, Value of.....	43	National Democratic Committee.....	277
Incomes of Colleges.....	64	National Party Committees.....	274
Indian Schools.....	230	Naval Stations and Vessels.....	244
Interest, Rate of.....	56	Naval Vessels, Building.....	253
Internal Revenue Receipts.....	297	Navies of Europe.....	98
Island of Cuba.....	123	Navy, Active List.....	241
Jewish Movement to Palestine.....	308	Navy, Retired List.....	244
Judges U. S. Court.....	172-3	Navy, Ships of the.....	249
Keifer, J. W., Sketch of.....	228	Oat Crop.....	47
Kent, J. F., Sketch of.....	229	Officers, Army, Where Born.....	128
Ladrones—See Mariana.....	139	Oils, Exports of Mineral.....	153
Landa, Public, Vacant.....	234	Oleomargarine Product.....	298
Lawton, H. W., Sketch of.....	228	Oregon, Cruise of the.....	115
League, The Bimetallic.....	154	Order of Foreign Wars.....	182
Lee, Fitzhugh, Sketch of.....	228	Otis, E. S., Sketch of.....	227
Legal Holidays.....	462	Paper Circulation in U. S.....	78
Legion, The Loyal.....	183	Partition of Africa.....	100
Legislature of Illinois.....	291	Partition of China.....	99
Legislature, Vote for Illinois.....	293	Peace of Europe.....	102
Liberty Party Committee.....	275	Pension Disbursements.....	302
Libraries in Colleges.....	65	Pension Office, The.....	300
Limitations, Statutes of.....	56	Pensioners, Classification of.....	303
Liquors, Fermented.....	298	Pensioners Dropped.....	301
Loyal Legion.....	183	Pensioners on the Rolls.....	300
Maine, Disaster, Message.....	312	Pensioners, Revolutionary.....	303
Maine, Destruction of the.....	110	Pensions Allowed.....	300
Manila, Victory at.....	115	People's Party Committee.....	276
Map of Cuba.....	122	People's Party (Non-Fus.) Committee.....	277
Map of Hawaii.....	143	People's Party Convention.....	155
Map of the Philippines.....	133	People's Party Platform.....	158
Map of Puerto Rico.....	128	Per Capita Statistics.....	86
Mariana Islands.....	139	Perpetual Calendar.....	11
Mariana Islands, Map of.....	139	Philippine Islands, The.....	133
Marshals, U. S.....	175	Philippines, Map of.....	133
McComas, L. E., Sketch of.....	221	Philippines, Minerals of.....	136
Men, Colleges for.....	63	Philippines, Trade of.....	137
Men of the Year.....	221	Platform, People's Party.....	158
Merchandise, Exports of, by Countries.....	25	Political Committees.....	274
Merchandise, Imports of, by Countries.....	12	Political Committees Cook County.....	424
Merrimac message.....	319	Political Movements in 1898.....	154
Merrimac, Sinking of the.....	116	Politics, Past, of the States.....	220
Merriam, H. C., Sketch of.....	227	Popular Vote, The.....	141

	Page.		Page.
Popular Vote of 1896.....	340	Schools, Religious .....	67
Population of Chicago .....	464	Schools in Southern States.....	60
Population of Europe .....	71	Schools of Technology.....	68
Population of States .....	177-8	Second Annual Message.....	320
Postage, Rates of.....	460	Sexton, J. A., Sketch of.....	229
Potato Crop .....	48	Shafter, W. R., Sketch of.....	226
Presbyterian Church Officials.....	192	Ships of the Navy.....	249
President, Popular Vote for, in '96....	340	Sigsbee, C. D., Sketch of.....	226
Presidents, Facts About .....	311	Silver in Circulation in U. S.....	78
Presidents' Messages .....	312	Silver, Exports of.....	43-45
President's Second Annual Message....	320	Silver, Imports of.....	43-45
Presidential Vote .....	240	Silver Product of U. S.....	76
Pressure of the Wind.....	102	Silver, Production of, by States.....	226
Prices for Cotton .....	55	Silver, Price of Bar.....	74
Prices for Coal .....	90	Silver, Ratio to Gold.....	75
Production of Wine .....	101	Silver Stock in U. S.....	77
Professional Schools .....	67	Silver in the U. S. Treasury.....	79
Professional Schools, Growth of.....	68	Silver, World's Production of.....	74
Prohibition Party Committee.....	275	Simon, Joseph, Sketch of.....	222
Property of Colleges .....	66	Sinking of the Merrimac.....	116
Protestant Episcopal Bishops.....	190	Smith, Charles E., Sketch of.....	221
Protocol Closing the War.....	119	Social Democracy of America.....	154
Public Lands Vacant.....	234	Society of American Wars .....	183
Public Debt, The .....	306	Society of Colonial Wars .....	183
Puerto Rico, Cities of.....	126	Society of the War of 1812.....	183
Puerto Rico, Climate of.....	127	Sons of the American Revolution.....	181
Puerto Rico, Island of.....	127	Sons of the Revolution.....	182
Puerto Rico, Map of.....	128	Sons of Veterans.....	185
Puerto Rico, Products of.....	129	Spanish-American War .....	107
Puerto Rico, Trade of.....	131	Spanish War, Chronology of.....	115
Qualifications for Suffrage .....	72	Spanish War, Casualties of.....	120
Railroad Building .....	85	Spanish-American Treaty .....	206
Rates of Postage .....	460	Spirits, Distilled .....	206
Receipts of the U. S.....	88	Spirits, Material Used in.....	209
Religious Schools .....	67	Sporting Record .....	441
Representatives, Apportionment of.....	404	Stamp Taxes .....	151
Republican National Committee.....	274	State Banks .....	223
Republic, Grand Army of the.....	184	State Committees, Chairmen of.....	278
Reservation, Forest .....	234	State Committees of Illinois.....	283
Revenue Collections by States.....	238	State Conventions on the Finances.....	193
Revolution, Sons of.....	182	State Conventions on Foreign Policy...	204
Revolutionary Pensioners .....	303	State Votes in 1898.....	341
Revolt, The Cuban .....	103	States, Admission of.....	177
Roman Catholic Hierarchy.....	190	States, Area of .....	177
Roosevelt, T., Sketch of.....	229	States, Gold and Silver Product.....	235
Rye Crop .....	47	States, Governors of .....	176
Sampson, W. T., Sketch of.....	224	States, Past Politics of the.....	220
San Juan, Puerto Rico.....	129	States, Population of .....	177
Santiago, Capitulation of .....	118	States, Quotas of .....	121
Schley, W. S., Sketch of.....	224	States, Revenue Collections.....	208
School Laws, Compulsory.....	70	States, Settlement of.....	177
School, Days Taught.....	58	States and Territories .....	176
School Population and Enrollment.....	57	States and Territories, Area of.....	177
School Buildings, Cost of.....	59	States and Territories, Governors of...	176
Schools, Cost of.....	58	States and Territories, Population of...	177
Schools, Denominational.....	67	States and Territories, Settlement of...	177
Schools, Growth of.....	60	Stations, Naval, and Vessels.....	244
Schools, Indian .....	230	Statistics of Agriculture .....	46
Schools, Professional .....	67	Statistics of the Churches.....	187

	Page.		Page.
Statistics of Coal Production.....	89	United States Navy.....	241
Statistics, Commercial .....	86	United States, Paper Money in.....	78
Statistics of Education .....	57	United States, Receipts of .....	88
Statistics, Financial .....	86	United States, Stock of Gold.....	77
Statistics, National Banks.....	304	United States, Stock of Silver.....	77
Statistics, Per Capita.....	86	U. S. Treasury, Gold and Silver in....	79
Statute of Limitations .....	56	Universities—See Colleges.	
Suffrage, Qualifications for.....	72	Vessels Under Construction.....	253
Supreme Court, U. S.....	172	Veterans, Sons of.....	185
Tariff, State Conventions on.....	216	Volunteer Army. The.....	255
Taxation, Internal Revenue .....	297	Vote, Electoral, 1896.....	233
Taxes, War Revenue .....	151	Vote, The Popular .....	141
Teachers, Number and Sex of.....	57	Vote, The Presidential .....	240
Teachers' Salaries.....	58-59	Wade, J. F., Sketch of.....	227
Technology, Schools of.....	66	Walker, Asa, Sketch of.....	223
Telephones of the World.....	84	War Budgets of the World.....	150
Trade, Balance of Foreign.....	232	War of 1812, Society of.....	183
Trade of Cuba .....	126	War Resolution of Congress.....	114
Traffic Through Great Canals.....	273	War Revenue Taxes.....	151
Treaty, Spanish-American .....	296	War, Spanish-American.....	107
Trusts, American .....	91	Watson, J. C., Sketch of.....	225
Troops, Calls for .....	121	Wheat Corner of 1897-98.....	95
Tobaccos, Cigars and Snuff.....	299	Wheat Crop .....	47
Tobacco Crop.....	49	Wheat Crop of the World.....	46
Tonnage of Vessels .....	43	Wheat, Prices in England.....	51
United States Climatology.....	236	Wheeler, Joseph, Sketch of.....	227
United States Civil List .....	237	Wildes, Frank, Sketch of.....	223
United States Coal Product.....	89	Wilson, J. H., Sketch of.....	227
United States Coins.....	81	Wind Pressures .....	102
United States Consular Service.....	161	Wine, Production of.....	101
United States Courts .....	172	Women, Colleges for .....	62
United States Diplomatic Service.....	160	World, Money in the.....	79
United States District Attorneys.....	174	World, War Budgets of the.....	180
United States, Expenditures of.....	88	Wood, E. P., Sketch of.....	223
United States, Failures in.....	84	World's Coinage, The.....	78
United States' Gold and Silver Product	76	World's Production of Gold.....	74
United States, Illiteracy in.....	68	World's Production of Silver.....	74
United States Judges .....	172-3	World's Telephones .....	84
United States Marshals.....	175	World's Wheat Crop.....	40
United States Monetary System.....	80	Yield of Cereals per Acre.....	54
United States, Money in.....	77	Young, S. B. M., Sketch of.....	229

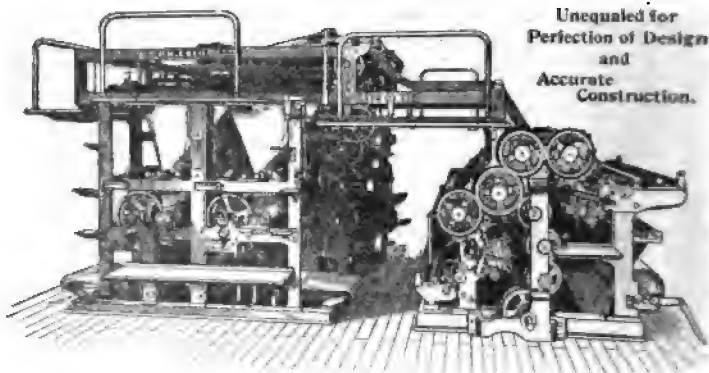
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